FCC §1.1307(b) & §2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(i) and §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Report No.: RKSA240902002-00B

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Measurement Result

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Max Tune-up Conducted Power		Calculated Distance	Calculated Value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
	(14112)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	varue	(1-g 5/11t)	Laciusion
BLE	2402-2480	5.0	3.16	5.0	0.979	3.0	Yes

Result: So the standalone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

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