

FCC /IC REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:

SOLiD, Inc.

Date of Issue:

April 06, 2016

Location:

HCT CO., LTD.,

Address:

10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyoyeok-ro

220, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do,

463-400, South Korea

74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon,

Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-R-1604-F001-1**HCT FRN:** 0005866421**IC Recognition No.:** 5944A-5**FCC ID:****W6U19PAWS13****IC:****9354A-19PAWS13****APPLICANT:****SOLiD, Inc****FCC/ IC Model(s):**

L2RDU_1900P_AWS13

EUT Type:

Alliance_2W

Frequency Ranges:

1930 MHz ~1995 MHz (1900 PCS) / 2110 MHz ~2180 MHz (AWS)

Conducted Output Power:

2 W (33 dBm)

Date of Test:

February 29, 2016 ~ March 11, 2016

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR 47, Part 24, Part 27

IC Rules :

RSS-Gen (Issue 4, November 2014), RSS-131 (Issue 2, July 2003)

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC / IC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

**Report prepared by**
: Yong Hyun Lee**Test engineer of RF Team****Approved by**
: Kyoung Houn Seo**Manager of RF Team**

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1604-F001	April 01, 2016	- First Approval Report
HCT-R-1604-F001-1	April 06, 2016	- KDB 682911deleted. - Revised AWS Band output power. - Revised the page 52 & 53 test plot. - Added the PCS input OBW plot(CDMA&WCDMA). - Revised the page 6Standards.

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1. CLIENT INFORMATION

The EUT has been tested by request of

Company	SOLiD, Inc. 10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyoyeok-ro 220, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 463-400, South Korea
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FCC ID:	W6U19PAWS13
IC:	9354A-19PAWS13
EUT Type:	Alliance_2W
FCC/ IC Model(s):	L2RDU_1900P_AWS13
Frequency Ranges:	1930 MHz ~1995 MHz (1900 PCS)/2110 MHz ~2180 MHz (AWS)
Conducted Output Power:	2 W (33 dBm)
Antenna Gain(s):	Manufacturer does not provide an antenna.
Measurement standard(s):	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004, KDB 971168 D01 v02r02 KDB 935210 D02 v03r01, KDB 935210 D05 v01r01, RSS-GEN, RSS-131
FCC Rule Part(s):	CFR 47, Part 24, Part 27
IC Rules Part(s):	RSS-Gen (Issue 4, November 2014), RSS-131 (Issue 2, July 2003)
Place of Tests:	74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA(IC Recognition No. : 5944A-5)

2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

2.1. FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661).

2.2. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 24, Part 27, RSS-GEN, RSS-131.

Description	Reference (FCC)	Reference (IC)	Results
Conducted RF Output Power	§2.1046; §27.50 §24.232	RSS-131, Section 4.3 RSS-131, Section 6.2 SRSP-510, SRSP-513	Compliant
Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049	RSS-GEN, Section 6.6	Compliant
Passband Gain and Bandwidth & Out of Band Rejection	KDB 935210 D02 v03r01	RSS-131, Section 4.2 RSS-131, Section 6.1	Compliant
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53 §24.238	RSS-131, Section 4.4 RSS-131, Section 6.3 RSS-131, Section 6.4	Compliant
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§2.1053, §27.53 §24.238	-	Compliant
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	RSS-131, Section 4.5 RSS-131, Section 6.5	Compliant

3.2. MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST

The EUT was operated in a manner representative of the typical usage of the equipment.

During all testing, system components were manipulated within the confines of typical usage to maximize each emission.

The device does not supply antenna(s) with the system, so the dummy loads were connected to the RF output ports for radiated spurious emission testing.

3.3. MAXIMUM MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The value of the measurement uncertainty for the measurement of each parameter.

Coverage factor $k = 2$, Confidence levels of 95 %

Description	Condition	Uncertainty
Conducted RF Output Power	-	± 0.72 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	OBW ≤ 20 MHz	± 52 kHz
Passband Gain and Bandwidth & Out of Band Rejection	Gain 20 dB bandwidth	± 0.89 dB ± 0.58 MHz
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	-	± 1.08 dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions	$f \leq 1$ GHz	± 4.80 dB
	$f > 1$ GHz	± 6.07 dB
Frequency Stability	-	$\pm 1.22 \times 10^{-6}$

4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

Temperature :	+ 15 °C to + 35 °C
Relative humidity:	30 % to 60 %
Air pressure	860 mbar to 1 060 mbar

5. TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Cal Interval	Calibration Date	Serial No.
Agilent	E4438C /Signal Generator	Annual	09/02/2015	MY42082646
Agilent	N5182A /Signal Generator	Annual	04/07/2015	MY50141649
Agilent	N5182A /Signal Generator	Annual	05/13/2015	MY47070230
NANGYEUL CO., LTD.	NY-THR18750 / Temperature and Humidity Chamber	Annual	10/27/2015	NY-2009012201A
Agilent	N9020A /Signal Analyzer	Annual	02/29/2016	MY46471587
WEINSCHTEL	67-30-33 / Fixed Attenuator	Annual	10/29/2015	BR5347
DEAYOUNG ENT	DFSS60 / AC Power Supply	Annual	04/01/2015	1003030-1
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	Annual	09/24/2015	100688
CERNEX, Inc	CBLU1183540/AMP	Annual	07/21/2015	22964
WEINSCHTEL	1506A/Power Divider	Annual	10/21/2015	MD793
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	Biennial	07/30/2015	1151
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160 / TRILOG Antenna	Biennial	10/10/2014	9160-3368
HD	MA240 / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	556
EMCO	1050 / Turn Table	N/A	N/A	114
HD GmbH	HD 100 / Controller	N/A	N/A	13
HD GmbH	KMS 560/ SlideBar	N/A	N/A	12

6. RF OUTPUT POWER

FCC Rules

Test Requirements:

§ 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output:

§ 2.1046 (a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

§ 2.1046 (b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier Radio telephone transmitters, the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and as applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.

§ 2.1046 (c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all Calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

§ 24.232 Power and antenna height limits. (a) Base stations are limited to 1640 watts peak equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below. See §24.53 for HAAT calculation method. Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters with a corresponding reduction in power; see Table 1 of this section.

The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §24.236 and §24.237 apply.

§ 27.50 Power limits and duty cycle.

(d) The following power and antenna height requirements

apply to stations transmitting in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz and 2180-2200 MHz bands:

(1) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 1995-2000 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz or 2180-2200 MHz band and located in any county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, is limited to:

(i) An equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 3280 watts when transmitting with an

emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less;

(ii) An EIRP of 3280 watts/MHz when transmitting with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz.

(2) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 1995-2000 MHz, the 2110-2155 MHz 2155-2180 MHz band, or 2180-2200 MHz band and situated in any geographic location other than that described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section is limited to:

(i) An equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 1640 watts when transmitting with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less;

(ii) An EIRP of 1640 watts/MHz when transmitting with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz.

(3) A licensee operating a base or fixed station in the 2110-2155 MHz band utilizing a power greater than 1640 watts EIRP and greater than 1640 watts/MHz EIRP must coordinate such operations in advance with all Government and non-Government satellite entities in the 2025-2110 MHz band. A licensee operating a base or fixed station in the 2110-2180 MHz band utilizing power greater than 1640 watts EIRP and greater than 1640 watts/MHz EIRP must be coordinated in advance with the following licensees authorized to operate within 120 kilometers (75 miles) of the base or fixed station operating in this band: All Broadband Radio Service (BRS) licensees authorized under this part in the 2155-2160 MHz band and all advanced wireless services (AWS) licensees authorized to operate on adjacent frequency blocks in the 2110-2180 MHz band.

(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r01.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

b) Configure to generate the AWGN (broadband) test signal.

c) The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f_0 as determined from 3.3.

d) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

e) Set the signal generator output power to a level that produces an EUT output level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.

f) Measure and record the output power of the EUT; use 3.5.3 or 3.5.4 for power measurement.

g) Remove the EUT from the measurement setup. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement at the signal generator port, which was used as the input signal to

the EUT, and record as the input power. EUT gain may be calculated as described in 3.5.5.

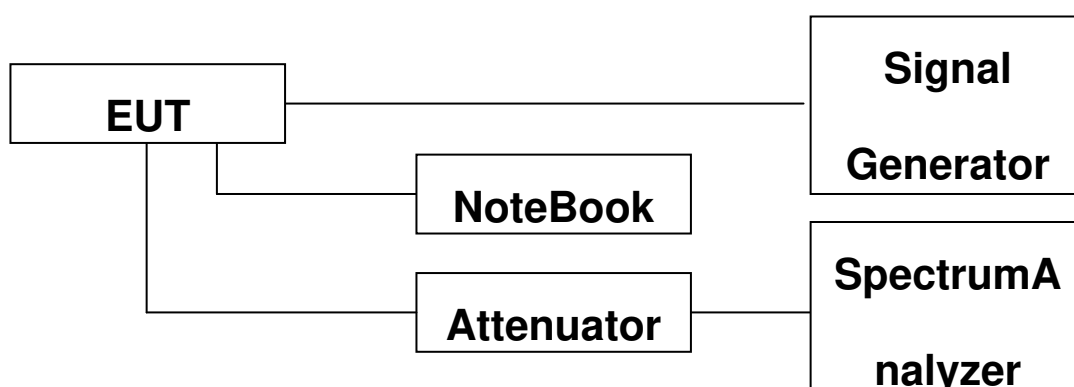
h) Repeat steps f) and g) with input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold level.

i) Repeat steps e) to h) with the narrowband test signal.

j) Repeat steps e) to i) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Power measurement Method :

Guidance for performing input/output power measurements using a spectrum or signal analyzer is provided in 5.2 of KDB Publication 971168.



Block Diagram 1. RF Power Output Test Setup

IC Rules

Test Requirements:

SRSP-510

5. Technical Criteria

5.1 Radiated Power and Antenna Height Limits

5.1.1 Base Stations

For base stations with channel bandwidth equal to or less than 1 MHz, the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is limited to 3280 watts with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 300 metres. Base stations operating in urban areas are limited to a maximum allowable e.i.r.p. of 1640 watts. Base station antenna heights above average terrain may exceed 300 metres with a corresponding reduction in e.i.r.p. according to the following table:

HAAT ³ (in metres)	Maximum e.i.r.p. (watts)
≤ 300	3280 or 1640 ²
≤ 500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160

For base stations with a channel bandwidth greater than 1 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. is limited to 3280 watts/MHz e.i.r.p. (i.e., no more than 3280 watts e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band segment) with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 300 metres. Fixed or base stations operating in urban areas are limited to a maximum allowable e.i.r.p. of 1640 watts/MHz e.i.r.p. Base station antenna heights above average terrain may exceed 300 metres with a corresponding reduction in e.i.r.p. according to the following table:

HAAT ³ (in metres)	Maximum e.i.r.p. (watts per MHz)
≤ 300	3280 or 1640 ²
≤ 500	1070
≤1000	490
≤1500	270
≤2000	160

Base stations transmitting in the lower sub-band shall comply with the power limits set forth in section 5.1.2, i.e. the same as mobile stations.

5.1.2 Mobile Stations

Mobile stations and hand-held portables are limited to 2 watts maximum e.i.r.p. The equipment shall employ means to limit the power to the minimum necessary for successful communication.

SRSP-513

5. Technical Criteria

5.1 Radiated Power and Antenna Height Limits

5.1.1 Fixed and Base Stations

5.1.1.2 For fixed and base stations operating within the frequency range 2110-2180 MHz with a channel bandwidth greater than 1 MHz, the maximum permissible e.i.r.p. is 1640 watts/MHz e.i.r.p. (i.e. no more than 1640 watts e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band segment) with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 300 metres.

5.1.1.3 Fixed and base stations located in geographic areas at a distance greater than 26 km from large or medium population centres and transmitting within the frequency range 2110-2180 MHz, may increase their e.i.r.p. up to a maximum of 3280 watts/MHz (i.e. no more than 3280 watts e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band segment), with an antenna HAAT up to 300 metres. Within 26 km of any large or medium population centre, fixed and base stations may operate at increased e.i.r.p. if more than 50% of the population within a particular sector's coverage is located outside these large and medium population centres.

Fixed and base stations with increased e.i.r.p. must not be used to provide coverage to large and medium population centres. However, some incidental coverage of these large and medium population centres by stations with increased e.i.r.p. is permitted.

This provision also applies for fixed and base stations with a channel bandwidth equal to or less than 1 MHz (i.e. the e.i.r.p. may be increased up to a maximum of 3280 watts).

RSS-131 6.2

The manufacturer's output power rating P_{rated} MUST NOT be greater than P_{mean} for all types of enhancers.

Additional Power Back-off Condition for Multiple Carrier Operations:

An example of a single carrier operation is a band translator that incorporates an (IF) filter of a passband equal to one channel bandwidth. Another example of a single carrier operation is the use of an enhancer, before the connection to the antenna, to boost a low power transmitter (single carrier) to a higher power.

An example of a multiple carrier operation is the use of an enhancer to amplify off-air signals that contain the wanted carrier and two (or more) adjacent band carriers. If the enhancer pass band is wide enough to pass more than the wanted channel bandwidth, the enhancer output stage will be loaded by the multiple carriers.

Examination: with 3 carrier signals (of assumed equal level), the peak voltage will be 3 times the single carrier voltage. The corresponding Peak Envelope Power (PEP) will be 3^2 times greater than a single carrier or $9/4 = 2.25$ times greater than 2 tones PEP. Therefore the permissible wanted signal operating point has to be backed off by 3.5 dB (i.e. **Permissible = $P_{rated} - 3.5$ dB**).

Note 1: All enhancers will be classified in the Radio Equipment List (REL) for a single carrier operation.

Note 2: For a multiple carrier operation, the rating must be reduced by 3.5 dB or more.

Note 3: If there are more than 3 carriers present at the amplifier input point, greater power back-off may be required. This can be examined on a case-by-case basis.

Test Procedures: RSS-131 4.3**4.3.1 Multi-channel Enhancer**

The following subscript "o" denotes a parameter at the enhancer output point.

Connect two signal generators to the input of the Device Under Test (DUT), via a proper impedance matching network (and preferably via a variable attenuator) so that the two input signals are equal sinusoids (and can be raised equally).

Connect a dummy load of suitable load rating to the enhancer output point. Connect also a spectrum analyser to this output point via a coupling network and attenuator, so that only a portion of the output signal is coupled to the spectrum analyser. The coupling attenuation shall be stated in the test report.

Set the two generator frequencies f_1 and f_2 such that they and their third-order intermodulation product frequencies, $f_3 = 2f_1 - f_2$ and $f_4 = 2f_2 - f_1$, are all within the passband of the DUT.

Raise the input level to the DUT while observing the output tone levels, P_{o1} and P_{o2} , and the intermodulation product levels, P_{o3} and P_{o4} .

For enhancers rated 500 watts or less: Raise the input level to the DUT until the greater level of

the intermodulation products at the enhancer output terminals, Po3 or Po4, equals -43 dBW.

For enhancers rated over 500 watts: Raise the input level to the DUT until the greater level of the intermodulation products at the enhancer output terminals, Po3 or Po4, is 67 dB below the level of either output tone level, Po1 or Po2.

Record all signal levels and their frequencies. Calculate the mean output power (Pmean) under this testing condition using $P_{\text{mean}} = P_{\text{o1}} + 3 \text{ dB}$.

4.3.2 Single Channel Enhancer

A suitably modulated signal, representative of the technology for which certification is sought, is applied to the input of the amplifier. The input power level is increased until the manufacturer's rated input power level is achieved or until a 2 dB increase in input level results in a 1 dB increase in output level (i.e. compression begins). Record the output power in the 99% emission bandwidth using any suitable means.

Test Results:

Input Signal	Input Level (dBm)	Maximum Amp Gain
1900 PCS	-14 dBm	47.0 dB
AWS	-14 dBm	47.0 dB

Single channel Enhancer

* Due to EUT's ALC function (Auto Level Control), even if input signal is increased,

The same output power is transmit.

[Downlink]

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 5 MHz AGC threshold	Low	1932.50	33.03	2.010
	Middle	1962.50	33.01	1.998
	High	1992.50	33.00	1.993
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 5 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	1992.50	33.02	2.005
	Middle	1992.50	33.09	2.036
	High	1992.50	33.08	2.034
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 10 MHz AGC threshold	Low	1935.00	33.08	2.030
	Middle	1960.00	33.05	2.017
	High	1990.00	33.08	2.030
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 10 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	1935.00	33.03	2.011
	Middle	1960.00	33.06	2.021
	High	1990.00	33.01	1.998
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 20 MHz AGC threshold	Low	1940.00	33.05	2.020
	Middle	1962.50	33.01	1.998
	High	1985.00	33.03	2.007
1900 PCS Band_ LTE 20 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	1940.00	33.02	2.005
	Middle	1962.50	33.04	2.013
	High	1985.00	33.05	2.019

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
1900 PCS Band_ CDMA AGC threshold	Low	1931.25	33.01	2.001
	Middle	1962.50	33.04	2.012
	High	1993.75	33.07	2.027
1900 PCS Band_ CDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	1931.25	33.03	2.011
	Middle	1962.50	33.01	2.000
	High	1993.75	33.04	2.014
1900 PCS Band_ WCDMA AGC threshold	Low	1932.50	33.07	2.026
	Middle	1962.50	33.03	2.009
	High	1992.50	33.05	2.017
1900 PCS Band_ WCDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	1932.50	33.02	2.005
	Middle	1962.50	33.04	2.014
	High	1992.50	33.03	2.008

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
AWS Band_ LTE 5 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	33.04	2.016
	Middle	2145.00	33.05	2.017
	High	2177.50	33.06	2.023
AWS Band_ LTE 5 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	33.07	2.027
	Middle	2145.00	33.02	2.006
	High	2177.50	33.04	2.014
AWS Band_ LTE 10 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	33.09	2.036
	Middle	2145.00	33.03	2.008
	High	2175.00	33.09	2.039
AWS Band_ LTE 10 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	33.02	2.006
	Middle	2145.00	33.07	2.027
	High	2175.00	33.09	2.038
AWS Band_ LTE 20 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	33.04	2.014
	Middle	2145.00	33.03	2.010
	High	2170.00	33.02	2.005
AWS Band_ LTE 20 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	33.05	2.020
	Middle	2145.00	33.05	2.018
	High	2170.00	33.03	2.007

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
AWS Band_ CDMA AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	33.06	2.025
	Middle	2145.00	33.01	2.000
	High	2178.75	33.01	2.001
AWS Band_ CDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	33.01	2.000
	Middle	2145.00	33.02	2.005
	High	2178.75	33.06	2.025
AWS Band_ WCDMA AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	33.04	2.015
	Middle	2145.00	33.05	2.016
	High	2177.50	33.01	1.998
AWS Band_ WCDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	33.09	2.037
	Middle	2145.00	33.03	2.011
	High	2177.50	33.02	2.003

Multi-channel Enhancer for IC

* Due to EUT's ALC function (Auto Level Control), even if input signal is increased,

The same output power is transmit.

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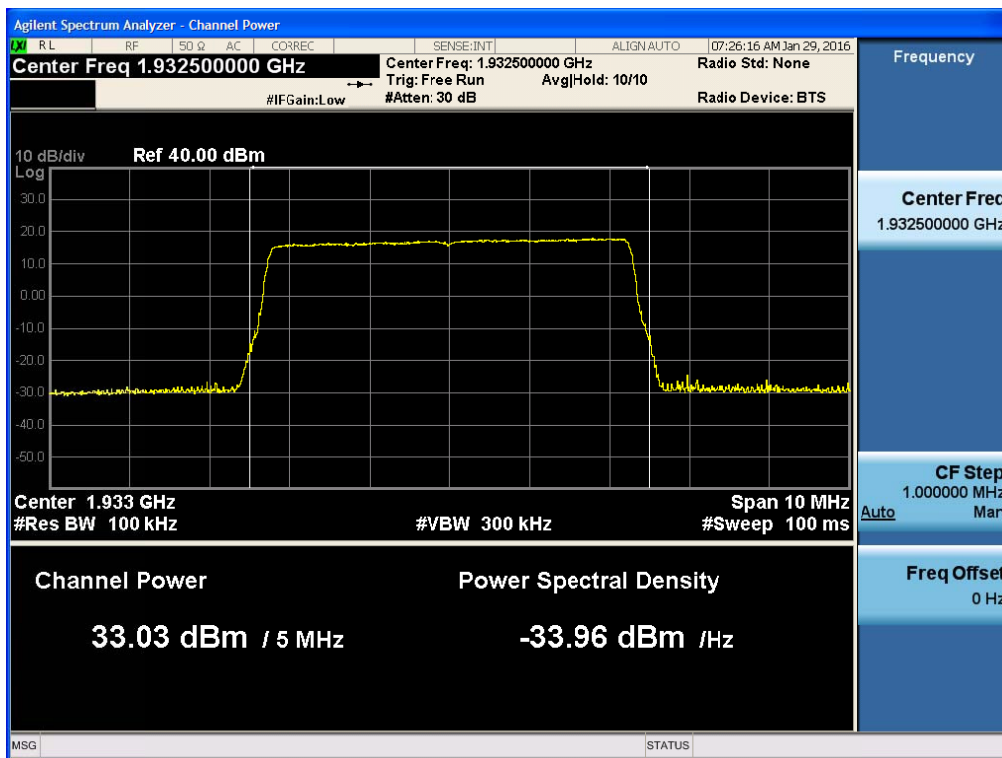
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			Po1(dBm)	Pmean(dBm)
1900 PCS Band	Low	1930.40	30.35	33.35
	Middle	1962.50	30.66	33.66
	High	1994.60	30.01	33.01
AWS Band	Low	2110.40	30.38	33.38
	Middle	2145.00	30.41	33.41
	High	2179.60	30.19	33.19

Additional Power Back-off Condition for Multiple Carrier Operations for IC

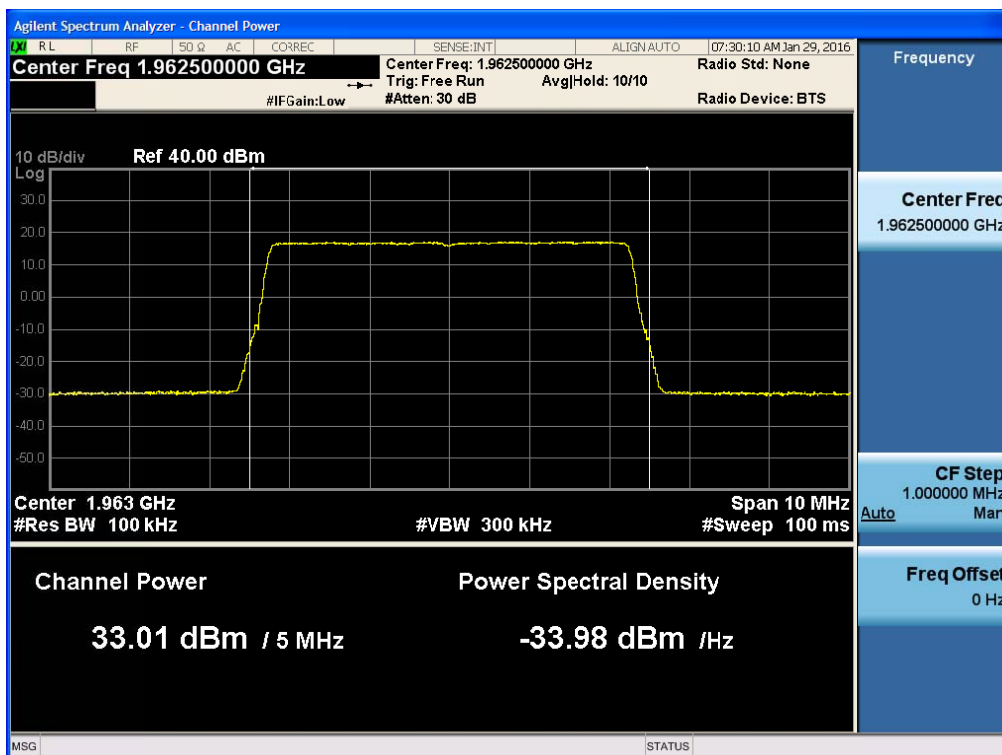
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	1 Carrier (dBm)	3 Carrier (dBm)	Power Back-off (dB)
1900 PCS Band	33.01	28.31	4.70
AWS Band	33.05	28.41	4.64

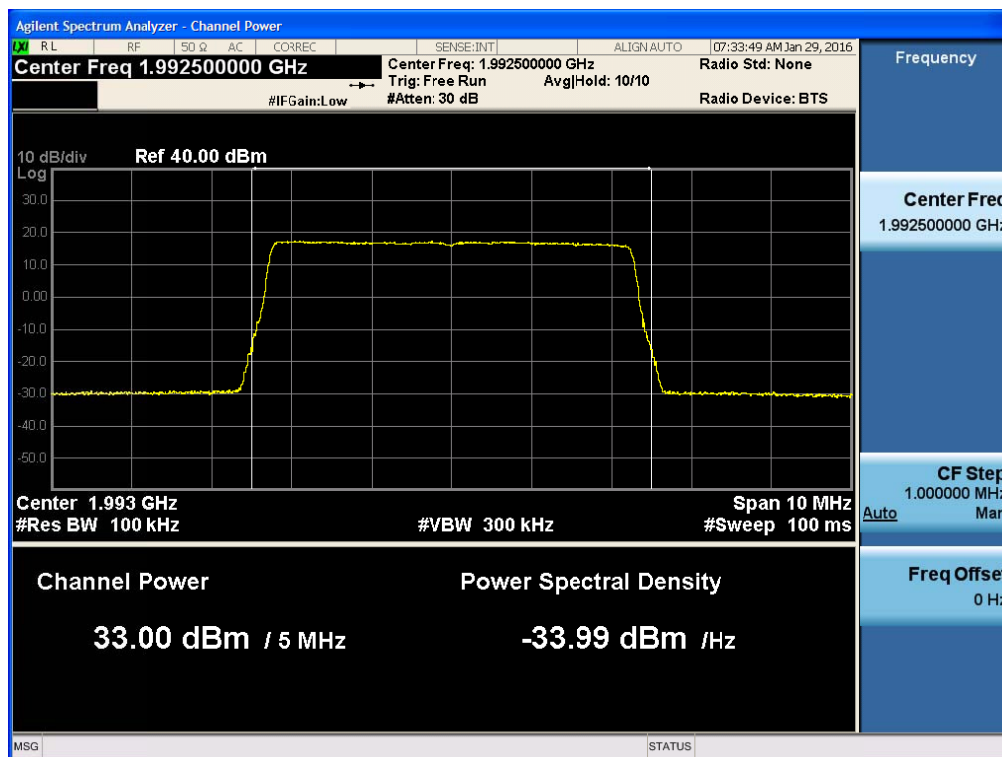
Plots of RF Output Power for 1900 PCS Band LTE 5MHz [AGC threshold Downlink Low]



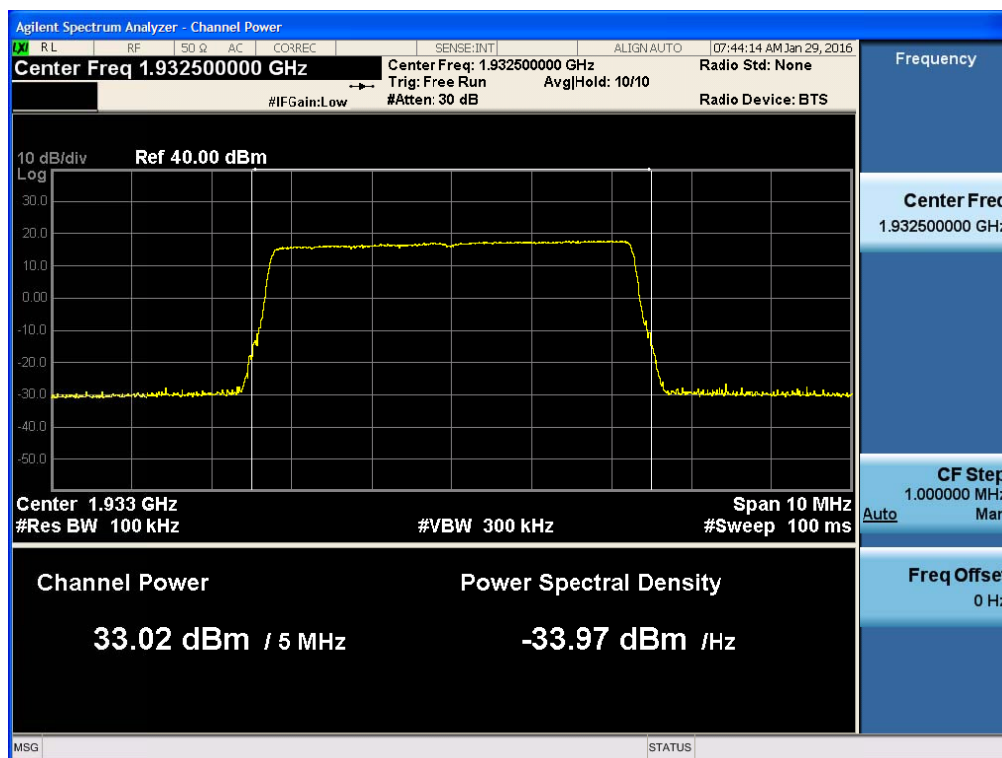
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



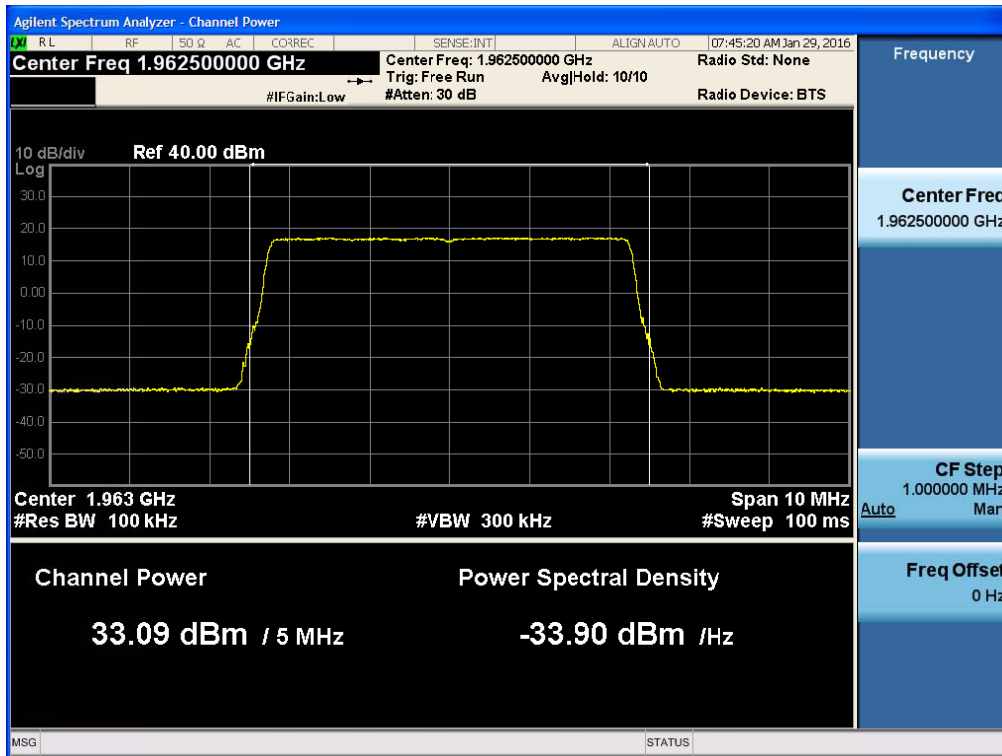
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



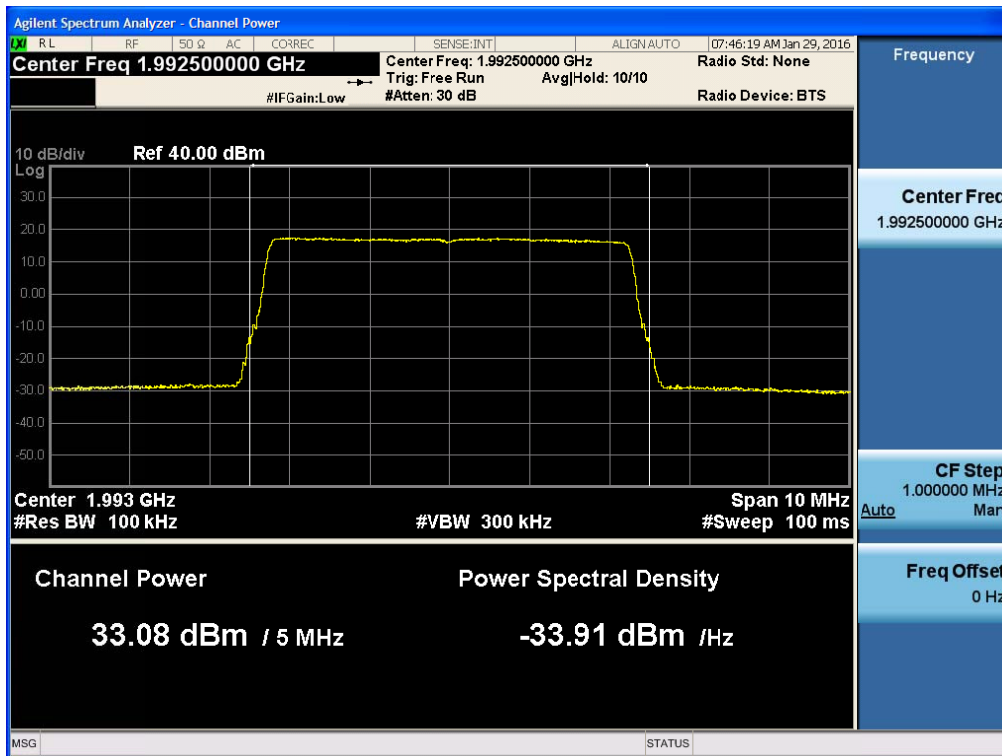
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

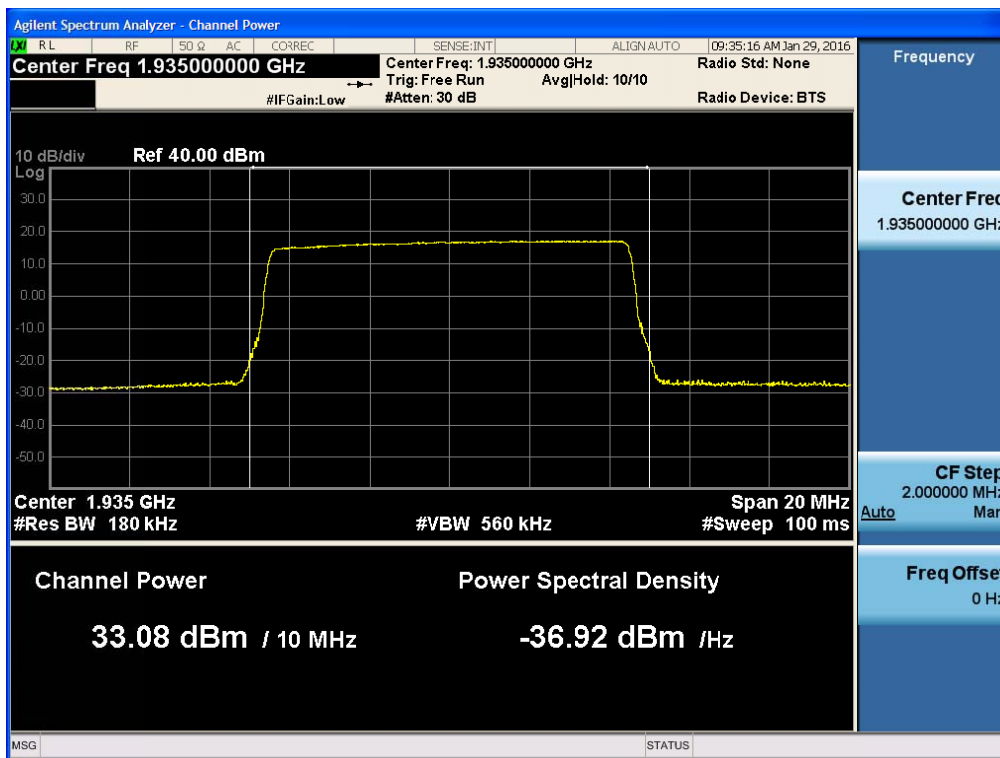


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

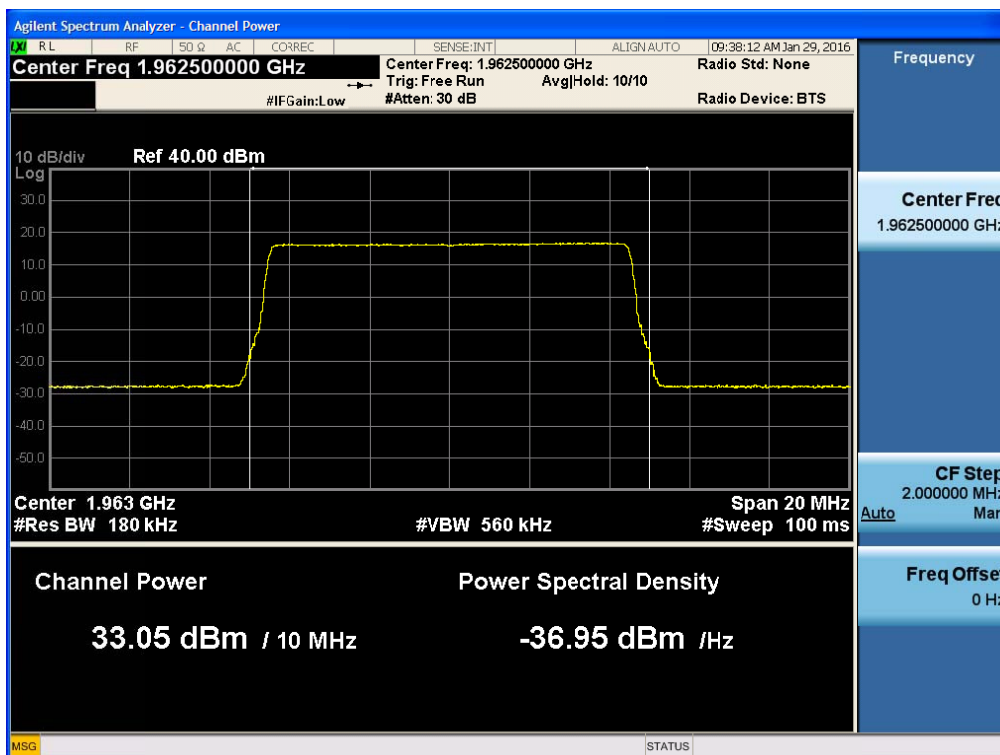


Plots of RF Output Power for 1900 PCS Band LTE 10MHz

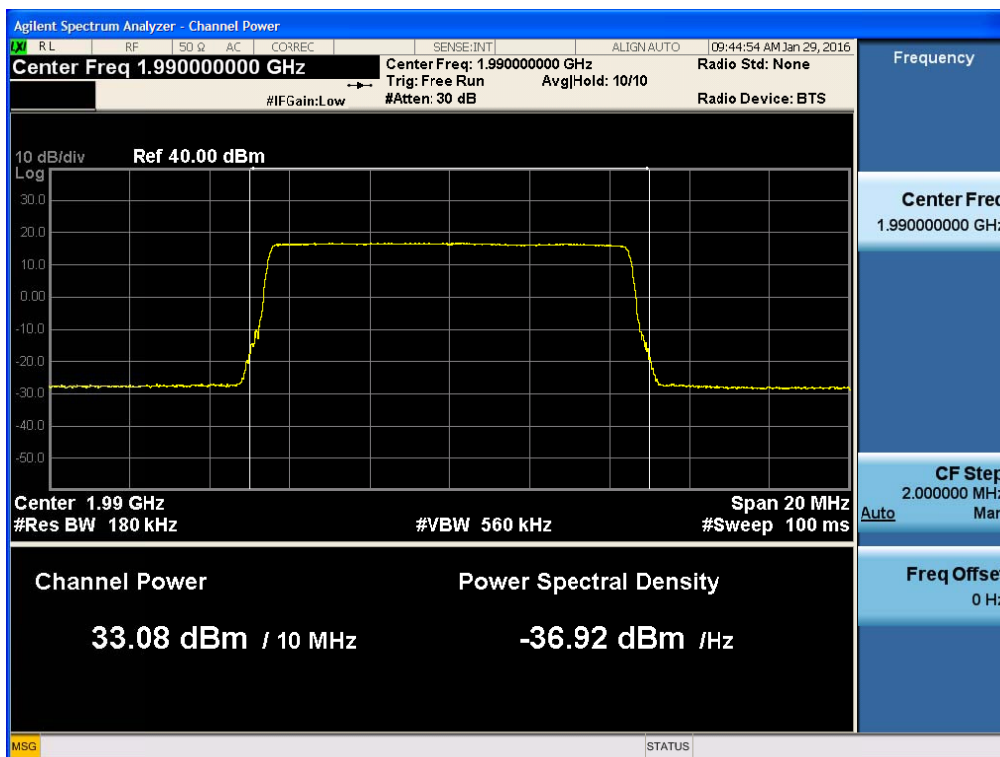
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



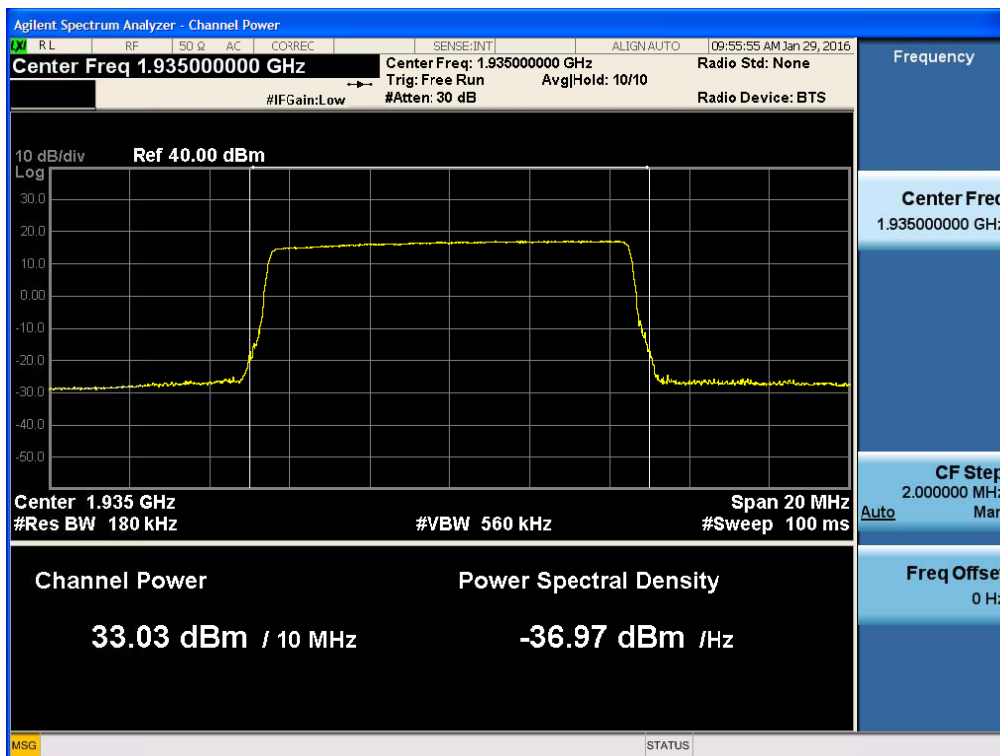
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



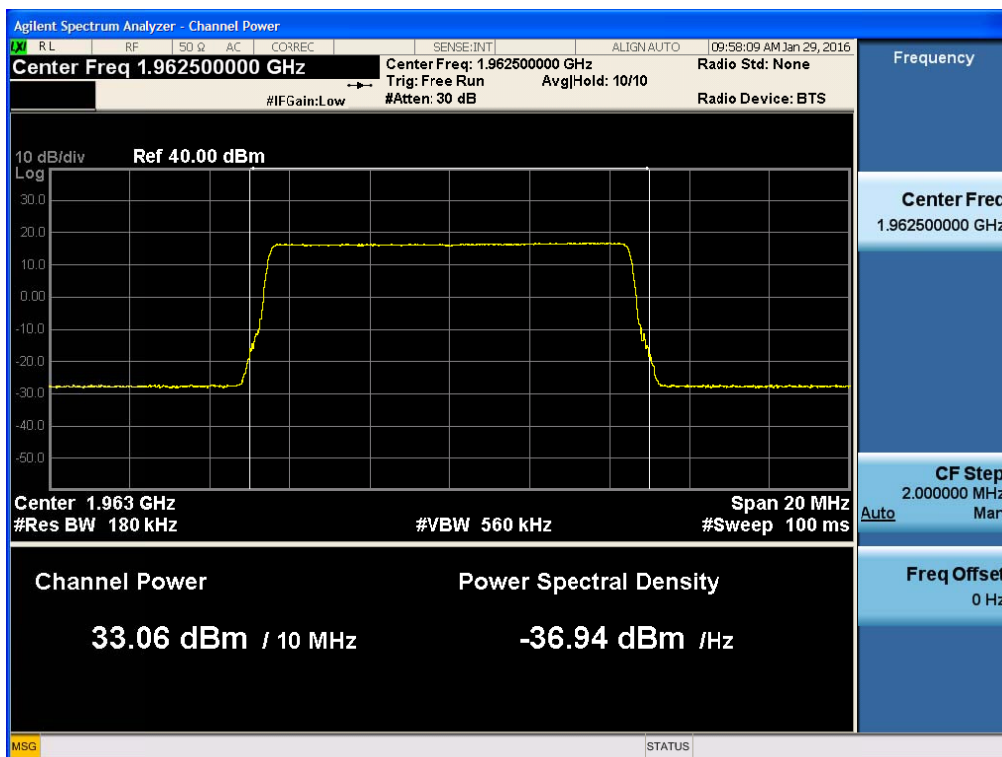
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



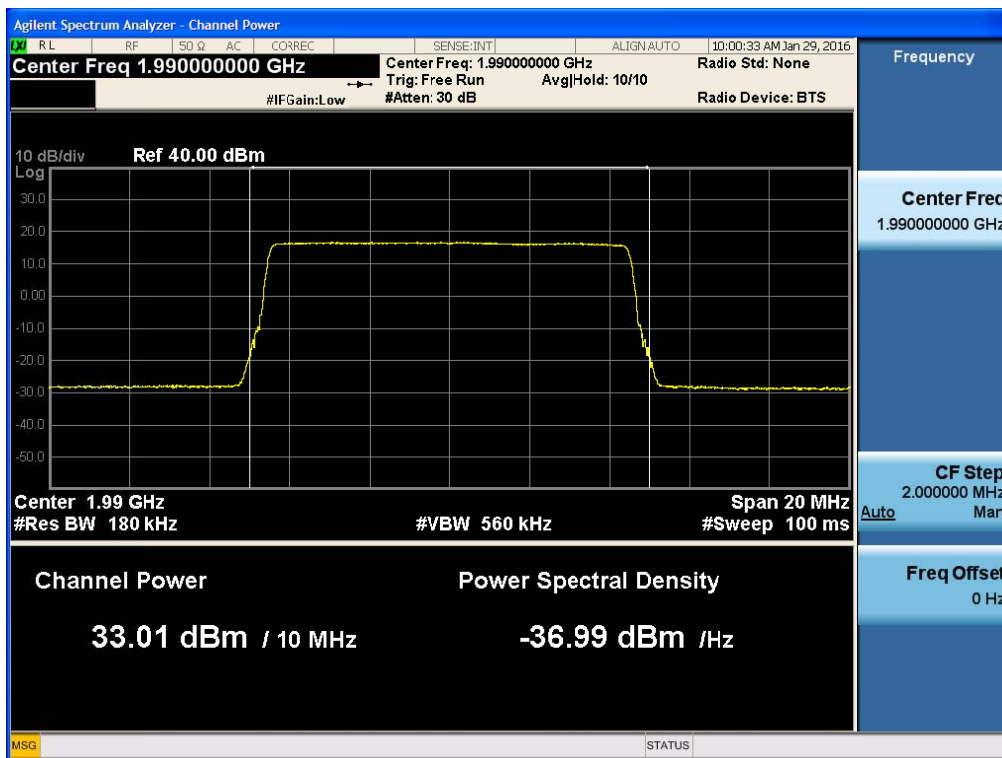
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

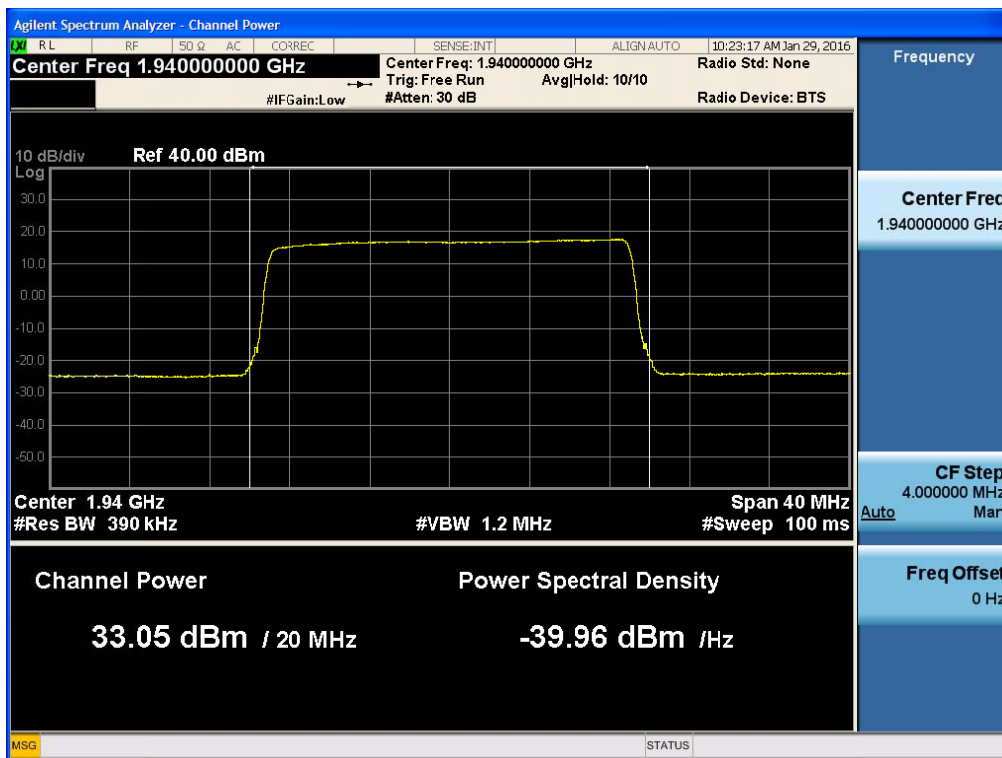


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

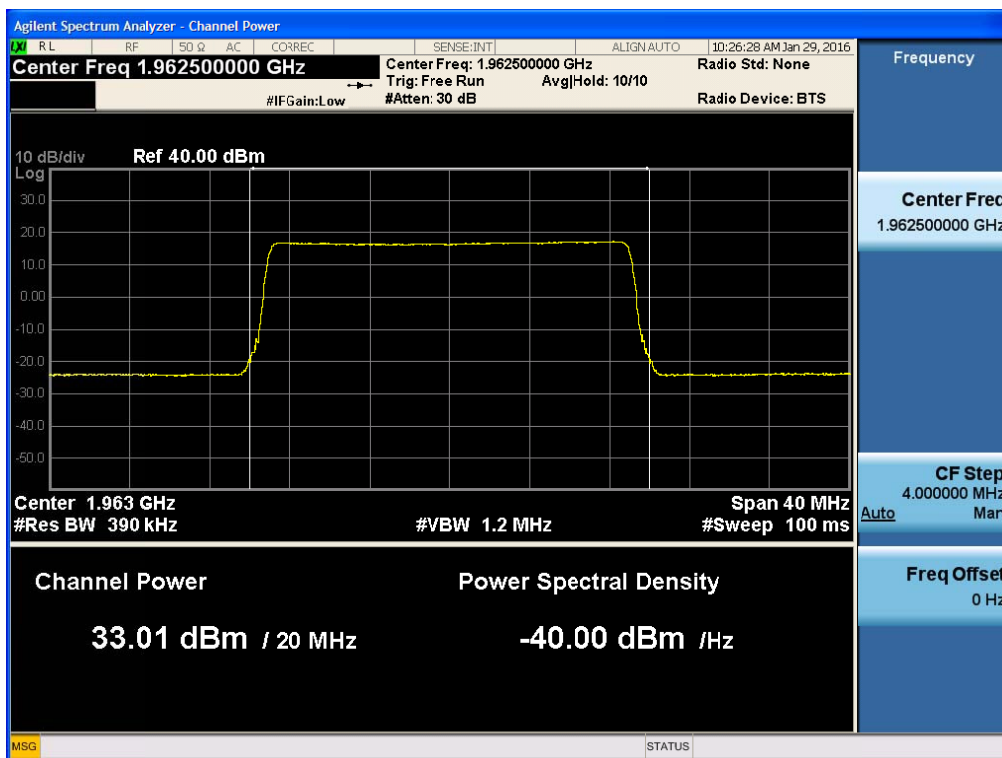


Plots of RF Output Power for 1900 PCS Band LTE 20MHz

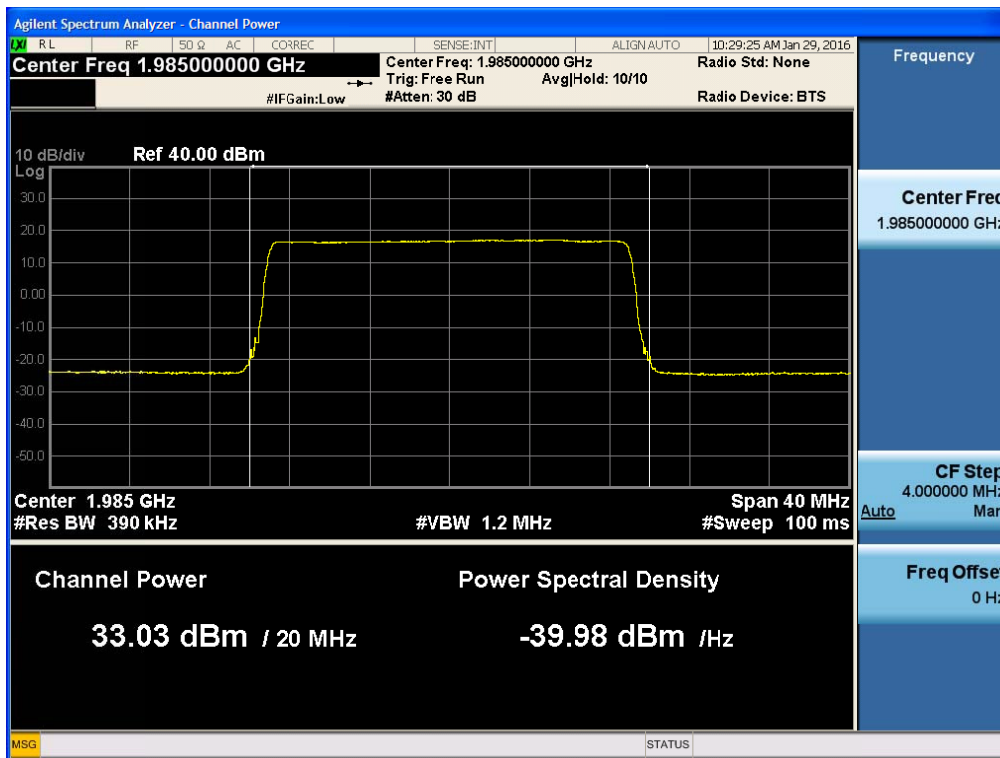
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



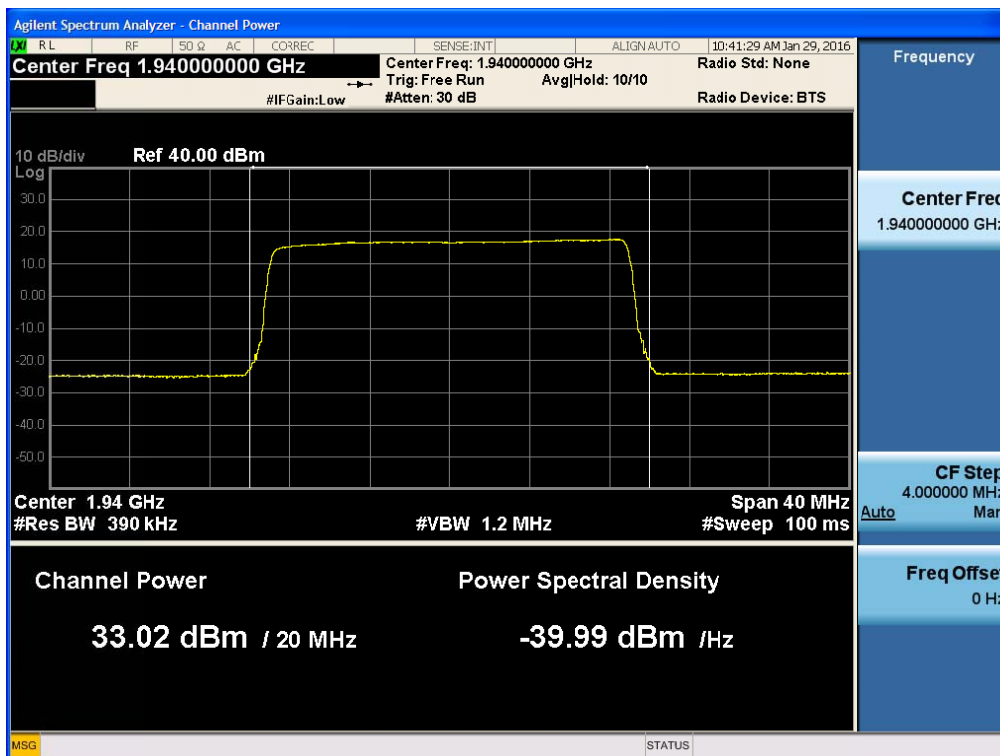
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



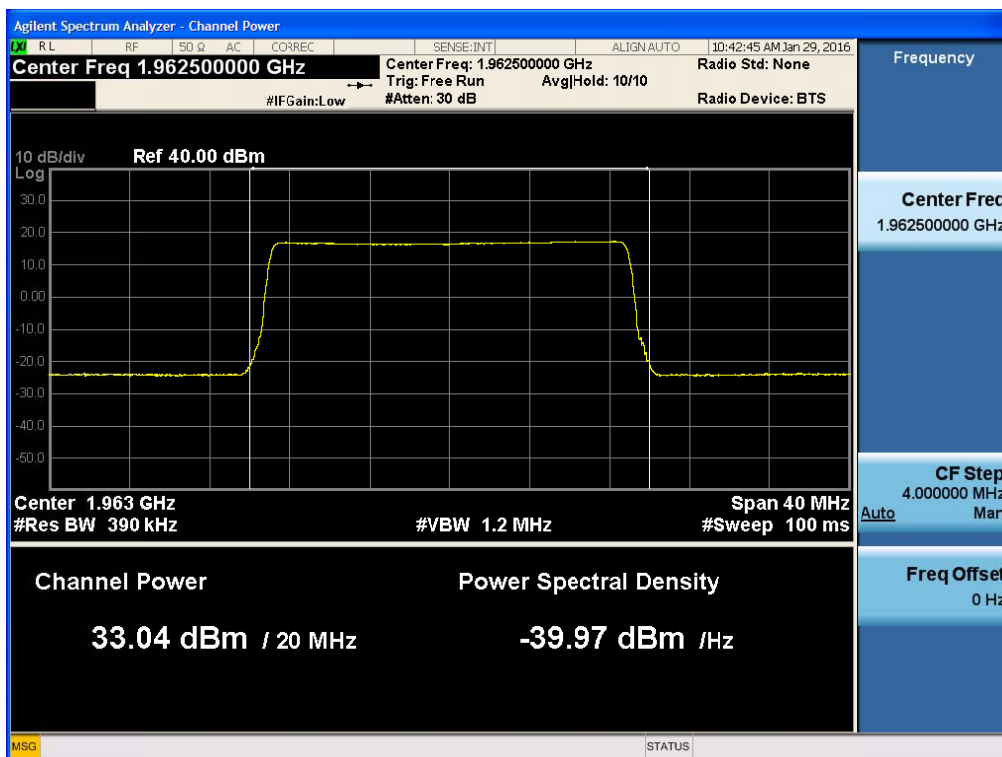
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



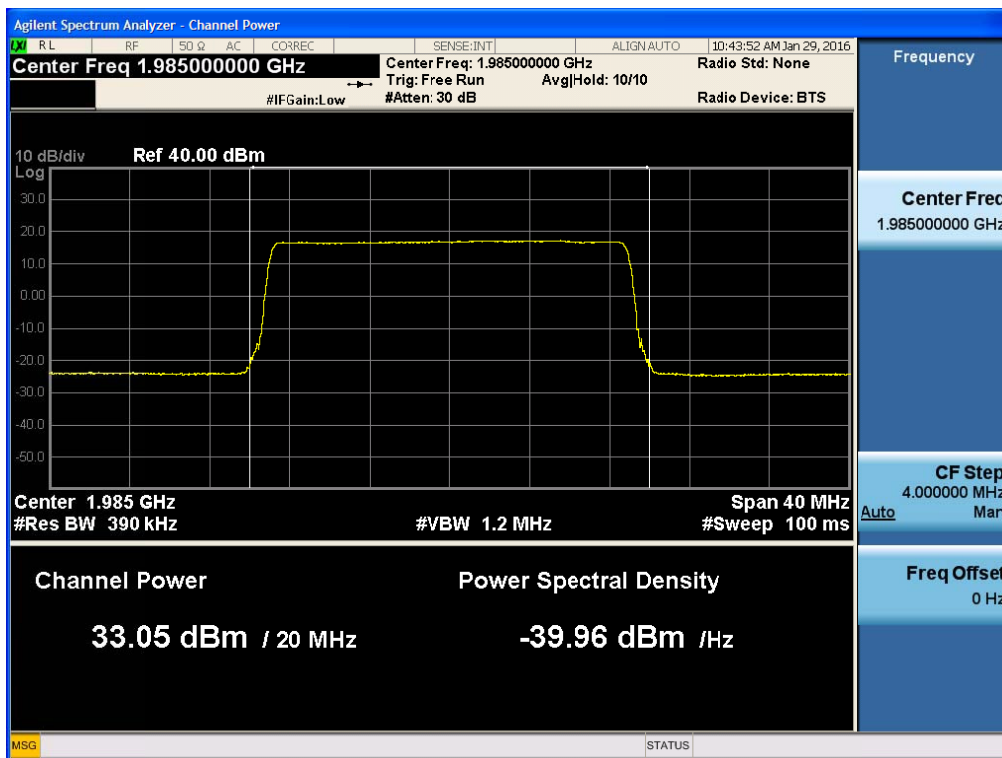
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



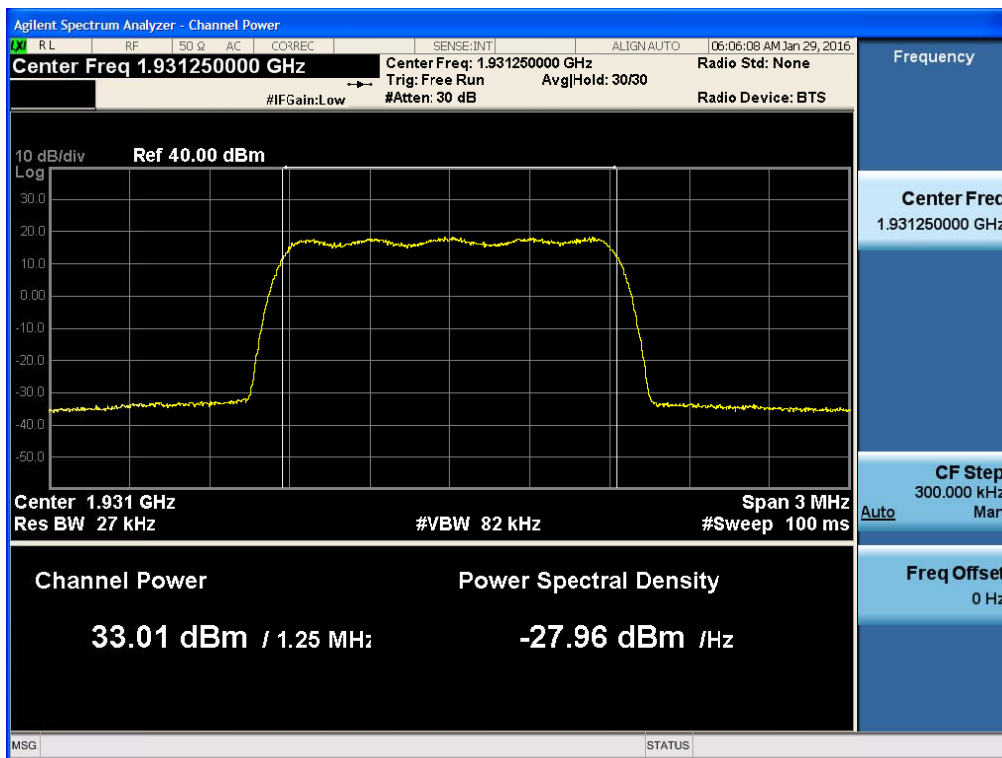
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



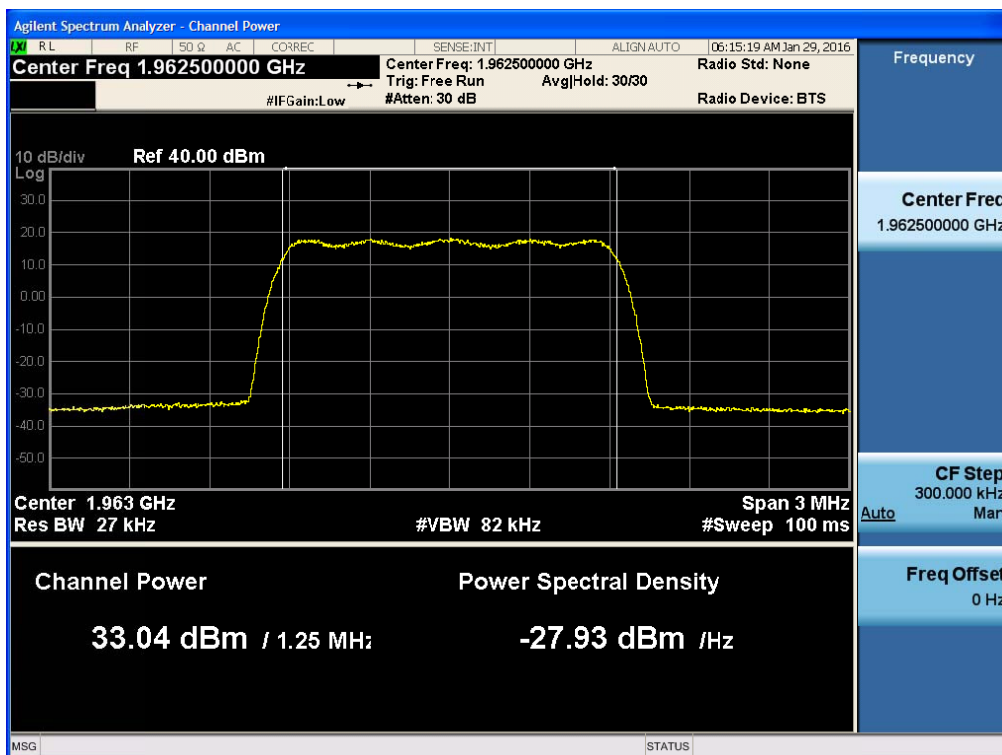
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]



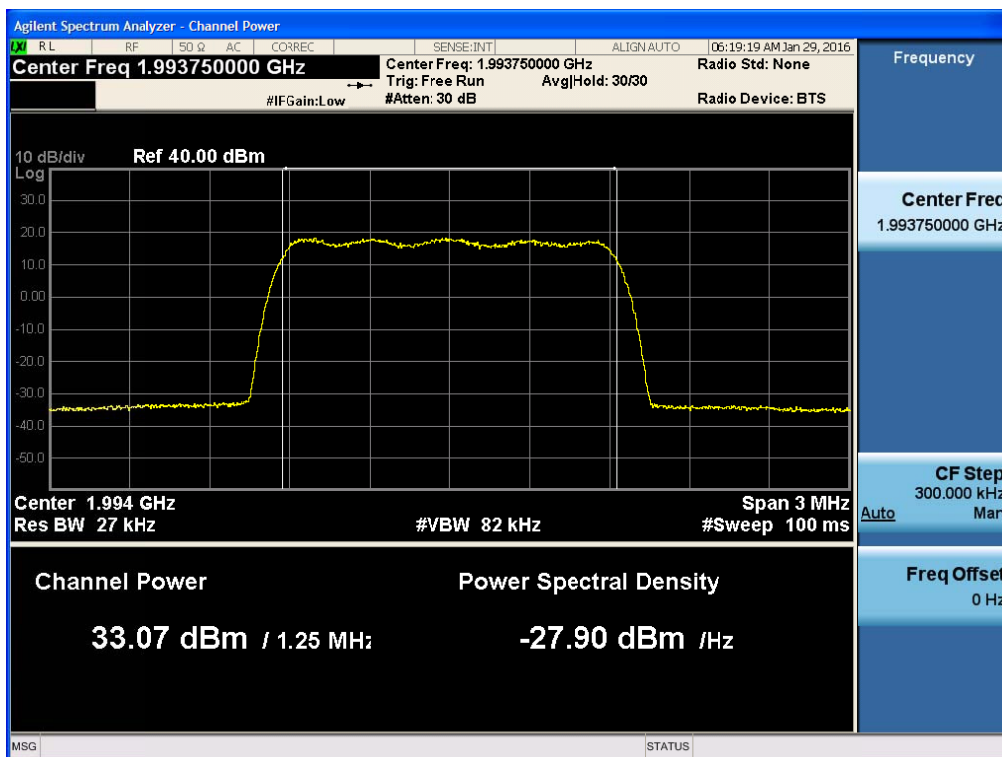
Plots of RF Output Power for 1900 PCS Band CDMA [AGC threshold Downlink Low]



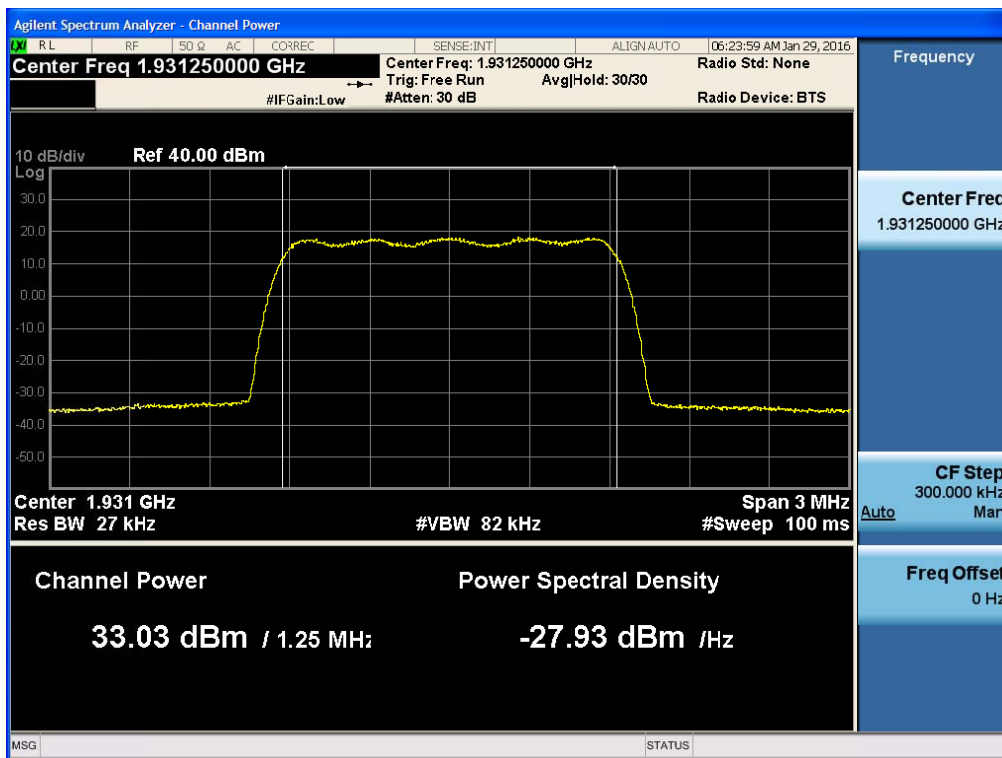
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



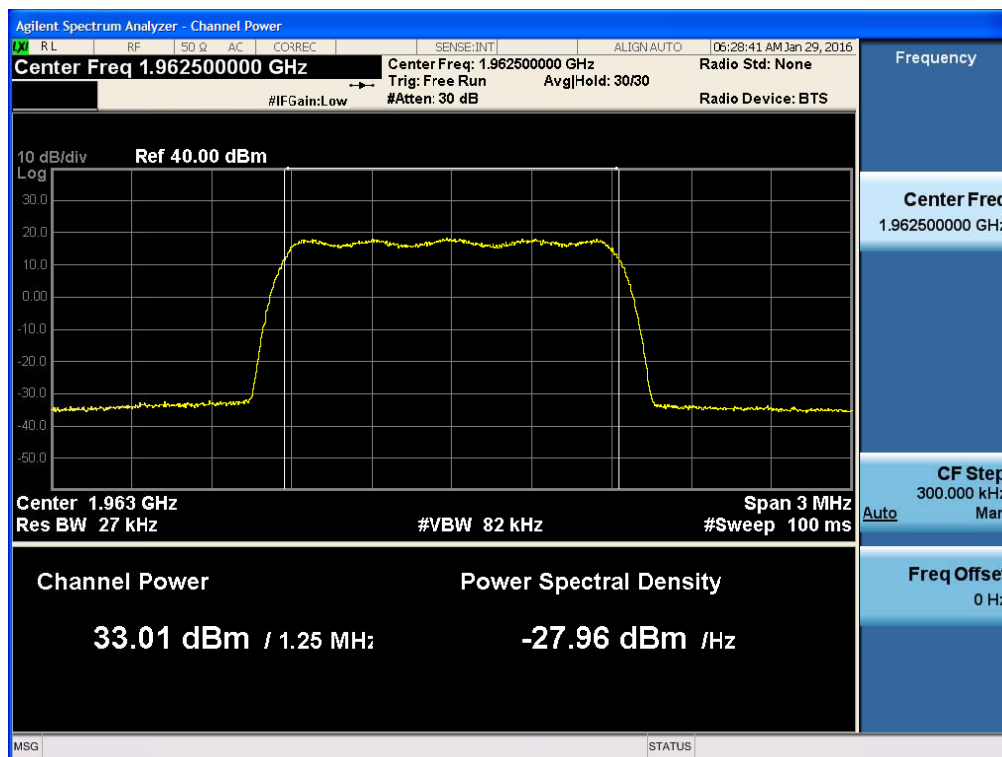
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



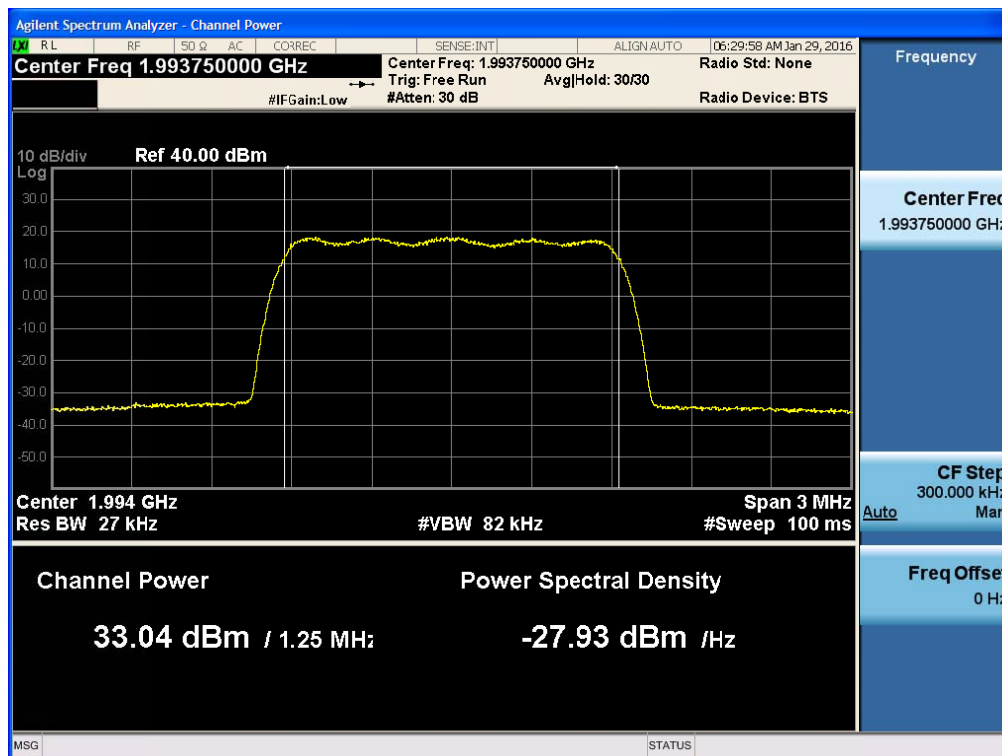
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



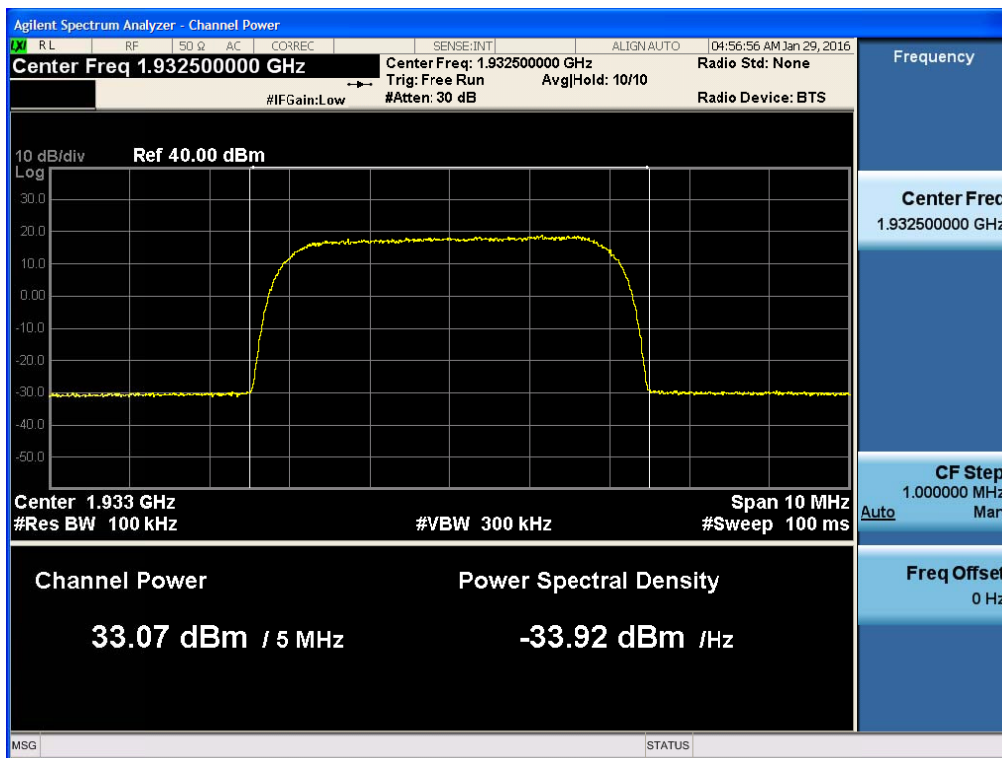
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



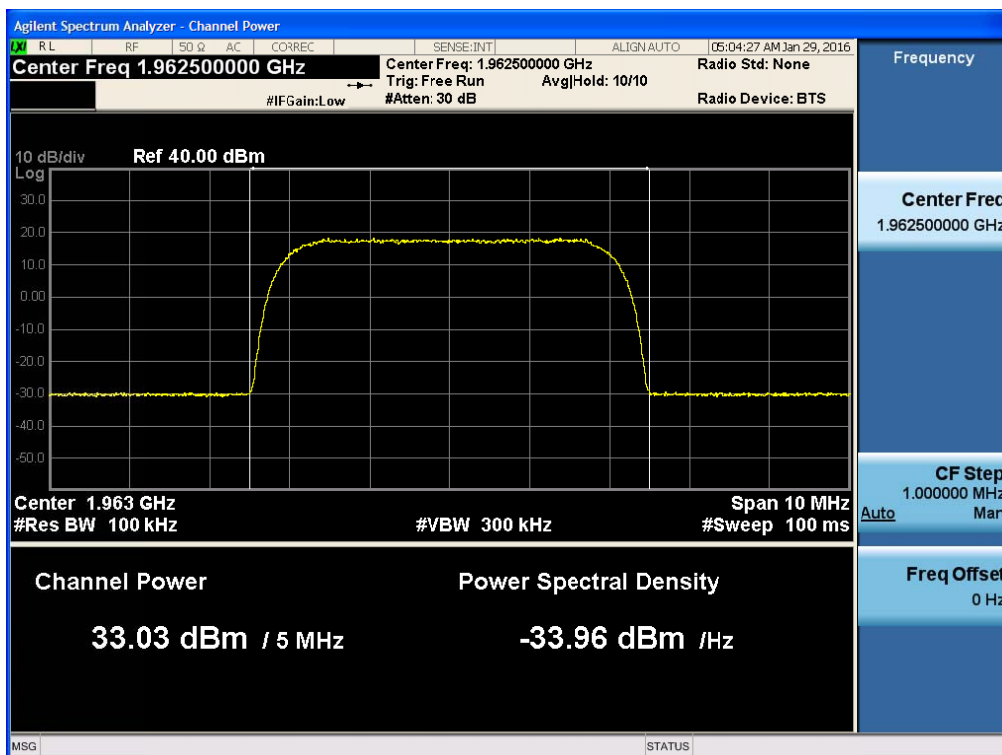
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]



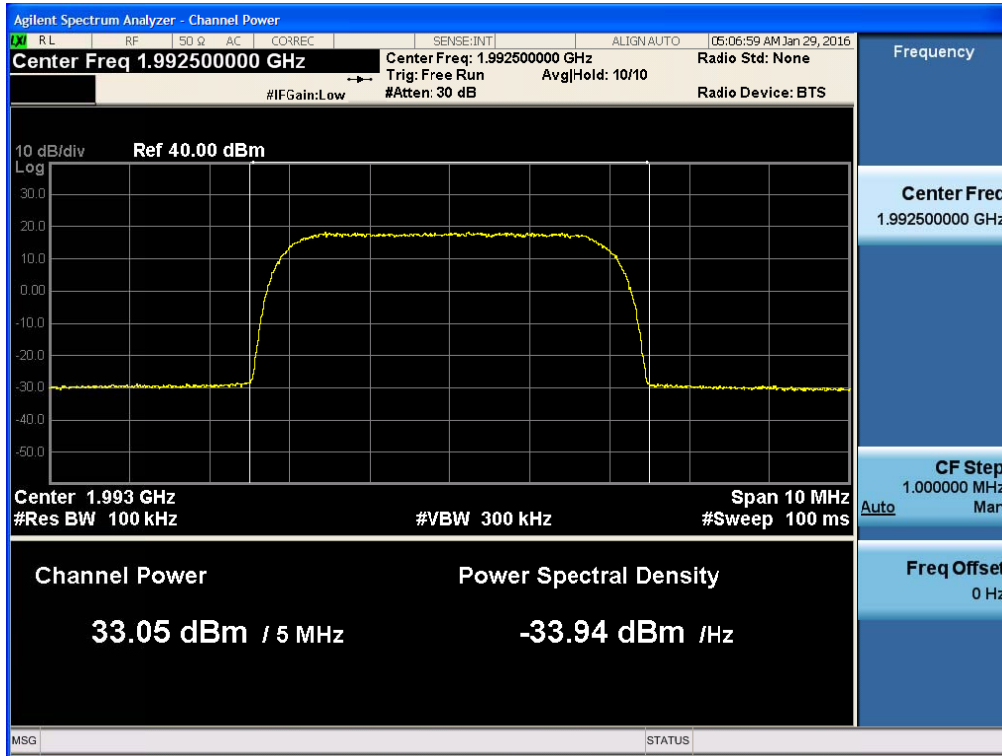
Plots of RF Output Power for 1900 PCS Band WCDMA [AGC threshold Downlink Low]



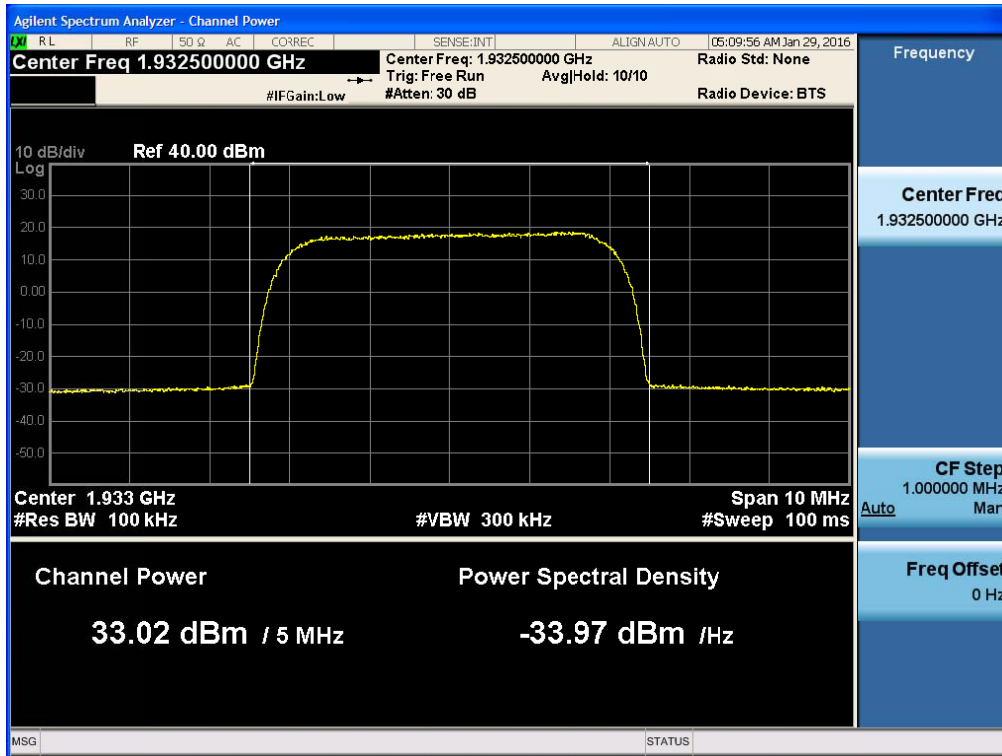
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



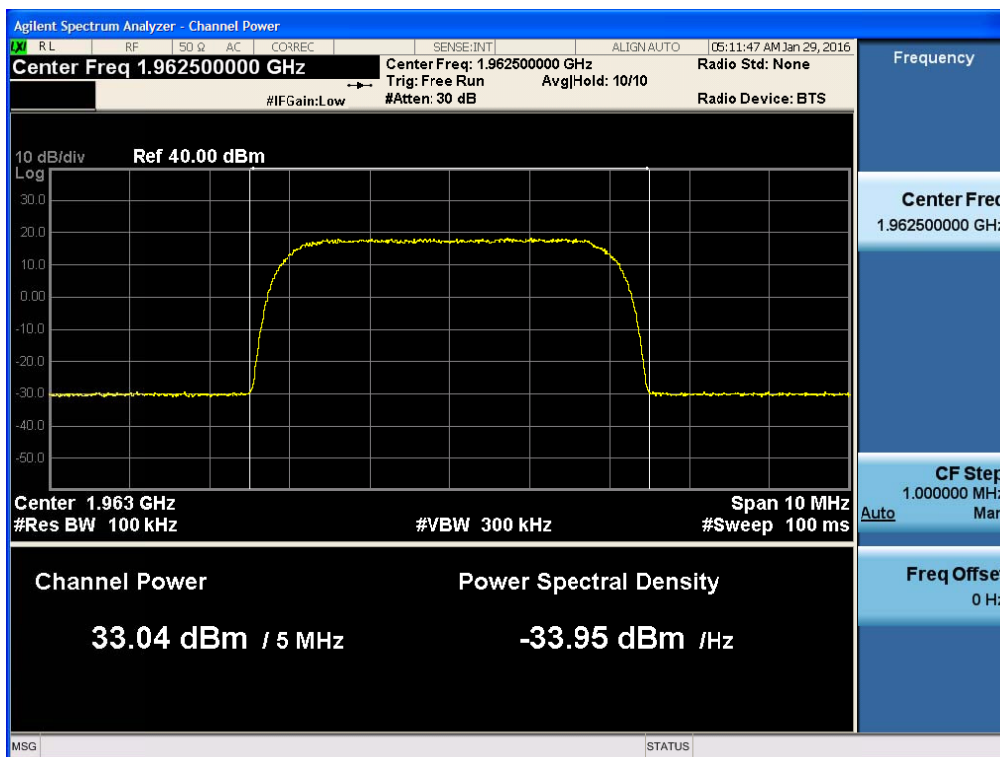
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



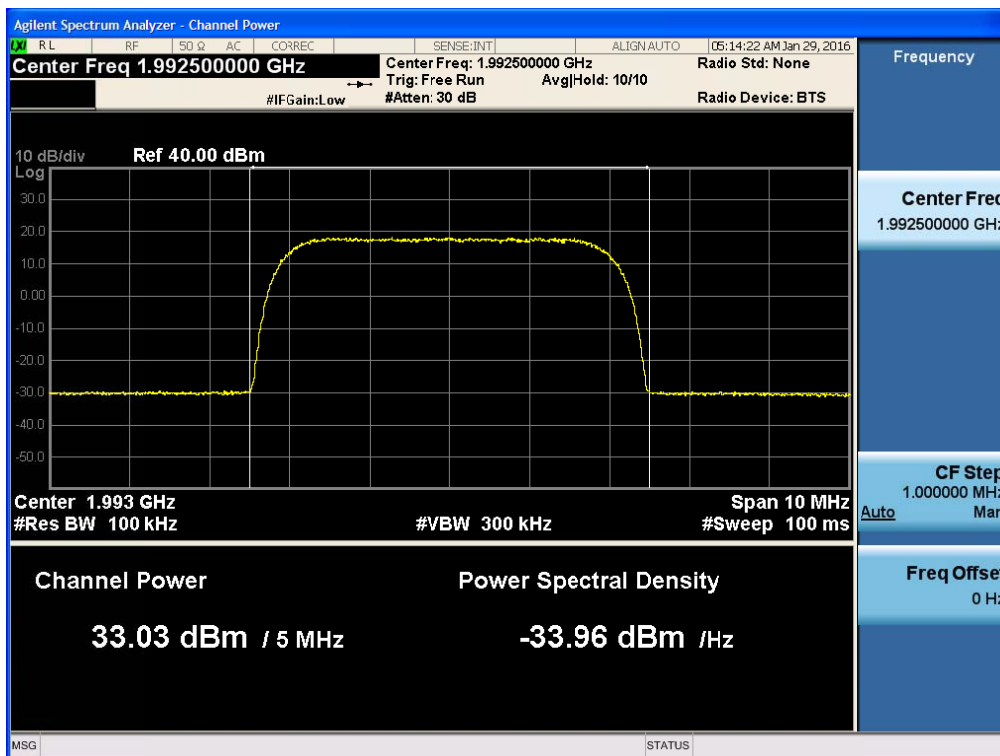
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

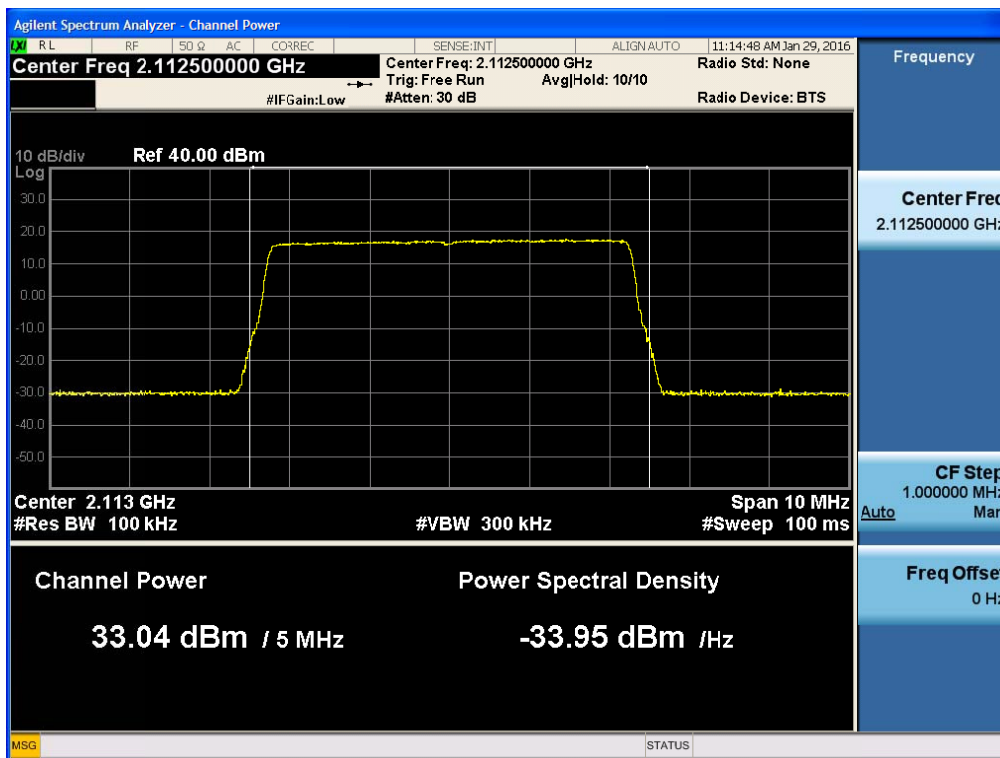


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

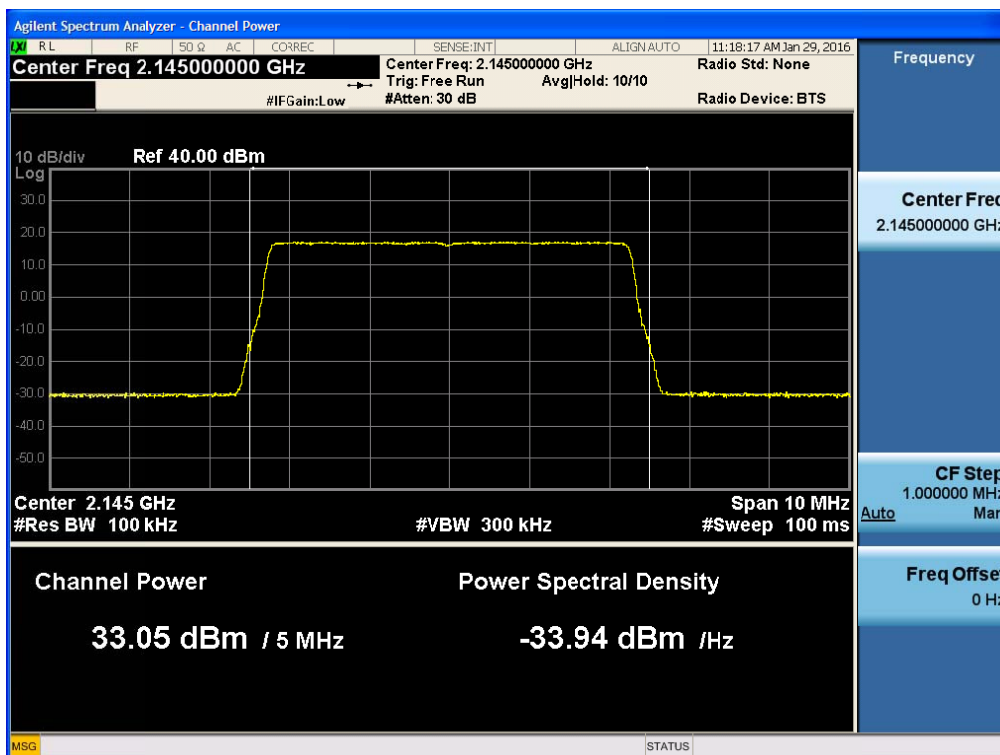


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 5MHz

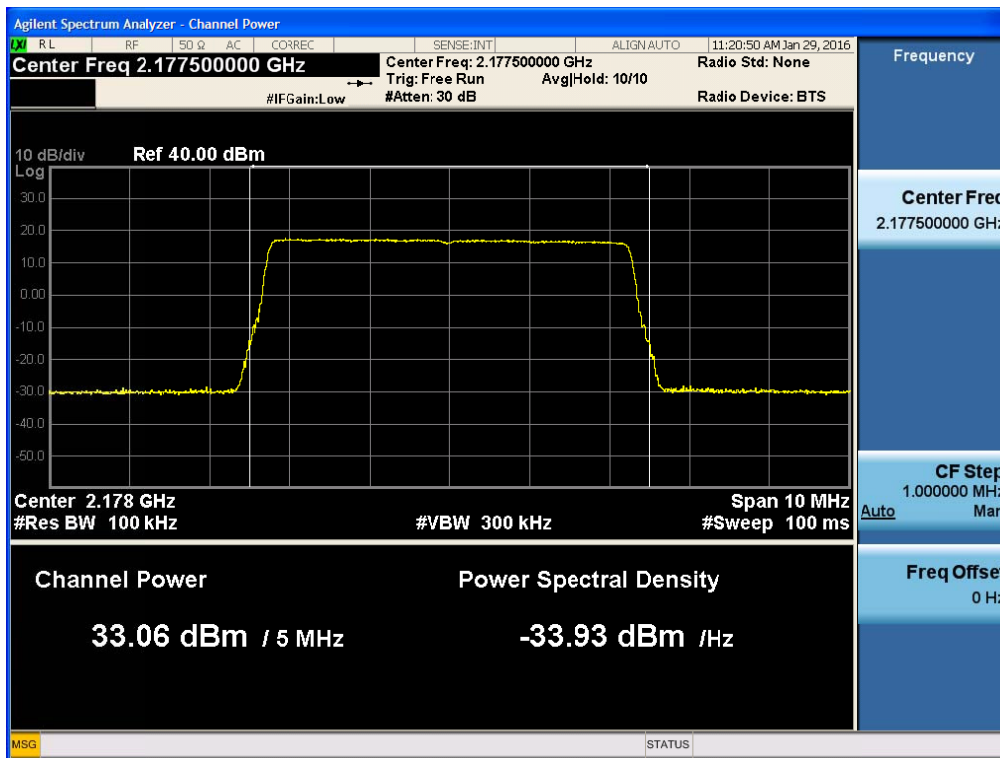
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



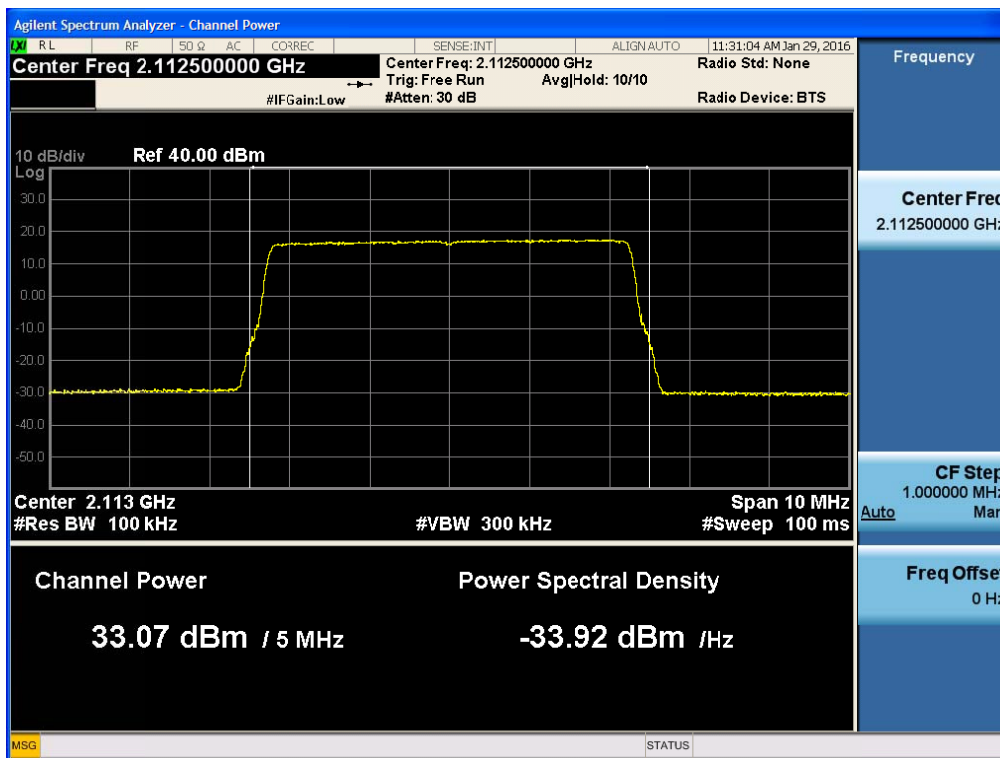
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



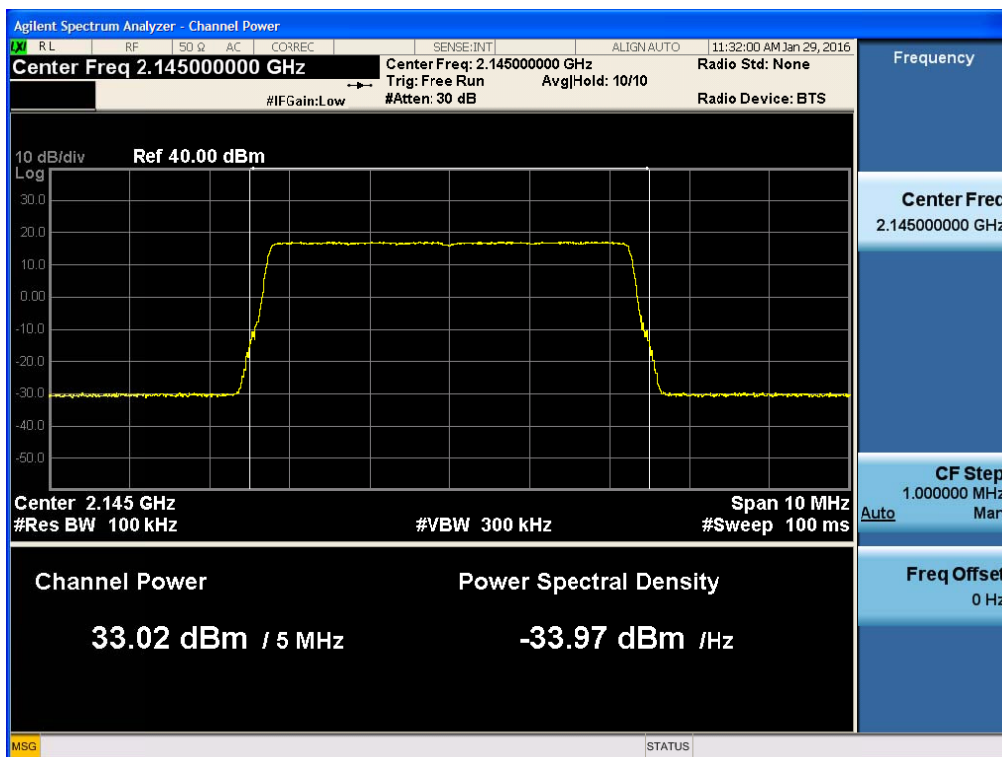
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



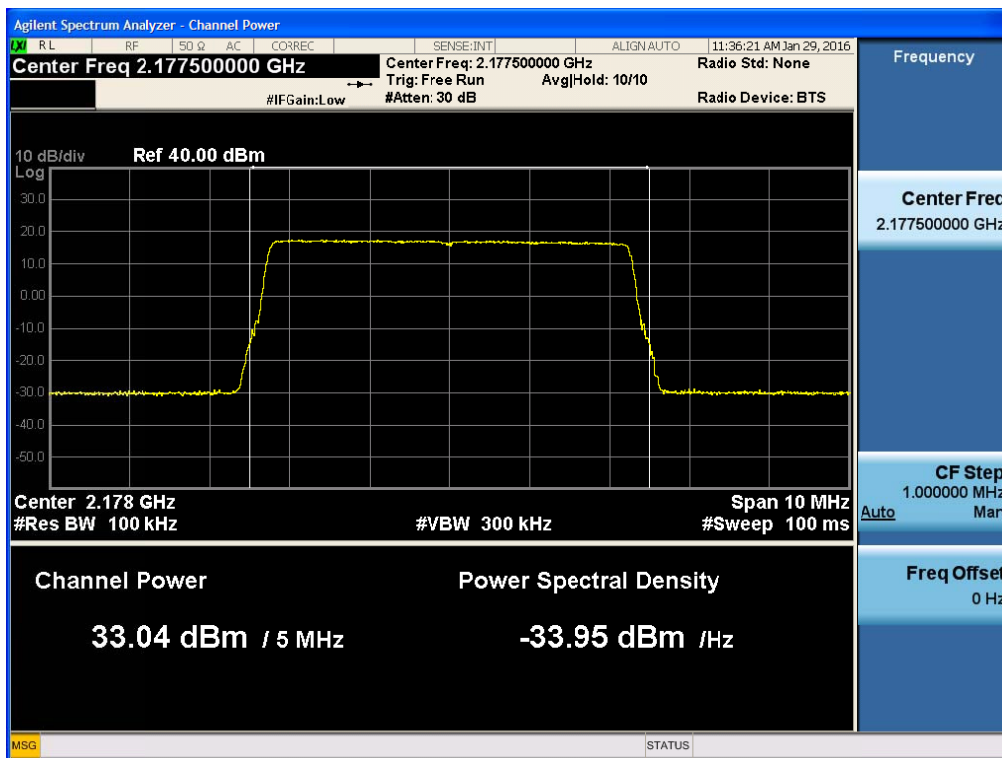
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

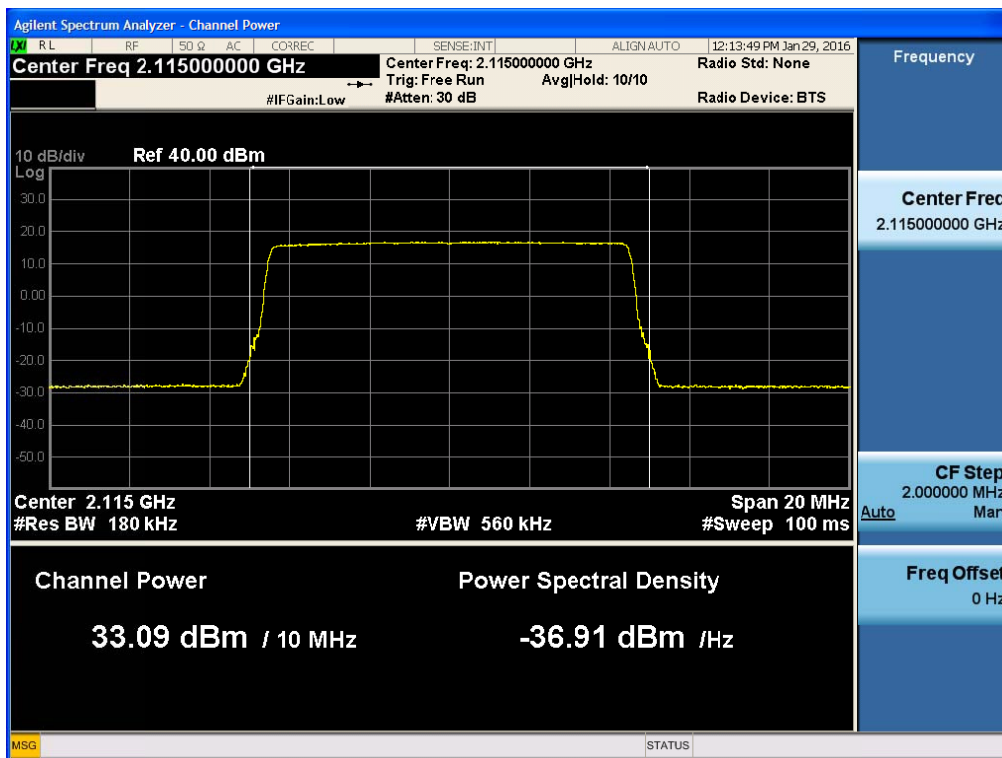


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

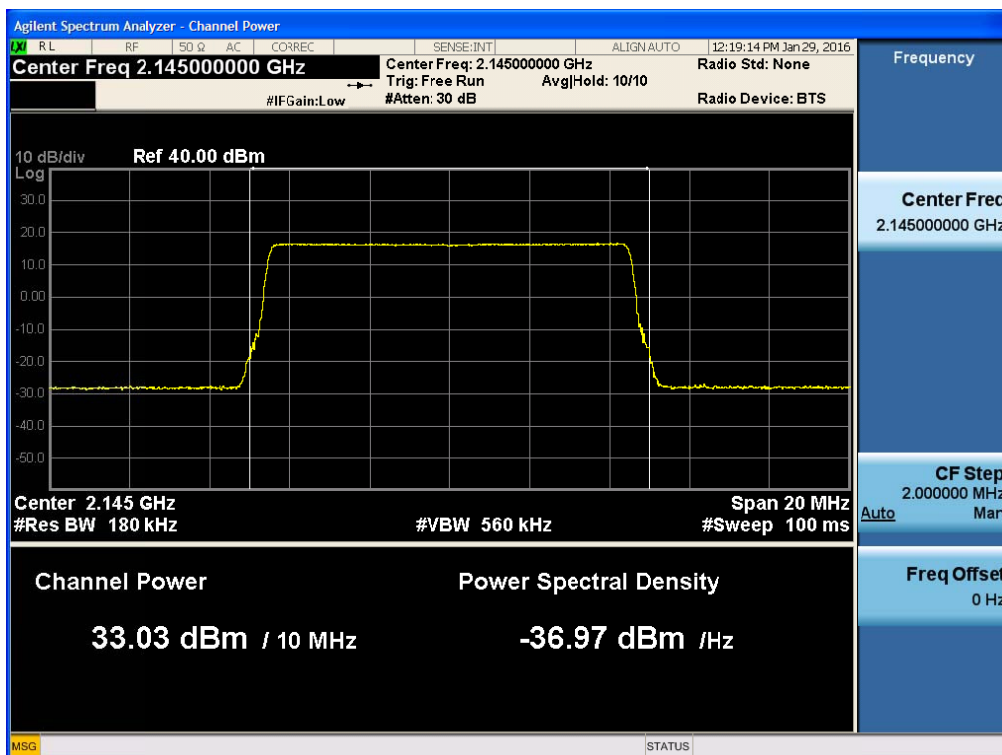


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 10MHz

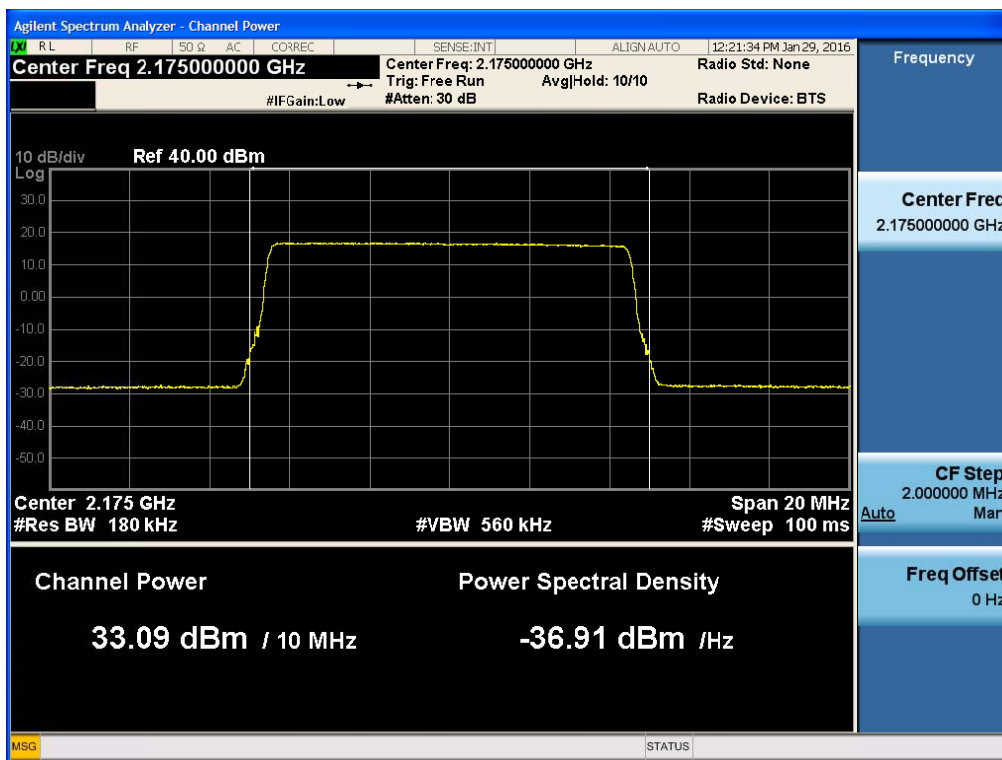
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



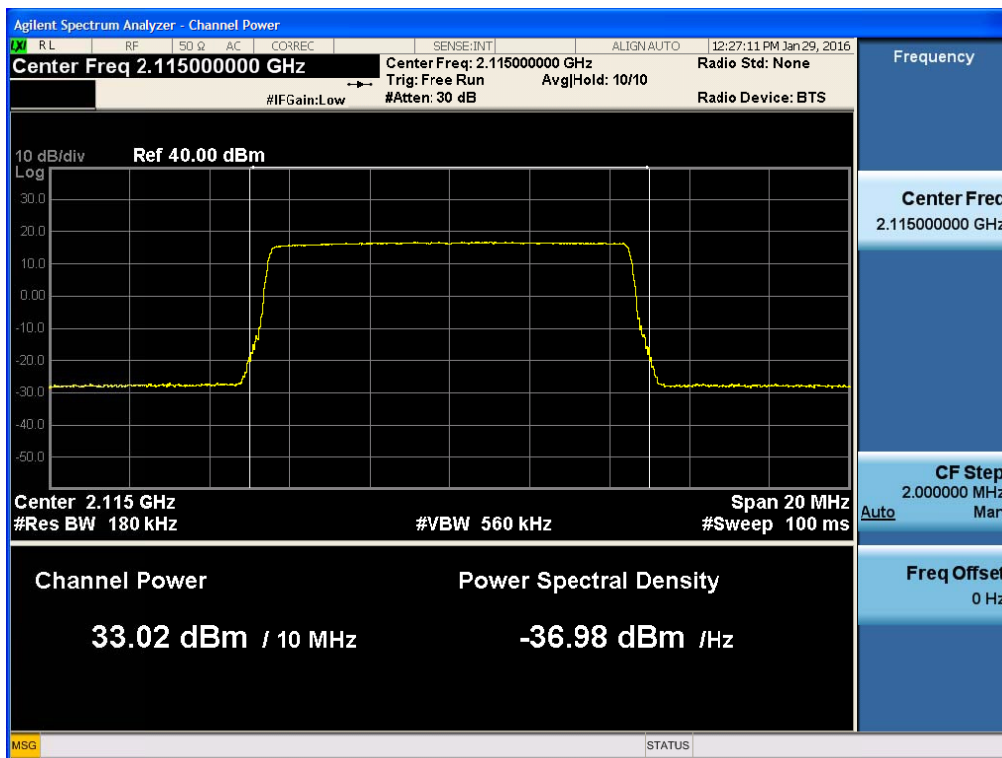
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



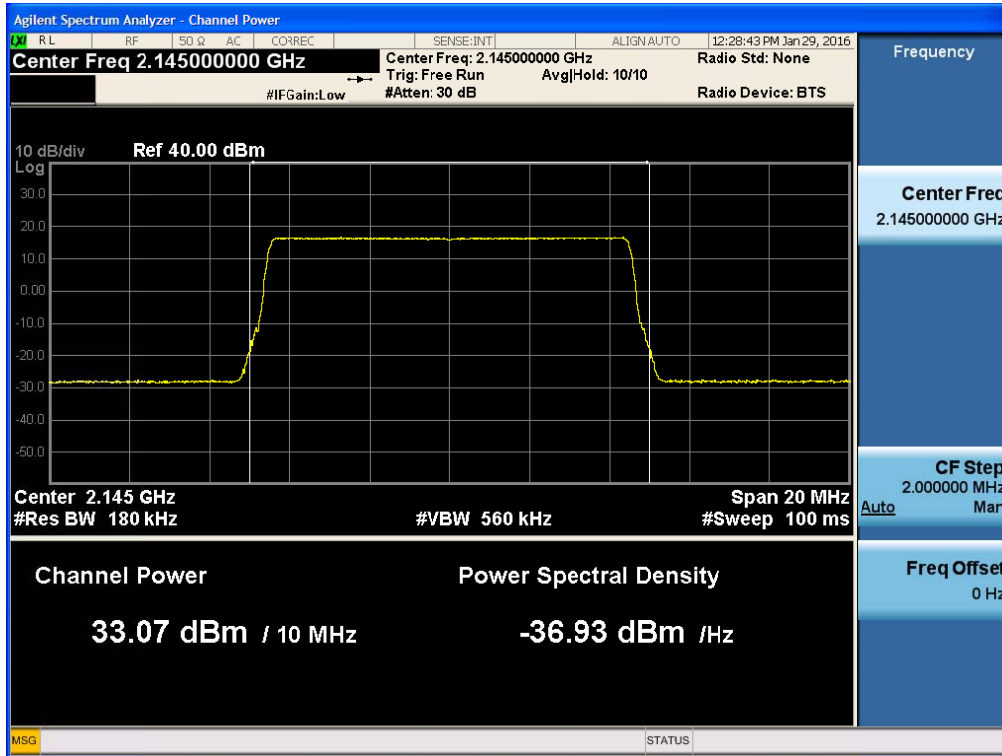
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



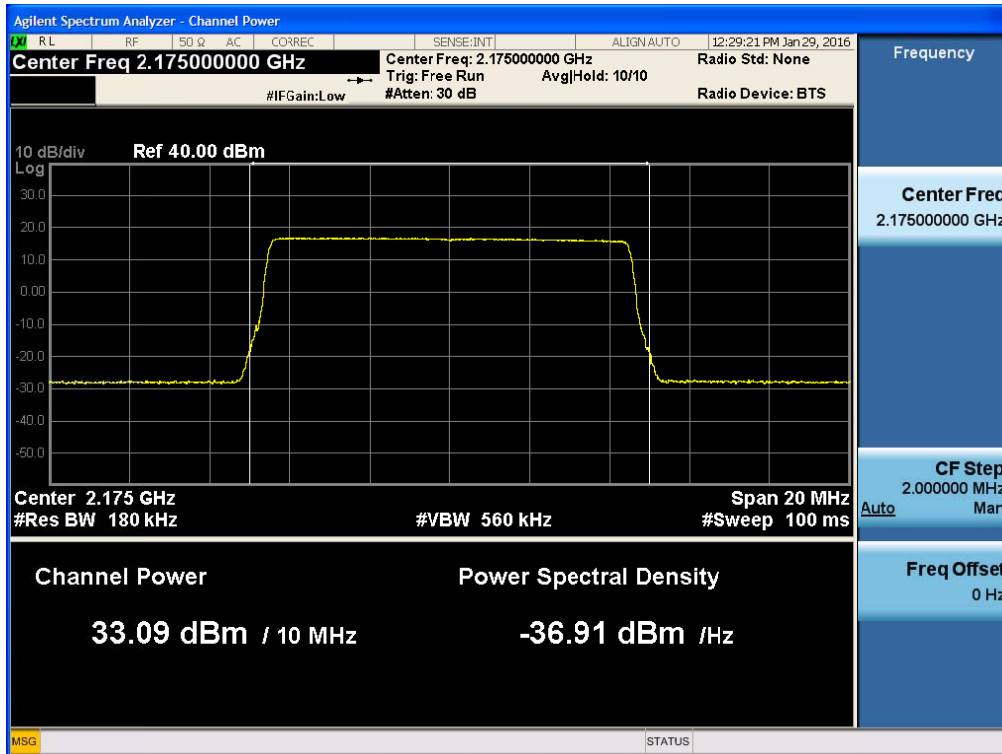
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

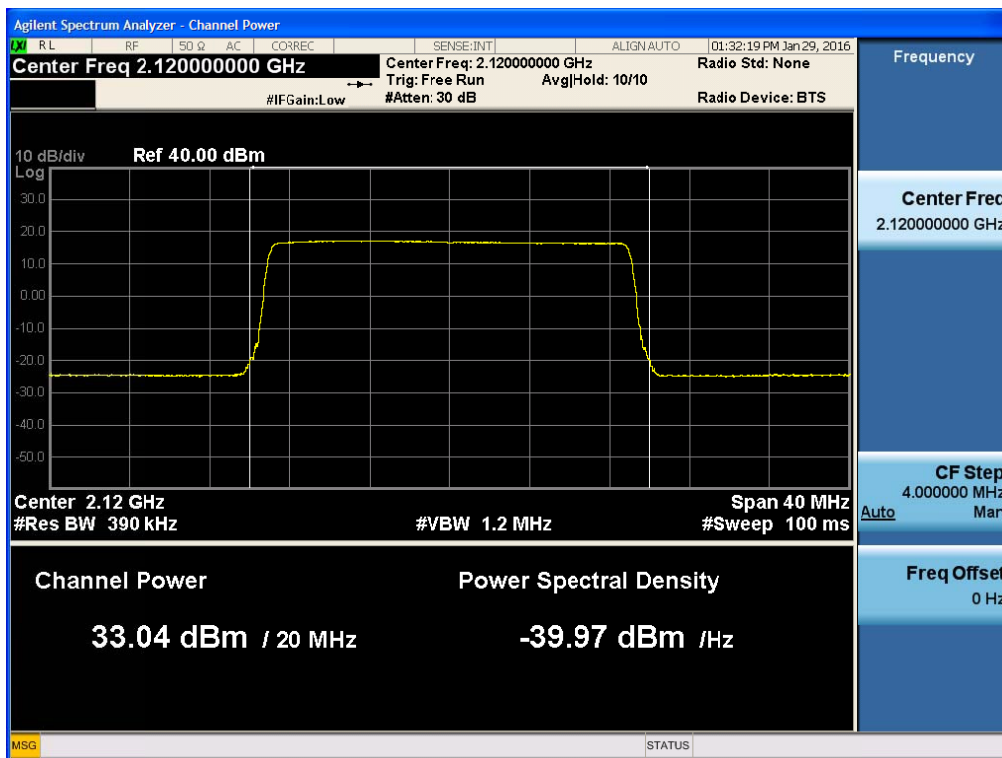


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

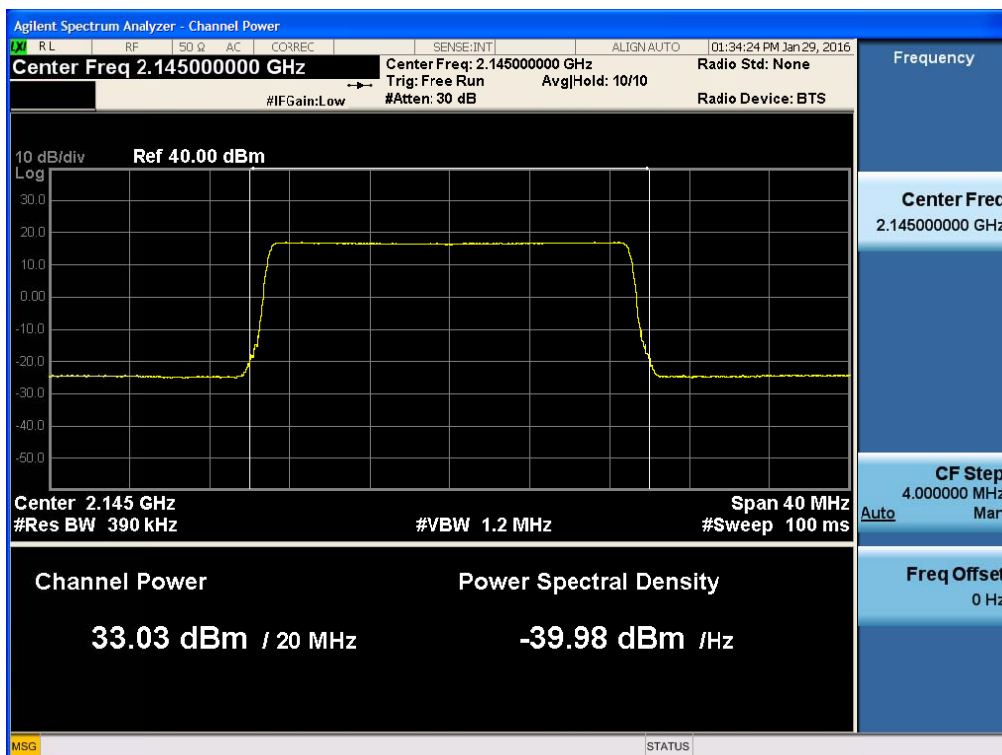


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 20MHz

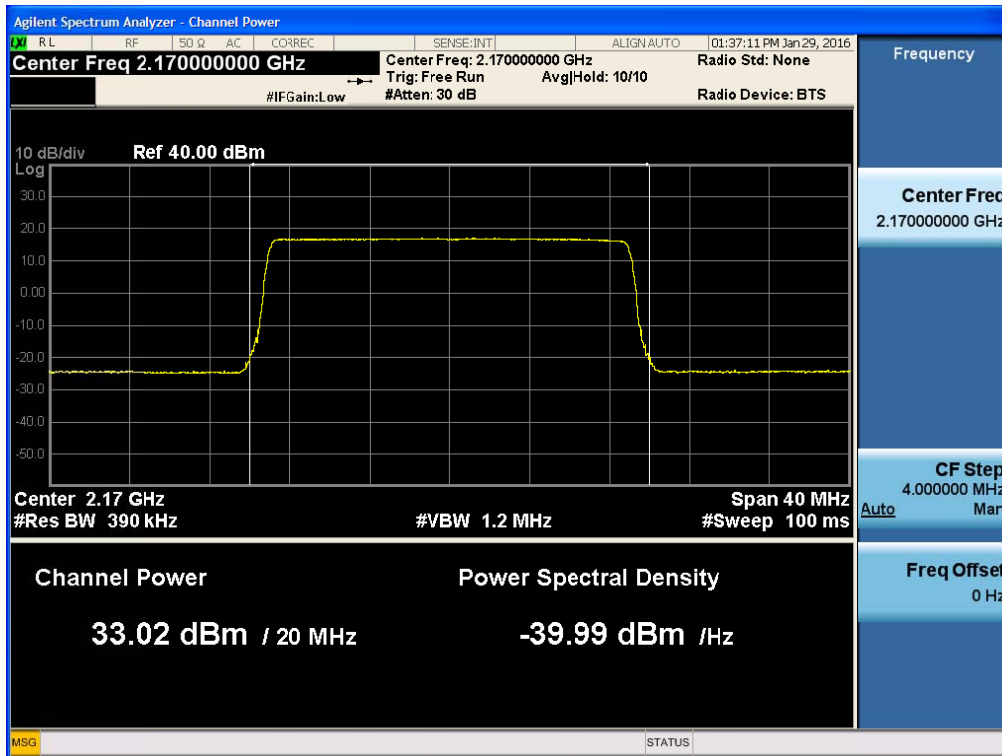
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



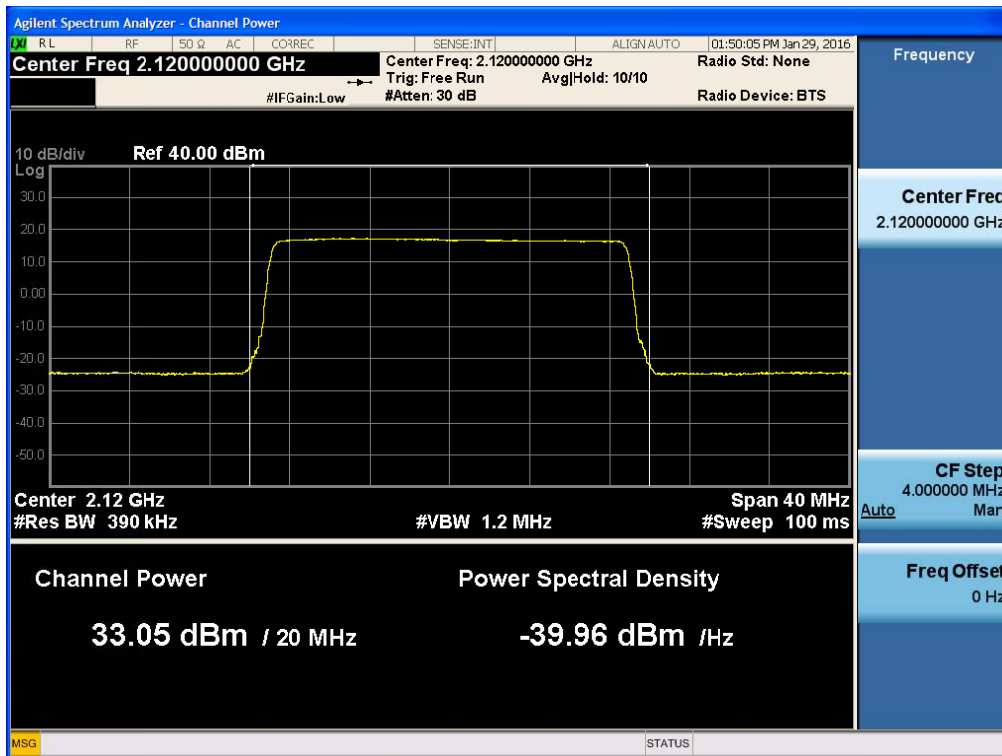
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



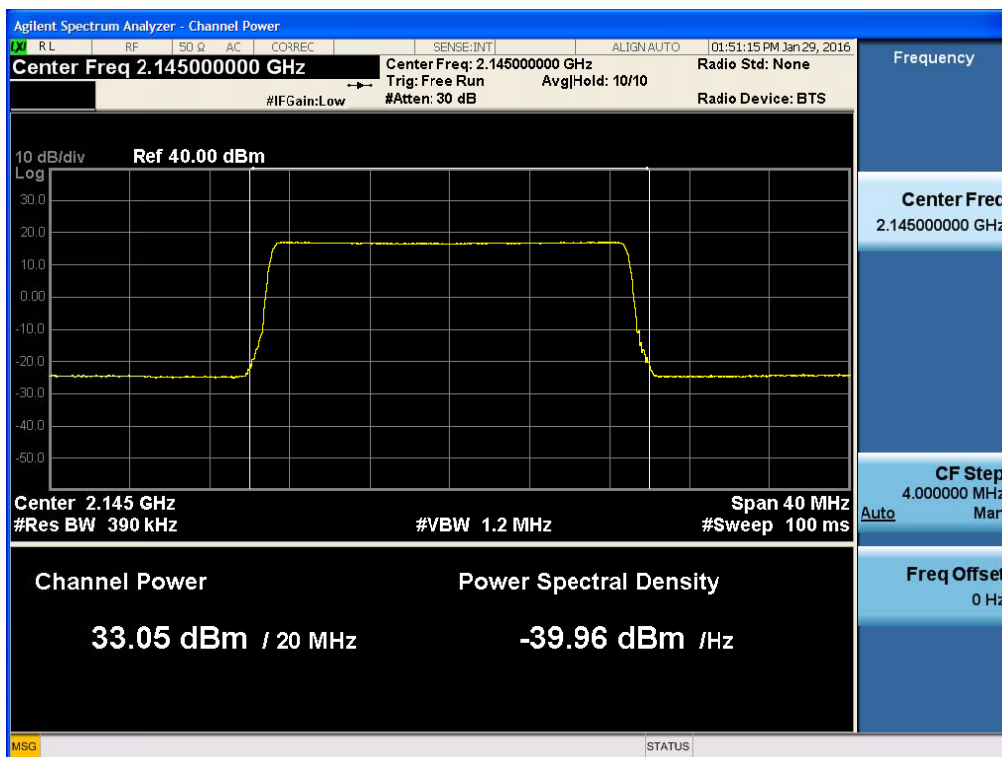
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



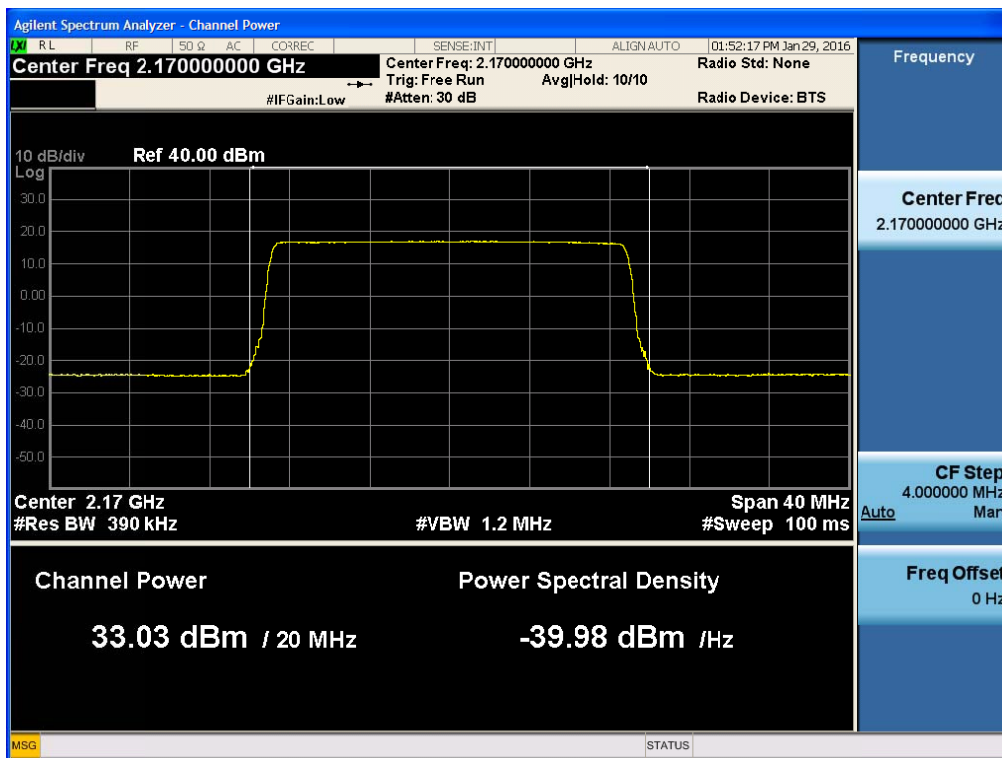
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



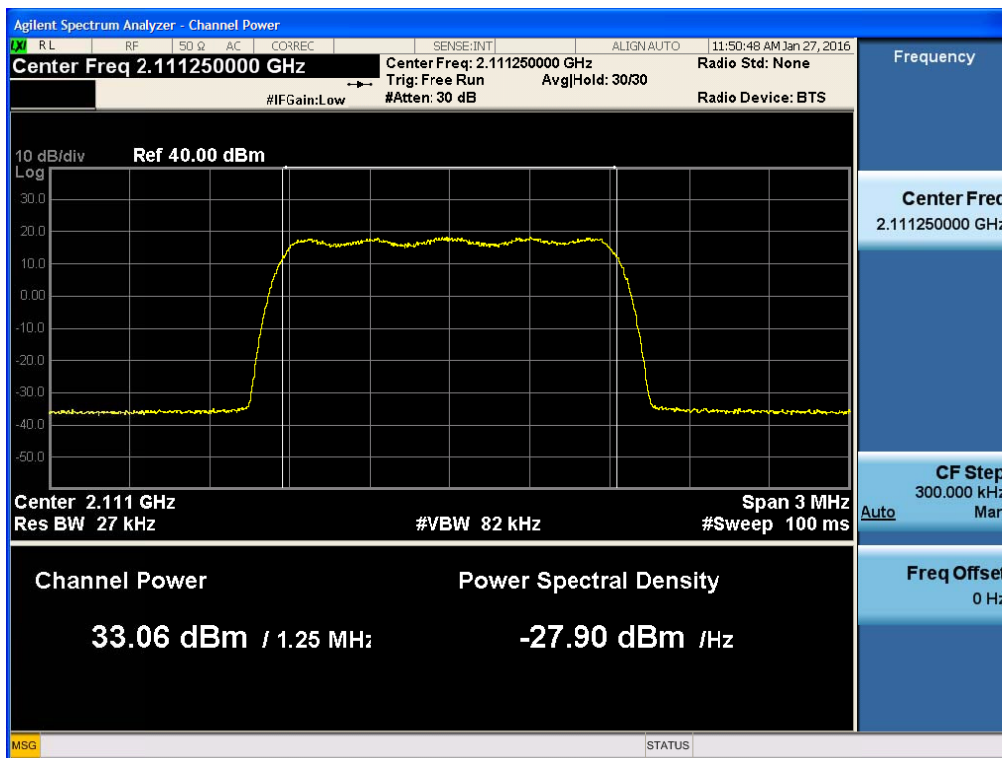
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



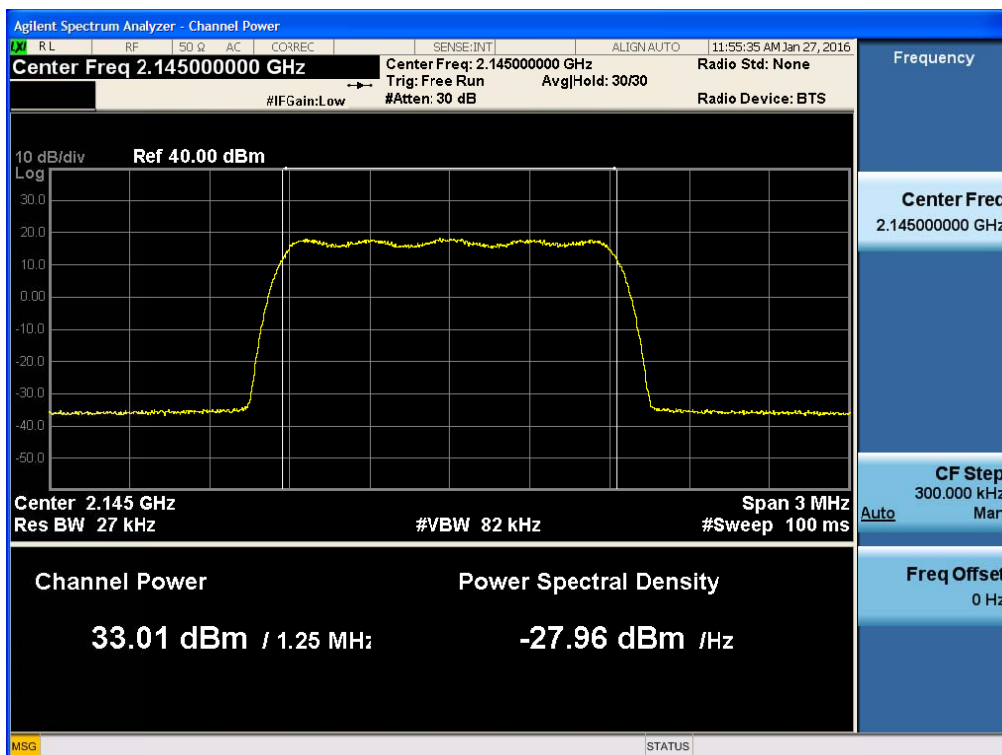
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]



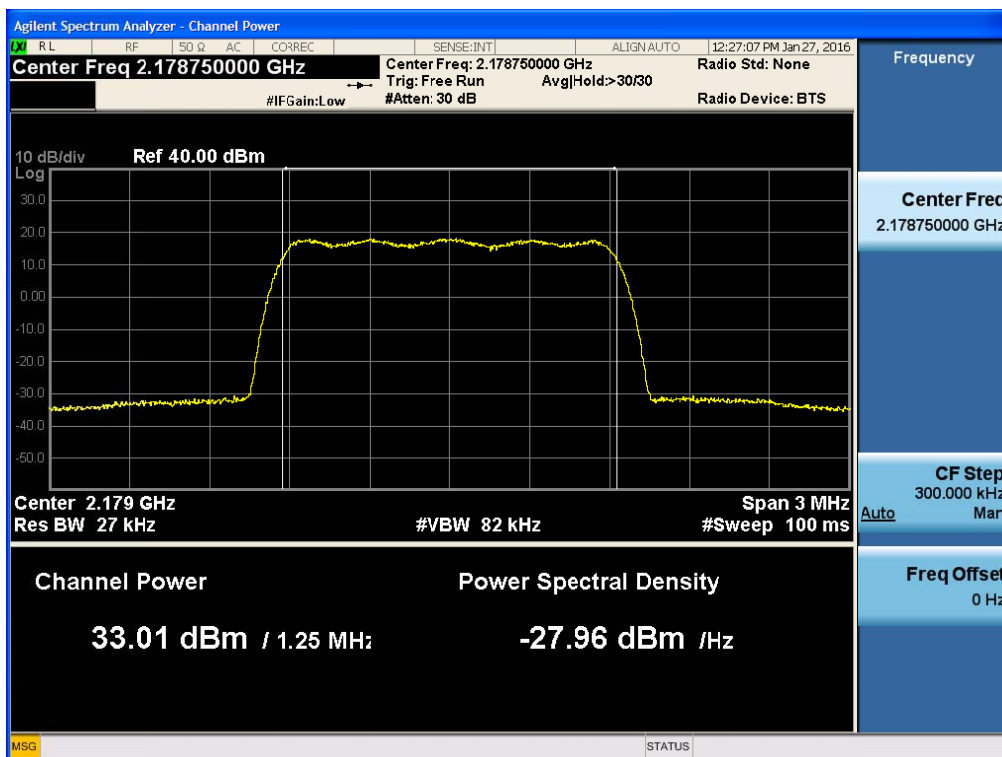
Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band CDMA [AGC threshold Downlink Low]



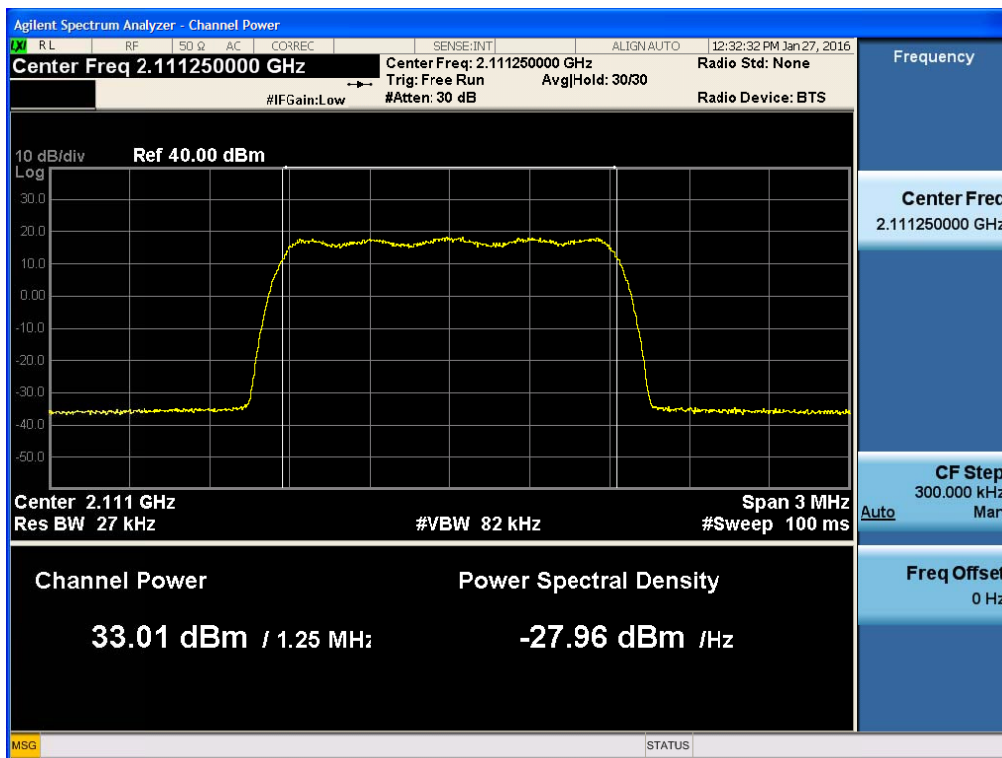
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



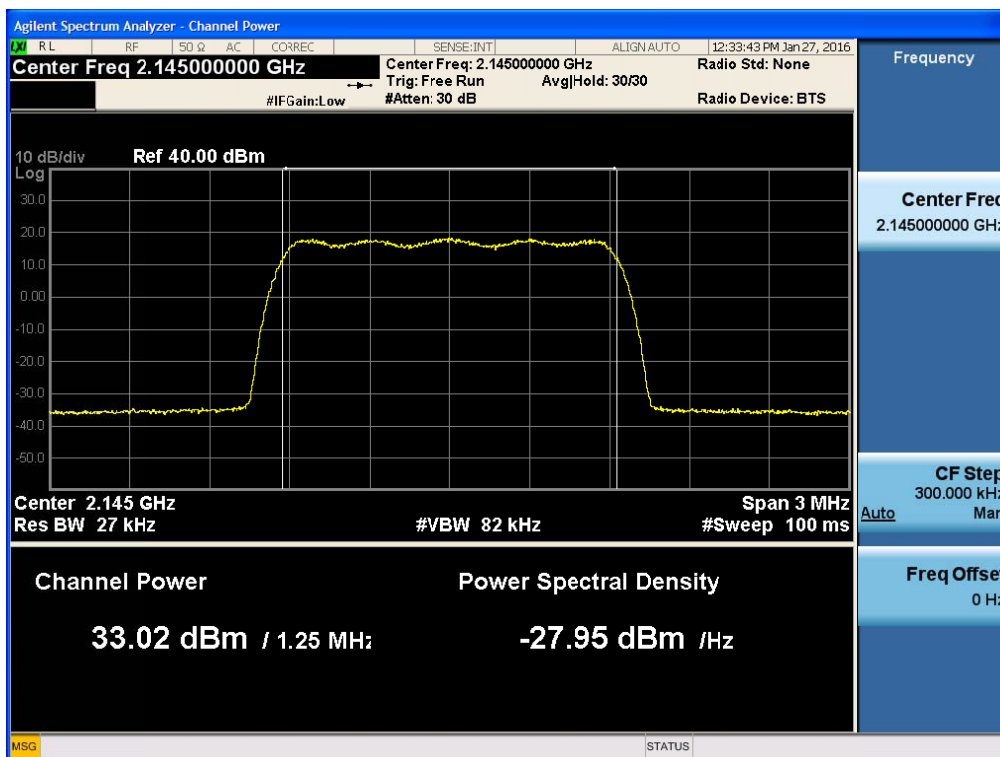
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



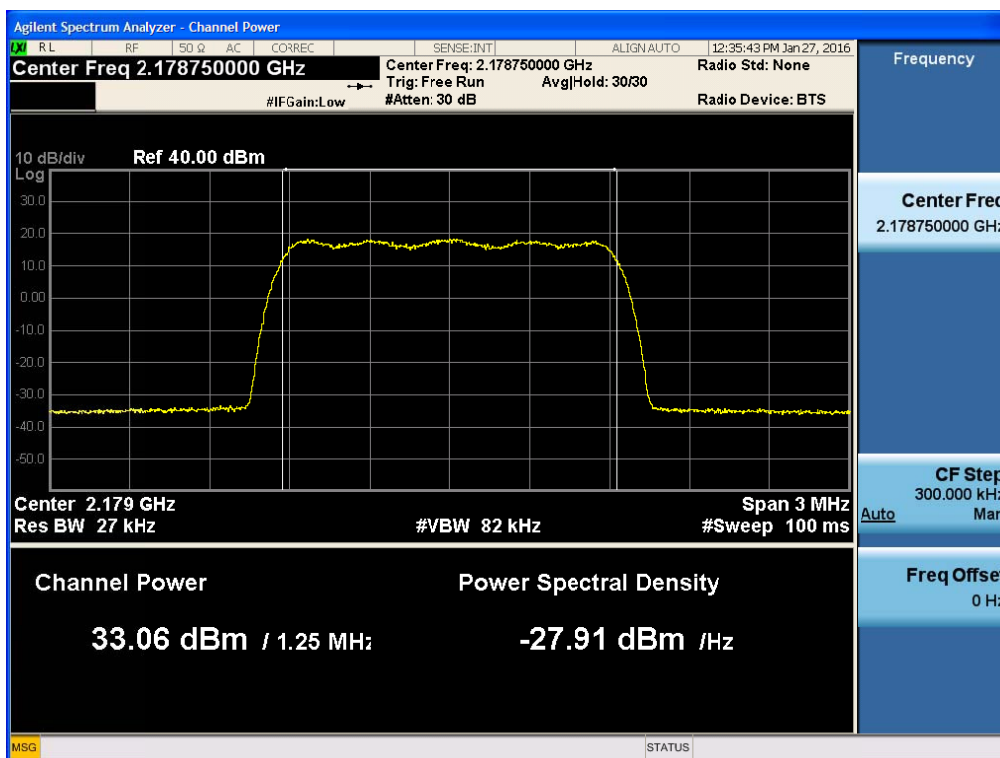
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

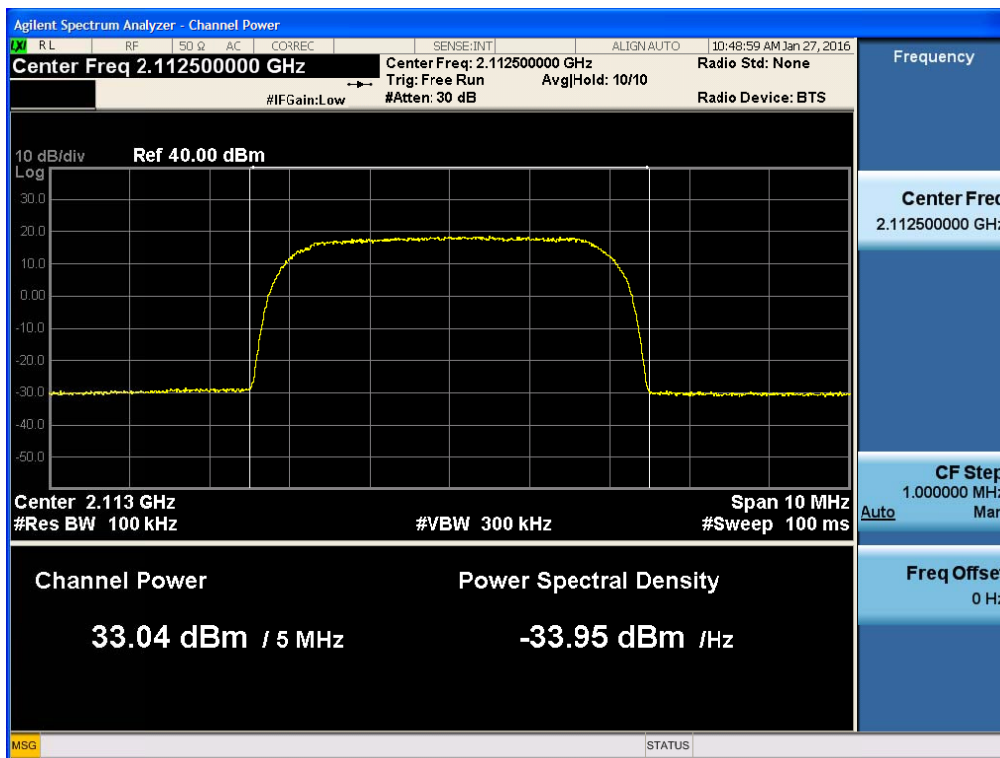


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

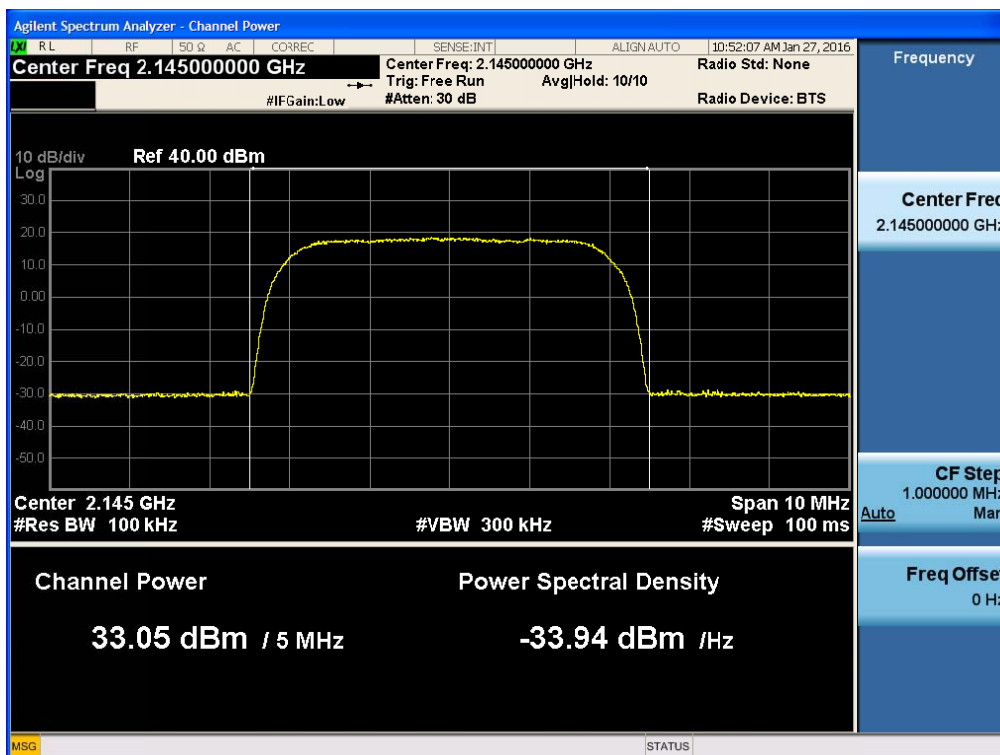


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band WCDMA

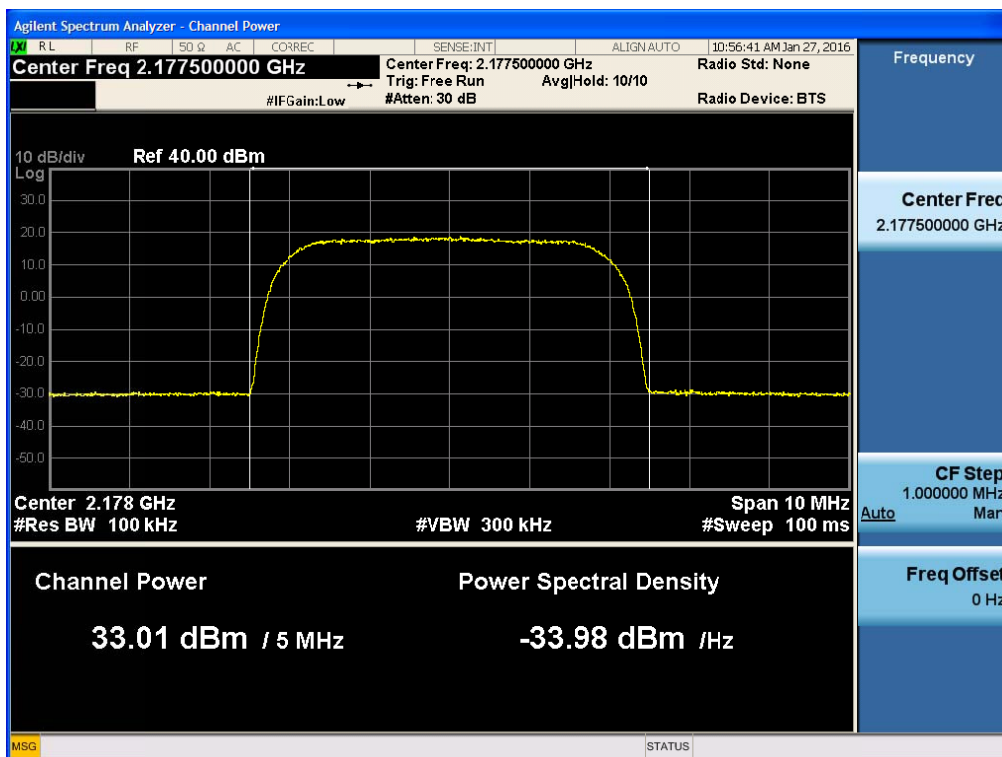
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



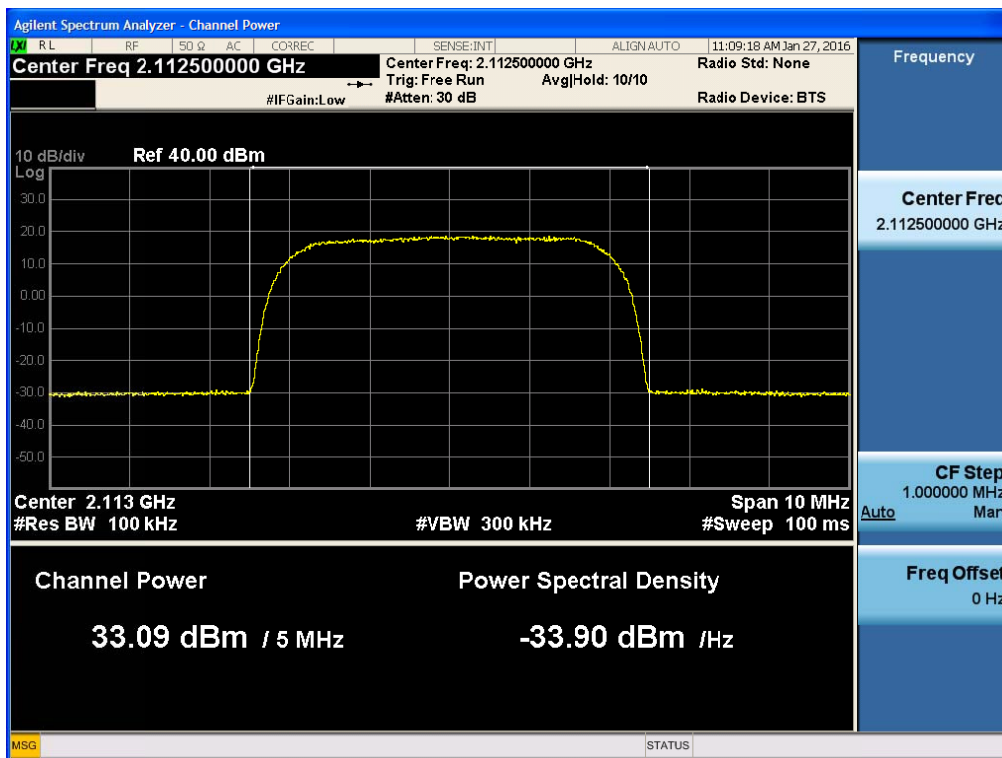
[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



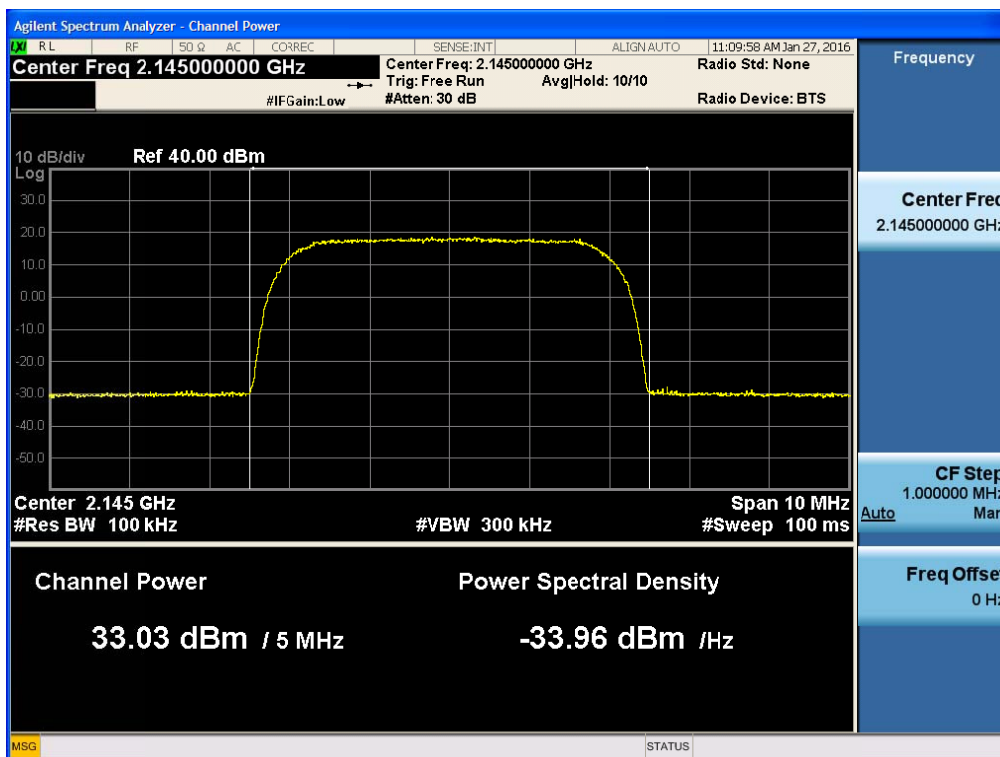
[AGC threshold Downlink High]



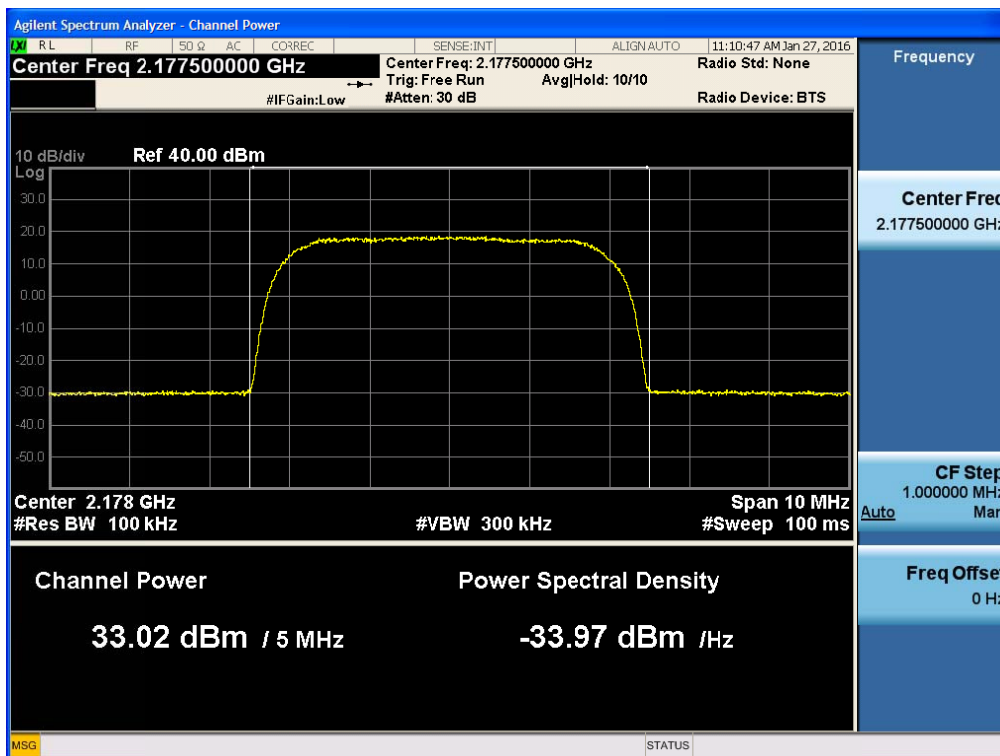
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

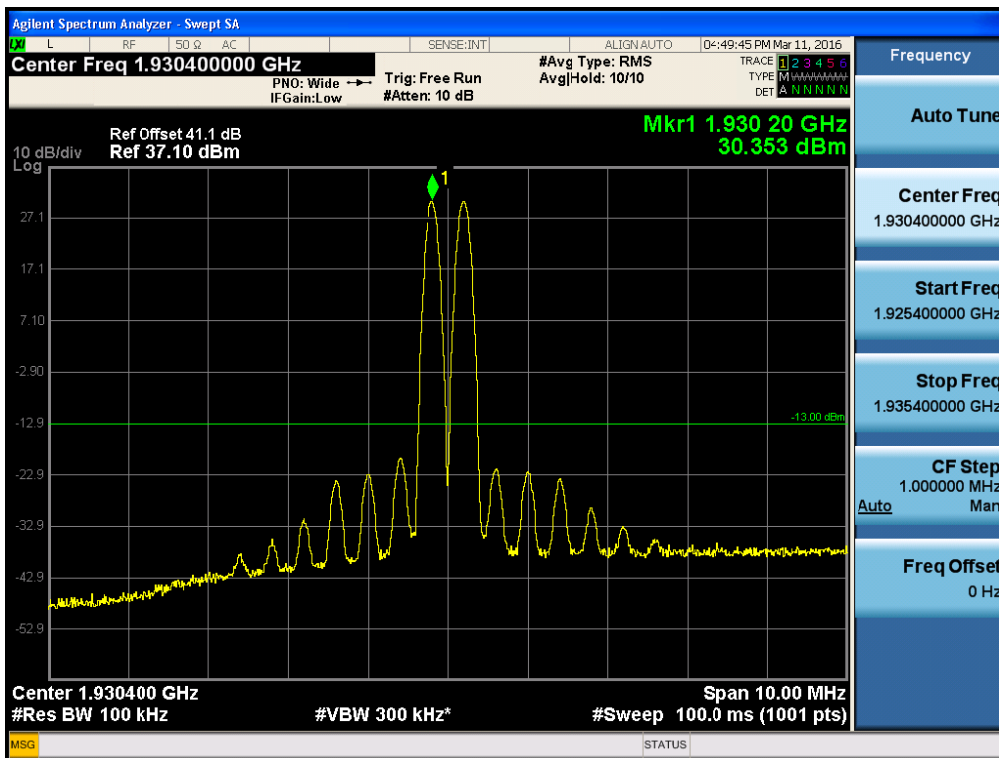


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]

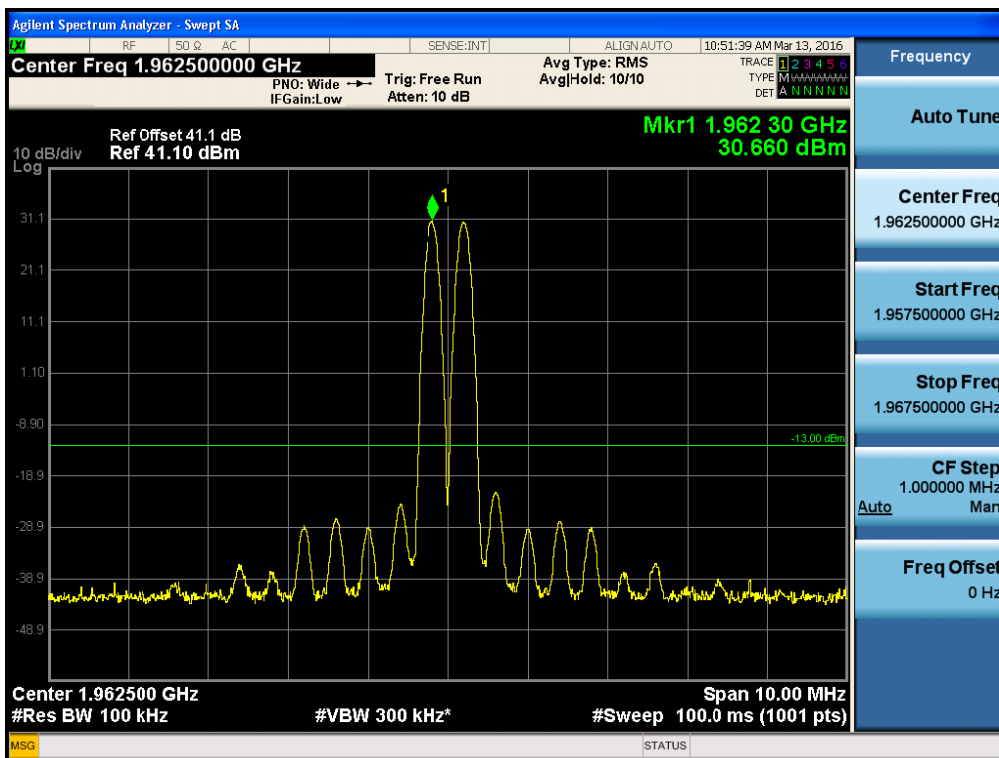


Multi-channel Enhancer for IC_ 1900 PCS BAND

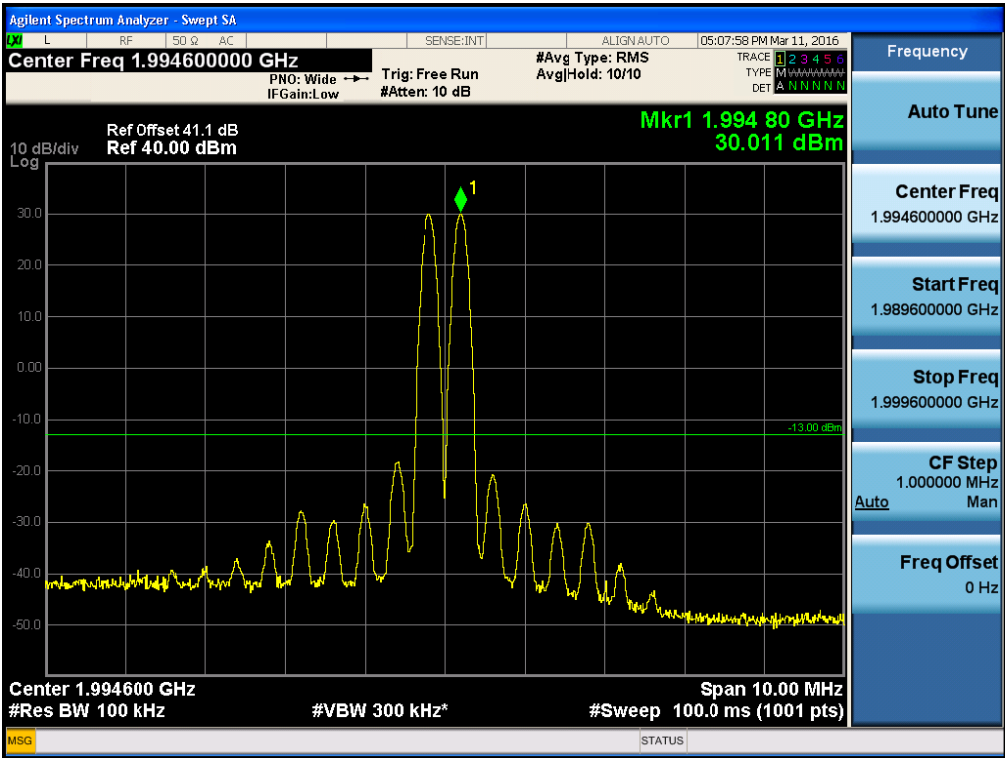
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]

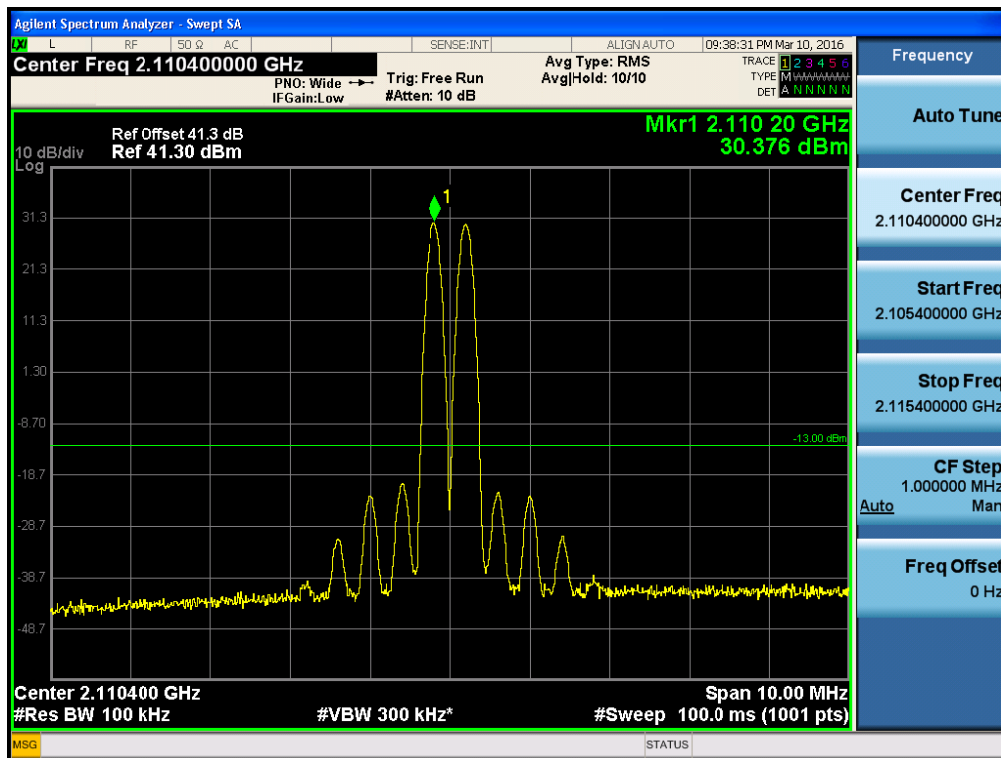


[Downlink High]

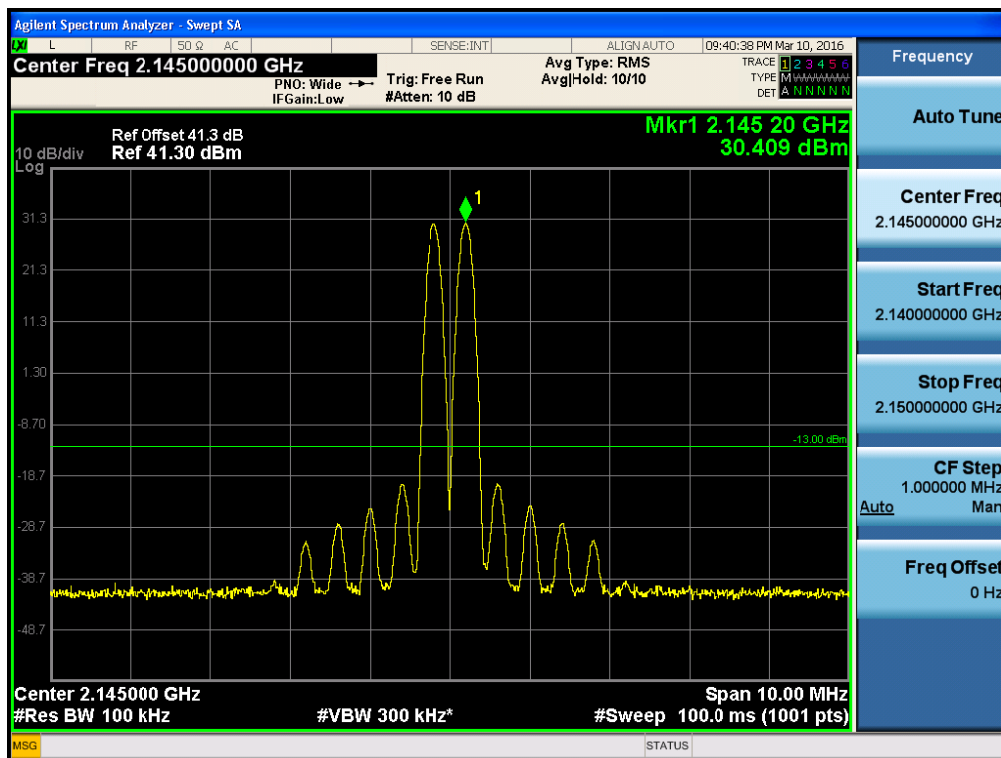


Multi-channel Enhancer for IC_ AWS BAND

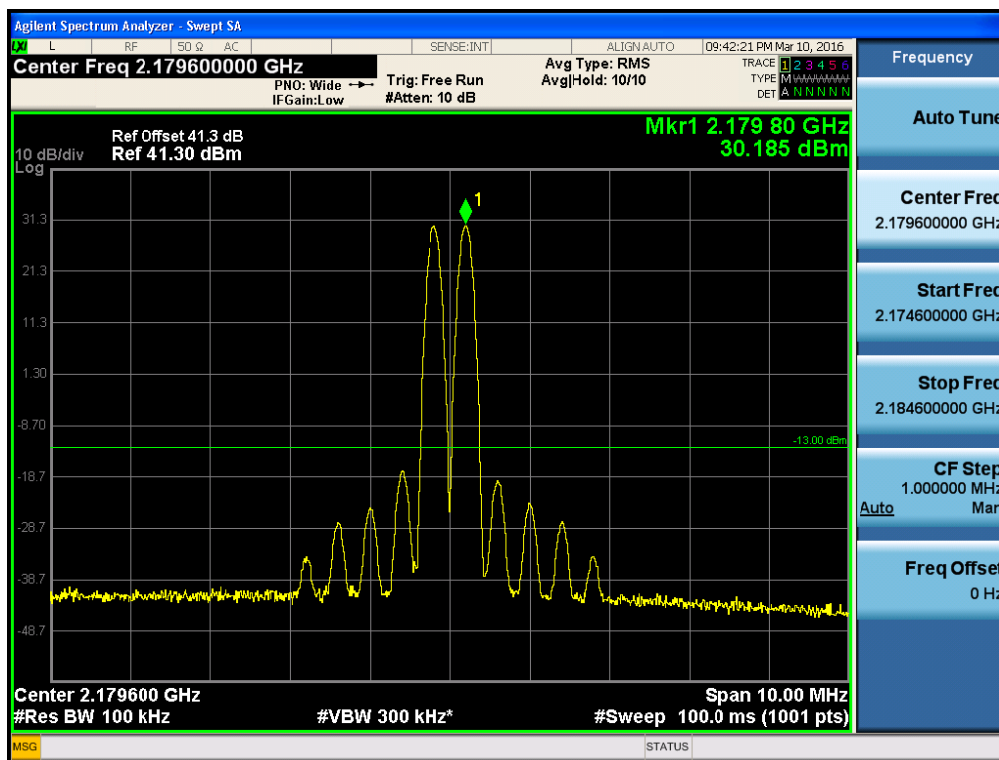
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]

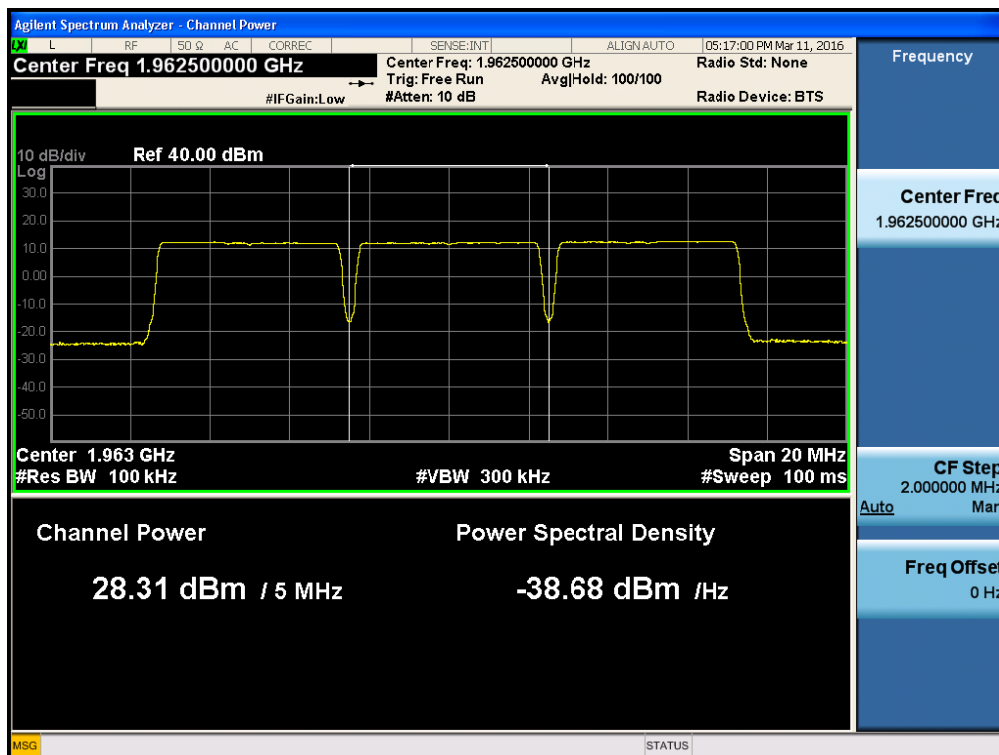


[Downlink High]



* Power Back-off for IC_ 1900 PCS BAND

[Downlink 3 Carrier Middle]



* Power Back-off for IC_ AWS BAND

[Downlink 3 Carrier Middle]

