

# 7.5. RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

### EUT Specification

EUT	MIMO 802.11g Wireless Router
Frequency band (Operating)	WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz
	WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz
	WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz
	Others
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation)
	Mobile (>20cm separation)
	Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = $5 \text{mW/cm2}$ )
	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure
	(S=1mW/cm2)
Antenna diversity	Single antenna
	Multiple antennas
	Tx diversity
	Rx diversity
	Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	23.64 dBm (231.2065 mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.8 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.5136)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation
	SAR Evaluation

#### Remark:

1. The maximum output power is <u>23.64dBm (231.2065 mW)</u> at <u>2462MHz</u> (with 1.5136 <u>numeric</u> <u>antenna gain.</u>)

- 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
- 3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.

### TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.



#### **Calculation**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{d}} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter P = Power in Watts G=Numeric antenna gain d=Distance in meters S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 \times S}}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and$$
  
 $d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$ 

Yields

$$d = 100 \times \sqrt{\frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times S}} = 0.282 \times \sqrt{\frac{P \times G}{S}}$$
  
Where  $d = distance$  in  $cm$   
 $P = Power$  in  $mW$   
 $G = Numeric$  antenna gain  
 $S = Power$  Density in  $mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(mW) = 10^{(H)}(P(dBm) / 10)$$
 and  
 $G(numeric) = 10^{(G(dBi) / 10)}$ 

Yields

$$d = 0.282 \times \frac{10^{(P+G)/20}}{\sqrt{20}}$$

**Equation** 1

Where d = MPE safe distance in cm P = Power in dBm G = Antenna Gain in dBi $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 



### Maximum Permissible Exposure (2.4 GHz Band)

EUT output power = 231.2065mW

Antenna Gain = 1.5136 (Numeric gain)

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

Substituting these parameters into the above Equation 1:

 $\rightarrow$  MPE Safe Distance = 5.3267cm

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.)