Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

# **RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

# MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

## Applicable Standard

According to subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

| (B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure |                                  |                                  |  |                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency Range<br>(MHz)                                | Electric Field<br>Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field<br>Strength (A/m) | Power Density<br>(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time<br>(minutes) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3–1.34  | 614                              | 1.63                             | *(100)                                 | 30                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.34–30   | 824/f                            | 2.19/f                           | *(180/f <sup>2</sup> )                 | 30                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30–300  | 27.5                             | 0.073                            | 0.2                                    | 30                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300-1500  | /                                | /                                | f/1500                                 | 30                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1500-100,000  | /                                | /                                | 1.0                                    | 30                          |  |  |  |  |  |

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

#### Result

#### Calculation formula:

Prediction of power density at the distance of the applicable MPE limit

 $S = PG/4\pi R^2$  = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_{i} \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

## **Calculated Data:**

For worst case:

| Mode | Frequency<br>(MHz)    | Antenna Gain <sup>#</sup> |           | Max Tune-up<br>Power <sup>#</sup> |        | Evaluation<br>Distance | Power<br>Density | MPE<br>Limit |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
|      |                       | (dBi)                     | (numeric) | (dBm)                             | (mW)   | (cm)                   | $(mW/cm^2)$      | $(mW/cm^2)$  |
| BT   | 2402-2480             | 0                         | 1.00      | 4.5                               | 2.82   | 20                     | 0.0006           | 1.0          |
| DECT | 1921.536-<br>1928.448 | 0                         | 1.00      | 20.0                              | 100.00 | 20                     | 0.0199           | 1.0          |

Note:

1) The tune up conducted power and antenna gain was declared by the applicant.

2) The DECT function can transmit at the same time with the BT function.

Simultaneous transmitting consideration (worst case):

The ratio=MPE<sub>BT</sub>/limit+ MPE<sub>DECT</sub>/limit = 0.0006/1.0+0.0199/1.0=0.021<1.0

So simultaneous exposure is compliant.

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

#### **Result:** Compliant.