

---

# FCC Test Report

---

Report No.: AGC07716190801FE03

**FCC ID** : 2AFENXK03S

**APPLICATION PURPOSE** : Original Equipment

**PRODUCT DESIGNATION** : LED Projector

**BRAND NAME** : XGIMI

**MODEL NAME** : XK03S, XK04S, XK05S, XK06S, XK07S, XK08S, XK09S, XK10S, XK11S, XK12S, XK13S, XK14S, XK15S, XK16S, XK17S, XK18S, XK19S, XK20S, XK21S, XK22S, XK23S, XK24S, XK25S, XK26S, XK27S, XK28S, XK29S, XK30S, XK31S, XK32S

**APPLICANT** : Chengdu XGimi Technology Co., Ltd.

**DATE OF ISSUE** : Sep. 16, 2019

**STANDARD(S)** : FCC Part 15.247

**REPORT VERSION** : V1.0

## Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

**CAUTION:**

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written permission of the test laboratory and shall not be quoted out of context.



**REPORT REVISE RECORD**

<b>Report Version</b>	<b>Revise Time</b>	<b>Issued Date</b>	<b>Valid Version</b>	<b>Notes</b>
V1.0	/	Sep. 16, 2019	Valid	Initial Release

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1. VERIFICATION OF CONFORMITY .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2. GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>6</b>
2.1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION .....	6
2.2. TABLE OF CARRIER FREQUENCYS .....	6
2.3. RECEIVER INPUT BANDWIDTH .....	7
2.4. EXAMPLE OF A HOPPING SEQUENCE IN DATA MODE .....	7
2.5. EQUALLY AVERAGE USE OF FREQUENCIES AND BEHAVIOUR .....	7
2.6. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S) .....	8
2.7. TEST METHODOLOGY .....	8
2.8. SPECIAL ACCESSORIES.....	8
2.9. EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS .....	8
<b>3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES.....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>5. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION .....</b>	<b>11</b>
5.1. CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM .....	11
5.2 EQUIPMENT USED IN TESTED SYSTEM.....	11
5.3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS.....	11
<b>6. TEST FACILITY .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>7. PEAK OUTPUT POWER .....</b>	<b>13</b>
7.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	13
7.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	13
7.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	14
<b>8. 20DB BANDWIDTH .....</b>	<b>20</b>
8.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	20
8.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	20
8.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULTS .....	20
<b>9. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION .....</b>	<b>27</b>
9.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	27
9.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	27
9.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED .....	27
9.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	27

<b>10. RADIATED EMISSION.....</b>	<b>37</b>
10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	37
10.2. TEST SETUP.....	39
10.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	40
10.4. TEST RESULT.....	40
<b>11. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY.....</b>	<b>50</b>
11.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	50
11.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	50
11.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED .....	50
11.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	50
<b>12. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) .....</b>	<b>51</b>
12.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	51
12.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	51
12.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED .....	51
12.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	51
<b>13. FREQUENCY SEPARATION.....</b>	<b>55</b>
13.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	55
13.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION).....	55
13.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED .....	55
13.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT .....	55
<b>14. FCC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST .....</b>	<b>56</b>
14.1. LIMITS OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST.....	56
14.2. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST .....	56
14.3. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST .....	57
14.4. FINAL PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST .....	57
14.5. TEST RESULT OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST .....	58
<b>APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP .....</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>APPENDIX B: PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT .....</b>	<b>62</b>

## 1. VERIFICATION OF CONFORMITY

<b>Applicant</b>	Chengdu XGimi Technology Co., Ltd.
<b>Address</b>	Building A4, Tianfu Software Park, High-tech zone, Chengdu, Sichuan, China 610041
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Chengdu XGimi Technology Co., Ltd.
<b>Address</b>	Building A4, Tianfu Software Park, High-tech zone, Chengdu, Sichuan, China 610041
<b>Factory 1</b>	Chengdu Guangqing Technology Co., Ltd.
<b>Address</b>	No.104, Putian Cable Park, No.18 Xinhang Road, West Hi-Tech district, Chengdu, Sichuan, China
<b>Factory 2</b>	TCL KING ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE(CHENG DU)CO., LTD.
<b>Address</b>	No.18 Kexin Road,Hi-Tech Development Zone (West Park), Chengdu, Sichuan
<b>Factory 3</b>	Yibin XGIMI Optoelectronics Co., Ltd.
<b>Address</b>	(1) A3, Intelligent Terminal Industrial Park, Cuiping District, Yibin. (2) Room 328, Enterprise Service Center, No.17, Section 3, West Section of Changjiang North Road, Lingang Economic and Technological Development Zone, Yibin
<b>Product Designation</b>	LED Projector
<b>Brand Name</b>	XGIMI
<b>Test Model</b>	XK03S
<b>Series Model</b>	XK04S, XK05S, XK06S, XK07S, XK08S, XK09S, XK10S, XK11S, XK12S, XK13S, XK14S, XK15S, XK16S, XK17S, XK18S, XK19S, XK20S, XK21S, XK22S, XK23S, XK24S, XK25S, XK26S, XK27S, XK28S, XK29S, XK30S, XK31S, XK32S
<b>Difference description</b>	All the same except for the model name and different appearance color
<b>Date of test</b>	Aug. 23, 2019 to Sep. 11, 2019
<b>Deviation</b>	None
<b>Condition of Test Sample</b>	Normal
<b>Test Result</b>	Pass
<b>Report Template</b>	AGCRT-US-BR/RF

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with radiated emission limits of FCC PART 15.247.

Prepared By

*Draven Li*

Draven Li  
(Project Engineer)

Sep. 11, 2019

Reviewed By

*Max Zhang*

Max Zhang  
(Reviewer)

Sep. 16, 2019

Approved By

*Forrest Lei*

Forrest Lei  
(Authorized Officer)

Sep. 16, 2019

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is designed as "LED Projector". It is designed by way of utilizing the GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK and 8DPSK technology to achieve the system operation.

A major technical description of EUT is described as following

<b>Operation Frequency</b>	2.402 GHz to 2.480GHz
<b>RF Output Power</b>	5.614dBm(Max)
<b>Bluetooth Version</b>	V 4.2
<b>Modulation</b>	BR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GFSK, EDR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> π /4-DQPSK, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8DPSK BLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GFSK 1Mbps <input type="checkbox"/> GFSK 2Mbps
<b>Number of channels</b>	79
<b>Hardware Version</b>	V03
<b>Software Version</b>	V1.0.0
<b>Antenna Designation</b>	FPC Antenna
<b>Antenna Gain</b>	3.15dBi
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 14.4V by battery or DC 19V by adapter

### 2.2. TABLE OF CARRIER FREQUENCYS

<b>Frequency Band</b>	<b>Channel Number</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
2402~2480MHZ	0	2402MHZ
	1	2403MHZ
	:	:
	38	2440 MHZ
	39	2441 MHZ
	40	2442 MHZ
	:	:
	77	2479 MHZ
	78	2480 MHZ

### 2.3. RECEIVER INPUT BANDWIDTH

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1.3MHZ, In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is slave. The master determines the hopping sequence. The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master. Additionally the type of connection(e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

### 2.4. EXAMPLE OF A HOPPING SEQUENCE IN DATA MODE

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

40,21,44,23,42,53,46,55,48,33,52,35,50,65,54,67  
56,37,60,39,58,69,62,71,64,25,68,27,66,57,70,59  
72,29,76,31,74,61,78,63,01,41,05,43,03,73,07,75  
09,45,13,47,11,77,15,00,64,49,66,53,68,02,70,06  
01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

### 2.5. EQUALLY AVERAGE USE OF FREQUENCIES AND BEHAVIOUR

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection.
2. Internal master clock

The LAP(lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD\_ADDRESS. The BD\_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP(upper address part) are the 24MSB's of the 48BD\_ADDRESS

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For behavior zation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5us. The clock has a cycle of about one day(23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire. LAP(24 bits),4LSB's(4bits)(Input 1) and the 27MSB's of the clock(Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures(permutations, additions, XOR-operations)are performed to generate te Sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behavior:

The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For Transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer(and it Cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock(312.5us). The hopping sequence will always Differ from the first one.

## **2.6. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)**

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AFENXK03S** filing to comply with the FCC PART 15.247 requirements.

## **2.7. TEST METHODOLOGY**

Both conducted and radiated testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

## **2.8. SPECIAL ACCESSORIES**

Refer to section 5.2.

## **2.9. EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS**

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

### 3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in measurement" (GUM) published by CISPR and ANSI.

- Uncertainty of Conducted Emission,  $U_c = \pm 3.2 \text{ dB}$
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission below 1GHz,  $U_c = \pm 3.9 \text{ dB}$
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission above 1GHz,  $U_c = \pm 4.8 \text{ dB}$
- Uncertainty of total RF power, conducted,  $U_c = \pm 0.8 \text{ dB}$
- Uncertainty of spurious emissions, conducted,  $U_c = \pm 2.7 \text{ dB}$
- Uncertainty of Occupied Channel Bandwidth:  $U_c = \pm 2 \%$
- Uncertainty of Dwell Time:  $U_c = \pm 2 \%$
- Uncertainty of Frequency:  $U_c = \pm 2 \%$

#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

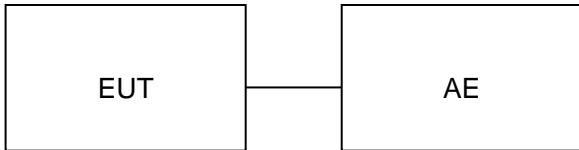
NO.	TEST MODE DESCRIPTION
1	Low channel GFSK
2	Middle channel GFSK
3	High channel GFSK
4	Low channel $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
5	Middle channel $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
6	High channel $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
7	Low channel 8DPSK
8	Middle channel 8DPSK
9	High channel 8DPSK
10	Hopping mode GFSK
11	Hopping mode $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
12	Hopping mode 8DPSK

Note:

1. Only the result of the worst case was recorded in the report, if no other cases.
2. The test software is the SecureCRTSecure\_V7.0.0.326 which can set the EUT into the individual test modes.

## 5. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 5.1. CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM



### 5.2 EQUIPMENT USED IN TESTED SYSTEM

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Remark
1	LED Projector	XK03S	2AFENXK03S	EUT
3	Adapter	HKA06519034-6J	Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 1.5A Output: DC 19V, 3.42A	Market with EUT
4	Loudspeaker	--	--	AE
5	PC	Xiaomi	Air 13.3	AE

### 5.3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
15.247	Peak Output Power	Compliant
15.247	20 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
15.247	Spurious Emission	Compliant
15.247&15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant
15.247	Number of Hopping Frequency	Compliant
15.247	Time of Occupancy	Compliant
15.247	Frequency Separation	Compliant
15.207	Conducted Emission	Compliant

## 6. TEST FACILITY

<b>Test Site</b>	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
<b>Location</b>	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
<b>Designation Number</b>	CN1259
<b>FCC Test Firm Registration Number</b>	975832
<b>A2LA Cert. No.</b>	5054.02
<b>Description</b>	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA

## TEST EQUIPMENT OF CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESPI	101206	Jun. 10, 2019	Jun. 09, 2020
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	100086	Aug. 26, 2019	Aug. 25, 2020

## TEST EQUIPMENT OF RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	10096	Jun. 10, 2019	Jun. 09, 2020
EXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470504	Dec. 20, 2018	Dec. 19, 2019
2.4GHz Filter	EM Electronics	2400-2500MHz	N/A	Feb. 27, 2019	Feb. 26, 2020
Attenuator	ZHINAN	E-002	N/A	Aug. 26, 2019	Aug. 25, 2020
Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	#768	Sep. 21, 2017	Sep. 20, 2020
Active loop antenna (9K-30MHz)	ZHINAN	ZN30900C	18051	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2020
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00034609	May. 26, 2018	May. 25, 2020
Broadband Preamplifier	ETS LINDGREN	3117PA	00225134	Oct. 25, 2018	Oct. 24, 2019
ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	D69250	Sep. 28, 2017	Sep. 27, 2019

## 7. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### 7.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

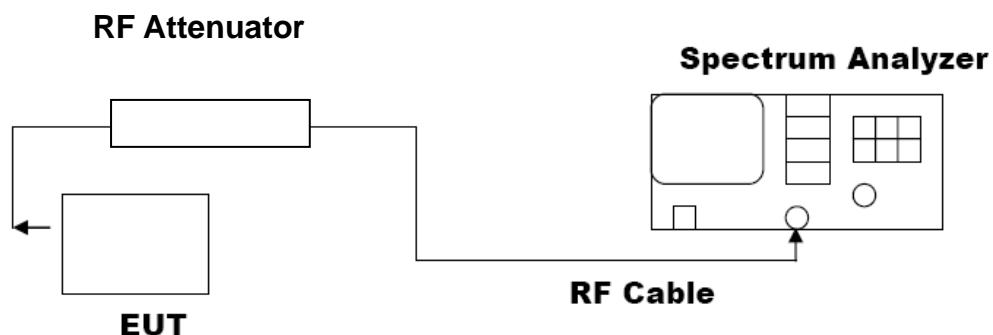
For peak power test:

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
3. RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
4. VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
5. Sweep: Auto.
6. Detector function: Peak.
7. Trace: Max hold.

Allow trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

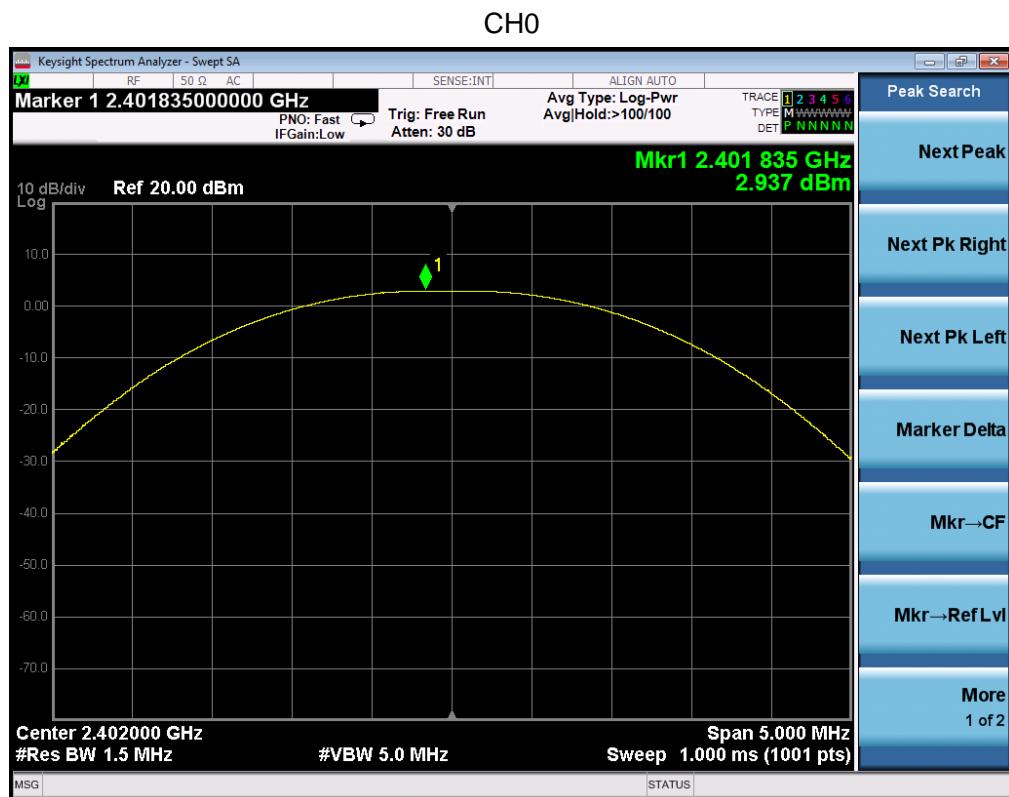
### 7.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

#### PEAK POWER TEST SETUP

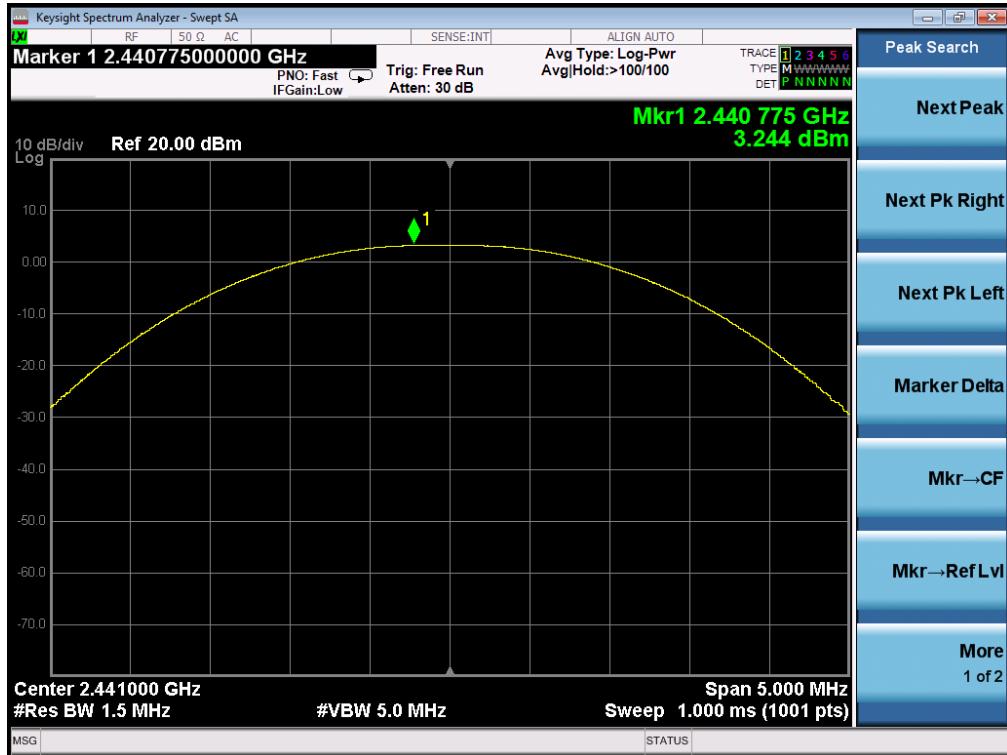


### 7.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

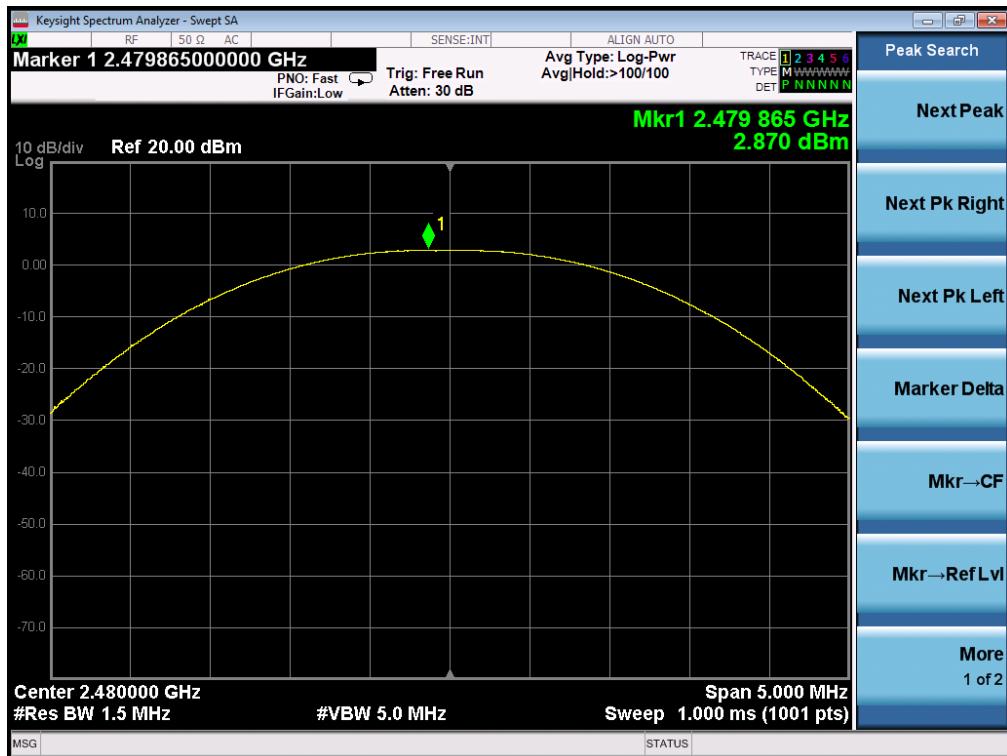
PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	2.937	30	Pass
2.441	3.244	30	Pass
2.480	2.870	30	Pass



CH39

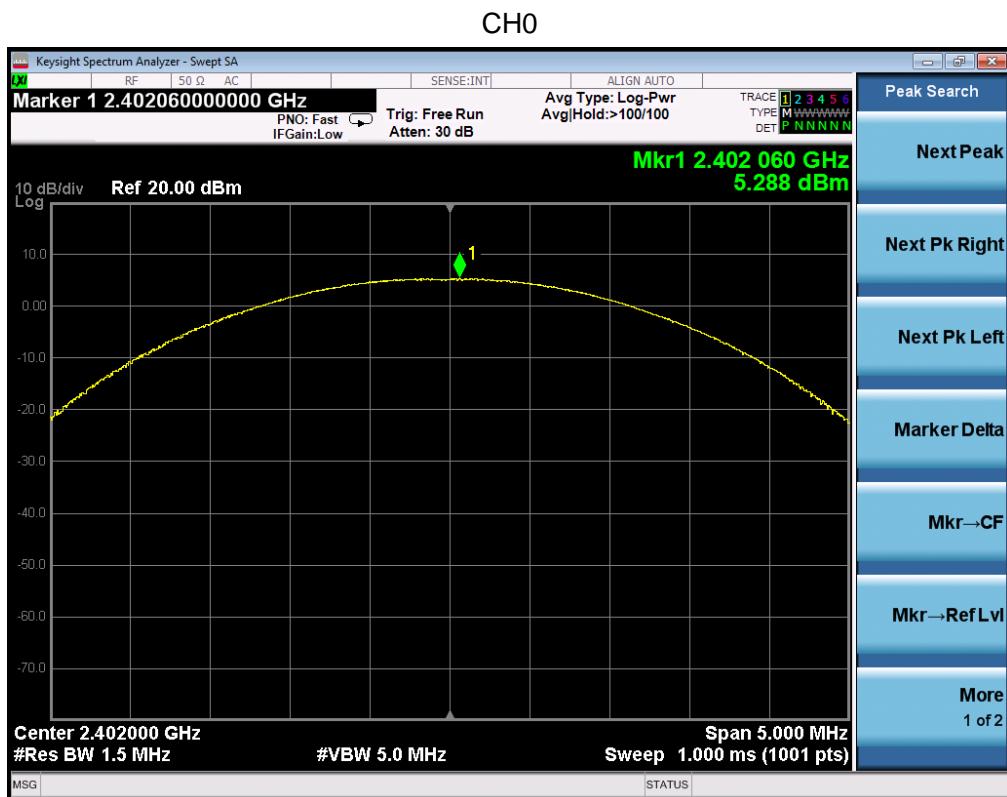


CH78



**PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT  
FOR II /4-DQPSK MODULATION**

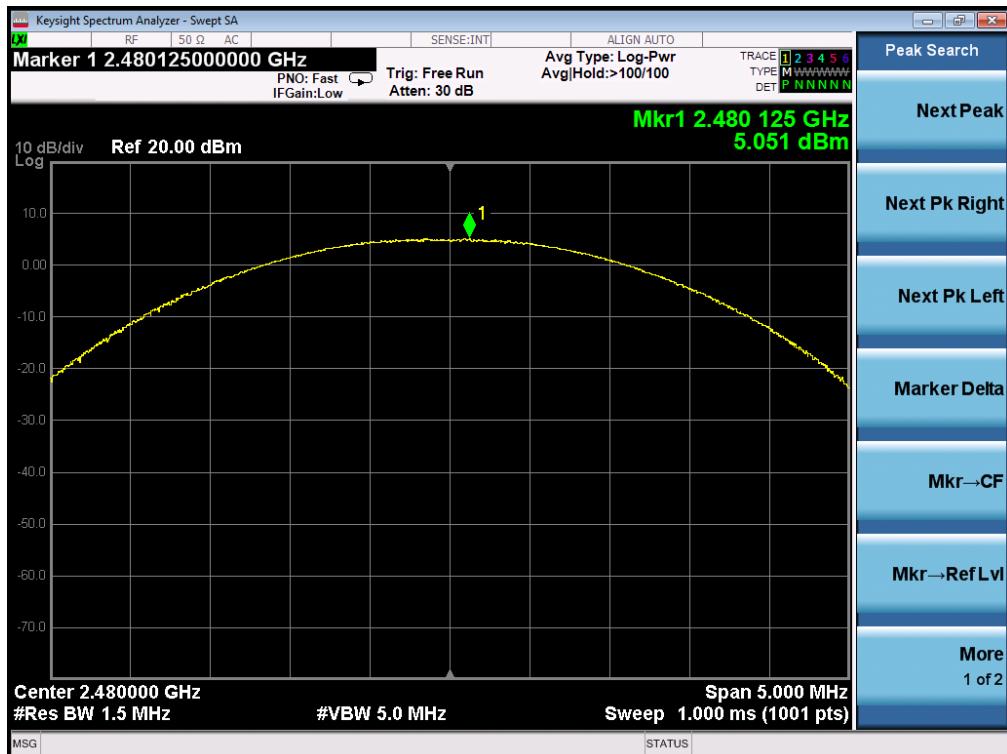
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	5.288	30	Pass
2.441	5.465	30	Pass
2.480	5.051	30	Pass



CH39

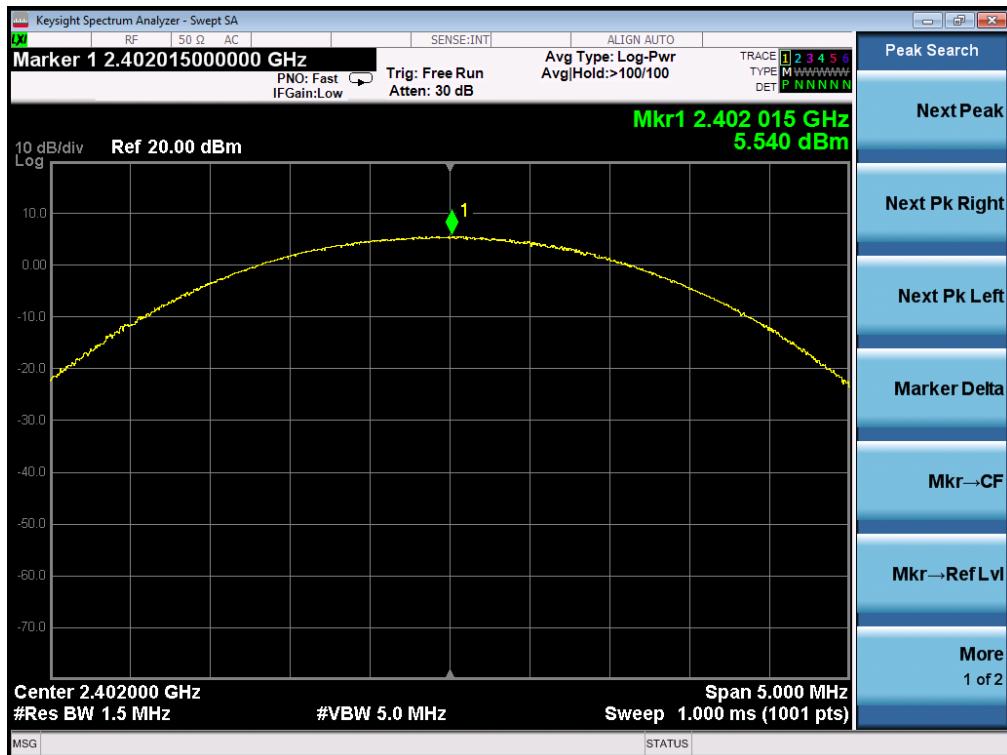


CH78

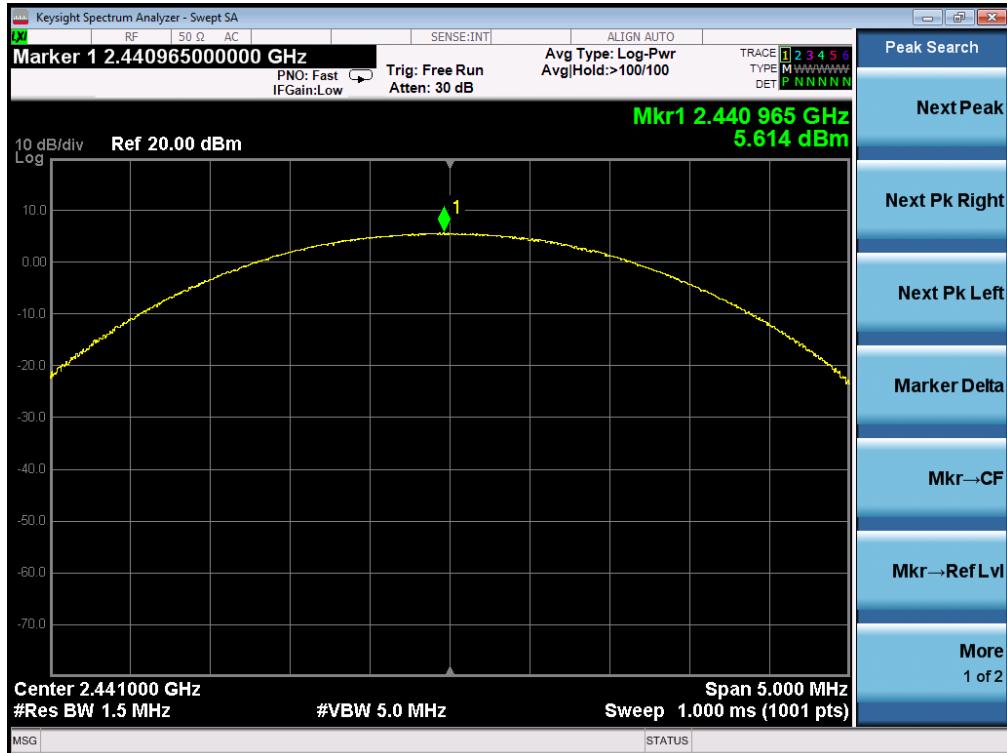


PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR 8-DPSK MODULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	5.540	30	Pass
2.441	5.614	30	Pass
2.480	5.099	30	Pass

CH0



CH39



CH78

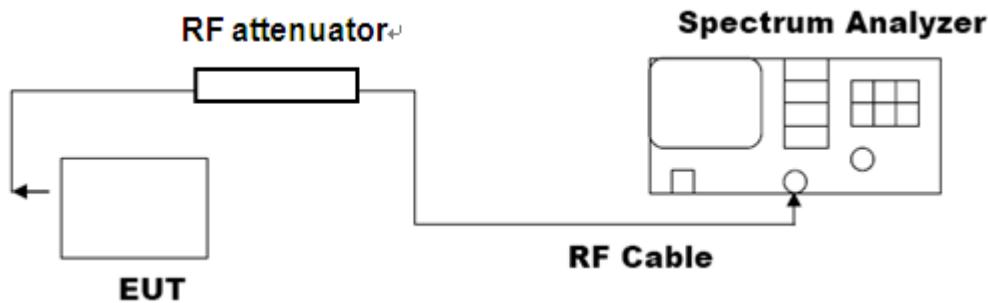


## 8. 20DB BANDWIDTH

### 8.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Set the EUT Work on the top, the middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

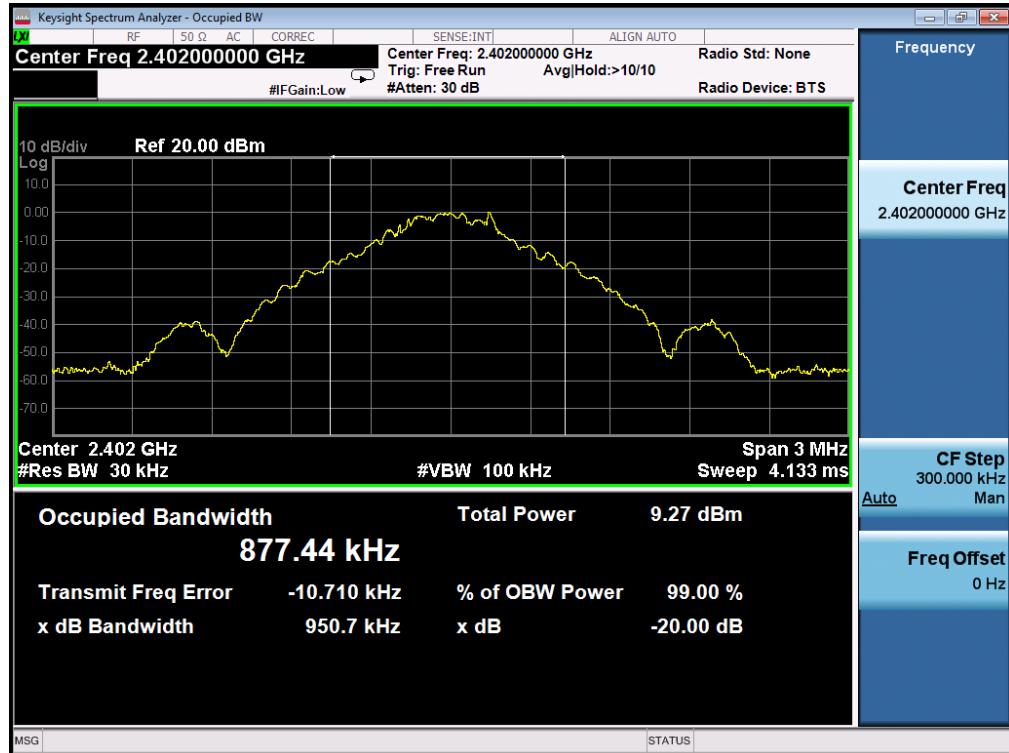
### 8.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)



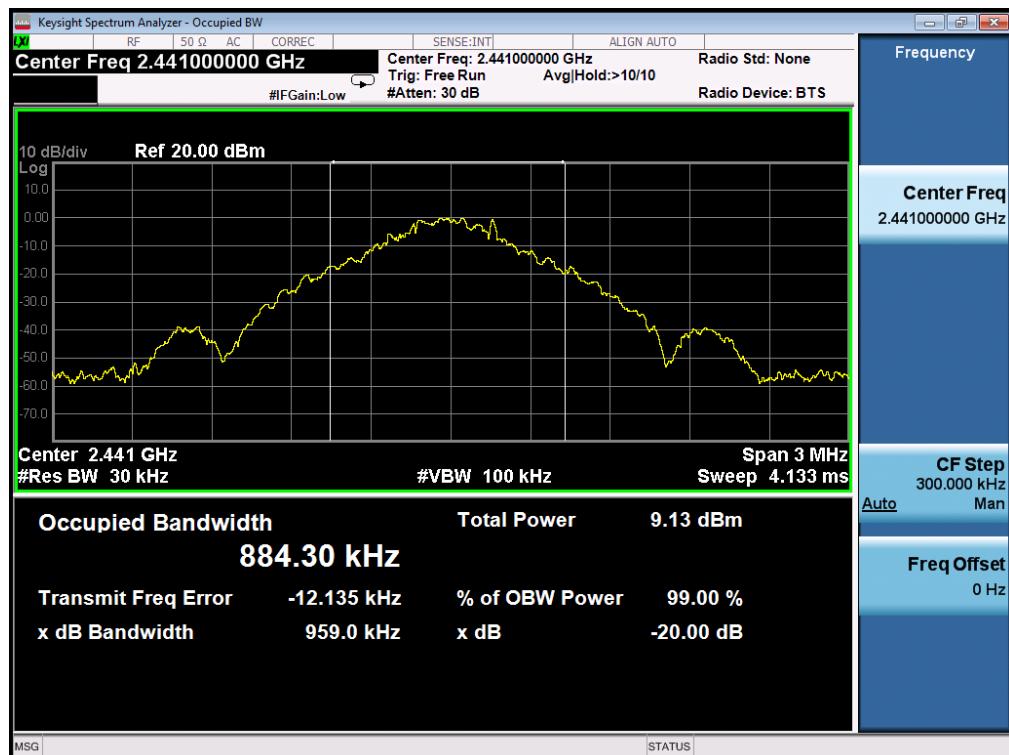
### 8.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULTS

MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	0.9507	PASS
	Middle Channel	0.9590	PASS
	High Channel	0.9593	PASS

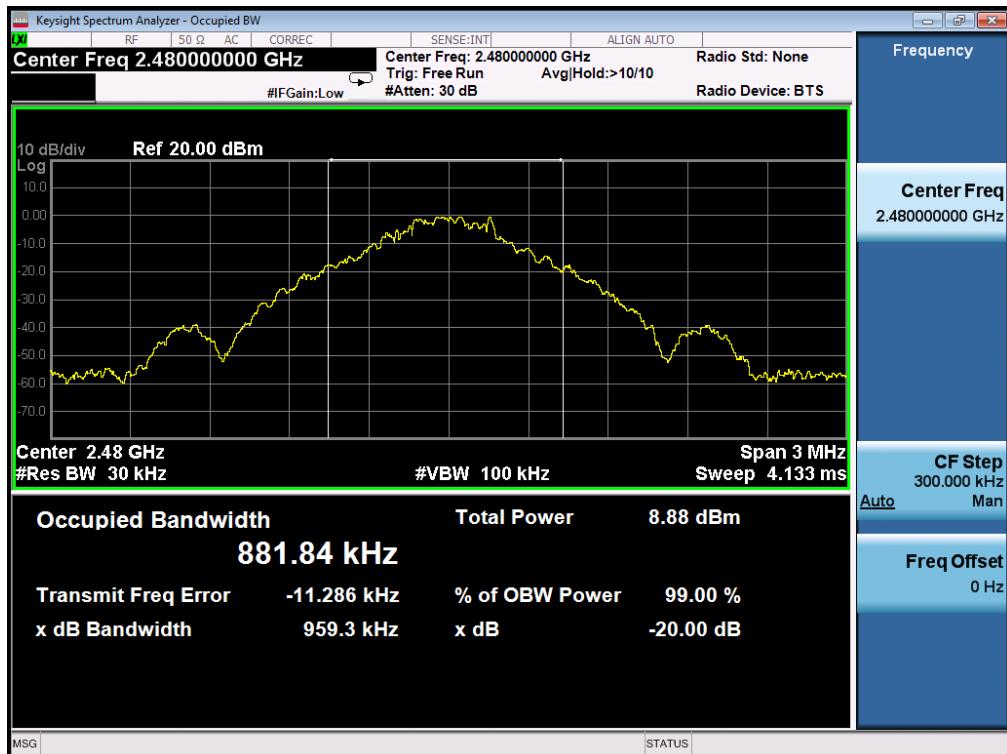
### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL



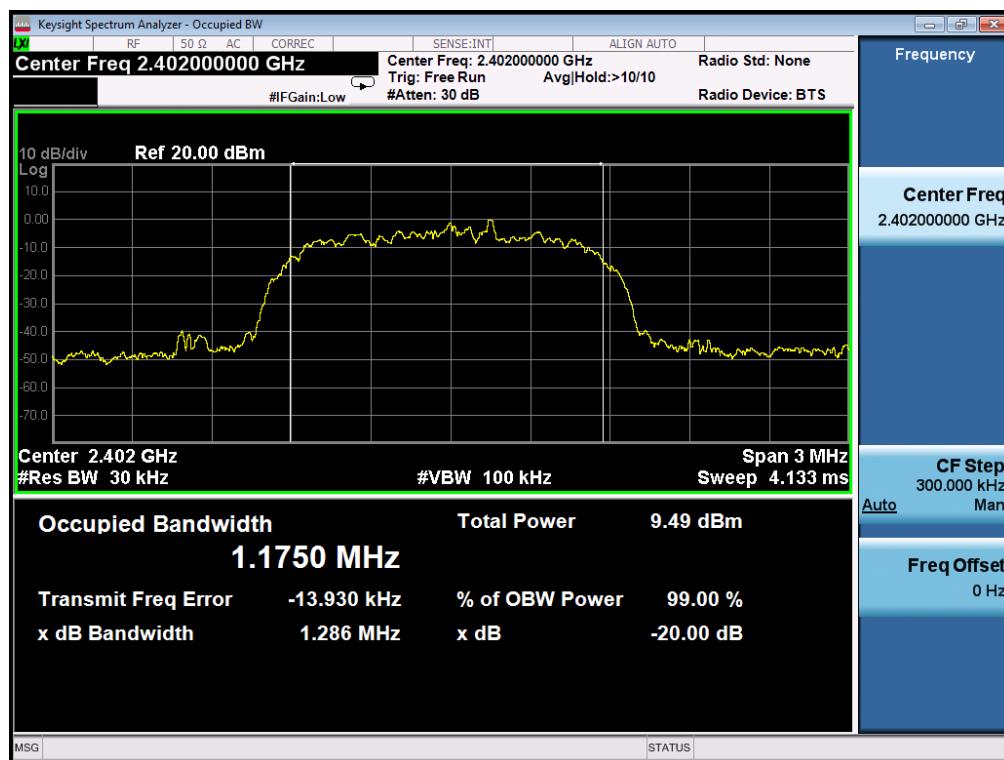
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL



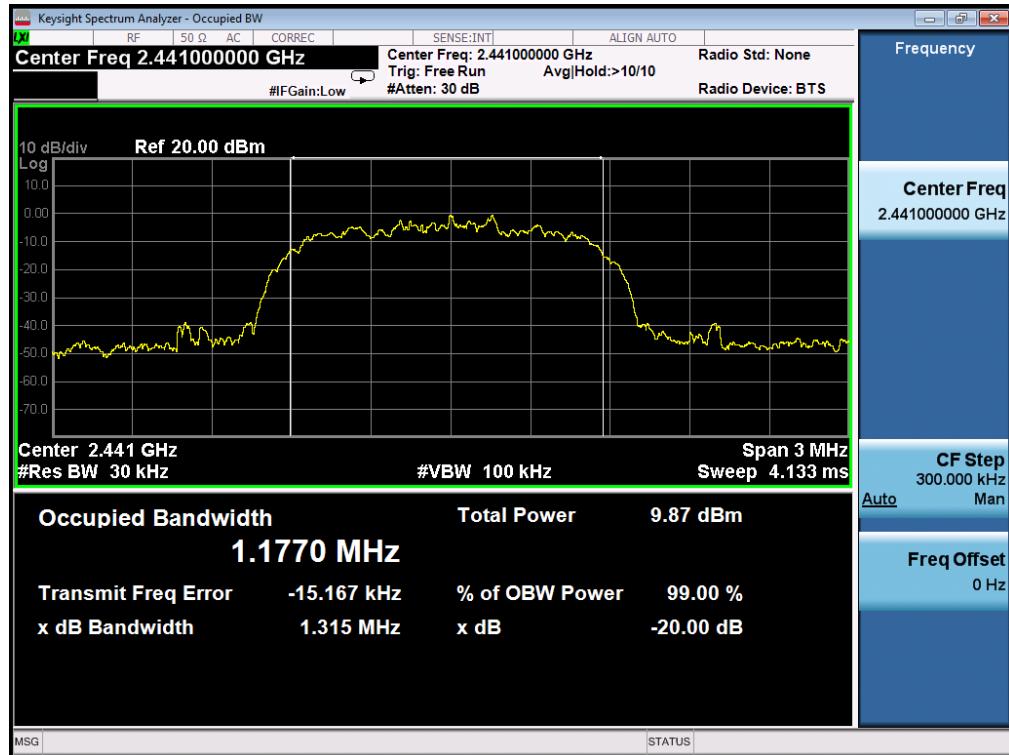
### MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR II /4-DQPSK MODULATION

Applicable Limits	Measurement Result	
	Test Data (MHz)	Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	1.286
	Middle Channel	1.315
	High Channel	1.315

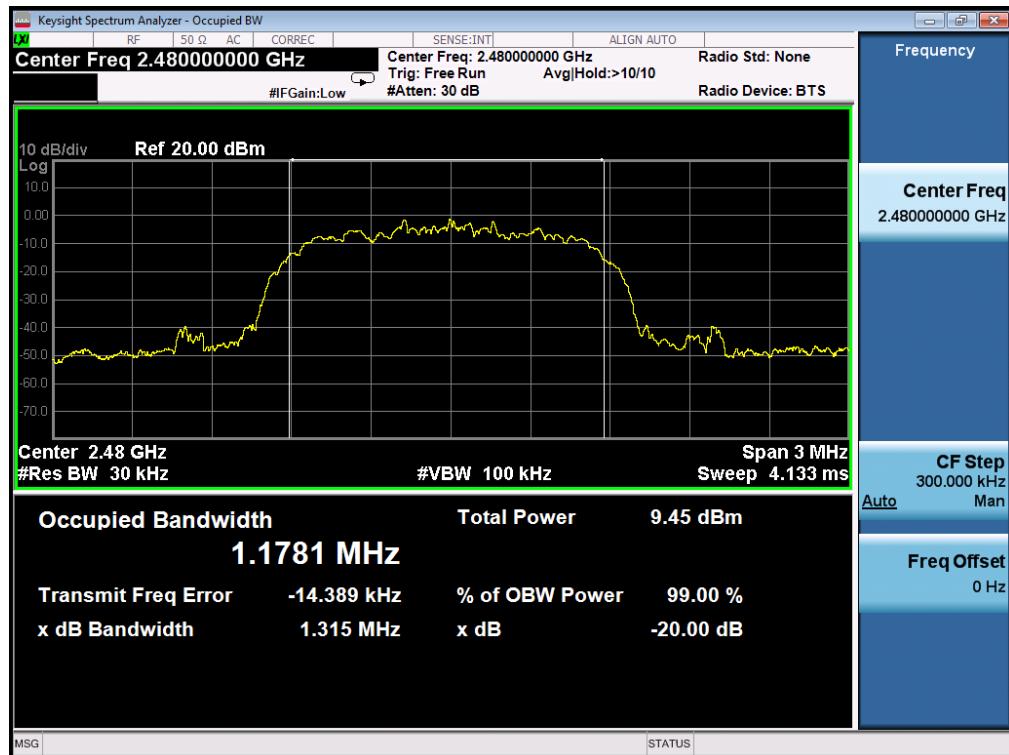
### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL

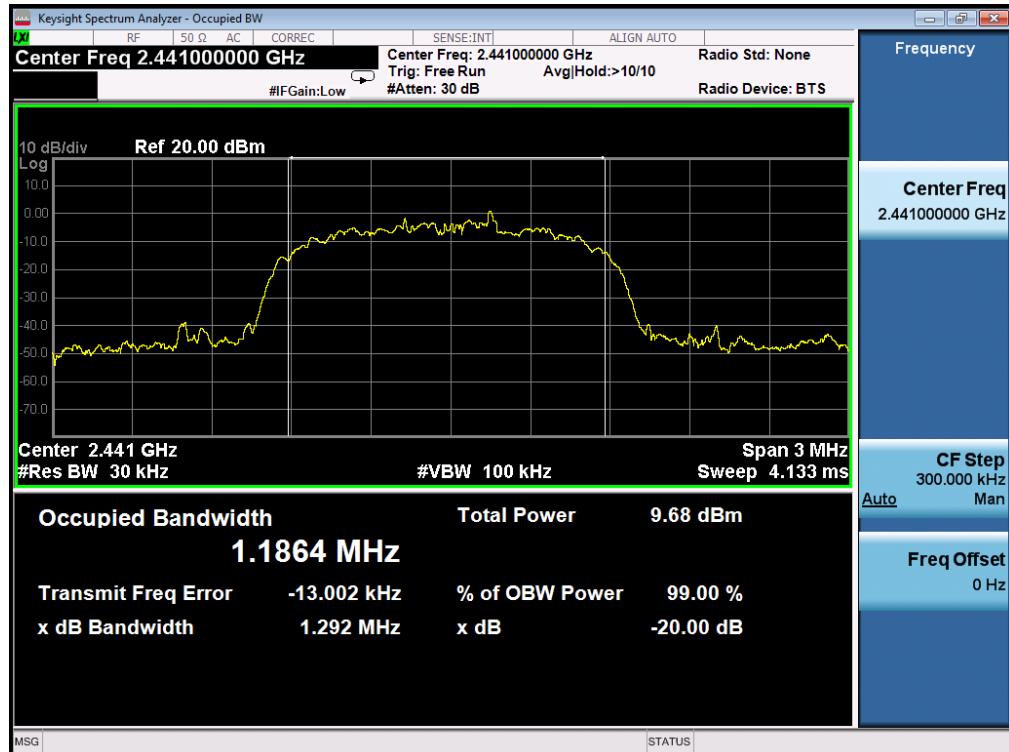


MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR 8-DPSK MODULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)	Criteria	
N/A	Low Channel	1.306	PASS
	Middle Channel	1.292	PASS
	High Channel	1.291	PASS

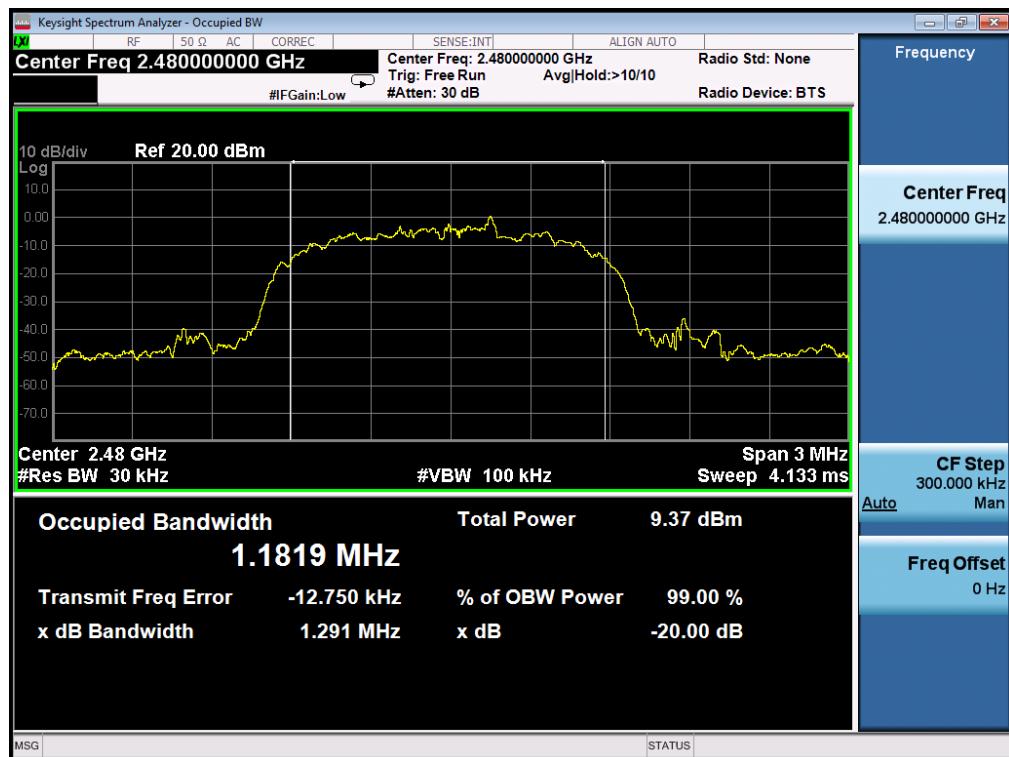
### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL



## 9. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### 9.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Set the EUT Work on the top, the Middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set the Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.  
RBW = 100 kHz; VBW= 300 kHz; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak.
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

### 9.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

The same as described in section 8.2

### 9.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

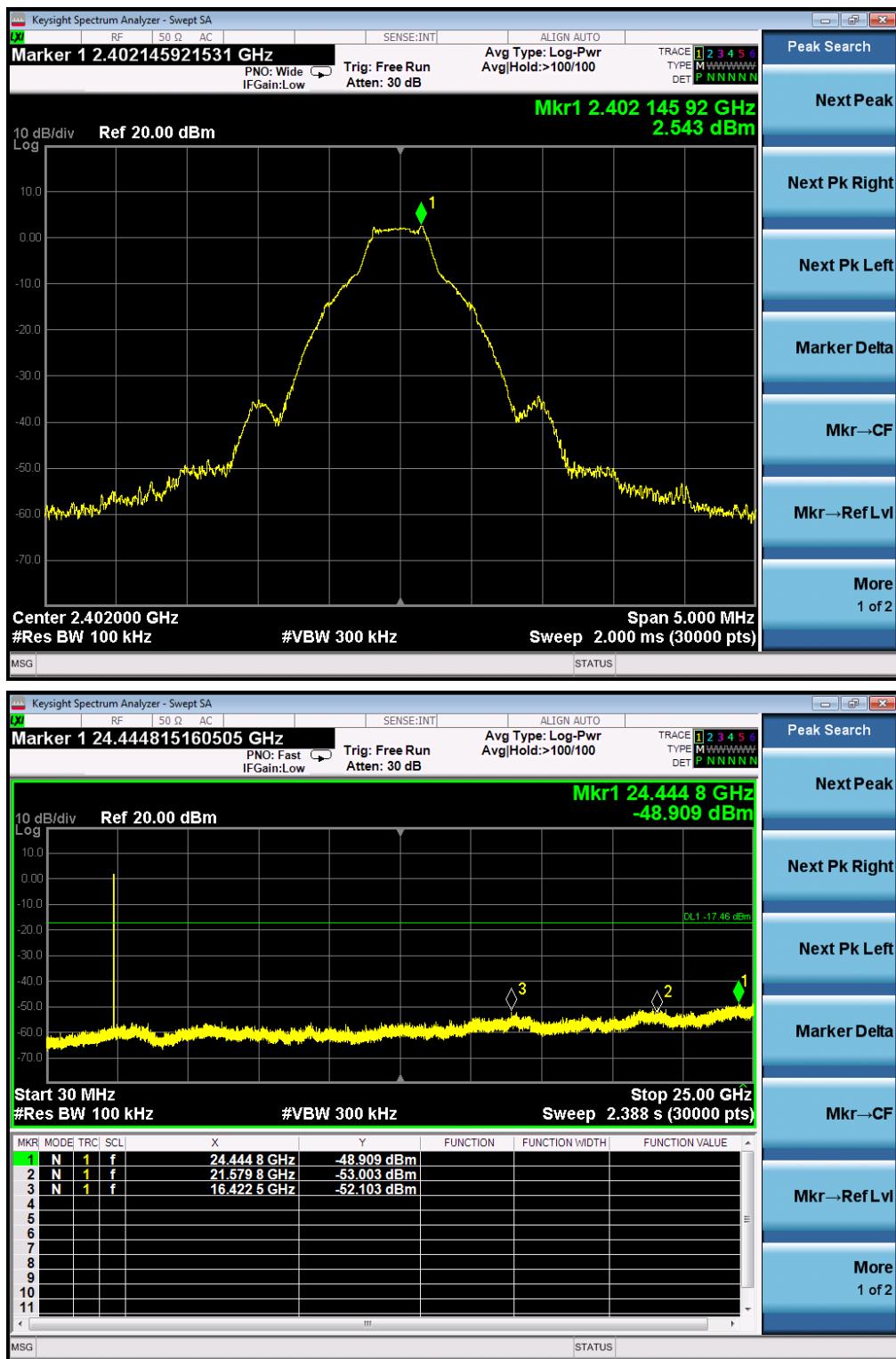
The same as described in section 6

### 9.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

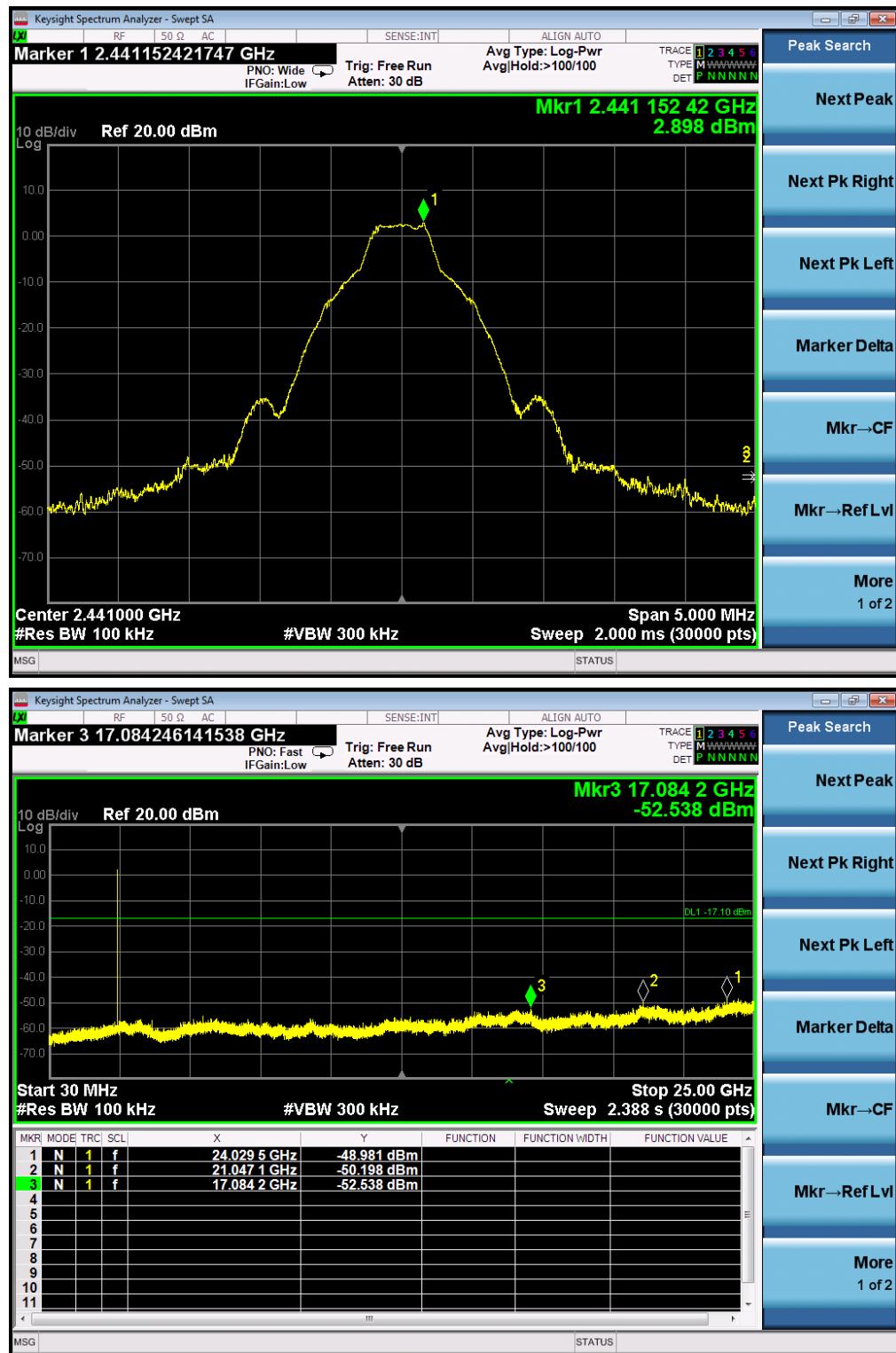
LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT		
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result	
	Test Data	Criteria
In any 100 KHz Bandwidth Outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produce by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiation emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in§15.209(a)	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the BOTTOM Channel	PASS
	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the TOP Channel	PASS

## **TEST RESULT FOR ENTIRE FREQUENCY RANGE**

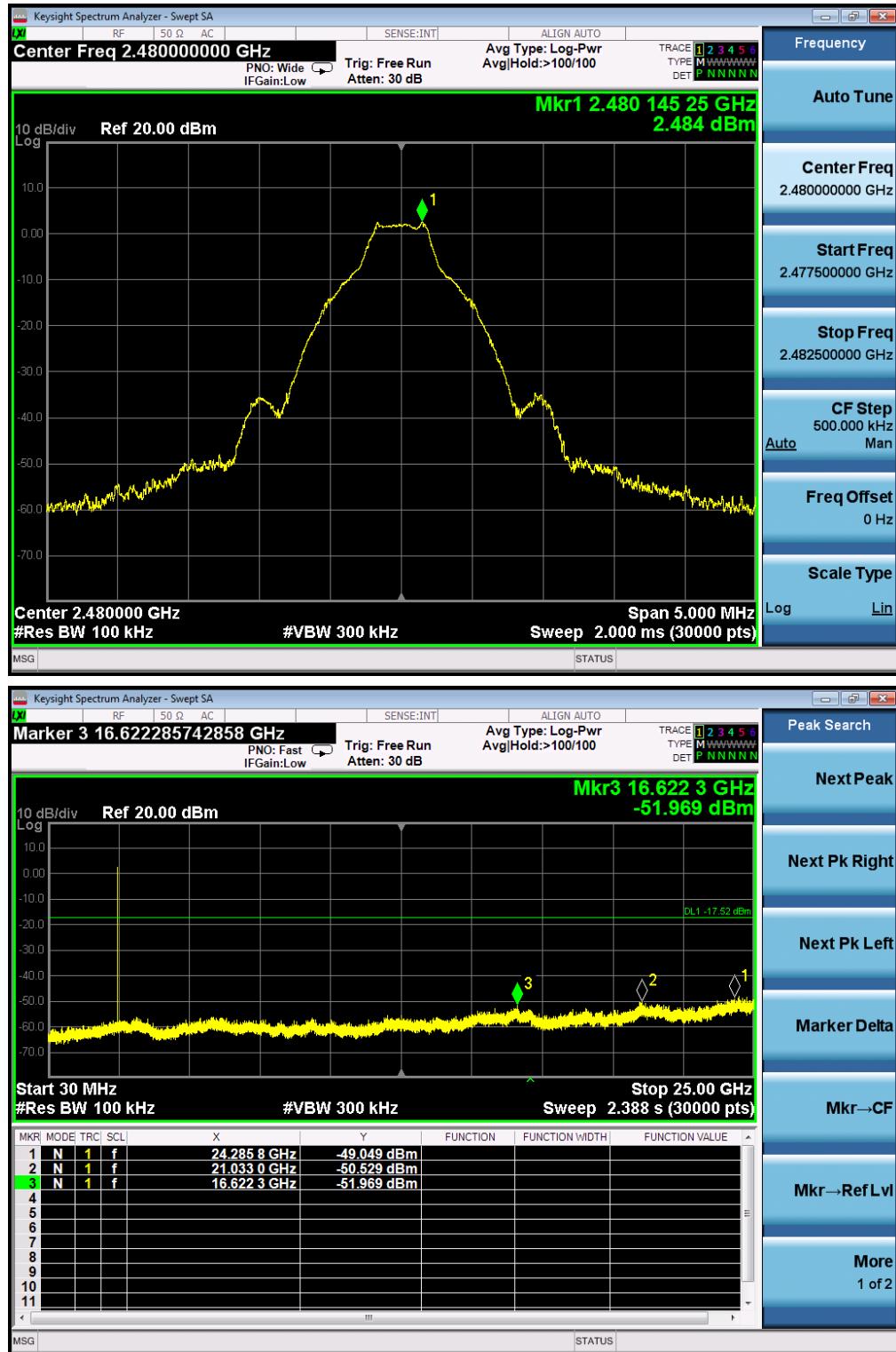
### **TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS WITH THE WORST CASE OF GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL**



## TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS OF GFSK MODULATION IN MIDDLE CHANNEL

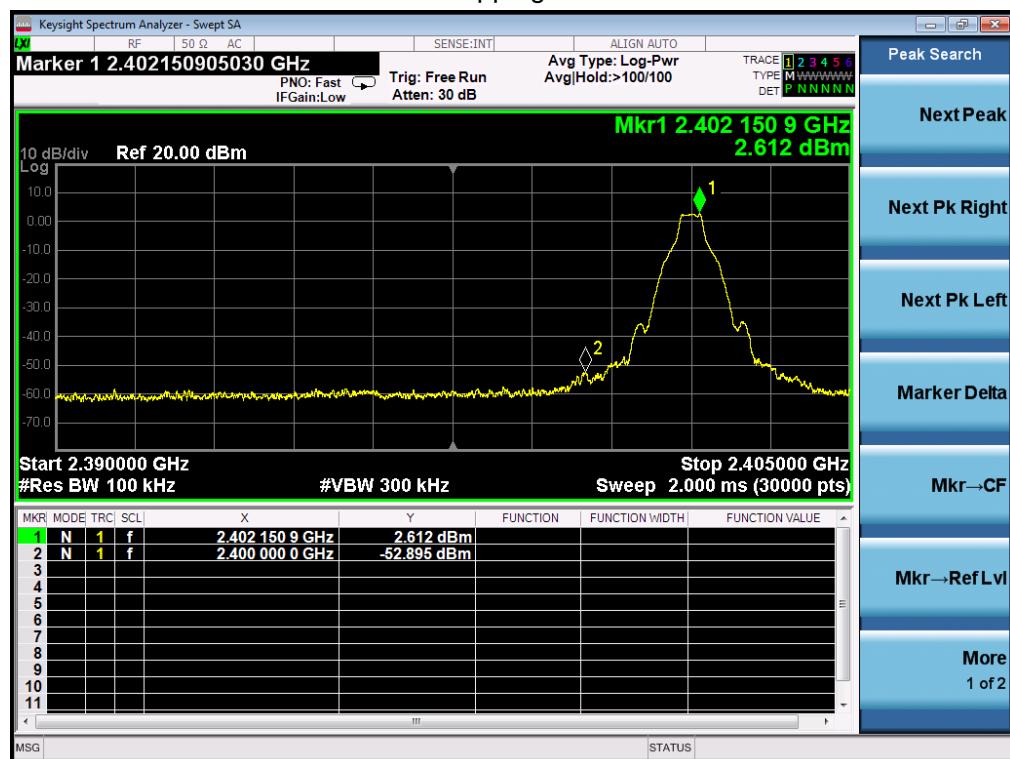


TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS  
OF GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

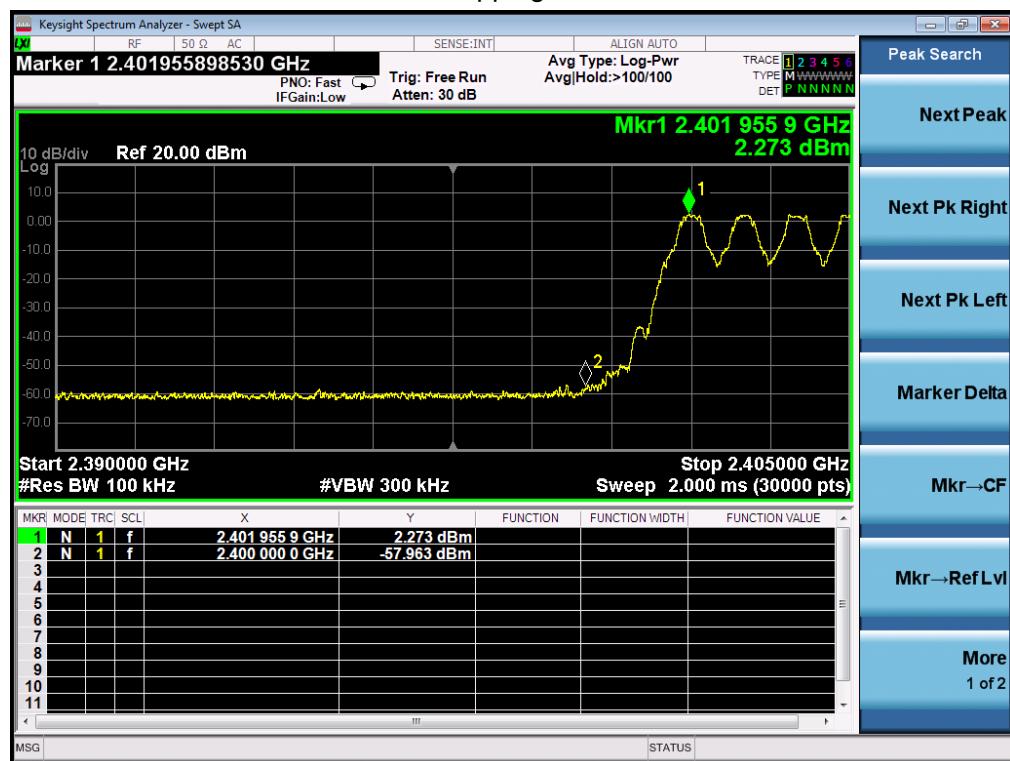


Note: The peak emissions without marker on the above plots are fundamental wave and need not to compare with the limit. The GFSK modulation is the worst case and only those data recorded in the report.

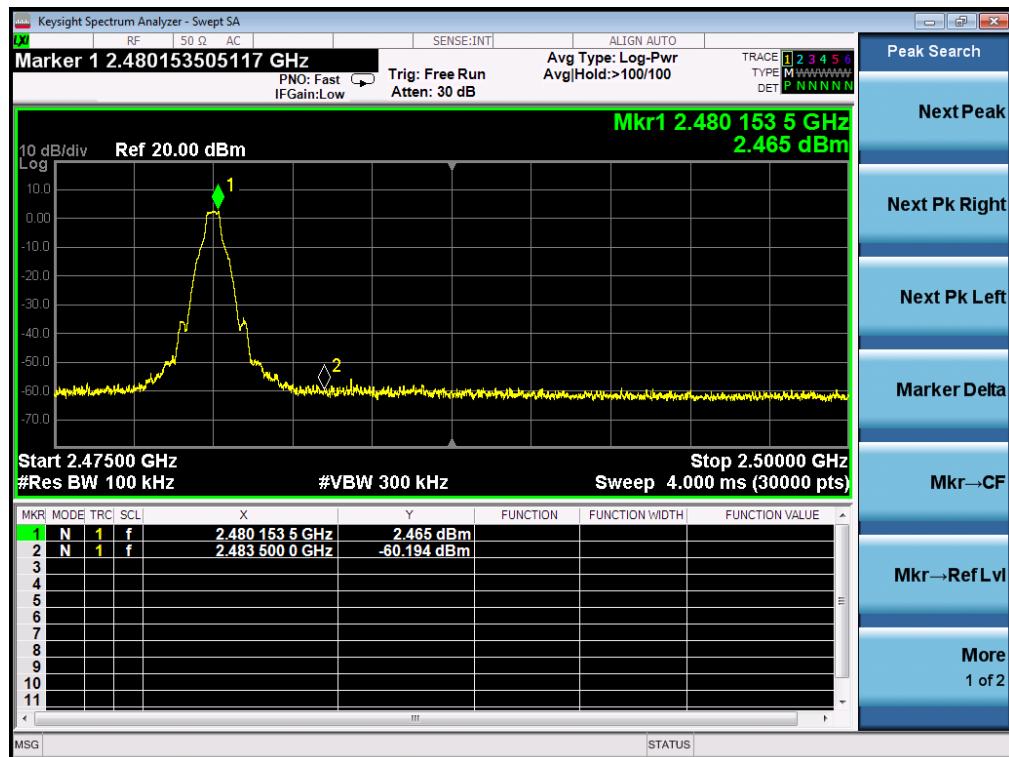
## TEST RESULT FOR BAND EDGE GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL Hopping off



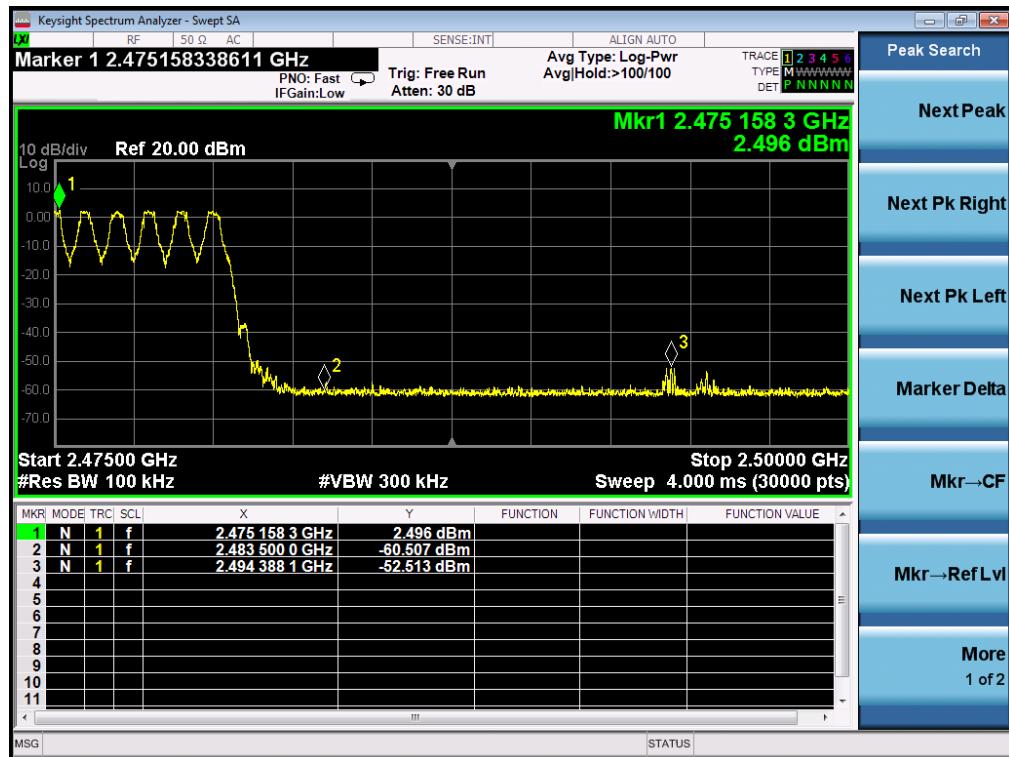
Hopping on



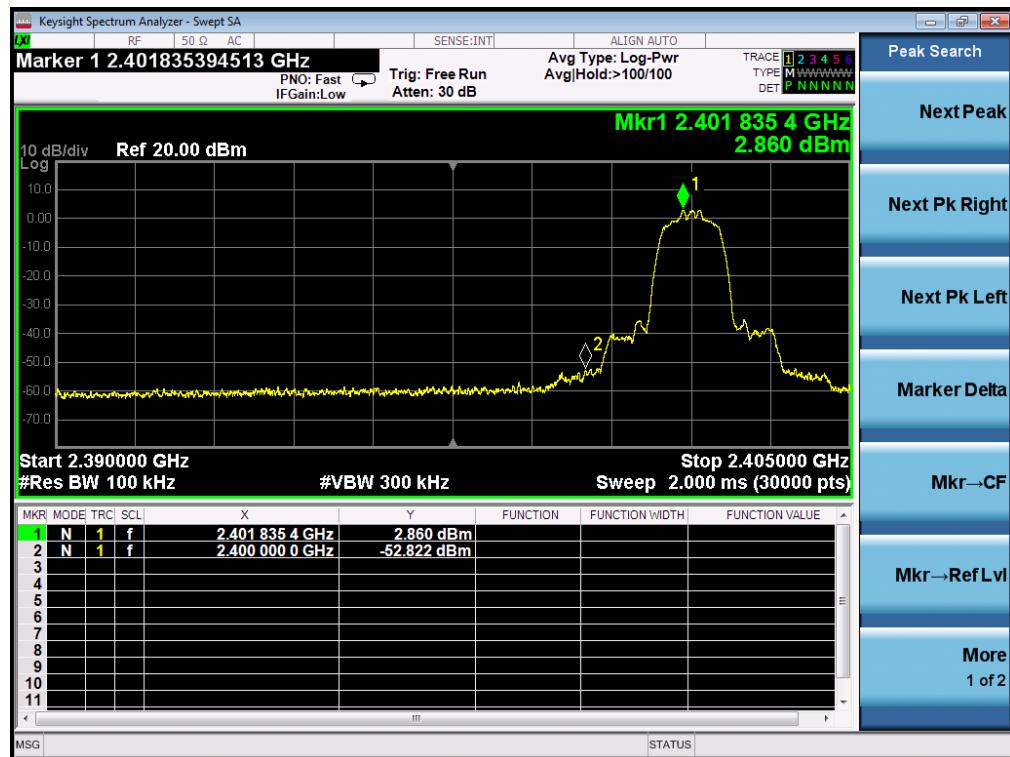
# GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL Hopping off



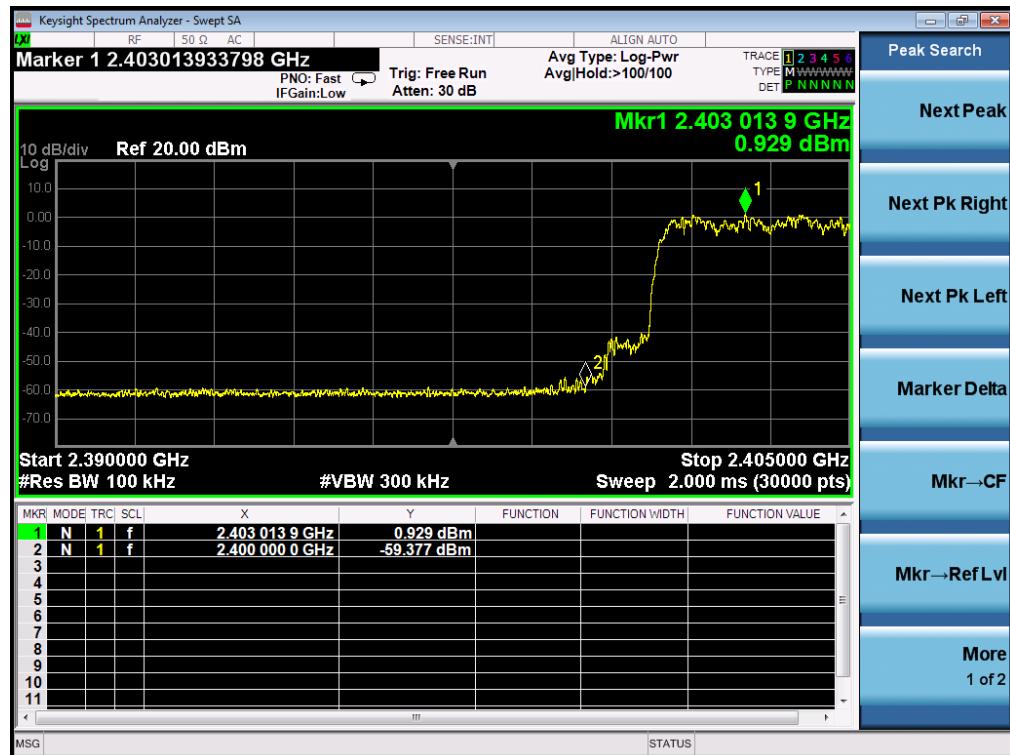
## Hopping on



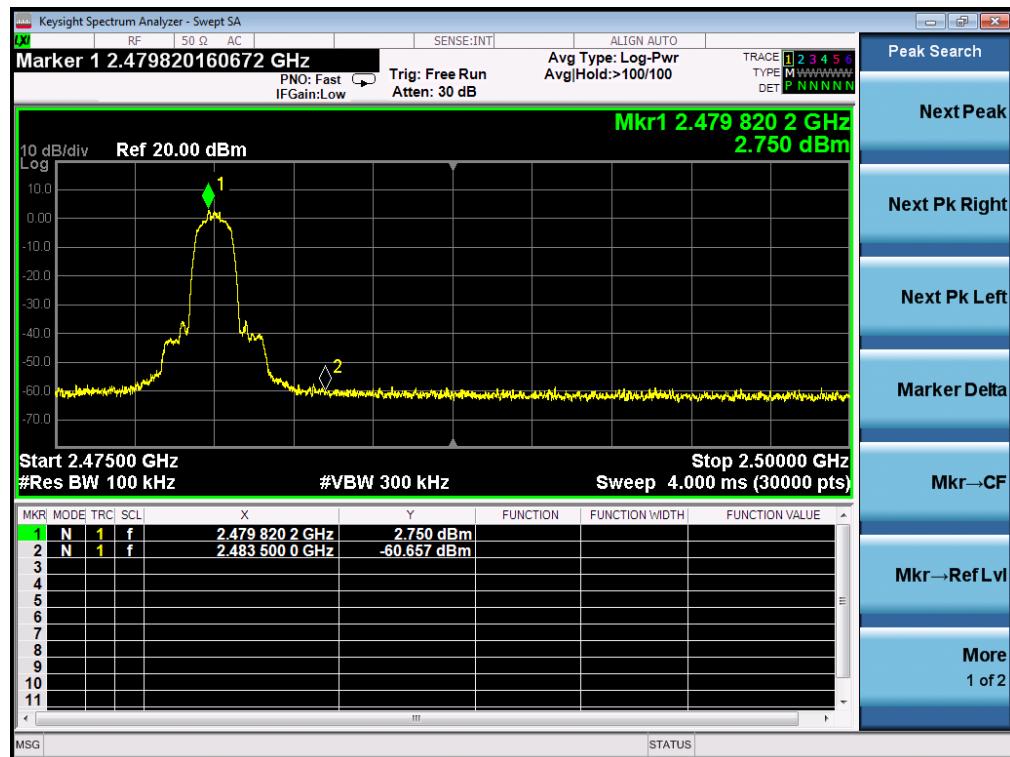
# $\pi$ /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL Hopping off



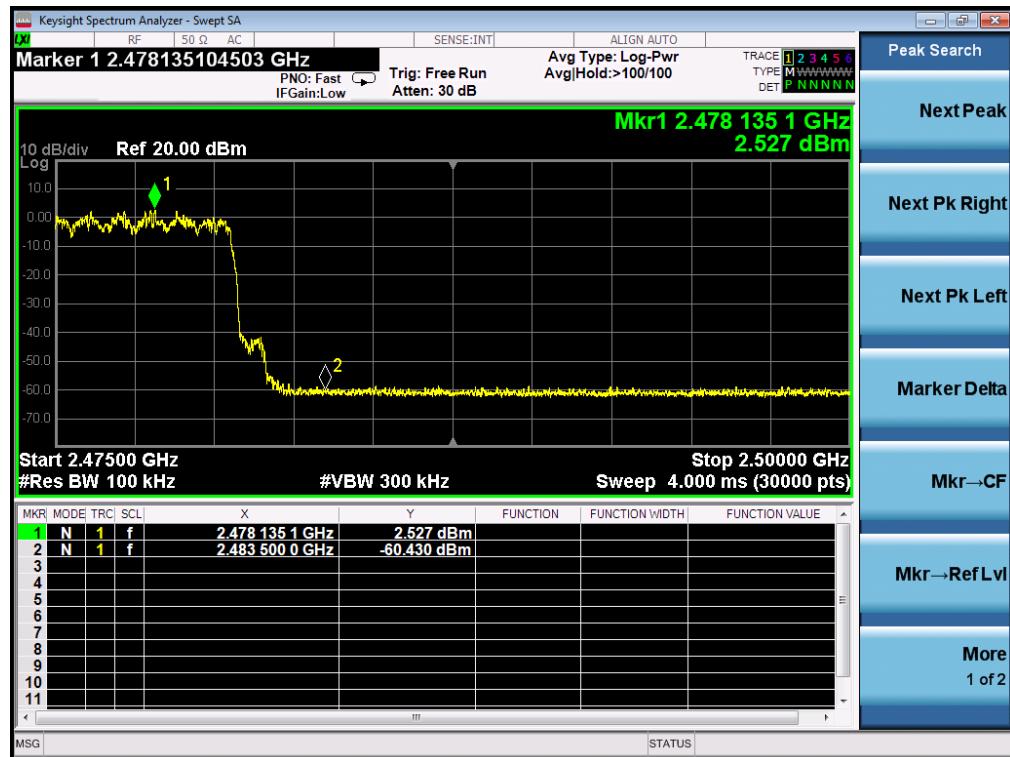
## Hopping on



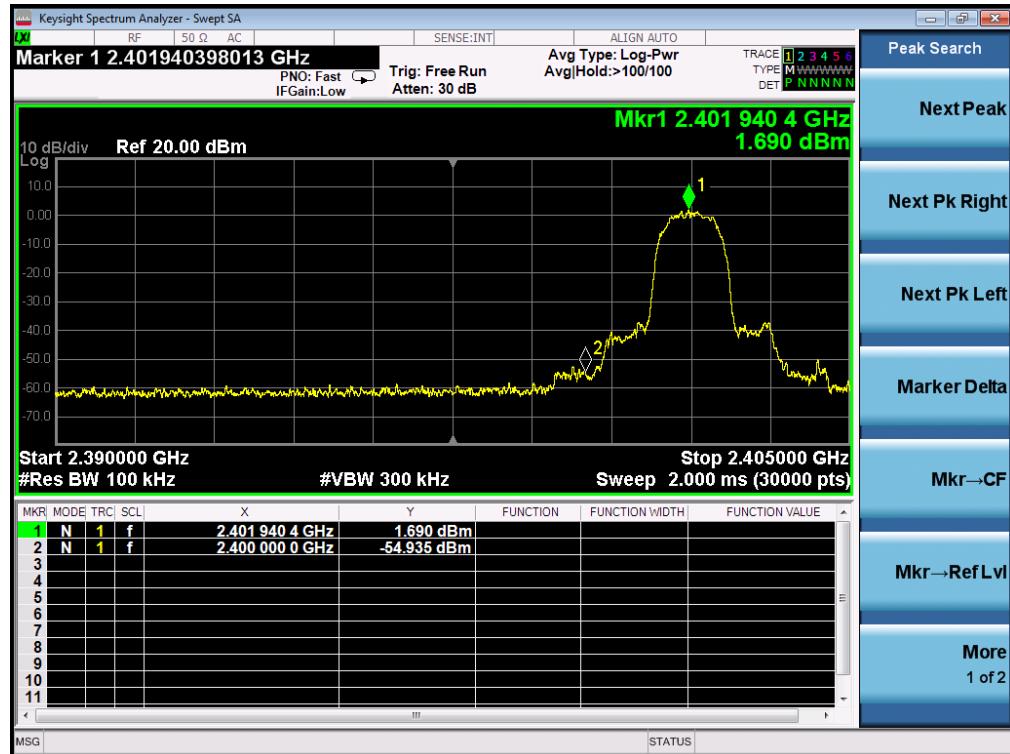
# $\pi$ /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL Hopping off



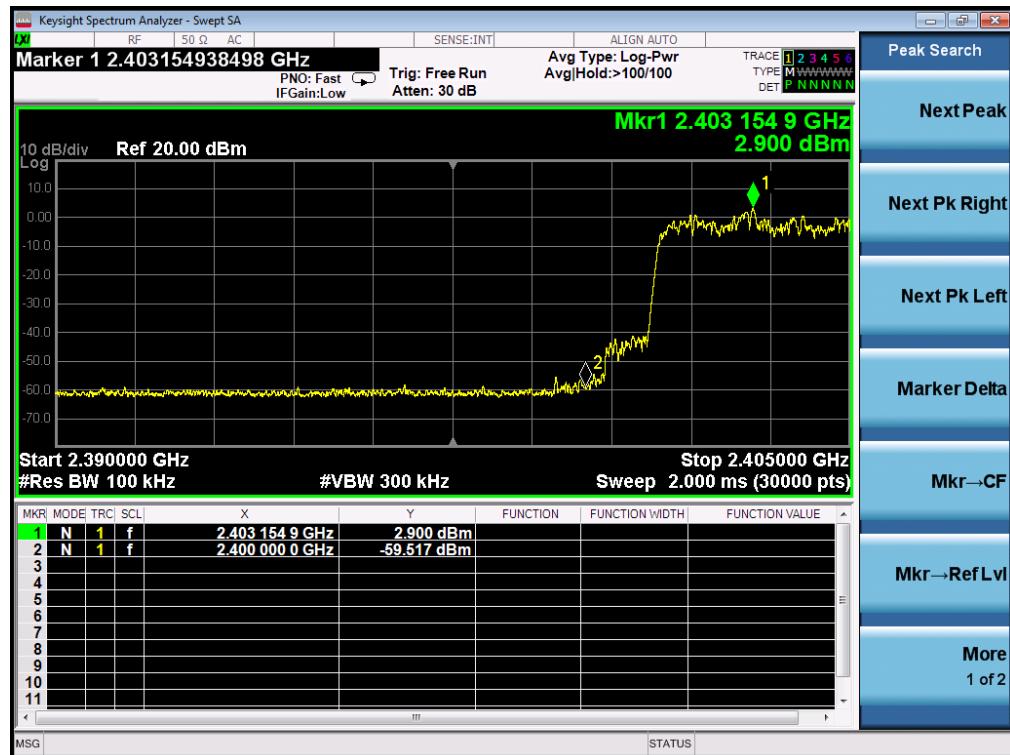
## Hopping on



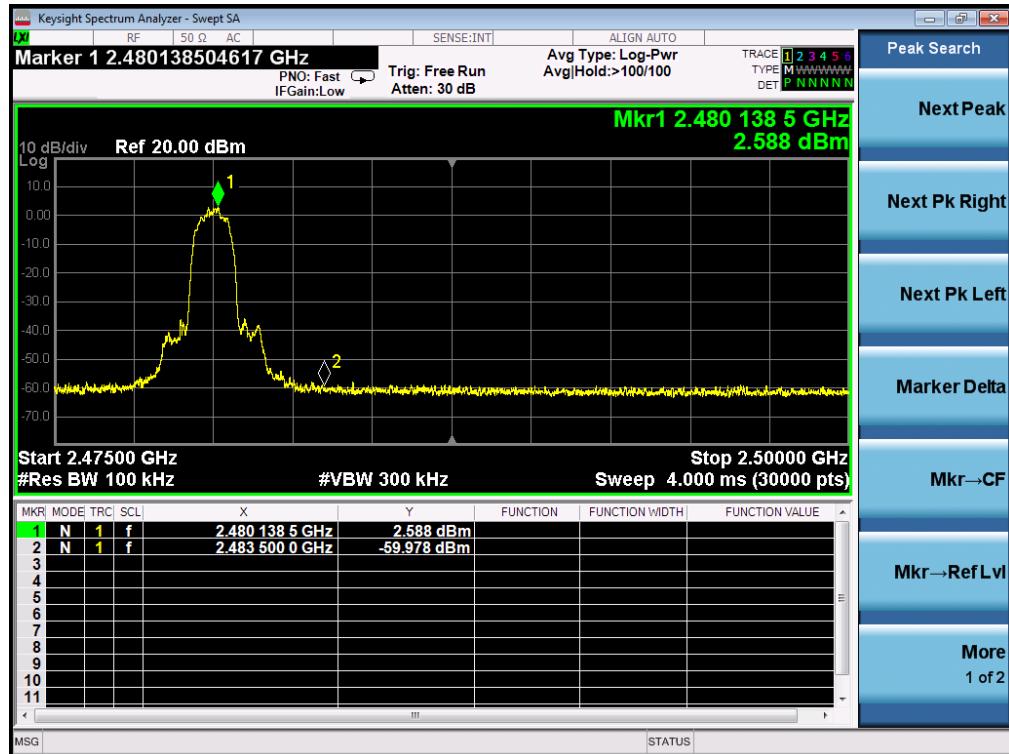
8-DPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL  
Hopping off



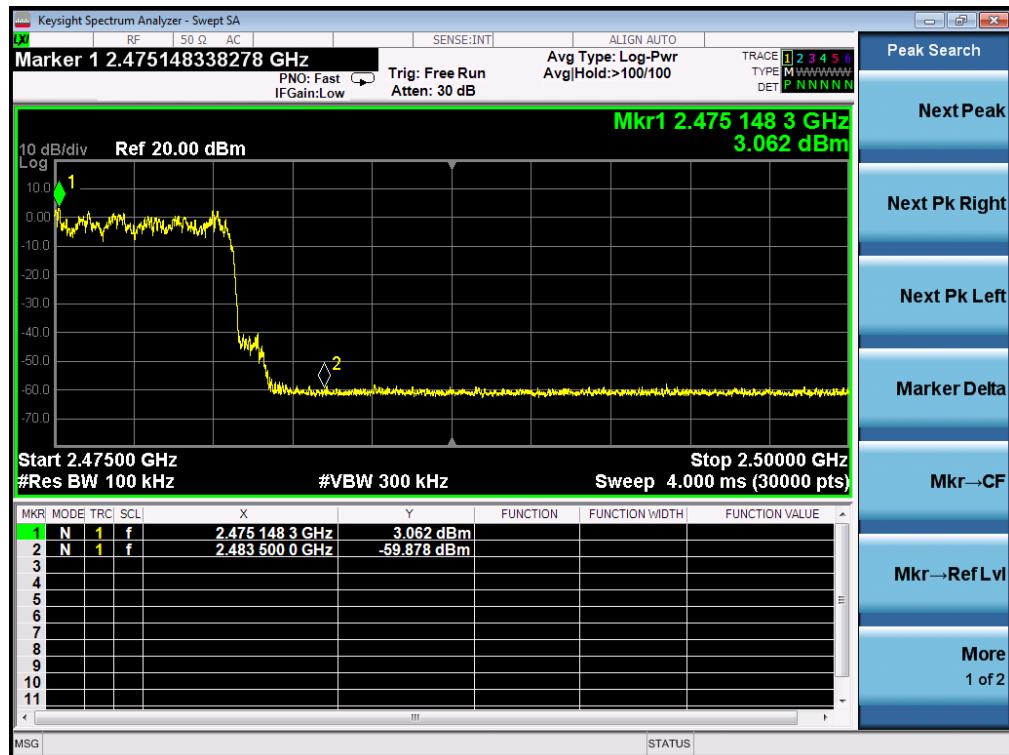
Hopping on



8-DPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL  
Hopping off



Hopping on



## 10. RADIATED EMISSION

### 10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW for peak reading. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.

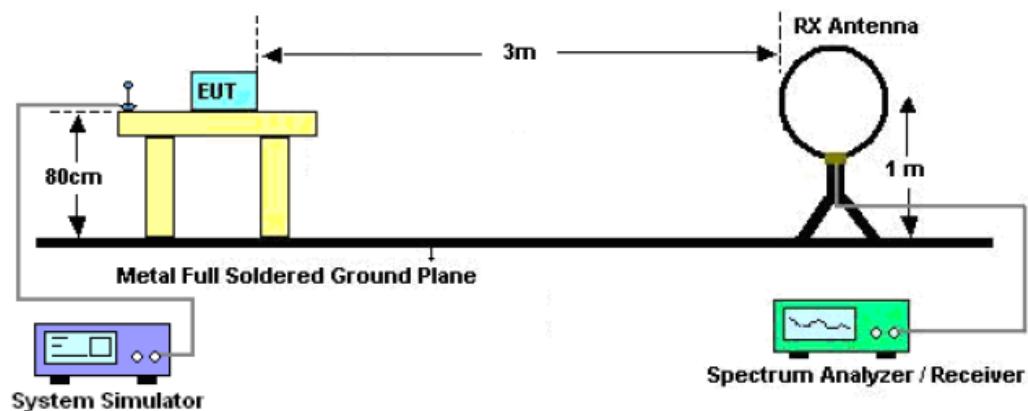
The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	1GHz~26.5GHz 1MHz/3MHz for Peak, 1MHz/3MHz for Average

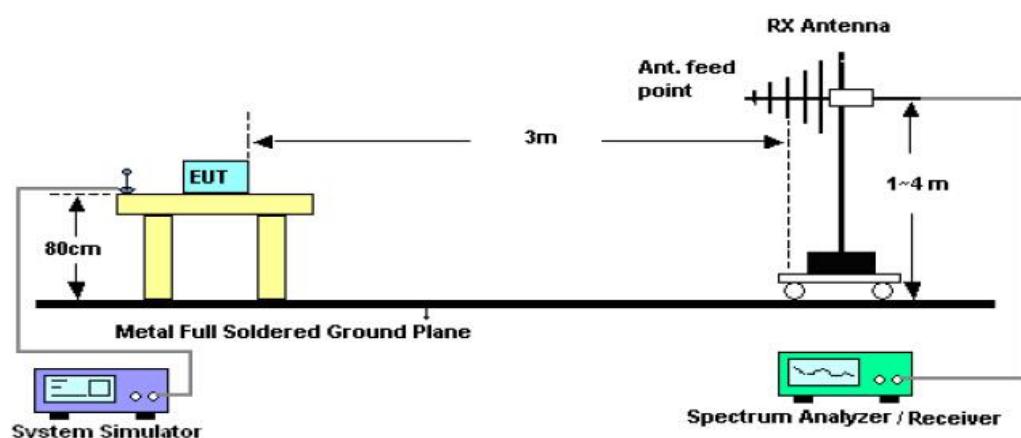
Receiver Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP

## 10.2. TEST SETUP

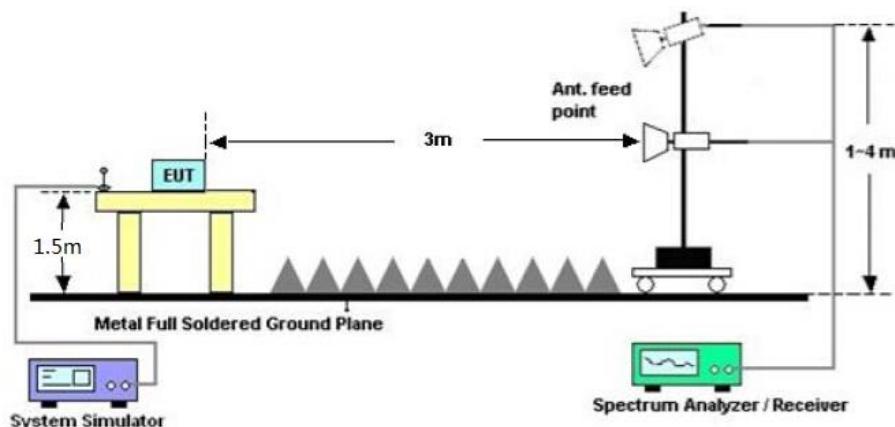
Radiated Emission Test-Setup Frequency Below 30MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz



### 10.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

15.209 Limit in the below table has to be followed

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note: All modes were tested For restricted band radiated emission,  
the test records reported below are the worst result compared to other modes.

### 10.4. TEST RESULT

#### RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 30MHZ

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.

### RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1GHZ

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal



No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		cm	degree	
1		96.2832	19.80	15.63	35.43	43.50	-8.07	peak			
2		240.1665	20.80	18.66	39.46	46.00	-6.54	peak			
3	!	348.4831	20.90	21.17	42.07	46.00	-3.93	peak			
4	!	527.9331	16.52	25.54	42.06	46.00	-3.94	peak			
5	*	741.3333	13.88	29.08	42.96	46.00	-3.04	peak			
6		890.0665	8.24	31.57	39.81	46.00	-6.19	peak			

**RESULT: PASS**

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical



No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB				
1		99.5167	19.75	15.96	35.71	43.50	-7.79	peak			
2		248.2500	21.34	18.52	39.86	46.00	-6.14	peak			
3		359.7999	15.98	21.57	37.55	46.00	-8.45	peak			
4	*	527.9331	16.73	25.54	42.27	46.00	-3.73	peak			
5		741.3333	9.47	29.08	38.55	46.00	-7.45	peak			
6	!	890.0665	8.59	31.57	40.16	46.00	-5.84	peak			

## RESULT: PASS

**Note:** 1. Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable loss, Margin=Measurement-Limit.

2. All test modes had been pre-tested. The mode 1 is the worst case and recorded in the report.

### RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1GHZ

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.024	50.34	0.08	50.42	74.00	-23.58	peak
4804.024	48.53	0.08	48.61	54.00	-5.39	Avg
7206.036	42.70	2.21	44.91	74.00	-29.09	peak
7206.036	38.79	2.21	41.00	54.00	-13.00	Avg

Remark:  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.024	53.39	0.08	53.47	74.00	-20.53	peak
4804.024	47.53	0.08	47.61	54.00	-6.39	Avg
7206.036	42.84	2.21	45.05	74.00	-28.95	peak
7206.036	41.12	2.21	43.33	54.00	-10.67	Avg

Remark:  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 2	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4882.024	51.84	0.14	51.98	74.00	-22.02	peak
4882.024	46.67	0.14	46.81	54.00	-7.19	Avg
7323.036	45.68	2.36	48.04	74.00	-25.96	peak
7323.036	44.48	2.36	46.84	54.00	-7.16	Avg

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 2	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4882.024	51.57	0.14	51.71	74.00	-22.29	peak
4882.024	47.55	0.14	47.69	54.00	-6.31	Avg
7323.036	45.68	2.36	48.04	74.00	-25.96	peak
7323.036	43.62	2.36	45.98	54.00	-8.02	Avg

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 3	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.024	51.49	0.22	51.71	74.00	-22.29	peak
4960.024	47.39	0.22	47.61	54.00	-6.39	Avg
7440.036	45.01	2.64	47.65	74.00	-26.35	peak
7440.036	42.41	2.64	45.05	54.00	-8.95	Avg

Remark:  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 3	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.024	51.49	0.22	51.71	74.00	-22.29	peak
4960.024	47.69	0.22	47.91	54.00	-6.09	Avg
7440.036	44.41	2.64	47.05	74.00	-26.95	peak
7440.036	43.05	2.64	45.69	54.00	-8.31	Avg

Remark:  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

## RESULT: PASS

### Note:

Other emissions from 1G to 25 GHz are considered as ambient noise. No recording in the test report.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Amplifier gain, Over=Measure-Limit.

The “Factor” value can be calculated automatically by software of measurement system.

All test modes had been tested. The GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

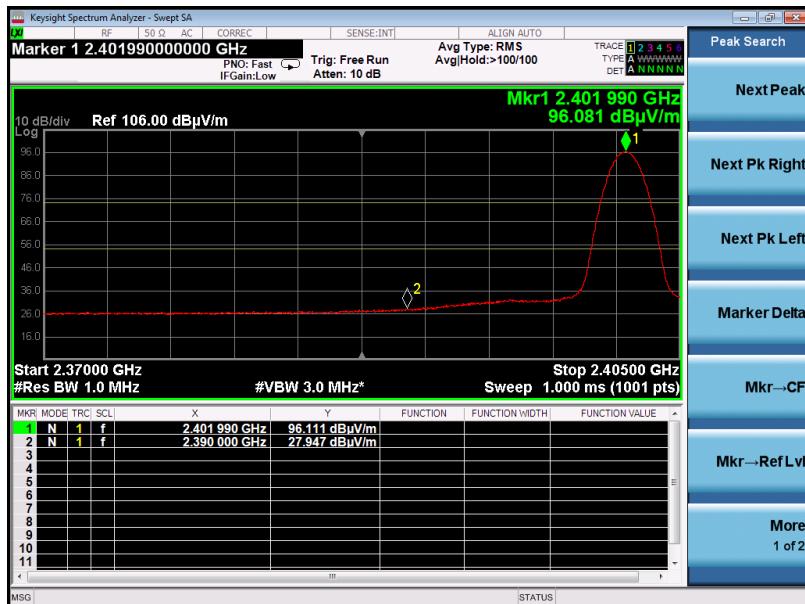
### TEST RESULT FOR RESTRICTED BANDS REQUIREMENTS

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

PK



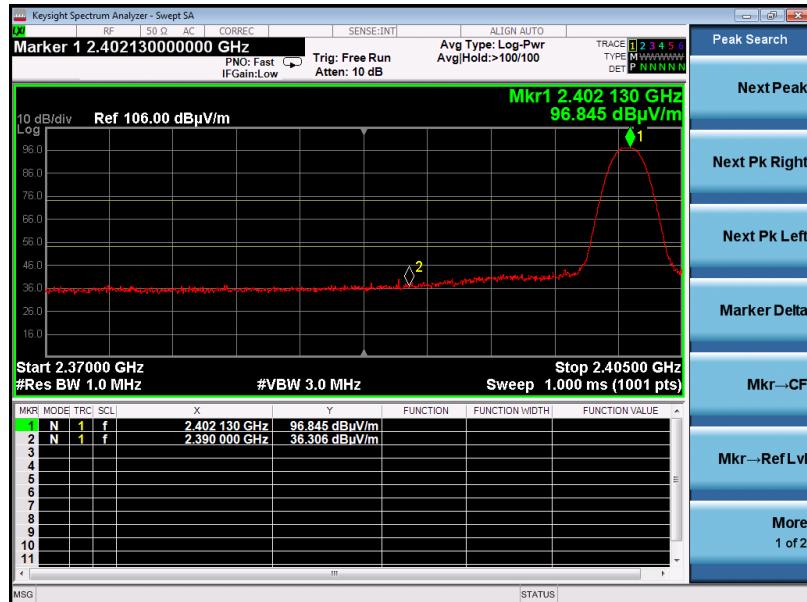
AV



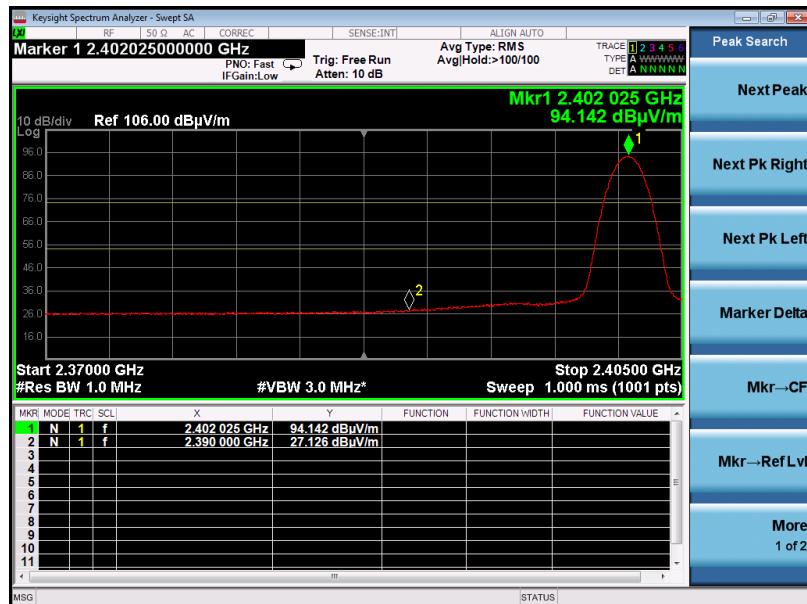
**RESULT: PASS**

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 1	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

PK



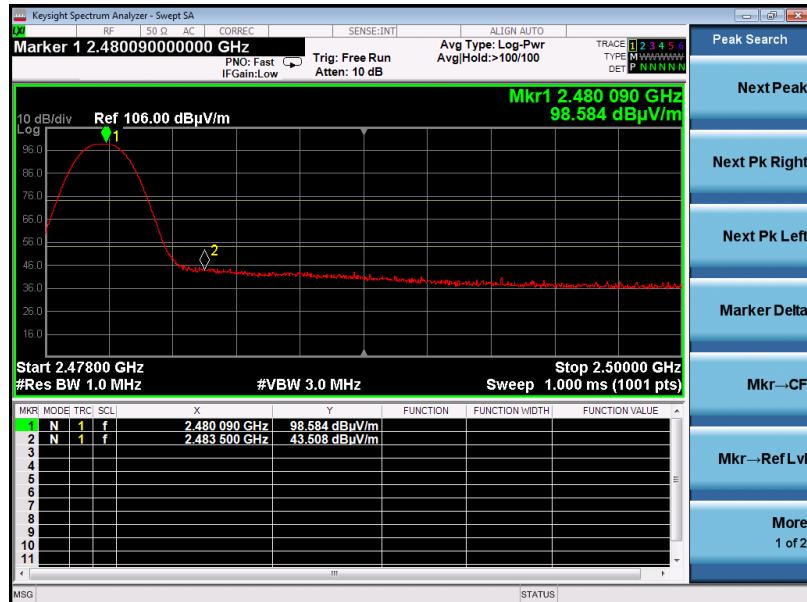
AV



**RESULT: PASS**

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 3	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

PK



AV



**RESULT: PASS**

<b>EUT</b>	LED Projector	<b>Model Name</b>	XK03S
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 3	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

PK



AV



## RESULT: PASS

**Note:** The factor had been edited in the “Input Correction” of the Spectrum Analyzer. So the Amplitude of test plots is equal to Reading level plus the Factor in dB. Use the A dB( $\mu$ V) to represent the Amplitude. Use the F dB( $\mu$ V/m) to represent the Field Strength. So A=F. All test modes had been pre-tested. The GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

## 11. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

### 11.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
2. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
3. VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Sweep: Auto. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
4. Allow the trace to stabilize.

### 11.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

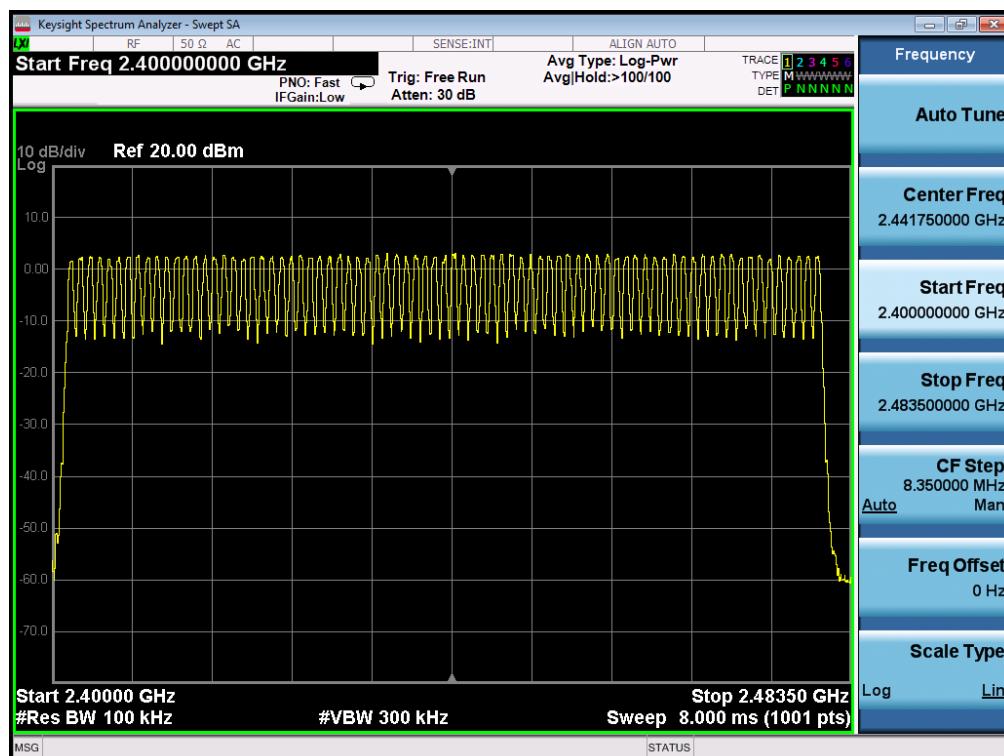
### 11.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

### 11.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

TOTAL NO. OF HOPPING CHANNEL	LIMIT (NO. OF CH)	MEASUREMENT (NO. OF CH)	RESULT
	>=15	79	PASS

TEST PLOT FOR NO. OF TOTAL CHANNELS



Note: The GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

## 12. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

### 12.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
2. RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $>> 1 / T$ , where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
3. Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
4. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
5. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop.
6. Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) = (number of hops on spectrum analyzer)  $\times$  (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)

7. The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements.

### 12.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

### 12.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

### 12.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

Channel	Time of Single Pulse for DH5 (ms)	Period Time (s)	Sweep Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Low	2.869	31.6	306.027	400
Middle	2.877	31.6	306.880	400
High	2.878	31.6	306.987	400

Note: The 8-DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

Low Channel Time

$$2.869 * (1600/6) / 79 * 31.6 = 306.027 \text{ ms}$$

Middle Channel Time

$$2.877 * (1600/6) / 79 * 31.6 = 306.880 \text{ ms}$$

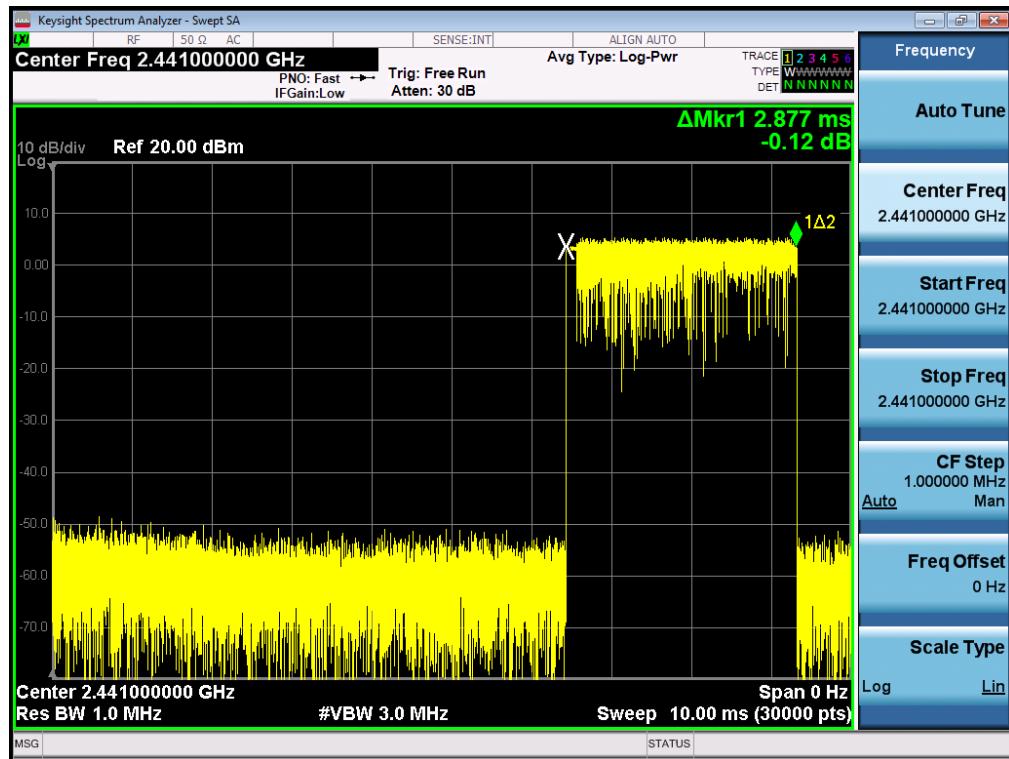
High Channel Time

$$2.878 * (1600/6) / 79 * 31.6 = 306.987 \text{ ms}$$

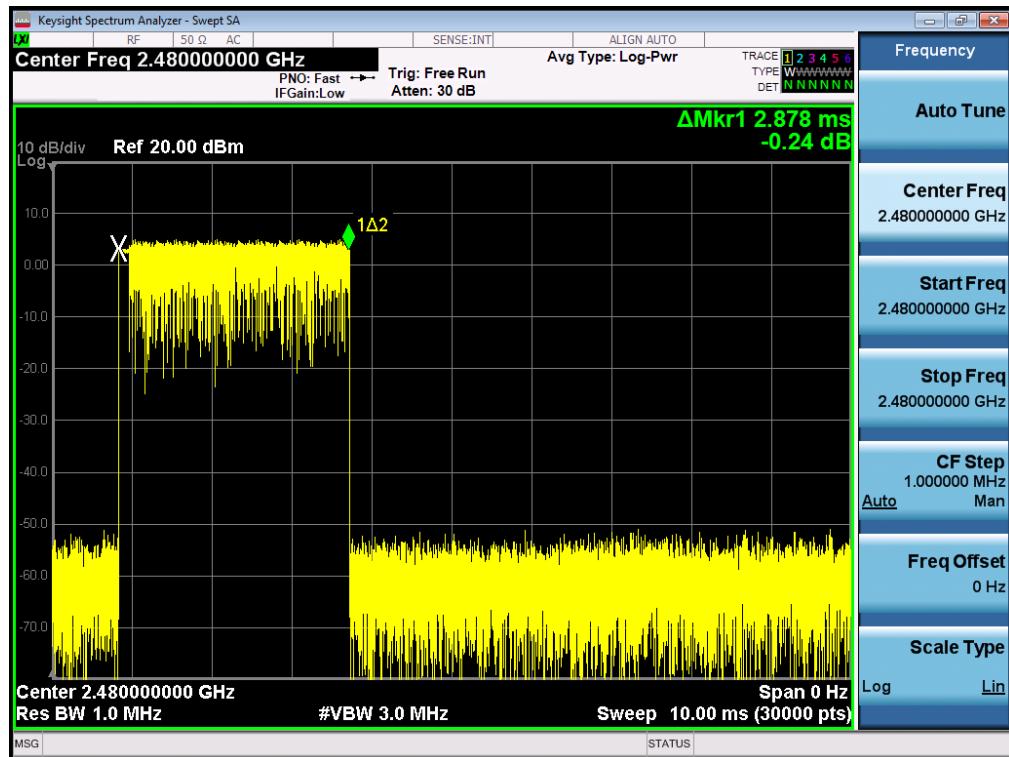
TEST PLOT OF LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF MIDDLE CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF HIGH CHANNEL



## 13. FREQUENCY SEPARATION

### 13.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
2. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
3. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
4. Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

### 13.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 6.2

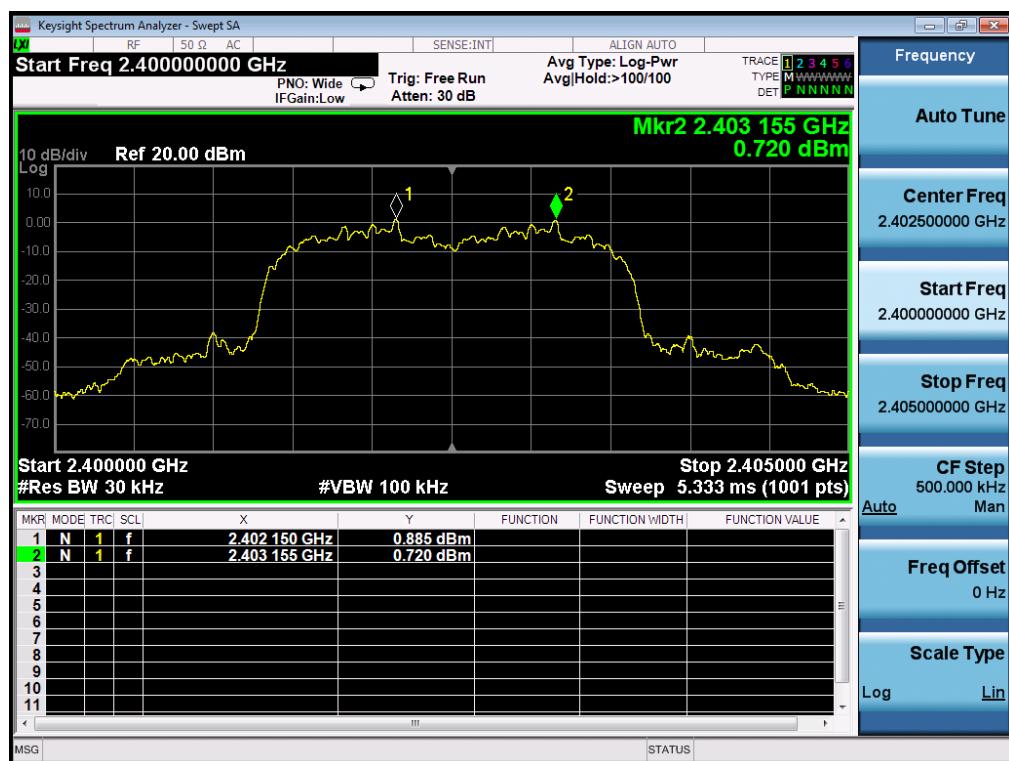
### 13.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6.3

### 13.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

CHANNEL	CHANNEL SEPARATION	LIMIT	RESULT
	KHz	KHz	
CH01-CH02	1005	$\geq 25$ KHz or 2/3 20 dB BW	Pass

TEST PLOT FOR FREQUENCY SEPARATION



Note: The 8-DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

## 14. FCC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

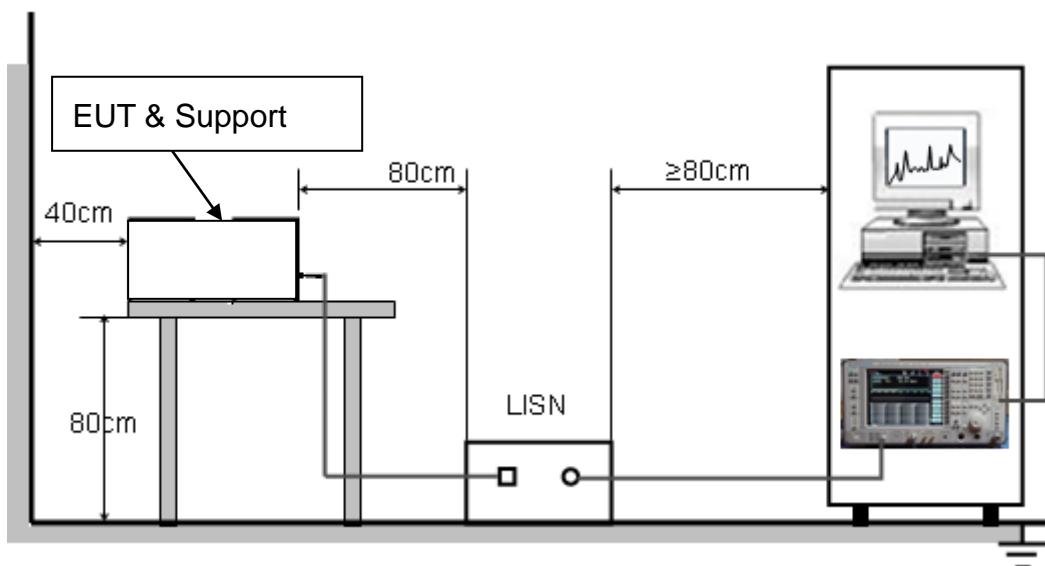
### 14.1. LIMITS OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Frequency	Maximum RF Line Voltage	
	Q.P.( dBuV)	Average( dBuV)
150kHz~500kHz	66-56	56-46
500kHz~5MHz	56	46
5MHz~30MHz	60	50

Note:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.
2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.

### 14.2. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST



#### **14.3. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST**

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. When the EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10 (see Test Facility for the dimensions of the ground plane used). When the EUT is a floor-standing equipment, it is placed on the ground plane which has a 3-12 mm non-conductive covering to insulate the EUT from the ground plane.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10.
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10.
4. All support equipments received AC120V/60Hz power from a LISN, if any.
5. The EUT received DC charging voltage by adapter which received AC120V/60Hz power by a LISN.
6. The test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.
9. The test mode(s) were scanned during the preliminary test.

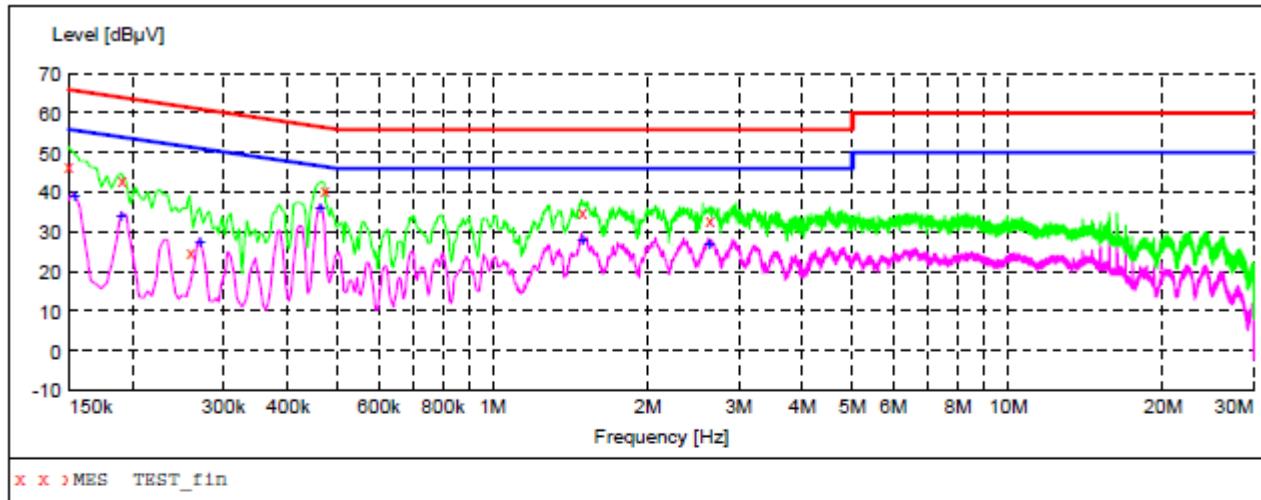
Then, the EUT configuration and cable configuration of the above highest emission level were recorded for reference of final testing.

#### **14.4. FINAL PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST**

1. EUT and support equipment was set up on the test bench as per step 2 of the preliminary test.
2. A scan was taken on both power lines, Line 1 and Line 2, recording at least the six highest emissions. Emission frequency and amplitude were recorded into a computer in which correction factors were used to calculate the emission level and compare reading to the applicable limit. If EUT emission level was less -2dB to the A.V. limit in Peak mode, then the emission signal was re-checked using Q.P and Average detector.
3. The test data of the worst case condition(s) was reported on the Summary Data page.

#### 14.5. TEST RESULT OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Line Conducted Emission Test Line 1-L



#### MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TEST\_fin"

8/28/2019 4:33PM

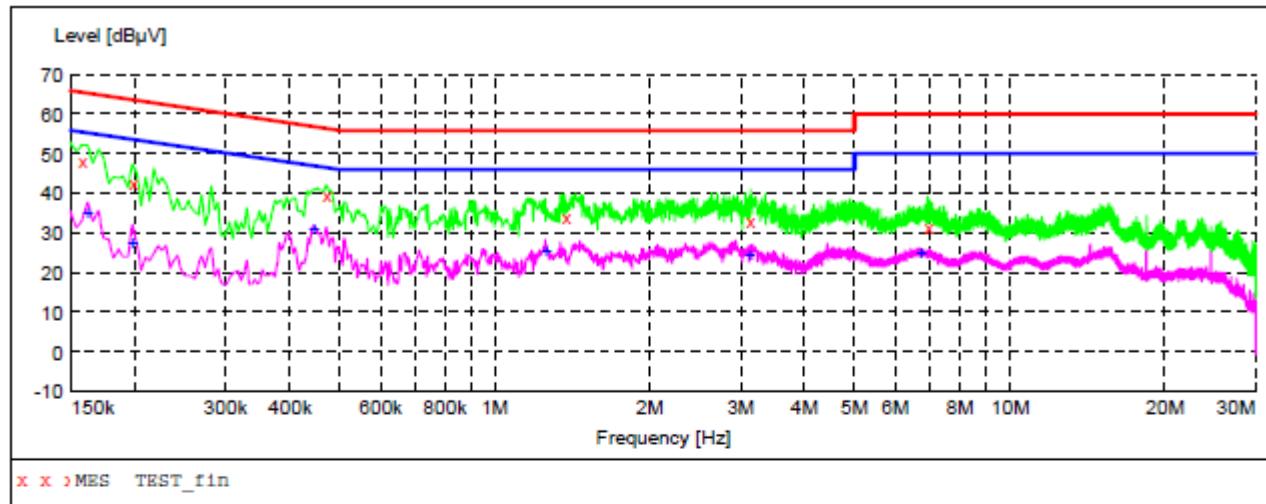
Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Transd dB	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.150000	46.80	10.8	66	19.2	QP	L1	FLO
0.190000	43.30	10.9	64	20.7	QP	L1	FLO
0.258000	25.00	10.9	62	36.5	QP	L1	FLO
0.470000	40.90	11.0	57	15.6	QP	L1	FLO
1.490000	35.30	11.5	56	20.7	QP	L1	FLO
2.630000	32.90	11.5	56	23.1	QP	L1	FLO

#### MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TEST\_fin2"

8/28/2019 4:33PM

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Transd dB	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.154000	39.10	10.8	56	16.7	AV	L1	FLO
0.190000	33.90	10.9	54	20.1	AV	L1	FLO
0.270000	27.40	10.9	51	23.7	AV	L1	FLO
0.462000	36.10	10.9	47	10.6	AV	L1	FLO
1.490000	28.20	11.5	46	17.8	AV	L1	FLO
2.630000	27.20	11.5	46	18.8	AV	L1	FLO

Line Conducted Emission Test Line 2-N



**MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TEST\_fin"**

8/28/2019 3:55PM

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Transd dB	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.158000	48.00	10.8	66	17.6	QP	N	FLO
0.198000	42.50	10.9	64	21.2	QP	N	FLO
0.470000	39.80	11.0	57	16.7	QP	N	FLO
1.374000	34.40	11.5	56	21.6	QP	N	FLO
3.122000	33.20	11.5	56	22.8	QP	N	FLO
6.930000	31.40	11.8	60	28.6	QP	N	FLO

**MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TEST\_fin2"**

8/28/2019 3:55PM

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Transd dB	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.162000	35.20	10.8	55	20.2	AV	N	FLO
0.198000	27.30	10.9	54	26.4	AV	N	FLO
0.446000	30.90	10.7	47	16.0	AV	N	FLO
1.254000	25.80	11.5	46	20.2	AV	N	FLO
3.122000	24.70	11.5	46	21.3	AV	N	FLO
6.734000	24.80	11.7	50	25.2	AV	N	FLO

**RESULT: PASS**

Note: All the test modes had been tested, the mode 1 was the worst case. Only the data of the worst case would be record in this test report.

## APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

### RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP BELOW 1GHZ



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1GHZ

