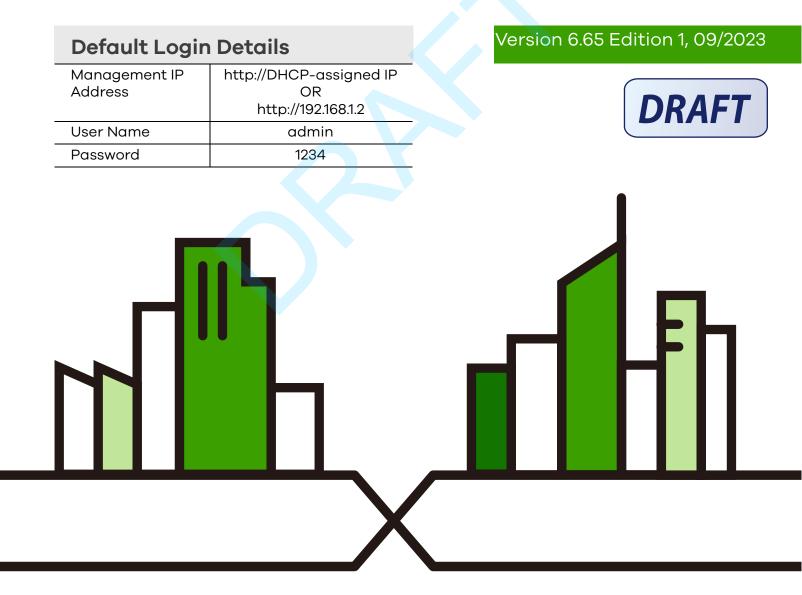


User's Guide NWA/WAC/WAX Series

802.11 a/b/g/n/ac/ax Access Point



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PDF

IMPORIANT!

READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USE

KEEP THIS G UIDE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

This is a User's Guide for a series of products. Not all products support all firmware features. Screenshots and graphics in this book may differ slightly from your product due to differences in your product hardware, firmware, or your computer operating system. Every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this manual is accurate.

Some screens or options in this book may not be available for your product (see the product feature tables in Section 1.2 on page 13).

Related Documentation

• Quick Start Guide

The Quick Start Guide shows how to connect the Zyxel Device and access the Web Configurator.

CLI Reference Guide

The CLI Reference Guide explains how to use the Command-Line Interface (CLI) and CLI commands to configure the Zyxel Device.

Note: It is recommended you use the Web Configurator to configure the Zyxel Device.

• Web Configurator Online Help

Click the help icon in any screen for help in configuring that screen and supplementary information.

• Nebula Control Center User's Guide

This User's Guide shows how to manage the Zyxel Device remotely. The features of these devices can be managed through Nebula Control Center. It also offers features that are not available when the Zyxel Device is in standalone mode (see Section 2.1.2 on page 28).

• AC (AP Controller) User's Guide

See the ZyWALL ATP, ZyWALL VPN, USG FLEX, or NXC User's Guide for instructions on using the gateways or NXC as an AP Controller (AC) for the Zyxel Device. This is used when the Zyxel Device is set to be managed by a Zyxel AC.

More Information

Go to *support.zyxe l.com* to find other information on the Zyxel Device.



Document Conventions

Warnings and Notes

These are how warnings and notes are shown in this guide.

Wamings tell you about things that could harm you oryour device.

Note: Notes tell you other important information (for example, other things you may need to configure or helpful tips) or recommendations.

Syntax Conventions

- All models in this series may be referred to as the "Zyxel Device" in this guide.
- Product labels, screen names, field labels and field choices are all in **bold** font.
- A right angle bracket (>) within a screen name denotes a mouse click. For example, Configuration > Network > IP Setting means you first click Configuration in the navigation panel, then the Network sub menu and finally the IP Setting tab to get to that screen.

Icons Used in Figures

Figures in this guide may use the following generic icons. The Zyxel Device icon is not an exact representation of your device.

Zyxel Device	Router	Switch	Internet
Server	Desktop		IP Phone
Printer	Smart T.V.		

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C HAPTER 1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This User's Guide covers the models listed in the following table. They can be managed in one of the following methods: remote management through Nebula Control Center (NCC) or an AP Controller (AC) such as the ZyWALL ATP, or local management in Standalone Mode. Each Zyxel Device runs in standalone mode by default, but it is recommended to use NCC management if it is available for your device.

NCC, AC or Standalone (Nebula Flex PRO)

- WAC500
- WAC500H
- WAX510D
- WAX610D
- WAX620D-6E
- WAX630S
- WAX640S-6E
- WAX650S
- WAX655E
- WAX300H
- WBE660S

NCC or Standalone (Nebula Flex)

- NWA110AX
- NWA210AX
- NWA220AX-6E
- NWA1123ACv3

For more information about Access Point (AP) management, see Section 2.1 on page 27.

When two or more APs are interconnected, this network is called a Wireless Distribution System (WDS). See Section 1.3.2 on page 22 for more information on root and repeater APs and how to set them up.

The screens you see in the web configurator may be different depending on the Zyxel Device model you're using.

1.2 Zyxel Device Product Feature Comparison

The following tables show the differences between each Zyxel Device model. You can find the feature introductions in the later sections.

FEATURES	WAC500/ WAC500H	NWA1123-ACv3
Supported WiFi Standards	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz 5 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz
Supported Channel Width	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80 MHz
Available Security Modes	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise
Number of SSID Profiles	64	64
Number of WiFi Radios	2	2
Security Profile Radius Settings	Yes	Yes
Security Profile Enterprise Authentication Settings	Yes	Yes
Rogue AP Detection	Yes	Yes
WDS (Wireless Distribution System) - Root AP & Repeater Modes	Yes	Yes
Wireless Bridge	No	No
Tunnel Forwarding Mode	Yes	No
Layer-2 Isolation	Yes	Yes
Supported PoE Standards	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at
Power Detection	No	No
External Antennas	No	No
Internal Antennas	Yes	Yes
Antenna Switch	No	No
Smart Antenna	Yes	Yes
Console Port	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial
Reset Button	Yes	Yes
LED Locator	Yes	Yes
LED Suppression	Yes	Yes
AC (AP Controller) Discovery	Yes	No
NebulaFlex PRO	Yes	No
NCC Discovery	Yes	Yes
802.11r Fast Roaming Support	Yes	Yes
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Yes	Yes

Table 1 500/1000 Models Comparison Table

Table 1	500/1000 Models	Comparison	Table	(continued))
		Companyon	1 GIO IO		

FEATURES	WAC500/ WAC500H	NWA1123-ACv3
Proxy ARP	Yes	Yes
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)	No	No
Load Balancing	Yes	Yes
Ethernet Storm Control	Yes	Yes
Wireless Remote Capture	Yes	Yes
SNMP	Yes	Yes
Grounding	No	No
Power Jack	Yes	Yes
Maximum number of log messages	512 event logs	
Latest Firmware Version Supported	6.65	6.65

Table 2	WiFi 6 Models Comparison Table	

			NWA110AX
FEATURES	WAX630S	WAX650S	NWA210AX
Supported WiFi Standards	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz 5 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz
Supported Channel Width	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80 MHz (NWA210AX supports 160 MHz)
Available Security Modes	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise
Number of SSID Profiles	64	64	64
Number of WiFi Radios	2	2	2
Security Profile Radius Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes
Security Profile Enterprise Authentication Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rogue AP Detection	Yes	Yes	Yes
WDS (Wireless Distribution System) - Root AP & Repeater Modes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wireless Bridge	Yes	Yes	No
Tunnel Forwarding Mode	Yes	Yes	No
Layer-2 Isolation	Yes	Yes	Yes
Supported PoE Standards	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	IEEE 802.3at IEEE 802.3bt	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at
Power Detection	Yes	Yes	Yes

FEATURES	WAX630S	WAX650S	NWA110AX	
	WAA0505	WAX0505	NWA210AX	
External Antennas	No	No	No	
Internal Antennas	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Antenna Switch	No	No	No	
Smart Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	
Console Port	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial	
Reset Button	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LED Locator	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LED Suppression	Yes	Yes	Yes	
AC (AP Controller) Discovery	Yes	Yes	No	
NebulaFlex PRO	Yes	Yes	No	
NCC Discovery	Yes	Yes	Yes	
802.11r Fast Roaming Support	Yes	Yes	Yes	
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Proxy ARP	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)	No	Yes	No	
Load Balancing	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Ethernet Storm Control	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Wireless Remote Capture	Yes	Yes	Yes	
SNMP	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Grounding	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Power Jack	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Maximum number of log messages		512 event logs		
Latest Firmware Version Supported	6.65	6.65	6.65	

Table 2 WiFi 6 Models Comparison Table (continued)

Table 3 WiFi 6 Models Comparison Table
--

FEATURES	WAX655E	WAX510D WAX610D	WAX300H
Supported WiFi Standards	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz 5 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz
Supported Channel Width	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80 MHz (WAX610D supports 160 MHz)	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz
Available Security Modes	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise

			~			,	
Table 3	Wi⊦i 6	Models	Comr	Darison	lable	(continued)	

	WAVOFFE	WAX510D	WAX300H	
FEATURES	WAX655E	WAX610D		
Number of SSID Profiles	64	64	64	
Number of WiFi Radios	2	2	2	
Security Profile Radius Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Security Profile Enterprise Authentication Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Rogue AP Detection	Yes	Yes	No	
WDS (Wireless Distribution System) - Root AP & Repeater Modes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Wireless Bridge	Yes	WAX510D: No WAX610D: Yes	No	
Tunnel Forwarding Mode	Yes	Yes	No	
Layer-2 Isolation	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Supported PoE Standards	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	
Power Detection	Yes	Yes	No	
External Antennas	Yes	No	No	
Internal Antennas	No	Yes	Yes	
Antenna Switch	No	Yes (per AP)	No	
Smart Antenna	No	No	No	
Console Port	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial	
Reset Button	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LED Locator	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LED Suppression	Yes	Yes	Yes	
AC (AP Controller) Discovery	Yes	Yes	Yes	
NebulaFlex PRO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
NCC Discovery	Yes	Yes	Yes	
802.11r Fast Roaming Support	Yes	Yes	Yes	
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Proxy ARP	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)	No	No	No	
Load Balancing	Yes	Yes	No	
Ethernet Storm Control	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Wireless Remote Capture	Yes	Yes	Yes	
SNMP	Yes	Yes	No	
Grounding	Yes	Yes	No	
Power Jack	Yes	Yes	No	
Maximum number of log messages		512 event logs		
Latest Firmware Version Supported	6.65	6.65	6.65	

FEATURES	WAX620D-6E	WAX640S-6E	NWA220AX-6E
Supported WiFi Standards	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz 5 GHz 6 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz 6 GHz	2.4 GHz 5 GHz 6 GHz
BandFlex (5 GHz/6 GHz)	Yes	No	Yes
Supported Channel Width	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz 6G: 20/40/80/160 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz 6G: 20/40/80/160 MHz	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160 MHz 6G: 20/40/80/160 MHz
Available Security Modes	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise
Number of SSID Profiles	64	64	64
Number of WiFi Radios	2	3	2
Security Profile Radius Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes
Security Profile Enterprise Authentication Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rogue AP Detection	Yes	Yes	Yes
WDS (Wireless Distribution System) - Root AP & Repeater Modes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wireless Bridge	Yes	Yes	No
Tunnel Forwarding Mode	Yes	Yes	No
Layer-2 Isolation	Yes	Yes	Yes
Supported PoE Standards	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at	IEEE 802.3at IEEE 802.3bt	IEEE 802.3af IEEE 802.3at
Power Detection	Yes	Yes	Yes
External Antennas	No	No	No
Internal Antennas	Yes	Yes	Yes
Antenna Switch	Yes (per AP)	No	No
Smart Antenna	No	Yes	No
Console Port	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial	4-Pin Serial
Reset Button	Yes	Yes	Yes
LED Locator	Yes	Yes	Yes
LED Suppression	Yes	Yes	Yes
AC (AP Controller) Discovery	Yes	Yes	No
NebulaFlex PRO	Yes	Yes	No
NCC Discovery	Yes	Yes	Yes
802.11r Fast Roaming Support	Yes	Yes	Yes
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 1	WiFi / E Madala Camparisan Tabla
	WiFi 6E Models Comparison Table

Table 4	WiFi 6E Models	Comparison	Table	(continued)

FEATURES	WAX620D-6E	WAX640S-6E	NWA220AX-6E
Proxy ARP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)	No	Yes	No
Load Balancing	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ethernet Storm Control	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wireless Remote Capture	Yes	Yes	Yes
SNMP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Grounding	No	Yes	No
Power Jack	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maximum number of log messages		512 event logs	
Latest Firmware Version Supported	6.65	6.65	6.65

Table 5	WiFi 7	Models	Comparison	Table
---------	--------	--------	------------	-------

FEATURES	WBE660S
Supported WiFi Standards	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax IEEE 802.11be
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz 5 GHz 6 GHz
BandFlex (5 GHz/6 GHz)	Yes
Supported Channel Width	2.4G: 20/40 MHz 5G: 20/40/80/160/240 MHz 6G: 20/40/80/160/320 MHz
Available Security Modes	None Enhanced-open WEP WPA2-MIX / WPA3 - Personal & Enterprise
Number of SSID Profiles	64
Number of WiFi Radios	3
Security Profile Radius Settings	Yes
Security Profile Enterprise Authentication Settings	Yes
Rogue AP Detection	Yes
WDS (Wireless Distribution System) - Root AP & Repeater Modes	Yes
Wireless Bridge	Yes
Tunnel Forwarding Mode	Yes
Layer-2 Isolation	Yes
Supported PoE Standards	IEEE 802.3bf IEEE 802.3at
Power Detection	Yes

FEATURES	WBE660S
External Antennas	No
Internal Antennas	Yes
Antenna Switch	No
Smart Antenna	No
Console Port	4-Pin Serial
Reset Button	Yes
LED Locator	Yes
LED Suppression	Yes
AC (AP Controller) Discovery	Yes
NebulaFlex PRO	Yes
NCC Discovery	Yes
802.11r Fast Roaming Support	Yes
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Yes
Proxy ARP	Yes
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)	Yes
Load Balancing	Yes
Ethernet Storm Control	Yes
Wireless Remote Capture	Yes
SNMP	Yes
Grounding	No
Power Jack	USB PD
Maximum number of log messages	512 event logs
Latest Firmware Version Supported	6.65

 Table 5
 WiFi 7 Models Comparison Table (continued)

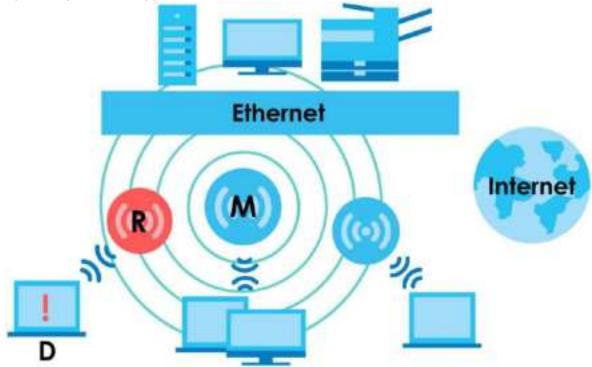
1.3 Zyxel Device Roles

This section describes some of the different roles that your Zyxel Device can take up within a network. Not all roles are supported by all models (see Section 1.2 on page 13). The Zyxel Device can serve as a:

- Access Point (AP) This is used to allow WiFi clients to connect to the Internet.
- Radio Frequency (RF) monitor If your Zyxel Device supports rogue APs detection, it can serve as an RF monitor and searches for rogue APs to help eliminate network threats. An RF monitor can simultaneously act as an AP.
- Root AP A root AP connects to the gateway or switch through a wired Ethernet connection and has wireless repeaters connected to it to extend its range.
- Wireless repeater A wireless repeater wirelessly connects to a root AP and extends the network's wireless range. A wireless repeater can also be a wireless bridge that connects to a root AP and extends the network to wired client devices.

If a client (**D**) tries to set up his own AP (**R**) with weak security settings, the network becomes exposed to threats. The RF monitor (**M**) scans the area to detect all APs, which can help the network administrator discover these rogue APs and remove them.

Figure 1 Zyxel Device Application in a Network



Wire less Distribution System (WDS)

Wireless Distribution System (WDS) is a network system that allows you to distribute the network to areas that require Internet connections. You can extend your network to unreachable areas with wireless repeaters.

The following figure shows you how to create a secure WDS with two wireless repeaters. The root AP (\mathbf{Y}) is connected to a network with Internet access and has wireless repeaters $(\mathbf{X} \text{ and } \mathbf{Z})$ connected to it to expand the WiFi network's range. Clients $(\mathbf{A} \text{ and } \mathbf{B})$ can access the wired network through the wireless repeaters $(\mathbf{X} \text{ and } \mathbf{Z})$ and/or root AP.

20





The Zyxel Device can also serve as a wireless bridge in Repeater mode. A wireless bridge connects two wired networks through a wireless connection. When the Zyxel Device is connected to a root AP, enable wireless bridge to allow traffic through the Ethernet port on the Zyxel Device to a wired network. Check Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that support wireless bridge.

The following figure shows an example of a WDS with a repeater acting as a wireless bridge. The root AP (X) is connected to a network with Internet access. The wireless repeater (Y) is connected to the root AP (X) to expand the network. Clients (A and B) are connected to the wireless repeater through the switch/ gateway/router (G). They can access the network with the extended wired network the wireless bridge (wireless repeater) provides.

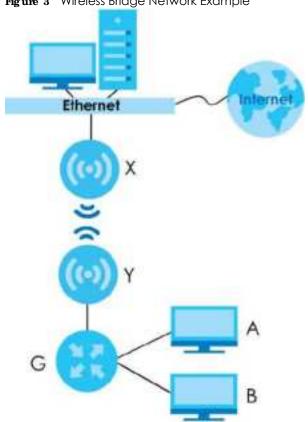


Figure 3 Wireless Bridge Network Example

1.3.1 RootAP

In Root AP mode, you can have multiple SSIDs active for regular WiFi connections and one SSID (WDS SSID) for the connection with a repeater. WiFi clients can use either SSID to associate with the Zyxel Device in Root AP mode. A repeater must use the repeater SSID to connect to the Zyxel Device in Root AP mode. See Section 14.1 on page 171 for more details.

When the Zyxel Device is in Root AP mode, repeater security between the Zyxel Device and other repeaters is independent of the security between the WiFi clients and the AP or repeater. When repeater security is enabled, both APs and repeaters must use the same pre-shared key. See Section 10.2 on page 100 and Section 14.2 on page 171 for more details.

Unless specified, the term "security settings" refers to the traffic between the WiFi clients and the AP. At the time of writing, repeater security is compatible with the Zyxel Device only.

1.3.2 Wire less Repeater

Using Repeater mode, your Zyxel Device can extend the range of the WLAN. In the figure below, the Zyxel Device in Repeater mode (**Z**) has a wireless connection to the Zyxel Device in Root AP mode (**X**) which is connected to a wired network and also has a wireless connection to another Zyxel Device in Repeater mode (**Y**) at the same time. **Z** acts as a repeater that forwards traffic between associated WiFi clients and the wired LAN. **Y** acts as a wireless bridge (repeater with WDS wireless bridging enabled) that forwards traffic between wired clients and the wired LAN. Clients **A** and **B** access the AP and the wired network behind the AP through repeaters **Z** and **Y**.

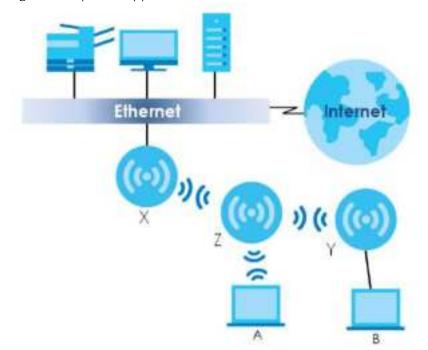


Figure 4 Repeater Application

When the Zyxel Device is in Repeater mode, repeater security between the Zyxel Device and other repeater is independent of the security between the WiFi clients and the AP or repeater. When repeater security is enabled, both APs and repeaters must use the same pre-shared key. See Section 10.2 on page 100 and Section 14.2 on page 171 for more details.

For NCC managed devices, you only need to enable **AP Smart Mesh** to automatically create wireless links between APs. See the NCC User's Guide for more details.

To set up a WDS in standalone mode APs, do the following steps. You should already have the root AP set up (see the Quick Start Guide for hardware connections).

- 1 Go to Configuration > Object > WDS Profile in your root AP Web Configurator and click Add.
- 2 Enter a profile name, a WDS SSID, and a pre-shared key.
- 3 Go to Configuration > Wireless > AP Management, select the Radio WDS Profile of the radio on which you are setting the WDS connection to use the WDS profile you set, and click Apply.
- 4 Do steps 1 and 3 for the wireless repeater using the same WDS SSID and pre-shared key.
- 5 Once the security settings of peer sides match one another, the connection between the root and repeater Zyxel Devices is made.

(Optional) If your Zyxel Device supports wireless bridging, you can extend a wired network from the port on the wireless repeater, do the following steps:

- 6 Go to Configuration > Wireless > AP Management, select Setup WDS Wireless Bridging to enable wireless bridge on the wireless repeater.
- 7 Connect the client device to the Zyxel Device's port with an Ethernet cable.

- Note: Make sure the VLAN settings on both the root AP and the wireless repeater are exactly the same so they can communicate.
- Note: When wireless bridge is enabled, wireless interfaces for client devices will be disabled. You can only transmit data through the wireless repeater's ports.
- Note: Frequency bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz are not supported in Repeater mode.

To set up a WDS in AC (AP Controller)-managed Zyxel Devices, see the ZyWALL ATP, ZyWALL VPN, USG FLEX, or NXC User's Guide.

1.3.3 Radio Frequency (RF) Monitor

The Zyxel Device supports **Rogue AP Detection** (see Section 10.3 on page 106). **Rogue AP Detection** allows the Zyxel Device to be set to work as an RF monitor to discover nearby Access Points. The information it obtains from other APs is used to tag possible rogue APs and friendly APs. The Zyxel Device can still work as an AP while it scans the environment for wireless signals.

1.4 Sample Feature Applications

This section describes some possible scenarios and topologies that you can set up using your Zyxel Device.

1.4.1 MBSSID

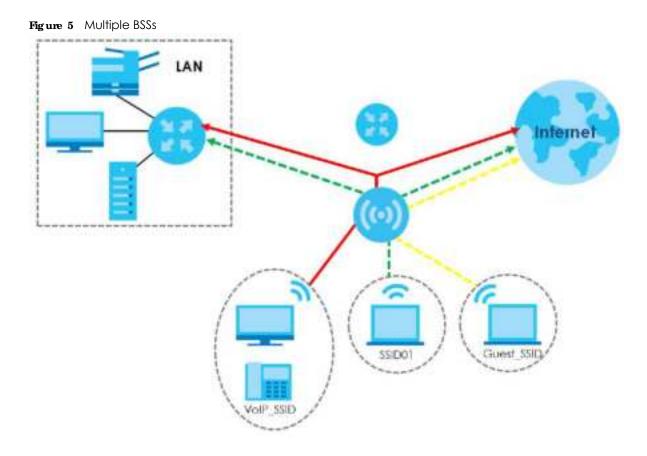
A Basic Service Set (BSS) is the set of devices forming a single WiFi network (usually an access point and one or more WiFi clients). The Service Set IDentifier (SSID) is the name of a BSS. In Multiple BSS (MBSSID) mode, the Zyxel Device provides multiple virtual APs, each forming its own BSS and using its own individual SSID profile.

You can configure multiple SSID profiles, and have all of them active at any one time.

You can assign different wireless and security settings to each SSID profile. This allows you to compartmentalize groups of users, set varying access privileges, and prioritize network traffic to and from certain BSSs.

To the WiFi clients in the network, each SSID appears to be a different access point. As in any WiFi network, clients can associate only with the SSIDs for which they have the correct security settings.

For example, you might want to set up a WiFi network in your office where Internet telephony (VoIP) users have priority. You also want a regular WiFi network for standard users, as well as a 'guest' WiFi network for visitors. In the following figure, **VoIP_SSID** users have QoS priority, **SSID01** is the WiFi network for standard users, and **Guest_SSID** is the WiFi network for guest users. In this example, the guest user is forbidden access to the wired Local Area Network (LAN) behind the AP and can access only the Internet.



1.4.2 Dual-Radio/Triple-Radio and BandFlex

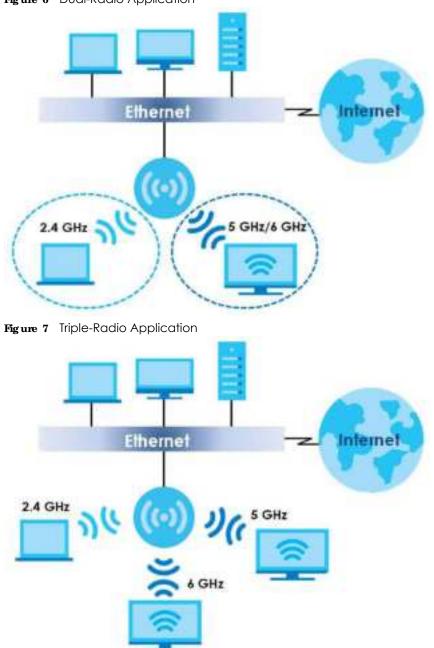
The Zyxel Device models are equipped with two or even three WiFi radios. The Zyxel Device uses the WiFi radios to transmit WiFi signals. This means you can configure different WiFi networks on the 2.4G/5G/6G bands to operate simultaneously.

BandFlex allows you to select the frequency bands operating on the radios by configuration. A frequency band is a range of frequency divided into channels which carry the WiFi signals for data transmission. If your Zyxel Device supports BandFlex, you can configure the second radio on the Zyxel Device to use the 5 GHz or 6 GHz bands, while the first radio is always set to use the 2.4 GHz band. The 6 GHz band provides less coverage but has the highest amount of channels among the three frequency bands. Use the 6 GHz band for the most congestion-free transmission if your client devices supports WiFi 6E (see Section 13.1.2 on page 125).

- Note: Due to each country's regulations on frequency band usage, the available radio bands (2.4 GHz, 5 GHz, and 6 GHz) may differ by countries or markets the Zyxel Device products are sold to.
- Note: A different channel should be configured for each WLAN interface to reduce the effects of radio interference.

You could use the 2.4 GHz band for regular Internet surfing and downloading while using the 5 GHz or 6 GHz band for time sensitive traffic like high-definition video, music, and gaming.

See Section 1.2 on page 13 for the supported number of radios, frequency bands, and see if your Zyxel Device supports BandFlex.





C HAPTER 2 AP Management

2.1 Management Mode

The Zyxel Device is a unified AP and can be managed by the NCC or an AP controller (AC), or work as a standalone device. We recommend you use NCC to manage multiple APs (see the NCC User's Guide). An AP Controller, such as the ZyWALL ATP/VPN, USG FLEX, or NXC, can only manage multiple APs in the same location.

Note: Not all models can be managed by NCC or an AC. See Section 1.2 on page 13 to check whether your product supports these.

The following table shows the default IP addresses and firmware upload methods for different management modes.

MANAGEMENTMODE	DEFAULT IP ADDRESS	UPLO AD FIRMWARE THRO UG H
Nebula Control Center	Dynamic	NCC Portal
AP Controller	Dynamic	AP Controller using CAPWAP
Standalone	Dynamic or Static (192.168.1.2)	Built-in Web Configurator

Table 6 Zyxel Device Management Mode Comparison

When the Zyxel Device is in standalone mode and connects to a DHCP server, it uses the IP address assigned by the DHCP server. Otherwise, the Zyxel Device uses the default static management IP address (192.168.1.2). You can use the **NCC Discovery** or **AC Discovery** screen to allow the Zyxel Device to be managed by the NCC or an AC, respectively.

When the Zyxel Device is managed by the NCC or an AC, it acts as a DHCP client and obtains an IP address from the NCC/AC. It can be configured ONLY by the NCC/AC. To change the Zyxel Device back to standalone mode, use the **Re set** button to restore the default configuration. Alternatively, you need to check the NCC/AC for the Zyxel Device's IP address and use FTP to upload the default configuration file at conf/system-default.conf to the Zyxel Device and reboot the device.

2.1.1 Standalone

When working in standalone mode, the Zyxel Device is configured mainly with its built-in Web Configurator. You can only connect to and set up one Zyxel Device at a time in this mode.

See Chapter 5 on page 59 for detailed information about the standalone Web Configurator screens.

2.1.2 Nebula Control Center

In this mode, which is also called cloud mode, you can manage and monitor the Zyxel Device through the Zyxel Nebula cloud-based network management system. This means you can manage devices remotely without the need of connecting to each device directly. It offers many features to better manage and monitor not just the Zyxel Device, but your network as a whole, including supported switches and gateways. Your network can also be managed through your smartphone using the Nebula Mobile app. See Chapter 23 on page 247 for an example NCC managed network topology.

NCC allows different levels of management. You can configure each device on its own or configure a set of devices together as a site. You can also monitor groups of sites called organizations, as shown below.

Table 7 NCC Management Levels					
Organization					
Site A Site B					
Device	A-1	Device A-2	Device B-1	Device B-2	

It graphically presents your device/network statistics and shows an overview of your network topology, as shown in the following figure. It also sends reports, alerts, and notifications for events, such as when a site goes offline.

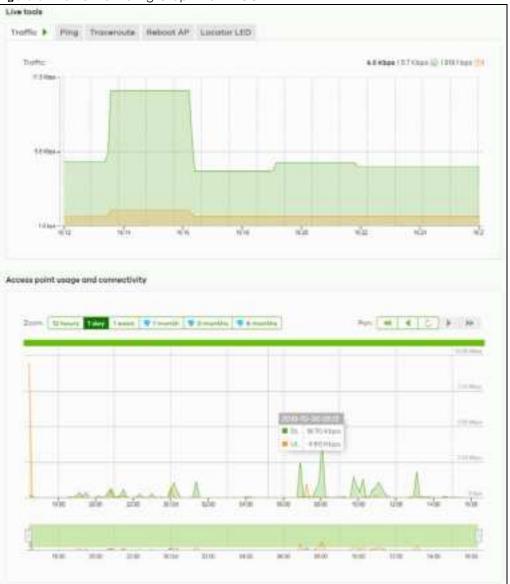


Figure 8 Traffic Monitoring Graph From NCC

See the NCC (Nebula Control Center) User's Guide for how to configure Nebula managed devices. See Chapter 24 on page 250 if you want to change the Zyxel Device's VLAN setting or manually set its IP address.

Note: Make sure your network firewall allows TCP ports 443, 4335, and 6667 as well as UDP port 123 so the device can connect to and sync with the NCC.

2.1.3 APController(AC)

If the Zyxel Device supports management using an AC (see Section 9.1.1 on page 86) such as the ZyWALL ATP, ZyWALL VPN, USG FLEX, and the NXC series, and you have this AC in the same subnet, it will be managed by the controller automatically. To set the Zyxel Device to be managed by an AC in a different subnet or change between management modes, use the AC **Discovery** screen (see Section 9.5 on page 96 and Section 9.1.1 on page 86). You can use the AC to manage multiple Zyxel Devices. See Section 9.1.1 on page 86 for an example AC managed network topology.

Note: If the Zyxel Device is already registered to NCC, the controller will be unable to manage it.

An AC uses Control And Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP, see RFC 5415) to discover and configure multiple managed APs.

2.2 Switching Management Modes

The Zyxel Device is in standalone mode by default, with NCC and/or AC discovery enabled.

Standalone-to-NCC

Register the Zyxel Device at the NCC website and then turn on the Zyxel Device. Make sure that **NCC Discovery** is enabled (see Section 9.6 on page 97). The NCC manages the Zyxel Device automatically when it is discovered. Settings on the Zyxel Device will be overwritten with what you have configured on the NCC website.

Standalone-to-AC

By default, the Zyxel Device must be in the same subnet as the AC. See Section 9.1.1 on page 86 for setting it up in a different subnet. Make sure **AC Disc overy** is enabled (see Section 9.5 on page 96). The AC manages the Zyxel Device automatically when it is discovered.

AC-to-NCC

Register the Zyxel Device at the NCC website. Make sure that **NCC Discovery** is enabled on your Zyxel Device (see Section 9.6 on page 97). In the AC Web Configurator, select the Zyxel Device and press the **Nebula** button. The NCC manages the Zyxel Device automatically when it is discovered.

NCC-to-AC

Unregister the Zyxel Device at the NCC portal. By default, the Zyxel Device must be in the same subnet as the AC. See Section 9.1.1 on page 86 for setting it up in a different subnet. Make sure AC **Discovery** is enabled (see Section 9.5 on page 96). The AC manages the Zyxel Device automatically when it is discovered.

NCC-to-Standalone

Back up your configurations first, then unregister the Zyxel Device from the NCC organization/site.

If the Zyxel Device is connected to NCC, the Zyxel Device will automatically reset to factory defaults and return to standalone mode.

If the Zyxel Device is not connected to NCC, press the reset button. The Zyxel Device will reset to factory defaults and return to standalone mode.

AC-to-Standalone

Use the **Reset** button to return the Zyxel Device to its factory default settings (see Section 26.6 on page 270).

2.3 Zyxel One Network (ZON) Utility

ZON Utility is a program designed to help you deploy and manage a network more efficiently. It detects devices automatically and allows you to do basic settings on devices in the network without having to be near it.

The ZON Utility issues requests via Zyxel Discovery Protocol (ZDP) and in response to the query, the device responds back with basic information including IP address, firmware version, location, system and model name in the same broadcast domain. The information is then displayed in the ZON Utility screen and you can perform tasks like basic configuration of the devices and batch firmware upgrade in it. You can download the ZON Utility at www.zyxel.com and install it on your computer (Windows operating system).

2.3.1 Requirements

Before installing the ZON Utility on your PC, please make sure it meets the requirements listed below.

Operating System

At the time of writing, the ZON Utility is compatible with:

- Windows 7 (both 32-bit / 64-bit versions)
- Windows 8 (both 32-bit / 64-bit versions)
- Windows 8.1 (both 32-bit / 64-bit versions)
- Window 10 (both 32-bit / 64-bit versions)
- Window 11 (64-bit version)

Note: To check for your Windows operating system version, right-click on **My Computer> Properties** on your computer. You should see this information in the **General** tab.

Note: It is suggested that you install Npcap, the packet capture library for Windows operating systems, and remove WinPcap or any other installed packet capture tools before you install the ZON utility.

Hardware

Here are the minimum hardware requirements to use the ZON Utility on your PC.

- Core i3 processor
- 2 GB RAM
- 100 MB free hard disk
- WXGA (Wide XGA 1280x800)

2.3.2 Run the ZON Utility

- **1** Double-click the ZON Utility to run it.
- 2 The first time you run the ZON Utility, you will see if your device and firmware version support the ZON Utility. Click the **OK** button to close this screen.

Figure 9 Supported Devices and Versions

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Product	Series and Model	Firmware Detail	
	WAX4505	From V4.00 • WAX650S: ABRM.6	
	WAX610D	From Vé.10 • WAXA10D: ABTE.B	
	WAKSTOD	From V6.00 • WAX510D: ABTF.6	
	WAC6550 series	From V4.10 • WAC6553D-E: AASO.8 • WAC65532D-5: AMIO.8	

If you want to check the supported models and firmware versions later, you can click the **Show information about ZON** icon in the upper right hand corner of the screen. Then select the **Supported model and firmware version** link. If your device is not listed here, see the device release notes for ZON Utility support. The release notes are in the firmware zip file on the Zyxel web site.

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Figure 10 ZON Utility Screen

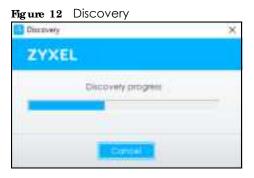
32

3 Select a network adapter to which your supported devices are connected.

Figure 11 Network Adapter

l vikia/Serup	
ZYXEL	
Welcome to 2014 utility. This mitial setup will help you to select a network adapter and discover all devices in the fart time. Please choose the interface for discovering devices on the connected network and click. Go button to discover devices.	
- Network Adapter	
Fachel PCe GRI Family Controller	

4 Click the Go button for the ZON Utility to discover all supported devices in your network.



5 The ZON Utility screen shows the devices discovered.

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- 6 Select a device and then use the icons to perform actions. Some functions may not be available for your devices.
 - Note: You must know the selected device admin password before taking actions on the device using the ZON Utility icons. If the selected device is being managed or has been managed by the NCC, check **Localcredentials** in the NCC's **Site-wide > Configure > Site settings** screen for the selected device's current password.

Figure 14 Password Prompt

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ZYXEL		
6	Please enter the administrator password to proceed.	
ৰ	Device r	
-	Pauword	
	ok (pass) cassi	1

The following table describes the icons numbered from left to right in the ZON Utility screen.

ICON	DESC RIPTIO N
1 IP Configuration	Change the selected device's IP address.
2 Renew IP Address	Update a DHCP-assigned dynamic IP address.
3 Reboot Device	Use this icon to restart the selected device(s). This may be useful when troubleshooting or upgrading new firmware.
4 Reset Configuration to Default	Use this icon to reload the factory-default configuration file. This means that you will lose all previous configurations.
5 Locator LED	Use this icon to locate the selected device by causing its Locator LED to blink.
6 Web GUI	Use this to access the selected device Web Configurator from your browser. You will need a username and password to log in.
7 Firmware Upgrade	Use this icon to upgrade new firmware to selected device(s) of the same model. Make sure you have downloaded the firmware from the Zyxel website to your computer and unzipped it in advance.
	The ZON only supports a standalone mode AP for the firmware upgrade, it does not support to upgrade the firmware for a managed mode AP.
8 Change Password	Use this icon to change the admin password of the selected device. You must know the current admin password before changing to a new one.
9 Configure Controller Discovery and NCC Discovery	The option is available if the selected device supports AP controller discovery or Nebula Control Center (NCC) discovery. You must have Internet access to use this feature. Use this icon on the selected device to enable or disable the:
	AP controller discovery featureNebula Control Center (NCC) discovery feature
	If the feature is enabled, the selected device will try to connect to the AP controller/ NCC. If the selected device has successfully connected to an AP controller, it will change to the AP controller managed mode. If the selected device has successfully connected to the NCC and is registered on the NCC, it will change to the Nebula cloud mode.
10 ZAC	Use this icon to run the Zyxel AP Configurator of the selected AP.
11 Clear and Rescan	Use this icon to clear the list and discover all devices on the connected network again.
12 Save Configuration	Use this icon to save configuration changes to permanent memory on a selected device.
13 Settings	Use this icon to select a network adapter for the computer on which the ZON utility is installed, and the utility language.

Table 8 ZON Utility Icons

The following table describes the fields in the ZON Utility main screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Туре	This field displays an icon of the kind of device discovered.
Model	This field displays the model name of the discovered device.
Firmware Version	This field displays the firmware version of the discovered device.
MAC Address	This field displays the MAC address of the discovered device.
IP Address	This field displays the IP address of an internal interface on the discovered device that first received an ZDP discovery request from the ZON utility.
System Name	This field displays the system name of the discovered device.
Location	This field displays where the discovered device is.
Status	This field displays whether changes to the discovered device have been done successfully. As the Zyxel Device does not support IP Configuration , Renew IP address and Flash Locator LED , this field displays "Update failed", "Not support Renew IP address" and "Not support Flash Locator LED" respectively.
Controller Discovery	 This field displays if the discovered device supports the: AP controller discovery feature. Nebula Control Center (NCC) discovery feature. If the feature is enabled, the selected device will try to connect to the AP controller/ NCC. If the selected device has successfully connected to an AP controller, it will change to the AP controller managed mode. If the selected device has successfully connected to the NCC and is registered on the NCC, it will change to the Nebula cloud mode.
Serial Number	Enter the admin password of the discovered device to display its serial number.
Hardware Version	This field displays the hardware version of the discovered device.
IPv6 Address	This field displays the IPv6 address of an internal interface on the discovered device that first received an ZDP discovery request from the ZON utility.

Table 9 ZON Utility Fields

2.4 Ways to Access the Zyxel Device

You can use the following ways to configure the Zyxel Device.

Web Configurator

The Web Configurator allows easy Zyxel Device setup and management using an Internet browser. If your Zyxel Device is managed by the NCC or an AC, use this only for troubleshooting if you cannot connect to the Internet. This User's Guide provides information about the Web Configurator.

NCC

This is the primary means by which you manage the Zyxel Device in cloud (NCC) mode. With the NCC, you can remotely manage and monitor the Zyxel Device through a cloud-based network management system. See the NCC User's Guide for more information.

APController(AC)

An AP controller lets you configure multiple APs through a single device. See the ZyWALL ATP, ZyWALL VPN, USG FLEX, or NXC Series User's Guide for more information.

ZON Utility

Zyxel One Network (ZON) Utility is a utility tool that assists you to set up and maintain network devices in a simple and efficient way. You can download the ZON Utility at www.zyxel.com and install it on your computer (Windows operating system). For more information on ZON Utility see Section 2.3 on page 31.

Command-Line Interface (CLI)

The CLI allows you to use text-based commands to configure the Zyxel Device. You can access it using remote management (SSH) or via the console port. See the Command Reference Guide for more information.

File Transfer Protocol (FIP)

This protocol can be used for firmware upgrades and configuration backup and restore.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

The Zyxel Device can be monitored by an SNMP manager. See the SNMP chapter in this User's Guide.

2.5 Good Habits for Managing the Zyxel Device

Do the following things regularly to make the Zyxel Device more secure and to manage it more effectively.

- Change the password often. Use a password that's not easy to guess and that consists of different types of characters, such as numbers and letters.
- Write down the password and put it in a safe place.
- Back up the configuration (and make sure you know how to restore it). Restoring an earlier working configuration may be useful if the Zyxel Device becomes unstable or even crashes. If you forget your password, you will have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory default settings. If you backed up an earlier configuration file, you will not have to totally re-configure the Zyxel Device; you can simply restore your last configuration.

C HA PTER 3 Hardware

See the Quick Start Guide for hardware installation and connections.

3.1 Grounding (WAC6552D-S, WAC6553D-E and WAX655E)

Earth grounding helps protect against lightning and interference.

Note: The power installation must be performed by qualified service personnel and should conform to the National Electrical Code.

The Zyxel Device must be connected to earth ground to adequately ground the Zyxel Device and protect the operator from electrical hazards.

Qualified service personnel must confirm that the protective earthing terminal of the building is a valid terminal.

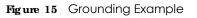
Before connecting the ground, ensure that a qualified service personnel has attached an appropriate ground lug to the ground cable.

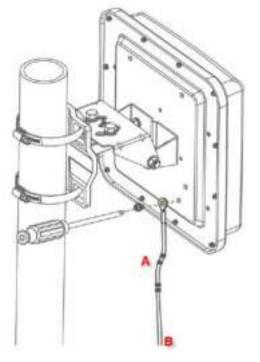
- 1 Remove one of the ground screws from the Zyxel Device's rear panel.
- 2 Secure a green/yellow ground cable (18 AWG or smaller) to the Zyxel Device's rear panel using the ground screw.
- 3 Attach the other end of the cable to the ground, either to the same ground electrode as the pole you installed the Zyxel Device on or to the main grounding electrode of the building.

Note: Follow your country's regulations and safety instructions to electrically ground the Zyxel Device properly. If you are uncertain that suitable grounding is available, contact the appropriate electrical inspection authority or an electrician.

Waming! Connect the ground cable before you connect any other cables or wiring.

The figure below illustrates how the ground cable (A) is attached to the Zyxel Device and goes to the earth ground (B).





3.2 Zyxel Device Models With Single LEDs

The LEDs of some Zyxel Device models can be controlled by using the suppression feature such that the LEDs stay lit (ON) or OFF after the Zyxel Device is ready. Some Zyxel Device models also have Locator LED which allows you to see the actual location of the Zyxel Device among several devices in the network. See Section 1.2 on page 13 to check which models support these features. Refer to Section 20.1 on page 239 for the LED Suppression and Locator menus in standalone mode.

3.3 Zyxel Device LED

The LED of the Zyxel Device can be controlled by using the suppression feature such that the LED stays lit (ON) or OFF after the Zyxel Device is ready. Refer to Section 20.1 on page 239 for the LED **Suppression** and **Locator** menus in standalone mode.

Figure 16 WAC500, NWA1123Acv3, NWA110AX, NWA210AX, WAX510D, WAX610D, WAX630S and WAX650S LED

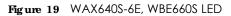


Figure 17 WAC500H / WAX300H LED



Figure 18 NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E LED







The following are the LED descriptions for your WAC500, WAC500H, NWA1123ACv3, NWA110AX, NWA210AX, WAX300H, WAX510D, WAX610D, WAX630S, WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E, WAX640S-6E and WBE660S.

Table 10 WAC500, WAC500H, NWA1123ACv3, NWA110AX, NWA210AX, WAX300H, WAX510D, WAX610D,
WAX630S, WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E, WAX640S-6E and WBE660S LED

COLOR		STATUS	DESC RIPIIO N
t	Amber	Blinks between amber and green alternately	The Zyxel Device is booting up.
	Green	(300 milliseconds interval).	
ł	Amber	Blinks between amber and green alternately (1	The Zyxel Device is discovering the NCC.
	Green	second interval).	
	Amber	Blinks between amber	The Zyxel Device is discovering an AC, or is managed by NCC
1	Green	and green alternately 3 times and then turns solid green for 3 seconds.	but fails to connect with NCC, and is reconnecting with the NCC.
	Amber	Blinks between amber	The Zyxel Device is managed by an AC but the uplink is
ţ	Green	and green alternately 2 times and then turns solid green for 3 seconds.	disconnected.
	Green	Slow Blinking (On for 1 second, Off for 1 second)	The wireless module of the Zyxel Device is disabled or fails, the Zyxel Device is using default WiFi settings, or the Zyxel Device is configured to be managed by NCC but is not yet registered with the NCC.
			Note: WiFi networks on the WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E and WAX620D-6E are turned off automatically when it is connected to a device that supplies power using IEEE 802.3af PoE.
	Green	Steady On	The Zyxel Device is ready for use, the Zyxel Device's wireless interface is activated, and/or WiFi clients are connected to the Zyxel Device in full power mode (see Table 20 on page 61).

NWA/WAC/WAX Series User's Guide

COLOR		STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N
	Amber	Steady On	The Zyxel Device is ready for use in limited power mode (see Table 20 on page 61), the Zyxel Device's wireless interface is activated, and/or WiFi clients are connected to the Zyxel Device.
			Note: WiFi networks on the WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E and WAX640S-6E are turned off automatically when it is connected to a device that supplies power using IEEE 802.3af PoE.
			Not all models support limited power mode. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that only support one PoE standard.
	Bright Blue	Steady On	The Zyxel Device's wireless interface is activated, but there are no WiFi clients connected when it is in full power mode (see Table 20 on page 61).
	White	Slow Blinking (On for 100ms per second)	Locator LED is on. It switches off automatically after the configured amount of time (1-60 min). Default duration is 10 minutes.
			Note: The color of the white LED may have slight differences (for example, very light purple) on different models.
237	Blue	Slow Blinking (Blink for 1 time, Off for 1 second)	The Zyxel Device is performing a Channel Availability Check (CAC) with Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) to monitor a channel for radar signals.
	Red	On	The Zyxel Device failed to boot up or is experiencing system failure.
		Fast Blinking (On for 50 milliseconds, Off for 50 milliseconds)	The Zyxel Device is undergoing firmware upgrade.
	1	Slow Blinking (Blink for 3 times, Off for 3 seconds)	The uplink of the Zyxel Device is disconnected.

Table 10 WAC500, WAC500H, NWA1123ACv3, NWA110AX, NWA210AX, WAX300H, WAX510D, WAX610D, WAX630S, WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E, WAX640S-6E and WBE660S LED (continued)

3.4 Ports

The following shows the Zyxel Device panels with connection ports.

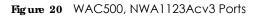




Figure 21 WAX610D, WAX620D-6E, WAX630S, WAX650S, NWA210AX, NWA220AX-6E Ports



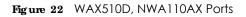




Figure 23 WAX640S-6E, WBE660S Ports



Figure 24 WAC500H / WAX300H Ports



The following are the items on the ports panels for your WAC500, WAC500H, NWA1123ACv3, NWA110AX, NWA210AX, WAX300H, WAX510D, WAX610D, WAX630S, WAX650S, NWA220AX-6E, WAX620D-6E, WAX640S-6E and WBE660S.

Table 11	Ports and Buttons	

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
UPLINK	Connect the port to a router, a switch, or another access point (AP) to connect the Zyxel Device to the backbone of your network.
LAN	Connect computers or other Ethernet devices to Ethernet ports for Internet access.
CONSOLE	You can use the console port to manage the Zyxel Device using CLI commands. You will be prompted to enter your user name and password. See the Command Reference Guide for more information about the CLI.
	When configuring using the console port, you need a computer equipped with communications software configured to the following parameters:
	• Speed 115200 bps
	• Data Bits 8
	Parity None
	• Stop Bit 1
	Flow Control Off
RESET	Press the button for more than 5 seconds to return the Zyxel Device to the factory defaults.
POWER	Connect the power adapter and press the \mathbf{ON}/\mathbf{OFF} button to start the device

C HAPTER 4 Web Configurator

4.1 Overview

The Web Configurator is an HTML-based management interface that allows easy system setup and management via internet browser. Use a browser that supports HTML5, such Mozilla Firefox, or Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge. The recommended screen resolution is 1024 by 768 pixels.

In order to use the Web Configurator you need to allow:

- Web browser pop-up windows from your device.
- JavaScript (enabled by default).
- Java permissions (enabled by default).

4.2 Accessing the Web Configurator

- 1 Make sure your Zyxel Device hardware is properly connected, and your computer is connected to the Zyxel Device through wired of WiFi connection. See the Quick Start Guide.
- 2 If the Zyxel Device and your computer are not connected to a DHCP server, make sure your computer's IP address is in the range between "192.168.1.3" and "192.168.1.254".
- 3 Browse to the Zyxel Device's DHCP-assigned IP address or http://192.168.1.2. The Log in screen appears. If you are in cloud mode, check the NCC's Site-wide > Devices > Access points screen for the Zyxel Device's LAN IP address.

Figure 25 Login Page: Cloud	d mode
-----------------------------	--------

ZYXEL		English 💌
	WAX300H	
Enter Us	er Name/Password and Click L	ogin.
Note: This device is managed by Site-wide > Configure > Sit	y Nebula , please use Nebula ass	- - signed password in the
	Login	

If a Zyxel Device is in standalone mode and supports NCC, the following page displays.

Here, you can watch a tutorial for using the Zyxel Nebula Control Center (NCC) or access the link to the NCC, as shown in the following figure. Otherwise, continue with the next step. The NCC is a cloud-based network management system that allows you to remotely manage and monitor the Zyxel Device (see Section 2.1.2 on page 28)





To go to the login page, click Standalone Mode. Login page displays as shown in the following figure.

Figure 27	Login Page in Standalone Mode
1, 410 - 1	Login ago in oranaalono moao

ZYXEL		Q English •	
	23-AC-HD		
0]	
	Login	Nobula Minde	2

4 Enter the user name (default: "admin") and password (default: "1234").

Note: If the Zyxel Device is being managed or has been managed by the NCC, check Local credentials in the NCC's Site-wide > Configure > Site settings screen for the Zyxel Device's current password.

- 5 Select the language you prefer for the Web Configurator. Click Login.
- 6 The wizard screen opens when the Zyxel Device is accessed for the first time or when you reset the Zyxel Device to its default factory settings.
- 7 If you logged in using the default user name and password, the **Update Admin Info** screen appears. Otherwise, the dashboard appears.

Figure 28 Update Admin Info Screen

ZYXEL	WAX	510D
As a society pe	Update A	idmin Info accommended that you change the assert.
New Password Confirm Password		Dopumoric, primabile
		Reset

The **Update Admin Info** screen appears every time you log in using the default user name and default password. If you change the password for the default user account, this screen does not appear anymore.

4.3 Navigating the Web Configurator

The following summarizes how to navigate the Web Configurator from the **Dashboard** screen. The following figures show the **Dashboard** screen for standalone mode and for cloud (NCC) mode. The screen is different for standalone mode and cloud (NCC) mode and may vary slightly for different models.



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Material & HCLEPARTINE I SAG MAINEL ILLEL B

Figure 30 The Web Configurator's Main Screen for Cloud Mode

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The Web Configurator's main screen is divided into these parts:

- A Title Bar
- **B** Navigation Panel
- **C** Main Window

4.3.1 Title Bar

The title bar provides some useful links that always appear over the screens below, regardless of how deep into the Web Configurator you navigate. If your Zyxel Device is in NCC mode, not all icons will be available in the Title Bar.

Figure 31 Title Bar



The icons provide the following functions.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
Wizard	Click this to open the wizard. See Section 7.1 on page 67 for more information.		
Help	Click this to open the help page for the current screen.		
Community	Click this to log into the Zyxel forum to post questions, contribute to a discussion and get feedback on Zyxel Device.		
Site Map	Click this to see an overview of links to the Web Configurator screens.		
CLI	Click this to open a popup window that displays the CLI commands sent by the Web Configurator.		
Logout	Click this to log out of the Web Configurator.		
nebula	Click this to open the NCC web site login page in a new tab or window.		

Site Map

Click **Site MAP** to see an overview of links to the Web Configurator screens. Click a screen's link to go to that screen.

Figure 32 Site Map

- Site Map			(7)(9)
(g.Morito			E
Network Stones	Wireless • AP information • Station info • WC3 Link into • Detected Device	Log	
© Configuration 11 Maintenance			H H

CUMessages

Click ${f CII}$ to look at the CLI commands sent by the Web Configurator. These commands appear in a popup window, such as the following.

Figure 33	CLI Messages
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(iii) ale / accert	
ese Cubrd	
st show version	
ST show vendor ees Qu'End	
	Canoal

Click C le ar to remove the currently displayed information.

Note: See the Command Reference Guide for information about the commands.

4.3.2 Navigation Panel

Use the menu items on the navigation panel to open screens to configure Zyxel Device features. Click the arrow in the middle of the right edge of the navigation panel to hide the navigation panel menus or drag it to resize them. The following sections introduce the Zyxel Device's navigation panel menus and their screens.

	NONEDR	Rax	tio list						
(M)	Network Status 	Apdi	b Link						
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4.3.3 Standalone Mode Navigation Panel Menus

The following are the screens available in standalone mode. Note that some screens may not be available for your Zyxel Device model. See Section 1.2 on page 13 to see which features your Zyxel Device model supports.

Dashboard

The dashboard displays information such as general device information, system status, system resource usage, and interface status in widgets that you can re-arrange to suit your needs.

For details on the Dashboard's features, see Chapter 6 on page 61.

Monitor Menu

The monitor menu screens display status and statistics information.

FO LDER O R LINK	TAB	FUNC TIO N
Network Status	Network Status	Display general LAN interface information and packet statistics.
Wireless	·	
AP Information	Radio List	Display information about the radios of the connected APs.
Station Info	Station List	Display information about the connected stations.
WDS Link Info	WDS Link Info	Display statistics about the Zyxel Device's WDS (Wireless Distribution System) connections.
Detected Device	Detected Device	Display information about suspected rogue APs.
Log	View Log	Display log entries for the Zyxel Device.

Table 13 Monitor Menu Screens Summary

Configuration Menu

Use the configuration menu screens to configure the Zyxel Device's features.

FO LDER OR LINK	TAB	FUNCTION
Network	IP Setting	Configure the IP address for the Zyxel Device Ethernet interface.
	VLAN	Manage the Ethernet interface VLAN settings.
	Storm Control	Enable or disable the broadcast/multicast storm control feature.
	AC Discovery	Configure the Zyxel Device's AP Controller settings.
	NCC Discovery	Configure proxy server settings to access the NCC.
Wireless		•
AP Management	WLAN Setting	Manage the Zyxel Device's general WiFi settings.
Rogue AP	Rogue/Friendly AP List	Configure how the Zyxel Device monitors for rogue APs.
Load Balancing	Load Balancing	Configure load balancing for traffic moving to and from WiFi clients.
DCS	DCS	Configure dynamic WiFi channel selection.
Bluetooth	Advertising Settings	Configure the beacon ID(s) to be included in the Bluetooth advertising packet.
Object		
User	User	Create and manage users.
	Setting	Manage default settings for all users, general settings for user sessions, and rules to force user authentication.

Table 14 Configuration Menu Screens Summary

FO LDER OR LINK	ТАВ	FUNC TIO N
AP Profile	Radio	Create and manage WiFi radio settings files that can be associated with different APs.
	SSID	Create and manage WiFi SSID, security, MAC filtering, and layer-2 isolation files that can be associated with different APs.
WDS Profile	WDS	Create and manage WDS profiles that can be used to connect to different APs in WDS.
Certificate	My Certificates	Create and manage th e Zyxel Device's certificates.
	Trusted Certificates	Import and manage certificates from trusted sources.
System		·
Host Name	Host Name	Configure the system and domain name for the Zyxel Device.
Power Mode	Power Mode	Configure the Zyxel Device's power settings.
Date/Time	Date/Time	Configure the current date, time, and time zone in the Zyxel Device.
WWW	Service Control	Configure HTTP, HTTPS, and general authentication.
SSH	SSH	Configure SSH server and SSH service settings.
FTP	FTP	Configure FTP server settings.
SNMP	SNMP	Configure SNMP communities and services.
Log & Report	-	
Email Daily Report	Email Daily Report	Configure where and how to send daily reports and what reports to send.
Log Setting	Log Setting	Configure the system log and remote syslog servers.

Table 14 Configuration Menu Screens Summary (continued)

Maintenance Menu

Use the maintenance menu screens to manage configuration and firmware files, run diagnostics, and reboot the Zyxel Device.

FO LDER OR LINK	TAB	FUNC TIO N
File Manager	Configuration File	Manage and upload configuration files for the Zyxel Device.
	Firmware Package	View the current firmware version and to upload firmware.
	Shell Script	Manage and run shell script files for the Zyxel Device.
Diagnostics	Diagnostics	Collect diagnostic information.
	Remote Capture	Capture network traffic going through the Zyxel Device and output the captured packets to an analyzer.
LEDs	Suppression	Enable this feature to keep the LEDs off after the Zyxel Device starts.
	Locator	Enable this feature to see the actual location of the Zyxel Device between several devices in the network.
Antenna	Antenna Switch	Change antenna orientation for the radios.
Reboot	Reboot	Restart the Zyxel Device.

Table 15 Maintenance Menu Screens Summary

4.3.4 Cloud Mode Navigation Panel Menus

If your Zyxel Device is in cloud (NCC) mode, you only need to use the Web Configurator for troubleshooting if your Zyxel Device cannot connect to the Internet.

Da shbo a rd

The dashboard displays general Zyxel Device information, and AP information in widgets that you can re-arrange to suit your needs.

For details on the Dashboard's features, see Chapter 23 on page 248.

Configuration Menu

Use the configuration menu screens to configure the Zyxel Device's features.

Table 16 Configuration Menu Screens Summary

FO LDER OR LINK	ТАВ	FUNCTION		
Network	IP Setting	Configure the IP address for the Zyxel Device Ethernet interface.		
	VLAN	Manage the Ethernet interface VLAN settings.		

Maintenance Menu

Use the maintenance menu screens to configure the Zyxel Device's features.

FO LDER OR LINK	TAB	FUNC TIO N
Shell Script	Shell Script	Manage and run shell script files for the Zyxel Device.
Diagnostics	Diagnostics	Collect diagnostic information.
	Remote Capture	Capture network traffic going through the Zyxel Device and output the captured packets to an analyzer.
Log	View Log	Displays the log when the Zyxel Device is not connected to the Nebula.

 Table 17
 Maintenance Menu Screens Summary

4.3.5 Tables and Lists

The Web Configurator tables and lists are quite flexible and provide several options for how to display their entries.

4.3.5.1 Manipulating Table Display

Here are some of the ways you can manipulate the Web Configurator tables.

1 Click a column heading to sort the table's entries according to that column's criteria.

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	THURIN	Circles Harnes	THERE ARE NOT BOTHS		
1		Wiz_Rectio_34G	2,45		
2		Wz_Rocko_5G	50		
5		default	2.4G		
4		default2	5G		

- 2 Click the down arrow next to a column heading for more options about how to display the entries. The options available vary depending on the type of fields in the column. Here are some examples of what you can do:
 - Sort in ascending alphabetical order
 - Sort in descending (reverse) alphabetical order
 - Select which columns to display
 - Group entries by field
 - Show entries in groups
 - Filter by mathematical operators (<, >, or =) or searching for text.

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	9	Wiz_Rodo_5G	11	Bort Descending		MISSID	
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1	9	stefault2		Group By This Field		Profile Name	-
Ŕ.	a Page lot1	a ai Show to witheros		show in Groups	10	Prequency Band	1-4014

3 Select a column heading cell's right border and drag to re-size the column.

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4 Select a column heading and drag and drop it to change the column order. A green check mark displays next to the column's title when you drag the column to a valid new location.

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5	Q	Witz_Radio_5G	5G	MBSSID
ŧ.	9	Wit_Rodio_24G	2.4G	CI2284A

5 Use the icons and fields at the bottom of the table to navigate to different pages of entries and control how many entries display at a time.

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s 🦞 .	Wk_Radio_5G	5G	MBSSID
4 Q.	Wiz Rodio 24G	2.4G	MBSSID

4.3.5.2 Working with Table Entries

The tables have icons for working with table entries. A sample is shown next. You can often use the [Shift] or [Ctrl] key to select multiple entries to remove, activate, or deactivate.

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and a	Photos Norme	0.034.030	Openating Mode
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2 👷	Wz_Radio_5G	5G	MBSSID
9 9	default	2.45	M835ID
9	default2	5G	MESSID
5 6	test	56	DESEM

Figure 35 Common Table Icons

Here are descriptions for the most common table icons.

Table 18 Common Table Icon	Table 18	Common Table Icons
----------------------------	----------	--------------------

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add	Click this to create a new entry. For features where the entry's position in the numbered list is important (features where the Zyxel Device applies the table's entries in order like the firewall for example), you can select an entry and click Add to create a new entry after the selected entry.
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings. In some tables you can just click a table entry and edit it directly in the table. For those types of tables small red triangles display for table entries with changes that you have not yet applied.
Remove	To remove an entry, select it and click ${\bf Remove}$. The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so.
Activate	To turn on an entry, select it and click Ac tiva te.
Inactivate	To turn off an entry, select it and click Inac tivate .
Object Reference	Select an entry and click $Object \operatorname{Reference}$ to open a screen that shows which settings use the entry.

4.3.5.3 Pop-up Message

SNMP Community String Update

This message recommends you change your Zyxel Device's default SNMP community string to enhance network security. Click **SNMP** to go to the screen to change it.

Figure 36 SNMP Community String Update

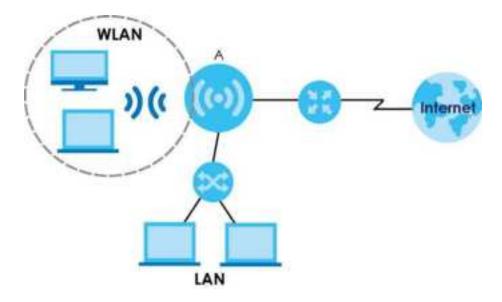
Message Center	<u>(x</u>)
Warning: The SHMP community string is used for SNMP management and is se default. To avoid security breach, please change the community st default setting for a robust WLAN.	
Configure 11MM ^e setting	
OK	

PART I Standalone Configuration

C HAPTER 5 Standalone Configuration

5.1 Overview

The Zyxel Device is in standalone mode by default. Use the web configurator to manage and configure the Zyxel Device directly. As shown in the following figure, WiFi clients can connect to the Zyxel Device (A) to access network resources.



5.2 Starting and Stopping the Zyxel Device

Here are some of the ways to start and stop the Zyxel Device.

MEIHO D	DESC RIPIIO N
Turning on the power	A cold start occurs when you turn on the power to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device powers up, checks the hardware, and starts the system processes.
Rebooting the Zyxel Device	A warm start (without powering down and powering up again) occurs when you use the Reboot button in the Reboot screen or when you use the reboot command. The Zyxel Device writes all cached data to the local storage, stops the system processes, and then does a warm start.

Table 19 Starting and Stopping the Zyxel Device

59

MEIHO D	DESC RIPIIO N
Using the RESET button	If you press the RESET button on the back of the Zyxel Device, the Zyxel Device sets the configuration to its default values and then reboots. See Section 26.6 on page 270 for more information. Note: Some models do not have a RESET button due to feature differences.
Disconnecting the power	Power off occurs when you turn off the power to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device simply turns off. It does not stop the system processes or write cached data to local storage.

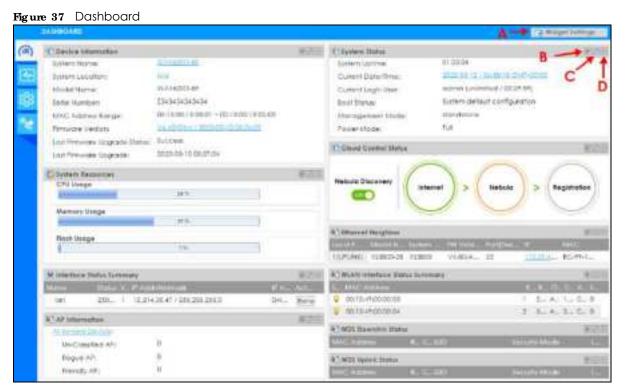
Table 19 Starting and Stopping the Zyxel Device (continued)

The Zyxel Device does not stop or start the system processes when you apply configuration files or run shell scripts although you may temporarily lose access to network resources.

C HAPTER 6 Dashboard

6.1 Overview

This screen displays general device information, system status, system resource usage, and interface status in widgets that you can re-arrange to suit your needs. You can also collapse, refresh, and close individual widgets. Fields in this screen may slightly differ by models.



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 20	Dashboard
	Dashboara

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
Widget Settings (A)	Use this link to re-open closed widgets. Widgets that are already open appear grayed out.			
Refresh Time Setting (B)	h Time Setting Set the interval for refreshing the information displayed in the widget.			
Refresh Now (C)	Click this to update the widget's information immediately.			
Close Widget (D)	Click this to close the widget. Use Widget Settings to re-open it.			
Device Information				
System Name	This field displays the name used to identify the Zyxel Device on any network. Click the icon to open the screen where you can change it.			

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N					
System Location	This field displays the location of the Zyxel Device. Click the icon to open the screen where you can change it.					
Model Name	This field displays the model name of this Zyxel Device.					
Serial Number	This field displays the serial number of this Zyxel Device.					
MAC Address Range	This field displays the MAC addresses used by the Zyxel Device. Each physical port or WiFi radio has one MAC address. The first MAC address is assigned to the Ethernet LAN port, the second MAC address is assigned to the first radio, and so on.					
Firmware Version	This field displays the version number and date of the firmware the Zyxel Device is currently running. Click the icon to open the screen where you can upload firmware.					
Last Firmware Upgrade Status	This field displays whether the latest firmware update was successfully completed.					
Last Firmware Upgrade	This field displays the date and time when the last firmware update was made.					
System Resources						
CPU Usage	This field displays what percentage of the Zyxel Device's processing capability is currently being used. Hover your cursor over this field to display the Show CPU Usage icon that takes you to a chart of the Zyxel Device's recent CPU usage.					
Memory UsageThis field displays what percentage of the Zyxel Device's RAM is currently being u your cursor over this field to display the Show Memory Usage icon that takes you of the Zyxel Device's recent memory usage.						
Flash Usage	This field displays what percentage of the Zyxel Device's onboard flash memory is currently being used.					
Ethernet Neighbor						
Local Port (Description)	This field displays the port of the Zyxel Device, on which the neighboring device is discovered.					
Model Name	This field displays the model name of the discovered device.					
System Name	This field displays the system name of the discovered device.					
FW Version	This field displays the firmware version of the discovered device.					
Port (Description)	This field displays the discovered device's port which is connected to the Zyxel Device.					
IP	This field displays the IP address of the discovered device. Click the IP address to access and manage the discovered device using its Web Configurator.					
MAC	This field displays the MAC address of the discovered device.					
WDS (Wireless Distribut	ion System) Uplink/Downlink Status					
MAC Address	This field displays the MAC address of the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.					
Radio	This field displays the radio number on the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.					
Channel	This field displays the channel number on the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.					
SSID	This field displays the name of the WiFi network to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.					
Security Mode	This field displays which secure encryption methods is being used by the Zyxel Device to connect to the root AP or repeater using WDS.					
Link Status	This field displays the RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) and transmission/reception rate of the wireless connection in WDS.					
System Status	1					
System Uptime	This field displays how long the Zyxel Device has been running since it last restarted or was turned on.					

Table 20 Dashboard (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Current Date/ Time	This field displays the current date and time in the Zyxel Device. The format is yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss.
Current Login User	This field displays the user name used to log in to the current session, the amount of reauthentication time remaining, and the amount of lease time remaining.
Boot Status	This field displays details about the Zyxel Device's startup state.
	OK - The Zyxel Device started up successfully.
	Firmware update OK - A firmware update was successful.
	Problematic configuration after firm ware update - The application of the configuration failed after a firmware upgrade.
	System default configuration - The Zyxel Device successfully applied the system default configuration. This occurs when the Zyxel Device starts for the first time or you intentionally reset the Zyxel Device to the system default settings.
	Fallback to lastgood configuration - The Zyxel Device was unable to apply the startup- config.conf configuration file and fell back to the lastgood.conf configuration file.
	Fallback to system default configuration - The Zyxel Device was unable to apply the lastgood.conf configuration file and fell back to the system default configuration file (system-default.conf).
	Booting in $progress$ - The Zyxel Device is still applying the system configuration.
Management Mode	This shows whether the Zyxel Device is set to work as a stand alone AP.
Power Mode	This displays the Zyxel Device's power status.
	Full - the Zyxel Device receives power using a power adapter and/or through a PoE switch/ injector using IEEE 802.3at PoE plus or IEEE 802.3bt (WAX650S only at the time of writing).
	Jim ite d - the Zyxel Device receives power through a PoE switch/injector using IEEE 802.3af PoE or IEEE 802.3at PoE plus (WAX650S only at the time of writing) even when it is also connected to a power source using a power adapter.
	When the Zyxel Device is in limited power mode, the Zyxel Device throughput decreases and has just one transmitting radio chain.
	It always shows Full if the Zyxel Device does not support power detection. See Section 1.2 on page 13.
Bluetooth	This field displays the Zyxel Device's Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) capability. Bluetooth Low Energy, which is also known as Bluetooth Smart, transmits less data over a shorter distance and consumes less power than classic Bluetooth. The Zyxel Device communicates with other BLE enabled devices using advertisements.
	Unavailable displays if the Zyxel Device supports Bluetooth, but there is no BLE USB dongle connected to the USB port of the Zyxel Device. Some Zyxel Devices, such as the WAC5302D-S, need to have a supported BLE USB dongle attached to act as a beacon to broadcast packets.
	Available displays if the Zyxel Device supports Bluetooth and detects a BLE device but advertising is inactive.
	Advertising displays if the Zyxel Device supports Bluetooth, detects a BLE device, and advertising is activated, which means the Zyxel Device can broadcast packets to every BLE device around it.
	Not all models support BLE, see Section 1.2 on page 13 for the supported model list.

Table 20 Dashboard (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N			
Cloud Control Status	This field displays:			
	 The Zyxel Device Internet connection status. The connection status between the Zyxel Device and NCC. The Zyxel Device registration status on NCC. 			
	Mouse over the circles to display detailed information.			
	To pass your Zyxel Device management to NCC, first make sure your Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet. Then go to NCC and register your Zyxel Device. You can also view this information in Configuration > Network > NCC Discovery.			
	1. Internet			
	Green - The Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet.			
	Orange - The Zyxel Device is not connected to the Internet.			
	2. Ne bula			
	Green - The Zyxel Device is connected to NCC.			
	Orange - The Zyxel Device is not connected to NCC.			
	3. Registration			
	Green - The Zyxel Device is registered on NCC.			
	Gray - The Zyxel Device is not registered on NCC.			
	Note: All circles will gray out if you disable Nebula Discovery .			
Nebula Discovery	Slide the switch to the right to enable NCC discovery on the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device will connect to NCC and change to the NCC management mode if it:			
	is connected to the Internet.has been registered on NCC.			
Interface Status Summary	If an Ethernet interface does not have any physical ports associated with it, its entry is displayed in light gray text. Click the $De ta il$ icon to go to a (more detailed) summary screen of interface statistics.			
Name	This field displays the name of each interface.			
Status	This field displays the current status of each interface. The possible values depend on what type of interface it is.			
	Inactive - The Ethernet interface is disabled.			
	\mathbf{Down} - The Ethernet interface is enabled but not connected.			
	Speed / $Duplex$ - The Ethernet interface is enabled and connected. This field displays the port speed and duplex setting (Full or Half).			
VID	This field displays the VLAN ID to which the interface belongs.			
IP Addr/Netmask	This field displays the current IP address and subnet mask assigned to the interface. If the IP address is 0.0.0.0, the interface is disabled or did not receive an IP address and subnet mask via DHCP.			
IP Assignment	This field displays how the interface gets its IP address.			
	Static - This interface has a static IP address.			
	DHCPClient - This interface gets its IP address from a DHCP server.			
Action	If the interface has a static IP address, this shows \mathbf{n}/\mathbf{a} .			
	If the interface has a dynamic IP address, use this field to get or to update the IP address for the interface. Click $\operatorname{Re}\operatorname{ne}\operatorname{w}$ to send a new DHCP request to a DHCP server.			

Table 20 Dashboard (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
WLAN Interface Status Summary	This displays status information for the WLAN interface.			
Status	This displays whether or not the WLAN interface is activated.			
MAC Address	This displays the MAC address of the radio.			
Radio This indicates the radio number on the Zyxel Device.				
Band This indicates the WiFi frequency band currently being used by the radio.				
OP Mode This indicates the radio's operating mode. Operating modes are AP (MBSSID), Root AH Repeater .				
Channel	This indicates the channel number the radio is using.			
Antenna	This indicates the antenna orientation for the radio (Wall or Ceiling).			
	This field is not available if the Zyxel Device does not allow you to adjust antenna orientation for the Zyxel Device's radio(s) using the web configurator or a physical switch. Refer to Section 1.2 on page 13 to see if your Zyxel Device has an antenna switch.			
Station	This displays the number of WiFi clients connected to the Zyxel Device.			
AP Information This shows a summary of connected wireless Access Points (APs).				
All Sensed Device	This sections displays a summary of all wireless devices detected by the network. Click the link to go to the Monitor > Wire less > Detected Device screen.			
Un-Classified AP	This displays the number of detected unclassified APs.			
Rogue AP	This displays the number of detected rogue APs.			
Friendly AP	This displays the number of detected friendly APs.			

Table 20 Dashboard (continued)

6.1.1 CPU Usage

Use this screen to look at a chart of the Zyxel Device's recent CPU usage. To access this screen, click **CPU Usage** in the dashboard.



Figure 38 Dashboard > CPU Usage

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
%	The y-axis represents the percentage of CPU usage.	
Time	The x-axis shows the time period over which the CPU usage occurred.	
Refresh Interval	Enter how often you want this window to be automatically updated.	
Refresh Now	Click this to update the information in the window right away.	

Table 21 Dashboard > CPU Usage

6.1.2 Memory Usage

Use this screen to look at a chart of the Zyxel Device's recent memory (RAM) usage. To access this screen, click **Memory Usage** in the dashboard.



Figure 39 Dashboard > Memory Usage

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 22	Dashboard > Memory Usage
	Basilboala - Morriely bage

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
%	The y-axis represents the percentage of RAM usage.	
Time	The x-axis shows the time period over which the RAM usage occurred	
Refresh Interval	Enter how often you want this window to be automatically updated.	
Refresh Now	Click this to update the information in the window right away.	

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C HA PTER 7 Se tup Wiza rd

7.1 Accessing the Wizard

When you log into the Web Configurator for the first time or when you reset the Zyxel Device to its default configuration, the wizard screen displays.

Note: If you have already configured the wizard screens and want to open it again, click the **Wizard** icon on the upper right corner of any Web Configurator screen.

7.2 Using the Wizard

This wizard helps you configure the Zyxel Device IP address, change time zone, daylight saving and radio settings, and edit an SSID profile to change general WiFi and WiFi security settings.

7.2.1 Step 1 Time Settings

Use this screen to configure the Zyxel Device's country code, time zone and daylight saving time.

- Country: Select the country where the Zyxel Device is located.
- Note: The **Country** field is not available and you cannot change the country code if the Zyxel Device products comply with the U.S. laws, policies and regulations and are to be sold to the U.S. market.
- Note: Due to each country's regulations on frequency band usage, the available radio bands (2.4 GHz, 5 GHz, and 6 GHz) may differ by the **Country** field you select here, or markets the Zyxel Device products are sold to.
- Time Zone: Select the time zone of your location. This will set the time difference between your time zone and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).
- Enable Daylight Saving: Select the option if you use Daylight Saving Time. Configure the day and time when Daylight Saving Time starts and ends.
- Offset allows you to specify how much the clock changes when daylight saving begins and ends. Enter a number from 1 to 5.5 (by 0.5 increments).

Click Next to proceed. Click Cancel to close the wizard without saving.

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	Welcome to	the Setup Wizard
d,	Time Settings	
	Time Ione	(GM140500) Beijing, Hong Kong, Perth, Singapore, Tapel 👘
	IS Enable Day	light Saving
		The approximate the latence with the little
	214 Color	he is bring but have been the

Figure 40 Wizard: Time Settings

Figure 41 Wizard: Time Settings (with Country option)

	Welcome to	ine >	etup y	VIZO	10			
-	Time Sellings							
-1	Country	Totw						
	Tima 2019at	1044	1+08:00	867(11)	s, Hong Ko	ng, Perth. (ngopote Talasi	8
	IT: Enable Day	ight liai	na					
	And Determined							
14.1	And Date:			-		100	there are	
=								

7.2.2 Step 2 Password and Uplink Connection

Use this screen to configure the Zyxel Device's system password and IP address.

Change Password: Enter a new password and retype it to confirm.

Uplink Connection: Select **Auto** (**DHCP**) if the Zyxel Device is connected to a router with the DHCP server enabled. You then need to check the router for the IP address assigned to the Zyxel Device in order to access the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator again.

Otherwise, select **Static IP** when the Zyxel Device is NOT connected to a router or you want to assign it a fixed IP address. You will need to manually enter:

- the Zyxel Device's IP address and subnet mask.
- the IP address of the router that helps forward traffic.
- a DNS server's IP address. The Domain Name System (DNS) maps a domain name to an IP address and vice versa. The DNS server is extremely important because without it, you must know the IP address of a computer before you can access it.

Click **Prev** to return to the previous screen. Click **Next** to proceed. Click **Cancel** to close the wizard without saving.

Note: The number of characters shown is not an actual representation of your current password. If you click **Next** without changing password in the **New Password** and **Confirm Password** fields, your current password will not be changed.

Figure 42	Wizard: Change Passwo	ord and Uplink	Connection

eg: t	Change Password		
	Hew Poloword:		
p 2.	Confirm Pasewordt	*****	
	Uplink Connection		
ii 1	() Auto(DHCP)	Static P	
10.1		(P Address	0.0.0.0
		Subnet Mosic	0.0.0
10-4		Cateway:	0.0.0
		Criti Server:	0.000
iii)			

7.2.3 Step 3 SSID

Use this screen to enable, disable or edit an SSID profile.

Select an SSID profile and click the **Status** switch to turn it on or off. To change an SSID profile's settings, such as the SSID (WiFi network name) and WiFi password, double-click the SSID profile entry from the list. See Section 7.2.3.1 on page 70 for more information.

Note: You cannot add or remove an SSID profile after running the setup wizard.

Figure 43 Wizard: SSID

	SSIC	().				
	23	Matha	550	leasty Made	Rand Mode	VIANE
	1		251044	WPA2-Femonal	2,4G/SG74G	1
	-2	0	Tyve:	INPA2-Personal	2,40/96/60	1
	4		Types	WPA2-Fersonal	2.40/30/60	- 3
	14	CDD	Tyoni	WFA2-Personal	2.40/90/60	1
1	35	CED	Zevel	WPA2-Fettonal	2.40/50/69	
	6	CED	Dyei	WPA2-Personal	2.40/90/40	T.
	7		Tyyati	WPA2 Parsonal	2.40/60/60	1
	1	C	2yvel	WPA2-Perional	2.40/90/60	1
	1	and the second se				3

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7.2.3.1 Ed it SSID Pro file

Use this screen to configure an SSID profile.

The screen varies depending on the security type you selected.

- SSID: Enter a descriptive name of up to 32 printable characters for the wireless LAN.
- Status: Select Active to apply this SSID profile on all the radios. Select Inactive to create the SSID profile without applying this SSID on any radio.
- VIAN ID: Enter a VLAN ID for the Zyxel Device to use to tag traffic originating from this SSID.
- **Band Mode**: Select the WiFi band which this profile should use. 2.4 GHz is the frequency used by IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax WiFi clients. 5 GHz is the frequency used by IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax WiFi clients. 6 GHz is the frequency used by IEEE 802.11ax WiFi clients.
- Security Type: Select WPA2 or WPA3 to add security on this WiFi network. Otherwise, select OPEN or Enhanced-Open to allow any WiFi client to associate this network without authentication.
- Personal: If you set Security Type to WPA2 or WPA3 and select Personal, enter a pre-shared key of between 8 and 63 case-sensitive ASCII characters (including spaces and symbols) or 64 hexadecimal characters.
- Enterprise: Select this option and the Primary / Secondary RADIUS Server check box to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server. You have to enter the IP address, port number and shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.

Note: See Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that support the 6 GHz band.

Click OK to proceed. Click Cancel to close the screen without saving.

Canada	Zyner			
35D:				
Dianus:	Ac0/0	1		
VLAN IO	1	(1+4094)	í.	
Band Mode:	18 2.45	Q2.6G	(2) éG	
Security Type:	WPA3	1		
· Perional				
Secret:		S		
© Enterprise				

Figure 44 Wizard: SSID: Edit (WPA3-Personal)

90-	Zynel			
Shartust	Active	(2)		
VEAN D:	1	(1-4094	1	
Band Mode:	(2) 2,40	18:36	92.6G	
Security Type:	WPA3	10		
o Penonal				
 Enterprise Primary RAI 	DEB Server			
	er IP Address	-		
RADR/S Ser	erFort.	0		0 (1~65535)
RADIUS Ser	et Secret:	1		0
⊻ secondary	Rodus Server			
RADIUS Ser	er P Address			0
RADIUS Ser	ver Port:	<u> </u>		9 (1-65530)
	er Secret:	1.1		0

Figure 45 Wizard: SSID: Edit (WPA3-Enterprise)

7.2.4 Step 4 Radio

Use this screen to configure the Zyxel Device's radio transmitter(s).

- **Band**: Select the radio band you want to use on this radio. The radio band is unconfigurable if the Zyxel Device does not support BandFlex (band selection on each radio). See Section 1.2 on page 13.
- Channel Width: Select the channel bandwidth list you want to use on this radio. The Zyxel Device will automatically choose the most suitable channel bandwidth from the bandwidth list you select based on your environment and client device type.
- Channel Selection: Select Auto to have the Zyxel Device automatically choose a radio channel that has least interference. Otherwise, select Manual and specify a channel the Zyxel Device will use in the 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz wireless LAN. The options vary depending on the frequency band and the country you are in.
- **Maximum Output Power:** Enter the maximum output power of the Zyxel Device. If there is a high density of APs in an area, decrease the output power of the Zyxel Device to reduce interference with other APs.

Note: Reducing the output power also reduces the Zyxel Device's effective broadcast radius.

Note: See Section 1.2 on page 13 for the supported band (2.4G/5G/6G) and channel bandwidth of your Zyxel Device model.

Click **Prev** to return to the previous screen. Click **Next** to proceed. Click **Cancel** to close the wizard without saving.

Wizard Sel	fing					
8907.1	Radio					
Dig 2 Dig 3	Bandt Channel Width: Channel Selection: Maximum Output Fower:	2.4GHz 20MHz Auto 30) Marudi -30)		20	
Hep-4	Bandi Channel Widths	0 3G 20/40/80/4Hz	# +G			
Day d	Channel Selection: Maximum Output Fower	 Auto 30 d8m(0 	-30) (Distance)			
			1	Prev	Next Cance	4.

Figure 46 Wizard: Radio

If the **Country** you select in **Step 1** does not support 6 GHz, the **6G** option will gray out, or a warning message will display when you select **6G**. Click **OK** to return to the previous page.

Figure 47 Wizard: Invalid Band Warning Message



7.2.5 Summary

Use this screen to check whether what you have configured is correct. Click **Save** to apply your settings and complete the wizard setup. Otherwise, click **Prev** to return to the previous screen or click **Cancel** to close the wizard without saving.

Wizord Set	fing											
Pre 1	Summary											
	Caurdey	534										
Dep 2	Timo Jono:	(G-107 - 28)	to kaing ming king P	Form, Singerman, Long	10							
	Daylight Lavrig	Treasure.										
0.000	Monagement Pr	Autophon										
	2.4G Radio	AUE										
The second second	SC Rodio:	Auto										
and a	1510											
	# 3105A	3.545	Jaconty Mode	Elated Monda	YEAN D							
Map 1		27(+8)	WPA2-Parsonol	2.4G/5G/4G	1							
	2 ° 💶 °	Zyset	WPA2-Parsonar	855	1.							
	a cm	True	NFA?-Passong	2.40/55/80								
				Prov	Sove	Cancel						

Figure 48 Wizard: Summary

C HAPTER 8 Monitor

8.1 Overview

Use the Monitor screens to check status and statistics information.

8.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The Network Status screen (Section 8.3 on page 75) displays general LAN interface information and packet statistics.
- The **AP Inform a tion** > **Ra dio List** screen (Section 8.4 on page 77) displays statistics about the WiFi radio transmitters in the Zyxel Device.
- The Station Info screen (Section 8.5 on page 80) displays statistics pertaining to the associated stations.
- The **WDS Link Info** screen (Section 8.6 on page 81) displays statistics about the Zyxel Device's WDS (Wireless Distribution System) connections.
- The **Detected Device** screen (Section 8.7 on page 82) displays information about suspected rogue APs.
- The **View Log** screen (Section 8.8 on page 84) displays the Zyxel Device's current log messages. You can change the way the log is displayed, you can email the log, and you can also clear the log in this screen.

8.2 What You Need to Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read through the chapter.

Rogue AP

Rogue APs are wireless access points operating in a network's coverage area that are not under the control of the network's administrators, and can open up holes in a network's security.

Friendly AP

Friendly APs are other wireless access points that are detected in your network, as well as any others that you know are not a threat (those from neighboring networks, for example).

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8.3 Network Status

Use this screen to look at general Ethernet interface information and packet statistics. To access this screen, click **Monitor > Ne twork Status**.

Figure 49 Monitor > Network Status

Territoria de la compañía de la comp		degram.	50	W Alson	ALL DESCRIPTION OF		100	(Institution	Action
UPUNK.		1000M/Ful	3	and the second sec	29 / 255 255	252/0	DHOP	economic and a second	Sonow
Pv& Interfac	e Summary								
Dollar.		-	1.114	Care I				/428	241
UPUNK:	1000	Whit	LIN9	LOCAL-168	Ormect #TE fed	4db#070/64		n/a	
ort Statistic Posimterse Eventiment		i se	conde 🔝	energia (Wilp-				
Posintervo		n 24	conde 🔝		Ka Romal	Canin	16		ilga Terrer
Polimterve Switch To	n Girapitric View	1051	-	_		Conces -	14	n 65	0.655

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 23 Monitor > Network Status

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Interface Summary	//IPv6 Interface Summary
	Bummary section for IPv4 network settings. Use the IPv6 Interface Summary section for IPv6 you connect your Zyxel Device to an IPv6 network. Both sections have similar fields as described
Name	This field displays the name of the physical Ethernet port on the Zyxel Device.
Status	This field displays the current status of each physical port on the Zyxel Device.
	\mathbf{Down} - The port is not connected.
	Speed / Duplex - The port is connected. This field displays the port speed and duplex setting (Full or Half).
VID	This field displays the VLAN ID to which the port belongs.
IP Addr/ Netmask IP Address	This field displays the current IP address (and subnet mask) of the interface. If the IP address is 0.0.0.0 (in the IPv4 network) or :: (in the IPv6 network), the interface does not have an IP address yet.
IP Assignment	This field displays how the interface gets its IPv4 address.
	Static - This interface has a static IPv4 address.
	DHCPClient - This interface gets its IPv4 address from a DHCP server.
Action	Use this field to get or to update the IP address for the interface. Click $\mathbf{Re} \mathbf{ne} \mathbf{w}$ to send a new DHCP request to a DHCP server. If the interface cannot use one of these ways to get or to update its IP address, this field displays \mathbf{n}/\mathbf{a} .
Port Statistics Table	
Poll Interval	Enter how often you want this window to be updated automatically, and click Set Interval .

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Set Interval	Click this to set the Poll Interval the screen uses.
Stop	Click this to stop the window from updating automatically. You can start it again by setting the Poll Interval and clicking Set Interval .
Switch to Graphic View	Click this to display the port statistics as a line graph.
Name	This field displays the name of the interface.
Status	This field displays the current status of the physical port.
	\mathbf{Down} - The physical port is not connected.
	\mathbf{Speed} / \mathbf{Duplex} - The physical port is connected. This field displays the port speed and duplex setting (Full or Half).
TxPkts	This field displays the number of packets transmitted from the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
RxPkts	This field displays the number of packets received by the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
Tx Bcast	This field displays the number of broadcast packets transmitted from the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
Rx Bcast	This field displays the number of broadcast packets received by the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
Collisions	This field displays the number of collisions on the physical port since it was last connected.
Tx	This field displays the transmission speed, in bytes per second, on the physical port in the one- second interval before the screen updated.
Rx	This field displays the reception speed, in bytes per second, on the physical port in the one- second interval before the screen updated.
Up Time	This field displays how long the physical port has been connected.
System Up Time	This field displays how long the Zyxel Device has been running since it last restarted or was turned on.

Table 23 Monitor > Network Status (continued)

8.3.1 Port Statistics Graph

Use the port statistics graph to look at a line graph of packet statistics for the Ethernet port. To view, click **Monitor > Ne twork Status** and then the **Switch to Graphic View** button.



Figure 50 Monitor > Network Status > Switch to Graphic View

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Refresh Interval	Enter how often you want this window to be automatically updated.
Refresh Now	Click this to update the information in the window right away.
Port Usage	
Port Selection	Select the Ethernet port for which you want to view the packet statistics.
	This is only available for Zyxel Device models that support more than one Ethernet port.
Switch to Grid View	Click this to display the port statistics as a table.
Kbps/Mbps	The y-axis represents the speed of transmission or reception.
Time	The x-axis shows the time period over which the transmission or reception occurred.
TX	This line represents traffic transmitted from the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
RX	This line represents the traffic received by the Zyxel Device on the physical port since it was last connected.
Last Update	This field displays the date and time the information in the window was last updated.

Table 24 Monitor > Network Status > Switch to Graphic View

8.4 Radio List

Use this screen to view statistics for the Zyxel Device's WiFi radio transmitters. To access this screen, click **Monitor > Wire less > AP Inform a tion > Radio List**.

Figure 51 Monitor > '	Wireless > AP	Information >	Radio List
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		THERMON	(2)01i-	Tran-		Upioati	DOMYL	MAC Address		OPMIL.	AP / WDG Prolite
Q		2.405	1	75	-0	0	\$20310	60:31:97:0,	1	AP BA	detault / detault
۹.		5G	161/1	28	-0	0	\$68415	60.31.97.0	2	A9 (M	default2 / def
1.1	Fage	E. of E.	F. 15. Sh	W: 10	2 Der	TM.					Diploying 2 of 2

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
More Information	Click this to view additional information about the selected radio's wireless traffic and station count. Information spans a 24 hour period.
Status	This displays whether or not the radio is enabled.
Frequency Band	This indicates the wireless frequency band currently being used by the radio.
Channel	This indicates the radio's channel ID.
Transmit Power	This displays the output power of the radio.
Station	This displays the number of WiFi clients connected to this radio on the Zyxel Device.
Upload	This displays the total number of packets received by the radio.
Download	This displays the total number of packets transmitted by the radio.
Loading	This indicates the AP's load balance status (UnderLoad or OverLoad) when load balancing is enabled on the Zyxel Device. Otherwise, it shows - when load balancing is disabled.
	This is only available if your Zyxel Device supports Load Balancing . See Section 1.2 on page 13 for the supported models list.
MAC Address	This displays the MAC address of the radio.
Radio	This indicates the radio number on the Zyxel Device to which it belongs.
OP Mode	This indicates the radio's operating mode. Operating modes are AP (MBSSID), Root AP or Repeater .
AP/WDS Profile	This indicates the AP profile name and WDS profile name to which the radio belongs.
Channel Utilization	This indicates how much IEEE 802.11 traffic the radio can receive on the channel. It displays what percentage of the radio's channel is currently being used.

Table 25 Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > Radio List

8.4.1 AP Mode Radio Information

This screen allows you to view a selected radio's SSID details, wireless traffic statistics and station count for the preceding 24 hours. To access this window, select a radio and click the **More Information** button in the **Radio List** screen.

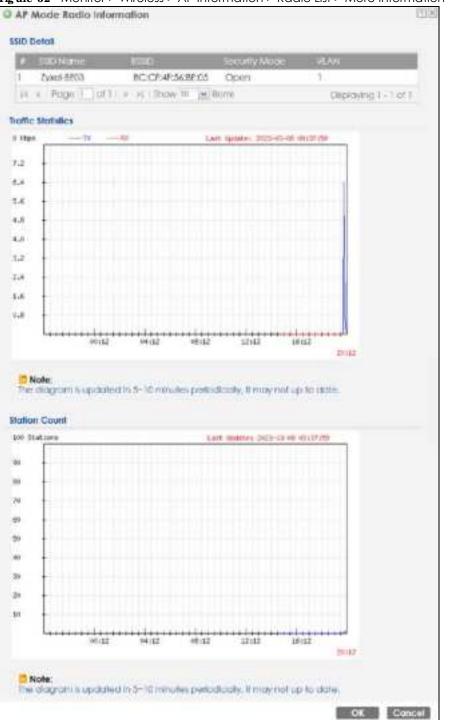


Figure 52 Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > Radio List > More Information

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
SSID Detail	This list shows information about all the WiFi clients that have connected to the specified radio over the preceding 24 hours.
#	This is the items sequential number in the list. It has no bearing on the actual data in this list.

Table 26 Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > Radio List > More Information

NWA/WAC/WAX Series User's Guide

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
SSID Name	This displays an SSID associated with this radio. There can be up to eight maximum.
BSSID	This displays a BSSID associated with this radio. The BSSID is tied to the SSID.
Security Mode	This displays the security mode in which the SSID is operating.
VLAN	This displays the VLAN ID associated with the SSID.
Traffic Statistics	This graph displays the overall traffic information of the radio over the preceding 24 hours.
Kbps/Mbps	This y-axis represents the amount of data moved across this radio in megabytes per second.
Time	This x-axis represents the amount of time over which the data moved across this radio.
TX	This line represents traffic transmitted from the Zyxel Device on this radio.
RX	This line represents the traffic received by the Zyxel Device on this radio.
Station Count	This graph displays the connected station information of the radio over the preceding 24 hours
Stations	The y-axis represents the number of connected stations.
Time	The x-axis shows the time period over which a station was connected.
Last Update	This field displays the date and time the information in the window was last updated.
ОК	Click this to close this window.
Cancel	Click this to close this window.

 Table 26
 Monitor > Wireless > AP Information > Radio List > More Information (continued)

8.5 Station List

Use this screen to view statistics pertaining to the associated stations (or "WiFi clients"). Click **Monitor > Wire less > Station Info** to access this screen.

Figure 53 Monitor > Wireless > Station Info

	STALL.	MAC ALL		COLUMN .	ALC: 11100	THE PERSON NAMES	Jicuite_	Sector Street	Mar Reports	Te Bizter	American
		0019.cm				Zywn #RC3	Opiati	-3503m	34M	54M	19:58:40
11.	1 2098	e Martino	01.50	ow/reiliein	ern)					09	people (1 - 1 ul

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This is the station's index number in this list.
IP Address	This is the station's IP address.
Band	This is the frequency band to which the station is connected.
MAC Address	This is the station's MAC address.
Radio	This is the radio number on the Zyxel Device to which the station is connected.

Table 27 Monitor > Wireless > Station Info

⁸⁰

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
802.11 Features	This displays whether the station supports IEEE802.11r, IEEE 802.11k, IEEE 802.11v or none of the above (N/A) .
Capability	This displays the supported standard currently being used by the station or the standards supported by the station.
SSID Name	This indicates the name of the WiFi network to which the station is connected. A single AP can have multiple SSIDs or networks.
Security Mode	This indicates which secure encryption methods is being used by the station to connect to the network.
Signal Strength	This is the RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) of the station's WiFi connection.
Rx Rate	This is the maximum reception rate of the station.
Tx Rate	This is the maximum transmission rate of the station.
Association Time	This displays the time the station first associated with the Zyxel Device's WiFi network.
Refresh	Click this to refresh the items displayed on this page.

Table 27 Monitor > Wireless > Station Info (continued)

8.6 WDS Link Info

Use this screen to view the WDS traffic statistics between the Zyxel Device and a root AP or repeaters. See Section 1.3 on page 19 to know more about WDS. Click **Monitor > Wire less > WDS Link Info** to access this screen.

	MACE-Address - Kodio 200 Nome Security Mo Signal Sten Kx More	Anoxiston Ime
14	 Page of t + H Show 29 Interest 	No data to deploy
DS E	Downlink Info	
	NAC Adamsi - Ita., Sico Nanio Socutty, Signal St., Ità Itale Di Rate	Association time

Table 28	Monitor > Wireless > WDS Link Info

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
WDS Uplink/	Uplink refers to the WDS link from the repeaters to the root AP.
Downlink Info	$\mathbf{Downlink}$ refers to the WDS link from the root AP to the repeaters.
	When the Zyxel Device is in root AP mode and connected to a repeater, only the downlink information is displayed.
	When the Zyxel Device is in repeater mode and connected to a root AP directly or via another repeater, the uplink information is displayed.
	When the Zyxel Device is in repeater mode and connected to a root AP and other repeater(s), both the uplink and downlink information would be displayed.
#	This is the index number of the root AP or repeater in this list.
MAC Address	This is the MAC address of the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
Band	This is the frequency band of the WiFi network to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
Radio	This is the radio number on the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
SSID Name	This indicates the name of the WiFi network to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
Security Mode	This indicates which secure encryption methods is being used by the Zyxel Device to connect to the root AP or repeater using WDS.
Signal Strength	This is the RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) of the wireless connection in WDS.
Tx Rate	This is the maximum transmission rate of the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
Rx Rate	This is the maximum reception rate of the root AP or repeater to which the Zyxel Device is connected using WDS.
Association Time	This displays the time the Zyxel Device first associated with the wireless network using WDS.
Refresh	Click this to refresh the items displayed on this page.

8.7 Detected Device

Use this screen to view information about surrounding APs which you could mark as **Rogue** or **Friendly**. Click **Monitor > Wireless > Detected Device** to access this screen. For more information about Rogue APs, see Section 10.3 on page 106.

Note: Turn on Enable Rogue AP Detection in the Configuration > Wire less > Rogue AP screen to detect other APs.

Figure 55	Monitor >	Wireless >	Detected Device
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40) 117	etected Device								
40 17 Nark as Friendly AP Classified by MAC Address SSID Name Band Channel D 80 Se De Last Seen Weak Security 58:881:F3:91:48:77 Employees SGHz 161 IE N, Mon Dec 5 Hidden SSID BA:39:56:80:564:C7 2.4GHz 1 IE W Mon Dec 5 A2:69:C8:7D:85:6A Unizyx 5GHz 153 IE W Mon Dec 5	covered APs								
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Classified by MAC Address SSID Name Band Channel ID 80 Se De Last Seen Weak Security 58:88:73:91:48:77 Employees 5GHz 161 IE N Mon Dec 5 Hidden SSID 8A:39:56:80:66A:C7 2:4GHz 1 IE W Mon Dec 5 A2:69:C8:7D:85:6A Unizyx 5GHz 153 IE W Mon Dec 5	Un-classified AP:	217							
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Hidden SSID BA:39:56:8C:6A:C7 2.4GHz I IE W Mon Dec 5 A2:69:CB:7D:85:6A Unizyx 5GHz 153 IE W Mon Dec 5	# Role								
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	2 Suspected rogs	ie AP Hidden SSID	BA:39:56:8C:6A:C7		2.4GHz	1	IE	W	Mon Dec 5
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	4		88:EC:A3:15:5A:5A	Unizyx_WLAN	2.4GHz	6	IE	w	Mon Dec 5
	1 Subected togs	e Ar Hidden SSID	A2:69:CB:7D:85:6A		5GHz	153	IE	w.,	

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Discovered APs	
Rogue AP	This shows how many devices are detected as rogue APs.
Suspected rogue AP	This shows how many devices are detected as possible rogue APs based on the classification rule(s) in Section 10.3 on page 106.
Friendly AP	This shows how many devices are detected as friendly APs.
Un-classified AP	This shows how many devices are detected, but have not been classified as either Rogue or Friendly by the Zyxel Device.
Detect Now	Click this button for the Zyxel Device to scan for APs in the network.
Detected Device	
Mark as Rogue AP	Click this button to mark the selected AP as a rogue AP. For more on managing rogue APs, see the Configuration > Wire less > Rogue AP screen (Section 10.3 on page 106).
Mark as Friendly AP	Click this button to mark the selected AP as a friendly AP. For more on managing friendly APs, see the Configuration > Wireless > Rogue AP screen (Section 10.3 on page 106).
#	This is the detected device's index number in this list.
Role	This indicates the detected device's role (such as friendly or rogue).
Classified by	This indicates the detected device's classification rule.
MAC Address	This indicates the detected device's MAC address.
SSID Name	This indicates the detected device's SSID.
Band	This is the frequency band to which the station is connected.
Channel ID	This indicates the detected device's channel ID.
802.11 Mode	This indicates the 802.11 mode (a/b/g/n/ac/ax) transmitted by the detected device.
Security	This indicates the encryption method (if any) used by the detected device.
Description	This displays the detected device's description. For more on managing friendly and rogue APs, see the Configuration > Wireless > Rogue AP screen (Section 10.3 on page 106).

Table 29 Monitor > Wireless > Detected Device

Table 29 Monitor > Wireless > Detected Device (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Last Seen	This indicates the last time the device was detected by the Zyxel Device.
Refresh	Click this to refresh the items displayed on this page.

8.8 View Log

Log messages are stored in two separate logs, one for regular log messages and one for debugging messages. In the regular log, you can look at all the log messages by selecting **All Logs**, or you can select a specific category of log messages (for example, user). You can also look at the debugging log by selecting **Debug Log**. All debugging messages have the same priority.

To access this screen, click **Monitor > Log**. The log is displayed in the following screen.

Note: When a log reaches the maximum number of log messages, new log messages automatically overwrite existing log messages, starting with the oldest existing log message first.

Events that generate an alert (as well as a log message) display in red. Regular logs display in black. Click a column's heading cell to sort the table entries by that column's criteria. Click the heading cell again to reverse the sort order.

The Web Configurator saves the filter settings once you click Search. If you leave the View Log screen and return to it later, the last filter settings would still apply.

ogs							
Display:	All Logi		Ptionty:		an	lý.	1
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Source Interface:	any	1	Destruction	interface:	an	ly.	3
Protocol:	any	100	Keyword:		100	141	
Search							
Refresh @ Clear Log							
e Taxas Penalty	Fallering	Methodala +		Sante	(CEID)	- NUMO	
	and the second se						
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and the second se		and the second se		172.21.40.38			6
77 2022-12-05 Info	Uner	Admin's password has been o	is login.			USER	
77 2022-12-05 Info 6 2022-12-05 notice	Uter Uter	Admin's password has been o Administrator admin http:/http	is login. is login.	172.21.40.38		USER Account: adm	'n
77 2022-12-05 Info 6 2022-12-05 Info 75 2022-12-05 notice	Uner Uner User	Admin's password has been o Administrator admin http:/http Administrator admin http:/http	is login. is login. is login.	172.21.40.38		uter Account adm Account adm	in in
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Figure 56 Monitor > Log > View Log

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N						
Show Filter / Hide	Click this button to show or hide the filter settings.						
Filter	The Priority, Source Address, Destination Address, Source Interface, Destination Interface, Protocol, Keyword, and Search fields are only available if the filter settings are shown.						
Display	Select the category of log message(s) you want to view. You can also view All Logs at one time, or you can view the Debug Log .						
Priority	This displays when you show the filter. Select the priority of log messages to display. The log displays the log messages with this priority or higher. Choices are: any , emerg , alert , crit , emor , wam , notice , and info , from highest priority to lowest priority. This field is read-only if the Category is Debug Log .						
Source Address	This displays when you show the filter. Type the source IP address of the incoming packet that generated the log message. Do not include the port in this filter.						
Destination Address	This displays when you show the filter. Type the IP address of the destination of the incoming packet when the log message was generated. Do not include the port in this filter.						
Source Interface	This displays when you show the filter. Select the source interface of the packet that generated the log message.						
Destination Interface	This displays when you show the filter. Select the destination interface of the packet that generated the log message.						
Protocol	This displays when you show the filter. Select a service protocol whose log messages you would like to see.						
Keyword	This displays when you show the filter. Type a keyword to look for in the Message , Source , Destination and Note fields. If a match is found in any field, the log message is displayed. You can use up to 63 alphanumeric characters and the underscore, as well as punctuation marks ()', ::?? +-*/= #\$% @; the period, double quotes, and brackets are not allowed.						
Search	This displays when you show the filter. Click this button to update the log using the current filter settings.						
Email Log Now	Click this button to send log messages to the Active email addresses specified in the Send Log To field on the Configuration > Log & Report > Log Settings screen.						
Refresh	Click this to update the list of logs.						
Clear Log	Click this button to clear the whole log, regardless of what is currently displayed on the screen.						
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific log message.						
Time	This field displays the time the log message was recorded.						
Priority	This field displays the priority of the log message. It has the same range of values as the Priority field above.						
Category	This field displays the log that generated the log message. It is the same value used in the Display and (other) Category fields.						
Message	This field displays the reason the log message was generated. The text "[count= x]", where x is a number, appears at the end of the Message field if log consolidation is turned on and multiple entries were aggregated to generate into this one.						
Source	This field displays the source IP address and the port number in the event that generated the log message.						
Source Interface	This field displays the source interface of the packet that generated the log message.						
Destination	This field displays the destination IP address and the port number of the event that generated the log message.						
Destination Interface	This field displays the destination interface of the packet that generated the log message.						
Protocol	This field displays the service protocol in the event that generated the log message.						
Note	This field displays any additional information about the log message.						

Table 30 Monitor > Log > View Log

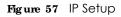
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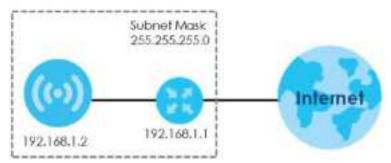
C HAPTER 9 Network

9.1 Overview

This chapter describes how you can configure the management IP address and VLAN settings of your Zyxel Device.

The Internet Protocol (IP) address identifies a device on a network. Every networking device (including computers, servers, routers, printers, etc.) needs an IP address to communicate across the network. These networking devices are also known as hosts.





The figure above illustrates one possible setup of your Zyxel Device. The gateway IP address is 192.168.1.1 and the managed IP address of the Zyxel Device is 192.168.1.2 (default), but if the Zyxel Device is assigned an IP address by a DHCP server, the default (192.168.1.2) will not be used. The gateway and the Zyxel Device must belong in the same IP subnet to be able to communicate with each other.

9.1.1 APControllerManagement

This discusses using the Zyxel Device with an AP Controller. AP Controllers, such as the ZyWALL ATP, ZyWALL VPN, USG FLEX, and NXC, use Control And Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) to push firmware and/or configurations to the APs that they manage.

Note: Not all models support AC management. See Section 1.1 on page 12 for more information.

The following figure illustrates a wireless network managed by an AC. You (U) configure the AC (C), which then automatically updates the configurations of the managed APs ($M1 \sim M4$).

86

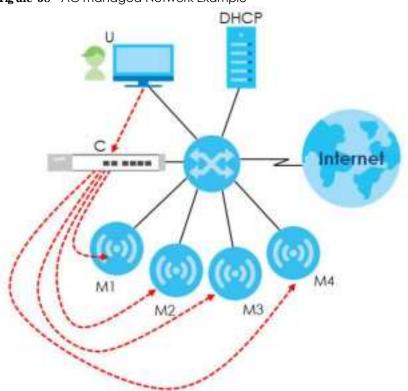


Figure 58 AC managed Network Example

Note: The Zyxel Device can be a standalone device or be managed by an AC.

AC Discovery and Management

The link between AC Discovery-enabled access points proceeds as follows:

- 1 A Zyxel Device with AC Discovery enabled joins a wired network (receives a dynamic IP address).
- 2 The Zyxel Device sends out a discovery request, looking for an AC.
- 3 If there is an AC on the network, it receives the discovery request. If the AC, for example, a ZyWALL ATP, is in Manual mode, it adds the details of the Zyxel Device to its Unmanaged Access Points list, and you decide which available APs to manage. If the AC is in Always Accept mode, it automatically adds the Zyxel Device to its Managed Access Points list and provides the managed Zyxel Device with default configuration information, as well as securely transmitting the DTLS pre-shared key. The managed Zyxel Device is ready for association with WiFi clients.

Managed AP Finds the Controller

A managed Zyxel Device can find the controller in one of the following ways:

- Manually specify the controller's IP address in the Web Configurator's AC Discovery screen.
- Get the controller's IP address from a DHCP server with the controller's IP address configured as option 138.
- Get the controller's IP address from a DNS server SRV (Service) record.
- Broadcasting to discover the controller within the broadcast domain.

Note: The AC needs to have a static IP address. If it is a DHCP client, set the DHCP server to reserve an IP address for the AC.

AC management and IP Subnets

By default, CAPWAP works only between Zyxel Devices with IP addresses in the same subnet.

However, you can configure the Zyxel Device and the AC to use CAPWAP with IP addresses in different subnets by doing the following.

- Activate DHCP. Your network's DHCP server must support option 138 defined in RFC 5415.
- Configure DHCP option 138 with the IP address of the AC on your network.

DHCP Option 138 allows the management request (from the Zyxel Device) to reach the AC in a different subnet, as shown in the following figure.

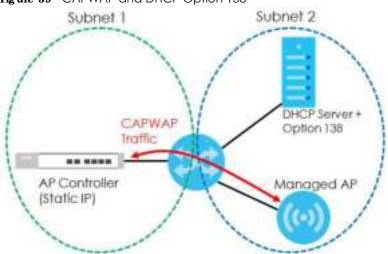


Figure 59 CAPWAP and DHCP Option 138

Notes on AC Management

This section lists some additional features of Zyxel's implementation of the CAPWAP protocol.

- When the AC uses its internal Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) server, managed Zyxel Devices also use the AC's authentication server to authenticate WiFi clients.
- If an Zyxel Device's link to the AC is broken, the Zyxel Device continues to use the WiFi settings with which it was last provided.

9.1.2 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The IP Setting screen (Section 9.2 on page 89) configures the Zyxel Device's LAN IP address.
- The VIAN screen (Section 9.3 on page 90) configures the Zyxel Device's VLAN settings.
- The Storm Control screen (Section 9.4 on page 95) turns on or off the traffic storm control feature on the Zyxel Device.
- The AC Discovery screen (Section 9.5 on page 96) configures the Zyxel Device's AP Controller (AC) settings.

• The NCC Discovery screen (Section 9.6 on page 97) configures the Zyxel Device's Nebula Control Center (NCC) discovery settings.

9.2 IP Setting

Use this screen to configure the IP address for your Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click **Configuration > Network > IP Setting**.

Figure 60	Configuration	> Network > IP	Setting
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IP Setting	VIAN	Storm Combut	AC Discovery	NCC Decovery
IP Address Assig	gnment			
IP type:		Storic IP	100	
P Address		172.21.56.89		
Subnet Mo	auko	255.255.252.0		
Gateway.		172.21.59.254	(Optional)	
DNS Server	r # Address	172.21.10.1	(Optional)	
IPvé Address As	ssignment			
Encible 31c	foloss Address	Auto-configuration)	SLAAC)	
Unk-Local Ad	chess:	tall/ monocially	fett:to:::0//i-a	
IPv6 Address/	Prefix Length:		(Optionol)	
Gateway			(Cotional)	
Metric:		10-15)		
EI DHCPvs CI	lent.			
070701		100010000000000000000000000000000000000		
21 Percent	Anne			
DHCPV6 R	equest Option	6		
	100			
			Apply Res	unt i
			the second se	

Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
IP Address Assignment				
ІР Туре	Select DHCP to make the interface a DHCP client and automatically get the IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS Server IP Address from a DHCP server.			
	Select Static IP to specify the IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server IP address manually.			
Use Fixed DNS Server IP Address	Select this if you have a preferred DNS server that you want to specify manually even if the IP type is DHCP. Setting a fixed DNS server IP address may help if you experience unreliable DNS resolution.			
IP Address	Enter the IP address for this interface.			
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of this interface in dot decimal notation. The subnet mask indicates what part of the IP address is the same for all computers in the network.			

Table 31 Configuration > Network > IP Setting

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
Gateway	Enter the IP address of the gateway. The Zyxel Device sends packets to the gateway whe it does not know how to route the packet to its destination. The gateway should be on the same network as the interface.			
DNS Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DNS server.			
IPv6 Address Assignme	ent			
Enable Stateless Address Auto- configuration (SLAAC)	Select this to enable IPv6 stateless auto-configuration on the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device will generate an IPv6 address itself from a prefix obtained from an IPv6 router in the network.			
Link-Local Address	This displays the IPv6 link-local address and the network prefix that the Zyxel Device generates itself for the LAN interface.			
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length	Enter the IPv6 address and the prefix length for the LAN interface if you want to use a static IP address. This field is optional.			
	The prefix length indicates what the left-most part of the IP address is the same for all computers in the network, that is, the network address.			
Gateway	Enter the IPv6 address of the default outgoing gateway using colon (:) hexadecimal notation.			
Metric	Enter the priority of the gateway (if any) on the LAN interface. The Zyxel Device decides which gateway to use based on this priority. The lower the number, the higher the priority. If two or more gateways have the same priority, the Zyxel Device uses the one that was configured first. Enter zero to set the metric to 1024 for IPv6.			
DHCPv6 Client	Select this option to set the Zyxel Device to act as a DHCPv6 client.			
DUID	This field displays the DHCP Unique IDentifier (DUID) of the Zyxel Device, which is unique and used for identification purposes when the Zyxel Device is exchanging DHCPv6 messages with others. See Appendix B on page 296 for more information.			
Request Address	Select this option to get an IPv6 address from the DHCPv6 server.			
DHCPv6 Request Options	Select the following DHCPv6 options to determine what additional information to get from the DHCPv6 server.			
DNS Server	Select this option to obtain the IP address of the DNS server.			
NTP Server	Select this option to obtain the IP address of the NTP server.			
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.			
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.			

Table 31 Configuration > Network > IP Setting (continued)

9.3 VIAN

This section discusses how to configure the Zyxel Device's VLAN settings.

Note: Mis-configuring the management VLAN settings on your Zyxel Device can make it inaccessible. If this happens, you will have to reset the Zyxel Device.

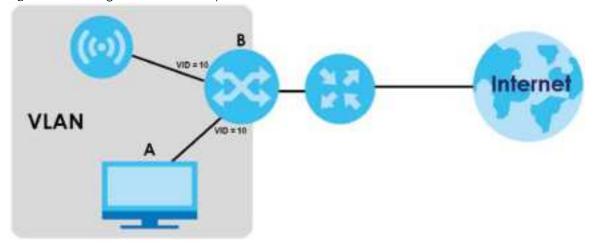


Figure 61 Management VLAN Setup

In the figure above, to access and manage the Zyxel Device from computer \mathbf{A} , the Zyxel Device and switch \mathbf{B} 's ports to which computer \mathbf{A} and the Zyxel Device are connected should be in the same VLAN.

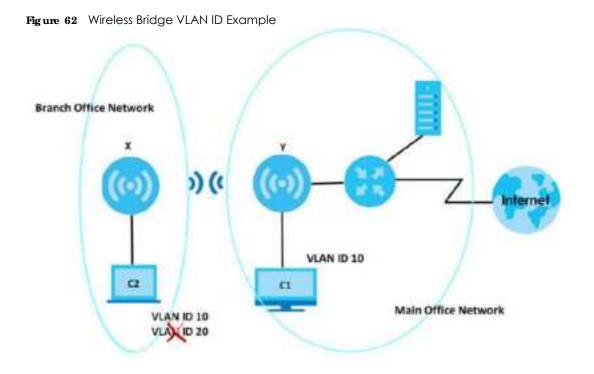
A Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) allows a physical network to be partitioned into multiple logical networks. Devices on a logical network belong to one group. A device can belong to more than one group. With VLAN, a device cannot directly talk to or hear from devices that are not in the same group(s); the traffic must first go through a router.

VLAN also increases network performance by limiting broadcasts to a smaller and more manageable logical broadcast domain. In traditional switched environments, all broadcast packets go to each and every individual port. With VLAN, all broadcasts are confined to a specific broadcast domain.

Wire less Bridge VIAN ID

Wireless bridge VLAN allows you to have clients in different WiFi networks appear to be in the same virtual network using VLAN IDs. VLAN IDs are sent across the wireless bridge so that only clients with the same VLAN ID receive that network traffic. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on the wireless bridge.

In the figure below, a client (C2) in the branch office wants to connect to the main office (Y). The branch office client (C2) can connect to the main office network using the VIAN ID 10. However, the branch office client (C2) cannot connect to the to the main office network using the VIAN ID 20 because that VLAN ID does not exist in the main office network. To bridge the branch office network and the main office network, the VLAN IDs you set on the Zyxel Device (X) should be the same as the VLAN IDs you set on the root AP (Y).



IEEE 802.1Q Tag

The IEEE 802.1Q standard defines an explicit VLAN tag in the MAC header to identify the VLAN membership of a frame across bridges. A VLAN tag includes the 12-bit VLAN ID and 3-bit user priority. The VLAN ID associates a frame with a specific VLAN and provides the information that devices need to process the frame across the network.

Use this screen to configure the VLAN settings for your Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click **Configuration > Network > VLAN**.

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YSAN Settings				
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18 AGINERIA VLAN				
LANIzeting				
Part Letting				
# 308+			P102	
1 4	lari			
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VLDN Configuration				
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Figure 63 Configuration > Network > VLAN (for Zyxel Device with multiple Ethernet ports)

Figure 64 Configuration > Network > VLAN (for Zyxel Device with one Ethernet port)

IF Setting VLAN		
VLAN Settings		
Management VLAN ID:	(1~4094)	
2 ALNORVO VLAN		
	Apply Reset	

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 32 Configuration > Network > VLAN

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
VLAN Settings				
Management VLAN ID	Enter a VLAN ID for the Zyxel Device. The range is 1–4094.			
As Native VLAN	Select this option to treat the Management VIAN ID as a VLAN created on the Zyxel Device and not one assigned to it from outside the network. Outbound traffic transmitted through the Zyxel Device Ethernet port will NOT be tagged with the Management VIAN ID .			
	Clear this option to have the Zyxel Device add the Management VIAN ID tag to outbound traffic transmitted through the Zyxel Device Ethernet port. The uplink device connected to the Zyxel Device Ethernet port needs to have the same VLAN ID configured to receive traffic from the Zyxel Device.			
LAN Setting				
Note: The following settings are only available if your Zyxel Device supports wireless bridge and have more than one Ethernet port. See the feature comparison table in <u>Section 1.2 on page 13</u> .				
Port Setting				

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N					
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings. In some tables you can just click a table entry and edit it directly in the table. For those types of tables small red triangles display for table entries with changes that you have not yet applied.					
Activate/ Inactivate	To turn on an entry, select it and click Ac tiva te . To turn off an entry, select it and click Inac tiva te .					
#	This is the index number of the port.					
Status	This field indicates whether the port is enabled (a yellow bulb) or not (a gray bulb).					
Port	This field displays the name of the port.					
PVID	This field displays the PVID of a port.					
	You can click Edit to set the PVID in the Edit Port screen.					
	This only governs the incoming untagged packets. The Zyxel Device will tag packets received on the port with the specified PVID. The packets will then be sent to the VLANs they belong to accordingly.					
VLAN Configuratio	n					
Add	Click this to create a new entry. For features where the entry's position in the numbered list is important (features where the Zyxel Device applies the table's entries in order like the SSID for example), you can select an entry and click Add to create a new entry after the selected entry.					
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings. In some tables you can just click a table entry and edit it directly in the table. For those types of tables small red triangles display for table entries with changes that you have not yet applied.					
Remove	To remove an entry, select it and click Remove . The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so.					
Activate/ Inactivate	To turn on an entry, select it and click Ac tiva te . To turn off an entry, select it and click Inac tiva te .					
#	This is the index number of the VLAN ID.					
Status	This field indicates whether the VLAN is enabled (a yellow bulb) or not (a gray bulb).					
Name	This field displays the name of each VLAN.					
VID	This field displays the VLAN ID.					
	Note: The VLAN ID you set here will be added as an entry in the Wire less Bridge VIAN Settings table.					
Member	This field displays the VLAN membership to which the port belongs.					
	This also displays if outgoing packets from the port are tagged or not. (1) means the packets going out from the port are tagged. (1) means the packets going out from the port are untagged.					
	Note: For WAX620D-6E, WAX640S-6E, and NWA220AX-6E, the Tx-tagging settings are unconfigurable. The Tx-tagging settings will be synced with the PVID settings in the Port Settings table. If the VID is the same as the PVID set on the port, the outgoing traffic will be untagged, the member port will display (U). Otherwise, the outgoing packets will be tagged with the VID, the member port will display (T).					
Wireless Bridge Vla	n Setting					
This section appea on page 13.	rs if your Zyxel Device supports wireless bridge. See the feature comparison table in Section 1.2					
Add	Click this to add an entry in the table.					

Table 32 Configuration > Network > VLAN (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Remove	Select an entry and click this to remove the selected entry.
#	This field is a sequential value. It is not associated with any VLAN ID.
Wireless Bridge Vlan ID (1-4094)	Enter a VLAN ID for the wireless bridge. Duplicate VLAN IDs are not allowed. The VLAN IDs you set on your root AP should be the same as the VLAN IDs you set here. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on wireless bridge. Note: The VLAN ID you set here will be added as an entry in the VIAN Configuration table.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 32 Configuration > Network > VLAN (continued)

9.4 Storm Control

Traffic storm control limits the number of broadcast and/or multicast packets the Zyxel Device receives on the ports. When the maximum number of allowable broadcast and/or multicast packets is reached, the subsequent packets are discarded. Enable this feature to reduce broadcast and/or multicast packets in your network.

Note: The maximum traffic rate can be changed using the CLI (see the CLI Reference Guide).

To access this screen, click Configuration > Network > Storm Control.

Figure 65 Configuration > Network > Storm Control

IP Setting	VLAN	Storm Control	AC Disco	very	NCC Discovery		
Storm Control 5	Storm Control Setting						
E Broadcast	t Storm Control						
Mutticast 3	Storm Control						
			Apply	Reset			

Note: Not all Zyxel Device models support the storm control feature. See the feature comparison table in Section 1.2 on page 13.

Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
Broadcast Storm Control	Select the check box to enable broadcast storm control on the Zyxel Device. Enabling this will drop ingress broadcast traffic in the physical Ethernet port if it exceeds the maximum traffic rate.			
Multicast Storm Control	Select the check box to enable multicast storm control on the Zyxel Device. Enabling this drop ingress multicast traffic in the physical Ethernet port if it exceeds the maximum traffic rate.			
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.			
Reset	Click $\operatorname{\mathbf{Re}}\operatorname{\mathbf{set}}$ to return the screen to its last-saved settings.			

Table 33 Configuration > Network > Storm Control

9.5 AC (APController) Discovery

This section discusses how to configure the Zyxel Device's AC Discovery settings. You can have the Zyxel Device managed by an AC on your network. When you do this, the Zyxel Device can be configured ONLY by the AC. See Section 9.1.1 on page 86 for more information on AC management.

Note: The AC Discovery settings are not available in all Zyxel Devices. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for more information.

If you want to return the Zyxel Device to function in standalone mode, you can do one of the two following options:

- Press the Reset button.
- Check the AC for the Zyxel Device's IP address and use FTP to upload the default configuration file to the Zyxel Device. You can get the configuration file at conf/system-default.conf. You must reboot the Zyxel Device after uploading the configuration file.

To access the Controller Discover screen, click Configuration > Network > AC Discovery.

Figure 66 Configuration > Network > AC Discovery

In Setting	VERN	Storm Control	AC Discovery NCC Discovery
Discovery Setti			
· Auto			
© Marua			
Parmong 18	als: ACIN		
Success	y shalles PC P		physical
© Dsable			
			Apply Reset

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Discovery Setting	
Auto	Select this option to use DHCP option 138/DNS SRV record/Broadcast to get the AC's IP address. If the Zyxel Device and a Zyxel AC, such as a ZyWALL ATP, are in the same subnet, it will be managed by the controller automatically.
Manual	Select this option and enter the IP address of the AC manually. This is necessary when the AP Controller is not in the same subnet and you want it to manage the Zyxel Device.
Primary / Secondary Static AC IP	Specify the primary and secondary IP address of the AC to which the Zyxel Device connects.
Disable	Select this to manage the Zyxel Device using its own Web Configurator, neither managing nor being managed by other devices. Please note if an AP Controller is in the same subnet, you will need to click Disa ble if you do not want the Zyxel Device to be managed.
Apply	Click Apply to save the information entered in this screen. If you select Auto or Manual , the AC uploads the firmware package for managed AP mode to the Zyxel Device and you cannot log in as the web configurator is disabled; you must manage the Zyxel Device through the AC on your network.
Reset	Click $\operatorname{\mathbf{Reset}}$ to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 31	Configuration > Network > AC Discovery
10016-34	Configuration > Network > AC Discovery

9.6 NCC Discovery

You can manage the Zyxel Device through the Zyxel Nebula Control Center (NCC). Use this screen to configure the proxy server settings if the Zyxel Device is behind a proxy server.

To access this screen, click Configuration > Network > NCC Discovery.

Figure 67 Configuration > Network > NCC Discovery

IP Setting	VLAN	Storm Control	AC Discovery	NCC Discovery
Nebula Contro	Center Stat	us		
Internet:		NTP update failed		
Nebula Conr	ectivity:	The device is connect	led to Nebula	
Nebula Contro	I Center Disc	overy Setting		
🗷 Enable				
🔄 Use Pr	roxy to Acce	ISS NCC		
Proxy :	Server:			
Proxy	Port:		(1~65535)	
E Aut	hentication			
User N	lame:			
Passv	ord:			
		Apply	Reset	

Each field is described in the following table.

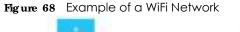
IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Nebula Control Center Sto	itus
Internet	This field displays whether the Zyxel Device can connect to the Internet.
Nebula Connectivity	This field displays whether the Zyxel Device can connect to the Zyxel Nebula Control Center (NCC).
Nebula Control Center Dis	covery Setting
Enable	Select this option to turn on NCC discovery on the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device will try to discover the NCC and go into NCC management mode when it is connected to the Internet and has been registered in the NCC.
	If NCC discovery is disabled, the Zyxel Device will not discover the NCC and remain in standalone operation.
Use Proxy to Access NCC	If the Zyxel Device is behind a proxy server, you need to select this option and configure the proxy server settings so that the Zyxel Device can access the NCC through the proxy server.
Proxy Server	Enter the IP address of the proxy server.
Proxy Port	Enter the service port number used by the proxy server.
Authentication	Select this option if the proxy server requires authentication before it grants access to the NCC.
User Name	Enter your proxy user name.
Password	Enter your proxy password.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

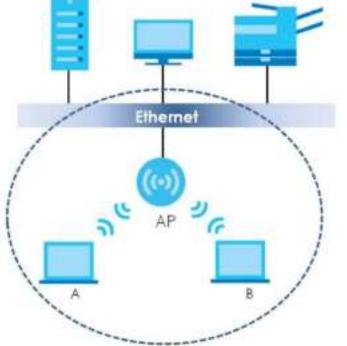
C HAPTER 10 Wire less

10.1 Overview

This chapter discusses how to configure the WiFi network settings in your Zyxel Device.

The following figure provides an example of a WiFi network.





The WiFi network is the part in the blue circle. In this WiFi network, devices **A** and **B** are called WiFi clients. The WiFi clients use the access point (AP) to interact with other devices (such as the printer) or with the Internet. Your Zyxel Device is the AP.

10.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The **AP Management** screen (Section 10.2 on page 100) allows you to manage the Zyxel Device's general WiFi settings.
- The **Rogue AP** screen (Section 10.3 on page 106) allows you to assign APs either to the rogue AP list or the friendly AP list.
- The Load Balancing screen (Section 10.4 on page 110) allows you to configure network traffic load balancing between the APs and the Zyxel Device.
- The DCS screen (Section 10.5 on page 112) allows you to configure dynamic radio channel selection.

10.1.2 What You Need to Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

Station / WiFi Client

A station or WiFi client is any WiFi-capable device that can connect to an AP using a WiFi signal.

Dynamic Channel Selection (DCS)

Dynamic Channel Selection (DCS) is a feature that allows an AP to automatically select the radio channel which it broadcasts. For more information, see Section 10.6 on page 113.

Load Balancing (Wireless)

Wireless load balancing is the process where you limit the number of connections allowed on an wireless access point (AP) or you limit the amount of wireless traffic transmitted and received on it so the AP does not become overloaded.

10.2 APManagement

Use this screen to manage the Zyxel Device's general WiFi settings. Click **Configuration > Wire less > AP Management** to access this screen.

Figure 69	Configuration	> Wireless >	AP Management
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Figure 70 Configuration > Wireless > AP Management (for Zyxel Device with multiple Ethernet ports - in Repeater mode)

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	Output Power:	30	dBm (0~30)
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 Figure 71
 Configuration > Wireless > AP Management > Setup Wireless Bridge Vlan ID: Wireless Bridge Vlan Setting (for Zyxel Device with multiple Ethernet ports)

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Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Radio 1 Setting	
Radio 1 Activate	Select the check box to enable the Zyxel Device's first (default) radio.
Radio 1 OP Mode	Select the operating mode for radio 1.
	AP Mode means the radio can receive connections from WiFi clients and pass their data traffic through to the Zyxel Device to be managed (or subsequently passed on to an upstream gateway for managing).
	Root AP means the radio acts as an AP and also supports the wireless connections with other APs (in repeater mode) to form a WDS (Wireless Distribution System) to extend its wireless network.
	Repeater means the radio can establish a wireless connection with other APs (in either root AP or repeater mode) to form a WDS.
Radio 1 Profile	Select the radio profile the radio uses.
	Note: You can only apply a 2.4G AP radio profile to radio 1. Otherwise, the first radio will not be working.
Radio 1 WDS Profile	This field is available only when the radio is in Root AP or Repeater mode.
	Select the WDS profile the radio uses to connect to a root AP or repeater.

 Table 36
 Configuration > Wireless > AP Management

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Enable WDS Wireless Bridging	Not all models support this feature. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that support wireless bridge.
	If you set the Zyxel Device as a root AP, the radio that's bridging with the Zyxel Device should be in repeater mode.
	Be careful to avoid bridge loops. For example, if your root AP and the Zyxel Device are connected to a switch, and they're also connected to each other using a WiFi connection. This will create bridge loops.
	This field is available only when the radio is in Repeater mode. Select this to enable WDS wireless bridging on the Zyxel Device to establish wireless links with other APs. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
	Note: You must enable the same WiFi security settings on the Zyxel Device and on all WiFi clients that you want to associate with it.
Uplink Selection Mode	This field is available only when the radio is in $\mathbf{Repeater}$ mode.
Mode	Select AUTO to have the Zyxel Device automatically use the settings in the applied WDS profile to connect to a root AP or repeater.
	Select Manual to have the Zyxel Device connect to the root AP or repeater with the MAC address specified in the Radio 1 Uplink MAC Address field.
Setup Wireless Bridge	This appears if you select Enable WDS Wire less Bridging.
Vlan ID	Click this to show the Wire less Bridge Vlan Setting pop-up window. This link is available only when the radio is in Root AP or Repeater mode.
Wireless Bridge Vlan Se	etting
Add	Click this to add an entry in the table.
Remove	Select an entry and click this to remove the selected entry.
#	This field is a sequential value. It is not associated with any VLAN ID.
Wireless Bridge Vlan ID	Enter a VLAN ID for the wireless bridge. The VLAN IDs you set on your root AP should be the same as the VLAN ID you set here. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on wireless bridge.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Close	Click Close to close the pop-up window without saving your changes.
Max Output Power	Enter the maximum output power (between 0 to 30 dBm) of the Zyxel Device in this field. If there is a high density of APs in an area, decrease the output power of the Zyxel Device to reduce interference with other APs.
	Note: Reducing the output power also reduces the Zyxel Device's effective broadcast radius.
MBSSID Settings	
Add 🌉	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Device using the wizard.
	Click the Add icon () to open a screen where you can create a new entry. For features where the entry's position in the numbered list is important (features where the Zyxel Device applies the table's entries in order like the SSID for example), you can select an entry and click Add to create a new entry after the selected entry.
Edit	Click the Edit icon () to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings. In some tables you can just click a table entry and edit it directly in the table. For those types of tables small red triangles display for table entries with changes that you have not yet applied.
#	This field shows the index number of the SSID
SSID Profile	This field displays the SSID profile that is associated with the radio profile.

Table 36 Configuration > Wireless > AP Management (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Band	This field displays the frequency bands to which the SSID profile is applicable. If the SSID profile is not applicable to the current radio, the SSID profile will not be enabled.
	You can configure the SSID profile's applicable frequency bands in the Edit SSID Profile screen (click the Edit button next to the profile).
Radio 2/3 Setting	
The Radio 3 Setting fiel	ds are only available for Zyxel Device models that support triple radios.
Radio 2/3 Activate	This displays if the Zyxel Device has a second radio.
	Select the check box to enable the Zyxel Device's second radio.
Radio 2/3 OP Mode	This displays if the Zyxel Device has a second radio. Select the operating mode for radio 2.
	AP Mode means the radio can receive connections from WiFi clients and pass their data traffic through to the Zyxel Device to be managed (or subsequently passed on to an upstream gateway for managing).
	\mathbf{R}_0 ot \mathbf{AP} means the radio acts as an AP and also supports the wireless connections with other APs (in repeater mode) to form a WDS to extend its wireless network.
	Repeater means the radio can establish a wireless connection with other APs (in either root AP or repeater mode) to form a WDS.
Radio 2/3 Profile	This displays if the Zyxel Device has a second/third radio. Select the radio profile the radio uses.
	Note: For models that do not support BandFlex, you can only apply a 5G AP radio profile to radio 2. Otherwise, the second radio will not be working. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information.
Radio 2/3 WDS Profile	This field is available only when the radio is in Root AP or Repeater mode.
	Select the WDS profile the radio uses to connect to a root AP or repeater.
Enable WDS Wireless Bridging	Not all models support this feature. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that support wireless bridge.
	If you set the Zyxel Device as a root AP, the radio that's bridging with the Zyxel Device should be in repeater mode.
	Be careful to avoid bridge loops. For example, if your root AP and the Zyxel Device are connected to a switch, and they're also connected to each other using a WiFi connection. This will create bridge loops.
	This field is available only when the radio is in $\mathbf{Repeater}$ mode. Select this to enable WDS wireless bridging on the Zyxel Device to establish wireless links with other APs. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
	Note: You must enable the same WiFi security settings on the Zyxel Device and on all WiFi clients that you want to associate with it.
Uplink Selection	This field is available only when the radio is in Repeater mode.
Mode	Select AUTO to have the Zyxel Device automatically use the settings in the applied WDS profile to connect to a root AP or repeater.
	Select Manual to have the Zyxel Device connect to the root AP or repeater with the MAC address specified in the Radio 1 Uplink MAC Address field.
Setup Wireless Bridge Vlan ID	Click this to show the Wire less Bridge Vlan Setting pop-up window. This link is available only when the radio is in Root AP or Repeater mode.
Wireless Bridge Vlan Se	etting
Add	Click this to add an entry in the table.
, (33	

Table 36 Conliguration > wireless > AP Management (Continued	Table 36	ion > Wireless > AP Management (continued)
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NWA/WAC/WAX Series User's Guide

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
#	This field is a sequential value. It is not associated with any VLAN ID.	
Wireless Bridge Vlan ID	Enter a VLAN ID for the wireless bridge. The VLAN IDs you set on your root AP should be th same as the VLAN ID you set here. See Section 1.3 on page 19 for more information on wireless bridge.	
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Close	Click Close to close the pop-up window without saving your changes.	
Max Output Power	Enter the maximum output power (between 0 to 30 dBm) of the Zyxel Device in this field. If there is a high density of APs in an area, decrease the output power of the Zyxel Device to reduce interference with other APs.	
	Note: Reducing the output power also reduces the Zyxel Device's effective broadcast radius.	
MBSSID Settings		
Add 🌉	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Device using the wizard.	
	Click the Add icon () to open a screen where you can create a new entry. For features where the entry's position in the numbered list is important (features where the Zyxel Device applies the table's entries in order like the SSID for example), you can select an entry and click Add to create a new entry after the selected entry.	
Edit 🥡	Click Edit (j) to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings. In some tables you can just click a table entry and edit it directly in the table. For those types of tables small red triangles display for table entries with changes that you have not yet applied.	
#	This field shows the index number of the SSID	
SSID Profile	This field shows the SSID profile that is associated with the radio profile.	
Band	This field displays the radio bands to which the SSID profile is applicable. If the SSID profile is not applicable to the current radio, the SSID profile will not be enabled.	
	You can configure the SSID profile's applicable radio bands in the Edit SSID Profile screen (click the Edit button next to the profile).	
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.	

 Table 36
 Configuration > Wireless > AP Management (continued)

10.3 Rogue AP

Use this screen to enable **Rogue AP Detection** and import/export a rogue or friendly AP list in a txt file. Click **Configuration > Wire less > Rogue AP** to access this screen.

Rogue APs

A rogue AP is a wireless access point operating in a network's coverage area that is not under the control of the network administrator, and which can potentially open up holes in a network's security.

In the following example, a corporate network's security is compromised by a rogue AP (\mathbf{RG}) set up by an employee at his workstation in order to allow him to connect his notebook computer wirelessly (\mathbf{A}). The company's legitimate WiFi network (the dashed ellipse \mathbf{B}) is well-secured, but the rogue AP uses inferior security that is easily broken by an attacker (\mathbf{X}) running readily available encryption-cracking software. In this example, the attacker now has access to the company network, including sensitive data stored on the file server (\mathbf{C}).

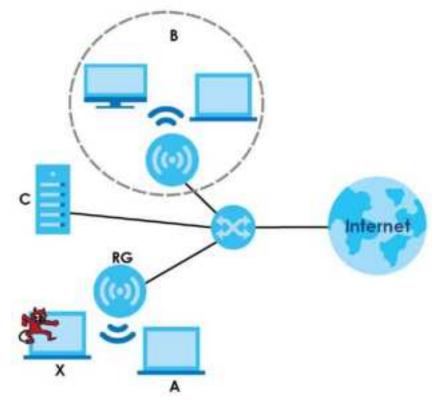


Figure 72 Rogue AP Example

Friendly APs

If you have more than one AP in your WiFi network, you should also configure a list of "friendly" APs. Friendly APs are wireless access points that you know are not a threat. It is recommended that you export (save) your list of friendly APs often, especially if you have a network with a large number of access points. Exported lists show MAC addresses in txt file format separated by line breaks.

Rogue AP Detection

This feature allows the Zyxel Device to monitor the WiFi signals for other wireless APs (see also Section 1.3.3 on page 24). Detected APs will appear in the **Monitor> Wireless > Detected Device** screen, where the Zyxel Device will label APs with the criteria you select in **Suspected Rogue AP Classification Rule** as a suspected rogue. The APs which you mark as either rogue or friendly APs in the **Monitor> Wireless > Detected Device** screen will appear in the **Wireless > Rogue AP** screen. See Section 1.2 on page 13 to know which models support **Rogue AP Detection**.

Note: Enabling **Rogue AP Detection** might affect the performance of WiFi clients associated with the Zyxel Device.

Rogue/Friendly AP List	
Rogue AP Detection Setting	
2 Enable Rogue AP Detection	
Suspected Rogue AP Classification Rule	
[2] Weak Security (Open,WEP,WPA-PSK)	
2 Hidden \$51D	
2 SSID Keyword	
O Add galadt B Permove	
# SSD Ceyword	
1 test	

Figure 73	Configuration >	Wireless >	Rogue AP
riguie 75	Configuration	11101033 -	RUGUC / II

ogue/Frie	indly AP L	ist .			
O Add	(TEO)	Biotropion			
E Rub	100	MAC Address	Discription		
1 #10	ndy-ap	60:31:97:7D:58:51			
2 (Dg	ue-ap	00:A0:C6:01:22:45	logue-ap		
10.01	F909 🖂	of 1 > PE Show to y	5 Denis	Displayin	g 1 - 2 of 2
ogue AP	List Impor	fing/Exporting			
File:		a file path far Rogue AP	List Browse	(married)	Exporting
dendtr A		rting/Exporting			
arriary re		a file path for Hiendly Al	Browse		Exporting

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 37 Configuration > Wireless > Rogue AP

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
Rogue AP Detection Setting			
Enable Rogue AP Detection	Select this check box to detect Rogue APs in the network.		
Suspected Rogue AP Classification Rule	Select the check boxes (Weak Security (Open, WEP, WPA-PSK), Hidden SSID, SSID Keyword) of the characteristics an AP should have for the Zyxel Device to mark it as a Rogue AP.		
Add	Click this to add an SSID Keyword.		
Edit	Select an SSID Keyword and click this button to modify it.		
Remove	Select an existing SSID keyword and click this button to delete it.		
#	This is the SSID Keyword's index number in this list.		
SSID Keyword	This field displays the SSID Keyword.		
Rogue/Friendly AP List			
Add	Click this button to add an AP to the list and assign it either friendly or rogue status.		
Edit	Select an AP in the list to edit and reassign its status.		
Remove	Select an AP in the list to remove.		

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with any interface.
Role	This field indicates whether the selected AP is a rogue-ap or a friendly-ap . To change the AP's role, click the Edit button.
MAC Address	This field indicates the AP's radio MAC address.
Description	This field displays the AP's description. You can modify this by clicking the Edit button.
Rogue/Friendly AP List Importing/Exporting	These controls allow you to export the current list of rogue and friendly APs or import existing lists.
File Path / Browse / Importing	Enter the file name and path of the list you want to import or click the Browse button to locate it. Once the File Path field has been populated, click Importing to bring the list into the Zyxel Device. You need to wait a while for the importing process to finish.
Exporting	Click this button to export the current list of either rogue APs or friendly APS.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click $\operatorname{\mathbf{Re}}\operatorname{\mathbf{se}}\operatorname{\mathbf{t}}$ to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 37 Configuration > Wireless > Rogue AP (continued)

10.3.1 Add/Edit Rogue/Friendly List

Click Add or select an AP and click the Edit button in the Configuration > Wire less > Rogue AP table to display this screen.

Figure 74 Configuration > Wireless > Rogue AP > Add/Edit Rogue/Friendly AP List

C Edit Rogue/Friend		B
MAGE	-	
Description:		(Opfienal)
Roler	· Rogue AP	 Friendly AP
		OK- Cancel

Each field is described in the following table.

Tailal a 20	Configurations	Miralasa Daguna AD	> A d d / E dit D a au va / Eriana dl	
10016.38	(0)	VVII E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	2 AGG/FOIL ROOUE/FIEDOI	
10010 00	Goringoranori	The goot a	> Add/Edit Rogue/Friendl	,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

LA BEL	DESC RIPTIO N
MAC	Enter the MAC address of the AP you want to add to the list. A MAC address is a unique hardware identifier in the following hexadecimal format: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx where xx is a hexadecimal number separated by colons.
Description	Enter up to 60 characters for the AP's description. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
Role	Select either Rogue AP or Friendly AP for the AP's role.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to close the window with changes unsaved.

10.4 Load Balancing

Use this screen to configure wireless network traffic load balancing between the APs on your network (see Load Balancing on page 114). Click **Configuration > Wire less > Load Balancing** to access this screen.

Note: This screen is only available on Zyxel Device models that support load balancing. See the feature comparison table in Section 1.2 on page 13.

Figure 75	Configuration >	Wireless >	Load Balancing
riguie 10	Configuration	11101033 -	Loud Dalaheing

Load Balancing		
Load Balancing Conf	liguration	
🗉 Enable Load Bal	iancing	
Mode:	By Station Number	×
Max Station Nur	nber: 127	(1-127)
Disassociate	station when overloaded	
	Apply	Resot
	- Addail	100001

Each field is described in the following table.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Enable Load	Select this to enable load balancing on the Zyxel Device.
Balancing	Use this section to configure wireless network traffic load balancing between the managed APs in this group.
Mode	Select a mode by which load balancing is carried out.
	Select By Station Number to balance network traffic based on the number of specified stations connected to the Zyxel Device.
	Select By Thaffic Level to balance network traffic based on the volume generated by the stations connected to the Zyxel Device.
	Select By Smart Classmoom to balance network traffic based on the number of specified stations connected to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device ignores association request and authentication request packets from any new station when the maximum number of stations is reached.
	If you select By Station Number or By Thaffic Level , once the threshold is crossed (either the maximum station numbers or with network traffic), the Zyxel Device delays association request and authentication request packets from any new station that attempts to make a connection. This allows the station to automatically attempt to connect to another, less burdened AP if one is available.
Max Station Number	Enter the threshold number of stations at which the Zyxel Device begins load balancing its connections.
Traffic Level	Select the threshold traffic level at which the Zyxel Device begins load balancing its connections (Low, Medium, High).
	The maximum bandwidth allowed for each level is:
	• Low - 11 Mbps
	• Medium - 23 Mbps
	• High - 35M bps

Table 39 Configuration > Wireless > Load Balancing

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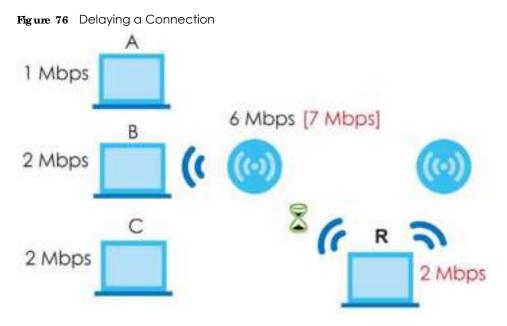
IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Disassociate station when overloaded	This function is enabled by default and the disassociation priority is always Signal Strength when you set Mode to By Smart Classroom .
	Select this option to disassociate WiFi clients connected to the AP when it becomes overloaded. If you do not enable this option, then the AP simply delays the connection until it can afford the bandwidth it requires, or it transfers the connection to another AP within its broadcast radius.
	The disassociation priority is determined automatically by the Zyxel Device and is as follows:
	• Idle Timeout - Devices that have been idle the longest will be kicked first. If none of the connected devices are idle, then the priority shifts to Signal Strength.
	• Signal Strength - Devices with the weakest signal strength will be kicked first.
	Note: If you enable this function, you should ensure that there are multiple APs within the broadcast radius that can accept any rejected or kicked WiFi clients; otherwise, a WiFi client attempting to connect to an overloaded AP will be disassociated permanently and never be allowed to connect.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

 Table 39
 Configuration > Wireless > Load Balancing (continued)

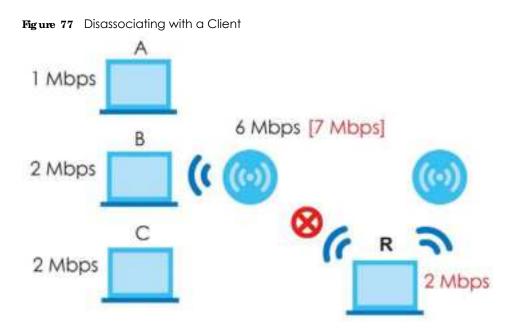
10.4.1 Disassociating and Delaying Connections

When your AP becomes overloaded, there are two basic responses it can take. The first one is to "delay" a client connection. This means that the AP withholds the connection until the data transfer throughput is lowered or the client connection is picked up by another AP. If the client is picked up by another AP then the original AP cannot resume the connection.

For example, here the AP has a balanced bandwidth allotment of 6 Mbps. If laptop **R** connects and it pushes the AP over its allotment, say to 7 Mbps, then the AP delays the red laptop's connection until it can afford the bandwidth or the laptop is picked up by a different AP with bandwidth to spare.



The second response your AP can take is to disassociate with clients that are pushing it over its balanced bandwidth allotment.



Connections are cut based on either **idle timeout** or **signal strength**. The Zyxel Device first looks to see which devices have been idle the longest, then starts kicking them in order of highest idle time. If no connections are idle, the next criteria the Zyxel Device analyzes is signal strength. Devices with the weakest signal strength are kicked first.

10.5 DCS

Use this screen to configure dynamic radio channel selection (see Dynamic Channel Selection (DCS) on page 100). Click **Configuration > Wire less > DCS** to access this screen.

Figure 78 Configuration > Wireless > DCS
DCS
Ceneral Sellings
DCS Now
Apply Resct

Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
DCS Now	Click this to have the Zyxel Device scan for and select an available channel immediately.	
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.	

Table 40 Configuration > Wireless > DCS

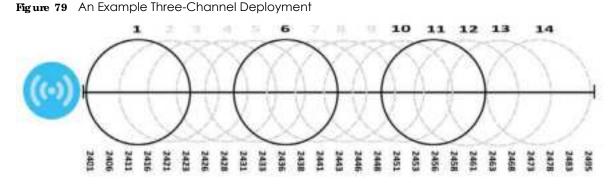
10.6 Technical Reference

The following section contains additional technical information about the features described in this chapter.

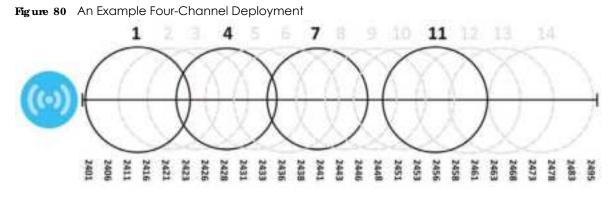
Dynamic Channel Selection

When numerous APs broadcast within a given area, they introduce the possibility of heightened radio interference, especially if some or all of them are broadcasting on the same radio channel. If the interference becomes too great, then the network administrator must open his AP configuration options and manually change the channel to one that no other AP is using (or at least a channel that has a lower level of interference) in order to give the connected stations a minimum degree of interference. Dynamic channel selection frees the network administrator from this task by letting the AP do it automatically. The AP can scan the area around it looking for the channel with the least amount of interference.

In the 2.4 GHz spectrum, each channel from 1 to 13 is broken up into discrete 22 MHz segments that are spaced 5 MHz apart. Channel 1 is centered on 2.412 GHz while channel 13 is centered on 2.472 GHz.

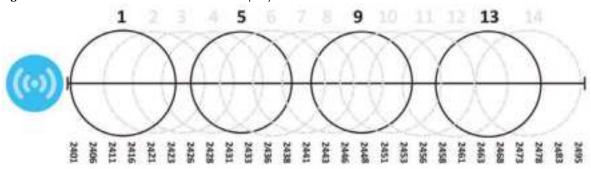


Three channels are situated in such a way as to create almost no interference with one another if used exclusively: 1, 6 and 11. When an AP broadcasts on any of these 3 channels, it should not interfere with neighboring APs as long as they are also limited to same trio.



However, some regions require the use of other channels and often use a safety scheme with the following four channels: 1, 4, 7 and 11. While they are situated sufficiently close to both each other and the three so-called "safe" channels (1,6 and 11) that interference becomes inevitable, the severity of it is dependent upon other factors: proximity to the affected AP, signal strength, activity, and so on.

Finally, there is an alternative four channel scheme for ETSI, consisting of channels 1, 5, 9, 13. This offers significantly less overlap that the other one.





Load Balancing

Because there is a hard upper limit on an AP's wireless bandwidth, load balancing can be crucial in areas crowded with wireless users. Rather than let every user connect and subsequently dilute the available bandwidth to the point where each connecting device receives a meager trickle, the load balanced AP instead limits the incoming connections as a means to maintain bandwidth integrity.

There are three kinds of wireless load balancing available on the Zyxel Device:

Load balancing by station number limits the number of devices allowed to connect to your AP. If you know exactly how many stations you want to let connect, choose this option.

For example, if your company's graphic design team has their own AP and they have 10 computers, you can load balance for 10. Later, if someone from the sales department visits the graphic design team's offices for a meeting and he tries to access the network, his computer's connection is delayed, giving it the opportunity to connect to a different, neighboring AP. If he still connects to the AP regardless of the delay, then the AP may boot other people who are already connected in order to associate with the new connection.

Load balancing by smart classmom also limits the number of devices allowed to connect to your AP. But any new connections will be just rejected when the AP is overloaded.

Load balancing by traffic level limits the number of connections to the AP based on maximum bandwidth available. If you are uncertain as to the exact number of wireless connections you will have then choose this option. By setting a maximum bandwidth cap, you allow any number of devices to connect as long as their total bandwidth usage does not exceed the configured bandwidth cap associated with this setting. Once the cap is hit, any new connections are rejected or delayed provided that there are other APs in range.

Imagine a coffee shop in a crowded business district that offers free wireless connectivity to its customers. The coffee shop owner can't possibly know how many connections his AP will have at any given moment. As such, he decides to put a limit on the bandwidth that is available to his customers but not on the actual number of connections he allows. This means anyone can connect to his wireless network as long as the AP has the bandwidth to spare. If too many people connect and the AP hits its bandwidth cap then all new connections must basically wait for their turn or get shunted to the nearest identical AP.

C HAPTER 11 Blue to o th

11.1 Overview

Use this screen to configure the iBeacon advertising settings for the Zyxel Device that supports Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE). Bluetooth Low Energy, which is also known as Bluetooth Smart, transmits less data over a shorter distance but consumes less power than classic Bluetooth.

Note: Check the feature comparison table in Section 1.2 on page 13 to see which Zyxel Device models that support BLE.

11.1.1 What You Need To Know

Beacon is Apple's communication protocol on top of Bluetooth Low Energy wireless technology. Beacons (Bluetooth radio transmitters) or BLE enabled devices broadcast packets to every device around it to announce their presence. Advertising packets contain their iBeacon ID, which consists of the Universally Unique Identifier (UUID), major number, and minor number. These packets also contain a TX (transmit) power measured at a reference point, which is used to approximate a device's distance from the beacon. The UUID can be used to identify a service, a device, a manufacturer or an owner. The 2-byte major number is to identify and distinguish a group, and the 2-byte minor number is to identify and distinguish an individual.

For example, a company can set all its beacons to share the same UUID. The beacons in a particular branch uses the same major number, and each beacon in a branch can have its own minor number.

	COMPANY A		
	BRAN	BRANCH X BRANCH Y	
	BEACON 1	BEACON 2	BEACON 3
UUID	EBAECFAF-DFE0-4039-BE5A-F030EED4303C		
Major	10	10	20
Minor	1	2	1

Developers can create apps that respond to the iBeacon ID that your Zyxel Device broadcasts. An app that is associated with the Zyxel Device's iBeacon ID can measure the proximity of a customer to a beacon. This app can then push messages or trigger prompts and actions based on this information. This allows you to send highly contextual and highly localized advertisements to customers.

11.2 Blue to oth Advertising Settings

The Zyxel Device communicates with another BLE enabled device for advertisements. Use this screen to configure up to five beacon IDs to be included in the advertising packet.

To access this screen, click Configuration > Blue tooth > Advertising Settings.

₹E	dli 💡 Ac	tivate 🐨 inactivate		
10	Statute	UNC	Man	Minor
1		4DF35A49-2E09-4175-58C6-C005F	0	0
2	9		0	0
3	9		0	0
4	4		0	0
5	4		0	0

Figure 82 Configuration > Bluetooth > Advertising Settings

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Edit	Click this to edit the selected entry.
Activate	To turn on an entry, select it and click Activate.
Inactivate	To turn off an entry, select it and click Inactivate.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific entry.
Status	This field shows whether or not the entry is activated.
	A yellow bulb signifies that this rule is active. A gray bulb signifies that this rule is not active.
UUID	This field indicates the UUID to be included in the Bluetooth advertising packets.
Major	This field indicates the major number to be included in the Bluetooth advertising packets.
Minor	This field indicates the minor number to be included in the Bluetooth advertising packets.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 41 Configuration > Bluetooth > Advertising Settings

11.2.1 Edit Advertising Settings

Select an entry in the **Configuration > Blue tooth > Advertising Settings** screen and click the **Edit** icon to open the **Edit Advertising** screen. Use this screen to configure the beacon ID in the Bluetooth advertising packets.

Advertising Setting I/I Activate UUID: Generate new UUID Major: 0 (0~6535) Minor: 0 (0~6535)	C Edit Adverti		19156
UUID: Image: Constate new UUID Major: 0 (0~45535)	Advertising Se	ting	
Major: 0 (0~45535)	III Activate		
	UUID:		Generate new UUID
Minor: 0 (0-65535)	Major:	0	(0~45535)
	Misor:	0	(0-65535)
	Major:		(0~45535)
			Cancel

Figure 83 Configuration > Bluetooth > Advertising Settings > Edit

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Activate	Select this option to enable the advertising settings.
UUID	To specify a UUID for the Zyxel Device's beacon ID, enter 32 hexadecimal digits in the range of "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9", split into five groups separated by hyphens (-). The UUID format is as follows: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
Generate new UUID	Click this button to have the Zyxel Device generate a new UUID automatically.
Major	Enter an integer from 0 to 65535 as the major value to identify the group to which the beacon belongs.
Minor	Enter an integer from 0 to 65535 as the minor value to identify the individual beacon.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 42 Configuration > Bluetooth > Advertising Settings > Edit

C HAPTER 12 User

12.1 Overview

This chapter describes how to set up user accounts and user settings for the Zyxel Device.

12.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The User screen (see Section 12.2 on page 119) provides a summary of all user accounts.
- The Setting screen (see Section 12.3 on page 121) controls default settings, login settings, lockout settings, and other user settings for the Zyxel Device.

12.1.2 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

UserAccount

A user account defines the privileges of a user logged into the Zyxel Device. User accounts are used in controlling access to configuration and services in the Zyxel Device.

UserTypes

These are the types of user accounts the Zyxel Device uses.

TYPE	ABILITIES	LOGIN METHOD(S)
Admin Users		
admin	Change Zyxel Device configuration (web, CLI)	WWW, SSH, FTP
limited-admin	Look at Zyxel Device configuration (web, CLI)	WWW, SSH
	Perform basic diagnostics (CLI)	
Access Users		
user	Used for the embedded RADIUS server and SNMPv3 user access	
	Browse user-mode commands (CLI)	

Table 43 Types of User Accounts

Note: The default **admin** account is always authenticated locally, regardless of the authentication method setting.

12.2 User Summary

The User screen provides a summary of all user accounts. To access this screen click Configuration > Object > User.

Figure 84 Configuration > Object > User

infiguration		
Add 2 Hat Street	in The oct Interview	
F - Usor Hickney	Mar Nove	Dourrelloo

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add	Click this to create a new entry.
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings.
Remove	To remove an entry, select it and click ${\bf Remove}$. The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so.
Object Reference	Select an entry and click O b je c t Re fe re nc e to open a screen that shows which settings use the entry.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
User Name	This field displays the user name of each user.
User Type	 This field displays type of user this account was configured as. admin - this user can look at and change the configuration of the Zyxel Device limited-admin - this user can look at the configuration of the Zyxel Device but not to change it user - this user has access to the Zyxel Device's services but cannot look at the configuration
Description	This field displays the description for each user.

Table 44 Configuration > Object > User

12.2.1 Add/Edit User

The UserAdd/Edit screen allows you to create a new user account or edit an existing one.

12.2.1.1 Rules for User Names

Enter a user name from 1 to 31 characters.

The user name can only contain the following characters:

- Alphanumeric A-z 0-9 (there is no unicode support)
- _ [underscores]
- - [dashes]

The first character must be alphabetical (A-Z a-z), an underscore (_), or a dash (-). Other limitations on user names are:

- User names are case-sensitive. If you enter a user 'bob' but use 'BOB' when connecting via CIFS or FTP, it will use the account settings used for 'BOB' not 'bob'.
- User names have to be different than user group names.
- Here are the reserved user names:
 - adm • admin any ٠ devicehaecived • debug • ٠
 - Idap-users
- ٠ р
- ftp
- - mail root

operator

•

- ٠ ٠
- bin ٠ games

news

shutdown

- halt ٠
- nobody ٠

daemon

sshd ٠

- radius-users
- sync uucp zyxel
- Figure 85 Configuration > Object > User > Add/Edit A User Add A User **User Configuration** 0 User Name : User Type: admin 1 Password: Retype: Description: Authentication Timeout Settings 🗇 Use Default Settings 🛛 👜 Use Manual Settings (0-1440 minutes, 0 is unimited) Lease Time: (0-1440 minutes, 0 is unimitted) Reauthentication Time: Cancel

To access this screen, go to the User screen, and click Add or Edit.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 45 Configuration > User > User > Add/Edit A User

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
User Name	Type the user name for this user account. You may use 1-31 alphanumeric characters, underscores(_), or dashes (-), but the first character cannot be a number. This value is case-sensitive. User names have to be different than user group names, and some words are reserved.
User Type	Select what type of user this is. Choices are:
	 admin - this user can look at and change the configuration of the Zyxel Device limited-admin - this user can look at the configuration of the Zyxel Device but not to change it user - this is used for embedded RADIUS server and SNMPv3 user access
Password	Enter the password of this user account. It can consist of 4 - 63 alphanumeric characters.
Retype	Re-enter the password to make sure you have entered it correctly.
Description	Enter the description of each user, if any. You can use up to 60 printable ASCII characters. Default descriptions are provided.

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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Authentication	This field is not available if the user type is user .
Timeout Settings	If you want to set authentication timeout to a value other than the default settings, select Use Manual Settings then fill your preferred values in the fields that follow. Otherwise, select Use Default Settings to use the default settings displayed below.
Lease Time	This field is not available if the user type is user .
	Enter the number of minutes this user has to renew the current session before the user is logged out. You can specify 1 to 1440 minutes. You can enter 0 to make the number of minutes unlimited. Admin users renew the session every time the main screen refreshes in the Web Configurator.
Reauthentication Time	This field is not available if the user type is user . Type the number of minutes this user can be logged into the Zyxel Device in one session before the user has to log in again. You can specify 1 to 1440 minutes. You can enter 0 to make the number of minutes unlimited. Unlike Lease Time , the user has no opportunity to renew the session without logging out.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 45 Configuration > User > User > Add/Edit A User (continued)

12.3 Setting

This screen controls default settings, login settings, lockout settings, and other user settings for the Zyxel Device.

To access this screen, login to the Web Configurator, and click Configuration > Object > User > Setting.

2 Edit			
# UserType Le	ase Time	Reauthentication	n Time
	440	1440	
limited-admin 14	440	1440	
user -			
4 4 Page 1 of 1 🗼 🕅 Show 50 💌	Items		Displaying 1 - 3 of 3
gin Security] Enable Password Complexity			
Complexity requirement:			
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of			
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of * Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of	character.		
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of Include at least 1 numeric character.	character. character.		
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of * Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 numeric character.	character. character.		
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of * Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 special character like '@	character. character.		
Complexity requirement:	character. character. 2011		
Complexity requirement: * Minimum password length should be of 8 of * Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of * Include at least 1 numeric character. * Include at least 1 special character like '@ er Logon Settings	character. CNRCTC or administration account	(1-1034)	
Complexity requirement: Minimum password length should be of 8 of Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of Include at least 1 numeric character. Include at least 1 special character like '@ Include at least 1 special character like '@	character. CNRCTC or administration account	(1-1034)	
Complexity requirement: Minimum password length should be of 8 of Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of Include at least 1 numeric character. Include at least 1 special character like '@ Include at least 1 specia	character. CNRCTC or administration account	(1-1034)	
Complexity requirement: Minimum password length should be of 8 of Include at least 1 Upper case alphabetic of Include at least 1 Lower case alphabetic of Include at least 1 numeric character. Include at least 1 special character like '@ Include at least 1 specia	character. CNRCTC or administration account	(1-1034)	

Figure 86 Configuration > Object > User > Setting

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 46	Configuration >	> Object >	User > Setting

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
User Default Setting	
Default Authentication Timeout Settings	These authentication timeout settings are used by default when you create a new user account. They also control the settings for any existing user accounts that are set to use the default settings. You can still manually configure any user account's authentication timeout settings.
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific entry.
User Type	 These are the kinds of user account the Zyxel Device supports. admin - this user can look at and change the configuration of the Zyxel Device limited-admin - this user can look at the configuration of the Zyxel Device but not to change it user - this is used for embedded RADIUS server and SNMPv3 user access
Lease Time	This is the default lease time in minutes for each type of user account. It defines the number of minutes the user has to renew the current session before the user is logged out. Admin users renew the session every time the main screen refreshes in the Web Configurator.

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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Reauthentication Time	This is the default reauthentication time in minutes for each type of user account. It defines the number of minutes the user can be logged into the Zyxel Device in one session before having to log in again. Unlike Lease Time , the user has no opportunity to renew the session without logging out.	
Login Security		
Enable Password Complexity	Select this to enforce the following conditions in a user password. New user accounts will have to set passwords following this complexity rule.	
	The password must consist of at least 8 characters and should include at least:	
	 1 uppercase alphabetic character. 1 lowercase alphabetic character. 1 numeric character. 1 special character like '@','\$','!' 	
	Note: This does not affect the existing accounts.	
User Logon Settings		
Limit the number of simultaneous logons for administration account	Select this check box if you want to set a limit on the number of simultaneous logins by admin users. If you do not select this, admin users can login as many times as they want at the same time using the same or different IP addresses.	
Maximum number per administration account	This field is effective when Limit for a dministration account is checked. Type the maximum number of simultaneous logins by each admin user.	
User Lockout Settings		
Enable logon retry limit	Select this check box to set a limit on the number of times each user can login unsuccessfully (for example, wrong password) before the IP address is locked out for a specified amount of time.	
Maximum retry count	This field is effective when Enable logon retry limit is checked. Type the maximum number of times each user can login unsuccessfully before the IP address is locked out for the specified lockout period . The number must be between 1 and 99.	
Lockout period	This field is effective when Enable logon retry limit is checked. Type the number of minutes the user must wait to try to login again, if logon retry limit is enabled and the maximum retry count is reached. This number must be between 1 and 65,535 (about 45.5 days).	
Apply	Click Apply to save the changes.	
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.	

 Table 46
 Configuration > Object > User > Setting (continued)

12.3.1 Edit User Authentic ation Time out Settings

This screen allows you to set the default authentication timeout settings for the selected type of user account. These default authentication timeout settings also control the settings for any existing user accounts that are set to use the default settings. You can still manually configure any user account's authentication timeout settings.

To access this screen, go to the **Configuration > Object > User > Setting** screen, select one of the **Default Authentication Timeout Settings** entry and click the **Edit** icon.

Figure 87	User > Setting >	Edit User	Authentication	Timeout Settings
riguie or	User > Serning >	Lan 0301	/ on concentration	mineour sernings

Edit User Authentication	on Timeou	t Settings
User Type:	admin	
Lease Time:	1440	(0-1440 minutes, 0 is unlimited)
Reauthentication Time:	1440	(0-1440 minutes, 0 is unlimited)
		OK Cancel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 17	User > Setting > Edit User Authentication Timeout Set	tinas
		mgs

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
User Type	This read-only field identifies the type of user account for which you are configuring the default settings.
	 admin - this user can look at and change the configuration of the Zyxel Device. limited-admin - this user can look at the configuration of the Zyxel Device but not to change it.
Lease Time	Enter the number of minutes this type of user account has to renew the current session before the user is logged out. You can specify 1 to 1440 minutes. You can enter 0 to make the number of minutes unlimited.
	Admin users renew the session every time the main screen refreshes in the Web Configurator. Access users can renew the session by clicking the Renew button on their screen. If you allow access users to renew time automatically, the users can select this check box on their screen as well. In this case, the session is automatically renewed before the lease time expires.
Reauthentication Time	Type the number of minutes this type of user account can be logged into the Zyxel Device in one session before the user has to log in again. You can specify 1 to 1440 minutes. You can enter 0 to make the number of minutes unlimited. Unlike Lease Time , the user has no opportunity to renew the session without logging out.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

C HAPTER 13 AP Pro file

13.1 Overview

This chapter shows you how to configure preset profiles for the Zyxel Device.

13.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The **Radio** screen (Section 13.2 on page 130) creates radio configurations that can be used by the APs.
- The **SSID** screen (Section 13.3 on page 138) configures three different types of profiles for your networked APs.

13.1.2 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

Wire le ss Pro file s

At the heart of all wireless AP configurations on the Zyxel Device are profiles. A profile represents a group of saved settings that you can use across any number of connected APs. You can set up the following wireless profile types:

- Radio This profile type defines the properties of an AP's radio transmitter. You can have a maximum of 64 radio profiles on the Zyxel Device.
- SSID This profile type defines the properties of a single WiFi network signal broadcast by an AP. Each radio on a single AP can broadcast up to 8 SSIDs. You can have a maximum of 64 SSID profiles on the Zyxel Device.
- Security This profile type defines the security settings used by a single SSID. It controls the encryption method required for a WiFi client to associate itself with the SSID. You can have a maximum of 64 security profiles on the Zyxel Device.
- MAC Filtering This profile provides an additional layer of security for an SSID, allowing you to block access or allow access to that SSID based on WiFi client MAC addresses. If a client's MAC address is on the list, then it is either allowed or denied, depending on how you set up the MAC Filter profile. You can have a maximum of 64 MAC filtering profiles on the Zyxel Device.
- Layer 2 Isolation This profile defines the MAC addresses of the devices that you want to allow the associated WiFi clients to have access to when layer-2 isolation is enabled.

SSID

The SSID (Service Set IDentifier) is the name that identifies the Service Set with which a wireless station is associated. Wireless stations associating to the access point (AP) must have the same SSID. In other words, it is the name of the WiFi network that clients use to connect to it.

WEP

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) encryption scrambles all data packets transmitted between the AP and the wireless stations associated with it in order to keep network communications private. Both the wireless stations and the access points must use the same WEP key for data encryption and decryption.

WPA2

WPA2 (IEEE 802.11i) is a WiFi security standard that defines stronger encryption, authentication and key management than WPA. Key differences between WPA2 and WEP are improved data encryption and user authentication.

WPA3

WPA3 is a WiFi security standard based on IEEE 802.11i, with security improvements like adopting enhanced PSK (Pre-Shared Key) authentication mechanism.

Personal vs Enterprise

A secure WiFi connection relies on WiFi encryption and authentication. There are two authentication modes: Personal and Enterprise.

Personal mode requires a password called Pre-Shared Key (PSK). Users enter the same PSK to connect to the WiFi network.

Enterprise mode requires an external RADIUS server for authentication. Authentication of user identity is required to connect to the WiFi network.

IEEE 802.1X

The IEEE 802.1X standard outlines enhanced security methods for both the authentication of wireless stations and encryption key management. Authentication is done using an external RADIUS server.

IEEE 802.11k/v Assisted Roaming

IEEE 802.11k is a standard for radio resource management of wireless LANs, which allows clients to request neighbor lists from the connected AP and discover the best available AP when roaming. An 802.11k neighbor list can contain up to six BSSIDs with the highest RCPI (Received Channel Power Indicator) value in both bands (5 GHz and 2.4 GHz, in the ratio of 4:2).

The IEEE 802.11v BSS Transition Management feature lets an AP automatically provide load information of the neighbor APs to clients. It helps the Zyxel Device steer clients to a suitable AP for better performance or load balancing.

WiFi 6 (IEEE 802.11ax)

WiFi 6 (802.11ax) is a WiFi standard that supports both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands and brings the following improvements over WiFi 5:

Faster Data Transmission

WiFi 6 allows faster data transmission using:

- 1024-QAM (Quadrature Amplitude Modulation) enhances the data capacity of each transmission unit.
- 160 MHz Channel Bandwidth extends the supported channel bandwidth to 160 MHz, providing higher data throughput.

Enhanced Air Time Utilization

WiFi 6 increases transmission performance in high-density environments, such as a campus or a company office that have multiple client devices using:

- OFDMA (Orthogonal Frequency-Division Multiple Access) allows multiple WiFi clients to transmit data simultaneously on a single OFDM symbol by dividing sub-carriers into groups as transmission units called Resource Units (RUs). The AP then allocates RUs to different WiFi clients for data transmissions at the same time.
- BSS Coloring tags traffic by Basic Service Set (BSS) and identifies traffic from overlapping BSSs. The AP can ignore traffic of unrelated BSSs and transmit data when a channel is occupied.
- MU-MIMO (Multiple User-Multiple Input Multiple Output) enables multiple users to connect to the AP and downlink/uplink traffic simultaneously.

Extended Signal Range

Beamforming – forms the radiating signals into one direction. This enhances the signal strength and extends the signal transmission range.

Extended Battery Life

TWT (Target Wake Time) – The AP negotiates with client devices so client devices only wake up and communicate with the AP in specific periods. This conserves the battery life of client devices.

WiFi 6E (IEEE 802.11ax - Extended Standard)

WiFi 6E is an extended standard of WiFi 6 (IEEE 802.11ax). WiFi 6E inherits all the WiFi 6 features and brings with an additional 6 GHz band. The 6 GHz band allows you to avoid possible congested traffic in the lower 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands. WiFi clients must support WiFi 6E to connect to an AP using the 6 GHz band.

You must use WPA3 for security with WiFi 6E.

Note: Check your client device's product specification to see if your client device supports the 6 GHz band (WiFi 6E). If not, you should still use the 2.4/5 GHz bands for connection.

Below is a comparison table that shows the main differences between WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E.

FEATURES	WIFI 6	WIFI 6E				
Theoretical Maximum Speed (Up-to)	The same (9.6 Gbps).					
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz/5 GHz	2.4 GHz/5 GHz/6 GHz				
Supported Channel Bandwidth	20/40/80/160 MHz	20/40/80/160 MHz				

Table 48 WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E Comparison

FEATURES		WIFI 6 WIFI 6E			
Total Spectrum (Up-to)	2.4 GHz	80 MHz			
	5 GHz	500 MHz			
	6 GHz Not supported. 1200 MH		1200 MHz		
Other Features (OFDMA/BS Coloring/TWT/Two-Way ML Beamforming/1024-QAM)		The same (WiFi 6E inher WiFi 6).	its all the features from		

Table 48 WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E Comparison

WiFi 6E MBSSID Beacon Management

The Zyxel Device supports MBSSID (see Section 1.4.1 on page 24), which allows you to create multiple virtual WiFi networks (SSIDs) on the Zyxel Device. With the WiFi 6E (802.11ax-extended) standard, the Zyxel Device divides SSIDs into groups, and includes information of all SSIDs in a group in one SSID beacon. Therefore, the Zyxel Device doesn't need to send beacons for individual SSIDs, which improves air time efficiency.

Note: If you disable a virtual WiFi network (SSID) whose beacon contains the group SSID information, WiFi clients of that group will be disconnected until the AP reselects another SSID to send the beacon.

Out-of-Band Discovery

Out-of-band discovery allows the AP to include information of the 6 GHz band in management frames sent over the 2.4 GHz /5 GHz bands. WiFi 6E clients only need to scan the lower bands (2.4 GHz/5 GHz) to connect to the AP in the 6 GHz band, reducing the discovery time.

PSC Channel (In-Band Discovery)

PSCs (Preferred Scanning Channels) are dedicated channels for WiFi 6E clients to send probe requests on to discover a compatible AP, instead of scanning the entire 6 GHz band. In this way, WiFi 6E clients are able to efficiently discover and connect to the AP within the 6 GHz band.

Note: The available PSCs differ by country for the unlicensed use in the 6 GHz band.

Resource Unit

A resource unit is a portion of a channel bandwidth. For example, a 20 MHz channel can be divided into several resource units. Each resource unit can be allocated to a specified WiFi client, allowing simultaneous data transmission.

WiFi 7 (IEEE802.11be)

WiFi 7 (802.11be) is backward-s compatible with WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E. WiFi 7 is a WiFi standard that supports 2.4GHz, 5GHz and 6GHz frequency bands with the following improvements over WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E.

Table 49 WiFi 6, WiFi 6E and WiFi 7 Comparison

FEATURES	WIFI 6	WIFI 6E	WIFI 7
Theoretical Maximum Speed (Up-to)	The same (9.6 Gbps).		46.4 Gbps
Supported Frequency Bands	2.4 GHz/5 GHz	2.4 GHz/5 GHz/6 GHz	2.4 GHz/5 GHz/6 GHz

able 47 Minto, Minto E dila Minto Companson								
FEATURES		WIFI 6	WIFI 6E	WIFI 7				
Supported Channel Bandy	width	20/40/80/160 MHz	20/40/80/160 MHz	20/40/80/160/320 MHz				
Total Spectrum (Up-to)	I Spectrum (Up-to) 2.4 GHz 80 MHz 5 GHz 500 MHz		80 MHz					
			500 MHz					
	6 GHz	Not supported.	lot supported. 1200 MHz					
Other Features (OFDMA/BSS Coloring/TWT/Two-Way MU-MIMO/ Beamforming/1024-QAM)		The same (WiFi 6E inherits all the features from WiFi 6).		WiFi 7 inherits all the features from WiFi 6 and WiFi 6E, with the addition of multi-link operation and preamble puncturing.				

Table 49 WiFi 6, WiFi 6E and WiFi 7 Comparison

Faster Data Transmission

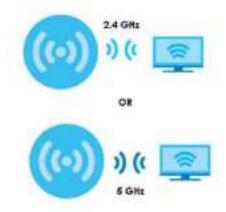
WiFi 7 allows faster data transmission using:

- 4096 QAM (Quadrature Amplitude Modulation)- enhances the amount of data transmitted over the available bandwidth.
- 320 MHz Channel Bandwidth- enlarges the supported channel bandwidth to 320 MHz, allowing higher data throughput.
- "Multiple Resource Units (RUs)- allows an AP to allocate multiple RUs to a WiFi client.

Multi-Link Operation (MLO)

An AP can support multiple frequency bands (2.4 GHz, 5 GHz and 6 GHz), but a WiFi client can only connect to the AP using one of these frequency bands. The other frequency bands are unused. The client's data transmission speed depends on the frequency band they are connected to.

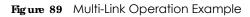
Figure 88 Without Multi-Link Operation



WiFi 7 MLO allows a WiFi client to connect to the AP using multiple frequency bands simultaneously. This increases speed and improves reliability of the WiFi connection. MLO makes WiFi 7 ideal for streaming 4K/8K videos, using augmented reality (AR), virtual reality (VR) applications and playing online games.

To use MLO, both the AP and the WiFi client have to support MLO.

Note: The Zyxel Device does not support MLO at the time of writing.





Preamble Puncturing

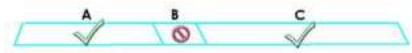
In WiFi 6 and earlier, any interference would cause the entire WiFi channel to become unavailable. In the figure below, if part of the WiFi channel (**B**) experiences interference, the rest of the WiFi channel (**C**) becomes unavailable.





WiFi 7 preamble puncturing allows you to block the specific portion of the channel that is experiencing interference while continuing to use the rest of the WiFi channel. In the figure below, if part of the WiFi channel (**B**) experiences interference, the rest of the WiFi channel (**C**) is still available.

Figure 91 Preamble Puncturing Example



13.2 Radio

This screen allows you to create radio profiles for the Zyxel Device. A radio profile is a list of settings that an Zyxel Device can use to configure its radio transmitter(s). To access this screen click **Configuration > Object > AP Profile**.

Note: You can have a maximum of 32 radio profiles on the Zyxel Device.

i una	o Summary			
Q.	Add 200	Elemente Q'Activite @hactiv	ale Seberic Reference	
0	Status	Profile Name -	Frequency Band	
1		Wiz_Rodio_5G	5G	
2	9	Wb_Rodo_éG	4G	
3		Wiz_Rodio_24G	2.45	
4		default	2.4G	
5		detaur2	50	

Figure 92 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add	Click this to add a new radio profile.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected radio profile.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected radio profile.
Activate	To turn on an entry, select it and click Activate.
Inactivate	To turn off an entry, select it and click Inac tivate .
Object Reference	Click this to view which other objects are linked to the selected radio profile.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
Status	This field shows whether or not the entry is activated.
	A yellow bulb signifies that this rule is active. A gray bulb signifies that this rule is not active.
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the radio profile.
Frequency Band	This field indicates the frequency band which this radio profile is configured to use.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 50 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio

13.2.1 Add/Edit Radio Profile

This screen allows you to create a new radio profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select a radio profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

Figure 93	Configuration	> Obiect >	AP Profile >	Radio > Add/Edit
riguie 95	Configuration			KUUIO / AUU/LU

Add Radio Profile									1713
Hide Advanced Settings									
General Settings									
2. Activate									
Profile Name:	L		0						
BC2.11 Band:	0 2.40	10	50	60					
ACO 11 mode:	11:00		1						
Channel Wildth: 160VHz support	20/40/80/	1 60KMZ	. 1						
Channel Selection:	# DCS	0.M	anual 1		12				
III Enable DCS Client Aware									
6 GHz Channel Selection Metho	auto			100					
Time Intervol									
# Schedule									
Start Time	05:00	1	G						
Week Davi:	歪 Moniday		III Tuesday		III Wednesday				
	36.7	hunday	調	Friday	38	Toturda	63		
	98 A	indal							
Advanced Settings									
Encole A-MPDU Aggregation									
Elicole A-MSOU Aggregation									
R15/C35 Threshold	2347		(0-2347	1					
Beacon Interval:	100		(40ms+1	(000mm)					
DRM	1.		(1~255)						
🗄 Enable Signal Printhold									
Elisassociate Station Threshold:	-88		apm (-2	0 - +105)					
Disassociate Appressiveness:	Standard	1							
Encole 902.114 0									
Mutticast Settings									
Transmission Mode:	D Mut	teast to	Unicart		ed Multi	cast Rate			
Multicast Rate(Mops):	. 4	0.1	0.12	0.18	© 24	0.36	0.48	0.54	
Minimum WLAN Rote Control Setting	0								
	**	0 1	@ 12	0.18	0.94	0.36	© 48	0 54	
								01	Cancel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Tabla 51	Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit
	CONTINUTATION - ODIECT - AF FTOTILE - RUMO - AUG/EMI

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N						
Hide / Show Advanced Settings	Click this to hide or show the Advanced Settings in this window.						
General Settings							
Activate	Select this option to make this profile active.						
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters to be used as this profile's name. Spaces and underscores are allowed.						
802.11 Band	Select whether this radio will use the 2.4 GHz, 5 GHz, or 6 GHz band.						
802.11 Mode	Select how to let WiFi clients connect to the AP.						
	If 802.11 Band is set to 2.4G:						
	 11b/g: allows either IEEE 802.11b or IEEE 802.11g compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device adjusts the transmission rate automatically according to the WiFi standard supported by the wireless devices. 11n: allows IEEE802.11b, IEEE802.11g and IEEE802.11n compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. 11ax: allows IEEE802.11b, IEEE802.11g, IEEE802.11n, and IEEE802.11ax compliant WLAN device isn't compatible with 802.11ax, the Zyxel Device will communicate with the WLAN device using 802.11n, and so on. 						
	If 802.11 Band is set to 5G:						
	11a: allows only IEEE 802.11a compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.						
	 11n: allows both IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.11a compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. 						
	 11ac: allows IEEE802.11n, IEEE802.11a, and IEEE802.11ac compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. If the WLAN device isn't compatible with 802.11ac, the Zyxel Device will communicate with the WLAN device using 802.11n, and so on. 11ax: allows IEEE802.11n, IEEE802.11a, IEEE802.11ac, and IEEE802.11ax compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. If the WLAN device isn't compatible with 802.11ax, the Zyxel Device will communicate with the WLAN device isn't compatible with 802.11ax, the Zyxel Device will communicate with the WLAN device using 802.11ac, and so on. 						
	If 802.11 Band is set to 6G:						
	• 11ax: allows IEEE802.11ax compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.						
Channel Width	Select the channel bandwidth you want to use for your WiFi network. See Section 1.2 on page 13 to see the channel bandwidth your Zyxel Device supports.						
	Select 20MHz if you want to lessen radio interference with other wireless devices in your neighborhood.						
	Select $20/40 MH_z$ to allow the Zyxel Device to choose the channel bandwidth (20 or 40 MHz) that has least interference.						
	Select 20/40/80MHZ to allow the Zyxel Device to choose the channel bandwidth (20 or or 80) that has least interference. This option is available only when you select $11ac$ or 11 in the 802.11 Mode field.						
	Select 20/40/80/160/240/320MHz to allow the Zyxel Device to choose the channel bandwidth (20 or 40 or 80 or 160 or 240 or 320 MHz) that has least interference. This option is available only when you set 802.11 Band to 5G/6G, and select 11ax or 11be in the 802.11 Mode field.						
	Note: If the environment has poor signal-to-noise ratio (SNR), the Zyxel Device will switch to a lower bandwidth.						

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Channel Selection	This is the radio channel which the signal will use for broadcasting by this radio profile.
	• DCS : Choose Dynamic Channel Selection to have the Zyxel Device choose a radio channel that has least interference.
	 Manual: Choose from the available radio channels in the list. If your Zyxel Device is outdoor type, be sure to choose non-indoors channels.
	Note: The available SSID broadcast channels in the 6 GHz band are PSCs (Preferred Scanning Channels). See Section 13.1.2 on page 125.
Enable DCS Client Aware	This field is available when you set Channel Selection to DCS .
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device switch channels only when there are no clients connected to it. If there is a client connected, the Zyxel Device will not switch channels but generate a log. The Zyxel Device tries to scan and switch channels again at the end of the specified time interval or at the scheduled time.
	If you disable this then the Zyxel Device switches channels immediately regardless of any client connections. In this instance, clients that are connected to the Zyxel Device are dropped when it switches channels.
2.4 GHz Channel Selection Method	This field is available when you set 802.11 Band to 2.4G and Channel Selection to DCS.
Selection Memod	Select how you want to specify the channels the Zyxel Device switches between for 2.4 GHz operation.
	Select auto to have the Zyxel Device display a 2.4 GHz Channel Deployment field you can use to limit channel switching to 3 or 4 channels.
	Select $manual$ to select the individual channels the Zyxel Device switches between.
	Note: The method is automatically set to auto when no channel is selected or any one of the previously selected channels is not supported.
Channel ID	This field is available only when you set Channel Selection to DCS and set 2.4 GHz Channel Selection Method to manual .
	Select the channels that you want the Zyxel Device to use.
2.4 GHz Channel Deployment	This is available when you set 802.11 Band to 2.4G, Channel Selection to DCS, and 2.4 GHz Channel Selection Method to auto.
	Select Three-Channel Deployment to limit channel switching to channels 1,6, and 11, the three channels that are sufficiently attenuated to have almost no impact on one another. In other words, this allows you to minimize channel interference by limiting channel-hopping to these three "safe" channels.
	Select Four-Channel Deployment to limit channel switching to four channels. Depending on the country domain, if the only allowable channels are 1-11 then the Zyxel Device uses channels 1, 4, 7, 11 in this configuration; otherwise, the Zyxel Device uses channels 1, 5, 9, 13 in this configuration. Four channel deployment expands your pool of possible channels while keeping the channel interference to a minimum.

Table 51 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N					
Avoid 5G DFS Channel	This field is available only when you set 802.11 Band to $5G$, Channel Selection to DCS and 5 GHz Channel Selection Method to auto.					
	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) is a WiFi channel allocation scheme that allows APs to use channels in the 5 GHz band normally reserved for radar. Before using a DFS channel, an AP must ensure there is no radar present by performing a Channel Availability Check (CAC). This check takes 1-10 minutes, depending on the country in which the AP is located.					
	Select this if you don't want to wait for the Zyxel Device to perform a CAC before using a channel by forcing the Zyxel Device to only use the non-DFS channels.					
	Clear this to allow the Zyxel Device to use the DFS channels for more channel options. The Zyxel Device only switches to a DFS channel when a nearby AP is broadcasting the same SSID the Zyxel Device uses. This allows WiFi clients to switch to connect to the same SSID on another AP when the Zyxel Device is under the CAC process before switching to a DFS channel.					
5 GHz Channel Selection Method	Select how you want to specify the channels the Zyxel Device switches between for 5 GHz operation.					
	Select $Auto$ to have the Zyxel Device automatically select the best channel.					
	Select $manual$ to select the individual channels the Zyxel Device switches between.					
	Note: The method is automatically set to a uto when no channel is selected or any one of the previously selected channels is not supported.					
Channel ID	This field is available only when you set Channel Selection to DCS and set 5 GHz Channel Selection Method to manual .					
	Select the channels that you want the Zyxel Device to use.					
6 GHz Channel Selection Method	This field is available only when you set 802.11 Band to 6G, Channel Selection to DCS.					
	Select how you want to specify the channels the Zyxel Device switches between for 6 GHz operation.					
	Select \mathbf{auto} to have the Zyxel Device automatically select the best channel.					
	Select $manual$ to select the individual channels the Zyxel Device switches between.					
	Note: The method is automatically set to auto when no channel is selected or any one of the previously selected channels is not supported.					
Channel ID	This field is available only when you set Channel Selection to DCS and set 6 GHz Channel Selection Method to manual .					
	Select the channels that you want the Zyxel Device to use.					
Time Interval	Select this option to have the Zyxel Device survey the other APs within its broadcast radius at the end of the specified time interval.					
DCS Time Interval	This field is available when you set Channel Selection to DCS and select the Time Interval option.					
	Enter a number of minutes. This regulates how often the Zyxel Device surveys the other APs within its broadcast radius. If the channel on which it is currently broadcasting suddenly comes into use by another AP, the Zyxel Device will then dynamically select the next available clean channel or a channel with lower interference.					
Schedule	Select this option to have the Zyxel Device survey the other APs within its broadcast radius at a specific time on selected days of the week.					
Start Time	Specify the time of the day (in 24-hour format) to have the Zyxel Device use DCS to automatically scan and find a less-used channel.					
Week Days	Select each day of the week to have the Zyxel Device use DCS to automatically scan and find a less-used channel.					

Table 51 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N					
Advanced Settings						
Guard Interval	This field is available only when the channel width is 20 MHz, 20/40MHz or 20/40/80MHz and the 802.11 Mode is either 11n or 11ac.					
	Set the guard interval for this radio profile to either short or long .					
	The guard interval is the gap introduced between data transmission from users in order to reduce interference. Reducing the interval increases data transfer rates but also increases interference. Increasing the interval reduces data transfer rates but also reduces interference.					
Enable A-MPDU	This field is not available when you set 802.11 Mode to 11a or 11b/g.					
Aggregation	Select this to enable A-MPDU aggregation.					
	Message Protocol Data Unit (MPDU) aggregation collects Ethernet frames along with their 802.11n headers and wraps them in a 802.11n MAC header. This method is useful for increasing bandwidth throughput in environments that are prone to high error rates.					
Enable A-MSDU	This field is not available when you set 802.11 Mode to $11a \text{ or } 11b/g$.					
Aggregation	Select this to enable A-MSDU aggregation.					
	Mac Service Data Unit (MSDU) aggregation collects Ethernet frames without any of their 802.11n headers and wraps the header-less payload in a single 802.11n MAC header. This method is useful for increasing bandwidth throughput. It is also more efficient than A-MPDU except in environments that are prone to high error rates.					
RTS/CTS Threshold	Use RTS/CTS to reduce data collisions on the WiFi network if you have WiFi clients that are associated with the same AP but out of range of one another. When enabled, a WiFi clien sends an RTS (Request To Send) and then waits for a CTS (Clear To Send) before it transmits This stops WiFi clients from transmitting packets at the same time (and causing data collisions). A WiFi client sends an RTS for all packets larger than the number (of bytes) that you enter					
	here. Set the RTS/CTS equal to or higher than the Fragmentation Threshold to turn RTS/CTS off.					
Fragmentation Threshold	This field is only available when you set 802.11 Mode to $11a$ or $11b/g$.					
moshoid	A fragmentation threshold is the maximum data fragment size (between 256 and 2436 bytes) that can be sent in the WiFi network before the AP will fragment the packet into smaller data frames.					
	A large fragmentation threshold is recommended for networks not prone to interference. A smaller threshold is recommended for busy networks or networks that are prone to interference.					
Beacon Interval	When a wirelessly networked device sends a beacon, it includes with it a beacon interval This specifies the time period before the Zyxel Device sends the beacon again. The interva- tells receiving devices on the network how long they can wait in low-power mode before waking up to handle the beacon. A high value helps save current consumption of the access point.					
DTIM	Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) is the time period after which broadcast and multicast packets are transmitted to mobile clients in the Active Power Management mode. A high DTIM value can cause clients to lose connectivity with the network. This value can be set from 1 to 255.					
Enable Signal Threshold	Select the check box to use the signal threshold to ensure WiFi clients receive good throughput. This allows only WiFi clients with strong signals to connect to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device will disconnect WiFi clients with signal strengths lower than the Disassociate Station Threshold you specify.					
	Clear the check box to not require WiFi clients to have a minimum signal strength to keep their connections with the Zyxel Device.					

 Table 51
 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N					
Disassociate Station Threshold	Set a minimum kick-off signal strength. You can set from -20dBm (the strongest signal) to - 105dBm (the weakest signal).					
	When a WiFi client's signal strength is lower than the specified threshold, the Zyxel Device checks the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client. The Zyxel Device will only disconnect the WiFi client when					
	 the WiFi client signal strength falls below the kick-off strength and the WiFi client's traffic throughput is below a minimum threshold. 					
	You can set the WiFi client's minimum traffic throughput threshold in Disa ssociate Aggressiveness .					
Disassociate	Set the minimum traffic throughput threshold here.					
Aggressiveness	High : Select this if you don't want the Zyxel Device to disconnect a WiFi client with a weak signal strength (below the kick-off threshold) when the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client is heavy. The Zyxel Device will disconnect the WiFi client if the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client is medium or low.					
	Standard : Select this if you don't want the Zyxel Device to disconnect a WiFi client with a weak signal strength (below the kick-off threshold) when the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client is medium. The Zyxel Device will disconnect the WiFi client if the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client is low.					
	Low : Select this if you don't want the Zyxel Device to disconnect a WiFi client with a weak signal strength (below the kick-off threshold) when the traffic between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client is low. At the time of writing, the Zyxel Device will disconnect the WiFi client if there's no packet sent between the Zyxel Device and the WiFi client in one second.					
Allow 802.11n/	This is not available if 802.11 Band is set to 6G.					
ac/ax stations only	Select this option to allow only 802.11 n/ac/ax clients to connect, and reject 802.11a/b/g clients.					
Blacklist DFS	This field is available if 802.11 Band is set to 5G and Channel Selection is set to DCS.					
channels in presence of radar	Enable this to temporarily blacklist the wireless channels in the Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) range whenever a radar signal is detected by the Zyxel Device.					
Enable 802.11d	Clear the checkbox to prevent the AP from broadcasting a country code, also called a country Information Element (IE), in beacon frames. This makes the AP incompatible with 802.11d networks and devices.					
	802.11d is a WiFi network specification that allows the AP to broadcast a country code to WiFi client. The country code indicates where the AP is located. If WiFi clients are unable to connect to the AP due to an incompatible country code, you should disable 802.11d.					
Multicast Settings						
Transmission	Specify how the Zyxel Device handles wireless multicast traffic.					
Mode	Select Multic ast to Unic ast to broadcast wireless multicast traffic to all of the WiFi clients as unicast traffic. Unicast traffic dynamically changes the data rate based on the application's bandwidth requirements. The retransmit mechanism of unicast traffic provides more reliable transmission of the multicast traffic, although it also produces duplicate packets.					
	Select Fixed Multic ast Rate to send multicast traffic to all WiFi clients at a single data rate. You must know the multicast application's bandwidth requirements and set it in the following field.					
Multicast Rate(Mbps)	If you set Transmission Mode to Fixed Multic ast Rate , select a data rate at which the Zyxel Device transmits multicast packets to WiFi clients. For example, to deploy 4 Mbps video, select a fixed multicast rate higher than 4 Mbps.					

Table 51 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Minimum WLAN Rate Control Setting	Sets the minimum data rate that 2.4 Ghz WiFi clients can connect at. At the time of writing, the allowed values are: 1, 2, 5. 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 (Mbps).
	Sets the minimum data rate that 5 Ghz WiFi clients can connect at. At the time of writing, the allowed values are: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 (Mbps).
	Sets the minimum data rate that 6 Ghz WiFi clients can connect. At the time of writing, the allowed values are: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 (Mbps).
	Increasing the minimum data rate can reduce network overhead and improve WiFi network performance in high density environments. However, WiFi clients that do not support the minimum data rate will not be able to connect to the AP.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

 Table 51
 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > Radio > Add/Edit (continued)

13.3 SSID

The SSID screens allow you to configure three different types of profiles for your networked APs: an SSID list, which can assign specific SSID configurations to your APs; a security list, which can assign specific encryption methods to the APs when allowing WiFi clients to connect to them; and a MAC filter list, which can limit connections to an AP based on WiFi clients MAC addresses.

13.3.1 SSID List

This screen allows you to create and manage SSID configurations that can be used by the APs. An SSID, or Service Set IDentifier, is basically the name of the WiFi network to which a WiFi client can connect. The SSID appears as readable text to any device capable of scanning for wireless frequencies (such as the WiFi adapter in a laptop), and is displayed as the WiFi network name when a person makes a connection to it.

To access this screen, click Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List.

Note: You cannot add or remove an SSID profile after running the setup wizard.

	i List	Security list	MAC Filter List	Layer-2 Isola			
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Figure 94 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List (Default)

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5	WIZ_SSID_S	7,916	Wa_SEC_Profil_	WWW	anacée	divotrie	11
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4	Wiz_3580_8	Zyxol	Wiz_SEC_Profil.	WMM	chable	distative	1
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Figure 95 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List (After wizard setup)

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add	Click this to add a new SSID profile.
	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Device using the wizard.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected SSID profile.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected SSID profile.
	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Deviceusing the wizard.
Object Reference	Click this to view which other objects are linked to the selected SSID profile (for example, radio profile).
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the SSID profile.
SSID	This field indicates the SSID name as it appears to WiFi clients.
Security Profile	This field indicates which (if any) security profile is associated with the SSID profile.
QoS	This field indicates the QoS type associated with the SSID profile.
MAC Filtering Profile	This field indicates which (if any) MAC filter Profile is associated with the SSID profile.
Layer-2 Isolation Profile	This field indicates which (if any) layer-2 isolation Profile is associated with the SSID profile.
VLAN ID	This field indicates the VLAN ID associated with the SSID profile.

Table 52 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List

13.3.2 Add/Edit SSID Profile

This screen allows you to create a new SSID profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select a SSID profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

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land:		RI 3	240	17 5G	12.6	G			
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ayer-2 Isolation	Profile	discible		12	0				
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ate Umiting Pe	er Station	Inoff	fic Rate						
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Enable Intra-8	ass Traffic	ibio	cking						
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Enable Proxy	ARP								
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The second s	ited Roo	min	9						
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Figure 96 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List > Add/Edit SSID Profile

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 53	Configuration >	Object >	AP Profile >	SSID > SSID List >	Add/Edit SSID Profile
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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Create new Object	Select an object type from the list to create a new one associated with this SSID profile.
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
SSID	Enter the SSID name for this profile. This is the name visible on the network to WiFi clients. Enter up to 32 characters, spaces and underscores are allowed.
Band	Select the radio bands to which the SSID profile is applicable. The profile will only work on the radio bands you select. For example, you select 5G for the SSID profile "Wiz_SSID_1", and apply it on radio 2 (with a radio profile using the 6 GHz band). The SSID profile will not take effect until you set radio 2 to use the 5 GHz band.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Security Profile	Select a security profile from this list to associate with this SSID. If none exist, you can use the Create new Object menu to create one.
	It is highly recommended that you create security profiles for all of your SSIDs to enhance your network security.
MAC Filtering Profile	Select a MAC filtering profile from the list to associate with this SSID. If none exist, you can use the Create new Object menu to create one.
	MAC filtering allows you to limit the WiFi clients connecting to your network through a particular SSID by WiFi client MAC addresses. Any clients that have MAC addresses not in the MAC filtering profile of allowed addresses are denied connections.
	The disable setting means no MAC filtering is used.
Layer-2 Isolation Profile	Select a layer-2 isolation profile from the list to associate with this SSID. If none exist, you can use the Create new Object menu to create one.
	Layer-2 isolation allows you to prevent WiFi clients associated with your Zyxel Device from communicating with other WiFi clients, APs, computers or routers in a network.
	The disable setting means no layer-2 isolation is used.
QoS	Select a Quality of Service (QoS) access category to associate with this SSID. Access categories minimize the delay of data packets across a WiFi network. Certain categories, such as video or voice, are given a higher priority due to the time sensitive nature of their data packets.
	QoS access categories are as follows:
	WMM : Enables automatic tagging of data packets. The Zyxel Device assigns access categories to the SSID by examining data as it passes through it and making a best guess effort. If something looks like video traffic, for instance, it is tagged as such.
	WMM_VOICE All wireless traffic to the SSID is tagged as voice data. This is recommended if an SSID is used for activities like placing and receiving VoIP phone calls.
	WMM_VIDEO : All wireless traffic to the SSID is tagged as video data. This is recommended for activities like video conferencing.
	WMM_BEST_EFFORT . All wireless traffic to the SSID is tagged as "best effort," meaning the data travels the best route it can without displacing higher priority traffic. This is good for activities that do not require the best bandwidth throughput, such as surfing the Internet.
	WMM_BACKG RO UND: All wireless traffic to the SSID is tagged as low priority or "background traffic", meaning all other access categories take precedence over this one. If traffic from an SSID does not have strict throughput requirements, then this access category is recommended. For example, an SSID that only has network printers connected to it.
Rate Limiting (Per	Station Traffic Rate)
Downlink	Define the maximum incoming transmission data rate (either in mbps or kbps) on a per-station basis. The range is from 0–160. Enter 0 to set the maximum rate to unlimited.
Uplink	Define the maximum outgoing transmission data rate (either in mbps or kbps) on a per-station basis. The range is from 0–160. Enter 0 to set the maximum rate to unlimited.
VLAN ID	Enter a VLAN ID for the Zyxel Device to use to tag traffic originating from this SSID. The range is from 1–4094.
Hidden SSID	Select this if you want to "hide" your SSID from WiFi clients. This tells any WiFi clients in the vicinity of the AP using this SSID profile not to display its SSID name as a potential connection. Not all WiFi clients respect this flag and display it anyway.
	When a SSID is "hidden" and a WiFi client cannot see it, the only way you can connect to the SSID is by manually entering the SSID name in your WiFi connection setup screen(s) (these vary by client, client connectivity software, and operating system).
Enable Intra-BSS Traffic Blocking	Select this option to prevent crossover traffic from within the same BSSID on the Zyxel Device.

Table 53	Configuration >	· Obiect >	AP Profile >	SSID > SSID List >	Add/Edit SSID Profile	(continued)
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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Enable U-APSD	Select this option to enable Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery (U-APSD), which is also known as WMM-Power Save. This helps increase battery life for battery-powered WiFi clients connected to the Zyxel Device using this SSID profile.
Enable Proxy ARP	The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is a protocol for mapping an IP address to a MAC address. An ARP broadcast is sent to all devices in the same Ethernet network to request the MAC address of a target IP address.
	Select this option to allow the Zyxel Device to answer ARP requests for an IP address on behalf of a client associated with this SSID. This can reduce broadcast traffic and improve network performance.
802.11k/v Assisted Roaming	Select this option to enable IEEE 802.11k/v assisted roaming on the Zyxel Device. When the connected clients request 802.11k neighbor lists, the Zyxel Device will response with a list of neighbor APs that can be candidates for roaming.
Schedule SSID	Select this option and set whether the SSID is enabled or disabled on each day of the week. You also need to select the hour and minute (in 24-hour format) to specify the time period of each day during which the SSID is enabled/enabled.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 53 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List > Add/Edit SSID Profile (continued)

13.3.3 Setting Up General and Guest WiFi Networks on Both Radios

The following example shows you how to create two WiFi networks (**Zyxel_General** and **Zyxel_Guest**) using the following settings for both **Radio 1** (2.4 GHz) and **Radio 2** (5 GHz). You should have already created two security profiles, **Security_Profile1** and **Security_Profile2**, on the **Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List** screen. See Section 13.4.2 on page 164 for a tutorial on creating security profiles.

For the Guest WiFi, enable **Enable Intra-BSS Traffic blocking** to prohibit Guest WiFi clients from directly connecting to each other. To separate the **Guest** WiFi network from the **General** internal WiFi network, create two VLANs, **VIAN 10** and **VIAN 20**, on your firewall (**F**), such as ZyWALL. Set the **General** WiFi network to be in **VIAN 10**, where your internal network is. Set the **Guest** WiFi network to be in **VIAN 20**. This way, Guest WiFi clients will not be able access the wired LAN network of the firewall (**F**) in **VIAN 10** while still able to access the Internet.

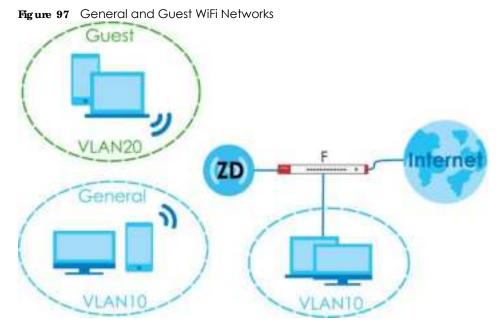


Table 54 General and Guest SSID Profiles

	GENERAL	GUEST
Profile Name	General	Guest
SSID	Zyxel_General	Zyxel_Guest
Band	2.4 GHz/5 GHz	2.4 GHz/5 GHz
Security Profile	Security_Profile1	Security_Profile2
	Security Mode: WPA3	Security Mode: WPA3
	Authentic ation: Personal	Authentic ation: Personal
	Pre-Shared Key: zyxel1234	Pre-Shared Key: guest1234
VLAN ID	10	20
Rate Limiting	0 (unlimited)	Downlink: Up to 15 Mbps
		Uplink: Up to 10 Mbps
Enable Intra-BSS Traffic Blocking	Disabled	Enabled
Schedule SSID	No schedule	Monday-Friday: 09:00-17:00

- 1 Go to Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > SSID List, click Add to create an SSID profile.
- 2 Configure the first SSID Zyxel_General using the parameters given above, and then click OK.

Profile Name:	General			
swo:	Zyxel_General			
land:	12 2.4G 12 5G			
Security Profile:	Security Profile1		125	0 1
MAC Filtering Profile:	diable		-	0
over-2 trainition Profile:	discole		-	0
QoS:	WMM		12	
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VLAN ID;	10		(1-4	(94)
Hidden SSID				
Enable intra 655 Traffic	blocking			
T Encible U-APID	Smart			
Enable Proxy ARP				
BUZ FRAV Attrated Ros	and the second			

3 Configure the second SSID – Zyxel_Guest using the parameters given above, and then click OK.

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QoS:		W	MA			1		
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4 Go to Configuration > Wireless > AP Management. Click the first SSID Profile of Radio 1 (2.4 GHz). A dropdown list appears. Select the General SSID profile you just configured.

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5Crea	te new Object+					
Radio	1 Setting					
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MOX	Output Power:	30	3		(0-0) mile	
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4	Gueit					
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8	clackle		0			

5 Click the second SSID Profile and select the Guest SSID profile.

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SE R	odio 1 Activate		
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kod	io 1 Profile:	default	= 0 # O
Max	Output Power:	30	dBm (0-30)
MRSS	D Settings		
	200 Profile	Band	
	General	2.4G/5G O #	
2	Cuent	2.403/50 C	
13	chable	0	
4	chable	0	
5	disable	0	
16	chable.	0	
2	disable	0	
		0	

6 Click the first SSID Profile of Radio 2 (5 GHz). A drop-down list appears. Select the General SSID profile you just configured. Click the second SSID Profile and select the Guest SSID profile.

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Rod	o 2 CP Mode:	· AP	Mode 👩 Rt	oot All 🕐 Repeater 🔹 🌒
Hade	o 2 Profile:		ciefauit2	0 H O H
Мак	Output Power.		30	atten (0-30)
MBSSI	D Settings			
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-	General Gueit	2.49/5G		
3	disoble		0	
41	ditable		0	
5	deable		0	
6	disable		0	
7	deable		0	
0	disable		0	

7 Click Apply on the bottom of the screen. The General and Guest SSID profiles are now applied on Radio 1 and Radio 2. You should now be able to see the Zyxel_General and Zyxel_Guest SSIDs on your WiFi devices for both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radio bands. General WiFi users can access the Internet and your local network. Guest users can only access the Internet.

13.4 Security List

This screen allows you to manage wireless security configurations that can be used by your SSIDs. Wireless security is implemented strictly between the AP broadcasting the SSID and the stations that are connected to it.

To access this screen click Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List.

Note: You can have a maximum of 32 security profiles on the Zyxel Device.

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	and the second s			
Q Add -	Ant Birmaner Ball			
O Add		Coll Reference	Security Aloxie +	
	Hane	Gold Telepoy	Security Alcole + Open	

Figure 98 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 55 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add	Click this to add a new security profile.
	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Device using the wizard.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected security profile.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected security profile.
	This button is not available after you configure the Zyxel Device using the wizard.
Object Reference	Click this to view which other objects are linked to the selected security profile (for example, SSID profile).
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the security profile.
Security Mode	This field indicates this profile's security mode (if any).

13.4.1 Add/Edit Security Profile

This screen allows you to create a new security profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select a security profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

These screens' options change based on the Security Mode selected.

Note: 6 GHz SSIDs only support WPA3 encryption. The Zyxel Device will automatically use WPA3 encryption for 6 GHz SSIDs (SSIDs used by the 6 GHz radio) regardless of the **Security Mode** you select here.

Figure 99 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: none

Add Security Profile		(2150
Show Advanced Settings		
General Settings		
Profile Name:		0
Security Mode:	none	1
Authentication Settings		
III Enleipise		
ReAuthentication Timer:	0	(30-30000 seconds, 0 is unimited)
Advance		1154095550000000000000000000000000000000
idie timeout:	300	(30-30000 seconds)
Rodius Settings		
T Primary Radius Server Activati	è	
It's Secondary Radius Server Act	vate	
E Primary Accounting Server Ac	stivate	
E Secondary Accounting Serve	r Activate	
		Cancel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 56 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security	/
Mode: none	

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix Or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Enterprise	Select this to enable 802.1X secure authentication with a RADIUS server.
ReAuthentication Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) between authentication requests. Enter a 0 for unlimited time.
Advance	
Note: Click on the Sho	w Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below.
Idle timeout	Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.

Table 56	Configuration > Object >	AP Profile > SSID >	Security List >	Add/Edit Security Profile> Securit	у
Mode: no	one (continued)				

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Radius Settings	
The Radius Settings fields	are only available when you set ${f Authentic a tio n Se tting s}$ to ${f Ente prise}$.
Primary / Secondary Radius Server Activate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server.
Radius Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Secret	Enter the shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Primary / Secondary Accounting Server Activate	Select the check box to enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
Accounting Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the external accounting server in dotted decimal notation.
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the external accounting server. The default port number is 1813. You need not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do so with additional information.
Accounting Share Secret	Enter a password (up to 128 alphanumeric characters) as the key to be shared between the external accounting server and the Zyxel Device. The key must be the same on the external accounting server and your Zyxel Device. The key is not sent over the network.
Accounting Interim Update	This field is available only when you enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send subscriber status updates to the accounting server at the interval you specify.
Interim Update Interval	Specify the time interval for how often the Zyxel Device is to send a subscriber status update to the accounting server.
General Server Settings	
NAS IP Address	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) IP address attribute, enter it here.
NAS Identifier	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) identifier attribute, enter it here. The NAS identifier is to identify the source of access request. It could be the NAS's fully qualified domain name.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Figure 100 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: enhanced-open

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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix Or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Transition Mode	This option only displays if you set the Security Mode to wpa3 or enhanced-open . This option is always enabled for backwards compatibility. This creates two virtual APs (VAPs) with a primary (wpa3 or enhanced-open) and fallback (wpa2 or none) security method.
Advance	
Note: Click on the Sho	w Advanced Settings button to show the fields described below.
Idle timeout	Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.

Table 57 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: enhanced- open

LABEL	DESC RIPHO N
Management Frame Protection	This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set Cipher Type to aes .
	Data frames in 802.11 WLANs can be encrypted and authenticated with WEP, WPA or WPA2. But 802.11 management frames, such as beacon/probe response, association request, association response, de-authentication and disassociation are always unauthenticated and unencrypted. IEEE 802.11 w Protected Management Frames allows APs to use the existing security mechanisms (encryption and authentication methods defined in IEEE 802.11 i WPA/WPA2) to protect management frames. This helps prevent wireless DoS attacks.
	Select the check box to enable management frame protection (MFP) to add security to 802.11 management frames. This option is always enabled if you select enhanced-open or WPA3 as the Security Mode .
	If Optional is selected, WiFi clients will not be not required to support MFP. Management frames will be encrypted if the clients support MFP.
	If Required is selected, WiFi clients must support MFP in order to join the Zyxel Device's WiFi network.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 57 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: enhanced- open (continued)

Figure 101 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wep

Edit Security Profile default		N.E.
Hide Advanced Sellingi		
General Settings		
Profile Nome:	(below)	
Security Mode:	wep	10
Authentication Settings		
12 Enterprise		
FeAuthentication Timer:	0	(30-38300 seconds 0 is unlimited)
Authentication Type:	open	
Key Length:	WEP-64	(7)
		aracters (10-9°, "A-F") for each Key (1-4). Indracters (10-9°, "A-P") for each Key (1-4).
# Key 1		0
O Key 2		
© Key 3		
Eey 4		
	300	(30-30000 seconds)
Advance	300	(30-3000 seconds)
Advance Idle fimeout		(30-30000 seconds)
Advance Idia Smaouti Radius Settings		(30-30000 seconds)
Advance Idle Timeout: Radius Settings IV: Primary Radius Server Activat		
El Advance Idia Timacuti Radius Settings (2) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adatess:		0
Advance Idie Timeouti Radius Settings (V) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adatess: Radius Server Port;		0
Advance Idle Timeout Radius Settings (2) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adaress Radius Server Parts Radius Server Parts Radius Server Secrets	te [0
Advance Idle Timeout: Radius Settings (E) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adatess: Radius Server Part: Radius Server Part: Radius Server Secret: (1) Secondary Radius Server Act	tvate	0
Advance Idle fimeouti Radius Settings (2) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adatess: Radius Server Port Radius Server Port Radius Server Secret (2) Secondary Radius Server Act (2) Primary Accounting Server A	tvate	0
Advance Idle fimeout Radius Settings (2) Primary Radius Server Activat Radius Server IP Adatess: Radius Server Part Radius Server Part Radius Server Secret (2) Secondary Radius Server Act (2) Primary Accounting Server Act (3) Secondary Accounting Server	tvate	0

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 58 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wep

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Enterprise	Select this to enable 802.1X secure authentication with a RADIUS server.
ReAuthentication Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) between authentication requests. Enter a 0 for unlimited time.
Authentication Type	Select a WEP authentication method. Choices are \mathbf{Open} or \mathbf{Share} key.
Key Length	Select the bit-length of the encryption key to be used in WEP connections.
	If you select WEP-64 :
	 Enter 10 hexadecimal digits in the range of "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9" (for example, 0x11AA22BB33) for each Key used.
	or
	 Enter 5 ASCII characters (case sensitive) ranging from "a-z", "A-Z" and "0-9" (for example, MyKey) for each Key used.
	If you select WEP-128 :
	 Enter 26 hexadecimal digits in the range of "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9" (for example, 0x00112233445566778899AABBCC) for each Key used.
	or
	 Enter 13 ASCII characters (case sensitive) ranging from "a-z", "A-Z" and "0-9" (for example, MyKey12345678) for each Key used.
Key 1~4	Based on your Key Length selection, enter the appropriate length hexadecimal or ASCII key.
Advance	
Note: Click on the Sho	w Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below.
Idle timeout	Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.
Radius Settings	
The Radius Settings fields	are only available when you set Authentic ation Settings to Enterprise .
Primary / Secondary Radius Server Activate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server.
Radius Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Secret	Enter the shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Primary / Secondary Accounting Server Activate	Select the check box to enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
Accounting Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the external accounting server in dotted decimal notation.

Table 58 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wep (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the external accounting server. The default port number is 1813. You need not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do so with additional information.
Accounting Share Secret	Enter a password (up to 128 alphanumeric characters) as the key to be shared between the external accounting server and the Zyxel Device. The key must be the same on the external accounting server and your Zyxel Device. The key is not sent over the network.
Accounting Interim Update	This field is available only when you enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send subscriber status updates to the accounting server at the interval you specify.
Interim Update Interval	Specify the time interval for how often the Zyxel Device is to send a subscriber status update to the accounting server.
General Server Settings	
NAS IP Address	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) IP address attribute, enter it here.
NAS Identifier	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) identifier attribute, enter it here. The NAS identifier is to identify the source of access request. It could be the NAS's fully qualified domain name.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 58 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wep (continued)

Figure 102 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wpa2

O Edit Security Profile Wiz_SEC_Pro	pBle_1	E. I.	Ξ
THde Advanced Settings			
General Lettings			
Frofie Name:	wolten, Pester,	1	
Security Moder	20QW	(m)	
Authentication Settings			
* Erverprise			
ReAuthen/Cotion Time:	30 unimited)	(30-30000 seconds 3 %	
() Personal			
Adronos			_
Cipher Type:	000	<u>+</u>	
idie tmeout:	300	110-30000 secondal	
Group Key Update Timist	30000	(30-30000 seconds)	
E Monogement Frame Protectio	n 🔹 Optionat 🕤	Roouted	
Rodus Settings			
It Primary Rodus Server Activate			
RadiusServariP Address	1	0	
Rodus Server Port:		0 (1-65535)	
Rodius Server Secret:		0	
📃 Secondary Rodus Servar Activa	te		
It Primary Accounting Server Activ	cté		
Accounting Server IF Address		0	
Accounting Server Port:		0 (1-65539)	
Accounting Share Secret			
E Jacondary Accounting Server A	cflvote		
2 Accounting entarim lipidate			
Interim Upidate Interval.	10	(1 / 440 minutos)	
General Server Settings			
NAS IP Address:		(Opfinal)	
NAS Identifier		(Optend)	
		Canc.	1

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 59 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wpa2

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Enterprise	Select this to enable 802.1X secure authentication with a RADIUS server.
ReAuthentication Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) between authentication requests. Enter a 0 for unlimited time.
Personal	This field is available when you select the wpa2 , wpa2-mix or wpa3 security mode.
	Select this option to use a Pre-Shared Key (PSK) with WPA2 encryption or Simultaneous Authentication of Equals (SAE) with WPA3 encryption.
Pre-Shared Key	Enter a pre-shared key of between 8 and 63 case-sensitive ASCII characters (including spaces and symbols) or 64 hexadecimal characters.
Advance	
Note: Click on the \mathbf{Sh}	ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below.
Cipher Type	Select an encryption cipher type from the list.
	 auto - This automatically chooses the best available cipher based on the cipher in use by the WiFi client that is attempting to make a connection. aes - This is the Advanced Encryption Standard encryption method. It is a more recent development over TKIP and considerably more robust. Not all WiFi clients may may appear to the standard encryption and the standard encryption are robust.
Idle timeout	support this. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.
Group Key Update Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key
Management Frame Protection	This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set Cipher Type to aes .
	Data frames in 802.11 WLANs can be encrypted and authenticated with WEP, WPA or WPA2. But 802.11 management frames, such as beacon/probe response, association request, association response, de-authentication and disassociation are always unauthenticated and unencrypted. IEEE 802.11 w Protected Management Frames allows APs to use the existing security mechanisms (encryption and authentication methods defined in IEEE 802.11 ii WPA/WPA2) to protect management frames. This helps prevent wireless DoS attacks.
	Select the check box to enable management frame protection (MFP) to add security to 802.11 management frames. This option is always enabled if you select enhanced-open or WPA3 as the Security Mode .
	If Optional is selected, WiFi clients will not be not required to support MFP. Management frames will be encrypted if the clients support MFP.
	If Required is selected, WiFi clients must support MFP in order to join the Zyxel Device's WiFi network.
Radius Settings	

Table 59 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wpa2 (continued)

Table 59	Configuration > Object >	AP Profile > SSID >	Security List >	Add/Edit Security F	Profile> Security
Mode: w	pa2 (continued)				

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Primary / Secondary Radius Server Activate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server.
Radius Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Secret	Enter the shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Primary / Secondary Accounting Server Activate	Select the check box to enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
Accounting Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the external accounting server in dotted decimal notation.
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the external accounting server. The default port number is 1813. You need not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do so with additional information.
Accounting Share Secret	Enter a password (up to 128 alphanumeric characters) as the key to be shared between the external accounting server and the Zyxel Device. The key must be the same on the external accounting server and your Zyxel Device. The key is not sent over the network.
Accounting Interim Update	This field is available only when you enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send subscriber status updates to the accounting server at the interval you specify.
Interim Update Interval	Specify the time interval for how often the Zyxel Device is to send a subscriber status update to the accounting server.
General Server Settings	
NAS IP Address	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) IP address attribute, enter it here.
NAS Identifier	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) identifier attribute, enter it here. The NAS identifier is to identify the source of access request. It could be the NAS's fully qualified domain name.
ОК	Click \mathbf{OK} to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Figure 103 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wpa2-mix

Hide Advanced Settings		
General Settings		
Profile Northel	Wallest Profest	
Security Mode:	vera2-mix	n .
Authentication Settings		
· Enterprise		
ReAuthenticotion Timer	30 unimited)	(30-30000 seconds, 0 la
© Perional		
Advance	10.000	
Cipher lype:	duto	2
Idle Inwoul:	000	(39 30000 seconds)
Group Key Update Timer:	10000	(Innone 00000-es)
Parallel California		
Rodius Selfings		
Primary Rodus Server Active	r#.	
	e	10
2 Primary Rodus Server Active	*	0 0 (1~6553d)
Primary Rodus Server Active Radius Lerver IP Address	*	0 (1-65535)
Primary Radius Server Active Radius Server IP Address Radius Server Port		0 (1~6553d)
Primary Radius Server Active Radius Server IP Address Radius Server Part Radius Server Part	firate	0 0 (1~65536)
 Primary Rodias Server Active Radias Server IP Address Radias Server Port Radias Server Secret. Bocondary Radias Server Active 	firate	0 (1-6555d)
Primary Rodius Server Active Radius Server IP Address Radius Server Port Radius Server Port Radius Server Secret. Secondary Radius Server Active Primary Accounting Server Ac	firate	0 (1-65535)
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Primary Rodius Server Action Radius Server IP Address Radius Server Port Radius Server Port Radius Server Port Secondary Radius Server Ac Accounting Server IP Addres Accounting Server IP Addres Accounting Server Port Accounting Server Port Secondary Accounting Server	firate schote schote	
Primary Radius Server Active Radius Server IP Address Radius Server Parts Radius Server Parts Radius Server Secret. Secondary Radius Server Ac Accounting Server IP Addres Accounting Server Parts Accounting Server Parts	firate schote schote	
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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 60 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wpa2-mix

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Enterprise	Select this to enable 802.1X secure authentication with a RADIUS server.
ReAuthentication Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) between authentication requests. Enter a 0 for unlimited time.
Personal	This field is available when you select the wpa2 , wpa2-mix or wpa3 security mode.
	Select this option to use a Pre-Shared Key (PSK) with WPA2 encryption or Simultaneous Authentication of Equals (SAE) with WPA3 encryption.
Pre-Shared Key	Enter a pre-shared key of between 8 and 63 case-sensitive ASCII characters (including spaces and symbols) or 64 hexadecimal characters.
Advance	·
Note: Click on the Sho	w Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below.
Cipher Type	Select an encryption cipher type from the list.
	• a uto - This automatically chooses the best available cipher based on the cipher in use by the WiFi client that is attempting to make a connection.
	 aes - This is the Advanced Encryption Standard encryption method. It is a more recent development over TKIP and considerably more robust. Not all WiFi clients may support this.
Idle timeout	Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.
Group Key Update Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key.
Radius Settings	
The Radius Settings fields	are only available when you set Authentic ation Settings to Enterprise.
Primary / Secondary Radius Server Activate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server.
Radius Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Secret	Enter the shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Primary / Secondary Accounting Server Activate	Select the check box to enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
Accounting Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the external accounting server in dotted decimal notation.
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the external accounting server. The default port number is 1813. You need not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do so with additional information.
Accounting Share Secret	Enter a password (up to 128 alphanumeric characters) as the key to be shared between the external accounting server and the Zyxel Device. The key must be the same on the external accounting server and your Zyxel Device. The key is not sent over the network.

Table 60 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wpa2-mix (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Accounting Interim Update	This field is available only when you enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send subscriber status updates to the accounting server at the interval you specify.
Interim Update Interval	Specify the time interval for how often the Zyxel Device is to send a subscriber status update to the accounting server.
General Server Settings	
NAS IP Address	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) IP address attribute, enter it here.
NAS Identifier	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) identifier attribute, enter it here. The NAS identifier is to identify the source of access request. It could be the NAS's fully qualified domain name.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 60 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wpa2-mix (continued)

Figure 104 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wpa3

Edit Security Profile Wiz_SEC_Profile	le_1	22
Hide Advanced Settings		
General Settings		
Profile Name:	Wiz_SEC_Profile_1	
Security Mode:	wpa3	*
Authentication Settings		
Enterprise		
ReAuthentication Timer:	30 unlimited)	(30~30000 seconds, 0 is
Personal		
Advance	000	100 00000
Idle timeout:	300	(30-30000 seconds)
Group Key Update Timer:	30000	(30-30000 seconds)
👿 Management Frame Protection	Optional O	Required
Radius Settings		
Primary Radius Server Activate		
Radius Server IP Address:		
Radlus Server Port:		(1~65535)
Radius Server Secret:		
📃 Secondary Radius Server Activate		
Primary Accounting Server Activat	te	
Accounting Server IP Address:		0
Accounting Server Port:		(1~65535)
Accounting Share Secret:		0
Secondary Accounting Server Act	lvate	
Accounting Interim Update		
Interim Update Interval:	10	(1-1440 minutes)
General Server Settings		
NAS IP Address:		(Optional)
NAS Identifier:		(Optional)
		OK Cancel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 61 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile > Security Mode: wpa3

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Security Mode	Select a security mode from the list: none, enhanced-open, wep, wpa2, wpa2-mix or wpa3.
	enhanced-open uses Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) which encrypts the wireless connection when possible.
	Select wpa2-mix if you want the Zyxel Device WiFi network to use WPA2 security mode and provide a fallback WPA security mode for clients that only support WPA connections.
Authentication Settings	
Enterprise	Select this to enable 802.1X secure authentication with a RADIUS server.
ReAuthentication Timer	Enter the interval (in seconds) between authentication requests. Enter a 0 for unlimited time.
Personal	This field is available when you select the wpa2 , wpa2-mix or wpa3 security mode.
	Select this option to use a Pre-Shared Key (PSK) with WPA2 encryption or Simultaneous Authentication of Equals (SAE) with WPA3 encryption.
Pre-Shared Key	Enter a pre-shared key of between 8 and 63 case-sensitive ASCII characters (including spaces and symbols) or 64 hexadecimal characters.
Transition Mode	This option only displays if you set the Security Mode to wpa3 or enhanced-open . This option is always enabled for backwards compatibility.
	This creates two virtual APs (VAPs) with a primary (wpa3 or enhanced-open) and fallback (wpa2 or none) security method.
Advance	If you want to set the security mode to WPA3-only, use the CLI to disable Transition Mode . See the CLI Reference Guide for more information.
Advance Note: Click on the Sh	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information.
Note: Click on the Sh	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is
Note: Click on the Sh Idle Timeout Group Key Update	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued.
Note: Click on the Sh Idle Timeout Group Key Update Timer Management Frame	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued. Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set
Note: Click on the Sh Idle Timeout Group Key Update Timer Management Frame	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued. Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set Cipher Type to aes. Data frames in 802.11 WLANs can be encrypted and authenticated with WEP, WPA or WPA2. But 802.11 management frames, such as beacon/probe response, association request, association response, de-authentication and disassociation are always unauthenticated and unencrypted. IEEE 802.11w Protected Management Frames allow: APs to use the existing security mechanisms (encryption and authentication methods defined in IEEE 802.11i WPA/WPA2) to protect management frames. This helps prevent
Note: Click on the Sh Idle Timeout Group Key Update Timer Management Frame	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued. Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set Cipher Type to aes. Data frames in 802.11 WLANs can be encrypted and authenticated with WEP, WPA or WPA2. But 802.11 management frames, such as beacon/probe response, association request, association response, de-authentication and disassociation are always unauthenticated and unencrypted. IEEE 802.11 w Protected Management Frames allow: APs to use the existing security mechanisms (encryption and authentication methods defined in IEEE 802.11 ii WPA/WPA2) to protect management frames. This helps prevent wireless DoS attacks. Select the check box to enable management frame protection (MFP) to add security to 802.11 management frames. This option is always enabled if you select enhanced-oper
Note: Click on the Sh Idle Timeout Group Key Update Timer Management Frame	Mode. See the CLI Reference Guide for more information. ow Advanced Settings button to show the fields describe below. Enter the idle interval (in seconds) that a client can be idle before authentication is discontinued. Enter the interval (in seconds) at which the AP updates the group WPA2 encryption key This field is configurable only when you select wpa2 in the Security Mode field and set Cipher Type to aes. Data frames in 802.11 WLANs can be encrypted and authenticated with WEP, WPA or WPA2. But 802.11 management frames, such as beacon/probe response, association request, association response, de-authentication and disassociation are always unauthenticated and unencrypted. IEE 802.11 w Protected Management Frames allow: APs to use the existing security mechanisms (encryption and authentication methods defined in IEEE 802.11 wPA/WPA2) to protect management frames. This helps prevent wireless DoS attacks. Select the check box to enable management frame protection (MFP) to add security to 802.11 management frames. This option is always enabled if you select enhanced-oper or WPA3 as the Security Mode. If Optional is selected, WiFi clients will not be not required to support MFP. Management

Table 61 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List > Add/Edit Security Profile> Security Mode: wpa3 (continued)

Table 61	Configuration > Object >	AP Profile > SSID >	• Security List >	Add/Edit Security F	'rofile> Security
Mode: w	pa3 (continued)				

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Primary / Secondary Radius Server Activate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use the specified RADIUS server.
Radius Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Port	Enter the port number of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Radius Server Secret	Enter the shared secret password of the RADIUS server to be used for authentication.
Primary / Secondary Accounting Server Activate	Select the check box to enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
Accounting Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the external accounting server in dotted decimal notation.
Accounting Server Port	Enter the port number of the external accounting server. The default port number is 1813. You need not change this value unless your network administrator instructs you to do so with additional information.
Accounting Share Secret	Enter a password (up to 128 alphanumeric characters) as the key to be shared between the external accounting server and the Zyxel Device. The key must be the same on the external accounting server and your Zyxel Device. The key is not sent over the network.
Accounting Interim Update	This field is available only when you enable user accounting through an external authentication server.
	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send subscriber status updates to the accounting server at the interval you specify.
Interim Update Interval	Specify the time interval for how often the Zyxel Device is to send a subscriber status update to the accounting server.
General Server Settings	
NAS IP Address	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) IP address attribute, enter it here.
NAS Identifier	If the RADIUS server requires the Zyxel Device to provide the NAS (Network Access Server) identifier attribute, enter it here. The NAS identifier is to identify the source of access request. It could be the NAS's fully qualified domain name.
OK	Click \mathbf{OK} to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

13.4.2 Creating a Security Profile

The following example shows you how to create a security profile using the parameters given in the below table.

	SEC URITY PRO FILE			
Profile Name	Security_Profile1			
Security Mode	WPA3			
Authentication	Personal			
Pre-Shared Key	zyxel1234			

Table 62 Security Profile Settings

1 Go to Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Security List. Click Add to create a new security profile on the Zyxel Device.

Radio	SSID			
SSID UM	Security List	MAC Filter Lat	Loyer-2 isolation List	
ecuity Sum	mary			
C Add	Eus Blenove Sala	Clear Relation		
the second se	Lat 📕 Lenove 🏭 Ci Namo -	opert Refugiles	Security Mode	
the second se	Namo -	uject Returnicat	Security Mode Open	_

2 Use the parameters given above and keep other configurations at their default values. Click OK.

Add Security Profile			<u>ens</u>
Show Advanced Settings			
General Settings			
Profile Name:	Security_Profile1		
Security Mode:	wpa3		
Authentication Settings			
© Enlerprise			
· Ferional			
Pre-Shared Key			
W Incentive Model			
Advonce	and the second sec		-
Ide Imeout.	300	(20-30000 seconds)	
Group Key Update Timer:	30000	(30-30000 so conce)	
E Management Traine Protection	a Optional (c) i	traded.	
		OK CO	ancet

3 You will then see the Security_Profile 1 entry in the summary table.

Radio	SSID			
SSID UM	Security Int	MAC Filter Ltd	Enver-2 Isolation List	
Security Sur				
Q Add 2	nell Stammer St	Opent Automatica		
a Poste	e Marpie 👻		 Security Mode 	
defo:	uit		Open	5
2 - 5ecu	nty_/votie1		WPA2/WFA3-Perional	
ROUPS PD	Nell of the Hill	Son M. M. Herris		Onpraying 1 / 2 of 2

13.5 MAC Filter List

This screen allows you to create and manage security configurations that can be used by your SSIDs. To access this screen click **Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > MAC Filter List**.

Note: You can have a maximum of 32 MAC filtering profiles on the Zyxel Device.

Figure 105 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > MAC Filter List

Radio	SSID		
SSID List	Security List	MAC RINY UN	Layer-2 Isolation List
AC Filter List	r summary		
O Add	ant # firmory Mil	cent infimmed	
e Profile	Nation -		filler Action
the set of Prince	and the second second	Show 98 💌 dente	No data to display

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 63 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > MAC Filter List

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add	Click this to add a new MAC filtering profile.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected MAC filtering profile.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected MAC filtering profile.
Object Reference	Click this to view which other objects are linked to the selected MAC filtering profile (for example, SSID profile).
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the MAC filtering profile.
Filter Action	This field indicates this profile's filter action (if any).

13.5.1 Add/Edit MAC Filter Profile

This screen allows you to create a new MAC filtering profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select a MAC filter profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

Note: Each MAC filtering profile can include a maximum of 512 MAC addresses.

Figure 106 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > MAC Filter List > Add/Edit MAC Filter Profile

Frofile Name:	0	
Filter Action:	deny 🛩	
Add Little 1	Removed	
MAC .	Description	
4 4 Pope 1	of I + + Show 56 😁 frems	No data to display
(4 4 Pope [1])	of I # # Show 44 👷 floors	No diafa to display
H + Page L	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 💌 term	No data to display
(4 4 Poge [1])	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 💌 flems	No data to display
14 4 Pope 1	of I 🔹 A Show 😣 💌 flems	No data to display
ii i Pope <u>L</u>	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 📩 Berry	No dafa to display
ii i Pope <u>L</u>	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 📩 Berry	No dafa to display
ii i Pope <u>L</u>	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 🗻 Items	No dafa to display
ii i Pope <u>L</u>	of I 🔹 Al Show 😣 🗻 Items	No dafa to display

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
Filter Action	Select a llow to permit the WiFi client with the MAC addresses in this profile to connect to the network through the associated SSID; select $deny$ to block the WiFi clients with the specified MAC addresses.
Add	Click this to add a MAC address to the profile's list.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected MAC address in the profile's list.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected MAC address from the profile's list.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
MAC	This field specifies a MAC address associated with this profile. You can click the MAC address to make it editable.
Description	This field displays a description for the MAC address associated with this profile. You can click the description to make it editable. Enter up to 60 characters, spaces and underscores allowed.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 64 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > MAC Filter List > Add/Edit MAC Filter Profile

13.6 Layer 2 Isolation List

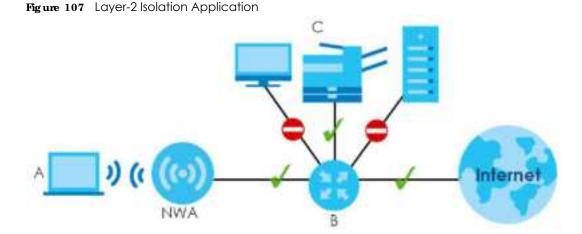
Layer-2 isolation is used to prevent WiFi clients associated with your Zyxel Device from communicating with other WiFi clients, APs, computers or routers in a network.

In the following example, layer-2 isolation is enabled on the Zyxel Device to allow a guest WiFi client (A) to access the main network router (B). The router provides access to the Internet and the network printer

(C) while preventing the client from accessing other computers and servers on the network. The client can communicate with other WiFi clients only if Intra-BSS Traffic blocking is disabled.

Note: Not all models support the layer-2 isolation feature. See the feature comparison table in Section 1.2 on page 13.

Note: Intra-BSS Traffic Blocking is activated when you enable layer-2 isolation.



MAC addresses that are not listed in the layer-2 isolation table are blocked from communicating with the Zyxel Device's WiFi clients except for broadcast packets. Layer-2 isolation does not check the traffic between WiFi clients that are associated with the same AP. Intra-BSS traffic allows WiFi clients associated with the same AP to communicate with each other.

This screen allows you to specify devices you want the users on your WiFi networks to access. To access this screen click **Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer 2 Isolation List**.

SSID List	Security List	MAC Filter Unit	Layer-2 Isolation List	
Aver allo	A CARENCAL AND IN		Der Mitsbetransschutten	
syee-2 holds	ion List Summary			
O Add 21	tat 🖀 konstve 🖼 O	eseci koherence		
# Profile !	Notitie +			
av a Hara	millioft + mil	month- at wood		No data te atipiav

Figure 108 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer-2 Isolation List

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add	Click this to add a new layer-2 isolation profile.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected layer-2 isolation profile.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected layer-2 isolation profile.
Object Reference	Click this to view which other objects are linked to the selected layer-2 isolation profile (for example, SSID profile).

Table 65 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer-2 Isolation List

Iable 65	Configuration > Obje	ect > AP Protile >	SSIL) > Laver-2	lsolation List i	continued
10010-00					001111100001

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the layer-2 isolation profile.

13.6.1 Add/Edit Layer 2 Isolation Profile

This screen allows you to create a new layer-2 isolation profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select a layer-2 isolation profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

Note: You need to know the MAC address of each WiFi client, AP, computer or router that you want to allow to communicate with the Zyxel Device's WiFi clients.

Figure 109 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer-2 Isolation List > Add/Edit Layer-2 Isolation Profile

Add Layer-2 Isolation I	Profile	- [7
Profile Name:	MAC addresses:	
GAdd 215:01 T Retory		
€ MAC •	Concuption	
14 4 Papel of 1	🕴 Show Si 🗶 Remi No	aata to disokay
		CALCULATION AND
		Cancel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 66 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer-2 Isolation List > Add/Edit Layer-2 Isolation Profile

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name. This name is only visible in the Web Configurator and is only for management purposes. Spaces and underscores are allowed.
Add	Click this to add a MAC address to the profile's list.
Edit	Click this to edit the selected MAC address in the profile's list.
Remove	Click this to remove the selected MAC address from the profile's list.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific user.
MAC	This field specifies a MAC address associated with this profile. You can click the MAC address to make it editable.
Description	This field displays a description for the MAC address associated with this profile. You can click the description to make it editable. Enter up to 60 characters, spaces and underscores allowed.

Table 66 Configuration > Object > AP Profile > SSID > Layer-2 Isolation List > Add/Edit Layer-2 Isolation Profile (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

C HAPTER 14 WDS Profile

14.1 Overview

This chapter shows you how to configure WDS (Wireless Distribution System) profiles for the Zyxel Device to form a WDS with other APs.

14.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

The **WDS Profile** screen (Section 14.2 on page 171) creates preset WDS configurations that can be used by the Zyxel Device.

14.2 WDS Profile

This screen allows you to manage and create WDS profiles that can be used by the APs. To access this screen, click **Configuration > Object > WDS Profile**.

Figure 110	Configuration > Object > WDS Profile
------------	--------------------------------------

NDS Summary		
O Add 2 Edit Blemone		
 Profile Name - 	WDS SSID	
1 default	Zyxe(_WD5	
is a Page [of] a Hi	Show so willema	Displaying 1 - 1 of 1

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Add	Click this to add a new profile.	
Edit	Click this to edit the selected profile.	
Remove	Click this to remove the selected profile.	
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific profile.	
Profile Name	This field indicates the name assigned to the profile.	
WDS SSID	This field shows the SSID specified in this WDS profile.	

Table 67 Configuration > Object > WDS Profile

14.2.1 Add/Edit WDS Profile

This screen allows you to create a new WDS profile or edit an existing one. To access this screen, click the **Add** button or select and existing profile and click the **Edit** button.

Add WDS Profile			(966)
WDS Settings			
Profile Name:			
WDS SSID:	i		
Pre-Shared Keyr			
		101	Concel

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 68	Configuration >	Object >	WDS Profile >	Add/Edit WDS Profile

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Profile Name	Enter up to 31 alphanumeric characters for the profile name.	
WDS SSID	Enter the SSID with which you want the Zyxel Device to connect to a root AP or repeater form a WDS.	
Pre-Shared Key	Enter a pre-shared key of between 8 and 63 case-sensitive ASCII characters (including spaces and symbols) or 64 hexadecimal characters.	
	The key is used to encrypt the traffic between the APs.	
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.	

C HAPTER 15 Certific a tes

15.1 Overview

The Zyxel Device can use certificates (also called digital IDs) to authenticate users. Certificates are based on public-private key pairs. A certificate contains the certificate owner's identity and public key. Certificates provide a way to exchange public keys for use in authentication.

15.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The My Certificates screens (Section 15.2 on page 176) generate and export self-signed certificates or certification requests and import the Zyxel Device's CA-signed certificates.
- The **Thusted Certificates** screens (Section 15.3 on page 183) save CA certificates and trusted remote host certificates to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device trusts any valid certificate that you have imported as a trusted certificate. It also trusts any valid certificate signed by any of the certificates that you have imported as a trusted certificate.

15.1.2 What You Need to Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

When using public-key cryptology for authentication, each host has two keys. One key is public and can be made openly available. The other key is private and must be kept secure.

These keys work like a handwritten signature (in fact, certificates are often referred to as "digital signatures"). Only you can write your signature exactly as it should look. When people know what your signature looks like, they can verify whether something was signed by you, or by someone else. In the same way, your private key "writes" your digital signature and your public key allows people to verify whether data was signed by you, or by someone else.

This process works as follows:

- 1 Tim wants to send a message to Jenny. He needs her to be sure that it comes from him, and that the message content has not been altered by anyone else along the way. Tim generates a public key pair (one public key and one private key).
- 2 Tim keeps the private key and makes the public key openly available. This means that anyone who receives a message seeming to come from Tim can read it and verify whether it is really from him or not.
- 3 Tim uses his private key to sign the message and sends it to Jenny.
- 4 Jenny receives the message and uses Tim's public key to verify it. Jenny knows that the message is from Tim, and that although other people may have been able to read the message, no-one can have altered it (because they cannot re-sign the message with Tim's private key).

5 Additionally, Jenny uses her own private key to sign a message and Tim uses Jenny's public key to verify the message.

The Zyxel Device uses certificates based on public-key cryptology to authenticate users attempting to establish a connection, not to encrypt the data that you send after establishing a connection. The method used to secure the data that you send through an established connection depends on the type of connection.

The certification authority uses its private key to sign certificates. Anyone can then use the certification authority's public key to verify the certificates.

A certification path is the hierarchy of certification authority certificates that validate a certificate. The Zyxel Device does not trust a certificate if any certificate on its path has expired or been revoked.

Certification authorities maintain directory servers with databases of valid and revoked certificates. A directory of certificates that have been revoked before the scheduled expiration is called a CRL (Certificate Revocation List). The Zyxel Device can check a peer's certificate against a directory server's list of revoked certificates. The framework of servers, software, procedures and policies that handles keys is called PKI (public-key infrastructure).

Advantages of Certificates

Certificates offer the following benefits.

- The Zyxel Device only has to store the certificates of the certification authorities that you decide to trust, no matter how many devices you need to authenticate.
- Key distribution is simple and very secure since you can freely distribute public keys and you never need to transmit private keys.

Self-signed Certificates

You can have the Zyxel Device act as a certification authority and sign its own certificates.

Factory Default Certificate

The Zyxel Device generates its own unique self-signed certificate when you first turn it on. This certificate is referred to in the GUI as the factory default certificate.

Certificate File Formats

Any certificate that you want to import has to be in one of these file formats:

- Binary X.509: This is an ITU-T recommendation that defines the formats for X.509 certificates.
- PEM (Base-64) encoded X.509: This Privacy Enhanced Mail format uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary X.509 certificate into a printable form.
- Binary PKCS#7: This is a standard that defines the general syntax for data (including digital signatures) that may be encrypted. A PKCS #7 file is used to transfer a public key certificate. The private key is not included. The Zyxel Device currently allows the importation of a PKS#7 file that contains a single certificate.
- PEM (Base-64) encoded PKCS#7: This Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary PKCS#7 certificate into a printable form.

• Binary PKCS#12: This is a format for transferring public key and private key certificates. The private key in a PKCS #12 file is within a password-encrypted envelope. The file's password is not connected to your certificate's public or private passwords. Exporting a PKCS #12 file creates this and you must provide it to decrypt the contents when you import the file into the Zyxel Device.

Note: Be careful not to convert a binary file to text during the transfer process. It is easy for this to occur since many programs use text files by default.

15.1.3 Verifying a Certificate

Before you import a trusted certificate into the Zyxel Device, you should verify that you have the correct certificate. You can do this using the certificate's fingerprint. A certificate's fingerprint is a message digest calculated using the MD5 or SHA1 algorithm. The following procedure describes how to check a certificate's fingerprint to verify that you have the actual certificate.

- 1 Browse to where you have the certificate saved on your computer.
- 2 Make sure that the certificate has a ".cer" or ".crt" file name extension.



3 Double-click the certificate's icon to open the Certificate window. Click the Details tab and scroll down to the Thumbprint Algorithm and Thumbprint fields.

ertificate		10.
General Details Carthurson Par	dh:	
show: cate		
3.0+1 1040	-	
Field	Telat	1
Subject .	ACCOPTING, TANKY PRODUCA	
Public key	RSA (2040 BN)	
1115-depet Alternative Name	Other take Procee Network.	
SC Key Wege	Digital Signature, Nav Encloter-	- 01
Besic Careli arris	Silver Type-CA. Patrimpt.	-
Tumpert againtin	Tell	
(C)Thumberteri	H 1.	- 02
	Latinour res. Copy to Fit	-

4 Use a secure method to verify that the certificate owner has the same information in the **Thumbprint Algorithm** and **Thumbprint** fields. The secure method may vary based on your situation. Possible examples would be over the telephone or through an HTTPS connection.

15.2 My Certificates

Click **Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates** to open this screen. This is the Zyxel Device's summary list of certificates and certification requests.

Figure 112 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates

	ge Spac			ISSERT und.		
ly Cerlif	icates Se	effing				
QAdd	i di fatti	Rentaria	Chines Represented			
a No	ame -	Time	hutdec*	hauter	Valid From	Valid To
I de	taut	SELF	CN = wax620d-6	CN = wax620d-6	2022-05-12 12:00:	2032-05-09 12:00:
34.4	Page IT	(I to [N Show 50 Witer	198		Diploying 1 - 1 of 1

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
PKI Storage Space in Use	This bar displays the percentage of the Zyxel Device's PKI storage space that is currently in use. When the storage space is almost full, you should consider deleting expired or unnecessary certificates before adding more certificates.
My Certificates Sett	ings
Add	Click this to go to the screen where you can have the Zyxel Device generate a certificate or a certification request.
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen with an in-depth list of information about the certificate.
Remove	The Zyxel Device keeps all of your certificates unless you specifically delete them. Uploading a new firmware or default configuration file does not delete your certificates. To remove an entry, select it and click Remove . The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so. Subsequent certificates move up by one when you take this action.
Object Reference	You cannot delete certificates that any of the Zyxel Device's features are configured to use. Select an entry and click Object Reference to open a screen that shows which settings use the entry.
#	This field displays the certificate index number. The certificates are listed in alphabetical order.
Name	This field displays the name used to identify this certificate. It is recommended that you give each certificate a unique name.
Туре	This field displays what kind of certificate this is.
	REQ represents a certification request and is not yet a valid certificate. Send a certification request to a certification authority, which then issues a certificate. Use the My Certificate Im port screen to import the certificate and replace the request.
	SELF represents a self-signed certificate.
	CERT represents a certificate issued by a certification authority.
Subject	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's owner, such as CN (Common Name), OU (Organizational Unit or department), O (Organization or company) and C (Country). It is recommended that each certificate have unique subject information.

Table 69 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates

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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Issuer	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's issuing certification authority, such as a common name, organizational unit or department, organization or company and country. With self-signed certificates, this is the same information as in the Subject field.
Valid From	This field displays the date that the certificate becomes applicable.
Valid To	This field displays the date that the certificate expires. The text displays in red and includes an Expired! message if the certificate has expired.
Import	Click $Import$ to open a screen where you can save a certificate to the Zyxel Device.
Refresh	Click Re fre sh to display the current validity status of the certificates.

 Table 69
 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates (continued)

15.2.1 Add My Certificates

Click **Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates** and then the **Add** icon to open the **Add My Certificates** screen. Use this screen to have the Zyxel Device create a self-signed certificate, enroll a certificate with a certification authority or generate a certification request.

Figure 113	Configuration >	Object > Certificate >	My Certificates > Add
rigule 115	coningoration >		My Conniculos - Aud

Nome:	T	0	
Subject Information			
	1	0	
Host IP Address	-		
Host Domain Name			
E-Mail			
Organizational Unit:		(Opt	ional)
Organization:		(Opti	ional)
Town(City):		[Op8	ional)
State(Province):		[Optional]	
Country:		(Opti	ional)
Key Type:	RSA-SHA256		
Key Length:	2048		bits
Extended Key Usage			
E Server Authentication			
📰 Client Authentication			
Create a self-signed certi	licate		
Create a certification red	uest and save It local	y for later man	ual enrolment

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 70	Configuration >	Object > C	Certificate >	My Certificates > Add
101101070	00.000000000000000000000000000000000000			

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Name	Type a name to identify this certificate. You can use up to 31 alphanumeric and ;'~!@#\$%^&()_+[]{}',=- characters.	
Subject Information	Use these fields to record information that identifies the owner of the certificate. You do not have to fill in every field, although you must specify a Host IP Address , Host Domain Name , or E-Mail . The certification authority may add fields (such as a serial number) to the subject information when it issues a certificate. It is recommended that each certificate have unique subject information.	
	Select a radio button to identify the certificate's owner by IP address, domain name or email address. Type the IP address (in dotted decimal notation), domain name or email address in the field provided. The domain name or email address is for identification purposes only and can be any string.	
	A domain name can be up to 255 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and periods.	
	An email address can be up to 63 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen, the @ symbol, periods and the underscore.	
Organizational Unit	Identify the organizational unit or department to which the certificate owner belongs. You can use up to 31 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and the underscore.	
Organization	Identify the company or group to which the certificate owner belongs. You can use up to 31 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and the underscore.	
Town (City)	Identify the town or city where the certificate owner is located. You can use up to 31 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and the underscore.	
State (Province)	Identify the state or province where the certificate owner is located. You can use up to 31 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and the underscore.	
Country	Identify the nation where the certificate owner is located. You can use up to 31 characters. You can use alphanumeric characters, the hyphen and the underscore.	
Кеу Туре	The Zyxel Device uses the RSA (Rivest, Shamir and Adleman) public-key encryption algorithm. SHA1 (Secure Hash Algorithm) and SHA2 are hash algorithms used to authenticate packet data. SHA2-256 or SHA2-512 are part of the SHA2 set of cryptographic functions and they are considered even more secure than SHA1.	
	Select a key type from RSA-SHA256 and RSA-SHA512 .	
Key Length	Select a number from the drop-down list box to determine how many bits the key should use (1024 to 2048). The longer the key, the more secure it is. A longer key also uses more PK storage space.	
Extended Key Usage	Select Server Authentic a tion to allow a web server to send clients the certificate to authenticate itself.	
	Select Client Authentication to use the certificate's key to authenticate clients to the secure gateway.	
Use the below radio bu	ttons to set how and when the certificate is to be generated.	
Create a self-signed certificate	Select this to have the Zyxel Device generate the certificate and act as the Certification Authority (CA) itself. This way you do not need to apply to a certification authority for certificates.	
Create a certification request and save it locally for later manual enrollment	Select this to have the Zyxel Device generate and store a request for a certificate. Use the My Certificate Edit screen to view the certification request and copy it to send to the certification authority.	
manual enrollment	Copy the certification request from the My Certificate Edit screen and then send it to the certification authority.	

Table 70	Configuration >	Object > Certific	ate > My Certificate	s > Add (continued)
	Soungolanon			

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
ОК	Click OK to begin certificate or certification request generation.
Cancel	Click Cancel to quit and return to the My Certificates screen.

If you configured the Add My Certific a tes screen to have the Zyxel Device enroll a certificate and the certificate enrollment is not successful, you see a screen with a **Retum** button that takes you back to the Add My Certific a tes screen. Click **Retum** and check your information in the Add My Certific a tes screen. Make sure that the certification authority information is correct and that your Internet connection is working properly if you want the Zyxel Device to enroll a certificate online.

15.2.2 Edit My Certificates

Click Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates and then the Edit icon to open the My Certificate Edit screen. You can use this screen to view in-depth certificate information and change the certificate's name.

Figure 114	Configuration >	Object >	Certificate > M	y Certificates >	Edit

nfiguration	
lame:	default
rtification Path	
= wax620d-6e_10718318728	55
Refresh	
rtificate Information	
ype:	Self-signed X.509 Certificate
/ersion:	V3
erial Number:	22:2d:69:46:1b:0a:be:16:3d:14:18:01:c6:66:d2:b0:cb:8f:2c:da
ubject:	CN = wax620d-6e_1071831872E5
suer:	CN = wcx620d-6e_1071831872E5
ignature Algorithm:	sha256WithRSAEncryption
alld From:	2022-05-12 12:00:07 GMT
/alid To:	2032-05-09 12:00:07 GMT
ey Algorithm:	rs@Encryption (2048-bit)
ubject Alternative Name:	wcx620d-6e_1071831872E5
ley Usage:	Digital Signature, Key Enclpherment, Data Enclpherment, Certificate Sign
otended Key Usage:	
asic Constraint:	Subject Type=CA. Path Length Constraint=1
IDS Fingerprint:	7A:0A:54:7C:2C:05:EC:3E:E0:AC:EE:04:D0:C8:84:CC
HA1 Fingerprint:	45:40:2E:13:60:9A:78:8A:51:EE:D6:7D:ED:67:02:CE:78:A3:D9:80
rtificate in PEM (Base-64) En BEGIN X509 CERTIFICATE	
Q AwijEgM84GA1UEAwwikd2 ITIwMDA3WhcNMdwNTA5M zFCM2FCNzJFNTCCASIMOQ +14Rq3dZs+c8M5L/SWD/kgl8 (L1xt/cwA0I1/the8d97D37ND) PYmyuOahAb5U9Mnh6X6bj	hsKvvY99PgBxmbSsMuPLNowDQYJKoZihvcNAQEL 2F4Njlw2C022V8xMDcxQjMxQjcyRTUwHhcNMjlwNTEy ThvMDA3WjAIMSAwHgYDVQQDD8d3YXg2Mj8kLT2tXzEw YJKoZihvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBANYrfwN0 SVZEgNQEBNTIwHUWgFY8OM6/yy11R+9W06vZmac (gnsgMt25xDG3530FxxM+IEfGrLJXnctFPYFF7 dw2GbQz0fYDEObkrigTvDBMRKKehCsqqjn3z1G3y0w Password: Export Centificate with Private Key

ABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Name	This field displays the identifying name of this certificate. You can use up to 31 alphanumeric and ;'~!@#\$%^&()_+[]{}',=- characters.
Certification Path	
This field displays fo	r a certificate, not a certification request.
	tton to have this read-only text box display the hierarchy of certification authorities that ate (and the certificate itself).
only certification au certificate itself is th	ation authority is one that you have imported as a trusted certification authority, it may be the othority in the list (along with the certificate itself). If the certificate is a self-signed certificate, the e only one in the list. The Zyxel Device does not trust the certificate and displays "Not trusted" ir ficate on the path has expired or been revoked.
Refresh	Click Re fire sh to display the certification path.
Certificate Informat	ion
These read-only fiel	ds display detailed information about the certificate.
Туре	This field displays general information about the certificate. CA-signed means that a Certification Authority signed the certificate. Self-signed means that the certificate's owne signed the certificate (not a certification authority). "X.509" means that this certificate was created and signed according to the ITU-T X.509 recommendation that defines the formats for public-key certificates.
Version	This field displays the X.509 version number.
Serial Number	This field displays the certificate's identification number given by the certification authority or generated by the Zyxel Device.
Subject	This field displays information that identifies the owner of the certificate, such as Common Name (CN), Organizational Unit (OU), Organization (O), State (ST), and Country (C).
lssuer	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's issuing certification authority such as Common Name, Organizational Unit, Organization and Country.
	With self-signed certificates, this is the same as the Subject Name field.
	"none" displays for a certification request.
Signature Algorithm	This field displays the type of algorithm that was used to sign the certificate.
Valid From	This field displays the date that the certificate becomes applicable. "none" displays for a certification request.
Valid To	This field displays the date that the certificate expires. The text displays in red and includes an Expired! message if the certificate has expired. "none" displays for a certification request.
Key Algorithm	This field displays the type of algorithm that was used to generate the certificate's key pair (the Zyxel Device uses RSA encryption) and the length of the key set in bits (1024 bits for example).
Subject Alternative Name	This field displays the certificate owner's IP address (IP), domain name (DNS) or email address (EMAIL).
Key Usage	This field displays for what functions the certificate's key can be used. For example, "DigitalSignature" means that the key can be used to sign certificates and "KeyEncipherment" means that the key can be used to encrypt text.
Extended Key Usage	This field displays for what EKU (Extended Key Usage) functions the certificate's key can be used.

Table 71 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates > Edit

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Basic Constraint	This field displays general information about the certificate. For example, Subject Type=CA means that this is a certification authority's certificate and "Path Length Constraint=1" means that there can only be one certification authority in the certificate's path. This field does not display for a certification request.
MD5 Fingerprint	This is the certificate's message digest that the Zyxel Device calculated using the MD5 algorithm.
SHA1 Fingerprint	This is the certificate's message digest that the Zyxel Device calculated using the SHA1 algorithm.
SHA256 Fingerprint	This is the certificate's message digest that the Zyxel Device calculated using the SHA256 algorithm.
Certificate in PEM (Base-64) Encoded Format	This read-only text box displays the certificate or certification request in Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format. PEM uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary certificate into a printable form.
	You can copy and paste a certification request into a certification authority's web page, an email that you send to the certification authority or a text editor and save the file on a management computer for later manual enrollment.
	You can copy and paste a certificate into an email to send to friends or colleagues or you can copy and paste a certificate into a text editor and save the file on a management computer for later distribution (via floppy disk for example).
Export Certificate Only	Use this button to save a copy of the certificate without its private key. Click this button and then Save in the File Download screen. The Save As screen opens, browse to the location that you want to use and click Save .
Password	If you want to export the certificate with its private key, create a password and type it here. Make sure you keep this password in a safe place. You will need to use it if you import the certificate to another device.
Export Certificate with Private Key	Use this button to save a copy of the certificate with its private key. Type the certificate's password and click this button. Click Save in the File Download screen. The Save As screen opens, browse to the location that you want to use and click Save .
OK	Click \mathbf{OK} to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device. You can only change the name.
Cancel	Click Cancel to quit and return to the My Certificates screen.

Table 71 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates > Edit

15.2.3 Import Certificates

Click Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates > Import to open the My Certificate Import screen. Follow the instructions in this screen to save an existing certificate to the Zyxel Device.

Note: You can import a certificate that matches a corresponding certification request that was generated by the Zyxel Device. You can also import a certificate in PKCS#12 format, including the certificate's public and private keys.

The certificate you import replaces the corresponding request in the My Certificates screen.

You must remove any spaces in the certificate's filename before you can import it.

Figure 115	Configuration >	Object >	Certificate >	· My Certificates >	Import
------------	-----------------	----------	---------------	---------------------	--------

Import Ce	rtificates					7 X
Certificate Binary PEM (B Binary PEM (B Binary For my cert correspond ZyWALL, Af	file must be in or X,509 lase-64) encode PKCS#7 lase-64) encode PKCS#12 ificate importat fing to the import	ne of ad X.5 ad PKI fon to lon, th		i, tification rea		
File:	Select a file				Browse	
Password:			(PKCS#12 only)			
				0	K Car	icel

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
File	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.			
	You cannot import a certificate with the same name as a certificate that is already in the Zyxel Device.			
Browse	Click Browse to find the certificate file you want to upload.			
Password	This field only applies when you import a binary PKCS#12 format file. Type the file's password that was created when the PKCS #12 file was exported.			
OK	Click OK to save the certificate on the Zyxel Device.			
Cancel	Click Cancel to quit and return to the My Certificates screen.			

Table 72 Configuration > Object > Certificate > My Certificates > Import

15.3 Trusted Certificates

Click **Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates** to open the **Trusted Certificates** screen. This screen displays a summary list of certificates that you have set the Zyxel Device to accept as trusted. The Zyxel Device also accepts any valid certificate signed by a certificate on this list as being trustworthy; thus you do not need to import any certificate that is signed by one of these certificates.

Figure 116	Configuration >	Object > Certificate >	Trusted Certificates
	001		

My Certificates	Invited Certifica	stea		
PRI Morage Space	in Use			
	in and the second se	2363	art west.	
Trusted Certificates	Setting			
Star Branne	e 🖀 Churict Pathonom	68		
# Nome -	Support.	tesuen	Valid From	Valid Te
34 # Pope [of I + N Show	xe 🚲 Nérra		No data to disp
		Import	Eetresh	

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
PKI Storage Space in Use	This bar displays the percentage of the Zyxel Device's PKI storage space that is currently in use. When the storage space is almost full, you should consider deleting expired or unnecessary certificates before adding more certificates.
Trusted Certificates	Settings
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen with an in-depth list of information about the certificate.
Remove	The Zyxel Device keeps all of your certificates unless you specifically delete them. Uploading a new firmware or default configuration file does not delete your certificates. To remove an entry, select it and click Remove . The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so. Subsequent certificates move up by one when you take this action.
Object Reference	You cannot delete certificates that any of the Zyxel Device's features are configured to use. Select an entry and click Object Reference to open a screen that shows which settings use the entry.
#	This field displays the certificate index number. The certificates are listed in alphabetical order.
Name	This field displays the name used to identify this certificate.
Subject	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's owner, such as CN (Common Name), OU (Organizational Unit or department), O (Organization or company) and C (Country). It is recommended that each certificate have unique subject information.
lssuer	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's issuing certification authority, such as a common name, organizational unit or department, organization or company and country. With self-signed certificates, this is the same information as in the Subject field.
Valid From	This field displays the date that the certificate becomes applicable.
Valid To	This field displays the date that the certificate expires. The text displays in red and includes an Expired! message if the certificate has expired.
Import	Click Import to open a screen where you can save the certificate of a certification authority that you trust, from your computer to the Zyxel Device.
Refresh	Click this button to display the current validity status of the certificates.

Table 73 Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates

15.3.1 Edit Trusted Certificates

Click **Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates** and then a certificate's **Edit** icon to open the **Trusted Certificates Edit** screen. Use this screen to view in-depth information about the certificate, change the certificate's name and set whether or not you want the Zyxel Device to check a certification authority's list of revoked certificates before trusting a certificate issued by the certification authority.

Figure 117 Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates > Edit

Edit Trusted Certificates		
Configuration		
Nome	TRE-ROOTCApern	
Certification Path		
N + zysel.com. C = TW. Sf = t	nénchu, L. + helicitu, O. + zysel, OU + zysel	
Robush		
Certificate Validation		
Enoble X.509v3 CRL Date	bution Points and OCSP checking	
E OCSP Server		
Parment.		
E LOAP Server		
Addess	Port	
Passionst		
Certificate Information		
Type:	Self-signed X30F Certificate	
Version:	10	
Seriol Number:	And a second sec	
Subject:	On a spectrum C = NV ST a relation L = introdu. C = spect OU = spect	
NULLEY!	CN # pretcore C = 7W.St + Helicitia L + helicitia O + pret OU + pret	
Bgnature Algorithmi	mast/www.httatinerypton	
Valid Riam	2023-66-34 (be ABLI) CANE	
Vold fo:	2025-C0-22 (RE4011) CME	
Kwy Algorithm:	collectation (204) (at)	
Subject Alternative Name:	7/18/00/1	
Key Usage:	Optic Systems Rev Exclusion and Distancement, Carlles to Sy	-
Extended Key Usage:		
Baela Constraint)	Subject Type=CA, Polis Length Constraint+1	
MD5 Fingerprint	man per tel en el les art tel ten en personaliter	
IHA1 Fingerprint:	TO DE LE DE LE PRESENTE EN LA DEL MODELLO DE LE DE LE DE LE PRESENTE DE LE PRESEN	
Certificate		
BGAWETESIMBAGATUBAWW3 wtt crthobmhod/EGMA40ATU NV BAM/8xp5e0vt/x84xDTiy/x0	Ap1FD4LxOvE3x7RGdnd/DWOQYJRo2TrvcNAQEL en42Www129MMQwcOYDY0QGEwJUY±IQMA4GA1UECA E8wwhohtspamsodTE0MAwGA1UECgeFers42WwwDjAM8g 20yNDA2hDMMAyoJDT11MDUyNeA2hDMMNYowZTE5MBA0 gwcQYDYQQDEwJUY±QQMA4GA1UECAwHa	
Export Certificate		
	OK O	Cance
		10000

Table 74 Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates > Edit

Configuration	
Name	This field displays the identifying name of this certificate. You can change the name. You can use up to 31 alphanumeric and ;'~ $!@#$ %/&()_+[]{',.=- characters.
Certification Path	
authority certificates the issuing certification certification authority is	on to have this read-only text box display the end entity's certificate and a list of certification hat shows the hierarchy of certification authorities that validate the end entity's certificate. If n authority is one that you have imported as a trusted certificate, it may be the only in the list (along with the end entity's own certificate). The Zyxel Device does not trust the end d displays "Not trusted" in this field if any certificate on the path has expired or been revoked.
Refresh	Click Refiresh to display the certification path.
Certificate Validation	
Enable X.509v3 CRL Distribution Points and OCSP checking	Select this check box to have the Zyxel Device check incoming certificates that are signed by this certificate against a Certificate Revocation List (CRL) or an OCSP server. You also need to configure the OSCP or LDAP server details.
OCSP Server	Select this check box if the directory server uses OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol).
URL	Type the protocol, IP address and pathname of the OCSP server.
ID	The Zyxel Device may need to authenticate itself in order to assess the OCSP server. Type the login name (up to 31 ASCII characters) from the entity maintaining the server (usually a certification authority).
Password	Type the password (up to 31 ASCII characters) from the entity maintaining the OCSP server (usually a certification authority).
LDAP Server	Select this check box if the directory server uses LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol). LDAP is a protocol over TCP that specifies how clients access directories of certificates and lists of revoked certificates.
Address	Type the IP address (in dotted decimal notation) of the directory server.
Port	Use this field to specify the LDAP server port number. You must use the same server port number that the directory server uses. 389 is the default server port number for LDAP.
ID	The Zyxel Device may need to authenticate itself in order to assess the CRL directory server. Type the login name (up to 31 ASCII characters) from the entity maintaining the server (usually a certification authority).
Password	Type the password (up to 31 ASCII characters) from the entity maintaining the CRL directory server (usually a certification authority).
Certificate Information	ו
These read-only fields	display detailed information about the certificate.
Туре	This field displays general information about the certificate. CA-signed means that a Certification Authority signed the certificate. Self-signed means that the certificate's owner signed the certificate (not a certification authority). X.509 means that this certificate was created and signed according to the ITU-T X.509 recommendation that defines the formats for public-key certificates.
Version	This field displays the X.509 version number.
Serial Number	This field displays the certificate's identification number given by the certification authority.
Subject	This field displays information that identifies the owner of the certificate, such as Common Name (CN), Organizational Unit (OU), Organization (O) and Country (C).
Issuer	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's issuing certification authority, such as Common Name, Organizational Unit, Organization and Country.
	With self-signed certificates, this is the same information as in the Subject Name field.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Signature Algorithm	This field displays the type of algorithm that was used to sign the certificate. Some certification authorities use rsa-pkcs1-sha1 (RSA public-private key encryption algorithm and the SHA1 hash algorithm). Other certification authorities may use rsa-pkcs1-md5 (RSA public-private key encryption algorithm and the MD5 hash algorithm).
Valid From	This field displays the date that the certificate becomes applicable. The text displays in red and includes a Not Yet Valid! message if the certificate has not yet become applicable.
Valid To	This field displays the date that the certificate expires. The text displays in red and includes an Expiring! or Expired! message if the certificate is about to expire or has already expired.
Key Algorithm	This field displays the type of algorithm that was used to generate the certificate's key pair (the Zyxel Device uses RSA encryption) and the length of the key set in bits (1024 bits for example).
Subject Alternative Name	This field displays the certificate's owner's IP address (IP), domain name (DNS) or email address (EMAIL).
Key Usage	This field displays for what functions the certificate's key can be used. For example, "DigitalSignature" means that the key can be used to sign certificates and "KeyEncipherment" means that the key can be used to encrypt text.
Basic Constraint	This field displays general information about the certificate. For example, Subject Type=CA means that this is a certification authority's certificate and "Path Length Constraint=1" means that there can only be one certification authority in the certificate's path.
MD5 Fingerprint	This is the certificate's message digest that the Zyxel Device calculated using the MD5 algorithm. You can use this value to verify with the certification authority (over the phone for example) that this is actually their certificate.
SHA1 Fingerprint	This is the certificate's message digest that the Zyxel Device calculated using the SHA1 algorithm. You can use this value to verify with the certification authority (over the phone for example) that this is actually their certificate.
Certificate	This read-only text box displays the certificate or certification request in Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format. PEM uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary certificate into a printable form.
	You can copy and paste the certificate into an email to send to friends or colleagues or you can copy and paste the certificate into a text editor and save the file on a management computer for later distribution (via floppy disk for example).
Export Certificate	Click this button and then Save in the File Download screen. The Save As screen opens, browse to the location that you want to use and click Save .
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device. You can only change the name.
Cancel	Click Cancel to quit and return to the Thusted Certificates screen.

Table 71	Configurations	Object > Cortificate	> Trusted Certificates	> Edit (continued)
		> Obieci > Cenilicale	> invited Certificates	

15.3.2 Import Trusted Certificates

Click Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates > Import to open the Import Trusted Certificates screen. Follow the instructions in this screen to save a trusted certificate to the Zyxel Device.

Note: You must remove any spaces from the certificate's filename before you can import the certificate.

Figure 118	Configuration	> Object :	> Certificate >	Trusted	Certificates >	Import
------------	---------------	------------	-----------------	---------	----------------	--------

Import	t Trusted Certificates	?×
Please	input the File Name	
	nary X.509	
	M (Base-64) encoded X.509 hary PKCS#7	
	M (Base-64) encoded PKCS#7	
Fle:	Select a file	Browse
		OK Cancel

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
File	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click \mathbf{Browse} to find it.	
	You cannot import a certificate with the same name as a certificate that is already in the Zyxel Device.	
Browse	Click Browse to find the certificate file you want to upload.	
OK	Click OK to save the certificate on the Zyxel Device.	
Cancel	Click Cancel to quit and return to the previous screen.	

Table 75 Configuration > Object > Certificate > Trusted Certificates > Import

15.4 Technical Reference

The following section contains additional technical information about the features described in this chapter.

OCSP

OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol) allows an application or device to check whether a certificate is valid. With OCSP the Zyxel Device checks the status of individual certificates instead of downloading a Certificate Revocation List (CRL). OCSP has two main advantages over a CRL. The first is real-time status information. The second is a reduction in network traffic since the Zyxel Device only gets information on the certificates that it needs to verify, not a huge list. When the Zyxel Device requests certificate status information, the OCSP server returns a "expired", "current" or "unknown" response.

C HAPTER 16 System

16.1 Overview

Use the system screens to configure general Zyxel Device settings.

16.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The Host Name screen (Section 16.2 on page 189) configures a unique name for the Zyxel Device in your network.
- The PowerMode screen (Section 16.3 on page 190) configures the Zyxel Device's power settings.
- The Date/Time screen (Section 16.4 on page 191) configures the date and time for the Zyxel Device.
- The **www** screens (Section 16.5 on page 194) configure settings for HTTP or HTTPS access to the Zyxel Device.
- The SSH screen (Section 16.6 on page 202) configures SSH (Secure SHell) for securely accessing the Zyxel Device's command line interface.
- The **FIP** screen (Section 16.7 on page 206) specifies FTP server settings. You can upload and download the Zyxel Device's firmware and configuration files using FTP. Please also see Chapter 18 on page 223 for more information about firmware and configuration files.
- The **SNMP** screens (Section 16.8 on page 207) configure the Zyxel Device's SNMP settings, including profiles that define allowed SNMPv3 access.

16.2 Host Name

A host name is the unique name by which a device is known on a network. Click **Configuration > System > Host Name** to open this screen.

Host Name		
General Settings		
System Name:	WAX620D 6F	(Optional)
System Location:		(Optional)
Domain Name:		(Optional)
	A	pply Reset

Figure 119 Configuration > System > Host Name

189

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
General Settings	
System Name	Choose a descriptive name to identify your Zyxel Device device. This name can be up to 64 alphanumeric characters long. Spaces are not allowed, but dashes (-) underscores (_) and periods (.) are accepted.
System Location	Specify the name of the place where the Zyxel Device is located. You can enter up to 60 alphanumeric and '()' ,:;?! +-*/= #\$%@ characters. Spaces and underscores are allowed. The name should start with a letter.
Domain Name	Enter the domain name (if you know it) here. This name is propagated to DHCP clients connected to interfaces with the DHCP server enabled. This name can be up to 254 alphanumeric characters long. Spaces are not allowed, but dashes "-" are accepted.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 76 Configuration > System > Host Name

16.3 PowerMode

Use this screen to configure the Zyxel Device's power settings. Click **Configuration > System > Power Mode** to open this screen.

Figure 120	Configuration > System > Power Mode
------------	-------------------------------------

Power Mode		
Power Setting		
E Force overn	ide the power mode to full power	
	sure the power source can provide full power to em interrupt issue.	
	Apply Reset	

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Force override the power mode to full powerSelect this check box if you are using a PoE injector that does not support PoE nego Otherwise, the Zyxel Device cannot draw full power from the power sourcing equip Enable this power mode to improve the Zyxel Device's performance in this situationNote: Ensure that the power sourcing equipment can supply enough power AP to avoid abnormal system reboots.		
	Note: Only enable this if you are using a passive PoE injector that is not IEEE 802.3at/bt compliant but can still provide full power.	
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.	

16.4 Date and Time

For effective scheduling and logging, the Zyxel Device system time must be accurate. The Zyxel Device has a software mechanism to set the time manually or get the current time and date from an external server.

To change your Zyxel Device's time based on your local time zone and date, click **Configuration > System > Date/Time**. The screen displays as shown. You can manually set the Zyxel Device's time and date or have the Zyxel Device get the date and time from a time server.



Current Time:	20122-04 OV/FH0000
Current Date:	302909-24
me and Date Setup	
Manuel	
How This (Pfullman)	241 21 1 241
him Date prevente date	
Gel from Time Server	
	0 pool ntp.org
 Gel from Time Server 	
 Get from Time Server Time Server Address*: *Optional, There Is a pre-de 	
Gel from Time Server Ilme Server Address*:	
Get from Time Server Itime Server Address*: *Optional: There is a pre-de me Zone Setup	fried NIP frie server ist.
Get from Time Server Time Server Address*: *Optional, There is a pre-de me Zone Setup Time Zone:	fined NTP time server list. (GMT 00:00) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, 💌
Get from Time Server Itime Server Address*: *Optional: There is a pre-de me Zone Setup Time Zone: [1] Enable Doylight Saving	(GMT 00:00) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, 💌

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 78	Configuration > System > Date/Time	

LABEL	DESC RIPHO N	
Current Time and Dat	Current Time and Date	
Current Time	This field displays the present time of your Zyxel Device.	
Current Date	This field displays the present date of your Zyxel Device.	
Time and Date Setup		
Manual	Select this radio button to enter the time and date manually. If you configure a new time and date, time zone and daylight saving at the same time, the time zone and daylight saving will affect the new time and date you entered. When you enter the time settings manually, the Zyxel Device uses the new setting once you click Apply .	
New Time (hh:mm:ss)	This field displays the last updated time from the time server or the last time configured manually. When you set Time and Date Setup to Manual , enter the new time in this field and then click Apply .	

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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
New Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	This field displays the last updated date from the time server or the last date configured manually.
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	When you set Time and Date Setup to Manual , enter the new date in this field and then click Apply .
Get from Time Server	Select this radio button to have the Zyxel Device get the time and date from the time server you specify below. The Zyxel Device requests time and date settings from the time server under the following circumstances.
	 When the Zyxel Device starts up. When you click Apply or Sync. Now in this screen. 24-hour intervals after starting up.
Time Server Address	Enter the IP address or URL of your time server. Check with your ISP/network administrator if you are unsure of this information.
Sync. Now	Click this button to have the Zyxel Device get the time and date from a time server (see the Time ServerAddress field). This also saves your changes (except the daylight saving settings).
Time Zone Setup	
Time Zone	Choose the time zone of your location. This will set the time difference between your time zone and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).
Enable Daylight Saving	Daylight saving is a period from late spring to fall when many countries set their clocks ahead of normal local time by one hour to give more daytime light in the evening.
	Select this option if you use Daylight Saving Time.
Start Date	Configure the day and time when Daylight Saving Time starts if you selected Enable Daylight Saving . The at field uses the 24 hour format. Here are a couple of examples:
	Daylight Saving Time starts in most parts of the United States on the second Sunday of March. Each time zone in the United States starts using Daylight Saving Time at 2 A.M. local time. So in the United States you would select Second , Sunday , March and type 2 in the at field.
	Daylight Saving Time starts in the European Union on the last Sunday of March. All of the time zones in the European Union start using Daylight Saving Time at the same moment (1 A.M. GMT or UTC). So in the European Union you would select Last , Sunday , March . The time you type in the at field depends on your time zone. In Germany for instance, you would type 2 because Germany's time zone is one hour ahead of GMT or UTC (GMT+1).
End Date	Configure the day and time when Daylight Saving Time ends if you selected Enable Daylight Saving . The at field uses the 24 hour format. Here are a couple of examples:
	Daylight Saving Time ends in the United States on the first Sunday of November. Each time zone in the United States stops using Daylight Saving Time at 2 A.M. local time. So in the United States you would select First , Sunday , November and type 2 in the at field.
	Daylight Saving Time ends in the European Union on the last Sunday of October. All of the time zones in the European Union stop using Daylight Saving Time at the same moment (1 A.M. GMT or UTC). So in the European Union you would select Iast , Sunday , October . The time you type in the at field depends on your time zone. In Germany for instance, you would type 2 because Germany's time zone is one hour ahead of GMT or UTC (GMT+1).
Offset	Specify how much the clock changes when daylight saving begins and ends.
	Enter a number from 1 to 5.5 (by 0.5 increments).
	For example, if you set this field to 3.5, a log occurred at 6 P.M. in local official time will appear as if it had occurred at 10:30 P.M.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 78 Configuration > System > Date/Time (continued)

16.4.1 Pre-defined NTP Time Servers List

When you turn on the Zyxel Device for the first time, the date and time start at 2003-01-01 00:00:00. The Zyxel Device then attempts to synchronize with one of the following pre-defined list of Network Time Protocol (NTP) time servers.

The Zyxel Device continues to use the following pre-defined list of NTP time servers if you do not specify a time server or it cannot synchronize with the time server you specified.

Table 79Default Time Servers0.pool.ntp.org1.pool.ntp.org2.pool.ntp.org

When the Zyxel Device uses the pre-defined list of NTP time servers, it randomly selects one server and tries to synchronize with it. If the synchronization fails, then the Zyxel Device goes through the rest of the list in order from the first one tried until either it is successful or all the pre-defined NTP time servers have been tried.

16.4.2 Time Server Synchronization

Click the Sync. Now button to get the time and date from the time server you specified in the Time Server Address field.

When the Loading message appears, you may have to wait up to one minute.



The **Current Time** and **Current Date** fields will display the appropriate settings if the synchronization is successful.

If the synchronization was not successful, a log displays in the View Log screen. Try re-configuring the Date/Time screen.

To manually set the Zyxel Device date and time:

- 1 Click System > Date / Time.
- 2 Select Manual Under Time and Date Setup.
- 3 Enter the Zyxel Device's time in the New Time field.
- 4 Enter the Zyxel Device's date in the New Date field.
- 5 Under Time Zone Setup, select your Time Zone from the list.
- 6 As an option you can select the **Enable Daylight Saving** check box to adjust the Zyxel Device clock for daylight savings.
- 7 Click Apply.

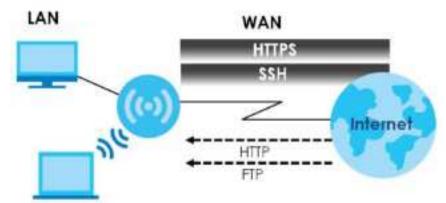
To get the Zyxel Device date and time from a time server:

- 1 Click System > Date / Time.
- 2 Select Get from Time Server Under Time and Date Setup.
- 3 Under Time Zone Setup, select your Time Zone from the list.
- 4 Under Time and Date Setup, enter a Time Server Address.
- 5 Click Apply.

16.5 WWW Overview

The following figure shows secure and insecure management of the Zyxel Device coming in from the WAN. HTTPS and SSH access are secure. HTTP and FTP management access are not secure.

Figure 123 Secure and Insecure Service Access From the WAN



16.5.1 Service Access Limitations

A service cannot be used to access the Zyxel Device when you have disabled that service in the corresponding screen.

16.5.2 System Timeout

There is a lease timeout for administrators. The Zyxel Device automatically logs you out if the management session remains idle for longer than this timeout period. The management session does not time out when a statistics screen is polling.

Each user is also forced to log in the Zyxel Device for authentication again when the reauthentication time expires.

You can change the timeout settings in the User screens.

16.5.3 HTIPS

You can set the Zyxel Device to use HTTP or HTTPS (HTTPS adds security) for Web Configurator sessions.

HTTPS (HyperText Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer, or HTTP over SSL) is a web protocol that encrypts and decrypts web pages. Secure Socket Layer (SSL) is an application-level protocol that enables secure transactions of data by ensuring confidentiality (an unauthorized party cannot read the transferred data), authentication (one party can identify the other party) and data integrity (you know if data has been changed).

It relies upon certificates, public keys, and private keys (see Chapter 15 on page 173 for more information).

HTTPS on the Zyxel Device is used so that you can securely access the Zyxel Device using the Web Configurator. The SSL protocol specifies that the HTTPS server (the Zyxel Device) must always authenticate itself to the HTTPS client (the computer which requests the HTTPS connection with the Zyxel Device), whereas the HTTPS client only should authenticate itself when the HTTPS server requires it to do so (select **Authenticate Client Certificates** in the **WWW** screen). **Authenticate Client Certificates** is optional and if selected means the HTTPS client must send the Zyxel Device a certificate. You must apply for a certificate for the browser from a CA that is a trusted CA on the Zyxel Device.

Please refer to the following figure.

- 1 HTTPS connection requests from an SSL-aware web browser go to port 443 (by default) on the Zyxel Device's web server.
- 2 HTTP connection requests from a web browser go to port 80 (by default) on the Zyxel Device's web server.

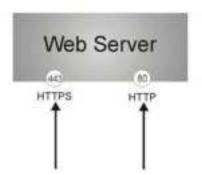


Figure 124 HTTP/HTTPS Implementation

Note: If you disable **HTTP** in the **WWW** screen, then the Zyxel Device blocks all HTTP connection attempts.

16.5.4 Configuring WWW Service Control

Click **Configuration > System > WWW** to open the **WWW** screen. Use this screen to specify HTTP or HTTPS settings.

Figure 125 Configuration	on > System	> WWW $>$	Service Control
--------------------------	-------------	-----------	-----------------

Service Control	
HTTPS	
Enable Server Port:	443
 Authenticate Client Ce Server Certificate: Redirect HTTP to HTTPS 	default
HTTP	
Enable Server Port:	80
	Apply Reset

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
HTTPS	•
Enable	Select the check box to allow or disallow the computer with the IP address that matches the IP address(es) in the Service Control table to access the Zyxel Device Web Configurator using secure HTTPs connections.
Server Port	The HTTPS server listens on port 443 by default. If you change the HTTPS server port to a different number on the Zyxel Device, for example 8443, then you must notify people who need to access the Zyxel Device Web Configurator to use "https://Zyxel Device IP Address:8443" as the URL.
Authenticate Client Certificates	Select Authenticate Client Certificates (optional) to require the SSL client to authenticate itself to the Zyxel Device by sending the Zyxel Device a certificate. To do that the SSL client must have a CA-signed certificate from a CA that has been imported as a trusted CA on the Zyxel Device.
	Click Thusted CAs to go to the Configuration $>$ Object $>$ Certificate $>$ Thusted Certificates screen and check for the trusted certificates settings.
Server Certificate	Select a certificate the HTTPS server (the Zyxel Device) uses to authenticate itself to the HTTPS client. You must have certificates already configured in the My Certific a te s screen.
Redirect HTTP to HTTPS	To allow only secure Web Configurator access, select this to redirect all HTTP connection requests to the HTTPS server.
HTTP	
Enable	Select the check box to allow or disallow the computer with the IP address that matches the IP address(es) in the Service Control table to access the Zyxel Device Web Configurator using HTTP connections.
Server Port	You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you must use the same port number in order to use that service to access the Zyxel Device.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 80 Configuration > System > WWW > Service Control

16.5.5 HTIPS Example

If you have not changed the default HTTPS port on the Zyxel Device, then in your browser enter "https:// Zyxel Device IP Address/" as the web site address where "Zyxel Device IP Address" is the IP address or domain name of the Zyxel Device you wish to access.

16.5.5.1 Google Chrome Warning Messages

When you attempt to access the Zyxel Device HTTPS server, you will see the error message shown in the following screen.

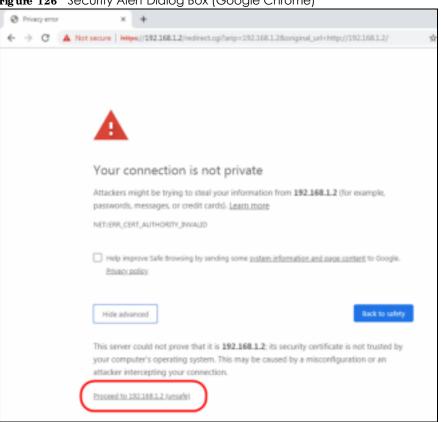


Figure 126 Security Alert Dialog Box (Google Chrome)

Select Advanced > Proceed to 192.168.1.2 (unsafe) to proceed to the Web Configurator login screen.

16.5.5.2 Mozilla Fire fox Warning Messages

When you attempt to access the Zyxel Device HTTPS server, a Warning screen appears as shown in the following screen. Click Leam More... if you want to verify more information about the certificate from the Zyxel Device.

Click Advanced > Accept the Risk and Continue.



Warning: Potential Security Risk Ahead
Firefox detected a potential security threat and did not continue to 192.168.1.2. If you visit this site, attackers could try to steal information like your passwords, emails, or credit card details.
Lears more
Go Back (Recommended) Advanced
Websites prove their identity via certificates. Firefox does not trust this site because it uses a certificate that is not valid for 192168.12. The certificate is only valid for .
Error code: MOZILLA_PKDC_ERROR_SELF_SIGNED_CERT
View Certificate
Go Back (Recommended) Accept the Risk and Continue

16.5.5.3 Avoiding Browser Warning Messages

Here are the main reasons your browser displays warnings about the Zyxel Device's HTTPS server certificate and what you can do to avoid seeing the warnings:

- The issuing certificate authority of the Zyxel Device's HTTPS server certificate is not one of the browser's trusted certificate authorities. The issuing certificate authority of the Zyxel Device's factory default certificate is the Zyxel Device itself since the certificate is a self-signed certificate.
- For the browser to trust a self-signed certificate, import the self-signed certificate into your operating system as a trusted certificate.
- To have the browser trust the certificates issued by a certificate authority, import the certificate authority's certificate into your operating system as a trusted certificate. Refer to Appendix A on page 272 for details.

16.5.5.4 Enrolling and Importing SSLC lient Certificates

The SSL client needs a certificate if Authenticate Client Certificates is selected on the Zyxel Device.

You must have imported at least one trusted CA to the Zyxel Device in order for the **Authenticate Client Certificates** to be active (see the Certificates chapter for details).

Apply for a certificate from a Certification Authority (CA) that is trusted by the Zyxel Device (see the Zyxel Device's **Thusted Certificates** Web Configurator screen).

Figure 128 Trusted Certificates

Ki Storoge Spoce	in Use	10.5	FT week.	
rusted Certificates	Talling			
	s Ching			
8 Norte -		Balleer	Valid Rom	Valid To
14. 6 Page 1	of 1 + H Show se	W Herris		No dalla to o

The CA sends you a package containing the CA's trusted certificate(s), your personal certificate(s) and a password to install the personal certificate(s).

16.5.5.5 Installing a Personal Certificate

You need a password in advance. The CA may issue the password or you may have to specify it during the enrollment. Double-click the personal certificate given to you by the CA to produce a screen similar to the one shown next.

1 Click **Next** to begin the wizard.



2 The file name and path of the certificate you double-clicked should automatically appear in the File name text box. Click **Browse** if you wish to import a different certificate.



3 Enter the password given to you by the CA.

talicate Import Watard	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OF THE	1
Password		
To maintain security, the private key	was protected with a password.	
Type the password for the private lier	÷	
Passworth	6	
Enable strong private key prot prompted every time the privat application if your enable that application	ter kery ter used by an	
E Back the private key as export	ada a	
	< gack Ment >	

4 Have the wizard determine where the certificate should be saved on your computer or select Place all certificates in the following store and choose a different location.

101 - V.W.S. MA	ana ann an An			
Wedows can automatic Pagtomatically sel		and the second second		
C Bace at certificat			e cape or surve	-
Certitades surre				
			L L HO	
				22

5 Click Finish to complete the wizard and begin the import process.

Certificate Insport Waard	Completing the P Wizard You have successfully comp weard. You have specified the follo	
	Certificate Store Selected Content Plin Name	Automatically determined by t BPX Dr.Whowests_2003-10(cPE2)cp
	4	
	e gask	Frish Cancel

6 You should see the following screen when the certificate is correctly installed on your computer.



16.5.5.6 Using a Certificate When Accessing the Zyxel Device

To access the Zyxel Device via HTTPS:

1 Enter 'https://Zyxel Device IP Address/' in your browser's web address field.



2 When Authenticate Client Certificates is selected on the Zyxel Device, the following screen asks you to select a personal certificate to send to the Zyxel Device. This screen displays even if you only have a single certificate as in the example.



3 You next see the Web Configurator login screen.

16.6 SSH

You can use SSH (Secure SHell) to securely access the Zyxel Device's command line interface.

SSH is a secure communication protocol that combines authentication and data encryption to provide secure encrypted communication between two hosts over an unsecured network. In the following figure, computer B on the Internet uses SSH to securely connect to the Zyxel Device (A) for a management session.

Figure 129 SSH Communication Over the WAN Example

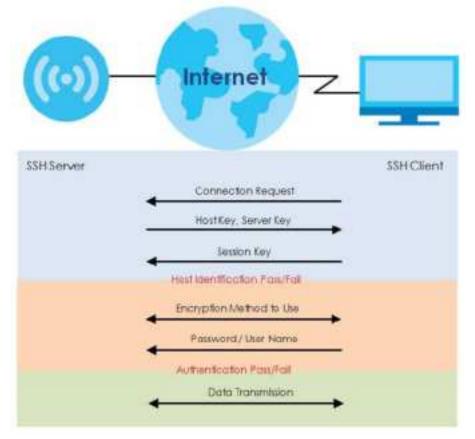


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16.6.1 How SSH Works

The following figure is an example of how a secure connection is established between two remote hosts using SSH v1.





1 Host Identification

The SSH client sends a connection request to the SSH server. The server identifies itself with a host key. The client encrypts a randomly generated session key with the host key and server key and sends the result back to the server.

The client automatically saves any new server public keys. In subsequent connections, the server public key is checked against the saved version on the client computer.

2 Encryption Method

Once the identification is verified, both the client and server must agree on the type of encryption method to use.

3 Authentication and Data Transmission

After the identification is verified and data encryption activated, a secure tunnel is established between the client and the server. The client then sends its authentication information (user name and password) to the server to log in to the server.

16.6.2 SSH Implementation on the Zyxel Device

Your Zyxel Device supports SSH versions 1 and 2 using RSA authentication and four encryption methods (AES, 3DES, Archfour, and Blowfish). The SSH server is implemented on the Zyxel Device for management using port 22 (by default).

16.6.3 Requirements for Using SSH

You must install an SSH client program on a client computer (Windows or Linux operating system) that is used to connect to the Zyxel Device over SSH.

16.6.4 Configuring SSH

Click **Configuration > System > SSH** to open the following screen. Use this screen to configure your Zyxel Device's Secure Shell settings.

Note: It is recommended that you disable FTP when you configure SSH for secure connections.

Figure 131	Configuration > System > SSH

5300				
General Settings				
Server Ports	22			
Server Certificate:	defou?	10		
		-		
		Apply	Repet	

LABEL	DESC RIPHO N
Enable	Select the check box to allow or disallow the computer with the IP address that matches the IP address(es) in the Service Control table to access the Zyxel Device CLI using this service.
	Note: The Zyxel Device uses only SSH version 2 protocol.
Server Port	You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you must use the same port number in order to use that service for remote management.
Server Certificate	Select the certificate whose corresponding private key is to be used to identify the Zyxel Device for SSH connections. You must have certificates already configured in the My Certificates screen.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 81 Configuration > System > SSH

16.6.5 Examples of Secure Telnet Using SSH

This section shows two examples using a command interface and a graphical interface SSH client program to remotely access the Zyxel Device. The configuration and connection steps are similar for most SSH client programs. Refer to your SSH client program user's guide.

16.6.5.1 Example 1: Microsoft Windows

This section describes how to access the Zyxel Device using the Secure Shell Client program.

- 1 Launch the SSH client and specify the connection information (IP address, port number) for the Zyxel Device.
- **2** Configure the SSH client to accept connection using SSH version 2.
- 3 A window displays prompting you to store the host key in you computer. Click Yes to continue.
 - Figure 132 SSH Example 1: Store Host Key

Officia	atty Warring		
54	Unknown fiest key		
210	The host key of 182,168,1.2 database. The host key sho	(part: 32) is not regular 2d he seved to authentic	with the local host lary ate this hast at next line.
	To you want to accept their	act ley?	
	Accept Qros	Acoust and Second	Sece

Enter the password to log in to the Zyxel Device. The CLI screen displays next.

16.6.5.2 Example 2: Linux

This section describes how to access the Zyxel Device using the OpenSSH client program that comes with most Linux distributions.

1 Enter "ssh -2 192.168.1.2" at a terminal prompt and press [ENTER]. This command forces your computer to connect to the Zyxel Device using SSH version 1. If this is the first time you are connecting to the Zyxel Device using SSH, a message displays prompting you to save the host information of the Zyxel Device. Type "yes" and press [ENTER].

Then enter the password to log in to the Zyxel Device.

Figure 133 SSH Example 2: Log in

\$ ssh -2 192.168.1.2 The authenticity of host '192.168.1.2 (192.168.1.2)' can't be established. RSA1 key fingerprint is 21:6c:07:25:7e:f4:75:80:ec:af:bd:d4:3d:80:53:d1. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '192.168.1.2' (RSA1) to the list of known hosts. Administrator@192.168.1.2's password:

2 The CLI screen displays next.

16.7 FIP

You can upload and download the Zyxel Device's firmware and configuration files using FTP. To use this feature, your computer must have an FTP client. See Chapter 18 on page 223 for more information about firmware and configuration files. To change your Zyxel Device's FTP settings, click **Configuration >** System > FTP tab. The screen appears as shown. Use this screen to specify FTP settings.

Figure 134	Configuration >	System > FTP
------------	-----------------	--------------

FTP				
General Settings				
Enable				
TLS required				
Server Port:	21			
Server Certificate:	default		*	
		Apply	Reset	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Enable	Select the check box to allow or disallow the computer with the IP address that matches the IP address(es) in the Service Control table to access the Zyxel Device using this service.
TLS required	Select the check box to use FTP over TLS (Transport Layer Security) to encrypt communication.
	This implements TLS as a security mechanism to secure FTP clients and/or servers.
Server Port	You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you must use the same port number in order to use that service for remote management.
Server Certificate	Select the certificate whose corresponding private key is to be used to identify the Zyxel Device for FTP connections. You must have certificates already configured in the My Certificates screen.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

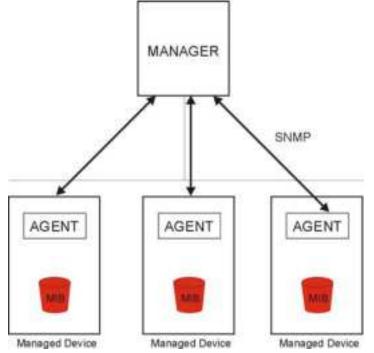
Table 82 Configuration > System > FTP

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16.8 SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol is a protocol used for exchanging management information between network devices. Your Zyxel Device supports SNMP agent functionality, which allows a manager station to manage and monitor the Zyxel Device through the network. The Zyxel Device supports SNMP version one (SNMPv1), version two (SNMPv2c), and version three (SNMPv3). The next figure illustrates an SNMP management operation.





An SNMP managed network consists of two main types of component: agents and a manager.

An agent is a management software module that resides in a managed device (the Zyxel Device). An agent translates the local management information from the managed device into a form compatible with SNMP. The manager is the console through which network administrators perform network management functions. It executes applications that control and monitor managed devices.

The managed devices contain object variables/managed objects that define each piece of information to be collected about a device. Examples of variables include such as number of packets received, node port status etc. A Management Information Base (MIB) is a collection of managed objects. SNMP allows a manager and agents to communicate for the purpose of accessing these objects.

SNMP itself is a simple request/response protocol based on the manager/agent model. The manager issues a request and the agent returns responses using the following protocol operations:

- Get Allows the manager to retrieve an object variable from the agent.
- GetNext Allows the manager to retrieve the next object variable from a table or list within an agent. In SNMPv1, when a manager wants to retrieve all elements of a table from an agent, it initiates a Get operation, followed by a series of GetNext operations.
- Set Allows the manager to set values for object variables within an agent.

• Trap - Used by the agent to inform the manager of some events.

16.8.1 Supported MIBs

The Zyxel Device supports MIB II that is defined in RFC-1213 and RFC-1215. The Zyxel Device also supports private MIBs (ZYXEL-ES-CAPWAP.MIB, ZYXEL-ES-COMMON.MIB, ZYXEL-ES-ZyXELAPMgmt.MIB, ZYXEL-ES-PROWLAN.MIB, ZYXEL-ES-RFMGMT.MIB, ZYXEL-ES-SMI.MIB, and ZYXEL-ES-WIRELESS.MIB) to collect information about CPU and memory usage and VPN total throughput. The focus of the MIBs is to let administrators collect statistical data and monitor status and performance. You can download the Zyxel Device's MIBs from www.zyxel.com.

16.8.2 SNMP Traps

The Zyxel Device will send traps to the SNMP manager when any one of the following events occurs.

OBJECTIABEL	OBJECTID	DESC RIPTIO N
linkDown	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.3	This trap is sent when the Ethernet link is down.
linkUp	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.4	This trap is sent when the Ethernet link is up.
authenticationFailure	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.5	This trap is sent when an SNMP request comes from non- authenticated hosts.

Table 83 SNMP Traps

16.8.3 Configuring SNMP

To change your Zyxel Device's SNMP settings, click **Configuration > System > SNMP** tab. The screen appears as shown. Use this screen to configure your SNMP settings. You can also configure user profiles that define allowed SNMPv3 access.

Note: Not all Zyxel Device models support the SNMP feature. See the comparison table in Section 1.2 on page 13.

Figure 136 Configuration > System > SNMP

Bucker Ports 147 Bucker Ports 147 Buck Cummunity:	General Settings					
Tes: Currenuelly: Currenuelly: Currenuelly: Destruction (Contract) El Trace Marines Event Currenuelly: El Trace Marines Event Currenuelly: Bat Contract(y): Currenuelly: Bat Contract(y): Currenuelly: Bat Contract(y): Currenuelly:	E BADIN					
Feal Currenuelly Currenuelly Content Destination (Optional) Distriction (Optional)	Survey Port	141				
Currenucly,	Tes:					
El Traz Marine Event El Soutrage Get Community:	Currenurshy:		(Optional)			
El Book de Get Communitus Ret Communitus El Book de O Acel Communitus	Destrution		(Cpicent)			
Get Community:	Trip Whenes	Event				
Set Community) ········	ET BASIFICAL					
Bat Community)	Gel Community					
D And 2000 Therease		*******				
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a Date Martin Autority Million	d lines the sum		Artuntuater	Petratory	Philippi	
14 A Page util A H State M where Hore	in a Poppel of A	A AL DAMAGE	w fame		No data	to chait
				Apply Benet		

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N		
Enable	Select the check box to allow or disallow users to access the Zyxel Device using SNMP.		
Server Port You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you same port number in order to use that service for remote management.			
Trap			
Community	Type the trap community, which is the password sent with each trap to the SNMP manager. The default is public and allows all requests. You can use up to 63 alphanumeric(0-9, a-z, A-Z) characters, underscores (_), dots (·). The first character cannot be a dot.		
Destination	Type the IP address of the station to send your SNMP traps to.		
Trap Wireless Event	Select this to have the Zyxel Device send a trap to the SNMP manager when a WiFi client is connected to or disconnected from the Zyxel Device.		
SNMPv2c	Select this to allow SNMP managers using SNMPv2c to access the Zyxel Device.		
Get Community	Enter the Get Community , which is the password for the incoming Get and GetNext requests from the management station. The default is public and allows all requests. You can use up to 63 alphanumeric(0-9, a-z, A-Z) characters, underscores (_), dots (·). The first character cannot be a dot.		
Set Community	Enter the Set community , which is the password for incoming Set requests from the management station. The default is private and allows all requests. You can use up to 63 alphanumeric(0-9, a-z, A-Z) characters, underscores (_), dots (·). The first character cannot be a dot.		
SNMPv3	Select this to allow SNMP managers using SNMPv3 to access the Zyxel Device.		
Add	Click this to create a new entry. Select an entry and click Add to create a new entry after the selected entry.		
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to be able to modify the entry's settings.		
Remove	To remove an entry, select it and click \mathbf{Remove} . The Zyxel Device confirms you want to remove it before doing so. Note that subsequent entries move up by one when you take this action.		
#	This the index number of an SNMPv3 user profile.		
User Name	This is the name of the user for which this SNMPv3 user profile is configured.		
Authentication	This field displays the type of authentication the SNMPv3 user must use to connect to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.		
Privacy	This field displays the type of encryption the SNMPv3 user must use to connect to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.		
Privilege	This field displays whether the SNMPv3 user can have read-only or read and write access to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.		
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.		
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.		

Table 84 Configuration > System > SNMP

16.8.4 Adding or Editing an SNMPv3 User Profile

This screen allows you to add or edit an SNMPv3 user profile. To access this screen, click the **Configuration > System > SNMP** screen's **Add** button or select a SNMPv3 user profile from the list and click the **Edit** button.

Figure 137 Configuration > System > SNMP > Add

ser Name :	admin	*
uthentication:	MDS	
fivacy;	NONE	1
Wege:	Read-Write	

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
User Name	Select the user name of the user account for which this SNMPv3 user profile is configured.
Authentication	Select the type of authentication the SNMPv3 user must use to connect to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.
	Select MD5 to require the SNMPv3 user's password be encrypted by MD5 for authentication.
	Select SHA to require the SNMPv3 user's password be encrypted by SHA for authentication.
Privacy	Select the type of encryption the SNMPv3 user must use to connect to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.
	Select NONE to not encrypt the SNMPv3 communications.
	Select DES to use DES to encrypt the SNMPv3 communications.
	Select AES to use AES to encrypt the SNMPv3 communications.
Privilege	Select whether the SNMPv3 user can have read-only or read and write access to the Zyxel Device using this SNMPv3 user profile.
OK	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving your changes.

Table 85 Configuration > System > SNMP > Add

C HAPTER 17 Log and Report

17.1 Overview

Use the system screens to configure daily reporting and log settings.

17.1.1 What You Can Do In this Chapter

- The Email Daily Report screen (Section 17.3 on page 213) configures how and where to send daily reports and what reports to send.
- The Log Setting screens (Section 17.3 on page 213) specify which logs are emailed, where they are emailed, and how often they are emailed.

17.2 Email Daily Report

Use this screen to start or stop data collection and view various statistics about traffic passing through your Zyxel Device.

Note: This screen will not appear if your Zyxel Device does not support email daily report.

Note: Data collection may decrease the Zyxel Device's traffic throughput rate.

Click **Configuration > Log & Report > Email Daily Report** to display the following screen. Configure this screen to have the Zyxel Device email you system statistics every day.

Figure 138	Configuration > Log & Report > Email Daily Report
rigule 150	

General Settings			
Enable Email Daily Rep-			
	oet -		
Email Settings			
Mail Server:			Outgoing SMIP Server Name or IP Address)
SSL/TLS Encryption:	No		a.
Mail Server Forth	25		(1-65335) (Optional)
Mail Subject:			
🗵 Append system non	ne .		
E Append date time			
Mail Fram:			(Email Address)
Mail To:	1		😃 (Email Address)
			(Email Address)
			(Email Address)
			(Emoli Address)
			(Email Address)
SMTP Authentication			
Lines Name 1			
Protoco de mil			
Sand Segurit News			
Schedule			
Time for sending report:	07	(nours) 00	(minutes)
Report Items			
System Resource Usage			
IE CPU Usage			
12 Memory Usage			
12 Fort Usage			
😢 Fort Usage			

Table 86 Configuration > Log & Report > Email Daily Report

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General Settings	
Enable Email Daily Report	Select this to send reports by email every day.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Email Settings	
Mail Server	Type the name or IP address of the outgoing SMTP server.
SSL/TLS Encryption	Select SSI/ TLS to use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS) if you want encrypted communications between the mail server and the Zyxel Device.
	Select STARTILS to upgrade a plain text connection to a secure connection using SSL/TLS.
	Select \mathbf{N}_{0} to not encrypt the communications.
Mail Server Port	Enter the same port number here as is on the mail server for mail traffic.
Mail Subject	Type the subject line for the outgoing email. Select Append system name to add the Zyxel Device's system name to the subject. Select Append date time to add the Zyxel Device's system date and time to the subject.
Mail From	Type the email address from which the outgoing email is delivered. This address is used in replies.
Mail To	Type the email address (or addresses) to which the outgoing email is delivered.
SMTP Authentication	Select this check box if it is necessary to provide a user name and password to the SMTP server.
User Name	This box is effective when you select the SMTP Authentic a tion check box. Type the user name to provide to the SMTP server when the log is emailed.
Password	This box is effective when you select the SMTP Authentic a tion check box. Type the password to provide to the SMTP server when the log is emailed.
Send Report Now	Click this button to have the Zyxel Device send the daily email report immediately.
Schedule	
Time for sending report	Select the time of day (hours and minutes) when the log is emailed. Use 24-hour notation.
Report Items	Select the information to include in the report. Select Reset counters after sending report successfully if you only want to see statistics for a 24 hour period.
Reset All Counters	Click this to discard all report data and start all of the counters over at zero.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click $\operatorname{\mathbf{Re}}\operatorname{\mathbf{se}}\operatorname{\mathbf{t}}$ to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

Table 86 Configuration > Log & Report > Email Daily Report (continued)

17.3 Log Setting

These screens control log messages and alerts. A log message stores the information for viewing (for example, in the **Monitor > View Log** screen). Usually, alerts are used for events that require more serious attention, such as system errors and attacks.

The **Log Setting** screen provides a summary of all the settings. You can use the **Edit Log Setting** screen to maintain the detailed settings (such as log categories, server names, etc.) for any log. Alternatively, if you want to edit what events is included in each log, you can also use the **Active Log Summary** screen to edit this information for all logs at the same time.

17.3.1 Log Setting Screen

To access this screen, click Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting.

Figure 139	Configuration >	Log & Report >	Log Setting

_	_	uthelle, 9 Addreille		1	
1.		Name	Log Format	Lingung)	
1		Remote Server 1	VRPE/Sysiog	Server Address: Sag Facility: Local 1	
2		Remote Server 2	VRPT/Syring	Server Address: Log Rackity: Locol 1	
2	9	Remote Server 3	vier/iying	Lever Address: Log Pacility: Local 1	
4	8	Remote Server #	Vent/S/epg	Server Address Log Pacility: Locol 1	
P1	1.179	an 🖸 an the Million	now in leisens		Distibying 1 - 4 of 4

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Edit	Double-click an entry or select it and click Edit to open a screen where you can modify the entry's settings.	
Activate	Activate To turn on an entry, select it and click Ac tiva te .	
Inactivate	To turn off an entry, select it and click Inactivate.	
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific log.	
Status	This field shows whether the log is active or not.	
Name	This field displays the name of the log (system log or one of the remote servers).	
Log Format	This field displays the format of the log.	
	Internal - system log; you can view the log on the $View \log$ tab.	
	VRPT Syslog - Zyxel's Vantage Report, syslog-compatible format.	
	CEF/Syslog - Common Event Format, syslog-compatible format.	
Summary	This field is a summary of the settings for each log.	
Active Log Summary	Click this button to open the Active Log Summary screen.	
Apply	Click this button to save your changes (activate and deactivate logs) and make them take effect.	

T. I.I. 07			
1 able 8/	Configuration >	Log & Report > Log Setting	

17.3.2 Edit System Log Settings

This screen controls the detailed settings for each log in the system log (which includes the email profiles). Select a system log entry in the **Log Setting** screen and click the **Edit** icon.

Note: The **E** mail Server fields will not appear if your Zyxel Device does not support email daily report.

Edit Log Setting		
-mail Server 1		
III Active		
Mail Server:		(Outgoing StdPF Server Name or IP Adament
Maurita Encryptions	190	<u>a</u>
Mail Server Forts	25	(1.455945) (Optimus)
Mail Websch		
If Append system name		
38 Appendidate time		
Benad Promi		(E-Moli Acckett)
Sendingha		(E-Mail Address)
Send Alematur	1	(E-Moli Accest)
Sending ung:	When Full	*
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time for her descriptions:		
In SMITE Authion Carlon		
Wiver Norme 1		
Patrovana		
and a second second		
E-mail Server 2		
C Active		
Mal Server:		(Outgoing Sidt# Server Name or IP Address)
SIL/FLS Encryphoni	140	
kidd Server Port:	25	(1+65535) (Optional)
Watlinciecti		
Append system name		
IE Append date the		
Secul From.		(E-Mail Accrest)
Sending N		G-Mail Address;
Terral Americ Inc.		(\$ Mail Apares)
Sendingling	When full	1
Discher Beinfreg Logs		
Then for Sorroball Ling-		
E 1X/TP Automication		
User Home :		
Fostword		
Part of the second second second		
Active Log and Alert		
3 System Logn - E-molt Serv	COLUMN STOCKED AND A DOC	
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	1919 E	en en
	00	B (3) B (3)
Account		C C C C C
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	0.0	00 00
2 App Volulty 3 Authentication Server	0.00	
2 App Volally	0.00	
2 App Volulty 3 Authentication Server	0.00	
2 App Voluthy 3 Authentication Server 1 1 Poge [of 1 + 4	0.00	

Figure 140 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit System Log Setting

Table 88 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit System Log Setting

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
E-Mail Server 1/2	
Active	Select this to send log messages and alerts according to the information in this section. You specify what kinds of log messages are included in log information and what kinds of log messages are included in alerts in the Active Log and Alert section.
Mail Server	Type the name or IP address of the outgoing SMTP server.
SSL/TLS Encryption	Select SSL/ TLS to use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS) if you want encrypted communications between the mail server and the Zyxel Device.
	Select STARTILS to upgrade a plain text connection to a secure connection using SSL/TLS.
	Select \mathbf{No} to not encrypt the communications.
Mail Server Port	Enter the same port number here as is on the mail server for mail traffic.
Mail Subject	Type the subject line for the outgoing email. Select Append system name to add the Zyxel Device's system name to the subject. Select Append date time to add the Zyxel Device's system date and time to the subject.
Send From	Type the email address from which the outgoing email is delivered. This address is used in replies.
Send Log To	Type the email address to which the outgoing email is delivered.
Send Alerts To	Type the email address to which alerts are delivered.
Sending Log	Select how often log information is emailed. Choices are: When Full, Hourly and When Full, Daily and When Full, and Weekly and When Full.
Day for Sending Log	This field is available if the log is emailed weekly. Select the day of the week the log is emailed.
Time for Sending Log	This field is available if the log is emailed weekly or daily. Select the time of day (hours and minutes) when the log is emailed. Use 24-hour notation.
SMTP Authentication	Select this check box if it is necessary to provide a user name and password to the SMTP server.
User Name	This box is effective when you select the SMTP Authentic ation check box. Type the user name to provide to the SMTP server when the log is emailed.
Password	This box is effective when you select the SMTP Authentic ation check box. Type the password to provide to the SMTP server when the log is emailed.
Active Log and Alert	
System log	Use the System Log drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.
	disable all logs (red X) - do not log any information for any category for the system log or email any logs to email server 1 or 2.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - create log messages and alerts for all categories for the system log. If email server 1 or 2 also has normal logs enabled, the Zyxel Device will email logs to them.
	enable nomallogs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - create log messages, alerts, and debugging information for all categories. The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if this setting is selected.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
E-mail Server 1	Use the E Mail Server 1 drop-down list to change the settings for emailing logs to email server 1 for all log categories.
	Using the System Log drop-down list to disable all logs overrides your email server 1 settings.
	enable normal logs (green check mark) - email log messages for all categories to email server 1.
	enable alert logs (red exclamation point) - email alerts for all categories to email server 1.
E-mail Server 2	Use the E Mail Server 2 drop-down list to change the settings for emailing logs to email server 2 for all log categories.
	Using the $\mathbf{System} \ \mathbf{Log}$ drop-down list to disable all logs overrides your email server 2 settings.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - email log messages for all categories to email server 2.
	enable alert logs (red exclamation point) - email alerts for all categories to email server 2.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific address.
Log Category	This field displays each category of messages. It is the same value used in the Display and Category fields in the View Log tab. The Default category includes debugging messages generated by open source software.
System log	Select which events you want to log by Log Category. There are three choices:
	disable all logs (red X) - do not log any information from this category
	enable normal logs (green check mark) - create log messages and alerts from this category
	enable nomal logs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - create log messages, alerts, and debugging information from this category; the Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, however, even if this setting is selected.
E-mail Server 1	Select whether each category of events should be included in the log messages when it is emailed (green check mark) and/or in alerts (red exclamation point) for the email settings specified in E Mail Server 1. The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if it is recorded in the System log.
E-mail Server 2	Select whether each category of events should be included in log messages when it is emailed (green check mark) and/or in alerts (red exclamation point) for the email settings specified in E Mail Server 2. The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if it is recorded in the System log.
Log Consolidation	•
Active	Select this to activate log consolidation. Log consolidation aggregates multiple log messages that arrive within the specified $\log C \circ nsolidation$ Interval. In the View $\log tab$, the text "[count=x]", where x is the number of original log messages, is appended at the end of the Message field, when multiple log messages were aggregated.
Log Consolidation Interval	Type how often, in seconds, to consolidate log information. If the same log message appears multiple times, it is aggregated into one log message with the text "[count= x]", where x is the number of original log messages, appended at the end of the Message
	field. The range is 1-600 seconds.
ОК	field. The range is 1-600 seconds. Click this to save your changes and return to the previous screen.

 Table 88
 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit System Log Setting (continued)

17.3.3 Edit Remote Server

This screen controls the settings for each log in the remote server (syslog). Select a remote server entry in the Log Setting screen and click the Edit icon.

Figure 141 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit Remote Server

17	Active		
i,	og Format:	VRPT/Syslog *	
- 5	erver Address:		(Server Name or IP Address)
Log Facility:		Local 1	
tiv	elog		
0:	Selection •		
	Log Category		Satiscifion
			00
i.	Account		.00
2	App Visibility		.00
5	Authentication Server		. 0 0
i.	Bluetooth		00
5	Built-In Service		.0.0
6	CAPWAP		000
1.	CAPWAP DataForward		
14	4 Page 1 of 1 > H	Show 58 🗶 Items	Displaying 1 - 42 of 42

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Log Settings for Re	mote Server
Active	Select this check box to send log information according to the information in this section. You specify what kinds of messages are included in log information in the Active Log section.
Log Format	This field displays the format of the log information. It is read-only.
	VRPT Syslog - Zyxel's Vantage Report, syslog-compatible format.
	CEF Syslog - Common Event Format, syslog-compatible format.
Server Address	Type the server name or the IP address of the syslog server to which to send log information.
Log Facility	Select a log facility. The log facility allows you to log the messages to different files in the syslog server. Please see the documentation for your syslog program for more information.
Active Log	•

Table 89 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit Remote Server

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Selection	Use the Selection drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.
	$\mathbf{disable} \ \mathbf{all} \ \mathbf{logs}$ (red X) - do not send the remote server logs for any log category.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - send the remote server log messages and alerts for all log categories.
	enable nomallogs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - send the remote server log messages, alerts, and debugging information for all log categories.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific address.
Log Category	This field displays each category of messages. It is the same value used in the Display and Category fields in the View Log tab. The Default category includes debugging messages generated by open source software.
Selection	Select what information you want to log from each Log Category (except All Logs; see below). Choices are:
	${f disable\ all\ logs}$ (red X) - do not log any information from this category
	enable normal logs (green checkmark) - log regular information and alerts from this category
	enable nomallogs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - log regular information, alerts, and debugging information from this category
ОК	Click this to save your changes and return to the previous screen.
Cancel	Click this to return to the previous screen without saving your changes.

Table 89 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Edit Remote Server (continued)

17.3.4 Active Log Summary

This screen allows you to view and to edit what information is included in the system log and remote servers at the same time. It does not let you change other log settings. To access this screen, go to the **Log Setting** screen, and click the **Active Log Summary** button.

Note: The **E**-mail Server fields will not appear if your Zyxel Device does not support email daily report.

	Log Colitany		Fartuite	(Hermony)		
					Arrest 1	birren e
		3424	M GEOL	020	980	W (3)2
	Account	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ŧ.	Aumenticonor Server	0.00	•00.	.00	.00	.00
2	Bijetpotti	0.00	.00	.00		.0.0
4	buttim bennce	dep:	.00	.00	.00	.00
5	Cloud Avth	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
6	Cornectivity Check	0.00	.00	•00.	.00	.00
7	Doly Report	0.00	.00	.00	.00	• 0 0
ŧ.	Detault	00.0	• O D .	00	.00	.00
۴.	Device HA	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
14	Dynamic Rebuelloy	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
11	DHCP	0.00	•00	00	.00	.00
12	The Monager	0.00	.00.	.00	.00	.00
1	Force Au/transcontion	0.0		.00	• O G	.00
4	interfoce.	0.00	.00	00	.00	.00
10	priertace thateful		.00	.00	.00	.00
16	40 F	0.00	.00	.00	.00	
1	Rep Time Location I	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
1	Impri Main	0.0	.00	.00	.00	.00
1	its maming	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
25	Tatus inti Colector		.00	.00	.00	.00
21	Tystem	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
12	System Manitolity		.00	.00	.00	.00
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ŝŧ.	Sites .	0.00	.00	00	.00	
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28	WLAN Dynamic Cha.	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
29	AP Loss Batanang	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ii)	WLAN Roque AP Del	0.00	.00	.00	.00	
÷.	Wan tration into	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
12	Zixel One Network	0.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ia.	Zyhnesh	0.00/	.00	.00	.00	.00
14	2/214	0.00	.00	.00	.00	
	1 Page At 1 + 1	Manager Woman of Street or other	£			Dastoring 1 - 24 of 24

Figure 142 Active Log Summary

This screen provides a different view and a different way of indicating which messages are included in each log and each alert. (The **Default** category includes debugging messages generated by open source software.)

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 90 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Active Log Summary

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Active Log Summary	If the Zyxel Device is set to controller mode, the AC section controls logs generated by the controller and the AP section controls logs generated by the managed APs.
System log	Use the System Log drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.
	disable all logs (red X) - do not log any information for any category for the system log or email any logs to email server 1 or 2.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - create log messages and alerts for all categories for the system log. If email server 1 or 2 also has normal logs enabled, the Zyxel Device will email logs to them.
	enable normal logs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - create log messages, alerts, and debugging information for all categories. The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if this setting is selected.
E-mail Server 1	Use the E-Mail Server1 drop-down list to change the settings for emailing logs to email server 1 for all log categories.
	Using the System Log drop-down list to disable all logs overrides your email server 1 settings.
	enable normal logs (green check mark) - email log messages for all categories to email server 1.
	enable alert logs (red exclamation point) - email alerts for all categories to email server 1.
E-mail Server 2	Use the E-Mail Server2 drop-down list to change the settings for emailing logs to email server 2 for all log categories.
	Using the System Log drop-down list to disable all logs overrides your email server 2 settings.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - email log messages for all categories to email server 2.
	enable alert logs (red exclamation point) - email alerts for all categories to email server 2.
Remote Server 1~4	For each remote server, use the Selection drop-down list to change the log settings for all of the log categories.
	disable all $\log s$ (red X) - do not send the remote server logs for any log category.
	enable nomallogs (green check mark) - send the remote server log messages and alerts for all log categories.
	enable nomal logs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - send the remote server log messages, alerts, and debugging information for all log categories.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific address.
Log Category	This field displays each category of messages. It is the same value used in the Display and Category fields in the View Log tab. The Default category includes debugging messages generated by open source software.
System log	Select which events you want to log by Log Category. There are three choices:
	disable all $\log s$ (red X) - do not log any information from this category
	enable nomal logs (green checkmark) - create log messages and alerts from this category
	enable nomal logs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - create log messages, alerts, and debugging information from this category; the Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, however, even if this setting is selected.
E-mail Server 1 E- mail	Select whether each category of events should be included in the log messages when it is emailed (green check mark) and/or in alerts (red exclamation point) for the email settings specified in E . Mail Server1 . The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if it is recorded in the System log .

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
E-mail Server 2 E- mail	Select whether each category of events should be included in log messages when it is emailed (green check mark) and/or in alerts (red exclamation point) for the email settings specified in E Mail Server2 . The Zyxel Device does not email debugging information, even if it is recorded in the System log .
Remote Server 1~4 Syslog	For each remote server, select what information you want to log from each Log Category (except All Logs; see below). Choices are:
	disable all logs (red X) - do not log any information from this category
	enable nomallogs (green checkmark) - log regular information and alerts from this category
	enable normal logs and debug logs (yellow check mark) - log regular information, alerts, and debugging information from this category
ОК	Click this to save your changes and return to the previous screen.
Cancel	Click this to return to the previous screen without saving your changes.

Table 90 Configuration > Log & Report > Log Setting > Active Log Summary (continued)

CHAPTER 18 File Manager

18.1 Overview

Configuration files define the Zyxel Device's settings. Shell scripts are files of commands that you can store on the Zyxel Device and run when you need them. You can apply a configuration file or run a shell script without the Zyxel Device restarting. You can store multiple configuration files and shell script files on the Zyxel Device. You can edit configuration files or shell scripts in a text editor and upload them to the Zyxel Device. Configuration files use a .conf extension and shell scripts use a .zysh extension.

18.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The **Configuration File** screen (Section 18.2 on page 225) stores and names configuration files. You can also download and upload configuration files.
- The Firm ware Package screen (Section 18.3 on page 230) checks your current firmware version and uploads firmware to the Zyxel Device.
- The Shell Script screen (Section 18.4 on page 234) stores, names, downloads, uploads and runs shell script files.

18.1.2 What you Need to Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

Configuration Files and Shell Scripts

When you apply a configuration file, the Zyxel Device uses the factory default settings for any features that the configuration file does not include. When you run a shell script, the Zyxel Device only applies the commands that it contains. Other settings do not change.

These files have the same syntax, which is also identical to the way you run CLI commands manually. An example is shown below.

Figure 143 Configuration File / Shell Script: Example

```
# enter configuration mode
configure terminal
# change administrator password
username admin password 4321 user-type admin
#configure default radio profile, change 2GHz channel to 11 & Tx output
power # to 50%
wlan-radio-profile default
2g-channel 11
output-power 50%
exit
write
```

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While configuration files and shell scripts have the same syntax, the Zyxel Device applies configuration files differently than it runs shell scripts. This is explained below.

Configuration Files (.conf)	Shell Scripts (.zysh)	
 Resets to default configuration. Goes into CLI Configuration mode. Runs the commands in the configuration file. 	 Goes into CLI Privilege mode. Runs the commands in the shell script. 	

Table 91 Configuration Files and Shell Scripts in the Zyxel Device

You have to run the aforementioned example as a shell script because the first command is run in **Privilege** mode. If you remove the first command, you have to run the example as a configuration file because the rest of the commands are executed in **Configuration** mode.

Comments in Configuration Files or Shell Scripts

In a configuration file or shell script, use "#" or "!" as the first character of a command line to have the Zyxel Device treat the line as a comment.

Your configuration files or shell scripts can use "exit" or a command line consisting of a single "!" to have the Zyxel Device exit sub command mode.

Note: "exit" or "!" must follow sub commands if it is to make the Zyxel Device exit sub command mode.

In the following example lines 1 and 2 are comments. Line 7 exits sub command mode.

! this is from Joe
on 2010/12/05
wlan-ssid-profile default
ssid Joe-AP
qos wmm
security default
'

Errors in Configuration Files or Shell Scripts

When you apply a configuration file or run a shell script, the Zyxel Device processes the file line-by-line. The Zyxel Device checks the first line and applies the line if no errors are detected. Then it continues with the next line. If the Zyxel Device finds an error, it stops applying the configuration file or shell script and generates a log.

You can change the way a configuration file or shell script is applied. Include setenv stop-on-error off in the configuration file or shell script. The Zyxel Device ignores any errors in the configuration file or shell script and applies all of the valid commands. The Zyxel Device still generates a log for any errors.

Sensitive Data Protection

The Zyxel Device by default encrypts local admin and user account passwords for web configurator and CLI.

Enable Sensitive Data Protection to have the Zyxel Device use a private key to encrypt local admin and user account passwords for web configurator and CLI.

Note: You can only upload configuration files using FTP that are using the current private key of the Zyxel Device.

The following examples describe the situations you might come across using Sensitive Data Protection.

Example 1:

- 1 Download a configuration file (file1).
- 2 Enable Sensitive Data Protection.
- **3** Create a private key (key1).
- 4 When you upload file1 to the Zyxel Device through the Zyxel Device web configurator, you do not need to enter the private key (key1). Configuration file1 is not encrypted by the private key (key1).

Example2:

- 1 Enable Sensitive Data Protection.
- 2 Create an private key (key1).
- **3** Download a configuration file (file2).
- 4 You must use key1 to upload file2 to the Zyxel Device because file2 is encrypted by key1.

Example 3:

- 1 Change the private key from key1 to key2.
- 2 Download another configuration file (file3).
- 3 You must use key2 to upload file3 to the Zyxel Device.

Note: You must still use key1 to upload file2 to the Zyxel Device. Make a note of the key to use when you change the private key and then download a configuration file.

Example 4:

- 1 Enable Sensitive Data Protection on Zyxel Device1 and create a private key.
- 2 Download a configuration file from Zyxel Device1.
- 3 You must upload this configuration file using the private key you created on Zyxel Device1 to Zyxel Device2 even if **Sensitive Data Protection** is not enabled on Zyxel Device2.

18.2 Configuration File

Click **Maintenance > File Manager > Configuration File** to open this screen. Use the **Configuration File** screen to store, run, and name configuration files. You can also download configuration files from the Zyxel Device to your computer and upload configuration files from your computer to the Zyxel Device.

Once your Zyxel Device is configured and functioning properly, it is highly recommended that you back up your configuration file before making further configuration changes. The backup configuration file will be useful in case you need to return to your previous settings.

Configuration File Flow at Restart

- If there is not a **startup-config.conf** when you restart the Zyxel Device (whether through a management interface or by physically turning the power off and back on), the Zyxel Device uses the **system-default.conf** configuration file with the Zyxel Device's default settings.
- If there is a **startup-config.conf**, the Zyxel Device checks it for errors and applies it. If there are no errors, the Zyxel Device uses it and copies it to the **lastgood.conf** configuration file as a back up file. If there is an error, the Zyxel Device generates a log and copies the **startup-config.conf** configuration file to the **startup-config-bad.conf** configuration file and tries the existing **lastgood.conf** configuration file. If there isn't a **lastgood.conf** configuration file or it also has an error, the Zyxel Device applies the **system-default.conf** configuration file.
- You can change the way the **startup**-**config.conf** file is applied. Include the setenv-startup stopon-error off command. The Zyxel Device ignores any errors in the **startup**-**config.conf** file and applies all of the valid commands. The Zyxel Device still generates a log for any errors.

Figure 144 Maintenance > File Manager > Configuration File

a second of	ration File Finnetare Rocka	ge Shelli	icript.
Contigura	fion Files		
at lies	me Sterios Blownood D	Creaty Dr. Apply	
16 U)	i Nome	Siles.	Last Modified
1 sto	atup-config.conf	6291	2022-12-26 08:34:46
2 00	hobackup-t-lilicont	6538	2022-12-08 03:24:52
3 Typ	item-défault.conf	5665	2022-12-21 06:18:30
a ste	indalorie-backup.conf	7625	2022-12-14 09:18:27
5 105	fgood.con/	6026	2022-12-21 08:19:27
21.4	Page of I + H Show 10	itemi	Diploying 1-5 of
The Prive stored o (2) Enab	n you enable, the local user's pas	word stored on	the Zyxel Device are encrypted using
The Prive stored o (2) Enab When the P The P	ate Encryption Key provides exita in the Zyxer Device. ie In you enable, the local user's pate rivate Encryption Key, and encod Vivate Encryption Key is required v	iword stored on led when displa	
The Prive stored c (2) Enab When the P The P	ate Encryption Key provides extra in the 2yxer Device. ie n you enable, the local user's par rivate Encryption Key, and encod	iword stored on led when displa	the Zyxel Device are encrypted using ed in the CU and configuration file.
The Privi sloved c When the P The P The P The P The P The P	ate Encryption Key provides extra in the 2yes Device. ie n you enable, the local user's pas rivate Encryption Key, and encod thate Encryption Key is regulted y	sword stored on led when displa shen you restor please be sure	the Iyxel Device are encrypted using yed in the CU and configuration file. the system from a configuration file.
The Privite Source of Constraints of the Privite Privi	ate Encryption Key provides extra in the 2yes Device. ie n you enable, the local user's pas rivate Encryption Key, and encod tivate Encryption Key: Private Encryption Key: her Frivate Encryption Key:	sword stored on led when displa shen you restor please be sure	the Iyxel Device are encrypted using yed in the CU and configuration file. the system from a configuration file.
The Privi stored c (E) Enab When the P The P The P The P The P The P The P The P The P	ate Encryption Key provides exita in the 2yes Device. He h you enable, the local user's par- tivate Encryption Key, and encod tivate Encryption Key Is required v Private Encryption Key: her Private Encryption Key:	sword stored on led when displa when you restor displace be sure a safe place.	the Iyxel Device are encrypted using yed in the CU and configuration file. the system from a configuration file.

Do not tum off the Zyxel Device while configuration file upload is in progress.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 92 Maintenance > File Manager > Configuration File

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Configuration Files	
Rename	Use this button to change the label of a configuration file on the Zyxel Device. You can only rename manually saved configuration files. You cannot rename the lastgood.conf , system-default.conf and startup-config.conf files.
	You cannot rename a configuration file to the name of another configuration file in the Zyxel Device.
	Click a configuration file's row to select it and click Rename to open the Rename File screen.
	E Rename 21×
	Source file: autobackup-6.10.conf Target file:
	OK Cancel
	Specify the new name for the configuration file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0-9;'~!@# $\%^{0}_{,-}=$).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.
Remove	Click a configuration file's row to select it and click Remove to delete it from the Zyxel Device. You can only delete manually saved configuration files. You cannot delete the system - default.conf , startup-config.conf and lastgood.conf files.
	A pop-up window asks you to confirm that you want to delete the configuration file. Click OK to delete the configuration file or click Cancel to close the screen without deleting the configuration file.
Download	Click a configuration file's row to select it and click Download to save the configuration to your computer.
Сору	Use this button to save a duplicate of a configuration file on the Zyxel Device.
	Click a configuration file's row to select it and click Copy to open the Copy File screen.
	Copy File
	1 March 1997 Control of the State of the Sta
	Source file: du/oblackup-8.40.com
	Target file:
	OK Concel
	Specify a name for the duplicate configuration file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0- 9 ;'~!@# $\%^{0}_{1}=$).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Apply	Use this button to have the Zyxel Device use a specific configuration file.
	Click a configuration file's row to select it and click Apply to have the Zyxel Device use that configuration file. The Zyxel Device does not have to restart in order to use a different configuration file, although you will need to wait for a few minutes while the system reconfigures.
	The following screen gives you options for what the Zyxel Device is to do if it encounters an error in the configuration file.
	▷ Apply Configuration File
	Apply Configuration File
	File Name: system-default.conf
	If applying the configuration file encounters an error:
	 Immediately stop applying the configuration file
	Immediately stop applying the configuration file and roll back to the previous configuration
	 Ignore errors and finish applying the configuration file
	Ignore errors and finish applying the configuration file and then roll back to the previous configuration
	OK Cancel
	Immediately stop applying the configuration file - this is not recommended because it would leave the rest of the configuration blank. If the interfaces were not configured before the first error, the console port may be the only way to access the Zyxel Device.
	Immediately stop applying the configuration file and roll back to the previous configuration - this gets the Zyxel Device started with a fully valid configuration file as quickly as possible.
	Ignore errors and finish applying the configuration file - this applies the valid parts of the configuration file and generates error logs for all of the configuration file's errors. This lets the Zyxel Device apply most of your configuration and you can refer to the logs for what to fix.
	Ignore errors and finish applying the configuration file and then roll back to the previous configuration - this applies the valid parts of the configuration file, generates error logs for all of the configuration file's errors, and starts the Zyxel Device with a fully valid configuration file.
	Click OK to have the Zyxel Device start applying the configuration file or click Cancel to close the screen.
#	This column displays the number for each configuration file entry. This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific address. The total number of configuration files that you can save depends on the sizes of the configuration files and the available flash storage space.
File Name	This column displays the label that identifies a configuration file.
	You cannot delete the following configuration files or change their file names.
	The system-default.conf file contains the Zyxel Device's default settings. Select this file and click Apply to reset all of the Zyxel Device settings to the factory defaults. This configuration file is included when you upload a firmware package.
	The startup-config.conf file is the configuration file that the Zyxel Device is currently using. If you make and save changes during your management session, the changes are applied to this configuration file. The Zyxel Device applies configuration changes made in the Web Configurator to the configuration file when you click Apply or OK . It applies configuration changes made through CLI commands when you use the write command.
	The lastgood.conf is the most recently used (valid) configuration file that was saved when the Zyxel Device last restarted. If you upload and apply a configuration file with an error, you can apply lastgood.conf to return to a valid configuration.
Size	This column displays the size (in KB) of a configuration file.

Table 92 Maintenance > File Manager > Configuration File (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
Last Modified	This column displays the date and time that the individual configuration files were last changed or saved.	
Sensitive Data Pro	otection	
Enable	Select this to enable Sensitive Data Protection; see Section 18.1 on page 223 for more information. You need this key to upload configuration files. Write down the key you set and keep it in a safe place.	
	Figure 145 Upload Configuration File	
	Upload Configuration File	
	This configuration was exported from Zyxel Device with a Private Encryption Key to encrypt sensitive information. You must enter the Private Encryption key to upload the configuration file. Private Encryption Key:	
Enter Private	Enter the encryption key in this field. The encryption key should be 4-8 single byte printable	
Encryption Key	characters, including 0-9a-zA-Z`~!@#\$%^&*()+={} \;:'<,>./] .	
Re-enter Private Encryption Key	Enter the encryption key again in this field.	
Upload Configure	ation File	
The bottom part computer to you	of the screen allows you to upload a new or previously saved configuration file from your r Zyxel Device.	
You cannot uplo	ad a configuration file named system-default.conf Or lastgood.conf.	
If you upload stat	ttup-config.conf , it will replace the current configuration and immediately apply the new settings.	
File	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.	
Browse	Click Browse to find the .conf file you want to upload. The configuration file must use a ".conf" filename extension. You will receive an error message if you try to upload a fie of a different format. Remember that you must decompress compressed (.zip) files before you can upload them.	
Upload	Click Upload to begin the upload process. This process may take up to two minutes.	

 Table 92
 Maintenance > File Manager > Configuration File (continued)

18.2.1 Example of Configuration File Download Using FIP

The following example gets a configuration file named startup-config.conf from the Zyxel Device and saves it on the computer.

- 1 Connect your computer to the Zyxel Device.
- 2 The FTP server IP address of the Zyxel Device in standalone mode is 192.168.1.2, so set your computer to use a static IP address from 192.168.1.3 ~192.168.1.254.

- 3 Use an FTP client on your computer to connect to the Zyxel Device. For example, in the Windows command prompt, type ftp 192.168.1.2. Keep the console session connected in order to see when the firmware recovery finishes.
- 4 Enter your user name when prompted.
- 5 Enter your password as requested.
- 6 Use "cd" to change to the directory that contains the files you want to download.
- 7 Use "dir" or "Is" if you need to display a list of the files in the directory.
- 8 Use "get" to download files. Transfer the configuration file on the Zyxel Device to your computer. Type get followed by the name of the configuration file. This examples uses get startup-config.conf.

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.2
Connected to 192.168.1.2.
220----- Welcome to Pure-FTPd [privsep] [TLS] ------
220-You are user number 1 of 5 allowed.
220-Local time is now 21:28. Server port: 21.
220-This is a private system - No anonymous login
220 You will be disconnected after 600 minutes of inactivity.
User (192.168.1.2: (none)): admin
331 User admin OK. Password required
Password:
230 OK. Current restricted directory is /
ftp> cd conf
250 OK. Current directory is /conf
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Connecting to port 5001
lastgood.conf
startup-config.conf
system-default.conf
226 3 matches total
ftp: 57 bytes received in 0.33Seconds 0.17Kbytes/sec.
ftp> get startup-config.conf
200 PORT command successful
150 Connecting to port 5002
226-File successfully transferred
226 0.002 seconds (measured here), 1.66 Mbytes per second
ftp: 2928 bytes received in 0.02Seconds 183.00Kbytes/sec.
ftp>
```

- 9 Wait for the file transfer to complete.
- **10** Enter "quit" to exit the ftp prompt.

18.3 Firmware Package

Click Maintenance > File Manager > Fimware Package to open this screen. Use the Fimware Package screen to check your current firmware version and upload firmware to the Zyxel Device.

Note: The Web Configurator is the recommended method for uploading firmware. You only need to use the command line interface if you need to recover the firmware. See the CLI Reference Guide for how to determine if you need to recover the firmware and how to recover it.

Find the firmware package at www.zyxel.com in a file that (usually) uses a .bin extension.

The firm ware update can take up to five minutes. Do not turn off or reset the Zyxel Device while the firm ware update is in progress!

Figure 146 Maintenance > File Manager > Firmware Package

Configuration	m File	Firmware Pockage	Shell Script
Version			
Current Ver	sian:	escimit.	
Released D	afe: 201	5-06-21 01 34 cm	
Upload File			
To uplood fi	William t	provise to the location of th	he file (*.bin) and then click Uplood.
file:	finh	est o file	Browne
Cloud Firmwo			
Lafett Veisk	oni NO	1 m	Check Now

Figure 147 Maintenance > File Manager > Firmware Package > Check now



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 93 Maintenance > File Manager > Firmware Package

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Current Version	This is the firmware version and the date created.	
Released Date	This is the date that the version of the firmware was created.	
File Path	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.	
Browse	Click Browse to find the .bin file you want to upload. Remember that you must decompress compressed (.zip) files before you can upload them.	
Upload	Click Upload to begin the upload process. This process may take up to two minutes.	
Check now	Click Checknow to view the firmware information. The following message appears when there is a new firmware version available for your Zyxel Device.	
New firmware version	This is the new firmware version available for your Zyxel Device. V6.60 is the firmware trunk version and the number in brackets is the release number. 0 is the first release of this version firmware. 1 is the next update release of this version firmware.	

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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N		
Your device current version	This is the current firmware version of your Zyxel Device.		
Firmware enhancements	Click Release Notes to view the firmware release information of the new firmware, including new features, enhancements and bug fix.		
Don't remind for 7 days	Select this to stop receiving this notification for the next 7 days.		
upgrade now	Click this to start upgrading your Zyxel Device to the new firmware version.		
close	Click this to exit this screen without upgrading your Zyxel Device to the new firmware version.		
	The following message appears when the Zyxel Device is checking the latest firmware version available on the cloud server. If it is later than your current firmware version on the Zyxel Device, you will be prompted to download it.		
	Checking the latest formware version available on the cloud server.		

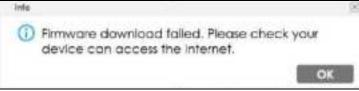
 Table 93
 Maintenance > File Manager > Firmware Package (continued)

Firm ware Download Failed

The following pop-up messages display the causes and solutions for firmware download failure.

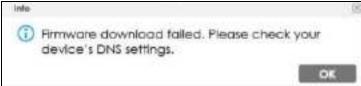
Firmware download failed due to an Internet error. Refer to Appendix on page 267 for more information.

Figure 148 Firmware Download failed. Check Internet access.



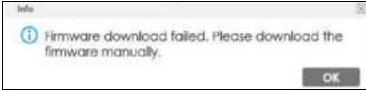
Firmware download failed due to a DNS problem. Please check your device's DNS settings.

Figure 149 Firmware Download failed. Check DNS setting.



Firmware download failed. Download the new firmware manually from the Zyxel website. Then, go to the **Maintenance** > **File Manager** > **Firmware Package** screen to upload the new firmware.

Figure 150 Firmware Download failed. Download manually.



After you see the **Firmware Upload in Process** screen, wait two minutes before logging into the Zyxel Device again.

Note: The Zyxel Device automatically reboots after a successful upload.

The Zyxel Device automatically restarts causing a temporary network disconnect to devices connected to its network. In some operating systems, you may see the following icon on your desktop.

Figure 151 Network Temporarily Disconnected



After five minutes, log in again and check your new firmware version in the **Dashboard** screen.

18.3.1 Example of Firmware Upload Using FIP

This procedure requires the Zyxel Device's firmware. Download the firmware package from www.zyxel.com and unzip it. The firmware file uses a .bin extension, for example, "600ABFH0C0.bin". Do the following after you have obtained the firmware file.

- 1 Connect your computer to the Zyxel Device.
- 2 The FTP server IP address of the Zyxel Device in standalone mode is 192.168.1.2, so set your computer to use a static IP address from 192.168.1.3 ~192.168.1.254.
- 3 Use an FTP client on your computer to connect to the Zyxel Device. For example, in the Windows command prompt, type ftp 192.168.1.2. Keep the console session connected in order to see when the firmware recovery finishes.
- 4 Enter your user name when prompted.
- 5 Enter your password as requested.
- 6 Enter "hash" for FTP to print a `#' character for every 1024 bytes of data you upload so that you can watch the file transfer progress.
- 7 Enter "bin" to set the transfer mode to binary.
- 8 Transfer the firmware file from your computer to the Zyxel Device. Type put followed by the path and name of the firmware file. This examples uses put C:\ftproot\Zyxel Device_FW\600ABFH0C0.bin.

```
C:\>ftp 192.168.1.2
Connected to 192.168.1.2.
220----- Welcome to Pure-FTPd [privsep] [TLS] ------
220-You are user number 1 of 5 allowed.
220-Local time is now 21:28. Server port: 21.
220-This is a private system - No anonymous login
220 You will be disconnected after 600 minutes of inactivity.
User (192.168.1.2: (none)): admin
331 User admin OK. Password required
Password:
230 OK. Current restricted directory is /
ftp> hash
Hash mark printing On ftp: (2048 bytes/hash mark) .
ftp> bin
200 TYPE is now 8-bit binary
ftp> put C:\ftproot\Zyxel Device_FW\600ABFH0C0.bin
```

Note: The Zyxel Device will not upgrade the firmware if the firmware file you upload is incompatible with the Zyxel Device.

- 9 Wait for the file transfer to complete.
- **10** Enter "quit" to exit the ftp prompt.

18.4 Shell Script

Use shell script files to have the Zyxel Device use commands that you specify. Use a text editor to create the shell script files. They must use a ".zysh" filename extension.

Click **Maintenance > File Manager > Shell Script** to open this screen. Use the **Shell Script** screen to store, name, download, upload and run shell script files. You can store multiple shell script files on the Zyxel Device at the same time.

Note: You should include write commands in your scripts. If you do not use the write command, the changes will be lost when the Zyxel Device restarts. You could use multiple write commands in a long script.

Figure 152 Maintenance > File Manager > Shell Script

Configuration	on File Firmworn P	deltage Shell Scrip		
nell Scripts				
20 Norwight	e 🛢 Denove 🔠 Dovédou	id Bitting to Apple		
I THE NO		i Refe	kast Modified	
Mailte	in the second	2.02	CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP	
procession of the second second		and the second se		No data to cepita
procession of the second second	ge ((x) > 3) (mo	and the second se	11 M Barry Barry Marry	No data to cepia,
procession of the second second	g=∭orti≯ Ali≊io	and the second se		
14 4) Pa	geof 1 + H i Biox Script	w 🔤 💌 filema) and then aliak upload.	

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 94 Maintenance > File Manager > Shell Script

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Shell Scripts	
Rename	Use this button to change the label of a shell script file on the Zyxel Device.
	You cannot rename a shell script to the name of another shell script in the Zyxel Device.
	Click a shell script's row to select it and click Rename to open the Rename File screen.
	Specify the new name for the shell script file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0- 9 ;'~!@#\$%^&()_+[]{}',=-).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Remove	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Delete to delete the shell script file from the Zyxel Device.
	A pop-up window asks you to confirm that you want to delete the shell script file. Click OK to delete the shell script file or click Cancel to close the screen without deleting the shell script file.
Download	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Download to save the configuration to your computer.
Сору	Use this button to save a duplicate of a shell script file on the Zyxel Device.
	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Copy to open the Copy File screen.
	Specify a name for the duplicate file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0-9;'~!@#\$%^&()_+[]{}',.=-).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.
Apply	Use this button to have the Zyxel Device use a specific shell script file.
	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Apply to have the Zyxel Device use that shell script file. You may need to wait awhile for the Zyxel Device to finish applying the commands.
#	This column displays the number for each shell script file entry.
File Name	This column displays the label that identifies a shell script file.
Size	This column displays the size (in KB) of a shell script file.
Last Modified	This column displays the date and time that the individual shell script files were last changed or saved.
Upload Shell	Script
The bottom p your Zyxel De	part of the screen allows you to upload a new or previously saved shell script file from your computer to evice.
File	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.
Browse	Click Browse to find the .zysh file you want to upload.
Upload	Click Upload to begin the upload process. This process may take up to several minutes.

 Table 94
 Maintenance > File Manager > Shell Script (continued)

C HAPTER 19 Diagnostics

19.1 Overview

Use the diagnostics screen for troubleshooting.

19.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

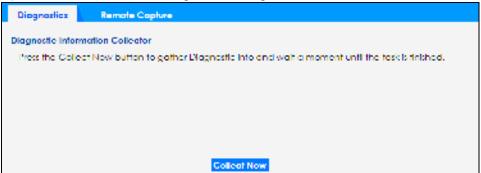
- The **Diagnostics** screen (Section 19.2 on page 236) generates a file containing the Zyxel Device's configuration and diagnostic information if you need to provide it to customer support during troubleshooting.
- The **Remote Capture** screen (Section 19.3 on page 237) enables remote packet captures on wired or wireless interfaces through an external packet analyzer.

19.2 Diagnostics

This screen provides an easy way for you to generate a file containing the Zyxel Device's configuration and diagnostic information. You may need to generate this file and send it to customer support during troubleshooting. All categories of settings and shell script files stored on the Zyxel Device will be included in the diagnostic file.

Click Maintenance > Diagnostics > Diagnostics to open the Diagnostics screen. Click Collect Now to have the Zyxel Device create a new diagnostic file.

Figure 153 Maintenance > Diagnostics> Diagnostics



The **Debug Information Center** screen then displays showing whether the collection is in progress, was successful, or has failed. When the data collection is done, click **Download** to save the most recent diagnostic file to a computer.

Figure 154 Maintenance > Diagnostics: Debug Information Collector



19.3 Remote Capture

Use this screen to capture network traffic going through the Zyxel Device and output the captured packets to a packet analyzer (also known as network or protocol analyzer) such as Wireshark. If the Zyxel Device is connected to the Zyxel gateway or ZyWALL, you might need to configure the Zyxel gateway or ZyWALL to allow remote capture on the Zyxel Device.

Not all models support wireless remote capture. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for models that support remote capture on wireless interfaces.

Click Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture to open the Remote Capture screen.

Remote Capture	
2002	
	Start Stap

Figure 155 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture

Figure 156 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture (Zyxel Device that supports Wireless Remote Capture)

Diagnostics	Remote Capture	k.
Remote Copture		
	2002 Interface Support	
		Start Strep

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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 73 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capitole		
IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Server Port	Enter the number of the server port you want the packet analyzer to connect to in order to capture traffic going through the Zyxel Device. The default port number is 2002.	
Start	Click this button to allow the packet analyzer to start capturing traffic going through the Zyxel Device.	
Stop	Click this button to stop the packet analyzer from capturing traffic going through the Zyxel Device.	

Table 95 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture

C HAPTER 20 LEDs

20.1 Overview

The LEDs of your Zyxel Device can be controlled such that they stay lit (ON) or OFF after the Zyxel Device is ready. There are two features that control the LEDs of your Zyxel Device - Locator and Suppression (see Section 1.2 on page 13).

20.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The **Suppression** screen (Section 20.2 on page 239) allows you to set how you want the LEDs to behave after the Zyxel Device is ready.
- The Locator screen (Section 20.3 on page 240) allows users to see the actual location of the Zyxel Device between several devices in the network.

20.2 Suppression Screen

The LED Suppression feature allows you to control how the LEDs of your Zyxel Device behave after it's ready. The default LED suppression setting of your AP is different depending on your Zyxel Device model.

You can go to the **Maintenance** > **IEDs** > **Suppression** screen to see the default LED behavior and change the LED suppression setting. After you make changes in the suppression screen, it will be stored as the default when the Zyxel Device is restarted. See (Section 3.3 on page 38) for information on default values for different models.

Note: When the Zyxel Device is booting or performing firmware upgrade, the LEDs will light up regardless of the setting in LED suppression.

To access this screen, click Maintenance > LEDs > Suppression.

239

Figure 157	Maintenance > LEDs > Suppression
------------	----------------------------------

Suppression	Locator
Configuration	
Suppression	
C Note:	
1. Device is p 2. Device is b 3. Suppressio	e the exceptions when LED suppression mode is On, beforming Firmware Upgrade, booting, n mode does not apply to Locator LED.
	Apply Reset

The following table describes fields in the above screen.

Table 96 Maintenance > LED > Suppression

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Suppression On	If the Suppression On check box is checked, the LEDs of your Zyxel Device will turn off after it's ready.
	If the check box is unchecked, the LEDs will stay lit after the Zyxel Device is ready.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

20.3 Locator Screen

The Locator feature identifies the location of your Zyxel Device among several devices in the network. You can run this feature and set a timer in this screen.

To run the locator feature, enter a number of minutes and click **Tum On** button to have the Zyxel Device find its location. The Locator LED will start to blink for the number of minutes set in the **Locator** screen. The default setting is 10 minutes. While the locator is running, the turn on button will gray out and return after it's finished. If you make changes to the time default setting, it will be stored as the default when the Zyxel Device restarts.

Note: The Locator feature is not affected by the Suppression setting.

To access this screen, click Maintenance > LEDs > Locator.

Figure	158	Maintenance > LEDs > Locator
rig uie	100	

Suppression Locator
Configuration
Tum On Turn Off
Automatically Extinguish Attes: 10 (1.60 minutes)
Apply Refresh
Apply Refresh

The following table describes fields in the above screen.

Table 97 Maintenance > LED > Locator

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Turn On / Turn Off	Click $\mathbf{Tum} \mathbf{On}$ button to activate the locator. The Locator function will show the actual location of the Zyxel Device between several devices in the network.	
	Otherwise, click Tum Off to disable the locator feature.	
Automatically Extinguish After	Enter a time interval between 1 and 60 minutes to stop the locator LED from blinking. Default is 10 minutes.	
Apply	Click Apply to save changes in this screen.	
Refresh	Click Refiesh to update the information in this screen.	

C HAPTER 21 Antenna Switch

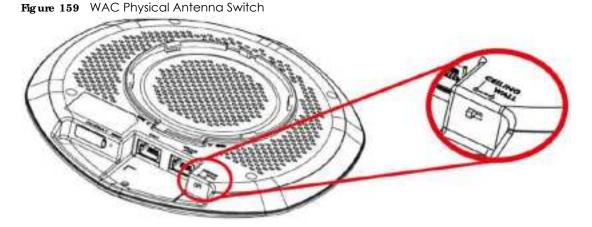
21.1 Overview

Use this screen to adjust coverage depending on the orientation of the antenna.

21.1.1 What You Need To Know

Positioning the antennas properly increases the range and coverage area of a wireless LAN.

On the Zyxel Device that comes with internal antennas and also has an antenna switch, you can adjust coverage depending on the antenna orientation for the Zyxel Device radios using the web configurator, the command line interface (CLI) or a physical switch. Check Section 1.2 on page 13 to see if your Zyxel Device has an antenna switch.



- Note: With the physical antenna switch, you apply the same antenna orientation settings to both radios. You can set the radios to have different settings while using the Web Configurator or the command line interface.
- Note: The antenna switch in the Web Configurator has priority over the physical antenna switch after you **Enable Software Control** in the **Maintenance > Antenna** screen. By default, software control is disabled.

21.2 Antenna Switch Screen

To access this screen, click **Maintenance** > **Antenna**.

The screen varies depending on whether the Zyxel Device has a physical antenna switch or allows you to change antenna orientation settings on a per-radio basis or on a per-AP basis.

Fig ure	160	Maintenance > Antenna > Antenna Switch ((Per Radio))
---------	-----	--	-------------	---

Antenna Switch		
Configuration		
IE Enable Software	Control	
Radiol:	O Wall	· Cellng
Radio2:	· Woł	() Cellng
		Apply Reset

Figure 161 Maintenance > Antenna > Antenna Switch (Per AP)

Antenna Swi	itch _		
Configuration			
	# Coing		
		Apply Reset	

If the Zyxel Device has a physical antenna switch, select the **Enable Software Control** option to use the Web Configurator to adjust coverage depending on each radio's antenna orientation for better coverage.

Select **Wall** if you mount the Zyxel Device to a wall. Select **Ceiling** if the Zyxel Device is mounted on a ceiling. You can switch from **Wall** to **Ceiling** if there are still wireless dead zones, and vice versa.

Click Apply to save your changes or click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

CHAPTER 22 Reboot

22.1 Overview

Use this screen to restart the Zyxel Device.

22.1.1 What You Need To Know

If you made changes in the Web Configurator, they were saved when you click **Apply**. They do not change when you reboot the Zyxel Device.

If you made changes in the CLI, you have to use the write command to save the configuration. They do not change when you reboot the Zyxel Device.

Reboot is different to reset; reset returns the Zyxel Device to its default configuration.

22.2 Reboot

This screen allows remote users to restart the Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click Maintenance > Reboot.

You can reboot your Zyxel Device when the Internet connection is slow or intermittent.

Reboot			
Click the Report button to reboot the de applear of the device in your Web brow	siloe. Please walt a few minutes until the login an	screen appears. If the login screen does no	r copepi. Note the IP
Mantainance			
2 truble the ichedule			
2hort 9me: 0730 @			
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Pi Holay	IT Schurdley	(1.1vnoby	
	Spartly Falls	ide -	

Figure 162 Maintenance > Reboot

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Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
Maintenance		
Enable the schedule Select this check box to have your Zyxel Device restart at a specific time days of the week.		
	By scheduling a reboot, you can have the Zyxel Device refresh the network connections at a specified time, allowing automatic reconnection with WiFi clients in case of a connection failure.	
Start time	Specify the time of the day (in 24-hour format) to have the Zyxel Device automatically restart. For example, 23:00 is 11:00 PM.	
Weekdays	Select each day of the week to have the automatically restart.	
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes to the Zyxel Device.	
Reboot	Click Reboot to restart the Zyxel Device immediately.	

Table 98 Maintenance > Reboot

After the Zyxel Device reboots, wait a few minutes until the login screen appears. If the login screen does not appear, type the IP address of the Zyxel Device in your Web browser.

You can also use the CLI command reboot to restart the Zyxel Device.

PART II Local Configuration in Cloud Mode

CHAPTER 23 Cloud Mode

23.1 Overview

The Zyxel Device is managed and provisioned automatically by the *NCC (Ne bula Control Center*) when it is connected to the Internet and has been registered in the NCC. If you need to change the Zyxel Device's VLAN setting or manually set its IP address, access its simplified web configurator. You can check the NCC's **Site-wide > Devices > Access points** screen or the connected gateway for the Zyxel Device's current LAN IP address. Alternatively, disconnect the gateway or disable its DHCP server function and use the Zyxel Device's default static LAN IP address (192.168.1.2).

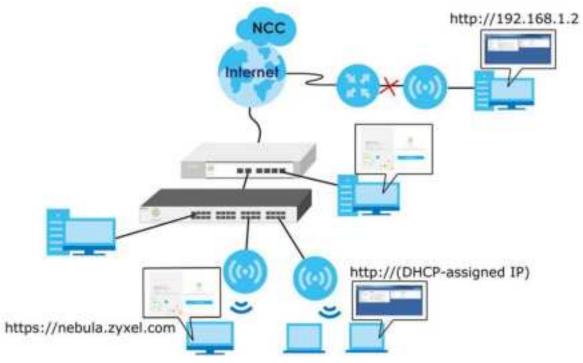


Figure 163 Cloud Mode Application

23.2 Cloud Mode Web Configurator Screens

When your Zyxel Device is managed through NCC, you can access only the following screens through the Web Configurator:

- Dashboard
- Configuration > Network > IP Setting
- Configuration > Network > VIAN
- Maintenance > Shell Script

- Maintenance > Diagnostics > Diagnostics
- Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture
- Maintenance > Log

These screens also have fewer options than those in standalone Zyxel Devices. The rest of the Zyxel Device's features must be configured through the NCC.

23.3 Dashboard

This screen displays general AP information, and client information in widgets that you can re-arrange to suit your needs. You can also collapse, refresh, and close individual widgets.



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	UADIDARD		
(C)	C AP Anomation MAC Access Selds Number Product Model 3.45 Charries Internation SS Charries Internation We Provide Access NGC	Alexandression Lightertasion Multitop Channel & Dri Sul Kanenit power & 20 dates Channel & Dri Sul Kanenit power & 11 dates Ta	Court Conne Silling

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 99 Dashboard		
IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
AP Information		
MAC Address	This field displays the MAC address of the Zyxel Device.	
Serial Number	This field displays the serial number of the Zyxel Device.	
Product Model	This field displays the model name of the Zyxel Device.	
2.4G Channel Information	This field displays the channel number the Zyxel Device is using and its output power in the 2.4 GHz spectrum. This shows Not a c tiva te d if the wireless LAN is disabled.	
5G Channel Information	This field displays the channel number the Zyxel Device is using and its output power in the 5 GHz spectrum. This shows Not a c tiva te d if the wireless LAN is disabled.	
Use Proxy to Access NCC	This displays whether the NAP uses a proxy server to access the NCC (Nebula Control Center).	

Table 99 Dashboard

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Cloud Control Status	This field displays:
	 The Zyxel Device Internet connection status. The connection status between the Zyxel Device and NCC. The Zyxel Device registration status on NCC.
	Mouse over the circles to display detailed information.
	To pass your Zyxel Device management to NCC, first make sure your Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet. Then go to NCC and register your Zyxel Device.
	1. Internet
	Green - The Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet.
	Orange - The Zyxel Device is not connected to the Internet.
	2. Nebula
	Green - The Zyxel Device is connected to NCC.
	Orange - The Zyxel Device is not connected to NCC.
	3. Registration
	Green - The Zyxel Device is registered on NCC.
	Gray - The Zyxel Device is not registered on NCC.
Nebula Discovery	Slide the switch to the right to enable NCC discovery on the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device will connect to NCC and change to the NCC management mode if it:
	is connected to the Internet.has been registered on NCC.
	Note: The switch is always on and cannot be disabled when the Zyxel Device is in Cloud mode.

Table 99 Dashboard (continued)

If the Zyxel Device cannot connect to the Internet or to NCC, move the mouse over the status circle to check the error message.

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	UAUMOARD		
(e) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	C AP adversaria Setta Number Product Model 2.45 Chorves internation 55 Chorves internation NGC	Bind AlexCold: 15:47:07 S1(2)-610-69 WAXS100 Channel & CH 34,467-44,467,4 Second power is 17 allen the	C Oland Control Market Marketa Dassenergy Marketa Dassenergy Ma

C HAPTER 24 Network

24.1 Overview

This chapter describes how you can configure the management IP address and VLAN settings of your Zyxel Device in cloud mode.

See Section 9.1 on page 86 for information about IP addresses.

Note: Make sure your VLAN settings allow the Zyxel Device to connect to the Internet so you could manage it with NCC.

24.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The IP Setting screen (Section 24.2 on page 250) configures the Zyxel Device's LAN IP address.
- The VIAN screen (Section 24.3 on page 252) configures the Zyxel Device's VLAN settings.

24.2 IP Setting

Use this screen to configure the IP address for your Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click **Configuration > Network > IP Setting**.

250

Figure 165 Configuration > Network > IP Setting

Each field is described in the following table.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
IP Address Assignmen	t
IP Type	Select DHCP to make the interface a DHCP client and automatically get the IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS Server IP Address from a DHCP server.
	Select Static IP to specify the IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS server IP address manually.
Use Fixed DNS Server IP Address	Select this if you have a preferred DNS server that you want to specify manually even if the IP type is DHCP. Setting a fixed DNS server IP address may help if you experience unreliable DNS resolution.
IP Address	Enter the IP address for this interface.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of this interface in dot decimal notation. The subnet mask indicates what part of the IP address is the same for all computers in the network.
Gateway	Enter the IP address of the gateway. The Zyxel Device sends packets to the gateway when it does not know how to route the packet to its destination. The gateway should be on the same network as the interface.
DNS Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DNS server.
Use Proxy to Access Internet	If the Zyxel Device is behind a proxy server, you need to select this option and configure the proxy server settings so that the Zyxel Device can access the NCC through the proxy server.
Proxy Server	Enter the IP address of the proxy server.
Proxy Port	Enter service port number used by the proxy server.
Authentication	Select this option if the proxy server requires authentication before it grants access to the Internet.
User Name	Enter your proxy user name.
Password	Enter your proxy password.

Table 100 Configuration > Network > IP Setting

Table 100 Configuration > Network > IP Setting (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.

24.3 VIAN

This section discusses how to configure the Zyxel Device's VLAN settings. See Section 9.3 on page 90 for more information about VLAN.

Use this screen to configure the VLAN settings for your Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click **Configuration > Network > VIAN**.

Figure 166 Configuration > Network > VLAN

I2.Setting VLAN	
VLAN Settings	
Management VLANID: 1	(1~4094)
Intagged Intagged	
	Apply Reset

Each field is described in the following table.

Table TUT Conliguration > Network > VLAN		
LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
VLAN Settings		
Management VLAN ID	Enter a VLAN ID for the Zyxel Device.	
Untagged/ Tagged	Set whether the Zyxel Device adds the VLAN ID to outbound traffic transmitted through its Ethernet port.	
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.	
Reset	Click Reset to return the screen to its last-saved settings.	

Table 101 Configuration > Network > VLAN

C HAPTER 25 Maintenance

25.1 Overview

When the Zyxel Device is set to work in cloud mode, the **Maintenance** screens let you mange shell script files on the Zyxel Device, generate a diagnostic file, or view log messages.

See Chapter 18 on page 223 for information about shell scripts.

25.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- The Shell Script screen (Section 25.2 on page 253) stores, names, downloads, and uploads shell script files.
- The **Diagnostics** screen (Section 25.3 on page 254) generates a file containing the Zyxel Device's configuration and diagnostic information if you need to provide it to customer support during troubleshooting.
- The **Diagnostics > Remote Capture** screen (Section 25.4 on page 255) enables remote packet captures on wired or wireless interfaces through an external packet analyzer.
- The Log > View Log screen (Section 25.5 on page 256) displays the Zyxel Device's current log
 messages when it is disconnected from the NCC.

25.2 Shell Script

Use shell script files to have the Zyxel Device use commands that you specify. Use a text editor to create the shell script files. They must use a ".zysh" filename extension.

Click **Maintenance > Shell Script** to open this screen. Use the **Shell Script** screen to store, name, download, and upload shell script files. You can store multiple shell script files on the Zyxel Device at the same time.

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E) Here	aria 🛢 Renzve 🔠 Dowlaca	d AbiConst		
 If it 	No. March 199	Terr.	Last Modiled	
14 4 1	Poge det a Rimov	55 💌 thems		No data to depice
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	Page () of 1 > 4 Brow	(⁵²)# Berg		
alood Sh			r) and then aliak upload.	

Figure 167 Maintenance > Shell Script

253

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 102	Maintenance >	Shell Scrint
	Multienunce -	Shell Scribt

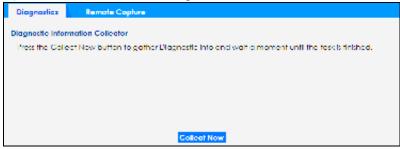
IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Rename	Use this button to change the label of a shell script file on the Zyxel Device.
	You cannot rename a shell script to the name of another shell script in the Zyxel Device.
	Click a shell script's row to select it and click Rename to open the Rename File screen.
	Specify the new name for the shell script file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0-9;'~!@# $\%^{0}_{,-=}$).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.
Remove	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Delete to delete the shell script file from the Zyxel Device.
	A pop-up window asks you to confirm that you want to delete the shell script file. Click OK to delete the shell script file or click Cancel to close the screen without deleting the shell script file.
Download	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Download to save the configuration to your computer.
Сору	Use this button to save a duplicate of a shell script file on the Zyxel Device.
	Click a shell script file's row to select it and click Copy to open the Copy File screen.
	Specify a name for the duplicate file. Use up to 25 characters (including a-zA-Z0-9;'~!@#\$%^&()_+[]{}',.=-).
	Click OK to save the duplicate or click Cancel to close the screen without saving a duplicate of the configuration file.
#	This column displays the number for each shell script file entry.
File Name	This column displays the label that identifies a shell script file.
Size	This column displays the size (in KB) of a shell script file.
Last Modified	This column displays the date and time that the individual shell script files were last changed or saved.
Upload Shell Script	The bottom part of the screen allows you to upload a new or previously saved shell script file from your computer to your Zyxel Device.
File	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field or click Browse to find it.
Browse	Click Browse to find the .zysh file you want to upload.
Upload	Click Upload to begin the upload process. This process may take up to several minutes.

25.3 Diagnostics

This screen provides an easy way for you to generate a file containing the Zyxel Device's configuration and diagnostic information. You may need to generate this file and send it to customer support during troubleshooting. All categories of settings and shell script files stored on the Zyxel Device will be included in the diagnostic file.

Click Maintenance > Diagnostics to open the Diagnostics screen. Click Collect Now to have the Zyxel Device create a new diagnostic file.





The **Debug Information Center** screen then displays showing whether the collection is in progress, was successful, or has failed. When the data collection is done, click **Download** to save the most recent diagnostic file to a computer.

Figure 169 Maintenance > Diagnostics: Debug Information Collector



25.4 Remote Capture

Use this screen to capture network traffic going through the Zyxel Device and output the captured packets to a packet analyzer (also known as network or protocol analyzer) such as Wireshark. If the Zyxel Device is connected to the Zyxel gateway or ZyWALL, you might need to configure the Zyxel gateway or ZyWALL to allow remote capture on the Zyxel Device.

Not all models support wireless remote capture. See Section 1.2 on page 13 for the models that support remote capture on wireless interfaces.

Click Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture to open the Remote Capture screen.

Figure 170 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture

Diagnostics	Remote Capture	
Remote Capture		
Server Port:	2002	_
		Start Stop

Figure 171 Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture (Zyxel Device that supports Wireless Remote Capture)

Diagnostics	Remote Capture	
Remote Capture		
Server Port:	2002	
Wireless Monitor In	rlenace Support	
		Stop Stop

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 103	Maintenance > Diagnostics > Remote Capture
-----------	--

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Server Port	Enter the number of the server port you want the packet analyzer to connect to in order to capture traffic going through the Zyxel Device. The default port number is 2002.
Start	Click this button to allow the packet analyzer to start capturing traffic going through the Zyxel Device.
Stop	Click this button to stop the packet analyzer from capturing traffic going through the Zyxel Device.

25.5 View Log

The NCC periodically gathers log files from the devices being managed by it. Before the NCC pulls logs from the Zyxel Device or when the Zyxel Device is disconnected from the NCC, you can use this screen to view its current log messages. To access this screen, click **Maintenance > Iog**.

Note: When a log reaches the maximum number of log messages, new log messages automatically overwrite existing log messages, starting with the oldest existing log message first.

Events that generate an alert (as well as a log message) display in red. Regular logs display in black. Click a column's heading cell to sort the table entries by that column's criteria. Click the heading cell again to reverse the sort order.

Figure 172	Maintenance >	Log > View Log
------------	---------------	----------------

ga					
og will be displayed w	ewin Pill Good	sets point is not connecte	d to the Nebula.		
Chiplay:	System		Priority;	any.	10
Source Address:			Deifination Address:		
Source Interface:	any	ini i	Destination Interface:	ary	-
Prohocot	076	10	Key/word:		
Search					
Refrects of Clear La	90 -				
Clog La	- 11	Amacaat	20400	Destingto	a Note
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F., Une	a. 1. 1	Post C h sign Then Brik species		Deslinato	n Note
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2019/11/27/064 2019/11/27/064 2019/11/27/064 42 2019/11/27/063	P. C. A 0. 1. 1 0. 5. 1 1. 1.	Post C h sign Then Brik species	the RECEIVING	Destinatio	ex Picte
2019/11/27/06/4 2019/11/27/06/4 2019/11/27/06/4 42 2019/11/27/06/3	P. C. S. G. S. I. S. B. S.	Port C Is sort The Bris specie Port C is down: Enlargehe WLAN is config. Port C Is Joi The Bris spece	the RECEIVING	Destinatio	an Piole

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 104 Maintenance > Log > View Log

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Show Filter / Hide	Click this button to show or hide the filter settings.
Filter	If the filter settings are hidden, the Display , Email Log Now , Refresh , and Clear Log fields are available.
	If the filter settings are shown, the Display , Priority , Source Address , Destination Address , Source Interface , Destination Interface , Protocol , Keyword , and Search fields are available.
Display	Select the category of log message(s) you want to view. You can also view All Logs at one time, or you can view the Debug Log .
Priority	This displays when you show the filter. Select the priority of log messages to display. The log displays the log messages with this priority or higher. Choices are: any , emeng , alent , cnt , emor , wam , notice , and info , from highest priority to lowest priority. This field is read-only if the Category is Debug Log .
Source Address	This displays when you show the filter. Type the source IP address of the incoming packet that generated the log message. Do not include the port in this filter.
Destination Address	This displays when you show the filter. Type the IP address of the destination of the incoming packet when the log message was generated. Do not include the port in this filter.
Source Interface	This displays when you show the filter. Select the source interface of the packet that generated the log message.
Destination Interface	This displays when you show the filter. Select the destination interface of the packet that generated the log message.
Protocol	This displays when you show the filter. Select a service protocol whose log messages you would like to see.
Keyword	This displays when you show the filter. Type a keyword to look for in the Message , Source , Destination and Note fields. If a match is found in any field, the log message is displayed. You can use up to 63 alphanumeric characters and the underscore, as well as punctuation marks ()', ;;?! +-*/= #\$% @; the period, double quotes, and brackets are not allowed.
Search	This displays when you show the filter. Click this button to update the log using the current filter settings.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Refresh	Click this to update the list of logs.
Clear Log	Click this button to clear the whole log, regardless of what is currently displayed on the screen.
#	This field is a sequential value, and it is not associated with a specific log message.
Time	This field displays the time the log message was recorded.
Priority	This field displays the priority of the log message. It has the same range of values as the Priority field above.
Category	This field displays the log that generated the log message. It is the same value used in the Display and (other) Category fields.
Message	This field displays the reason the log message was generated. The text "[count= x]", where x is a number, appears at the end of the Message field if log consolidation is turned on and multiple entries were aggregated to generate into this one.
Source	This field displays the source IP address and the port number in the event that generated the log message.
Source Interface	This field displays the source interface of the packet that generated the log message.
Destination	This field displays the destination IP address and the port number of the event that generated the log message.
Destination Interface	This field displays the destination interface of the packet that generated the log message.
Protocol	This field displays the service protocol in the event that generated the log message.
Note	This field displays any additional information about the log message.

Table 104 Maintenance > Log > View Log (continued)

PART III Appendices and Trouble shooting

C HAPTER 26 Trouble shooting

26.1 Overview

This chapter offers some suggestions to solve problems you might encounter. The potential problems are divided into the following categories.

- Power, Hardware Connections, and LED
- Zyxel Device Management, Access, and Login
- Internet Access
- WiFi Network
- Resetting the Zyxel Device

26.2 Power, Hardware Connections, and LED

The Zyxel Device does not turn on. The LED is not on.

- 1 Make sure you are using the power adapter included with the Zyxel Device or a PoE power injector/ switch.
- 2 Make sure the power adapter or PoE power injector/switch is connected to the Zyxel Device and plugged in to an appropriate power source. Make sure the power source is turned on.
- 3 Disconnect and re-connect the power adapter or PoE power injector/switch.
- 4 Inspect your cables for damage. Contact the vendor to replace any damaged cables.
- 5 If none of these steps work, you may have faulty hardware and should contact your Zyxel Device vendor.

The LED does not behave as expected.

- 1 Make sure you understand the normal behavior of the LED. See Section 3.3 on page 38.
- 2 Check the hardware connections. See the Quick Start Guide.
- 3 Inspect your cables for damage. Contact the vendor to replace any damaged cables.

- 4 Disconnect and re-connect the power adapter or PoE power injector to the Zyxel Device.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact the vendor.

26.3 Zyxel Device Management, Access, and Login

I forgot the IP address for the Zyxel Device.

- 1 The default in-band IP address in standalone mode is http://DHCP-assigned IP (when connecting to a DHCP server) or 192.168.1.2.
- 2 If you changed the IP address and have forgotten it, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults. See Section 26.6 on page 270.
- 3 If your Zyxel Device is a DHCP client, you can find your IP address from the DHCP server. This information is only available from the DHCP server which allocates IP addresses on your network. Find this information directly from the DHCP server or contact your system administrator for more information.
- 4 If the NCC has managed the Zyxel Device, you can also check the NCC's Site-wide > Devices > Access points screen for the Zyxel Device's current LAN IP address.

I cannot see or access the Login screen in the Web Configurator.

- 1 Make sure you are using the correct IP address.
 - The default IP address (in standalone mode) is 192.168.1.2.
 - If you changed the IP address, use the new IP address.
 - If you changed the IP address and have forgotten it, see the troubleshooting suggestions for I forgot the IP address for the Zyxel Device.
- 2 Check the hardware connections, and make sure the LED is behaving as expected. See the Quick Start Guide and Section 3.3 on page 38.
- 3 Make sure your Internet browser does not block pop-up windows and has JavaScripts and Java enabled.
- 4 Make sure your computer is in the same subnet as the Zyxel Device. (If you know that there are routers between your computer and the Zyxel Device, skip this step.)
 - If there is a DHCP server on your network, make sure your computer is using a dynamic IP address. Check the DHCP IP address assigned to your Zyxel Device on the connected router.
 - If there is no DHCP server on your network, make sure your computer's IP address is in the same subnet as the Zyxel Device.
- 5 Reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults, and try to access the Zyxel Device with the default IP address. See Section 26.6 on page 270.

6 If the problem continues, contact the network administrator or vendor, or try one of the advanced suggestions.

Advanced Suggestions

- Try to access the Zyxel Device using another service, such as SSH. If you can access the Zyxel Device, check the remote management settings to find out why the Zyxel Device does not respond to HTTP.
- If your computer is connected wirelessly, use a computer that is connected to a IAN/EIHERNET port.

I forgot the Web Configurator password.

- 1 The default password is 1234. If the Zyxel Device is connected to the NCC and registered, check the NCC for the password.
- 2 If this does not work, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults. See Section 26.6 on page 270.

I can see the Login screen, but I cannot log into the Zyxel Device.

- 1 Clear your browser's cache.
- 2 Check the Zyxel Device's management mode.
 - If the Zyxel Device is in standalone mode, the default password is **1234**. If you have changed the username and password, use the ones you configured to log in.
 - If the Zyxel Device is in cloud mode, use the Nebula Local credentials Password to log into the cloud mode local GUI. The Local credentials Password can be found in Site-wide > Configure > Site settings > Device configuration: Local credentials: Password in the NCC portal.
 - If the Zyxel Device is managed by a controller such as the NXC or ZyWALL, then use the controller to manage the Zyxel Device.
- 3 Depending on your Zyxel Device's management mode, make sure you have entered the correct user name and password. These fields are case-sensitive, so check if [Caps Lock] is on or off.

Note: Steps 1 and 2 are applicable if you get an "Invalid password" error message when using some functions in the ZON utility. See Section 2.3 on page 31 for more information.

- 4 Disconnect and re-connect the power adapter or PoE power injector to restart the Zyxel Device.
- 5 If this does not work, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults. See Section 26.6 on page 270.

I cannot use FTP to upload / download the configuration file. / I cannot use FTP to upload new firmware.

See the troubleshooting suggestions for My Zyxel Device's CPU usage is too high. Ignore the suggestions about your browser.

I cannot access the Zyxel Device directly anymore after switching to NCC management.

• Check the Zyxel Device IP address and login credentials using the NCC and use them to access the Zyxel Device. Note that the built-in Web Configurator will have limited functionality when managed through NCC.

I enabled **NCC Discovery**, but the Zyxel Device is still in standalone mode.

Make sure your Zyxel Device is registered to the NCC.

I cannot register the Zyxel Device in NCC because it's already registered by the previous owner.

- If the previous owner has registered the Zyxel Device in NCC, use the Nebula Mobile app to scan the NCC QR code on the back label of the Zyxel Device.
- If the previous owner has registered it in NCC and has locked the Zyxel Device with the NCC **Ovemide device ownership** feature, inform the previous owner to unregister the Zyxel Device or contact Zyxel technical support.

The Zyxel Device is already registered with NCC, but it is still in standalone mode; it cannot connect to the NCC.

- 1 Check the Zyxel Device LED and make sure the Zyxel Device is on and ready for use.
- 2 Make sure that NCC Discovery is enabled (see Section 9.6 on page 97).
- 3 Check your network's firewall/security settings. Make sure the following ports are allowed:
 - TCP: 443, 4335, and 6667
 - UDP: 123 is allowed.
- 4 Make sure your Zyxel Device has obtained an IP address and can access the Internet. Check the Cloud Control Status on the Dashboard screen for your Internet connection.
- 5 Check your network's VLAN settings (see Section 9.3 on page 90). You may have to change the Management VLAN settings of the Zyxel Device to allow it to connect to the Internet and access the NCC.
 - Note: Changing the management VLAN and IP address settings on the Zyxel Device also pushes these changes to the NCC. Do this only if your device cannot otherwise connect to the NCC.

- 6 Make sure your Zyxel Device does not have to go through network authentication such as a captive portal, If your network uses a captive portal, the network administrator may have to create a new VLAN without this requirement. Change your Zyxel Device's management VLAN settings as necessary.
- 7 Make sure your DNS server can resolve d.nebula.zyxel.com. Open the Command Prompt on your computer, enter nslookup d.nebula.zyxel.com, see if the DNS server can return the resolved IP address. If not, you can try set your gateway to use the Google Public DNS server 8.8.8.8. Or, set the DNS server address in the Zyxel Device Web Configurator. Go to Configuration > Network > IP Setting, select Use Fixed IP Address. Set the DNS Server IP Address: to 8.8.8.8. Click Apply.

I want to switch from NCC to AC management, but I could not find the **AC Discovery** menu in the Zyxel Device Web Configurator.

- 1 Unregister the Zyxel Device from the NCC.
- 2 Reset your Zyxel Device to the factory defaults.
- 3 Make sure that your Zyxel Device is in the same subnet as the AC, and enable AC Discovery in Configuration > Network > AC Discovery.

The Zyxel Device cannot discover the AC.

- 1 Make sure your Zyxel Device is not registered to NCC.
- 2 Enable AC Discovery in Configuration > Network > AC Discovery.
- 3 Make sure that the Zyxel Device and the AC are both in the same subnet.
- 4 If you have to set them up in different subnets, see AC management and IP Subnets on page 88.

I accidentally pressed the **Nebula** button in the AC's Web Configurator. How do I undo it?

- 1 If the Zyxel Device is not registered with the NCC, register it first.
- 2 Unregister the Zyxel Device from the NCC.
- **3** Reset the Zyxel Device to the factory defaults.

Some features I set using the NCC do not work as expected.

1 Make sure your Zyxel Device can access the Internet.

- 2 Check your network's firewall/security settings. Make sure the following ports are allowed:
 - TCP: 443, 4335, and 6667
 - UDP: 123
- **3** After changing your Zyxel Device settings using the NCC, wait 1-2 minutes for the changes to take effect.

I can only see newer logs. Older logs are missing.

When a log reaches the maximum number of log messages (see Section 1.2 on page 13), new log messages automatically overwrite the oldest log messages.

The commands in my configuration file or shell script are not working properly.

- In a configuration file or shell script, use "#" or "!" as the first character of a command line to have the Zyxel Device treat the line as a comment.
- Your configuration files or shell scripts can use "exit" or a command line consisting of a single "!" to have the Zyxel Device exit sub command mode.
- Include write commands in your scripts. Otherwise the changes will be lost when the Zyxel Device restarts. You could use multiple write commands in a long script.

Note: "exit" or "!" must follow sub commands if it is to make the Zyxel Device exit sub command mode.

I cannot upload the firmware uploaded using FTP.

The Web Configurator is the recommended method for uploading firmware in standalone mode. For managed Zyxel Devices, using the NCC or AC is recommended. You only need to use FTP if you need to recover the firmware. See the CLI Reference Guide for how to determine if you need to recover the firmware and how to recover it.

My Zyxel Device's CPU usage is too high.

The Zyxel Device may receive too many HTTPS connection requests. Do the following to reduce the number of HTTPS connection requests:

Go to Configuration > Object > User > Setting and select Limit the number of simultaneous logons for administration account. Set a number in Maximum number per administration account to limit the number of simultaneous logins for each admin.

How do I set up multiple Access Points (APs)?

Avoid positioning APs in direct line of sight of each other, as this can cause interference and reduce the overall performance of your WiFi network.

In case, it may be necessary to position APs in direct line of sight of each other, you can:

- Adjust the transmit power of each AP in the **Configuration** > **Wireless** > **APManagement** screen, so that they are not using too much power and overlapping too much with each other.
- Configure the APs to operate on non-overlapping channels, such as channels 1, 6, and 11 in the 2.4GHz band, and 5GHz band's channels or enabling DCS to let APs scan the best channel to use. This can help to minimize co-channel interference between the APs.

26.4 Internet Access

Clients cannot access the Internet through the Zyxel Device.

- 1 Check the Zyxel Device's hardware connections, and make sure the LEDs are behaving as expected (refer to Section 3.3 on page 38). See the Quick Start Guide and Section 26.1 on page 261.
- 2 Make sure the Zyxel Device is connected to a broadband modem or router with Internet access and your computer is set to obtain an dynamic IP address.
- 3 If clients are trying to access the Internet wirelessly, make sure the WiFi settings on the WiFi clients are the same as the settings on the Zyxel Device.
- 4 Make sure the Zyxel Device has the same VLAN settings configured as the gateway connected to the Zyxel Device. Traffic tagged with a specific VLAN ID tag can only go to the WiFi clients of the WiFi network that uses the same VLAN ID. If you select Tagged (As Native VLAN) in the Configuration > Network > VLAN screen, traffic going out from the Zyxel Device Ethernet port will be tagged with the Management VLAN ID you set. Devices connected to the Zyxel Device need to have the same VLAN ID configured to receive traffic from the Zyxel Device.
- 5 Disconnect all the cables from your Zyxel Device, and follow the directions in the Quick Start Guide again.
- 6 Reboot the client and reconnect to the Zyxel Device.
- 7 If the problem continues, contact your ISP.

The Internet connection is slow or intermittent.

- 1 There might be a lot of traffic on the network. Look at the LEDs, and check Section 3.3 on page 38. If the Zyxel Device is sending or receiving a lot of information, try closing some programs that use the Internet, especially peer-to-peer applications.
- 2 Check the signal strength using the NCC, AC, or the Zyxel Device Web Configurator, or the client device itself. If the signal is weak, try moving the client closer to the Zyxel Device (if possible), and look around to see if there are any devices that might be interfering with the wireless network (microwaves, other wireless networks, and so on).
- **3** Reboot the Zyxel Device using the Web Configurator/CLI or the NCC or AC.
- 4 Check the settings for QoS. If it is disabled, activate it. When enabled, raise or lower the priority for some applications.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact the network administrator or vendor.

26.5 WiFi Network

I cannot connect to the Zyxel Device WiFi network.

- 1 Check the Zyxel Device LED status to make sure the Zyxel Device WiFi is on.
- 2 Make sure your WiFi client is within transmission range of the Zyxel Device.
- 3 Make sure you enter the correct SSID, password (**Pre-Shared Key**). They are case-sensitive. See the Zyxel Device back label for the default SSID and password.
- 4 Make sure your WiFi client is using the same WiFi security type (none, Enhanced-open, WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA3) as the Zyxel Device. If you have previously changed the security settings, remove the SSID profile on the client device. Reconnect again using the correct SSID, password and security type.
- 5 Make sure the WiFi adapter on your WiFi client is working properly.
- 6 Make sure the wireless adapter on your WiFi client is IEEE 802.11 compatible and supports the same WiFi standard as the Zyxel Device's active radio. For example, 6 GHz WiFi networks are only available for WiFi clients that support WiFi 6E or higher standards.

The WiFi connection is slow or intermittent.

The following factors may cause interference:

- Obstacles: walls, ceilings, furniture, and so on.
- Building Materials: metal doors, aluminum studs.
- Electrical devices: microwaves, monitors, electric motors, cordless phones, and other wireless devices.

To optimize the speed and quality of your WiFi connection, you can:

- Move your WiFi device closer to the Zyxel Device if the signal strength is low.
- Reduce wireless interference that may be caused by other wireless networks or surrounding wireless electronics such as cordless phones.
- Place the Zyxel Device where there are minimum obstacles (such as walls and ceilings) between the Zyxel Device and the wireless client. Avoid placing the Zyxel Device inside any type of box that might block WiFi signals.

Hackers have accessed my WEP-encrypted wireless LAN.

WEP is extremely insecure. Its encryption can be broken by an attacker, using widely-available software. It is strongly recommended that you use a more effective security mechanism. Use the strongest security mechanism that all the wireless devices in your network support. WPA2 or WPA2-PSK is recommended.

The wireless security is not following the re-authentication timer setting I specified.

If a RADIUS server authenticates wireless stations, the re-authentication timer on the RADIUS server has priority. Change the RADIUS server's configuration if you need to use a different re-authentication timer setting.

I cannot import a certificate into the Zyxel Device.

- 1 For My Certificates, you can import a certificate that matches a corresponding certification request that was generated by the Zyxel Device. You can also import a certificate in PKCS#12 format, including the certificate's public and private keys.
- 2 You must remove any spaces from the certificate's filename before you can import the certificate.
- 3 Any certificate that you want to import has to be in one of these file formats:
 - Binary X.509: This is an ITU-T recommendation that defines the formats for X.509 certificates.
 - PEM (Base-64) encoded X.509: This Privacy Enhanced Mail format uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary X.509 certificate into a printable form.
 - Binary PKCS#7: This is a standard that defines the general syntax for data (including digital signatures) that may be encrypted. A PKCS #7 file is used to transfer a public key certificate. The private key is not included. The Zyxel Device currently allows the importation of a PKS#7 file that contains a single certificate.
 - PEM (Base-64) encoded PKCS#7: This Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format uses lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numerals to convert a binary PKCS#7 certificate into a printable form.
 - Binary PKCS#12: This is a format for transferring public key and private key certificates. The private key in a PKCS #12 file is within a password-encrypted envelope. The file's password is not connected to your certificate's public or private passwords. Exporting a PKCS #12 file creates this and you must provide it to decrypt the contents when you import the file into the Zyxel Device.

Note: Be careful not to convert a binary file to text during the transfer process. It is easy for this to occur since many programs use text files by default.

Wireless clients are not being load balanced among my Zyxel Devices.

- Make sure that all the Zyxel Devices used by the wireless clients in question share the same SSID, security, and radio settings.
- Make sure that all the Zyxel Devices are in the same broadcast domain.
- Make sure that the wireless clients are in range of the other Zyxel Devices; if they are only in range of a single Zyxel Device, then load balancing may not be as effective.

In the **Monitor > Wire less > AP Inform a tion > Ra dio List** screen, there is no load balancing indicator associated with any Zyxel Devices assigned to the load balancing task.

- Check that the AP profile which contains the load balancing settings is correctly assigned to the Zyxel Devices in question.
- The load balancing task may have been terminated because further load balancing on the Zyxel Devices in question is no longer required.

26.6 Resetting the Zyxel Device

If you cannot access the Zyxel Device by any method, try restarting it by turning the power off and then on again. If you still cannot access the Zyxel Device by any method or you forget the administrator password(s), you can reset the Zyxel Device to its factory-default settings. Any configuration files or shell scripts that you saved on the Zyxel Device should still be available afterwards.

Use the following procedure to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory-default settings. This overwrites the settings in the startup-config.conf file with the settings in the system-default.conf file.

Note: This procedure removes the current configuration.

- 1 Make sure the Power LED is on and not blinking.
- 2 Press the **RESET** button and hold it until the Power LED begins to blink. (This usually takes about ten seconds.)
- 3 Release the **RESET** button, and wait for the Zyxel Device to restart.

You should be able to access the Zyxel Device in standalone mode using the default settings.

26.7 Getting More Trouble shooting Help

Search for support information for your model at *www.zyxelcom* for more troubleshooting suggestions.



APPENDIX A Importing Certificates

This appendix shows you how to import public key certificates into your web browser.

Public key certificates are used by web browsers to ensure that a secure web site is legitimate. When a certificate authority such as VeriSign, Comodo, or Network Solutions, to name a few, receives a certificate request from a website operator, they confirm that the web domain and contact information in the request match those on public record with a domain name registrar. If they match, then the certificate is issued to the website operator, who then places it on the site to be issued to all visiting web browsers to let them know that the site is legitimate.

Many Zyxel products, such as the Zyxel Device, issue their own public key certificates. These can be used by web browsers on a LAN or WAN to verify that they are in fact connecting to the legitimate device and not one masquerading as it. However, because the certificates were not issued by one of the several organizations officially recognized by the most common web browsers, you will need to import the Zyxel-created certificate into your web browser and flag that certificate as a trusted authority.

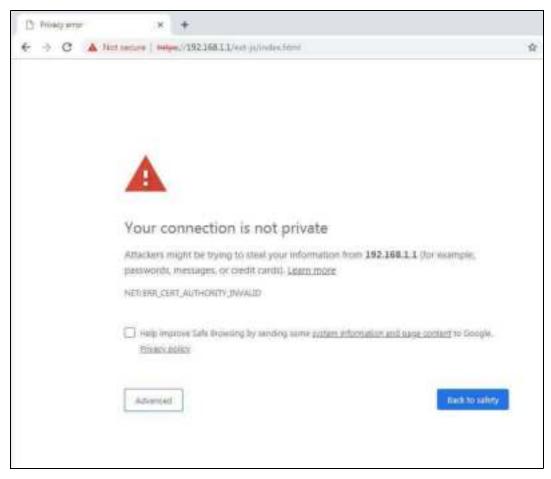
Note: You can see if you are browsing on a secure website if the URL in your web browser's address bar begins with https:// or there is a sealed padlock icon (4) somewhere in the main browser window (not all browsers show the padlock in the same location).

Google Chrome

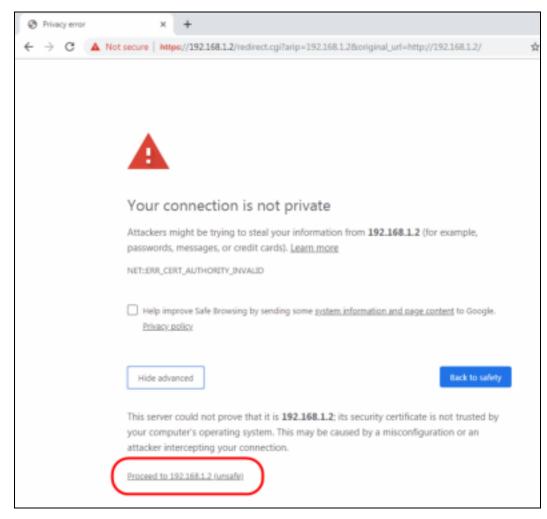
The following example uses Google Chrome on Windows 7. You first have to store the certificate in your computer and then install it as a Trusted Root CA, as shown in the following tutorials.

Export a Certificate

1 If your device's Web Configurator is set to use SSL certification, then upon browsing with it for the first time, you are presented with a certification error.



2 Click Advanced > Proceed to x.x.x.x (unsafe).



3 In the Address Bar, Click Not Secure > Certificate (Invalid).



4 In the Certificate dialog box, click Details > Copy to File.

id	Value	ř
Version	43	ł
Serial number	56 24 bf Dd	Ę
Signature algorithm	shasRSA	l
Signature hash algorithm	shal	
lave	usg60_\$886F3PED32A	
Valid from	Monday, October 19, 2015 St	
Valid to	Thursday, October 16, 2025 5	
To Asient	USAN SERFICIENTS	3
-	Fight Trouper time. Copy to File.	

5 In the Certificate Export Wizard, Click Next.

Certificate Export Waard	
	Welcome to the Certificate Export Wizard This woard helps you copy certificates, certificate trust lasts and certificate revocation lasts from a certificate store to your disk. A certificate, which is issued by a certification authority, is a confirmation of your identity and contains information used to protect data or to establish secure network connections. A certificate store is the system area where certificates are kept. To continue, click Next.
	<back next=""> Cancel</back>

NWA/WAC/WAX Series User's Guide

6 Select the format and settings you want to use and then click Next.

Certificate Export Wizard	X
Export File Format Certificates can be exported in a variety of file formats.	
Select the format you want to use:	
CER encoded binary X.509 (,CER)	
Base-64 encoded X. 509 (.CER)	
Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard - PKCS #7 Certificates (.P76) [Include all certificates in the certification path if possible	
Personal Information Exchange - PKES #12 (JPFX) Unclude all certificates in the certificators path if possible	
Cellete the private key if the export is successful	
Esport all extended properties	
(C) Morosoft Senaloed Certificate Stare (.507)	
Learn more about certificate Re formate	
< Seck Next >	snoel

7 Type a filename and specify a folder to save the certificate in. Click Next.

rtificate Export Wizard				
File to Export Specify the name of the file you want to export				
File name:				
D:\oert.cer	Growsein			
	<8adk Next> Cancel			

8 In the Completing the Certificate Export Wizard screen, click Finish.

	Completing the Certificate Ex Wizard You have successfully completed the Certificate wizard.	Telefora
2	You have specified the following settings:	
	Fieldone Export Keys Include all certificates in the certification path Rie Format	No No DER En
	* [

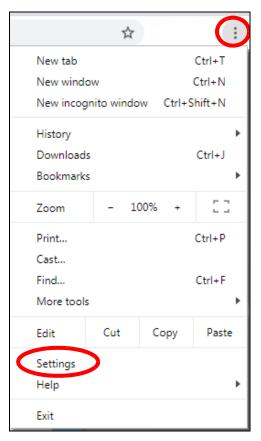
9 Finally, click **OK** when presented with the successful certificate export message.



Import a Certificate

After storing the certificate in your computer (see Export a Certificate), you need to install it as a trusted root certification authority using the following steps:

1 Open your web browser, click the menu icon, and click Settings.



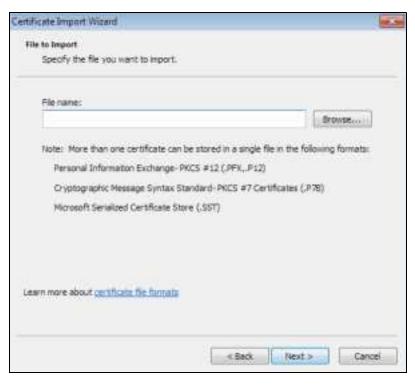
2 Scroll down and click Advanced to expand the menu. Under Privacy and security, click Manage certificates.

acy and security	
tyric and Doogle services Anne settings that relate to privacy, security, and data collection	
Now Chrome sign in Iy turning this off, you can sign in to boogle sites like Omail without signing in to Ovinne	
iend a 'Do Not Track' request with your browsing traffic	1,39
sllow sites to check if you have payment methods saved	-
heizad pages for faster browning and searching two couldes to remember your preferences, even if you don't statt those pages	
Aanage certificates Aanage HTTPS/553, sertificates and settings	ß
serterit settings serteri what information websitios can use and what cootient they can show you	191
Dear torowsking data Skar fastory, cookker, caster, and more	

3 In the Certificates pop-up screen, click Trusted Root Certification Authorities. Click Import to start the Certificate Import Wizard.

Issued To	Issued By	Expiratio	Friendly Name	12
Clase 3 Public Prima COMODO RSA Cert Copyright (c) 1997	AffirmTrust Commercial	8/2/2028 1/19/2038 12/31/1999	VeriSign Class 3 Sectigo (formeri	
Inpertury) (Experture			Adva	nce

4 Click Next when the wizard pops up, and then on the following screen click Browse.



5 Select the certificate file you want to import and click **Open**.

	+12.+	Garant								· · · ·	(C)
1. m	100000000		100.00		1			-		A Physical Distance and Dista	
(French			4/							- P4	• IS 6
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-	94		- # f - 1			* *	22		10		
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			4 6	-							
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										Are B	Grof

6 Click Next.

Certificate Import Witard	-
Certificate Store Certificate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.	
Windows can automatically select a certificate store, or you can specify a location for the certificate.	
O Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate	
Place all certificates in the following store	
Certificate store:	
Trusted Root Certification Authorities Browserm	
Learn more about <u>pertificate stories</u> :	
< Back // Next > Cerv	ad .

7 Confirm the settings displayed and click Finish.

Certificate Import Wiland	Wizard	e Certificate Import operated after you dick Finals. following settings:	
		Certificate Di Vort_best.cer	tifai
		m}	
	< Be	idi Finish Gi	nat

8 If presented with a security warning, click Yes.

Security V	larring	×
	You are about to install a certificate from a certification authority (CA) claiming to represent: $us_{5} \stackrel{(n)}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{(n)}{\rightarrow$	
	Yes No	

9 Finally, click **OK** when you are notified of the successful import.



Install a Stand-Alone Certificate File

Rather than installing a public key certificate using web browser settings, you can install a stand-alone certificate file if one has been issued to you.

1 Double-click the public key certificate file.



2 Click Install Certific a te.

OH. CON	icate Information
	certificate is not trusted. To enable trust, ertificate in the Trusted Root Certification store.
Issued	to: usg60_5888F3FED32A
Issued	by: usg60_58889/3PED32A
Valid fr	ann 10/ 19/ 2015 to 10/ 16/ 2025

3 Click Next on the first wizard screen, click Place all certificates in the following store, and click Browse.

rtificate Import Wizard	
Certificate Store Certificate stores are system areas	s where certificates are kept.
Windows can automatically select of the certificate.	a certificate store, or you can specify a location for
C Automatically select the cert	ificate store based on the type of certificate
Place all certificates in the fo	slowing store
Certificate store:	
	Browse
Learn more about <u>pertificate stores</u>	
	< Back fants Cancel
	< DWOL INEXT > CARTER

4 Select Trusted Root Certificate Authorities > OK, and then click Next.

ect Certificate Store	Market Contraction of the Contra
elect the certificate store you wan	t to use.
- Personal	er you can specify a location for
- District From Control Contro	an the type of pertificate
Active Directory User Obje	Automites
Thisted Publishers	
Show physical stores	Browse
OK	Cancel
· •	
earn more about certificate stores	

5 Confirm the information shown on the final wizard screen and click Finish.

Certificate Import Wizard		1.30
E	Completing the Certific Wizard The certificate will be imported after You have specified the following sett	you click Finish.
	Centrals Row Selected In Live Contant	Trusted Root Certifica Certificate
	x	
-	< Back	nith Circle

6 If presented with a security warning, click Yes.

4	You are about to install a certificate from a certification authority (CA) claiming to represent:
	State of the
	Windows cannot validate that the certificate is actually from $5_{1}^{*} = 3 - 1$, 3_{2}^{*} . You should confirm its origin by contacting $5_{2}^{*} = 3 - 2$, $1 - 2$, 5_{2}^{*} . The following number will assist you in this process
	$Thumbprint(shall) \subset i F^{-1} = i \mathfrak{g}^{-1} (AL^{-1} \mathcal{T}^{-1}, \mathfrak{g}^{-1}) = i \mathfrak{f}^{-1} = i \mathfrak{f}^{-1}$
	Warning: If you install this soot certificate, Windows will automatically trust any certificate issued by this CA. Installing a certificate with an unconfirmed thumbprint is a security risk. If you click "Yes" you acknowledge this risk.
	Do you want to install this certificate?

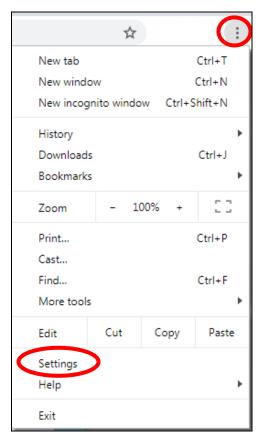
7 Finally, click **OK** when you are notified of the successful import.



Remove a Certificate in Google Chrome

This section shows you how to remove a public key certificate in Google Chrome on Windows 7.

1 Open your web browser, click the menu icon, and click Settings.



2 Scroll down and click Advanced to expand the menu. Under Privacy and security, click Manage certificates.

Advercert +	
racy and security	
Sync.and Google services. More settings that relate to privacy, security, and data collection	
Allow Otrome sign in By furning this off, you can sign in to boogle sites like Omail without signing in to Ovome	
Send a "Do Not Track" request with your browsing traffic	1,39
Allow sites to check if you have payment methods seved	
Preizad pages for factor browning and searching Uses cookies to remember your preferences, even if you short visit those pages	
Manage certificates Manage HTTPS/003, certificates and settings	ß
Content settings Control what information websities can use and what content they can show you	
Clear torowakig data Clear fastory, cookies, custre, and more	

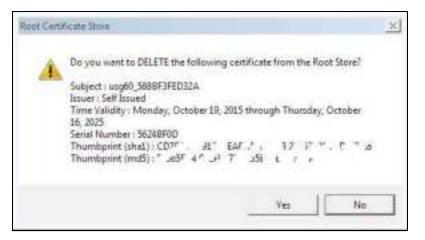
3 In the Certificates pop-up screen, click Trusted Root Certification Authorities.

Issued To	Issued By	Expiratio	Friendly Name	-
Certum Trusted Ne Class 3 Public Prima COMODO RSA Cert	AffirmTrust Commercial Saltimore CyberTrust Certum CA Certum Trusted Netw Class 3 Public Primary COMODO RSA Certific Copyright (c) 3997 M	12/31/2930 5/13/2025 6/11/2027 12/31/2029 8/2/2028 1/19/2038 12/31/1999	AffirmTrust Com DigCert Saltmor Certum Certum Trusted VerSign Class 3 Sectigo (formert Microsoft Timest	
Impertury) (Doort Certificate intended purpose] [Renove]] s		Advar	nced

- 4 Select the certificate you want to remove and click **Remove**.
- 5 Click Yes when you see the following warning message.



6 Confirm the details displayed in the warning message and click Yes.

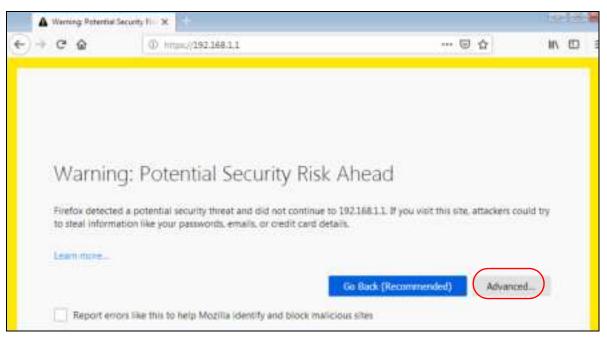


Fire fo x

The following example uses Mozilla Firefox on Windows 7. You first have to store the certificate in your computer and then install it as a Trusted Root CA, as shown in the following tutorials.

Export a Certificate

1 If your device's Web Configurator is set to use SSL certification, then the first time you browse to it you are presented with a certification error. Click **Advanced**.



2 Click View Certific a te.

Warning: Potential Security Risk Ahead						
Firefox detected a potential security threat and did not continue to 192.168.1.2. If you visit this site, attackers could try to steal information like your passwords, emails, or credit card details.						
Learn more						
Go Back (Recommended) Advanced						
Websites prove their identity via certificates. Firefox does not trust this site because it uses a certificate that is not valid for 192.168.1.2. The certificate is only valid for .						
Error code: MOZILLA_PKDC_ERROR_SELF_SIGNED_CERT View Certificate						
Go Back (Recommended) Accept the Risk and Continue						

3 Click **De tails** > **Export.**

Certificate Hexarchy	
ung\$6_58888F3FE012A	
Certificate Belde	
w ung40,5888F5FED32A	3
+ Certificate	Ĩ
Variation	1
Serval Number	
Certificate Signature Algorithms	
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~ Validity	
Tield Xabar	
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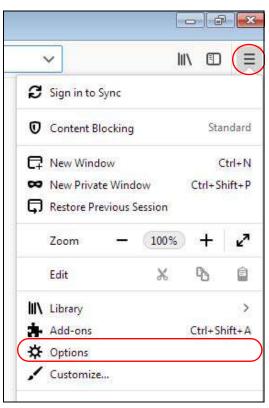
4 Type a filename and click Save.

Save Configure To File							1
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Stature III	Sincer						
Sere whyte AS	O Certificate (PEM)						- 14
(8 HideFiddes					C	Save Cencel	

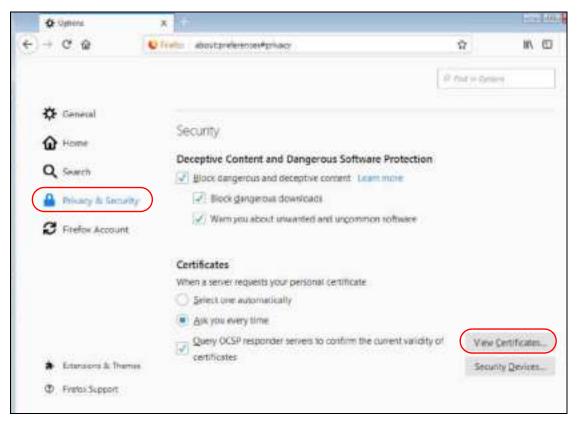
Import a Certificate

After storing the certificate in your computer, you need to import it in trusted root certification authorities using the following steps:

1 Open Fire fox and click Tools > Options.



2 In the Options page, click Privacy & Security, scroll to the bottom of the page, and then click View Certificates.



3 In the Certificate Manager, Click Authorities > Import.

	Certificate Manager	×
Your Certificates Peop	ie Servers Authorities	
You have orthicates on his th	at identity these certificate authorities	
Certificate Name	Security Device	
UCA Global S2 Root	Builtin Object Loken	-
UCA Extended Validation	Root Builtin Object Loken	
≥ Unizeto Sp. z o.o.		
Certum Root CA	Builtin Object Loken	
\times Unizeto Lechnologies S.A.		
Certum Trusted Network	CA Builtin Object Token	
Certum Trusted Network	CA.2 Builtin Object Loken	_
≥ VenSign, Inc.		-
⊻iew <u>E</u> dit Trust	Import Egyort Delete or Dis	trust
		CK.

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		18		- 20	1	.14	a br				
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	11 🚘			- 85	18.	75	11 11 11 11 11 11 11				
		140		24	14	14	e be				
				14.	16	18.	+20				
				20	1	54	+10				
				10		14	who:				
33.55		1		20		14	+31				
a	1.14			18	1	10.1	+1+				
	5 <u>-</u>	- 18		38.	14	16.	104		148		
× 15	1				11	100	10	10	141		
5 F 6 B	-	- 10-10	Calle 2	6.000			Salara Lando		-14		
16 M	3.2.	A	17.1								

4 Use the Select File dialog box to locate the certificate and then click Open.

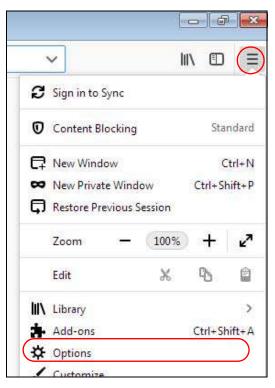
5 Select Trust this CA to identify websites and click OK.

Downloading Certificate	
You have been asked to trust a new Certificate Authority (CA).	
Do you want to trust "usg60_5888F3FED32A" for the following purposes?	
ITrust this CA to identify websites.	
Trust this CA to identify email users,	
Sefore trusting this CA for any purpose, you should examine its certificate and its policy and procedures (if available).	
View Examine CA certificate	
OK Cancel	

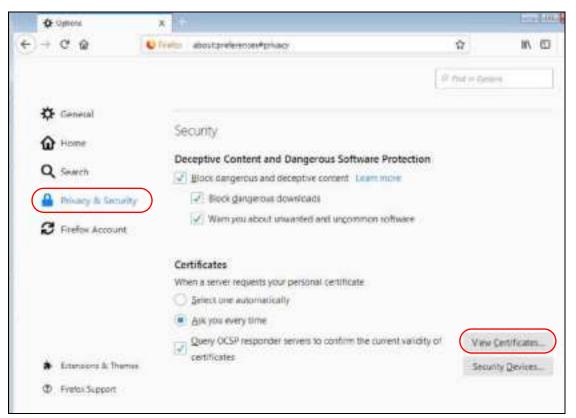
Removing a Certificate in Firefox

This section shows you how to remove a public key certificate in Firefox.

1 Open Fire fox and click Tools > Options.



2 In the Options page, click Privacy & Security, scroll to the bottom of the page, and then click View Certificates.



3 In the Certificate Manager, click Authorities and select the certificate you want to remove. Click Delete or Distrust.

Your Certificates People Servers Authorities You have certificates on file that identify these certificate authoritie Certificate Name Certum Trusted Network CA Builtin Object Token wusg60_S888F3FED32A ConversionContents	
Certificate Name Security Divice Certum Trusted Network CA Builtin Object Token Certum Trusted Network CA 2 Builtin Object Token + usg60_5888F3FED32A	
Certum Trusted Network CA Builtin Object Token Certum Trusted Network CA 2 Builtin Object Token + usg60_5888F3FED32A	le
Certum Trusted Network CA 2 Builtin Object Token wusg60_5888F3FED32A	
+ usg60_S888F3FED32A	
The second se	
usub0 SBBIR BED32A Software Sectority The	
Contraction of the second s	44
- VeriSign, Inc.	
Verisign Class I Public Primary Certi Builtin Object Token	
Verisign Class 2 Public Primary Certi Builtin Object Token	
Verleign Class 3 Public Primary Certi Builtin Object Token	
View. Etit Trust. Import. Upport. D	elete or Didnust
	(DK)

4 In the following dialog box, click **OK**.

Telete or Distrust CA Certificates	
You have requested to delete these CA certificates. For built-in certificate which has the same effect. Are you sure you want to delete or distrust?	all trust will be removed,
Ung60_58888F3FE032A	
If you delete or distrust a certificate authority (CA) certificate, this applicate certificates issued by that CA.	ion will no longer trust any

5 The next time you go to the web site that issued the public key certificate you just removed, a certification error appears.

A PPENDIX B IPv6

O ve rvie w

IPv6 (Internet Protocol version 6), is designed to enhance IP address size and features. The increase in IPv6 address size to 128 bits (from the 32-bit IPv4 address) allows up to 3.4×10^{38} IP addresses.

IPv6 Addressing

The 128-bit IPv6 address is written as eight 16-bit hexadecimal blocks separated by colons (:). This is an example IPv6 address 2001:0db8:1a2b:0015:0000:1a2f:0000.

IPv6 addresses can be abbreviated in two ways:

- Leading zeros in a block can be omitted. So 2001:0db8:1a2b:0015:0000:0000:1a2f:0000 can be written as 2001:db8:1a2b:15:0:0:1a2f:0.
- Any number of consecutive blocks of zeros can be replaced by a double colon. A double colon can only appear once in an IPv6 address. So 2001:0db8:0000:0000:1a2f:0000:0000:0015 can be written as 2001:0db8::1a2f:0000:0000:0015, 2001:0db8:0000:0000:1a2f::0015, 2001:db8::1a2f:0:0:15 or 2001:db8:0:0:1a2f::15.

Prefix and Prefix Length

Similar to an IPv4 subnet mask, IPv6 uses an address prefix to represent the network address. An IPv6 prefix length specifies how many most significant bits (start from the left) in the address compose the network address. The prefix length is written as "/x" where x is a number. For example,

2001:db8:1a2b:15::1a2f:0/32

means that the first 32 bits (2001:db8) is the subnet prefix.

Link-local Address

A link-local address uniquely identifies a device on the local network (the LAN). It is similar to a "private IP address" in IPv4. You can have the same link-local address on multiple interfaces on a device. A link-local unicast address has a predefined prefix of fe80::/10. The link-local unicast address format is as follows.

Table 105 Link-local Unicast Address Format

1111 1110 10	0	Interface ID
10 bits	54 bits	64 bits

GlobalAddress

A global address uniquely identifies a device on the Internet. It is similar to a "public IP address" in IPv4. A global unicast address starts with a 2 or 3.

Unspecified Address

An unspecified address (0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 or ::) is used as the source address when a device does not have its own address. It is similar to "0.0.0.0" in IPv4.

Loopback Address

A loopback address (0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1 or ::1) allows a host to send packets to itself. It is similar to "127.0.0.1" in IPv4.

Multic a st Addre ss

In IPv6, multicast addresses provide the same functionality as IPv4 broadcast addresses. Broadcasting is not supported in IPv6. A multicast address allows a host to send packets to all hosts in a multicast group.

Multicast scope allows you to determine the size of the multicast group. A multicast address has a predefined prefix of ff00::/8. The following table describes some of the predefined multicast addresses.

Table 106 Predefined Multicast Address

MULTICASTADDRESS	DESC RIPTIO N
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:0:1	All hosts on a local node.
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local node.
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:1	All hosts on a local connected link.
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local connected link.
FF05:0:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local site.
FF05:0:0:0:0:1:3	All DHCP severs on a local site.

The following table describes the multicast addresses which are reserved and can not be assigned to a multicast group.

	Table 107	Reserved	Multicast Address
--	-----------	----------	-------------------

MULTICASTADDRESS
FF00:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF03:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF04:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF05:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF06:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF07:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF08:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF09:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0A:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0B:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0C:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0D:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0E:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0F:0:0:0:0:0:0:0

${\bf Subnet\,Ma\,sking}$

Interface ID

In IPv6, an interface ID is a 64-bit identifier. It identifies a physical interface (for example, an Ethernet port) or a virtual interface (for example, the management IP address for a VLAN). One interface should have a unique interface ID.

EUI-64

The EUI-64 (Extended Unique Identifier) defined by the IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) is an interface ID format designed to adapt with IPv6. It is derived from the 48-bit (6-byte) Ethernet MAC address as shown next. EUI-64 inserts the hex digits fffe between the third and fourth bytes of the MAC address and complements the seventh bit of the first byte of the MAC address. See the following example.

Table 108

MAC			00	:	13	:	49	:	12	:	34	:	56		
Table 109															
EUI-64	02	:	13	:	49	:	FF	:	FE	:	12	:	34	:	56

State less Autoconfiguration

With stateless autoconfiguration in IPv6, addresses can be uniquely and automatically generated. Unlike DHCPv6 (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol version six) which is used in IPv6 stateful autoconfiguration, the owner and status of addresses don't need to be maintained by a DHCP server. Every IPv6 device is able to generate its own and unique IP address automatically when IPv6 is initiated on its interface. It combines the prefix and the interface ID (generated from its own Ethernet MAC address, see Interface ID and EUI-64) to form a complete IPv6 address.

When IPv6 is enabled on a device, its interface automatically generates a link-local address (beginning with fe80).

When the interface is connected to a network with a router and the Zyxel Device is set to automatically obtain an IPv6 network prefix from the router for the interface, it generates ¹ another address which combines its interface ID and global and subnet information advertised from the router. This is a routable global IP address.

DHC Pv6

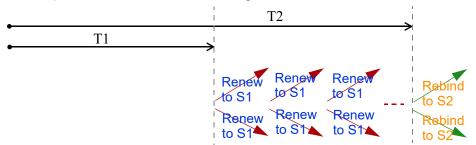
The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6, RFC 3315) is a server-client protocol that allows a DHCP server to assign and pass IPv6 network addresses, prefixes and other configuration information to DHCP clients. DHCPv6 servers and clients exchange DHCP messages using UDP.

^{1.} In IPv6, all network interfaces can be associated with several addresses.

Each DHCP client and server has a unique DHCP Unique IDentifier (DUID), which is used for identification when they are exchanging DHCPv6 messages. The DUID is generated from the MAC address, time, vendor assigned ID and/or the vendor's private enterprise number registered with the IANA. It should not change over time even after you reboot the device.

Identity Association

An Identity Association (IA) is a collection of addresses assigned to a DHCP client, through which the server and client can manage a set of related IP addresses. Each IA must be associated with exactly one interface. The DHCP client uses the IA assigned to an interface to obtain configuration from a DHCP server for that interface. Each IA consists of a unique IAID and associated IP information. The IA type is the type of address in the IA. Each IA holds one type of address. IA_NA means an identity association for non-temporary addresses and IA_TA is an identity association for temporary addresses. An IA_NA option contains the T1 and T2 fields, but an IA_TA option does not. The DHCPv6 server uses T1 and T2 to control the time at which the client contacts with the server to extend the lifetimes on any addresses in the IA_NA were obtained) a Renew message. If the time T2 is reached and the server does not respond, the client sends a Rebind message to any available server (**S2**). For an IA_TA, the client may send a Renew or Rebind message at the client's discretion.



DHCP Re la y Agent

A DHCP relay agent is on the same network as the DHCP clients and helps forward messages between the DHCP server and clients. When a client cannot use its link-local address and a well-known multicast address to locate a DHCP server on its network, it then needs a DHCP relay agent to send a message to a DHCP server that is not attached to the same network.

The DHCP relay agent can add the remote identification (remote-ID) option and the interface-ID option to the Relay-Forward DHCPv6 messages. The remote-ID option carries a user-defined string, such as the system name. The interface-ID option provides slot number, port information and the VLAN ID to the DHCPv6 server. The remote-ID option (if any) is stripped from the Relay-Reply messages before the relay agent sends the packets to the clients. The DHCP server copies the interface-ID option from the Relay-Forward message into the Relay-Reply message and sends it to the relay agent. The interface-ID should not change even after the relay agent restarts.

Pre fix De le g a tio n

Prefix delegation enables an IPv6 router to use the IPv6 prefix (network address) received from the ISP (or a connected uplink router) for its LAN. The Zyxel Device uses the received IPv6 prefix (for example, 2001:db2::/48) to generate its LAN IP address. Through sending Router Advertisements (RAs) regularly by multicast, the Zyxel Device passes the IPv6 prefix information to its LAN hosts. The hosts then can use the prefix to generate their IPv6 addresses.

IC MPv6

Internet Control Message Protocol for IPv6 (ICMPv6 or ICMP for IPv6) is defined in RFC 4443. ICMPv6 has a preceding Next Header value of 58, which is different from the value used to identify ICMP for IPv4. ICMPv6 is an integral part of IPv6. IPv6 nodes use ICMPv6 to report errors encountered in packet processing and perform other diagnostic functions, such as "ping".

Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP)

The Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) is a protocol used to discover other IPv6 devices and track neighbor's reachability in a network. An IPv6 device uses the following ICMPv6 messages types:

- Neighbor solicitation: A request from a host to determine a neighbor's link-layer address (MAC address) and detect if the neighbor is still reachable. A neighbor being "reachable" means it responds to a neighbor solicitation message (from the host) with a neighbor advertisement message.
- Neighbor advertisement: A response from a node to announce its link-layer address.
- Router solicitation: A request from a host to locate a router that can act as the default router and forward packets.
- Router advertisement: A response to a router solicitation or a periodical multicast advertisement from a router to advertise its presence and other parameters.

IPv6 Cache

An IPv6 host is required to have a neighbor cache, destination cache, prefix list and default router list. The Zyxel Device maintains and updates its IPv6 caches constantly using the information from response messages. In IPv6, the Zyxel Device configures a link-local address automatically, and then sends a neighbor solicitation message to check if the address is unique. If there is an address to be resolved or verified, the Zyxel Device also sends out a neighbor solicitation message. When the Zyxel Device receives a neighbor advertisement in response, it stores the neighbor's link-layer address in the neighbor cache. When the Zyxel Device uses a router solicitation message to query for a router and receives a router advertisement message, it adds the router's information to the neighbor cache, prefix list and destination cache. The Zyxel Device creates an entry in the default router list cache if the router can be used as a default router.

When the Zyxel Device needs to send a packet, it first consults the destination cache to determine the next hop. If there is no matching entry in the destination cache, the Zyxel Device uses the prefix list to determine whether the destination address is on-link and can be reached directly without passing through a router. If the address is onlink, the address is considered as the next hop. Otherwise, the Zyxel Device determines the next-hop from the default router list or routing table. Once the next hop IP address is known, the Zyxel Device looks into the neighbor cache to get the link-layer address and sends the packet when the neighbor is reachable. If the Zyxel Device cannot find an entry in the neighbor cache or the state for the neighbor is not reachable, it starts the address resolution process. This helps reduce the number of IPv6 solicitation and advertisement messages.

Multic a st Liste ner Disc overy

The Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) protocol (defined in RFC 2710) is derived from IPv4's Internet Group Management Protocol version 2 (IGMPv2). MLD uses ICMPv6 message types, rather than IGMP message types. MLDv1 is equivalent to IGMPv2 and MLDv2 is equivalent to IGMPv3.

MLD allows an IPv6 switch or router to discover the presence of MLD listeners who wish to receive

multicast packets and the IP addresses of multicast groups the hosts want to join on its network.

MLD snooping and MLD proxy are analogous to IGMP snooping and IGMP proxy in IPv4.

MLD filtering controls which multicast groups a port can join.

MID Messages

A multicast router or switch periodically sends general queries to MLD hosts to update the multicast forwarding table. When an MLD host wants to join a multicast group, it sends an MLD Report message for that address.

An MLD Done message is equivalent to an IGMP Leave message. When an MLD host wants to leave a multicast group, it can send a Done message to the router or switch. The router or switch then sends a group-specific query to the port on which the Done message is received to determine if other devices connected to this port should remain in the group.

Example - Enabling IPv6 on Windows XP/2003/Vista

By default, Windows XP and Windows 2003 support IPv6. This example shows you how to use the ipv6 install command on Windows XP/2003 to enable IPv6. This also displays how to use the ipconfig command to see auto-generated IP addresses.

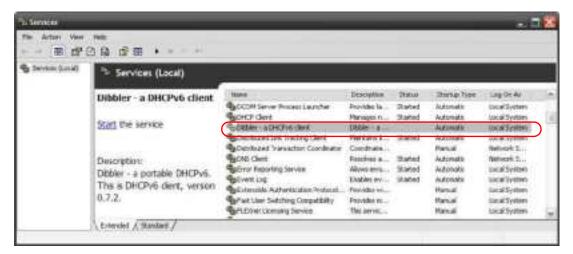
IPv6 is installed and enabled by default in Windows Vista. Use the *ipconfig* command to check your automatic configured IPv6 address as well. You should see at least one IPv6 address available for the interface on your computer.

Example - Enabling DHC Pv6 on Windows XP

Windows XP does not support DHCPv6. If your network uses DHCPv6 for IP address assignment, you have to additionally install a DHCPv6 client software on your Windows XP. (Note: If you use static IP addresses or Router Advertisement for IPv6 address assignment in your network, ignore this section.)

This example uses Dibbler as the DHCPv6 client. To enable DHCPv6 client on your computer:

- 1 Install Dibbler and select the DHCPv6 client option on your computer.
- 2 After the installation is complete, select Start > All Programs > Dib bler DHC Pv6 > C lient Install as service.
- 3 Select Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 4 Double click Dibbler a DHC Pv6 client.



5 Click Start and then OK.

Lines (1994)	(Anni Disperties (Cold Gingaliti) ?
Service name	DHOMOW
Display name	Distance a DelCPv6 cherk
Dempkor	Dibble: - a portable DHDPv6. This is DHDPv6 client, westion 0.7.2
Path to execute	the second s
C-Program Files	OHCP/6Client_dbble/dbble-client avaitatrice-d*C/Vr
Statetipe	Admatic in
Service.neur	Stepped
Start	the I Pave Rouse
	The start parameters that apply when you start the service
from home That parameters	
10400100	
	Canot Los

6 Now your computer can obtain an IPv6 address from a DHCPv6 server.

Example - Enabling IPv6 on Windows 7

Windows 7 supports IPv6 by default. DHCPv6 is also enabled when you enable IPv6 on a Windows 7 computer.

To enable IPv6 in Windows 7:

- 1 Select Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection.
- 2 Select the Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) checkbox to enable it.
- 3 Click **OK** to save the change.

Networking		
Connect using:		
🔮 Boedcom	NeXhene Ggabt Bhenet	
This connection u	ses the following terrs	Configure
🗹 📕 Qo S Pac		With the second
M2 - Internit	Printer Sharing for Montport Protocol Vecson & (10.2019)	Networks
C 1040.41	Histocol Amaton 4 (102/35)	(4)
hatal	Unital	Properties
Netal Description	Uvani	Properties
Description TCP/IP version	6. The latest version of the ommunication across divers	a internet protocol

- 4 Click Close to exit the Local Area Connection Status screen.
- 5 Select Start > All Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt.
- 6 Use the ipconfig command to check your dynamic IPv6 address. This example shows a global address (2001:b021:2d::1000) obtained from a DHCP server.

APPENDIX C CustomerSupport

In the event of problems that cannot be solved by using this manual, you should contact your vendor. If you cannot contact your vendor, then contact a Zyxel office for the region in which you bought the device.

For Zyxel Communication offices, see *https://se nvic e -p ro vide r.zyxe l.c o m /g lo b a l/e n /c o nta c t-us* for the latest information.

For Zyxel Network offices, see *https://www.zyxelcom/index.shtml* for the latest information.

Please have the following information ready when you contact an office.

Required Information

- Product model and serial number.
- Warranty Information.
- Date that you received your device.
- Brief description of the problem and the steps you took to solve it.

Corporate Headquarters (Worldwide)

Taiwan

- Zyxel Communications (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.
- https://www.zyxel.com

Asia

China

- Zyxel Communications Corporation–China Office
- https://www.zyxel.com/cn/sc

India

- Zyxel Communications Corporation–India Office
- https://www.zyxel.com/in/en-in

Ka za khsta n

- Zyxel Kazakhstan
- https://www.zyxelcom/ru/ru

Ko re a

- Zyxel Korea Co., Ltd.
- http://www.zyxel.kr/

Ma la ysia

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxel.com/global/en

Philippines

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/global/en

Singapore

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/global/en

Ta iwa n

- Zyxel Communications (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.
- https://www.zyxel.com/tw/zh

Tha ila nd

- Zyxel Thailand Co., Ltd.
- https://www.zyxel.com/th/th

Vie tna m

- Zyxel Communications Corporation–Vietnam Office
- https://www.zyxelcom/vn/vi

Europe

Be la rus

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/nu/nu

Belgium (Netherlands)

- Zyxel Benelux
- https://www.zyxelcom/nl/nl
- https://www.zyxel.com/fr/fr

Bulg a ria

• Zyxel Bulgaria

• https://www.zyxelcom/bg/bg

Czech Republic

- Zyxel Communications Czech s.r.o.
- https://www.zyxelcom/cz/cs

De nm a rk

- Zyxel Communications A/S
- https://www.zyxel.com/dk/da

Finla nd

- Zyxel Communications
- https://www.zyxel.com/fi/fi

Fra nc e

- Zyxel France
- https://www.zyxel.com/fr/fr

Gemany

- Zyxel Deutschland GmbH.
- https://www.zyxel.com/de/de

Hungary

- Zyxel Hungary & SEE
- https://www.zyxelcom/hu/hu

Ita ly

- Zyxel Communications Italy S.r.l.
- https://www.zyxel.com/it/it

Norway

- Zyxel Communications A/S
- https://www.zyxelcom/no/no

Poland

- Zyxel Communications Poland
- https://www.zyxelcom/pl/pl

Romania

- Zyxel Romania
- https://www.zyxel.com/ro/ro

Russian Federation

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/ru/ru

Slo va kia

- Zyxel Slovakia
- https://www.zyxelcom/sk/sk

Spain

- Zyxel Iberia
- https://www.zyxel.com/es/es

Sweden

- Zyxel Communications A/S
- https://www.zyxelcom/se/sv

Switze rla nd

- Studerus AG
- https://www.zyxelcom/ch/de-ch
- https://www.zyxel.com/fr/fr

Turke y

- Zyxel Turkey A.S.
- https://www.zyxelcom/tr/tr

UK

- Zyxel Communications UK Ltd.
- https://www.zyxelcom/uk/en-gb

Ukra ine

- Zyxel Ukraine
- https://www.zyxel.com/ua/uk-ua

South America

Argentina

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es-co

Bra zil

• Zyxel Communications Brasil Ltda.

• https://www.zyxelcom/br/pt

Colombia

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es-co

Ecuador

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxel.com/co/es-co

South America

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es-co

Middle East

Isra e l

- Zyxel Communications Corp.
- https://il.zyxel.com

North America

USA

- Zyxel Communications, Inc. North America Headquarters
- https://www.zyxel.com/us/en-us

A PPENDIX D Legal Information

Copyright

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Your use of the Zyxel Device is subject to the terms and conditions of any related service providers.

Trademarks

Trademarks mentioned in this publication are used for identification purposes only and may be properties of their respective owners.

Regulatory Notice and Statement

UNITED STATES of AMERICA



The following information applies if you use the product within USA area.

FCC Statement

- This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
 (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
 Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the device.
- This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This device generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used according to the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.
- If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off
 and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
 - Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
 - Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
 - Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
 - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for assistance

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

- This device complies with FCC Radio Frequency (RF) radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.
- This transmitter must be at least 20 cm from the user and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. This transmitter must be at least 25 cm (WBE660S) from the user and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- Country Code selection feature to be disabled for products marketed to the US/CANADA.

Caution (for model - WAX620D-6E/ NWA220AX-6E/ WAX640S-6E/ WBE660S)

- FCC regulations restrict the operation of this device to indoor use only.
- The operation of this device is prohibited on oil platforms, cars, trains, boats, and aircraft, except that operation of this device is permitted in large aircraft while flying above 10,000 feet.
- Operation of transmitters in the 5.925-7.125 GHz band is prohibited for control of or communications with unmanned aircraft systems.

BRA ZIL

The following applies if you use the product within Brazil.

Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.

CANADA

The following information applies if you use the product within Canada area.

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada ICES Statement

CAN ICES-003 (B)/NMB-003(B)

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada RSS-GEN & RSS-247 Statement

- This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's
 licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device
 must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
- The radio transmitter 2468C-11ACAP22W (WAC500H), 2468C-11ACAP22 (WAC500 and NWA1123ACV3), 2468C-WAX650S (WAX650S), 2486C-11AXAP24 (NWA210AX, WAX610D and WAX630S), 2468C-11AXAP22 (NWA110AX and WAX510D), 2468C-11AXAP246E (WAX640S-6E), 2468C-11AXAP246E (WAX620D-6E, NWA220AX-6E), 2468C-03785 (WAX655E), and 2468C-03973 (WAX300H) has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Antenna Information

ANTENNA MODEL	NO.	TYPE	CONNECTOR	2.4 G GAIN (dBi)	5G/6G GAIN (dBi)	REMARK
WAX630S		PIFA	U.FL	0.92	1.32 (5150-5250 MHz) 1.39 (5250-5350 MHz) 0.44 (5470-5725 MHz) 1.63 (5725-5850 MHz)	
WAX650S		Direction	U.FL	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	3.51 (5150-5250 MHz) 4.22 (5250-5350 MHz) 4.61 (5470-5725 MHz) 4.68 (5725-5850 MHz)	
WAX510D NWA110AX	1	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	2	PIFA	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	3	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	4	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
NWA210AX WAX610D	1	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:7.8 dBi U-NII-2A:7.7 dBi U-NII-2C:6.8 dBi U-NII-3:7.2 dBi	
	2	PIFA	I-PEX	5.08 dBi		
	3	PIFA	I-PEX	5.56 dBi	U-NII-1:7.5 dBi U-NII-2A:6.8 dBi U-NII-2C:6.5 dBi U-NII-3:7.6 dBi	
	4	Dipole	I-PEX	6.06 dBi	U-NII-1:8.19 dBi U-NII-2A:7.7 dBi U-NII-2C:7.14 dBi U-NII-3:7.6 dBi	Wall Mount
	5	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:6.8 dBi U-NII-2A:7.5 dBi U-NII-2C:5.81 dBi U-NII-3:6.99 dBi	Ceiling Mount
	6	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:8.3 dBi U-NII-2A:7.8 dBi U-NII-2C:7.1 dBi U-NII-3:7.98 dBi	
WAC500H	1	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	2.5 dBi	
	2	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	2.5 dBi	
WAC500	1	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	0 dBi	
NWA1123ACv3	2	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	0 dBi	
WAX640S-6E		PIFA	U.FL	1 dBi	U-NII-1:4.86 dBi U-NII-2A:5.93 dBi U-NII-2C:4.08 dBi U-NII-3:5.21 dBi U-NII-5:3.29 dBi U-NII-6:3.34 dBi U-NII-7:2.64 dBi U-NII-7:3.35 dBi	
WAX620D-6E NWA220AX-6E		PIFA	U.FL	1 dBi	U-NII-1:3.87 dBi U-NII-2A:3.96 dBi U-NII-2C:4.54 dBi U-NII-3:3.04 dBi U-NII-5:3.87 dBi U-NII-6:4.26 dBi U-NII-7:5.34 dBi U-NII-8:3.42 dBi	
WAX655E		Dipole	N type	4 dBi	6 dBi	

ANTENNA MODEL	NO.	TYPE	CONNECTOR	2.4 G GAIN (dBi)	5G/6G GAIN (dBi)	REMARK
WAX300H	1	PIFA	N/A		4.2 (5150-5250 MHz) 4.6 (5250-5350 MHz) 5.1 (5470-5725 MHz) 5.1 (5725-5850 MHz)	
	2	PIFA	N/A		3.2 (5150-5250 MHz) 3.5 (5250-5350 MHz) 3.5 (5470-5725 MHz) 4.3 (5725-5850 MHz)	

• For indoor use only (except WAX655E).

If the product with 5G wireless function operating in 5150-5250 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz, the following attention must be paid,

• The device for operation in the band 5150-5250 MHz is only for indoor use to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel

mobile satellite systems. For devices with detachable antenna(s), the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall be such that the equipment still complies with the e.i.r.p. limits as appropriate; and

Where applicable, antenna type(s), antenna model(s), and the worst-case tilt angle(s) necessary to remain compliant with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask requirement set forth in Section 6.2.2.3 of RSS 247 shall be clearly indicated.

If the product with 5G wireless function operating in 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz, the following attention must be paid.

• For devices with detachable antenna(s), the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz shall be such that the equipment still complies with the e.i.r.p. limit.

Informations Antenne

MODÈLE D'ANTENNE	NB.	TYPE	CONNECTEUR	2.4 G GAIN (dBi)	5G/6G GAIN (dBi)	REMARQ UE
WAX630S		PIFA	U.FL	0.92	1.32 (5150-5250 MHz) 1.39 (5250-5350 MHz) 0.44 (5470-5725 MHz) 1.63 (5725-5850 MHz)	
WAX650S		Direction	U.FL	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	3.51 (5150-5250 MHz) 4.22 (5250-5350 MHz) 4.61 (5470-5725 MHz) 4.68 (5725-5850 MHz)	
WAX510D NWA110AX	1	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	2	PIFA	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	3	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
	4	Dipole	I-PEX	0 (2400-2483.5 MHz)	4.5 (5150-5350MHz) 5.2 (5470-5725MHz) 5.5 (5725-5850MHz)	
NWA210AX WAX610D	1	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:7.8 dBi U-NII-2A:7.7 dBi U-NII-2C:6.8 dBi U-NII-3:7.2 dBi	
	2	PIFA	I-PEX	5.08 dBi		
	3	PIFA	I-PEX	5.56 dBi	U-NII-1:7.5 dBi U-NII-2A:6.8 dBi U-NII-2C:6.5 dBi U-NII-3:7.6 dBi	
	4	Dipole	I-PEX	6.06 dBi	U-NII-1:8.19 dBi U-NII-2A:7.7 dBi U-NII-2C:7.14 dBi U-NII-3:7.6 dBi	Wall Mount
	5	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:6.8 dBi U-NII-2A:7.5 dBi U-NII-2C:5.81 dBi U-NII-3:6.99 dBi	Ceiling Mount
	6	Dipole	I-PEX		U-NII-1:8.3 dBi U-NII-2A:7.8 dBi U-NII-2C:7.1 dBi U-NII-3:7.98 dBi	
WAC500H	1	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	2.5 dBi	
	2	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	2.5 dBi	
WAC500	1	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	0 dBi	
NWA1123ACv3	2	PIFA	N/A	0 dBi	0 dBi	
WAX640S-6E		PIFA	U.FL	1 dBi	U-NII-1:4.86 dBi U-NII-2A:5.93 dBi U-NII-2C:4.08 dBi U-NII-3:5.21 dBi U-NII-5:3.29 dBi U-NII-5:3.29 dBi U-NII-7:2.64 dBi U-NII-7:2.64 dBi U-NII-8:3.35 dBi	
WAX620D-6E NWA220AX-6E		PIFA	U.FL	1 dBi	U-NII-1:3.87 dBi U-NII-2A:3.96 dBi U-NII-2C:4.54 dBi U-NII-3:3.04 dBi U-NII-5:3.87 dBi U-NII-6:4.26 dBi U-NII-7:5.34 dBi U-NII-8:3.42 dBi	
WAX655E		Dipole	N type	4 dBi	6 dBi	

MODÈLE D'ANTENNE	NB.	TYPE	CONNECTEUR	2.4 G GAIN (dBi)	5G/6G GAIN (dBi)	REMARQ UE
WAX300H	1	PIFA	N/A	1.4	4.2 (5150-5250 MHz) 4.6 (5250-5350 MHz) 5.1 (5470-5725 MHz) 5.1 (5725-5850 MHz)	
	2	PIFA	N/A	2.7	3.2 (5150-5250 MHz) 3.5 (5250-5350 MHz) 3.5 (5470-5725 MHz) 4.3 (5725-5850 MHz)	

• Pour une utilisation en intérieur uniquement (à l'exception WAX655E).

Lorsque la fonction sans fil 5G fonctionnant en 5150-5250 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz est activée pour ce produit, il est nécessaire de porter une attention particulière aux choses suivantes

- Les dispositifs fonctionnant dans la bande de 5 150 à 5 250 MHz sont réservés uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux;
- Pour les dispositifs munis d'antennes amovibles, le gain maximal d'antenne permis (pour les dispositifs utilisant la bande de 5 725 à 5 850 MHz) doit être conforme à la limite de la p.i.r.e. spécifiée, selon le cas;
- Lorsqu'il y a lieu, les types d'antennes (s'il y en a plusieurs), les numéros de modèle de l'antenne et les pires angles d'inclinaison nécessaires pour rester conforme à l'exigence de la p.i.r.e. applicable au masque d'élévation, énoncée à la section 6.2.2.3 du CNR-247, doivent être clairement indiqués.

Lorsque la fonction sans fil 5G fonctionnant en 5250-5350 MHz et 5470-5725 MHz est activée pour ce produit, il est nécessaire de porter une attention particulière aux choses suivantes.

• Pour les dispositifs munis d'antennes amovibles, le gain maximal d'antenne permis pour les dispositifs utilisant les bandes de 5 250 à 5 350 MHz et de 5 470 à 5 725 MHz doit être conforme à la limite de la p.i.r.e.

Industry Canada radiation exposure statement

This equipment complies with ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 21 cm (WAX300H) between the radiator and your body. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 28 cm (WBE660S) between the radiator and your body.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements ISED établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 28 cm (WBE660S) de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 28 cm (WBE660S) de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

Caution:

(i) the device for operation in the band 5150-5250 MHz is only for indoor use to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems;

(ii) the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz shall comply with the e.i.r.p. limit; and (iii) the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the band 5725-5825 MHz shall comply with the e.i.r.p. limits specified for point-to-point and non point-to-point operation as appropriate.

(iv) WAX655E is an outdoor device.

Formodel - WAX620D-6E/NWA220AX-6E/WAX640S-6E/WBE660S

(v) Operation shall be limited to indoor use only;

(vi) Operation on oil platforms, cars, trains, boats and aircraft shall be prohibited except for on large aircraft flying above 10,000 ft.

(vii) Devices shall not be used for control of or communications with unmanned aircraft systems.

Avertissement:

(i) les dispositifs fonctionnant dans la bande 5150-5250 MHz sont réservés uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux;

(ii) le gain maximal d'antenne permis pour les dispositifs utilisant les bandes 5250-5350 MHz et 5 470-5 725 MHz doit se conformer à la limite de p.i.r.e.;

(iii) le gain maximal d'antenne permis (pour les dispositifs utilisant la bande 5725-5825 MHz) doit se conformer à la limite de p.i.r.e. spécifiée pour l'exploitation point à point et non point à point, selon le cas.

(iv) WAX655E est un appareil extérieur.

Formodel - WAX620D-6E/ NWA220AX-6E/ WAX640S-6E/ WBE660S

(v) Utilisation limitée à l'intérieur seulement;

(vi) Utilisation interdite à bord de plateformes de forage pétrolier, de voitures, de trains, de bateaux et d'aéronefs, sauf à bord d'un gros aéronef volant à plus de 10 000 pieds d'altitude.

(vii) Les dispositifs ne doivent pas être utilisés pour commander des systèmes d'aéronef sans pilote ni pour communiquer avec de tels systèmes.

EURO PEAN UNION and UNITED KING DOM



The following information applies if you use the product within the European Union and United Kingdom.

Declaration of Conformity with Regard to EU Directive 2014/53/EU (Radio Equipment Directive, RED) and UK regulation

- Compliance information for wireless products relevant to the EU, United Kingdom and other Countries following the EU Directive 2014/53/EU (RED) and UK regulation 2017 SI 2017-1206. And this product may be used in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU Directive 2014/53/EU) and United Kingdom without any limitation except for the countries mentioned in the below table:
- In the majority of the EU and other European countries, the 5GHz bands have been made available for the use of wireless local area networks (LANs). Later in this document you will find an overview of countries in which additional restrictions or requirements or both are applicable. The requirements for any country may evolve. Zyxel recommends that you check with the local authorities for the latest status of their national regulations for the 5GHz wireless LANs.
- If this device operates in the 5150-5350 MHz band, it is for indoor use only.
- This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radio equipment and your body.
- The maximum RF operating power for each band is as follows:

WAC 500H

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 87.7 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 174.58 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 443.61 mW.

WAC500 and NWA1123ACv3

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 88.5 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 181.55 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 195.43 mW.

WAX630S

- The band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz is 19.56 mW,
- The band 5150 MHz to 5350 MHz is 175.39 mW,
- The band 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz is 826.04 mW.

WAX650S

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 91.2 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 177.01 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 899.5 mW.

WAX510D and NWA110AX

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 85.31 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 172.19 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 651.63 mW.

WAX610D and NWA210AX

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 92.47 mW.
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 177.01 mW.
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 889.2 mW.

WAX640S-6E

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 81.85 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 169.82 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 839,46 mW.
- The band 5,925 MHz to 6,425 MHz is 169.82 mW.

WAX620D-6E and NWA220AX-6E

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 86.30 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 164.44 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 498.88 mW.
- The band 5,925 MHz to 6,425 MHz is 168.66 mW..

WAX655E

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 93.76 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 174.18 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 796.16 mW.

WAX300H

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 89.13 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 198.15 mW,
- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 485.29 mW.

WBE660S

- The band 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz is 89.54 mW,
- The band 5,150 MHz to 5,350 MHz is 274.79 mW,

- The band 5,470 MHz to 5,725 MHz is 853.10 mW.
- The band 5,925 MHz to 6,425 MHz is 176.60 mW.

Български (Bulgarian)	С настоящото Zyxel декларира, че това оборудване е в съответствие със съществените изисквания и другите приложими разпоредбите на Директива 2014/53/ЕС.	
- /	Na tional Restric tions	
	 The Belgian Institute for Postal Services and Telecommunications (BIPT) must be notified of any outdoor wireless link having a range exceeding 300 meters. Please check http://www.bipt.be for more details. Draadloze verbindingen voor buitengebruik en met een reikwijdte van meer dan 300 meter dienen aangemeld te worden bij het Belgisch Instituut voor postdiensten en telecommunicatie (BIPT). Zie http://www.bipt.be voor meer gegevens. Les liaisons sans fil pour une utilisation en extérieur d'une distance supérieure à 300 mètres doivent être notifiées à 	
	l'Institut Belge des services Postaux et des Télécommunications (IBPT). Visitez http://www.ibpt.be pour de plus amples détails.	
Español (Spanish)	Por medio de la presente Zyxel declara que el equipo cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 2014/53/UE.	
Čeština (Czech)	Zyxel tímto prohlašuje, že tento zařízení je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 2014/53/EU.	
Dansk (Danish)	Undertegnede Zyxel erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr udstyr overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 2014/53/EU.	
Deutsch (German)	Hiermit erklärt Zyxel, dass sich das Gerät Ausstattung in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU befindet.	
Eesti keel (Estonian)	Käesolevaga kinnitab Zyxel seadme seadmed vastavust direktiivi 2014/53/EU põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.	
Ελληνικά (Greek)	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Ζγχεί ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ εξοπλισμός ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 2014/53/EU.	
English	Hereby, Zyxel declares that this device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU.	
Français (French)	Par la présente Zyxel déclare que l'appareil équipements est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres disposi pertinentes de la directive 2014/53/EU.	
Hrvatski (Croatian)	Zyxel ovime izjavljuje da je radijska oprema tipa u skladu s Direktivom 2014/53/EU.	
Íslenska (Icelandic)	Hér með lýsir, Zyxel því yfir að þessi búnaður er í samræmi við grunnkröfur og önnur viðeigandi ákvæði tilskipunar 2014/53/ EU.	
Italiano (Italian)	Con la presente Zyxel dichiara che questo attrezzatura è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 2014/53/EU.	
	Na tio na l Re stric tio ns	
	 This product meets the National Radio Interface and the requirements specified in the National Frequency Allocation Table for Italy. Unless this wireless LAN product is operating within the boundaries of the owner's property, its use requires a "general authorization." Please check https://www.mise.gov.it/it/formore details. Questo prodotto è conforme alla specifiche di Interfaccia Radio Nazionali e rispetta il Piano Nazionale di ripartizione delle frequenze in Italia. Se non viene installato all'interno del proprio fondo, l'utilizzo di prodotti Wireless LAN richiede una "Autorizzazione Generale". Consultare https://www.mise.gov.it/it/ per maggiori dettagli. 	
Latviešu valoda (Latvian)	Ar šo Zyxel deklarē, ka iekārtas atbilst Direktīvas 2014/53/EU būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.	
Lietuvių kalba (Lithuanian)	Šiuo Zyxel deklaruoja, kad šis įranga atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 2014/53/EU Direktyvos nuostatas.	
Magyar (Hungarian)	Alulírott, Zyxel nyilatkozom, hogy a berendezés megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető követelményeknek és az 2014/53/EU irányelv egyéb előírásainak.	
Malti (Maltese)	Hawnhekk, Zyxel, jiddikjara li dan tagħmir jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 2014/53/EU.	
Nederlands (Dutch)	Hierbij verklaart Zyxel dat het toestel uitrusting in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 2014/53/EU.	
Polski (Polish)	Niniejszym Zyxel oświadcza, że sprzęt jest zgodny z zasadniczymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 2014/53/EU.	
Português (Portuguese)	Zyxel declara que este equipamento está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 2014/53, EU.	
Română (Romanian)	Prin prezenta, Zyxel declară că acest echipament este în conformitate cu cerințele esențiale și alte prevederi relevante ale Directivei 2014/53/EU.	
Slovenčina (Slovak)	Zyxel týmto vyhlasuje, že zariadenia spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 2014/53/EU.	
Slovenščina (Slovene)	Zyxel izjavlja, da je ta oprema v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 2014/53/EU.	

NWA/WAC/WAX Series User's Guide

Suomi (Finnish)	Zyxel vakuuttaa täten että laitteet tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 2014/53/EU oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Svenska	Härmed intygar Zyxel att denna utrustning står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta
(Swedish)	bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 2014/53/EU.
Norsk	Erklærer herved Zyxel at dette utstyret er I samsvar med de grunnleggende kravene og andre relevante bestemmelser I
(Norwegian)	direktiv 2014/53/EU.

No te s:

1. Although Norway, Switzerland and Liechtenstein are not EU member states, the EU Directive 2014/53/EU has also been implemented in those countries.

2. The regulatory limits for maximum output power are specified in EIRP. The EIRP level (in dBm) of a device can be calculated by adding the gain of the antenna used (specified in dBi) to the output power available at the connector (specified in dBm).

List of national codes

COUNTRY	ISO 3166 2 LETTER CODE	COUNTRY	ISO 3166 2 LETTER CODE
Austria	AT	Liechtenstein	LI
Belgium	BE	Lithuania	LT
Bulgaria	BG	Luxembourg	LU
Croatia	HR	Malta	MT
Cyprus	CY	Netherlands	NL
Czech Republic	CR	Norway	NO
Denmark	DK	Poland	PL
Estonia	EE	Portugal	PT
Finland	FI	Romania	RO
France	FR	Serbia	RS
Germany	DE	Slovakia	SK
Greece	GR	Slovenia	SI
Hungary	HU	Spain	ES
Iceland	IS	Sweden	SE
Ireland	IE	Switzerland	СН
Italy	IT	Turkey	TR
Latvia	LV	United Kingdom	GB

Safety Warnings

- Do not put the device in a place that is humid, dusty or has extreme temperatures as these conditions may harm your device.
- Please refer to the device back label, datasheet, box specifications or catalog information for the power rating of the device and operating temperature.
- Do not expose your device to dampness, dust or corrosive liquids.
- Do not store things on the device.
- Do not obstruct the device ventilation slots as insufficient airflow may harm your device. For example, do not place the device in an enclosed space such as a box or on a very soft surface such as a bed or sofa.
- Do not install or service this device during a thunderstorm. There is a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Connect ONLY suitable accessories to the device.
- Do not open the device or unit. Opening or removing the device covers can expose you to dangerous high voltage or other risks. ONLY qualified service personnel should service or disassemble this device. Please contact your vendor for further information.
- Make sure to connect the cables to the correct ports.
- Place connected cables carefully so that no one will step on them or stumble over them.
- Disconnect all cables from this device before servicing or disassembling.
- Do not remove the plug and connect it to a power outlet by itself; always attach the plug to the power adaptor first before connecting it to a power outlet.
- Do not allow anything to rest on the power adaptor or cord and do NOT place the product where anyone can walk on the power adaptor or cord.
- Please use the provided or designated connection cables/power cables/adaptors. Connect it to the right supply voltage (for example, 120V AC in North America or 230V AC in Europe). If the power adaptor or cord is damaged, it might cause electrocution. Remove the damaged power adaptor or cord from the device and the power source. Do not try to repair the power adaptor or cord by yourself. Contact your local vendor to order a new one.
- CAUTION: There is a risk of explosion if you replace the device battery with an incorrect one. Dispose of used batteries according to the
 instructions. Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type, dispose of used batteries according to the instruction. Dispose them
 at the applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic devices. For detailed information about recycling of this
 product, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the store where you purchased the product.
- Do not leave a battery in an extremely high temperature environment or surroundings since it can result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- Do not subject a battery to extremely low air pressure since it may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.

- This device (WAC6553D-E, WAC6552D-S, WAX655E) must be grounded by qualified service personnel. Never defeat the ground conductor or
 operate the device in the absence of a suitably installed ground conductor. Contact the qualified service personnel if you are uncertain that
 suitable grounding is available.
- The following warring statements apply, where the disconnect device is not incorporated in the device or where the plug on the power supply cord is intended to serve as the disconnect device,
- For a pluggable device, the socket-outlet shall be installed near the device and shall be easily accessible.
- Do not use a power adapter that has a power cable longer than 3 meters.

Environment statement

ErP (Energy-related Products) (NWA1123ACv3, WAC500, WAC500H, WAX510D, NWA110AX, WAX610D, NWA210AX, WAX630S, WAX620D-6E, NWA220AX-6E and WBE660S)

Zyxel products put on the EU and United Kingdom markets comply with the requirement of the European Parliament and the Council published Directive 2009/125/EC and UK regulation establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (recast), the so called "ErP Directive (Energy-related Products directive), as well as ecodesign requirements laid down in applicable implementation measures. Power consumption has satisfied the regulation requirements which are:

Network standby power consumption < 8W(watts), and/or

Off mode power consumption < 0.5W(watts), and/or

Standby mode power consumption < 0.5W (watts).

For wireless setting, please refer to the chapter about wireless settings for more detail.

Disposal and Recycling Information

The symbol below means that according to local regulations your product and/or its battery shall be disposed of separately from domestic waste. If this product is end of life, take it to a recycling station designated by local authorities. At the time of disposal, the separate collection of your product and/or its battery will help save natural resources and ensure that the environment is sustainable development.

Die folgende Symbol bedeutet, dass Ihr Produkt und/oder seine Batterie gemäß den örtlichen Bestimmungen getrennt vom Hausmüll entsorgt werden muss. Wenden Sie sich an eine Recyclingstation, wenn dieses Produkt das Ende seiner Lebensdauer erreicht hat. Zum Zeitpunkt der Entsorgung wird die getrennte Sammlung von Produkt und/oder seiner Batterie dazu beitragen, natürliche Ressourcen zu sparen und die Umwelt und die menschliche Gesundheit zu schützen.

El símbolo de abajo indica que según las regulaciones locales, su producto y/o su batería deberán depositarse como basura separada de la doméstica. Cuando este producto alcance el final de su vida útil, llévelo a un punto limpio. Cuando llegue el momento de desechar el producto, la recogida por separado éste y/o su batería ayudará a salvar los recursos naturales y a proteger la salud humana y medioambiental.

Le symbole ci-dessous signifie que selon les réglementations locales votre produit et/ou sa batterie doivent être éliminés séparément des ordures ménagères. Lorsque ce produit atteint sa fin de vie, amenez-le à un centre de recyclage. Au moment de la mise au rebut, la collecte séparée de votre produit et/ou de sa batterie aidera à économiser les ressources naturelles et protéger l'environnement et la santé humaine.

Il simbolo sotto significa che secondo i regolamenti locali il vostro prodotto e/o batteria deve essere smaltito separatamente dai rifiuti domestici. Quando questo prodotto raggiunge la fine della vita di servizio portarlo a una stazione di riciclaggio. Al momento dello smaltimento, la raccolta separata del vostro prodotto e/o della sua batteria aiuta a risparmiare risorse naturali e a proteggere l'ambiente e la salute umana.

Symbolen innebär att enligt lokal lagstiftning ska produkten och/eller dess batteri kastas separat från hushållsavfallet. När den här produkten når slutet av sin livslängd ska du ta den till en återvinningsstation. Vid tiden för kasseringen bidrar du till en bättre miljö och mänsklig hälsa genom att göra dig av med den på ett återvinningsställe.





台灣



以下訊息僅適用於產品具有無線功能且銷售至台灣地區

取得審驗證明之低功率射頻器材,非經核准,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

- 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。 前述合法通信,指依電信管理法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。
- 使用無線產品時,應避免影響附近雷達系統之操作。
- 高增益指向性天線只得應用於固定式點對點系統。

以下訊息僅適用於產品屬於專業安裝並銷售至台灣地區

本器材須經專業工程人員安裝及設定,始得設置使用,且不得直接販售給一般消費者。

安全警告 - 為了您的安全, 請先閱讀以下警告及指示:

- 請勿將此產品接近水、火焰或放置在高溫的環境。
- 避免設備接觸
 - 一任何浓體-切勿讓設備接觸水、兩水、高濕度、污水腐蝕性的液體或其他水份。 灰塵及污物-切勿接觸灰塵、污物、沙土、食物或其他不合適的材料。

- 切勿重摔或撞擊設備,並勿使用不正確的電源變壓器。
- 若接上不正確的電源變壓器會有爆炸的風險。
- 請勿隨意更換產品內的電池。
- 如果更換不正確之電池型式,會有爆炸的風險,請依製造商說明書處理使用過之電池。
- 請將廢電池丟棄在適當的電器或電子設備回收處。
- 請勿將設備解體。
- 請勿阻礙設備的散熱孔,空氣對流不足將會造成設備損害。
- 請使用隨貨提供或指定的連接線 / 電源線 / 電源變壓器·將其連接到合適的供應電壓 (如:台灣供應電壓 110 伏特)。
- 假若電源變壓器或電源變壓器的纜線損壞,請從插座拔除,若您還繼續插電使用,會有觸電死亡的風險。
- 請勿試圖修理電源變壓器或電源變壓器的纜線,若有毀損,請直接聯絡您購買的店家,購買一個新的電源變壓器。
- 請勿將此設備安裝於室外,此設備僅適合放置於室內。
- 請勿隨一般垃圾丟棄。
- 請參閱產品背貼上的設備額定功率。
- 請參考產品型錄或是彩盒上的作業溫度。
- 產品沒有斷電裝置或者採用電源線的插頭視為斷電裝置的一部分,以下警語將適用:
 - 對永久連接之設備,在設備外部須安裝可觸及之斷電裝置;
 - 對插接式之設備,插座必須接近安裝之地點而且是易於觸及的。

About the Symbols

Various symbols are used in this product to ensure correct usage, to prevent danger to the user and others, and to prevent property damage. The meaning of these symbols are described below. It is important that you read these descriptions thoroughly and fully understand the contents.

Explanation of the Symbols

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
\sim	Alternating current (AC): AC is an electric current in which the flow of electric charge periodically reverses direction.
	Direct current (DC): DC if the unidirectional flow or movement of electric charge carriers.
\triangle	Earth; ground: A wiring terminal intended for connection of a Protective Earthing Conductor.
	Class II equipment: The method of protection against electric shock in the case of class II equipment is either double insulation or reinforced insulation.

Viewing Certifications

Go to http://www.zyxel.com to view this product's documentation and certifications.

Zyxel Limited Warranty

Zyxel warrants to the original end user (purchaser) that this product is free from any defects in material or workmanship for a specific period (the Warranty Period) from the date of purchase. The Warranty Period varies by region. Check with your vendor and/or the authorized Zyxel local distributor for details about the Warranty Period of this product. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, Zyxel will, at its discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components without charge for either parts or labor, and to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to restore the product or components to

proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal or higher value, and will be solely at the discretion of Zyxel. This warranty shall not apply if the product has been modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions.

Note

Repair or replacement, as provided under this warranty, is the exclusive remedy of the purchaser. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied, including any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular use or purpose. Zyxel shall in no event be held liable for indirect or consequential damages of any kind to the purchaser.

To obtain the services of this warranty, contact your vendor. You may also refer to the warranty policy for the region in which you bought the device at https://www.zyxelcom/global/en/support/warranty-information.

Re g istra tio n

Register your product online at www.zyxe.lcom to receive email notices of firmware upgrades and related information.

Open Source Licenses

This product contains in part some free software distributed under GPL license terms and/or GPL like licenses. To request the source code covered under these licenses, please go to: https://www.zyxe.lcom/fom/gpl_oss_software_notice.shtml.

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