

210 Cougar Court Hillsborough, NJ 08844 Tel: (908) 927 9288 Fax: (908) 927 0728

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C TEST REPORT

For

**SOMFY SYSTEMS INC.** 

ZIGBEE Model Number: SITUO 1

FCC ID: DWNSITUO-1-ZIG

Report Number: 0048-190703-01

Prepared for

SOMFY SYSTEMS INC. 121 Herrod Blvd. Dayton, NJ 08810 USA

Prepared by

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.
210 Cougar Court

Hillsborough, NJ 08844

Tel: (908) 927 9288

Fax: (908) 927 0728

Date: 08/09/2019

Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG

# **EUT: ZIGBEE** Model: SITUO 1

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION	
2. EUT DESCRIPTION	4
3. TEST METHODOLOGY	5
4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION	5
5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY	6
5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	6
5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	7
6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	8
7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS	9
7.1 6dB &99% BANDWIDTH	
7.2 PEAK OUTPUT POWER	13
7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	16
7.4 AVERAGE OUTPUT POWER	19
7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	20
7.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	23
7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS	28
7.7.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	28
7.7.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA	30
7.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION	33
7.9 EUT RECEIVING MODE VERIFICATION	
8. SETUP PHOTOS	35
9 APPENDIX	39

# 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

COMPANY NAME: SOMFY SYSTEMS INC.

**EUT DESCRIPTION: ZIGBEE** 

MODEL: SITUO 1

**DATE TESTED:** 07/03/2019 to 08/09/2019

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC Part 15.247 NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. (ACL) and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by ACL, Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Tested By:

Som

Approved & Released For ACL By:

Wei Li Edward Lee

Manager EMC Engineer

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.

Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG

# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

**EUT: ZIGBEE** 

Model: SITUO 1

The EUT for this certification is a low power transmitter, using digital modulation & operating in the 2400 MHz band.

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

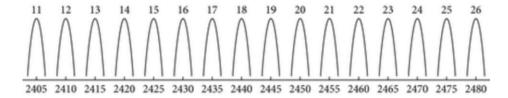
Frequency /Range (MHz)	Rated Power Selection	Tested Peak Power (dBm/W)*
2405-2480	6dBm/0.004W	5.83/ 0.0038

Frequency band: 2.400 to 2.4835 GHz

Channel spacing: 5 MHz 16 channels are available Modulation: OQPSK

Coding: DSSS

PCB antenna gain: -4dB



# 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014/C63.10-2013, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 & 15. Test procedure described in FCC "KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance" is used in this report.

# 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites / measurement facilities for Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.(ACL) to collect data are located at 210 Cougar Court, Hillsborough, New Jersey, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods".

This site is accepted by FCC to perform measurements under Part 15 or 18 (MRA#US5347) and also designated by IC as "site IC 3130". ACL is recognized by ISED as a wirless testing laboratory (CAB ID: US0100). The NVLAP Lab code for accreditation of FCC EMC Test Method is: 200101-0. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200101-0. The full accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ac-lab.com.



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

# 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The estimated uncertainty of the test result is given as following. The method of uncertainty calculation is provided in Advanced Compliance Lab. Doc. No. 0048-01-01.

	Prob. Dist.	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)
		30-1000MHz	1-6.5GHz	Conducted
Combined Std. Uncertainty $u_c$	norm.	±2.36	±2.99	±1.83

# 5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Description	Last Cal mm/dd/	Cal Due Mm/dd/ yy
				yy	
Agilent	E4440A	US40420700	3Hz-26.5GHz Spec. Analyzer	17/06/18	17/06/20
R &S	ESPI	100018	9KHz-7GHz EMI Receiver	15/01/18	15/01/20
HP	HP8546A	3448A00290	9kHz to 6.5GHz EMI Receiver	25/09/17	25/09/19
EMCO	3104C	9307-4396	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	12/11/17	12/11/19
EMCO	3146	9008-2860	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	13/11/17	13/11/19
Electro-Meterics	ALR-25M/30	289	10KHz-30MHz Active Loop Antenna	28/05/18	28/05/20
EMCO	3115	4945	Double Ridge Guide Horn Antenna	28/11/17	28/11/19
R&S	SMH	8942280/010	Signal Generator	15/01/18	15/01/20
RES-NET	RFA500NFF 30	0108	30dB in-line Power Attenuator	15/01/18	15/01/20

All Test Equipment Used is Calibrated, Traceable to NIST Standards.

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

None.

#### **TEST SETUP**

#### **Testing Frequency/Channel/Port Selection:**

- Selected Channel Frequency = 2405MHz, 2440 MHz, 2480MHz
- For intentional radiator measurements, 2405/2440/2480 MHz transmitter was configured to transmit continuously. The EUT was powered with 3Vdc/1.0A using fresh batteries.

Engineering Justification: N/A

# 7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

# 7.1 6dB &99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) & RSS-247 Sec.5.1(1): Min. 6dB DTS bandwidth should be no less than 500KHz.

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

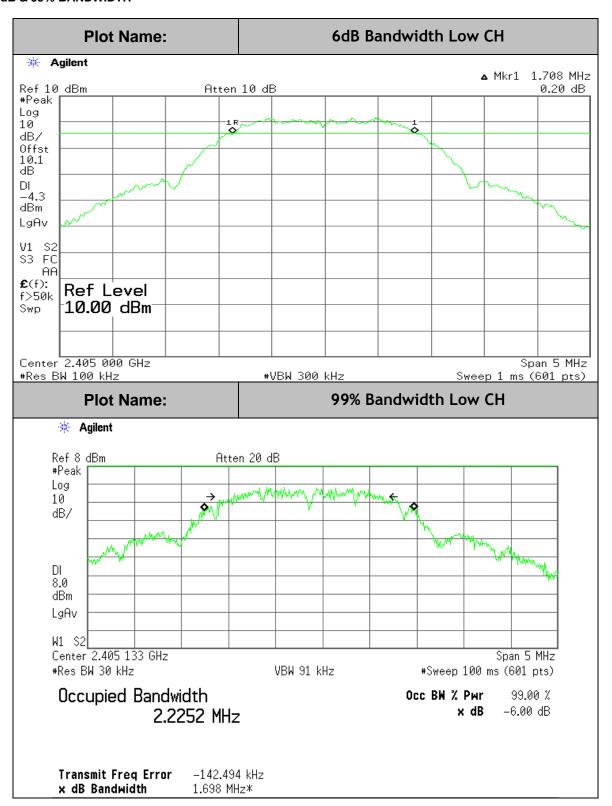
Measurement Procedure for Emission Bandwidth (DTS	Applicable to this EUT
Bandwidth)	
8.2 DTS BW Measurement Procedure per Subclause 11.8 of	$\boxtimes$
ANSI C63.10	

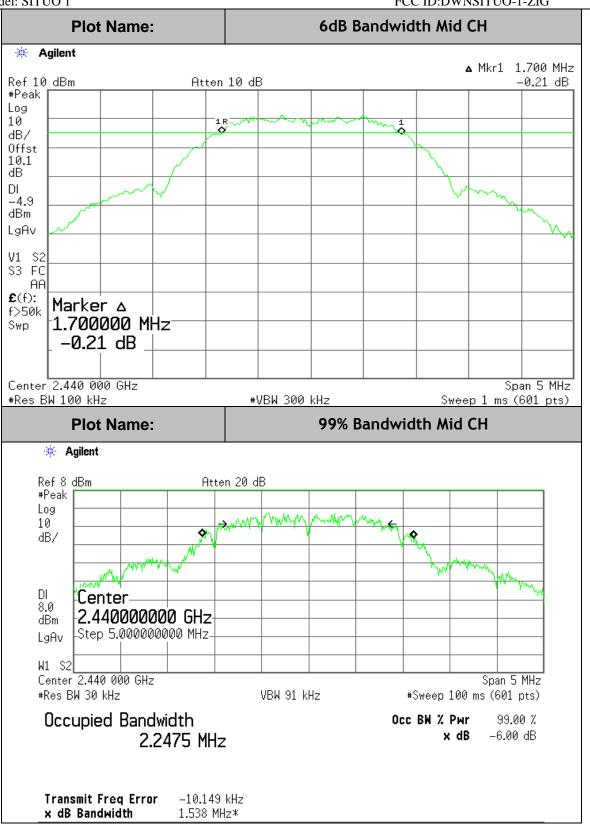
#### **RESULTS**

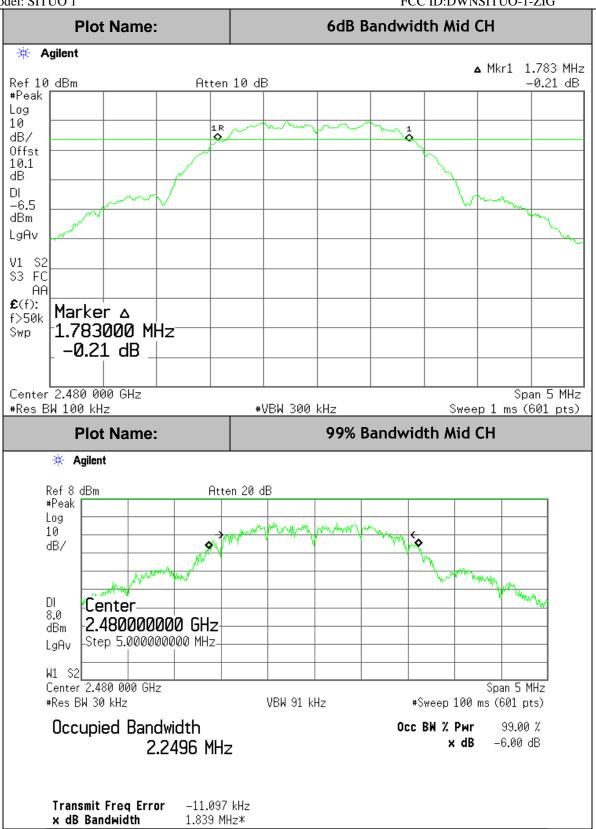
No non-compliance noted.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (KHz)	99% Bandwidth (KHz)
L	2405	1708	2225.2
M	2440	1700	2247.5
Н	2480	1783	2249.6

#### 6dB & 99% BANDWIDTH







#### 7.2 PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **PEAK POWER LIMIT**

§15.247 (b)(3) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.4(4)

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: For systems using digital modulation in the 900 MHz band: 1 Watt.

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

b(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Therefore, the applicable output power limit shall be calculated as follows:

Pout = 30 - (Gtx-6) for antenna gain  $\leq 6dBi$  or

Pout = 30 - Floor[(Gtx-6)/3]

 $G_{Tx}$  = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Fundamental Emission Output	Applicable to this EUT
Power*	
8.3.1.1 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level Measurement Procedure Option 1 (RBW≥DTS BW):	⊠preferred
Per Subclause 11.9.1.1 of ANSI C63.10	
8.3.1.2 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level Measurement Procedure Option 2 (RBW <dts 8.3.2<="" as="" average="" band="" bw)="" described="" in="" integrated="" measurement,="" method:="" power="" prefer="" td="" to="" use=""><td></td></dts>	
8.3.1.3 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level Measurement Procedure Option 3: PKPM1 Peak-reading power meter method per Subclause 11.9.1.3 of ANSI C63.10	

<sup>\*</sup> For measuring output power of a device transmitting a wide-band noise-like signal (i.e., digitally-modulated) where the peak power amplitude is a statistical parameter, the preferred methodology is to use integrated average power measurements, as described in 11.9.2 and 11.13.3 of ANSI C63.10.

No non-compliance noted.

#### **OUTPUT PEAK POWER**

Summary of Peak Power Testing Data:

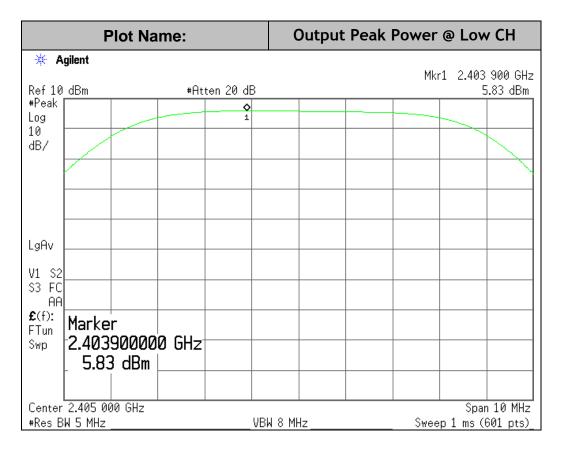
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2405	5.83	30	-24.17
Middle	2440	5.06	30	-24.94
High	2480	4.11	30	-25.89

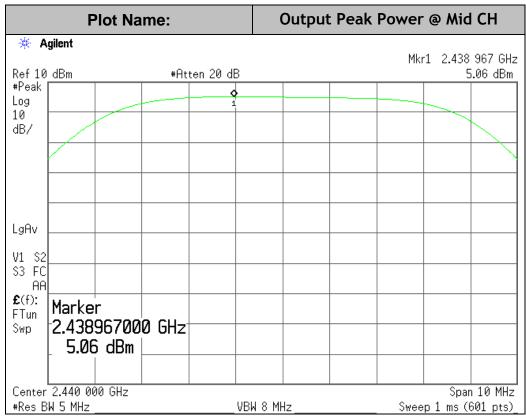
Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG

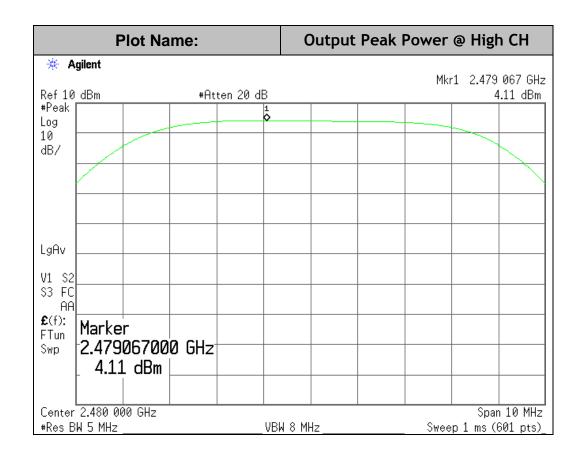
EUT: ZIGBEE

Model: SITUO 1

R







**EUT: ZIGBEE** Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG Model: SITUO 1

#### 7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS & RSS-102**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	its for Occupational	/Controlled Exposur	es	
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f2)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000	***************************************		5	6
(B) Limits t	or General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	osure	
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their
employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.
Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for
exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

**EUT: ZIGBEE** Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG Model: SITUO 1

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$
  
$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using: P

$$(mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10)$$
 and

 $G \text{ (numeric)} = 10 ^ (G \text{ (dBi)} / 10)$ 

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$
 Equation (1)   
 
$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G)/10) / d^2$$
 Equation (2)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

Equation (2) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the Power density.

#### **LIMITS**

From  $\S1.1310$  Table 1 (B), for Public S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for Professional, S = 5.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

For this EUT, P+G=5.83-4=1.83dBm, and d=20cm

Plug all three items into equation (2), yielding,

Power Density	Output	Antenna]	Power	Meet min.
Limit	Power	Gain	Density	PD Limit
$(mV/cm^2)$	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/ cm <sup>2)</sup>	
1.0/5.0	5.83	-4	0.003	Yes

#### FCC 47 CFR 2.1093 SAR Exclusion Calculation

#### As per FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance DR03-41372

(All power readings below reflect 1dB addition to account for radio tolerance)

Max. EIRP=1.83+1=2.83dBm, i.e. 0.002W=2mW. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, Appendix A, SAR Test Exclusion Threshold @2450MHz band for d=5mm is 10mW. We can conclude that this handheld device is exempt from SAR test.

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

#### 7.4 AVERAGE OUTPUT POWER

#### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

#### TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Fundamental Emission Output	Applicable to this EUT
Power	
8.3.2.2 Maximum Conducted (average) Output Power Level *	
Measurement Procedure Option 1 (Measurement using a	
spectrum analyzer (SA): per Subclause 11.9.2.2 of ANSI C63.10	
8.3.2.3 Maximum Conducted (average) Output Power Level *	
Measurement Procedure Option 2 (using a power meter(PM):	
per Subclause 11.9.2.3 of ANSI C63.10	

<sup>\*</sup> Alternative method. EUT shall be configured to transmit continuously (min. 98% duty cycle at full power). The spectrum analyzer shall be set for bin-to-bin spacing ≤RBW/2.

The transmitter output is connected to a RF broadband power meter.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	2405	5.56
Middle	2440	4.87
High	2480	4.06

# 7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (e) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.2(2)

For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Maximum Power Spectral Density	Applicable to this EUT
in the Fundamental Emission	
8.4 Measurement Procedure Method PKPSD (peak PSD) per	⊠preferred
Subclause 11.10.2 of ANSI C63.10	
8.4 Measurement Procedure for Average PSD** (6 methods:	
AVGPSD-1 & Alt, AVGPSD-2 & Alt, AVGPSD-3 & Alt) per	
Subclause 11.10.3~11.10.8 of ANSI C63.10	

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

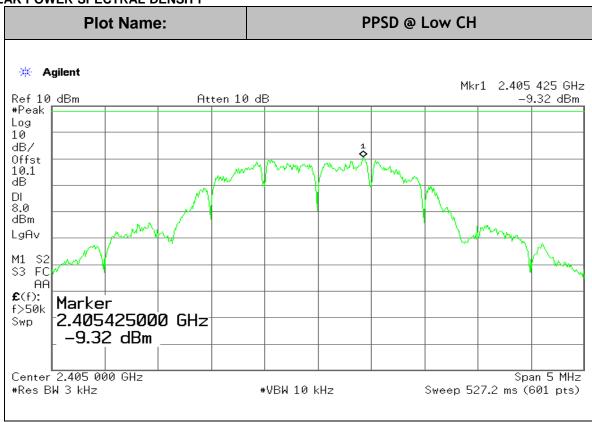
# Summary of PPSD Testing Data:

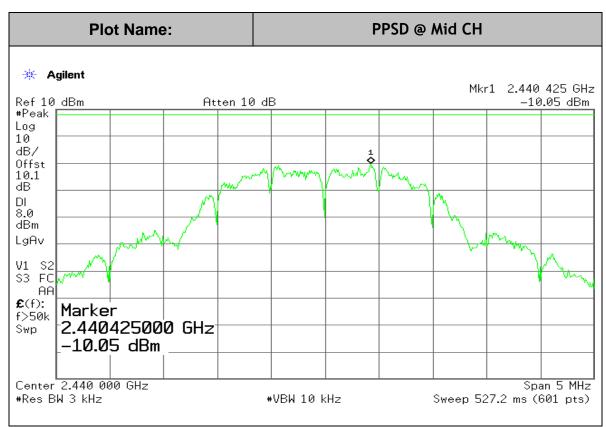
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm/3KHz)	Margin (dB)
Low	2405	-9.32	8	-17.32
Middle	2440	-10.05	8	-18.05
High	2480	-11.38	8	-19.38

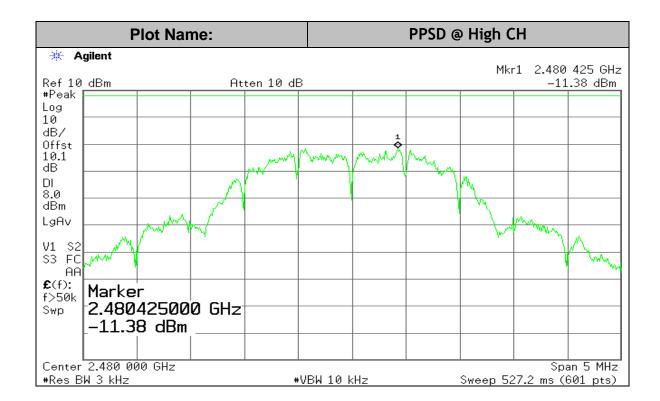
Model: SITUO 1

**EUT: ZIGBEE** 









#### 7.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247 (d) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) & RSS-Gen is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205 (a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) & RSS-Gen (see §15.205(c)).

#### TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02,

# A. Section 8.5 DTS emissions in non-restricted frequency bands following the methods in Subclause 11.11 of ANSI C63.10

Conducted Measurement Procedure for	Applicable to this EUT				
Maximum Unwanted Emissions into	Peak Power limit:	Average Power			
Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	(-20dB)	Limit: (-30dB)			
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.11.1-11.11.2 Measurement					
Procedure-Reference Level (RBW=100KHz,					
VBW=300KHz)					
ANSI C63.10, Sec. 11.11.3 Measurement	□ preferred				
Procedure- Emission level*					

<sup>\*</sup> Different attenuation limit shall be used based on the measurement method of fundamental emission power and PSD.

# B. Section 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands following the methods in Subclause 11.12 of ANSI C63.10

Antenna-Port Conducted Measurement Procedure for Maximum Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands**	Applicable to this EUT
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.3 CISPR Quasi-Peak Measurement (CISPR 16)	
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.4 Peak Power Measurement	
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.5 Average Power Measurement (three options)***	

<sup>\*\*</sup> To use this conducted testing method, per 12.2.2-12.2.6, the followings shall be taken as consideration:

- 1. Proper RBW and detector, per 15.35 a/b, shall be chosen in different frequency ranges;
- 2. Maximum transmitter antenna gain ( no less than 2dBi), G, shall be added to the measured power level to determine the EIRP:
- Appropriate factor, A, shall be added to model worst case ground reflections: 6.0dB (f≤30MHz) and 4.7dB ( f≤30 to 1000MHz)
- 4. Electric field strength can be obtained from the equation: E= EIRP-20log(d)+104.8+G (or 2.0) +A; Then compare to applicable limit;
- 5. Unwanted emissions from EUT cabinet or casing shall be measured via radiated emission test method per C63.10 (in this case, the antenna port may be terminated properly).
- Absolute peak power limit of -21.2dBm within the unwanted emission bandwidth shall be used for meeting 15.35(b) requirement;
- 7. Per 15.35(c), for pulse operation, Duty Cycle factor reduction can be applied for unwanted emissions that have the same pulse characteristics as does the fundamental emissions ( such as harmonics) pulse operation
- \*\*\* EUT shall be configured to transmit continuously (min. 98% duty cycle at full power). The spectrum analyzer shall be set for bin-to-bin spacing <a href="#">SRBW/2</a>.

**EUT: ZIGBEE** Report No: 0048-190703-01 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG Model: SITUO 1

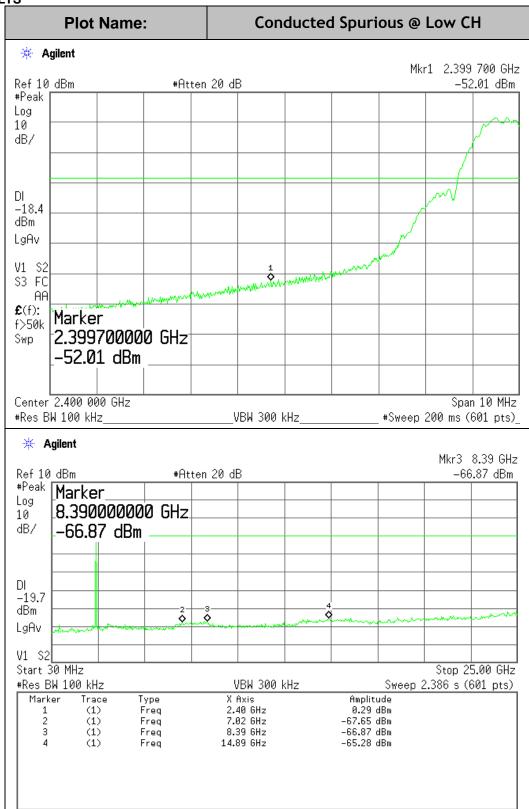
# C. Section 8.7 DTS band-edge emission measurements following the methods in Subclause 11.13 of ANSI C63.10

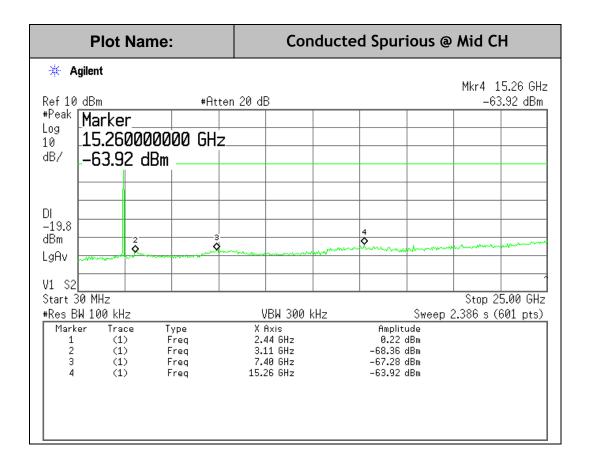
Conducted Band-edge measurements	Applicable to this EUT
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.13.2 Band-Edge Marker-Delta Method (per ANSI	
C63.10, Sec. 6.10.6) (within 2MHz)	
ANSI C63.10, Sec. 11.13.3.2~5 Band-Edge Integration Method (peak /	$\boxtimes$
average)	

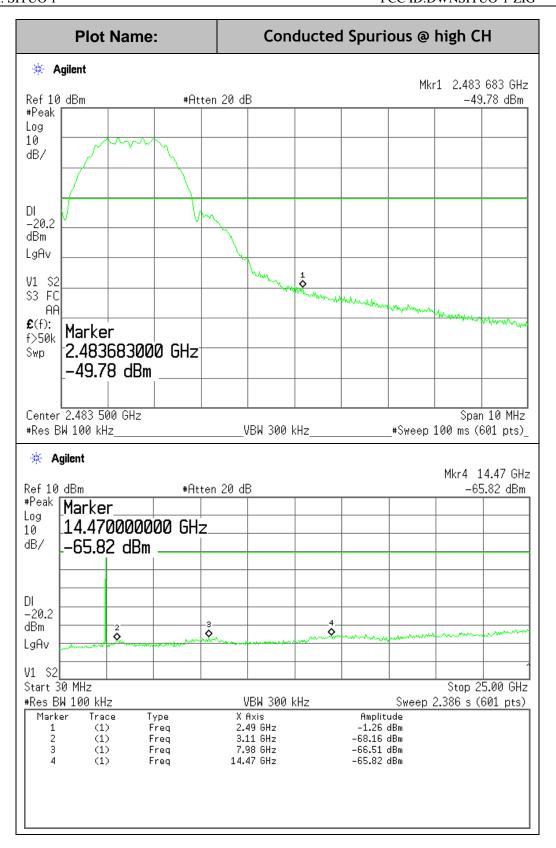
# **RESULTS**

**EUT: ZIGBEE** 

Model: SITUO 1







#### 7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### 7.7.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) RSS-102 Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHZ	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
□ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§15.209 (a) & RSS-Gen Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts /meter	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

§15.209 (b) & RSS-Gen In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02 Sec. 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands following the method in Subclause 11.12.2.7 of ANSI C63.10 ( Radiated method) Also see Sec. 8.1 c)3): Additional measurement procedures and the allowance for duty cycle for DTS device out-of-band measurements in a restricted band for protocol-limited devices.

The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode. Established procedures in C63.4/C63.10 for performing radiated measurements shall be used. For cabinet emission measurements, the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. For portable devices, the EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak. For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, and then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The radio spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency generated within the device (without going below 9 kHz) up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the rated transmitted emission. The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels, if applicable. The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

### 7.7.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA

# (HARMONICS & SPURIOUS falling in restricted bands listed in Sec.15.205 and non-restricted bands \*)

#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (>1GHz & <=1GHz)

Low Channel Harmonics/Spurious

				W CHAINIC	I Harmoni	CO, OP	411045		
Freq. (MHz)	Positi on (H,V-X ,Y,Z)		D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg .Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m )	QP/Avg.M ar. (dBuV/m)
4810	Н,Х	3		43.0	40.4	74	54	-31.8	-13.6
7215	Н,Х	3		ı	-	74	54		
4810	V,X	3		43.8	40.5	74	54	-30.8	-13.5
7215	V,X	3		-	-	74	54		
4810	Н, Ү	3		42.8	39.7	74	54	-32.1	-14.3
7215	Н, Ү	3		-	-	74	54		
4810	V,Y	3		41.1	39.0	74	54	-33.9	-15.0
7215	V,Y	3		-	-	74	54		
115.9	Н, Z	3		31.6			43.5		-11.9
332.0	Н, Z	3		31.2**			43.5		-12.3
4810	Н, Z	3		42.3	39.3	74	54	-32.3	-14.7
7215	Н, Z	3		-	-	74	54		
132.4	V,Z	3		32.7			43.5		-10.8
4810	V,Z	3		44.6	41.7	74	54	-30.4	-12.3
7215	V,Z	3		-	-	74	54		

Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious

	Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious								
Freq. (MHz)	Positi on (H,V-X ,Y,Z)	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg .Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m )	QP/Avg.M ar. (dBuV/m)
4880	Н,Х	3		42.8	39.7	74	54	-31.2	-14.3
7320	Н,Х	3		-	-	74	54		
4880	V,X	3		43.3	40.6	74	54	-30.7	-13.4
7320	V,X	3		-	-	74	54		
4880	Н, Ү	3		42.4	38.8	74	54	-31.6	-15.2
7320	Н, Ү	3		-	-	74	54		
4880	V,Y	3		40.1	38.0	74	54	-33.9	-16.0
7320	V,Y	3		-	-	74	54		
115.9	Н, Z	3		31.6			43.5		-11.9
332.0	Н, Z	3		31.2**			43.5		-12.3
4880	Н, Z	3		42.3	38.8	74	54	-31.7	-15.2
7320	Н, Z	3		-	-	74	54		
132.4	V,Z	3		32.7			43.5		-10.8
4880	V,Z	3		44.0	41.1	74	54	-30.0	-12.9
7320	V,Z	3		-	-	74	54		

High Channel Harmonics/Spurious

			***	gii Ciiaiiiie		<u> </u>	ur rous		
Freq. (MHz)	Positi on (H,V-X ,Y,Z)	Dist.	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	Lim	QP/Avg .Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m )	QP/Avg.M ar. (dBuV/m)
4960	Н,Х	3		41.4	38.5	74	54	-32.6	-15.5
7440	Н,Х	3		-	-	74	54		
4960	V,X	3		42.8	39.0	74	54	-31.2	-15.0

Page 30 of 46

model. Di						100	10.0 1110	11001210
7440	V,X	3	-	-	74	54		
4960	Н, Ү	3	41.5	38.5	74	54	-32.5	-15.5
7440	Н, Ү	3	-	-	74	54		
4960	V,Y	3	39.7	37.1	74	54	-34.3	-16.9
7440	V,Y	3	-	-	74	54		
115.9	Н, Z	3	31.6			43.5		-11.9
332.0	Н, Z	3	31.2**			43.5		-12.3
4960	Н, Z	3	40.9	38.3	74	54	-33.1	-15.7
7440	Н, Z	3	-	-	74	54		
132.4	V,Z	3	32.7			43.5		-10.8
4960	V,Z	3	42.9	39.4	74	54	-31.1	-14.6
7440	V,Z	3	-	-	74	54		

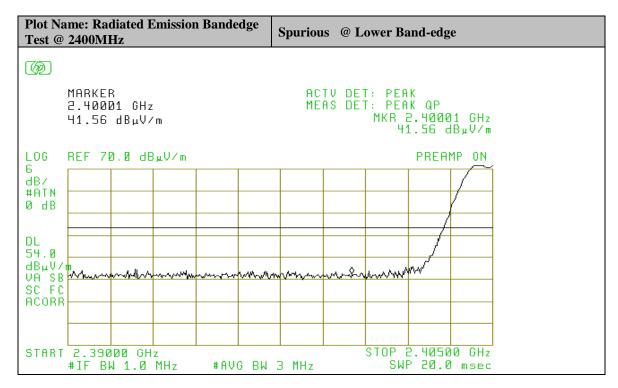
<sup>\*</sup> Data shown above represents the worst case in all applicable EUT orientations. No other significant emissions were found in the rest frequency range. For spurious in restricted band, the limit is per 15.209 & RSS-Gen. For the others, by measuring the field strength of fundamental (peak) with 100KHz RBW, the limit is 20dB below that level (here it is higher than the limit in 15.209 & RSS-Gen). In this case, all non-fundamental emission points are below 15.209 & RSS-Gen limit, so there is NO additional concern for non-restriction band limit compliance.

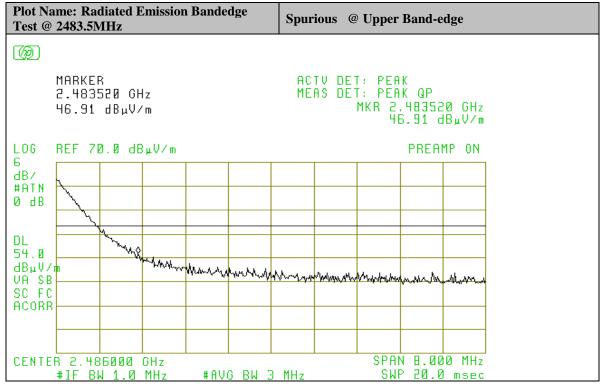
\*\* OP reading.

Report No: 0048-190703-01

**EUT: ZIGBEE** Model: SITUO 1 FCC ID:DWNSITUO-1-ZIG

The following plots show band edge spurious are well below the limit in 15.209 & RSS-Gen.





#### 7.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION

#### 7.8.1 Test Methods and Conditions

The EUT was under normal operational mode during the conducted emission test. EMI Receiver was scanned from 150KHz to 30MHz with maximum hold mode for maximum emission. Recorded data was sent to the plotter to generate output in linear format. At the input of the spectrum analyzer, a HP transient limiter is inserted for protective purpose. This limiter has a 10 dB attenuation in the range of 150KHZ to 30MHZ. That factor was automatically compensated by the receiver, so the readings are the corrected readings. The reference of the plot is the CISPR 22 Class B limit in following plots.

Conducted Emission Technical Requirements							
	Class A		Class B	Class B			
Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak Average		Quasi-Peak	Average			
	dBuV	dBuV	DBuV	dBuV			
150kHz -0.5MHz	79 (8912uV)	66 (1995uV)	66-56	56-46			
0.5MHz-30MHz	73 (4467uV)	60 (1000uV)					
0.5MHz-5MHz			56	46 (250uV)			
5MHz-30MHz			60	50			

Emissions that have peak values close to the specification limit (if any) are also measured in the quasi-peak/average mode to determine compliance.

#### 7.8.2 Test Data

The following plots show the neutral and line conducted emissions for the standard operation.

Highest Data for AC Line Conducted Emissions							
Frequency (MHz)	(Line)	(Line)	(Line)	(Neutral)	(Neutral)	(Neutral)	
Peak Reading (dBuV)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Average Reading (dBuV*)							

<sup>\*</sup> no need to show the average reading if the peak value is under average limit.

Test Personnel:		
Tester Signature:		
Typed/Printed Name:	Date: :	

# **NOT APPLICABLE**

#### 7.9 EUT RECEIVING MODE VERIFICATION

# **Radiated Test Data for Receiving Mode**

Frequency	Polarity	Antenna	Azimuth	Peak Reading	Peak Reading	FCC/IC 3m	Difference
	(H,V))	Height		at 3m	After	Limit	
				(2)	Correction	(1)	
(MHz)		(m)	(Degree)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)
115.9	Η	1.8	180	31.4		43.5	-12.1
174.8	Η	1.8	180	34.0		43.5	-9.5
332	Η	1.0	135	36.5		46.5	-10.0
346	Η	1.0	045	34.4		46.5	-12.1
354	Η	1.0	045	35.3		46.5	-11.2
132.4	<b>V</b>	1.2	135	32.4		43.5	-11.1
540	٧	1.1	000	35.6		46.5	-10.9
728	<b>V</b>	1.1	000	39.5		46.5	-7.0
940	V	1.1	270	43.0		46.5	-3.5

<sup>(1)</sup> Receiving mode spurious emissions shall be lower than the limit defined in FCC Sec. 15.209 & IC RSS-GEN.

# Radiated Test Data for Digital Circuitry Operation Mode

Frequency	Polarity	Antenna	Azimuth	Peak Reading	Peak Reading	FCC/IC 3m	Difference
	(H,V))	Height		at 3m	After	Limit	
				(2)	Correction	(1)	
(MHz)		(m)	(Degree)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)

# **NOT APPLICABLE**

<sup>(2)</sup> If the peak reading is less than the FCC/IC quasi-peak or average limit, it'll be not necessary to show the measured/calculated quasi-peak or average reading.