

No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Report No.: SZEM180500457105 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594

Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594 Page : 1 of 83

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No: SZEM1805004571RG

Applicant: Hisense International Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer: Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.

Factory: Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.

Product Name: Smartphone
Model No.(EUT): Hisense F18
Trade Mark: Hisense
FCC ID: 2ADOBF18

Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

Date of Receipt: 2018-08-26

Date of Test: 2018-08-27 to 2018-09-07

PASS *

Date of Issue: 2018-09-10

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:

Derole yang

Test Result:

Derek Yang

Wireless Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sool responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 2 of 83

REVISION HISTORY

	Revision Record			
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark
01		2018-09-10		Original



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 3 of 83

TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)		
	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM850	0.22	0.23	0.70
GSM1900	0.16	0.18	0.48
WCDMA Band II	0.43	0.28	0.60
WCDMA Band IV	0.70	0.46	1.10
WCDMA Band V	0.21	0.19	0.32
LTE Band 2	0.35	0.27	0.73
LTE Band 5	0.23	0.22	0.28
LTE Band 7	0.18	0.43	1.11
LTE Band 12	0.15	0.21	0.23
LTE Band 66	0.69	0.42	0.94
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	0.95	0.08	0.20
SAR Limited(w/kg)	1.6		
Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)			
Scenario	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
Sum SAR	1.35	0.54	1.30
SPLSR	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPLSR Limited	SPLSR Limited 0.04		

Note: According to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR for LTE Band 4 (Frequency range: 1710 - 1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (Frequency range: 1710 - 1780 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

SAR Manager

Tested by

Jackson Li

SAR Engineer

alfson li



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 4 of 83

CONTENTS

1	GEN	ERAL INFORMATION		
	1.1	DETAILS OF CLIENT		
	1.2	Test Location		
	1.3	TEST FACILITY		
	1.4	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT		
	1.5	TEST SPECIFICATION	11	
	1.6	RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	11	
2	SAR	MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION	12	
	2.1	THE SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM		
	2.2	ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE EX3DV4		
	2.3	DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS (DAE)		
	2.4	SAM TWIN PHANTOM		
	2.5	ELI PHANTOM		
	2.6	DEVICE HOLDER FOR TRANSMITTERS		
	2.7	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	17	
	2.7.1	Scanning procedure	17	
	2.7.2	P Data Storage	19	
	2.7.3	B Data Evaluation by SEMCAD	19	
3	DES	CRIPTION OF TEST POSITION	21	
	3.1	HEAD EXPOSURE CONDITION	21	
	3.1.1	SAM Phantom Shape	21	
	3.1.2	P EUT constructions	22	
	3.1.3	B Definition of the "cheek" position	22	
	3.1.4	1 Definition of the "tilted" position	23	
	3.2	BODY EXPOSURE CONDITION	24	
	3.2.1	Body-worn accessory exposure conditions	24	
	3.2.2	2 Wireless Router exposure conditions	25	
4	SAR	SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE	26	
	4.1	TISSUE SIMULATE LIQUID	26	
	4.1.1	Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid	26	
	4.1.2	P. Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid	27	
	4.2	SAR SYSTEM CHECK	28	
	4.2.1	Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations	29	



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 5 of 83

8	CALIB	RATION CERTIFICATE	82
7	MEAS	UREMENT UNCERTAINTY	82
6	EQUIP	MENT LIST	80
	5.5.2	Estimated SAR	75
	5.5.1	Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation	
	5.5 M	ULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION	
	5.4.11	SAR Result Of 2.4GHz WIFI	
	5.4.10	SAR Result Of LTE Band 66	71
	5.4.9	SAR Result Of LTE Band 12	70
	5.4.8	SAR Result Of LTE Band 7	68
	5.4.7	SAR Result Of LTE Band 5	67
	5.4.6	SAR Result Of LTE Band 2	66
	5.4.5	SAR Result Of WCDMA Band V	65
	5.4.4	SAR Result Of WCDMA Band IV	64
	5.4.3	SAR Result Of WCDMA Band II	
	5.4.2	SAR Result Of GSM1900	
	5.4.1	SAR Result Of GSM850	
		EASUREMENT OF SAR DATA	
	5.3.4	Conducted Power Of WIFI and BT	
	5.3.3	Conducted Power Of LTE	
	5.3.2	Conducted Power Of WCDMA	
	5.3.1	Conducted Power Of GSM	
		EASUREMENT OF RF CONDUCTED POWER	
	5.2.7	Stand-alone SAR test evaluation	
	5.2.5 5.2.6	EUT side for SAR Testing	
	5.2.4 5.2.5	DUT Antenna Locations	
	5.2.3 5.2.4	LTE Test ConfigurationLTE Test Configuration	
	5.2.2	WCDMA Test Configuration WiFi Test Configuration	
	5.2.1	GSM Test Configuration	
		PERATION CONFIGURATIONS	
		G SAR TEST REDUCTION PROCEDURE	
Ü			
5	TEST F	RESULTS AND MEASUREMENT DATA	31
	4.2.3	Detailed System Check Results	30
	4.2.2	Summary System Check Result(s)	30



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 6 of 83

9	PHOTOGRAPHS	.82
	ENDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS	
	ENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS	
	ENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	
	ENDIX D. PHOTOGRAPHS	



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 7 of 83

1 General Information

1.1 Details of Client

Applicant:	Hisense International Co., Ltd.		
Address:	Floor 22, Hisense Tower, 17 Donghai Xi Road, Qingdao, 266071, China		
Manufacturer:	Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.		
Address:	218 Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic & Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, China		
Factory:	Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.		
Address:	218 Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic & Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, China		

1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Post code: 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053
Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594
E-mail: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 8 of 83

1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

• FCC -Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 9 of 83

1.4 General Description of EUT

1.4 General Desci	, •			
Product Name:	Smartphone			
Model No.(EUT):	Hisense F18			
Trade Mark:	Hisense			
Product Phase:	production unit			
Device Type :	portable device			
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environ	nment / general population		
SN:	PVNZ6TBA85KVOBHU/WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE/OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS/ VWP7HE65YDEMN76T/5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4/KRH6R8LRGU85UGWC			
FCC ID:	2ADOBF18			
Hardware Version:	V1.00			
Software Version:	L1543.6.01.01.MX0)2		
Antenna Type:	Inner Antenna			
Device Operating Configu	urations :			
Modulation Mode:	GSM: GMSK, 8PSK; WCDMA: QPSK; LTE: QPSK,16QAM; WIFI: DSSS; OFDM; BT: GFSK, π/4DQPSK,8DPSK			
Device Class:	В			
GPRS Multi-slots Class:	12	EGPRS Multi-slots Class:	12	
HSDPA UE Category:	14	HSUPA UE Category	6	
DC-HSDPA UE Category:	24			
Power Class	4,tested with power level 5(GSM850) 1,tested with power level 0(GSM1900)			
1 OWO! Glass	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band II/IV/V)			
		er control Max Power(LTE Band		
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)	
	GSM850	824 - 849	869 - 894	
	GSM1900	1850-1910	1930-1990	
	WCDMA Band V	824 - 849	869 - 894	
	WCDMA Band IV	1710-1755	2110-2155	
	WCDMA Band II	1850-1910	1930-1990	
Fraguesov Bondov	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990	
Frequency Bands:	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155	
	LTE Band 5	824 - 849	869 - 894	
	LTE Band 7	2500-2570	2620-2690	
	LTE Band 12	699-716	729-746	
	LTE Band 66	1710-1780	2110-2180	
	WIFI(2.4GHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480	
	Model No.:	LPN385300		
Dattan Information	Normal Voltage :	3.85V		
Battery Information:	Rated capacity :	: 3000mAh		
		NINGBO VEKEN BATTERY CO., LTD.		



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 10 of 83

Remark:

Hisense F18 is different on the supplier of LCM/PCB/Motor/Memory IC/Receiver of blow compoent:

Main Supply

Part Name	Model Name	supplier	
LCM	BY-I57CB05P2M	BOOYI	
Motor	C1027L-066002301-1006B	LINGLONG	
PCB	HYT7.820.1309	TigerBuilder	
Memory IC	KMQE60013M-B318	SAMSUNG	
Receiver	10212060303006	GYT	

Secondary Supply

Part Name	Model Name	supplier
LCM	TD-TCHP5708-3B	China Display
Motor	C1027B889F	JINLONG
PCB	HYT7.820.1309	FOUNDER
Memory IC	H9TQ17ABJTBCUR-KUM	Hynix
Receiver	SDRP0612K-J-08-F2	AAC

Note:

- 1) According to the difference description above, for the Main Supply all test in this report, the Secondary Supply are tested the worst case on the Main Supply.
- 2) Main Supply is the SAR test primary Sample, Secondary Supply is the SAR test Sample 2.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 11 of 83

1.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title	
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices	
ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1 – 1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.	
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures	
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05	SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES	
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS	
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities	
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets	
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies	
KDB447498 D03 Supplement C Cross- Reference v01	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference	
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz	
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations	

1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 12 of 83

2 SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

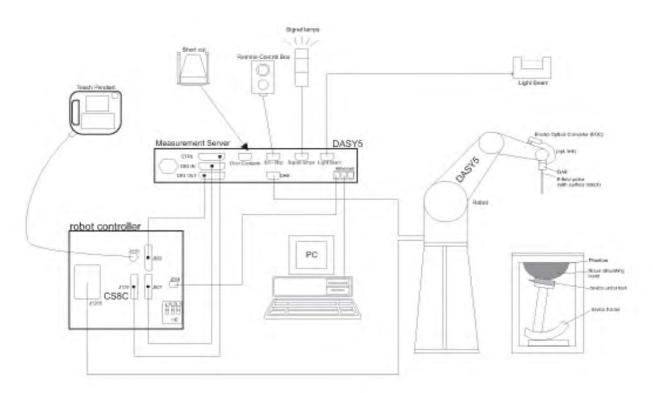
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 13 of 83

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

2.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

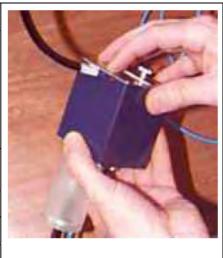


Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 14 of 83

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



2.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 15 of 83

2.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)			
Liquid	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue			
Compatibility simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)				
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)			
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm			
Dillielisions	Minor axis: 400 mm			
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters			
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table			



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 16 of 83

2.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 17 of 83

2.7 Measurement procedure

2.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 18 of 83

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		The second secon	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			≤2 GHz; ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz; ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan sp	atial resol	ution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above nust be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤2 GHz: ≤8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*]
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1)\text{: between} \\ 1^{st} \text{ two points closest} \\ \text{to phantom surface} \\ \\ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n \geq 1)\text{:} \\ \text{between subsequent} \\ \text{points} \end{array}$		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Surace			≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 19 of 83

2.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

- Conversion factor ConvFi - Diode compression point Dcpi Device parameters: - Frequency

- Crest factor

Media parameters: - Conductivity 3 - Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 20 of 83

E-field probes:

$$Ei = (Vi / Normi \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

 $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = \left(Etot^2 \cdot \sigma \right) / \left(\varepsilon \cdot 1000 \right)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 \frac{2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 21 of 83

3 Description of Test Position

3.1 Head Exposure Condition

3.1.1 SAM Phantom Shape

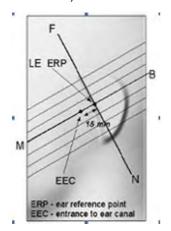


F-3. Front, back, and side views of SAM (model for the phantom shell). Full-head model is for illustration purposes only-procedures in this recommended practice are intended primarily for the phantom setup.

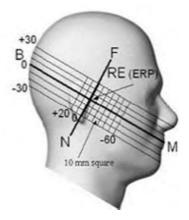
Note: The centre strip including the nose region has a different thickness tolerance.



F-4. Sagittally bisected phantom with extended perimeter (shown placed on its side as used for SAR measurements)



F-5. Close-up side view of phantom, showing the ear region, N-F and B-M lines, and seven cross-sectional plane locations



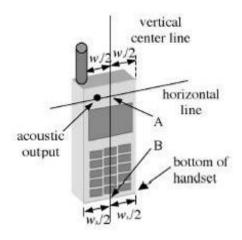
F-6. Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations



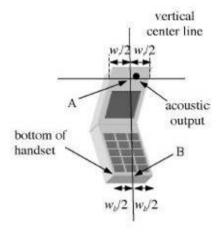
Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 22 of 83

3.1.2 EUT constructions



F-7. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"fixed case"



F-8. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

3.1.3 Definition of the "cheek" position

- a) Position the device with the vertical centre line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom ("initial position"). While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical centre line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the centre of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- b) Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until telephone touches the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

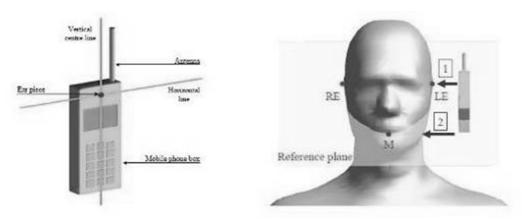


Report No.: SZEM180500457105

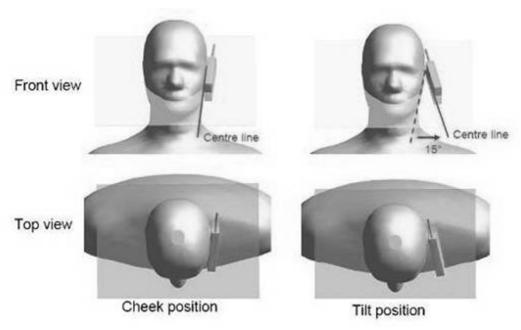
Page: 23 of 83

3.1.4 Definition of the "tilted" position

- a) Position the device in the "cheek" position described above;
- b) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



F-9. Definition of the reference lines and points, on the phone and on the phantom and initial position



F-10. "Cheek" and "tilt" positions of the mobile phone on the left side



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 24 of 83

3.2 Body Exposure Condition

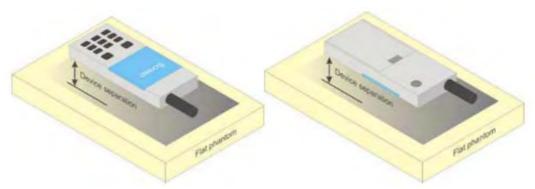
3.2.1 Body-worn accessory exposure conditions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Bodyworn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



F-11. Test positions for body-worn devices



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 25 of 83

3.2.2 Wireless Router exposure conditions

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. For devices with form factors smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 26 of 83

4 SAR System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)										
(% by weight)	450		700	700-950		1700-2000		2300-2700			
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body			
Water	38.56	51.16	40.30	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.00	68.53			
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.2	0.1			
Sucrose	56.32	46.78	57.90	48.21	0	0	0	0			
HEC	0.98	0.52	0.24	0	0	0	0	0			
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0			
Tween	0	0	0	0	44.45	29.44	44.80	31.37			

Salt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16 \text{ M}\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 27 of 83

4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 2. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

Tissue	Measured Frequency	Target Tiss	sue (±5%)	Measure	d Tissue	Liquid Temp.	Measured
Туре	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	(°C)	Date
750 Head	750	41.90 (39.81~44)	0.89 (0.85~0.94)	42.786	0.879	22.1	2018/9/6
750 Body	750	55.5 (52.73~58.28)	0.96 (0.91~1.00)	54.779	0.956	22.1	2018/9/6
835 Head	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	40.798	0.886	22.1	2018/9/6
835 Body	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	53.807	0.985	22.1	2018/9/7
1750 Head	1750	40.10 (38.10~42.11)	1.37 (1.30~1.44)	40.413	1.318	22.2	2018/9/2
1750 Body	1750	53.40 (50.73~56.07)	1.49 (1.42~1.56)	51.170	1.425	22.2	2018/9/1
1900 Head	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.029	1.362	22.3	2018/9/2
1900 Body	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.443	1.519	22.3	2018/9/2
2450 Head	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.488	1.878	22.0	2018/8/27
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.683	1.969	22.0	2018/9/1
2600 Head	2600	39.00 (37.05~40.95)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	37.931	2.047	22.1	2018/9/4
2600 Body	2600	52.50 (49.88~55.13)	2.16 (2.05~2.27)	52.234	2.161	22.1	2018/9/7

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

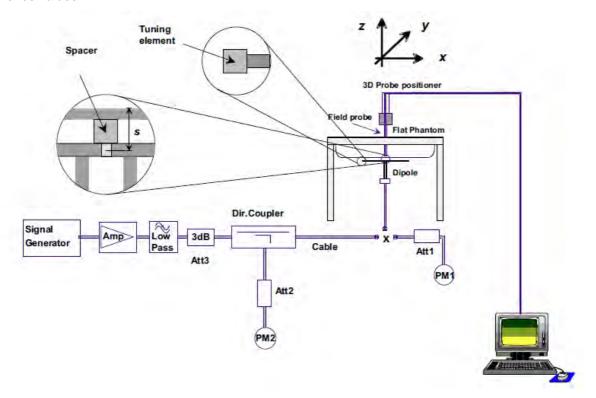


Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 28 of 83

4.2 SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mw (below 3GHz) or 100mw (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22\pm2^{\circ}$ C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-12. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 29 of 83

4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
 - d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 30 of 83

4.2.2 Summary System Check Result(s)

Validatio	on Kit	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1W) 100 (W/kg) 1-0 (W/kg)		(±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D750V2	Head	1.95	1.29	7.80	5.16	8.17 (7.35~8.99)	5.36 (4.82~5.9)	22.1	2018/9/6
D730V2	Body	2.12	1.41	8.48	5.64	8.57 (7.71~9.43)	5.66 (5.09~6.23)	22.1	2018/9/6
D835V2	Head	2.43	1.58	9.72	6.32	9.59 (8.63~10.55)	6.29 (5.66~6.92)	22.1	2018/9/6
D035V2	Body	2.48	1.63	9.92	6.52	9.65 (8.69~10.62)	6.46 (5.81~7.11)	22.1	2018/9/7
D1750V2	Head	8.74	4.69	34.96	18.76	36.7 (33.03~40.37)	19.5 (17.55~21.45)	22.2	2018/9/2
D1750V2	Body	9.07	4.82	36.28	19.28	37 (33.30~40.70)	19.7 (17.73~21.67)	22.2	2018/9/1
D1900V2	Head	10.10	5.22	40.40	20.88	40.7 (36.63~44.77)	21.1 (18.99~23.21)	22.3	2018/9/2
D1900V2	Body	10.30	5.46	41.20	21.84	41.6 (37.44~45.76)	21.4 (19.26~23.54)	22.3	2018/9/2
D2450V2	Head	13.70	6.33	54.80	25.32	53.1 (47.79~58.41)	24.9 (22.41~27.39)	22.0	2018/8/27
D2450V2	Body	12.60	5.93	50.40	23.72	51.0 (45.9~56.1)	23.5 (21.15~25.85)	22.0	2018/9/1
D2600V2	Head	14.50	6.40	58.00	25.60	56.6 (50.94~62.26)	25.4 (22.86~27.94)	22.1	2018/9/4
D2000V2	Body	13.30	6.02	53.20	24.08	54.2 (48.78~59.62)	24.3 (21.87~26.73)	22.1	2018/9/7

Table 3: SAR System Check Result

4.2.3 Detailed System Check Results

Please see the Appendix A



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 31 of 83

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

According to KDB 941225D01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.2 Operation Configurations

5.2.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM 850 and GSM 1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 32 of 83

5.2.2 WCDMA Test Configuration

1) . Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2). Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure

3) . <u>Body SAR</u>

SAR for body configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported bodyworn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4) . HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

According to KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

a) HSDPA

HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) are set according to values indicated in the following table. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 33 of 83

Sub-test	βc	Bd	βd(SF)	βc/βd	βhs	CM(dB)	MPR (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0
2	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	12/15(3)	24/15	1.0	0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI= 8 Ahs = β hs/ β c=30/15 β hs=30/15* β c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A,and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, ΔACK and ΔNACK= 8 (Ahs=30/15) with βhs=30/15*βc,and ΔCQI=

7 (Ahs=24/15) with β hs= $24/15*\beta$ c.

Note3: CM=1 for β c/ β d =12/15, β hs/ β c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI"s
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 4: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 34 of 83

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter- TTI Interval	MaximumH S-DSCH Transport BlockBits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 5: HSDPA UE category

b) HSUPA

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSUPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSUPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the "WCDMA Handset" and "Release 5 HSUPA Data Device" sections of 3G device.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 35 of 83

Sub -test₽	βοσ	βd↔	βd (SF)θ	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	β _{hs} (1)¢³	β _{ec+} 2	$eta_{ t ed} arphi$	β _e « « (SF)+	β _{ed} ↔ (code	CM ⁽ 2)↔ (dB)↔	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4)+/ Inde x+/	E- TFC I
1₽	11/15(3)+2	15/15(3)	64₽	11/15(3)43	22/15₽	209/22 5₊³	1039/225₽	4 0	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₄	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/150	9/15₽	64₽	15/9₽	30/15₽	30/15₽	β _{ed1} :47/1 5 ₄ β _{ed2:} 47/1 5 ₄	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	150	92₽
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15₽	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)43	15/15(4)(3)	64₽	15/15(4)43	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4€	1₽	1.0∉	0.0₽	210	81₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_{e} = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{e4}$

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{hs}/β_c = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3 : For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 6: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	4.4500
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 7: HSUPA UE category



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 36 of 83

c) DC-HSDPA

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a Second serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13.

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 8: settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

- 1. The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 37 of 83

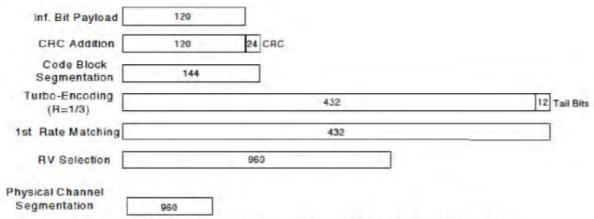


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-teste	βcφ	βd₽	βd (SF)	β_c / β_{d+1}	βhs (1)	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)	
1.0	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽	
2.0	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	640	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0↔	0↔	
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽	-
4.	15/15₽	4/1543	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽	-
Note1: △ AC	CK, A NACK	and ∆ CQI=8	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/$	$\beta_c = 30/15$	$\beta_{hs} = 30/15*$	β _e +		-

Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting

the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band.
- 5. The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.



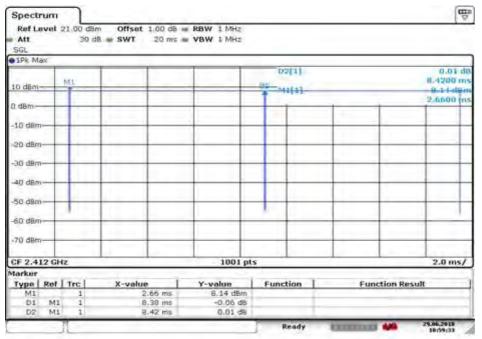
Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 38 of 83

5.2.3 WiFi Test Configuration

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

2.4G WIFI
 Duty cycle= 8.38/8.42 = 99.52%



Date: 29.JUN 2018 10:59:33



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 39 of 83

5.2.3.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

5.2.3.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

5.2.3.3 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 40 of 83

3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

- a)SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
 - a)replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
 - b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"

5.2.3.4 2.4 GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 41 of 83

5.2.4 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The Anritsu MT8821C was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

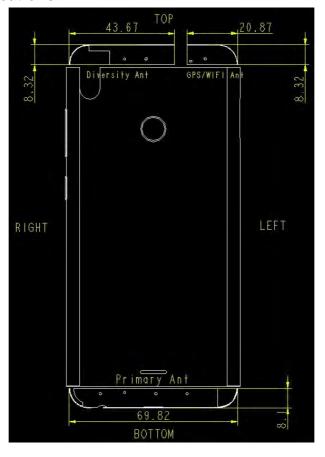
For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 42 of 83

5.2.5 DUT Antenna Locations



Note:

The test device is a mobile phone. The display diagonal dimension is 14.5 cm and the overall diagonal dimension of this device is 16.2 cm.

1) The diversity Antenna does not support transmitter function.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 43 of 83

5.2.6 EUT side for SAR Testing

According to the distance between LTE/WCDAM/GSM&WIFI antennas and the sides of the EUT we can draw the conclusion that:

	EUT Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	
GSM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
WCDMA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
LTE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
Wi-Fi(2.4GHz)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	

Table 9: EUT Sides for SAR Testing

Note: When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 44 of 83

5.2.7 Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

	Frequency		Average Power		Test	Calculate	Exclusion	Exclusion
Freq. Band	(GHz)	Position	dBm	mW	Separation (mm)	Value	Threshold	(Y/N)
		Head	18.00	63.10	0	19.8	3.0	N
Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi 2.45	Body-worn	18.00	63.10	15	6.6	3.0	Ν
		hotspot	18.00	63.10	10	9.9	3.0	N
		Head	7.00	5.01	0	1.6	3.0	Υ
Bluetooth	Bluetooth 2.48	Body-worn	7.00	5.01	15	0.5	3.0	Υ
		hotspot	7.00	5.01	10	0.8	3.0	Y

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 45 of 83

5.3 Measurement of RF conducted Power

5.3.1 Conducted Power Of GSM

				GSM	850						
E	Burst Output	Power(d	Bm)		Tune	Division		-Average ower(dBn		Tune up	
Chan	nel	128	190	251	up Factors		128	190	251		
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	32.60	32.75	32.71	33.00	-9.19	23.41	23.56	23.52	23.81	
	1 TX Slot	32.64	32.70	32.72	33.00	-9.19	23.45	23.51	23.53	23.81	
GPRS/EGPRS	2 TX Slots	31.98	32.13	32.12	32.50	-6.18	25.80	25.95	25.94	26.32	
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	30.29	30.44	30.50	31.00	-4.42	25.87	26.02	26.08	26.58	
	4 TX Slots	29.18	29.32	29.39	30.00	-3.17	26.01	26.15	26.22	26.83	
	1 TX Slot	27.41	27.62	27.69	28.00	-9.19	18.22	18.43	18.50	18.81	
EGPRS(8PSK)	2 TX Slots	26.12	26.35	26.42	27.00	-6.18	19.94	20.17	20.24	20.82	
EGPKS(OPSK)	3 TX Slots	24.03	24.18	24.24	25.00	-4.42	19.61	19.76	19.82	20.58	
	4 TX Slots	22.67	22.91	23.03	23.50	-3.17	19.50	19.74	19.86	20.33	
				GSM '	1900						
E	Burst Output	Power(d	Bm)		Tune	Division		-Average ower(dBn		Tune up	
Chan	nel	512	661	810	up	Factors	512	661	810	. uno up	
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	29.77	29.90	29.78	30.00	-9.19	20.58	20.71	20.59	20.81	
	1 TX Slot	29.75	29.90	29.77	30.00	-9.19	20.56	20.71	20.58	20.81	
GPRS/EGPRS	2 TX Slots	29.33	29.24	29.10	29.50	-6.18	23.15	23.06	22.92	23.32	
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	27.48	27.46	27.55	28.00	-4.42	23.06	23.04	23.13	23.58	
	4 TX Slots	26.41	26.43	26.49	27.00	-3.17	23.24	23.26	23.32	23.83	
	1 TX Slot	26.63	26.71	26.77	27.00	-9.19	17.44	17.52	17.58	17.81	
ECDBS(9DSIZ)	2 TX Slots	25.25	25.34	25.38	26.00	-6.18	19.07	19.16	19.20	19.82	
EGPRS(8PSK)	3 TX Slots	23.75	23.84	23.88	24.00	-4.42	19.33	19.42	19.46	19.58	
	4 TX Slots	22.64	22.99	23.02	23.50	-3.17	19.47	19.82	19.85	20.33	

Table 10: Conducted Power Of GSM. Note:

1) . CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the time based average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.075
Time based avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19	-6.18	-4.42	-3.17

- 2) . The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below: Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8
- 3) . When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 46 of 83

5.3.2 Conducted Power Of WCDMA

		WCDMA B	and II		
	Ave	rage Conducted	d Power(dBm)		
Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune up
MCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.37	23.28	23.29	24.00
WCDMA	12.2kbps AMR	23.36	23.29	23.28	24.00
	Subtest 1	21.44	21.58	21.51	22.00
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.40	21.50	21.46	22.00
ПОДРА	Subtest 3	21.41	21.46	21.45	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.42	21.48	21.38	22.00
	Subtest 1	21.65	21.63	21.53	22.00
	Subtest 2	21.41	21.51	21.52	22.00
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.14	21.18	21.03	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.39	21.44	21.46	22.00
	Subtest 5	21.48	21.55	21.57	22.00
	Subtest 1	21.42	21.59	21.51	22.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.40	21.50	21.47	22.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.41	21.47	21.45	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.41	21.48	21.39	22.00
		WCDMA Ba	and IV		
	Ave	rage Conducted	d Power(dBm)		
CI	hannel	1312	1412	1513	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.93	23.20	23.25	24.00
WODIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	22.94	23.21	23.24	24.00
	Subtest 1	21.18	21.21	21.36	22.00
HSDPA	Subtest 2	20.88	21.15	21.31	22.00
HODI A	Subtest 3	20.95	21.14	21.32	22.00
	Subtest 4	20.78	21.09	21.29	22.00
	Subtest 1	20.94	20.69	20.78	22.00
	Subtest 2	20.79	20.70	20.57	22.00
HSUPA	Subtest 3	20.68	20.52	20.37	22.00
	Subtest 4	20.76	20.61	20.59	22.00
	Subtest 5	20.88	20.75	20.66	22.00
	Subtest 1	21.17	21.22	21.33	22.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	20.91	21.15	21.30	22.00
DO HODI A	Subtest 3	20.95	21.15	21.32	22.00
	Subtest 4	20.77	21.09	21.29	22.00
		WCDMA B			
		rage Conducted			
Cl	hannel	4132	4182	4233	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.34	23.27	23.24	24.00
	12.2kbps AMR	23.29	23.26	23.25	24.00
	Subtest 1	21.44	21.35	21.47	22.00
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.32	21.25	21.41	22.00
	Subtest 3	21.36	21.30	21.36	22.00

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 47 of 83

	Subtest 4	21.42	21.21	21.22	22.00
	Subtest 1	21.25	21.54	21.34	22.00
	Subtest 2	21.13	21.26	21.24	22.00
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.06	21.01	20.99	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.18	21,24	21.21	22.00
	Subtest 5	21.23	21.28	21.36	22.00
	Subtest 1	21.48	21.34	21.43	22.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.32	21.25	21.42	22.00
DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	21.37	21.32	21.36	22.00
	Subtest 4	21.42	21.21	21.22	22.00

Table 11: Conducted Power Of WCDMA.

Note:

1) when the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 48 of 83

5.3.3 Conducted Power Of LTE

	LTE Bar	nd 2			Conducted	Power(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danawiath	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	18607	18900	19193	Tune up
		1	0	22.85	22.85	22.91	23.50
		1	2	22.99	23.01	23.06	23.50
		1	5	22.85	22.85	22.94	23.50
	QPSK	3	0	22.94	22.95	23.04	23.50
		3	2	22.99	22.99	23.07	23.50
		3	3	22.95	22.93	23.03	23.50
1.4MHz		6	0	21.97	21.95	22.06	22.50
1.411172		1	0	22.15	22.13	22.01	22.50
		1	2	22.20	22.15	22.25	22.50
		1	5	22.09	22.03	22.12	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.98	22.07	21.99	22.50
		3	2	21.98	22.10	22.09	22.50
		3	3	22.05	22.05	22.03	22.50
		6	0	20.98	21.01	21.07	21.50
5	N4 1 1 0	DD :	DD (()	Channel	Channel	Channel	-
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18615	18900	19185	Tune up
		1	0	22.88	22.90	22.94	23.50
		1	7	22.91	22.92	22.98	23.50
		1	14	22.88	22.89	22.98	23.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.91	21.93	22.03	22.50
		8	4	21.95	21.95	22.03	22.50
		8	7	21.92	21.90	22.00	22.50
		15	0	21.92	21.91	22.01	22.50
3MHz		1	0	22.12	22.10	22.05	22.50
		1	7	22.08	22.15	22.21	22.50
		1	14	22.11	22.07	22.23	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	20.91	20.94	20.99	21.50
		8	4	20.98	20.96	21.03	21.50
		8	7	20.94	20.93	21.01	21.50
		15	0	20.87	20.87	20.95	21.50
			-	Channel	Channel	Channel	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18625	18900	19175	Tune up
		1	0	22.82	22.80	22.87	23.50
		1	13	23.01	22.99	23.17	23.50
		1	24	22.79	22.80	22.89	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.88	21.90	21.98	22.50
	QI OIL	12	6	21.95	21.97	22.04	22.50
		12	13	21.86	21.86	21.91	22.50
5MHz		25	0	21.91	21.93	22.01	22.50
J		1	0	21.99	21.96	22.02	22.50
		1	13	22.26	22.19	22.33	22.50
		1	24	21.97	22.19	21.96	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.92	20.95	20.98	21.50
		12	6	20.92	21.01	21.04	21.50
		12	13	20.88	20.88	20.93	21.50
		14	13	20.00	20.00	۷۵.53	Z 1.JU

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 49 of 83

		25	0	20.86	20.91	20.98	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tung up
Danuwium	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	18650	18900	19150	Tune up
		1	0	22.90	22.90	22.99	23.50
		1	25	22.95	23.01	23.07	23.50
		1	49	22.87	22.91	22.99	23.50
	QPSK	25	0	21.95	22.02	22.07	22.50
		25	13	21.97	21.99	22.06	22.50
		25	25	21.96	21.93	21.99	22.50
10MHz		50	0	21.99	21.98	22.03	22.50
IUIVITZ		1	0	22.03	22.08	22.03	22.50
		1	25	22.11	22.15	22.13	22.50
		1	49	22.10	22.17	22.17	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	20.95	20.97	20.98	21.50
		25	13	20.96	20.97	21.02	21.50
		25	25	20.89	20.89	20.91	21.50
		50	0	20.93	20.95	20.94	21.50
Don dwidth	Modulation	DD oizo	DD offoot	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	iviodulation	RB size	RB offset	18675	18900	19125	Tune up
		1	0	22.83	22.83	22.91	23.50
	QPSK	1	38	22.91	22.93	22.98	23.50
		1	74	22.82	22.89	22.92	23.50
		36	0	21.97	21.98	22.04	22.50
		36	18	21.97	22.00	22.05	22.50
		36	39	21.93	21.92	22.00	22.50
15MHz		75	0	21.97	21.97	22.03	22.50
ISIVIEZ		1	0	22.05	22.12	22.06	22.50
		1	38	22.13	22.17	22.20	22.50
		1	74	22.04	22.14	22.11	22.50
	16QAM	36	0	20.94	20.99	21.02	21.50
		36	18	20.97	20.98	21.01	21.50
		36	39	20.91	20.92	20.94	21.50
		75	0	20.92	20.94	20.96	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danawidin	Modulation	IND SIZE	ND onset	18700	18900	19100	Turie up
		1	0	22.67	22.64	22.66	23.50
		1	50	23.01	22.99	23.08	23.50
		1	99	22.63	22.62	22.72	23.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.97	22.02	22.09	22.50
		50	25	21.99	22.00	22.08	22.50
		50	50	22.00	21.88	21.97	22.50
20MHz		100	0	21.95	21.95	22.00	22.50
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	21.89	21.86	21.89	22.50
		1	50	22.25	22.22	22.21	22.50
		1	99	21.88	21.85	21.91	22.50
	16QAM	50	0	20.92	20.96	21.04	21.50
		50	25	20.92	20.96	21.03	21.50
		50	50	20.94	20.87	20.89	21.50
		100	0	20.90	20.91	20.96	21.50



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 50 of 83

	LTE Ba	nd 4		Conducted Power(dBm)			
Dondwidth .	Madulation	DB oizo	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19957	20175	20393	Tune up
		1	0	22.62	22.64	22.74	23.50
		1	2	22.73	22.75	22.85	23.50
		1	5	22.58	22.66	22.74	23.50
	QPSK	3	0	22.67	22.72	22.82	23.50
		3	2	22.70	22.77	22.87	23.50
		3	3	22.67	22.73	22.82	23.50
4 48411-		6	0	21.68	21.73	21.82	22.50
1.4MHz		1	0	21.73	21.86	21.90	22.50
		1	2	21.92	22.09	22.10	22.50
		1	5	21.74	21.89	21.92	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.74	21.86	21.91	22.50
		3	2	21.79	21.92	21.99	22.50
		3	3	21.83	21.90	21.91	22.50
		6	0	20.69	20.75	20.85	21.50
D	Maril India	DD -:	DD - (()	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19965	20175	20385	Tune up
		1	0	22.66	22.69	22.78	23.50
		1	7	22.68	22.69	22.81	23.50
		1	14	22.66	22.67	22.79	23.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.67	21.71	21.81	22.50
		8	4	21.70	21.73	21.85	22.50
		8	7	21.65	21.70	21.81	22.50
0.541.1		15	0	21.64	21.69	21.79	22.50
3MHz		1	0	21.87	21.94	21.91	22.50
		1	7	21.80	21.95	22.08	22.50
		1	14	21.95	22.01	21.97	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	20.68	20.73	20.81	21.50
		8	4	20.68	20.73	20.84	21.50
		8	7	20.67	20.72	20.81	21.50
		15	0	20.59	20.64	20.76	21.50
		55 .	55 %	Channel	Channel	Channel	_
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19975	20175	20375	Tune up
		1	0	22.58	22.59	22.68	23.50
		1	13	22.84	22.83	22.93	23.50
		1	24	22.54	22.63	22.72	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.64	21.68	21.71	22.50
		12	6	21.69	21.75	21.83	22.50
		12	13	21.62	21.66	21.77	22.50
		25	0	21.64	21.67	21.77	22.50
5MHz		1	0	21.82	21.78	21.80	22.50
		1	13	21.99	22.07	22.09	22.50
		1	24	21.73	21.89	21.89	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.62	20.75	20.74	21.50
	•	12	6	20.70	20.77	20.85	21.50
		12	13	20.65	20.72	20.79	21.50
		25	0	20.58	20.66	20.74	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 51 of 83

				20000	20175	20350	
		1	0	22.65	22.77	22.73	23.50
		1	25	22.79	22.80	22.85	23.50
		1	49	22.66	22.72	22.80	23.50
	QPSK	25	0	21.72	21.77	21.75	22.50
	QI OIX	25	13	21.72	21.74	21.83	22.50
		25	25	21.69	21.74	21.86	22.50
		50	0	21.72	21.74	21.80	22.50
10MHz		1	0	21.89	22.01	21.93	22.50
		1	25	21.98	22.05	22.02	22.50
		1	49	21.83	22.05	21.96	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	20.66	20.76	20.67	21.50
	TOGAWI	25	13	20.69	20.73	20.78	21.50
		25	25	20.63	20.69	20.86	21.50
		50	0	20.65	20.09	20.74	21.50
		30		Channel	Channel	Channel	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20025	20175	20325	Tune up
		1	0	22.59	22.64	22.63	23.50
		1	38	22.71	22.73	22.79	23.50
		1	74	22.62	22.68	22.74	23.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.75	21.73	21.74	22.50
		36	18	21.73	21.75	21.83	22.50
		36	39	21.67	21.74	21.85	22.50
		75	0	21.73	21.78	21.81	22.50
15MHz		1	0	21.83	21.89	21.87	22.50
		1	38	21.85	22.01	22.03	22.50
		1	74	21.84	21.98	22.00	22.50
	16QAM	36	0	20.71	20.75	20.73	21.50
		36	18	20.72	20.75	20.83	21.50
		36	39	20.66	20.72	20.86	21.50
		75	0	20.70	20.74	20.76	21.50
				Channel	Channel	Channel	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20050	20175	20300	Tune up
		1	0	22.71	22.78	22.74	23.50
		1	50	22.94	23.00	22.82	23.50
		1	99	22.67	22.83	22.76	23.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.98	22.03	22.00	22.50
	A	50	25	21.94	22.06	22.02	22.50
		50	50	21.85	22.00	22.18	22.50
		100	0	21.97	22.02	22.09	22.50
20MHz		1	0	21.91	22.31	22.08	22.50
		1	50	22.41	22.31	22.11	22.50
		1	99	21.71	22.14	21.92	22.50
	16QAM	50	0	20.94	21.03	20.99	21.50
	. 5 47 1171	50	25	20.82	21.03	20.94	21.50
		50	50	20.75	21.00	21.12	21.50
		100	0	20.85	21.05	21.07	21.50

LTE Band 5	Conducted Power(dBm)



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 52 of 83

				Channel	Channel	Channel	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20407	20525	20643	Tune up
		1	0	22.85	22.84	22.83	23.50
		1	2	22.97	23.00	22.98	23.50
		1	5	22.83	22.84	22.85	23.50
	QPSK	3	0	22.93	22.94	22.93	23.50
	QI OIL	3	2	22.96	23.01	22.99	23.50
		3	3	22.92	22.94	22.95	23.50
		6	0	21.98	22.01	22.00	22.50
1.4MHz		1	0	22.15	22.15	22.06	22.50
		1	2	22.13	22.13	22.26	22.50
		1	5	22.20	22.21	22.02	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	22.02	22.07	22.02	22.50
	IOQAW		2	22.03	22.02	22.14	22.50
		3					
		3	3	22.05	22.10	22.03	22.50
		6	0	21.01	21.01	21.02	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				20415	20525	20635	
		1	0	22.92	22.97	22.93	23.50
		1	7	22.91	22.95	22.90	23.50
		1	14	22.92	22.90	22.93	23.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.98	22.01	21.99	22.50
		8	4	22.02	22.03	22.04	22.50
		8	7	21.97	21.99	22.00	22.50
3MHz		15	0	21.97	21.99	22.00	22.50
OMITIZ		1	0	22.10	22.15	22.07	22.50
		1	7	22.21	22.14	22.11	22.50
		1	14	22.11	22.19	22.11	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	20.98	20.96	21.00	21.50
		8	4	21.01	21.01	21.02	21.50
		8	7	20.97	21.01	21.00	21.50
		15	0	20.90	20.93	20.96	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tung un
Danawiath	Modulation	IND SIZE	ND onset	20425	20525	20625	Tune up
		1	0	22.82	22.85	22.82	23.50
		1	13	23.08	23.09	23.09	23.50
		1	24	22.81	22.80	22.80	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.97	21.98	22.02	22.50
		12	6	22.03	22.03	22.02	22.50
		12	13	21.95	21.99	21.96	22.50
5M11-		25	0	21.98	22.01	22.00	22.50
5MHz		1	0	22.13	22.03	22.01	22.50
		1	13	22.26	22.36	22.31	22.50
		1	24	22.04	22.09	22.00	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.96	20.98	21.04	21.50
		12	6	21.02	21.03	21.02	21.50
		12	13	20.99	20.98	20.93	21.50
		25	0	20.93	20.95	20.94	21.50
D 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	NA. L.L.		-	Channel	Channel	Channel	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20450	20525	20600	Tune up
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.92	22.88	23.50

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and thes document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 53 of 83

		1	25	23.00	23.02	23.03	23.50
		1	49	22.89	22.87	22.89	23.50
		25	0	22.09	22.06	22.00	22.50
		25	13	22.06	22.03	22.06	22.50
		25	25	21.97	22.05	21.94	22.50
		50	0	22.06	22.07	21.98	22.50
		1	0	22.09	22.17	22.22	22.50
		1	25	22.28	22.40	22.29	22.50
		1	49	22.15	22.18	22.16	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	21.03	21.00	20.92	21.50
		25	13	21.02	20.97	21.01	21.50
		25	25	20.89	20.98	20.89	21.50
		50	0	20.98	21.03	20.90	21.50

	LTE Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RD SIZE	RD Ollset	20775	21100	21425	Tune up	
		1	0	22.14	22.16	22.27	22.50	
		1	13	22.29	22.35	22.20	22.50	
		1	24	22.04	22.14	22.04	22.50	
	QPSK	12	0	21.12	21.16	21.19	22.00	
		12	6	21.33	21.34	21.38	22.00	
		12	13	21.24	21.25	21.25	22.00	
5MHz		25	0	21.26	21.31	21.32	22.00	
SIVITZ		1	0	21.03	21.61	21.28	22.00	
		1	13	21.78	21.57	21.48	22.00	
		1	24	21.39	21.70	21.39	22.00	
	16QAM	12	0	20.26	20.14	20.22	21.00	
		12	6	20.24	20.33	20.46	21.00	
		12	13	20.17	20.29	20.29	21.00	
		25	0	20.21	20.27	20.26	21.00	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up	
Bandwidth	Modulation		KD Ollset	20800	21100	21400	rune up	
		1	0	22.20	22.12	22.34	22.50	
		1	25	22.40	22.45	22.34	22.50	
		1	49	22.24	22.28	22.20	22.50	
	QPSK	25	0	21.14	21.12	21.35	22.00	
		25	13	21.31	21.31	21.39	22.00	
		25	25	21.31	21.40	21.35	22.00	
10MHz		50	0	21.29	21.35	21.34	22.00	
IUWITZ		1	0	21.26	21.74	21.46	22.00	
		1	25	21.25	21.37	21.58	22.00	
		1	49	21.79	21.71	21.79	22.00	
	16QAM	25	0	20.07	20.10	20.39	21.00	
		25	13	20.24	20.34	20.37	21.00	
		25	25	20.27	20.35	20.32	21.00	
		50	0	20.18	20.22	20.39	21.00	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun	
Danawiath		KD SIZE	RD UIISEL	20825	21100	21375	Tune up	



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 54 of 83

		•	i	•		•	
		1	0	22.17	22.18	22.21	22.50
		1	38	22.31	22.27	22.36	22.50
		1	74	22.34	22.18	22.33	22.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.22	21.23	21.26	22.00
		36	18	21.32	21.24	21.44	22.00
		36	39	21.35	21.33	21.45	22.00
15MHz		75	0	21.28	21.37	21.34	22.00
TOWITZ		1	0	21.73	21.33	21.40	22.00
		1	38	21.85	21.91	21.64	22.00
		1	74	21.78	21.18	21.20	22.00
	16QAM	36	0	20.35	20.16	20.32	21.00
		36	18	20.31	20.22	20.30	21.00
		36	39	20.37	20.44	20.44	21.00
		75	0	20.26	20.31	20.37	21.00
Dan duvidéh	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	RD SIZE	RD Ollset	20850	21100	21350	Tune up
	QPSK	1	0	22.09	22.36	22.02	22.50
		1	50	22.26	22.42	22.37	22.50
		1	99	22.15	22.19	22.19	22.50
		50	0	21.34	21.21	21.35	22.00
		50	25	21.37	21.27	21.41	22.00
		50	50	21.37	21.42	21.41	22.00
20MHz		100	0	21.39	21.37	21.41	22.00
ZUIVITZ		1	0	21.29	21.38	21.28	22.00
		1	50	21.73	21.78	21.45	22.00
		1	99	21.56	21.06	21.26	22.00
	16QAM	50	0	20.28	20.09	20.45	21.00
		50	25	20.37	20.37	20.43	21.00
		50	50	20.33	20.34	20.48	21.00
		100	0	20.39	20.27	20.41	21.00



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 55 of 83

	LTE FDD	Band 12			Conducted	Power(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel 23173	Tune up
		1	0	23017 22.85	23095 22.81	22.78	23.50
	-	1	2	22.03	22.01	22.76	23.50
	-	<u></u> 1	5	22.94	22.90	22.93	23.50
	QPSK	3	0	22.89	22.87	22.79	23.50
	QFSK	3	2	22.96	22.95	22.93	23.50
		3	3	22.89	22.89	22.89	23.50
	-	6	0	21.93	21.91	21.90	22.50
1.4MHz		1	0	22.11	22.08	21.90	22.50
	-	<u></u> 1	2	22.11	22.00	21.92	22.50
	-	1	5	21.92	21.98		22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.92	22.03	22.08 21.92	22.50
	TOQAM	3	2	22.01	+		
	ŀ	<u> </u>	3	21.97	22.05	21.97 21.94	22.50 22.50
	ŀ	6	0		21.98 21.01	20.99	
		0	U	21.03			21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
		1	0	23025 22.90	23095 22.87	23165 22.83	23.50
			7				
	ŀ	<u>1</u> 1	-	22.86	22.84	22.82	23.50
	ODCK	<u> </u>	0	22.84	22.81	22.80	23.50
	QPSK	<u>8</u> 8	+	21.88	21.91	21.86	22.50
	ŀ	<u> </u>	7	21.92	21.91 21.87	21.87 21.85	22.50
	ŀ	<u>o</u> 15	0	21.90 21.90	21.89	21.86	22.50 22.50
3MHz			0	22.12	21.09	21.00	22.50
	16QAM	1	7	22.12	21.99	21.97	22.50
		1	14	22.10	21.99		22.50
		<u> </u>	0		ļ	21.96	
		 8	4	20.95 20.99	20.99 20.99	20.89 20.90	21.50 21.50
		<u> </u>	7		20.99	20.90	
		<u>o</u> 15	0	21.00 20.91		20.92	21.50 21.50
		15	U		20.90		21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
		1	0	23035 22.82	23095 22.80	23155 22.73	23.50
	}	1	13	23.01	23.03		23.50
	}	1	24	22.78	23.03	22.97 22.74	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.78	21.93	21.85	23.50
	QF3N	12	6	21.78	21.93	21.88	22.50
	}	12	13	21.92	21.92	21.74	22.50
5MHz	}	25	0	21.84	21.03	21.74	22.50
JIVIFIZ		25 1	0	21.04	21.93	21.86	22.50
	-	1	13	22.15	21.90	22.07	22.50
	}	1	24	21.88	21.87	21.84	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.88	20.98	20.94	22.50
	}	12	6		20.98		21.50
	-	12		20.99	+	20.98	
ı L		١∠	13	20.98	20.90	20.82	21.50



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 56 of 83

		25	0	20.88	20.97	20.83	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danuwiutii	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	23060	23095	23130	Tune up
		1	0	22.89	22.90	22.92	23.50
		1	25	23.00	22.98	22.92	23.50
		1	49	22.80	22.79	22.81	23.50
	QPSK	25	0	21.88	22.07	21.93	22.50
		25	13	21.96	21.95	21.91	22.50
		25	25	21.92	21.94	21.87	22.50
10MHz		50	0	21.90	22.02	21.91	22.50
TOWITZ		1	0	22.01	22.08	22.10	22.50
		1	25	22.20	22.21	22.15	22.50
		1	49	22.07	21.99	22.09	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	20.88	21.05	20.99	21.50
		25	13	21.00	20.97	20.94	21.50
		25	25	20.92	20.96	20.85	21.50
		50	0	20.90	21.02	20.93	21.50

	LTE Ba	and 66			Conducted	Power(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	131979	132322	132665	rune up
		1	0	22.62	22.71	22.99	23.50
		1	2	22.76	22.81	23.14	23.50
		1	5	22.62	22.70	23.00	23.50
	QPSK	3	0	22.68	22.80	23.07	23.50
		3	2	22.73	22.85	23.12	23.50
	.4MHz	3	3	22.69	22.78	23.09	23.50
1 /MU-		6	0	21.69	21.78	22.05	22.50
1.411172		1	0	21.77	21.90	22.29	22.50
		1	2	22.06	22.18	22.37	22.50
		1	5	21.88	22.03	22.29	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.82	21.96	22.17	22.50
		3	2	21.85	21.94	22.22	22.50
		3	3	21.81	21.85	22.19	22.50
		6	0	20.69	20.80	21.13	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tupo up
Balluwiutii				131987	132322	132657	Tune up
		1	0	22.67	21.77	23.04	23.50
		1	7	22.67	22.75	23.03	23.50
		1	14	22.67	22.75	23.04	23.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.64	21.76	22.03	22.50
		8	4	21.69	21.80	22.07	22.50
3MHz		8	7	21.68	21.77	22.04	22.50
SIVITIZ		15	0	21.62	21.75	22.03	22.50
		1	0	21.68	21.80	22.28	22.50
		1	7	21.96	21.98	22.34	22.50
	16QAM	1	14	21.89	22.05	22.37	22.50
		8	0	20.66	20.80	21.08	21.50
		8	4	20.65	20.79	21.08	21.50

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 57 of 83

		8	7	20.65	20.79	21.07	21.50
		15	0	20.57	20.68	20.98	21.50
Dan duvidable	Modulation	DD oi-o	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	131997	132322	132647	Tune up
		1	0	22.55	22.67	22.89	23.50
		1	13	22.82	22.91	23.14	23.50
		1	24	22.56	22.64	22.93	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.60	21.68	21.99	22.50
		12	6	21.69	21.78	22.05	22.50
		12	13	21.59	21.74	21.96	22.50
ENALL-		25	0	21.62	21.71	22.01	22.50
5MHz		1	0	21.77	21.96	22.11	22.50
		1	13	22.07	22.10	22.48	22.50
		1	24	21.71	21.82	22.18	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.60	20.69	20.99	21.50
		12	6	20.70	20.80	21.07	21.50
		12	13	20.58	20.76	21.02	21.50
		25	0	20.56	20.68	20.96	21.50
Donalis dele	Modulation	DD ai-a	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tuna
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	132022	132322	132622	Tune up
		1	0	22.63	22.67	22.92	23.50
		1	25	22.74	22.83	23.01	23.50
		1	49	22.66	22.74	23.00	23.50
	QPSK	25	0	21.68	21.64	22.04	22.50
		25	13	21.66	21.75	21.99	22.50
		25	25	21.62	21.82	21.98	22.50
400411-		50	0	21.66	21.73	22.03	22.50
10MHz	16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.86	22.25	22.50
		1	25	21.88	22.09	22.28	22.50
		1	49	21.86	21.91	22.29	22.50
		25	0	20.59	20.61	21.04	21.50
		25	13	20.59	20.74	20.97	21.50
		25	25	20.57	20.78	20.92	21.50
		50	0	20.61	20.72	20.99	21.50
Dan duvidle	Modulation	DD oizo	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RD Ollset	132047	132322	132597	Tune up
		1	0	22.54	22.60	22.81	23.50
		1	38	22.67	22.74	22.92	23.50
		1	74	22.61	22.69	22.91	23.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.65	21.66	22.01	22.50
		36	18	21.65	21.74	21.99	22.50
		36	39	21.62	21.80	21.95	22.50
15MU-		75	0	21.63	21.74	22.01	22.50
15MHz		1	0	21.70	21.88	21.94	22.50
		1	38	21.86	21.94	22.15	22.50
		1	74	21.88	21.94	22.18	22.50
	16QAM	36	0	20.66	20.67	21.00	21.50
		36	18	20.62	20.74	20.99	21.50
		36	39	20.61	20.80	20.95	21.50
		75	0	20.59	20.73	20.95	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 58 of 83

				132072	132322	132572	
		1	0	22.35	22.42	22.57	23.50
		1	50	22.73	22.79	22.99	23.50
		1	99	22.41	22.48	22.71	23.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.72	21.62	22.08	22.50
		50	25	21.68	21.74	21.95	22.50
		50	50	21.53	21.90	21.84	22.50
20MHz		100	0	21.63	21.76	21.96	22.50
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	21.58	21.63	21.83	22.50
		1	50	21.91	22.07	22.29	22.50
		1	99	21.58	21.78	21.98	22.50
	16QAM	50	0	20.69	20.61	21.02	21.50
		50	25	20.62	20.72	20.92	21.50
		50	50	20.47	20.85	20.81	21.50
		100	0	20.57	20.74	20.93	21.50

Table 12: Conducted Power Of LTE.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 59 of 83

5.3.4 Conducted Power Of WIFI and BT

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412			15.03	Yes
802.11b	6	2437	1	16	15.88	Yes
	11	2462		16	14.93	NO
	1	2412		14	12.84	NO
802.11g	6	2437	6	14	13.58	NO
	11	2462		14	12.64	NO
000 44.5	1	2412		13	11.99	NO
802.11n HT20	6	2437	6.5	13	12.61	NO
11120	11	2462		13	11.69	NO

Table 13: Conducted Power Of WIFI.

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 60 of 83

-	ВТ		Tune up	Average Conducted	
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)	Power(dBm)	
	0	2402	7	5.25	
GFSK	39	2441	7	6.48	
	78	2480	7	6.51	
	0	2402	4	2.48	
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	4	3.93	
	78	2480	4	3.71	
	0	2402	4	2.44	
8DPSK	39	2441	4	3.99	
	78	2480	4	2.68	

	BLE		Tune up	Average Conducted Power(dBm)	
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)		
	0	2402	6	4.21	
GFSK	19	2440	6	5.44	
	39	2480	6	4.12	

Table 14: Conducted Power Of BT.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 61 of 83

5.4 Measurement of SAR Data

5.4.1 SAR Result Of GSM850

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp
				Head T	est data	a				
Left cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.158	0.04	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.167	22.1
Left tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.086	-0.03	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.091	22.1
Right cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.203	0.05	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.215	22.1
Right tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.088	0.03	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.093	22.1
		Head	Test Data	at the w	orst cas	e with Sampl	e 2#			
Right cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.203	-0.11	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.215	22.1
		E	Body worn	Test dat	ta (Sepa	arate 15mm)				
Front side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.158	0.02	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.167	22.1
Back side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.219	-0.01	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.232	22.1
		Body Test	Data at t	he worst	case w	ith Sample 2#	(15mm)			
Back side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.216	0.01	32.75	33.00	1.059	0.229	22.1
			Hotspot 7	Test data	(Separ	ate 10mm)				
Front side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.426	0.12	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.498	22.1
Back side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.601	0.02	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.703	22.1
Left side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.344	-0.04	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.402	22.1
Right side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.367	-0.05	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.429	22.1
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.188	-0.02	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.220	22.1
			Body	Test Da	ta at the	worst case v	vith Sample	e 2#(10m	nm)	
Back side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.581	0.15	29.32	30.00	1.169	0.679	22.1

Table 15: SAR of GSM850 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) When multiple slots can be used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 62 of 83

5.4.2 SAR Result Of GSM1900

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp
				Head T	est data	1				
Left cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.151	0.06	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.155	22.3
Left tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.079	-0.04	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.081	22.3
Right cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.059	0.03	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.061	22.3
Right tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.052	0.02	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.054	22.3
		Head	Test Data	at the w	orst cas	e with Sampl	e 2#			
Left cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.114	0.07	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.117	22.3
		Е	Body worn	Test dat	a (Sepa	arate 15mm)				
Front side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.105	-0.09	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.107	22.3
Back side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.173	-0.04	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.177	22.3
		Body Test	Data at t	he worst	case w	th Sample 2#	[‡] (15mm)			
Back side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.109	-0.01	29.90	30.00	1.023	0.112	22.3
			Hotspot 7	Test data	(Separ	ate 10mm)				
Front side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.348	-0.09	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.397	22.3
Back side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.419	-0.08	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.478	22.3
Left side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.210	-0.11	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.239	22.3
Right side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.088	-0.17	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.101	22.3
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.188	-0.01	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.214	22.3
			Body	Test Da	ta at the	worst case v	vith Sampl	e 2#(10m	m)	
Back side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.374	-0.09	26.43	27.00	1.140	0.426	22.3

Table 16: SAR of GSM1900 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) When multiple slots can be used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 63 of 83

5.4.3 SAR Result Of WCDMA Band II

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp	
				Head ⁻	Γest data						
Left cheek RMC 9400/1880 1:1 0.362 0.05 23.28 24.00 1.180 0.427 2											
Left tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.173	0.05	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.204	22.3	
Right cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.199	-0.14	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.235	22.3	
Right tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.099	0.18	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.116	22.3	
		Hea	ad Test da	ata at the	worst cas	e with Sampl	e2				
Left cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.339	0.10	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.400	22.3	
			Body wo	rn Test da	ata (Sepai	rate 15mm)					
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.226	0.04	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.267	22.3	
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.237	-0.14	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.280	22.3	
		Body worr	at the wo	orst case	with Sam	ole2 (Separat	e 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.195	-0.11	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.230	22.3	
			Hotspot	t Test data	a (Separa	te 10mm)					
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.507	0.02	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.598	22.3	
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.472	-0.01	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.557	22.3	
Left side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.293	-0.18	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.346	22.3	
Right side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.126	-0.18	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.149	22.3	
Bottom side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.318	-0.05	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.375	22.3	
		Body worr	at the wo	orst case	with Sam	ole2 (Separat	e 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.457	-0.03	23.28	24.00	1.180	0.539	22.3	

Table 17: SAR of WCDMA Band II for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 64 of 83

5.4.4 SAR Result Of WCDMA Band IV

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp
				Head Tes	st data					
Left cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.579	0.04	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.696	22.2
Left tilted	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.316	-0.07	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.380	22.2
Right cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.300	-0.14	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.361	22.2
Right tilted	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.243	-0.05	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.292	22.2
		Head Te	est Data	at the wo	rst case	with Sample	2#			
Left cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.552	-0.01	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.664	22.2
		Boo	dy worn	Test data	(Separa	ate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.384	0.09	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.462	22.2
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.375	-0.19	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.451	22.2
		Body worn at t	he wors	t case wit	h Samp	le2 (Separate	e 15mm)			
Front side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.296	0.03	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.356	22.2
		. Н	otspot T	est data (Separat	e 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.624	0.13	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.750	22.2
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.805	-0.05	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.968	22.2
Left side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.602	-0.13	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.724	22.2
Right side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.215	0.17	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.258	22.2
Bottom side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.462	0.01	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.313	22.2
Back side	RMC	1312/1712.4	1:1	0.662	-0.16	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.847	22.2
Back side	RMC	1513/1752.6	1:1	0.923	-0.06	23.25	24.00	1.189	1.097	22.2
Back side-repeat	RMC	1513/1752.6	1:1	0.892	-0.13	23.25	24.00	1.189	1.060	22.2
		Body worn at t	he wors	t case wit	h Samp	le2 (Separate	e 10mm)			
Back side	RMC	1513/1752.6	1:1	0.825	-0.17	23.20	24.00	1.202	0.992	22.2

Table 18: SAR of WCDMA Band IV for Head and Body.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	1513/1752.6	0.923	0.892	1.035	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was \ge 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 19: SAR Measurement Variability Results.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 65 of 83

5.4.5 SAR Result Of WCDMA Band V

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp
				Head	Test dat	а				
Left cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.153	0.01	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.181	22.1
Left tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.068	0.05	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.080	22.1
Right cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.181	0.13	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.214	22.1
Right tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.077	0.01	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.091	22.1
		Head	Test Da	ata at the	worst ca	ase with Sam	ple 2#			
Right cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.157	0.06	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.186	22.1
		В	ody wc	rn Test o	data (Sep	arate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.110	-0.14	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.130	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.160	-0.03	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.189	22.1
		Body Test	t Data a	at the wo	rst case v	with Sample 2	2#(15mm)			
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.156	-0.06	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.185	22.1
			Hotspo	t Test da	ita (Sepa	rate 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.189	-0.10	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.224	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.271	-0.08	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.321	22.1
Left side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.110	-0.12	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.130	22.1
Right side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.123	-0.06	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.146	22.1
Bottom side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.077	-0.01	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.091	22.1
		Body Test	t Data a	at the wo	rst case v	with Sample 2	2#(10mm)			
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.261	0.09	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.309	22.1

Table 20: SAR of WCDMA Band V for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 66 of 83

5.4.6 SAR Result Of LTE Band 2

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
				lead Te	est data(1RB)					
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.318	0.08	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.350	22.3
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.163	-0.12	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.180	22.3
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.181	0.03	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.199	22.3
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.115	0.03	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.127	22.3
			He	ead Tes	t data(50)%RB)					
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.257	0.12	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.282	22.3
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.149	-0.04	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.164	22.3
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.131	0.03	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.144	22.3
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.079	0.06	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.087	22.3
			Head Test da	ta at the	e worst c	ase with	Sample2				
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.240	0.02	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.264	22.3
			Body worn	Test da	ta (Sepa	rate 15m	m 1RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.243	0.02	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.268	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.246	-0.07	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.271	22.3
			Body worn Te	st data	(Separa	te 15mm	50%RB)		•	•	
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.186	-0.03	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.204	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.188	-0.05	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.207	22.3
		Body worn	Test data at th	ne wors	t case wi	th Samp	le2 (Separate	15mm)	•	•	
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.171	-0.15	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.188	22.3
			Hotspot Te	est data	(Separa	te 10mm	1RB)		•	•	
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.507	0.01	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.558	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.662	-0.09	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.729	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.332	-0.08	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.366	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.154	0.02	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.170	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.305	-0.19	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.336	22.3
			Hotspot Tes	t data (Separate	10mm 5	50%RB)		•	•	
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.384	-0.01	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.422	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.512	0.00	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.563	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.256	-0.15	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.281	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.116	0.07	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.127	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	19100/1900	1:1	0.241	-0.03	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.265	22.3
		Hotspot T	est data at the	worst	case with	Sample	2 (Separate 1	0mm)	ı	ı	•
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	19100/1900	1:1	0.492	-0.11	23.08	23.50	1.102	0.542	22.3

Table 21: SAR of LTE Band 2 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 67 of 83

5.4.7 SAR Result Of LTE Band 5

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	1			Head	Test data	a(1RB)	1	1	•		
Left cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.176	0.01	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.196	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.088	0.10	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.098	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.209	0.17	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.233	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.102	0.03	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.114	22.1
				Head T	est data(50%RB)					
Left cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.129	0.06	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.178	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.044	0.15	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.061	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.153	0.02	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.212	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.063	0.03	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.087	22.1
			Head Test [Data at	the worst	case with	Sample 2#				
Right cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.143	0.07	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.159	22.1
			Body wor	n Test	data(Sep	arate 15m	m 1RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.136	-0.13	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.152	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.193	-0.06	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.215	22.1
			Body worn	Test da	ta (Sepai	rate 15mm	50%RB)			•	
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.080	-0.16	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.088	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.119	-0.06	22.09	22.50	1.099	0.131	22.1
		Bod	y Test Data	at the w	orst case	with Sam	ple 2#(15mm)			
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.190	0.00	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.212	22.1
			Hotspot	Test da	ata(Separ	ate 10mm	1RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.211	-0.09	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.235	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.279	-0.09	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.311	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.134	-0.15	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.149	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.174	-0.16	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.194	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.084	0.19	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.094	22.1
			Hotspot T	est data	a (Separa	te 10mm 5	50%RB)			•	
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.145	-0.11	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.201	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.201	-0.08	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.278	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.087	-0.12	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.120	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.095	-0.17	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.131	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	20450/829	1:1	0.063	-0.10	22.09	23.50	1.384	0.087	22.1
		_	y Test Data	at the w	orst case	with Sam	ple 2#(10mm		1	1	1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	20600/844	1:1	0.249	-0.07	23.03	23.50	1.114	0.277	22.1

Table 22: SAR of LTE Band 5 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 68 of 83

5.4.8 SAR Result Of LTE Band 7

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			Hea	d Test	data(1R		(== /			· • J/	
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.172	0.06	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.175	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.044	0.07	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.045	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.090	0.18	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.092	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.080	0.05	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.081	22.1
				L	Head 7	Test da	ta(50%RB)			•	
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.127	0.02	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.145	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.033	0.09	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.038	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.070	0.00	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.080	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.065	0.06	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.075	22.1
-		H	ead Test Data a	t the wo	orst cas	e with	Sample 2#			•	
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.138	0.02	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.141	22.1
			Body worn Tes	t data(S	Separat	e 15mr	n 1RB)			•	
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.422	0.14	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.430	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.353	0.03	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.360	22.1
			В	ody wo	rn Test	data (S	Separate 15n	nm 50%RE	3)	•	
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.336	0.04	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.384	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.279	0.15	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.319	22.1
		Body ⁻	Test Data at the	worst c	ase wit	h Samı	ole 2#(15mm)		•	
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.366	0.07	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.373	22.1
			Hotspot Test	data(Se	parate	10mm	1RB)			•	
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.932	0.04	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.949	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.721	0.09	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.734	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.200	0.16	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.204	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.026	0.02	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.027	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.429	-0.05	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.437	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.841	0.01	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.889	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	1.080	-0.04	22.37	22.50	1.030	1.113	22.1
ront side-repeat	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	1.080	0.09	22.37	22.50	1.030	1.113	22.1
				Hotspo	t Test d	ata (Se	parate 10mr	n 50%RB)		•	
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.740	0.02	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.846	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.569	0.03	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.650	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.167	0.12	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.191	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.021	0.06	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.024	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.424	-0.07	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.485	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	20850/2510	1:1	0.679	0.02	21.37	22.00	1.156	0.785	22.1
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	0.898	0.08	21.41	22.00	1.146	1.029	22.1
				Hotspo	t Test d	ata (Se	parate 10mr			•	•
Front side	20	QPSK 100RB_0	21350/2560	1:1	0.837		21.41	22.00	1.146	0.959	22.1
	1		Test Data at the	worst c			l l		1		
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	21350/2560	1:1	0.896		22.37	22.50	1.030	0.923	22.1

Table 23: SAR of LTE Band 7 for Head and Body.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 69 of 83

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.

2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	(1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	21350/2560	1.080	1.080	1.00	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 24: SAR Measurement Variability Results.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 70 of 83

5.4.9 SAR Result Of LTE Band 12

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
				Head	Test data	(1RB)					
Left cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.113	0.07	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.127	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.072	-0.01	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.081	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.132	0.08	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.148	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.072	0.14	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.081	22.1
					He	ad Test da	ta(50%RB)				
Left cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.096	0.09	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.106	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.062	0.05	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.068	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.112	0.04	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.124	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.045	0.14	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.050	22.1
			Head Test	Data at	the worst	case with	Sample 2#				
Right cheek	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.121	0.07	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.136	22.1
			Body w	orn Test	data(Sepa	arate 15mr	m 1RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.139	-0.04	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.156	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.188	-0.09	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.211	22.1
				Boo	dy worn T	est data (S	Separate 15n	nm 50%R	B)		
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.118	-0.09	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.130	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.156	-0.06	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.172	22.1
		E	Body Test Data	a at the w	orst case	with Sam	ple 2#(15mm)			
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.186	-0.09	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.209	22.1
			Hotspo	ot Test da	ata(Separ	ate 10mm	1RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.142	-0.05	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.159	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.207	-0.08	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.232	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.208	-0.13	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.233	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.187	-0.15	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.210	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.036	-0.15	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.041	22.1
			Hotspot	Test data	a (Separa	te 10mm 5	0%RB)				
Front side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.118	-0.09	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.130	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.174	-0.09	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.192	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.174	-0.12	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.192	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.156	-0.14	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.172	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK 25RB_0	23095/707.5	1:1	0.030	0.02	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.033	22.1
	•		Body Test Data	a at the w	orst case	with Sam	ple 2#(10mm)			
Left side	10	QPSK 1RB_25	23060/704	1:1	0.203	-0.01	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.228	22.1

Table 25: SAR of LTE Band 12 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 71 of 83

5.4.10 SAR Result Of LTE Band 66

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			Hea	ad Test	data(1R	(B)					
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.609	0.10	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.685	22.2
Left tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.329	0.19	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.370	22.2
Right cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.361	0.19	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.406	22.2
Right tilted	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.211	0.04	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.237	22.2
					Head 1	est data	(50%RB)				
Left cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.491	0.07	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.541	22.2
Left tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.266	0.04	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.293	22.2
Right cheek	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.286	0.04	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.315	22.2
Right tilted	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.175	0.13	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.193	22.2
		Н	ead Test Data a	at the w	orst cas	e with Sa	ample 2#				
Left cheek	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.501	0.13	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.563	22.2
			Body worn Tes	st data (Separat	te 15mm	1RB)				•
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.282	0.10	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.317	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.373	-0.13	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.419	22.2
		E	Body worn Test	data (Se	eparate	15mm 5	0%RB)				
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.224	0.08	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.247	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.259	0.01	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.285	22.2
		Body worn T	est data at the	worst ca	se with	Sample	2 (Separate	15mm)			.1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.327	-0.14	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.368	22.2
			Hotspot Test	data (S	eparate	10mm 1	RB)		l .		.1
Front side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.575	-0.08	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.647	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.810	-0.07	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.911	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.633	-0.12	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.712	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.118	0.09	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.133	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.429	-0.05	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.482	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132072/1720	1:1	0.720	-0.04	22.73	23.50	1.194	0.860	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132322/1745	1:1	0.798	-0.06	22.79	23.50	1.178	0.940	22.2
Back side-repeat	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132572/1770	1:1	0.780	0.05	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.877	22.2
·		I	Hotspot Test da	ata (Sep	parate 1	0mm 50	%RB)				,I
Front side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.459	-0.04	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.506	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.649	0.09	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.715	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.513	-0.02	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.565	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.094	0.19	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.104	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK 50RB_0	132572/1770	1:1	0.359	-0.19	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.395	22.2
	1	l .	Hotspot Test da	l					1	1	1
Back side	20	QPSK 100RB_0		1:1	0.569	-0.17	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.644	22.2
			st data at the wo	l						1	1
Back side	20	QPSK 1RB_50	132322/1745	1:1	0.790	0.00	22.79	23.50	1.178	0.930	22.2

Table 26: SAR of LTE Band 66 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 72 of 83

3) According to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR for LTE Band 4 (Frequency range: 1710 - 1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (Frequency range: 1710 - 1780 MHz) due to overlapping frequency range, same maximum tune-up limit and same channel bandwidth.

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured SAR (1g)	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)		SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	132572/1770	0.810	0.780	1.038	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 27: SAR Measurement Variability Results.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 73 of 83

5.4.11 SAR Result Of 2.4GHz WIFI

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g		Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	Head Test data										
Left cheek	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.273	-0.08	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.282	22.0
Left tilted	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.241	-0.19	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.249	22.0
Right cheek	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.916	0.07	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.946	22.0
Right cheek-Repeat	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.909	0.00	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.939	22.0
Right tilted	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.690	-0.14	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.713	22.0
Right cheek	802.11b	1/2412	99.52%	1.005	0.740	0.08	15.03	16.00	1.250	0.930	22.0
	Head Test Data at the worst case with Sample 2#										
Right cheek	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.903	0.09	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.933	22.0
		Во	ody worn	Test dat	ta (Sepa	arate 1	ōmm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.076	0.19	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.079	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.072	0.03	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.074	22.0
	E	Body Test I	Data at th	e worst	case wi	th Sam	ple 2#(15mr	n)			
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.057	-0.09	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.059	22.0
		ŀ	Hotspot To	est data	(Separ	ate 10r	mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.184	0.09	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.190	22.0
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.195	0.08	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.201	22.0
Left side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.152	-0.16	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.157	22.0
Top side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.115	-0.18	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.119	22.0
	E	Body Test I	Data at th	e worst	case wi	th Sam	ple 2#(10mr	m)			
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	99.52%	1.005	0.128	0.08	15.88	16.00	1.028	0.132	22.0

Table 28: SAR of 2.4GHz WIFI for Head and Body.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) Per KDB248227D01, for Body SAR test of WiFi 2.4G, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure. The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.

Mode	tune up (dBm)	tune up (mW)	Max report SAR(W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test (Yes/No)
802.11b	16.00	39.81	0.946	/	Yes
802.11g	14.00	25.12	/	0.597	No
802.11n-HT20	13.00	19.95	/	0.474	No



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 74 of 83

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
	(MHz)	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)		SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	6/2437	0.916	0.909	1.008	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 29: SAR Measurement Variability Results.



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 75 of 83

5.5 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

5.5.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

1) Simultaneous Transmission

- 1) Omnanan	1) Simultaneous Transmission									
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Head	Body worn	Hotspot						
1	GSM(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No						
2	2 GSM(Voice) + BT		Yes	No						
3	WCDMA(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No						
4	WCDMA(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes	No						
5	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes						
6	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes						
7	WCDMA(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes						
8	WCDMA(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes						
9	LTE(Data) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes						
10	LTE(Data) + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes						
11	BT+WIFI (They share the same antenna and cannot transmit at the same time by design.)	No	No	No						

5.5.2 Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

• 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Estimated SAR Result

	Erogueney		may	Test	Estimated
Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	max. power(dBm)	Separation (mm)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Head	7	0	0.210
Bluetooth	2.48	Body-worn	7	15	0.070
		hotspot	7	10	0.105



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 76 of 83

2) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for head

2) Simult	2) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for head 1									
WWAN	Exposure position	MAX.WWAN	②MAX.WLAN	MAX.BT	SAR①+	SAR①+	Case			
Band	Exposure position	SAR(W/kg)	SAR(W/kg)	SAR(W/kg)	2	3	NO.			
	Left Touch	0.167	0.282	0.210	0.449	0.377	No			
CCMOFO	Left Tilt	0.091	0.249	0.210	0.340	0.301	No			
GSM850	Right Touch	0.215	0.946	0.210	1.161	0.425	No			
	Right Tilt	0.093	0.939	0.210	1.032	0.303	No			
	Left Touch	0.155	0.282	0.210	0.437	0.365	No			
CSM1000	Left Tilt	0.081	0.249	0.210	0.330	0.291	No			
GSM1900	Right Touch	0.061	0.946	0.210	1.007	0.271	No			
	Right Tilt	0.054	0.939	0.210	0.993	0.264	No			
	Left Touch	0.427	0.282	0.210	0.709	0.637	No			
WCDMA	Left Tilt	0.204	0.249	0.210	0.453	0.414	No			
Band II	Right Touch	0.235	0.946	0.210	1.181	0.445	No			
	Right Tilt	0.116	0.939	0.210	1.055	0.326	No			
	Left Touch	0.696	0.282	0.210	0.978	0.906	No			
WCDMA	Left Tilt	0.380	0.249	0.210	0.629	0.590	No			
Band IV	Right Touch	0.361	0.946	0.210	1.307	0.571	No			
	Right Tilt	0.292	0.939	0.210	1.231	0.502	No			
	Left Touch	0.181	0.282	0.210	0.463	0.391	No			
WCDMA	Left Tilt	0.080	0.249	0.210	0.329	0.290	No			
Band V	Right Touch	0.214	0.946	0.210	1.160	0.424	No			
	Right Tilt	0.091	0.939	0.210	1.030	0.301	No			
	Left Touch	0.350	0.282	0.210	0.632	0.560	No			
LTE Band	Left Tilt	0.180	0.249	0.210	0.429	0.390	No			
2	Right Touch	0.199	0.946	0.210	1.145	0.409	No			
Ī	Right Tilt	0.127	0.939	0.210	1.066	0.337	No			
	Left Touch	0.196	0.282	0.210	0.478	0.406	No			
LTE Band	Left Tilt	0.098	0.249	0.210	0.347	0.308	No			
5	Right Touch	0.233	0.946	0.210	1.179	0.443	No			
	Right Tilt	0.114	0.939	0.210	1.053	0.324	No			
	Left Touch	0.175	0.282	0.210	0.457	0.385	No			
LTE Band	Left Tilt	0.045	0.249	0.210	0.294	0.255	No			
7	Right Touch	0.092	0.946	0.210	1.038	0.302	No			
Ī	Right Tilt	0.081	0.939	0.210	1.020	0.291	No			
	Left Touch	0.127	0.282	0.210	0.409	0.337	No			
LTE Band	Left Tilt	0.081	0.249	0.210	0.330	0.291	No			
12	Right Touch	0.148	0.946	0.210	1.094	0.358	No			
Ţ	Right Tilt	0.081	0.939	0.210	1.020	0.291	No			
	Left Touch	0.685	0.282	0.210	0.967	0.895	No			
LTE Band	Left Tilt	0.370	0.249	0.210	0.619	0.580	No			
66	Right Touch	0.406	0.946	0.210	1.352	0.616	No			
	Right Tilt	0.237	0.939	0.210	1.176	0.447	No			



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 77 of 83

3) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for body worn

WWAN Band	Exposure position	(I) MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	②MAX.WLAN SAR(W/kg)	③MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	Summed SAR①+	Summed SAR①+	Case NO.
GSM850	Front	0.167	0.079	0.070	0.246	0.237	No
GSIVIOSU	Back	0.232	0.074	0.070	0.306	0.302	No
GSM1900	Front	0.107	0.079	0.070	0.186	0.177	No
G3W1900	Back	0.177	0.074	0.070	0.251	0.247	No
WCDMA	Front	0.267	0.079	0.070	0.346	0.337	No
Band II	Back	0.280	0.074	0.070	0.354	0.350	No
WCDMA	Front	0.462	0.079	0.070	0.541	0.532	No
Band IV	Back	0.451	0.074	0.070	0.525	0.521	No
WCDMA	Front	0.130	0.079	0.070	0.209	0.200	No
Band V	Back	0.189	0.074	0.070	0.263	0.259	No
LTE Band	Front	0.268	0.079	0.070	0.347	0.338	No
2	Back	0.271	0.074	0.070	0.345	0.341	No
LTE Band	Front	0.152	0.079	0.070	0.231	0.222	No
5	Back	0.215	0.074	0.070	0.289	0.285	No
LTE Band	Front	0.430	0.079	0.070	0.509	0.500	No
7	Back	0.360	0.074	0.070	0.434	0.430	No
LTE Band	Front	0.156	0.079	0.070	0.235	0.226	No
12	Back	0.211	0.074	0.070	0.285	0.281	No
LTE Band	Front	0.317	0.079	0.070	0.396	0.387	No
66	Back	0.419	0.074	0.070	0.493	0.489	No



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 78 of 83

4) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for hotspot

4) Simult	aneous Transmission	_		Посэрос	0	0	
WWAN	=	(1)	②MAX.WLAN	③MAX.BT	Summed	Summed	Case
Band	Exposure position	MAX.WWAN	SAR(W/kg)	SAR(W/kg)	SAR①+	SAR①+	NO.
		SAR(W/kg)	` -		2	3	NIa
	Front	0.498	0.190	0.105	0.688	0.603	No
	Back	0.703	0.201	0.105	0.904	0.808	No
GSM850	Left	0.402	0.157	0.105	0.559	0.507	No
	Right	0.429	0.000	0.105	0.429	0.534	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.220	0.000	0.105	0.220	0.325	No
	Front	0.397	0.190	0.105	0.587	0.502	No
	Back	0.478	0.201	0.105	0.679	0.583	No
GSM1900	Left	0.239	0.157	0.105	0.396	0.344	No
CONTIOUS	Right	0.101	0.000	0.105	0.101	0.206	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.214	0.000	0.105	0.214	0.319	No
	Front	0.598	0.190	0.105	0.788	0.703	No
	Back	0.557	0.201	0.105	0.758	0.662	No
WCDMA	Left	0.346	0.157	0.105	0.503	0.451	No
Band II	Right	0.149	0.000	0.105	0.149	0.254	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.375	0.000	0.105	0.375	0.480	No
	Front	0.750	0.190	0.105	0.940	0.855	No
	Back	1.097	0.201	0.105	1.298	1.202	No
WCDMA	Left	0.724	0.157	0.105	0.881	0.829	No
Band IV	Right	0.258	0.000	0.105	0.258	0.363	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.313	0.000	0.105	0.313	0.418	No
	Front	0.224	0.190	0.105	0.414	0.329	No
	Back	0.321	0.201	0.105	0.522	0.426	No
WCDMA	Left	0.130	0.157	0.105	0.287	0.235	No
Band V	Right	0.146	0.000	0.105	0.146	0.251	No
	Top	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.091	0.000	0.105	0.091	0.196	No
	Front	0.558	0.190	0.105	0.748	0.663	No
	Back	0.729	0.201	0.105	0.930	0.834	No
LTE Band	Left	0.366	0.157	0.105	0.523	0.471	No
2	Right	0.170	0.000	0.105	0.170	0.275	No
	Top	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.336	0.000	0.105	0.336	0.441	No
	Front	0.235	0.190	0.105	0.425	0.340	No
	Back	0.233	0.201	0.105	0.423	0.416	No
LTE Band	Left	0.149	0.157	0.105	0.306	0.410	No
5	Right	0.149	0.000	0.105	0.194	0.299	No
	Top	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.134	0.299	No
	Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.094	0.103	No
	Front	1.113	0.000	0.105	1.303	1.218	No
	Back	0.734	0.190	0.105	0.935	0.839	No
LTE Band				0.105			
7	Left	0.204	0.157		0.361	0.309	No
	Right	0.027	0.000	0.105	0.027	0.132	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No

This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at http://www.sqs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sqs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 79 of 83

	Bottom	0.485	0.000	0.105	0.485	0.590	No
	Front	0.159	0.190	0.105	0.349	0.264	No
	Back	0.232	0.201	0.105	0.433	0.337	No
LTE Band	Left	0.233	0.157	0.105	0.390	0.338	No
12	Right	0.210	0.000	0.105	0.210	0.315	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.041	0.000	0.105	0.041	0.146	No
	Front	0.647	0.190	0.105	0.837	0.752	No
	Back	0.940	0.201	0.105	1.141	1.045	No
LTE Band	Left	0.712	0.157	0.105	0.869	0.817	No
66	Right	0.133	0.000	0.105	0.133	0.238	No
	Тор	0.000	0.119	0.105	0.119	0.105	No
	Bottom	0.482	0.000	0.105	0.482	0.587	No



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 80 of 83

6 Equipment list

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional					
Location	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch					
Description SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)						
Software Reference	DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)					
Hardware Reference						

	Hardware Reference									
	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1283	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1913	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1912	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1640	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	896	2017-09-27	2018-09-26				
\boxtimes	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1428	2018-01-17	2019-08-30				
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3962	2018-01-11	2019-01-10				
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3789	2018-02-08	2019-02-07				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D750V3	1160	2016-06-22	2019-06-21				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d105	2016-12-08	2019-12-07				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1750V2	1149	2016-06-23	2019-06-22				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d028	2016-12-07	2019-12-06				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	733	2016-12-07	2019-12-06				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2600V2	1125	2016-06-22	2019-06-21				
\boxtimes	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46523590	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US01440210	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	123090	2018-06-21	2019-06-20				
\boxtimes	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu Corporation	MT8821C	6201502984	2018-05-02	2019-05-01				
\boxtimes	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR				
	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050736	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
	Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	15542	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	Compliance Directions Systems Inc.	AMP28-3W	073501433	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292095	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091234	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z92	100025	2018-03-13	2019-03-12				
\boxtimes	Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR				
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR				



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 81 of 83

\boxtimes	50 Ω coaxial load	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+	00850	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Speed reading thermometer	MingGao	T809	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18
\boxtimes	Humidity and Temperature Indicator	KIMTOKA	KIMTOKA	NA	2018-03-19	2019-03-18



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 82 of 83

7 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

8 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

9 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Page: 83 of 83

Appendix A: Detailed System Check Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

---END---



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Appendix A

Detailed System Check Results

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Head

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.786$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

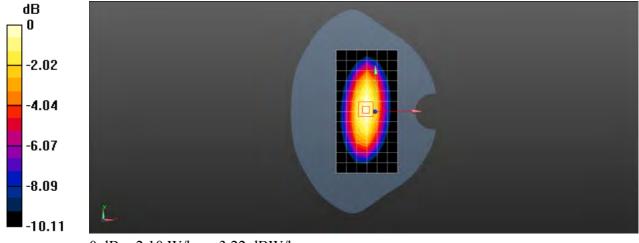
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.10 W/kg



0 dB = 2.10 W/kg = 3.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Body

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.956$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.779$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(10.37, 10.37, 10.37); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

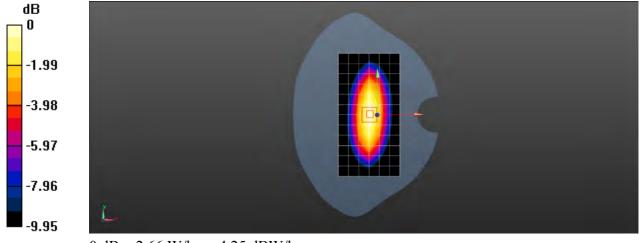
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 W/kg



0 dB = 2.66 W/kg = 4.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.798$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

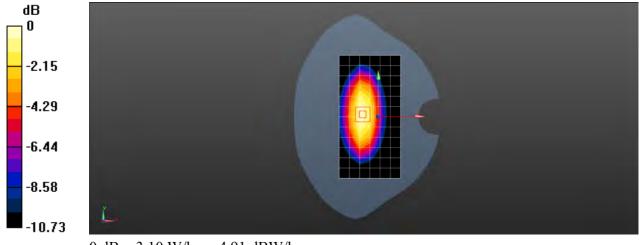
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.10 W/kg



0 dB = 3.10 W/kg = 4.91 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.985$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.807$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

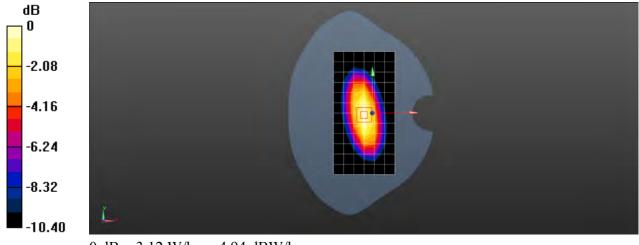
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Head

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.318$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.413$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.74 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

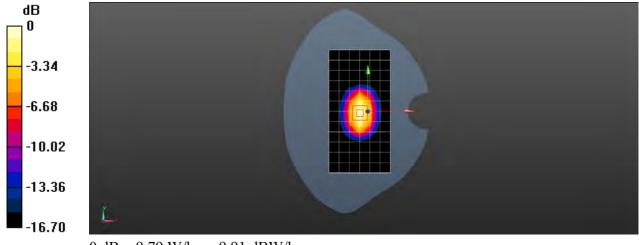
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.69 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.79 W/kg



0 dB = 9.79 W/kg = 9.91 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Body

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.425$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.17$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

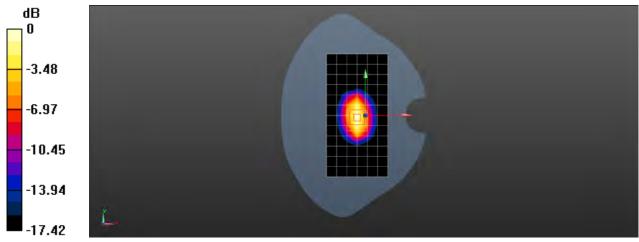
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.362$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.029$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg

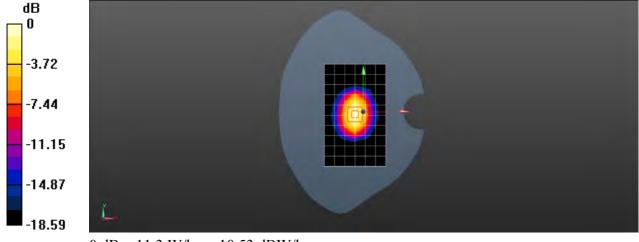
Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.443$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

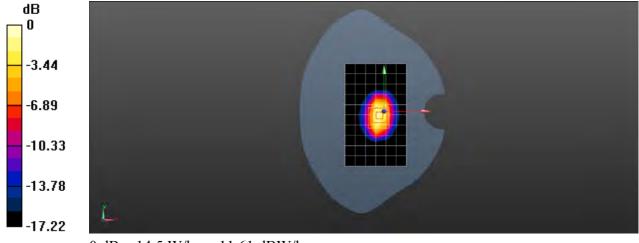
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.878$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.488$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

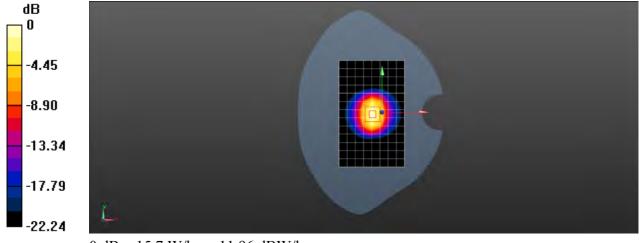
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.969$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.683$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

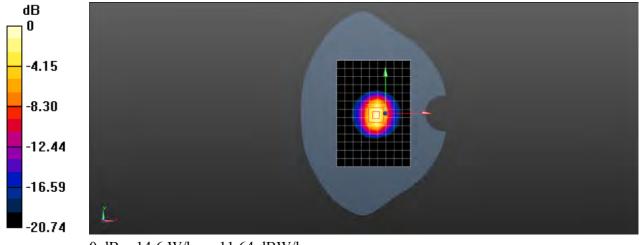
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



0 dB = 14.6 W/kg = 11.64 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Head

DUT: Dipole D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.047$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.931$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm,

dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

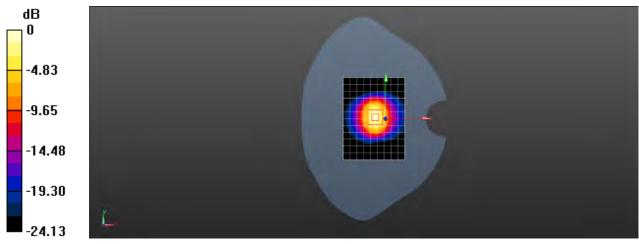
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg



0 dB = 16.6 W/kg = 12.20 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Body

DUT: D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.161$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.234$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

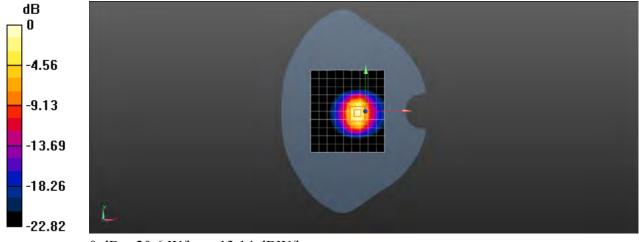
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg



Report No.: SZEM180500457105

Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

1. GSM GSM850 for Head &Body GSM1900 for Head &Body 2. WCDMA WCDMA Band II for Head &Body WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body WCDMA Band V for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body WIFI 2.4G for Head &Body	
GSM1900 for Head &Body 2. WCDMA WCDMA Band II for Head &Body WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body WCDMA Band V for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	1. GSM
2. WCDMA Band II for Head &Body WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body WCDMA Band V for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body A. WIFI	GSM850 for Head &Body
WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body WCDMA Band V for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body A. WIFI	GSM1900 for Head &Body
WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	2. WCDMA
WCDMA Band V for Head &Body 3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	WCDMA Band II for Head &Body
3. LTE LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body
LTE Band 2 for Head &Body LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	WCDMA Band V for Head &Body
LTE Band 5 for Head &Body LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	3. LTE
LTE Band 7 for Head &Body LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	LTE Band 2 for Head &Body
LTE Band 12 for Head &Body LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	LTE Band 5 for Head &Body
LTE Band 66 for Head &Body 4. WIFI	LTE Band 7 for Head &Body
4. WIFI	LTE Band 12 for Head &Body
	LTE Band 66 for Head &Body
WIFI 2.4G for Head &Body	4. WIFI
	WIFI 2.4G for Head &Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM850 GSM 190CH Right cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: PVNZ6TBA85KVOBHU

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.787$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 W/kg

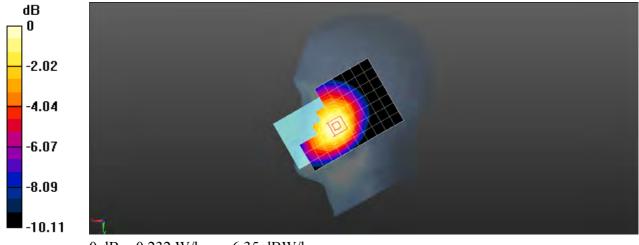
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.759 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 W/kg



0 dB = 0.232 W/kg = -6.35 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM850 GSM 190CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.849$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 W/kg

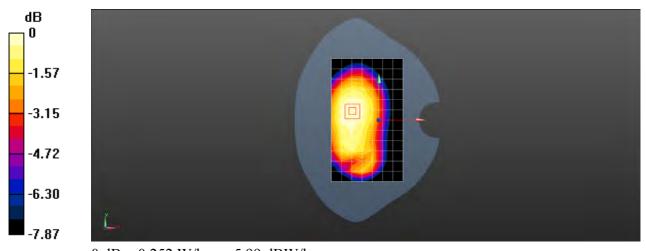
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg



0 dB = 0.252 W/kg = -5.99 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM850 GPRS 4TS 190CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

 $Communication\ System:\ UID\ 0,\ GPRS/EGPRS\ Mode (4up)\ Communication\ System\ (0);\ Frequency:$

836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.0797

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.849$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.804 W/kg

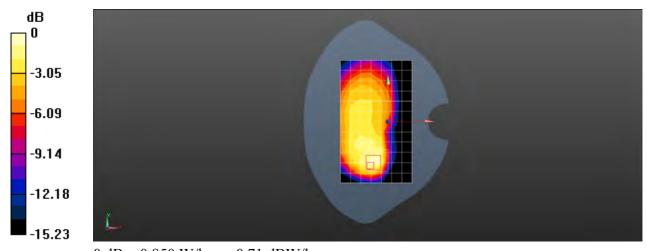
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.505 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.601 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.348 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.850 W/kg



0 dB = 0.850 W/kg = -0.71 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM1900 GSM 661CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 1880

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.072$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 W/kg

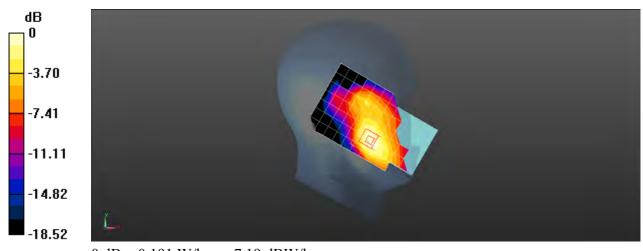
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.869 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.218 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.151 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



0 dB = 0.191 W/kg = -7.19 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM1900 GSM 661CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 1880

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.477$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg

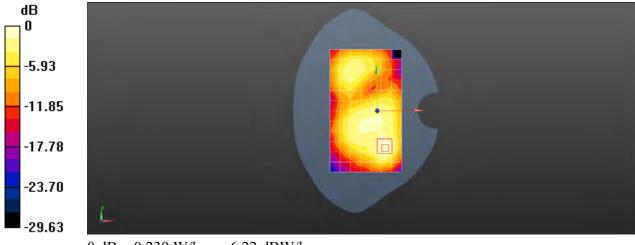
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.231 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.297 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 W/kg



0 dB = 0.239 W/kg = -6.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 GSM1900 GPRS 4TS 661CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS Mode(4up) Communication System (0); Frequency:

1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.0797

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.477$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg

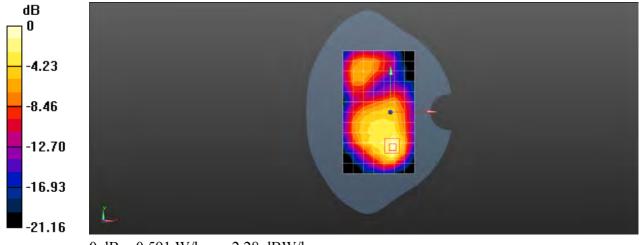
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.749 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.419 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 W/kg



0 dB = 0.591 W/kg = -2.28 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band II 9400CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.072$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 W/kg

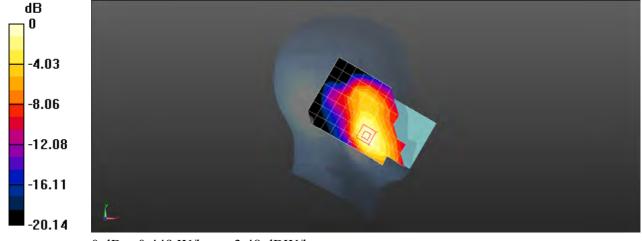
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.866 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.529 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 W/kg



0 dB = 0.449 W/kg = -3.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band II 9400CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.477$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg

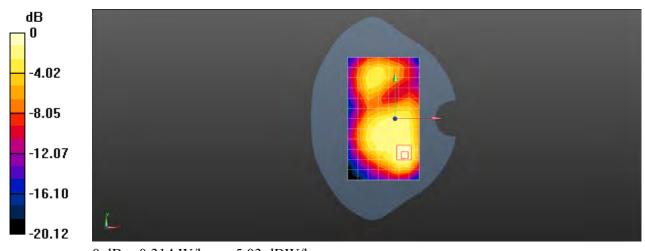
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.575 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band II 9400CH Front side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.477$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg

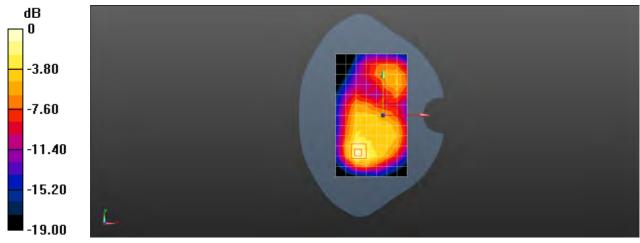
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 W/kg



0 dB = 0.706 W/kg = -1.51 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA 1412CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: PVNZ6TBA85KVOBHU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.301$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

40.466; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.667 W/kg

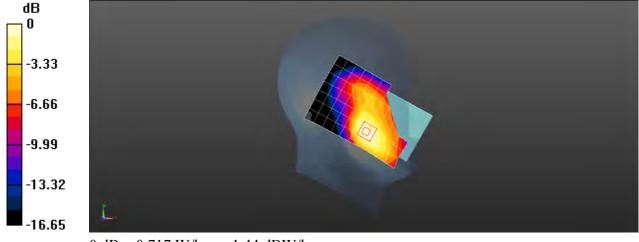
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.545 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 W/kg



0 dB = 0.717 W/kg = -1.44 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band IV 1412CH Front side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.405$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

51.191; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg

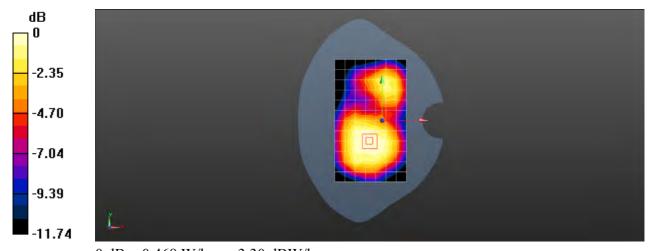
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.539 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg



0 dB = 0.468 W/kg = -3.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band IV 1513CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1753 MHz; σ = 1.429 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.17; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg

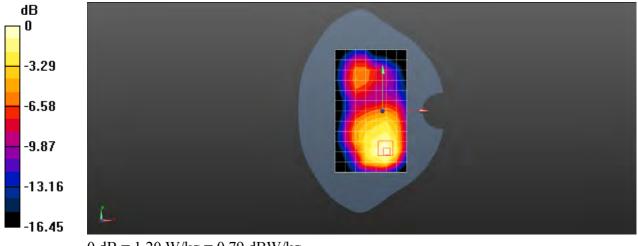
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.923 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band V 4182CH Right cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: PVNZ6TBA85KVOBHU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

40.79; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 W/kg

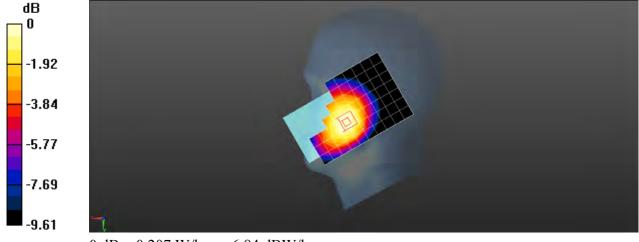
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.475 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 W/kg



0 dB = 0.207 W/kg = -6.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

53.732; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.188 W/kg

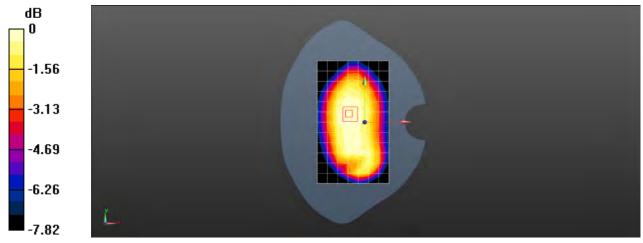
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg



0 dB = 0.183 W/kg = -7.38 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

53.732; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.355 W/kg

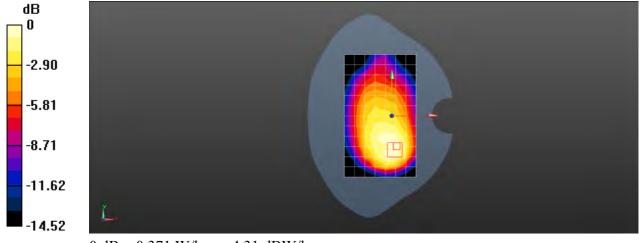
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.371 W/kg



0 dB = 0.371 W/kg = -4.31 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 Offset 19100CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.362$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.029$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: 1640
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg

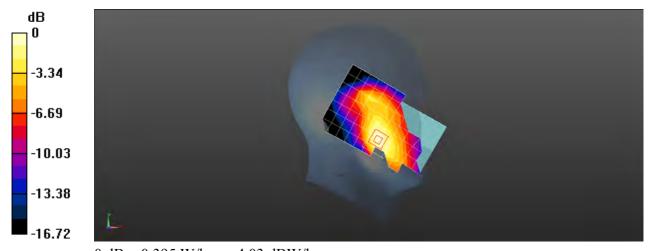
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.697 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 W/kg



0 dB = 0.395 W/kg = -4.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 Offset 19100CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.443$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 W/kg

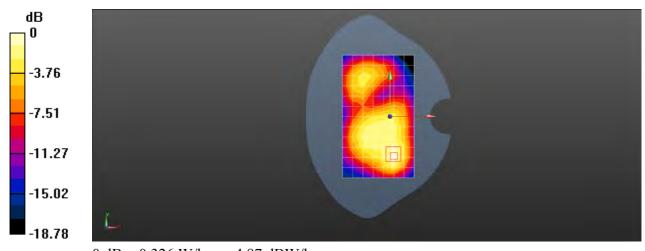
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 W/kg



0 dB = 0.326 W/kg = -4.87 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 Offset 19100CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.443$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.910 W/kg

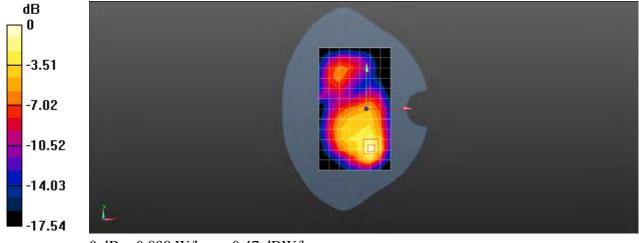
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.662 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 W/kg



0 dB = 0.898 W/kg = -0.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20600CH Right cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 0.892$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.742$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 W/kg

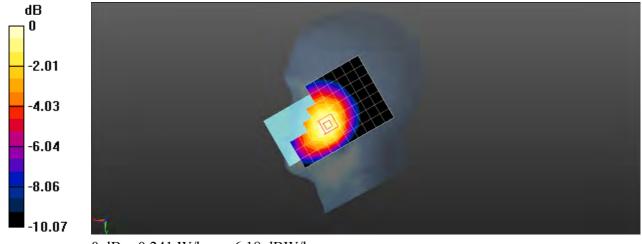
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.209 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.241 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 Offset 20600CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 0.981$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.676$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg

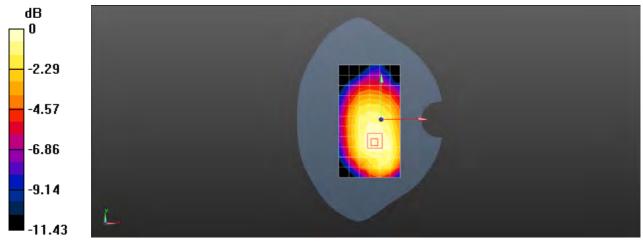
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg



0 dB = 0.224 W/kg = -6.50 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 Offset 20600CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 0.981$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.676$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(9.98, 9.98, 9.98); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg

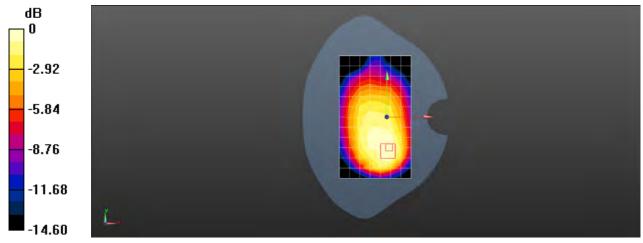
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.279 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 W/kg



0 dB = 0.362 W/kg = -4.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21100CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.972$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.172$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 W/kg

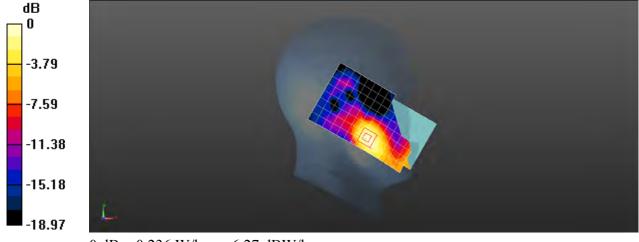
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.856 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 W/kg



0 dB = 0.236 W/kg = -6.27 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21100CH Front side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.073$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.422$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg

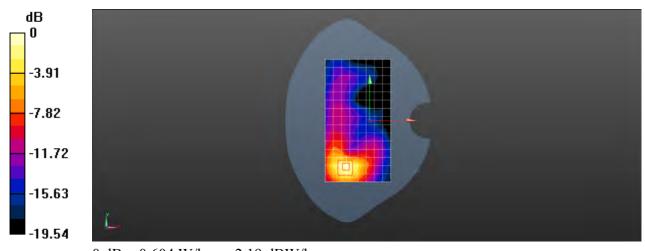
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.282 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 W/kg



0 dB = 0.604 W/kg = -2.19 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21350CH Front side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.107$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg

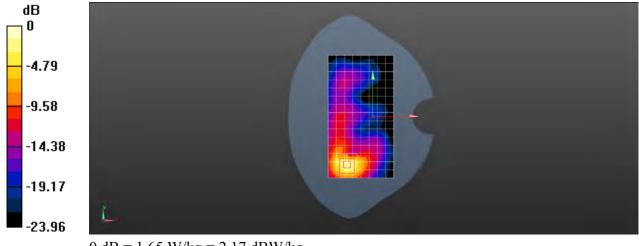
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.954 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.481 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg



0 dB = 1.65 W/kg = 2.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23060CH Right cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: OJTOTOG6D6LJHARS

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.817$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.743$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg

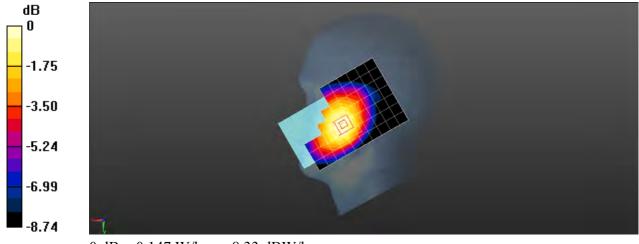
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.223 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 W/kg



0 dB = 0.147 W/kg = -8.33 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 Offset 23060CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.929$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.998$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(10.37, 10.37, 10.37); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg

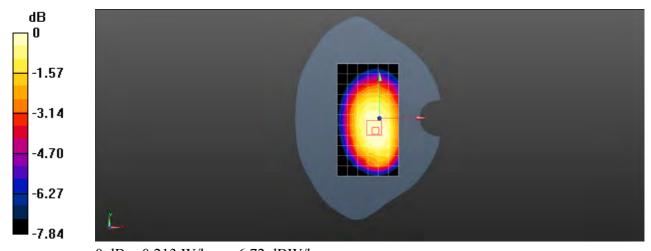
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.233 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.213 W/kg



0 dB = 0.213 W/kg = -6.72 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 Offset 23060CH Left side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: WWCITGSCJFVOV4AE

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.929$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.998$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(10.37, 10.37, 10.37); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 W/kg

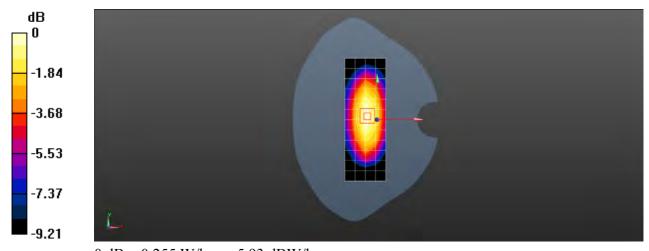
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 W/kg



0 dB = 0.255 W/kg = -5.93 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 66 20M QPSK 1RB50 132572CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: VWP7HE65YDEMN76T

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1770 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.371$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 W/kg

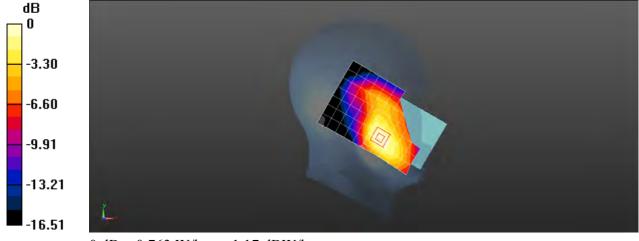
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.903 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.609 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 W/kg



0 dB = 0.763 W/kg = -1.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 66 20M QPSK 1RB50 Offset 132572CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1770 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; $\sigma = 1.448$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.178$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 W/kg

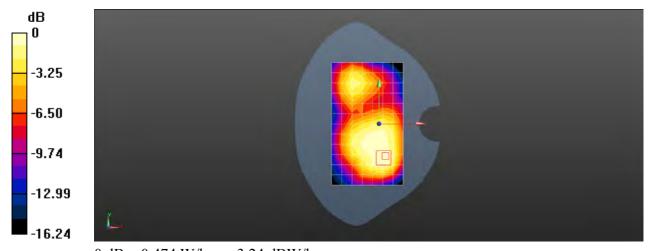
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.373 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 W/kg



0 dB = 0.474 W/kg = -3.24 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 LTE Band 66 20M QPSK 1RB50 Offset 132322CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: 5D49MVSK5TNNBEU4

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.174$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 2018-01-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1428; Calibrated: 2018-01-17
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg

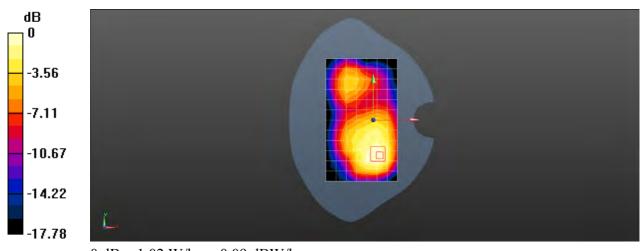
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.798 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.09 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WiFi 802.11b 6CH Right cheek

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: CMEEUWEYWCI7CIH6

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.862$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.539$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

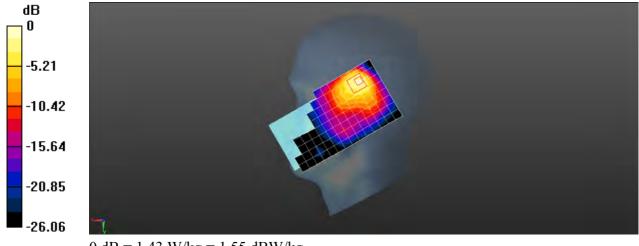
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.916 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg



0 dB = 1.43 W/kg = 1.55 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WiFi 802.11b 6CH Front side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: VWP7HE65YDEMN76T

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.719$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

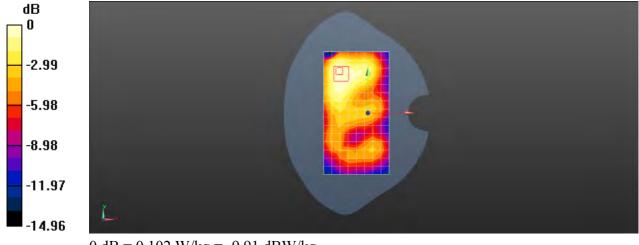
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg



0 dB = 0.102 W/kg = -9.91 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F18 WiFi 802.11b 6CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F18; Type: Smartphone; Serial: VWP7HE65YDEMN76T

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.719$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2018-02-08;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

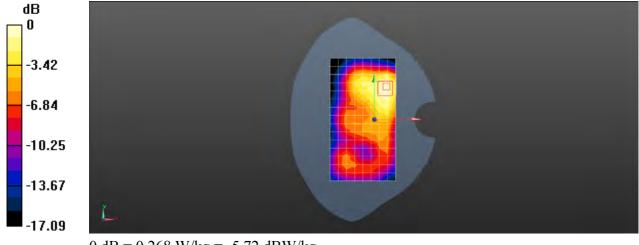
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.285 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.347 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg



0 dB = 0.268 W/kg = -5.72 dBW/kg