

Test Report

C9120AXE-x

Cisco Catalyst C9120AX Series 802.11ax Access Point AUX 5GHz Radio

FCC ID: LDKEDAC92157

5725-5850 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.407 RSS-247



Cisco Systems

170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134

Author: Chris Blair

Tested By: Chris Blair

Title: Radio Compliance Manager

Revision: See EDCS

This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS – **19885489**. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system.

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Section 1: Overview

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

Specifications:	
CFR47 Part 15.407	
RSS-247	

Measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01



Section 2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature 15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)

Atmospheric Pressure 860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")

Humidity 10% to 75*%

Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB] The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

 $\hbox{Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss } \\$

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m



Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	± 2.4 10-7
temperature measurements	± 0.54°
humidity measurements	± 2.3%
DC and low frequency measurements	± 2.5%

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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2.2 Date of testing

27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020

2.3 Report Issue Date

3-Aug-2020

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2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

Testing Laboratory

Cisco Systems, Inc., 125 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Registration Numbers for Industry Canada

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier	
Building P, 10m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-2	
	San Jose, CA 95134		
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-1	
	San Jose, CA 95134		
Building I, 5m Chamber	285 W. Tasman Drive	Company #: 2461M-1	
	San Jose, California 95134		

Test Engineers

Chris Blair

2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

C9120AXE



2.6 EUT Description

The radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes. Data is recorded at the lowest supported data rate for each mode. This report covers operation on channel 1-11.

802.11g - Non HT20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

			Antenna Gain
Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	(dBi)
		-E SKU	
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DB-R/=	Black, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DG-R/=	Gray, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 2 dBi/5 GHz 4 dBi Dipole Ant.,	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524DW-R/=	White, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz	2.4GHz&5GHz 2.4 GHz 3dBi/5 GHz 5 dBi Low Profile		3dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2535SDW-R	Antenna, White, connectors RP-TNC	5dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 6 dBi/5 GHz 6 dBi Directionnel	6dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2566P4W-R=	Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	6dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4GHz 2 dBi/5GHz 4 dBi Ceiling Mount	2dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2524V4C-R=	Omni Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4GHz 4 dBi/5GHz 4 dBi Wall Mount	4dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2544V4M-R=	Omni Ant., 4-port, connectors RP-TNC	4dBi@5GHz
2.4GHz&5GHz		2.4 GHz 6 dBi/5 GHz 6 dBi 60 Deg. Patch	6dBi@2.4GHz
	AIR-ANT2566D4M-R=	Ant., 4-port, RP-TNC	6dBi@5GHz



Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

Conducted emissions

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407 RSS-247	6dB Bandwidth: Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400-2483.5MHz band. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	Pass
FCC 15.407 RSS-GEN	99% & 26 dB Bandwidth: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.	
	The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.	
FCC 15.407 RSS-247	Output Power: For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.	Pass
FCC 15.407 RSS-247	Power Spectral Density: 15.407 The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.	Pass
FCC 15.407 RSS-247	Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.	Pass
FCC 15.209 FCC 152.05 RSS-GEN	Restricted band: Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a).	Pass

Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

National Content requirements)				
Basic Standard	Basic Standard Technical Requirements / Details			
FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205 RSS-GEN	TX Spurious Emissions: Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the filed strength limits table in this section.	Not Tested		
FCC 15.207 RSS-GEN AC conducted Emissions: Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the ray voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in trange of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency reboundaries.		Not Tested		

^{*} MPE calculation is recorded in a separate report



Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	C9120AXE	Foxconn for Cisco Systems	P2	Radio FW version: 14948.1490 6.r39657 0 NSS FW version: NA	MERAKI_BUILD.extra Tue May 19 23:48:59 EDT 2020 rtp-ads-139 /nobackup/eyankevi/Vanc- E_VE_c172_thr_May09/ router * c172_throttle svn base: e9efe10221685e51d1416 3c2ee72cce9d8a2b6eb commit: e9efe10221685e51d1416 3c2ee72cce9d8a2b6eb tree 6797e9baff4e17c79f909af 3c9fcbb1eec7fc354	FOC24172PVV

4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	C9120AXE	S01

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Mode#	Description	Comments
1	Continuously Transmitting	Constant duty cycle, all tests but Rx Spurious
2	Constant receive	Rx Spurious

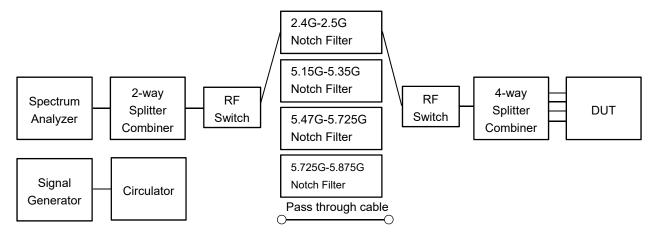
All measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01



Appendix A: Emission Test Results

Conducted Test Setup Diagram



Target Maximum Channel Power
The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)		
	Frequency (MHz)		
Operating Mode	5720 5745 5785		
Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	8 16 15		



A.1 Duty Cycle

Duty Cycle Test Requirement

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

1. All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100 percent duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100 percent duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, *T*, are required for each tested mode of operation.

Duty Cycle Test Method

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01:

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver, if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW ≥ EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

Duty Cycle Test Information

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	
_	EUT	S01	\checkmark	
1				✓

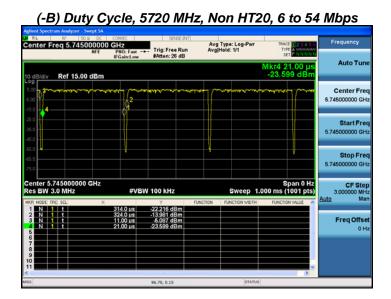
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Duty Cycle Data Table

Duty Cycle table and screen captures are shown below for power/psd modes.

Frequency	Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle correction (dB)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.1
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.1
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.1
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.1





A.2 6dB Bandwidth

15.407 / RSS-247 Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013

6 BW

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode.
- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -6dB within the measurement set up function.
- 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement.
- 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.8.2 Option 2

6 BW

Test parameters

X dB BW = 6dB (using the OBW function of the spectrum analyzer)

Span = Large enough to capture the entire EBW

RBW = 100 KHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Peak or where practical sample shall be used

Trace = Max. Hold

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
	EUT	S01	\checkmark	
1				✓

Tested By :	Date of testing:	
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020	
Test Result : PASS		

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

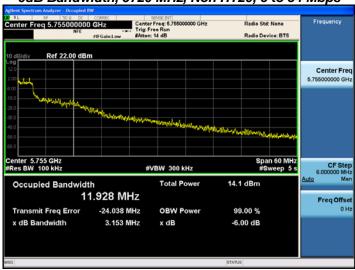
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6dB Bandwidth Table

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	6dB BW (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Margin (MHz)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	3.2	>500	2.70
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	16.3	>500	15.80
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	16.3	>500	15.80
					·
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	16.3	>500	15.80

6dB Bandwidth, 5720 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps





A.3 99% and 26dB Bandwidth

FCC 15.407 / RSS-GEN The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.

The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Procedure

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

99% BW and EBW (-26dB)

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode.
- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -26dB and OBW power function to 99% within the measurement set up function.
- 4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement.
- 5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

11011 7 11 10 1 0 0 0 1 10 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
99% BW and EBW (-26dB)
Test parameters
Span = 1.5 x to 5.0 times OBW
RBW = approx. 1% to 5% of the OBW
VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
Detector = Peak or where practical sample shall be used
Trace - May Hold

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	S01	\checkmark	
1				✓

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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99% and 26dB Bandwidth Table

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	26dB BW (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	13.1	12.617
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	36.5	19.791
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	36.3	18.224
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	34.3	17.242

(-B) 26dB-99% BW, 5720 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps





A.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power

15.407 / RSS-247 For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

The peak correlated gain for each mode is listed in the table below. See the Theory of Operation for details on the correlated gain for each mode.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013

Output Power

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power
- 2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges.
- 3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.3.2.2 Method SA-1

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Output Power
Test parameters
Span = >1.5 times the OBW
RBW = 1MHz
VBW≥3xRBW
Sweep = Auto couple
Detector = sample
Trace = Trace Average 100

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2)

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	\checkmark	
1				\searrow

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

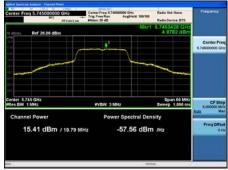
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Maximum Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	8.3	0.1	8.4	30.0	21.58
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	15.4	0.1	15.6	30.0	14.45
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	14.7	0.1	14.9	30.0	15.15
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	14.2	0.1	14.3	30.0	15.68

(-B) Maximum Transmit Power, 5745 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A



A.5 Power Spectral Density

15.407 / **RSS-247** The power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

Power Spectral Density Test Procedure 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below and Peak search marker 4. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 v01 section F.5

Power Spectral Density
Test parameters
Span = >1.5 times the OBW
RBW = 500 kHz.
VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
Sweep = 10s
Detector = Peak
Trace = Single Sweep
Marker = Peak Search

The "Measure and add 10 log(N) dB technique", where N is the number of outputs, is used for measuring in-band Power Spectral Density. With this technique, spectrum measurements are performed at each output of the device, and the quantity 10 log(4) (or 6dB) is added to the worst case spectrum value before comparing to the emission limit. (ANSI C63.10 2013 section 14.3.2.3)

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	S01	\searrow	
1				\square

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Power Spectral Density

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 PSD (dBm/500kHz)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Margin (dB)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	1.5	0.1	1.6	30.0	28.35
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	1.6	0.1	1.8	30.0	28.24
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	1.0	0.1	1.1	30.0	28.89
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	0.8	0.1	0.9	30.0	29.06

(-B) Power Spectral Density 15., 5745 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A



A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions

15.205 / 15.209 / LP0002 - Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

RSS-Gen 8.9: Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

RSS-Gen 8.10 (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of Table 6 shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of Table 6 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Use formula below to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements

E[dBµV/m] = EIRP[dBm] - 20 log(d[meters]) + 104.77, where E = field strength and d = 3 meter

- 1) Average Plot, Limit= -41.25 dBm eirp
- 2) Peak plot, Limit = -21.25 dBm eirp

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Record the marker waveform peak to spur difference. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
- 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.7.3 (average) & 12.7.6 (peak)

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test parameters

Span = 30MHz to 18GHz / 18GHz to 40GHz

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW for Peak, 1kHz for Average

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max Hold.



System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	✓	
'				\checkmark

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



Conducted Spurious Average Table

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-58.7	0.1	-52.5	-41.25	11.27
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-58.1	0.1	-51.9	-41.25	10.67
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-59.1	0.1	-52.9	-41.25	11.69
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-59.8	0.1	-53.6	-41.25	12.39



(-B) Conducted Spurs Average, 5745 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A

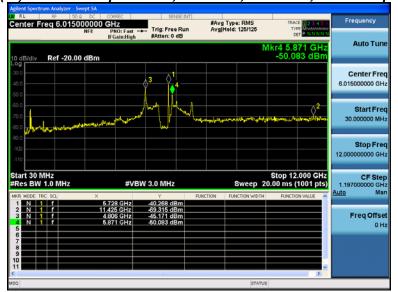


Conducted Spurious Peak

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-45.2	0.1	-39.1	-21.25	17.80
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-47.5	0.1	-41.4	-21.25	20.10
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-48.2	0.1	-42.1	-21.25	20.80
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-48.4	0.1	-42.3	-21.25	21.00



(-B) Conducted Spurs Peak, 5720 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A



A.7 Conducted Bandedge

15.205 / 15.247 / LP0002 / RSS-247 In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r05

ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Band edge

Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
- 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r05 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
- 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 4. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands..
- 5. The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
- 6. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands
- 7. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Conducted	Ba	nde	dge
Toot paramet	oro	non	rootri

Test parameters non-restricted Band

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 section 11.1b, 11.2-3, also see

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 11.10.3

RBW = 100 kHz VBW ≥ 3 x RBW Sweep = Auto couple Detector = Peak Trace = Max Hold.

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
_	EUT	S01	\checkmark	
1				\triangleright

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Chris Blair	27-Jul-2020 - 28-Jul-2020
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

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Conducted Bandedge Peak (Left Side)

Frequency (MHz)		Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-53.9	-47.8	-27.0	20.75

(-B) Conducted Bandedge 15407L, 5745 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



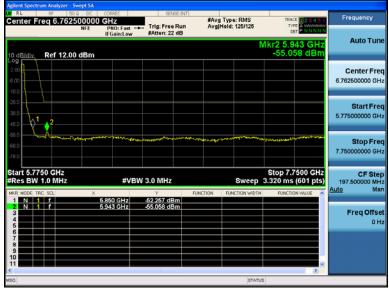
Antenna A



Conducted Bandedge Peak (Right Side)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-55.1	-49.0	-27.0	21.95
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	6	-56.0	-49.9	-27.0	22.85

(-B) Conducted Bandedge 15407R, 5785 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A



Appendix B: Radiated and AC Conducted Emission Test Results

Not included in this report.

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Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item
57478	Cisco ATIL	Automation Test Insertion Loss	NA	NA	A1-A7
50721	Keysight N9030A-550	PXA Signal Analyzer, 3Hz to 50GHz	16 Apr 2020	16 Apr 2021	A1-A7
55096	NI PXI-1042	PXI chassis	NA	NA	A1-A7
57239	NI PXI-8115	Embedded controller	NA	NA	A1-A7
57225	NI PXI-5422	200 MS/s, 16-bit Arbitrary Waveform Generator	02 Oct 2019	02 Oct 2020	A1-A7
57226	NI PXI-5422	200 MS/s, 16-bit Arbitrary Waveform Generator	02 Oct 2019	02 Oct 2020	A1-A7
57250	NI PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	NA	NA	A1-A7
57251	NI PXI-2799	PXI switch 1x1	NA	NA	A1-A7
56093	NI PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	NA	NA	A1-A7
58256	Comet T7611-4	WEB SENSOR FOR REMOTE THERMOMETER HYGROMETER	27 Feb 2020	27 Feb 2021	A1-A7
56328	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	25 Feb 2020	25 Feb 2021	A1-A7

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Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1x10³)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1x10 ⁶)
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1x10 ⁹)
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	Н	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1x10 ³)
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1x10 ⁻⁶)
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	μА	Micro Amp (1x10 ⁻⁶)
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1x10 ⁻³)
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
Р	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

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Appendix E: Photographs of Test Setups

Please refer to the attachment

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Appendix F: Software Used to Perform Testing

Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software, version 167

Appendix G: Test Procedures

Measurements were made in accordance with

- KDB Publication No. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
- KDB Publication No. 662911 MIMO
- ANSI C63.4 2014 Unintentional Radiators
- ANSI C63.10 2013 Intentional Radiators

Test procedures are summarized below:

FCC 5GHz Test Procedures	EDCS # 1445048
FCC 5GHz RSE Test Procedures	EDCS # 1511600

Appendix H: Scope of Accreditation (A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf

Appendix I: Test Assessment Plan

Target Power Tables EDCS# 18087112

END

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