



12. Radio Frequency Exposure

12.1 Applicable Standards

The measurements shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures given in FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1091)

12.2 EUT Specification

Frequency band (Operating)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5150MHz ~ 5250MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5250MHz ~ 5350MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5470MHz ~ 5725MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5725MHz ~ 5850MHz <input type="checkbox"/> Bluetooth: 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Device category	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation)
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure
Antenna diversity	<input type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Evaluation applied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Remark:

- The maximum conducted output power is 22.10dBm (162.332mW) at 2452MHz (with 3.91dBi antenna gain.)*
- DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.*
- For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.*



12.3 Test Results

No non-compliance noted.

12.4 Calculation

$$\text{Given } E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = d (m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²



12.5 Maximum Permissible Exposure

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Max. Tune up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
2412-2462	22.10	22.60	3.91	20	0.089	1

Maximum Permissible Exposure (Co-location)

BT+2.4G

Modulation Type	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power (dBm)	Max. Tune up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	MPE Ratio
GFSK	2402-2480	10.83	11.33	2.91	20	0.005	1.000	0.005
11n HT40	2412-2462	22.10	22.60	3.91	20	0.089	1.000	0.089
Co-location Total								0.094
Σ MPE ratios Limit								1

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