



RF TEST REPORT

Report No.: SET2021-06066

Product: WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone

FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL9

Model No.: ZTE Blade L9

Applicant: ZTE Corporation.

Address: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Shenzhen, China

Dates of Testing: 01/10/2019 —02/14/2019

Issued by: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd.

Lab Location: Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road, Xili Street, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

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Test Report

Product...... WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone

Brand Name..... ZTE

Trade Name..... ZTE

Applicant..... ZTE Corporation.

Applicant Address......: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer..... ZTE Corporation.

Manufacturer Address....: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Shenzhen, China

Matters; General Rules and Regulations

47 CFR FCC Part 22(H): Cellular Radiotelephone Service

47 CFR FCC Part 24(E): Personal Communications Services

Test Result.....: PASS

Tested by...... Vincent

2021.05.18

Vincent, Test Engineer

Reviewed by....:

Chris Jon 2021.05.18

Chris You, Senior Engineer

Approved by.....

2021.05.18

ShuangwenZhang, Manager





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Change History			
Issue Date Reason for change			
1.0 2021.05.18 First edition		First edition	





1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 EUT Description

EUT Type	WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
EUT supports Radios application	GPRS /WCDMA/HSPA
Multi Slot Class	GPRS: Multi slot Class12, EGPRS: Multi slot Class12
	GSM 850MHz:
	Tx: 824.2 - 848.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz);
	Rx: 869.2 - 893.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz)
	GSM 1900MHz:
	Tx: 1850.2 - 1909.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz);
Eraguanay Danga	Rx: 1930.2 - 1989.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz)
Frequency Range	WCDMA 850MHz
	Tx: 826.4 - 846.6MHz (at intervals of 200kHz);
	Rx: 871.4 - 891.6MHz (at intervals of 200kHz)
	WCDMA 1900MHz
	Tx: 1852.4 - 1907.6MHz (at intervals of 200kHz);
	Rx: 1932.4 - 1987.6MHz (at intervals of 200kHz)
	GSM 850: 32.35dBm
	GSM 1900: 29.33dBm
Maximum Output Power to	GPRS 850:32.22dBm
Antenna	GPRS 1900:28.86dBm
	WCDMA 850: 22.28dBm
	WCDMA 1900: 22.25dBm
	GSM / GPRS:GMSK
Type of Modulation	WCDMA: QPSK(Uplink)
Type of Woddiation	HSDPA:QPSK(Downlink)
	HSUPA:QPSK(Uplink)
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
	GSM 850/ WCDMA 850: -5dBi
Antenna Gain	GSM 1900/ WCDMA 1900: -4dBi

Note: This is a derived report, the test data of this report refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8, there is no RF parameter and PCB change.



1.2 Maximum ERP/EIRP Power, Frequency Tolerance, and Emission Designator

System	Type of Modulation	Emission Designator	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Maximum ERP/EIRP(W)
GSM 850	GMSK	247KGXW	0.004	1.349
GSM 1900	GMSK	248KGXW	0.005	0.752
WCDMA 850 RMC 12.2Kbps	QPSK	4M14F9W	0.004	0.116
WCDMA 1900 RMC 12.2Kbps	QPSK	4M14F9W	0.005	0.126





1.3 Test Standards and Results

- 1. 47 CFR Part 2, 22(H), 24(E)
- 2. ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010
- 3. FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03r01

Remark:

- 1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
- 2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

Test detailed items/section required by FCC rules and results are as below:

No.	Section FCC	Description	Limit	Result
1	2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS
2	24.232(d)	Peak to Average Radio	<13dBm	PASS
3	2.1049 22.917(b)	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS
	24.238(b)			
4	2.1055 22.355 24.235	Frequency Stability	≤±2.5ppm	PASS
5	2.1051 22.917 24.238	Conducted Out of Band Emissions	< 43+10log10 (P[Watts])	PASS
6	2.1051 22.917 24.238	Band GPRS	< 43+10log10 (P[Watts])	PASS
	22.913	Effective Radiated Power	<7Watts	PASS
7	24.232	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	<2Watts	PASS
8	2.1053 22.917 24.238	Radiated Spurious Emissions	< 43+10log10 (P[Watts])	PASS



1.4 Test Configuration of Equipment under Test

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items were performed according to KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03r01 with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements were performed with rotating EUT in different three orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Radiated emissions were investigated as following frequency range:

- 1. 30 MHz to 9000 MHz for GSM850 and WCDMA Band V.
- 2. 30 MHz to 20000 MHz for GSM1900 and WCDMA Band II.

All modes and data rates and positions were investigated.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

Test Modes		
Band	Radiated TCs	Conducted TCs
GG1 1 050	GPRS Link	GPRS Link
GSM 850	GPRS Link	GPRS Link
CCM 1000	GPRS Link	GPRS Link
GSM 1900	GPRS Link	GPRS Link
WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps Link	RMC 12.2Kbps Link
WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps Link	RMC 12.2Kbps Link

Note: The maximum power levels are chosen to test as the worst case configuration as follows:

GSM mode for GMSK modulation,

RMC 12.2Kbps mode for WCDMA band V,

RMC 12.2Kbps mode for WCDMA band II, only these modes were used for all tests.

1.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 6B and 10dB attenuator.

Example:

Offset (dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).

= 7.5 + 10 = 17.5 (dB)



Report No.: SET2021-06066

1.6 Facilities and Accreditations

1.6.1 Test Facilities

CNAS-Lab Code: L1659

CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L1659.

FCC-Registration No.: CN1283

CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a re port filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the F CC is maintained in our files. Designation Number: CN1283, valid time is until April 19th, 2023.

ISED Registration: 11185A-1

CAB identifier: CN0064

CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engin eering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registratio n No. 11185A-1 on Aug. 04, 2016, valid time is until April 19th, 2023.

A2LA Code: 5721.01

CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by A2LA according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is 5721.01.

1.6.2 Test Environment Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C):	15°C-35°C
Relative Humidity (%):	30% -60%
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86KPa-106KPa



2. 47 CFR PART 2, PART 22H & 24E REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Conducted RF Output Power

2.1.1 Definition

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to enforce EUT transmitting at the maximum power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

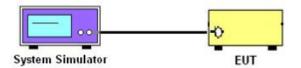
2.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.1.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
- 2. Set EUT at maximum power through system simulator.
- 3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
- 4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.

2.1.4 Test Setup







2.1.5 Test Results of Conducted Output Power		
Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.		



2.2 Peak to Average Radio

2.2.1 Definition

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

2.2.2 Measuring Instruments

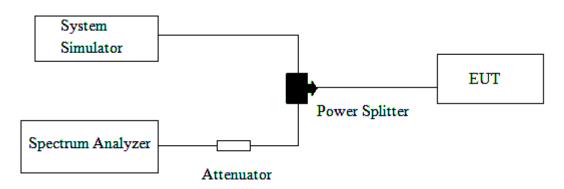
The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.2.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 5.7.1.
- 2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
 - 3. For GSM/EGPRS operating modes:
 - a. Set EUT in maximum power output.
 - b. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Peak detector on spectrum analyzer for first trace.
- c. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, RMS detector on spectrum analyzer for second trace.
- d. The wanted burst signal is triggered by spectrum analyzer, and measured respectively the peak level and Mean level without burst-off time, after system simulator has synchronized with the spectrum analyzer.
 - 4. For UMTS operating modes:
- a. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option on the spectrum analyzer.
- b. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of $0.1\,\%$.
 - 5. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.



2.2.4 Test Setup



2.2.5 Test Results of Peak-to-Average Ratio

Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.



2.3 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

2.3.1 Definition

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, located at the 2 sides of the carrier frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

2.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

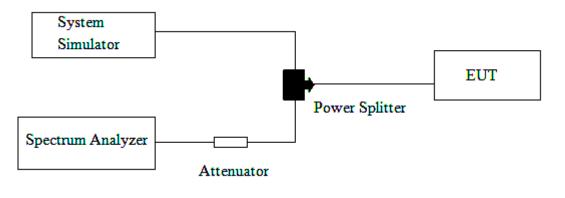
2.3.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 4.2.
- 2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
- 3. The RF output of the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

- 4. The 99% occupied bandwidth were measured, set RBW= 1% of span, VBW= 3*RBW, sample detector, trace maximum hold.
- 5. The 26dB bandwidth were measured, set RBW= 1% of EBW, VBW= 3*RBW, peak detector, trace maximum hold.

2.3.4 Test Setup







2.3.5 Test Results of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth	
Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.	



2.4 Frequency Stability

2.4.1 Requirement

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

2.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.4.3 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

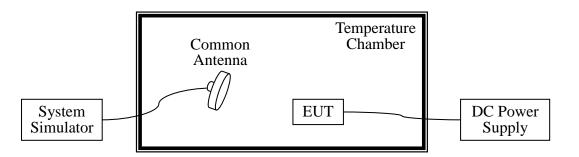
- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 9.0.
- 2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
- 3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to -30 °C and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
- 4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10 ℃ steps up to 50 ℃. The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

2.4.4 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 9.0.
- 2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at 25±5 °C and connected with the system simulator.
- 3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from BEP to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
- 4. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.



2.4.5 Test Setup



2.4.6 Test Results of Frequency Stability

Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.



2.5 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

2.5.1 Requirement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

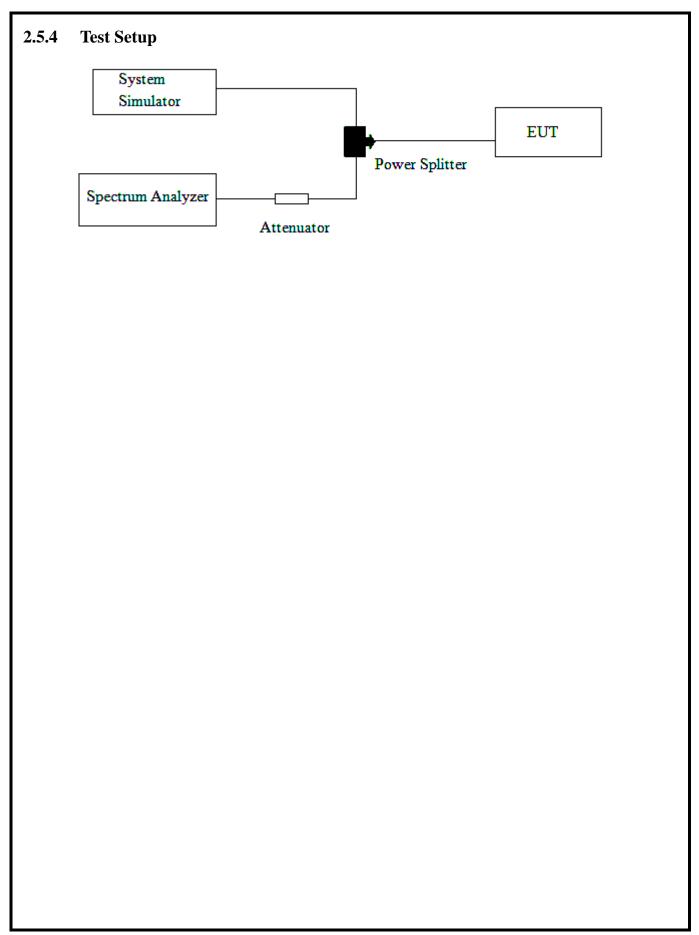
2.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.5.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.0.
- 2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
- 3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
- 4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
- 5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
- 6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
- 7. The limit line is derived from 43 + 10log(P) dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 - $= P(W) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - $= [30 + 10\log(P)] (dBm) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - = -13dBm.
- 8. For 9KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.









2.5.5 Test Result (Plots) of Conducted Spurious Emission		
Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.		



2.6 Bandedge

2.6.1 Requirement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$.

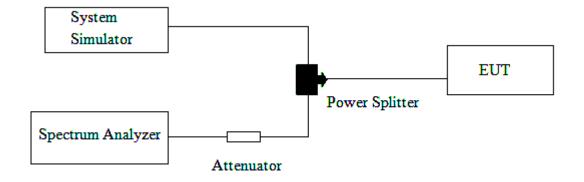
2.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.6.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.0.
- 2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
- 3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
- 4. The band GPRSs of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
- 5. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
- 6. The limit line is derived from 43 + 10log(P) dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 - $= P(W) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - $= [30 + 10\log(P)] (dBm) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - = -13dBm.

2.6.4 Test Setup







2.6.5	Test Result of Conducted Bandedge
Test Da	ta please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.



2.7 Transmitter Radiated Power (EIRP/ERP)

2.7.1 Requirement

The substitution method, in ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010, was used for ERP/EIRP measurement, and the spectrum analyzer configuration follows KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03r01. The ERP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts (Cellular Band) and the EIRP of mobile transmitters are limited to 2 Watts (PCS Band) and 1 Watts (AWS Band).

2.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.7.3 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 5.2.1. (for CDMA/WCDMA), Section 5.2.2.2 (for GSM/GSM/GPRS) and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.17.
- 2. The EUT was placed on a turntable 1.5 meters high in a fully anechoic chamber.
- 3. The EUT was placed 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
- 4. GSM operating modes: Set RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 3MHz, RMS detector over burst;
 UMTS operating modes: Set RBW= 100 kHz, VBW= 300 kHz, RMS detector over frame,
 and use channel power option with bandwidth=5MHz, per KDB 971168 D01 v03r01.
- 5. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiated power.
- 6. The height of the receiving antenna is adjusted to look for the maximum ERP/EIRP.
- 7. Taking the record of maximum ERP/EIRP.
- 8. A dipole antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.



9. The conducted power at the terminal of the dipole antenna is measured.

10. Repeat step 3 to step 5 to get the maximum ERP/EIRP of the substitution antenna.

11.
$$ERP/EIRP = Ps + Et - Es + Gs = Ps + Rt - Rs + Gs$$

Ps (dBm): Input power to substitution antenna.

Gs (dBi or dBd): Substitution antenna Gain.

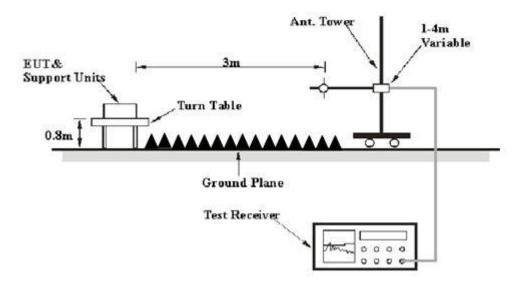
$$Et = Rt + AF$$
 $Es = Rs + AF$

AF (dB/m): Receive antenna factor

Rt: The highest received signal in spectrum analyzer for EUT.

Rs: The highest received signal in spectrum analyzer for substitution antenna.

2.7.4 Test Setup







2.7.5	Test Result of Transmitter Radiated Power		
Test Data	Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.		



2.8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

2.8.1 Requirement

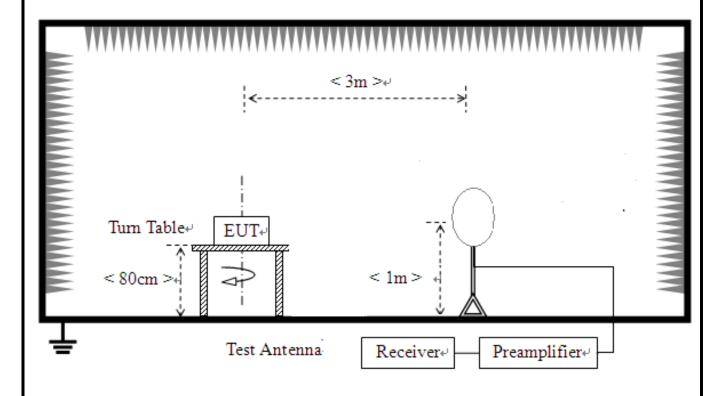
The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$. The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

2.8.2 Measuring Instruments

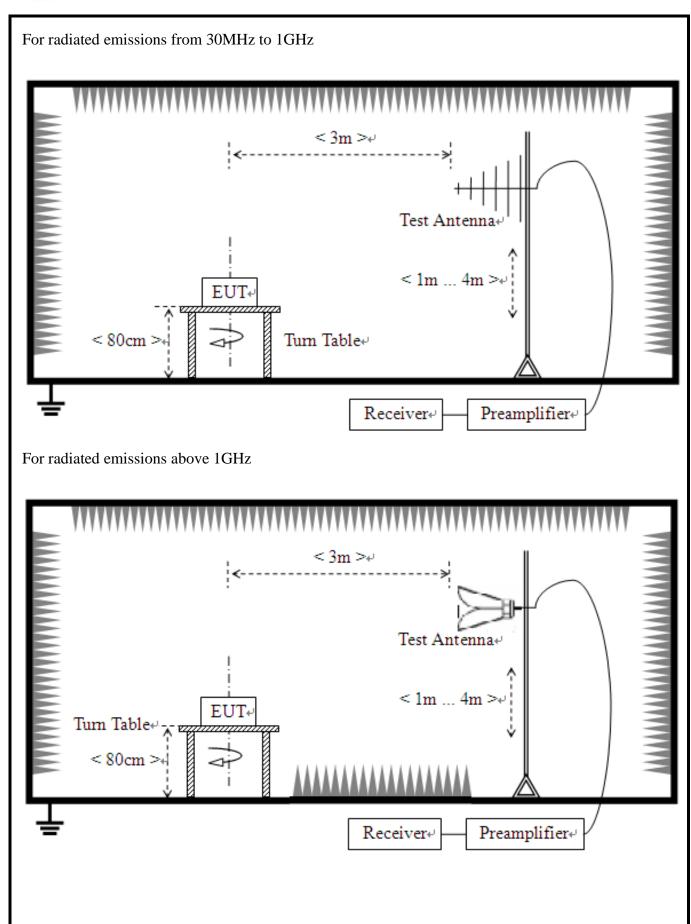
The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.8.3 Test Setup

For radiated emissions from 9 kHz to 30MHz











2.8.4 Test Procedures

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.12.
- 2. The EUT was placed on a rotatable wooden table 0.8 meters above the ground.
- 3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
- 4. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
- 5. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search for the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
- 6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking record of maximum spurious emission.
- 7. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
- 8. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
- 9. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.
- 10. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.
- 11. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
- 12. The limit line is derived from 43 + 10log(P) dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 - $= P(W) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - $= [30 + 10\log(P)] (dBm) [43 + 10\log(P)] (dB)$
 - = -13dBm.
- 13. This device employs GMSK technology with GSM and GSM capabilities. All configurations were investigated and the worst case emissions were found in GSM mode.
- 14. This device employs UMTS technology with WCDMA (AMR/RMC), HSDPA, HSUPA capabilities. All configurations were investigated and the worst case UMTS emissions were found in RMC WCDMA mode at 12.2Kbps.
- 15. This unit was tested with its standard battery.
- 16. All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction and low, middle, high channel. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.
- 17. The spectrum is measured from 9 KHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency





of the transmitter using CISPR quasi peak detector below 1GHz. The worst case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20dB of the respective limits were not reported.

18. For 9KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.





2.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions
Test Data please refers to FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL8.
** END OF REPORT **