

# TEST REPORT

Report number : Z101C-15043 Issue date : June 9, 2015

The device, as described herewith, was tested pursuant to applicable test procedure and complies with the requirements of:

## FCC 47CFR §2. 1093

The test results are traceable to the international or national standards.

Applicant : KYOCERA Corporation

Equipment under test (EUT) : Mobile Phone

Model number : KA44

FCC ID : JOYKA44

Date of test : April 23, 24, 27-29, June 8, 2015

Test place : TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center

4149-7 Hachimanpara 5-chome

Yonezawa-shi Yamagata 992-1128 Japan

Phone: +81-238-28-2880 Fax: +81-238-28-2888

Test results : Complied

The results in this report are applicable only to the equipment tested.

This report shall not be re-produced except in full without the written approval of TÜV SÜD Zacta Ltd. This test report must not be used by client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Tested by : Make g

Chiaki Kanno

Authorized by : Eiii Akiba

Deputy General Manager of EMC Technical Department



## Table of contents

	Page
1. Summary of Test	
1.1 Purpose of test	
1.2 Standards	
1.3 Modification to the EUT by laboratory	
2. Equipment Under Test	
2.1 General description of equipment	5
2.2 EUT information	
2.3 Variation of the family model(s)	
2.4 Description of test modes	
2.5 Test Results	
2.6 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications	8
2.7 DUT Antenna Locations & SAR Test Configurations	10
2.8 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna	12
2.9 SAR Test Exclusions Applied	13
2.10 Power Reduction for SAR	14
2.11 Device Serial Numbers	14
3. Introduction	
4. Description of test equipment	
4.1 SAR Measurement Setup	16
4.2 Probe measurement system	17
4.3 Probe calibration process	18
4.4 SAM Twin phantom	20
4.5 ELI phantom	21
4.6 Device Holder for Transmitters	21
4.7 Laptop Extensions Kit	21
4.8 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization	22
4.9 SAR Test equipment	23
5. Test system specifications	24
6. SAR Measurement Procedure	
7. Definition of reference points	26
7.1 EAR Reference Point	
7.2 Handset Reference Points	26
7.3 Device Holder	27
7.4 Positioning for Cheek/Touch	27
7.5 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt	27
7.6 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations	28
7.7 Extremity Exposure Configurations	
7.8 Wireless Router Configurations	
8. ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 RF Exposure Limits	
9. FCC Measurement Procedures	
9.1 Measured and Reported SAR	
9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR	
9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA(UMTS)	

#### Page 3 of 153



9.3.1 Output Power Verification	30
9.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets	30
9.3.3 Body SAR Measurements	30
9.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA	31
9.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA	31
9.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE	32
9.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters	33
9.5.1 General Device Setup	33
9.5.2 Frequency Channel Configurations	33
10. RF Conducted Power	34
10.1 GSM Conducted Powers	34
10.2 WCDMA Conducted Powers	35
10.3 LTE Conducted Powers	
10.4 WLAN Conducted Powers	40
10.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers	44
11. System Verification	45
11.1 Tissue verification	45
11.2 Test system verification	48
12. SAR Test Results	50
12.1 Head SAR Results	
12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results	55
12.3 Standalone Wireless router SAR Results	59
12.4 SAR Test Notes	
13. FCC Multi-TX and Antenna SAR Considerations	
13.1 Introduction	66
13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures	
13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities	
13.4 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis	
13.5 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
13.6 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
13.7 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
14. SAR Measurement Variability	
14.1 Measurement Variability	
14.2 Measurement Uncertainty	
15. IEEE P1528 - Measurement uncertainties	
16. Conclusion	
17. References	
Attachment 1. Probe calibration data	
Attachment 2. Dipole calibration data	
Attachment 3. SAR system validation	



## 1. Summary of Test

#### 1.1 Purpose of test

It is the original test in order to verify conformance to standards listed in section 1.2.

#### 1.2 Standards

FCC 47CFR §2. 1093

## 1.2.1 Guidance applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 v03 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 v02r03 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A v01r01 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 (Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 v02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v05r02 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D03 v01 (Supplement C Cross-Reference)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03, D02 v01r01 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02 (Handset SAR)

#### 1.2.2 Deviation from standards

None

#### 1.3 Modification to the EUT by laboratory

None



## 2. Equipment Under Test

#### 2.1 General description of equipment

EUT is the Mobile Phone.

#### 2.2 EUT information

Applicant : KYOCERA Corporation

Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa,

Japan

Phone: +81-45-943-6253 Fax: +81-45-943-6314

Equipment under test : Mobile Phone

Trade name : Kyocera

Model number : KA44

Serial number : N/A

EUT condition : Pre-Production

Power ratings : Battery: DC 3.8V

Size : (W) 72.0 × (D) 8.2 × (H) 146.0 mm

Environment : Indoor and Outdoor use

Terminal limitation : -20°C to 60°C

**RF** Specification

Equipment type : Transceiver

Mode(s) of operation : GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA850, WCDMA1900, LTE Band 17, LTE Band 5,

2.4GHz W-LAN(802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n HT20),

5GHz W-LAN(802.11a, 802.11n HT20, HT40, 802.11ac VHT20, VHT40, VHT80)

Antenna type : Internal antenna

Antenna gain : GSM 850: -1.0dBi

PCS 1900: 0.5dBi WCDMA 850: -1.0dBi WCDMA 1900: 0.5dBi LTE Band 17: -2.0dBi LTE Band 5: -1.0dBi 2.4GHz W-LAN: 1.7dBi 5.2, 5.3GHz W-LAN: 1.3dBi 5.6GHz W-LAN: 0dBi



Frequency of operation

: Up Link

GSM 850: 824.2-848.8MHz(Cellular Band)

PCS 1900: 1850.2-1909.8MHz(PCS Band) WCDMA 850: 826.4-846.6MHz(WCDMA FDD V) WCDMA 1900: 1852.4-1907.6MHz(WCDMA FDD II)

LTE Band 17: 704.0-716.0MHz LTE Band 5: 824.0-849.0MHz 802.11b: 2412-2462MHz

802.11a: 5180-5240MHz(5.2GHz Band) / 5260-5320MHz(5.3GHz Band)

5500-5700MHz(5.5GHz Band)

Down Link

GSM 850: 869.2-893.8MHz(Cellular Band) PCS 1900: 1930.2-1989.8MHz(PCS Band) WCDMA 850: 871.4-891.6MHz(WCDMA FDD V) WCDMA 1900: 1932.4-1987.6MHz(WCDMA FDD II)

LTE Band 17: 734.0-746.0MHz LTE Band 5: 869.0-894.0MHz 802.11b: 2412-2462MHz

802.11a: 5180-5240MHz(5.2GHz Band) / 5260-5320MHz(5.3GHz Band)

5500-5700MHz(5.5GHz Band)

#### 2.3 Variation of the family model(s)

Not applicable

#### 2.4 Description of test modes

The EUT had been tested under operating condition. There are three channels have been tested as following:

Band	Channel	Test mode
GSM 850	128, 190, 251	Voice/Data
PCS 1900	512, 661, 810	Voice/ Data
WCDMA 850	4132, 4183, 4233	Voice/ Data
WCDMA 1900	9262, 9400, 9538	Voice/ Data
LTE Band 17	23780, 23790, 23800(BW:10MHz) 23755, 23790, 23825(BW:5MHz)	Data
LTE Band 5	20450, 20525, 20600(BW:10MHz) 20425, 20525, 20625(BW:5MHz) 20415, 20525, 20635(BW:3MHz) 20407, 20525, 20643(BW:1.4MHz)	Data
2.4GHz W-LAN	1, 6, 11	Data
5.2GHz W-LAN	36, 40, 48	Data
5.3GHz W-LAN	52, 56, 64	Data
5.5GHz W-LAN	100, 120, 140	Data
Bluetooth	0, 39, 78	Data

#### 5.8 GHz Band is not supported for this device.

For the second mode, and test it against RF exposure of the best at each position of the channel in the worst case.



## 2.5 Test Results

Equipment Class	Band	Measured Conducted Power	Reported SAR 1g SAR [W/kg]				
		[dBm]	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot		
	GSM 850	32.35	0.230	0.340	-		
	GPRS 850	29.18	0.256	0.377	0.471		
	PCS 1900	29.65	0.137	0.269	-		
PCE	GPRS 1900	28.99	0.186	0.418	0.439		
PCE	WCDMA 850	23.58	0.303	0.470	0.470		
	WCDMA 1900	23.24	0.456	1.138	1.138		
	LTE Band 17	22.40	0.220	0.399	0.399		
	LTE Band 5	22.41	0.209	0.330	0.330		
DTS	2.4GHz W-LAN	12.61	0.110	< 0.1	< 0.1		
	5.2GHz W-LAN	12.69	0.305	< 0.1	-		
NII	5.3GHz W-LAN	12.67	0.296	< 0.1	-		
	5.5GHz W-LAN	12.43	0.384	0.117	-		
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	11.21	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D0		D01v01r03	0.707	1.432	1.164		



## 2.6 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

Donal & Mada	Voice [dBm]	E	GMSK [dBm	MSK [dBm]		
Band & Mode		1TX	1TX	2TX	3TX	4TX
		Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot
COM/CDDC 050	Maximum	33.0	33.0	31.5	29.5	28.5
GSM/GPRS 850	Nominal	32.0	32.0	30.5	28.5	27.5
GSM/GPRS 1900	Maximum	30.0	30.0	29.5	27.5	26.5
GSIW/GPRS 1900	Nominal	29.0	29.0	28.5	26.5	25.5

Band & Mode	Modulated Average [dBm]				
Dana & Mode		3GPP	3GPP	3GPP	
	RMC	HSDPA	HSUPA		
WCDMA 850	Maximum	24.0	24.0	24.0	
WCDIVIA 650	Nominal	22.0	22.0	22.0	
WCDMA 1900	Maximum	24.0	24.0	24.0	
WODIVIA 1900	Nominal	22.0	22.0	22.0	

Band & Mode		Modulated Average [dBm]		
LTE Band 17	Maximum	24.0		
LIE Ballu 17	Nominal	22.5		
LTC Dand 5	Maximum	24.0		
LTE Band 5	Nominal	22.5		



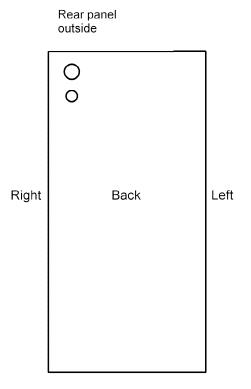
Band & Mode		Modulated Average [dBm]
IEEE 000 445 /0 4 CUL)	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 902 11 ~ /2 4 CH-)	Maximum	12.0
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	11.0
FFF 902 11 <sub>2</sub> (2.4 CHz)	Maximum	12.0
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	11.0
IFFF 900 44- /F 2 OLL-)	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11a (5.2 GHz)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 000 44- /E 2 / E C OLL-)	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11a (5.3 / 5.6 GHz)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 000 445 /5 0 OH - 20MH - DM/	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.2 GHz 20MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 000 445 /5 2 / 5 C OH = 20MH = DMA	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.3 / 5.6 GHz 20MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IFFF 902 112 /F 2 /F 2 /F 6 CH= 40MH= DM/	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5.2 /5.3 /5.6 GHz 40MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IFFF 900 44 /F 2 OLI- 20MI I- DIMI	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5.2 GHz 20MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IFFF 902 44 /F 2 / F C OLI- 20MI I- DIM	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5.3 / 5.6 GHz 20MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 902 44 /E CLI- 40MLI- DM/	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz 40MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 902 44 co /E CLI= 90M I= DM/	Maximum	13.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz 80MHz BW)	Nominal	12.0
Divisto offi	Maximum	11.5
Bluetooth	Nominal	10.0
Divista eth I C	Maximum	2.5
Bluetooth LE	Nominal	1.0

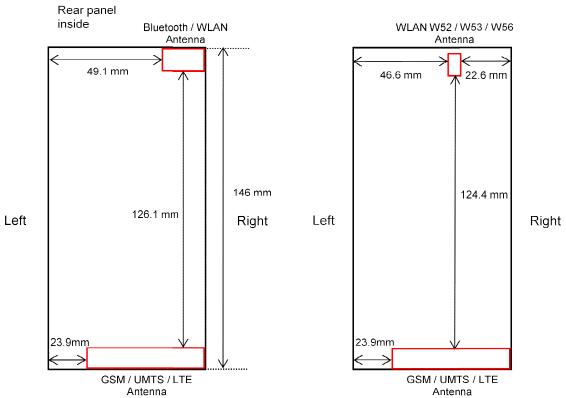


## 2.7 DUT Antenna Locations & SAR Test Configurations

#### **DUT Antenna Locations(Rear side view)**

Note: Specific antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the antenna distance document.







#### **SAR Test Configurations**

Mada	Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing								
Mode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left			
GSM 850	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
PCS 1900	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
WCDMA 850	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
WCDMA 1900	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
LTE Band 17	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
LTE Band 5	Х	0	0	0	0	0			
2.4GHz W-LAN(802.11b/g/n)	0	Х	0	0	0	Х			

**Table 2.1 Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing** 

#### Note:

- 1. Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device. When the wireless router mode is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled.
- Therefore 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR is not considered in this section. 2. 5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is not supported in the 5 GHz band for this device.
- WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 2.4 GHz band only.

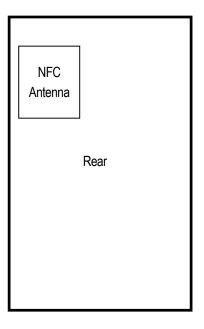
  The manufacturer expects 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO may be used in a similar manner to wireless router usage.

  Therefore, 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similarly to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.



## 2.8 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

#### NFC Antenna Locations (Rear Side View)



This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the back cover. Therefore, all SAR tests performed with the device already incorporate the NFC antenna.



#### 2.9 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

#### (A) WIFI & BT

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required;  $[(14/10)^*] \sqrt{2.441} = 2.2 < 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required;  $[(1.8/10)^*] \sqrt{2.440} = 0.3 < 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of 2.4 GHz WIFI (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, 2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required;  $[(19/10)^*] \sqrt{2.442} = 3.0 > 3.0$ .

Based on the maximum conducted power of 5 GHz WIFI (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, 5 GHz WIFI SAR was required;  $[(19/10)^* \sqrt{5.240}] = 4.3 > 3.0$ .

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

This device supports IEEE 802.11ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 1 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) No new 5 GHz channels

Per April 2013 TCB workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode.

IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.

#### (B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands.

Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data. And this device is only supported for EDGE Rx.

WCDMA 850 and WCDMA 1900 support HSDPA and HSUPA.



#### 2.10 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

#### 2.11 Device Serial Numbers

David 9 Mada		Serial nber		-Worn Number	Hotspot Serial Number		
Band & Mode	SAR Sample No.1	SAR Sample No.2	SAR Sample No.1	SAR Sample No.2	SAR Sample No.1	SAR Sample No.2	
GSM 850							
GSM 1900				FCC #2	FCC #1	FCC #2	
WCDMA 850							
WCDMA 1900	500 "4	F00 //0	500 "4				
LTE Band 17	FCC #1	FCC #2	FCC #1				
LTE Band 5							
2.4GHz W-LAN							
5GHz W-LAN							



#### 3. Introduction

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95\*.1-2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.

The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

#### **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU)absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho d v} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$ = conductivity of the tissue - simulating material (S/m)  $\rho$ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³) E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.



## 4. Description of test equipment

#### 4.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 4.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3770 3,40 GHz desktop computer with Windows NT system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

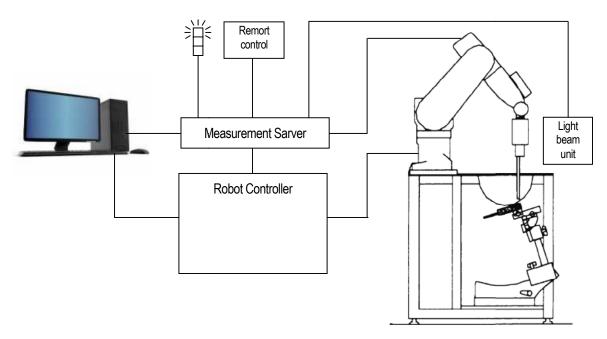


Figure 4.1 SAR Measurement system setup

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.



#### 4.2 Probe measurement system

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 4.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



**DAE System** 

#### **Probe specifications**

Calibration In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 750MHz, 835MHz, 900MHz, 1750MHz, 1900MHz, 2000MHz 2300MHz, 2450MHz, 2600MHz, 3500MHz, 5200MHz, 5300MHz,

5500MHz, 5600MHz, 5800MHz

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity  $\pm$  0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) Dynamic  $\pm$  0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Range linearity  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ 

Dimensions Overall length 337 mm(Tip: 20 mm)
Tip diameter 2.5 mm(Body: 12 mm)
Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application Dosimetry testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

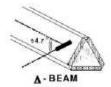


Figure 4.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 4.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



#### 4.3 Probe calibration process

#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

#### **Free Space Assessment**

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

#### **Temperature Assessment \***

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t} \qquad SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: Where:

 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),  $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

 $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

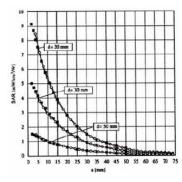


Figure 4.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

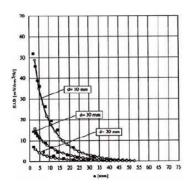


Figure 4.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



#### **Data Extrapolation**

The DASY software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i} \qquad \begin{array}{cccc} \text{with} & V_i & = \text{linearized voltage of channel i (uV)} & \text{(i = x,y,z)} \\ & U_i & = \text{measured voltage of channel i (uV)} & \text{(i = x,y,z)} \\ & cf & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} & \text{(DASY parameter)} \\ & dcp_i & = \text{diode compression point of channel i (uV)} & \text{(Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)} \\ \end{array}$$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated.

$$E-\text{fieldprobes}: \qquad \text{with} \quad V_i \qquad = \text{linearized voltage of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z) \\ E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}} \qquad \text{with} \quad V_i \qquad = \text{linearized voltage of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z) \\ Norm_i \qquad = \text{sensor sensitivity of channel i} \qquad (i=x,y,z) \\ \mu V/(V/m)^2 \text{ for E-field Probes} \\ = \text{sensitivity enhancement in solution} \\ = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m}$$

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = 
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with   
 $\frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 1000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 10000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 100000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 10000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 100000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 10000} = \frac{SAR}{\rho \cdot 100$ 

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with  $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>
 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m



#### 4.4 SAM Twin phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 4.6)



Figure 4.6 SAM Twin phantom

#### **SAM Twin Phantom Specification**

Construction The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic

Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as

body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by

teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the

same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

Shell Thickness Filling Volume Dimensions 2 ± 0.2 mm Approx. 25 liters Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm

Height: adjustable feet

#### Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 4.7). The perimeter side walls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface.

The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 4.7 Sam Twin Phantom shell



#### 4.5 ELI phantom

#### **ELI Phantom Specification**

Construction Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in

the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all

SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. (see Fig. 4.8)

Shell Thickness Filling Volume Dimensions

2 ± 0.2 mm Approx. 30 liters Length: 600 mm Width: 400 mm



Figure 4.8 ELI phantom

#### 4.6 <u>Device Holder for Transmitters</u>

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V5.0 or ELI5, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 4.9 Mounting Device

#### 4.7 Laptop Extensions Kit

Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioned.



Figure 4.10 Laptop Extensions Kit



#### 4.8 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization



The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. (see Table 4.1)

Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process.

The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.

Simulated Tissue

**Table 4.1 Composition of the Equivalent Matter** 

la sua di anta	Frequency [MHz]									
Ingredients						<i>_</i>				
[% by weight]	7	50	83	835 1900		00	24	50	5200 - 5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	42.10	50.00	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00
Salt(NaCl)	1.500	0.800	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-
Sugar	56.00	48.80	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.200	0.200	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bactericide	0.200	0.200	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-
DGBE	-	-	-	-	48.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.00
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.9	55.5	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.89	0.96	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-

Salt: 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 % Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]



#### 4.9 SAR Test equipment

**Table 4.2 Test Equipment Calibration** 

X         SAR Test Room         TOKIN         NIA         NIA         NIA         NIA           X         Robot Arm         spaag         TXBOL         F135SCBC1IAI01         NIA         NIV           X         Robot Controller         spaag         CSBc         F135SCBC1IAI01         NIA         NIV           X         Pobe Alignment Unit LB         spaag         CSBc         F135SCBC1IAI01         NIA         NIV           X         Pobe Alignment Unit LB         spaag         CSBc         F135SCBC1IAI01         NIA         NIVA           X         Lobe Alignment Unit LB         spaag         CSBCDOD         NIVA         NIVA         NIVA           X         Lusto Debider         spaag         CD000P40CD         NIVA         NIVA         NIVA           X         LUSO         spaag         OD00VA001BB         1230         NIVA         NIVA           X         ELIVSO         spaag         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2015           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         spaag         D35DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2015           X         TSOMHz SAR Dipole         spaag         D35SV2         4d163	USE	Equipment	Cal Dua	Cal Data			
X   Robot Arm							
X         Robot Controller         S p e a g         CS8c         F136SC6C1/A01         N/A         N/A           X         Probe Alignment Unit LB         s p e a g         NA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Mounting Device         s p e a g         SD000H01KA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         SD000H01KA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         CD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         CD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         CD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         Dosantric E-Field Probe         s p e a g         DEC41_1201         1409         Dec. 31_2015         Dec. 11_201           X         TosomHric SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31_2015         Dec. 12_01           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1750V2         11461         Dec. 31_2015         Dec. 5_201           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g							N/A
X         Probe Alignment Unit LB         s p e a g         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Mounting Device         s p e a g         SD000H01KA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         SD000H01KA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Turin SAMV50         s p e a g         QD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         Turin SAMV50         s p e a g         QD00V400TBB         1230         N/A         N/A           X         Dista Acquisition Electronics         s p e a g         QD0V400TBB         1230         N/A         N/A           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         s p e a g         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2015           X         TSOMHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 2015           X         TSOMHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 2015           Y         900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 32, 2015         Dec. 12, 2015           1 1500MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g	-						N/A
X         Mounting Device         speag         SD000H01KA         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Laptop Holder         speag         SMLH1001CD         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Tunis SAMV50         speag         QD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         ELL V5.0         speag         QD0VA001BB         1230         N/A         N/A           X         Daba Acquisition Electronics         speag         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2015           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         speag         EX3DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 2015           X         ToSOMHz SAR Dipole         speag         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 2015           X         SSMHzz SAR Dipole         speag         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 2015           X         SSMHzz SAR Dipole         speag         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 2015           4 150MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1450V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 2015           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         speag			speag				N/A
X         Laptop Holder         s p e a g         SMLH1001CD         N/A         N/A         N/A           X         Twin SAM V5.0         s p e a g         QD000P4QCD         1799         N/A         N/A           X         ELI V5.0         s p e a g         QD00VA001BB         1230         N/A         N/A           X         Deta Acquisition Electronics         s p e a g         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2015           X         Dosimetric E-field Probe         s p e a g         EXXDV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 2015           X         T50MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201           X         385MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D835V2         44163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201           1 450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201           1 1450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201           X         1 1900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201           X         2 450MH		•	speag	·			N/A
X         Twin SAM V5.0         speag         QD000P40CD         1799         N/A         N/V           X         ELIV5.0         speag         QD0VA001BB         1230         N/A         N/V           X         ELIV5.0         speag         QD0VA001BB         1230         N/A         N/V           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         speag         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 2011           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         speag         EX3DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         TS0MFz SAR Dipole         speag         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         B35MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           1450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201-           1750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           1950MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D250V2	-	•					N/A
X         ELI V 5.0         speag         QDOVA001BB         1230         N/A         N/A           X         Data Acquisition Electronics         speag         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201.           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         speag         EX3DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X         750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           900MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           1450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201.           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201.           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201.           X         2450MHz			speag				N/A
X         Data Acquisition Electronics         Speag         DAE4         1409         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201.           X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         speag         EX3DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 16, 201.           X         750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D890V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201.           1450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201.           1750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201.           X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201.           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201.           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 16, 201.			speag				N/A
X         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         s p e a g         EX3DV4         3957         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 16, 201-2015           X         750MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-32015           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-32015           900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-32015           1450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 52, 201-32015           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 52, 201-32015           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1990V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-32015           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-32015           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-32015           X         2500MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2650V2         1166 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>speag</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>N/A</td></td<>	-		speag				N/A
X         750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D750V3         1100         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         835MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           900MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           1450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201-           1750MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201-           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1900V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201-           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D560V2         1172         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D560V2         1172         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Di		Data Acquisition Electronics	speag				
X         835MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D835V2         4d163         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           1450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201-           1750MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 6, 201-           X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1900V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           Y         1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D6GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D6GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-		Dosimetric E-Field Probe	speag	EX3DV4	3957	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 16, 2014
900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D900V2         1d161         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           1450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201-           1750MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201-           X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1950V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         2600MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D66HzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D66Dtz         1141         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D66Dtz         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-	Х	750MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D750V3	1100	Dec .31, 2015	Dec. 9, 2014
1450MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1450V2         1048         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 11, 201-           1750MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201-           X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1900V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           Y         1950MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           Z600MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D560HzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D65HzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D56HzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D56HzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         500	Х	835MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D835V2	4d163	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 9, 2014
1750MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1750V2         1106         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 5, 201.           X 1900MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1900V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201.           1950MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201.           X 2450MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201.           X 5000MHz SAR Dipole         Speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         D		900MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D900V2	1d161	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 9, 2014
X         1900MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1900V2         5d183         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           1950MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         2600MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 20, 201-           X         5000MHz Sar Dipole         speag         D5GHzV2         11166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 31, 2015         De		1450MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1450V2	1048	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 11, 2014
1950MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D1950V3         1150         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 15, 201-           X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           Z600MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         Dielectric Assessment Kit         s p e a g         DAK-3.5         1141         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753D         3410,00634         Mar. 31, 2016         Mar. 20, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31, 2015         Mar. 20, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31, 2016         Mar. 21, 201- <td></td> <td>1750MHz SAR Dipole</td> <td>speag</td> <td>D1750V2</td> <td>1106</td> <td>Dec. 31, 2015</td> <td>Dec. 5, 2014</td>		1750MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1750V2	1106	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 5, 2014
X         2450MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2450V2         925         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           2600MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D2600V2         1072         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 8, 201-           X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         Dielectric Assessment Kit         s p e a g         DAK-3.5         1141         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753D         3410,00634         Mar. 31, 2016         Mar. 20, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31, 2015         May 23, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31, 2016         May 22, 201-           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31, 2016         Mar. 23, 201-           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP-2         103269         May 30, 2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30, 201-         Mar. 31, 2016	X	1900MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1900V2	5d183	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 15, 2014
2600MHz SAR Dipole   Speag   D2600V2   1072   Dec. 31, 2015   Dec. 8, 201-		1950MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D1950V3	1150	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 15, 2014
X         5000MHz SAR Dipole         s p e a g         D5GHzV2         1166         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 12, 201-           X         Dielectric Assessment Kit         s p e a g         DAK-3.5         1141         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753D         3410J00634         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 20, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31,2015         May 23, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31,2016         May 12, 201-           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 23, 201-           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30, 201-         May 30, 201-           X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201-	Х	2450MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D2450V2	925	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 8, 2014
X         Dielectric Assessment Kit         s p e a g         DAK-3.5         1141         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 9, 201-           X         Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753D         3410J00634         Mar. 31, 2016         Mar. 20, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31, 2016         May 23, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31, 2016         May 12, 201-           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31, 2016         Mar. 23, 201-           X         Power metter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30, 2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30, 2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30, 2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power metter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201- </td <td></td> <td>2600MHz SAR Dipole</td> <td>speag</td> <td>D2600V2</td> <td>1072</td> <td>Dec. 31, 2015</td> <td>Dec. 8, 2014</td>		2600MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D2600V2	1072	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 8, 2014
X         Network Analyzer         Agilent         8753D         3410J00634         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 20, 201:           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31,2015         May 23, 201:           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31,2016         May 12, 201:           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 23, 201:           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:	Χ	5000MHz SAR Dipole	speag	D5GHzV2	1166	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 12, 2014
X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         177525         May 31,2015         May 23, 201-           X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31,2016         May 12, 201-           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 23, 201-           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           <	Χ	Dielectric Assessment Kit	speag	DAK-3.5	1141	Dec. 31, 2015	Dec. 9, 2014
X         Signal generator         ROHDE         SMB100A         100341         May 31,2016         May 12, 201:           X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 23, 201:           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 201:	Х	Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753D	3410J00634	Mar. 31,2016	Mar. 20, 2015
X         Power Amplifier         R&D         CGA020M602-2633R         B40240         Mar. 31,2016         Mar. 23, 201:           X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30, 2015         May 30, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31, 2015         Dec. 18, 201:           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29, 2016         Feb. 5, 201: <t< td=""><td>Χ</td><td>Signal generator</td><td>ROHDE</td><td>SMB100A</td><td>177525</td><td>May 31,2015</td><td>May 23, 2014</td></t<>	Χ	Signal generator	ROHDE	SMB100A	177525	May 31,2015	May 23, 2014
X         Power meter         ROHDE         NRP2         103269         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 201-           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 201-           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 201-           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 201-     <	Х	Signal generator	ROHDE	SMB100A	100341	May 31,2016	May 12, 2015
X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102459         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 201-           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 201-           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 201-           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 201-           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015 <td< td=""><td>Х</td><td>Power Amplifier</td><td>R&amp;D</td><td>CGA020M602-2633R</td><td>B40240</td><td>Mar. 31,2016</td><td>Mar. 23, 2015</td></td<>	Х	Power Amplifier	R&D	CGA020M602-2633R	B40240	Mar. 31,2016	Mar. 23, 2015
X         Power sensor         ROHDE         NRP-Z81         102467         May 30,2015         May 30, 2014           X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 2018           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 2014           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2018           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A	Х	Power meter	ROHDE	NRP2	103269	May 30,2015	May 30, 2014
X         Power meter         Agilent         EPM-442A         GB37480814         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 201-           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 201-           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 201-           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 201-           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 201-           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 201-           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 201-           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A <td>Χ</td> <td>Power sensor</td> <td>ROHDE</td> <td>NRP-Z81</td> <td>102459</td> <td>May 30,2015</td> <td>May 30, 2014</td>	Χ	Power sensor	ROHDE	NRP-Z81	102459	May 30,2015	May 30, 2014
X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290688         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 2015           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 2014           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2015           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A <td>Χ</td> <td>Power sensor</td> <td>ROHDE</td> <td>NRP-Z81</td> <td>102467</td> <td>May 30,2015</td> <td>May 30, 2014</td>	Χ	Power sensor	ROHDE	NRP-Z81	102467	May 30,2015	May 30, 2014
X         Power sensor         Agilent         8482A         US37290892         Dec. 31,2015         Dec. 18, 2014           X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 2019           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 2014           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2019           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A	Χ	Power meter	Agilent	EPM-442A	GB37480814	Dec. 31,2015	Dec. 18, 2014
X         Directional Coupler         Narda         4226-20         09886         Feb. 29,2016         Feb. 5, 2019           X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 2014           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2019           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2019           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2019           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2019           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A	Χ	Power sensor	Agilent	8482A	US37290688	Dec. 31,2015	Dec. 18, 2014
X         Attenuator(3dB)         AEROFLEX         26A-03         081217-07         Nov. 30,2015         Nov. 16, 2014           X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2019           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N//A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N//A	X	Power sensor	Agilent	8482A	US37290892	Dec. 31,2015	Dec. 18, 2014
X         Attenuator(10dB)         SUHNER         6810.19A         10005430         Jan. 31,2016         Jan. 15, 2018           X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2018           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2018           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2018           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A	Х	Directional Coupler	Narda	4226-20	09886	Feb. 29,2016	Feb. 5, 2015
X         Microwave cable(1m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199120/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N//A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N//A	X	Attenuator(3dB)	AEROFLEX	26A-03	081217-07	Nov. 30,2015	Nov. 16, 2014
X         Microwave cable(1.5m)         SUHNER         SUCOFLEX104         199121/4         Oct. 31,2015         Oct. 7, 2014           X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N/A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A	X	Attenuator(10dB)	SUHNER	6810.19A	10005430	Jan. 31,2016	Jan. 15, 2015
X         Wideband Radio Frequency Tester         ROHDE         CMW500         126079         Aug. 31, 2015         Aug. 28, 2014           X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N//A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N//A	X	Microwave cable(1m)	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104	199120/4	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 7, 2014
X         PC         HP         HP Compaq Elite 8300         CZC3234D1P         N/A         N//A           X         Software         s p e a g         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N//A	Х	Microwave cable(1.5m)	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104	199121/4	Oct. 31,2015	Oct. 7, 2014
X         Software         speag         DAK         Ver 1.10.321.11         N/A         N/A	Х	Wideband Radio Frequency Tester	ROHDE	CMW500	126079	Aug. 31, 2015	Aug. 28, 2014
	Х	PC	HP	HP Compaq Elite 8300	CZC3234D1P	N/A	N/A
	Χ	Software	speag	DAK	Ver 1.10.321.11	N/A	N/A
X   Software   s p e a g   DASY5   Ver 52.8.8.1222   N/A   N//	Χ	Software	speag	DASY5	Ver 52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A

NOTE: The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by TÜV SÜD Zacta before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by TÜV SÜD Zacta using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.



## 5. Test system specifications

#### **Automated TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS:**

#### **Positioner**

Robot Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60L

Repeatability 0.02mm

No. of axis 6

#### **Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System**

**Cell Controller** 

Processor Intel Core i7-3770

Clock Speed 3.40 GHz

Operating System Windows 7 Professional Data Card DASY5 PC-Board

**Data Converter** 

Features Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic

Software DASY5

Connecting Lines Optical downlink for data and status info

Optical uplink for commands and clock

**PC Interface Card** 

Function 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE 4

16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

**E-Field Probes** 

Model EX3DV4 S/N: 3957

Construction Triangular core fiber optic detection system

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB} (30 \text{ MHz to 6 GHz})$ 

**Phantom** 

Phantom SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)

ELI Flat Phantom(V5.0)

Shell Material Composite

Thickness  $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 



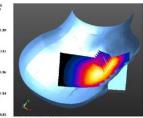
Figure 5.1 DASY5 Test System



#### 6. SAR Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

- 1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell.
  - The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01r03.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.



Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03 (See Table6.1). On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
- a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
- b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube,the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
- c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Table 6.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution[mm] (ΔΧατεα Ώγατεα)	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution[mm] (ΔΧzοοπ'ΔΥzοοπ)	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution[mm] Δzzoom(n)	Minimum Zoom Scan Volume[mm](x,y,z)
≦2GHz	≦15	≦8	≦5	≧30
2-3GHz	≦12	≦5	<b>≦</b> 5	≧30
3-4GHz	≦12	≦5	<b>≦</b> 4	≧28
4-5GHz	≦10	<b>≦</b> 4	≦3	≧25
5-6GHz	<b>≦</b> 10	≦4	≦2	≧22



## 7. Definition of reference points

#### 7.1 EAR Reference Point

Figure 7.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point"M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point(ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the Earcanal (EEC) along the B- M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 7.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 7.2).

Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

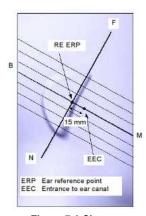


Figure 7.1 Close-up side view of ERPs

#### 7.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 7.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outersurface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 7.2 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

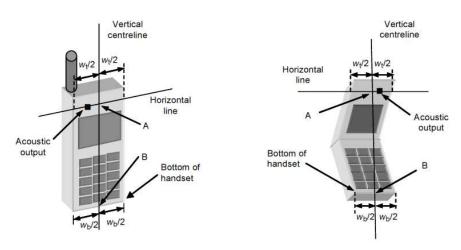


Figure 7.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



#### 7.3 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters:relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$  =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02.

#### 7.4 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Fig. 7.4), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 7.4 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
- 4. The phone was hen rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Fig. 7.5)

#### 7.5 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7.6).

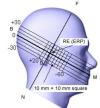


Figure 7.5 Side view/relevant markings



Figure 7.6 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

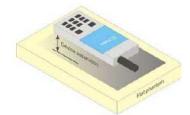


Figure 7.7 Sample Body-Worn Diagram



#### 7.6 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Fig. 7.7). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance betweenthe back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

#### 7.7 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require

extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

#### 7.8 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets(L x W  $\geq$  9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures.

The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



## 8. ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 RF Exposure Limits

#### **Uncontrolled Environment**

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employmentrelated; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment**

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, which have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1 SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS							
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)						
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00						
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40						
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0						

#### NOTES:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

<sup>\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



#### 9. FCC Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

#### 9.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

#### 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 v03 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

#### 9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA(UMTS)

#### **9.3.1 Output Power Verification**

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active.

Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

#### 9.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 2.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

#### 9.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

Report number: Z101C-15043 FCC ID: JOYKA44



#### 9.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel. The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.

The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing.

HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of  $\beta c=9$  and  $\beta d=15$ , and power offset parameters of  $\Delta ACK = \Delta NACK = 5$  and △CQI=2 is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

			-					
Subtest	βс	βd	βd (SF)	βc/βd	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1, Note 2)	CM, dB (Note 3)	MPR, dB (Note 3)	
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0	
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0	
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5	
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5	

Figure 9.1 Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1

Notes:

- ΔACK, ΔNACK and ΔCQI = 30/15 with β<sub>HS</sub> = 30/15 \*βc.
- 2. For clauses 5.2C, 5.7A, 5.13.1A and 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta$ ACK and  $\Delta$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 30/15 \* $\beta$ C, and  $\Delta$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_{C}$ .
- 3. CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, β<sub>HS</sub>/βc = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH, the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases
- For Subtest 2, the βc/βd ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 11/15 and βd = 15/15.

#### 9.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under "Release 6 HSPA data devices" Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

Figure 9.2 Table C.11.1.3 of TS 234.121-1

Sub -test	βο	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βωβα	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note 1)	βec	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5, Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/ 225	1309/ 225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/ 15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- 1.  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{HS}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_{C}$ .
- 2. CM = 1 for  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{HS}/\beta_C$  =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- 3. For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_c$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c=10/15$  and  $\beta_d=15/15$ . 4. For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_a$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved
- by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$ 5. In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- 6. βed cannot be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value



#### 9.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Figure 9.3 Table 6.2.3-1 of TS 36.101

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	-
QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of "NS 01"

Figure 9.4 Table 6.2.4-1 of TS 36.101

Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
		3	>5	s 1
		5	>6	≤ 1
6.6.2.2.1		10	>6	s 1
	00,00	15	>8	≤ 1
		20	>10	≤ 1
	925	5	>6	s 1
6.6.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
6.6.3.3.1	<b>1</b>	10,15,20	≥ 50	s 1
6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
66994	91		> 40	s 1
0.0.3.3.4	21	THE STREET	> 55	≤2
(	20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
6.6.2.2.1	23¹	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
	1124	Š 2 7	5. *	(#2)
	(sub-clause) 6.6.2.1.1 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.2.2.3 6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2 6.6.3.3.3 6.6.3.3.4 6.6.2.2.1	(sub-clause)  6.6.2.1.1 Table 5.5-1  6.6.2.2.1 2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36  6.6.2.2.2 41  6.6.2.2.3 12, 13, 14, 17  6.6.2.2.3 13  6.6.3.3.2 19  6.6.3.3.4 21  20  6.6.2.2.1 23 <sup>1</sup>	(sub-clause)  6.6.2.1.1 Table 5.5-1  1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20  3  5  2.4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36  10  15  20  6.6.2.2.2 41  6.6.3.3.1 1 10,15,20  6.6.2.2.3 12, 13, 14, 17 1.4, 3, 5, 10  6.6.2.2.3 13 10  6.6.3.3.2 19 10, 15  6.6.3.3.3 19 10, 15  6.6.3.3.4 21 10, 15  20 15, 20  6.6.2.1 23 <sup>1</sup> 1.4, 3, 5, 10	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



#### 9.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n /ac transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02 for more details.

#### 9.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers.

The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

#### 9.5.2 Frequency Channel Configurations

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power then the default channels, these "required channels" were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the 802.11a mode. 802.11ac SAR was evaluated for highest 802.11a configuration in each 5 GHz band and each exposure condition. 802.11ac modes were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power for the respective mode was more than 0.25 dB higher than powers of 802.11a modes.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the hand



#### 10. RF Conducted Power

#### 10.1 GSM Conducted Powers

	onducted r			Maximum Burs	st-Averaged Outpu	ıt Power [dBm]					
					GPRS/EDGE	(GMSK)Data					
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Voice GSM CS 1slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot				
	128	824.2	32.45	32.40	31.19	29.32	28.33				
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.35	32.26	31.10	29.18	28.24				
	251	848.8	32.55	32.50	30.96	29.06	28.12				
	512	1850.2	29.78	29.76	29.14	27.22	26.12				
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	29.65	29.64	28.99	27.09	25.97				
	810	1909.8	29.84	29.81	29.08	27.01	25.98				
			Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power [dBm]								
		_		GPRS/EDGE(GMSK)Data							
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Voice GSM CS 1slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot				
	128	824.2	23.42	23.37	25.17	25.06	25.32				
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.32	23.23	25.08	24.92	25.23				
	251	848.8	23.52	23.47	24.94	24.80	25.11				
	512	1850.2	20.75	20.73	23.12	22.96	23.11				
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	20.62	20.61	22.97	22.83	22.96				
	810	1909.8	20.81	20.78	23.06	22.75	22.97				

Table 10.1 The power was measured by CMW500

#### Note:

- 1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 2. The bolded GPRS modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D01 v03.
- 3. GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- 4. This device does not support EDGE. (EDGE RX only)

GSM Class: B
GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A

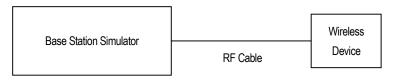


Figure 10.1 Power Measurement Setup



#### **10.2 WCDMA Conducted Powers**

3GPP	Мос	de	Sub-	Cellu	lar Band   Band 5	[dBm]	PCS	Band [d	_			ßd	D-/0.4
Release Version	Chan	Channel		Channel Test 4132 4183 4233	9262	9400	9538	MPR	Вс	ISCI	Bc/ßd		
VOIOIOII	Frequency [MHz]			826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6				
00	W CDMA	RMC		23.49	23.58	23.67	23.42	23.24	23.28			-	
99	W-CDMA	AMR	-	23.49	23.56	23.60	23.40	23.21	23.24	-	-		-
5			1	22.05	22.12	22.28	21.95	21.72	21.73	0	2/15	15/15	2/15
5	HSD	DΛ	2	22.14	22.09	22.22	21.99	21.67	21.74	0	12/15	15/15	12/15
5	חפח	PA .	3	22.10	22.10	22.24	21.97	21.74	21.77	0.5	15/15	8/15	15/8
5			4	22.08	22.09	22.23	21.97	21.77	21.76	0.5	15/15	4/15	15/4
6			1	22.29	21.97	22.11	21.71	21.28	21.66	0	11/15	15/15	11/15
6			2	21.04	21.06	20.94	21.40	21.16	21.08	2	6/15	15/15	6/15
6	HSUPA		3	21.38	21.17	21.33	21.08	21.23	20.93	1	15/15	9/15	15/9
6			4	21.37	21.92	21.93	21.79	21.38	21.27	2	2/15	15/15	2/15
6			5	22.51	22.61	22.66	22.42	21.23	22.22	0	15/15	15/15	15/15

Table 10.2 The power was measured by CMW500

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01 v03.

HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

This device does not support DC-HSDPA.

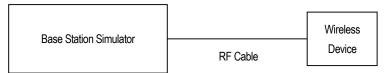


Figure 10.2 Power Measurement Setup



## **10.3 LTE Conducted Powers**

							Avg Power[dBm]	
Band	BW [MHz]	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	23780	23790	23800
	[IVIITZ]		Allocation	Olloct	IVIFIX	709.0 MHz	710.0 MHz	711.0 MHz
			1	0	0	23.25	23.43	23.22
			1	25	0	23.19	23.25	23.17
			1	49	0	22.83	22.70	22.59
		QPSK	25	0	1	22.34	22.35	22.36
			25	12	1	22.30	22.31	22.28
			25	25	1	22.30	22.30	22.40
LTE	10		50	0	1	22.31	22.32	22.28
Band 17	10		1	0	1	22.37	22.55	22.51
			1	25	1	22.60	22.49	22.72
			1	49	1	22.21	22.13	21.92
		16QAM	25	0	2	21.34	21.37	21.33
			25	12	2	21.34	21.31	21.28
			25	25	2	21.30	21.26	21.37
			50	0	2	21.33	21.33	21.32

							Avg Power[dBm]	
Band	BW [MHz]	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	23755	23790	23825
	[IVIITZ]		Allocation	Oliset	IVIFIX	706.5 MHz	710.0 MHz	713.5 MHz
			1	0	0	23.25	23.30	23.27
			1	12	0	23.21	23.27	23.00
			1	24	0	23.16	23.19	22.69
		QPSK	12	0	1	22.39	22.38	22.40
			12	7	1	22.40	22.32	22.44
			12	13	1	22.38	22.29	22.47
LTE	F		25	0	1	22.38	22.30	22.41
Band 17	5		1	0	1	22.28	22.32	22.65
			1	12	1	22.29	22.31	22.29
			1	24	1	22.22	22.35	22.06
		16QAM	12	0	2	21.36	21.38	21.42
			12	7	2	21.34	21.34	21.46
			12	13	2	21.36	21.41	21.48
			25	0	2	21.42	21.43	21.47

Table 10.3 The power was measured by CMW500



							Avg Power[dBm]	
Band	BW [MHz]	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	20450	20525	20600
	[WITZ]		Allocation	onset	IVIFIX	829.0 MHz	836.5 MHz	844.0 MHz
			1	0	0	23.29	23.36	22.45
			1	25	0	23.36	23.31	22.13
			1	49	0	23.30	23.23	22.23
		QPSK	25	0	1	22.41	22.38	21.65
			25	12	1	22.41	22.34	21.11
			25	25	1	22.39	22.35	21.14
LTE	40		50	0	1	22.40	22.38	21.33
Band 5	10		1	0	1	22.32	22.37	22.55
			1	25	1	22.36	22.33	21.25
			1	49	1	22.39	22.05	21.37
		16QAM	25	0	2	21.35	21.34	20.65
			25	12	2	21.30	21.35	20.11
			25	25	2	21.34	21.32	20.15
			50	0	2	21.32	21.30	20.41

							Avg Power[dBm]	]
Band	BW IMU-1	Mode	RB Allocation	RB	Target MPR	20425	20525	20625
	[MHz]		Allocation	offset	IVIPK	826.5 MHz	1	846.5 MHz
			1	0	0	23.29	23.28	22.05
			1	12	0	23.33	23.26	22.14
			1	24	0	23.31	23.32	22.18
		QPSK	12	0	1	22.29	22.36	21.13
			12	7	1	22.35	22.36	21.11
			12	13	1	22.45	22.36	21.13
LTE	_		25	0	1	22.43	22.40	21.11
Band 5	5		1	0	1	22.31	22.30	21.05
			1	12	1	22.39	22.31	21.14
			1	24	1	22.38	22.37	21.19
		16QAM	12	0	2	21.33	21.32	20.20
			12	7	2	21.31	21.33	20.21
			12	13	2	21.43	21.33	20.20
			25	0	2	21.37	21.36	20.17

Table 10.4 The power was measured by CMW500



Avg Power[dBm] BW RB RB **Target** 20525 20415 20635 Band Mode [MHz] MPR Allocation offset 825.5 MHz 836.5 MHz 847.5 MHz 0 0 23.31 23.41 22.29 1 8 0 1 23.30 23.34 22.23 14 0 23.40 23.34 22.24 1 **QPSK** 0 8 1 22.37 22.34 21.12 8 4 1 22.37 22.36 21.13 8 7 1 22.36 22.37 21.11 0 1 22.37 15 22.35 21.14 LTE 3 Band 5 1 0 1 22.43 22.32 21.38 1 8 1 22.38 22.31 21.37 22.38 1 14 1 22.45 21.37 16QAM 8 0 2 21.28 21.38 20.14 2 4 8 21.37 21.25 20.12 7 2 8 21.27 20.14 21.36 15 0 2 21.36 21.34 20.16

							Avg Power[dBm]	1
Band	BW MU-1	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	20407	20525	20643
	[MHz]		Allocation	onset	IVIFK	824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz
			1	0	0	23.37	23.39	22.18
			1	3	0	23.30	23.35	22.15
			1	5	0	23.29	23.38	22.15
		QPSK	3	0	0	23.32	23.36	22.19
			3	1	0	23.33	23.34	22.13
			3	3	0	23.34	23.34	22.17
LTE	4.4		6	0	1	22.39	22.40	21.17
Band 5	1.4		1	0	1	22.45	22.38	21.37
			1	3	1	22.42	22.39	21.20
			1	5	1	22.41	22.38	21.21
		16QAM	3	0	1	22.33	22.42	21.05
			3	1	1	22.31	22.39	21.03
			3	3	1	22.36	22.41	21.04
			6	0	2	21.39	21.31	20.20

Table 10.5 The power was measured by CMW500



#### Justification of SAR measurements in LTE mode

- According to Chapter 4 'SAR test procedures for LTE devices of FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 the following test configurations for standalone measurements of the largest channel bandwidth (chapter 4.2) had to be taken into consideration.
- 4.2.1. QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.6 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

- 4.2.2. QPSK with 50% RB allocation
   The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 4.2.3. QPSK with 100% RB allocation For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4.2.4. Higher order modulations For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 4.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.
- Testing of other channel bandwidths was not necessary because the output power of equivalent channel configurations was less than ½ dB larger compared to the largest channel bandwidth and reported SAR was < 1.45 W/kg.

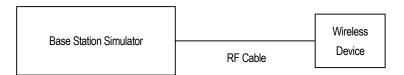


Figure 10.3 Power Measurement Setup



# **10.4 WLAN Conducted Powers**

	_		Test Res	sult [dBm]	
Mode	Frequency [MHz]		DATA RA	TE [Mbps]	
	[IVII IZ]	1	2	5.5	11
	2412	<u>12.61</u>	12.51	12.44	12.43
802.11b	2437	12.55	12.48	12.41	12.40
	2462	12.49	12.46	12.47	12.48

Table 10.6 IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

	F			802.11	g (2.4 GHz) Co	onducted Pow	er [dBm]							
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	l	Data Rate [Mbps]											
	[ivii iz]	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54					
	2412	11.53	11.50	11.49	11.46	11.40	11.37	10.33	10.32					
802.11g	2437	11.58	11.50	11.39	11.38	11.37	11.28	10.12	10.10					
	2462	11.37	11.36	11.35	11.34	11.28	11.26	10.11	10.10					

Table 10.7 IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

	_			802.11n H	T20 (2.4 GHz	) Conducted F	ower [dBm]							
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	l	Data Rate [Mbps]											
	[IVII IZ]	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7					
000 44	2412	11.71	11.68	11.67	11.61	11.59	10.53	10.50	10.48					
802.11n (HT20)	2437	11.57	11.56	11.54	11.50	11.46	10.12	10.11	10.08					
(H120)	2462	11.55	11.50	11.49	11.44	11.41	10.24	10.18	10.14					

Table 10.8 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power



				802.11	a (5 GHz) Cor	nducted Powe	r [dBm]							
Mada	Frequency		Data Rate [Mbps]											
Mode	[MHz]	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7					
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54					
	5180	12.53	12.50	12.50	12.49	12.45	12.41	12.33	12.31					
	5200	12.55	12.50	12.47	12.46	12.43	12.40	12.37	12.35					
	5240	<u>12.69</u>	12.68	12.67	12.65	12.59	12.57	12.51	12.49					
	5260	12.56	12.51	12.53	12.51	12.39	12.42	12.38	12.35					
802.11a	5280	12.62	12.60	12.59	12.57	12.54	12.52	12.46	12.43					
	5320	<u>12.67</u>	12.65	12.64	12.63	12.58	12.57	12.52	12.49					
	5500	<u>12.43</u>	12.37	12.34	12.32	12.30	12.22	12.20	12.10					
	5580	12.41	12.40	12.39	12.38	12.35	12.32	12.20	12.15					
	5700	12.23	12.21	12.19	12.18	12.17	12.12	12.05	12.03					

Table 10.9 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

		802.11n (HT20) (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]											
Mada	Frequency				Data Ra	te [Mbps]							
Mode	[MHz]	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7				
		6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65				
	5180	12.63	12.53	12.51	12.49	12.49	12.45	12.39	12.35				
	5200	12.62	12.61	12.59	12.52	12.50	12.45	12.43	12.39				
	5240	12.76	12.70	12.69	12.64	12.62	12.58	12.53	12.50				
000 44	5260	12.62	12.59	12.58	12.53	12.52	12.48	12.46	12.43				
802.11n (HT20)	5280	12.70	12.68	12.66	12.63	12.60	12.58	12.51	12.35				
(П120)	5320	12.75	12.73	12.72	12.64	12.55	12.51	12.54	12.51				
	5500	12.28	12.24	12.23	12.18	12.15	12.10	12.09	12.06				
<b>-</b>	5580	12.35	12.33	12.31	12.28	12.23	12.18	12.17	12.14				
	5700	12.24	12.22	12.20	12.09	12.07	12.03	12.00	11.98				

Table 10.10 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 20 MHz Bandwidth

		802.11n (HT40) (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]											
Maria	Frequency				Data Rat	te [Mbps]							
Mode	[MHz]	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7				
		13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135				
	5190	12.27	12.25	12.15	12.08	11.99	11.97	11.93	11.91				
	5230	12.45	12.38	12.34	12.28	12.22	12.09	12.06	12.05				
000 44	5270	12.38	12.37	12.33	12.28	12.19	12.08	12.06	12.03				
802.11n (HT40)	5310	12.35	12.30	12.28	12.24	12.15	12.08	12.07	12.02				
(11140)	5510	12.20	12.19	12.13	12.06	11.96	11.93	11.91	11.89				
	5590	12.13	12.08	12.03	11.90	11.86	11.77	11.75	11.71				
	5670	12.18	12.17	12.16	12.10	12.01	11.99	11.96	11.94				

Table 10.11 IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power - 40 MHz Bandwidth



802.11ac (VHT20) (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm] Data Rate [Mbps] Frequency Mode [MHz] MCS0 MCS1 MCS2 MCS3 MCS4 MCS5 MCS6 MCS7 MCS8 MCS9 6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65 78 86.5 5180 12.75 12.57 12.55 12.48 12.46 12.48 12.46 12.29 11.06 11.25 5200 12.62 12.60 12.49 12.47 12.38 12.44 12.37 12.29 10.96 11.24 5240 12.71 12.69 12.68 12.65 12.50 12.56 12.54 12.48 11.18 11.40 5260 12.75 12.69 12.66 12.56 12.53 12.52 12.46 12.44 11.24 11.46 802.11ac 12.74 12.71 12.50 11.34 5280 12.58 12.56 12.52 12.47 12.55 11.39 (VHT20) 12.76 5320 12.74 12.72 12.58 12.57 12.55 12.51 12.46 11.34 11.55 5500 12.50 12.36 12.34 12.25 12.23 12.22 12.17 12.41 11.14 11.35 12.33 12.21 12.11 5580 12.32 12.26 12.16 12.11 12.06 11.05 11.26 12.08 12.00 12.04 11.23 5700 12.21 12.18 12.17 11.98 11.95 11.04

Table 10.12 IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power - 20 MHz Bandwidth

			802.11ac (VHT40) (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]											
Mada	Frequency					Data Rat	te [Mbps]							
Mode	[MHz]	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9			
		13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135	162	180			
	5190	12.19	12.18	12.07	11.91	11.92	11.85	11.84	11.79	9.78	9.91			
	5230	12.35	12.33	12.32	12.27	12.12	11.98	11.96	11.93	10.03	10.08			
900 1100	5270	12.38	12.32	12.27	12.11	12.07	12.03	12.01	11.92	10.00	10.06			
802.11ac (VHT40)	5310	12.29	12.26	12.23	12.08	12.05	12.02	11.98	11.94	10.26	10.07			
(11140)	5510	12.21	12.20	11.98	11.82	11.81	11.75	11.75	11.74	10.06	10.10			
	5550	12.24	12.23	12.15	12.03	11.91	11.87	11.86	11.80	10.07	10.10			
	5670	12.20	12.19	12.13	11.98	11.96	11.93	11.93	11.89	10.03	10.05			

Table 10.13 IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power - 40 MHz Bandwidth

				802.11ac (VHT80) (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]										
	Mode	Frequency		Data Rate [Mbps]										
	IVIOGE	[MHz]	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9		
			29.3	58.5	87.8	117	175.5	234	263.3	292.5	351	390		
	000.44	5210	12.36	12.26	12.19	11.98	11.76	11.82	11.75	11.77	10.67	10.64		
	802.11ac (VHT80)	5290	12.28	12.18	12.13	12.07	11.91	12.00	11.92	11.94	10.82	10.80		
		5530	12.03	11.92	11.73	11.68	11.56	11.61	11.53	11.56	10.61	10.61		

Table 10.14 IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power - 80 MHz Bandwidth



Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes(including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- Full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power
  was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest
  IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.</li>
- The average output powers for 802.11ac 20MHz (VHT20) and 802.11 ac 40 MHz (VHT40) modes are
  equivalent to the 802.11n 20 MHz (HT20) and 802.11n 40 MHz (HT40). Therefore, no additional
  measurements were required for the lower bandwidth for 802.11ac.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

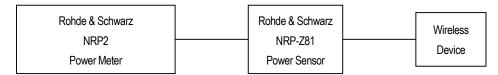


Figure 10.4 Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths < 50 MHz



Figure 10.5 Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths > 50 MHz



# 10.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Mode	Frequency	Output [1Mk		·	t Power lbps]	Output Power [3Mbps]		
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]	
	2402	9.52	8.950	7.31	5.385	7.31	5.384	
Bluetooth	2441	10.06	10.137	7.88	6.142	7.89	6.150	
	2480	9.80	9.552	7.60	5.748	7.59	5.735	

Table 10.15 Bluetooth Average RF Power

	F	Output	Power
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	[L	E]
	[1711 12]	[dBm]	[mW]
DI 4 4	2402	-0.68	0.855
Bluetooth LE	2440	-0.21	0.953
	2480	-0.62	0.866

Table 10.16 Bluetooth Average RF Power

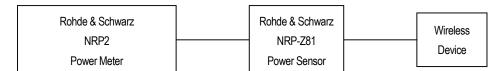


Figure 10.6 Power Measurement Setup



# 11. System Verification

### 11.1 Tissue verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS  Tissue Ambient Liquid Measured Target Target Dislocation Measured & Fr													
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Target Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Measured Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Measured Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]			
				709.0	42.164	0.890	42.99	0.884	1.96	-0.63			
A 1 00 0045	750	23.2	22.7	710.0	42.160	0.890	42.96	0.884	1.90	-0.67			
April. 28, 2015	Head	23.2	22.1	711.0	42.156	0.890	42.90	0.887	1.76	-0.33			
				750.0	41.900	0.890	42.36	0.917	1.10	3.03			
				709.0	55.664	0.960	54.92	0.948	-1.34	-1.26			
April. 29, 2015	750	22.8	22.2	710.0	55.660	0.960	54.90	0.945	-1.37	-1.53			
April. 29, 2015	Body	22.0	22.2	711.0	55.656	0.960	54.97	0.952	-1.23	-0.89			
				750.0	55.500	0.960	54.52	0.985	-1.77	2.65			
				824.2	41.603	0.910	41.94	0.892	0.81	-1.99			
				826.4	41.589	0.910	41.91	0.896	0.77	-1.52			
April 27 2015	835	21.1	20.8	835.0	41.523	0.910	41.79	0.901	0.64	-0.95			
April. 27, 2015	Head	21.1	20.0	836.6	41.511	0.910	41.73	0.905	0.53	-0.52			
				846.6	41.500	0.917	41.58	0.911	0.19	-0.65			
				848.8	41.500	0.919	41.52	0.914	0.05	-0.51			
				824.2	55.203	0.980	53.99	1.006	-2.20	2.65			
				826.4	55.200	0.980	53.90	1.008	-2.36	2.86			
April 27 2015	835	23.6	22.4	835.0	55.200	0.980	53.81	1.018	-2.52	3.88			
April. 27, 2015	Body	23.0	22.4	22.4	22.4	22.4	836.6	55.200	0.980	53.82	1.021	-2.50	4.18
				846.6	55.200	0.987	53.73	1.028	-2.66	4.15			
				848.8	55.200	0.989	53.68	1.034	-2.75	4.55			
				824.2	41.603	0.910	40.76	0.909	-2.03	-0.08			
				825.5	41.596	0.910	40.64	0.910	-2.30	0.00			
	005			826.4	41.589	0.910	40.60	0.911	-2.38	0.10			
April. 28, 2015	835 Head	21.7	21.5	835.0	41.523	0.910	40.53	0.917	-2.39	0.81			
	пеаи			836.6	41.511	0.910	40.55	0.919	-2.32	0.93			
				846.6	41.500	0.917	40.35	0.929	-2.77	1.30			
				848.8	41.500	0.919	40.31	0.933	-2.87	1.49			
				824.2	55.203	0.980	54.39	0.995	-1.47	1.52			
				825.5	55.200	0.980	54.41	0.996	-1.43	1.63			
	005			826.4	55.200	0.980	54.41	0.995	-1.43	1.55			
April. 28, 2015	835 Body	23.1	22.4	835.0	55.200	0.980	54.25	1.003	-1.72	2.35			
	Body			836.6	55.200	0.980	54.28	1.007	-1.67	2.76			
				846.6	55.200	0.987	54.12	1.017	-1.96	3.04			
				848.8	55.200	0.989	54.09	1.019	-2.01	3.03			



Zacta

										Zacta
				MEASUF	RED TISSUE PA	RAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Target Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Measured Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Measured Conductivity, σ[S/m]	ε <sub>r</sub> Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				829.0	41.569	0.910	40.87	0.904	-1.68	-0.69
luna 9 2015	835	23.4	23.0	835.0	41.523	0.910	40.78	0.911	-1.79	0.13
June. 8, 2015	Head	23.4	23.0	836.5	41.512	0.910	40.84	0.910	-1.62	0.02
				844.0	41.500	0.920	40.64	0.916	-2.07	-0.49
				829.0	55.200	0.980	53.31	1.007	-3.42	2.76
June. 8. 2015	835	23.2	22.8	835.0	55.200	0.980	53.29	1.014	-3.46	3.47
Julie. 6, 2015	Body	23.2	22.0	836.5	55.200	0.980	53.29	1.015	-3.47	3.57
				844.0	55.200	0.985	53.12	1.023	-3.77	3.86
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	39.32	1.381	-1.70	-1.36
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	39.31	1.383	-1.72	-1.21
April. 24, 2015	1900	22.6	22.0	1880.0	40.000	1.400	39.19	1.412	-2.03	0.86
April. 24, 2013	Head			1900.0	40.000	1.400	39.12	1.432	-2.20	2.29
				1907.6	40.000	1.400	39.08	1.437	-2.30	2.64
				1909.8	40.000	1.400	39.09	1.438	-2.27	2.71
				1850.2	53.300	1.520	52.15	1.459	-2.16	-4.01
				1852.4	53.300	1.520	52.10	1.460	-2.25	-3.95
April. 24, 2015	1900	22.3	21.9	1880.0	53.300	1.520	52.05	1.494	-2.35	-1.71
April. 24, 2013	Body	22.3	21.9	1900.0	53.300	1.520	51.94	1.517	-2.55	-0.20
				1907.6	53.300	1.520	51.91	1.523	-2.61	0.20
				1909.8	53.300	1.520	51.94	1.528	-2.55	0.53
				2412	39.252	1.770	39.54	1.789	0.73	1.07
April. 29, 2015	2450	23.3	22.6	2437	39.200	1.790	39.44	1.818	0.61	1.56
April. 29, 2013	Head		22.0	2450	39.200	1.800	39.42	1.840	0.56	2.22
	ricad			2462	39.200	1.814	39.34	1.849	0.36	1.93
				2412	52.752	1.914	52.07	1.906	-1.29	-0.42
April. 29, 2015	2450	23.3	23.2	2437	52.700	1.940	51.96	1.945	-1.40	0.26
Αμιιι. 23, 2013	Body	20.0	۷٠.۷	2450	52.700	1.950	51.94	1.965	-1.44	0.77
				2462	52.700	1.969	51.86	1.984	-1.59	0.76



				MEASUF	RED TISSUE PA	RAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Target Conductivity, σ[S/m]	Measured Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Measured Conductivity, σ[S/m]	ε <sub>r</sub> Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				5180	36.000	4.636	37.16	4.466	3.22	-3.67
				5200	36.000	4.660	36.73	4.475	2.03	-3.97
				5210	35.980	4.670	37.11	4.489	3.14	-3.88
				5240	35.920	4.700	37.07	4.530	3.20	-3.62
				5260	35.900	4.720	36.75	4.522	2.37	-4.19
				5280	35.900	4.740	36.69	4.567	2.20	-3.65
	5011			5290	35.900	4.750	36.97	4.581	2.98	-3.56
April. 23, 2015	5GHz Head	21.7	21.4	5300	35.900	4.760	36.98	4.587	3.01	-3.63
•	пеац			5320	35.860	4.780	36.61	4.615	2.09	-3.45
				5500	35.600	4.960	36.29	4.774	1.94	-3.75
				5530	35.600	4.990	36.68	4.800	3.03	-3.81
				5580	35.540	5.046	36.24	4.862	1.97	-3.65
				5600	35.500	5.070	36.59	4.885	3.07	-3.65
				5700	35.400	5.170	35.98	5.001	1.64	-3.27
				5800	35.300	5.270	35.86	5.093	1.59	-3.36
				5180	49.040	5.276	49.81	5.194	1.57	-1.55
				5200	49.000	5.300	49.71	5.210	1.45	-1.70
				5210	48.980	5.312	49.74	5.257	1.55	-1.04
				5240	48.920	5.348	49.64	5.301	1.47	-0.88
				5260	48.900	5.372	49.65	5.329	1.53	-0.80
				5280	48.890	5.396	49.57	5.367	1.39	-0.54
	5GHz			5290	48.900	5.408	49.60	5.355	1.43	-0.98
April. 24, 2015	Body	21.4	20.3	5300	48.900	5.420	49.55	5.412	1.33	-0.15
				5320	48.860	5.440	49.62	5.408	1.56	-0.59
				5500	48.600	5.650	49.42	5.673	1.69	0.41
				5530	48.540	5.686	49.31	5.703	1.59	0.30
				5580 5600	48.500	5.746	49.17	5.784	1.38	0.66
				5700	48.500 48.300	5.770 5.880	49.22 49.13	5.821 6.008	1.48 1.72	0.88 2.18
				5800	48.200	6.000	49.13	6.145	1.72	2.10
				0000	40.200	0.000	40.04	0.140	1.33	2.42

#### **Tissue Verification Note**

Note: The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

#### **Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification**

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container.

Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.

- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured.
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon'_{r} \varepsilon_{0}}{\left[\ln(b/a)\right]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega(\infty_{0}\varepsilon'_{r} \varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}r\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

Where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho^{12} - 2\rho \rho' \cos \phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .



# 11.2 Test system verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm$  10% of the specifications at 750 MHz, 835 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz and 5 GHz by using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

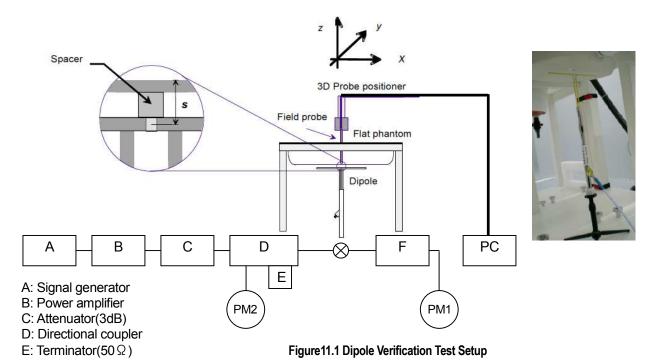
	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED  Freq. SAR 2 Ambient Liquid Probe Input Targeted Normalized Deviation														
Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole Kits	Date(s)	Liquid	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power [mW]	1W Targeted SAR 1g [W/kg]	Measured SAR 1g [W/kg]	1W Normalized SAR 1g [W/kg]	Deviation [%]				
750	D750V3, S/N: 1115	April. 28, 2015	Head	23.2	22.7	3957	250	8.10	2.03	8.12	0.25				
750	D750V3, S/N: 1115	April. 29, 2015	Body	22.8	22.2	3957	250	8.57	2.13	8.52	-0.58				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	April. 27, 2015	Head	21.2	20.8	3957	250	9.19	2.43	9.72	5.77				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	April. 27, 2015	Body	23.6	22.4	3957	250	9.46	2.40	9.60	1.48				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	April. 28, 2015	Head	21.7	21.5	3957	250	9.19	2.38	9.52	3.59				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	April. 28, 2015	Body	23.1	22.4	3957	250	9.46	2.34	9.36	-1.06				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	June. 8, 2015	Head	23.4	23.0	3957	250	9.19	2.32	9.28	0.98				
835	D835V2, S/N: 4d163	June. 8, 2015	Body	23.2	22.8	3957	250	9.46	2.35	9.40	-0.63				
1900	D1900V2, S/N: 5d129	April. 24, 2015	Head	22.6	22.0	3957	250	39.4	9.42	37.68	-4.37				
1900	D1900V2, S/N: 5d129	April. 24, 2015	Body	22.3	21.9	3957	250	39.6	9.67	38.68	-2.32				
2450	D2450V2, S/N: 894	April. 29, 2015	Head	23.3	22.6	3957	250	52.0	13.20	52.80	1.54				
2450	D2450V2, S/N: 894	April. 29, 2015	Body	23.3	23.2	3957	250	51.0	13.10	52.40	2.75				
5200	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166					3957	100	78.9	8.08	80.80	2.41				
5500	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166	April. 23, 2015	Head	21.7	21.4	3957	100	84.9	8.40	84.00	-1.06				
5800	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166					3957	100	79.0	8.03	80.30	1.65				
5200	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166					3957	100	75.2	7.59	75.90	0.93				
5500	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166	April. 24, 2015	Body	21.4	20.3	3957	100	79.6	8.01	80.10	0.63				
5800	D5GHzV2, S/N: 1166					3957	100	74.9	7.71	77.10	2.94				



Note1: Validation was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2: To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.

Note3: Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.



F: Attenuator(10dB) PM1: Power sensor A PM2: Power sensor B



# 12. SAR Test Results

### 12.1 Head SAR Results

						ME	ASUREMEN	IT RESULTS						
Plot No.	Freque	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch	Dallu		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	slots	Сусіе	[W/kg]	racioi	[W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	-0.02	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.194	1.161	0.225
1	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	-0.02	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.198	1.161	0.230
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	-0.06	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.182	1.161	0.211
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.193	1.161	0.224
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	33.0	32.26	-0.04	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.191	1.186	0.226
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.10	0.03	Right Touch	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.181	1.096	0.198
2	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	-0.13	Right Touch	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.238	1.076	0.256
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	0.17	Right Touch	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.220	1.062	0.234
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	-0.20	Left Touch	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.236	1.076	0.254
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	-0.06	Left Tilt	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.225	1.076	0.242
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.229	1.076	0.247
		Uncon	ANSI / IEEE C	Spatial Peak							Head 6 W/kg(mW/g) veraged over 1 gram			

Table 12.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR



						M	EASUREM	ENT RESULTS						
Plot No.	Freque	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch	Dallu		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	rosidon	Number	slots	Cycle	[W/kg]	1 actor	[W/kg]
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	-0.14	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.0403	1.084	0.0437
3	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	0.17	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.126	1.084	0.137
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	0.02	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.0100	1.084	0.0108
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	0.20	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	9.03E-03	1.084	0.0098
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	30.0	29.64	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.129	1.086	0.140
4	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	-0.01	Right Touch	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.165	1.125	0.186
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	27.5	27.09	-0.09	Right Touch	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.156	1.099	0.171
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	26.5	25.97	-0.11	Right Touch	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.165	1.130	0.186
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	0.08	Left Touch	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.0672	1.125	0.0756
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	0.05	Left Tilt	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.0121	1.125	0.0136
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	0.01	Right Tilt	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.0131	1.125	0.0147
			5	Spatial Peak	SAFETY LIMIT  C Population Ex						Head 1.6 W/kg(mW. averaged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.2 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR



						MEASUREME	ENT RESU	LTS					
Plot	Frequ	iency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducte d	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	1g SAR	Dyty	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	Cervice	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[W/kg]	Cycle	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.15	Left Touch	FCC#2	0.263	1:1	1.102	0.290
5	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.17	Right Touch	FCC#2	0.275	1:1	1.102	0.303
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	0.04	Left Tilt	FCC#2	0.179	1:1	1.102	0.197
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.02	Right Tilt	FCC#2	0.236	1:1	1.102	0.260
			ANSI / IEEE C95.1- Spati rolled Exposure/G	al Peak					He 1.6 W/kg average 1 gr	ı(mW/g)			

Table 12.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

						MEASUREME	ENT RESU	LTS					
Plot	Freque	ncy	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducte d	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	1g SAR	Dyty	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	CCIVICC	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[W/kg]	Cycle	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.08	Left Touch	FCC#1	0.129	1:1	1.191	0.154
6	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	0.383	1:1	1.191	0.456
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	0.14	Left Tilt	FCC#1	0.0058	1:1	1.191	0.0069
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	0.0340	1:1	1.191	0.0405
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										He 1.6 W/kg average 1 gr	(mW/g) ed over		

Table 12.4 WCDMA 1900 Head SAR



						MEASU	JREMENT I	RESULTS							
Plot	Freq	uency	Band	Modulation / Band	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	RB	RB	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch		width [MHz]	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Size	Offset	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	0.20	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.167	1.140	0.190
7	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.05	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.193	1.140	0.220
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.03	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.156	1.140	0.178
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.174	1.140	0.198
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	-0.07	Left Touch	FCC#1	25	25	1:1	0.146	1.148	0.168
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.00	Right Touch	FCC#1	25	25	1:1	0.169	1.148	0.194
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	-0.11	Left Tilt	FCC#1	25	25	1:1	0.147	1.148	0.169
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.13	Right Tilt	FCC#1	25	25	1:1	0.153	1.148	0.176
		Unc	ANSI / IEEE C9 S controlled Exposur					Hea 1.6 W/kg average 1 gra	(mW/g) d over						

Table 12.5 LTE Band 17 Head SAR

						MEAS	JREMENT	RESULTS							
Plot	Freq	uency	Band	Modulation / Band	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	RB Size	RB	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch		width [MHz]	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Size	Offset	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.06	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.179	1.159	0.207
8	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	0.00	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.180	1.159	0.209
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	0.14	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.172	1.159	0.199
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.15	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	0	1:1	0.168	1.159	0.195
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	0.06	Left Touch	FCC#1	25	0	1:1	0.153	1.146	0.175
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.17	Right Touch	FCC#1	25	0	1:1	0.144	1.146	0.165
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	0.06	Left Tilt	FCC#1	25	0	1:1	0.152	1.146	0.174
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	0.08	Right Tilt	FCC#1	25	0	1:1	0.150	1.146	0.172
		Unc	ANSI / IEEE C9: S ontrolled Exposur	oatial Peak		ire					Hea 1.6 W/kg average 1 gra	(mW/g) d over			

Table 12.6 LTE Band 5 Head SAR



acta

						MEASU	JREMENT	RESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	5011100	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.10	Left Touch	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0968	1.094	0.106
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	-0.10	Right Touch	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0504	1.094	0.0551
9	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	-0.05	Left Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.101	1.094	0.110
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.09	Right Tilt	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0425	1.094	0.0465
			ANSI / IEEE C	Spatial Peak		osure					Head W/kg(mW eraged ov 1 gram			

Table 12.7 DTS Head SAR

						MEASU	JREMENT	RESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	ency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]		Number	[Mbps]	-,	[W/kg]		[W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	-0.17	Left Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.221	1.074	0.237
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	-0.13	Right Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.222	1.074	0.238
10	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	0.05	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.284	1.074	0.305
	5210	42	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.36	-0.18	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.256	1.159	0.297
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	0.14	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.276	1.074	0.296
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	-0.18	Left Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.221	1.079	0.238
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	-0.02	Right Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.199	1.079	0.215
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	0.16	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.269	1.079	0.290
11	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	-0.13	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.274	1.079	0.296
	5290	58	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.28	0.00	Right Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.247	1.180	0.292
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	-0.09	Left Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.229	1.140	0.261
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	0.03	Right Touch	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.220	1.140	0.251
12	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	0.10	Left Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.337	1.140	0.384
	5530	106	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.03	-0.18	Left Tilt	FCC#1	29.3	1:1	0.227	1.250	0.284
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	0.03	Right Tilt	FCC#1	6	1:1	0.313	1.140	0.357
				95.1-2005– S Spatial Peak Ire/General P	AFETY LIMIT opulation Exp	oosure					Head 6 W/kg(mW veraged ov 1 gram			

Table 12.8 NII Head SAR



# 12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results

						MEASU	REMENT R	ESULTS						
Plot	Frequ	uency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	Service	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	slots	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	-0.03	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.278	1.161	0.323
13	836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.0	32.35	0.11	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.293	1.161	0.340
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	-0.16	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.308	1.062	0.327
14	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.355	1.062	0.377
	U			Spatial Peal	SAFETY LIMI k Population E						Head .6 W/kg(mV averaged ov 1 gram			

Table 12.9 GSM Body-Worn SAR

						MEASU	REMENT F	RESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	0017100	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	slots	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	0.02	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	1	1: 8.3	0.116	1.084	0.126
15	1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.0	29.65	0.20	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	1	1: 8.3	0.248	1.084	0.269
	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	0.04	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	2	1: 4.2	0.153	1.125	0.172
16	1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	29.5	28.99	0.17	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	2	1: 4.2	0.372	1.125	0.418
	Ur			Spatial Peak	SAFETY LIMI  C Population E						Head 1.6 W/kg(m averaged 1 gram	nW/g) over		

Table 12.10 PCS Body-Worn SAR



						MEASUREM	ENT RESU	LTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	iency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
1101	MHz	Ch	Duna		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[oldo]	Number	slots	Cyc.c	[W/kg]	1 40101	[W/kg]
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.11	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.174	1.102	0.192
17	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.427	1.102	0.470
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.14	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.370	1.191	0.441
	1852.4	9262	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.42	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.690	1.143	0.789
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.09	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.777	1.191	0.926
18	1907.6	9538	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.28	-0.06	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.964	1.180	1.138
		Unco	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ntrolled Exposure	patial Peak		ure					Head 6 W/kg(mW/ veraged ove 1 gram			

Table 12.11 WCDMA Body-Worn SAR



						MEASUR	EMENT RE	SULTS							
Plot	Frequ	uency	Band	Modulation / Band	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom	Device Serial	RB	RB	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch		width [MHz]	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Size	Offset	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.19	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.249	1.140	0.284
19	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.350	1.140	0.399
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.15	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.241	1.148	0.277
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.337	1.148	0.387
		Unc	ANSI / IEEE C95 Sp ontrolled Exposure	oatial Peak		ire					1.6 W/ avera	lead kg(mW/g) ged over gram			

Table 12.12 LTE Band 17 Body-Worn SAR

						MEASUR	EMENT RE	SULTS							
Plot No.	Frequ	uency	Band	Modulation / Band width	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	RB Size	RB Offset	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
NO.	MHz	Ch		[MHz]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	FUSILION	Number	Size	Oliset	Cycle	[W/kg]	ractor	[W/kg]
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.15	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.274	1.159	0.318
20	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.285	1.159	0.330
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.04	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.231	1.146	0.265
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.273	1.146	0.313
		Unc		95.1-2005– SAFE Spatial Peak re/General Popu		ıre					1.6 W/ avera	lead kg(mW/g) ged over gram			

Table 12.13 LTE Band 5 Body-Worn SAR



Zacta

						MEASU	IREMENT I	RESULTS						
Plot	Freque	ency	Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	CCIVICC	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.13	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0237	1.094	0.0259
21	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.18	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0241	1.094	0.0264
				Spatial Peak		osure					Body 6 W/kg(mW veraged ov 1 gram			

Table 12.14 DTS Body-Worn SAR

						MEAS	SUREMEN	IT RESULTS						
Plot No.	Freq	uency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	Data Rate [Mbps]	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	0.00	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0347	1.074	0.0373
22	5240	48	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.69	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0860	1.074	0.0924
	5210	42	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.36	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.0616	1.159	0.0714
	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	0.00	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0280	1.079	0.0302
23	5320	64	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.67	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0866	1.079	0.0934
	5290	58	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.28	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.0773	1.180	0.0912
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	0.00	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0416	1.140	0.0474
	5500	100	802.11a	OFDM	13.0	12.43	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	6	1:1	0.0908	1.140	0.104
24	5530	106	802.11ac	OFDM	13.0	12.03	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	29.3	1:1	0.0937	1.250	0.117
			ANSI / IEEE CS S rolled Exposu	Spatial Peak		osure					Body 1.6 W/kg(i averaged 1 grai	mW/g) I over		

Table 12.15 NII Body-Worn SAR



# 12.3 Standalone Wireless router SAR Results

						MEAS	SUREMENT	RESULTS						
Plot No.	Frequ	Ch	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time slots	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	0.19	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.0575	1.062	0.0610
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	-0.16	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.308	1.062	0.327
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	33.0	32.26	0.15	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1: 8.3	0.261	1.186	0.309
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	31.5	31.10	0.11	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	2	1: 4.2	0.329	1.096	0.361
25	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	0.09	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.438	1.076	0.471
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	0.03	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.355	1.062	0.377
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	-0.11	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	4	1: 2.1	0.222	1.062	0.236
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	28.5	28.24	0.04	10mm [Left]	FCC#2	4	1: 2.1	0.266	1.062	0.282
	836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	29.5	29.18	-0.02	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	3	1: 2.8	0.413	1.076	0.445
	Unc		S	patial Pea	SAFETY LI k I Population						Body .6 W/kg(m\ averaged o 1 gram			

Table 12.16 GSM850 GPRS Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable.



MEASUREMENT RESULTS 1g Scaled Maximum Frequency 1g SAR Conducted Drift Device # of Dyty Cycle Scaling Plot Mode/ Allowed Spacing Service Power Serial Time [Side] SAR No. Band Power Factor [dBm] [dB] Number slots [W/kg] MHz Ch [dBm] [W/kg] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** 28.99 0.02 FCC#2 0.247 1.125 0.278 661 29.5 2 1: 4.2 [Bottom] 10mm 1880.0 **GPRS** PCS1900 0.04 661 29.5 28.99 FCC#2 2 4.2 0.153 1.125 0.172 1: [Front] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** 30.0 29.64 0.19 FCC#2 8.3 0.274 1.086 0.298 661 1: [Rear] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** 28.99 0.17 FCC#2 2 0.372 1.125 0.418 661 29.5 4.2 1: [Rear] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** 27.5 27.09 -0.14 FCC#2 3 0.375 1.099 0.412 661 1: 2.8 [Rear] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** -0.07 FCC#2 0.389 1.130 0.439 26 661 26.5 25.97 4 2.1 1: [Rear] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 0.0474 661 **GPRS** 29.5 28.99 0.08 FCC#2 2 1: 4.2 1.125 0.053 [Right] 10mm 1880.0 PCS1900 **GPRS** 0.08 0.0241 0.0271 661 28.99 FCC#2 2 1.125 29.5 1: 4.2 [Left] 10mm 1880.0 661 PCS1900 **GPRS** 26.5 25.97 0.03 FCC#2 4 1: 2.1 0.349 1.130 0.394 [Rear] Body 1.6 W/kg(mW/g) averaged over ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak** Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure 1 gram

Table 12.17 PCS1900 GPRS Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable.



						MENT RES	SULTS							
Plot No.	Frequ	iency	Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial	# of Time	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR
	MHz	Ch			[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[ee]	Number	slots	5,5	[W/kg]	1 2000	[W/kg]
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.09	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.0749	1.102	0.0825
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.11	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.174	1.102	0.192
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.419	1.102	0.462
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.07	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.259	1.102	0.285
	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	0.14	10mm [Left]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.328	1.102	0.361
17	836.6	4183	WCDMA850	RMC	24.0	23.58	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.427	1.102	0.470
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	0.00	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.606	1.191	0.722
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.14	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.370	1.191	0.441
	1852.4	9262	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.42	-0.05	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.690	1.143	0.789
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.09	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.777	1.191	0.926
18	1907.6	9538	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.28	-0.06	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.964	1.180	1.138
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	-0.05	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.0918	1.191	0.109
	1880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.24	0.08	10mm [Left]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.0520	1.191	0.0619
	1907.6	9538	WCDMA1900	RMC	24.0	23.28	-0.19	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.911	1.180	1.075
	1907.6 9538 WCDMA1900 RMC 24.0 23.28 -0.20								FCC#1	N/A	1:1	0.950	1.180	1.121
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									1. a	Body 6 W/kg(m\ veraged o 1 gram	ver		

# Table 12.18 WCDMA Hotspot SAR

Note: Yellow entries represent measurements with connected earphone cable. / Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.



						MEASU	REMENT F	RESULTS							
Plot No.	Freq	uency	Band	Modulation / Band width [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	RB Size	RB Offset	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.11	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.0355	1.140	0.0405
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.19	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.249	1.140	0.284
19	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.350	1.140	0.399
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.19	10mm [Right]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.196	1.140	0.223
	710.0	23790	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.43	-0.04	10mm [Left]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.149	1.140	0.170
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.05	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#1	25	25	1:1	0.0305	1.148	0.0350
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.15	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.241	1.148	0.277
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.337	1.148	0.387
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	-0.20	10mm [Right]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.193	1.148	0.222
	711.0	23800	LTE Band 17	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.40	0.16	10mm [Left]	FCC#2	25	25	1:1	0.156	1.148	0.179
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										ave	Head V/kg(mW/g raged over 1 gram			

Table 12.19 LTE Band 17 Hotspot SAR



						MEAS	UREMENT	RESULTS							
Plot No.	Frequ	uency	Band	Modulation / Band width [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	RB Size	RB Offset	Dyty Cycle	1g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR [W/kg]
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.14	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.0553	1.159	0.0641
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.15	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.274	1.159	0.318
20	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	0.00	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.285	1.159	0.330
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	-0.02	10mm [Right]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.194	1.159	0.225
	836.5	20525	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	24.0	23.36	0.01	10mm [Left]	FCC#2	1	0	1:1	0.266	1.159	0.308
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	0.14	10mm [Bottom]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.0442	1.146	0.0506
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.04	10mm [Front]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.231	1.146	0.265
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.01	10mm [Rear]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.273	1.146	0.313
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	0.08	10mm [Right]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.198	1.146	0.227
	829.0	20450	LTE Band 5	QPSK, 10M	23.0	22.41	-0.06	10mm [Left]	FCC#2	25	0	1:1	0.225	1.146	0.258
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005— SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									ave	Head V/kg(mW/g raged over 1 gram				

# Table 12.20 LTE Band 5 Hotspot SAR

						MEA	SUREMEN	T RESULTS						
Plot			Mode/	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Dyty	1g SAR	Scaling	1g Scaled
No.	MHz	Ch	Band	•••	Power [dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	[Side]	Number	[Mbps]	Cycle	[W/kg]	Factor	SAR [W/kg]
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	-0.02	10mm [Top]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.014	1.094	0.0153
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.13	10mm [Front]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0237	1.094	0.0259
21	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	0.18	10mm [Rear]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0241	1.094	0.0264
	2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	13.0	12.61	-0.08	10mm [Right]	FCC#1	1	1:1	0.0195	1.094	0.0213
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Bod 1.6 W/kg(i averaged 1 gra	mW/g) I over		

Table 12.21 WLAN Hotspot SAR



#### 12.4 SAR Test Notes

#### General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001] and FCC KDB Publication447498 D01v05r02.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).
- Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 14 for variability analysis.

#### **GSM Notes:**

- This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations, therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
- Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

#### WCDMA Notes:

- WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01 v03.
- 2. Body SAR for HSPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.



#### WLAN Notes:

- 1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- 2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02 for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- 3. Per April 2013 TCB Workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- 4. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore no 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was required.
- 5. 5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is not supported in the 5 GHz band for this device. WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 2.4 GHz band only. The manufacturer expects 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO may be used in a similar manner to wireless router usage. Therefore, 2.4 GHz WIFI Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similarly to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.
- 6. WIFI transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 7. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.



### 13. FCC Multi-TX and Antenna SAR Considerations

#### 13.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n/ac and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

#### 13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 IV.C.1.iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$Estimated SAR = \frac{Max. Tune \ up \ Power_{(mW)}}{Min. \ Test \ Separation \ Distance_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

Maximum Separation **Estimated** Allowed **Distance** SAR Frequency Mode **Power** (Body) (Body) MHz [dBm] [mW] [mm] [W/kg] 11.50 0.294 Bluetooth 2441 14.13 10

Table 13.1 Estimated SAR

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

#### 13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 13.1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Figure 13.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 3) procedures.



### 13.4 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} /Ri$$

Where:

**SAR1** is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

**SAR2** is the highest measured or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

**Ri** is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of

$$[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the draft KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/Ri < 0.04$$



**Table 13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios** 

		Head	Body-Worm Accessory	Hot Spot	
Ref.	Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	IEEE1528 Supp C	Supple- ment C	FCC KDB 941225 D06 Edges/sides	Note
1	GSM850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	PCS1900 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	WCDMA850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	WCDMA1900 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	LTE Band 17 Data + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	LTE Band 5 Data + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	GSM850 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
8	PCS1900 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
9	WCDMA850 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
10	WCDMA1900 Voice + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
11	LTE Band 17 Data + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
12	LTE Band 5 Data + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
13	GSM850 GPRS + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14	GPRS1900 GPRS + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15	GSM850 GPRS + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
16	GPRS1900 GPRS + 5GHz WIFI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
17	GSM850 Voice + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
18	PCS1900 Voice + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
19	WCDMA850 + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
20	WCDMA1900 + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
21	LTE Band 17 Data + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
22	LTE Band 5 Data + Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	

#### Notes:

- 1. 2.4 GHz WIFI is supported Hotspot and WIFI-Direct.
- 2. 5 GHz WIFI is not supported Hotspot and not supported WIFI-Direct.
- 3. WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot.
- 4. Bluetooth and WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.
- 5. GSM and WCDMA cannot transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.
- 6. VoIP is supported in WCDMA, GSM.

Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI Direct are specified above.



# 13.5 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simult	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.225	0.106	0.331	No
Head	Right Touch	0.230	0.0551	0.285	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.211	0.110	0.322	No
	Right Tilt	0.224	0.0465	0.271	No

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.0437	0.106	0.150	No
Head	Right Touch	0.137	0.0551	0.192	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0108	0.110	0.121	No
	Right Tilt	0.0098	0.0465	0.0563	No

### Table 13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult TX	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.254	0.106	0.360	No
Head	Right Touch	0.256	0.0551	0.311	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.242	0.110	0.353	No
	Right Tilt	0.247	0.0465	0.293	No

		GPRS	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	0	1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.0756	0.106	0.181	No
Head	Right Touch	0.186	0.0551	0.241	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0136	0.110	0.124	No
	Right Tilt	0.0147	0.0465	0.0612	No
	TX Head	TX Configuration  Left Touch  Head Right Touch  SAR Left Tilt	Simult TX         Configuration         1900 SAR [W/kg]           Left Touch         0.0756           Head Right Touch         0.186           SAR Left Tilt         0.0136	Simult TX         Configuration         1900 (802.11b)           SAR         SAR           [W/kg]         [W/kg]           Left Touch         0.0756         0.106           Head         Right Touch         0.186         0.0551           SAR         Left Tilt         0.0136         0.110	Simult TX         Configuration         1900 SAR SAR [W/kg]         (802.11b)         Σ SAR [W/kg]           Left Touch         0.0756         0.106         0.181           Head SAR         Right Touch         0.186         0.0551         0.241           SAR         Left Tilt         0.0136         0.110         0.124

### Table 13.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.290	0.106	0.396	No
Head	Right Touch	0.303	0.0551	0.358	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.197	0.110	0.308	No
	Right Tilt	0.260	0.0465	0.306	No

	Configuration	WCDMA	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.154	0.106	0.260	No
Head	Right Touch	0.456	0.0551	0.511	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0069	0.110	0.117	No
	Right Tilt	0.0405	0.0465	0.0870	No

### Table 13.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

	Configuration	LTE	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult		Band17	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.190	0.106	0.296	No
Head	Right Touch	0.220	0.0551	0.275	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.178	0.110	0.288	No
	Right Tilt	0.198	0.0465	0.245	No

		LTE	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	Band5	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.207	0.106	0.313	No
Head	Right Touch	0.209	0.0551	0.264	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.199	0.110	0.310	No
	Right Tilt	0.195	0.0465	0.241	No

Table 13.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.225	0.237	0.463	No
Head	Right Touch	0.230	0.238	0.468	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.211	0.305	0.516	No
	Right Tilt	0.224	0.296	0.521	No

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.0437	0.237	0.281	No
Head	Right Touch	0.137	0.238	0.375	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0108	0.305	0.316	No
	Right Tilt	0.0098	0.296	0.306	No

## Table 13.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.254	0.237	0.491	No
Head	Right Touch	0.256	0.238	0.495	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.242	0.305	0.547	No
	Right Tilt	0.247	0.296	0.543	No

	Simult Configuration	GPRS	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.0756	0.237	0.313	No
Head	Right Touch	0.186	0.238	0.424	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0136	0.305	0.319	No
	Right Tilt	0.0147	0.296	0.311	No

# Table 13.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.290	0.237	0.527	No
Head	Right Touch	0.303	0.238	0.541	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.197	0.305	0.502	No
	Right Tilt	0.260	0.296	0.556	No

	Configuration	WCDMA	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.154	0.237	0.391	No
Head	Right Touch	0.456	0.238	0.695	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0069	0.305	0.312	No
	Right Tilt	0.0405	0.296	0.337	No

### Table 13.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		LTE	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	0	Band17	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.190	0.237	0.428	No
Head	Right Touch	0.220	0.238	0.458	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.178	0.305	0.483	No
	Right Tilt	0.198	0.296	0.495	No

		LTE	5.2G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	Band5	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.207	0.237	0.445	No
Head	Right Touch	0.209	0.238	0.447	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.199	0.305	0.504	No
	Right Tilt	0.195	0.296	0.491	No

Table 13.10 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Report number: Z101C-15043 FCC ID: JOYKA44



		GSM	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.225	0.238	0.464	No
Head	Right Touch	0.230	0.215	0.445	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.211	0.290	0.502	No
	Right Tilt	0.224	0.296	0.520	No

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS 1900 SAR	5.3G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.0437	0.238	0.282	No
Head	Right Touch	0.137	0.215	0.351	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0108	0.290	0.301	No
	Right Tilt	0.0098	0.296	0.305	No

## Table 13.11 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		GPRS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.254	0.238	0.492	No
Head	Right Touch	0.256	0.215	0.471	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.242	0.290	0.532	No
	Right Tilt	0.247	0.296	0.542	No

		GPRS	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.0756	0.238	0.314	No
Head	Right Touch	0.186	0.215	0.400	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0136	0.290	0.304	No
	Right Tilt	0.0147	0.296	0.310	No

# Table 13.12 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

		WCDMA	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.290	0.238	0.528	No
Head	Right Touch	0.303	0.215	0.518	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.197	0.290	0.487	No
	Right Tilt	0.260	0.296	0.556	No

	Configuration	WCDMA	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.154	0.238	0.392	No
Head	Right Touch	0.456	0.215	0.671	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0069	0.290	0.297	No
	Right Tilt	0.0405	0.296	0.336	No

### Table 13.13 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

	LTE	5.3G W-LAN			
Simult	Simult Configuration	Band17	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.190	0.238	0.429	No
Head	Right Touch	0.220	0.215	0.435	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.178	0.290	0.468	No
	Right Tilt	0.198	0.296	0.494	No

		LTE	5.3G W-LAN		
Simult	0 5 "	Band5	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.207	0.238	0.446	No
Head	Right Touch	0.209	0.215	0.423	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.199	0.290	0.490	No
	Right Tilt	0.195	0.296	0.490	No

Table 13.14 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)



Simult	Configuration	GSM850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.225	0.261	0.486	No
Head	Right Touch	0.230	0.251	0.481	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.211	0.384	0.596	No
	Right Tilt	0.224	0.357	0.581	No

Simult TX	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.0437	0.261	0.305	No
Head	Right Touch	0.137	0.251	0.387	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0108	0.384	0.395	No
	Right Tilt	0.0098	0.357	0.367	No

### Table 13.15 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

	GPRS	5.5G W-LAN			
Simult	Configuration	850	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.254	0.261	0.515	No
Head	Right Touch	0.256	0.251	0.507	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.242	0.384	0.626	No
	Right Tilt	0.247	0.357	0.603	No

	Configuration	GPRS	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.0756	0.261	0.337	No
Head	Right Touch	0.186	0.251	0.436	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0136	0.384	0.398	No
	Right Tilt	0.0147	0.357	0.372	No

# Table 13.16 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Simult	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Left Touch	0.290	0.261	0.551	No
Head	Right Touch	0.303	0.251	0.554	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.197	0.384	0.581	No
	Right Tilt	0.260	0.357	0.617	No

	Configuration	WCDMA	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult		1900	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.154	0.261	0.415	No
Head	Right Touch	0.456	0.251	0.707	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.0069	0.384	0.391	No
	Right Tilt	0.0405	0.357	0.397	No

### Table 13.17 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

	Configuration	LTE	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult		Band17	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.190	0.261	0.452	No
Head	Right Touch	0.220	0.251	0.471	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.178	0.384	0.562	No
	Right Tilt	0.198	0.357	0.555	No

		LTE	5.5G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	Band5	(802.11a)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX		SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Left Touch	0.207	0.261	0.469	No
Head	Right Touch	0.209	0.251	0.459	No
SAR	Left Tilt	0.199	0.384	0.584	No
	Right Tilt	0.195	0.357	0.552	No

Table 13.18 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Report number: Z101C-15043 FCC ID: JOYKA44



## 13.6 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.323	0.0259	0.349	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.340	0.0264	0.367	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.327	0.0259	0.353	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.377	0.0264	0.403	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.126	0.0259	0.152	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.269	0.0264	0.295	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.172	0.0259	0.198	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.418	0.0264	0.445	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.192	0.0259	0.218	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0264	0.497	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.441	0.0259	0.467	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	1.138	0.0264	1.164	No
Front Side	LTE Band 17	0.284	0.0259	0.310	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 17	0.399	0.0264	0.425	No
Front Side	LTE Band 5	0.318	0.0259	0.343	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 5	0.330	0.0264	0.357	No

Table 13.19 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.2G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.323	0.0373	0.360	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.340	0.0924	0.433	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.327	0.0373	0.364	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.377	0.0924	0.469	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.126	0.0373	0.163	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.269	0.0924	0.361	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.172	0.0373	0.209	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.418	0.0924	0.511	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.192	0.0373	0.229	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.0924	0.563	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.441	0.0373	0.478	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	1.138	0.0924	1.230	No
Front Side	LTE Band 17	0.284	0.0373	0.321	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 17	0.399	0.0924	0.491	No
Front Side	LTE Band 5	0.318	0.0373	0.355	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 5	0.330	0.0924	0.423	No

Table 13.20 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



5.3G W-LAN 2G/3G ΣSAR **SPLSR** (802.11a) Configuration Mode SAR [Yes/No] SAR [W/kg] [W/kg] [W/kg] Front Side GSM 850 0.323 0.0302 0.353 No Rear Side GSM 850 0.340 0.0934 0.434 No Front Side **GPRS 850** 0.327 0.0302 0.357 No Rear Side 0.377 0.0934 0.470 **GPRS 850** No Front Side PCS 1900 0.126 0.0302 0.156 No Rear Side PCS 1900 0.269 0.0934 0.362 No Front Side **GPRS 1900** 0.172 0.0302 0.202 No Rear Side **GPRS 1900** 0.418 0.0934 0.512 No Front Side WCDMA 850 0.192 0.0302 0.222 No 0.470 0.0934 0.564 Rear Side WCDMA 850 No Front Side 0.441 0.471 WCDMA 1900 0.0302 No Rear Side WCDMA 1900 1.138 0.0934 1.231 No LTE Band 17 Front Side 0.284 0.0302 0.314 No 0.493 Rear Side LTE Band 17 0.399 0.0934 No Front Side LTE Band 5 0.318 0.0302 0.348 No Rear Side LTE Band 5 0.330 0.0934 0.424 No

Table 13.21 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR [W/kg]	5.5G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR [W/kg]	ΣSAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
Front Side	GSM 850	0.323	0.0474	0.370	No
Rear Side	GSM 850	0.340	0.117	0.457	No
Front Side	GPRS 850	0.327	0.0474	0.374	No
Rear Side	GPRS 850	0.377	0.117	0.494	No
Front Side	PCS 1900	0.126	0.0474	0.173	No
Rear Side	PCS 1900	0.269	0.117	0.386	No
Front Side	GPRS 1900	0.172	0.0474	0.219	No
Rear Side	GPRS 1900	0.418	0.117	0.536	No
Front Side	WCDMA 850	0.192	0.0474	0.239	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 850	0.470	0.117	0.588	No
Front Side	WCDMA 1900	0.441	0.0474	0.488	No
Rear Side	WCDMA 1900	1.138	0.117	1.255	No
Front Side	LTE Band 17	0.284	0.0474	0.331	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 17	0.399	0.117	0.516	No
Front Side	LTE Band 5	0.318	0.0474	0.365	No
Rear Side	LTE Band 5	0.330	0.117	0.447	No

Table 13.22 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)



2G/3G Bluetooth ΣSAR **SPLSR** SAR SAR Configuration Mode [W/kg] [Yes/No] [W/kg] [W/kg] Front Side GSM 850 0.323 0.294 0.617 No Rear Side **GSM 850** 0.340 0.294 0.634 No 0.327 0.294 Front Side **GPRS 850** 0.621 No Rear Side **GPRS 850** 0.377 0.294 0.671 No 0.294 0.420 Front Side PCS 1900 0.126 No 0.269 Rear Side PCS 1900 0.294 0.563 No Front Side **GPRS 1900** 0.172 0.294 0.466 No Rear Side **GPRS 1900** 0.418 0.294 0.712 No Front Side WCDMA 850 0.192 0.294 0.486 No Rear Side WCDMA 850 0.470 0.294 0.764 No Front Side WCDMA 1900 0.441 0.294 0.735 No Rear Side 0.294 WCDMA 1900 1.138 1.432 No Front Side LTE Band 17 0.284 0.294 0.578 No Rear Side LTE Band 17 0.399 0.294 0.693 No 0.294 Front Side LTE Band 5 0.318 0.612 No Rear Side 0.330 0.294 0.624 LTE Band 5 No

Table 13.23 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.



### 13.7 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-").

		GPRS	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	0	850	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Тор	-	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.0610	-	0.0610	No
Body	Front	0.327	0.0259	0.353	No
SAR	Rear	0.471	0.0264	0.498	No
	Right	0.236	0.0213	0.236	No
	Left	0.282	-	0.282	No

_					
		GPRS	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	0	1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Тор	-	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.278	-	0.278	No
Body	Front	0.172	0.0259	0.198	No
SAR	Rear	0.439	0.0264	0.466	No
	Right	0.0533	0.0213	0.0533	No
	Left	0.0271	-	0.0271	No

Table 13.24 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Simult TX	Configuration	WCDMA 850 SAR [W/kg]	2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR [W/kg]	Σ SAR [W/kg]	SPLSR [Yes/No]
	Тор	•	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.0825	-	0.0825	No
Body	Front	0.192	0.0259	0.218	No
SAR	Rear	0.470	0.0264	0.497	No
	Right	0.285	0.0213	0.285	No
	Left	0.361	-	0.361	No

		WCDMA	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	Configuration	1900	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Corniguration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Тор	-	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.722	-	0.722	No
Body	Front	0.441	0.0259	0.467	No
SAR	Rear	1.138	0.0264	1.164	No
	Right	0.109	0.0213	0.109	No
	Left	0.0619	-	0.0619	No

Table 13.25 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 10 mm)

		LTE	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult	0	Band 17	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Тор	-	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.0405	-	0.0405	No
Body	Front	0.284	0.0259	0.310	No
SAR	Rear	0.399	0.0264	0.425	No
	Right	0.223	0.0213	0.223	No
	Left	0.179	-	0.179	No

		LTE	2.4G W-LAN		
Simult		Band 5	(802.11b)	ΣSAR	SPLSR
TX	Configuration	SAR	SAR	[W/kg]	[Yes/No]
		[W/kg]	[W/kg]		
	Тор	-	0.0153	0.0153	No
	Bottom	0.0641	-	0.0641	No
Body	Front	0.318	0.0259	0.343	No
SAR	Rear	0.330	0.0264	0.357	No
	Right	0.227	0.0213	0.227	No
	Left	0.308	-	0.308	No

Table 13.26 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 10 mm)

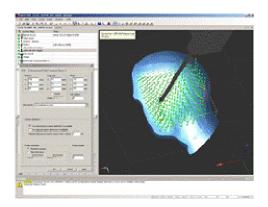


#### **Description of Volume Scan:**

In order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, volume scans are required. In free space, these assessments can help to gain more information on the performance of the DUT(e.g., to determine the degree of symmetry of the filed radiated from a horn antenna).

For SAR evaluations with larger spatial extensions (e.g., within a complete phantom head section)a Volume Scan job should be used.

The Volume Scan job is compatible with DASY5 SAR, PRO and NEO system levels. Volume Scans are used to assess peak SAR and averaged SAR measurement in largely extended 3-dimensional volumes within any phantom. This measurement does not need any previous area scan. The grid can be anchored to a user specific point or to the current probe location With an Administrator access mode, the grid can be optionally graded in Z-direction, whereby the smallest grid step and the grading ratio can be defined. Chosen grading ratio is automatically adjusted so that the desired extent in Z-direction is fully covered.



Under the Report page, the quantity to be evaluated for an instant report may be selected.



#### **SAR Assessment:**

#### **Alternative 1**

- Evaluation Method
  - Maximum summed SAR Value
- Description
  - Easiest and most conservative method to determine the upper limit of multi-band SAR
- Example
  - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
  - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
  - Multi-band SAR Value is 0.9 + 1.3 = 2.2

#### Alternative 2

- Evaluation Method
  - Selection of highest assessed maximum SAR Value
- Description
  - Accurate estimate of the multi-band SAR
- Example
  - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
  - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
  - Multi-band SAR Value is 1.3

#### Alternative 3

- Evaluation Method
  - Combining existing Area and Zoom Scan results by Post-Processor
- Description
  - Rapid way of obtaining the multi-band SAR. It is always applicable.
- Example
  - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
  - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
  - Combining results by Post-Processor

#### Alternative 4

- Evaluation Method
  - Combining existing Area and Zoom Scan results by Post-Processor
- Description
  - The most accurate way of assessing the multi-band SAR and always
- Example
  - F1's SAR Value is 0.9
  - F2's SAR Value is 1.3
  - Combining results by Post-Processor





# 14. SAR Measurement Variability

#### 14.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1. When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2. A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥
   1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is >
   1.20.
- 4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.

#### 14.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664D01v01r03, the standard measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.



# 15. IEEE P1528 - Measurement uncertainties

Expanded uncertainties stated are calculated with a coverage Factor k=2.

Please note that these results are not taken into account when determining compliance or non-compliance with test result.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	<b>√</b> 3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 3.0	R	1	0.64	± 1.9	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.1	R	1	0.6	± 0.7	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.7	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.4	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.7	R	1	0.64	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.8	R	1	0.6	± 1.1	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.9	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 1.0	R	1	0.64	± 0.6	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.4	R	1	0.6	± 1.4	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.1	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 22.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 3.9	R	1	0.64	± 2.5	<b>∞</b>
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5	R	1	0.6	± 1.5	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 13.1	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 26.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	œ
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.3	R	1	0.64	± 1.5	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.2	R	1	0.6	± 1.3	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.9	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 0.2	R	1	0.64	± 0.1	<b>∞</b>
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.6	R	1	0.6	± 1.6	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 10.8	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 21.6	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.2	R	1	0.64	± 1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 0.6	R	1	0.6	± 0.4	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 10.9	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 21.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	R	√3	1	± 0.2	8
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 0.8	R	1	0.64	± 0.5	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.4	R	1	0.6	± 0.8	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 10.4	387
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 20.8	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 4.0	R	1	0.64	± 2.6	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.0	R	1	0.6	± 1.2	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 14.0	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 28.0	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	8
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 1.7	R	1	0.64	± 1.1	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.5	R	1	0.6	± 0.9	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 12.2	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 24.4	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 3.5	R	1	0.64	± 2.2	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.0	R	1	0.6	± 1.2	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 13.6	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 27.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	8
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	8
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	8
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	8
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	8
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	8
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	8
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	8
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	8
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 0.2	R	1	0.64	± 0.1	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.3	R	1	0.6	± 0.8	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.1	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 22.2	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 3.8	R	1	0.64	± 2.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.9	R	1	0.6	± 1.1	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 13.7	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 27.4	



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	Standard uncertainty ±%,(1g)	vi or veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	± 6.55	N	1	1	± 6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	0.7	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	R	√3	0.7	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	± 2.0	R	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	R	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	R	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	± 0.3	∞
Response Time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0	R	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.8	R	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Probe Positioning	± 6.7	R	√3	1	± 3.9	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	N	1	1	± 2.9	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	N	1	1	± 3.6	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	± 2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up						
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0	R	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 0.4	R	1	0.64	± 0.3	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	R	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 1.7	R	1	0.6	± 1.0	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 11.5	330
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)					± 23.0	



#### 16. Conclusion

#### **Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



### 17. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, 2006.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 3kHz to 300GHz, New York: IEEE, Sept. 1992.
- [4] ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, December 2002.
- [5] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, June 2001.
- [6] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34 IEEE Std. 1528-2013, Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices.
- [7] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [8] T. Schmid, O. Egger, N. Kuster, Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, Jan. 1996, pp. 105-113.
- [9] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, N. Kuster, Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. -124.
- [10] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [11] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Application Note: Data Storage and Evaluation, June 1998, p2.
- [12] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Modeling at 900 MHz, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct. 1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [13] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [14] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies, University of Ottawa, Bioelectromagnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.
- [15] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [16] W. Gander, Computer mathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [17] W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [18] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. Supplement C, Dec. 1997.
- [19] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [20] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Pre standard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10kHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [21] Prof. Dr. Niels Kuster, ETH, Eidgenössische Technische Hoschschule Zürich, Dosimetric Evaluation of the Cellular Phone.
- [22] IEC 62209-1, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz), Feb. 2005.
- [23] Industry Canada RSS-102 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands) Issue 4, March 2010.
- [24] Health Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz 300 GHz, 2009
- [25] FCC Public Notice DA-02-1438. Office of Engineering and Technology Announces a Transition Period for the Phantom Requirements of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65, June 19, 2002
- [26] FCC SAR Test Procedures for 2G-3G Devices, Mobile Hotspot and UMPC Devices KDB Publications 941225, D01 v03, D05 v02r03, D05A v01r01, D06 v02
- [27] SAR Measurement procedures for IEEE 802.11a/b/g KDB Publication 248227 D01v02
- [28] FCC SAR Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas, KDB Publications 648474 D02-D04



- [29] FCC SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Net book and Tablet Computers, FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04
- [30] FCC SAR Measurement and Reporting Requirements for 100MHz 6 GHz, KDB Publications 865664 D01-D02
- [31] FCC General RF Exposure Guidance and SAR Procedures for Dongles, KDB Publication 447498, D01-D02
- [32] 615223 D01 802 16e WiMax SAR Guidance v01, Nov. 13, 2009
- [33] Anexo à Resolução No. 533, de 10 de Septembro de 2009.
- [34] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), Mar. 2010.