





# HAC T-Coil TEST REPORT

## No. 23T04Z80421-46

### For

### TCL Communication Ltd.

### GSM/UMTS/LTE/NR Mobile phone

### Model Name: T614SP

### with

### Hardware Version: 06

### Software Version: 2BSH

### FCC ID: 2ACCJH179

### HAC-2019 Compliance: PASS

### Issued Date: 2024-1-2

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

#### CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2512, Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504

Email: <a href="mailto:cttl\_terminals@caict.ac.cn">cttl\_terminals@caict.ac.cn</a>, website: <a href="mailto:www.caict.ac.cn">www.caict.ac.cn</a>, website: <a href="mailto:www.caict.ac.cn"/>www.caict.ac.cn"/>www.caict.ac.cn</a>, <a href="mailto:www.caict.ac.cn"/>www.caict.ac.cn"/>www.caict.ac.cn"/>www.caict.ac.cn</a>, <a href="mailto:www.caict.

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### **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date Description	
23T04Z80421-46	Rev.0	2024-1-2	Initial creation of test report





### TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 INTRODUCTION & ACCREDITATION	5
1.2 TESTING LOCATION 1.3 TESTING ENVIRONMENT	
1.4 PROJECT DATA	6
1.5 SIGNATURE	6
2 CLIENT INFORMATION	7
2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	7
2.2 MANUFACTURER INFORMATION	7
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	8
3.1 Авоит EUT	
3.2 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF AE USED DURING THE TEST	
4 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	9
5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	10
5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP	
5.2 AM1D PROBE	
5.3 AMCC 5.4 AMMI	
5.5 TEST ARCH PHANTOM & PHONE POSITIONER	
5.6 ROBOTIC SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	
5.7 T-COIL MEASUREMENT POINTS AND REFERENCE PLANE	
6 T-COIL TEST PROCEDUERES	
7 T-COIL PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	17
7.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths	
7.1 T-COIL COUPLING QUALIFYING FIELD STRENGTHS	
7.3 DESIRED ABM SIGNAL, UNDESIRED ABM FIELD QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.	
8 CMRS VOICE DUT CONFIGURATION	
8.1 GSM CODEC INVESTIGATION	
8.2 UMTS CODEC INVESTIGATION	
9 VOLTE TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION	20
9.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOLTE OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING	
9.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION 9.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION	
10 VONR TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION	
10.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VONR OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING	
10.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION	
11 VOWIFI TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION	26
11.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOWIFI OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING 11.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION	
11.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION.	
12 OTT VOIP TEST SYSTEM AND DUT CONFIGURATION	29
12.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR OTT VOIP T-COIL TESTING	
12.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION	
13 HAC T-COIL TEST DATA SUMMARY	
13.1 Test Results for 2/3G	
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13.2 TEST RESULTS FOR VOLTE 13.3 TEST RESULTS FOR VONR 13.4 TEST RESULTS FOR VOWIFI 13.5 TEST RESULTS FOR OTT VOIP 13.6 TOTAL MEASUREMENT CONCLUSION	31 32 33 34 36
14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	37
15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	
ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT	
ANNEX B TEST PLOTS	40
ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES	44
ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	46
ANNEX E DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	49





### **1 Test Laboratory**

#### 1.1 Introduction & Accreditation

**Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT** is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with lab code 7049.01, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN1349), and ISED accredited test laboratory (CAB identifier:CN0066). The detail accreditation scope can be found on A2LA website.

#### 1.2 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL
Address:	No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China
	100191.





#### **1.3 Testing Environment**

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,	
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%	
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 <b>Ω</b>	
Ambient price is the sheet of the standard service and in compliance with requirement of standards		

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards

#### 1.4 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Wang Tian
Testing Start Date:	December 8, 2023
Testing End Date:	December 28, 2023

#### 1.5 Signature

Wang Tian (Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan (Reviewed this test report)

5 rets

Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)





### **2** Client Information

#### 2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address/Post:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
Contact Person:	Annie Jiang
Contact Email:	nianxiang.jiang@tcl.com
Telephone:	+86 755 3661 1621
Fax	+86 755 3661 2000-81722

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.	
Address/Post:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science	
	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong	
Contact Person:	Annie Jiang	
Contact Email:	nianxiang.jiang@tcl.com	
Telephone:	+86 755 3661 1621	
Fax	+86 755 3661 2000-81722	





### **3** Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

This EUT is a variant product and the report of original sample is No. I23T04Z80421-32. Removed some frequency bands through software and share the other test results of original sample

#### 3.1 About EUT

Description:	GSM/UMTS/LTE/NR Mobile phone	
Model name:	T614SP	
	GSM850/900/18001900,	
Operating mode(s):	WCDMA B1/2/4/5/8	
	LTE Band 1/2/3/4/5/7/12/13/20/28/48/66	
	5G NR N2/5/48/66/77/78	
	BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G,NFC	

#### 3.2 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	TLp049FA	/	ТМВ
AE2	Battery	TLp049F7	/	Veken

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

#### 3.3 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air- interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service
GSM	850	vo	Yes		CMRS Voice
GSIM	1900			BT, WLAN	
GPRS/ED	850	DT	Yes	DI, WLAN	MEET
GE	1900	וט	res		
	850				
WCDMA	1700	VO	Yes		CMRS Voice
(UMTS)	1900			BT, WLAN	
	HSPA	DT	Yes		MEET
LTE TDD	Band48	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, MEET
LTE FDD	Band2/4/5/7/12/13/66	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, MEET
NR	n2/n5/n48/n66/n77/n78	DT	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoNR, MEET
BT	2450	DT	NA	WWAN	NA
WLAN	2450	V/D	Yes	WWAN	VoWiFi, MEET
WLAN	5G	V/D	Yes	WWAN	VoWiFi, MEET

NA: Not Applicable VO: Voice Only V/D: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport DT: Digital Transport





### **4 Reference Documents**

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19	American National Standard Methods of Measurement of	
	Compatibility Between Wireless Communications Devices	Edition
	and Hearing Aids	
KDB285076	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid	2023
D01v06r04	Compatibility	Edition
	Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces	2022
KDB285076 D02v04	supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support	Edition
	CMRS based telephone services	Eulion
KDB285076	Leaving aid compatibility fragmently advad guartiana	2022
D03v01r06	Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions	Edition

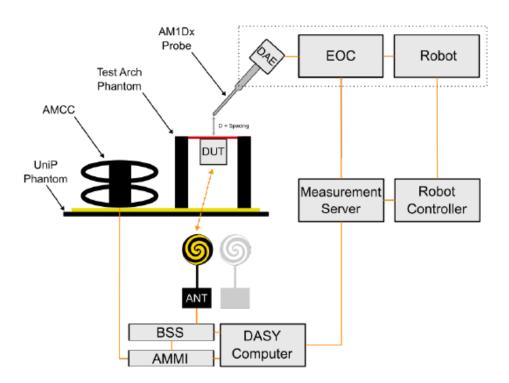




### **5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST**

#### 5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY6/8 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows 10 system and HAC Measurement Software DASY6/8, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.





The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



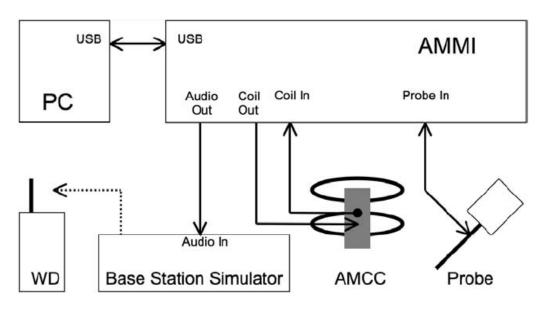


Figure 5.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

#### 5.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V "phantom" voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards). Specification:

opeeniedaeni						
Frequency range0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)						
Sensitivity < -50dB A/m @ 1kHz						
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric					
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19					

#### 5.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 500hm, and a shunt resistor of 100hm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	Connector	Resistance
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10Ohm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

Specification:





Dimensions
------------

370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI-C63.19

#### **5.4 AMMI**



#### Figure 5.3 AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface. Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

#### 5.5 Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions:  $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$ ).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field < $\pm$ 0.5 dB.

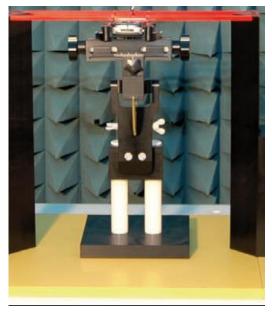


Figure 5.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder





#### 5.6 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L
Repeatability: ±0.02 mm
No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller
Processor:Intel Core2
Clock Speed: 1.86GHz
Operating System: Windows 10
Data Converter
Features:Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY6/8 cD6 HAC
Connecting Lines:Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

#### 5.7 T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

The T-Coil measurement plane, reference plane and other measurement parameters shall be:

- a) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- b) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane
- c) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- d) The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- e) Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ±0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated.
- f) Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum desired ABM signal strength location.
- g) The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.





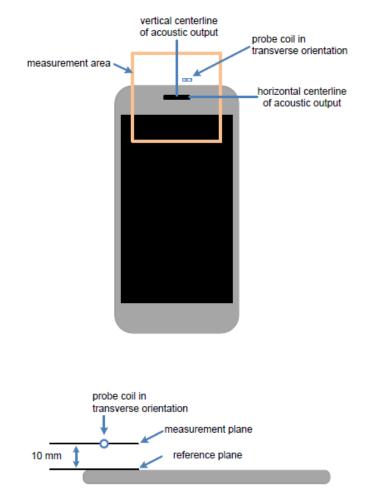


Figure 5.5 Measurement and reference planes probe orientation for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements





### **6 T-Coil TEST PROCEDUERES**

## The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field:

a) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.

b) Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in C63.19-2019 section 6.3.2.

c) Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator.

d) The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in Table 6-1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used.35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload. e) At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).

f) At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band.36 Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input–output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB(A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of section 7.

g) At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.

h) Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified. Compare this to the requirements section 7 and record the result.

i) Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in section 7.





Standard	Protocol	Input (dBm0)					
TIA-2000	CDMA	-18					
TIA/EIA-136	TDMA (50 Hz)	-18					
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	-16					
T1/T1P1/3GPP (See Note 1)	UMTS (WCDMA)	-16					
iDEN®	TDMA (22 Hz and 11 Hz)	-18					
VoIP a (See Note 2)	Voice over Internet Protocol	-16					
NOTE 1—For UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System), refer to 3GPP TS26.131							

#### Table 6-1:T-Coil signal quality categories

and TS26.132 (http://www.3gpp.org).

NOTE 2-VoIP is used in this table as a general term specifying a group of voice services that use -16 dBm0 as their normal acoustic level. The group includes a variety of voice services, including Voice-over-LTE (VoLTE), Voice-over-IP-multimedia-subsystem (VoIMS), Voice-over-Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) and similar services. For 3G, LTE, and WLAN terminals used for Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) based telephony, refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.





### 7 T-Coil PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

In order to comply with the requirements for T-Coil use, a WD's tested operating modes shall simultaneously meet the requirements for minimum desired ABM signal level and maximum undesired ABM field contained in this part at the minimum specified number of scanned locations

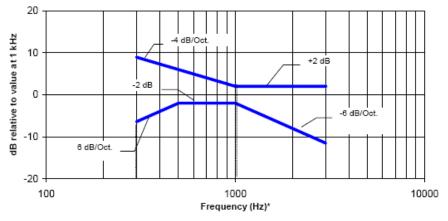
#### 7.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths

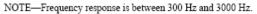
When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

**Primary group**: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal,  $\geq -18 \text{ dB}(A/m)$  at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. Simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field  $\leq -38 \text{ dB}(A/m)$ . **Secondary group**: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field  $\leq -38 \text{ dB}(A/m)$ . This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

#### 7.2 Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

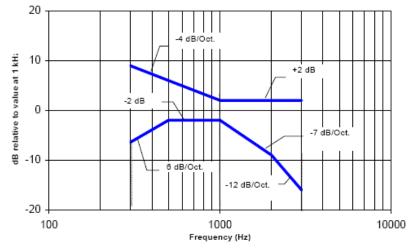




#### Figure 7.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz







NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a fieldthat exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

#### 7.3 Desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field qualification requirements

For a WD that is expected to operate primarily in radio access technologies that include 2G GSM for legacy support, the WD shall be qualified for telecoil compatibility one of two ways:

a) The WD shall be rated for telecoil use for all other voice operating modes, exclusive of 2G GSM, according to the section 7.3.1.

b) If the WD is to be rated for telecoil use in its 2G GSM operating modes, these modes shall be qualified according to the section 7.3.2.

#### 7.3.1 Non-2G GSM operating modes

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of 7.1; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points.

The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiguous measurement points. Additionally, to avoid an oddly shaped area of low noise, the secondary group shall include at least one longitudinal column of at least 10 contiguous qualifying points and at least one transverse row containing at least 15 contiguous qualifying points.

#### 7.3.2 2G GSM operating modes

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of 6.6.2; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points. The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiguous measurement points.





### 8 CMRS Voice DUT CONFIGURATION

#### 8.1 GSM Codec Investigation

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the DUT.

Codec Setting	NB FR	NB HR	EFR	WB FR	Orientation	Band	Channel
Secondary Group Point	369	373	359	364			
Count	303	575	000	304			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Y(Transverse)	GSM1900	661
Primary Group Contiguous	117	129	142	138			
Point Count	<mark>117</mark>	129	142	130			

#### **GSM CMRS Codec Investigation**

#### 8.2 UMTS Codec Investigation

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the DUT.

Codec Setting	AMR 12.2kbps	AMR 7.95kbps	AMR 4.75kbps	Orientation	Band	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	676	659	674			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	Y(Transverse)	WCDMA 1900	9400
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	<mark>369</mark>	386	372			

#### WCDMA/UMTS CMRS Codec Investigation





### 9 Volte test system setup and dut configuration

#### 9.1 Test System Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoLTE over I Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. MS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoLTE over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

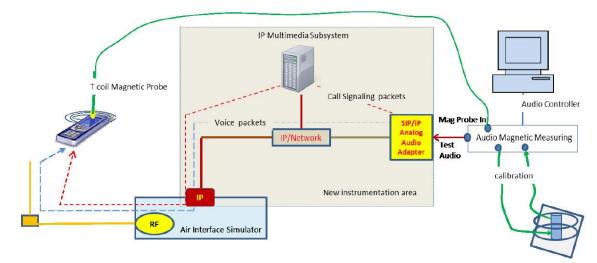


Figure 9.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name					
for LTE	KS500	LTE FDD R8 SIG BASIC					
	KS550	LTE TDD R8 SIG BASIC					
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4					
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6					
for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC					
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS					
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC					

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoLTE server for testing:





#### 9.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. WB AMR 23.85kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoLTE over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

Codec	WB AMR	WB AMR	NB AMR	NB AMR	_						
Setting	23.85kbps	6.60kbps	12.2kbps	4.75kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel				
Secondary Group Point	556	571 566		56 571		556 571 56		566 561		B2/20M	18900
Count											
Frequency	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS							
Response					Y(Transverse)						
Primary											
Group	<mark>227</mark>	228	276	270							
Contiguous		220	210	270							
Point Count											

#### AMR Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

#### EVS Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS			
Codec	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Orientation	Band /BW	Channel
Setting	SWB	SWB	WB	WB	NB	NB	Orientation		
	13.2kbps	9.6kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps			
Secondary									
Group Point	526	531	537	529	542	529			
Count								DayaaM	
Frequency	DACC	DACC	DASS	DAGO	DAGO	DACC	V(Transvoras)		
Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Y(Transverse)	B2/20M	18900
Primary Group									
Contiguous	279	286	286	283	312	296			
Point Count									

#### 9.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. 20MHz BW, QPSK, 1RB, 50RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

				-			
Band	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulat ion	RB Size	RB Offset(%)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
LTE B2	18900	20	QPSK	1	0	264	540
LTE B2	18900	20	QPSK	1	50	<mark>227</mark>	556

VoLTE over IMS SNR by Radio Configuration





LTE B2	18900	20	QPSK	1	99	276	546
LTE B2	18900	20	QPSK	50	25	247	593
LTE B2	18900	20	QPSK	100	0	257	543
LTE B2	18900	20	16QAM	1	50	250	563
LTE B2	18900	20	64QAM	1	50	247	510
LTE B2	18900	10	QPSK	1	50	232	517
LTE B2	18900	5	QPSK	1	50	276	543
LTE B2	18900	1.4	QPSK	1	50	262	546





### 10 VONR TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

#### 10.1 Test System Setup for VoNR over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoNR over I Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. MS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoNR over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMX500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMX500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. An external USB audio interface is used to perform the A/D conversion and ensure proper speech input level to the DUT.

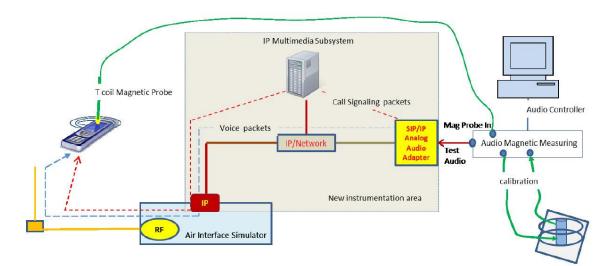


Figure 10.1 Test Setup for VoNR over IMS T-coil Measurements

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoNR server for testing:
---

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
for VoNR	KS600B	VONR processing option





#### 10.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMX500 for VoNR over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

Codec	WB AMR	WB AMR	NB AMR	NB AMR				
Setting	23.85kbps	6.60kbps	12.2kbps	4.75kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel	
Secondary								
Group Point	415	420	416	418				
Count								
Frequency	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS				
Response					Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000	
Primary								
Group	145	140	169	170				
Contiguous	140	140	109	170				
Point Count								

#### AMR Codec Investigation – VoNR over IMS

#### EVS Codec Investigation – VoNR over IMS

	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS			
Codec	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Orientation	Band	Channel
Setting	SWB	SWB	WB	WB	NB	NB	Orientation	/BW	Channel
	13.2kbps	9.6kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps			
Secondary									
Group Point	404	405	392	401	406	408			
Count									
Frequency	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	DACC	V(Transverse)		240000
Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000
Primary Group									
Contiguous	110	109	124	<mark>90</mark>	138	99			
Point Count									

#### 10.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. 20MHz BW, QPSK, 1RB, 50RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

Band	Channe I	Bandwidt h [MHz]	Modulati on	RB Size	RB Offset	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM	50	25	97	400

VoNR over IMS SNR by Radio Configuration



**CAICT** No. 23T04Z80421-46

			QPSK				
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM QPSK	1	104	90	401
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM QPSK	1	1	113	420
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM QPSK	2	0	103	401
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM QPSK	2	104	104	380
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM QPSK	100	0	114	389
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM 16QAM	50	25	102	413
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM 64QAM	50	25	97	383
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM 256QAM	50	25	104	399
N66	349000	20	DFT-s- OFDM PI/2 BPSK	50	25	111	412
N66	349000	20	CP- OFDM QPSK	53	26	109	405





### 11 VoWIFI TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

#### 11.1 Test System Setup for VoWiFI over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS, or CMRS WiFi Calling, is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoWiFi over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

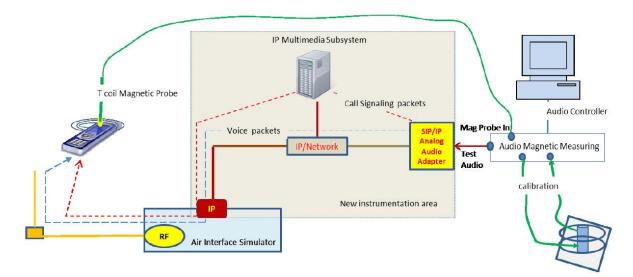


Figure 11.1 Test Setup for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil Measurements

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the vowin i server for testing.							
Firmware	License Keys	Software Name					
for WLAN	KS650	WLAN A/B/G SIG BASIC					
	KS651	WLAN N SIG BASIC					
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4					
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6					
for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC					
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS					
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC					





#### **11.2 Codec Configuration**

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

Aint Codec investigation – vowin tover into								
Codec Setting	WB AMR 23.85kbps	WB AMR 6.60kbps	NB AMR 12.2kbps	NB AMR 4.75kbps	Orientation	Mode	Channel	
Secondary Group Point Count	396	390	395	394				
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Y(Transverse)	2.4GHz 802.11b	6	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	133	122	161	156				

#### AMR Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS

#### EVS Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS

	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS	EVS			
Codec	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Orientation	Mode	Channel
Setting	SWB	SWB	WB	WB	NB	NB	Onentation	Mode	Channel
	13.2kbps	9.6kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps	13.2kbps	5.9kbps			
Secondary									
Group Point	405	399	396	399	397	396			
Count									
Frequency	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	V/Tranavar	24011-	
Response	PA33	PA33	PA33	PASS	PA33	PA33	Y(Transver	2.4GHz 802.11b	6
Primary							se)	002.110	
Group	101	110	105	<mark>104</mark>	160	104			
Contiguous	131	116	135	104	163	134			
Point Count									





#### **11.3 Radio Configuration**

An investigation was performed on applicable data rates and modulations to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations in each 802.11 standard:

Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate [Mbps]	Secondary Group Point Count	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count
802.11b	20	6	DSSS	1	104	399
802.11b	20	6	CCK	11	108	398
802.11g	20	6	BPSK	6	<mark>99</mark>	414
802.11g	20	6	64-QAM	54	102	413
802.11n	20	44	BPSK	6.5	210	574
802.11n	20	44	256-QAM	78	218	533
802.11n	40	46	BPSK	13.5	203	591
802.11n	40	46	256-QAM	180	209	588
802.11ac	80	42	BPSK	29.3	189	548
802.11ac	80	42	256-QAM	390	199	539
802.11ax	160	50	BPSK	29.3	205	577
802.11ax	160	50	256-QAM	390	225	584





### 12 OTT VOIP TEST SYSTEM AND DUT CONFIGURATION

#### 12.1 Test System Setup for OTT VoIP T-coil Testing

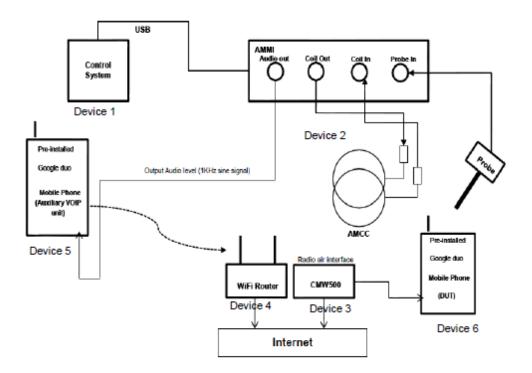
#### **OTT VoIP Application**

Google Duo is a pre-installed application on the DUT which allows for VoIP calls in a head-to-ear scenario. Duo uses the OPUS audio codec and supports a bitrate range of 6kbps to 75kbps. All air interfaces capable of a data connection were evaluated with Google Duo. When HAC testing we are using the Google Duo version is 26.0.179825522.alpha.DEV and the bitrate configuration can find at settings  $\rightarrow$  Voice call parameters settings  $\rightarrow$  Audio codec bitrate(6-75kbps).

#### Test Procedure and Equipment Setup

The test procedure for OTT testing is identical to the section above, except for how the signal is sent to the DUT, as outlined in the diagram below.

The AMMI is connected to the support device's Mic via Audio Data Line. The support device is connected to the Internet via Wi-Fi and the DUT is connected to the mobile base station via the technology under test. Using the DUT's OTT application, a VoIP call is established with the support device. The test signal is sent from the DASY PC to the AMMI, from the AMMI to the support device, and finally to the DUT. To exercise the license antenna, the DUT was simultaneously connected to an external AP and to a mobile base station.







#### **Codec Bit-rate Investigation**

For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of bit-rate configurations and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

#### Air Interface Investigation

Using the worst-case bit-rate and Radio Configuration, a limited set of bands/channel/ bandwidths were then tested to confirm that there is no effect to the test compliance when changing the band/channel/bandwidth, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface. The summary of evaluation results is described in section 13.5

#### 12.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed for each applicable data mode to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The 6kbps codec setting was used for the audio codec on the auxiliary VoIP unit for OTT VoIP T-coil testing. See below tables for comparisons between codec data rates on all applicable data modes:

	baco investigatio			
Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	389	387		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Y(Transverse)	661
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	95	<mark>90</mark>		

#### Codec Investigation – OTT over EDGE

#### Codec Investigation – OTT over HSPA

	U			
Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Channel
Secondary Group Point	567	674		
Count	567	574		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Y(Transverse)	9800
Primary Group Contiguous	054	045		
Point Count	251	<mark>245</mark>		

#### Codec Investigation – OTT over LTE

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point	501	505			
Count	501	505			
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Y(Transverse)	B2/20M	18900
Primary Group	107	<mark>182</mark>			
Contiguous Point Count	187	102			





Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel				
Secondary Group Point Count	412	419							
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass			240000				
Primary Group	100	400	Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000				
Contiguous Point	130	<mark>126</mark>							
Count									

#### Codec Investigation – OTT over NR

#### Codec Investigation – OTT over WiFi

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel			
Secondary Group Point Count	359	354						
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Y(Transverse)	2.4GHz	6			
Primary Group			r(mansverse)	802.11b	0			
Contiguous Point	87	<mark>83</mark>						
Count								

### **13 HAC T-Coil TEST DATA SUMMARY**

#### 13.1 Test Results for 2/3G

Band	Ch.	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
GSM 850	190	81	333	21	26	PASS
PCS 1900	661	117	369	19	26	PASS
W850	4407	360	669	26	26	PASS
W1900	9800	369	676	26	26	PASS
W1700	1762	335	624	26	26	PASS

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

#### 13.2 Test Results for VoLTE

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
LTE B2	18900	20M	227	556	25	26	PASS

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Page 31 of 52



## **CAICT** No. 23T04Z80421-46

LTE B5	20525	10M	195	505	22	26	PASS
LTE B7	21100	20M	267	570	26	26	PASS
LTE B12	23095	10M	242	537	25	26	PASS
LTE B13	23230	10M	222	510	24	26	PASS
LTE B66	132322	20M	253	550	25	26	PASS
LTE B48	55990	20M	208	487	24	26	PASS

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

#### 13.3 Test Results for VoNR

#### Test results for 5G NR with SA mode

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
N2	376000	20M	93	408	20	26	PASS
N5	167300	20M	119	460	21	26	PASS
N66	349000	20M	90	401	20	26	PASS
N48	641666	20M	125	465	22	26	PASS
N77	633334	20M	87	402	20	26	PASS
N78	636666	20M	109	434	22	26	PASS

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.





#### Test results for 5G NR with NSA mode

Band	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
B2-N5/66/77	86	332	16	26	PASS
B5-N2/66/77/78	129	410	18	26	PASS
B7-N66/77/78	133	416	20	26	PASS
B12-N2/66/77	132	425	20	26	PASS
B13-N2/66/77	110	360	17	26	PASS
B66-N2/5/77	110	443	20	26	PASS

#### 13.4 Test Results for VoWiFi

Mode	Ch.	Band width	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
802.11b	6	20M	104	399	23	26	PASS
802.11g	6	20M	99	414	21	26	PASS
802.11n	6	20M	105	427	24	26	PASS
802.11n	6	40M	110	432	23	26	PASS
802.11a	44	20M	234	582	26	26	PASS
802.11n	46	40M	203	591	26	26	PASS
802.11ac	42	80M	189	548	23	23	PASS
802.11ax	50	160M	205	577	26	26	PASS
802.11ac	58	80M	204	592	26	26	PASS
802.11ac	122	80M	197	582	26	26	PASS
802.11ac	155	80M	192	575	26	26	PASS

Note:

1. Bluetooth function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.





#### 13.5 Test Results for OTT VoIP

Band	Ch.	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
EDGE850	190	75	364	20	26	PASS
EDGE1900	661	90	387	19	26	PASS
W850	4407	236	568	26	26	PASS
W1900	9800	245	574	26	26	PASS
W1700	1637	226	558	26	26	PASS

Note: 1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

#### **Test results for LTE** Primary Secondary Secondary Secondary Group Group Frequency Ch. Band Bandwidth **Group Max Group Max** Contiguous Point Response Longitudinal Transverse **Point Count** Count 20M PASS LTE B2 18900 505 22 26 182 LTE B5 20525 10M 141 490 21 26 PASS 20M 26 PASS LTE B7 21100 185 508 22 **LTE B12** 23095 10M 186 500 PASS 22 26 **LTE B13** 23230 10M 481 PASS 169 21 26 26 PASS **LTE B66** 132322 20M 189 517 22 20M PASS **LTE B48** 55990 480 22 26 158

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
N2	376000	20M	112	387	20	26	PASS
N5	167300	10M	161	472	22	26	PASS
N66	349000	20M	126	419	20	26	PASS
N48	641666	20M	117	396	18	26	PASS
N77	633334	20M	82	397	19	26	PASS
N78	636666	20M	111	396	19	26	PASS

#### Test results for 5G NR with SA mode

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Note:

Note:

- 1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
- 2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Test results for 5G NR with NSA mode							
Band	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response		
B2-N5/66/77	81	347	16	26	PASS		
B5-N2/66/77/78	83	344	16	26	PASS		
B7-N66/77/78	117	400	18	26	PASS		
B12-N2/66/77	79	337	16	26	PASS		
B13-N2/66/77	80	338	16	26	PASS		
B66-N2/5/77	82	350	16	26	PASS		

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Mode	Ch.	Band width	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
802.11b	6	20M	83	354	18	26	PASS
802.11g	6	20M	160	458	20	26	PASS
802.11n	6	20M	153	449	20	26	PASS
802.11n	6	40M	161	457	20	26	PASS
802.11a	44	20M	200	522	22	26	PASS
802.11n	46	40M	213	535	23	26	PASS
802.11ac	42	80M	217	543	26	26	PASS
802.11ax	50	160M	213	539	26	26	PASS
802.11a	60	20M	207	530	26	26	PASS
802.11a	124	20M	197	517	22	26	PASS
802.11a	157	20M	202	516	26	26	PASS

#### Test results for WiFi

Note:

1. Bluetooth function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

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#### **13.6 Total Measurement Conclusion**

<b>Probe Position</b>	Frequency Band(MHz)	Compliance		
	GSM 850	PASS		
	GSM 1900	PASS		
	WCDMA850	PASS		
	WCDMA1900	PASS		
	WCDMA1700	PASS		
	LTE B2	PASS		
Transverse	LTE B5	PASS		
	LTE B7	PASS		
	LTE B12	PASS		
	LTE B13	PASS		
	LTE B66	PASS		
	N2	PASS		
	N5	PASS		
	N66	PASS		
	N48	PASS		
	N77	PASS		
	N78	PASS		
	WiFi 2.4G	PASS		
	WiFi 5G	PASS		





## **14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

	Unc.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	(ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.
Error Description	Value	Dist.		ABMd	ABMu	ABMd	ABMu
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	<i>±</i> 3.0 %	Ν	1	1	1	±3.0 %	±3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	<i>±</i> 0.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.2 %	±0.2 %
AMCC Current	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %
Probe Positioning during Calibr.	<i>±</i> 0.1 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.1, %	±0.1 %
Noise Contribution	<i>±</i> 0.7 %	R	√3	0.0143	1	±0.0 %	±0.4 %
Frequency Slope	<i>±</i> 5.9 %	R	√3	0.1	1.0	±0.3 %	±3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	<i>±</i> 0.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.4 %	±0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	<i>±</i> 1.0 %	R	√3	0.1	1	±0.1 %	±0.6 %
Probe Angle	<i>±</i> 1 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %
Spectral Processing	<i>±</i> 0.9 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %
Integration Time	<i>±</i> 0.6 %	Ν	1	1	5	±0.6 %	±3.0 %
Field Disturbation	<i>±</i> 0.2 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.1 %	±0.1 %
Test Signal							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	±0.6 %	R	√3	0	1	±0.0 %	±0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	<i>±</i> 1.9 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.1 %	±1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	<i>±</i> 0.9 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %
DUT Positioning	<i>±</i> 1.9 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.1 %	±1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	0.3	±0.0 %	±0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	<i>±</i> 2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %
Combined Uncertainty							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM	Field)					±3.9 %	±6.0 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						±7.8 %	±11.9 %





## **15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS**

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period	
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV2	1064	July 14, 2023	One year	
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1064	NCR	NCR	
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1044	NCR	NCR	
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1014	NCR	NCR	
05	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	771	February 8, 2023	One year	
06	Software	DASY5 V5.0 Build 119.9	N/A	NCR	NCR	
07	Software	SEMCAD V13.2 Build 87	N/A	NCR	NCR	
08	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	166370	July 4, 2023	One year	

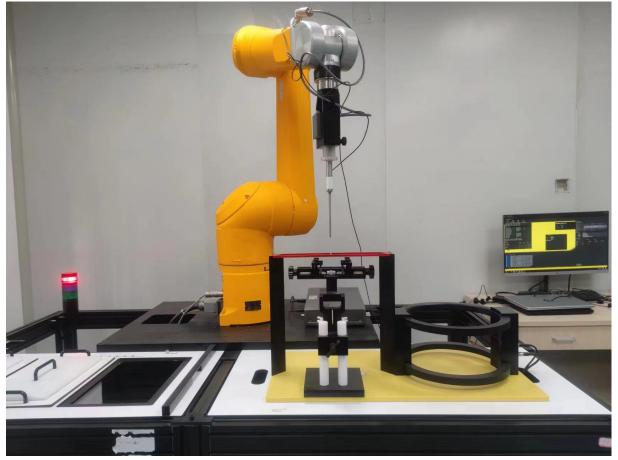
List of Main Instruments

\*\*\*END OF REPORT BODY\*\*\*





# ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1: HAC T-Coil System Layout





## **ANNEX B TEST PLOTS**

T-Coil GSM850 Transverse

# **T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report**

## Results



Fig B.1 T-Coil GSM850

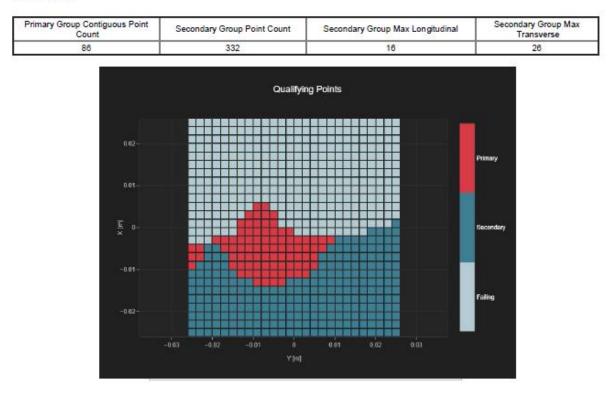




## T-Coil B2-N77 Transverse

# T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

## Results



## Fig B.2 T-Coil B2-N77





## T-Coil GSM850 Transverse - OTT VoIP

# T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

## Results



### Fig B.3 T-Coil GSM850-OTT

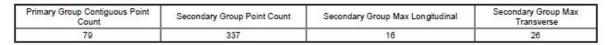




## T-Coil B12-N77 Transverse - OTT VolP

# **T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report**

## Results





### Fig B.4 T-Coil B12-N77-OTT





# ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES

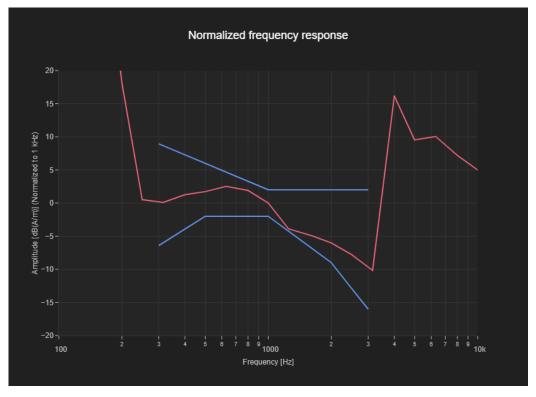


Figure C.1 Frequency Response of GSM850

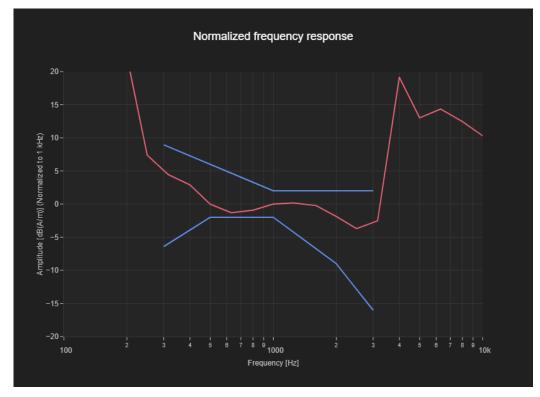
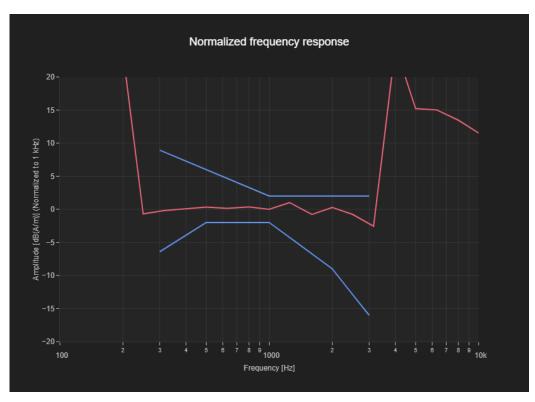


Figure C.2 Frequency Response of B2-N77









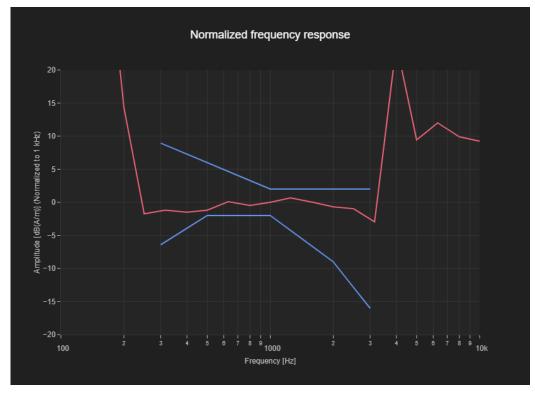


Figure C.4 Frequency Response of B12-N77-OTT





## ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service		Ac	creditation No.: SCS 0108
Iultilateral Agreement for the rec			
lient CTTL Beijing		Certificate No	o. AM1DV2-1064_Jul23
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICA	TE	
Dbject	AM1DV2 - SN	: 1064	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v4 Calibration pro	a bocedure for AM1D magnetic field prot	pes and TMFS in the
	audio range		
Calibration date:	July 14, 2023		
he measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence	national standards, which realize the physical units ce probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C a	are part of the certificate.
he measurements and the uncerta III calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE rimary Standards Ceithley Multimeter Type 2001 Leference Probe AM1DV2	ainties with confidence	the probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C at	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncertain All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Ceithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4	ainties with confidence ad in the closed labor critical for calibration ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008	e probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Aug-22 (No. 34389) 20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22) 03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-781_Jan23)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Aug-23 Dec-23 Jan-24
The measurements and the uncertain All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Ceithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards MCC	ainties with confidence and in the closed labor critical for calibration ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050	e probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Aug-22 (No. 34389) 20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Aug-23 Dec-23
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence and in the closed labor critical for calibration ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050	probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Aug-22 (No. 34389) 20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22) 03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-781_Jan23) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-20)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Aug-23 Dec-23 Jan-24 Scheduled Check Oct-23 Oct-23 Oct-23
The measurements and the uncertain All calibrations have been conducted Calibration Equipment used (M&TE <u>Primary Standards</u> Geithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards MMCC MMI Audio Measuring Instrument	ainties with confidence and in the closed labor critical for calibration ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050 SN: 1062	e probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Aug-22 (No. 34389) 20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22) 03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-781_Jan23) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-20) 26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-20)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Aug-23 Dec-23 Jan-24 Scheduled Check Oct-23 Oct-23 Oct-23 Signature
The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ainties with confidence ad in the closed labor critical for calibration ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050 SN: 1062 Name	ee probability are given on the following pages and atory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 29-Aug-22 (No. 34389) 20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22) 03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-781_Jan23) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-20) 26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-20) Function	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Aug-23 Dec-23 Jan-24 Scheduled Check Oct-23 Oct-23 Oct-23





#### References

- ANSI-C63.19-2007 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [3] DASY System Handbook

#### Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface. The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the

perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below. The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

#### Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- Coordinate System: The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.
- Functional Test: The functional test preceding calibration includes test of Noise level RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected. Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- Connector Rotation: The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and – 120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- Sensor Angle: The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and -120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.
- Sensitivity: With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

Certificate No: AM1DV2-1064\_Jul23

Page 2 of 3





#### AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	AM1DV2 Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	
Type No	SP AM1 001 AF	
Serial No	1064	

Overall length	296 mm	
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)	
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)	
Internal Amplifier	40 dB	

Manufacturer / Origin Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### Calibration data

Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	0.0657 V/(A/m)	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	0.45 °	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	102.9 °	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: AM1DV2-1064\_Jul23

Page 3 of 3





## **ANNEX E DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**



Certificate No: Z23-60065

Page 1 of 3









Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <u>http://www.caict.ac.cn</u>

# Glossary:

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z23-60065

Page 2 of 3









Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <u>http://www.caict.ac.cn</u>

#### DC Voltage Measurement

 A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 High Range:
 1LSB =
 6.1μV ,
 full range =
 -100...+300 mV

 Low Range:
 1LSB =
 61nV ,
 full range =
 -1.....+3mV

 DASY measurement parameters:
 Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	403.771 ± 0.15% (k=2)	$403.972 \pm 0.15\%$ (k=2)	404.298 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97108 ± 0.7% (k=2)	$3.97174 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	$3.96471 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	288.5° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DAST system	200.0 ± 1

Certificate No: Z23-60065

Page 3 of 3





# The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No. 23T04Z80421-45/46

The photos of HAC test