Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 In accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62 ; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

Product Name: NOBUX™ BLAST Brand Name: NOBUX™ Model No.: BLAST Series Model: BLAST, FLAME Test Report Number: C150330S03-SF

Issued for

NOBUX, LLC

8600 NW SOUTH RIVER DR #103 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33166,USA

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Kun shan Laboratory No.10 Weiye Rd., Innovation park, Eco&Tec, Development Zone, Kunshan City, Jiangsu, China TEL: 86-512-57355888

FAX: 86-512-57370818



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Compliance Certification ServicesInc.Date of Issue: April 12, 2015FCC ID:2AEHF-BLASTReport

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Revision History

Revision	REPORT NO.	Date	Page Revised	Contents
Original	C150330S03-SF	April 12, 2015	N/A	N/A

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1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Product Name:	NOBUX™ BLAST						
Brand Name:	NOBUX™						
Model Name.:	BLAST						
Series Model:	BLAST, FLAME						
Devices supporting GPRS:	Class B						
Description Test Mode:	The product has two SIM, SIM 1 and SIM 2 sharing a chipset does not support simultaneous work, only supports a single transmitter SIM1 or SIM 2, using SIM 1, SIM 2 will be suspended until select SIM 2, stop using the SIM 1, SIM 2 only would working.						
Device Category:	PORTABLE DEVICES						
Exposure Category:	GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE						
Date of Test:	April 1, 2015						
Applicant:	NOBUX, LLC 8600 NW SOUTH RIVER DR #103 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33166,USA						
Manufacturer:	NOBUX, LLC 8600 NW SOUTH RIVER DR #103 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33166,USA						
Application Type:	Certification						
AP	PLICABLE STANDARDS A	ND TEST PROCEDURES					
STANDARDS AND	TEST PROCEDURES	TEST RESULT					
ANSI/IEEE	E C95.1-1992	No non-compliance noted					
	Deviation from Applicable Standard						
None							
The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.							
Approved by:							

RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc. Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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2. EUT DESCRIPTION

LERE

Product Name:	NOBUX™ BLAST				
Brand Name:	NOBUX™				
Model Name.:	BLAST				
Series Model:	BLAST, FLAME				
Model Discrepancy:	Only model name and colour is different	ents.			
FCC ID:	2AEHF-BLAST				
Power reduction:	NO				
DTM Description:	Not support				
Device Category:	Production unit				
Frequency Range:	GSM 850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz				
Transmit Power(Average):	1 DCS 1000.30 /3 dBm				
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	Head: GSM 850:0.215 W/kg PCS 1900:0.516 W/kg	Body: GSM 850:0.288 W/kg PCS 1900:0.364 W/kg			
Modulation Technique:	GSM/PCS: GMSK Bluetooth : GFSK + π/4DQPSK+8DPSK				
Accessories:	Battery (rating) : Capacitance: 600 mAh Rated Voltage: 3.7 V				
Antenna Specification:	GSM: PIFA antenna Bluetooth : Dipole antenna				
Operating Mode:	Maximum continuous output				

3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this <u>device</u> is in accordance with the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

☑ KDB 447498 D01v05r02 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
 ☑ KDB 648474 D04v01r02 Handset SAR
 ☑ KDB 865664 D01v01r03 Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
 ☑ KDB 865664 D02v01r01 RF Exposure Reporting

5. TEST CONFIGURATION

For WWAN SAR testing The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528 and CENELEC EN 62209.

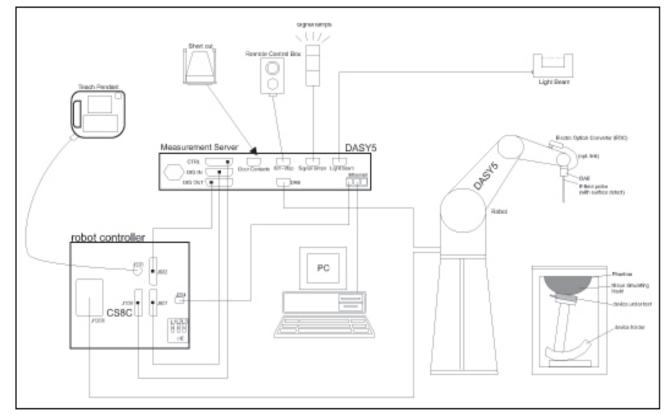
Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)										
(% by weight)	450		8	835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78	

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

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6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

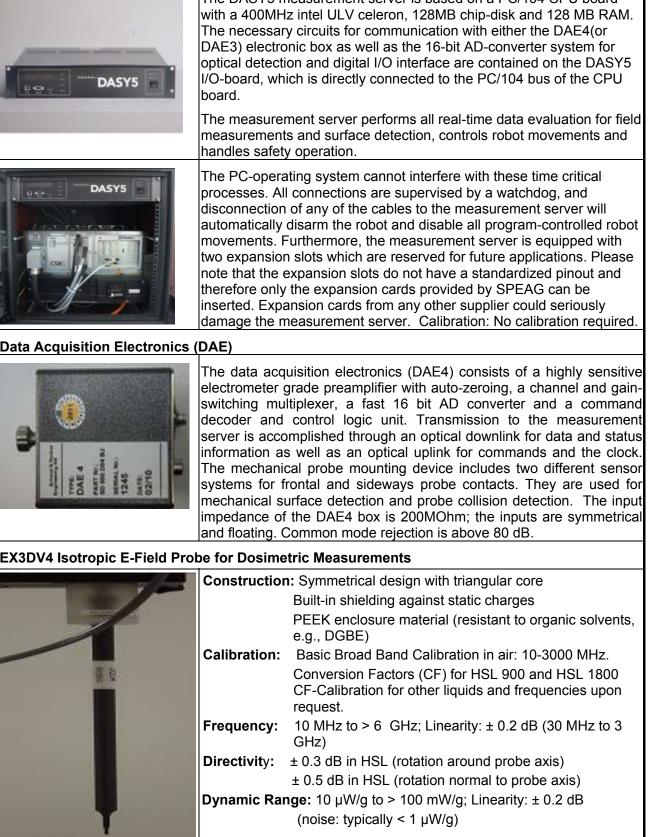


The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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- SRF	Compliance Certificatio Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2	AEHF-BLAST Report No .: C150330S03-
Dimensions:	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	/
Application:	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	
		Interior of probe
SAM Twin Pha	ntom	
Specific phantor 50360 a evaluati well as region. Referer comple and me three po Shell Thicknes	Approx. 25 liters Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 750mm	
Description Co Phantom fo body-moun range of 30 with the lat and all kno optimized r integrated i prevents ev markings o complete s positions a points. The DASY4/DA	poinstruction: or compliance testing of handheld and ited wireless devices in the frequency 0 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible est draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II wn tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been egarding its performance and can be into our standard phantom tables. A cover vaporation of the liquid. Reference n the phantom allow installation of the etup, including all predefined phantom nd measurement grids, by teaching three phantom is supported by software version SY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all simetric probes and dipoles s: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

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- SRF	Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report No .: C150330S03-S
Construction:	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).
System Validat	tion Kits for SAM Twin Phantom
Construction:	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.
Frequency:	900,1800,2450,5800 MHz
ReTune loss:	> 20 dB at specified validation position
D1800 D1900 D2450	2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm v2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm
	tion Kits for ELI4 phantom
Construction:	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.
Frequency:	900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz
ReTune loss:	> 20 dB at specified validation position
Power capabili	ty: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)
D1800 D1900	 /2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
- Conversion factor	ConvFi
- Diode compression point	dcpi
- Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
- Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ
	 Conversion factor Diode compression point Frequency Crest factor Conductivity

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

Vi = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)= Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Ui = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter) cf dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \bullet ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f}{f}$$

with Vi = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF

= Sensitivity enhancement in solution

= Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aii

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

- = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m Ei
- = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Hi

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

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$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

= total field strength in V/m E_{tot}

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³ ρ

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

= total electric field strength in V/m E_{tot}

= total magnetic field strength in A/m H_{tot}

SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

• Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

• Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< λ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors *Sb* (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and *a* (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30_ to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

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8. MEASUREMENT	UNCERTA					
Measurement unc	ertainty for	<u>30 MHz to 3</u>	B GHz a	verage	d over 1 gra	m
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	С _{і (1g)}	Std. Unc.(1-g)	V i or Vef
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration (<i>k</i> =1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00	∞
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	∞
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.88	8
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.67	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	∞
Test sample Related						
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parame	eters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	3.88	Rectangular	√3	0.78	1.75	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-3.17	Rectangular	√3	0.26	-0.48	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.78	1.53	8
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.05	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			11.56	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			23.139	%
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			1.81d	В

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram								
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	С _{і (1g)}	Std. Unc.(1-g)	♥ i or Veff		
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration (<i>k</i> =1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.0	8		
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9	8		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9	8		
Boundary Effect	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	8		
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7	8		
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	∞		
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.3	8		
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0	∞		
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	0	0.0	∞		
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	∞		
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	~		
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.2	∞		
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.7	∞		
Max. SAR Evaluation	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.6	∞		
System validation source (di	pole)				11			
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	5	Normal	1	1	5.0	8		
Dipole axis to liquid distance	2	Rectangular	√3	1	1.2	∞		
Input power and SAR drift	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	2.7	∞		
Phantom and Tissue Parame	ters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4	Rectangular	√3	1	2.3	8		
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	1	0.84	1.6	∞		
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	3.88	Rectangular	1	0.78	3.03	8		
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-3.17	Rectangular	1	0.23	-0.73	8		
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.77	∞		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.04	∞		
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			11.1	361		
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			22.26%	/0		

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE1528-2003. The budge is valid for the frequency range 30 MHz to 3G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis.

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9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Note: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

<u>Occupational/Controlled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

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EUT ARRANGEMENT 10.

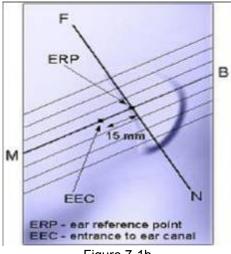
Please refer to IEEE1528-2003 illustration below.

10.1 ANTHROPOMORPHIC HEAD PHANTOM

Figure 7-1a shows the front, back and side views of SAM. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 7-1b. The plane passing through the two ear reference points and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 7-1c). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line, the thickness of the phantom shell with the shape of an ear is a flat surface 6 mm thick at the ERPs. Anterior to the N-F line, the ear is truncated as illustrated in Figure 7-1b. The ear truncation is introduced to avoid the handset from touching the ear lobe, which can cause unstable handset positioning at the cheek.



Figure 7-1b Close up side view of phantom showing the ear region



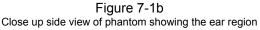


Figure 7-1c Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and the 7 cross sectional plane locations

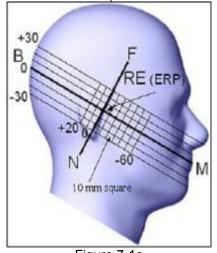


Figure 7-1c Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and the 7 cross sectional plane locations

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10.2 DEFINITION OF THE "CHEEK/TOUCH" POSITION

The "cheek" or "touch" position is defined as follows:

- a. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover. (If the handset can also be used with the cover closed both configurations must be tested.)
- b. Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 7-2a and 7-2b). and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 7-2a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 7-2b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- c. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7-2c), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- d. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the pinna.
- e. e) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- f. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- g. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna (cheek). See Figure 7-2c. The physical angles of rotation should be noted.

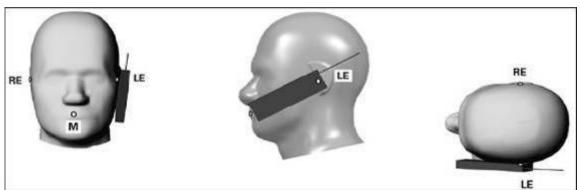
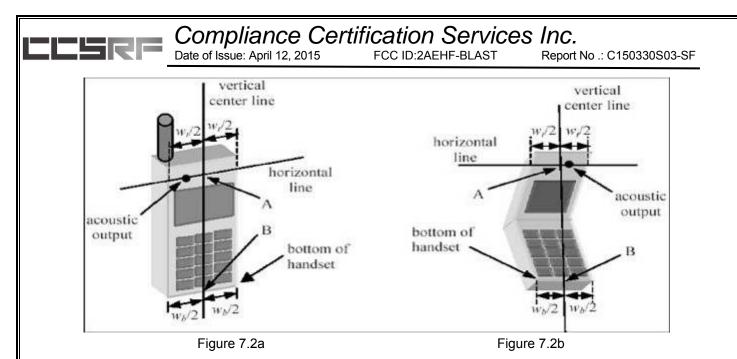


Figure 7.2c

Phone "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



10.3 DEFINITION OF THE "TILTED" POSITION

The "tilted" position is defined as follows:

- a. Repeat steps (a) (g) of 7.2 to place the device in the "cheek position."
- b. While maintaining the orientation of the handset move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE in order to enable a rotation of the handset by 15 degrees.
- c. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- d. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna (e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head), the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilted position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the head).

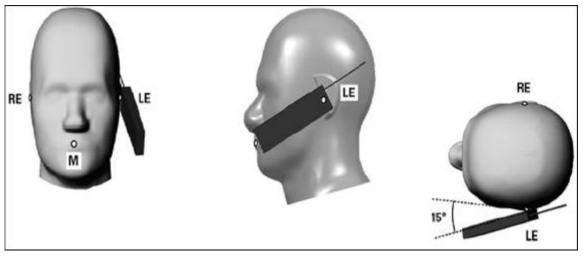


Figure 7-3 Phone "tilted" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11. **MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION 11.1

SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

KDB865664 D01 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head and Body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the KDB865664 D01 have been incorporated in the following table.

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Body			
(MHz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80		
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92		
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94		
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97		
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05		
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06		
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30		
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40		
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95		
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73		
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00		

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

LERE

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

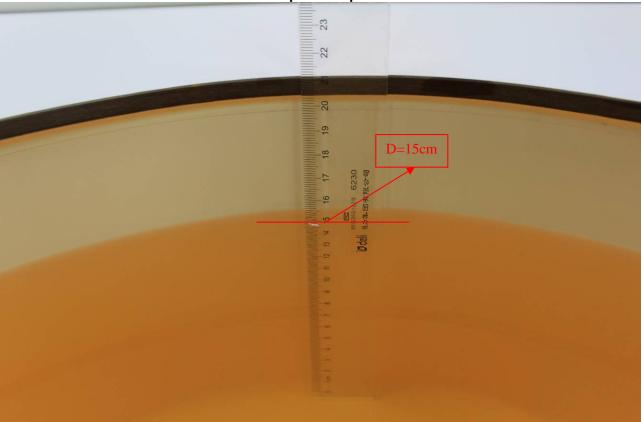
Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date
Head835	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	41.50	41.32	-0.43	± 5	2015-4-1
Tieau0000	21.5	Conductivity(σ)	0.90	0.89	-0.78	± 5	2013-4-1
Body835	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	55.20	53.45	-3.17	± 5	2015-4-1
Bouyoss		Conductivity(σ)	0.97	0.98	0.77	± 5	2013-4-1
Head1900	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	40.00	39.95	-0.12	± 5	2015-4-1
Tieau 1900	21.5	Conductivity(σ)	1.40	1.43	1.93	± 5	2013-4-1
Body1900	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	53.30	53.52	0.41	± 5	2015-4-1
B00y 1900	21.0	Conductivity(σ)	1.52	1.58	3.88	± 5	2013-4-1

11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system withan E-fileld probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 5 mm, dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was 250mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



• Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above

Depth of Liquid



Compliance Certification ServicesInc.Date of Issue: April 12, 2015FCC ID:2AEHF-BLASTReport

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SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Liquid Type	Ambient Temp. (° C)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Input Power (W)	Measured SAR1g (W/Kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	1W Normalized SAR1g(W/Kg)	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Date
Head835	22	21.5	0.25	2.32	9.50	9.28	-2.32	± 10	2015-4-1
Body835	22	21.5	0.25	2.44	9.53	9.76	2.41	± 10	2015-4-1
Head1900	22	21.5	0.25	10.16	40.40	40.64	0.59	± 10	2015-4-1
Body1900	22	21.5	0.25	10.45	40.50	41.80	3.21	± 10	2015-4-1

11.4 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power. A Radio Communication Tester "CMU200" was used to program the EUT.

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. For head SAR test, the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 3. For body SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 4 Tx PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

GSM Conducted output power(dBm):

Band		GSM 850	GSM 850 GSM 1900								
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810					
Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8					
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power											
GSM(GMSK,1Uplink)	32.81	32.57	32.19	30.57	30.41	30.73					
GPRS 8 (GMSK,1 Uplink)	32.75	32.48	32.44	29.64	29.43	29.42					
GPRS 10 (GMSK,2 Uplink)	31.91	31.73	31.63	28.89	28.74	28.69					
GPRS 11 (GMSK,3 Uplink)	30.23	29.95	29.83	27.18	27.16	27.22					
GPRS 12 (GMSK,4 Uplink)	29.13	28.82	28.58	26.15	26.14	26.32					
Maxin	num Frame	e-Averaged	d Output P	ower							
GSM(GMSK,1Uplink)	23.79	23.55	23.17	21.55	21.39	21.71					
GPRS 8 (GMSK,1 Uplink)	23.72	23.45	23.41	20.61	20.40	20.39					
GPRS 10 (GMSK,2 Uplink)	25.88	25.70	25.60	22.86	22.71	22.66					
GPRS 11 (GMSK,3 Uplink)	25.97	25.69	25.57	22.92	22.90	22.96					
GPRS 12 (GMSK,4 Uplink)	26.12	25.81	25.57	23.14	23.13	23.31					

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated methods are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst-averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dBm

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dBm

Frame-averaged power = Burst-averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dBm

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 dBm

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

2. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3. GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

1330C. April 12, 2013

Bluetooth Conducted output power(dBm):

		Average power(dBm)							
Channel	Frequency		Date Rate						
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps					
CH00	2402MHZ	-3.95	-4.78	-3.86					
CH39	2441MHZ	-3.22	-3.92	-3.94					
CH78	2480MHZ	-2.80	-3.79	-3.74					

According to KDB447498 D01:The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

- *mm*)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,₂₄ where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

• Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation25

• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

• 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth			
T	une-up Maximum power (dBm)	-2.5			
Tur	ne-up Maximum rated power (mW)	0.562			
	Antenna to user (mm)	5			
Head	Frequency(GHz)	2.480			
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.177			
	Antenna to user (mm)	15			
Body	Frequency(GHz)	2.480			
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.059			

Per KDB 447498 D01 exclusion thresholds is[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance:0.562 mW)/(min. test separation distance: 5mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.177 < 3$, Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required.

CSRF	Impliance Certification Server F Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLA		0330S03-SF
Mode	The Tune-up Maximum Avg	Range	

Mode	The Tune-up Maximum Avg Power(Customer Declared)(dBm)	Range
GSM 850	32+/-1	31~33
GPRS 850-1TS	32+/-1	31~33
GPRS 850-2TS	31.5+/-1	30.5~32.5
GPRS 850-3TS	29.5+/-1	28.5~30.5
GPRS 850-4TS	28.5+/-1	27.5~29.5
GSM 1900	30+/-1	29~31
GPRS 1900-1TS	29+/-1	28~30
GPRS 1900-2TS	28.5+/-1	27.5~29.5
GPRS 1900-3TS	27+/-1	26~28
GPRS 1900-4TS	26+/-1	25~27
Bluetooth 1Mbps	-3.5+/-1	-4.5~-2.5
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	-4+/-1	-5~-3
Bluetooth 3Mbps	-3.5+/-1	-4.5~-2.5

So, they are in tune-up range and complied.

11.5 SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

Body Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

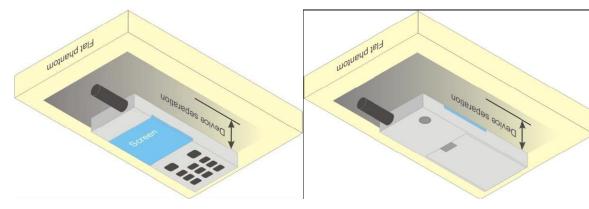
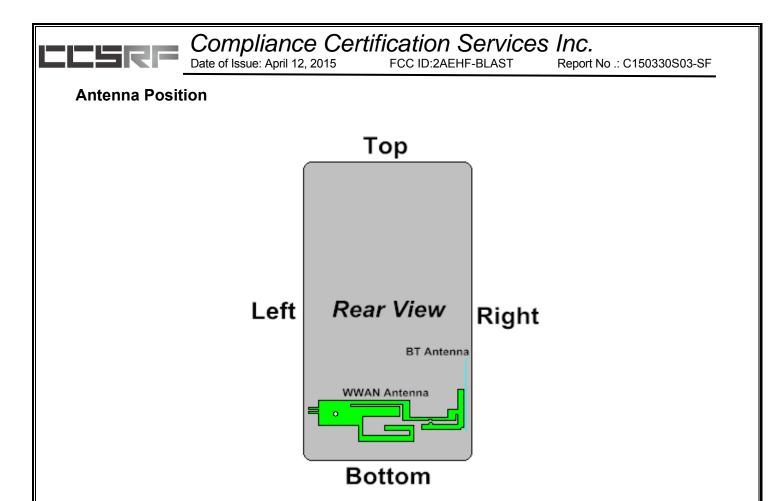


Illustration for Body Worn Position

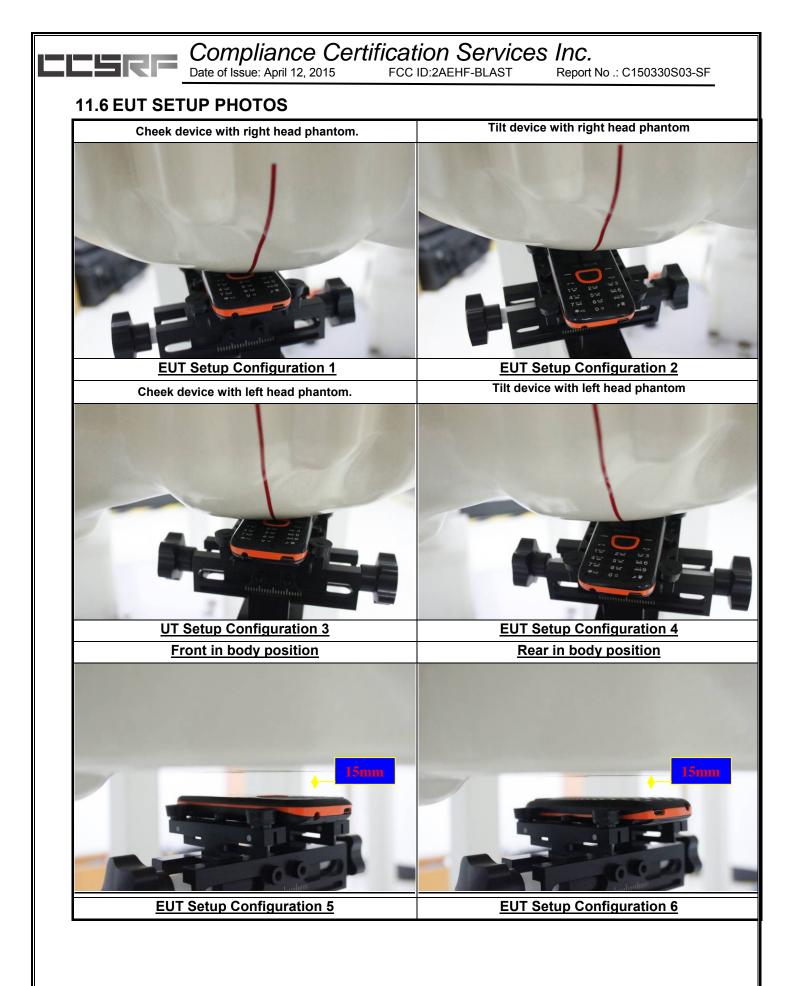


Device dimensions (H x W): 110 x 43 mm

Antennas	Wireless Interface
WWAN Antenna	GSM850 PCS1900
BT Antenna	Bluetooth

Test Mode

GSM 850/PCS1900	Data transmission mode(GPRS)/Voice mode(GSM)



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11.7 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Head SAR Test Records

GSM SAR

LERE

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
GSM850	Voice	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	-0.06	0.206	0.215
GSM850	Voice	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	0.08	0.122	0.127
GSM850	Voice	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	-0.01	0.170	0.178
GSM850	Voice	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	-0.04	0.135	0.141
PCS1900	Voice	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	0.01	0.375	0.399
PCS1900	Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	0.08	0.144	0.153
PCS1900	Voice	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	0.08	0.485	0.516
PCS1900	Voice	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	-0.03	0.120	0.128

SAR Results for Body Position Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Front	15	128	824.2	29.13	29.5	1.089	-0.06	0.075	0.082
GSM850	GPRS 4slots	Rear	15	128	824.2	29.13	29.5	1.089	-0.03	0.170	0.185
GSM850	Voice	Front	15	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	0.05	0.133	0.139
GSM850	Voice	Rear	15	128	824.2	32.81	33	1.045	-0.06	0.276	0.288
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Front	15	810	1909.8	26.32	27	1.169	-0.07	0.093	0.109
PCS1900	GPRS 4slots	Rear	15	810	1909.8	26.32	27	1.169	0.06	0.215	0.251
PCS1900	Voice	Front	15	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	-0.11	0.139	0.148
PCS1900	Voice	Rear	15	810	1909.8	30.73	31	1.064	0.08	0.342	0.364



11.8 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,for each frequence band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/Kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

11.9 SAR HANDSETS MULTI XMITER ASSESSMENT

	Position	Applicable Combination		
Simultaneous Transmission	Head	WWAN (voice) + BT		
		WWAN (voice) + BT		
	Body-worn	WWAN (data)+BT		

Note:

- 1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05 based on the formula below.

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR. 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth:

	Max power	Head (5mm distance)	Body (15mm distance)
Estimated SAR (W/kg)	-2.5 dBm	0.024	0.008

3 Per KDB 447498 D01v05, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.

2) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan

If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR is compliant

3) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

Result of SUM \sum SAR_{1g} of Head

SUM ∑SAR1g (GSM850+ Bluetooth)				
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]		SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	GSM850	Bluetooth	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.215	0.024	0.239
Right Tilted	0	0.127	0.024	0.151
Left Cheek	0	0.178	0.024	0.202
Left Tilted	0	0.141	0.024	0.165

SUM ∑SAR1g (PCS1900 Bluetooth)				
Position	Distance	Stand alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]		SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	PCS1900	Bluetooth	WWAN + Bluetooth
Right Cheek	0	0.399	0.024	0.423
Right Tilted	0	0.153	0.024	0.177
Left Cheek	0	0.516	0.024	0.540
Left Tilted	0	0.128	0.024	0.152

Result of SUM \sum SAR1g for Body

SUM ∑SAR1g (GSM850+ Bluetooth)					
Position	Distance	Stand alone SA	R(1g) [W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	
	[mm]	GSM850	Bluetooth	WWAN + Bluetooth	
Front	15	0.139	0.008	0.147	
Rear	15	0.288	0.008	0.296	

SUM ∑SAR1g (PCS1900 Bluetooth)					
Position	Distance	Stand alone SA	R(1g) [W/kg]	SUM SAR(1g)[W/kg]	
	[mm]	PCS1900	Bluetooth	WWAN + Bluetooth	
Front	15	0.148	0.008	0.156	
Rear	15	0.364	0.008	0.372	



12. EUT PHOTO





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Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report Report No .: C150330S03-SF STAINLESS STEEL ⊕ θ G O NUBUX

ESS STEEL NUBUX L ITHIUM-ION BATTERY MADE IN CHINA DL



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EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS 13.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
PC	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	83732B	US37101915	05/30/2014	05/29/2015
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	SN:109525	01/12/2015	01/11/2016
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292714	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Peak & Average sensor	Agilent	E9327A	us40441788	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/28/2014	07/27/2015
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2014	07/21/2015
DIPOLE 835MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D835V2	4d114	07/30/2013	07/28/2015
DIPOLE 1900MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d136	07/22/2013	07/20/2015
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

14. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

15. REFERENCES

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16. ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit

Content

- 1 System Performance Check Plots
- 2 Dipole calibration report D835V2 SN:4d114
- 3 Dipole calibration report D1900V2-SN:5d136
- 4 DAE calibration report DEA4 SD000D04BM SN: 1245
- 5 Probe calibration report EX3DV4 SN :3798
- 6 SAR Test Plots



APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK

The plots are showing as followings.

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report No .: C150330S03-SF

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 4/1/2015 System Performance Check-Head D835 DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d114 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.893 S/m; ε_r = 41.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014 •
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); •
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) •

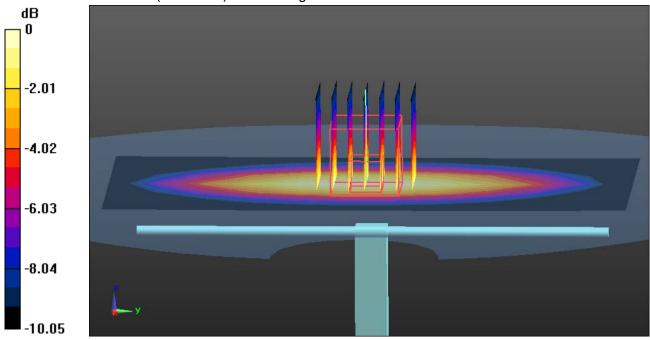
System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=15 mm (EX-

Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.80 V/m: Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date: 4/1/2015 System Performance Check-Body D835 DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d114 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.9775 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 7/28/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2014 •
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); •
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) •

System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/dist=15mm, Pin=250 mW(EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg

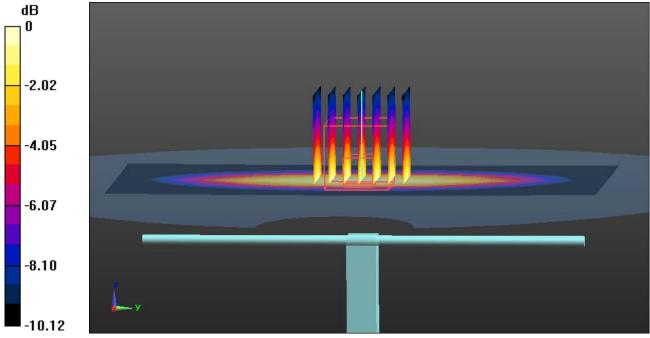
System Performance Check at Frequencies Low 1 GHz/dist=15mm, Pin=250 mW(EX-

Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.59 V/m: Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.01 W/kg



0 dB = 3.01 W/kg = 4.79 dBW/kg



- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom; Type: QD 000 P40 CD; Serial: 1609
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

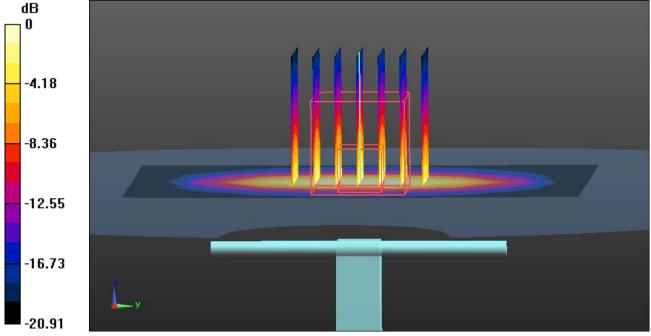
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-

Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.28 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg



0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg



- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

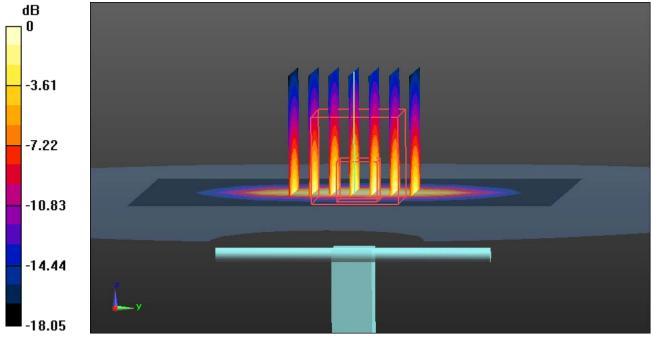
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-

Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg



Compliance Certification ServicesInc.Date of Issue: April 12, 2015FCC ID:2AEHF-BLASTReport

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APPENDIX B: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing as followings .

Calibration Laborator Schmid & Partner Engineering AG			Schweizerischer Kalibrierdie Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuric	h, Switzerland	Carl Work's S	Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredits The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the n	e is one of the signatories	s to the EA	No.: SCS 108
Client CCS-CN (Aude	n)	Certificate No	. D835V2-4d114_Jul1:
CALIBRATION O	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	114	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	we 700 MHz
Celibration date:	1.1.00.0010		
The measurements and the unco	artainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an	d are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unco	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cited in the closed laborator		d are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ents the traceability to nati artainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages an ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Certificate No.)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPN-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ents the traceability to nati analistics with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages an ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ents the traceability to nati analistics with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327	robability are given on the following pages an ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPN-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ents the traceability to nati analistics with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages an ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ents the traceability to nati analities with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ents the traceability to nati analities with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ents the traceability to nati analities with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057 (206327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Check Date (in house)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ents the traceability to nati analities with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unor All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPN-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ents the traceability to nati attainties with confidence p cited in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*0 Cal Date (Centificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) Function	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Apr-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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С

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.8 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.50 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.9 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.53 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.32 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 1.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 32.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 Ω - 3.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.399 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	June 29, 2010	

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

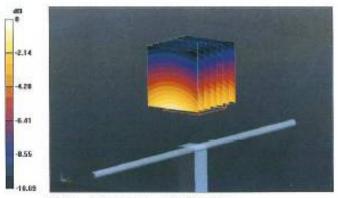
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d114

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.702 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg

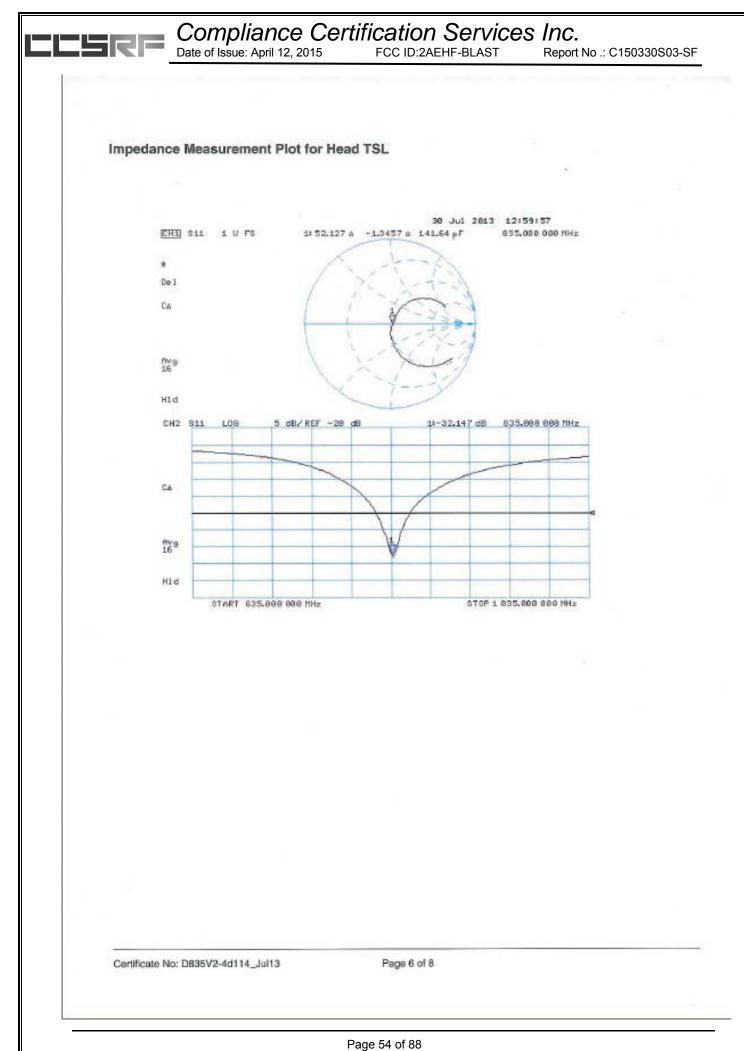


0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13

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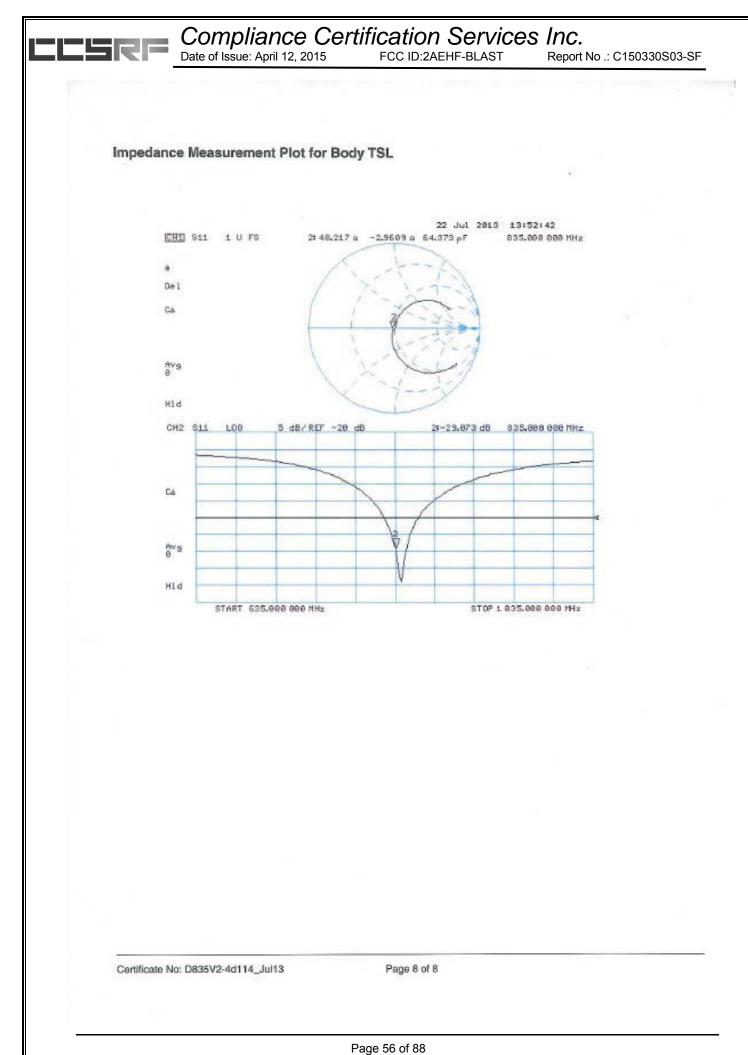


DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 22.07.2013 Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d114 Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY52 Configuration: Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013 Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001 DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164) Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.853 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg 3.00 6.00 9.80 12.00 0 dB = 2.83 W/kg = 4.52 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d114_Jul13

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Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

D835V2, Serial No.4d114 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB, within 20% of prior

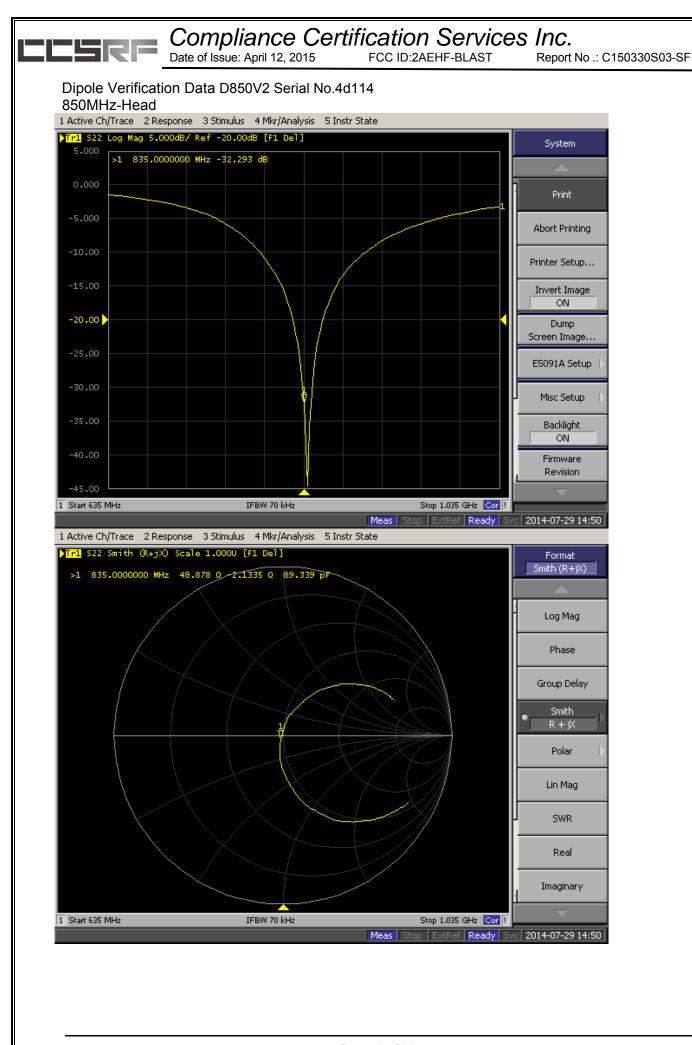
calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

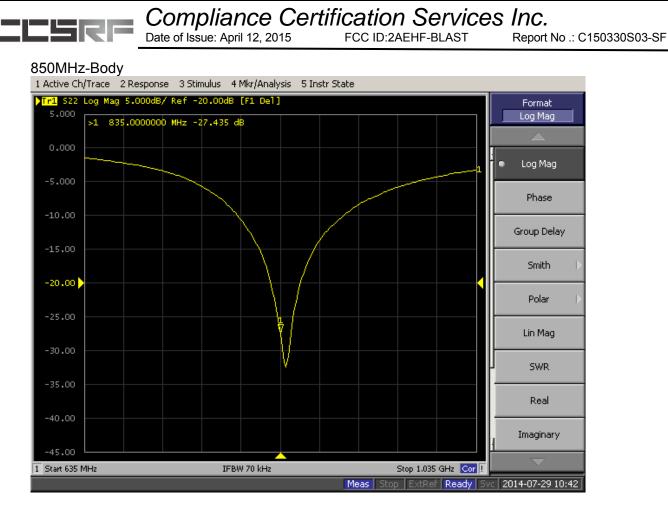
		D850	V2 Serial No.4	d114		
			850 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.30.2013	-32.147		52.127		-1.346	
7.29.2014	-32.293	0.45	48.878	3.249	-2.134	0.788

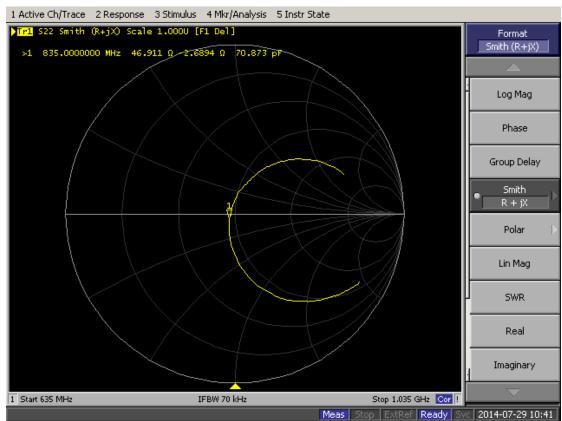
		D850	V2 Serial No.4	d114		
			850 Body			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.30.2013	-29.073		48.217		-2.961	
7.29.2014	-27.435	5.63	46.911	1.306	-2.689	0.272

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



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Calibration Labora Schmid & Partner	atory of		
Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004		Hac MRA	Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
	reditation Service (SAS) ervice is one of the signatorie the recognition of calibration	s to the EA	n No.: SCS 108
Client CCS-CN (A	-		: D1900V2-5d136_Jul
CALIBRATIO	N CERTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	d136	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 22, 2013		
	onducted in the closed laborato I (M&TE critical for calibration)	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	10 #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuato	for the second	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combinal Reference Probe ES3DV3	tion SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
DAE4	SN: 601	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Dec-13 Apr-14
Sampley Street de	line		Debug de di Directo
Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # MY41092317	Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06		04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753	E US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	7 le
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	delle
			0 /

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zoughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET). "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- · Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d136 Jul13

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)	

SAR averaged over 10 cm ² (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.4 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certilicate No: D1900V2-5d136_Jul13

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω + 7.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7 Ω + 7.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

1.203 ns	
	1.203 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the 'Measurement Conditions' paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	April 14, 2010	

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d136_Jul13

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

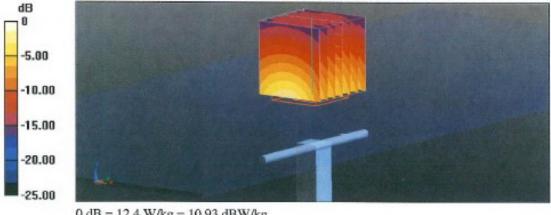
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d136

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg

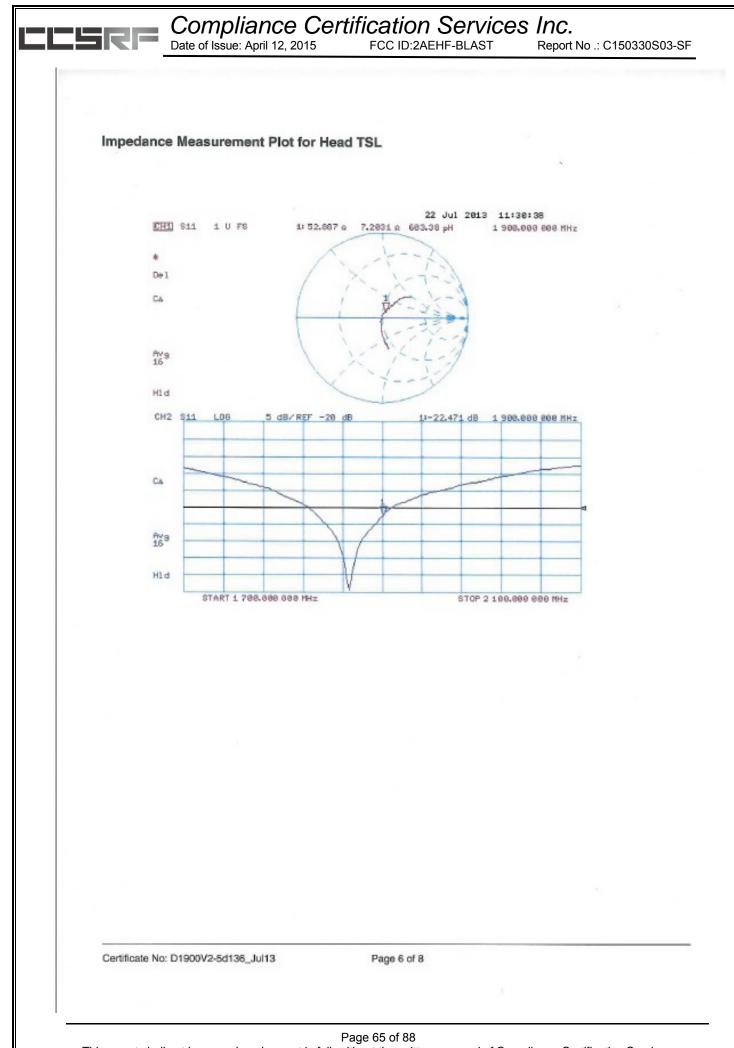


0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d136_Jul13

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

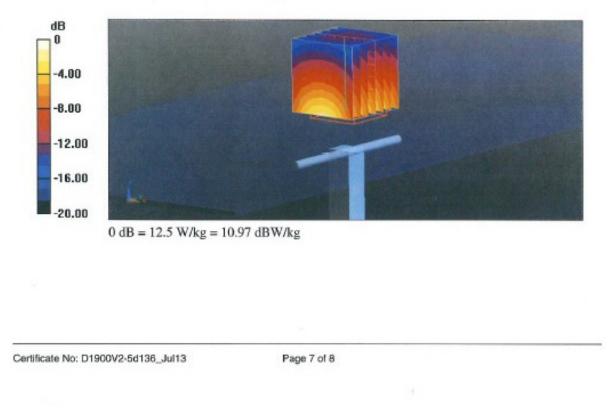
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d136

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

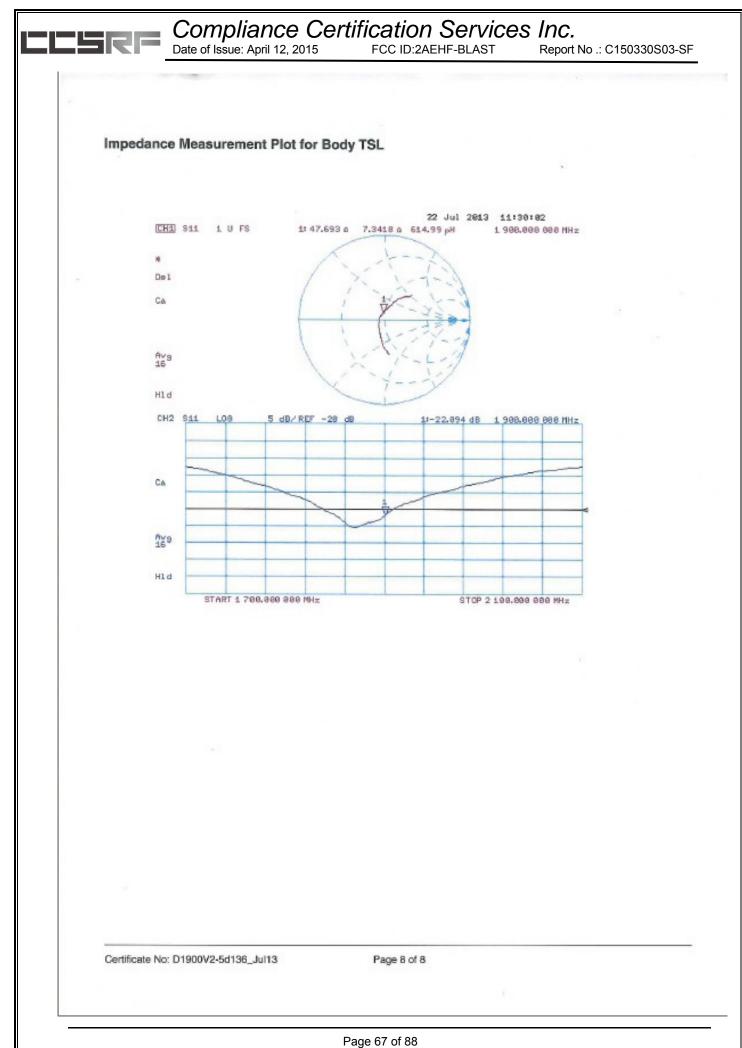
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



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Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

D1900V2, Serial No.5d136 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement Per KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not

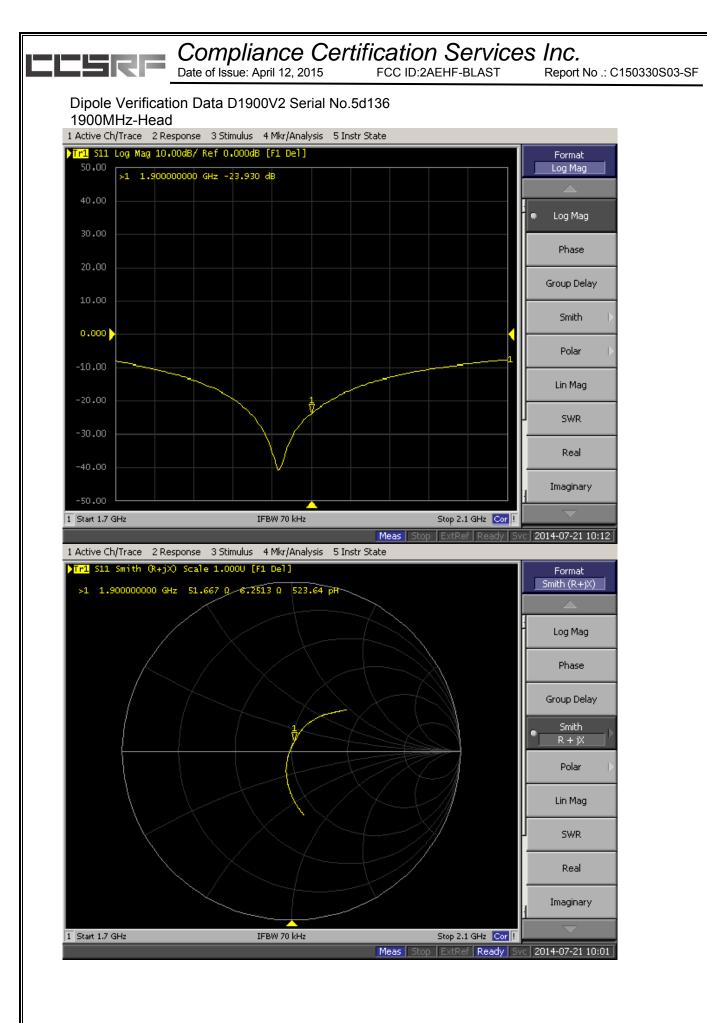
necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

		D1900	V2 Serial No.	5d136		
			1900 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.22.2013	-22.471		52.887		7.2031	
7.21.2014	-23.930	6.49	51.667	1.22	6.2513	0.9518

		D1900	V2 Serial No.	5d136		
			1900 Body			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
7.22.2013	-22.094		47.693		7.3418	
7.21.2014	-22.704	2.76	47.761	0.068	6.8096	0.5322

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

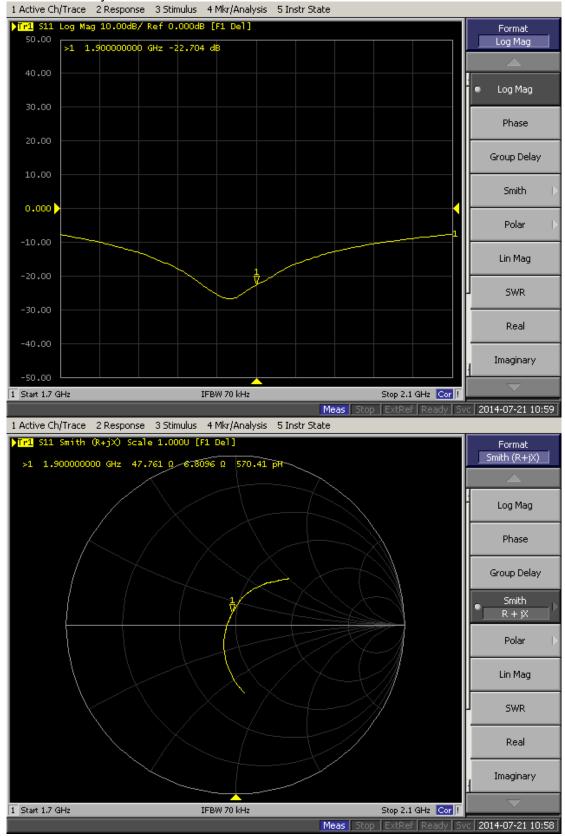


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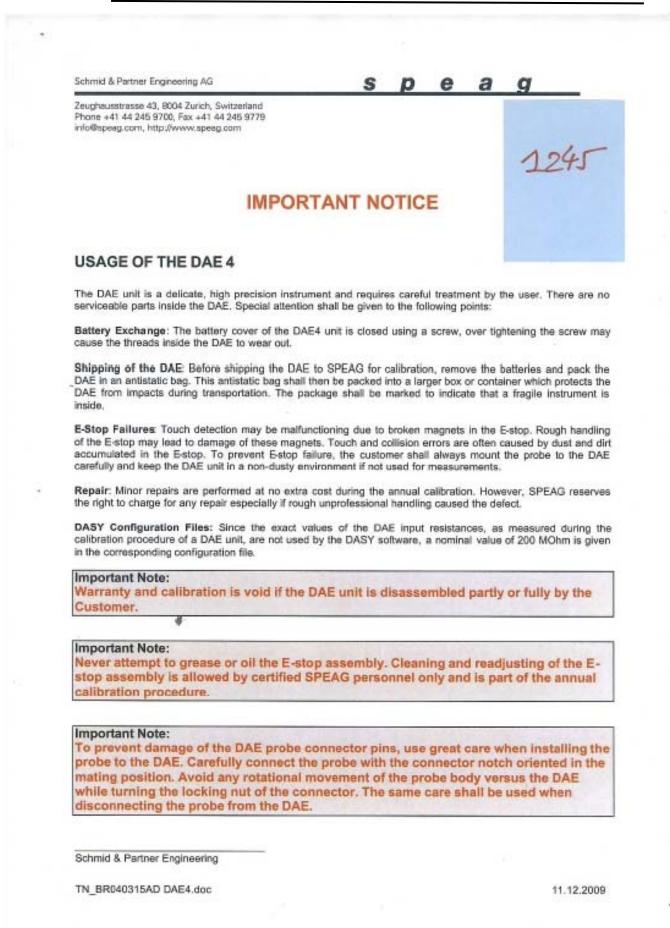
Compliance Certification ServicesInc.Date of Issue: April 12, 2015FCC ID:2AEHF-BLASTReport

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

1900MHz-Body



FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST



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Calibration Laborato Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Journal AG Accredited by the Swiss Accred	ch, Switzerland	Accreditation	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdig Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service No.: SCS 108
The Swiss Accreditation Servi Multilateral Agreement for the			
Client CCS-CN (Aud	en)	Certificate No:	DAE4-1245_Jul14
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 1245	North Cont
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v26 Calibration proces	dure for the data acquisition elect	ronics (DAE)
The measurements and the un	certainties with confidence pr	onal standards, which realize the physical units obsbillty are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M	ments the traceability to natio partainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration)	obability are given on the following pages and v facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator	obability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M <u>Primary Standards</u> Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810276	obability are given on the following pages and v facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 01-Oct-13 (No:13976) <u>Check Date (in house)</u>	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	obability are given on the following pages and v facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID #	obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 01-Oct-13 (No:13976) <u>Check Date (in house)</u> 07-Jan-14 (in house check)	and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Oct-14 <u>Scheduled Check</u> In house check: Jan-15 In house check: Jan-15
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M <u>Primary Standards</u> Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 <u>Secondary Standards</u> Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0610276 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UWS 006 AA 1002	obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Oct-13 (No:13976) Check Date (in house) 07-Jan-14 (in house check) 07-Jan-14 (in house check) Function	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-15 In house check: Jan-15

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Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: April 12, 2015 FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST Report

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 6004 Zurich, Switzerland



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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
 result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	405.988 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.710 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.849 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Bange	4 00335 ± 1 50% (k=2)	3 98492 ± 1 50% (k=2)	4 02547 + 1 50% (k-2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	30.5°±1°
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199996.75	-0.27	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20001.39	1.15	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20000.78	0.74	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	199998.13	1.27	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.37	0.12	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20002.24	-0.66	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199998.24	1.21	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000.36	0.20	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.75	-0.03	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.33	-0.09	-0.00
Channel X + Input	200.90	0.40	0.20
Channel X - Input	-198.83	0.46	-0.23
Channel Y + Input	2000.00	-0.26	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199.61	-0.91	-0.45
Channel Y - Input	-200.08	-0.81	0.41
Channel Z + Input	2001.30	1.40	0.07
Channel Z + Input	200.05	-0.31	-0.15
Channel Z - Input	-200.89	-1.31	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Ingut Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (μ۷)
Channel X	200	-7.83	-9.32
	- 200	10.88	9.44
Channel Y	200	-7.71	-8.33
	- 200	5.77	5.63
Channel Z	200	-5.90	-5.96
	- 200	4.79	4.74

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		2.85	-2.60
Channel Y	200	9.53		4.34
Channel Z	200	9.98	6.64	-

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Report No .: C150330S03-SF

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15875	16740
Channel Y	16455	16504
Channel Z	15939	16860

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.16	-0.50	2.34	0.49
Channel Y	-0.81	-2.25	0.40	0.49
Channel Z	-0.59	-1.82	0.83	0.56

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Schmid & Enginer Zeughausstn	on Laborator & Partner ering AG rasse 43, 8004 Zuric (the Swiss Accredita	h, Switzerland	BOURA (P. DATA	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
The Swiss A	ccreditation Service	e is one of the signatories	to the EA	
	-	ecognition of calibration of		ENO 0700 1.1144
Client C	CCS-CN (Aude	in)	Certificate No:	EX3-3798_Jul14
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Object		EX3DV4 - SN:379	98	Concentration of the
Calibration p	rocedure(s)		A CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.v6
Calbration d	inter	July 28, 2014		
The measure	rements and the unce	vents the traceability to natio artainties with confidence pr	inal standards, which realize the physical units obsibility are given on the following pages and a socility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	are part of the certificate.
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Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



ORUBRATO

FCC ID:2AEHF-BLAST

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C Service suisse d'étaionnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Date of Issue: April 12, 2015

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization @	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 3	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx, y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx.y.z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Compliance Certification ServicesInc.Date of Issue: April 12, 2015FCC ID:2AEHF-BLASTReport

Report No .: C150330S03-SF

EX3DV4 - SN:3798

July 28, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3798

Manufactured: April 5, 2011 Calibrated:

July 28, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4- SN:3798

July 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)2)4	0.54	0.51	0.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) [#]	97.6	99.3	96.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^L (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.7	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.000	142.0	-
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁶ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁶ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. ⁶ Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV4-SN:3798

July 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^C (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.28	1.12	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.13	9.13	9.13	0.58	0.68	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.41	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.40	0.83	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.33	0.92	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid comparisation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^O Alpha/Depth are determined during celebration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always loss than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4-- SN:3798

July 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth [®] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.22	9.22	9.22	0.32	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.96	8.96	8.96	0.55	0.76	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.77	0.58	±.12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.45	1.90	± 13,1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.75	3.75	3.75	0.50	1.90	±13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

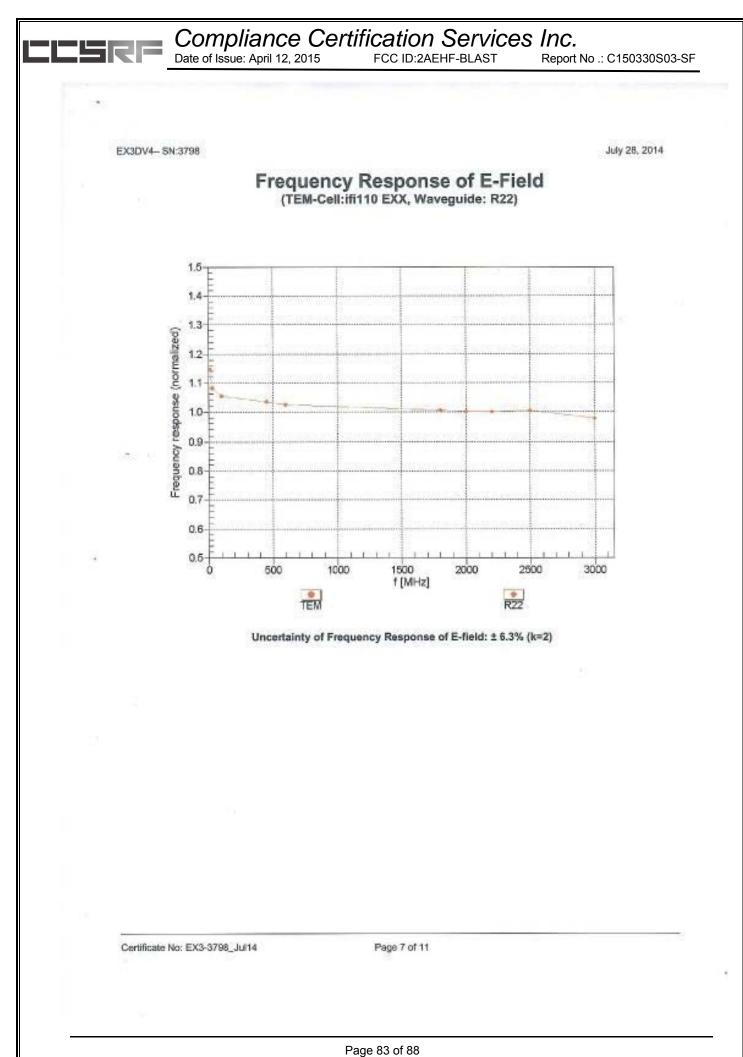
⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

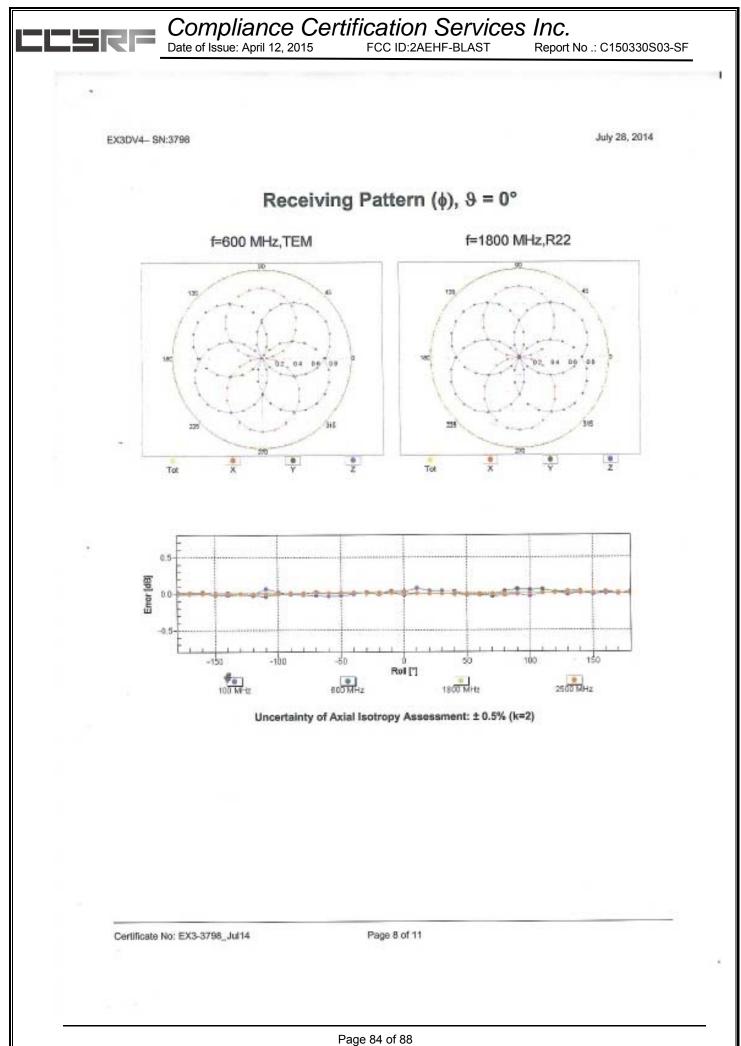
⁷ At traquancies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid companiation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

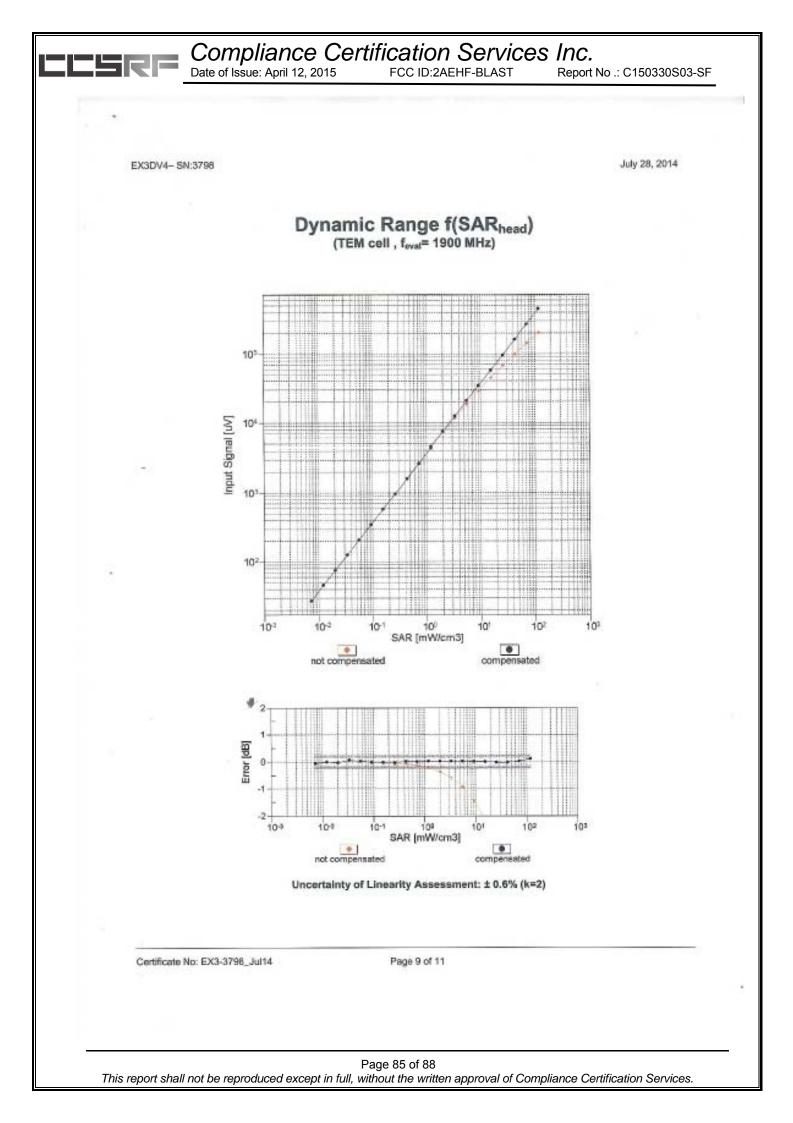
the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

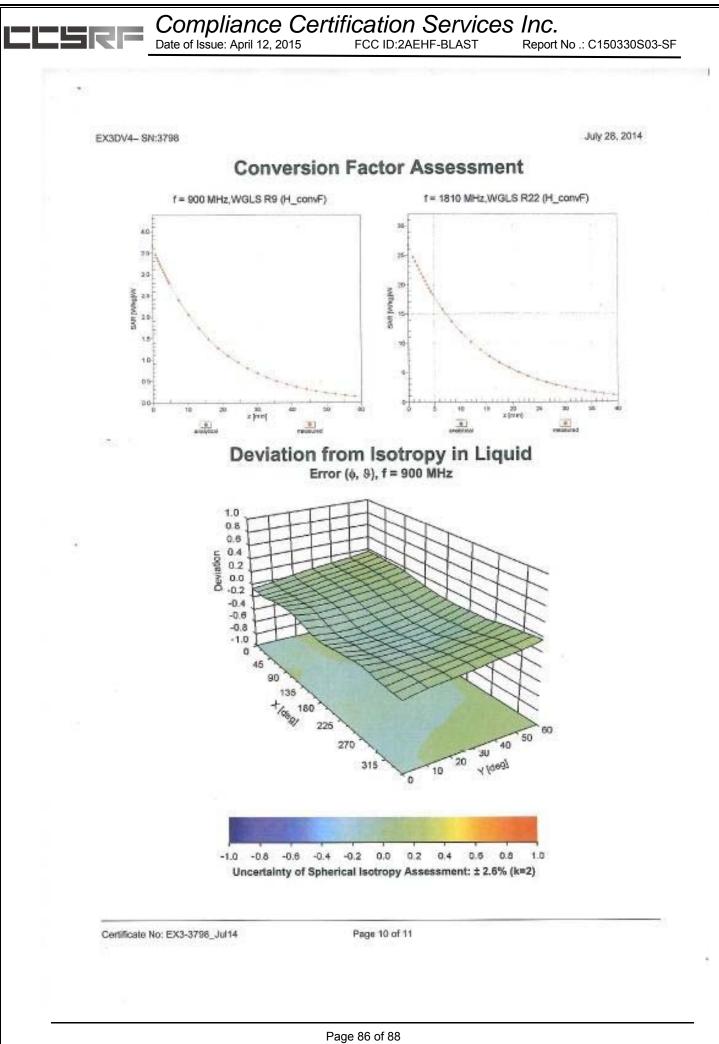
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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	-39.7		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337 mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm		
Tip Length	9 mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm		

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APPENDIX C: PLOTS OF SAR TEST RESULT

The plots are showing in the file named Appendix C Plots of SAR Test Result

END REPORT