

# NINGBO SHARKWARD ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

# RF TEST REPORT

### **Report Type:**

FCC Part 15.247 RF report

#### Model:

ANT-6-Z10-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4R-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4T-BLE-SR, ANT-6-ZT-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4H-BLE-SR (all may be followed by -, may be followed WH or BK or BN)

#### **REPORT NUMBER:**

230401253SHA-004

#### **ISSUE DATE:**

July 20, 2023



#### **DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER:**

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Report no.: 230401253SHA-004

**Applicant:** NINGBO SHARKWARD ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

#88 GONGMAO ROAD NO.3, JISHIGANG INDUSTRIAL ZONE, HAISHU

DISTRICT, NINGBO 315171, CHINA

Manufacturer: NINGBO SHARKWARD ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

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Manufacturing site: NINGBO SHARKWARD ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

#88 GONGMAO ROAD NO.3, JISHIGANG INDUSTRIAL ZONE, HAISHU

DISTRICT, NINGBO 315171, CHINA

FCC ID: 2AVMOANT-6X-BLE

#### **SUMMARY:**

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

**47CFR Part 15 (2021):** Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

ANSI C63.10 (2020): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed

Wireless Devices

DDEDARED DV

FREFARED DI.	REVIEWED DI.	
Enick Liu	JK:W	
Project Engineer	Reviewer	
Erick Liu	Wakevou Wang	

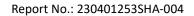
DEVIEWED DV

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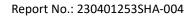
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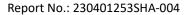
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# **Revision History**

Report No.	Version Description		Issued Date
230401253SHA-004	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	July 20, 2023
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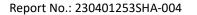
# **Measurement result summary**

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	RESULT
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	Pass
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.	15.247(b)(3)	Pass
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	Pass
Emission outside the frequency band	15.247(d)	Pass
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	15.247(d), 15.205&15.209	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207(a)	Pass
Antenna requirement	15.203	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

<sup>2:</sup> Determination of the test conclusion is based on IEC Guide 115 in consideration of measurement uncertainty.

<sup>3:</sup> Additions, Deviations and Exclusions from Standards: None.





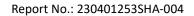
# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	PIR Motion Sensor
Troduct name.	ANT-6-Z10-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4R-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4T-BLE-SR,
	ANT-6-ZT-BLE-SR, ANT-6-4H-BLE-SR (all may be followed by -, may be
Type/Model:	followed WH or BK or BN)
	EUT is an infrared sensor that dims lighting from high to low based on movement. It's a transceiver with BLE function. All the models have same ratings and PCB design, just difference is the sensing method and connectors. all model names may be followed by -, may be followed WH or BK or BN.  WH means the housing color is WHITE, BK means the housing color is BLACK, BN means the housing color is BROWN.  ANT-6-4R-BLE-SR: means the product with three pins can be used with connector ANT-5-4S,  ANT-6-4H-BLE-SR: means the product with three pins can be used with connector ANT-5-4S and the three pins is 4mm Longer than ANT-5-4R-BLE-SR,  ANT-6-4T-BLE-SR: means the product with single pin can be used with connector ANT-5-14B,  ANT-6-Z10-BLE-SR: means the product with four pins can be used with connector 2343403-1,  ANT-6-ZT-BLE-SR: means the product can be used with connectors 2343403-1 & JL-700.
Description of EUT:	After evaluation, we choose ANT-6-4R-BLE-SR for all tests.
Rating:	Input: 12-24V DC Output: 0-10V DC
EUT type:	☐ Table top ☐ Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample received date:	2023.07.03
Date of test:	2023.07.03 ~ 2023.7.20

# 1.2 Technical Specification

Frequency Range:	2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz
Bluetooth Version:	Bluetooth LE
Type of Modulation:	GFSK
Channel Number:	40
Data Rate:	1 Mbps, 2Mbps
Channel Separation:	2 MHz





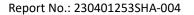
# 1.3 Antenna information

Antenna No.	Model	Antenna type	Antenna Gain	Note
1	-	PCB Antenna	PCB Antenna 2.0 dBi	

# 1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road (North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China
Telephone:	86 21 61278200
Telefax:	86 21 54262353

The test facility is recognized,	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L0139
certified, or accredited by these	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN0175
organizations:	IC Registration Lab CAB identifier.: CN0014
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02





### 2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

# 2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2021) ANSI C63.10 (2020) KDB 558074(v05r02)

### 2.2 Mode of operation during the test

Within this test report, EUT was tested under all available operation modes and tested under its rating voltage and frequency. Other voltage and frequency is specified if used.

The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested as representatives.

Frequency Band (MHz)				2402 ~ 2480			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480

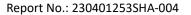
#### **Data rate VS Power:**

The test setting software is offered by the manufactory. The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases.

Test software and Power Setting parameter						
Test Software	nRF_DTM					
Working Mode	BLE					
Test Channel	2402MHz 2440MHz 2480MHz					
Power Setting	0dBm	0dBm 0dBm 0dBm				

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation and continuously transmission was applied.

Radiated test mode: EUT transmitted signal with BT antenna;





Conducted test mode: EUT transmitted signal from BT RF port connected to SPA directly;

### 2.3 Test software list

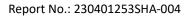
Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version
Conducted emission	e3	Audix	9.160323
Radiated emission	e3	Audix	9.160323

# 2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Name	Band and Model	Description
1	Laptop computer	DELL 5480	-
2	RF cable	/	0.2m length; 0.5dB loss
3	DC Regulated Power Supply	QJE/QJ3003H	0~30V/0~3A

### 2.5 Test environment condition:

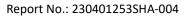
Test items	Temperature	Humidity	
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth			
Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.			
Power spectrum density	24.1°C	46% RH	
Emission outside the frequency band			
Occupied bandwidth			
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	24.7°C	52% RH	
Power line conducted emission	25.3°C	45% RH	





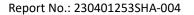
### 2.6 Instrument list

Conducted	Emission/Disturbance	Power/Tri-loop Te	st/CDN method		
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
$\boxtimes$	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	EC 2107	2024-07-13
$\boxtimes$	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2023-12-07
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV 216	EC 3393	2024-07-03
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV4200	EC 3558	2024-06-09
	Absorbing clamp	R&S	MDS 21	EC 2108	2024-06-18
	CDN	Frankonia	CDN M2M316	EC 5969	2024-03-15
	CDN	Schaffner	CDN M316	EC 2113-1	2024-07-15
$\boxtimes$	Attenuator	Weinschel	68-6-44	EC 3043-9	2024-02-05
	Tri-loop	Schwarzbeck	HXYZ 9170	EC 3384	2023-10-10
	Voltage Probe	Schwarzbeck	TK9420	EC 4888	2023-09-10
	Current probe	R&S	EZ-17	EC 3221	2024-03-15
	I.S.N.	FCC	FCC-TLISN -T2-02	EC 3754	2024-02-05
	I.S.N.	FCC	FCC-TLISN -T4-02	EC 3755	2024-02-05
	I.S.N.	FCC	FCC-TLISN -T8-02	EC 3756	2024-02-05
Radiated E	mission				
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
$\boxtimes$	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2023-09-11
$\boxtimes$	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	EC 4206	2024-06-09
	Pre-amplifier	R&S	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42	EC5262	2024-06-09
	Horn antenna	R&S	HF 906	EC 3049	2023-11-16
$\boxtimes$	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2024-01-09
$\boxtimes$	Horn antenna	TOYO	HAP18-26W	EC 4792-3	2024-07-08
$\boxtimes$	Active loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	EC 5345	2024-03-07
	Horn antenna	ETS	3116c	EC 5955	2024-06-11
RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
$\boxtimes$	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2024-03-05
	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2024-03-05





	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2024-03-05
	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2024-03-05
	Power meter	Keysight	N1911A	EC 4318	2024-05-11
	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	EC 5944	2023-12-07
	Mobile Test System	LitePoint	IQxel	EC 5176	2024-01-09
	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2023-09-11
	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	E7402A	EC 2254	2023-09-11
Tet Site					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
$\boxtimes$	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2838	2024-01-07
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2839	2024-01-14
$\boxtimes$	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3048	2023-07-30
	Fully-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3047	2023-07-30
Additional	instrument				
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	E7402A	EC 2254	2024-07-14
$\boxtimes$	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3783	2024-02-28
	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 2122	2024-03-11
$\boxtimes$	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 5198	2024-01-18
	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3326	2024-03-28
	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2024-07-01

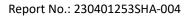




# 2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	± 0.74dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	± 4.90dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	± 5.02dB
Emission outside the frequency band	± 2.89dB
Power line conducted emission	± 3.19dB





### 3 Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Test result: Pass

#### 3.1 Limit

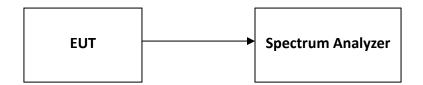
For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### 3.2 Measurement Procedure

The minimum 6dB bandwidth is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer according to DTS test procedure of "KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance" (clause 8.2) for compliance requirements.

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 × RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 3.3 Test Configuration



#### 3.4 Test Results of Minimum 6dB bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A



# 4 Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.

Test result: Pass

#### 4.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 W. (The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 30dBm and 30+ (6—antenna gain-beam forming gain).

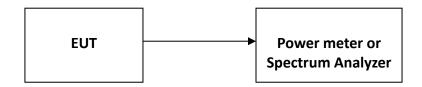
#### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of "KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance" (clause 9.2.2.4) for compliance requirements.

- a) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- c) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- d) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2$  x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time = auto.
- g) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- h) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- j) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
- k) Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on- and off-times of the transmission). For example, add 10 log (1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25 %.



# 4.3 Test Configuration



# 4.4 Test Results of Maximum conducted output power

Please refer to Appendix A



# 5 Power spectrum density

Test result: Pass

#### 5.1 Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 8dBm/MHz and 8+ (6 –antenna gain-beam forming gain).

#### 5.2 Measurement Procedure

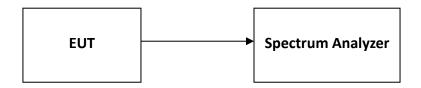
The power output was tested according to DTS test procedure of "KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance" (clause 10.5) for compliance requirements.

This procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle < 98 %), and when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  %):

- a) Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 x OBW.
- d) Set RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- e) Set VBW ≥3 x RBW.
- f) Detector = power averaging (RMS) or sample detector (when RMS not available).
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$ .
- h) Sweep time = auto couple.
- i) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to "free run".
- j) Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- I) Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a, to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m) If resultant value exceeds the limit, then reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span in order to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).



# 5.3 Test Configuration



# 5.4 Test Results of Power spectrum density

Please refer to Appendix A



# 6 Emission outside the frequency band

Test result: Pass

#### 6.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

#### 6.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of "KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance" (clause 11.0) for compliance requirements.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

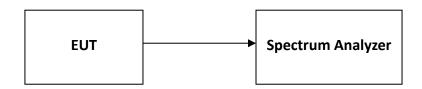
#### **Emission level measurement**

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



# 6.3 Test Configuration



# 6.4 The results of Emission outside the frequency band

Please refer to Appendix A



# 7 Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands

Test result: Pass

#### 7.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

#### For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

#### For Radiated emission above 30MHz:



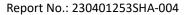
#### **TEST REPORT**

a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

#### Note:

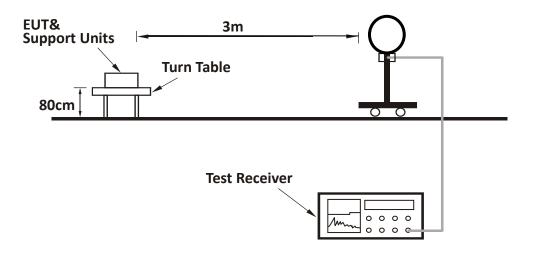
- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is ≥ 1/T (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle ≥ 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported



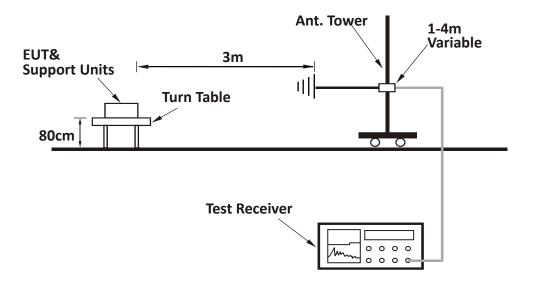


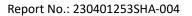
# 7.3 Test Configuration

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:



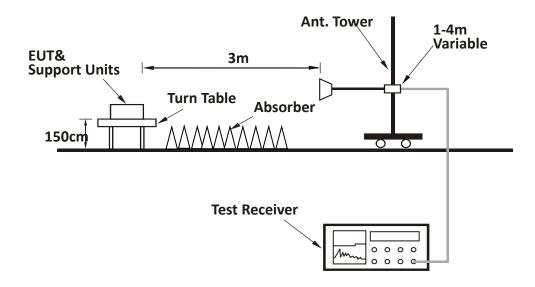
#### For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:

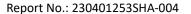






### For Radiated emission above 1GHz:



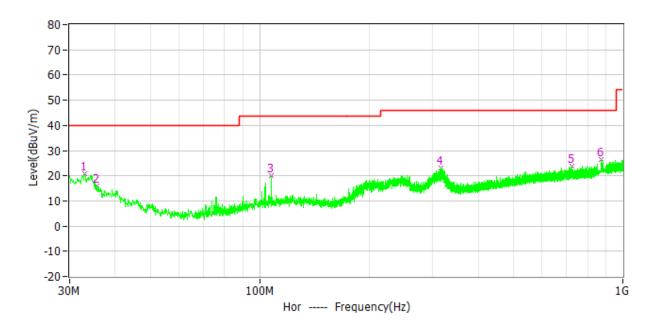


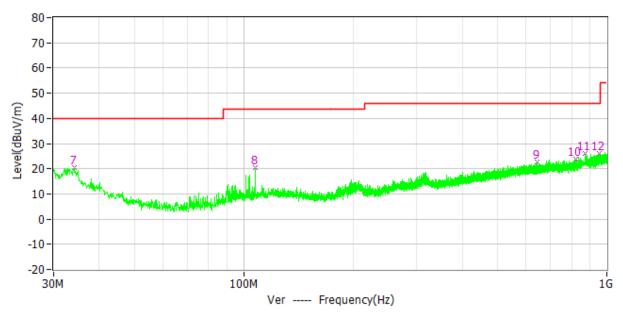


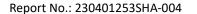
### 7.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

The worst waveform from 30MHz to 1000MHz is listed as below:









#### Test data below 1GHz

No.	Frequency	Limit dBuV/m	Level dBuV/m	Delta dB	Reading dBuV	Factor dB/m	Detector	Polar
1*	33.104MHz	40.0	20.7	-19.3	2.6	18.1	PK	Hor
2*	35.626MHz	40.0	16.0	-24.0	-0.7	16.7	PK	Hor
3*	107.697MHz	43.5	20.1	-23.4	7.6	12.5	PK	Hor
4*	315.665MHz	46.0	23.2	-22.8	7.6	15.6	PK	Hor
5*	723.938MHz	46.0	23.7	-22.3	1.6	22.1	PK	Hor
6*	871.766MHz	46.0	26.4	-19.6	2.7	23.7	PK	Hor
7*	34.171MHz	40.0	20.3	-19.7	2.8	17.5	PK	Ver
8*	107.697MHz	43.5	20.5	-23.0	8.0	12.5	PK	Ver
9*	640.906MHz	46.0	22.6	-23.4	1.0	21.6	PK	Ver
10*	821.229MHz	46.0	23.7	-22.3	0.7	23.0	PK	Ver
11*	871.766MHz	46.0	26.2	-19.8	2.5	23.7	PK	Ver
12*	954.992MHz	46.0	25.9	-20.1	1.2	24.7	PK	Ver

Remark: 1. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Level = Original Receiver Reading + Factor
- 3. Delta= Level Limit
- 4. If the PK Level is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

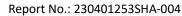
Example: Assuming LISN Factor = 10.00dB, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV, Limit = 66.00dBuV.

Then Factor = 10.00 + 2.00 = 12.00dB;

Level = 10dBuV + 12.00dB = 22.00dBuV;

Delta = 22.00dBuV - 66.00dBuV = -44.00dB.





#### Test result above 1GHz:

Both 1Mbps and 2Mbps data rate has been tested, and only the worst result(1Mbps) list as below:

СН	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	2390	43.20	74.00	30.80	PK
	V	2390	43.30	74.00	30.70	PK
L	Н	4804	44.50	74.00	29.50	PK
	V	4804	45.10	74.00	28.90	PK
	Н	4880	44.60	74.00	29.40	PK
M	V	4880	44.70	74.00	29.30	PK
	Н	2483.5	43.80	74.00	30.20	PK
	V	2483.5	44.20	74.00	29.80	PK
Н	Н	4960	44.20	74.00	29.80	PK
	V	4960	44.40	74.00	29.60	PK

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (- Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = Limit Corrected Reading
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

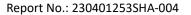
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,

Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;

Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;

Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.





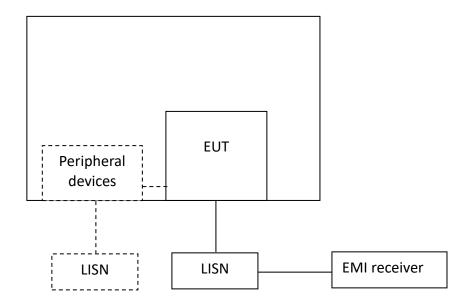
# 8 Power line conducted emission

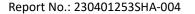
Test result: Pass

### 8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)		
rrequency or Emission (Winz)	QP	AV	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	
* Decreases with the logarithm of the freq	uency.		

# 8.2 Test Configuration





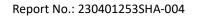


#### 8.3 Measurement Procedure

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50  $\Omega$  LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50  $\Omega$  measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50  $\Omega$  measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50  $\Omega$  input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50  $\Omega$  loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

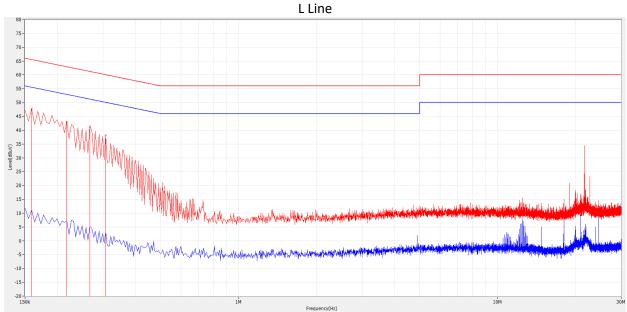


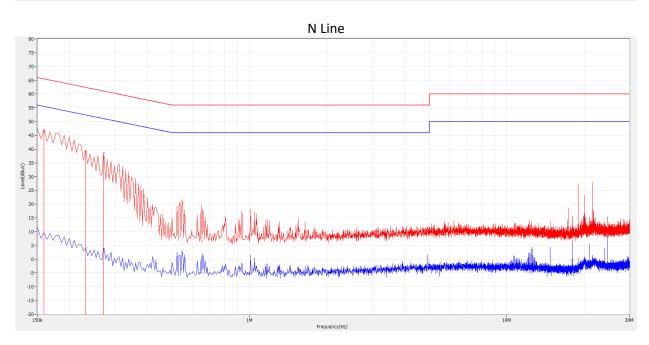


#### **Test Results of Power line conducted emission** 8.4

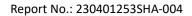
### **Test Curve:**







Polar	Peak Frequency	Limit	Level	Margin	Det
L1	159.0000kHz	65.5	47.8	-17.7	PK
L1	217.5000kHz	62.9	43.1	-19.8	PK
L1	267.0000kHz	61.2	41.4	-19.8	PK
L1	307.5000kHz	60.0	38.2	-21.9	PK
L1	307.5000kHz	60.0	29.0	-31.0	QP
L1	267.0000kHz	61.2	31.4	-29.8	QP





Polar	Peak Frequency	Limit	Level	Margin	Det
L1	213.0000kHz	63.1	29.0	-34.1	QP
L1	163.5000kHz	65.3	38.6	-26.7	QP
N	159.0000kHz	65.5	47.0	-18.5	PK
N	271.5000kHz	61.1	38.6	-22.5	PK
N	231.0000kHz	62.4	39.4	-23.0	PK
N	226.5000kHz	62.6	33.3	-29.3	QP
N	267.0000kHz	61.2	32.2	-29.0	QP
N	154.5000kHz	65.8	40.1	-25.6	QP

Remark: 1. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Level = Original Receiver Reading + Factor
- 3. Margin = Level Limit
- 4. If the PK Level is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

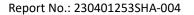
Example: Assuming LISN Factor = 10.00dB, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV, Limit = 66.00dBuV.

Then Factor = 10.00 + 2.00 = 12.00dB;

Level = 10dBuV + 12.00dB = 22.00dBuV;

Margin = 22.00dBuV - 66.00dBuV = -44.00dB.





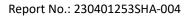
# 9 Antenna requirement

### **Requirement:**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### Result:

EUT uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.

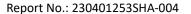




# 10 Appendix A: DTS Bandwidth

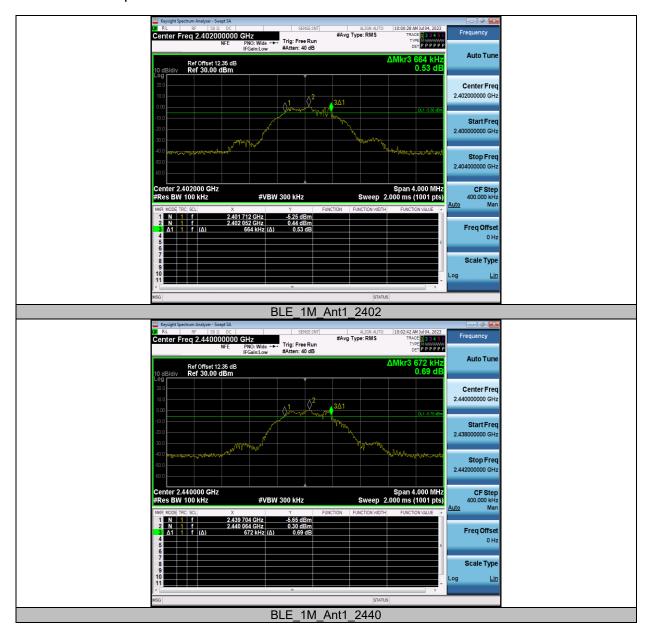
# 10.1.1 Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	DTS BW [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	0.664	2401.712	2402.376	0.5	PASS
		2440	0.672	2439.704	2440.376	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.668	2479.712	2480.380	0.5	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2402	0.844	2401.472	2402.316	0.5	PASS
		2440	0.844	2439.472	2440.316	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.820	2479.476	2480.296	0.5	PASS





# 10.1.2 Test Graphs

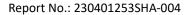








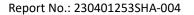






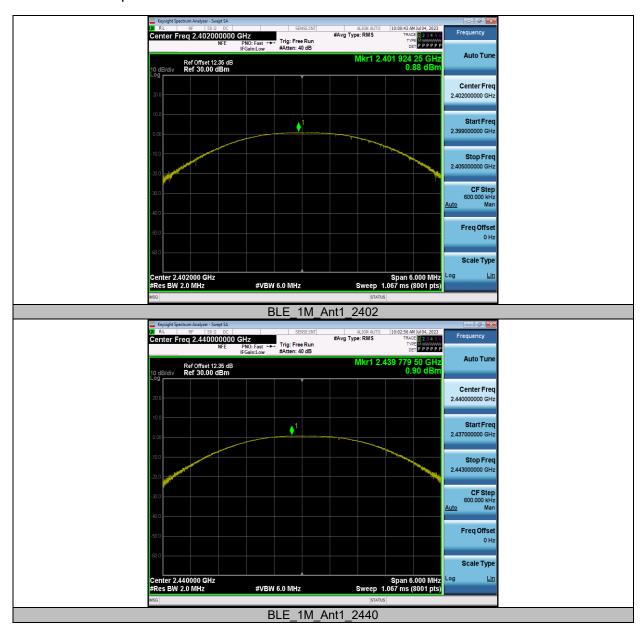
# 11 Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power 11.1.1 Test Result Peak

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Powert[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Antenna Gain(dBi)	EIRP[dBm]	EIRP Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	0.88	≤30	2.0	2.88	≤36	PASS
		2440	0.90	≤30	2.0	2.90	≤36	PASS
		2480	1.14	≤30	2.0	3.14	≤36	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2402	0.83	≤30	2.0	2.83	≤36	PASS
		2440	0.86	≤30	2.0	2.86	≤36	PASS
		2480	1.22	≤30	2.0	3.22	≤36	PASS

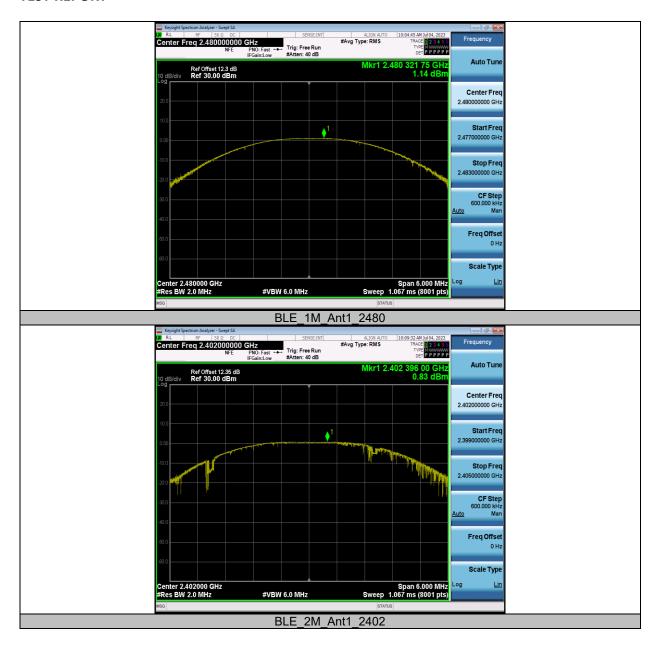




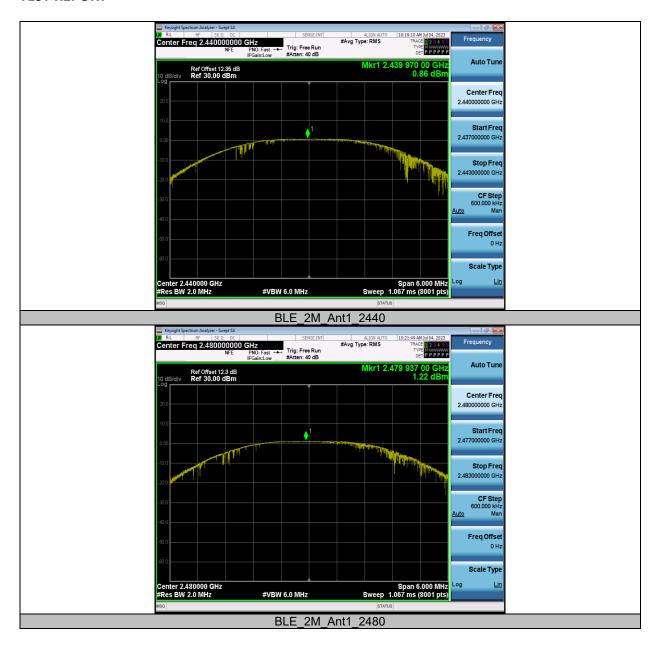
### 11.1.2 Test Graphs Peak

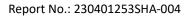










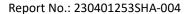




### 12 Appendix D: Maximum power spectral density

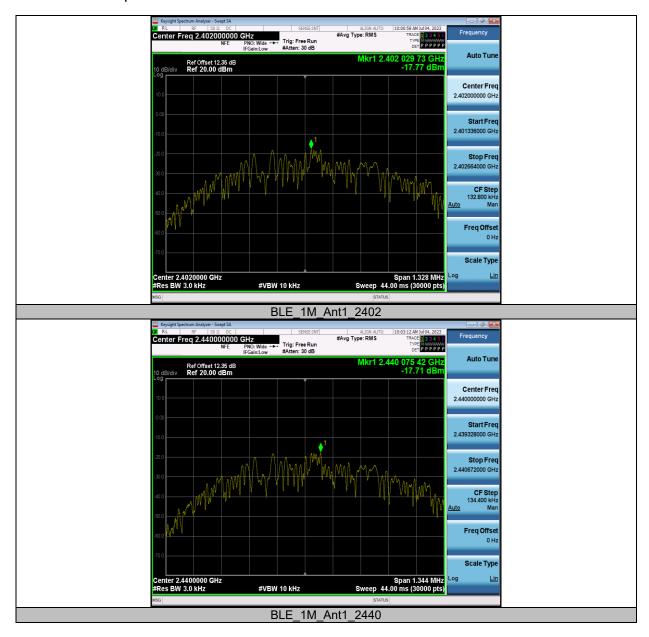
### 12.1.1 Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	equency[MHz] Result[dBm/3kHz]		Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-17.77	≤8.00	PASS
		2440	-17.71	≤8.00	PASS
		2480	-17.13	≤8.00	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2402	-18.19	≤8.00	PASS
		2440	-18.25	≤8.00	PASS
		2480	-17.92	≤8.00	PASS

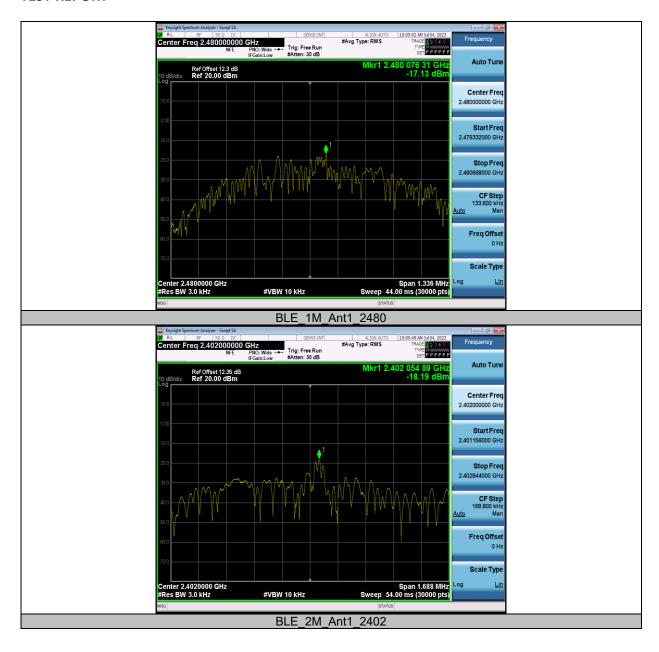




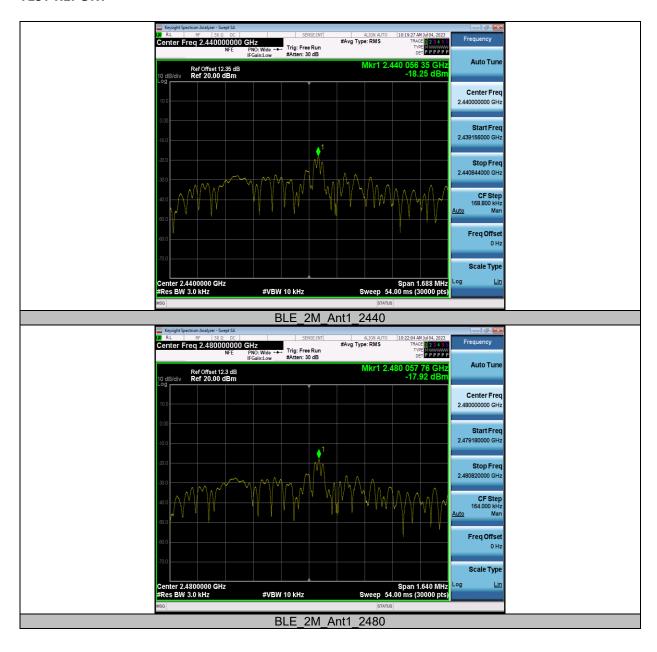
### 12.1.2 Test Graphs

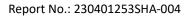










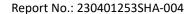




### 13 Appendix E: Band edge measurements

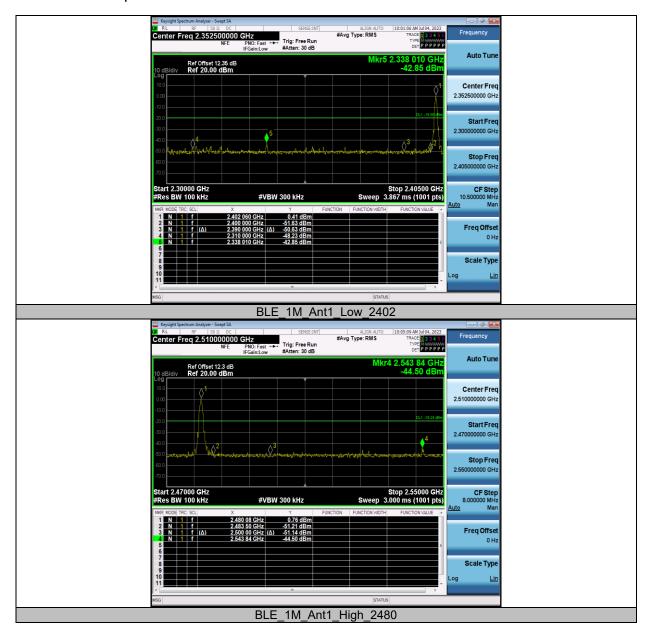
### 13.1.1 Test Result

TestMod	e Antenna	ChName	Frequency[MHz]	RefLevel[dBm]	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	Low	2402	0.41	-42.85	≤-19.59	PASS
	Anti	High	2480	0.76	-44.5	≤-19.24	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	Low	2402	0.03	-32.5	≤-19.97	PASS
	Anti	High	2480	0.79	-45.72	≤-19.21	PASS

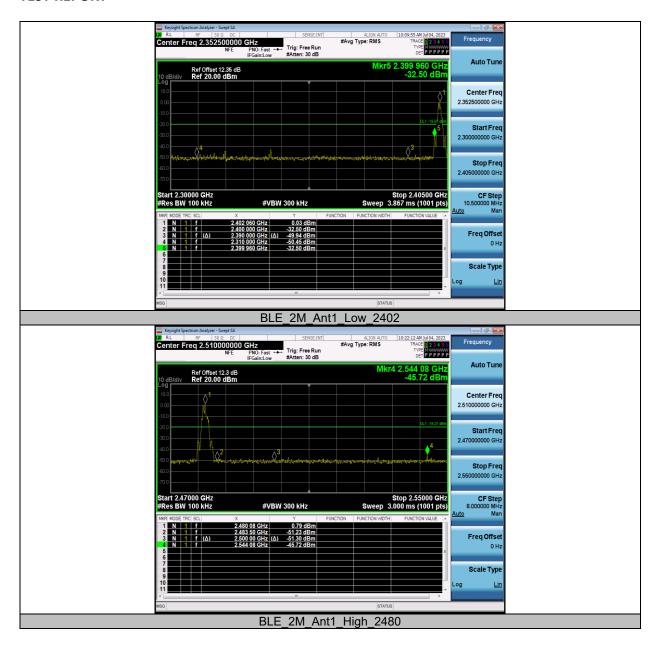


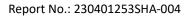


### 13.1.2 Test Graphs







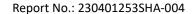




### **14** Appendix F: Conducted Spurious Emission

### 14.1.1 Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	FreqRange [MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
	Ant1	2402	Reference	0.48	0.48		PASS
			30~1000	0.48	-59.82	≤-19.52	PASS
			1000~26500	0.48	-43.26	≤-19.52	PASS
		2440	Reference	0.40	0.40		PASS
BLE_1M			30~1000	0.40	-59.82	≤-19.6	PASS
			1000~26500	0.40	-43.68	≤-19.6	PASS
			Reference	0.71	0.71		PASS
		2480	30~1000	0.71	-60.48	≤-19.29	PASS
			1000~26500	0.71	-40.98	≤-19.29	PASS
	Ant1	2402	Reference	0.50	0.50		PASS
			30~1000	0.50	-60.21	≤-19.5	PASS
			1000~26500	0.50	-44.37	≤-19.5	PASS
		2440	Reference	0.50	0.50		PASS
BLE_2M			30~1000	0.50	-59.66	≤-19.5	PASS
			1000~26500	0.50	-39.67	≤-19.5	PASS
		2480	Reference	0.75	0.75		PASS
			30~1000	0.75	-59.48	≤-19.25	PASS
			1000~26500	0.75	-40.99	≤-19.25	PASS





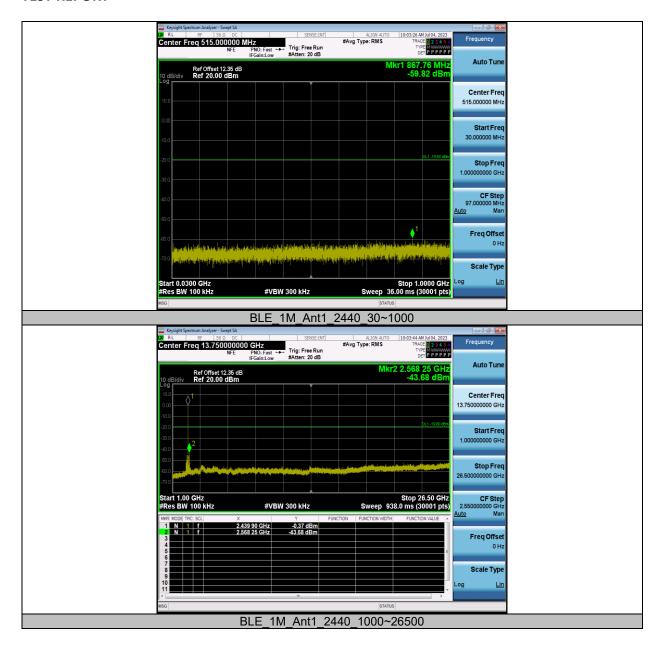
### 14.1.2 Test Graphs











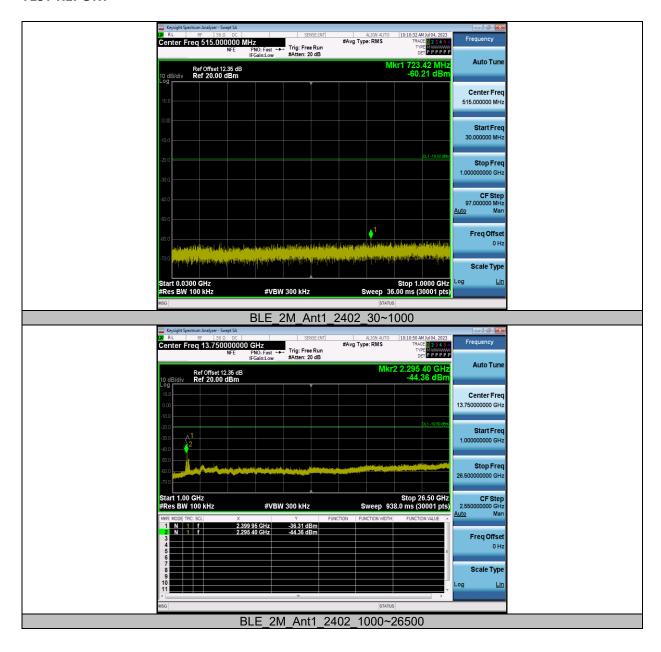












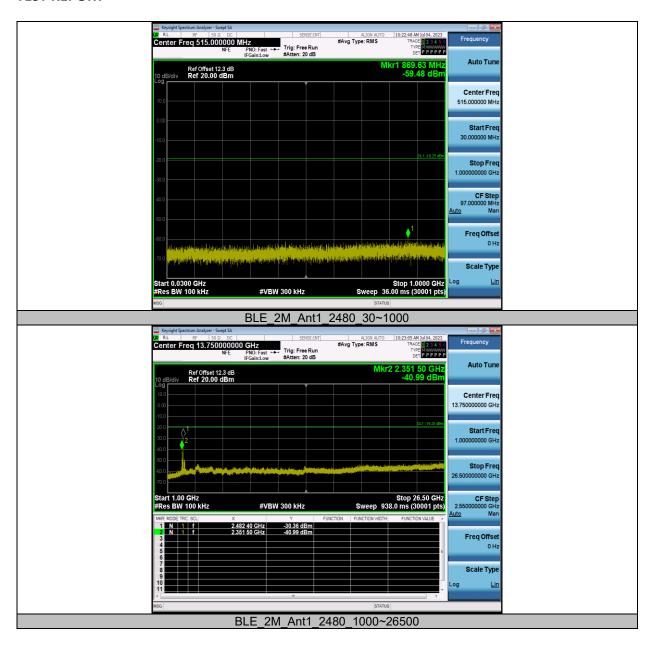


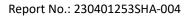










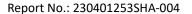




## 15 Appendix G: Duty Cycle

### 15.1.1 Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	ON Time [ms]	Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	Duty Cycle Factor[dB]
		2402	0.11	0.63	17.46	7.58
BLE_1M	Ant1	2440	0.10	0.63	15.87	7.99
		2480	0.10	0.62	16.13	7.92
		2402	0.06	0.63	9.52	10.21
BLE_2M	Ant1	2440	0.06	0.63	9.52	10.21
		2480	0.06	0.63	9.52	10.21





### 15.1.2 Test Graphs

