

Report No. : FA473072

FCC SAR Test Report

Equipment : Easy Connect

Brand Name : Gemtek

Model No. : WRTD-303N

FCC ID : MXF-WRTD303N

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

Applicant : Gemtek

No.15-1 Zhonghua Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park, Hukou, Hsinchu,

Taiwan, 30352

The product sample received on Jun.21, 2014 and completely tested on Aug. 18, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Gary Chang / Manager

Testing Laboratory

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APPENDIX A. Plots of System Performance Check

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APPENDIX B. Plots of SAR Measurement

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Appendix D. Test setup Photos

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Revision History

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA473072	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 11, 2014

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1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing as follows.

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz Band	0.61		0.61
Body	WLAN5.8GHz Band	0.58	NII	0.61
	WLAN2.4GHz Band	0.77	DTS	0.77

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This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

1.1 Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02

1.2 Testing Location Information

	Testing Location								
Wen	ADD : No. 13-1, Ln. 19, Wen 33rd St., Kwei-Shan Hsiag, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.								
	TEL : 886-3-3180792								

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Equipment Under Test (EUT) 2

2.1 **General Information**

Product Feature & Specification					
Equipment Name	Easy Connect				
Brand Name	Gemtek				
Model Name	WRTD-303N				
FCC ID	MXF-WRTD303N				
Frequency Range	WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz				
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype				

Specification of Accessory					
	Brand Name	WTE Battery			
Battery 1	Model Name	303N			
	Power Rating	7.4V, 4050mAh, 29.97Wh			

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3 RF Exposure Limits

3.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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3.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
14.02	13.20	13.13		

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
0.08	1.6	4.0		

 Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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4 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

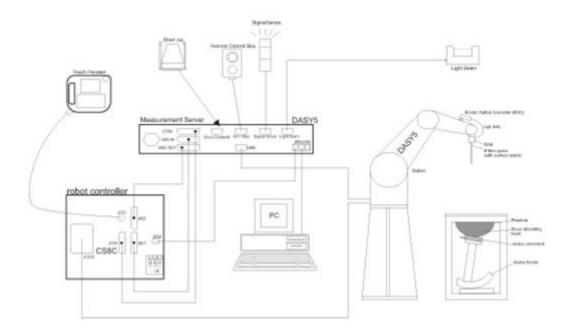
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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5 System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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6 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

6.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (g) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (b) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (c) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (d) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (e) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g $\,$

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6.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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6.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

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6.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01.

		≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
num zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}		\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
graded grid 1^{st} two po to phanto $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$
	uniform g graded grid	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ $\frac{\Delta z_{Zoom}(1): \text{ between }}{1^{\text{st}} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface}}$ $\frac{\Delta z_{Zoom}(n): \text{ between }}{\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \text{ between subsequent points}}$	$ \begin{array}{c} - \\ \text{patial resolution: } \Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}} \\ \text{uniform grid: } \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n) \\ \\ \text{graded grid} \\ \\ \frac{\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)\text{: between}}{\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)\text{: between to phantom surface}} \\ \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ \\ \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ \\ \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ \\ \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points} \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \\ \leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Doom}}(n>1)\text{: between subsequent points}} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

6.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

6.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medel	Serial Number	Calibration	
Manuracturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	929	2014/2/12	2015/2/11
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1171	2014/2/13	2015/2/12
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3820	2014/5/15	2015/5/14
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	2014/2/11	2015/2/10
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	15542	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Mini-Circuits Power Amplifier		605601404	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Agilent ENA Series Network Analyzer		MY46419201	2014/1/15	2015/1/14
R&S	R&S Spectrum Analyzer		100305	100305 2013/10/3	
Agilent	Agilent MXG-B RF Vector Signal Generator		MY53050081	2014/4/8	2015/4/7
SPEAG	SPEAG Dielectric Probe Kit		1146	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	949003	2014/1/28	2015/1/27
Anritsu	Anritsu Power sensor		917017	2014/1/28	2015/1/27
SPEAG	SPEAG Flat Phantom ELI5.0		1238	NCR	NCR
Wisewind	Themometer	HTC1	HTC1	2013/12/25	2014/12/24
Wisewind Themometer		YF-160A	130504609	2013/12/25	2014/12/24

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General Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- 5. NCR: No calibration request.

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8 System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
	For Head							
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (εr)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (εr) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	22.7	2.011	52.57	1.95	52.7	3.13	-0.25	±5	2014/8/13
5200	22.5	5.297	47.654	5.3	49	-0.06	-2.75	±5	2014/8/12
5200	22.8	5.296	47.633	5.3	49	-0.08	-2.79	±5	2014/8/18
5800	22.9	6.221	46.344	6	48.2	3.68	-3.85	±5	2014/8/14

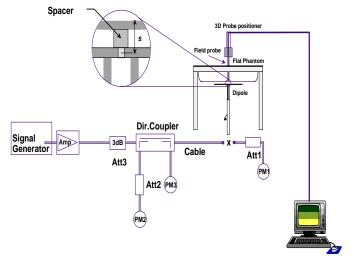
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8.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/8/13	2450	Body	250	929	3820	1424	12.8	51.40	51.20	-0.389
2014/8/12	5200	Body	100	1171	3820	1424	7.17	74	71.70	-3.108
2014/8/18	5200	Body	100	1171	3820	1424	7.96	74	79.60	7.568
2014/8/14	5800	Body	100	1171	3820	1424	7.55	74.1	75.50	1.889





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System Performance Check Setup

Setup Photo

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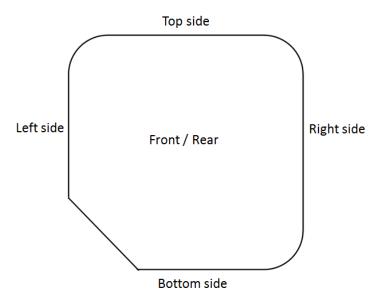
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9 RF Exposure Positions

9.1 SAR Testing for EUT



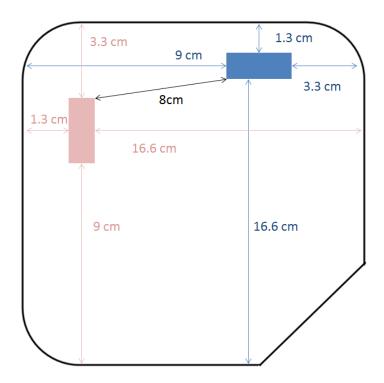
Please refer to Appendix D. for the test setup photos.

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10 **Antenna Location**



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11 Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.

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- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11g, 11n-HT20 and 11n-HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

<2.4GHz WLAN Antenna>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted average power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
11b	1	2412	1	23.03	23.50
11b	6	2437	1	24.64	25.00
11b	11	2462	1	22.22	22.50
11g	1	2412	6	19.76	20.00
11g	6	2437	6	21.26	21.50
11g	11	2462	6	19.49	19.50
HT20	1	2412	MCS0	18.74	19.00
HT20	6	2437	MCS0	21.08	21.50
HT20	11	2462	MCS0	18.07	18.50
HT40	3	2422	MCS0	17.81	18.00
HT40	6	2437	MCS0	19.31	19.50
HT40	9	2452	MCS0	17.18	17.50

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General Note:

1. Per FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion

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- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11n/ac-HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11a mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.
- 4. For 802.11ac SAR evaluation for each frequency band, 802.11ac VHT80 will verified at the worst case found in 802.11a SAR testing.

<5.2GHz WLAN Antenna>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted average power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
11a	CH 36	5180	6	18.49	18.50
11a	CH 40	5200	6	18.34	18.50
11a	CH 44	5220	6	18.26	18.50
11a	CH 48	5240	6	18.61	19.00
HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	18.55	19.00
HT20	CH 40	5200	MCS0	18.64	19.00
HT20	CH 44	5220	MCS0	18.52	19.00
HT20	CH 48	5240	MCS0	18.54	19.00
HT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	16.85	17.00
HT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	20.83	21.00
VHT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	18.67	19.00
VHT20	CH 40	5200	MCS0	18.76	19.00
VHT20	CH 44	5220	MCS0	18.59	19.00
VHT20	CH 48	5240	MCS0	18.63	19.00
VHT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	16.96	17.00
VHT40	CH 46	5230	MCS0	20.92	21.00
VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0	15.43	15.50

<5.8GHz WLAN Antenna>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted average power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
11a	CH 149	5745	6	20.31	20.50
11a	CH 153	5765	6	20.18	20.50
11a	CH 157	5785	6	20.42	20.50
11a	CH 161	5805	6	19.87	20.00
11a	CH 165	5825	6	19.98	20.00
HT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	18.54	19.00
HT20	CH 153	5765	MCS0	19.80	20.00
HT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	20.13	20.50
HT20	CH 161	5805	MCS0	19.84	20.00
HT20	CH 165	5825	MCS0	19.83	20.00
HT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	16.26	16.50
HT40	CH 159	5795	MCS0	19.87	20.00
VHT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	18.62	19.00
VHT20	CH 153	5765	MCS0	20.05	20.50
VHT20	CH 157	5785	MCS0	20.25	20.50
VHT20	CH 161	5805	MCS0	19.90	20.00
VHT20	CH 165	5825	MCS0	19.94	20.00
VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	16.35	16.50
VHT40	CH 159	5795	MCS0	19.99	20.00
VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0	15.56	16.00

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12 SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 616217 D04v01r01, the additional separation introduced by the contour against a flat phantom is < 5 mm and reported SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, a curved or contoured back surface or edge SAR is not required, more detail information please refer to the setup photo.
- 4. When the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

12.1 Body SAR

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1		802.11b	Front Face	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	0.08	0.710	0.77
2		802.11b	Rear Face	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	-0.04	0.397	0.43
3	2.4 GHz	802.11b	Left Side	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	-0.05	0.063	0.07
4	2.4 GHZ	802.11b	Right Side	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	-0.07	0.156	0.17
5		802.11b	Top Side	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	-0.03	0.349	0.38
6		802.11b	Bottom Side	1	6	2437	24.64	25	1.09	-0.02	0.021	0.023

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<NII WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-u p Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reporte d 1g SAR (W/kg)
7		802.11a	Front Face	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	0.06	0.151	0.17
8		802.11a	Rear Face	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	-0.07	0.162	0.18
9		802.11a	Left Side	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	-0.06	0.033	0.04
10		802.11a	Right Side	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	-0.07	0.235	0.26
11	5.2 GHz	802.11a	Top Side	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	-0.07	0.345	0.38
12		802.11a	Bottom Side	1	48	5240	18.61	19	1.09	0.01	0.013	0.014
13		802.11n HT40	Top Side	1	46	5230	20.83	21	1.04	-0.05	0.590	0.61
37		802.11ac VHT40	Top Side	1	46	5230	20.92	21	1.02	-0.02	0.492	0.50
38		802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	1	42	5210	15.43	15.5	1.02	-0.01	0.025	0.03

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
30		802.11a	Front Face	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	-0.08	0.276	0.28
31		802.11a	Rear Face	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	0.09	0.197	0.20
32		802.11a	Left Side	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	0.03	0.044	0.045
33	5.8 GHz	802.11a	Right Side	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	-0.16	0.529	0.54
34		802.11a	Top Side	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	0	0.567	0.58
35		802.11a	Bottom Side	1	157	5785	20.42	20.5	1.02	-0.09	0.025	0.03
36		802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	1	155	5775	15.56	16	1.11	-0.01	0.156	0.17

<Simultaneous Transmission SAR>

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required since WiFi 2.4 GHz and 5GHz cannot transmit simultaneously.

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13 Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (±%) (1g)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1.0	1.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9
Boundary effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Modulation Response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.4
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1.0	1.0	0.3
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Dipole Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	2.9
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Phantom and Tissue parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.5
SAR corrction	1.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	1.9
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.0	Normal	1.0	0.8	1.6
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.1	Normal	1.0	0.3	0.5
Temp. unc Conduct	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.8	1.5
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.2	0.1
Combined Standard Uncertainty					11.2
Coverage Factor for 95 %					Kp=2
Expanded Uncertainty					22.4

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Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (±%) (1g)
Measurement System				'	
Probe Calibration	6.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9
Boundary effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Modulation Response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.4
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1.0	1.0	0.3
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.3
Dipole Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	2.9
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Phantom and Tissue parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.8
SAR corrction	1.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	1.9
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.0	Normal	1.0	0.8	1.6
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.1	Normal	1.0	0.3	0.5
Temp. unc Conduct	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.8	1.5
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.2	0.1
Combined Standard Uncertainty					12.3
Coverage Factor for 95 %					Kp=2
Expanded Uncertainty					24.7

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Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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14 References

[1] Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz)

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- [2] EN 50566:2013, "Product standard to demonstrate compliance of radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices used by the general public (30 MHz - 6 GHz)" March 2013.
- [3] EN 62311:2008, "Assessment of electronic and electrical equipment related to human exposure restrictions for electromagnetic fields (0 Hz 300 GHz)", January 2008
- [4] EN 62209-2:2010, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices. Human models, instrumentation, and procedures. Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", August 2010
- [5] EN 62479:2010 "Assessment of the compliance of low power electronic and electrical equipment with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 MHz to 300 GHz)", December 2010
- [6] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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