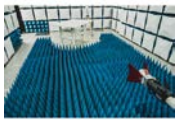
PCTEST
7185 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046 USA
Tel. 410.290.6652 / Fax 410.290.6654
http://www.pctest.com



MEASUREMENT REPORT
GSM / GPRS / EDGE / WCDMA

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics USA, Inc.
1000 Sylvan Avenue
Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
United States

Date of Testing:
3/2 - 4/1/2020
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab. Columbia, MD
Test Report Serial No.:
1M2003020032-07-R1.ZNF

FCC ID:	**ZNFK400AM**
APPLICANT:	**LG Electronics USA, Inc.**

Application Type:	Certification
Model:	LM-K400AKR
Additional Model(s):	LMK400AKR, K400AKR LM-K400AM, LMK400AM, K400AM
EUT Type:	Portable Handset
FCC Classification:	PCS Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rules Part(s):	22, 24, & 27
Test Procedure(s):	ANSI C63.26-2015, ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, KDB 971168 D01 v03r01

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

This revised Test Report (S/N: 1M2003020032-07-R1) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Randy Ortanez
President

ACCREDITED
TESTING CERT#2041.01

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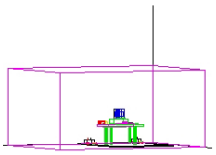
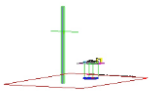


MEASUREMENT REPORT
GSM / GPRS / EDGE / WCDMA



Mode	FCC Rule Part	Tx Frequency (MHz)	ERP		EIRP		Emission Designator
			Max. Power (W)	Max. Power (dBm)	Max. Power (W)	Max. Power (dBm)	
GSM850	22H	824.2 - 848.8	0.445	26.48	0.729	28.63	248KGXW
EDGE850	22H	824.2 - 848.8	0.191	22.80	0.313	24.95	239KG7W
WCDMA850	22H	826.4 - 846.6	0.070	18.46	0.115	20.61	4M19F9W
WCDMA1700	27	1712.4 - 1752.6			0.229	23.61	4M21F9W
GSM1900	24E	1850.2 - 1909.8			0.923	29.65	245KGXW
EDGE1900	24E	1850.2 - 1909.8			0.370	25.68	242KG7W
WCDMA1900	24E	1852.4 - 1907.6			0.215	23.33	4M19F9W

EUT Overview

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

1.2 PCTEST Test Location

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST facility located at 7185 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046. The measurement facility is compliant with the test site requirements specified in ANSI C63.4-2014.

1.3 Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at PCTEST located in Columbia, MD 21046, U.S.A.

- PCTEST is an ISO 17025-2005 accredited test facility under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with Certificate number 2041.01 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR), Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) testing, where applicable, and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) testing for FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada rules.

- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC 17065-2012 by A2LA (Certificate number 2041.03) in all scopes of FCC Rules and ISED Standards (RSS).

- PCTEST facility is a registered (2451B) test laboratory with the site description on file with ISED.

2.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Equipment Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is the **LG Portable Handset FCC ID: ZNFK400AM**. The test data contained in this report pertains only to the emissions due to the EUT's 2G/3G licensed transmitters.

Test Device Serial No.: 10617, 10167, 10591,10609

2.2 Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

850/1900 GSM/GPRS/EDGE, 850/1700/1900 WCDMA/HSPA, Multi-band LTE, 802.11b/g/n WLAN, Bluetooth (1x, EDR, LE)

2.3 Test Configuration

The EUT was tested per the guidance of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 and KDB 971168 D01 v03r01. See Section 7.0 of this test report for a description of the radiated and antenna port conducted emissions tests.

2.4 EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and no modifications were made during testing.

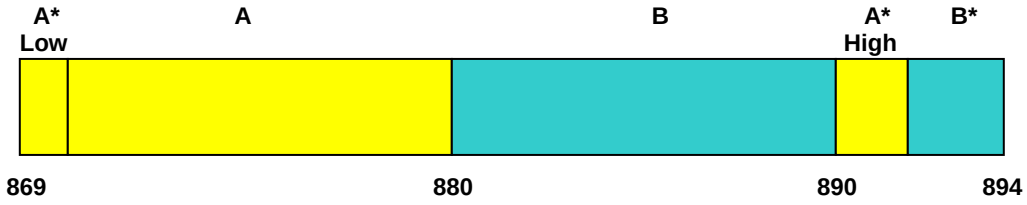
3.0 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.1 Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the "Land Mobile FM or PM – Communications Equipment – Measurements and Performance Standards" (ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016) and "Measurement Guidance for Certification of Licensed Digital Transmitters" (KDB 971168 D01 v03r01) were used in the measurement of the EUT.

Deviation from Measurement Procedure……..None

3.2 Cellular - Base Frequency Blocks



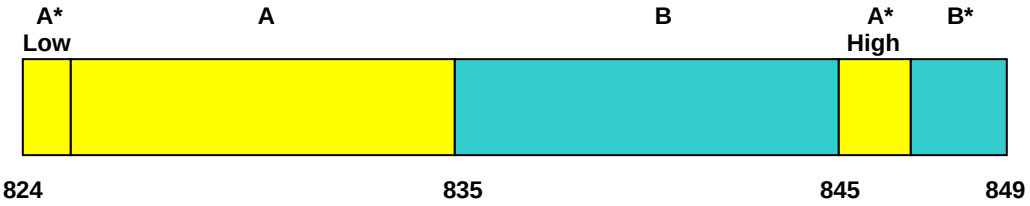
BLOCK 1: 869 – 880 MHz (A* Low + A)

BLOCK 2: 880 – 890 MHz (B)

BLOCK 3: 890 – 891.5 MHz (A* High)

BLOCK 4: 891.5 – 894 MHz (B*)

3.3 Cellular - Mobile Frequency Blocks



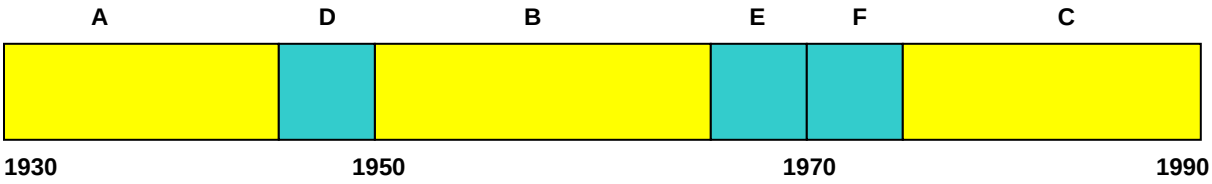
BLOCK 1: 824 – 835 MHz (A* Low + A)

BLOCK 2: 835 – 845 MHz (B)

BLOCK 3: 845 – 846.5 MHz (A* High)

BLOCK 4: 846.5 – 849 MHz (B*)

3.4 PCS - Base Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1930 – 1945 MHz (A)

BLOCK 2: 1945 – 1950 MHz (D)

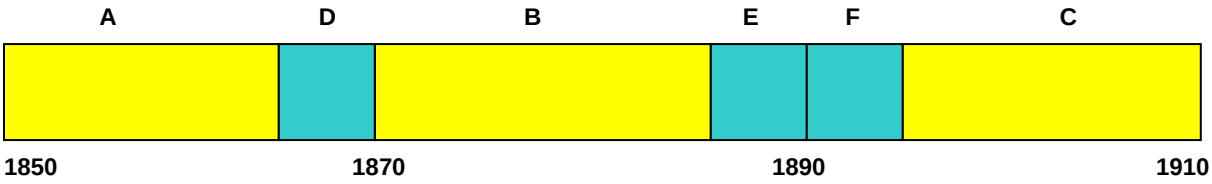
BLOCK 3: 1950 – 1965 MHz (B)

BLOCK 4: 1965 – 1970 MHz (E)

BLOCK 5: 1970 – 1975 MHz (F)

BLOCK 6: 1975 – 1990 MHz (C)

3.5 PCS - Mobile Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1850 – 1865 MHz (A)

BLOCK 2: 1865 – 1870 MHz (D)

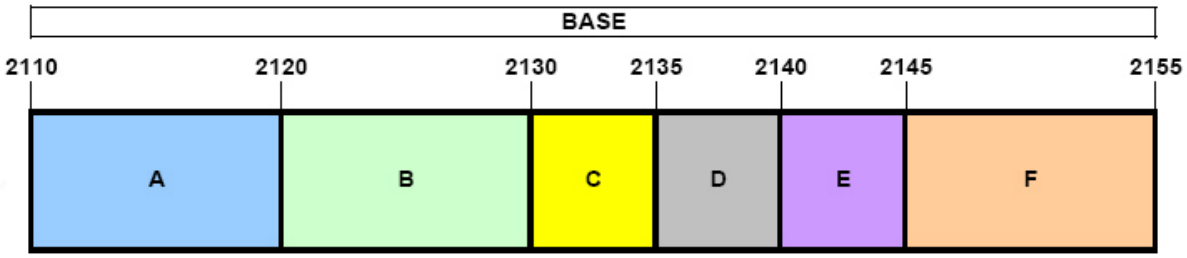
BLOCK 3: 1870 – 1885 MHz (B)

BLOCK 4: 1885 – 1890 MHz (E)

BLOCK 5: 1890 – 1895 MHz (F)

BLOCK 6: 1895 – 1910 MHz (C)

3.6 AWS - Base Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 2110 – 2120 MHz (A)

BLOCK 2: 2120 – 2130 MHz (B)

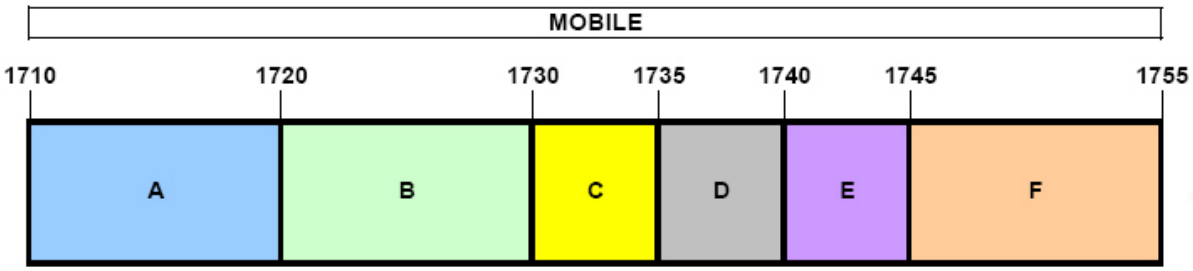
BLOCK 3: 2130 – 2135 MHz (C)

BLOCK 4: 2135 – 2140 MHz (D)

BLOCK 5: 2140 – 2145 MHz (E)

BLOCK 6: 2145 – 2155 MHz (F)

3.7 AWS - Mobile Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1710 – 1720 MHz (A)

BLOCK 2: 1720 – 1730 MHz (B)

BLOCK 3: 1730 – 1735 MHz (C)

BLOCK 4: 1735 – 1740 MHz (D)

BLOCK 5: 1740 – 1745 MHz (E)

BLOCK 6: 1745 – 1755 MHz (F)

3.8 Radiated Measurements

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. The test site inside the chamber is a 6m x 5.2m elliptical, obstruction-free area in accordance with Figure 5.7 of Clause 5 in ANSI C63.4-2014. Absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections for measurements above 1GHz. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A raised turntable is used for radiated measurement. The turn table is a continuously rotatable, remote-controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm tall test table made of Styrodur is placed on top of the turn table. A Styrodur pedestal is placed on top of the test table to bring the total table height to 1.5m.

The equipment under test was transmitting while connected to its integral antenna and is placed on a turntable 3 meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height is adjusted between 1 and 4 meter height, the turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the EUT is manipulated through all orthogonal planes representative of its typical use to achieve the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. Per the guidelines of KDB 412172 D01 v01r01, radiated power levels are measured using the following formula:

$$\text{ERP or EIRP} = P_T + G_T - L_C$$

Where P_T is the transmitter output power, expressed in dBm, G_T is the gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP), and L_C signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna in dB.

Per the guidance of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, a half-wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer level previously recorded from the spurious emission from the EUT. The power of the emission is calculated using the following formula:

$$P_{d\ [dBm]} = P_{g\ [dBm]} - \text{cable loss}_{\ [dB]} + \text{antenna gain}_{\ [dBd/dBi]}$$

Where, P_d is the dipole equivalent power, P_g is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to $P_{g\ [dBm]}$ – cable loss $_{[dB]}$. The calculated P_d levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$(Power $_{[Watts]}$).

All radiated measurements are performed in a chamber that meets the site requirements per ANSI C63.4-2014. Additionally, radiated emissions below 30MHz are also validated on an Open Area Test Site to assert correlation with the chamber measurements per the requirements of KDB 474788 D01.

Radiated power and radiated spurious emission levels are investigated with the receive antenna horizontally and vertically polarized per ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016.

4.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence. The measurement uncertainty shown below meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Contribution	Expanded Uncertainty (±dB)
Conducted Bench Top Measurements	1.13
Radiated Disturbance (<1GHz)	4.98
Radiated Disturbance (>1GHz)	5.07
Radiated Disturbance (>18GHz)	5.09

5.0 TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

Test Equipment Calibration is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Measurements antennas used during testing were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
-	LTx1	Licensed Transmitter Cable Set	6/4/2019	Annual	6/4/2020	LTx1
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	N/A			GB46310798
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	4/20/2019	Annual	4/20/2020	US46470561
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	N/A			GB45360985
Agilent	N9038A	MXE EMI Receiver	7/17/2019	Annual	7/17/2020	MY51210133
Agilent	N9030A	PXA Signal Analyzer (44GHz)	6/12/2019	Annual	6/12/2020	MY52350166
Com-Power	PAM-103	Pre-Amplifier (1-1000MHz)	5/10/2019	Annual	5/10/2020	441112
Emco	3115	Horn Antenna (1-18GHz)	3/28/2018	Biennial	3/28/2020	9704-5182
EMCO	3160-09	Small Horn (18 - 26.5GHz)	8/9/2018	Biennial	8/9/2020	135427
ETS Lindgren	3117	1-18 GHz DRG Horn (Medium)	2/14/2019	Biennial	2/14/2021	125518
ETS Lindgren	3164-08	Quad Ridge Horn Antenna	3/28/2018	Biennial	3/28/2020	128337
ETS Lindgren	3164-08	Quad Ridge Horn Antenna	2/22/2019	Biennial	2/22/2021	128338
Mini Circuits	TVA-11-422	RF Power Amp	N/A			QA1317001
Mini Circuits	PWR-SEN-4GHS	USB Power Sensor	4/19/2019	Annual	4/19/2020	11401010036
Mini-Circuits	SSG-4000HP	Synthesized Signal Generator	N/A			11208010032
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	N/A			112347
Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	EMI Test Receiver (26.5GHz)	6/5/2019	Annual	6/5/2020	100342
Schwarzbeck	UHA 9105	Dipole Antenna (400 - 1GHz) Tx	4/30/2018	Biennial	4/30/2020	9105-2403
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	5/10/2018	Biennial	5/10/2020	N/A
Sunol	JB5	Bi-Log Antenna (30M - 5GHz)	4/19/2018	Biennial	4/19/2020	A051107

Table 5-1. Test Equipment

Notes:

1. For equipment listed above that has a calibration date or calibration due date that falls within the test date range, care was taken to ensure that this equipment was used after the calibration date and before the calibration due date.

2. Equipment with a calibration date of "N/A" shown in this list was not used to make direct calibrated measurements.

6.0 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

GSM Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 250KGXW

GSM BW = 250 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
X = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EDGE Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 250KG7W

EDGE BW = 250 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
7 = Quantized/Digital Info
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M16F9W

WCDMA BW = 4.16 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Info
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Spurious Radiated Emission

Example: Spurious emission at 3700.40 MHz

The receive spectrum analyzer reading at 3 meters with the EUT on the turntable was –81.0 dBm. The gain of the substituted antenna is 8.1 dBi. The signal generator connected to the substituted antenna terminals is adjusted to produce a reading of –81.0 dBm on the spectrum analyzer. The loss of the cable between the signal generator and the terminals of the substituted antenna is 2.0 dB at 3700.40 MHz. So 6.1 dB is added to the signal generator reading of –30.9 dBm yielding –24.80 dBm. The fundamental EIRP was 25.50 dBm so this harmonic was 25.50 dBm – (-24.80) = 50.3 dBc.

7.0 TEST RESULTS

7.1 Summary

Company Name: LG Electronics USA, Inc.

FCC ID: ZNFK400AM

FCC Classification: PCS Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

Mode(s): GSM / GPRS / EDGE / WCDMA

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
2.1049	RSS-Gen (4.6.1) RSS-133(2.3) RSS-139(2.3)	Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS	Section 7.2
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	RSS-132(5.5) RSS-133(6.5) RSS-139(6.6)	Conducted Band Edge / Spurious Emissions	> 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (P[Watts]) at Band Edge and for all out-of-band emissions		PASS	Sections 7.3, 7.4
24.232(d)	RSS-132(5.4) RSS-133(6.4) RSS-139(6.5)	Peak-Average Ratio	< 13 dB		PASS	Section 7.5
2.1046	RSS-132(5.4) RSS-133(4.1) RSS-139(4.1)	Transmitter Conducted Output Power	N/A		PASS	RF Exposure Report
2.1055 22.355 24.235 27.54	RSS-132(5.3) RSS-133(6.3) RSS-139(6.4)	Frequency Stability	< 2.5 ppm (Part 22) Emission must remain in band (Part 24, 27)		PASS	Section 7.9
22.913(a)(5)	RSS-132(5.4)	Effective Radiated Power	< 7 Watts max. ERP	RADIATED	PASS	Section 7.6
24.232(c)	RSS-133(6.4)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	< 2 Watts max. EIRP		PASS	Section 7.6
27.50(d)(4)	RSS-139(6.5)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	< 1 Watts max. EIRP		PASS	Section 7.6
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	RSS-132(5.5) RSS-133(6.5) RSS-139(6.6)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	> 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (P[Watts]) for all out-of-band emissions		PASS	Section 7.7

Table 7-1. Summary of Test Results

Notes:

1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
2) The analyzer plots were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables, directional couplers, and attenuators used as part of the system to maintain a link between the call box and the EUT at all frequencies of interest.
3) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables, attenuators, and couplers.
4) For conducted spurious emissions, automated test software was used to measure emissions and capture the corresponding plots necessary to show compliance. The measurement software utilized is PCTEST "2G/3G Automation," Version 4.2.

7.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Overview

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 4.2

Test Settings

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99% occupied bandwidth and the 26dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = 1 – 5% of the expected OBW
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. If necessary, steps 2 – 7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 – 5% of the 99% occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

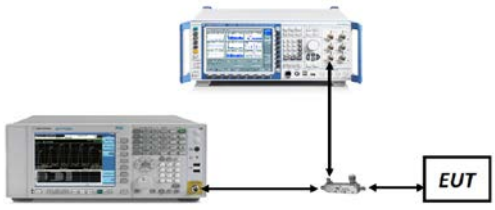
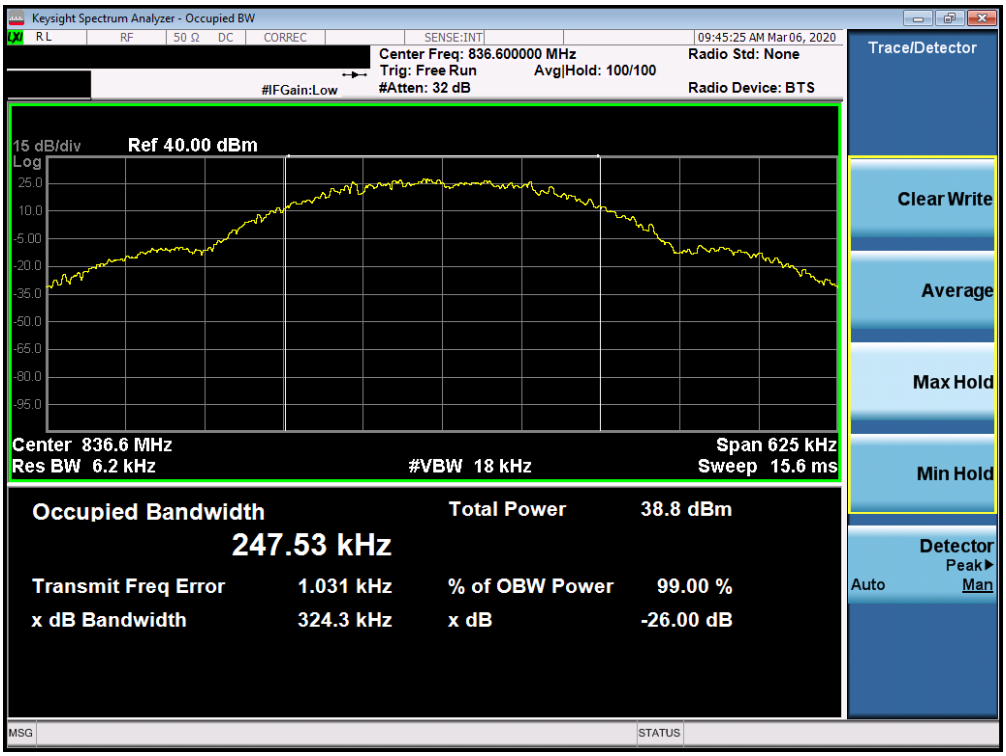


Figure 7-1. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

Test Notes

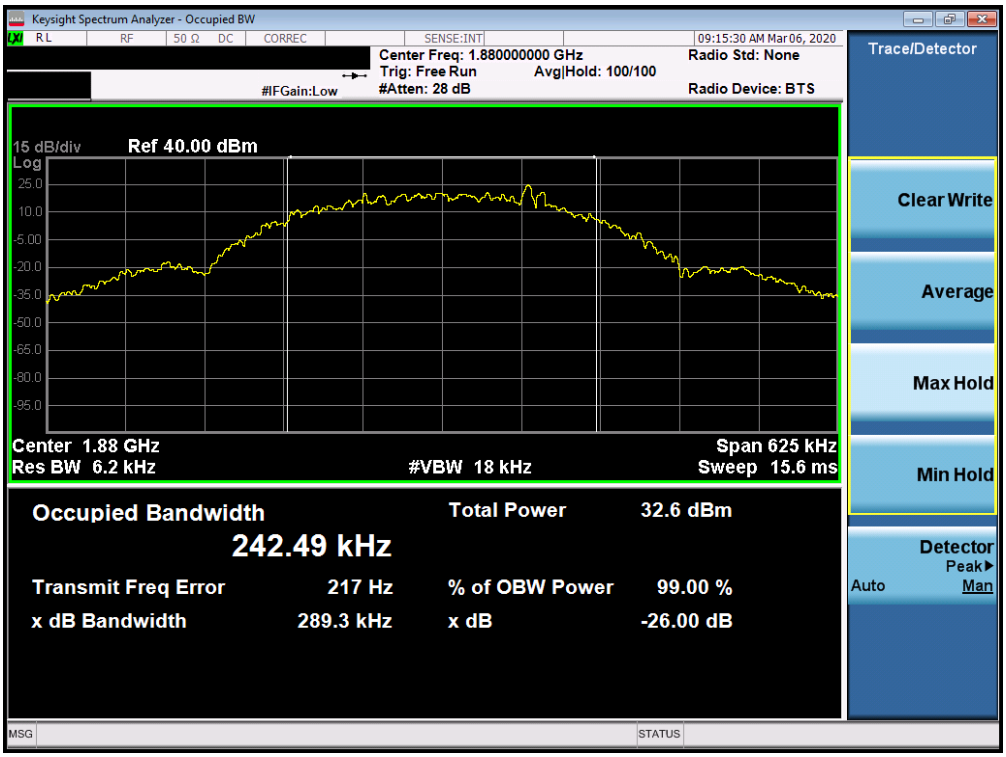
None.



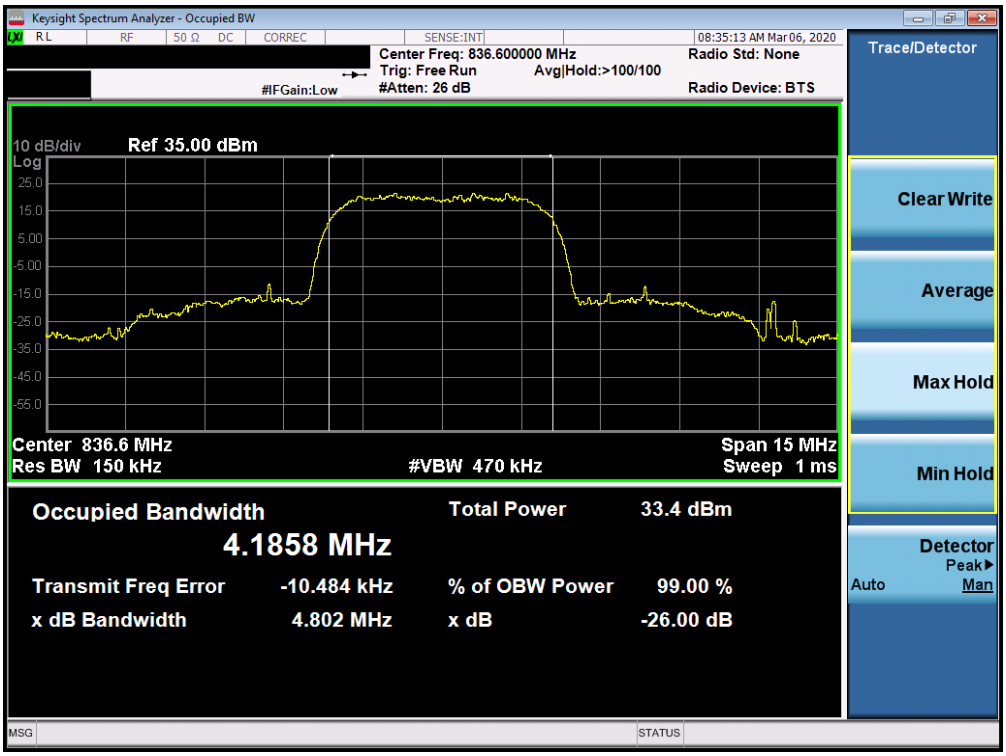
Plot 7-1. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (Cellular GSM Mode)

Plot 7-3. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (EDGE850 Mode)

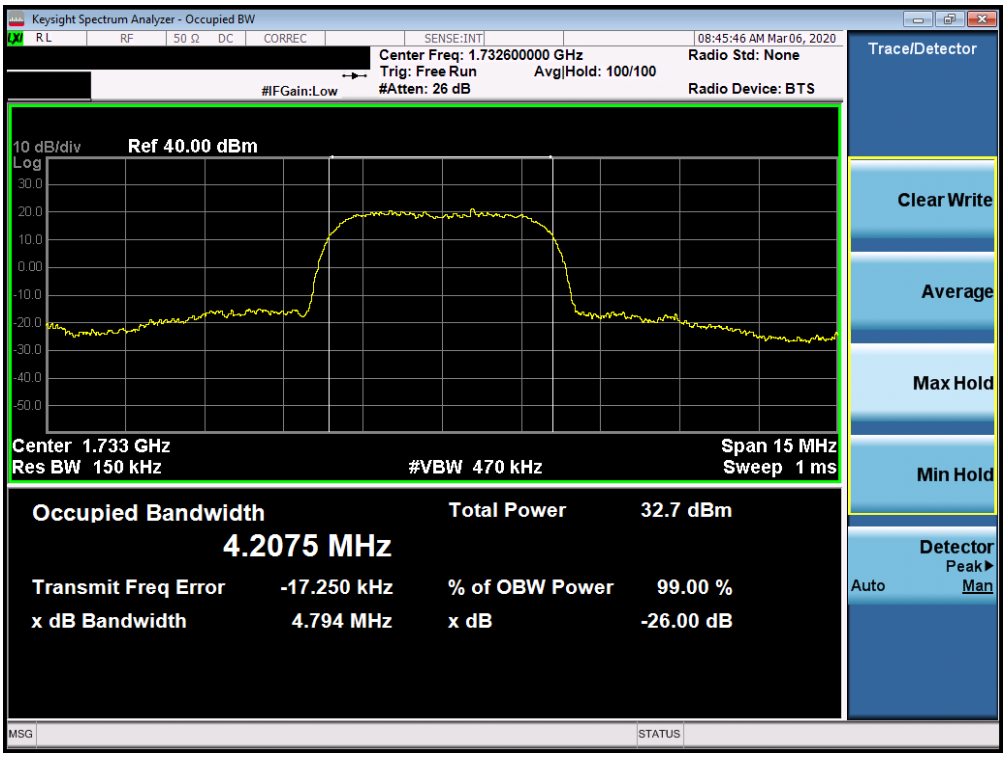
Plot 7-4. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (PCS GSM Mode)



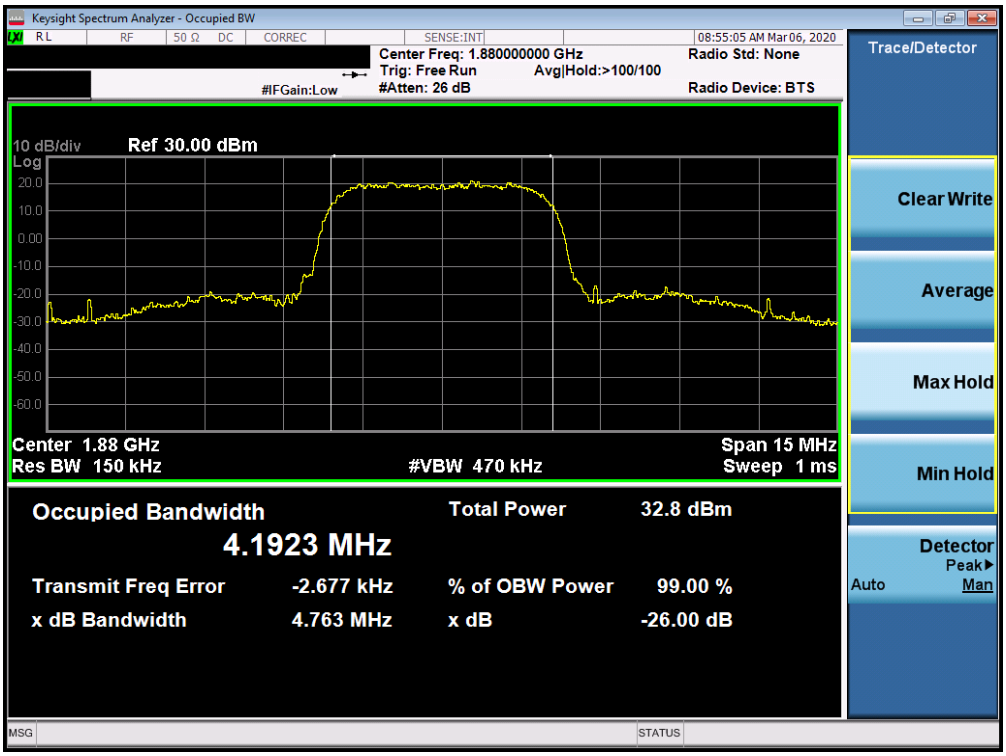
Plot 7-5. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (EDGE1900 Mode)



Plot 7-6. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (Cellular WDCMA Mode)



Plot 7-7. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode)



Plot 7-8. Occupied Bandwidth Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode)

7.3 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Test Overview

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

The minimum permissible attenuation level of any spurious emission is 43 + 10log$_{10}$(P$_{[Watts]}$), where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 6.0

Test Settings

1. Start frequency was set to 30MHz and stop frequency was set to 10GHz for Cell, 20GHz for AWS, 20GHz for PCS (separated into at least two plots per channel)
2. Detector = RMS
3. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
4. Sweep time = auto couple
5. The trace was allowed to stabilize
6. Please see test notes below for RBW and VBW settings

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

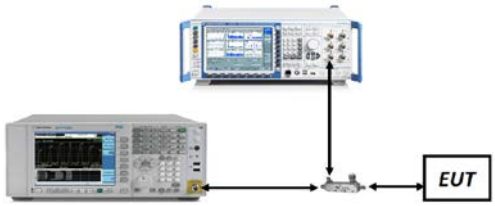
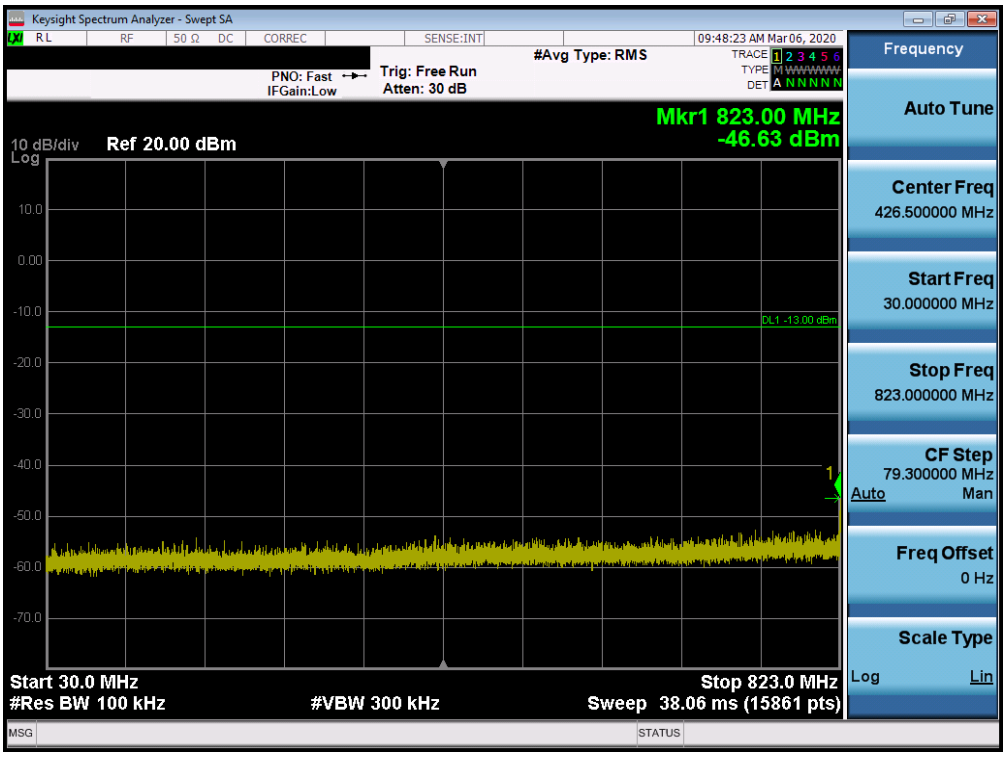


Figure 7-2. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

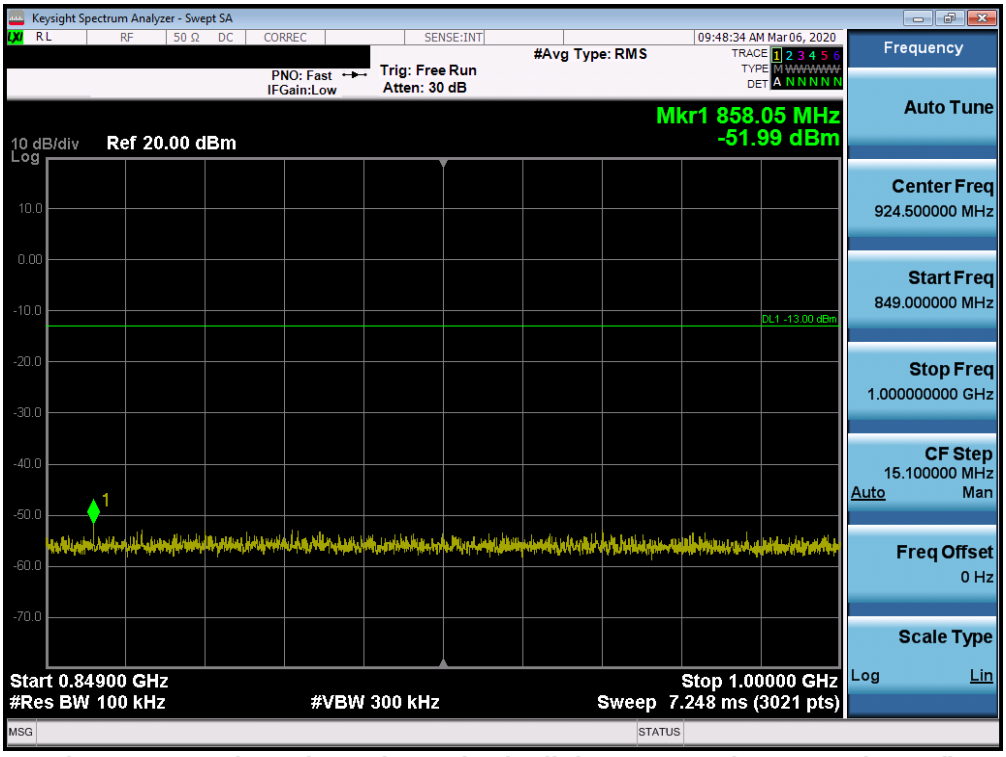
Test Notes

Per 24.238(b), 27.53(h)(3), and RSS-133(6.5), RSS-139(6.5), compliance with the applicable limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz, and 100 kHz or greater for Part 22 and RSS-132 measurements below 1GHz. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

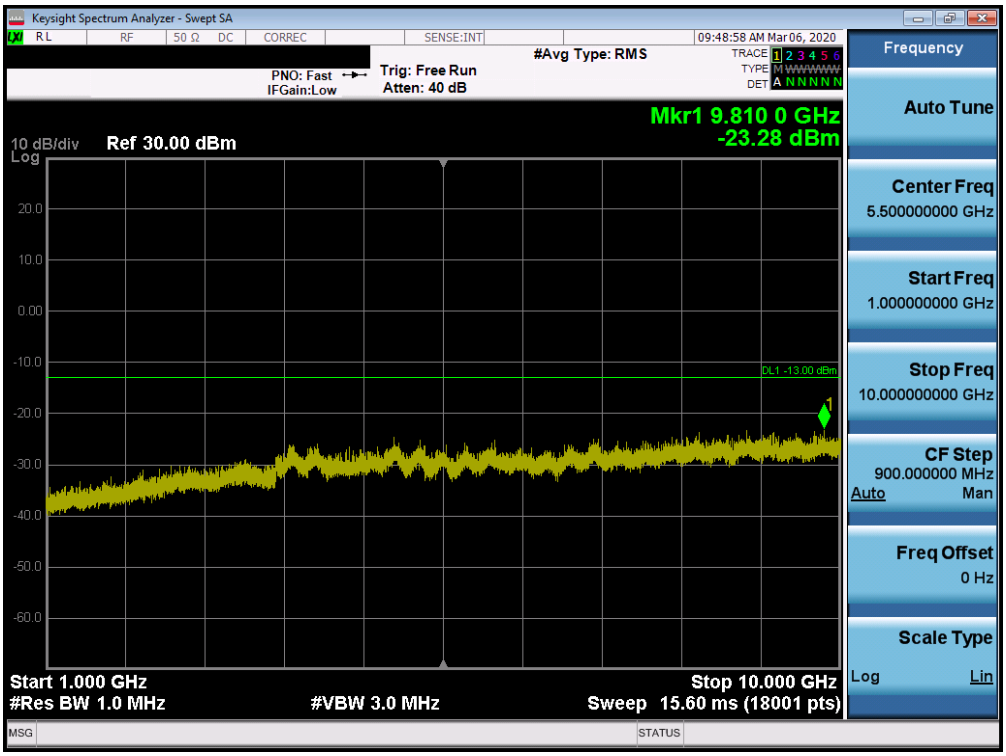
Cellular GSM Mode



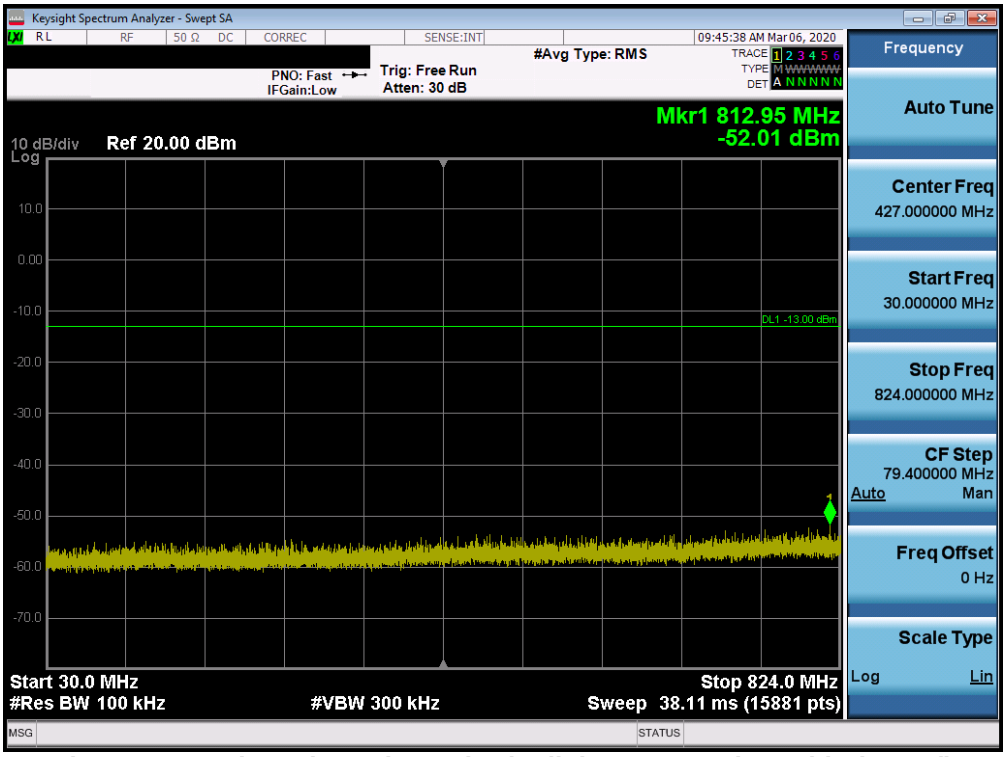
Plot 7-9. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Low Channel)



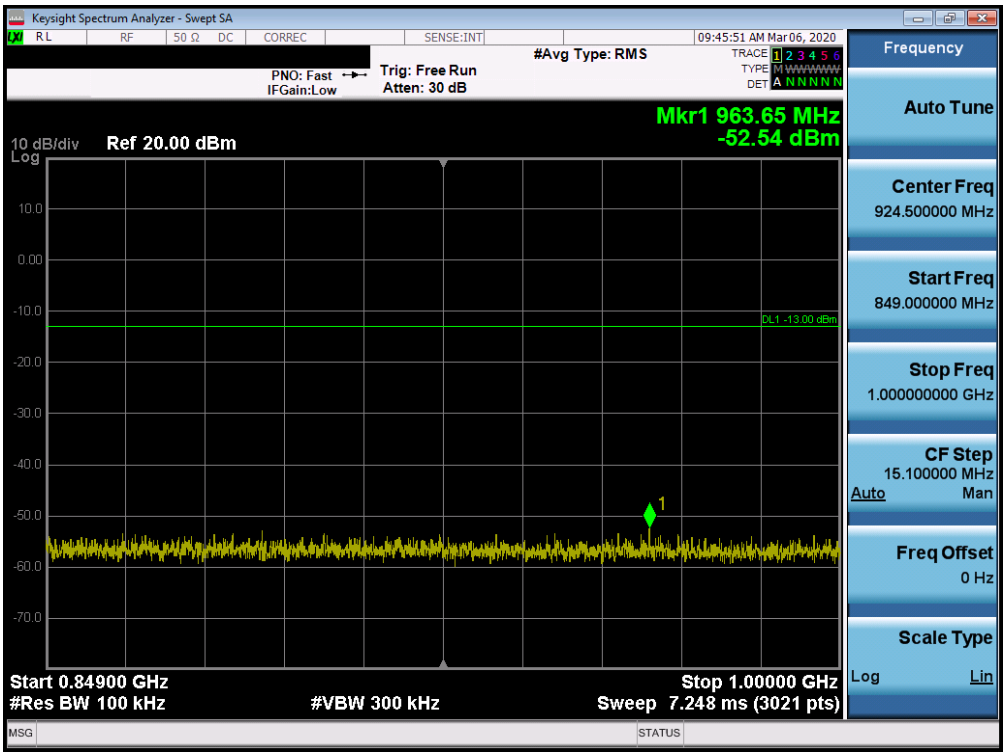
Plot 7-10. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Low Channel)



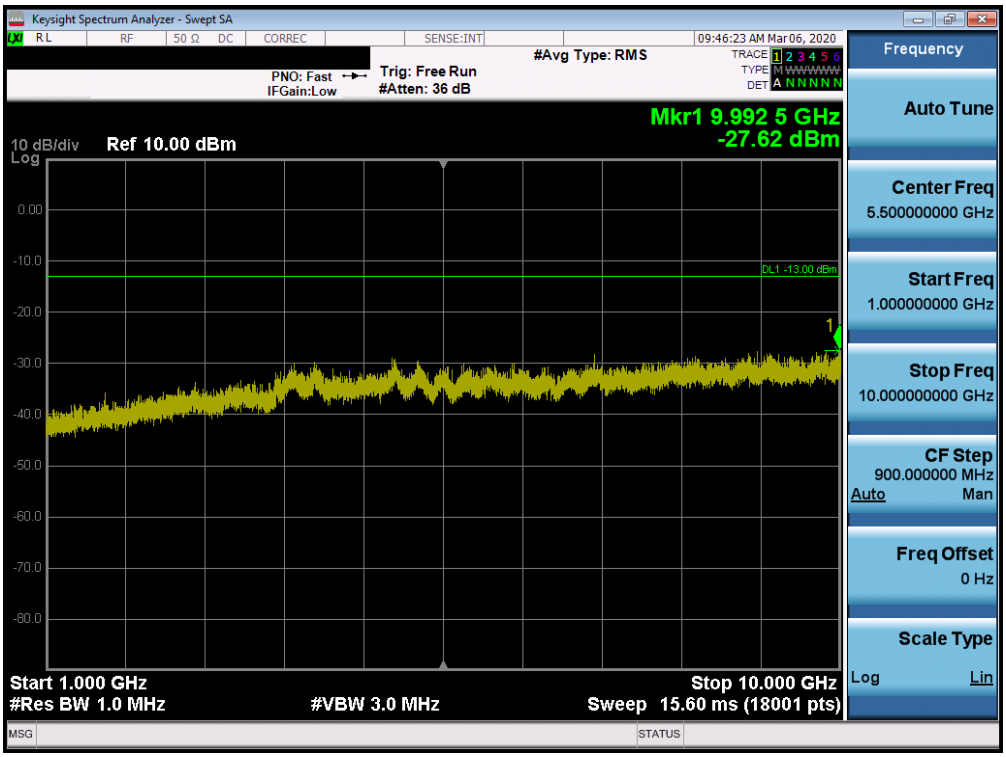
Plot 7-11. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Low Channel)



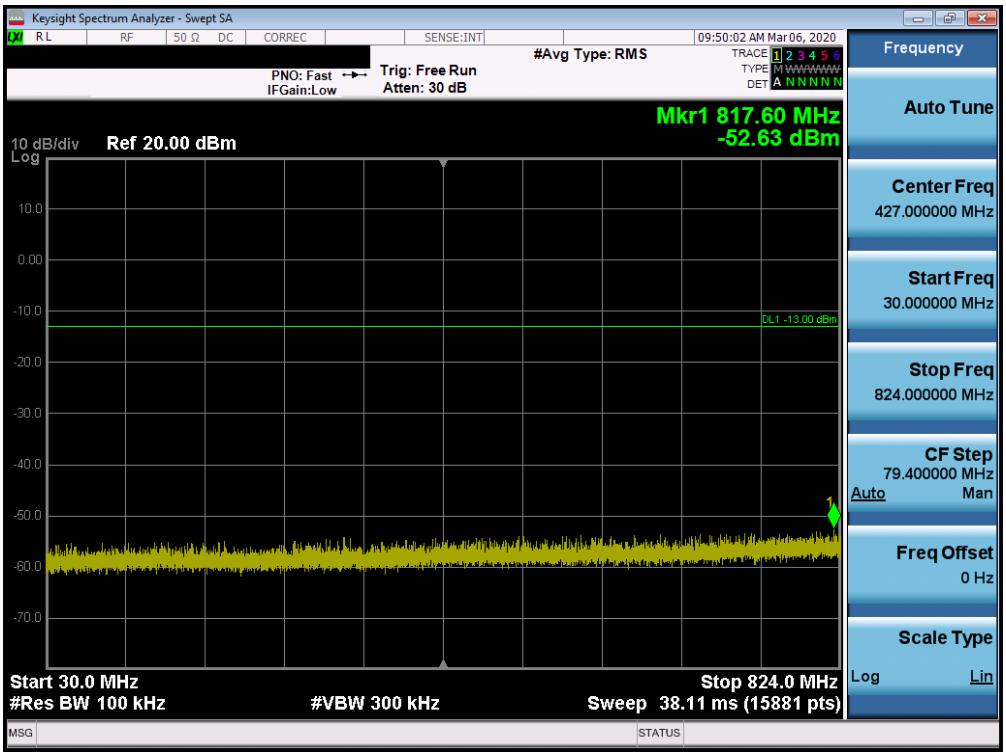
Plot 7-12. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



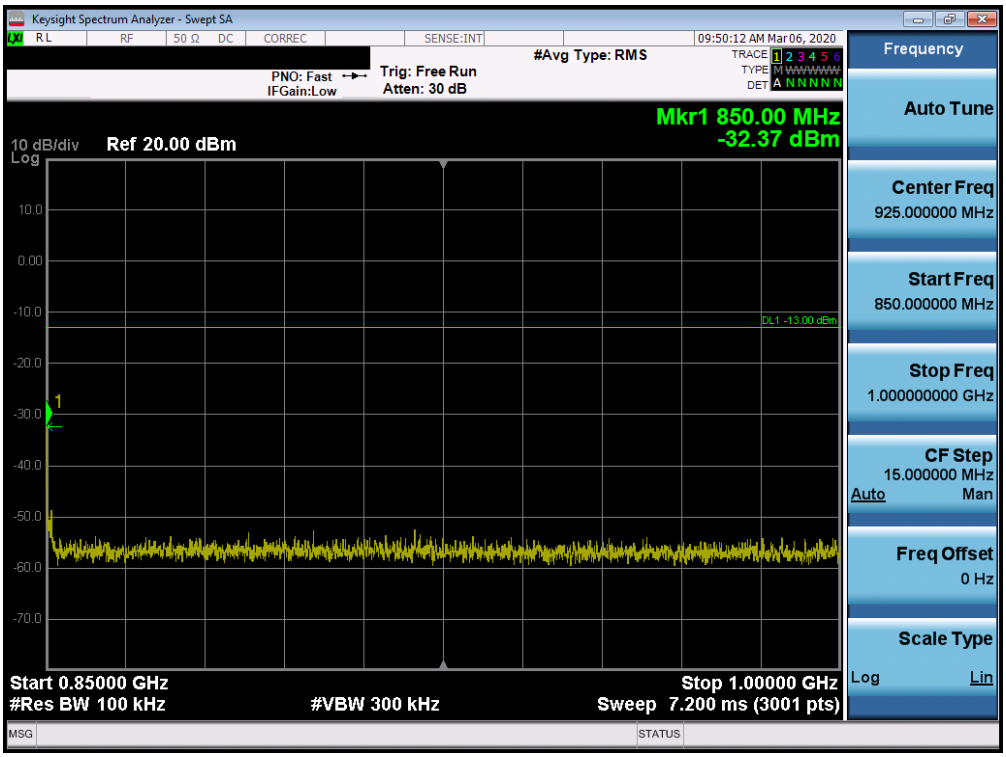
Plot 7-13. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



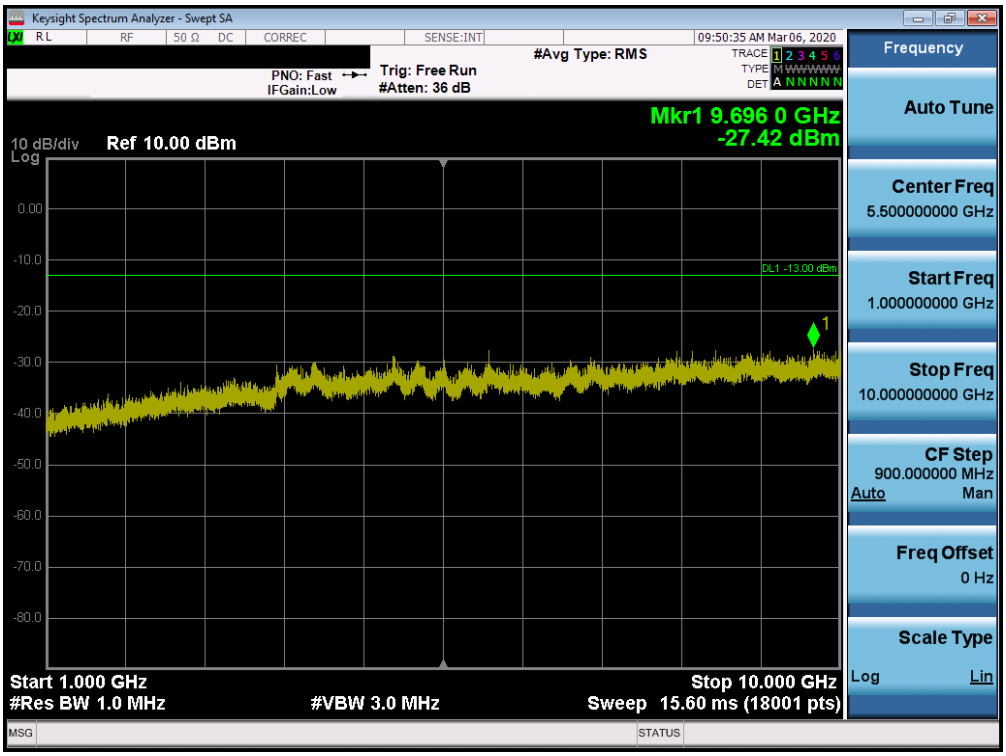
Plot 7-14. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



Plot 7-15. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – High Channel)

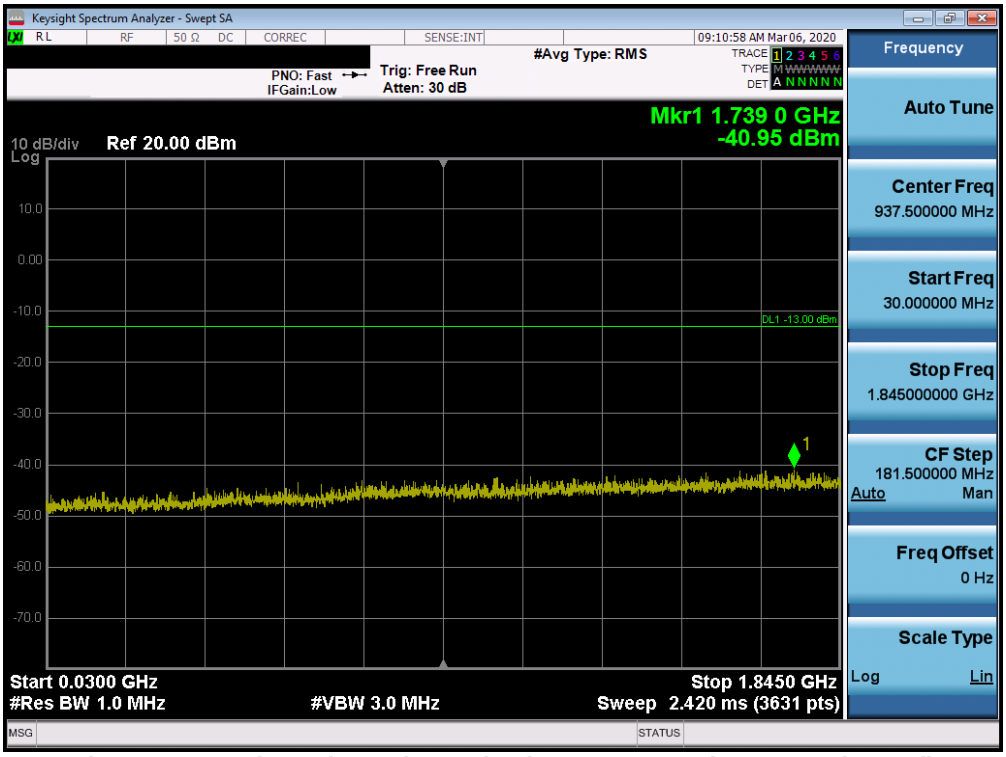


Plot 7-16. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – High Channel)

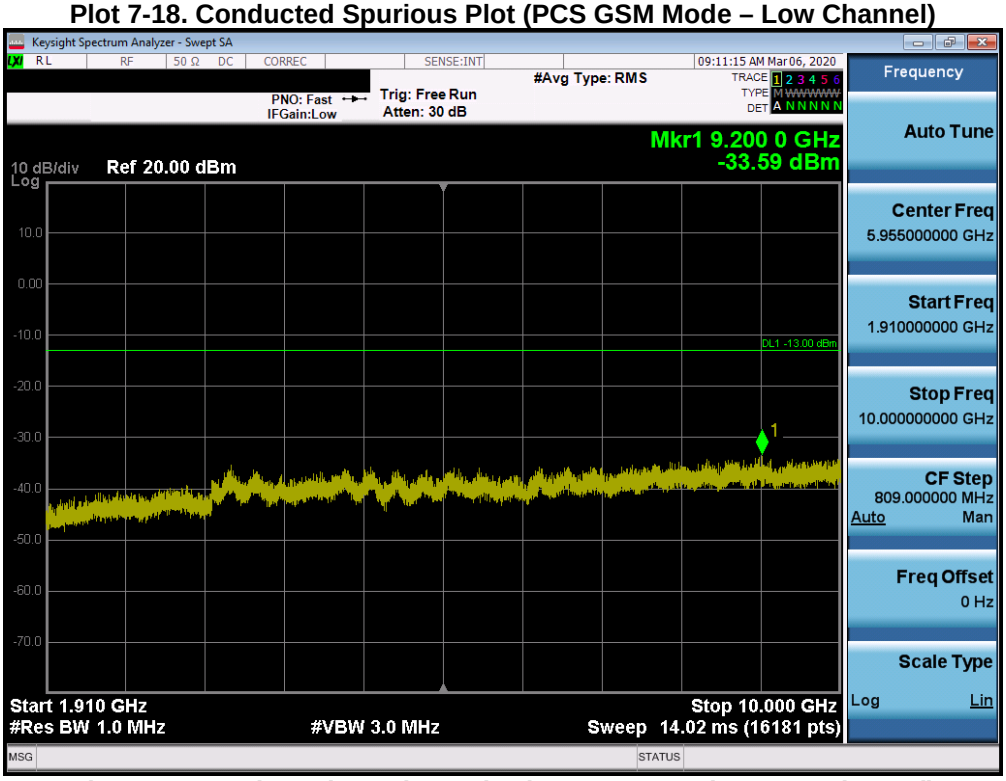


Plot 7-17. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – High Channel)

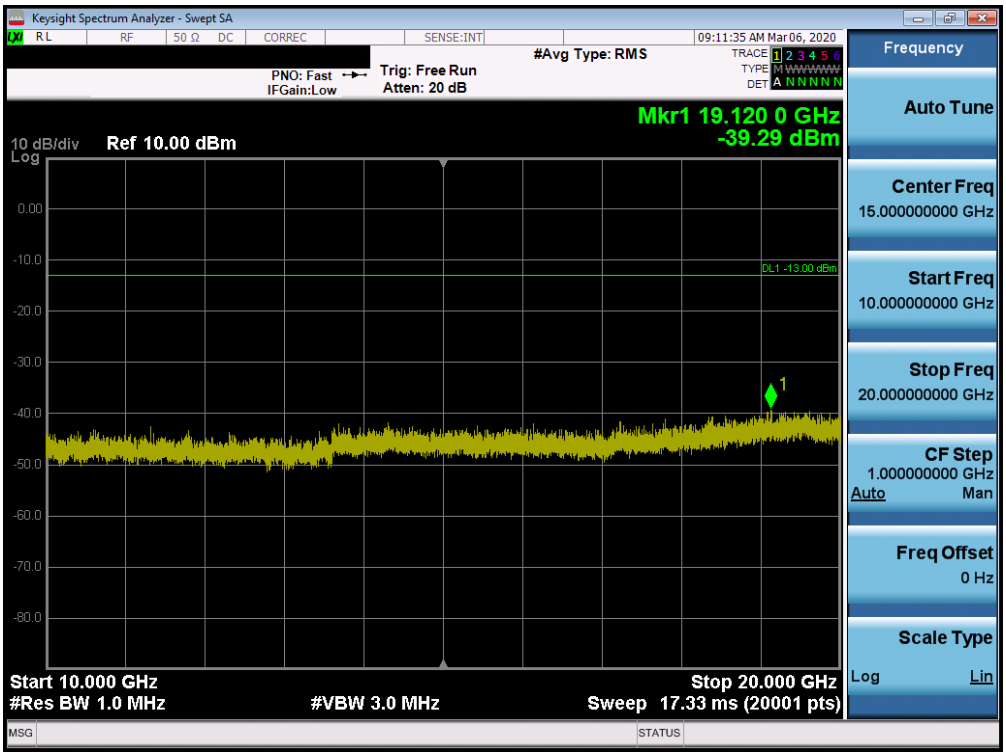
PCS GSM Mode



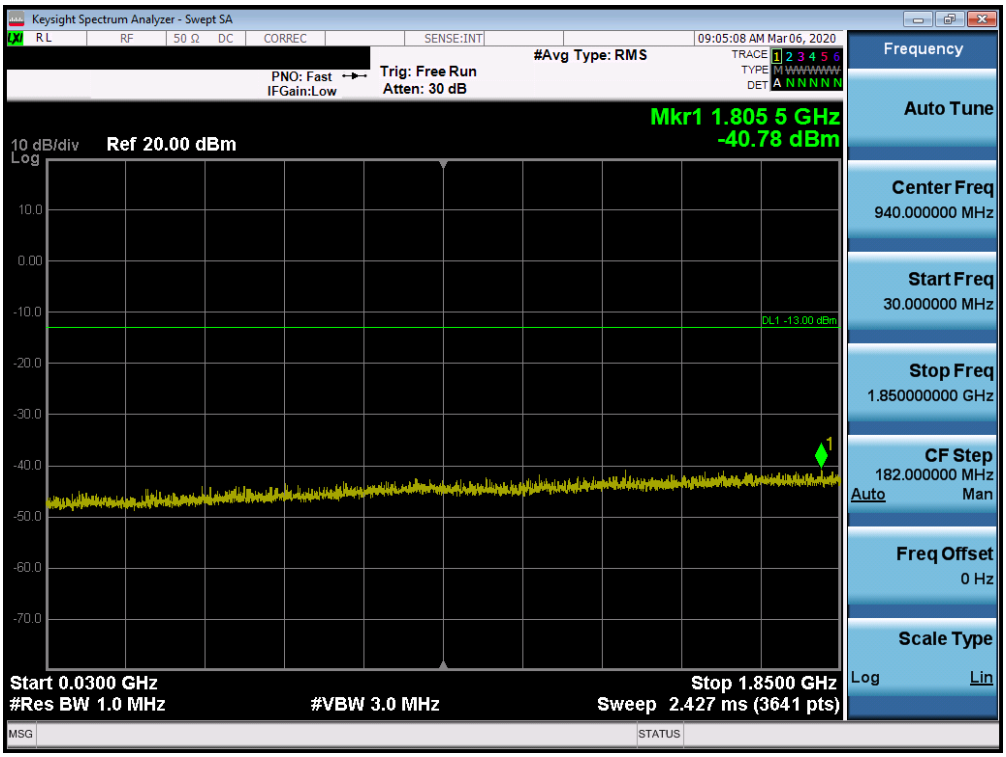
Plot 7-18. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Low Channel)



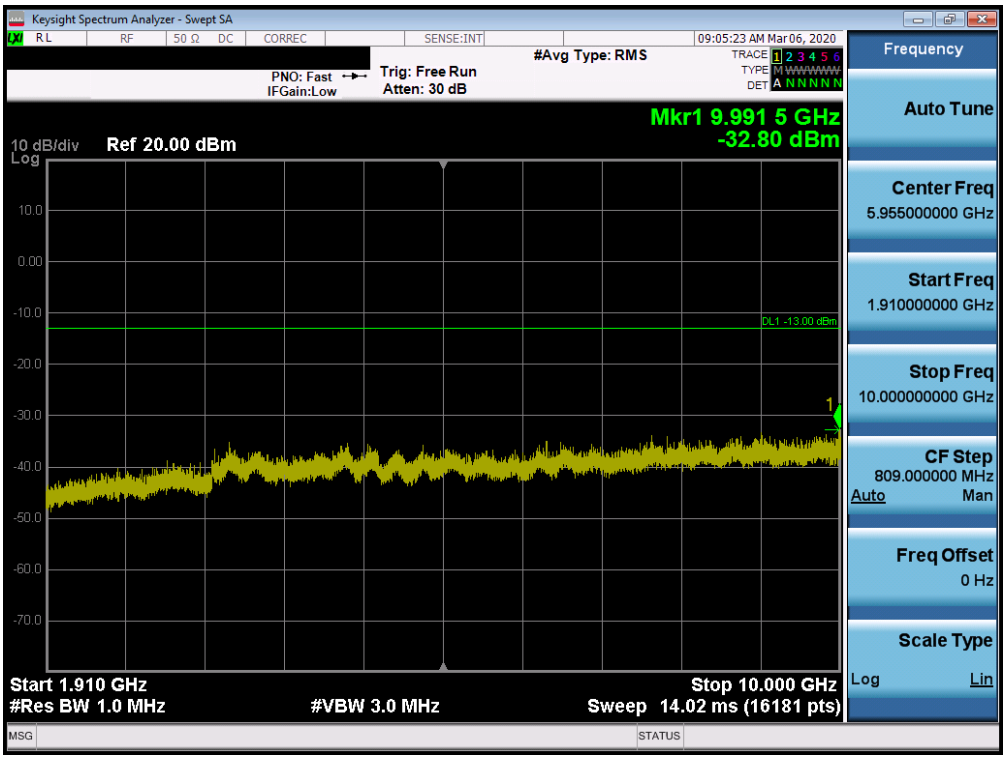
Plot 7-19. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Low Channel)



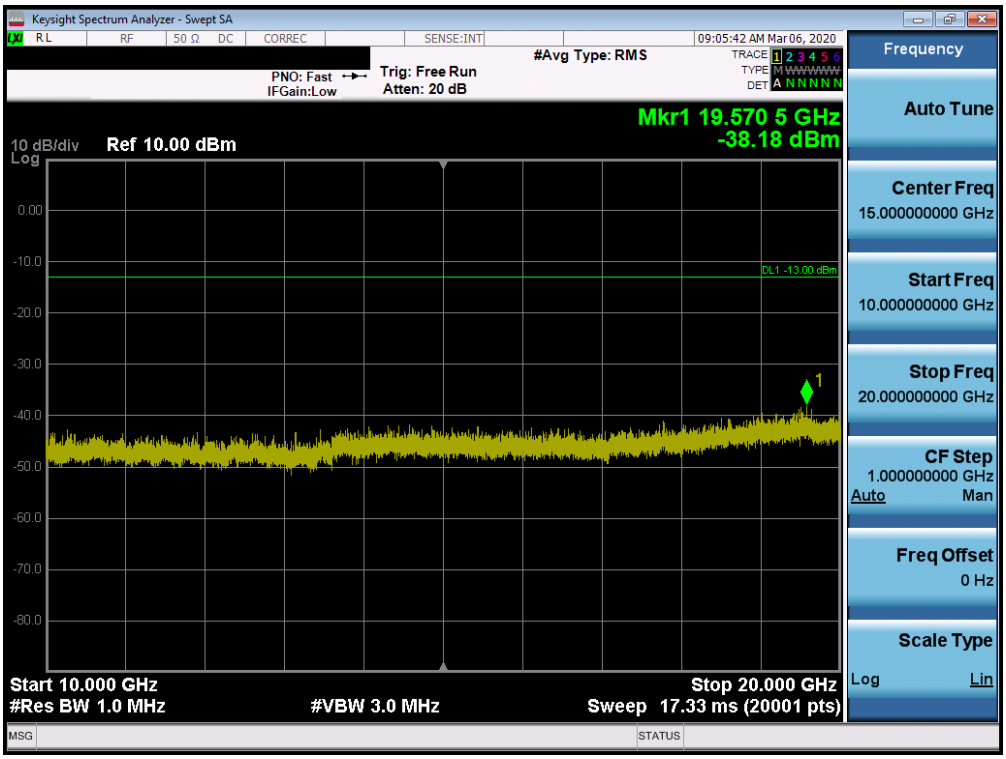
Plot 7-20. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Low Channel)



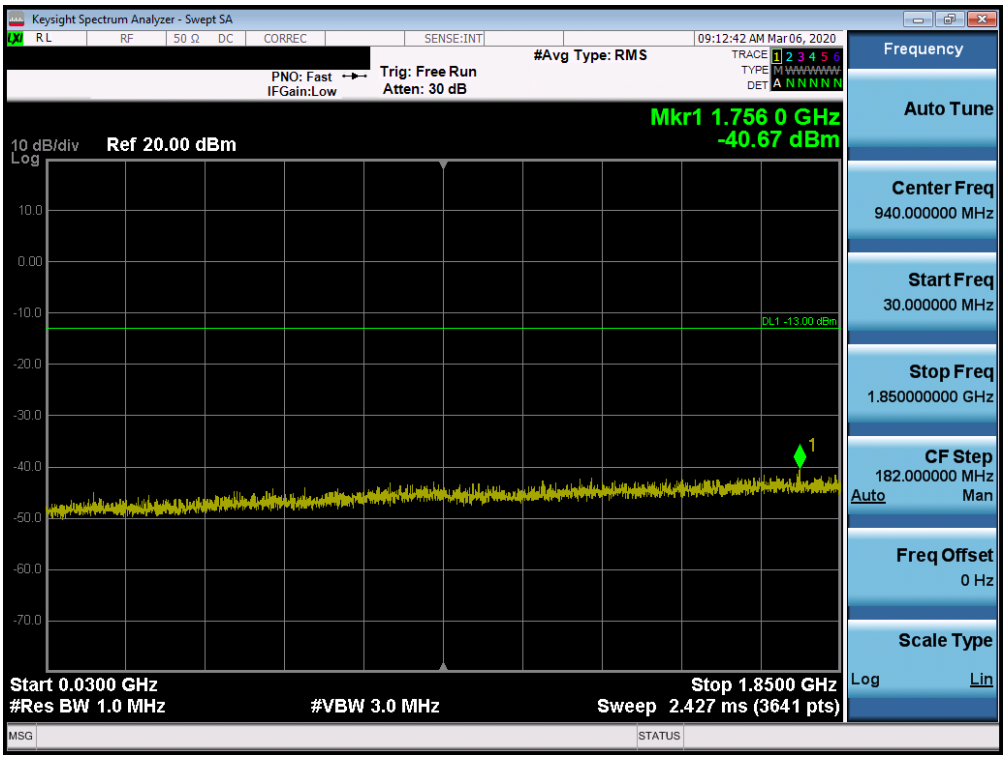
Plot 7-21. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



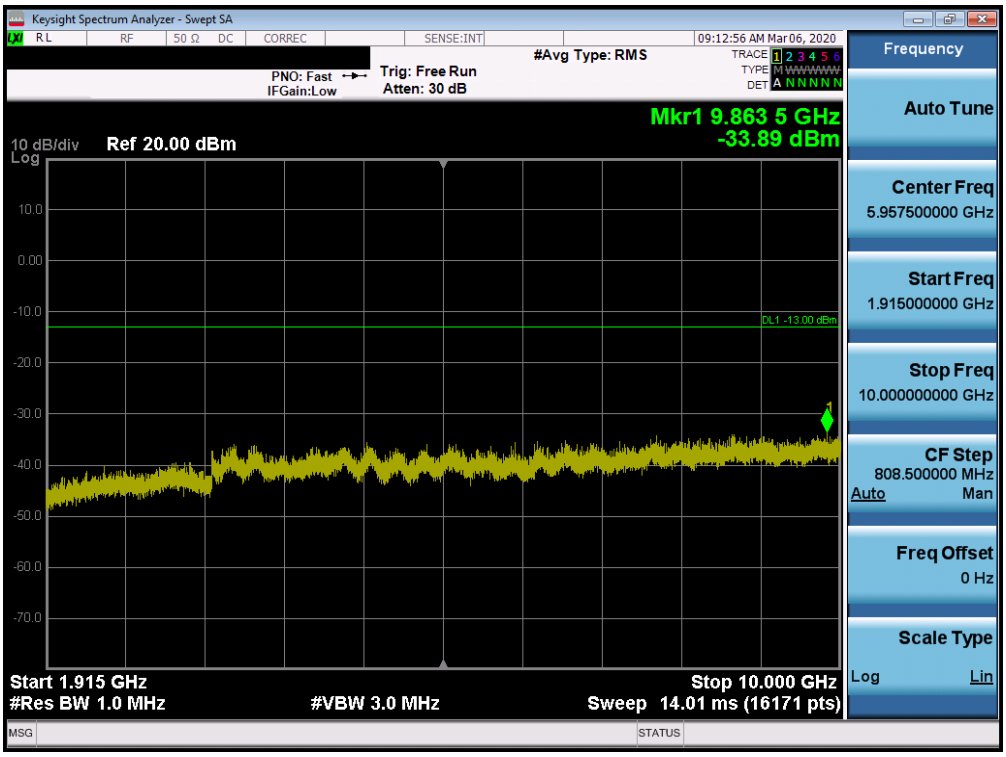
Plot 7-22. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



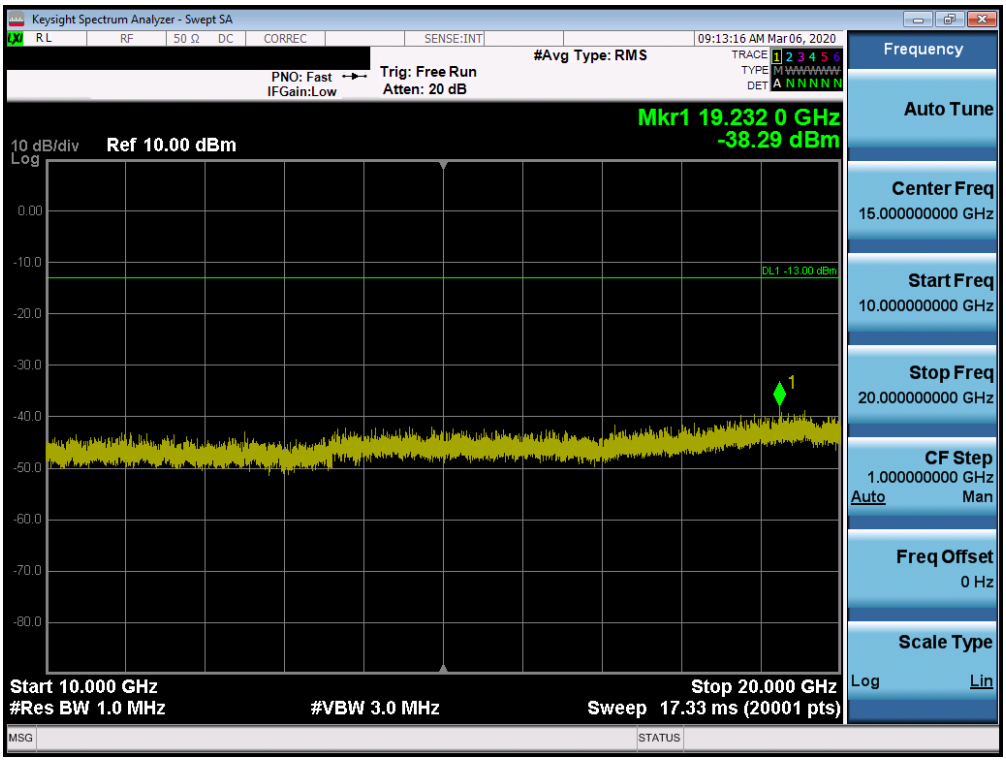
Plot 7-23. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Mid Channel)



Plot 7-24. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – High Channel)

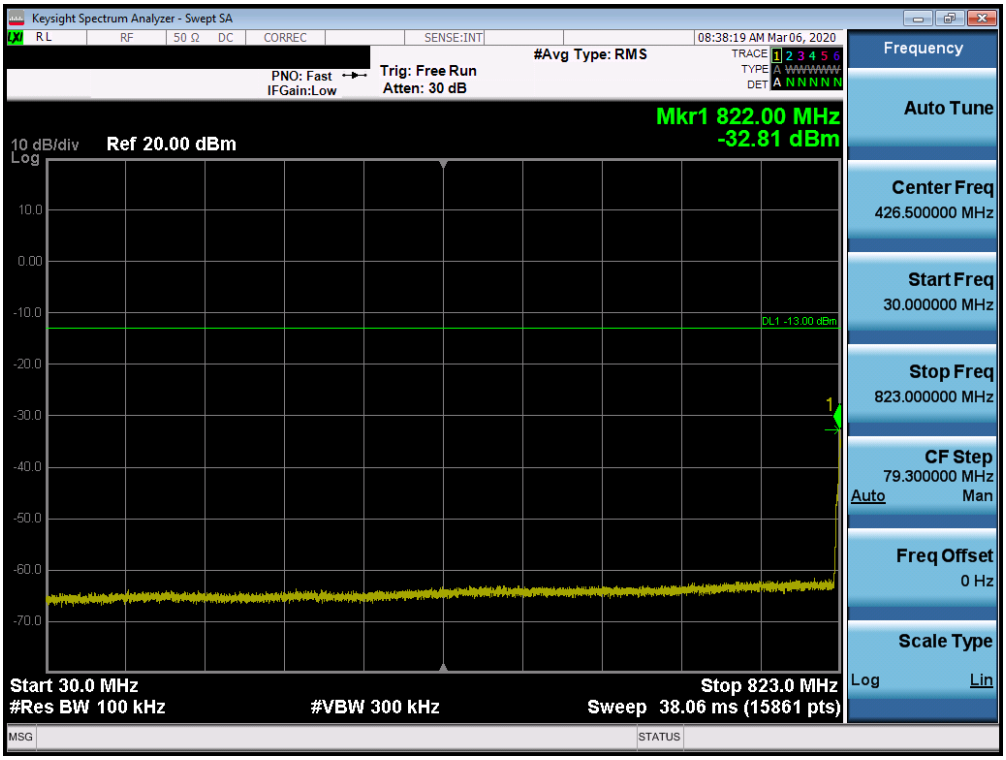


Plot 7-25. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – High Channel)

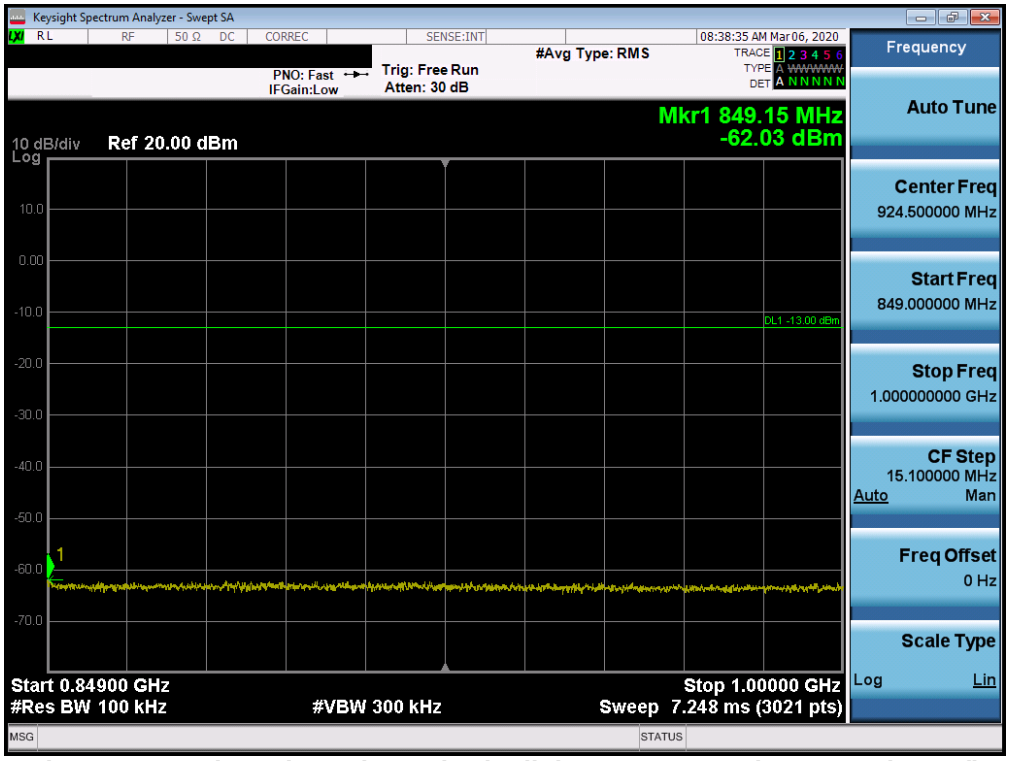


Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS GSM Mode – High Channel)

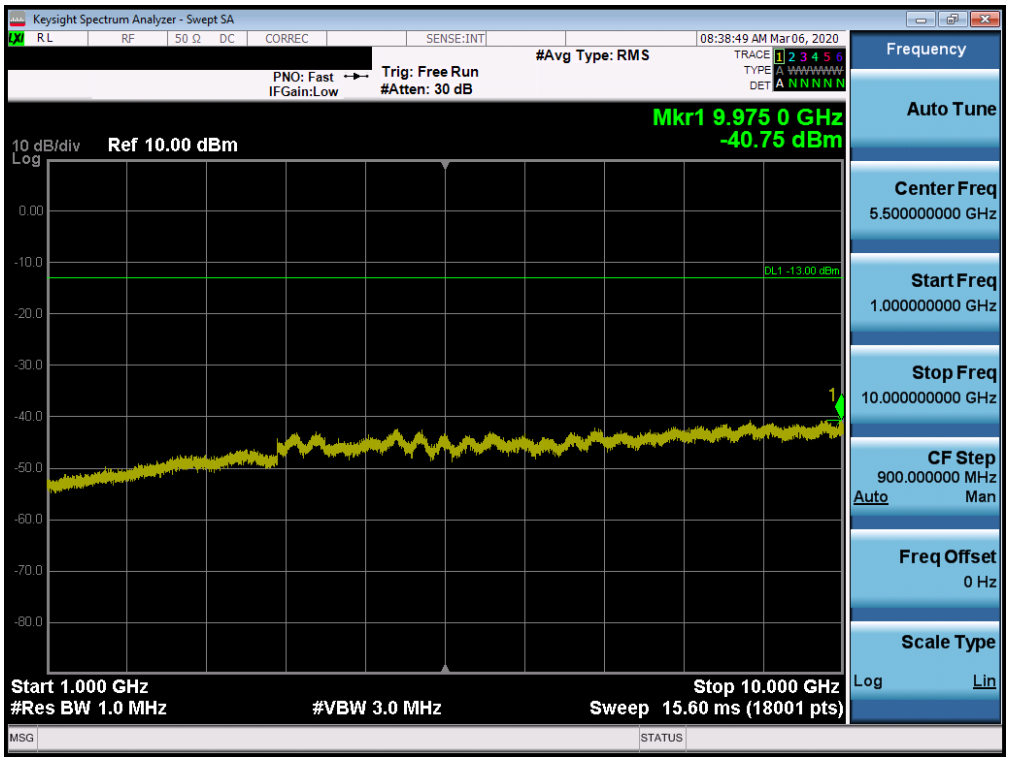
Cellular WCDMA Mode



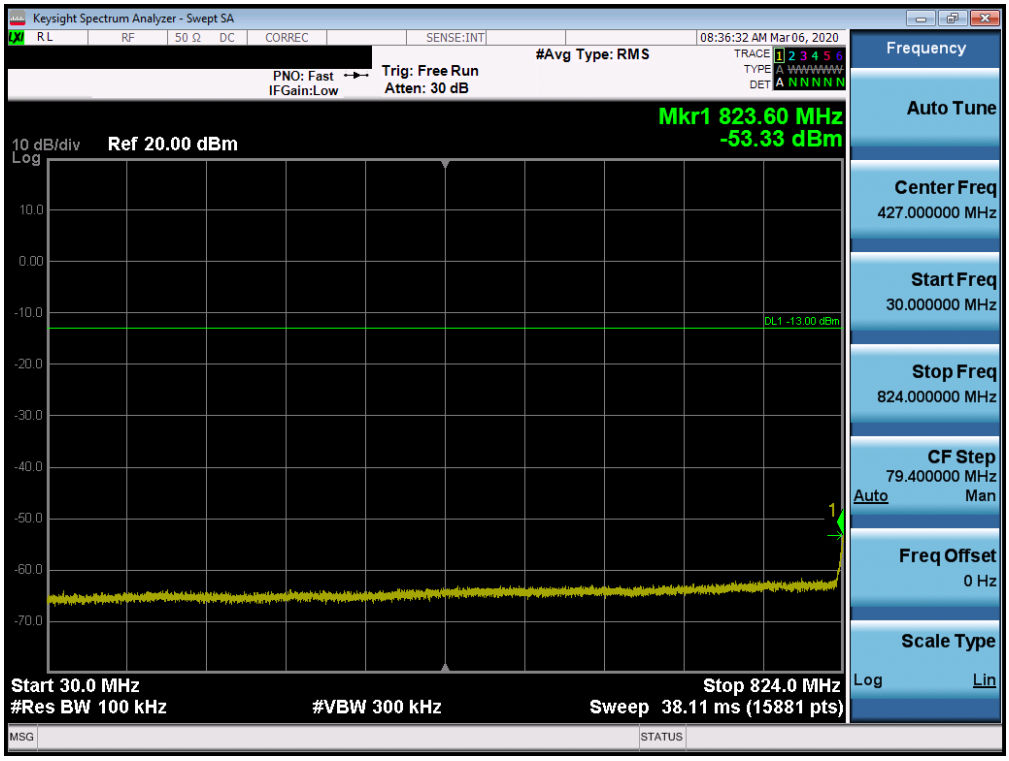
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



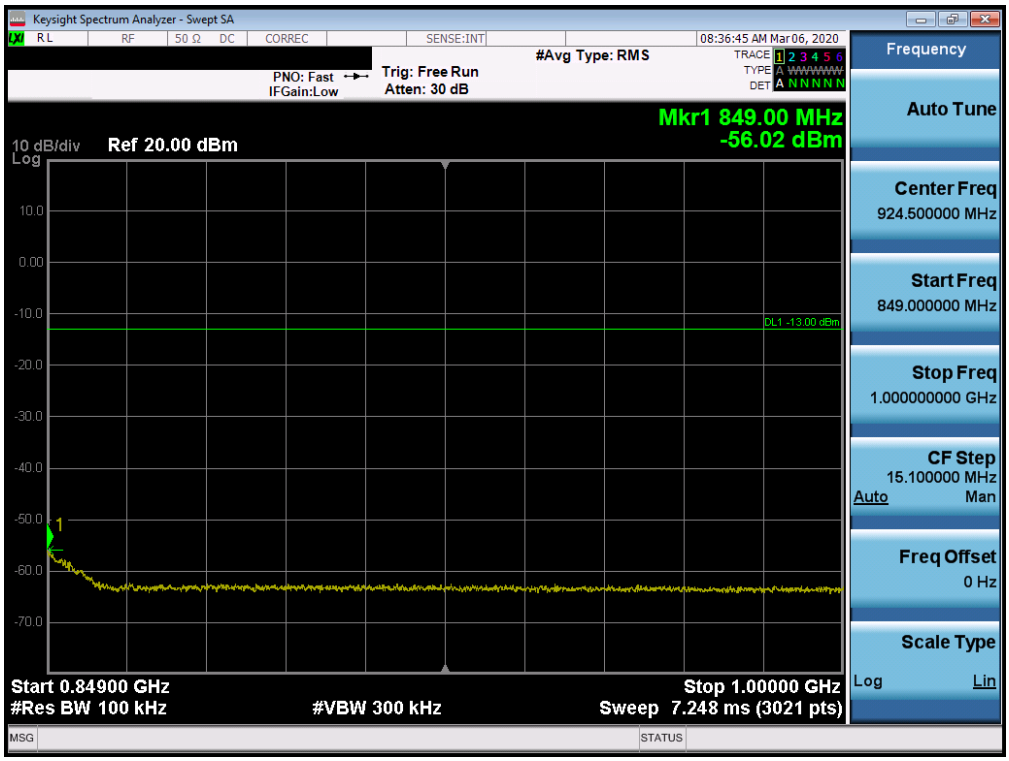
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



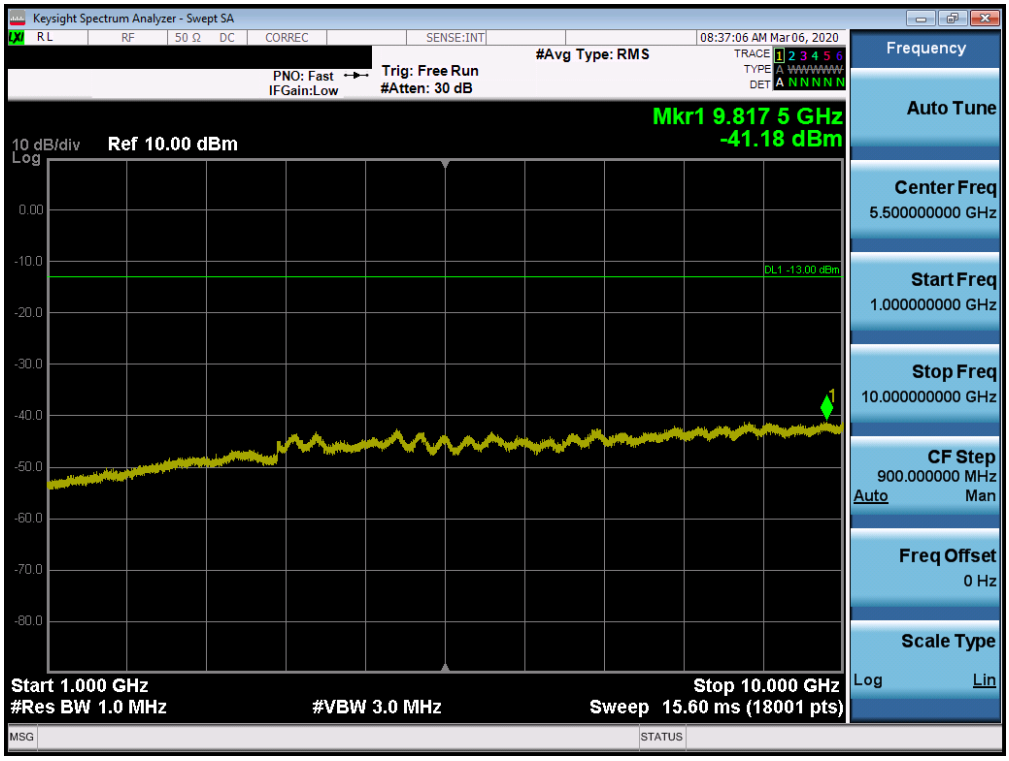
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



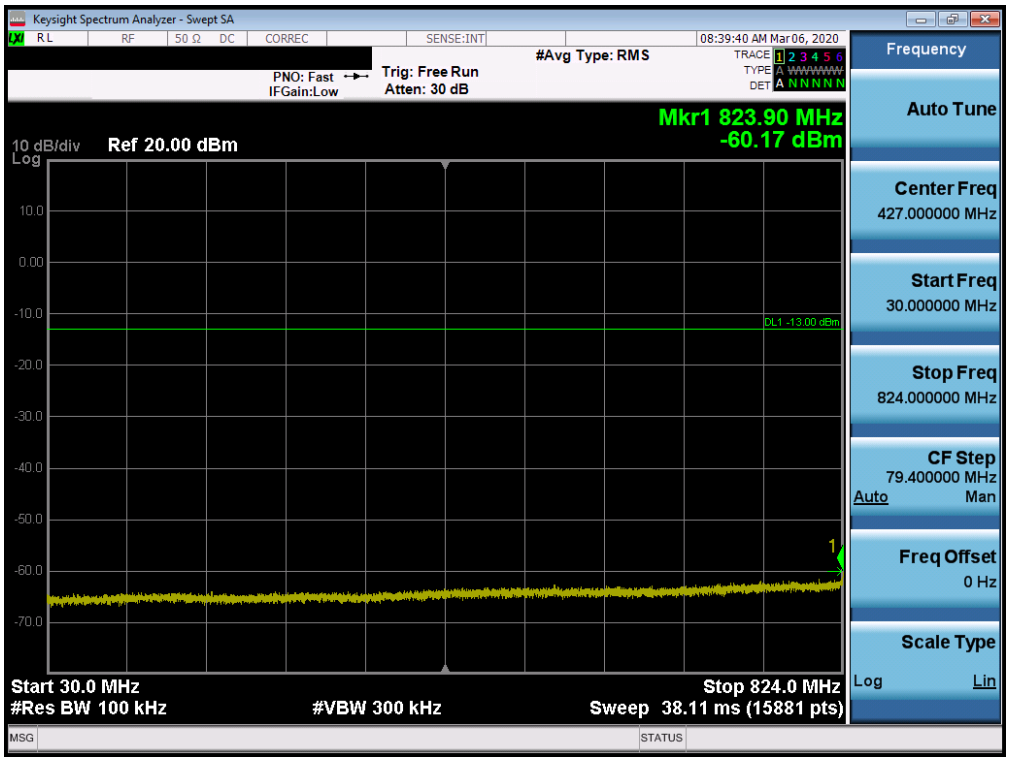
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



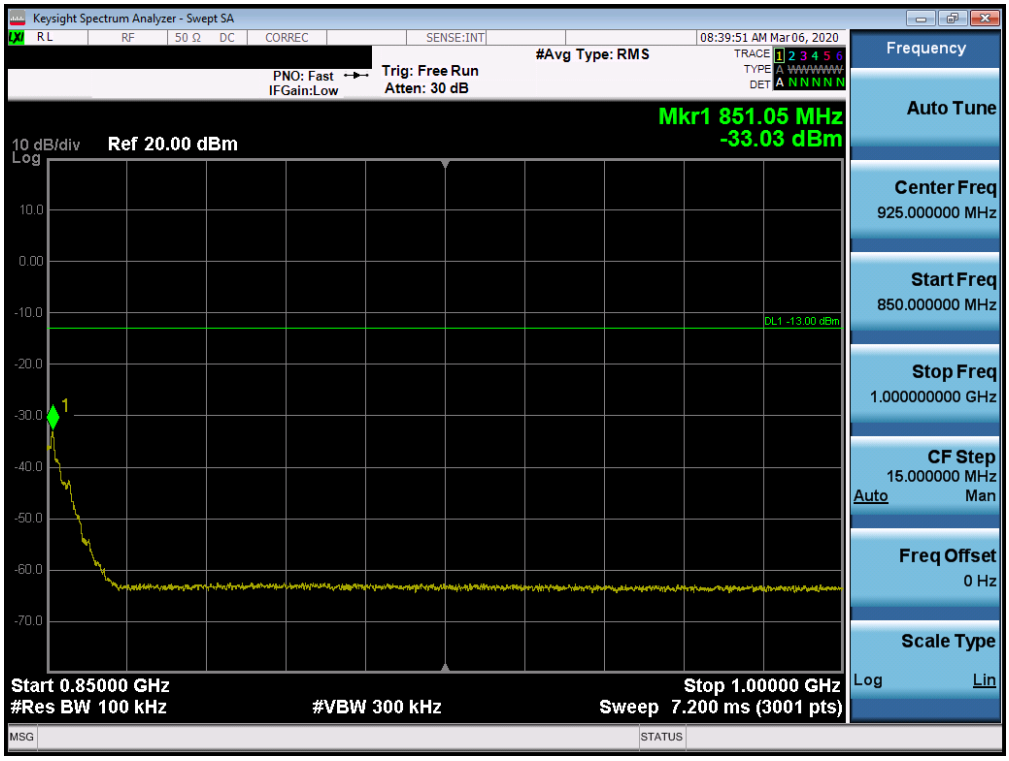
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



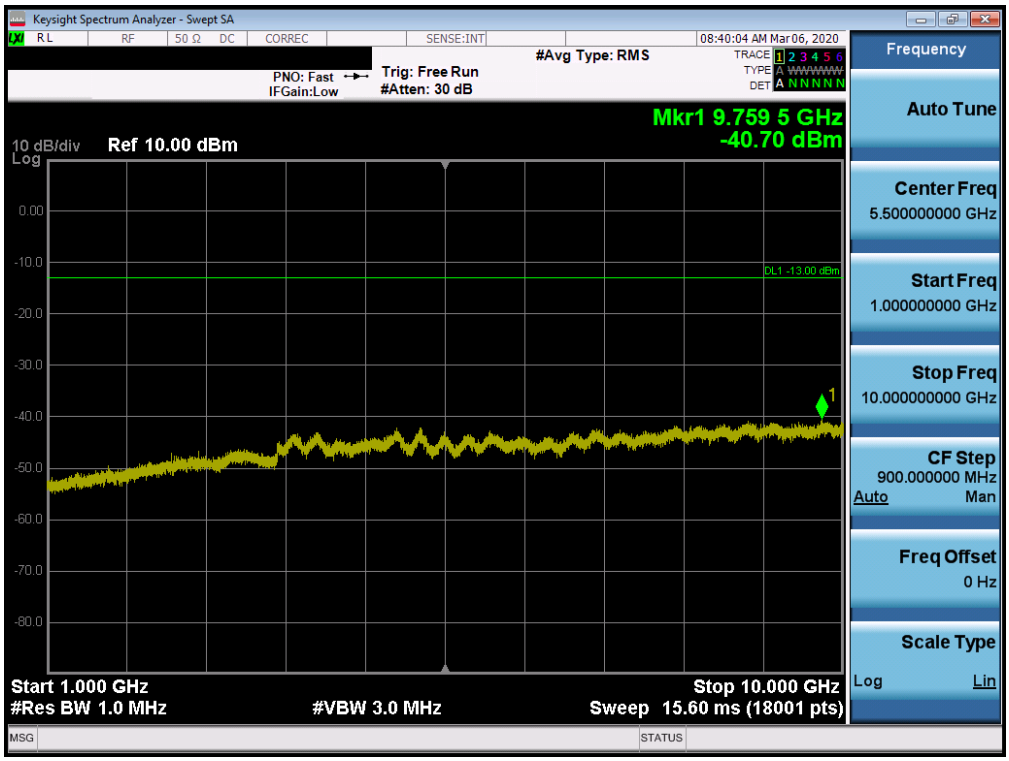
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

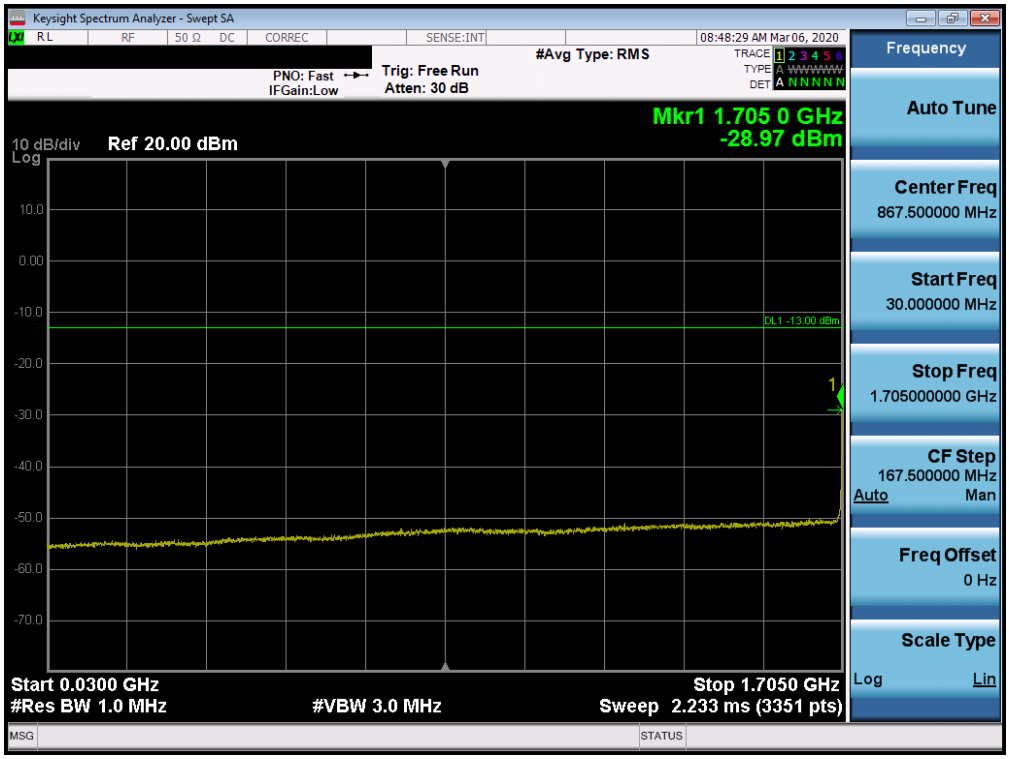


Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

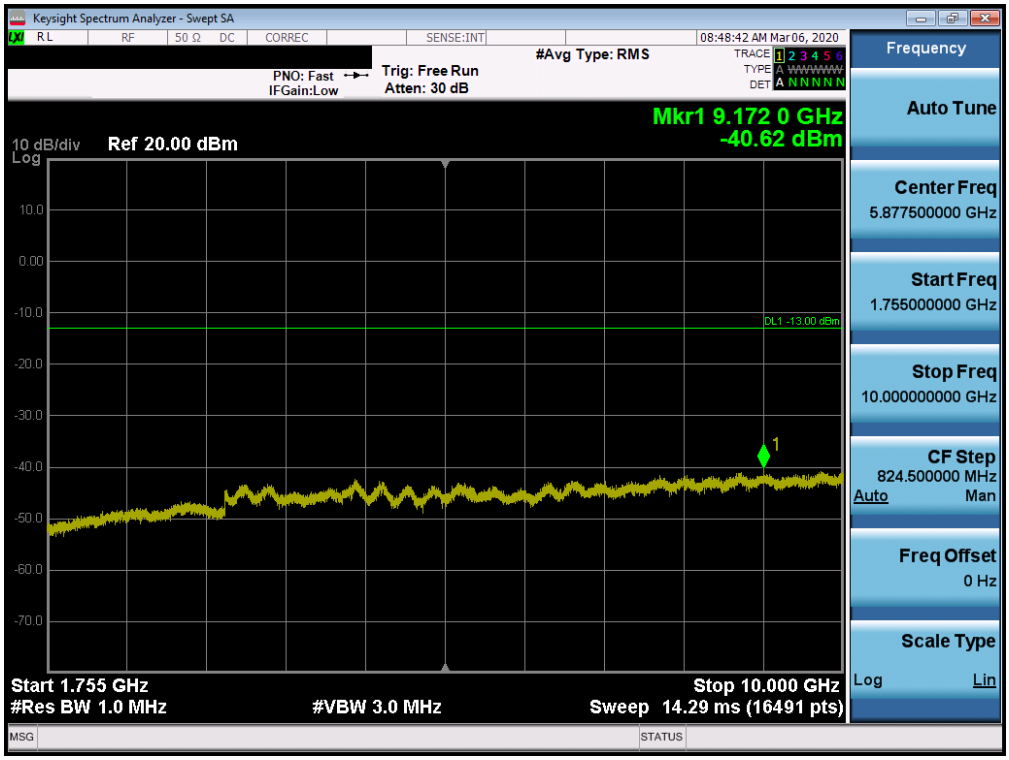


Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

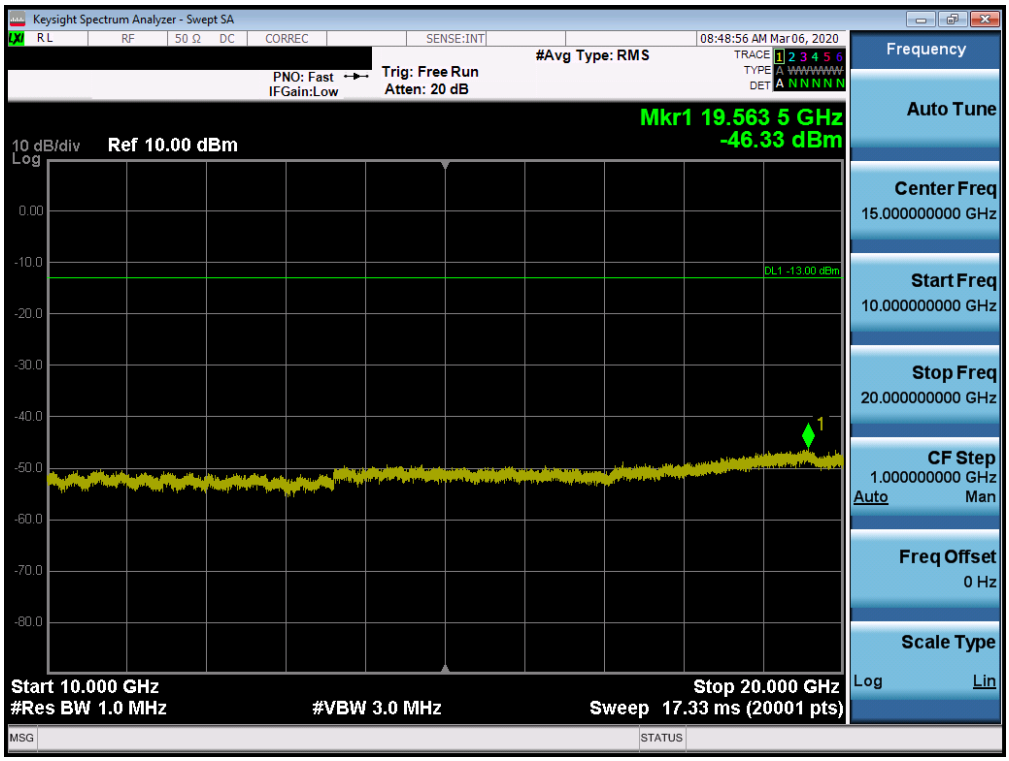
AWS WCDMA Mode



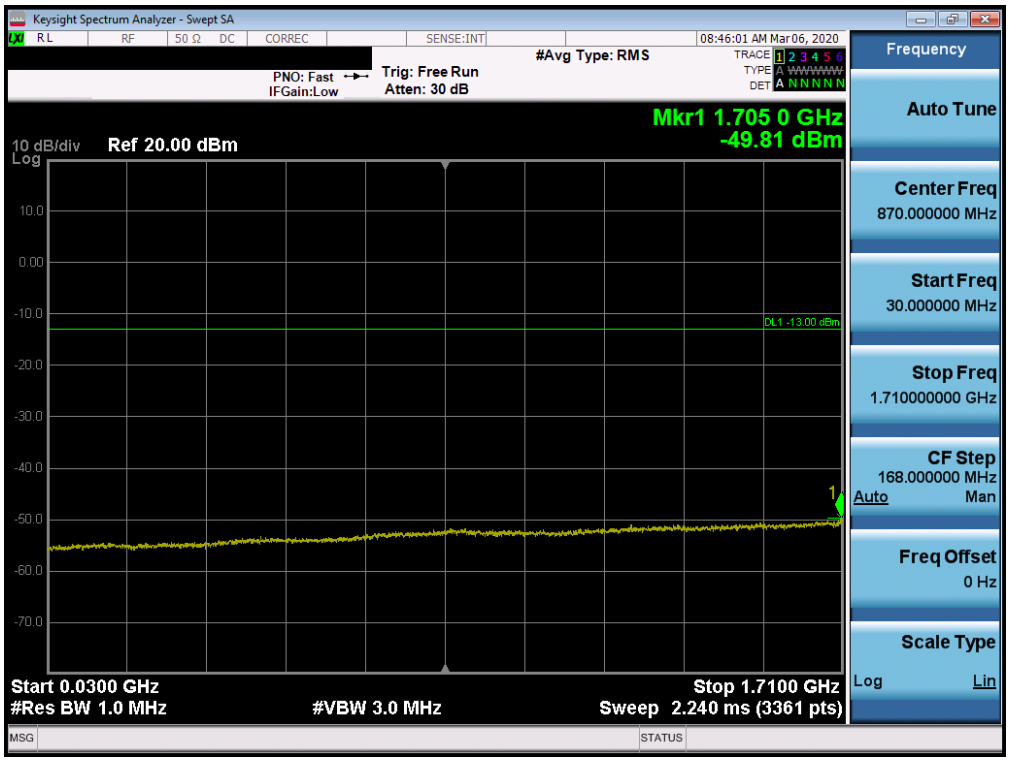
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



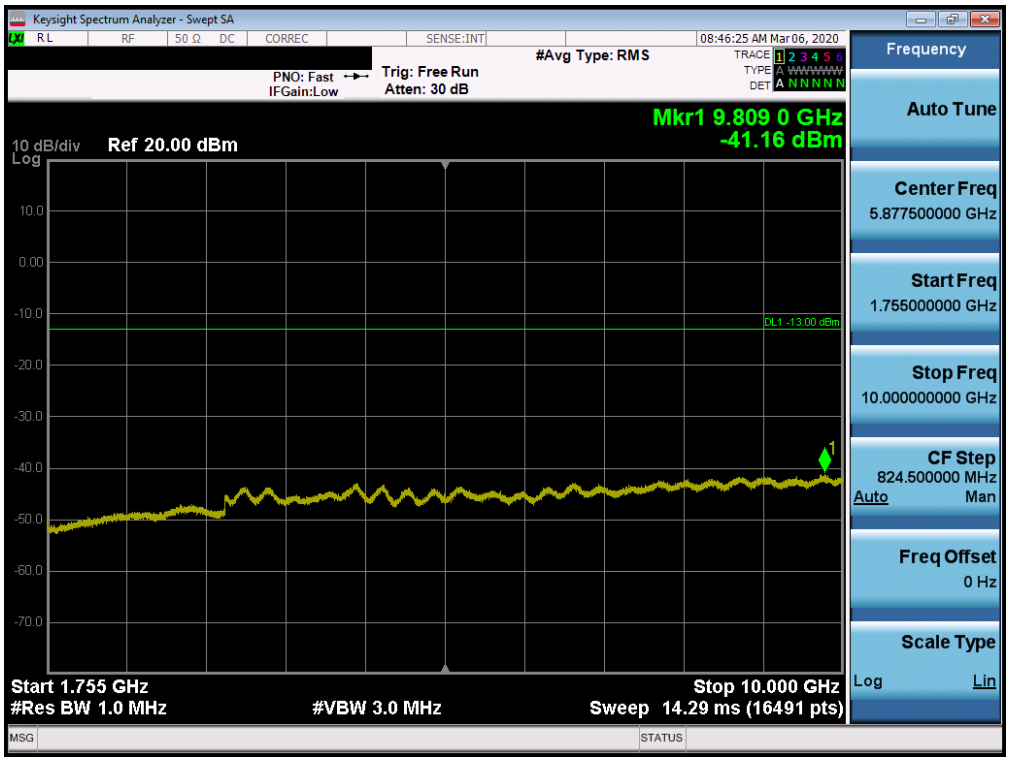
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



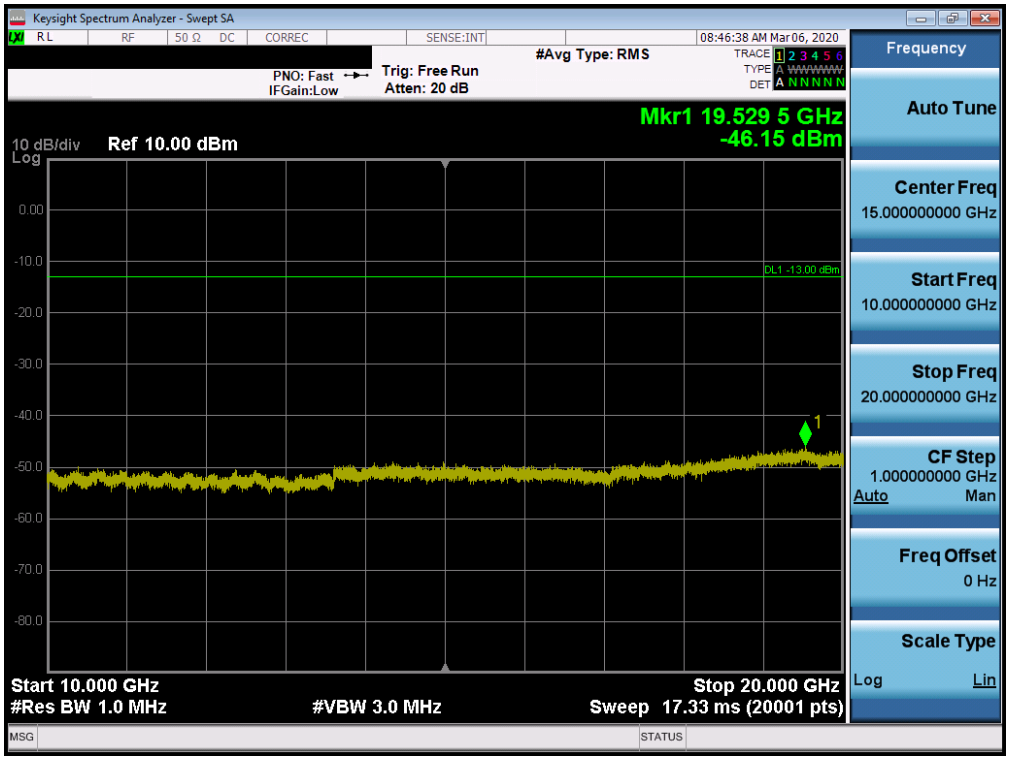
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



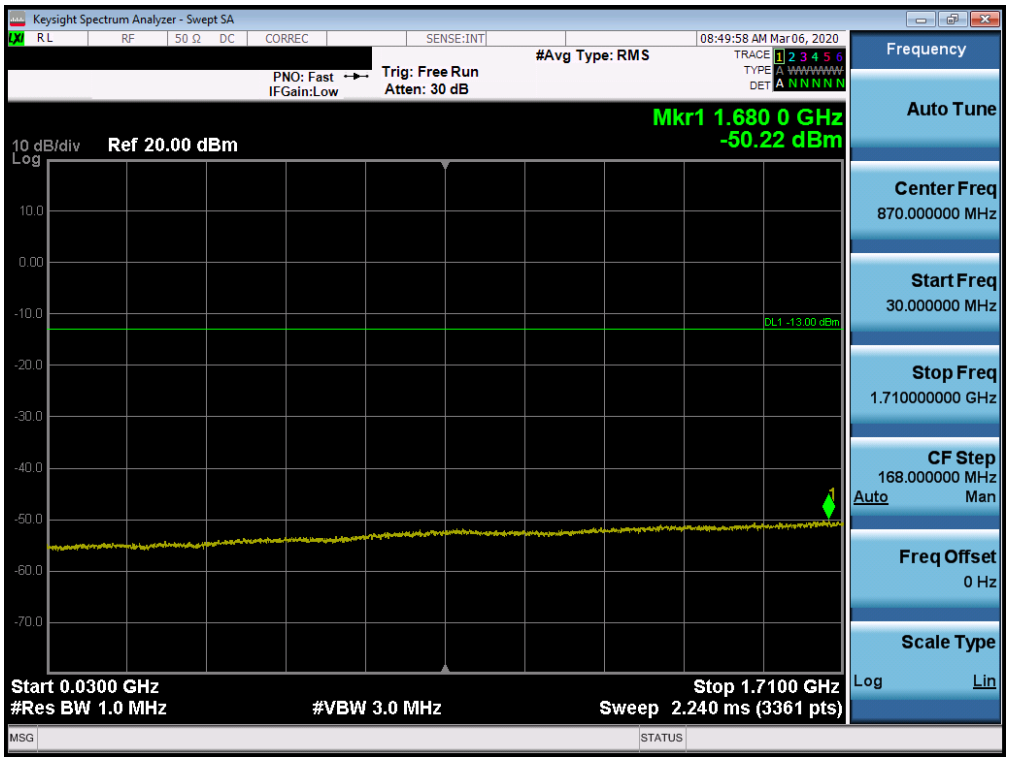
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



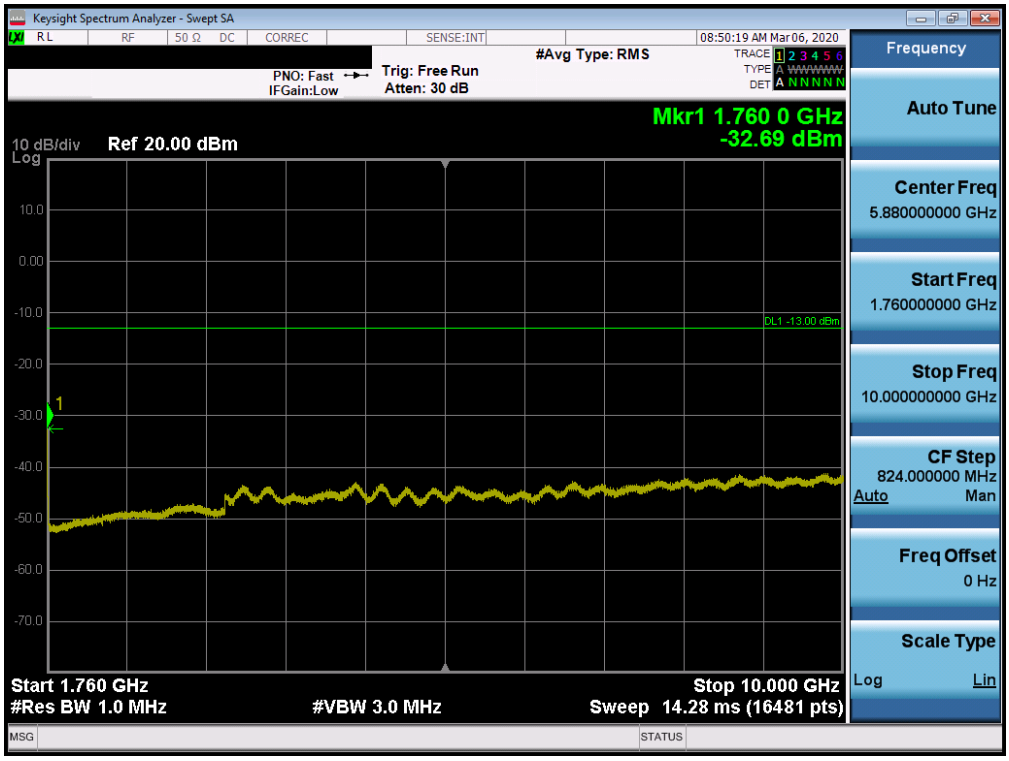
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



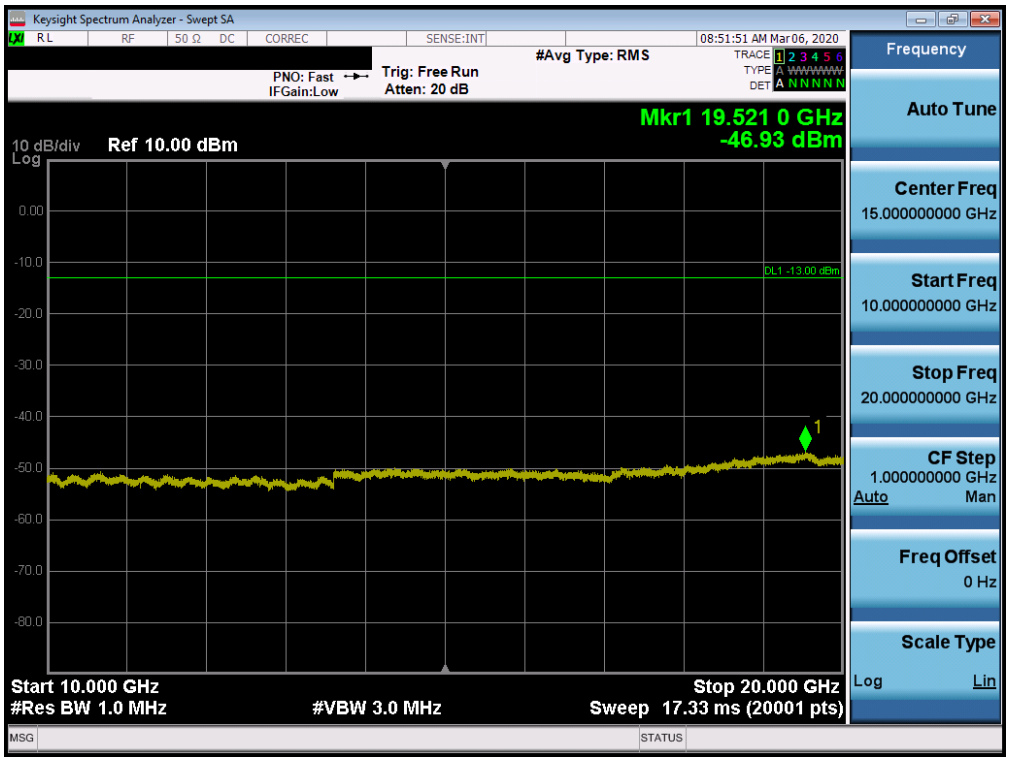
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

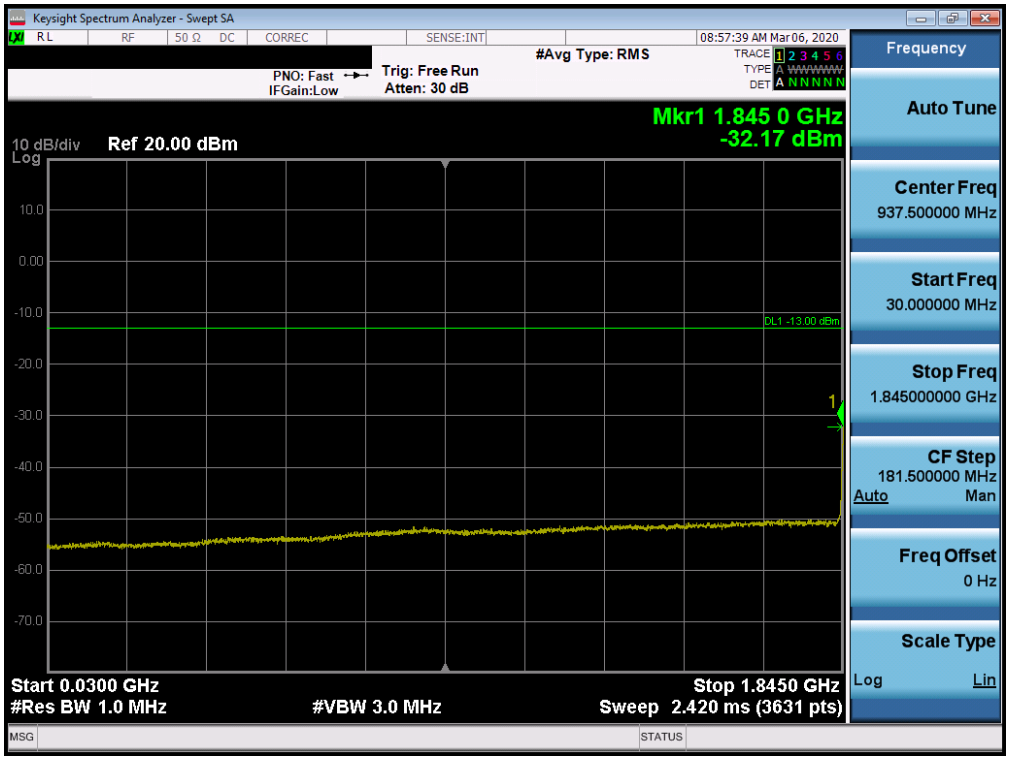


Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

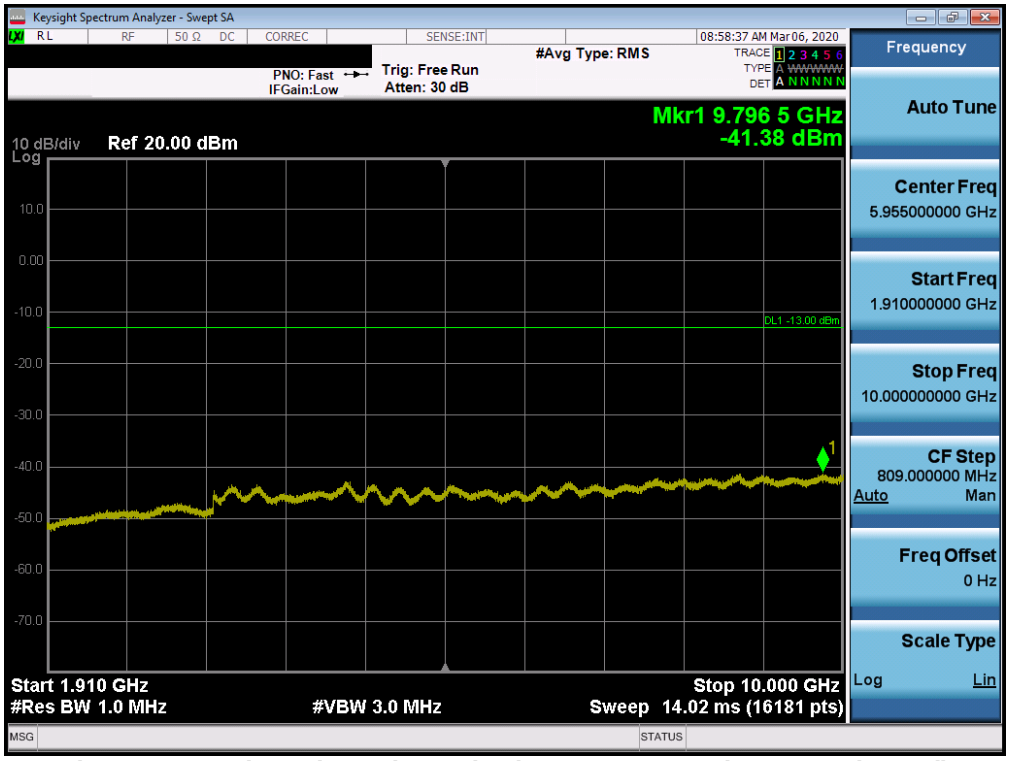


Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

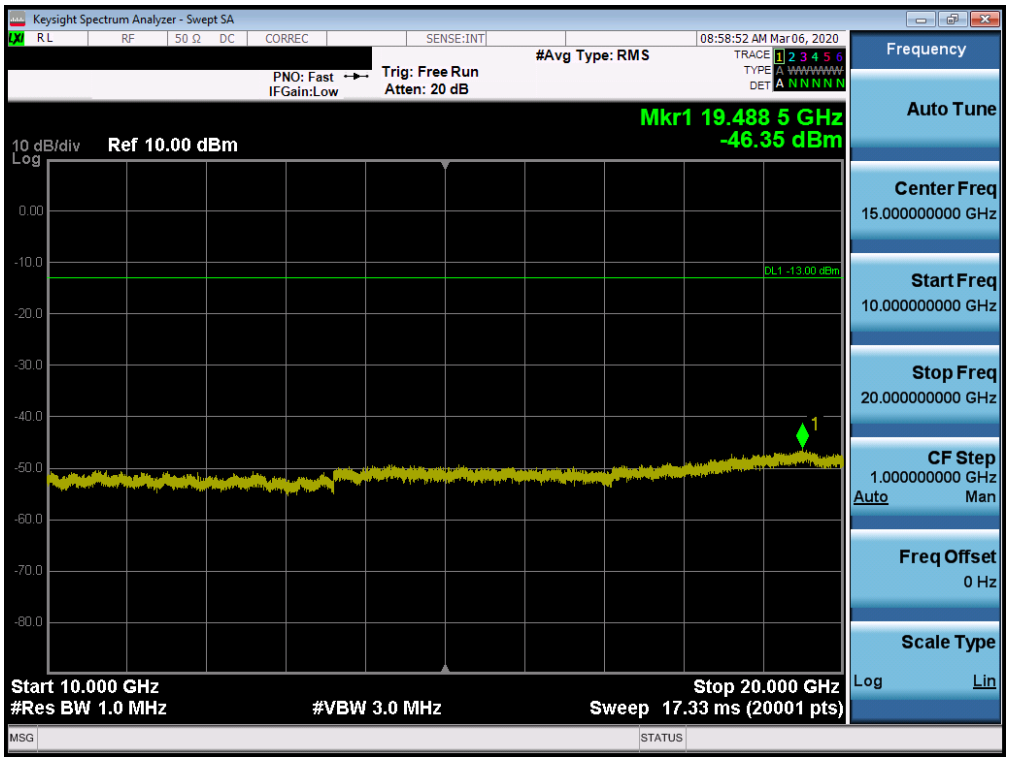
PCS WDMA Mode



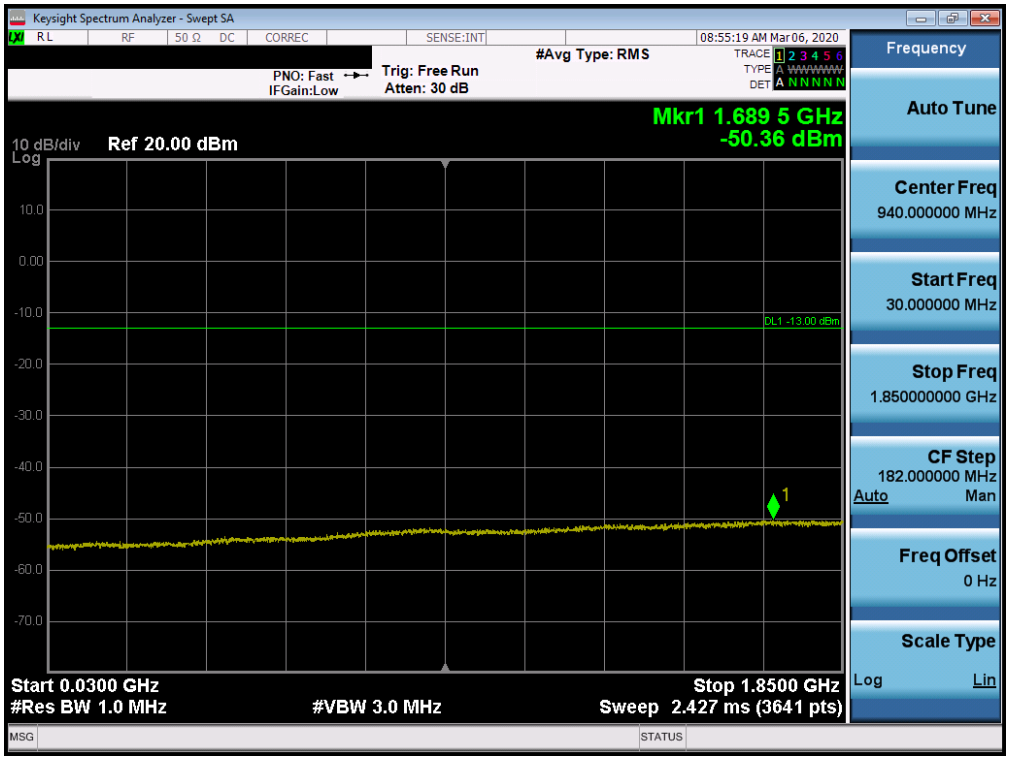
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Low Channel)



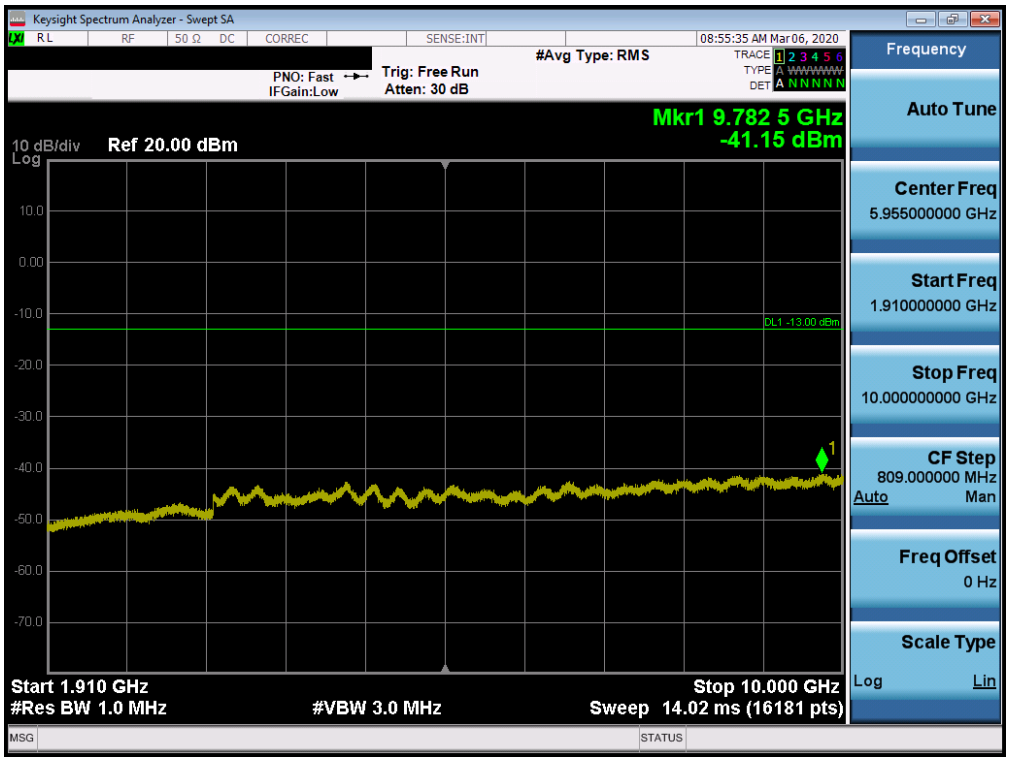
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Low Channel)



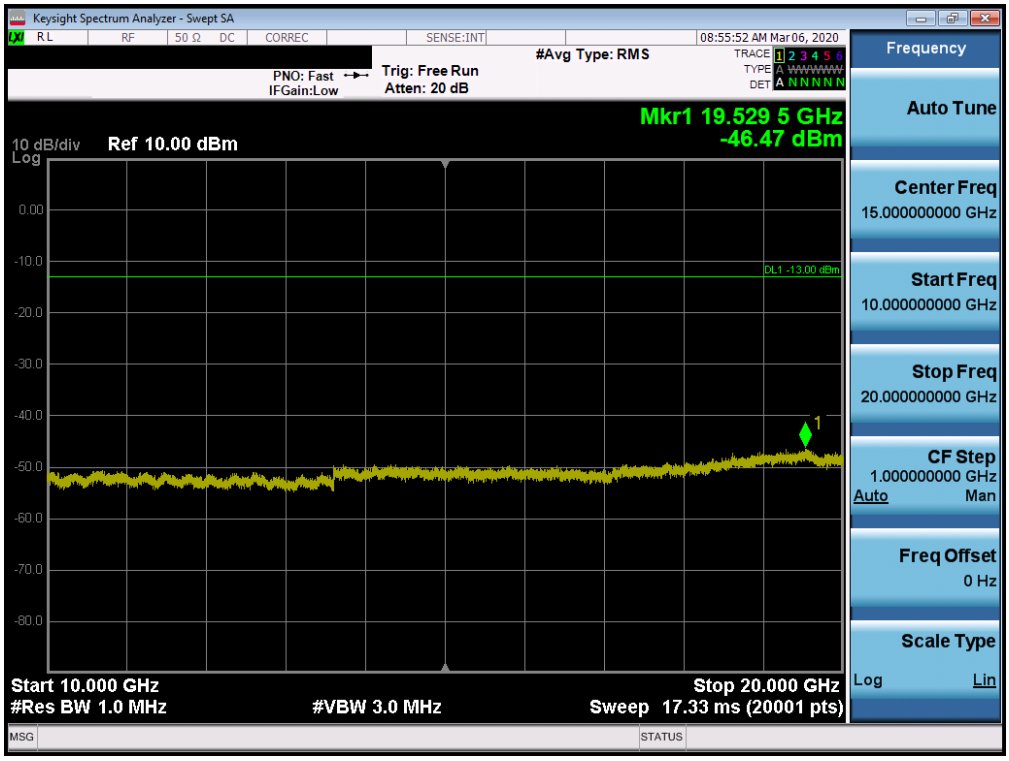
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Low Channel)



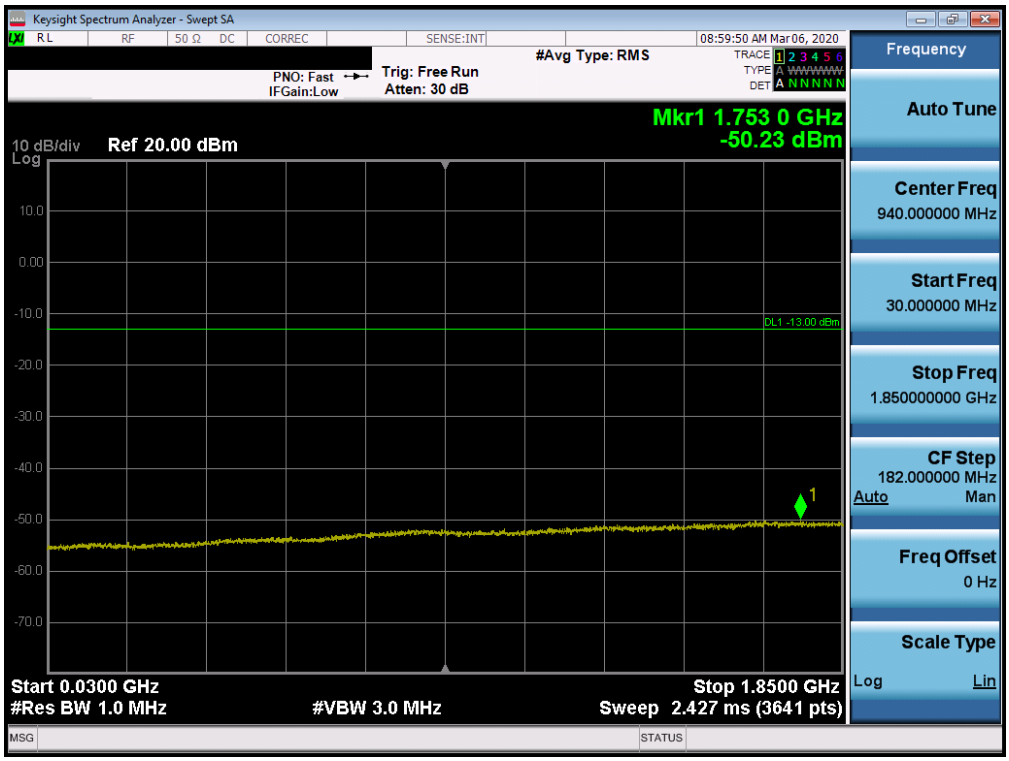
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



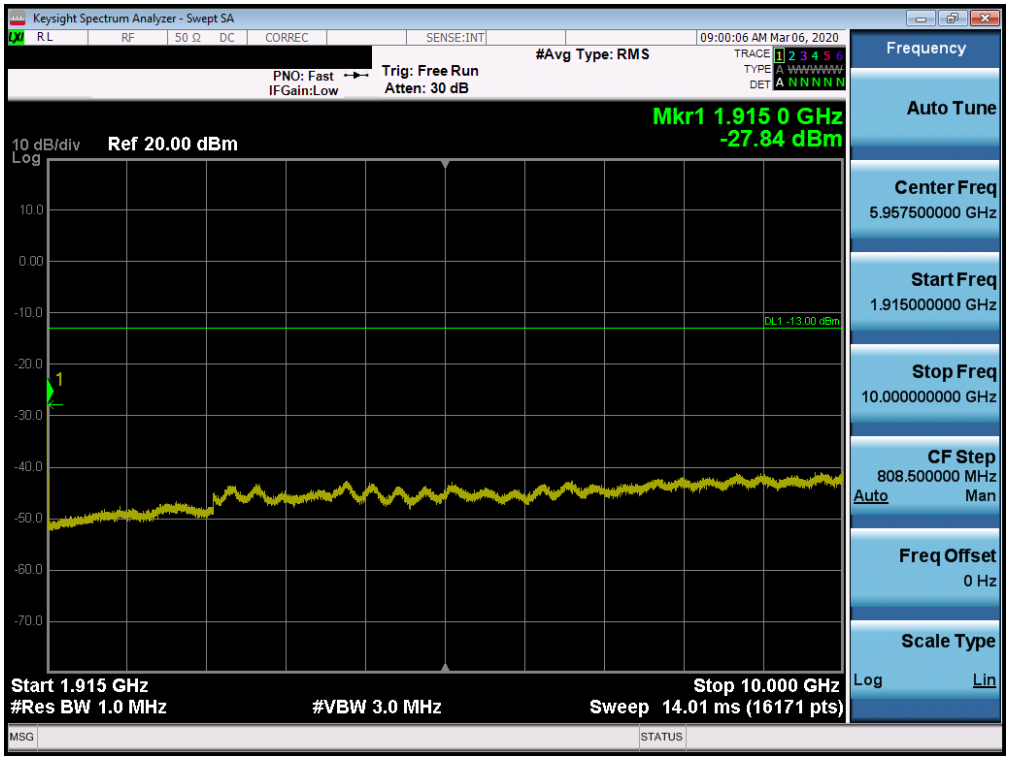
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



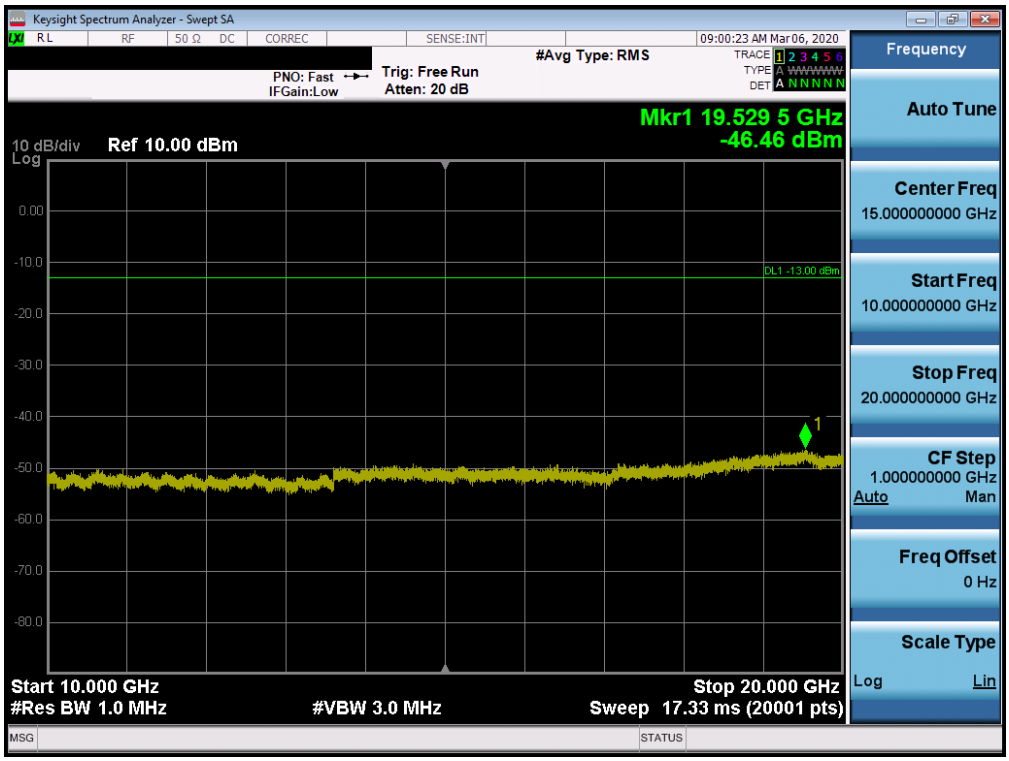
Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – Mid Channel)



Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – High Channel)



Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – High Channel)



Plot 7-26. Conducted Spurious Plot (PCS WDMA Mode – High Channel)

7.4 Band Edge Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Test Overview

All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

The minimum permissible attenuation level of any spurious emission is 43 + 10 $log_{10}(P_{[Watts]})$, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 6.0

Test Settings

1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW ≥ 1% of the emission bandwidth
4. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
5. Detector = RMS
6. Number of sweep points ≥ 2 x Span/RBW
7. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
8. Sweep time = auto couple
9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

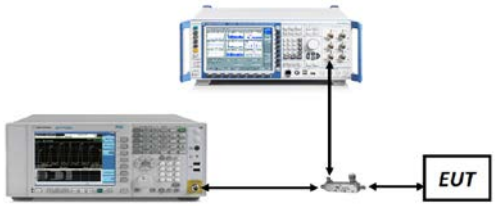
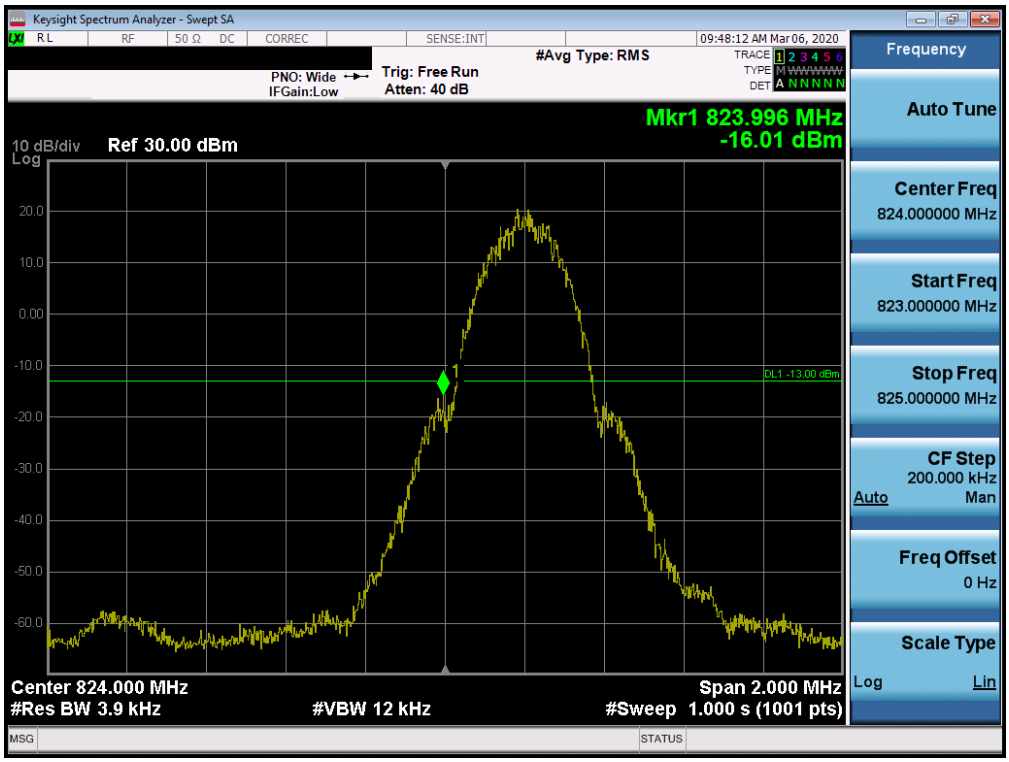


Figure 7-3. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

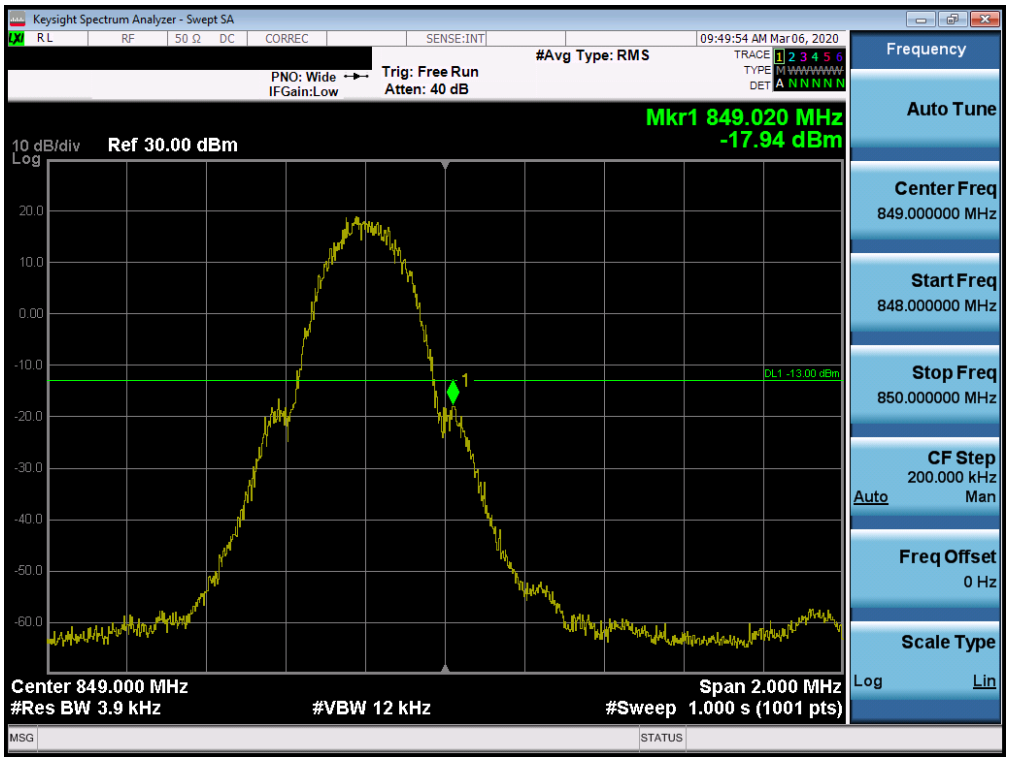
Test Notes

Per 22.917(b), 24.238(b), 27.53(h)(3), and RSS-132(5.5), RSS-133(6.5), RSS-139(6.5), in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed to demonstrate compliance with the out-of-band emissions limit. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Cellular GSM Mode

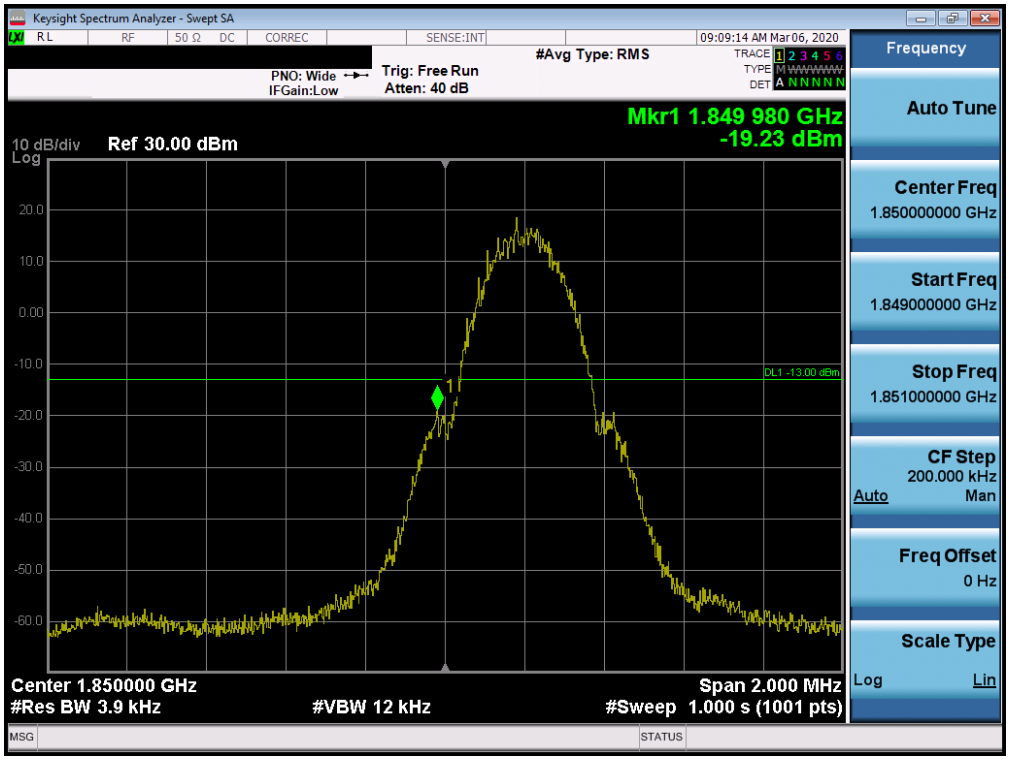


Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – Low Channel)

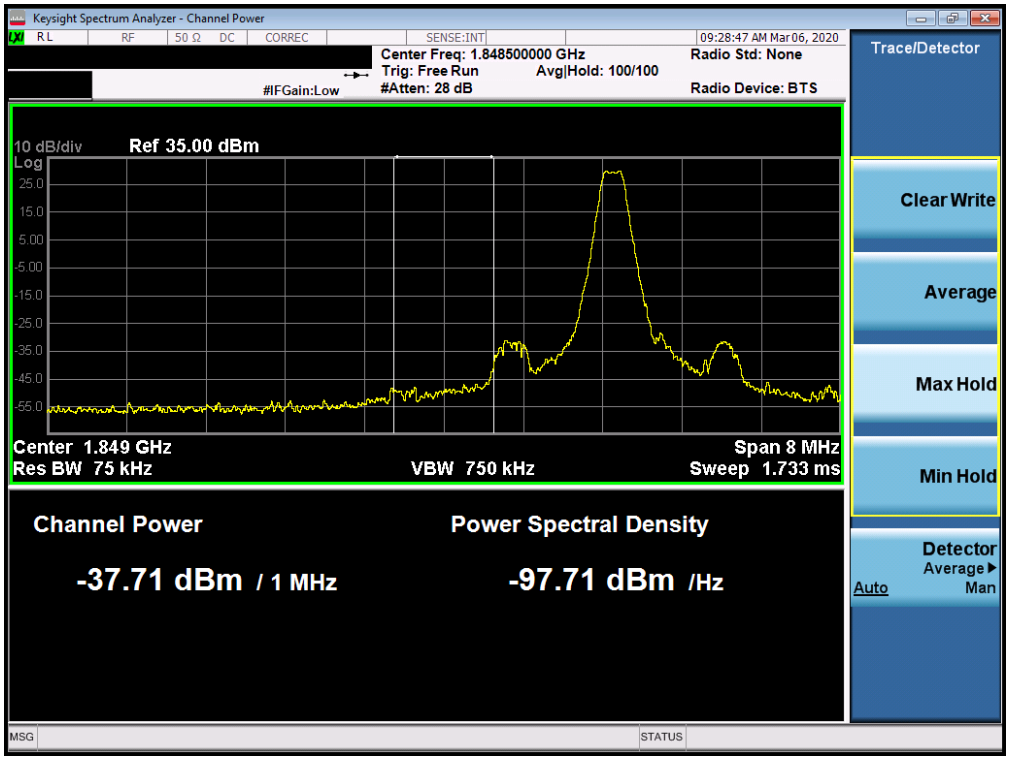


Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (Cellular GSM Mode – High Channel)

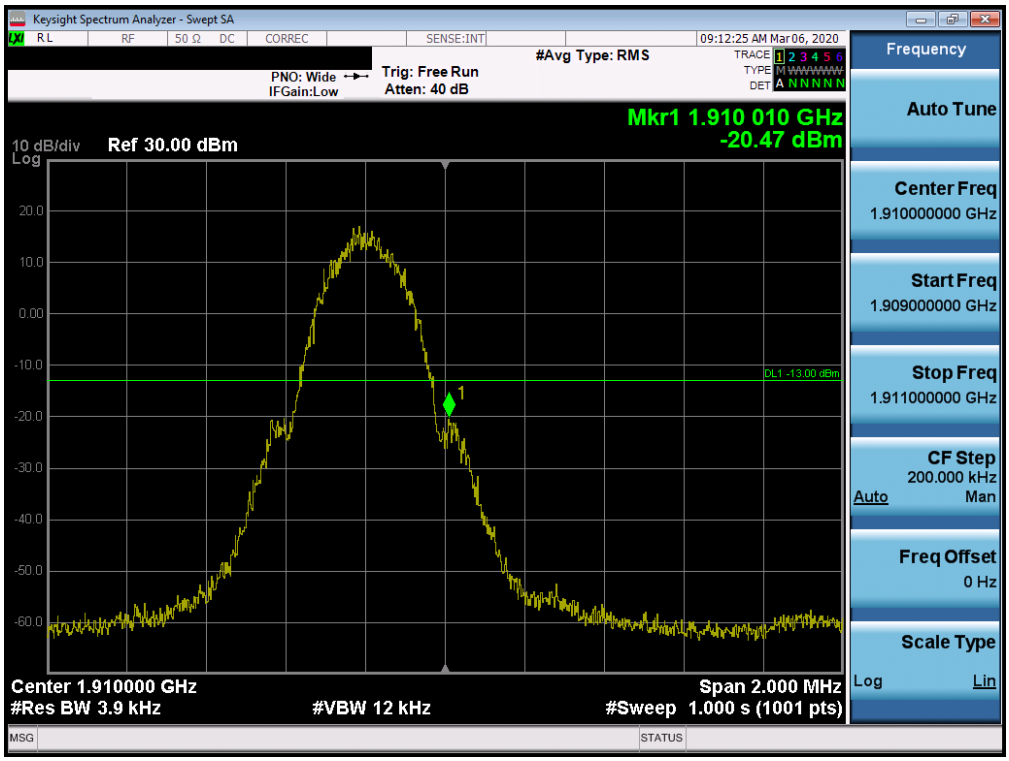
PCS GSM Mode



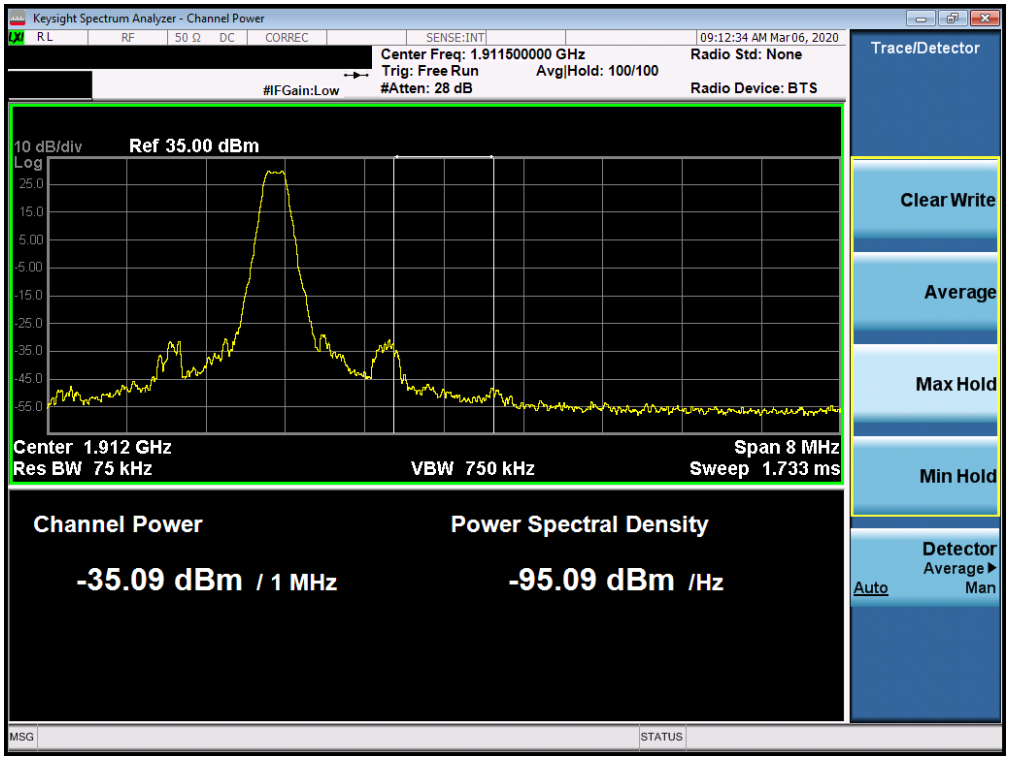
Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Low Channel)



Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (PCS GSM Mode – Low Channel)



Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (PCS GSM Mode – High Channel)



Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (PCS GSM Mode – High Channel)

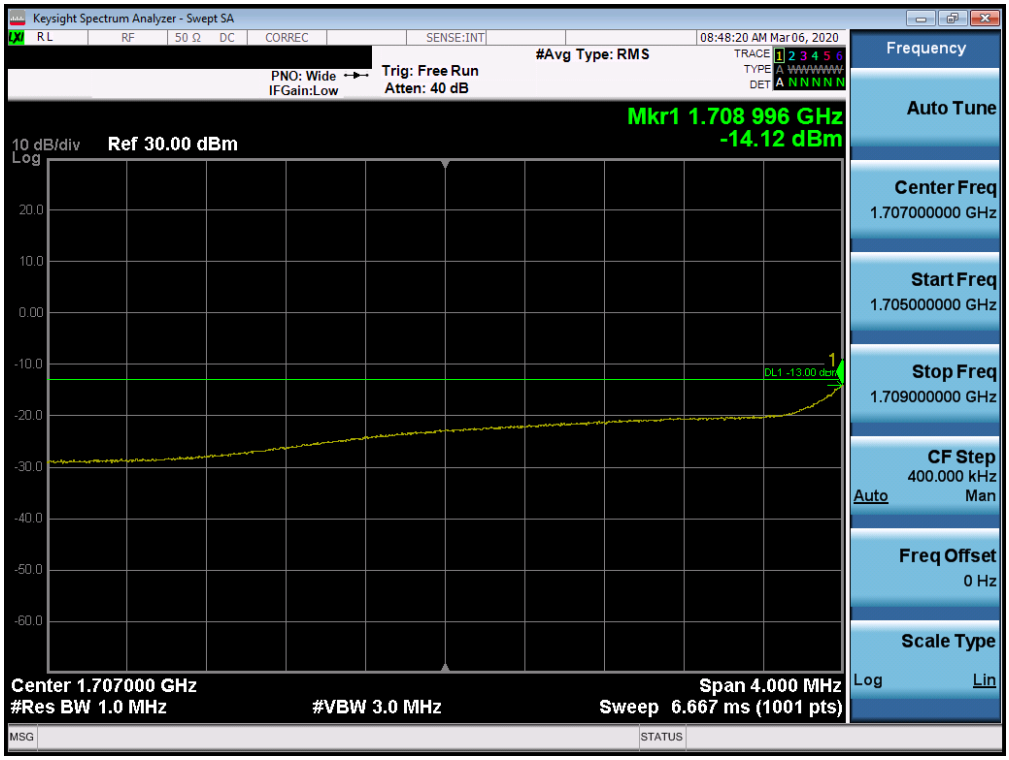
Cellular WCDMA Mode

Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)

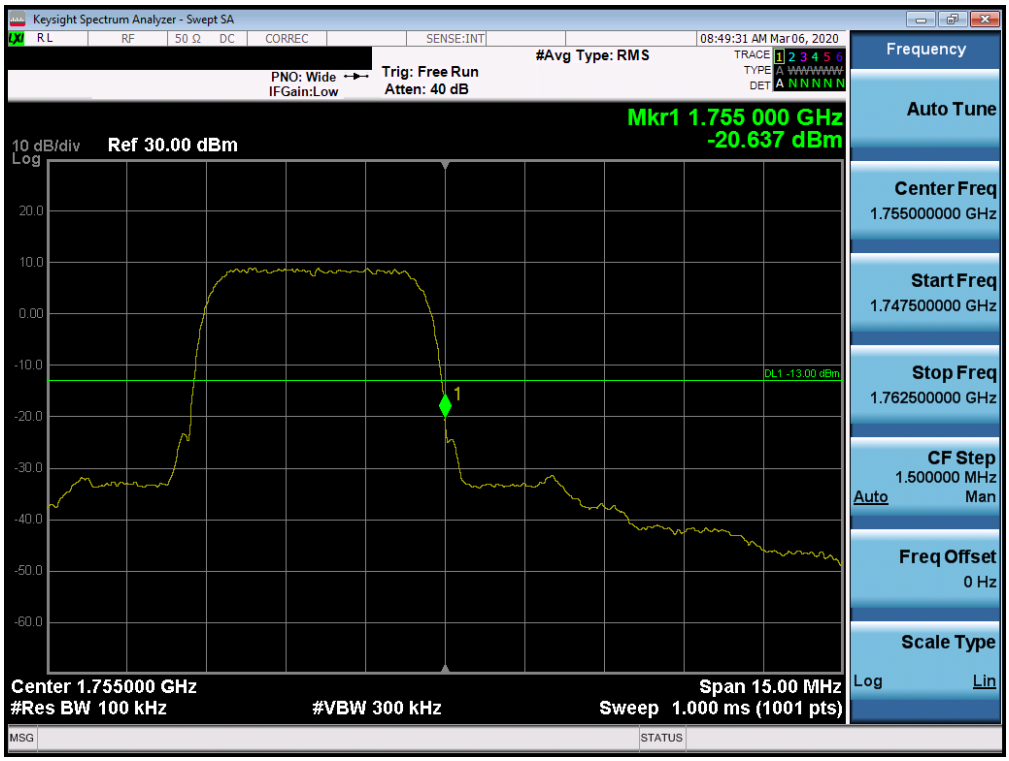
Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (Cellular WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

AWS WCDMA Mode

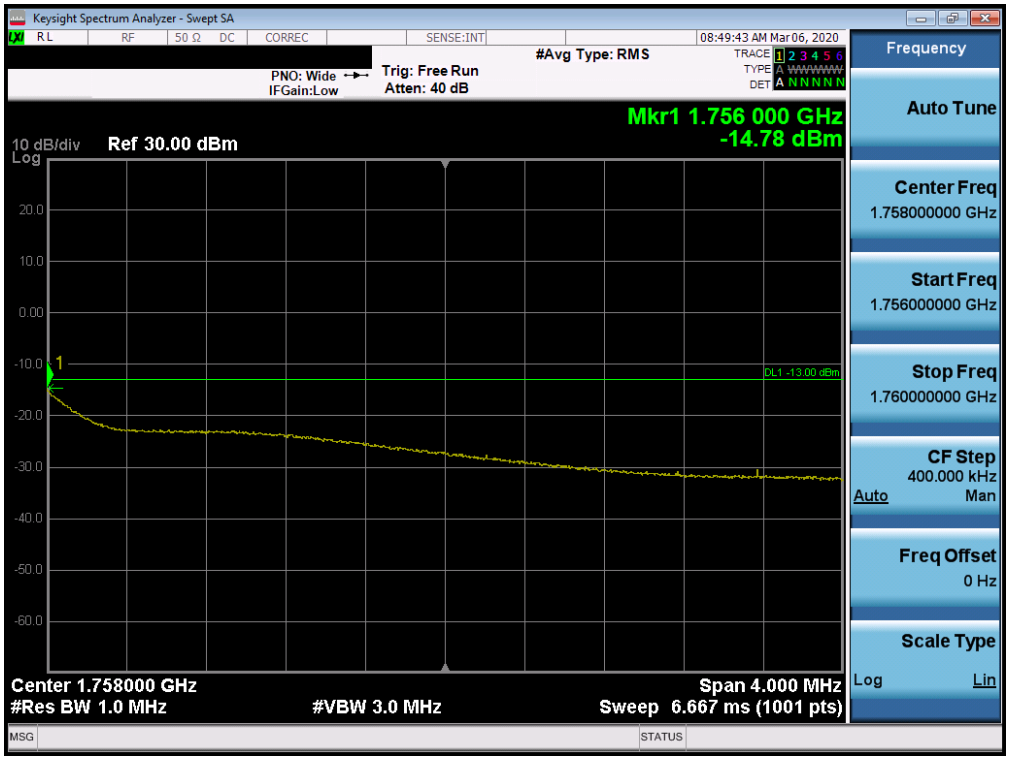
Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)

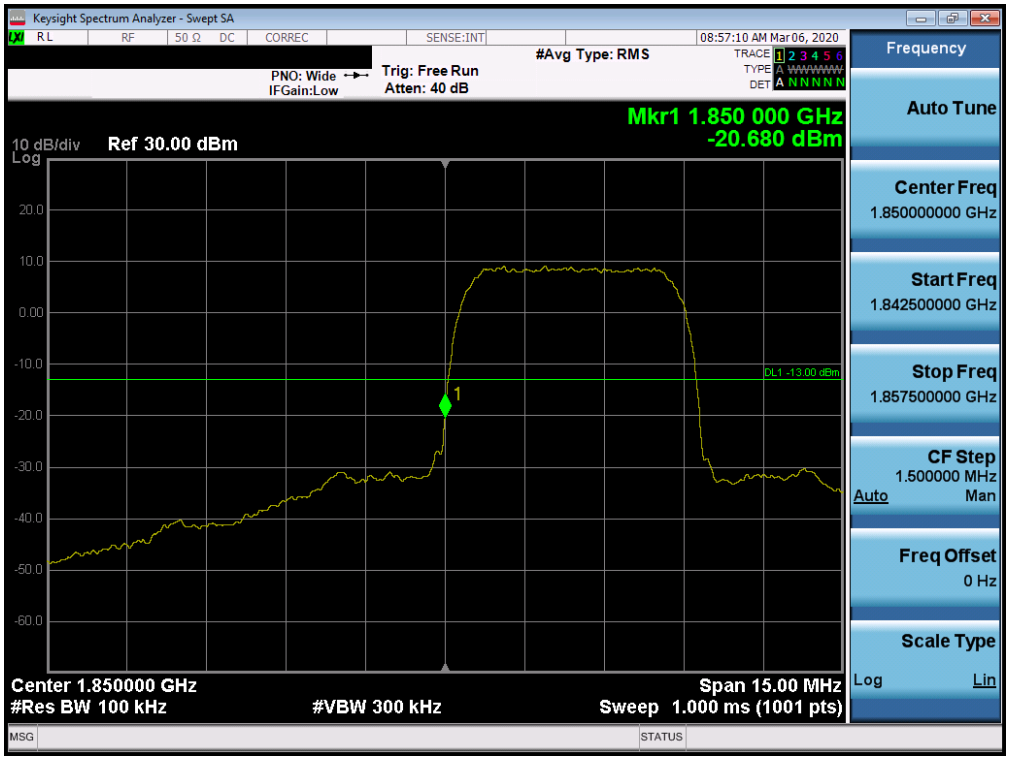


Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

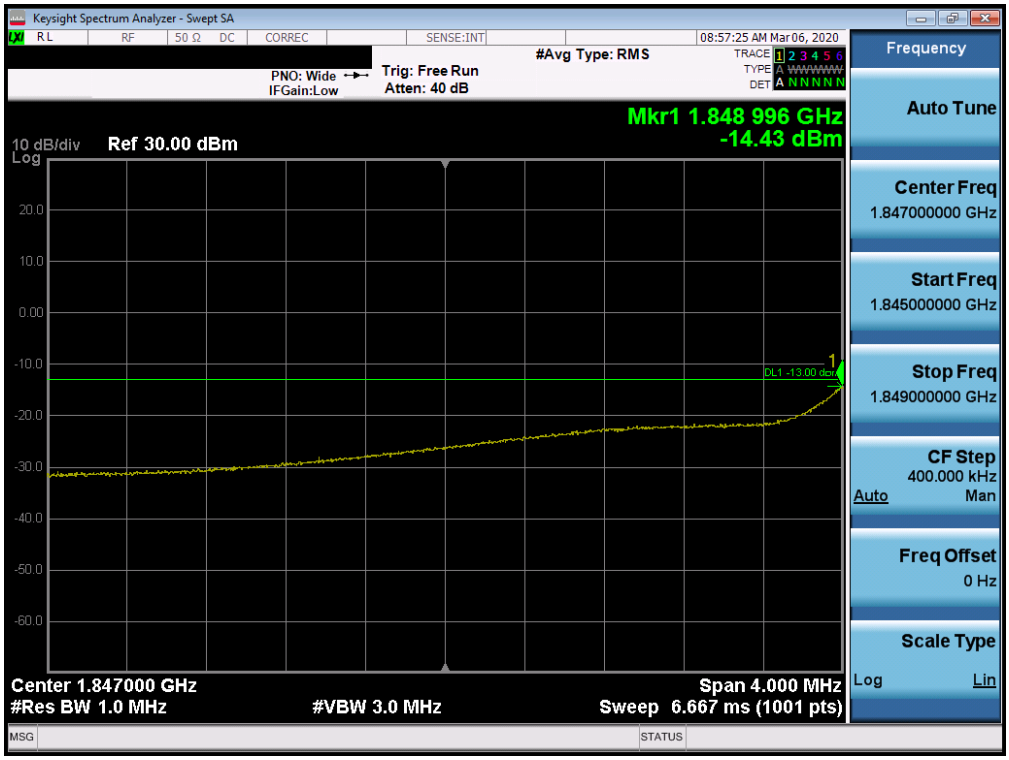


Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

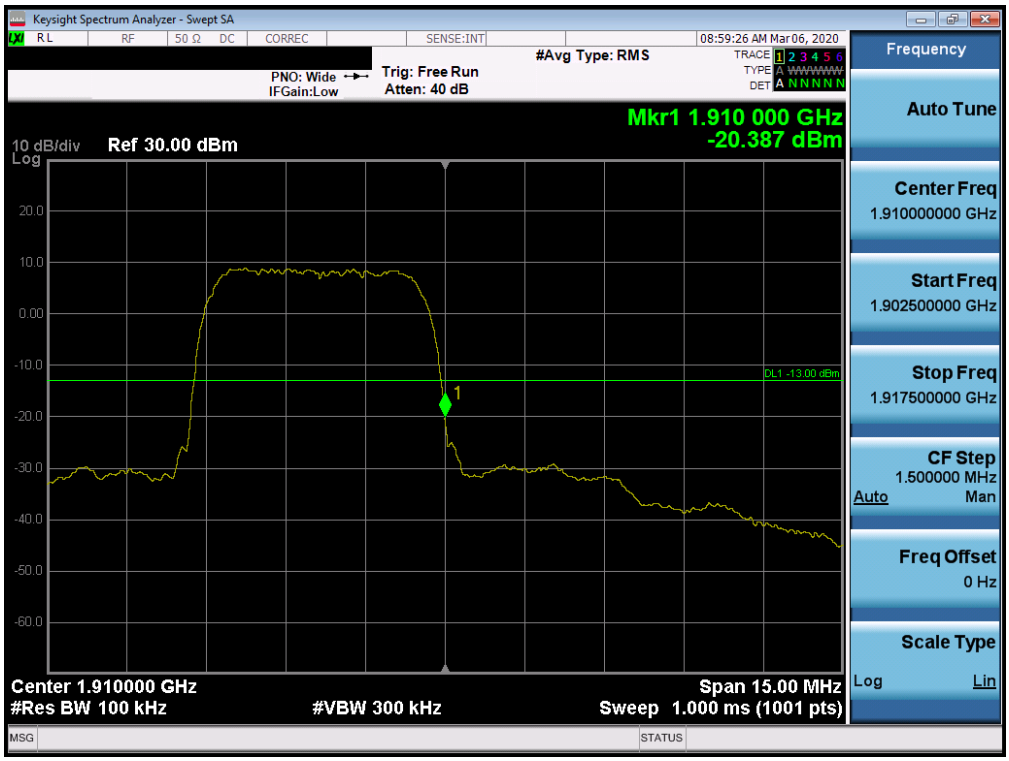
PCS WCDMA Mode



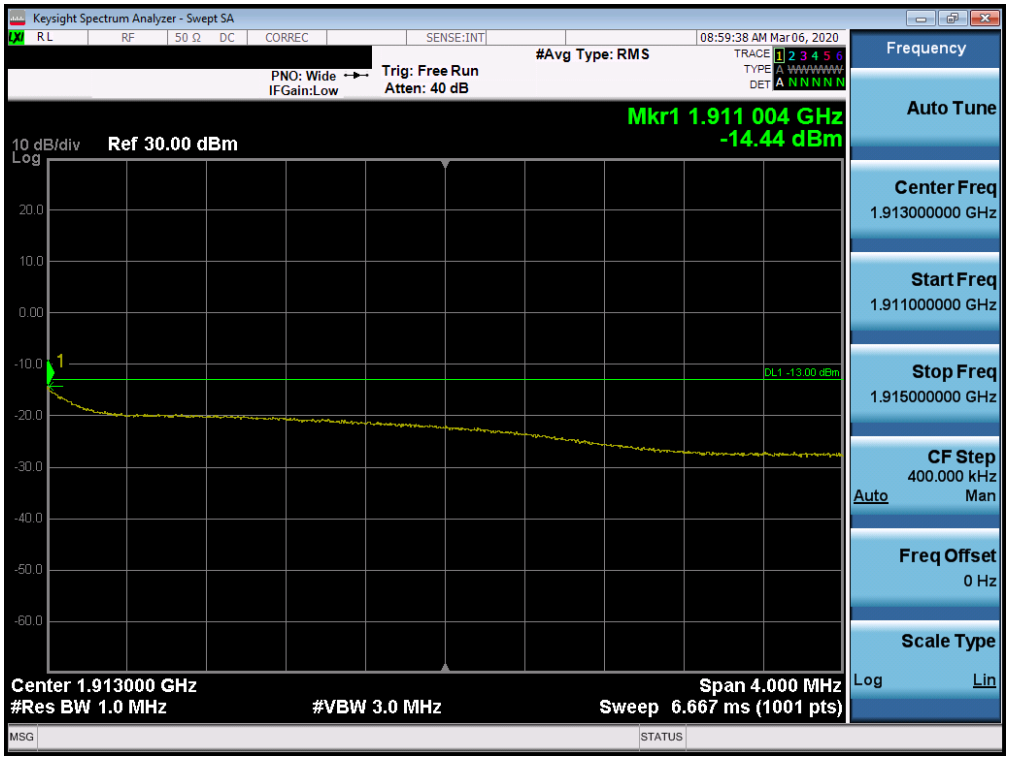
Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode – Low Channel)



Plot 7-9. Band Edge Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)



Plot 7-9. 4MHz Span Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode – High Channel)

7.5 Peak-Average Ratio

Test Overview

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.7.1

Test Settings

1. The signal analyzer's CCDF measurement profile is enabled
2. Frequency = carrier center frequency
3. Measurement BW > Emission bandwidth of signal
4. The signal analyzer was set to collect one million samples to generate the CCDF curve
5. The measurement interval was set depending on the type of signal analyzed. For continuous signals (>98% duty cycle), the measurement interval was set to 1ms. For burst transmissions, the spectrum analyzer is set to use an internal "RF Burst" trigger that is synced with an incoming pulse and the measurement interval is set to less than the duration of the "on time" of one burst to ensure that energy is only captured during a time in which the transmitter is operating at maximum power

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

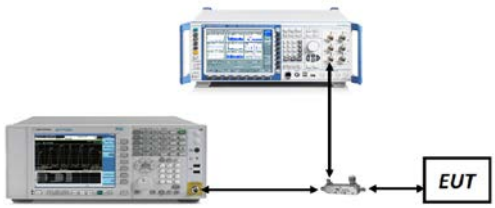
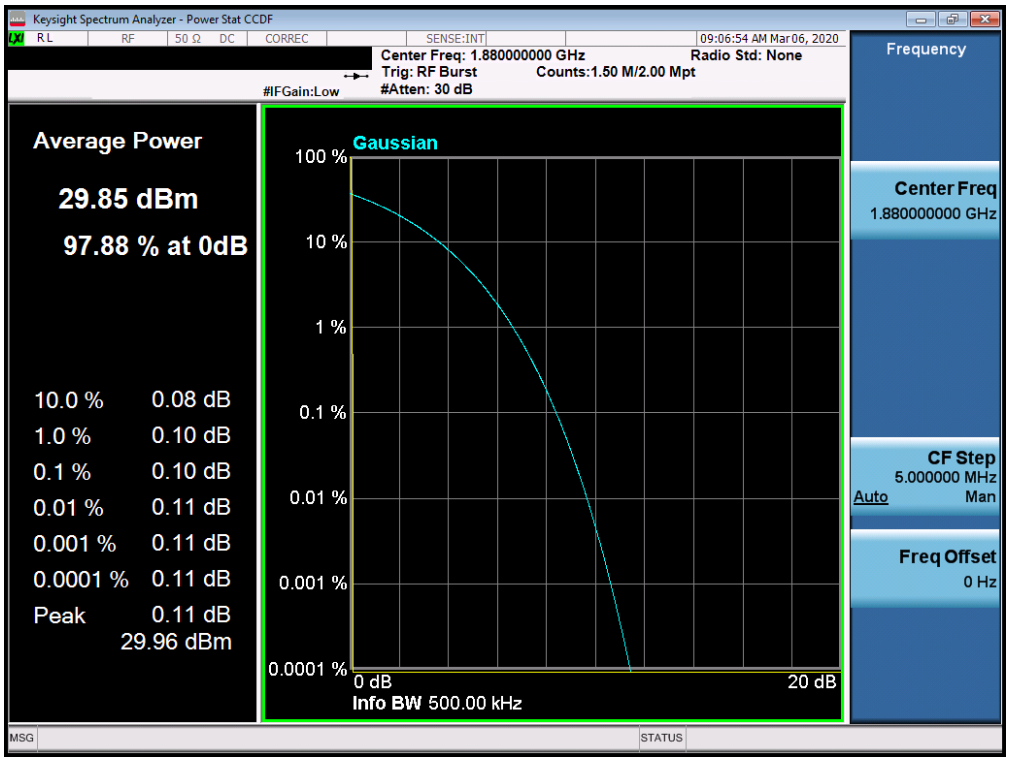


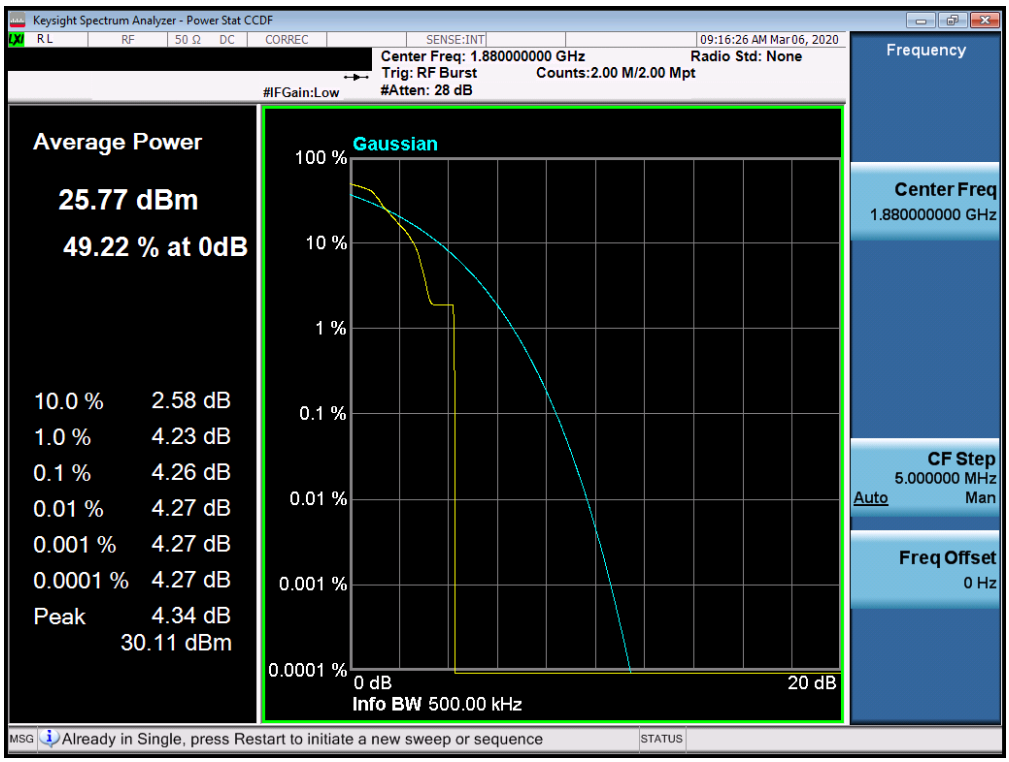
Figure 7-4. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

Test Notes

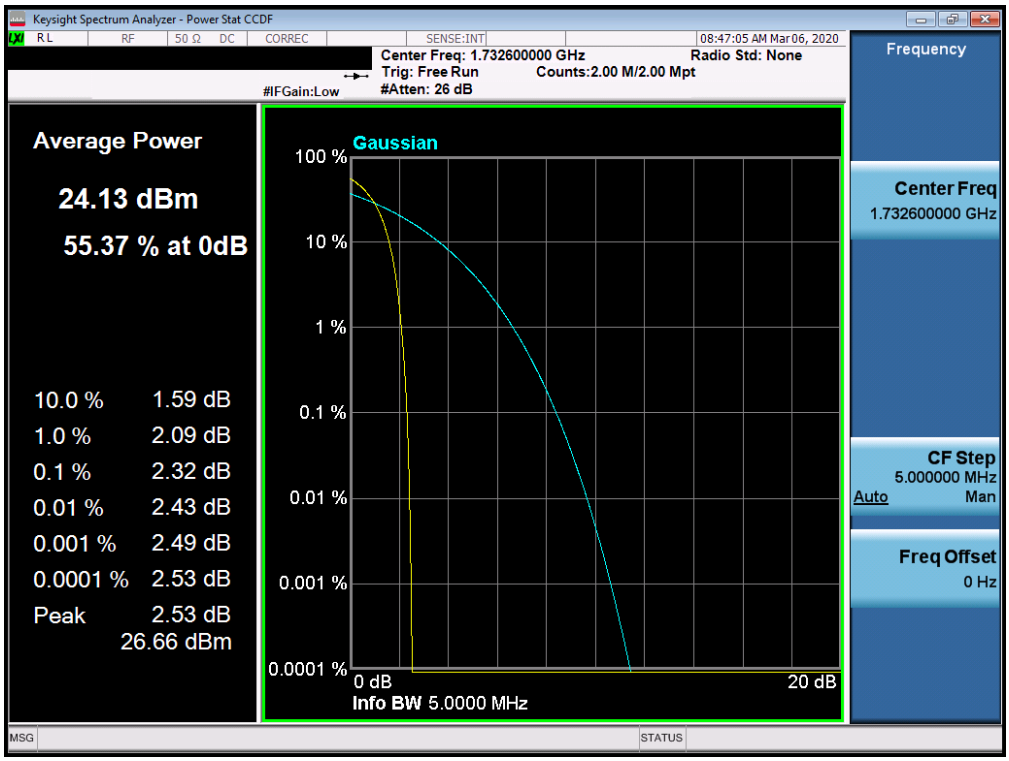
None



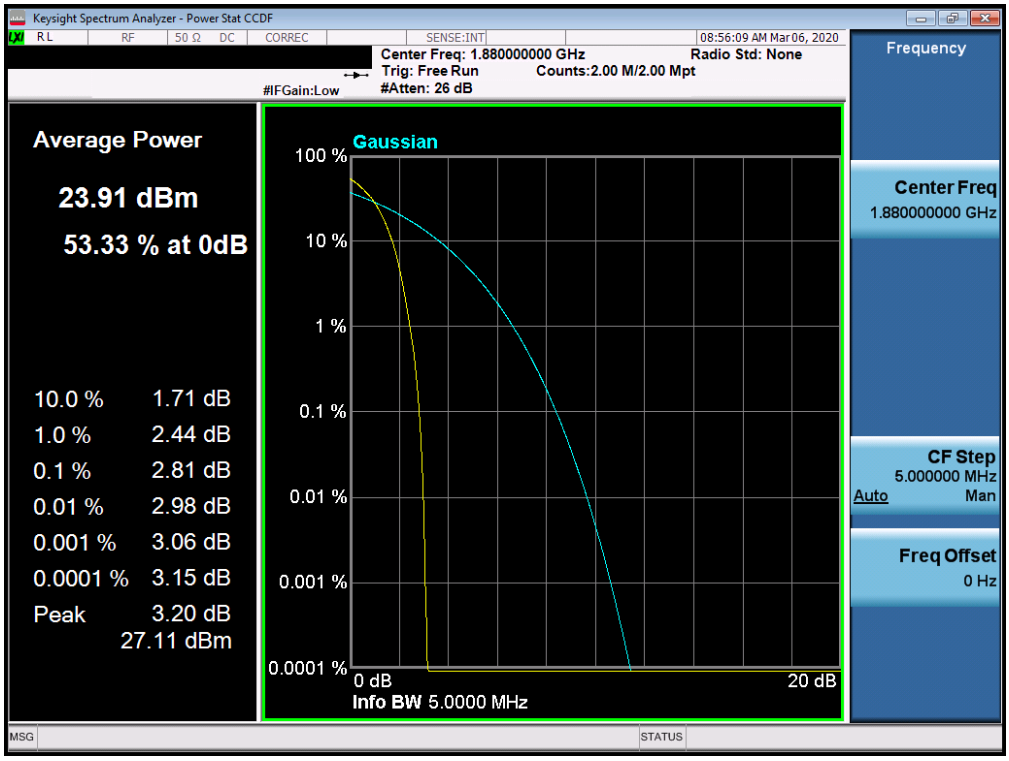
Plot 7-1. Peak to Average Ratio Plot (PCS GSM Mode)



Plot 7-1. Peak to Average Ratio Plot (PCS GSM – EDGE1900 Mode)



Plot 7-1. Peak to Average Ratio Plot (AWS WCDMA Mode)



Plot 7-1. Peak to Average Ratio Plot (PCS WCDMA Mode)

7.6 Radiated Power (ERP/EIRP)

Test Overview

Effective Radiated Power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signals operating below 1GHz are performed using vertically and horizontally polarized tuned dipole antennas. Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using vertically and horizontally polarized broadband horn antennas. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.2.1

ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 – Section 2.2.17

Test Settings

1. Radiated power measurements are performed using the signal analyzer's "channel power" measurement capability for signals with continuous operation. For signals with burst transmission, the signal analyzer's "time domain power" measurement capability is used
2. RBW = 1 – 5% of the expected OBW, not to exceed 1MHz
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
5. No. of sweep points ≥ 2 x span / RBW
6. Detector = RMS
7. Trigger is set to "free run" for signals with continuous operation with the sweep times set to "auto". Trigger is set to enable triggering only on full power bursts with the sweep time set less than or equal to the transmission burst duration
8. The integration bandwidth was roughly set equal to the measured OBW of the signal for signals with continuous operation. For signals with burst transmission, the "gating" function was enabled to ensure that measurements are performed during times in which the transmitter is operating at its maximum power
9. Trace mode = trace averaging (RMS) over 100 sweeps
10. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

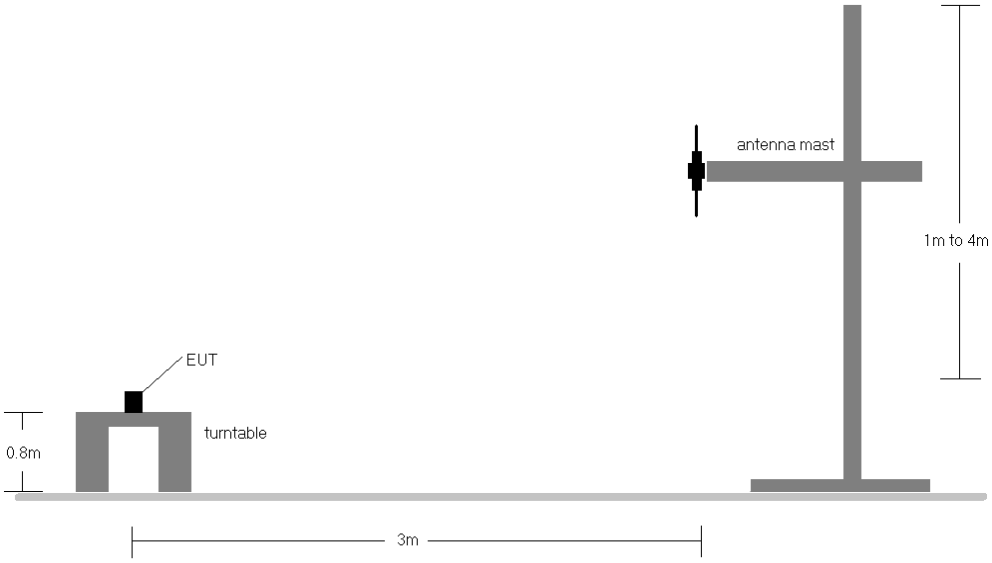


Figure 7-5. Radiated Test Setup <1GHz

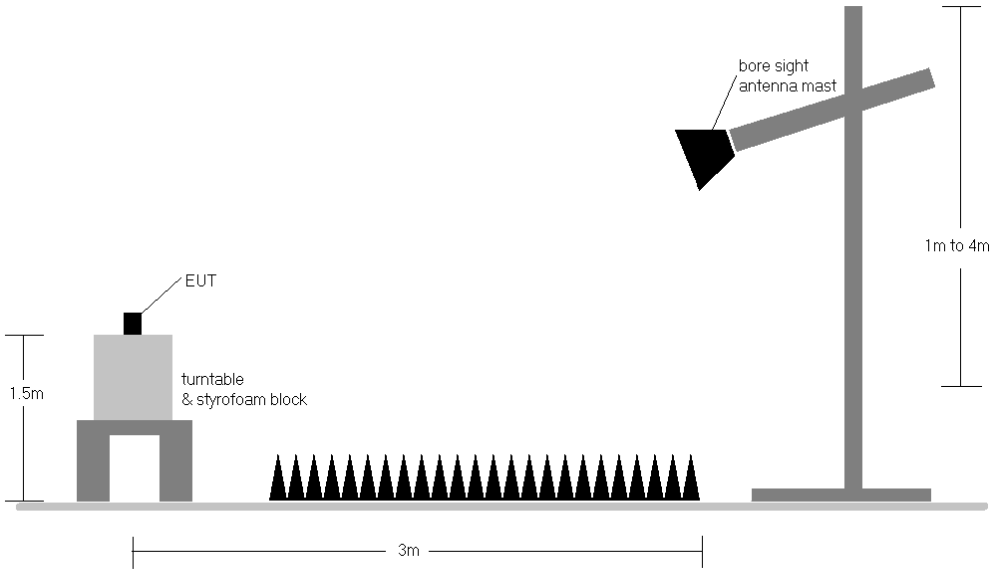


Figure 7-6. Radiated Test Setup >1GHz

Test Notes

1) This device employs GSM, GPRS, and EDGE capabilities. The EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in GPRS mode while transmitting with one slot active.

2) This device employs UMTS technology with WCDMA (AMR/RMC), HSDPA, and HSUPA capabilities. For WCDMA and HSUPA transmission, all configurations were investigated and the worst case UMTS emissions were found in RMC WCDMA mode at 12.2kbps with HSDPA inactive and TPC bits all set to "1."

3) This unit was tested with its standard battery.

4) The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes and in all possible test configurations and positioning. The worst case setup is reported in the tables below.

Frequency [MHz]	Mode	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain [dBi]	ERP [dBm]	ERP [Watts]	ERP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [Watts]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
824.20	GSM850	H	193	50	21.60	6.75	26.20	0.417	38.45	-12.25	28.35	0.684	40.61	-12.26
836.60	GSM850	H	200	295	21.95	6.68	**26.48**	**0.445**	38.45	-11.97	**28.63**	**0.729**	40.61	-11.98
848.80	GSM850	H	203	292	21.70	6.71	26.26	0.422	38.45	-12.20	28.41	0.693	40.61	-12.20
836.60	GSM850	V	139	202	21.80	6.38	26.03	0.401	38.45	-12.42	28.18	0.658	40.61	-12.43
836.60	EDGE850	H	200	295	18.27	6.68	**22.80**	0.191	38.45	-15.65	**24.95**	**0.313**	40.61	-15.66

Table 7-2. ERP/EIRP (Cellular GSM)

Frequency [MHz]	Mode	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain [dBi]	ERP [dBm]	ERP [Watts]	ERP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [Watts]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
826.40	WCDMA850	H	218	296	13.60	6.77	18.22	0.066	38.45	-20.23	20.37	0.109	40.61	-20.23
836.60	WCDMA850	H	209	297	13.71	6.68	18.24	0.067	38.45	-20.21	20.39	0.109	40.61	-20.22
846.60	WCDMA850	H	202	302	13.93	6.68	**18.46**	**0.070**	38.45	-19.99	**20.61**	**0.115**	40.61	-19.99
846.60	WCDMA850	V	155	183	13.74	6.48	18.07	0.064	38.45	-20.38	20.22	0.105	40.61	-20.39

Table 7-3. ERP/EIRP (Cellular WCDMA)

Frequency [MHz]	Mode	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [Watts]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1712.40	WCDMA1700	H	135	23	13.17	9.46	22.63	0.183	30.00	-7.37
1732.60	WCDMA1700	H	186	13	14.27	9.34	**23.61**	**0.229**	30.00	-6.39
1752.60	WCDMA1700	H	180	10	13.14	9.24	22.38	0.173	30.00	-7.62
1732.60	WCDMA1700	V	107	41	13.89	9.22	23.11	0.205	30.00	-6.89

Table 7-4. EIRP (AWS WCDMA)

Frequency [MHz]	Mode	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [Watts]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1850.20	GSM1900	H	157	16	19.91	9.51	29.42	0.874	33.01	-3.59
1880.00	GSM1900	H	166	20	19.68	9.93	29.61	0.913	33.01	-3.40
1909.80	GSM1900	H	149	291	19.37	10.28	**29.65**	**0.923**	33.01	-3.36
1909.80	GSM1900	V	118	92	18.86	10.34	29.20	0.832	33.01	-3.81
1909.80	EDGE1900	H	149	291	15.40	10.28	**25.68**	0.370	33.01	-7.33

Table 7-5. EIRP (PCS GSM)

Frequency [MHz]	Mode	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [Watts]	EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1852.40	WCDMA1900	H	157	20	13.25	9.54	22.79	0.190	33.01	-10.22
1880.00	WCDMA1900	H	155	234	12.37	9.93	22.30	0.170	33.01	-10.71
1907.60	WCDMA1900	H	233	12	13.07	10.26	**23.33**	**0.215**	33.01	-9.68
1907.60	WCDMA1900	V	140	114	12.78	10.33	23.11	0.205	33.01	-9.90

Table 7-6. EIRP (PCS WCDMA)

7.7 Radiated Spurious Emissions Measurements

Test Overview

Radiated spurious emissions measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signals operating below 1GHz are performed using horizontally and vertically polarized tuned dipole antennas. Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using vertically and horizontally polarized broadband horn antennas. All measurements are performed as peak measurements while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.

Test Procedures Used

KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 – Section 5.8

ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 – Section 2.2.12

Test Settings

1. RBW = 100kHz for emissions below 1GHz and 1MHz for emissions above 1GHz
2. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
3. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
4. No. of sweep points ≥ 2 x span / RBW
5. Detector = RMS
6. Trace mode = Average (Max Hold for pulsed emissions)
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Setup

The EUT and measurement equipment were set up as shown in the diagram below.

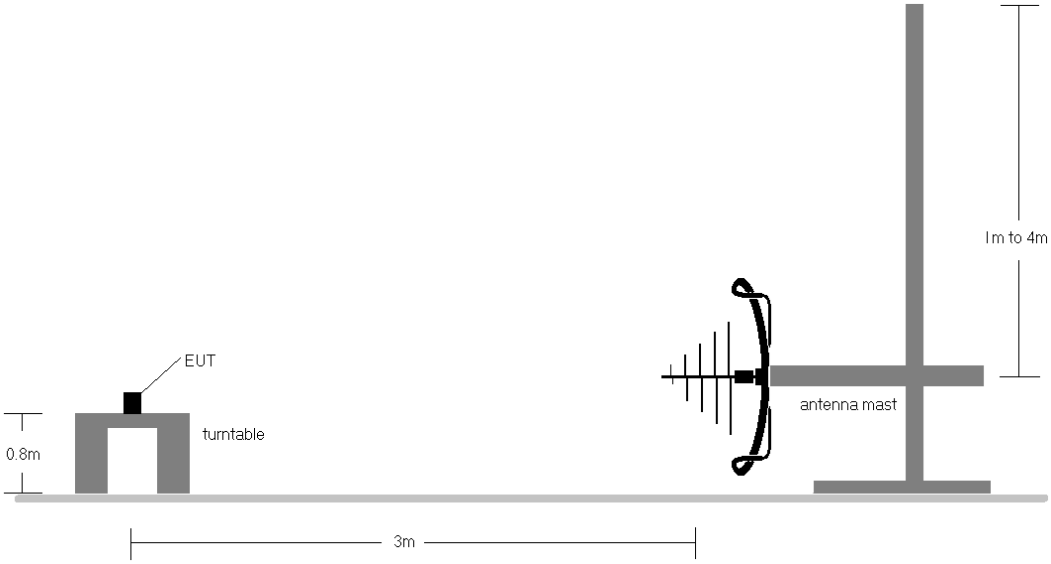


Figure 7-7. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup < 1GHz

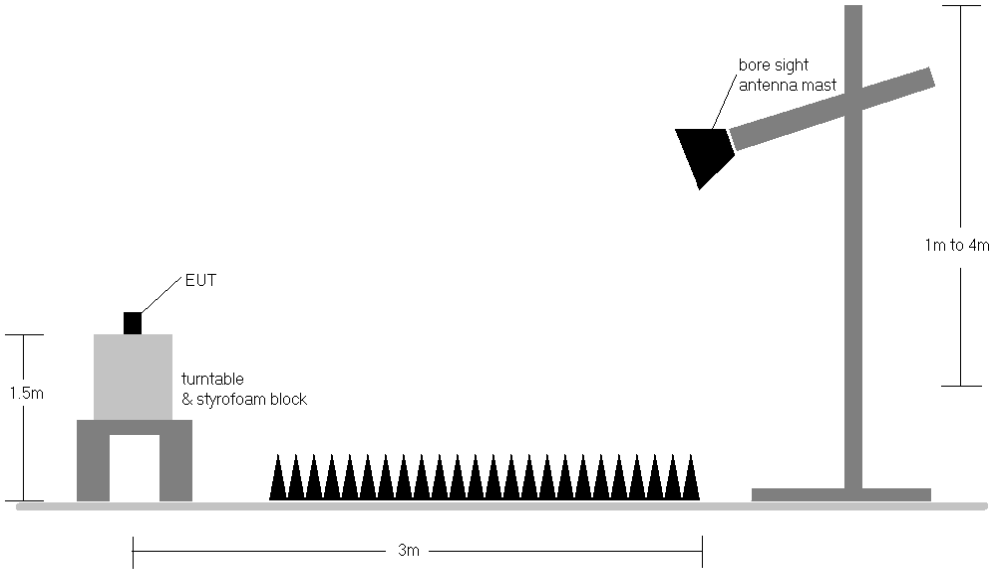


Figure 7-8. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup >1 GHz

Test Notes

1) This device employs GSM, GPRS, and EDGE capabilities. The EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in GPRS mode while transmitting with one slot active.

2) This device employs UMTS technology with WCDMA (AMR/RMC), HSDPA, and HSUPA capabilities. For WCDMA and HSUPA transmission, all configurations were investigated and the worst case UMTS emissions were found in RMC WCDMA mode at 12.2kbps with HSDPA inactive and TPC bits all set to "1."

3) This unit was tested with its standard battery.

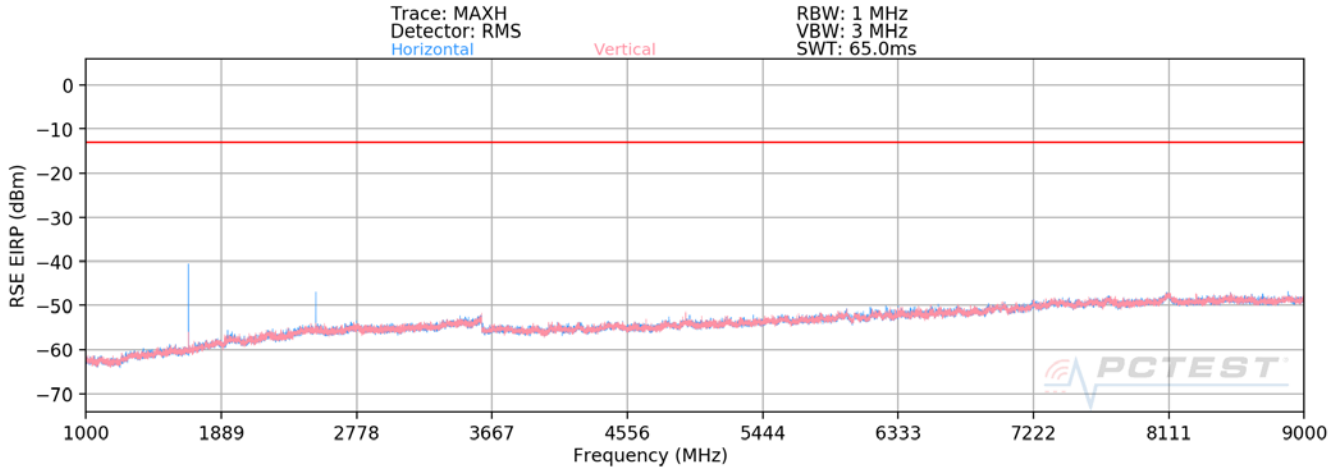
4) The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes and in all possible test configurations and positioning. The worst case setup is reported in the tables below.

5) The spectrum is measured from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency of the transmitter. The worst-case emissions are reported.

6) Emissions below 18GHz were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18GHz were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.

7) The "-" shown in the following RSE tables are used to denote a noise floor measurement.

Cellular GSM Mode



Plot 7-101. Radiated Spurious Plot above 1GHz (Cellular GSM Mode)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	824.20	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1648.40	H	166	20	-49.72	8.97	-40.75	-27.7
2472.60	H	204	227	-49.96	9.67	-40.28	-27.3
3296.80	H	160	21	-66.71	9.60	-57.10	-44.1
4121.00	H	166	10	-72.85	10.20	-62.65	-49.7
4945.20	H	-	-	-74.61	10.93	-63.68	-50.7
5769.40	H	-	-	-72.85	11.49	-61.36	-48.4

Table 7-7. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular GSM Mode – Ch. 128)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	836.60	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1673.20	H	152	28	-48.10	8.98	-39.12	-26.1
2509.80	H	284	226	-47.28	9.78	-37.50	-24.5
3346.40	H	204	9	-68.61	9.63	-58.97	-46.0
4183.00	H	127	359	-74.11	10.38	-63.74	-50.7
5019.60	H	-	-	-73.42	10.91	-62.51	-49.5
5856.20	H	-	-	-74.21	11.54	-62.67	-49.7

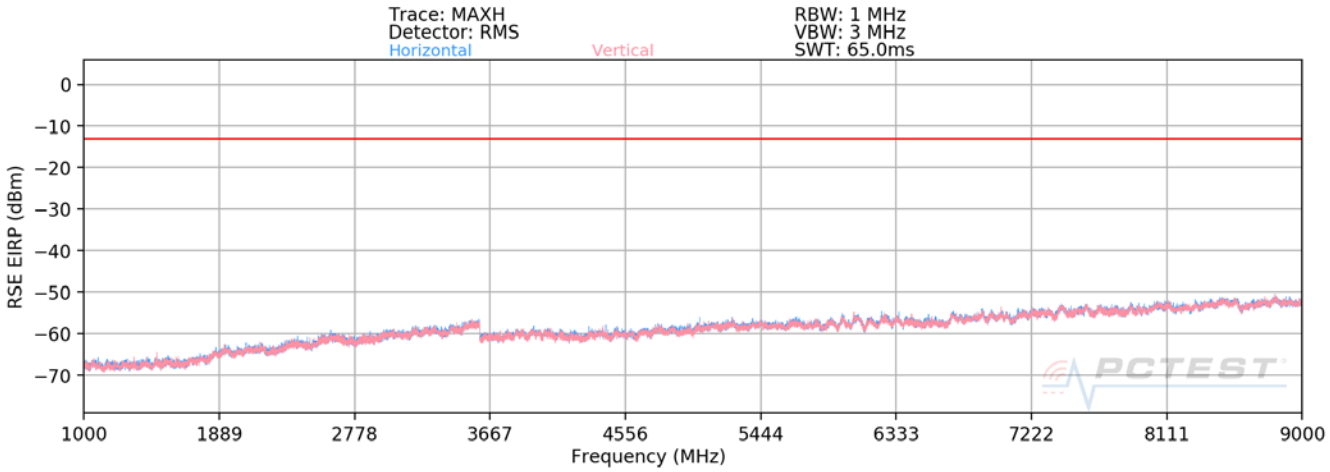
Table 7-8. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular GSM Mode – Ch. 190)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	848.80	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1697.60	H	112	8	-50.36	8.98	-41.38	-28.4
2546.40	H	197	355	-49.23	9.77	-39.46	-26.5
3395.20	H	177	132	-68.91	9.81	-59.10	-46.1
4244.00	H	151	348	-73.79	10.61	-63.18	-50.2
5092.80	H	-	-	-73.55	10.72	-62.83	-49.8
5941.60	H	-	-	-74.24	11.48	-62.75	-49.8

Table 7-9. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular GSM Mode – Ch. 251)

Cellular WCDMA Mode



Plot 7-1. Radiated Spurious Plot above 1GHz (Cellular WCDMA Mode)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	824.20	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1648.40	H	166	20	-49.72	8.97	-40.75	-27.7
2472.60	H	204	227	-49.96	9.67	-40.28	-27.3
3296.80	H	160	21	-66.71	9.60	-57.10	-44.1
4121.00	H	166	10	-72.85	10.20	-62.65	-49.7
4945.20	H	-	-	-74.61	10.93	-63.68	-50.7
5769.40	H	-	-	-72.85	11.49	-61.36	-48.4

Table 7-10. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Ch. 4132)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	836.60	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1673.20	H	152	28	-48.10	8.98	-39.12	-26.1
2509.80	H	284	226	-47.28	9.78	-37.50	-24.5
3346.40	H	204	9	-68.61	9.63	-58.97	-46.0
4183.00	H	127	359	-74.11	10.38	-63.74	-50.7
5019.60	H	-	-	-73.42	10.91	-62.51	-49.5
5856.20	H	-	-	-74.21	11.54	-62.67	-49.7

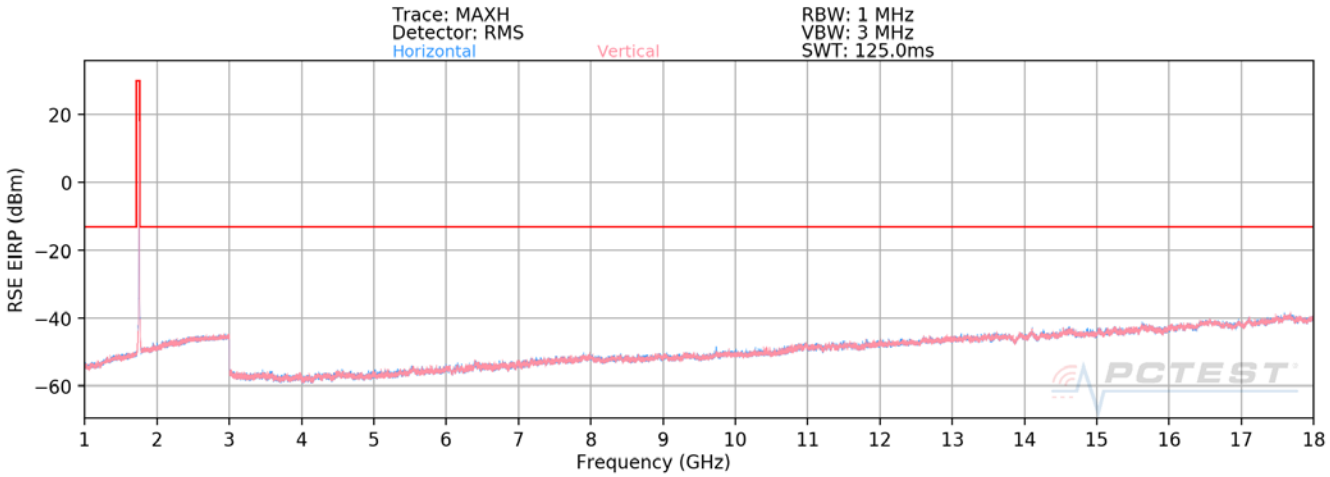
Table 7-11. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Ch. 4183)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	848.80	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
1697.60	H	112	8	-50.36	8.98	-41.38	-28.4
2546.40	H	197	355	-49.23	9.77	-39.46	-26.5
3395.20	H	177	132	-68.91	9.81	-59.10	-46.1
4244.00	H	151	348	-73.79	10.61	-63.18	-50.2
5092.80	H	-	-	-73.55	10.72	-62.83	-49.8
5941.60	H	-	-	-74.24	11.48	-62.75	-49.8

Table 7-12. Radiated Spurious Data (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Ch. 4233)

AWS WCDMA Mode



Plot 7-2. Radiated Spurious Plot above 1GHz (AWS WCDMA Mode)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1712.40	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3424.80	H	-	-	-67.92	6.27	-61.65	-48.6
5137.20	H	111	343	-69.46	8.94	-60.52	-47.5
6849.60	H	-	-	-69.33	9.44	-59.88	-46.9
8562.00	H	-	-	-68.24	9.58	-58.66	-45.7

Table 7-13. Radiated Spurious Data (AWS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 1312)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1732.60	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3465.20	H	124	159	-68.53	6.35	-62.17	-49.2
5197.80	H	-	-	-70.92	9.05	-61.87	-48.9
6930.40	H	-	-	-70.22	9.38	-60.84	-47.8

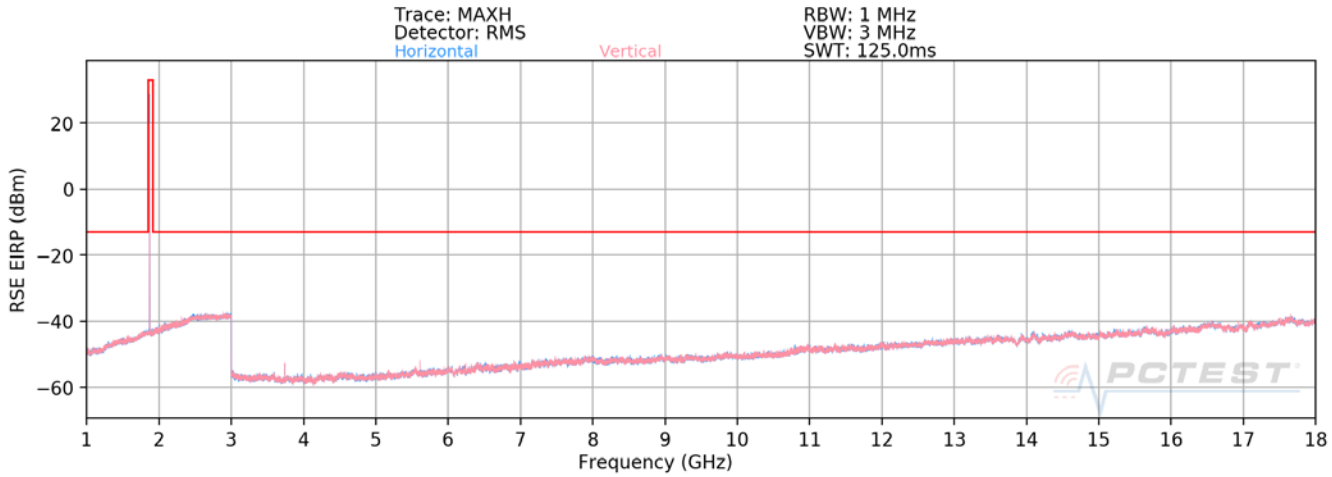
Table 7-14. Radiated Spurious Data (AWS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 1413)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1752.60	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3505.20	H	-	-	-68.20	6.50	-61.70	-48.7
5257.80	H	-	-	-70.34	8.96	-61.38	-48.4

Table 7-15. Radiated Spurious Data (AWS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 1513)

PCS GSM Mode



Plot 7-3. Radiated Spurious Plot above 1GHz (PCS GSM Mode)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1850.20	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3700.40	V	400	355	-59.61	9.61	-50.00	-37.0
5550.60	V	275	355	-53.46	10.97	-42.49	-29.5
7400.80	V	323	301	-63.73	10.99	-52.74	-39.7
9251.00	V	113	6	-65.68	11.66	-54.02	-41.0
11101.20	V	294	357	-65.82	12.77	-53.05	-40.0
12951.40	V	-	-	-66.64	13.35	-53.29	-40.3
14801.60	V	-	-	-64.68	12.48	-52.20	-39.2

Table 7-16. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS GSM Mode – Ch. 512)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1880.00	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3760.00	V	398	353	-54.75	9.40	-45.36	-32.4
5640.00	V	294	26	-52.11	11.20	-40.91	-27.9
7520.00	V	398	10	-65.48	11.14	-54.34	-41.3
9400.00	V	313	358	-65.18	11.60	-53.58	-40.6
11280.00	V	112	19	-63.66	12.78	-50.88	-37.9
13160.00	V	-	-	-67.14	13.20	-53.95	-40.9
15040.00	V	-	-	-66.41	13.56	-52.85	-39.8

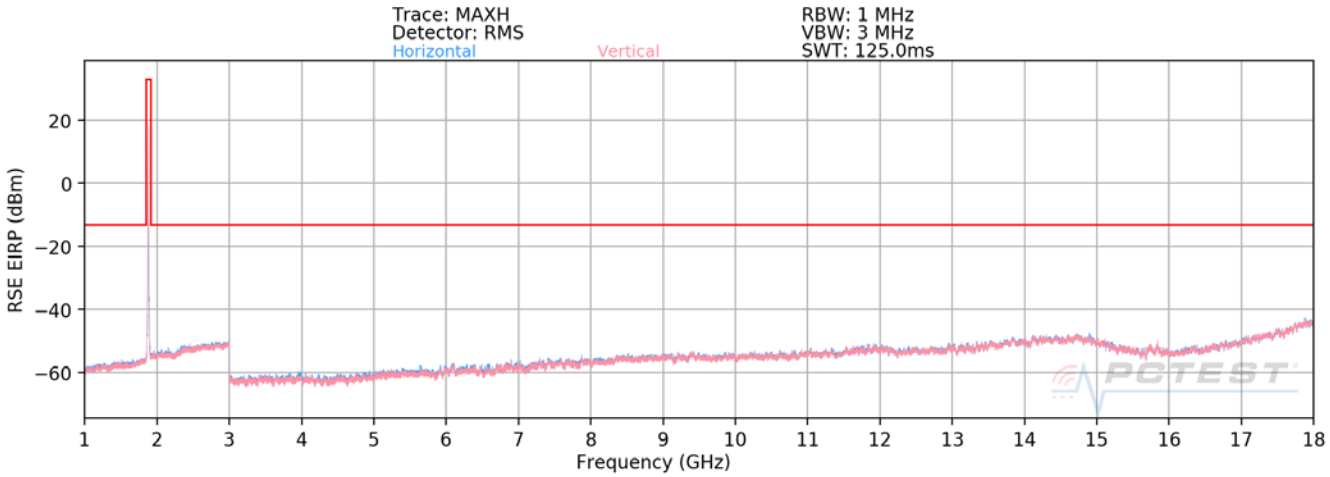
Table 7-17. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS GSM Mode – Ch. 661)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1909.80	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (GMSK)	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3819.60	V	177	358	-51.52	9.33	-42.19	-29.2
5729.40	V	114	333	-52.93	11.42	-41.52	-28.5
7639.20	V	313	22	-64.26	11.36	-52.89	-39.9
9549.00	V	400	370	-67.68	11.82	-55.86	-42.9
11458.80	V	366	354	-60.28	12.87	-47.41	-34.4
13368.60	V	-	-	-66.84	12.83	-54.01	-41.0
15278.40	V	381	352	-68.20	14.95	-53.25	-40.3
17188.20	V	-	-	-64.31	13.37	-50.94	-37.9

Table 7-18. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS GSM Mode – Ch. 810)

PCS WCDMA Mode



Plot 7-4. Radiated Spurious Plot above 1GHz (PCS WCDMA Mode)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1852.40	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3704.80	V	-	-	-74.70	9.60	-65.11	-52.1
5557.20	V	398	21	-73.18	10.98	-62.19	-49.2
7409.60	V	-	-	-71.99	10.99	-61.00	-48.0
9262.00	V	-	-	-71.46	11.66	-59.80	-46.8

Table 7-19. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 9262)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1880.00	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3760.00	V	-	-	-75.34	9.40	-65.95	-52.9
5640.00	V	141	17	-73.00	11.20	-61.80	-48.8
7520.00	V	-	-	-72.56	11.14	-61.42	-48.4
9400.00	V	-	-	-70.61	11.60	-59.01	-46.0

Table 7-20. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 9400)

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1907.60	MHz
MODULATION SIGNAL:	WCDMA	
DISTANCE:	3	meters
LIMIT:	-13	dBm

Frequency [MHz]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Antenna Height [cm]	Turntable Azimuth [degree]	Level at Antenna Terminals [dBm]	Substitute Antenna Gain [dBi]	Spurious Emission Level [dBm]	Margin [dB]
3815.20	V	-	-	-75.03	9.33	-65.70	-52.7
5722.80	V	132	19	-69.86	11.40	-58.46	-45.5
7630.40	V	-	-	-73.25	11.34	-61.91	-48.9
9538.00	V	-	-	-71.49	11.79	-59.70	-46.7

Table 7-21. Radiated Spurious Data (PCS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 9538)

7.8 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

Test Overview and Limit

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.

b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

For Part 22, and RSS-132, and RSS-133, the frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ±0.00025% (±2.5 ppm) of the center frequency. For Part 24, Part 27, and RSS-139, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

Test Procedure Used

ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

Test Settings

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

Test Setup

The EUT was connected via an RF cable to a spectrum analyzer with the EUT placed inside an environmental chamber.

Test Notes

None

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	836,600,000	Hz
CHANNEL:	190	
REFERENCE VOLTAGE:	4.39	VDC

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQUENCY (Hz)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	4.39	- 30	836,599,719	-281	-0.0000336
100 %		- 20	836,600,001	1	0.0000001
100 %		- 10	836,599,852	-148	-0.0000177
100 %		0	836,599,977	-23	-0.0000027
100 %		+ 10	836,599,950	-50	-0.0000060
100 %		+ 20	836,599,945	-55	-0.0000066
100 %		+ 30	836,599,934	-66	-0.0000079
100 %		+ 40	836,599,882	-118	-0.0000141
100 %		+ 50	836,600,099	99	0.0000118
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.48	+ 20	836,600,033	33	0.0000039

Table 7-22. Frequency Stability Data (Cellular GSM Mode – Ch. 190)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

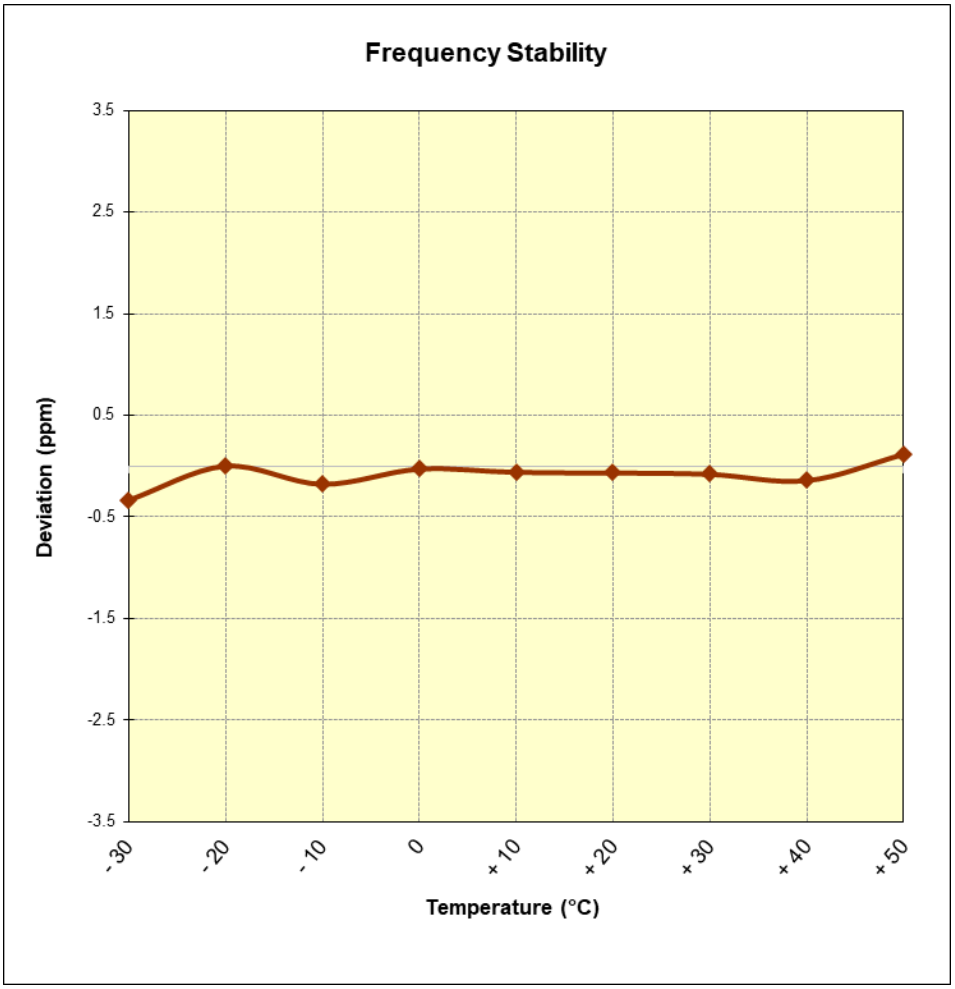


Figure 7-9. Frequency Stability Graph (Cellular GSM Mode – Ch. 190)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	836,600,000	Hz
CHANNEL:	4183	
REFERENCE VOLTAGE:	4.39	VDC

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQUENCY (Hz)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	4.39	- 30	836,600,198	198	0.0000237
100 %		- 20	836,599,983	-17	-0.0000020
100 %		- 10	836,599,864	-136	-0.0000163
100 %		0	836,600,225	225	0.0000269
100 %		+ 10	836,599,664	-336	-0.0000402
100 %		+ 20	836,600,281	281	0.0000336
100 %		+ 30	836,599,989	-11	-0.0000013
100 %		+ 40	836,599,937	-63	-0.0000075
100 %		+ 50	836,600,260	260	0.0000311
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.48	+ 20	836,599,720	-280	-0.0000335

Table 7-23. Frequency Stability Data (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Ch. 4183)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

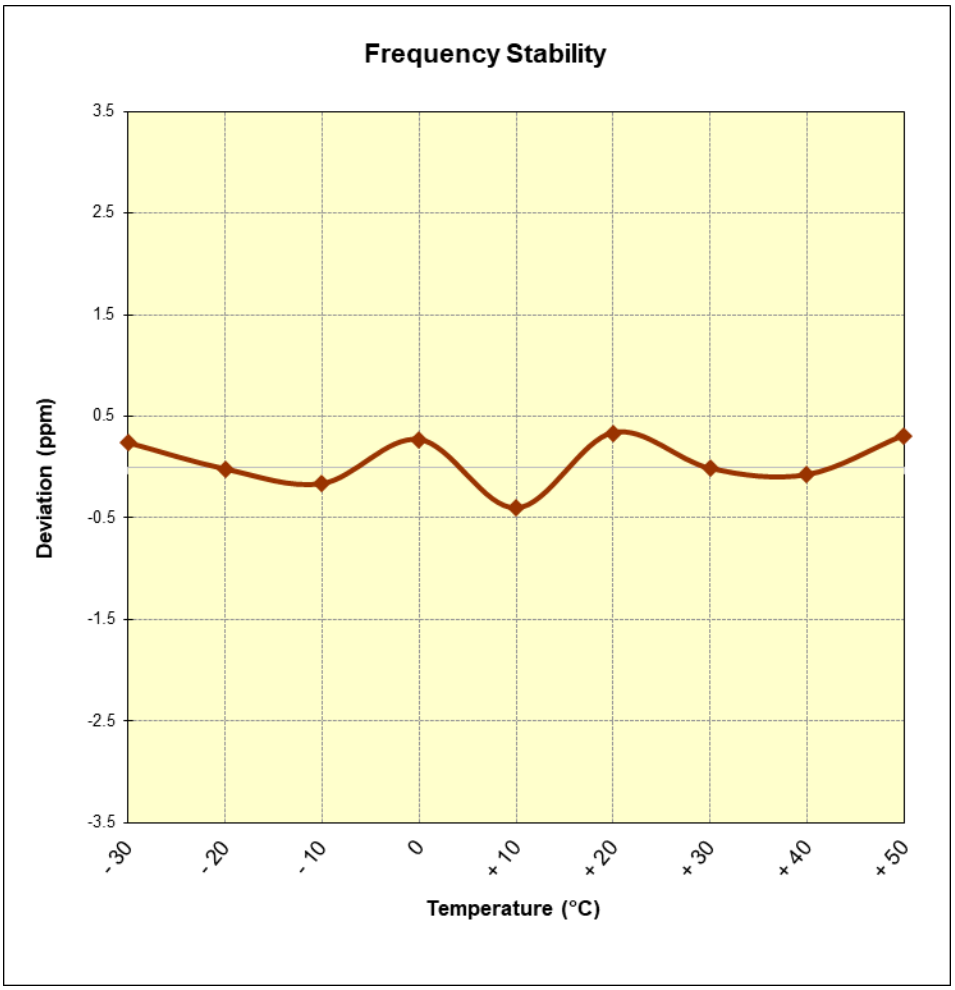


Figure 7-10. Frequency Stability Graph (Cellular WCDMA Mode – Ch. 4183)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1,732,600,000	Hz
CHANNEL:	1413	
REFERENCE VOLTAGE:	4.39	VDC

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQUENCY (Hz)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	4.39	- 30	1,732,600,116	116	0.0000067
100 %		- 20	1,732,599,813	-187	-0.0000108
100 %		- 10	1,732,600,214	214	0.0000124
100 %		0	1,732,600,129	129	0.0000074
100 %		+ 10	1,732,599,892	-108	-0.0000062
100 %		+ 20	1,732,600,009	9	0.0000005
100 %		+ 30	1,732,600,135	135	0.0000078
100 %		+ 40	1,732,599,836	-164	-0.0000095
100 %		+ 50	1,732,600,021	21	0.0000012
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.48	+ 20	1,732,600,060	60	0.0000035

Table 7-24. Frequency Stability Data (AWS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 1413)

Note:

Based on the results of the frequency stability test at the center channel the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

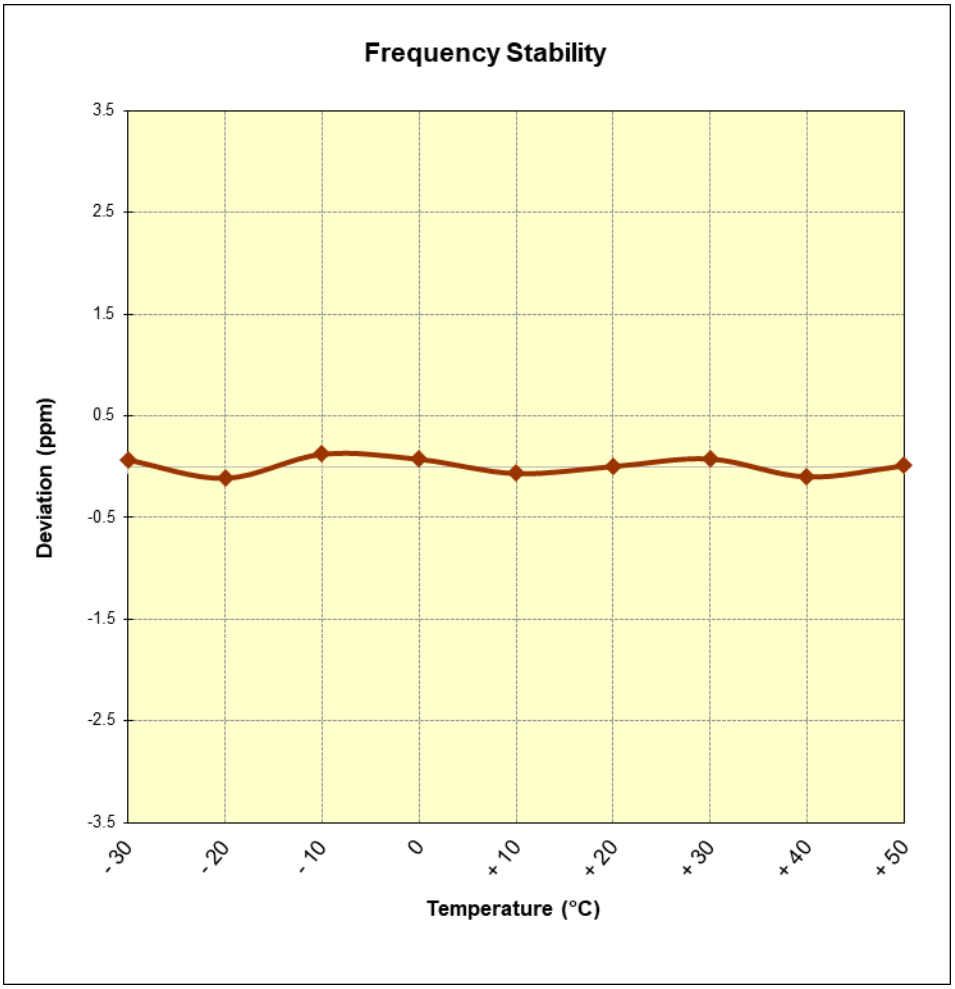


Figure 7-11. Frequency Stability Graph (AWS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 1413)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1,880,000,000	Hz
CHANNEL:	661	
REFERENCE VOLTAGE:	4.39	VDC

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQUENCY (Hz)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	4.39	- 30	1,879,999,891	-109	-0.0000058
100 %		- 20	1,880,000,257	257	0.0000137
100 %		- 10	1,880,000,304	304	0.0000162
100 %		0	1,880,000,004	4	0.0000002
100 %		+ 10	1,880,000,057	57	0.0000030
100 %		+ 20	1,880,000,140	140	0.0000074
100 %		+ 30	1,879,999,917	-83	-0.0000044
100 %		+ 40	1,879,999,898	-102	-0.0000054
100 %		+ 50	1,879,999,896	-104	-0.0000055
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.48	+ 20	1,880,000,027	27	0.0000014

Table 7-25. Frequency Stability Data (PCS GSM Mode – Ch. 661)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

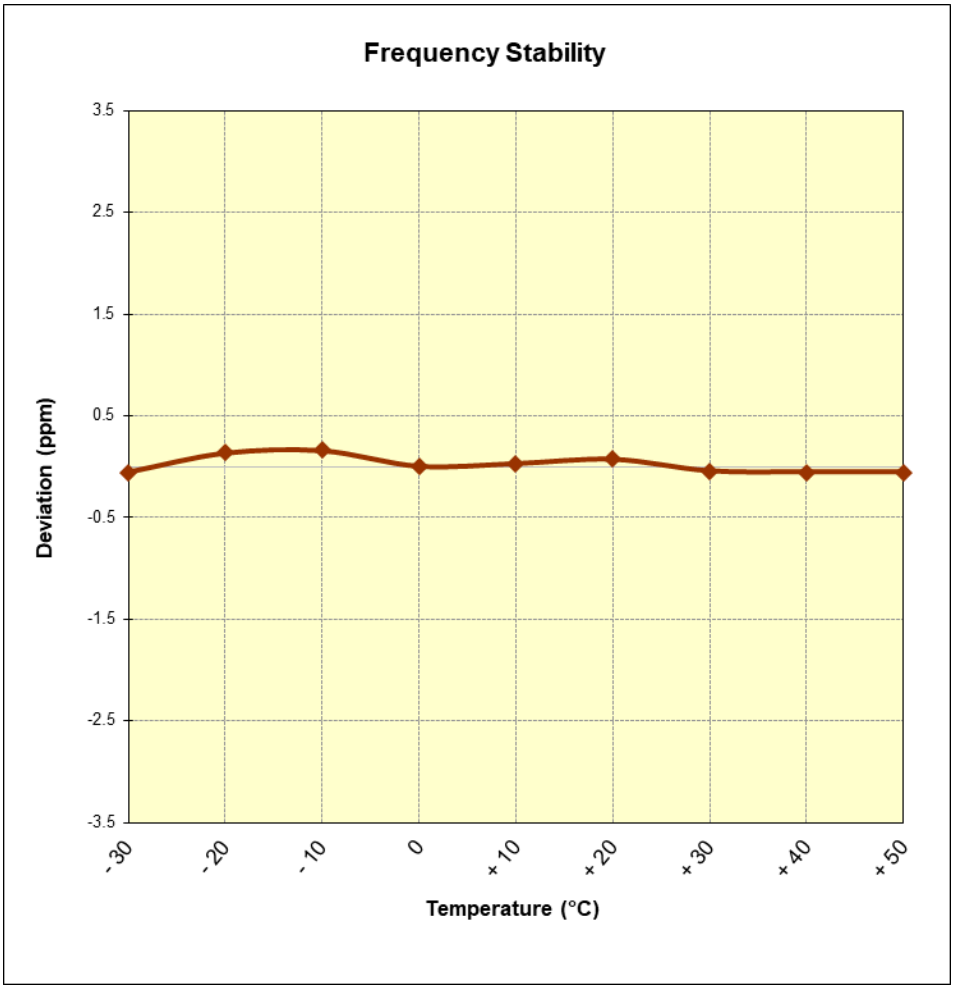


Figure 7-12. Frequency Stability Graph (PCS GSM Mode – Ch. 661)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

OPERATING FREQUENCY:	1,880,000,000	Hz
CHANNEL:	9400	
REFERENCE VOLTAGE:	4.39	VDC

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQUENCY (Hz)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	4.39	- 30	1,879,999,821	-179	-0.0000095
100 %		- 20	1,880,000,133	133	0.0000071
100 %		- 10	1,879,999,994	-6	-0.0000003
100 %		0	1,880,000,287	287	0.0000153
100 %		+ 10	1,880,000,222	222	0.0000118
100 %		+ 20	1,880,000,054	54	0.0000029
100 %		+ 30	1,880,000,183	183	0.0000097
100 %		+ 40	1,880,000,159	159	0.0000085
100 %		+ 50	1,879,999,871	-129	-0.0000069
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.48	+ 20	1,880,000,116	116	0.0000062

Table 7-26. Frequency Stability Data (PCS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 9400)

Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

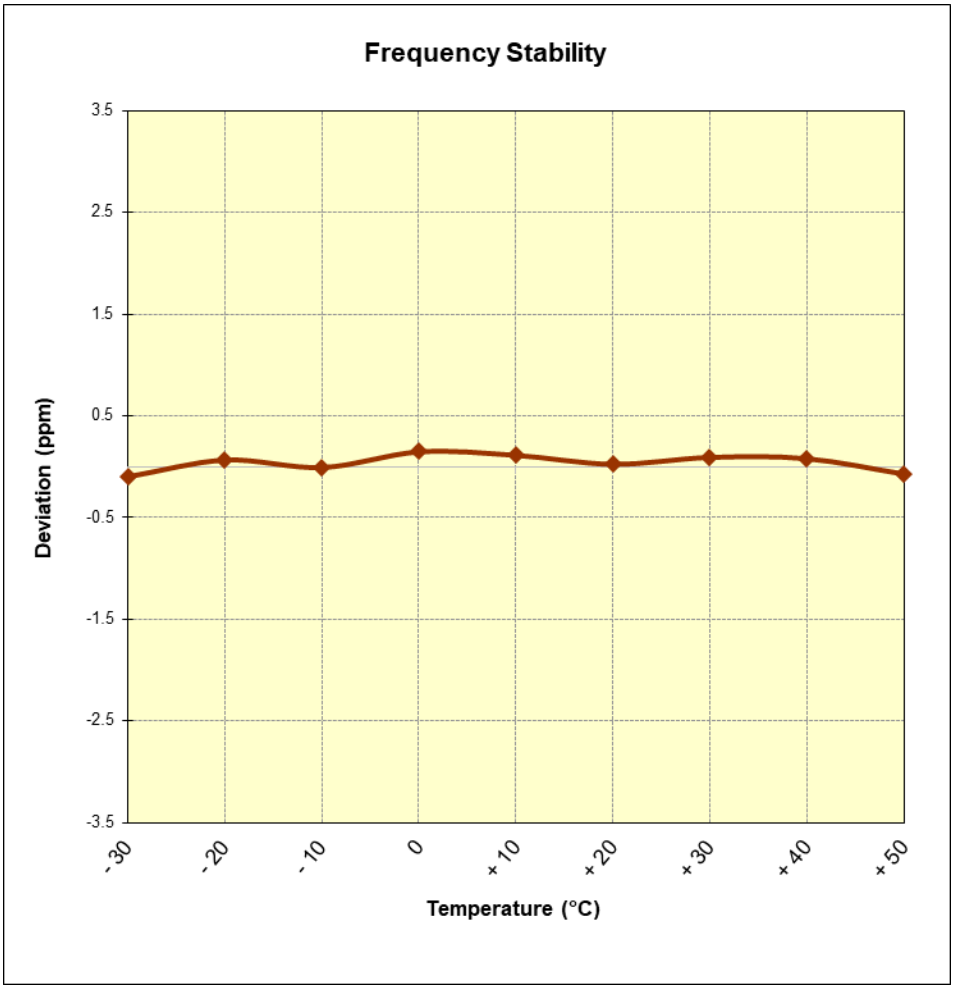


Figure 7-13. Frequency Stability Graph (PCS WCDMA Mode – Ch. 9400)

8.0 CONCLUSION

The data collected relate only to the item(s) tested and show that the **LG Portable Handset FCC ID: ZNFK400AM** complies with all the requirements of Part 22, 24, & 27 of the FCC Rules.