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TEST REPORT

EUT Description	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 add	apter card
Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX203	
Model Name	AX203D2W	
FCC ID	PD9AX203D2	
Date of Test Start/End	2022-07-25 / 2022-08-02	
Features	802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2Wi-Fi + Blue (See section 5)	etooth® 5.1
Description	Engineering sample + Skycross ante	enna
Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications	
Address	100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 / C	olumbia, SC 29210 / United States
Contact Person	Steven Hackett	
Telephone/Fax/ Email	steven.c.hackett@intel.com	
Reference Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 RSS-102, issue 5 (see section 1)	
RF Exposure Environment	Portable devices - General population	n/uncontrolled exposure
Exposure Conditions	Body worn	
	SAR Result	SAR Limit
Maximum SAR Result & Limit	0.80 W/kg (1g)	1.6 W/kg (1g)
Min. test separation distance	8 mm to phantom	
Test Report identification	220611-11-TR01	
Revision Control	Rev. 00 This test report revision replaces any (see section 8)	/ previous test report revision
	amples tested. , except in full, without the written approva used only by full reproduction of test repo	
		Reviewed by

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

	1. FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2019-10-01 Edition
	 FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 – SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
FCC	4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet
	 Computers. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. IEEE Std 1528-2013 – IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques
ISED	 ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 – Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands ISED RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures SPR-001 SAR testing requirements with regard to bystanders for laptop type computers with antennas built-In on display screen (Laptop Mode / Tablet Mode) ISED Notice 2020-DRS2020 Applicability of IEC/IEEE62209-1528 and IEC 62209 -3 standard ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 – Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 – SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 – RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz) SPEAG, application Note, "SAR, Absorbed & Incident Power Density with DASY8", Interim Procedures (version 3) for 6-10GHz.

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- \checkmark Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility with respect to the identified information provided by the customer and that may affect the validity of results.
- Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and 1 interpretations.
- Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the \checkmark item under test and the results of the test.
- Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure \checkmark correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- Complete or partial reproduction of the report cannot be made without written permission of Intel WRF Lab.

3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	21.8°C ± 0.5°C
Humidity	41% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	19.2ºC ± 1ºC

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	200928-02. S07	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 adapter card	AX203D2W	WFM:90CCDF6D03E9	2020-10-22	-
#01	160107-01.S11	NGFF Extender	PC00495	4955013-097	2016-07-01	-
	200611-01.S18 Laptop		DELL Latitude 5490	63w17y2	202011	-
	180201-02.S23	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2018-02-14	-

5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX203		Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX203		
Model Name	AX203D2W				
Software Version	DRTU.02227.99.0.73				
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.73.4, BT 22.1	00.39014.21376			
Prototype / Production	Production				
Host Identification	Engineering sample				
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 - 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 - 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 - 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 - 5850.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 - 5850.0 MHz)		– 5250.0 MHz) – 5350.0 MHz) – 5725.0 MHz) – 5850.0 MHz)		
	Bluetooth	2.4GHz (2400.0 -			
Antenna Information	Transmitter Manufacturer Antenna type Part number See Annex <i>E</i> for more de	Aux SkyCross PIFA n/a tails on antennas location.	Main SkyCross PIFA n/a		
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main				
	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report				
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TD)	NR) is supported by the de	vice		
	Band gap is supported by	the device			

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400- 2483.5	17.49
	BPSK QPSK 400%/	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM	
802.11a/n/ac/ax			5.3GHz	5250-5350	15.85
002.11d/11/dC/dX	100%	16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	15.79
		256QAM	5.8GHz	5725-5850	15.92
BDR/EDR v5.1	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400- 2483.5	10.11
Bluetooth LE v5.1	56%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400- 2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured





Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Aux (dBm)	Main (dBm	
	802.11b	20	17.50	17.50	
	802.11g	20	17.50	17.50	
DTS	802.11n20	20	17.50	17.50	
013	802.11ax20	20	17.50	17.50	
	802.11n40	40	16.50	16.50	
	802.11ax40	40	16.50	16.50	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1	10.50		
DT	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1	10.00		
BT	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1	10.00		
	BLE	2	9.00		

6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.50	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.2GHz	NM	NA
	5.3GHz	0.80	Р
	5.6GHz	0.67	Р
	5.8GHz	0.35	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.10	Р

P: Pass F: Fail NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class				
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII		
Body Worn	0.50	0.10	0.80		
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: 0.97	Sum-SAR: 1.41	Sum-SAR: 1.41		

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	F.Malika	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

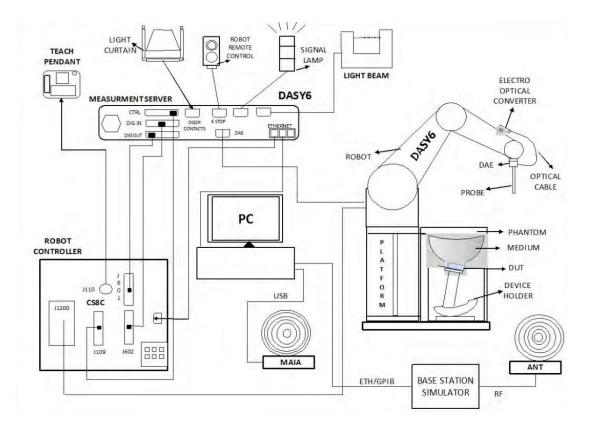
E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- \checkmark ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool

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A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm



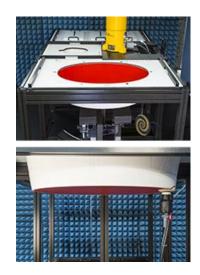


A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

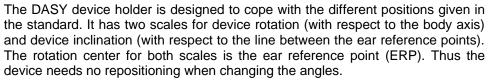
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm



A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation



Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within $\pm 30^{\circ}$ of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than $\pm 30^{\circ}$, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.



• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of $\pm 5\%$.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



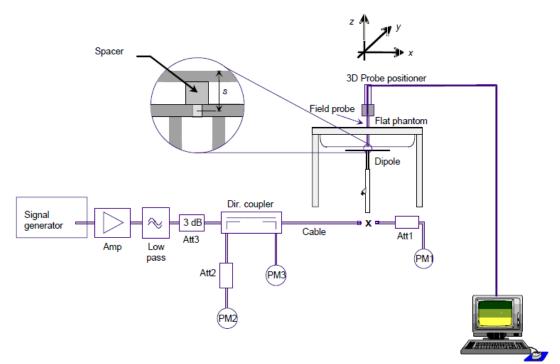
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.

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A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- ✓ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR				
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)			
150	61.9	0.80			
300	58.2	0.92			
450	56.7	0.94			
835	55.2	0.97			
900	55.0	1.05			
1450	54.0	1.30			
1800-2000	53.3	1.52			
2450	52.7	1.95			
3000	52.0	2.73			
5800	48.2	6.00			

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ϵ_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #4

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
004-006	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7604	SPEAG	2021-08-16	2022-08-16
003-016	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1705	SPEAG	2022-04-28	2023-04-28
001-008	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V8.0	2059	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-009	Measurement Software	DASY6 v6.12	9-618AE2F1	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-010	MAIA Antenna	MAIA	1255	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-000	6-Axis Robot	TX60 Lspeag	F12/5MZ3A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
001-002	Light Beam Unit	LB5/80	N/A	Di-soric	NA	NA
001-003	Laptop Holder	N/A	N/A	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-004	Robot Controller	CS8C	F12/5MZ3A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
001-005	Electro Optical Converter	EOC60	1076	SPEAG	NA	NA

Shared equipment

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Manufacturer		Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2021-04- 13	2023-04-13
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2021-04- 13	2023-04-13
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
369-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1309	SPEAG	2021-03- 10	2023-03-10
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2022-02- 01	2022-08-01
078-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	-	Huber & Suhner	2022-02- 01	2022-08-01
079-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	-	Huber & Suhner	2022-02- 01	2022-08-01
126-000	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2021-05- 27	2023-05-27
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32- F0DED9	AVTECH	2021-03- 09	2023-03-09
089-000	Vector Reflectometer R140	PLANAR R140	0190616	R&S	2021-09- 02	2023-09-02
198-000	Power Amplifier	TVA-82-213A+	2004003	Mini-circuits	2022-02- 01	2022-08-01
070-000	2.45GHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2020-05-19	2024-05-19
068-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2021-05- 18	2023-05-18

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
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Body WideBand	AG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 180206-04	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol
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A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget							
	According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz) including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010							
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)
Measurer	ment System Errors							
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %
CF drif t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	Ν	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %
Δ sys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %
Phantom	and Device Errors							
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	Ν	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %
н	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulationm	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
RF drif t	DUT drift	±5.0 %	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %
Correctio	n to the SAR results							
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	Ν	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %
Combi	ined Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer
Conducted measurement	S.Armel
SAR measurement	F. Malika

Test Conditions B.1

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX203 card (Engineering sample) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version DRTU.01188.99.0.69) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 8 mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Chain A	Chain B
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B.1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

 $[(\max, power of channel, including tune - up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot \int_{GHz} f_{(GHz)}$ \leq 3.0 for 1g SAR, and \leq 7.5 for 10g extremity SAR

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

 $\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHZ}/150) \rangle mW$, (2) for 100MHz to 1500MHz $((Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10))mW$, (3)

for 1500MHz and $\leq 6GHz$

	Bond	Output	power	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
LAN Antenna	Band Name	dBm	mW	nt Face	k Face	9 Edge	ıt Edge	t Edge	m Edge	nt Face	k Face) Edge	ıt Edge	t Edge	m Edge
	DTS	17.50	56.23	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Main	U-NII-2A	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Main	U-NII-2C	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	DTS	17.50	56.23	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Aux	U-NII-2C	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
T. Testeda e	BT	10.50	11.22	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex F for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.







B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

• \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz

• \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

• \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and

B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					A	ux	M	ain	SAR																								
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																								
			1	2412	17.45	17.50	17.49	17.50	Yes																								
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	17.34	17.50	17.45	17.50																									
			11	2462	17.15	17.50	17.47	17.50																									
			1	2412		17.50		17.50																									
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		17.50		17.50																									
			11	2462		17.50		17.50																									
		HTO HEO HTO	НТО	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	НТО	HT0	HT0	1	2412		17.25		17.50																
2.4GHz (DTS)	802.11n20											HT0	6	2437		17.25		17.50															
Hz Hz			11	2462		17.25	_	17.50																									
Ð										HE0 (1	11 3	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	1	2412		17.50		17.50	No ²									
rs)	802.11ax20																	HE0	HE0	HE0	11	HE0	HE0	6	2437	NR ¹	17.50	NR ¹	17.50	-			
																														2462		17.50	
																							3 2	2422		16.50		16.50					
	802.11n40											2437		16.50		16.50																	
			9	2452		16.50		16.50																									
	802.11ax40 HE0	3	2422		16.50	7	16.50																										
		40 HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HE0	HE0	HE0	6	6 2437		16.50		16.50										
Initial test or			9	2452		16.50		16.50																									

Initial test configuration

1.

NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. 2.

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B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					A	ux	Ма	ain	CAD														
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?														
			36	5180		16.00		16.00															
	802.11a	GMbpa	40	5200		16.00	-	16.00															
	002.11a	6Mbps	44	5220		16.00		16.00															
			48 5240 16.00		16.00																		
		11n20 HT0	HT0 HE0	36 5180 16.00		16.00																	
	902 11:20			HT0	HT0	40	5200		16.00		16.00												
(7)	602.11h20					HIU	HIU	HIO	HIO	HIO	HI0 -	44 5220		16.00		16.00							
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)				48	5240		16.00		16.00														
э́Нz		HE0		HE0	HE0 -	36	5180		16.00		16.00												
Ģ	000 11 ov 20					HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ²		
N N N	802.11ax20														HEU	TIEU	44	5220		16.00		16.00	
1)																			-				
	000.44.40		38	5190		16.00		16.00															
	802.11n40	HT0	46	5230		16.00		16.00															
	902 11ov 10		38	5190		16.00		16.00															
	802.11ax40	HE0 VHT0	46	5230		16.00		16.00															
	802.11ac80		42	5210		16.00		16.00															
Initial toat o	802.11ax80	HE0	42	5210		16.00		16.00															

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)

5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

inte



					A	\ux	I	Main	SAR																		
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																		
			52	5260		16.00		16.00																			
	802.11a	6Mbpa	56	5280		16.00		16.00																			
	602.1Ta	6Mbps	60	5300		16.00		16.00																			
			64	5320		16.00		16.00																			
			52	5260		16.00		16.00																			
	802.11n20	што	56	5280		16.00		16.00																			
ഗ	002.111120	HT0	HIU	HIU	піо	HIU	HIU	HIU	HIU	HIU	пі	IIIU	пі	HIU	60	5300		16.00		16.00							
.3G			64	5320		16.00		16.00																			
Hz					52	5260	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{2,5}																
Ú-	802.11ax20	HE0	56	5280		16.00	INFC ¹ ,°	16.00	INO ^{_,} °																		
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)	602.11ax20	ΠEU	60	5300		16.00		16.00																			
PA)			64	5320		16.00		16.00																			
	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270		16.00		16.00																			
	602.111140	піо	62	5310		16.00		16.00																			
	802.11ax40									HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HEO	НЕО		шел	НЕО	нео	54	54	5270		16.00		16.00	
	002.118.40	TIEU	62	5310		16.00		16.00																			
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	15.85	16.00	15.79	16.00	Yes																		
	802.11ax80	HE0	58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{2,5}																		

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.

4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

 SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					A	\ux		Main																	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?																
			100	5500		16.00		16.00	l																
			104	5520		16.00		16.00																	
			108	5540		16.00		16.00																	
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		16.00		16.00																	
	002.11a	UNIDPS	116	5580		16.00		16.00																	
			120	5600		16.00		16.00																	
			124	5620		16.00		16.00																	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00																	
				100	5500		16.00		16.00																
			104	5520		16.00		16.00																	
			108	5540		16.00		16.00																	
	802.11n20	μтο	112	5560		16.00		16.00																	
	002.111120	52.111120 1110	HT0	116	5580		16.00		16.00																
			120	5600		16.00		16.00	No ^{4,6}																
	5.6GHz (U-NII-2C) 802.11ax20 HE		124	5620	- NR ^{1,3}	16.00	- NR ^{1,3}	16.00																	
5.6			128	5640		16.00		16.00																	
ĞF			100	5500		16.00		16.00	INO ","																
) zł																			104	5520		16.00		16.00	
U-7																108	5540		16.00		16.00				
	802.11ax20	HE0	112	5560		16.00	-	16.00	-																
²C)	002.11820	ΠEU	116	5580		16.00		16.00																	
			120	5600		16.00		16.00																	
			124	5620		16.00		16.00																	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00																	
			102	5510		16.00		16.00																	
	000 11-10		110	5550		16.00		16.00																	
	802.11n40	HT0	118	5590		16.00		16.00																	
			126	5630		16.00		16.00																	
			102	5510		16.00		16.00																	
	802.11ax40 HE0	110	5550		16.00		16.00																		
		HEU	118	5590		16.00		16.00	-																
			126	5630		16.00		16.00																	
			106	5530	15.79	16.00	15.71	16.00	Ň																
	802.11ac80	VHT0	122	5610	15.63	16.00	15.67	16.00	Yes																
		106	5530		16.00		16.00	NI-46																	
	802.11ax80	HE0	122	5610	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{4,6}																

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power

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measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)

- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					A	ux	M	ain	SAR											
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?											
			132	5660		16.00		16.00												
			136	5680		16.00		16.00												
			140	5700		16.00		16.00												
	000 44-	CM there	149	5745		16.00		16.00												
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		16.00		16.00												
			157	5785		16.00		16.00												
			161	5805		16.00		16.00												
			165	5825		16.00		16.00												
			132	5660		16.00		16.00												
			136	5680]	16.00		16.00												
			140	5700		16.00		16.00												
	902 11-20	цтο	149	5745		16.00		16.00												
	802.11n20	HT0	153	5765		16.00		16.00												
				-	157	5785		16.00		16.00										
(5			161	5805		16.00	NR ¹	16.00	No ^{4,6}											
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			165	5825	NR ¹	16.00		16.00												
5.8			132	5660		16.00		16.00												
GH			136			16.00		16.00												
z (l		20 HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0 -	HE0	HE0	140	5700	_	16.00	_	16.00		
ż	802.11ax20												нео	HE0 149	5745		16.00		16.00	
 	002.11ax20												153	5765	1	16.00	-	16.00		
3			157	5785		16.00		16.00												
			161	5805		16.00		16.00												
			165	5825		16.00		16.00												
			134	5670		16.00		16.00												
	802.11n40	НТО	142	5710		16.00		16.00												
	802.11140	1110	151	5755		16.00		16.00												
			159	5795		16.00		16.00												
			134	5670		16.00		16.00												
	802 11ov 10		142	5710		16.00		16.00												
	802.11ax40 HE0	ΠEU	151	5755		16.00		16.00												
			159	5795		16.00		16.00												
	902 110090		138	5690	15.85	16.00	15.92	16.00	Yes											
	802.11ac80	VHT0	155	5775	15.85	16.00	15.76	16.00												
	902 11ov00		138	5690	NR ¹	16.00	NR ¹	16.00	No ^{4,6}											
	802.11ax80	HE0	155	5775		16.00	INK'	16.00												

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)

5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.



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- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- configuration.
 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)								
			0	2402		8.84	10.50								
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate GFSK				39	2441		9.53	10.50					
	Volt		78	2480		10.11	10.50								
			0	2402			10.00								
N	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK									39	2441			10.00
2.4GHz			78	2480	Aux		10.00								
Hz	Distant		Designation	Destaurts	Basia rata	0	2402			10.00					
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441		NR ¹	10.00								
	V0.1	0 DI OK	78	2480			10.00								
			0	2412			9.00								
	Bluetooth v5.1	Low energy GFSK	20	2442			9.00								
			39	2480			9.00								

Initial test configuration 1. NR: Not Required



B.3 .Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.(MHz)	Target Pa	arameters		ed TSL neters	Deviat	ion (%)	Date
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	Deviation ε'	Deviation σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	50.79	2.10	-3.62	7.69	
5300	48.88	5.42	44.94	5.65	-8.06	4.24	
5500	48.61	5.65	44.54	5.93	-8.37	4.96	2022-07-26
5600	48.47	5.77	44.32	6.05	-8.56	4.85	
5800	48.20	6.00	43.84	6.33	-9.05	5.50	

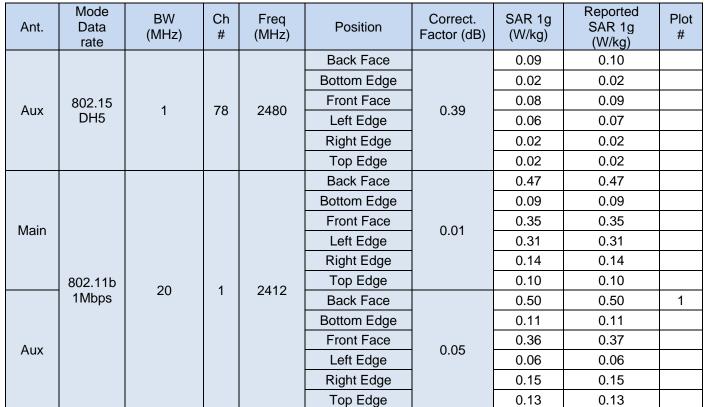
See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	48.90	2.59	3.07		
2450	10g	23.20	1.15	-0.86		
5300	1g	71.70	3.42	-4.60		2022-07-28
5500	10g	20.00	0.97	-3.40		2022-07-28
5500	1g	76.90	4.01	4.29	±10	
5500	10g	21.20	1.11	4.72		
5600	1g	76.50	3.82	-0.13		2022-07-27
5000	10g	21.20	1.07	0.94		2022-07-27

See Annex C for more details.



B.5.1 Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax – 2.4GHz – DTS – BT (DSS)

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.3 GHz – U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.67	0.69	
				5000	Bottom Edge	- 0.15	0.12	0.13	
Aux			58		Front Face		0.60	0.62	
Aux			50	5290	Left Edge	0.15	0.64	0.66	
					Right Edge	-	0.11	0.11	
	802.11ac	80			Top Edge		0.77	0.80	2
	VHT0				Back Face	-	0.32	0.34	
					Bottom Edge		0.09	0.09	
Main			58	5290	Front Face	0.21	0.51	0.54	
IVIAILI	Main		50	5290	Left Edge	0.21	0.60	0.63	
				-	Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
					Top Edge		0.36	0.38	



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.54	0.57	
					Bottom Edge		0.12	0.12	
Aux	802.11ac	80	106 553	5520	Front Face	0.21	0.54	0.57	
Aux	VHT0	80	106	5530	Left Edge	0.21	0.55	0.59	
					Right Edge		0.13	0.13	
					Top Edge		0.64	0.67	3
					Back Face		0.22	0.23	
					Bottom Edge		0.08	0.08	
Main	802.11ac	80	106	5530	Front Face	0.29	0.41	0.44	
IVIAIIT	VHT0	80	100	5550	Left Edge	0.29	0.54	0.58	
	VHT0			-	Right Edge		0.03	0.03	
					Top Edge		0.31	0.33	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Back Face	0.15	0.54	0.56	
					Bottom Edge		0.11	0.11	
					Front Face		0.47	0.49	
					Left Edge		0.69	0.71	4
					Right Edge		0.14	0.14	
					Top Edge		0.50	0.52	
Main	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Back Face	0.08	0.20	0.21	
					Bottom Edge		0.07	0.07	
					Front Face		0.34	0.34	
					Left Edge		0.42	0.42	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
					Top Edge		0.28	0.28	



B.5.2 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required

B.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antenna	Position	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)					
Antenna	POSITION	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth			
	Back Face	0.50	0.69	0.10			
	Bottom Edge	0.11	0.13	0.02			
Aux	Front Face	0.37	0.62	0.09			
Aux	Left Edge	0.06	0.71	0.07			
	Right Edge	0.15	0.14	0.02			
	Top Edge	0.13	0.80	0.02			
	Back Face	0.47	0.34				
	Bottom Edge	0.09	0.09				
Main	Front Face	0.35	0.54				
IVIAILI	Left Edge	0.31	0.63				
	Right Edge	0.14	0.03				
	Top Edge	0.10	0.38				

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Aux	Main		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.03	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.13	
Back Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.44	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.97	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.57	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.22	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.24	
Bottom Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.11	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.20	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.11	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.16	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.25	
Front Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.63	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.72	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.44	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.34	1.0
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.41	
Left Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.70	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.37	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.38	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.17	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.19	
Right Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.05	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.29	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.16	
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.18	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.20	
Top Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.40	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.23	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.12	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b20, CH1, Main Antenna – Back Face - Skycross	39
2.	UNII-2A - 802.11ac80, CH58, Aux Antenna – Top edge- Skycross	40
3.	UNII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Aux Antenna – Top edge - Skycross	41
4.	UNII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138 Aux Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross	42
5.	System Check Body Liquid 2450.0MHz	43
6.	System Check Body Liquid 5300.0MHz	44
7.	System Check Body Liquid 5500.0MHz	45
8.	System Check Body Liquid 5600.0MHz	46



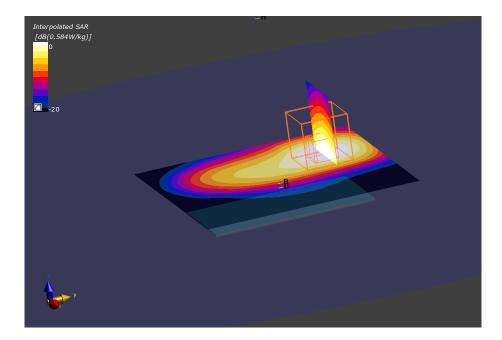
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1. DTS - 802.11b20, CH1, Main Antenna – Back Face - Skycross

Device under Model, Manufad		r ties imensions [mm	1 IMEI		DUT	Type	
AX203D2W, In		40.0 x 75.0 x 1.3		CDF6D03E9	Modu		
Exposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, T Distance [m		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	BACK, 8.00	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10415-AAA	2412.0, 1	8.26	2.07	50.9
Hardware Set	tup						
Phantom	•	TSL, Measure	ed Date	Probe, Calibrati	ion Date	DAE, Calib	oration Date
ELI V8.0 (20de 2124	eg probe tilt),	MBBL-600-60	00, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN76	04, 2021-08-16	DAE4ip Sn	1705, 2022-04-28
Scan Setup				Measuremer	nt Results		
		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Are	a Scan	Zoom Sca
Grid Extents [n	nm] 1	00.0 x 100.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2022-07-28	3, 14:09	2022-07-28, 14:1
Grid Steps [mr	n]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5	psSAR1g [W/K	[g]	0.456	0.49
Sensor Sur [mm]	face	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/Kg]		0.239	0.26
		M	V	D. D. C. LID	1	0.00	0.0

[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-07-28, 14:09	2022-07-28, 14:18
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.456	0.495
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.239	0.265
Power Drift [dB]	-0.03	0.07
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	Positive only	Positive only 81.7 14.0

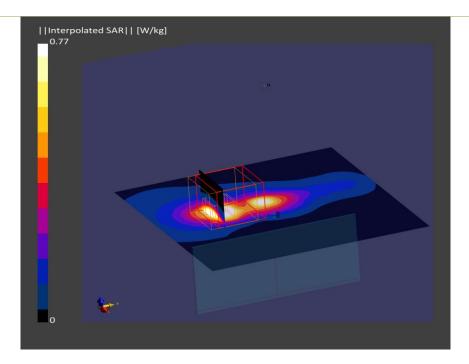




2. UNII-2A - 802.11ac80, CH58, Aux Antenna – Top edge- Skycross

Device under Test Properties

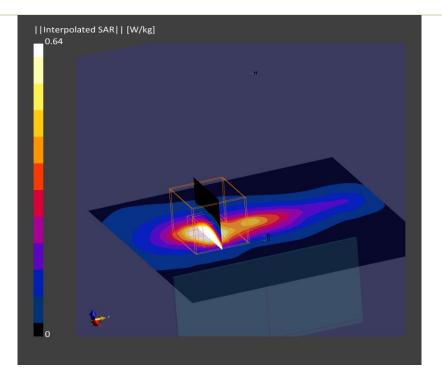
Model, Manufa	cturer	Dimensions	[mm]	IMEI	DU	Т Туре	
AX203D2W, Ir	ntel	40.0 x 75.0	x 1.3	WFM:90CCDF6D	03E9 Mo	dular	
xposure Co	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Te Distance [mm]	st Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivit
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5290.0,	4.7	5.64	45.0
MSL	8.00	5GHz	10402-AAE	58			
lardware Se	tup						
Phantom	•	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Ca	libration Date	DAE, Ca	libration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deo	g probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6	000 2022Jul-26	EX3DV4 -	SN7604, 2021-08	-16 DAE4ip	Sn1705, 2022-04-28
Scan Setup				Measure	ement Result	S	
•		Area Scan	Zoom Sc	an		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [r	mm] 10	0.0 x 100.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30	0.0 Date		2022-07-28, 08:58	2022-07-28, 09:15
Grid Steps [mi	m]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x ′	l.5 psSAR1g	g [W/Kg]	0.702	0.772
Sensor Su	rface	3.0		I.4 psSAR10)g [W/Kg]	0.220	0.231
[mm]				Power D	rift [dB]	-0.04	-0.01
Graded Grid		Yes	Y	es Power So	caling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio		1.5		I.5 Scaling F	actor [dB]		
MAIA		ed by MAIA	Confirmed by MA	IA TSL Corr	ection	Positive only	Positive only
Surface Detec	tion	VMS + 6p	VMS +	6p M2/M1 [%	6]		64.3
		Measured	Measur		B Peak [mm]		6.2



3. UNII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Aux Antenna – Top edge - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufac MID SKU, INTE		Dimensions 40.0 x 75.0 x		MEI	DUT T	21	
Exposure Cor	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Tes Distance [mm]	t Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE TOP, 8.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAE	5530.0, 106	4.36	5.97	44.5
lardware Set	•	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Cali	bration Date	DAE, Cal	ibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg	probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - S	N7604, 2021-08-16	6 DAE4ip S	n1705, 2022-04-28
Scan Setup				Measure	ment Results		
· · ·		Area Scan	Zoom Sca	in		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Surf [mm]]	0.0 x 100.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22 4.0 x 4.0 x 1 1		[W/Kg]	-28, 09:22 0.579 0.188	2022-07-28, 09:31 0.639 0.205
Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA Surface Detecti		Yes 1.5 ed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAI	es Power Drif 4 Power Sca A Scaling		-0.05 Disabled	-0.00 Disabled
Surface Detection	UTI	VMS + 6p Measured	VMS + 6 Measure	d TSL Corre M2/M1 [%]		ositive only	Positive only 64.7 7.2



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4. UNII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138 Aux Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufac	turer Din	nensions [m	ım]	IMEI		DUT Type	
AX203D2W, Int	tel 40	0.0 x 75.0 x 1	.3	WFM:90CCDF6D03E9		Modular	
Exposure Cor	nditions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE LEFT, 8.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AA	5690.0, E 138	4.3	6.18	44.1

Hardware Setup

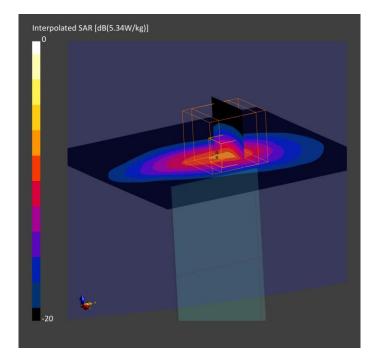
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)- 2124	MBBL-600-6000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	100.0 x 100.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

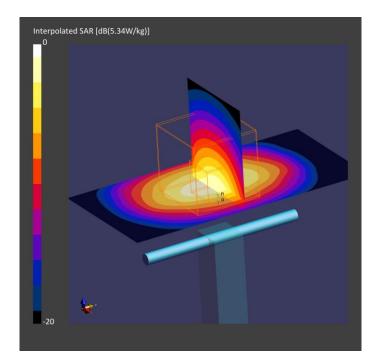
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-07-27, 20:01	2022-07-27, 20:20
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.660	0.686
psSAR10g	0.243	0.277
[W/Kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.06	0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		67.6
Dist 3dB Peak		9.1
[mm]		





5. System Check Body Liquid 2450.0MHz

Model, Manufacti	irer	Dimensions			DUT Typ	e	
D2.45GHzV2, SPE	AG	50.0 x 10.0 x	8.0 93	7	Validation	n Dipole	
xposure Con	litions						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Te Distance [mr		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	2450.0, 0	8.26	2.10	50.8
	р	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calibrat	ion Date	DAE, Calib	oration Date
ardware Setu Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124	·	- ,	red Date 000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN76	604, 2021-08-16	,	oration Date 1705, 2022-04-28
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg	·	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN76	604, 2021-08-16 nt Results	DAE4ip Sn	1705, 2022-04-28
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup	probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan	EX3DV4 - SN76	604, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are	DAE4ip Sn a Scan	1705, 2022-04-28 Zoom Sca r
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mn	probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6 Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date	604, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are 2022-07-28	DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30	1705, 2022-04-28 Zoom Sca r 2022-07-28, 13:33
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mn] Grid Steps [mm] Sensor Surfa	probe tilt) -]	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date psSAR1g [W/ł psSAR10g	604, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are 2022-07-28	DAE4ip Sn a Scan	1705, 2022-04-28 Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 13:33 2.52
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mm] Grid Steps [mm]	probe tilt) -]	MBBL-600-6 Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	2000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date psSAR1g [W/k psSAR10g [W/Kg]	304, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are 2022-07-28 <g]< td=""><td>DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30 2.50</td><td>1705, 2022-04-28 Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 13:37 2.52 1.15</td></g]<>	DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30 2.50	1705, 2022-04-28 Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 13:37 2.52 1.15
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mm] Grid Steps [mm]	probe tilt) -]	MBBL-600-6 Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5 1.4	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date psSAR1g [W/ł psSAR10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dl	304, 2021-08-16 nt Results <u>Are</u> 2022-07-28 <g] 3]</g] 	DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30 2.50 1.17	Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 13:37 2.52 1.15 -0.09
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mm] Grid Steps [mm] Sensor Surfa [mm] Graded Grid	probe tilt) - 1] 2e	MBBL-600-6 Area Scan 40.0 × 80.0 10.0 × 10.0 3.0 Yes	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5 1.4 Yes	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date psSAR1g [W/ł psSAR10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dl Power Scaling	304, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are 2022-07-28 (g] 3] 5	DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30 2.50 1.17 0.00	
Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg 2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [mm] Grid Steps [mm] Sensor [mm] Graded Grid Graded Grid Grading Ratio	probe tilt) -] ce Confirm	MBBL-600-6 Area Scan 40.0 × 80.0 10.0 × 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5	000, 2022-Jul-26 Zoom Scan 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5 1.4 Yes 1.5	EX3DV4 - SN76 Measureme Date psSAR1g [W/ł psSAR10g [W/Kg] Power Drift [dl Power Scaling Scaling Fau	304, 2021-08-16 nt Results Are 2022-07-28 (g] 3] 5	DAE4ip Sn ea Scan 3, 13:30 2.50 1.17 0.00	Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 13:37 2.52 1.15 -0.09



6. System Check Body Liquid 5300.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG		Dimensions [mm] IMEI 50.0 x 10.0 x 13 1164		DUT Type			DUT Type
				1164	Validation Dipole		
Exposure Co Phantom Section, TSL	nditions Position, Test Distance [mm]	t Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	3		, 0	5300.0, 0	4.7	5.65	44.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28
2124			

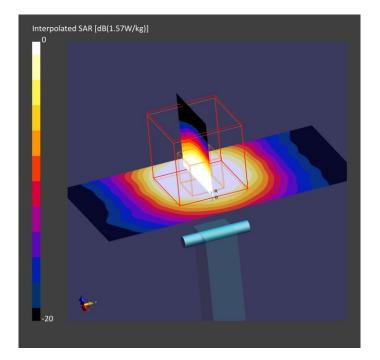
Scan Setup

Scan Setup		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-07-28, 17:38	2022-07-28, 17:44
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.82	3.42
psSAR10g	0.913	0.966
[W/Kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.05	-0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		62.6
Dist 3dB Peak		7.5
[mm]		

_



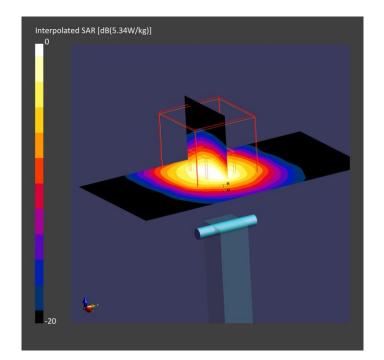






7. System Check Body Liquid 5500.0MHz

Model, Manufacturer D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG		Dimensions	[mm]	IMEI		DUT Type	
		50.0 x 10.0 >	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0 1			Validation Dipole	
xposure Cor Phantom Section, TSL	n ditions Position, Test Distance	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz],	Conversio Factor	on TSL Conductivit	TSL Permittivity ty
	[mm]			Channel Number		[S/m]	
Flat, MSL	3		, 0	5500.0, 0	4.36	5.93	44.5
lardware Set	up	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe	, Calibration Da	ate DA	E, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20de 2124	eg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3D'	√4 - SN7604, 20	021-08-16 DA	E4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28.
```	eg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26	-	√4 - SN7604, 20 surement Re		E4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28
2124	eg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6	000, 2022-Jul-26 <b>Zoom S</b> o	Meas	, -		
2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [m	m]			Meas	surement Re	sults	E4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28 <b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19
2124 <b>Scan Setup</b> Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm	m]	<b>Area Scan</b> 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	Zoom So	Meas can 22.0 Date 1.4 psSA	Surement Re	esults Area Scan	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.01
2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [m	m]	<b>Area Scan</b> 40.0 x 80.0	<b>Zoom So</b> 22.0 x 22.0 x 2	Meas can 22.0 Date 1.4 psSA	R1g [W/Kg]	esults Area Scan 2022-07-28, 16:13	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.01
2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Surf	m]	<b>Area Scan</b> 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	<b>Zoom So</b> 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x	Meas           can           22.0           1.4           psSA           1.4           w/K	R1g [W/Kg]	<b>Area Scan</b> 2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30	Zoom Scar
2124 <b>Scan Setup</b> Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Surf [mm] Graded Grid Grading Ratio	m] ] ace	Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5	<b>Zoom Si</b> 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x	Meas           can           22.0           1.4           psSA           [W/K           Yes           1.4           Powe           1.4	AR1g [W/Kg] AR1g [W/Kg] AR10g g]	<b>Area Scan</b> 2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30 1.04	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.01 1.11
2124 <b>Scan Setup</b> Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Surf [mm] Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA	m] i] ace Confirm	Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes	Zoom So 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x Confirmed by M	Meas 22.0 Date 1.4 psSA 1.4 psSA [W/K Yes Powe 1.4 Powe AIA Scali	AR1g [W/Kg] AR10g g] er Drift [dB] er Scaling	<b>Esults</b> 2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30 1.04 0.02	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.0 ⁷ 1.11
2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Suff [mm] Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA Surface Detecti	m] i] ace Confirm	Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 red by MAIA VMS + 6p	Zoom So 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x Confirmed by M VMS +	Meas           can           12.0           1.4           psSA           1.4           psSA           [W/K           Yes           1.4           Powe           1.4           Powe           1.4           Powe           1.4           Powe           1.4           Powe           AIA           Scali           6p	AR1g [W/Kg] AR10g g] er Drift [dB] er Scaling ng Factor	2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30 1.04 0.02 Disabled	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.07 1.11 -0.13 Disabled
2124 <b>Scan Setup</b> Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Surf [mm] Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA	m] i] ace Confirm	Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 red by MAIA	Zoom So 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x Confirmed by M	Mease22.0Date1.4psS41.4psS4[W/KYesPowe1.4PoweAIAScali6p[dB]iredTSL	Surement Re AR1g [W/Kg] AR10g g] er Drift [dB] er Scaling ng Factor Correction	<b>Esults</b> 2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30 1.04 0.02	Zoom Scar 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.07 1.17 -0.13 Disabled Positive only
2124 Scan Setup Grid Extents [m Grid Steps [mm Sensor Suff [mm] Graded Grid Grading Ratio MAIA Surface Detecti	m] i] ace Confirm	Area Scan 40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0 Yes 1.5 red by MAIA VMS + 6p	Zoom So 22.0 x 22.0 x 2 4.0 x 4.0 x Confirmed by M VMS +	Mease22.0Date1.4psSA1.4psSA[W/KYesPowe1.4PoweAIAScali- 6p[dB]iredTSLM2/N	AR1g [W/Kg] AR10g g] er Drift [dB] er Scaling ng Factor	2022-07-28, 16:13 3.30 1.04 0.02 Disabled	<b>Zoom Scar</b> 2022-07-28, 16:19 4.07 1.17 -0.13 Disabled





# 8. System Check Body Liquid 5600.0MHz

#### **Device under Test Properties**

Model, Manufacturer		Dime	ensions [mm]	IM	EI	DUT Ty	be	
D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG		50.0	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0		64	Validatio	Validation Dipole	
Exposure Co								
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5600.0, 0	4.3	6.05	44.3	

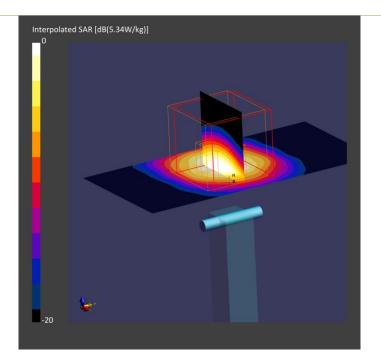
#### Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2022-Jul-26	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2021-08-16	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28
2124			

### Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2022-07-27, 12:27	2022-07-27, 12:33				
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.44	3.97				
psSAR10g	1.01	1.10				
[W/Kg] Power Drift [dB]	0.01	0.09				
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled				
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	Positive only	Positive only 60.8 7.2				

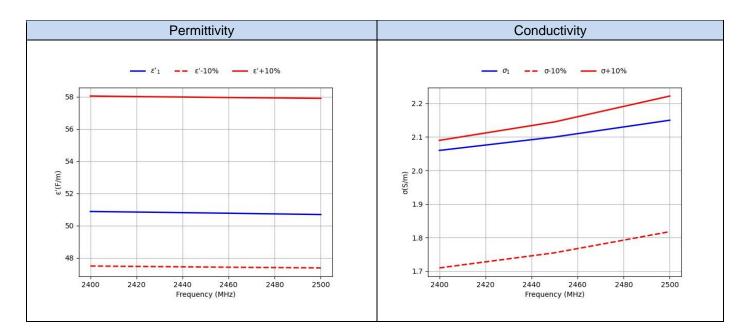




# Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

## D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Tai	get	Meas 2022-	sured 07-26
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	50.88	2.06
2450	52.70	1.95	50.79	2.10
2500	52.64	2.02	50.69	2.15



# D.2 Body 5200MHz-5900MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Target		Measured 2022-07-26	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)
5200	49.01	5.30	45.14	5.49
5250	48.95	5.36	45.04	5.57
5300	48.88	5.42	44.94	5.65
5350	48.81	5.47	44.84	5.73
5400	48.74	5.53	44.74	5.80
5450	48.67	5.59	44.65	5.87
5500	48.61	5.65	44.54	5.93
5550	48.54	5.71	44.44	5.99
5600	48.47	5.77	44.32	6.05
5650	48.40	5.82	44.20	6.13
5700	48.34	5.88	44.08	6.19
5750	48.27	5.94	43.96	6.26
5800	48.20	6.00	43.84	6.33
5850	48.13	6.06	43.73	6.39
5900	48.06	6.12	43.60	6.47



## Test Report N° 220611-11-TR01



Rev. 00

