

# 承 認 書 SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

客戶名稱 CUSTOMER	:	
客户料號 CUSTOMER'S P/N	:	
料號 PART NUMBER	:	WAN3216F245H0X
規格 DESCRIPTION	:	Chip Antenna 3216 L Ant 2.45G Type 0X
版本 VERSION	:	V2.1
日期 ISSUE DATE	:	2018/07/01

客 户 承 認 CUSTOMER APPROVED	
COSTOMER APPROVED	

工 程 部 R&D CENTER					
承 認 APPROVAL	確 認 CHECKED	製 作 DRAWN			
Ray	Nate	Kelvin			





# 萬誠科技股份有限公司

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# 3216 Chip antenna

# For Bluetooth / WLAN Applications



P/N: WAN3216F245H0X

	Dimension (mm)
L	3.23 ± 0.20
W	1.66 ± 0.20
Т	0.45 ± 0.20



### **Part Number Information**

WAN 3216 F 245 H 0X
A B C D E F

Α	Product Series	Antenna
В	Dimension L x W	3.2X1.6mm (+-0.2mm)
C	Material	High K material
D	Working Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz
E	Feeding mode	PIFA & Single Feeding
F	Antenna type	X=06,07,08 / Type=06,07,08

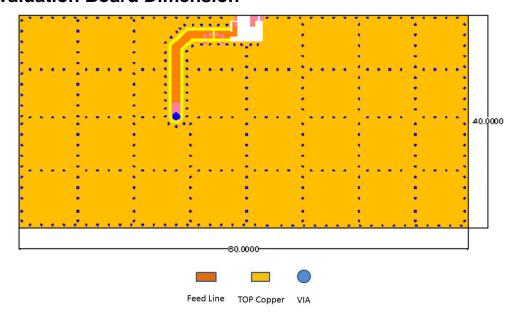
## 1. Electrical Specification

Specification				
Part Number	WAN3216F245H0X			
Central Frequency	2450	MHz		
Bandwidth	120 (Min.)	MHz		
Return Loss	-6.5 (Max)	dB		
Peak Gain	2.21	dBi		
Impedance	50	Ohm		
Operating Temperature	-40∼+85	$^{\circ}$ C		
Maximum Power	4	W		
Resistance to Soldering Heats	10 ( @ 260°C )	sec.		
Polarization	Linear			
Azimuth Beamwidth	Omni-directional			
Termination	Ni / Au (Leadless)			

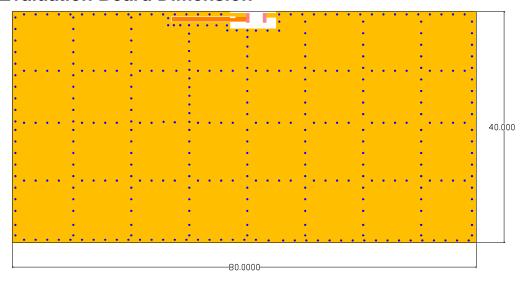
Remark : Bandwidth & Peak Gain was measured under evaluation board of next page



### 2. Recommended PCB Pattern Evaluation Board Dimension



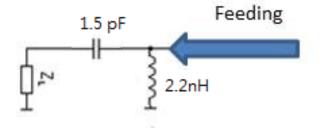
### 2<sup>nd</sup> Evaluation Board Dimension



### **Suggested Matching Circuit**

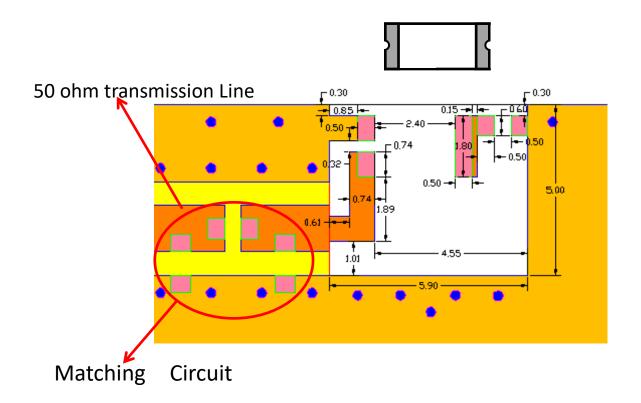
重要資訊:

匹配元件建議使用精準度±1%以下的電感、電容、電阻

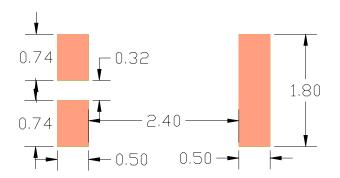


Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=5.9\*5.0mm)

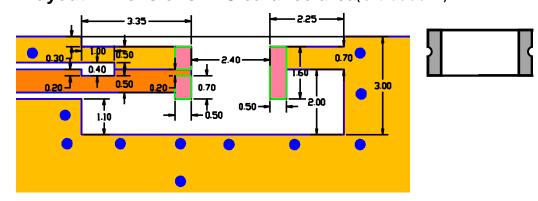




FootPrint (Unit:mm)

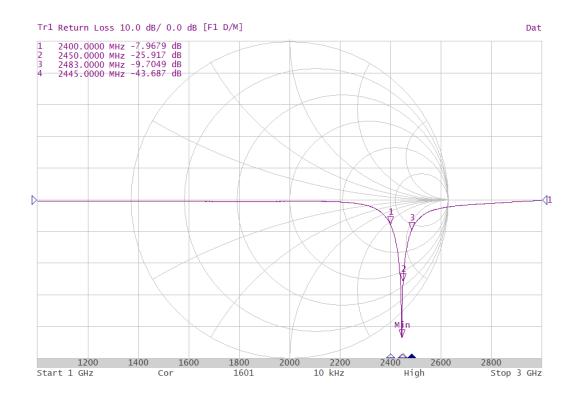


◆ 2<sup>nd</sup> Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=8.0\*3.0mm)



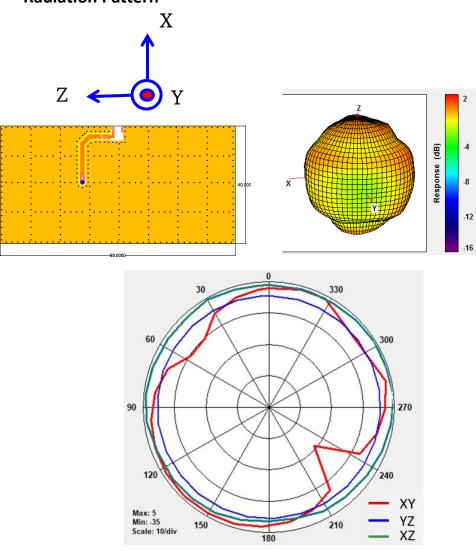


# 3. Measurement Results Return Loss



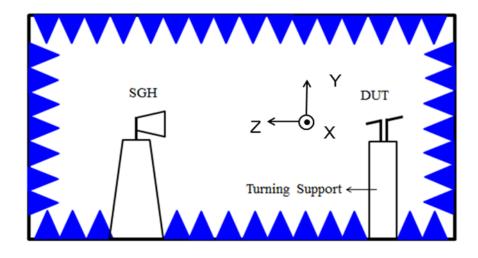


### **Radiation Pattern**



	Efficiency	Peak Gain	Directivity
2450MHz	85.65%	2.21 dBi	2.89 dBi

**Chamber Coordinate System** 





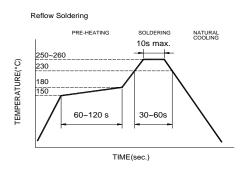
**4. Reliability and Test Condictions** 

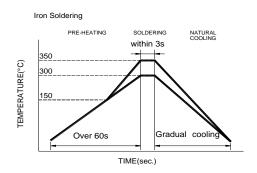
ITEM	REQUIREMENTS	TEST CONDITION		
Solderability	Wetting shall exceed 90% coverage     No visible mechanical damage  TEMP (%)	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec.  Solder temperature:230±5°C  Duration:4±1sec.		
	TEMP (°C)  230°C  150°C  4±1 sec.  60sec	Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin		
Solder heat Resistance	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ± 6%  TEMP (°C)  260°C  150°C  10±0.5 sec.	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec.  Solder temperature:260±5°C  Duration:10±0.5sec.  Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5  Flux for lead free: rosin		
Component Adhesion (Push test)	No visible mechanical damage	The device should be reflow soldered(230±5℃ for 10sec.) to a tinned copper substrate A dynometer force gauge should be applied the side of the component. The device must with-ST-F 0.5 Kg without failure of the termination attached to component.		
Component Adhesion (Pull test)	No visible mechanical damage	Insert 10cm wire into the remaining open eye bend ,the ends of even wire lengths upward and wind together.  Terminal shall not be remarkably damaged.		
Thermal shock	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6%  Phase Temperature(°C) Time(min) 1 +85±5°C 30±3 2 Room Within Temperature 3sec 3 -40±2°C 30±3 4 Room Within Temperature 3sec	+85°C =>30±3min -40°C =>30±3min Test cycle:10 cycles The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.		
Resistance to High Temperature	<ol> <li>No visible mechanical damage</li> <li>Central Freq. change :within ±6%</li> <li>No disconnection or short circuit.</li> </ol>	Temperature: 85±5°C Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.		
Resistance to Low Temperature	<ol> <li>No visible mechanical damage</li> <li>Central Freq. change :within ±6%</li> <li>No disconnection or short circuit.</li> </ol>	Temperature:-40±5°C  Duration: 1000±12hrs  The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.		
Humidity	<ol> <li>No visible mechanical damage</li> <li>Central Freq. change :within ±6%</li> <li>No disconnection or short circuit.</li> </ol>	Temperature: 40±2°C Humidity: 90% to 95% RH Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.		



### 5. Soldering and Mounting

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. The minimum amount of solder can lead to damage from the stresses caused by the difference in coefficients of expansion between solder, chip and substrate. The terminations are suitable for all wave and re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.





Recommended temperature profiles for re-flow soldering in Figure 1.

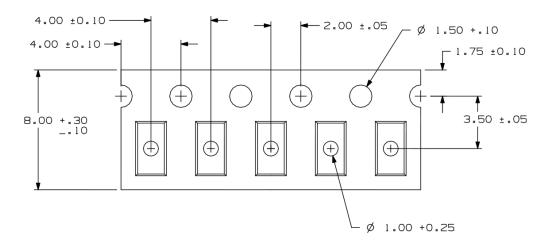
Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended.

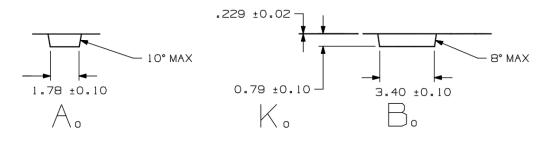
- Preheat circuit and products to 150°C
- Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- 280°C tip temperature (max)
- 1.0mm tip diameter (max)
- · Limit soldering time to 3 sec.



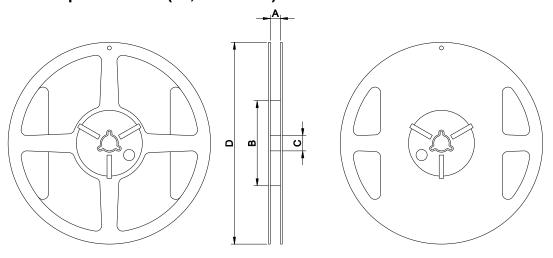
# 6.Packaging Information

### **Tape Specification:**





### Reel Specification: (7", Ф180 mm)



7" x 8 mm

Tape Width(mm)	A(mm)	B(mm)	C(mm)	D(mm)	Chip/Reel(pcs)
8	9.0±0.5	60±2	13.5±0.5	178±2	3000



### 7. Storage and Transportation Information

#### **Storage Conditions**

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

- 1. Temperature and humidity conditions: -10~ 40°C and 30~70% RH.
- 2. Recommended products should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.
- 3. The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

#### **Transportation Conditions**

- 1. Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
- 2. The use of tweezers or vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
- 3. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.