Report No.: BL-SH24A0814-601



TEST REPORT

Handheld Group AB
Strandgatan 40, 531 60 Lidköping, Sweden
DDU7
DDU7
Handheld
YY3-DDU7
11695A-DDU7
47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 3 (refer to section 3.1)
Nov. 07, 2024
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Mar. 05, 2025

ISSUED BY:

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u> <u>Rev. 02</u>	<u>Feb. 11, 2025</u> <u>Mar. 05, 2025</u>	Initial Issue Modify the FCC ID and ISED Number The original report is invalid.

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Ce						
Address	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town,					
	Pudong New District, Shanghai					

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Location	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town,
Location	Pudong New District, Shanghai
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a
	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352.
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of
	test site are 29671.



2 **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Handheld Group AB
Address Strandgatan 40, 531 60 Lidköping, Sweden	

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Handheld Group AB
Address	Strandgatan 40, 531 60 Lidköping, Sweden

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	DDU7	
Model Name Under Test	DDU7	
Series Model Name	N/A	
Description of Model		
name differentiation	N/A	
Sample Number	SC-SZ24A0689-S05	
Sample Number	SC-SZ24A0689-S03	
Hardware Version	N/A	
Software Version	N/A	
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A	
Weight (Approx.)	N/A	



2.4 Technical Information

	WiFi 2.4G: 802.11b/g/n(HT20/40)/ac(VHT20/40)/ax(VHT20/40)
Network and Wireless	WiFi 5G: 802.11a/n(HT20/40)/ac(VHT20/40/80)/ax(HE20/40/80)
connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
	GNSS: GPS ;GLONASS ;BDS ;Galileo

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS	
Modulation Type	GFSK	
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps	
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.	
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) Note 1	
Tested Channel	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)	
Tested Channel	2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)	
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna	
Antenna Gain	-2.30 dBi	
Antenna Impedance	50Ω	
Antenna System (MIMO		
Smart Antenna)	N/A	
Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.		

All channel was listed on the following table:

BLE 1M:

_								
	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
Γ	0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
	2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
	4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
	5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
	6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
Ī	7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
	8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
Ī	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480
BL	E 2M:		•					
	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
Ī	1	1	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
Ī	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
	2	2406	/	/	22	2446	32	2466
Ī	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
Ī	4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
Ī	5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
Ī	6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
Ī	7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
Ī	8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
Ī	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	1	1
	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	1	1





3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
5	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A		Pass ^{Note1}	
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass	
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5;	Low/ High	ANNEX A.4	Pass	
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.5	Pass	
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions		RSS-Gen, 7.4		N/A	N/A ^{Note2}	
	Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.						

Note 2: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	53% to 59%		
Atmospheric Pressure	101 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22.2℃ to +23.9℃	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.80 V	

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	pectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT		MY54420147	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60240977	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710E	6262063515	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Wideband Radio	R&S	CMW500	168792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Communication Tester	Rao	CIVIV500	100792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330122	2024.07.09	2025.07.08
Test Antenna-Loop(9	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-177	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
kHz-30 MHz)	OOHWARZBEOR		1019-177	2024.00.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-1203	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
MHz-3 GHz)	OOHWARZDEOR				
Test Antenna-Horn(1-	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA	9120D-2134	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
18 GHz)	SCHWARZDECK	9120D	91200-2134	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-	A-INFO	LB-180400-	J211060307	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Horn (18-40 GHz)		KF	J211060307	2024.03.11	2021.03.10
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	EMC001	2024.04.18	2027.04.17
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330115	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-940	2024.02.25	2025.02.24
10dB Limiter		VTSD	9561-F	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
	SCHWARZBECK	9561-F	N00409	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
Shielded Room	YiHeng	5m*4m*3.2	EMC006	2024.02.22	2027.02.21
	ппену	m			

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.496	N/A	The section 4.6.1
BL410E	BALUN	V21.919	N/A	The section 4.6.2&4.6.3&4.6.4&4.6.5



4.4 Decision Rule

No Need

- ⊠ Use General conformity decision rule (Consider uncertainty or not ⊠No □Yes)
- □ Use Special Conformity Decision Rule (Consider uncertainty or not □No □Yes)

4.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.4 %
RF output power, conducted	0.41 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.73 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.73 dB
All emissions, radiated	4.57 dB
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.1 %

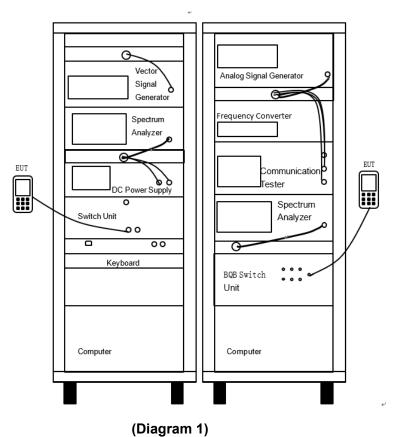


4.6 Description of Test Setup

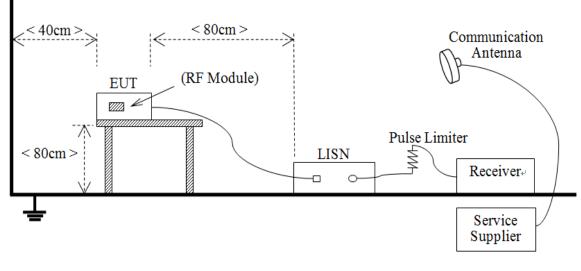
4.6.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5 dB used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



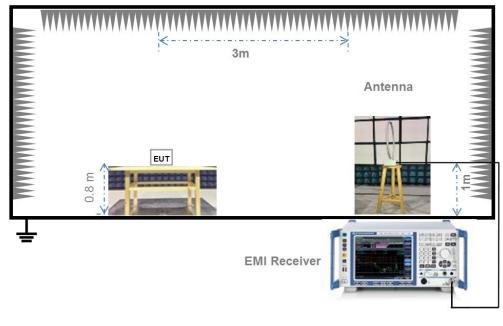
4.6.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

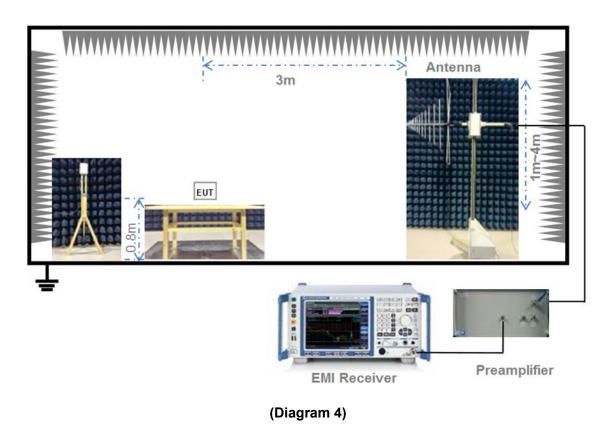


4.6.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



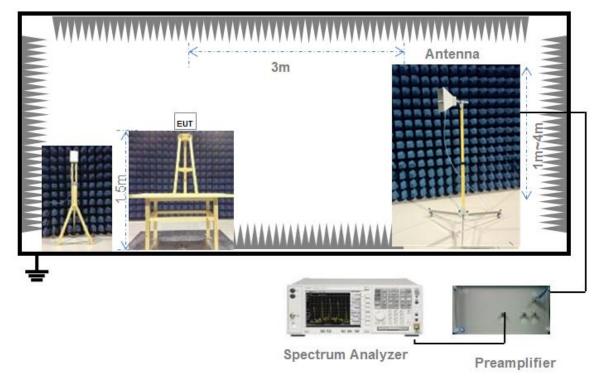
(Diagram 3)

4.6.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)





4.6.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



4.7 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.7.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.7.2For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP – 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in $dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

i	
Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embed ded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

5.2.2Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.2 (a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Set RBW = 100 kHz. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW. Detector = Peak. Trace mode = max hold. Sweep = auto couple. Allow the trace to stabilize. Measure the maximum width of the emission

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \ge 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit configured to transmit constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5	56	46			
0.50 - 30	60	50			

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength (dB μ V/m) = 20*log[Field Strength (μ V/m)].

- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.



General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies \leq 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in $dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).



Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used: a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) \leq (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (\geq 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).



Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW \ge RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.10; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW \ge RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz. Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW. Detector = peak. Sweep time = auto couple. Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power, E.I.R.P, Duty Cycle

Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Out	out Peak Power	Limit		
Channel	GFSK (BI	_E 1Mbps)	dBm	mW	Verdict
	dBm	mW			
Low	-3.14	0.49			Pass
Middle	-2.77	0.53	30	1000	Pass
High	-3.22	0.48			Pass

	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dBm	ma\\/	Verdict	
	dBm	mW	UDIII	mW		
Low	-3.14	0.49			Pass	
Middle	-2.87	0.52	30	1000	Pass	
High	-3.21	0.48			Pass	

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

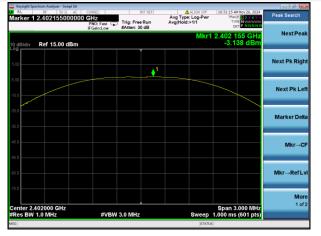
	E.I.R.P		Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dPm	mW	Verdict	
	dBm	mW dBm	UDIII	IIIVV		
Low	-5.44	0.29			Pass	
Middle	-5.07	0.31	36	4000	Pass	
High	-5.52	0.28			Pass	

	E.I.	R.P	Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dDm	ma\\/	Verdict	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW		
Low	-5.44	0.29			Pass	
Middle	-5.17	0.30	36	4000	Pass	
High	-5.51	0.28			Pass	



Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

Keysight Sp	ectrum Analyzer - Swept SA							- 4 💌
Marker 1	RF 50 Ω AC 2.47754000000	0 GHz	Trig: Free R	REF Avg	ALIGN OFF Type: Log-Pwr Hold:>1/1	10:53:31 AM N TRACE	23456	Peak Search
		PNO: Fast IFGain:Low	#Atten: 30 c	iB OTA			NNNN	NextPeak
10 dB/div	Ref 15.00 dBm				Mkr1	2.477 54	o GHz 6 dBm	HEALF CUR
								Next Pk Right
5.00		↓ ¹						Next PK Right
5.00								Next Pk Left
15.0								HEATTREEN
25.0								Marker Delta
35.0								Warker Deka
45.0								
55.0								Mkr→CF
65.0								Mkr→RefLvl
76.0								More
Center 2	478000 GHz					Span 3.0	00 MHz	1 of 2
	1.0 MHz	#VBW	3.0 MHz		Sweep	1.000 ms (6	601 pts)	
1SG					STATU	S		



Auto Tu

Center Fr

Duty Cycle Test Data

Band	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	2.128	2.503	85.02%
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	1.071	1.877	57.06%

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA RL RF 50 Q AC Center Freg 2.40200000	0 GHz	INT REF	Avg Type:	ALIGN OFF	10:36:10 AM Nov 26, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5	Frequency
Ref Offset 6.5 dB 0 dB/div Ref 15.00 dBm		rig: Free Run .tten: 20 dB		Δ	Mkr5 2.503 ms 0.00 dB	Auto Tune
	5∆6 -					Center Freq 2.402000000 GHz
150 150 150						Start Fred 2.402000000 GHz
55.0	-			king/a-		Stop Fred 2.402000000 GH2
enter 2.402000000 GHz es BW 1.0 MHz		Y FI		Sweep	Span 0 Hz 7.225 ms (714 pts)	CF Step 1.000000 MHz Auto Mar
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.128 ms (Δ) 537.1 μs 2.503 ms (Δ)	0.20 dB 3.56 dBm -0.20 dB 3.37 dBm 0.00 dB 3.56 dBm				Freq Offset 0 Ha
7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9						Scale Type
					· · ·	Log <u>Lir</u>
a				STATUS		

Register Section Analysis - Section State Intraction Autom core 1ist enter Freq 2.4040000000 GHz PROFination Core PROFination Avig Type: Log-Pair Avig Type: Log-Pair Area Avig Type: Log-Pair Avig Type: Lo

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)





A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

<u>Test Data</u>

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth Limits			
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)			
Low	682.400	1050.500	≥500			
Middle	674.800	1046.900	≥500			
High	674.800	1043.400	≥500			

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth Limits			
	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)			
Low	1215.000	2088.900	≥500			
Middle	1215.000	2089.200	≥500			
High	1215.000	2075.300	≥500			



Test Plots

6 dB Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

RL RF 50 Q AC enter Freq 2.478000000	CHz PNO: Wide ↔ Trig: Fi IFGain:Low Atten:	Avg Typ ree Run Avg Hold		50 AM Nov 26, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE P N N N N N	Frequency
Ref Offset 6.5 dB			ΔMkr2	1.215 MHz 0.150 dB	Auto Tun
00 00 50	X3~~	1 203		0L1 -10.08 dBm	Center Fre 2.478000000 GH
5.0	/		m		Start Fr 2.475000000 G
				James .	Stop Fr 2.481000000 Gi
enter 2.478000 GHz Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW 300 kF		Sweep 1.013	A	CF Ste 600.000 ki
	Y	EUNCTION EU			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	3 000 GHz (Δ) -4.083 1.215 MHz (Δ) 0.16 7 400 GHz (Δ) -10.338	dBm 50 dB	INCTION WIDTH FU	NCTION VALUE	Freq Offs 0 F
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1.215 MHz (Δ) 0.15	dBm 50 dB	FUINCTION WIDTH FUI	E E	

99% Bandwidth



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





A.3 Conducted Spurious Emission

<u>Test Data</u>

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)						
	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (o					
Channel		Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict			
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Lever	20 dBc Limit				
Low	-36.35	-3.39	-23.39	Pass			
Middle	-35.68	-3.51	-23.51	Pass			
High	-36.11	-3.52	-23.52	Pass			

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)						
	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (o				
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict		
	Danu Emission (uDin)	Camer Lever	20 dBc Limit			
Low	-36.35	-4.25	-24.25	Pass		
Middle	-36.32	-4.68	-24.68	Pass		
High	-36.02	-4.25	-24.25	Pass		



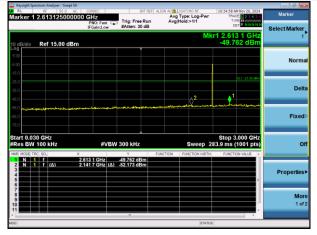
Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL,

CARRIER LEVEL



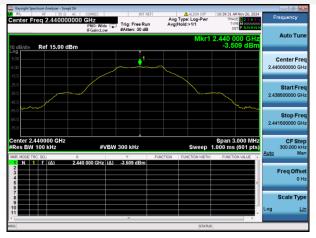
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

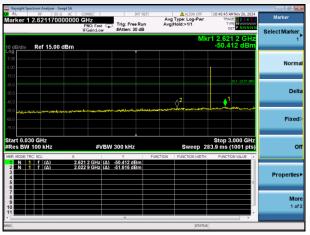


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





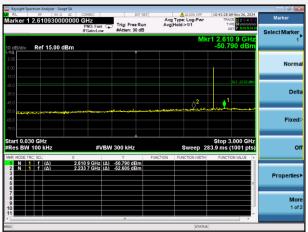
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



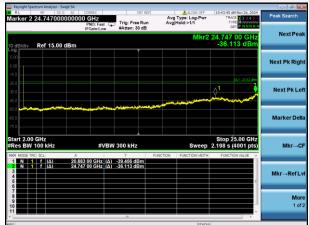
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



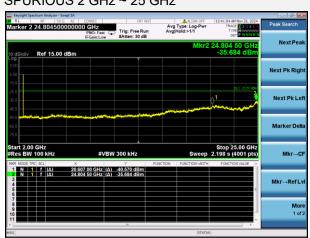
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

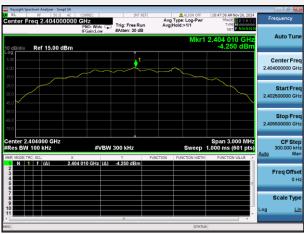


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

										lyzer - Swej	rum Ani	ght Spect	
Marker	E Nov 26, 2024	TRAC	ALIGN OFF e: Log-Pwr i:>1/1	Avg T Avg H		ig: Free		ORREC CHZ PNO: Fast	0000 G	50 Q 42000	® 2.561	er 1 2	_{RL} ark
Select Marker 1	4 GHz 37 dBm	r1 2.561	Mk		dB	tten: 30		FGain:Lov	I	15.00 d	Ref 1	div	dBi
Norm													29 .00 .00 5.0
De	0L1 -24 25 dBn	1	2										5.0 5.0 5.0
Fixe	444444,augusta Alar		4	,	and the set		****	*******		and a second		-	5.0 5.0 5.0
c		Stop 3 33.9 ms (Sweep 2	CTION	F	0 kHz	BW 3	#\	X		00 k	0.030 BW 1	Res
Propertie					n	937 dB 699 dB	(Δ) -5 (Δ) -5	1 <u>4 GHz</u> 9 3 GHz	2.561 2.079	7) 7)		N 1	
M a 1 o													7 8 9 0
	•		STATUS				_			_			

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

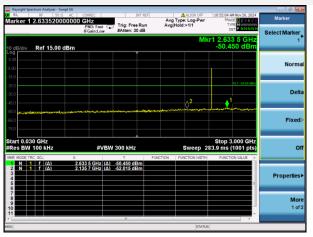


GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

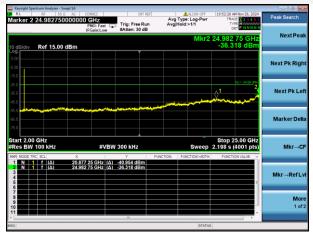




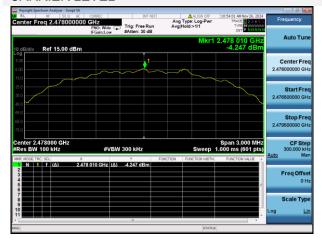
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



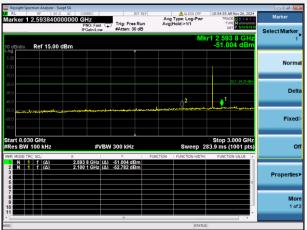
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



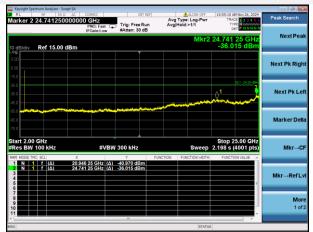
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

<u>Test Data</u>

	GFSK	(BLE 1Mbps)		
	Measured Max. Band	Limit	(dBm)	
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Euge Emission (dbm)	Carrier Lever	20 dBc Limit	
Low	-52.87	-3.39	-23.39	Pass
High	-52.21	-3.52	-23.52	Pass

	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)										
	Measured Max. Band	Limit	(dBm)								
Channel		Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict							
	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Lever	20 dBc Limit								
Low	-53.04	-4.25	-24.25	Pass							
High	-52.48	-4.25	-24.25	Pass							



Test Plots

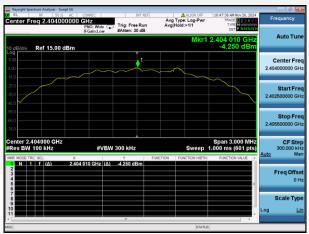
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



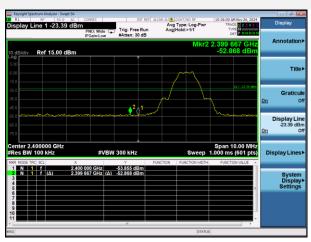
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



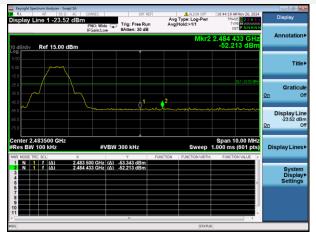
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

enter Freq 2.478000000	CORREC INT REI GHZ PNO: Wide Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: Log-Pwr AvgHold:>1/1	10:54:01 AM Nov 26, 2024 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE M 2 3 4 5 6	Frequency
dB/div Ref 15.00 dBm	IFGain:Low #Atten: 30 dB		2.478 010 GHz -4.247 dBm	Auto Tun
				Center Fre 2.478000000 GH
50				Start Fre 2.476500000 GH
5.0 5.0 5.0				Stop Fre 2.479500000 GH
enter 2.478000 GHz Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW 300 kHz	Sweep	Span 3.000 MHz 1.000 ms (601 pts)	CF Ste 300.000 kł Auto Ma
N 1 f (Δ) 2.478	3 010 GHz (Δ) -4.247 dBm			Freq Offs 0 F
7 8 9				Scale Typ
0				Log L

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





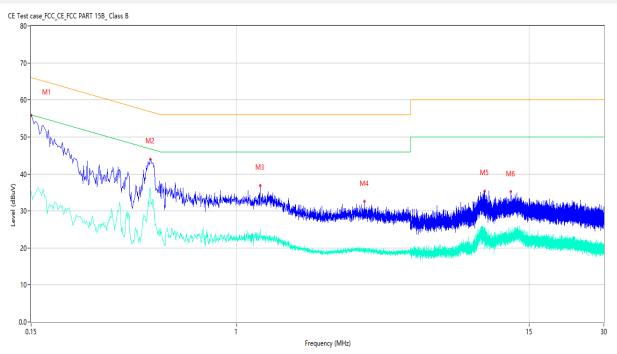
A.5 Conducted Emission

Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note 3: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB) <u>Test Data and Plots</u>

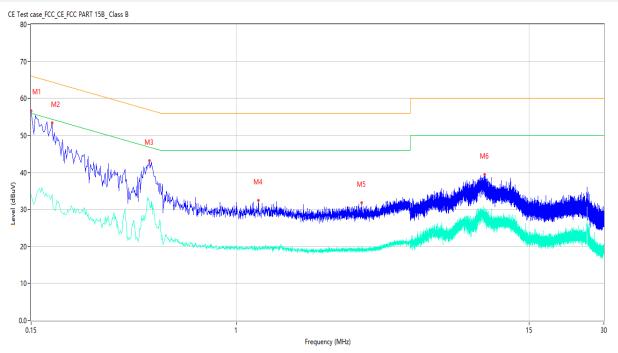
PHASE L



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.150	55.78	9.75	66.00	10.22	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.150	35.35	9.75	56.00	20.65	AV	L	Pass
2	0.452	43.93	9.74	56.84	12.91	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.452	36.20	9.74	46.84	10.64	AV	L	Pass
3	1.248	36.84	9.70	56.00	19.16	Peak	L	Pass
3**	1.248	24.94	9.70	46.00	21.06	AV	L	Pass
4	3.276	32.56	9.66	56.00	23.44	Peak	L	Pass
4**	3.276	19.37	9.66	46.00	26.63	AV	L	Pass
5	9.936	35.42	9.48	60.00	24.58	Peak	L	Pass
5**	9.936	24.67	9.48	50.00	25.33	AV	L	Pass
6	12.680	35.20	9.36	60.00	24.80	Peak	L	Pass
6**	12.680	24.98	9.36	50.00	25.02	AV	L	Pass



PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.150	56.70	9.75	66.00	9.30	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.150	34.09	9.75	56.00	21.91	AV	N	Pass
2	0.182	53.44	9.75	64.39	10.95	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.182	34.06	9.75	54.39	20.33	AV	N	Pass
3	0.448	43.16	9.74	56.91	13.75	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.448	32.34	9.74	46.91	14.57	AV	N	Pass
4	1.230	32.48	9.70	56.00	23.52	Peak	N	Pass
4**	1.230	19.46	9.70	46.00	26.54	AV	N	Pass
5	3.196	31.88	9.67	56.00	24.12	Peak	N	Pass
5**	3.196	18.81	9.67	46.00	27.19	AV	N	Pass
6	9.972	39.43	9.48	60.00	20.57	Peak	N	Pass
6**	9.972	29.58	9.48	50.00	20.42	AV	N	Pass



A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

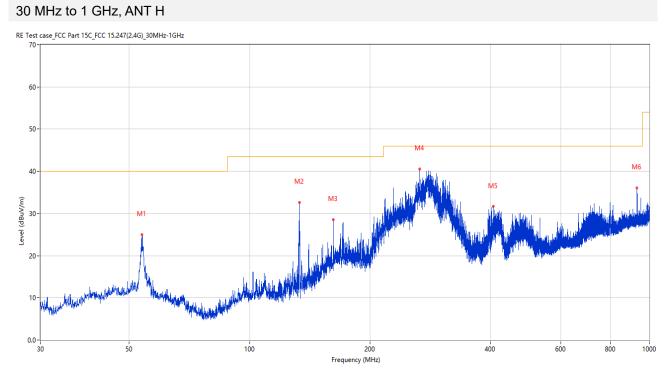
Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested.

Note 5: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

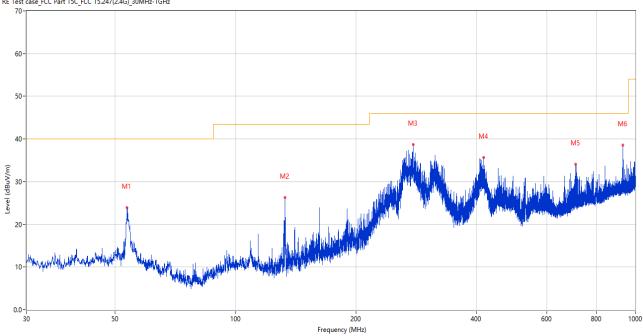


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	53.862	24.94	-24.92	40.0	15.06	Peak	357.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	133.257	32.64	-29.22	43.5	10.86	Peak	311.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	161.969	28.55	-28.68	43.5	14.95	Peak	360.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	266.583	40.55	-24.11	46.0	5.45	Peak	25.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	406.699	31.64	-20.24	46.0	14.36	Peak	99.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	930.839	36.02	-8.78	46.0	9.98	Peak	237.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



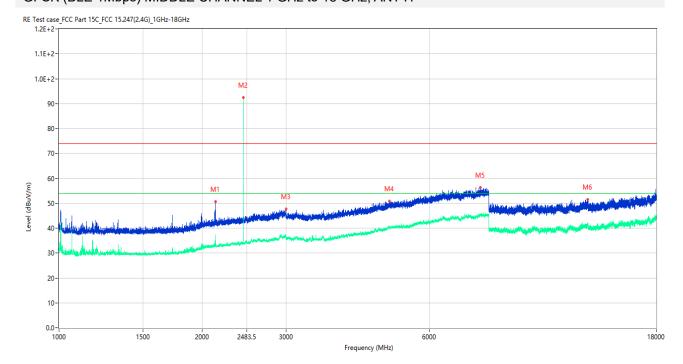


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	53.523	23.92	-24.88	40.0	16.08	Peak	163.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	132.771	26.33	-29.20	43.5	17.17	Peak	83.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	277.884	38.70	-23.85	46.0	7.30	Peak	264.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	417.758	35.67	-19.94	46.0	10.33	Peak	114.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	709.727	34.08	-13.59	46.0	11.92	Peak	114.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	932.246	38.54	-8.83	46.0	7.46	Peak	145.00	100	Vertical	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report. GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

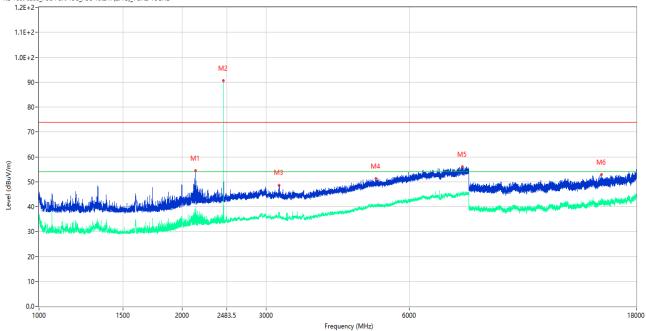


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2131.250	50.54	-12.02	74.0	23.46	Peak	176.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2131.250	35.14	-12.02	54.0	18.86	AV	176.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.000	92.38	-11.36	74.0	-18.38	Peak	338.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.000	90.96	-11.36	54.0	-36.96	AV	338.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2999.250	47.67	-7.46	74.0	26.33	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2999.250	37.15	-7.46	54.0	16.85	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4950.500	50.79	-0.56	74.0	23.21	Peak	357.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4950.500	40.25	-0.56	54.0	13.75	AV	357.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	7681.000	56.22	3.30	74.0	17.78	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	7681.000	45.25	3.30	54.0	8.75	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	12932.000	51.55	0.58	74.0	22.45	Peak	216.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	12932.000	40.97	0.58	54.0	13.03	AV	216.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



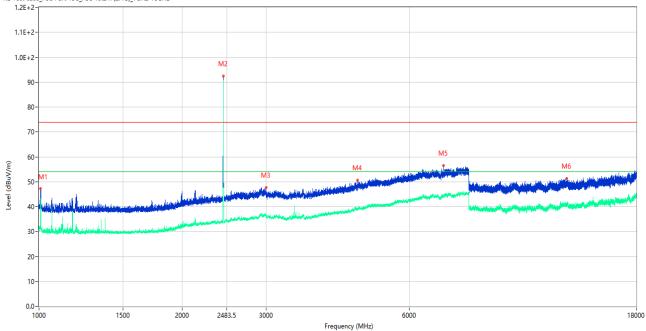


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2132.000	54.38	-12.05	74.0	19.62	Peak	132.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2132.000	37.52	-12.05	54.0	16.48	AV	132.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.250	90.51	-11.37	74.0	-16.51	Peak	343.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.250	89.74	-11.37	54.0	-35.74	AV	343.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	3197.500	48.52	-6.69	74.0	25.48	Peak	132.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	3197.500	37.70	-6.69	54.0	16.30	AV	132.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	5106.500	51.35	-1.26	74.0	22.65	Peak	249.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	5106.500	39.85	-1.26	54.0	14.15	AV	249.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7753.500	56.12	3.59	74.0	17.88	Peak	22.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7753.500	45.31	3.59	54.0	8.69	AV	22.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15214.000	52.90	1.45	74.0	21.10	Peak	217.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15214.000	42.05	1.45	54.0	11.95	AV	217.00	150	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



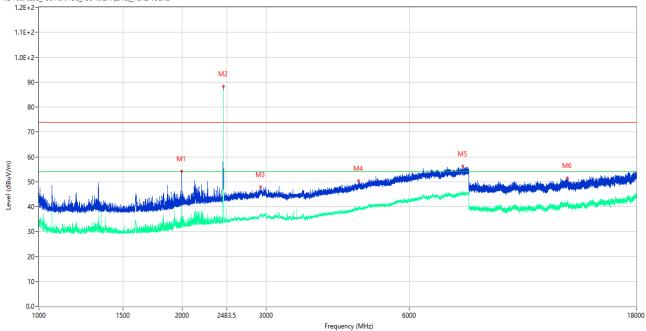


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1008.000	47.26	-13.34	74.0	26.74	Peak	6.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1008.000	42.17	-13.34	54.0	11.83	AV	6.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2439.500	92.35	-11.34	74.0	-18.35	Peak	341.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2439.500	88.39	-11.34	54.0	-34.39	AV	341.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	3000.000	47.71	-7.46	74.0	26.29	Peak	275.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	3000.000	36.93	-7.46	54.0	17.07	AV	275.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4667.000	50.71	-2.18	74.0	23.29	Peak	40.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4667.000	38.94	-2.18	54.0	15.06	AV	40.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	7076.000	56.42	2.62	74.0	17.58	Peak	89.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	7076.000	44.40	2.62	54.0	9.60	AV	89.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	12866.000	51.29	-0.30	74.0	22.71	Peak	88.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	12866.000	40.48	-0.30	54.0	13.52	AV	88.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1993.500	54.31	-13.41	74.0	19.69	Peak	118.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1993.500	32.72	-13.41	54.0	21.28	AV	118.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.500	77.37	-11.38	74.0	-3.37	Peak	342.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.500	75.30	-11.38	54.0	-21.30	AV	342.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2924.250	47.93	-7.05	74.0	26.07	Peak	344.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2924.250	36.75	-7.05	54.0	17.25	AV	344.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4695.500	50.35	-2.24	74.0	23.65	Peak	280.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4695.500	39.59	-2.24	54.0	14.41	AV	280.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7783.500	56.29	3.44	74.0	17.71	Peak	300.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7783.500	45.69	3.44	54.0	8.31	AV	300.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	12897.500	51.43	0.12	74.0	22.57	Peak	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	12897.500	41.03	0.12	54.0	12.97	AV	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass



A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

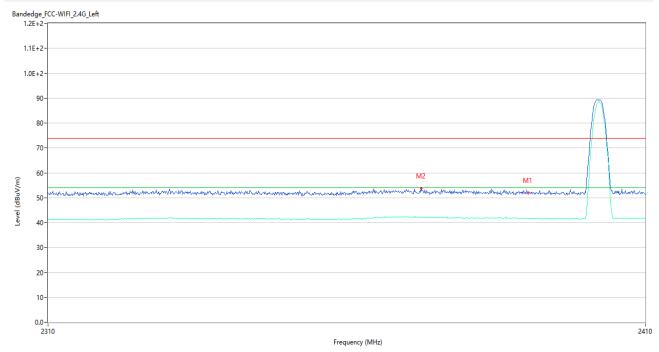
Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasipeak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Test Data and Plots

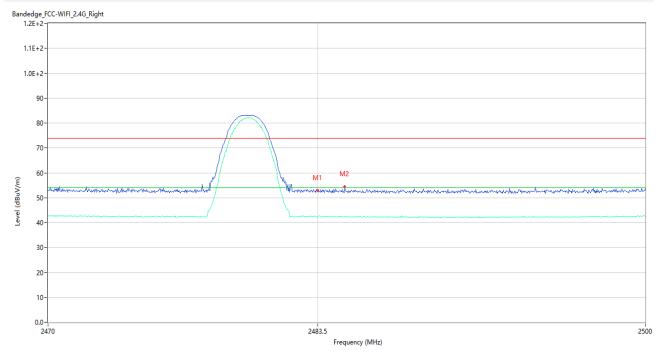
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	51.93	-3.73	74.0	22.07	Peak	5.04	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	41.56	-3.73	54.0	12.44	AV	5.04	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2372.000	53.74	-2.88	74.0	20.26	Peak	226.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2372.000	42.17	-2.88	54.0	11.83	AV	226.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	52.91	-2.60	74.0	21.09	Peak	196.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.500	42.27	-2.60	54.0	11.73	AV	196.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2484.850	54.42	-2.62	74.0	19.58	Peak	355.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2484.850	42.38	-2.62	54.0	11.62	AV	355.00	150	Vertical	Pass



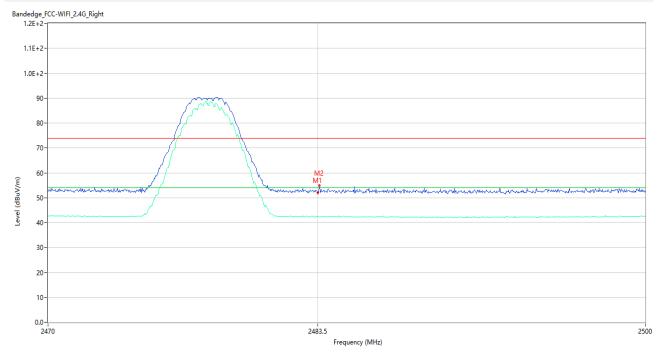
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	52.25	-3.73	74.0	21.75	Peak	144.11	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	41.68	-3.73	54.0	12.32	AV	144.11	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2371.500	54.18	-2.86	74.0	19.82	Peak	139.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2371.500	42.15	-2.86	54.0	11.85	AV	139.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	51.96	-2.60	74.0	22.04	Peak	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	42.49	-2.60	54.0	11.51	AV	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.590	54.91	-2.60	74.0	19.09	Peak	258.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.590	42.33	-2.60	54.0	11.67	AV	258.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

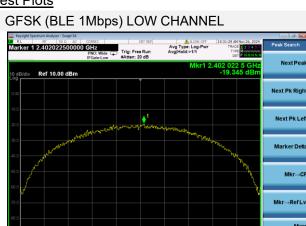
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)									
Channel	Channel Spectral power density Limit (dBm/3kHz) (dBm/3kH								
Low	-19.35	8	Pass						
Middle	-19.02	8	Pass						
High	-19.54	8	Pass						

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)									
Channel	Spectral power density	Verdict							
Channel	(dBm/3kHz)	(dBm/3kHz)	verdict						
Low	-21.79	8	Pass						
Middle	-21.87	8	Pass						
High	-21.80	8	Pass						

1 of 2

Test Plots

nter 2.4020000 GH es BW 3.0 kHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

#VBW 10 kHz



Span 1.500 MHz Sweep 158.2 ms (601 pts



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH24A0814-AR-1.PDF".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH24A0814-AW.PDF".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH24A0814-AI.PDF".



Statement

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--END OF REPORT--