Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.447$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.017$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/10

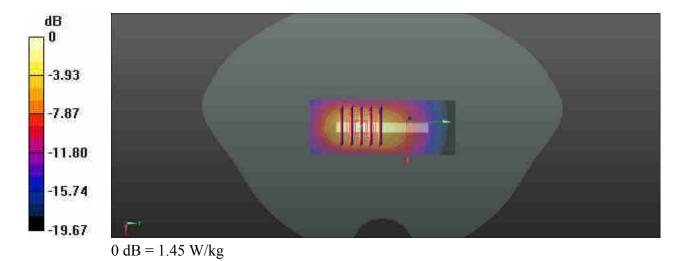
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch19100/Area Scan (31x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.964 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



28_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1_0_Back_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2600_200712 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/12

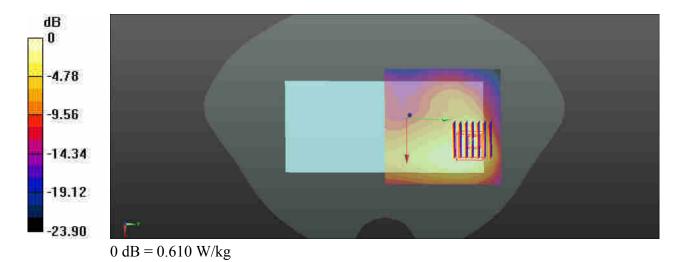
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.919 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.610 W/kg



29 LTE Band 41 20M QPSK 1 0 Back 10mm Ch41490

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: HSL 2600 200712 Medium parameters used: f = 2680 MHz; $\sigma = 2.152$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.052$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Date: 2020/07/12

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C

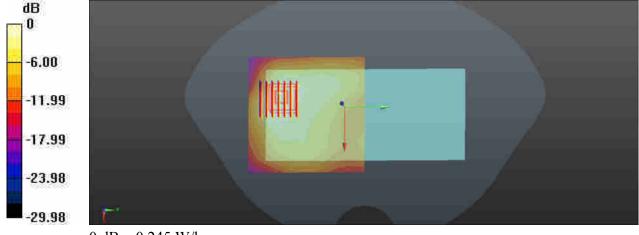
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch41490/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 W/kg

Ch41490/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.336 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/kg



0 dB = 0.245 W/kg

30 Bluetooth DH5 1Mbps Back 10mm Ch39

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3

Medium: HSL 2450 200625 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.815$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.445$;

Date: 2020/06/25

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch39/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

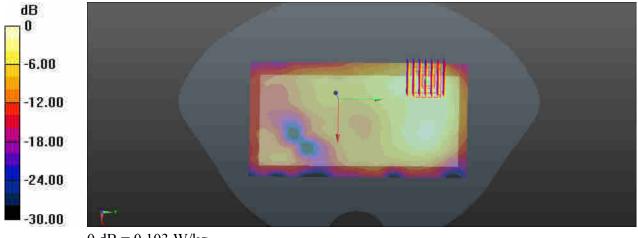
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.066 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg



0 dB = 0.103 W/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.008

Medium: HSL 2450 200625 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.811$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.467$;

Date: 2020/06/25

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.540 W/kg

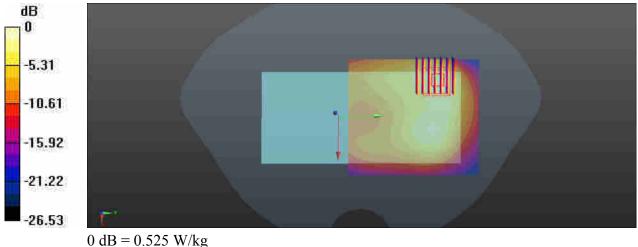
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.688 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 W/kg



32_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch165

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL_5750_200701 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 5.219$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.534$;

Date: 2020/07/01

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

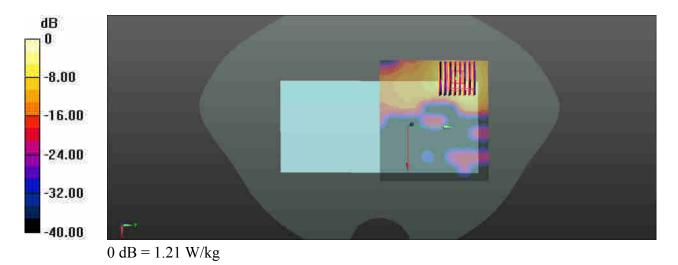
Ch165/Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.20 W/kg

Ch165/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 0.8120 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



33_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835_200627 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.893$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/06/27

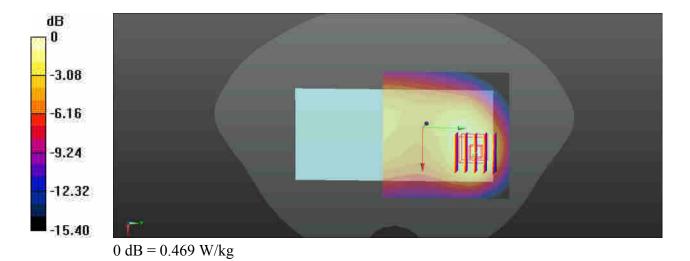
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.39, 9.39, 9.39); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.469 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.353 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.469 W/kg



34_GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.395$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/10

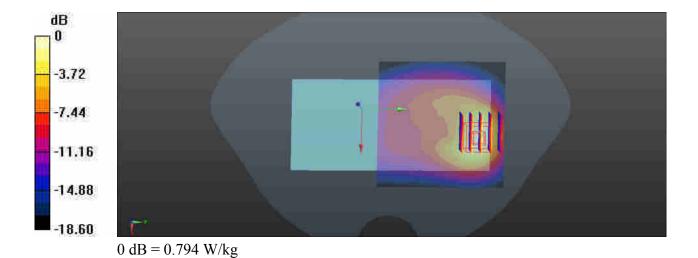
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.771 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.743 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.794 W/kg



35_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835_200627 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 0.923$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/06/27

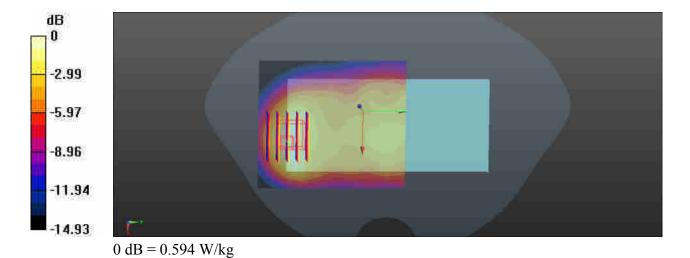
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.39, 9.39, 9.39); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.549 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.768 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.429 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.594 W/kg



36_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750_200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.796$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/10

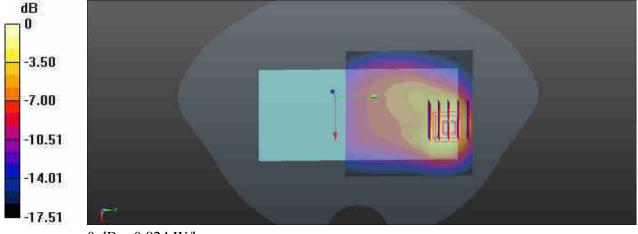
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch1413/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.821 W/kg

Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.509 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.591 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.824 W/kg



0 dB = 0.824 W/kg

37 WCDMA II RMC 12.2Kbps Back 10mm Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.455$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.982$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/10

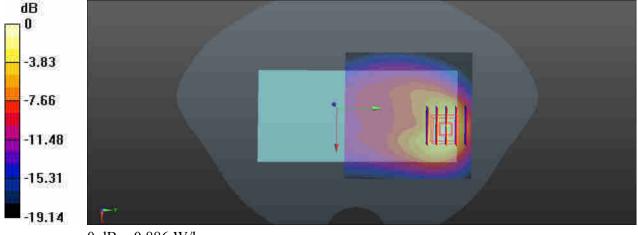
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.825 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.783 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.612 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.886 W/kg



0 dB = 0.886 W/kg

38 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1 49 Back 10mm Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750_200627 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/06/27

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

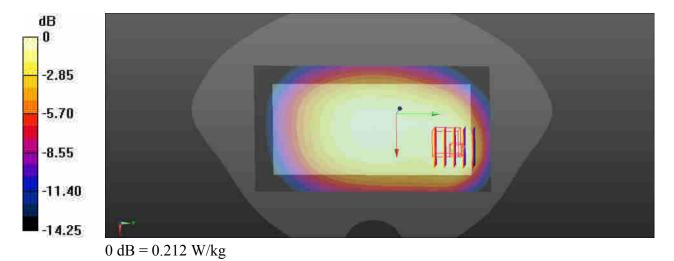
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.64, 9.64, 9.64); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 W/kg

Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.159 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 W/kg



39 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1 49 Back 10mm Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835_200627 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.892$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/06/27

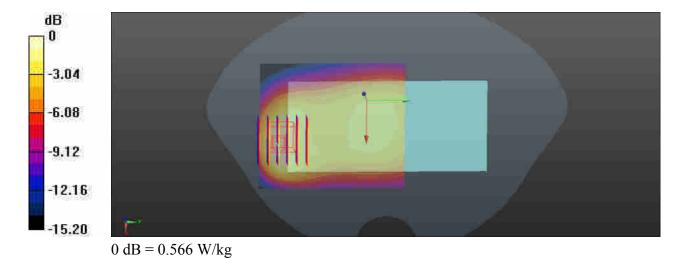
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.39, 9.39, 9.39); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.594 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.404 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.566 W/kg



40 LTE Band 26 15M QPSK 1 0 Back 10mm Ch26865

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835_200627 Medium parameters used: f = 831.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.906$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.952$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/06/27

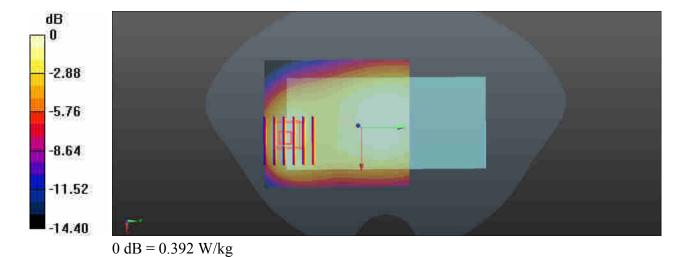
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.39, 9.39, 9.39); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch26865/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.418 W/kg

Ch26865/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.293 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg



41 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1 99 Back 10mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1750 200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.378$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$ 40.797; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Date: 2020/07/10

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

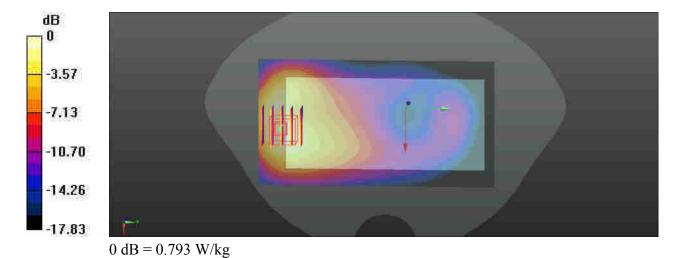
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.813 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.141 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.609 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.793 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1900 200710 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.427$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.109$;

Date: 2020/07/10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch18900/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.933 W/kg

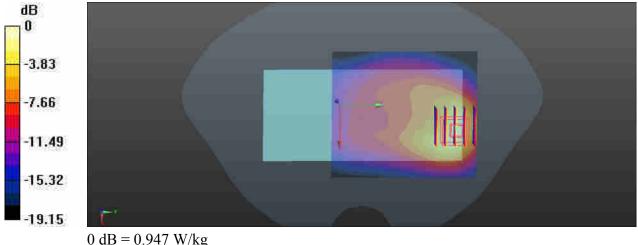
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.944 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.641 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.947 W/kg



43_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1_0_Back_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2600_200712 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2020/07/12

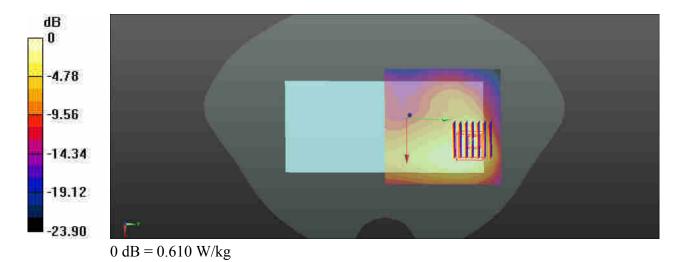
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.919 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.610 W/kg



44 LTE Band 41 20M QPSK 1 0 Back 10mm Ch41490

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: HSL 2600 200712 Medium parameters used: f = 2680 MHz; $\sigma = 2.152$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.052$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Date: 2020/07/12

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C

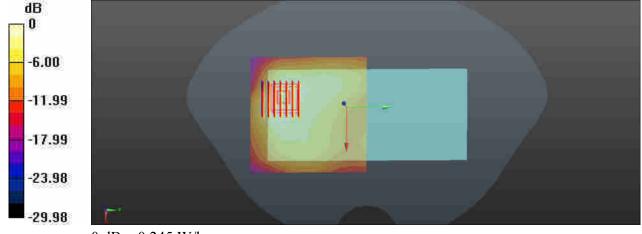
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn528; Calibrated: 2020/3/16
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch41490/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 W/kg

Ch41490/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.336 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/kg



0 dB = 0.245 W/kg

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3

Medium: HSL 2450 200625 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.815$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.445$;

Date: 2020/06/25

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch39/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

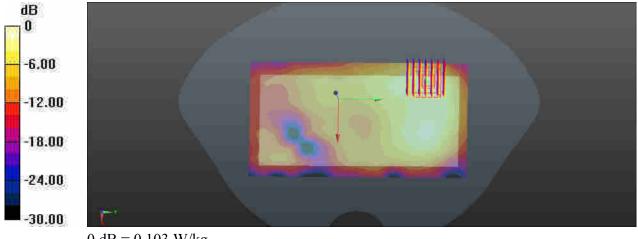
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.066 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg



0 dB = 0.103 W/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.008

Medium: HSL 2450 200625 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.811$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.467$;

Date: 2020/06/25

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

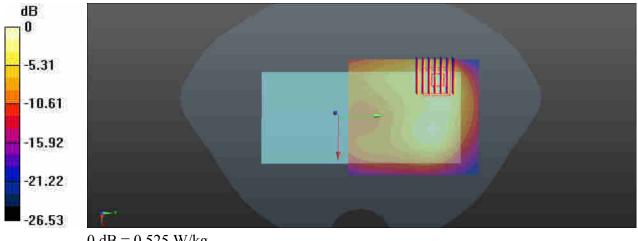
Ch6/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.540 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.688 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 W/kg



0 dB = 0.525 W/kg

47_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch52

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL_5250_200723 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 4.613$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.201$;

Date: 2020/07/23

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch52/Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.986 W/kg

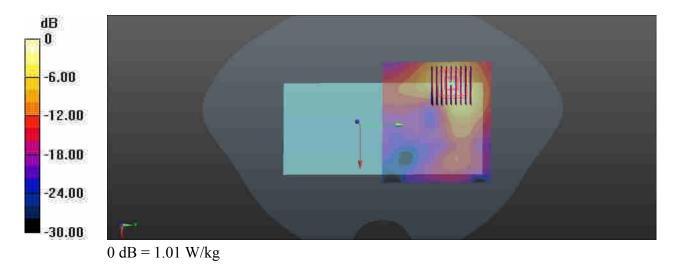
Ch52/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.449 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.445 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



48 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps Back 10mm Ch100

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL_5600_200701 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.845$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.885$;

Date: 2020/07/01

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch100/Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

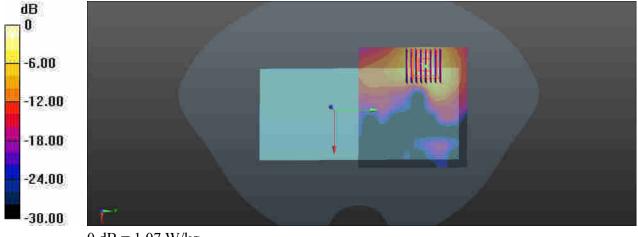
Ch100/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.341 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg

49 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps Back 10mm Ch165

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL 5750 200701 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 5.219$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.534$;

Date: 2020/07/01

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

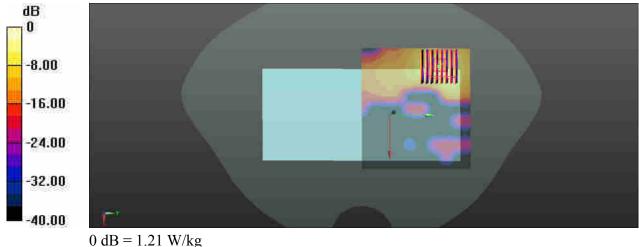
Ch165/Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.20 W/kg

Ch165/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 0.8120 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



50_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Right Side_0mm_Ch52

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL_5250_200723 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 4.613$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.201$;

Date: 2020/07/23

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

Ch52/Area Scan (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.26 W/kg

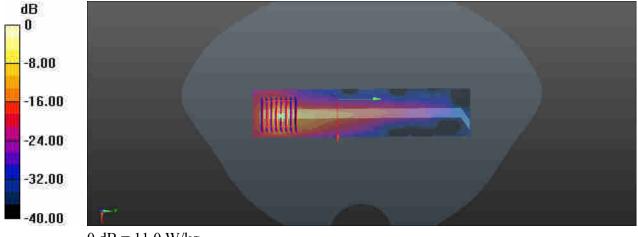
Ch52/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 7.023 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.674 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 11.0 W/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018

Medium: HSL 5600 200701 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.845$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.885$;

Date: 2020/07/01

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2020/4/30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2019/11/19
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1500
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

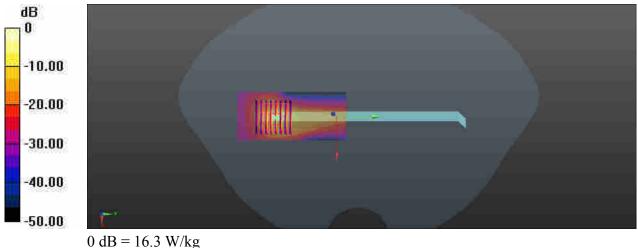
Ch100/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.0 W/kg

Ch100/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 6.159 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.831 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Form version: 181113

Page: C1 of C1 Issued Date: Aug. 10, 2020

Report No.: FA061210



In Collaboration with

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079

http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton





Z18-60532

Certificate No:

GANDERAMONNO ERMINOSAME

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1099

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 6, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug-19
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 9, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z18-60532

Page 1 of 8

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z18-60532



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.1 ± 6 %	0.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.07 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.52 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.38 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.64 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.0 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C			

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.15 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.61 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.77 mW /g ±18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z18-60532

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Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	 54.2Ω- 1.12jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8Ω- 3.37jΩ			
Return Loss	- 29.4dB			

General Antenna Parameters and Design

			
Electrical Delay (one direction)		0.900 ns	

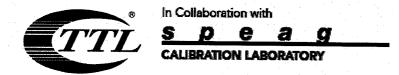
After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPFAG
	UI DIO

Certificate No: Z18-60532



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1099

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.865$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.13$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.47, 9.47, 9.47) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.05,2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

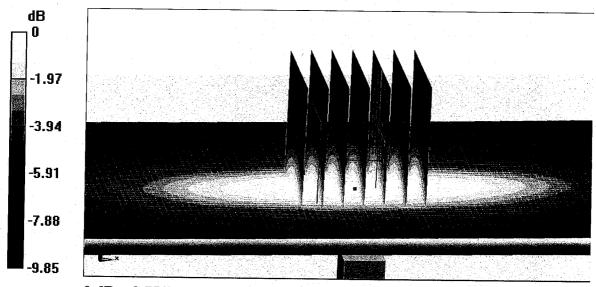
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 W/kg

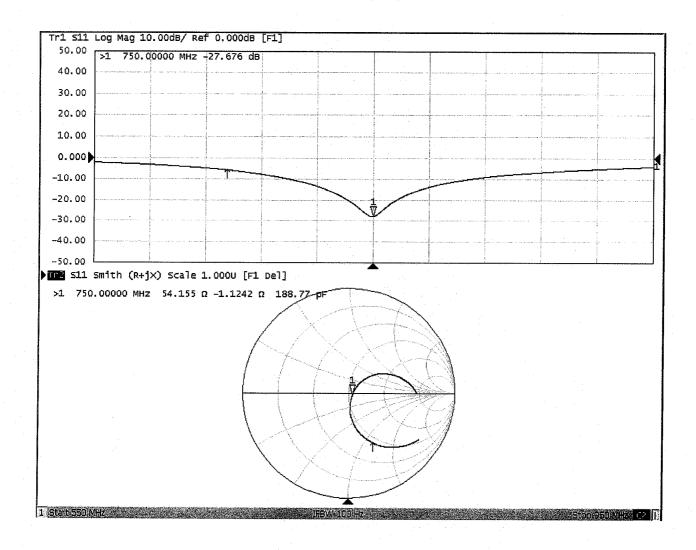
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1099

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.02$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.05.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

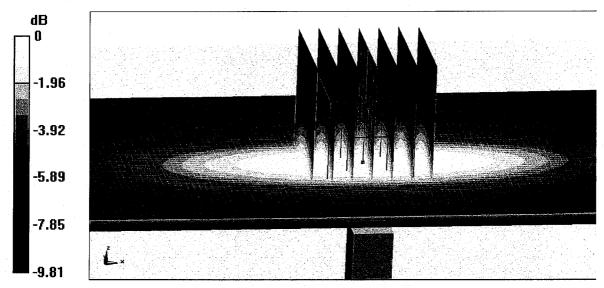
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg

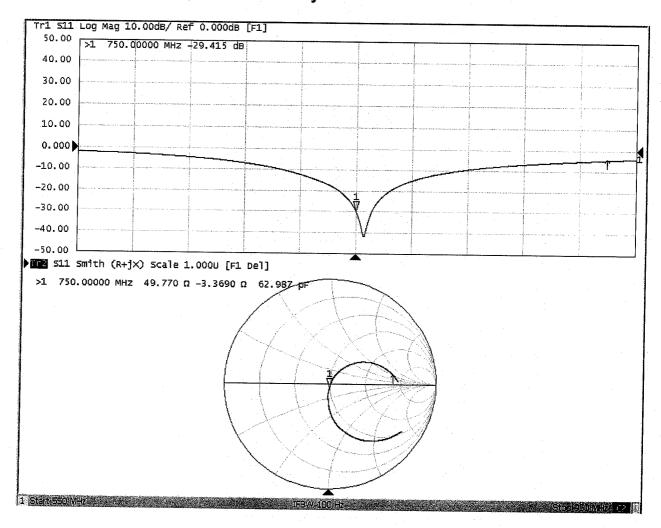
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 W/kg



0 dB = 2.88 W/kg = 4.59 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D750V3, Serial No. 1099 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D750V3 – serial no. 1099												
750 Head					750 Body							
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018.12.6	-27.7		54.2		-1.12		-29.4		49.8		-3.37	
2019.11.25	-27.9	-0.7	53.0	-1.2	-1.46	-0.34	-29.2	0.7	48.7	-1.1	-3.17	0.2

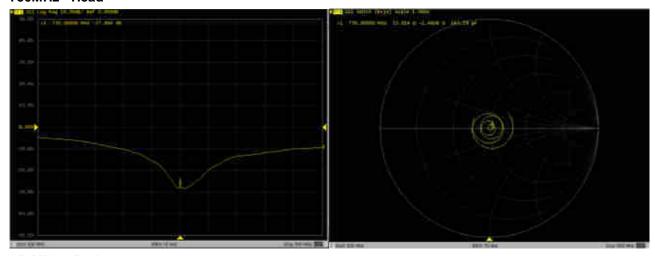
<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

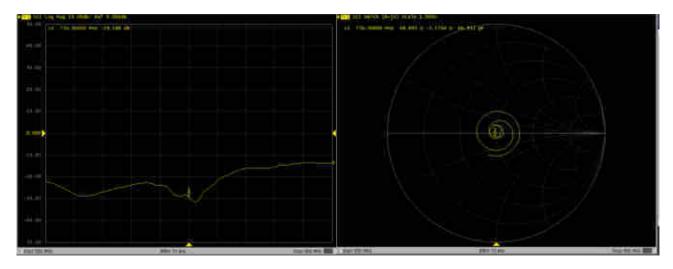


Dipole Verification Data> D750V3, serial no. 1099

750MHz - Head



750MHz – Body









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MRA CNA



Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z18-60533

OYAMIERVATIONKOERTIEKOVATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 5, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug-19
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 8, 2018

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Page 1 of 8

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of

30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.

Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.

No uncertainty required.

SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.

- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z18-60533 Page 2 of 8

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http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and caroananems were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.7 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.61 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.35 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.7 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	***************************************	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.70 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.64 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.47 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z18-60533

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6Ω- 2.56jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2Ω- 6.92jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.3dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)		1.306 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Certificate No: Z18-60533

-	A first mad by	SPEAG
	Manufactured by	

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.881$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.71$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.04.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

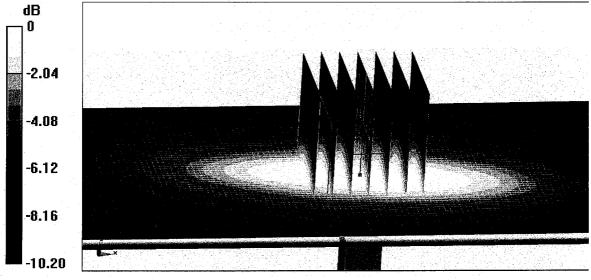
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

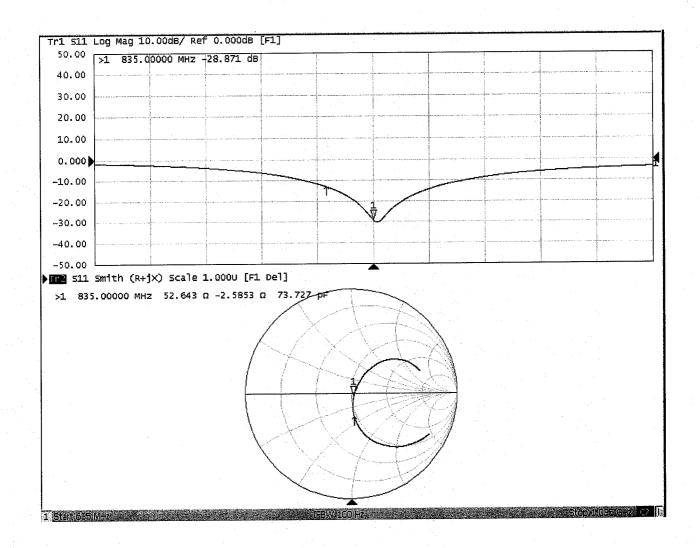
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg



0 dB = 3.11 W/kg = 4.93 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.986$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.72$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.47, 9.47, 9.47) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.04.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

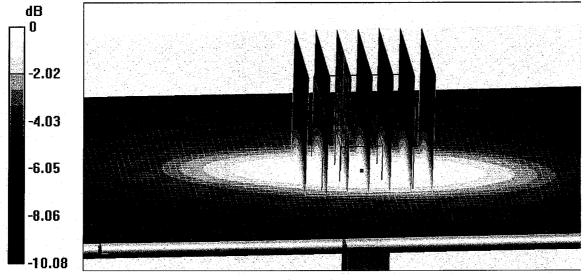
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

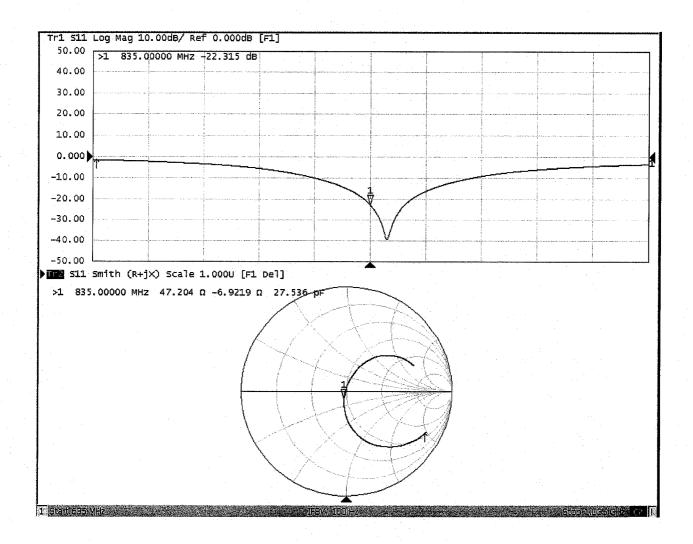
SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D835V2, Serial No. 4d162 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D835V2 – serial no. 4d162												
	835 Head						835 Body					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018.12.5	-28.9		52.6		-2.56		-22.3		47.2		-6.92	
2019.11.25	-29.2	1.0	53.4	0.8	-1.48	1.08	-21.1	5.4	46.6	-0.6	-7.81	-0.89

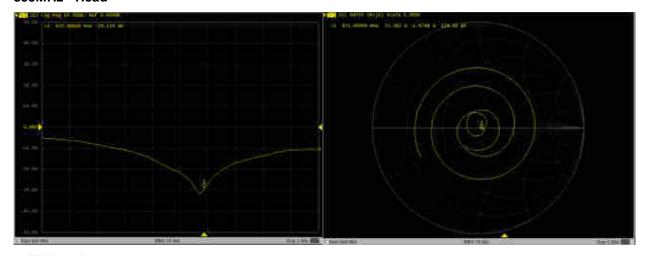
<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

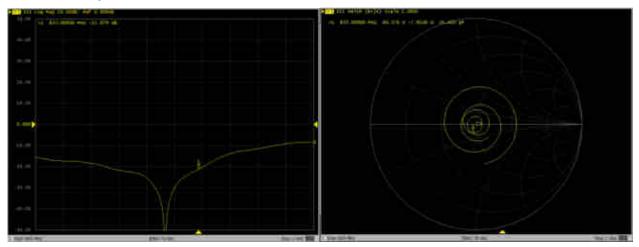


Dipole Verification Data> 835V2, serial no. 4d162

835MHz - Head



835MHz - Body





CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570**

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z18-60258

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Object

D1750V2 - SN: 1137

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

July 30, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

	15.4	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	102083	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power Meter NRVD		01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	SN 7464	12-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-7464_Sep17)	Sep-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN 1524	13-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1524_Sep17)	Sep-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration Jan-19
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jail-13

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: August 3, 2018

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Certificate No: Z18-60258

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 8 Certificate No: Z18-60258

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

SY system configuration, as far as	DASY52	52.10.1.1476
DASY Version	DASTOZ	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Coom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were a	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
LTOL moremotors	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Nominal Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	1.33 mho/m ± 6 %
Measured Head TSL parameters			
Head TSL temperature change during test	11.0		

result with Head TSL	Condition	
SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	250 mW input power	8.91 mW / g
SAR measured		
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.5 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
	250 mW input power	4.81 mW / g
SAR measured		19.5 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.5 mer /g 1 10.1 /6 (1.

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

he following parameters and calculations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
TOL noremeters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Nominal Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Measured Body TSL parameters Body TSL temperature change during test			
Body TSL temperature change during toot			

result with Body TSL	1111	
SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
	250 mW input power	9.17 mW / g
SAR measured	normalized to 1W	37.0 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	Hormanzed to 144	
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
	250 mW input power	5.05 mW / g
SAR measured		20 2 12/ /= ± 40 7 9/ /k=2
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2

Certificate No: Z18-60258

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3- 0.87 jΩ
	- 40.7 dB
Return Loss	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.8Ω- 2.59 jΩ
	- 24.3 dB
Return Loss	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.087 ns
Electrical Delay (Crie direction)	

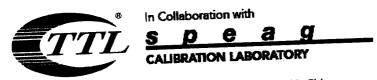
After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

	SPEAG
Manufactured by	

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1137

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.332$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(8.7, 8.7, 8.7) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 9/12/2017

Date: 07.30.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524; Calibrated: 9/13/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

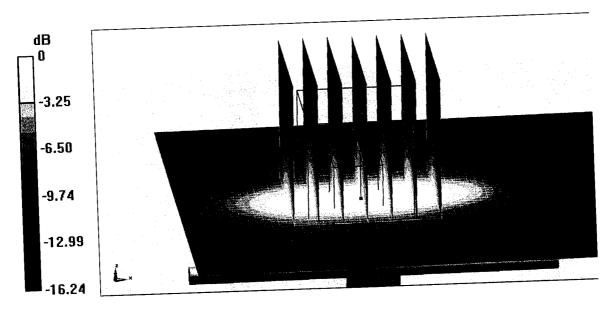
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

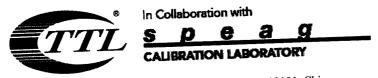
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg

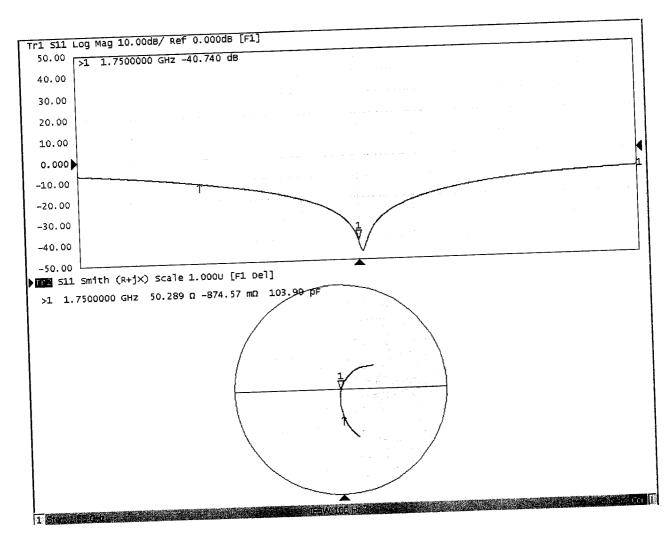
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

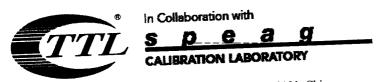


0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1137

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated:

Date: 07.30.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524; Calibrated: 9/13/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

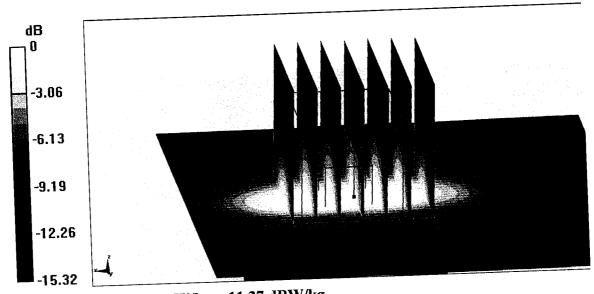
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

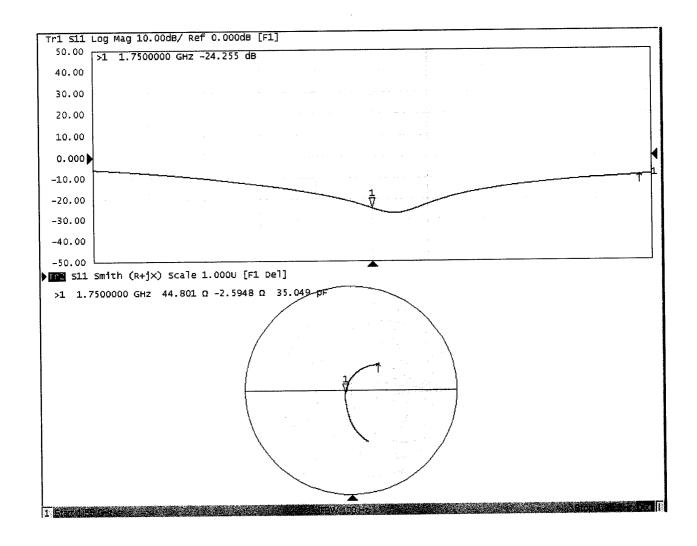
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



0 dB = 13.7 W/kg = 11.37 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z18-60258

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z18-60258



D1750V2, Serial No. 1137 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

					D1750V2 – s	serial no.	1137					
1750 Head			1750 Body									
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018.07.30	-40.7		50.3		-0.87		-24.3		44.8		-2.59	
2019.10.23	-40.4	0.7	51	0.7	-0.15	0.72	-24.7	-1.6	46.1	1.3	-2.1	0.49

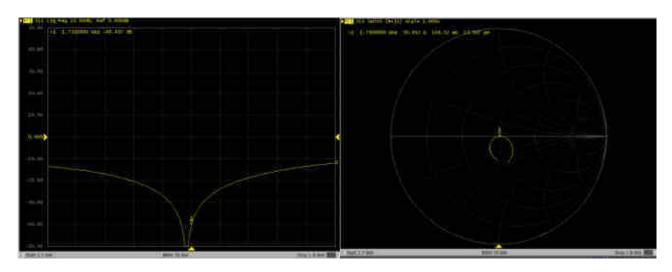
<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

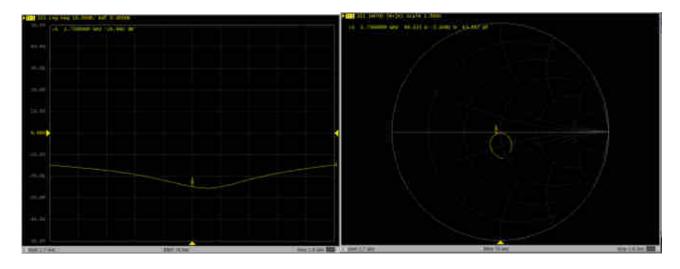


Dipole Verification Data> D1750V2, serial no. 1137

1750MHz - Head



1750MHz - Body





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z18-60536

CANDERVATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d182

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 7, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

		Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe EX3DV4	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510) 07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510) 27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18) 20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Mar-19 Mar-19 Aug-19 Aug-19
Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	ID# MY49071430 MY46110673	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560) 24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Scheduled Calibration Jan-19 Jan-19

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 10, 2018

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Certificate No: Z18-60536

Page 1 of 8

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lossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

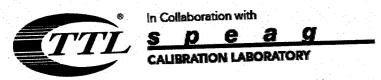
Certificate No: Z18-60536

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

ASY system configuration, as far a	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m	
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.44 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C			

SAR result with Head TSL

Condition	
	10.1 mW / g
	39.6 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
Condition	
250 mW input power	5.25 mW / g
	20.7 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)
	Condition 250 mW input power normalized to 1W Condition 250 mW input power normalized to 1W

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	1.56 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test				

SAR result with Body TSL

Condition	
250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
	39.9 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
normalized to TVV	
Condition	
250 mW input power	5.31 mW / g
	20.9 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)
normalized to 1VV	20.0 11111 /g = 10.1 /4 (1 -)
	normalized to 1W

Certificate No: Z18-60536

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1Ω+ 5.35jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0dB
Return Loss	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9Ω+ 6.19jΩ
	- 24.0dB
Return Loss	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

(dispersion)	1.067 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

		SPEAG	1
Manufacture	ed by		

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.441$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.06.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

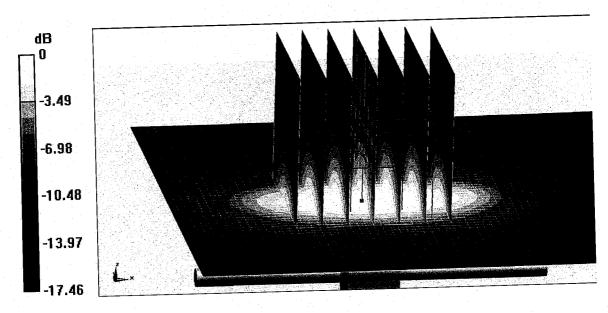
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

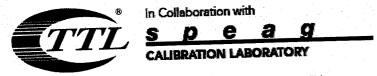
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 W/kg

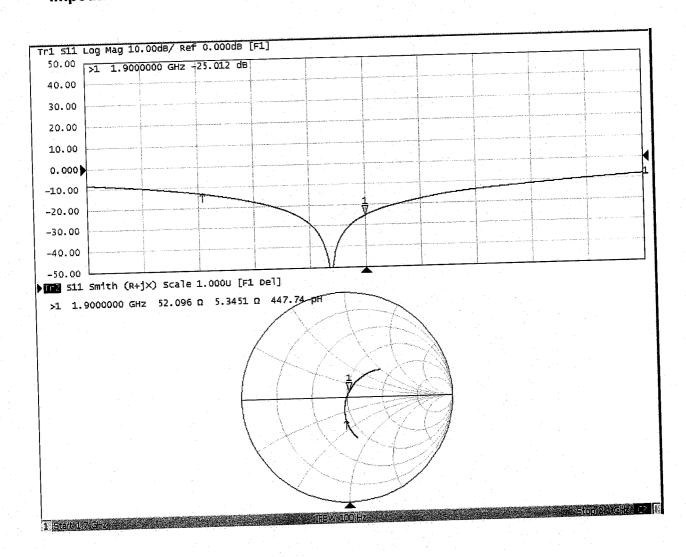
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg



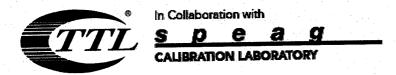
0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z18-60536



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.564$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.82$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Certificate No: Z18-60536

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.05.2018

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018

Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062

 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

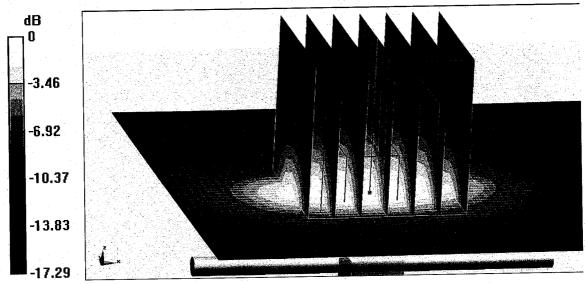
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

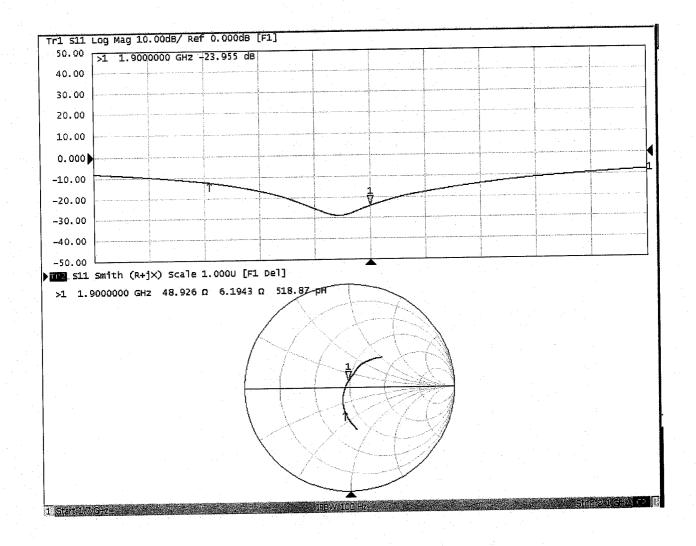
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D1900V2, Serial No. 5d182 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D1900V2 – serial no. 5d182												
1900 Head								1900 B	ody			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018.12.7	-25		52.1		5.35		-24		48.9		6.19	
2019.11.25	-25.2	-0.8	53.9	1.8	5.15	-0.2	-24.2	-0.8	48.7	-0.2	5.93	-0.26
												•

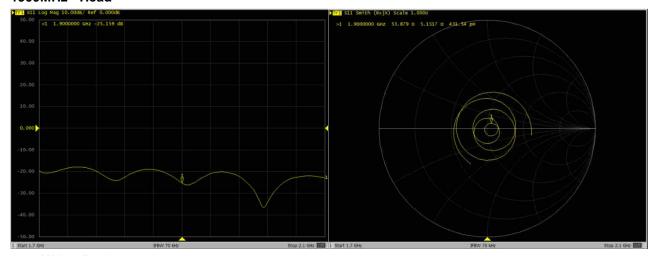
<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

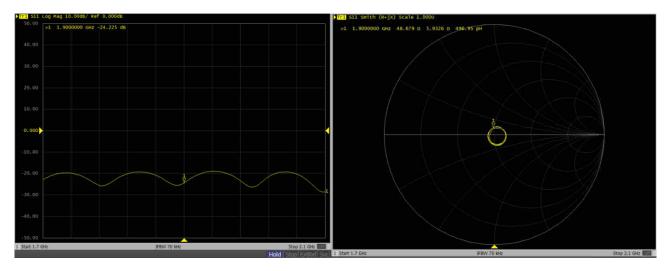


Dipole Verification Data> D1900V2, serial no. 5d182

1900MHz - Head



1900MHz - Body





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60134

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 924

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

April 15, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP8S Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	106277 104291 SN 3617 SN 1331	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Aug-19 Aug-19 Jan-20 Feb-20
Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	ID# MY49071430 MY46110673	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Scheduled Calibration Jan-20 Jan-20

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: April 20, 2019

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Certificate No: Z19-60134

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.

Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.

Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.

Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.

No uncertainty required.

Certificate No: Z19-60134

SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.

- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and colourations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.4 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

Tesuit with Head Tob		1
SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Tie Tollowing parameter	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.3 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.83 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



S P E A G CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9Ω+ 2.68 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω+ 4.17 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

	1
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.019 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z19-60134 Page 4 of 8



S P E A G

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 924

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 04.15.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

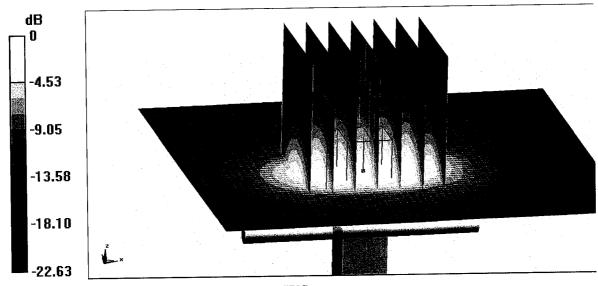
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

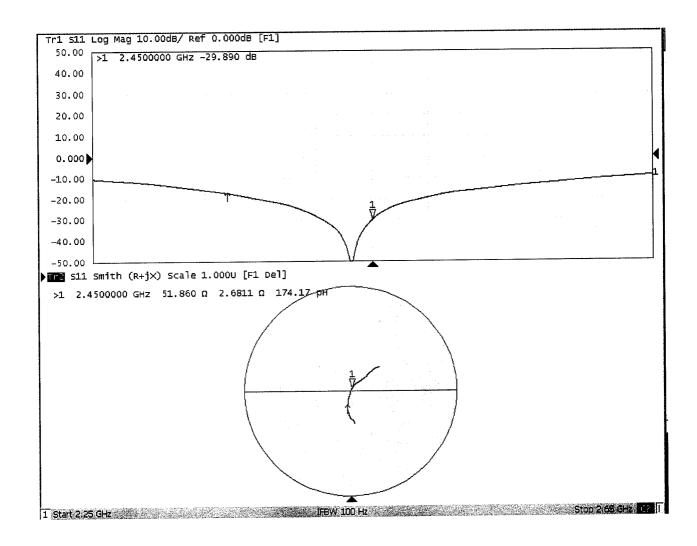
Certificate No: Z19-60134 Page 5 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 924

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.005$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Certificate No: Z19-60134

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 04.15.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

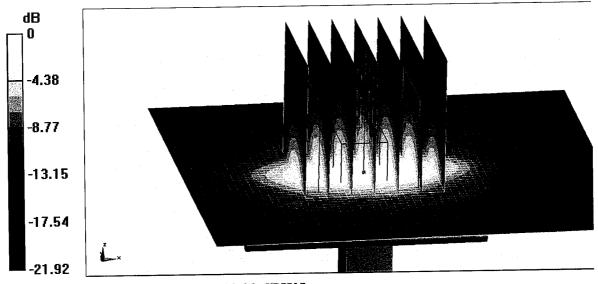
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



0 dB = 20.9 W/kg = 13.20 dBW/kg



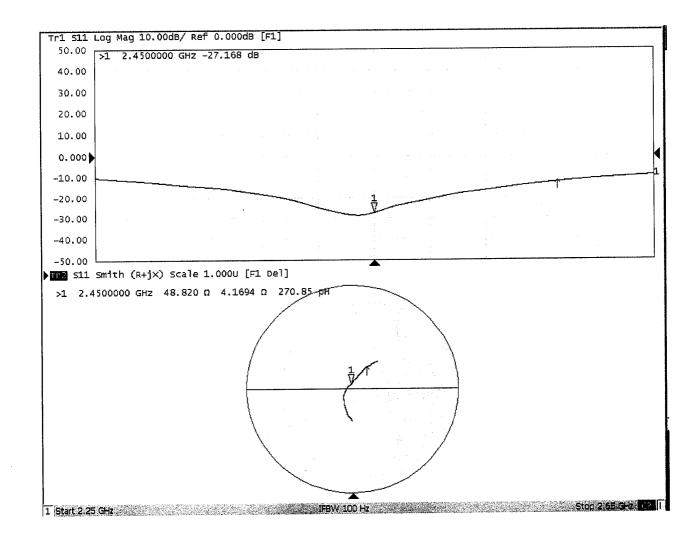
Certificate No: Z19-60134

In Collaboration with

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2450V2, Serial No. 924 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D2450V2 – serial no. 924												
		2450 Head						2450 Body				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.04.15	-29.9		51.90		2.68		-27.2		48.80		4.17	
2020.04.11	-29.8	0.3	51.97	0.07	2.64	-0.04	-26.5	2.6	48.80	0	4.52	0.35

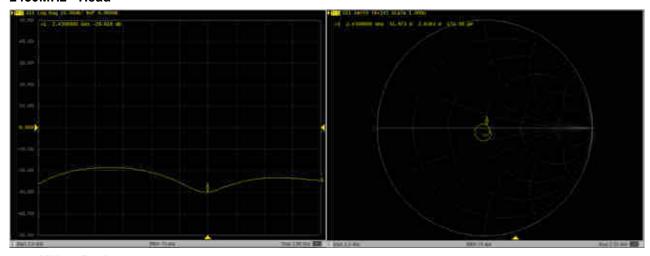
<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

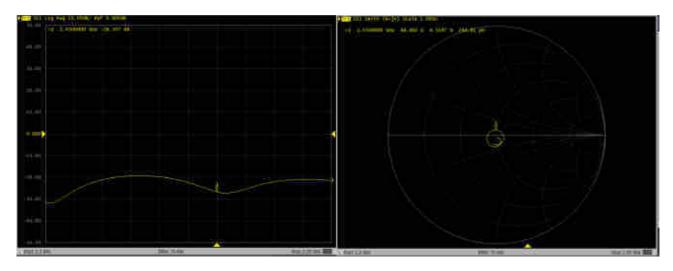


Dipole Verification Data> D2450V2, serial no. 924

2450MHz - Head



2450MHz - Body





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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z18-60537

CALIBRATION GERTIFICATIE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1070

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 7, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug-19
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19
			·.

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 10, 2018

Signature

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z18-60537

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Glossary:

TSL ConvF tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v, z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	58.1 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.1 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6 %	2.18 mho/m ± 6 %
<1.0 °C		
	22.0 °C (22.0 ± 0.2) °C	22.0 °C 52.5 (22.0 ± 0.2) °C 51.0 ± 6 %

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.6 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6Ω- 6.33jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.7dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.8Ω- 5.36jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.015 ns
	1.010110

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1070

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.926$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.06.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

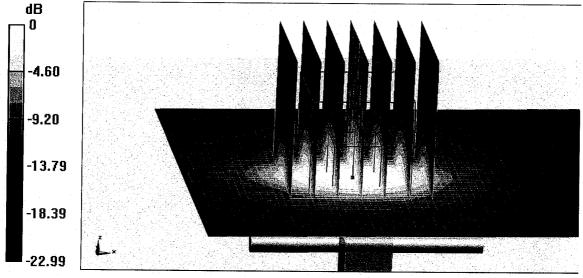
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.7 W/kg



0 dB = 24.7 W/kg = 13.93 dBW/kg

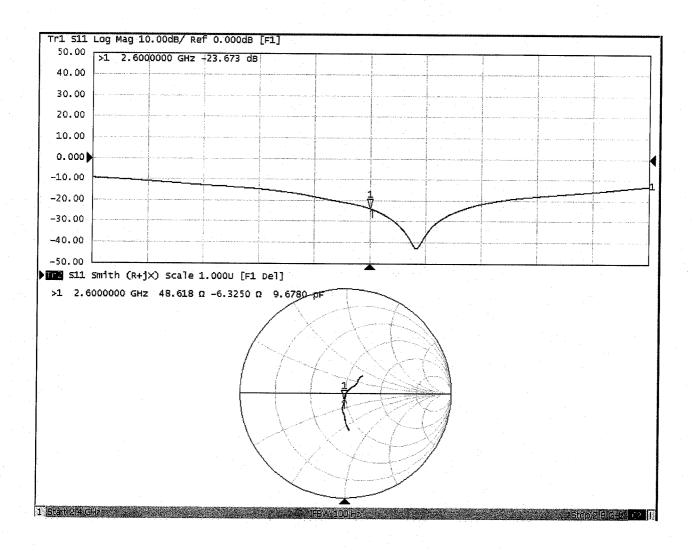


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1070

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.181$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.03$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.06, 7.06, 7.06) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018

Date: 12.06.2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

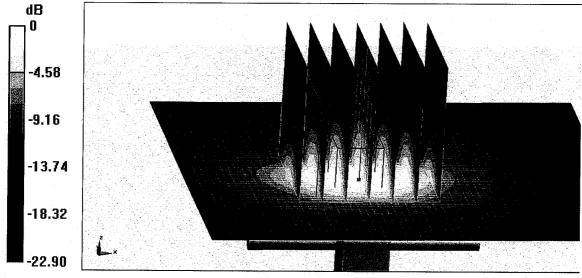
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg



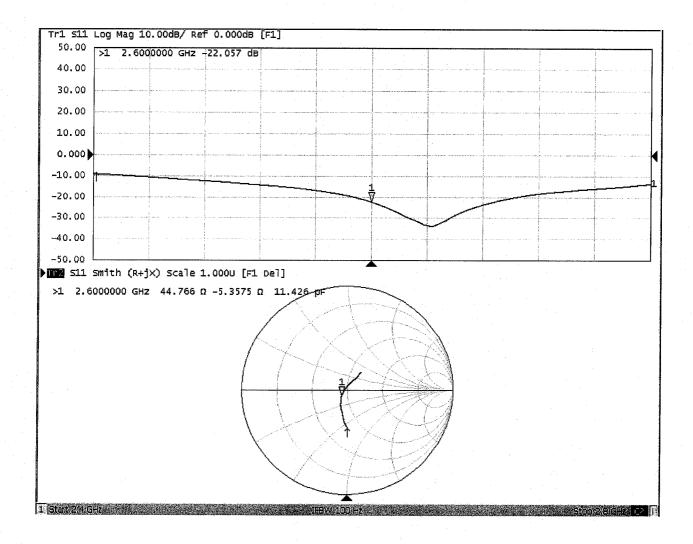
0 dB = 23.6 W/kg = 13.73 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2600V2, Serial No. 1070 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D2600V2 – serial no. 1070												
		2600 Head						2600 Body				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018.12.7	-23.7		48.6		-6.33		-22.1		44.8		-5.36	
2019.11.25	-23.1	2.5	48.6	0	-6.82	-0.49	-22.0	0.5	45.3	0.5	-4.65	0.71

<Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.