

8.6 TEST RESULT

Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.7V

Test CH	Peak Output Power (dBm)				Limit(dBm)	Result
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(HT20)	802.11n(HT40)		
Lowest	6.245	5.879	5.808	4.593	30.00	Pass
Middle	5.811	5.907	5.766	4.262		
Highest	5.583	5.404	5.284	4.244		

9. CONDUCTED BAND EDGE AND SPURIOUS EMISSION

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D0115.247 Meas Guidancev05r02

9.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in15.209(a).

9.2 TEST PROCEDURE

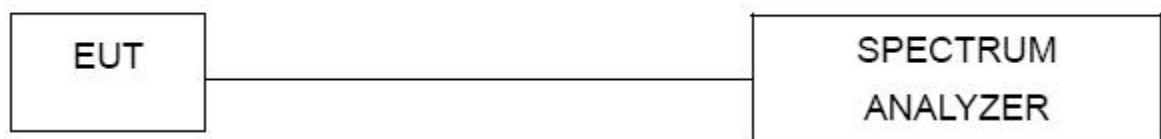
Using the following spectrum analyzer setting:

- A) Set the RBW = 100KHz.
- B) Set the VBW = 300KHz.
- C) Sweep time = auto couple.
- D) Detector function = peak.
- E) Trace mode = max hold.
- F) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

9.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

9.4 TEST SETUP

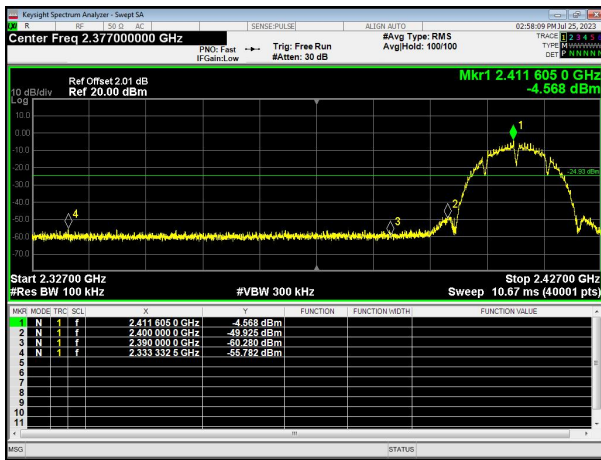


9.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

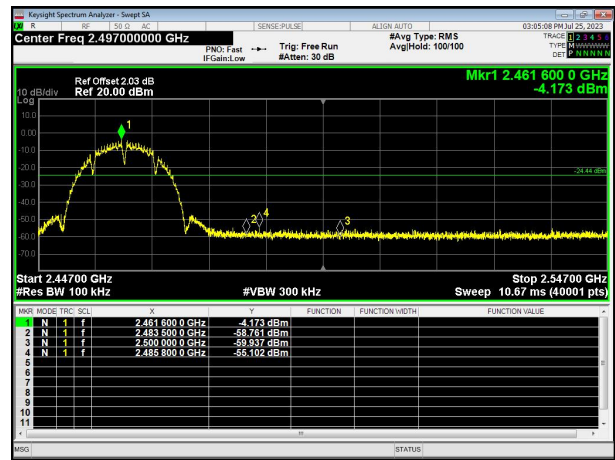
The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

9.6 TEST RESULTS

Test plot as follows:
Test mode:802.11b

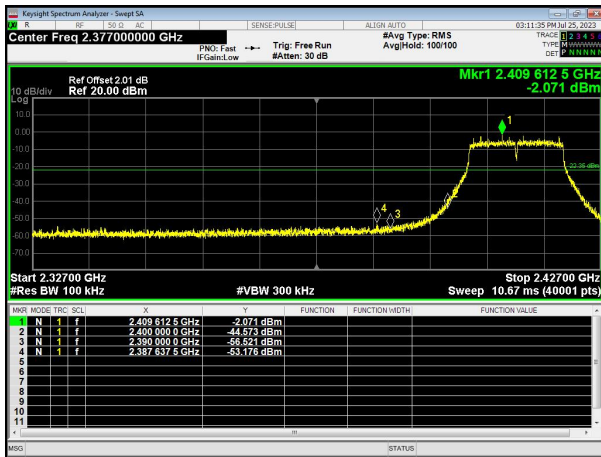


Lowest channel

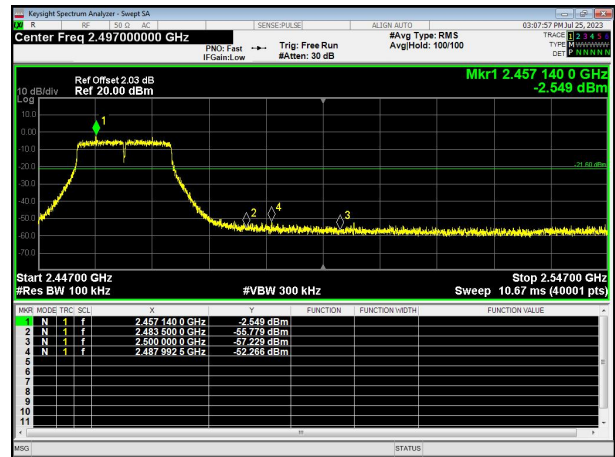


Highest channel

Test mode:802.11g

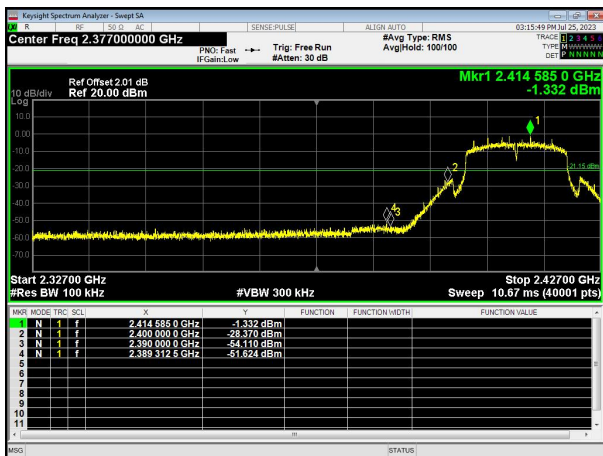


Lowest channel

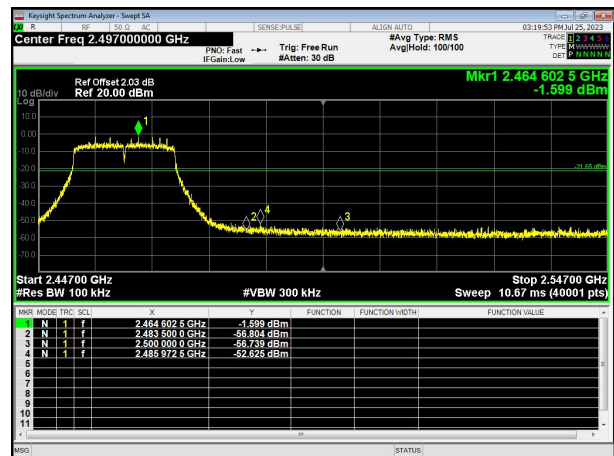


Highest channel

Test mode:802.11n(HT20)

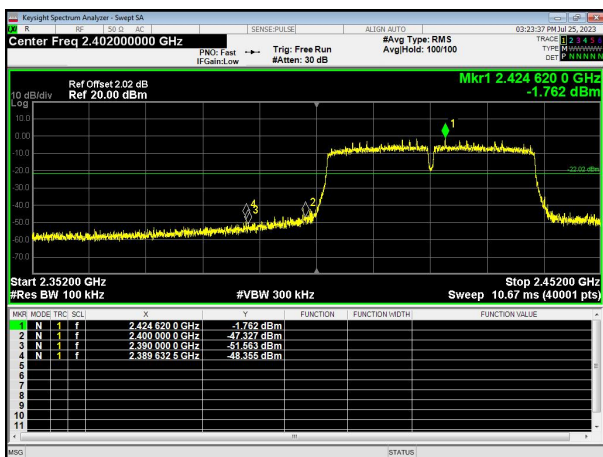


Lowest channel

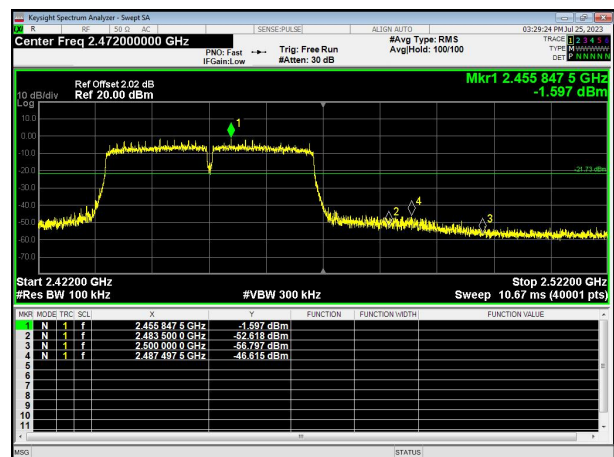


Highest channel

Test mode:802.11n(HT40)



Lowest channel

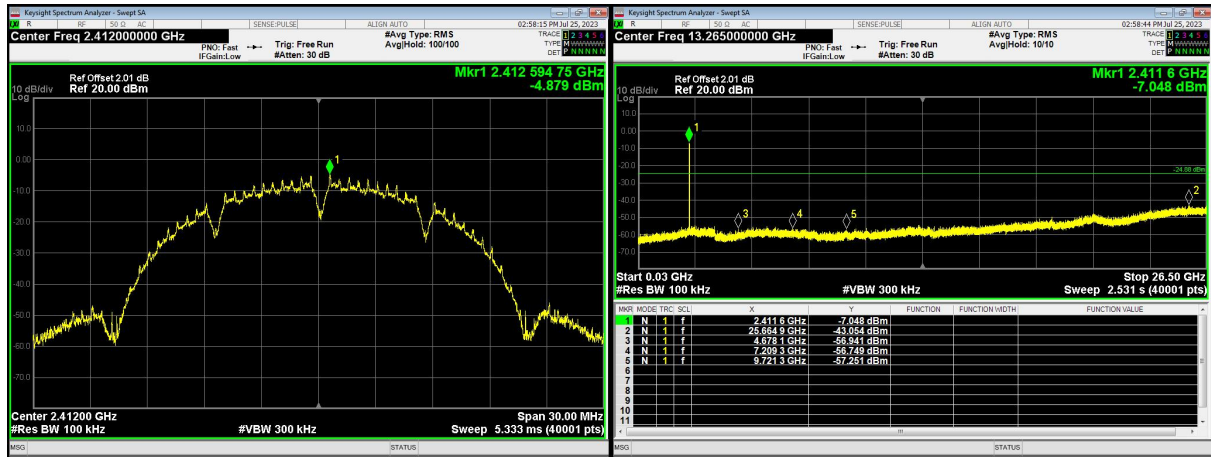


Highest channel

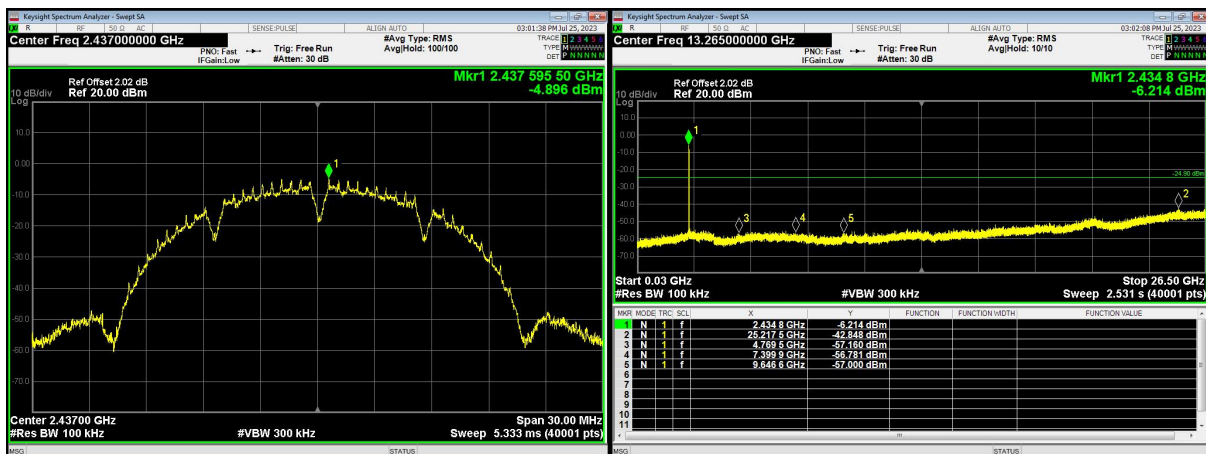
Test plot as follows:

802.11b

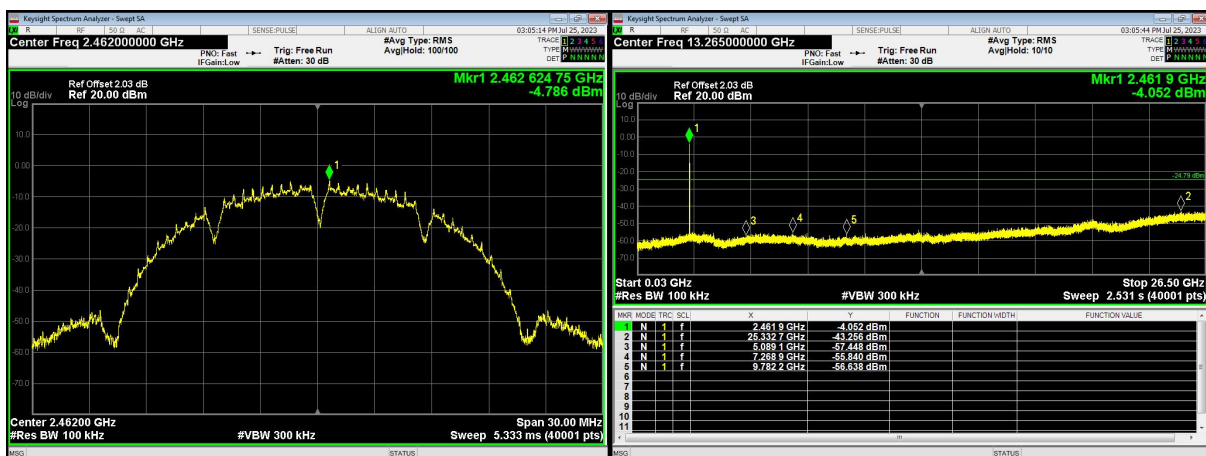
Lowest channel



Middle channel

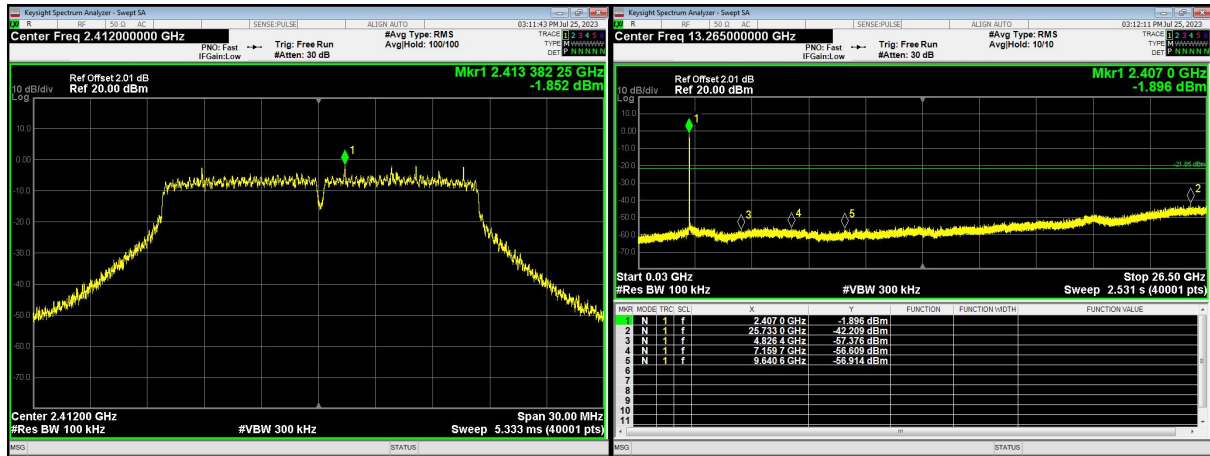


Highest channel

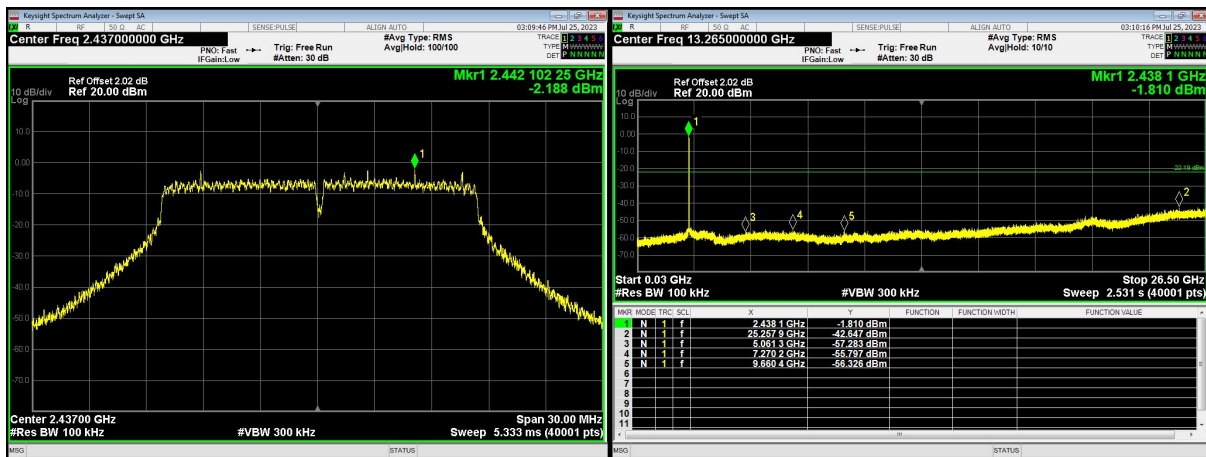


802.11g

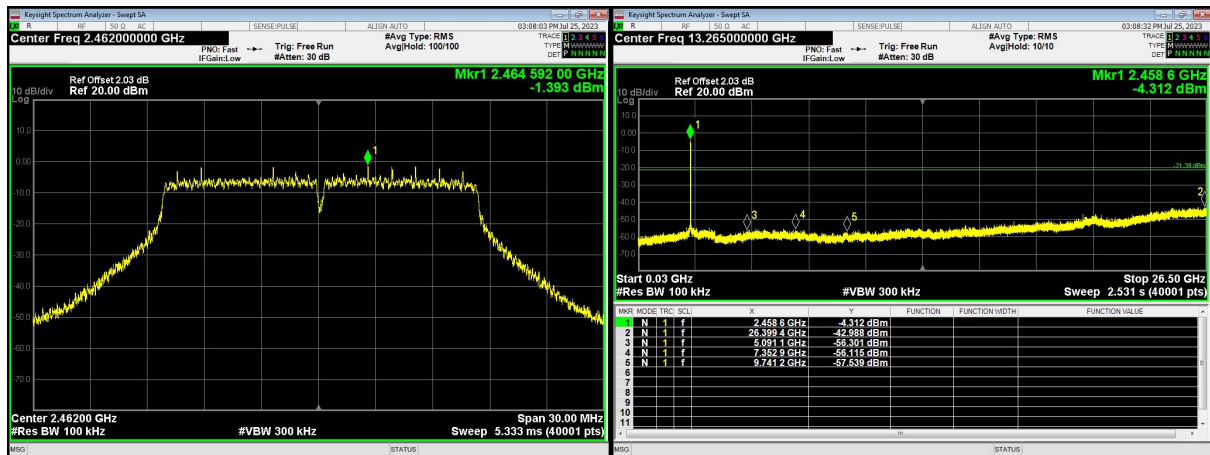
Lowest channel



Middle channel

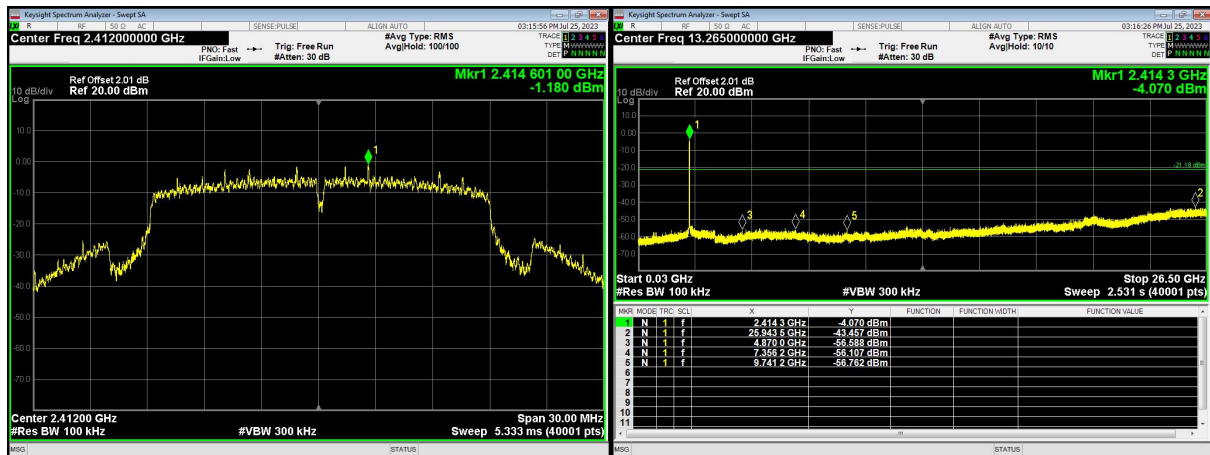


Highest channel

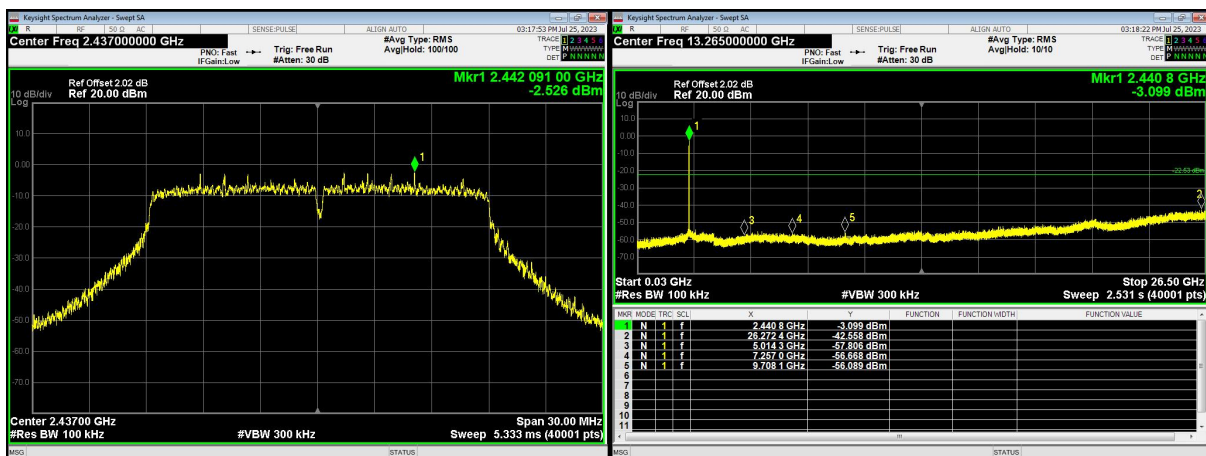


802.11n(HT20)

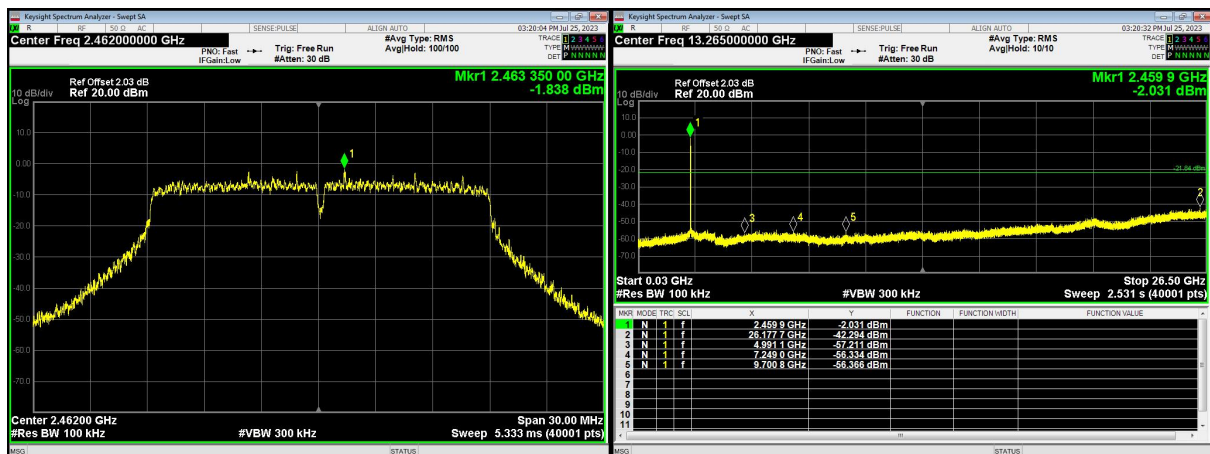
Lowest channel



Middle channel

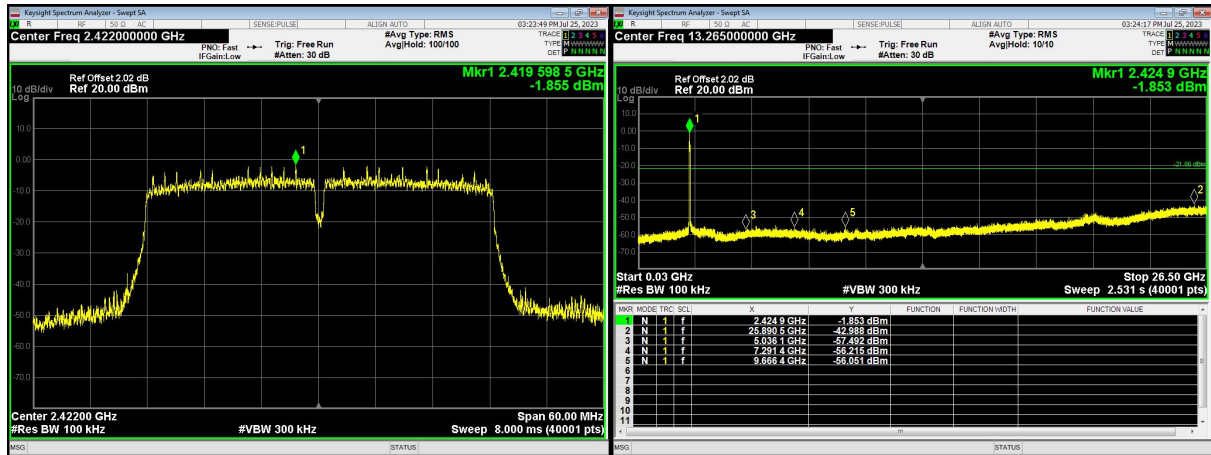


Highest channel

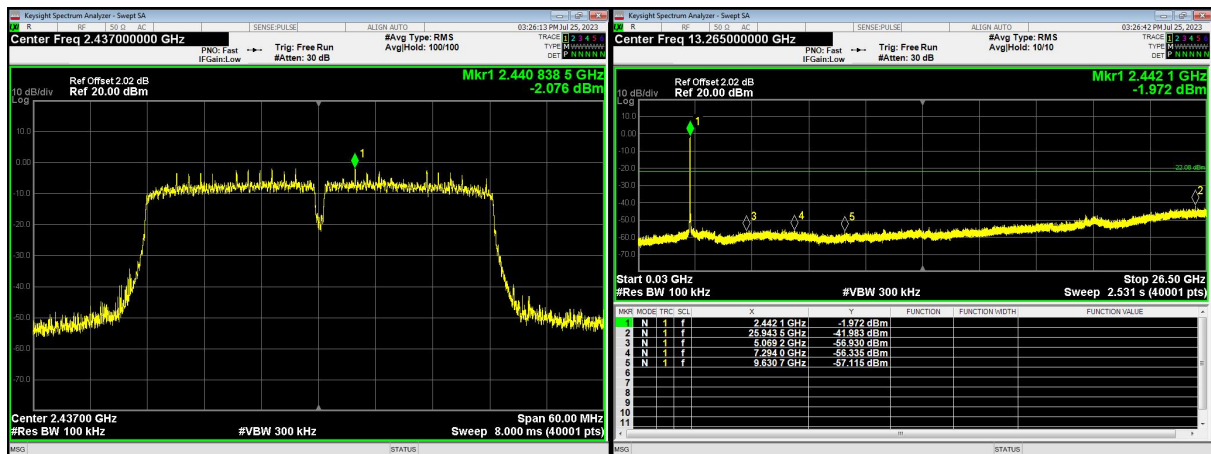


802.11n(HT40)

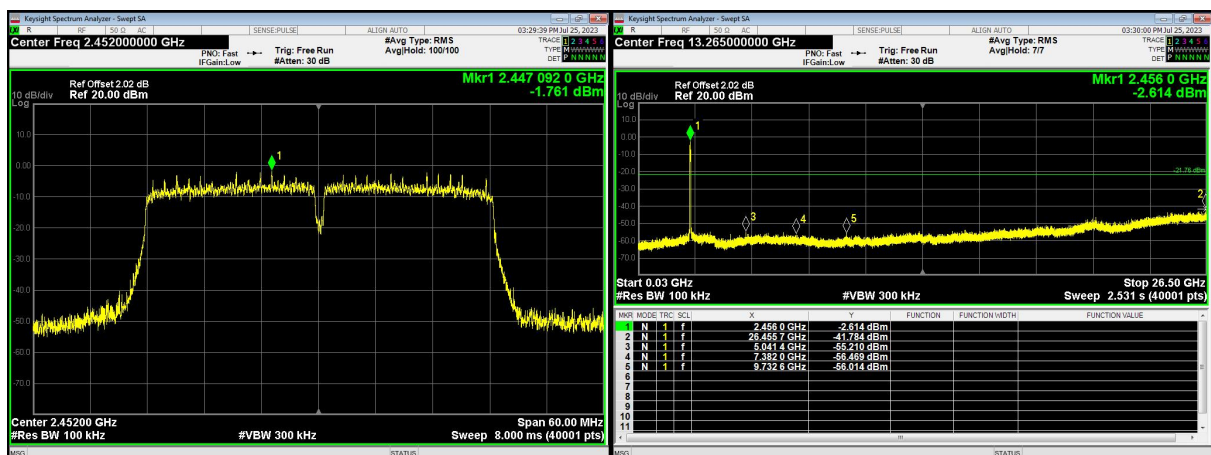
Lowest channel



Middle channel



Highest channel



10. DUTY CYCLE

10.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have a sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:
 - 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - 2) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
 - 3) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.
 - 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)

10.2 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

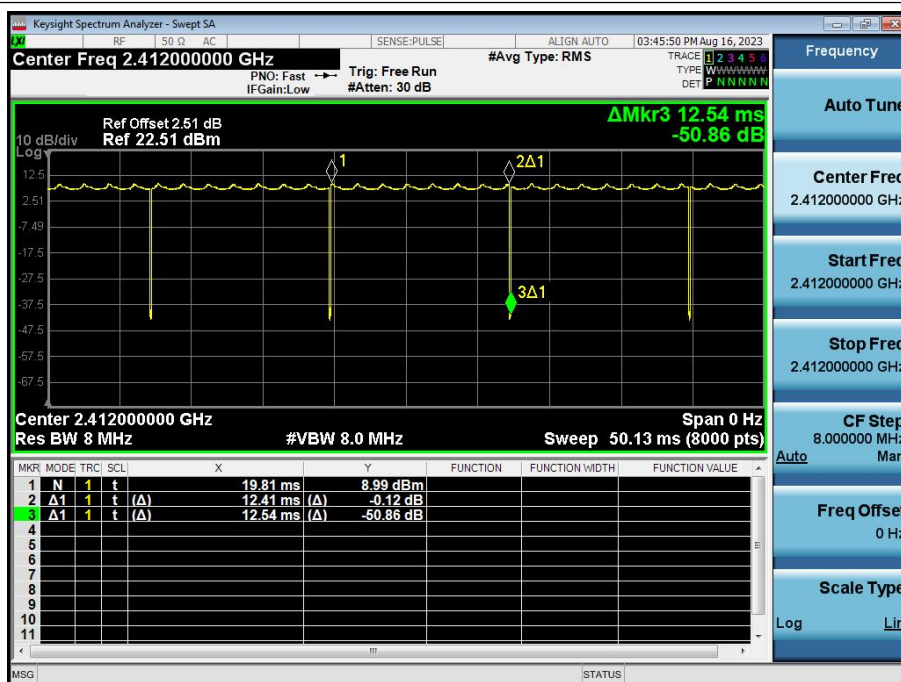
10.3 TEST SETUP



10.4 TEST RESULTS

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result
802.11b	2412	98.96	-0.04	Pass
802.11g	2412	92.74	-0.32	Pass
802.11n20	2412	93.97	-0.27	Pass
802.11n40	2422	87.88	-0.56	Pass

802.11b

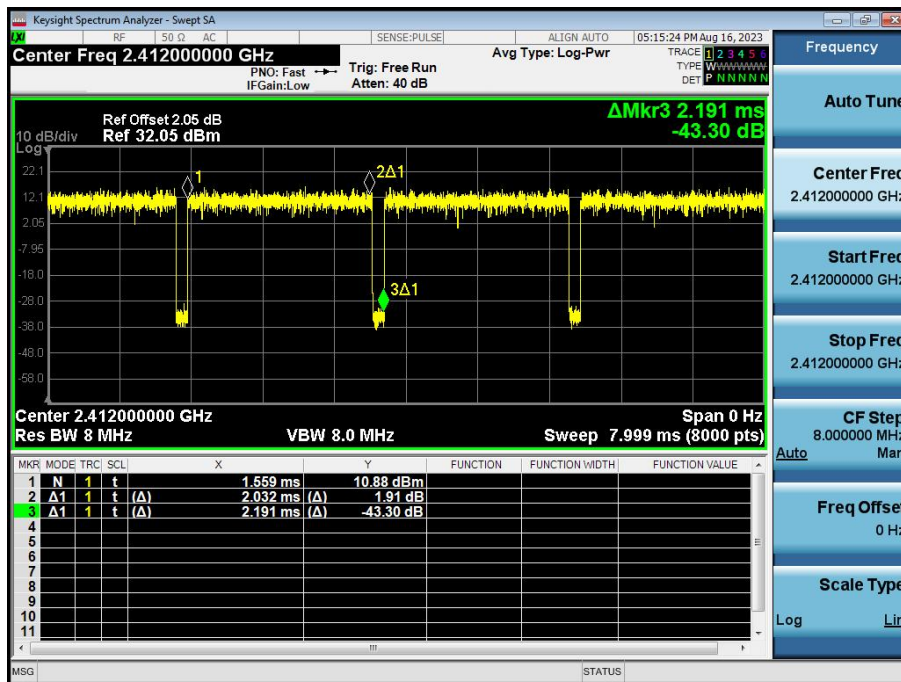


Note: All channel have been tested, and the report only record the worst case data.

Duty Cycle= Ton /Total*100%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor= 10log Duty Cycle

802.11g

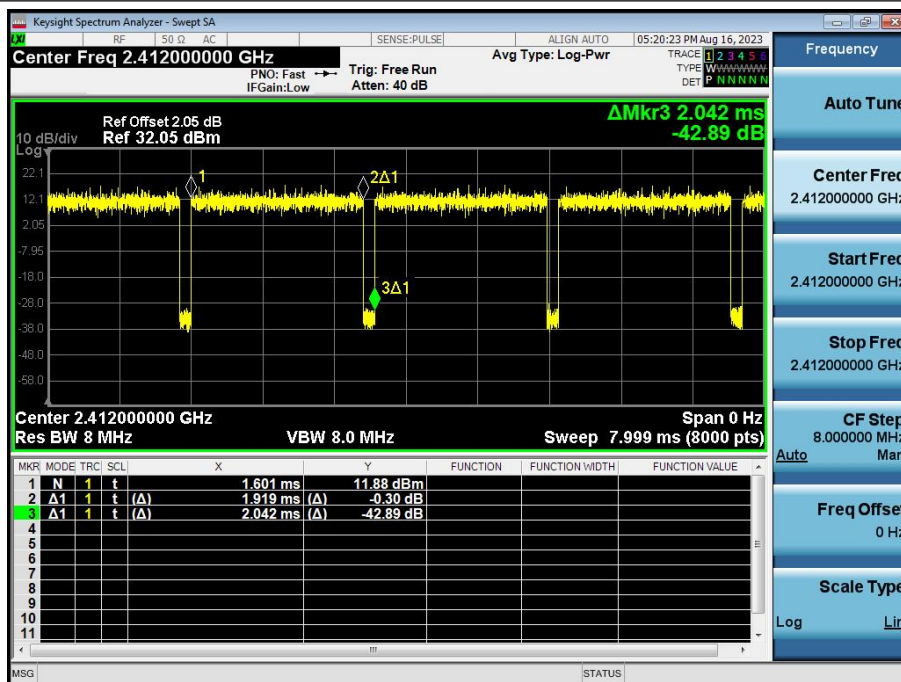


Note: All channel have been tested, and the report only record the worst case data.

Duty Cycle= Ton /Total*100%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor= 10log Duty Cycle

802.11n20

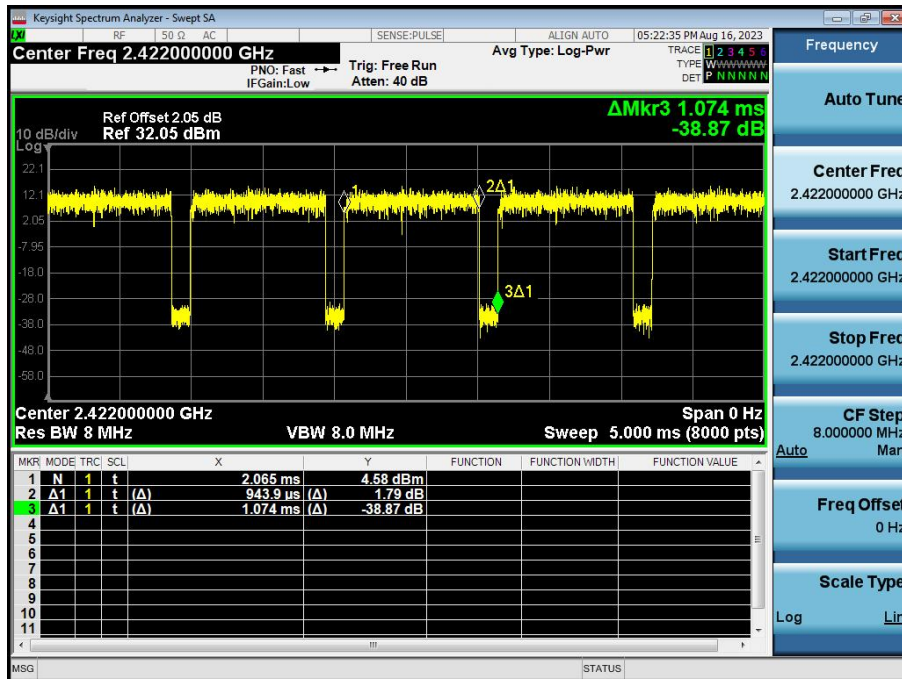


Note: All channel have been tested, and the report only record the worst case data.

Duty Cycle= Ton /Total*100%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor= 10log Duty Cycle

802.11n40



Note: All channel have been tested, and the report only record the worst case data.

Duty Cycle= Ton /Total*100%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor= 10log Duty Cycle

11. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. 15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement: (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.	
EUT Antenna:	
The antenna is PCB ANT, the best case gain of the antenna is 1.5 dBi, reference to the appendix II for details	

12. TEST SETUP PHOTO

Reference to the appendix I for details.

13. EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS

Reference to the appendix II for details.

******* END OF REPORT *******