



TEST REPORT

EUT Description	Wireless Module installed in Convertible I	PC	
Brand Name	Intel® Wireless-AC 9461		
Model Name	9461NGW		
FCC / ISED ID	FCC ID: PD99461NG/ISED ID: 1000M-9461	NG	
Date of Test Start/End	2018-04-06 / 2018-04-13		
Features	802.11 a/b/g/n/ac Wireless LAN + Bluetoor (see section 5)	th v5.0	
Description	Platform: TPN – W124 series + WNC anter	nna	
Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications		
Address	100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 / Columbia, SC 29210 / United States		
Contact Person	Steven Hackett		
Telephone/Fax/ Email	steven.c.hackett@intel.com		
Reference Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 RSS-102, Issue 5 (see section 1)		
RF Exposure Environment	Portable devices - General population/und	controlled exposure	
	SAR Result	SAR Limit	
Maximum SAR Result & Limit	1.56 W/kg (1g)	1.6 W/kg (1g)	
Min. test separation distance	0mm to phantom, 4mm to antenna edge		

Test Report identification	180330-01.TR01
Revision Control	Rev. 00 This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision (see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested. The test report shall not be reproduced in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued by

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- 2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- 6. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).
- 8. ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures.
- 9. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard.
- 10. IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2005 testing laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
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3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	22°C ± 2°C
Humidity	40% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	21ºC ± 2ºC

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt
#01	180330-01.S02	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC	9461NGW+TPN – W124 series	WiFi MAC: 34:13:E8:6E:C7:01 BT MAC: 34:13:E8:6E:C7:05	2018-04-03



5. EUT Features

Brand Name	Intel® Wireless-AC 9461		
Model Name	9461NGW		
FCC / ISED ID	FCC ID: PD99461NG/ISED ID: 1000M-9461NG		
Software Version	10.1748.0-06430		
Driver Version	20.20.0.5		
Prototype / Production	Production		
Host Identification	TPN – W124 series		
Exposure Conditions	Body worn		
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n 802.11a/n/ac Bluetooth	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)	
Antenna Information	 TX1 / Main: WNC PIFA antenna. Not connected P/N: 025.9012L.0001 (81EAA415.G67) TX2 / Aux: WNC PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT (DRTU Chain A, Port 1) P/N: 025.9012K.0001 (81EAA415.G68) See Annex <i>F</i> for more details on antennas location. 		
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux		
	No WWAN transmitter is conside	ered in this report	
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is	supported by the device	
	Band gap is supported by the device		

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)	
802.11b/g/n	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	20.00	
		BPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	19.00	
000 110/0/00	100%	110/0/0	QPSK	5.3GHz	5250-5350	18.00
802.11a/n/ac		16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	19.00	
		256QAM	5.8GHz	5725-5850	20.00	
BDR/EDR v5.0	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	11.50	
Bluetooth LE v5.0	64%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	7.00	

NM: Not Measured

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Maximum Output pov	SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11b	20	20.00
DTO	802.11g	20	19.50
DTS	802.11n20	20	19.50
	802.11n40	40	15.50
	802.11a	20	19.00
U-NII-1	802.11n20	20	19.00
U-INII-T	802.11n40	40	19.00
	802.11ac80	80	18.00
	802.11a	20	18.00
	802.11n20	20	18.00
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	18.00
	802.11ac80	80	17.00
	802.11a	20	19.00
	802.11n20	20	19.00
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	19.00
	802.11ac80	80	19.00
	802.11a	20	20.00
	802.11n20	20	20.00
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	20.00
	802.11ac80	80	19.00
	Bluetooth v5.0 BDR	1	11.50
DT	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR2	1	8.00
BT	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR3	1	8.00
	BLE	2	7.00

The conducted values are obtained by applying the BIOS SAR power values to the 9461NGW Intel module installed in the TPN – W124 model identified in this report, as requested by the customer.



6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.8.

7. Test Verdicts summary

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n	2.4GHz	0.58	Р
	5.2GHz	1.56	Р
802.11a/n/ac	5.3GHz	1.11	Р
	5.6GHz	1.11	Р
	5.8GHz	1.48	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.04	Р

P: Pass F: Fail NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class			
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII	
Body Worn	0.58	0.04	1.56	
Simultaneous Tx	NA	Sum-SAR: 1.60	Sum-SAR: 1.60	

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Date	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	2018-04-20	V. Kaculini	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

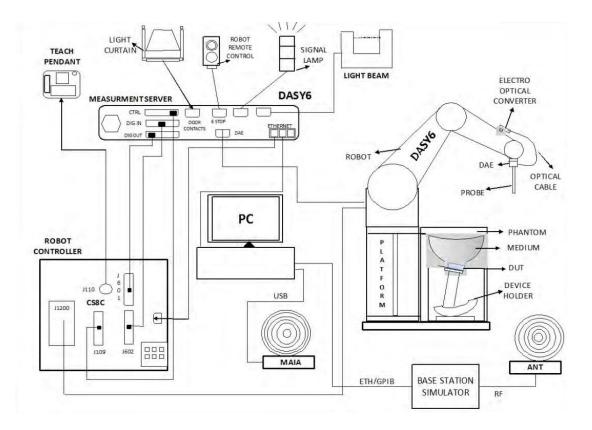
E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool

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A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm



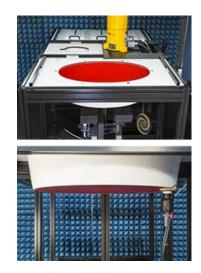


A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm



A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.

A.3 Data Evaluation



Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than $\pm 30^{\circ}$, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.



• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of $\pm 5\%$.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



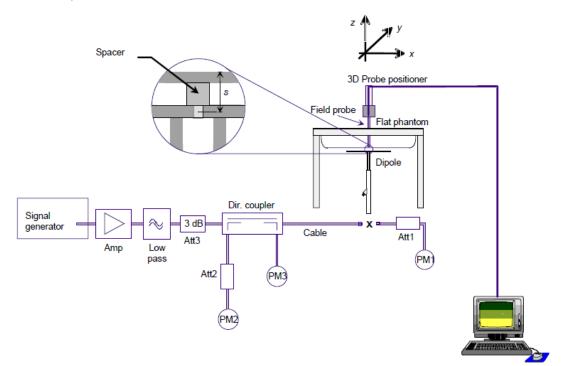
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.

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A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- ✓ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR				
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)			
150	61.9	0.80			
300	58.2	0.92			
450	56.7	0.94			
835	55.2	0.97			
900	55.0	1.05			
1450	54.0	1.30			
1800-2000	53.3	1.52			
2450	52.7	1.95			
3000	52.0	2.73			
5800	48.2	6.00			

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

A.5.1 SAR System #1

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0218	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	NA	NA
0221	SAM Phantom	Twin SAM v5.0	1838	SPEAG	NA	NA
0223	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.4.0.12171	9-618AE2F1	SPEAG	NA	NA
0229	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	NA	NA
0231	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F12/5MZ3A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0233	Robot Controller	CS8C	F12/5MZ3A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0243	Electro-Optical Converter	EOC60	1076	SPEAG	NA	NA
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	2017-12-13	2018-12-13
0418	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1496	SPEAG	2017-12-07	2018-12-07
0637	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2059	SPEAG	NA	NA
0660	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N SE UMS 028 BB	1548	SPEAG	NA	NA

A.5.2 Shared Instrumentation

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0094	Thermometer	TESTO 922	33622932	Testo	2017-11-29	2019-11-29
0098	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2017-09-18	2019-09-18
0099	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2017-09-19	2019-09-19
0114	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	NA	NA
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2017-05-15	2019-05-15
0170	Power Amplifier	SAM-01	151922	ETS-Lindgren	NA	NA
0224	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.4.0.761	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
0237	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2017-08-22	2019-08-22
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2016-06-20	2018-06-20
0412	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	NA	NA
0583	Temperature & Humidity Logger	RA12E-TH1-RAS	RA12-B9BD6E	AVTECH	2018-01-18	2020-01-18
0655	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2017-09-19	2019-09-19

A.5.3 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 180206-04	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the below table:

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016 (0.3 - 6 GHz range)								
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	(ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(vi)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System		NI	4	4	4			
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N R	1 √3	1 0.7	1 0.7	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %		$\sqrt{3}$			±1.9 %	±1.9 %	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R			1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertaint	V					±11.9 %	±11.8 %	569
Expanded STD Uncertaint	V					±23.8 %	±23.6 %	



SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 (30 MHz - 6 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System	value	Dist.		ig	TUg	(19)	(10g)	ven
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
Modulation Response	+2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Post-processing	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Test sample Positioning	±2.9 %	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±4.4 %	±4.4 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertaint						±12.1 %	±12.0 %	605
Expanded STD Uncertain	ty					±24.1 %	±24.0 %	



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 and RSS 102, Issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

Annex B. Test Results

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wireless-AC 9461 card inside a Convertible PC host platform (TPN – W124 series) using a set of PIFA antennas, only one transmitting antenna connected to the card (Tx2 / Aux) as there is just one port. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version 10.1748.0-06430) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

In tablet mode, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for the active antenna are:

Antenna	Aux			
Position	Top Edge Deals Face			
	 Back Face 			
	 Right Edge 			

See *B.1.3.1* for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$ $\leq 3.0 \text{ for } 1g \text{ SAR, and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for } 10g \text{ extremity SAR}$

(1)

(3)

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$((Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150))mW$	(2)
for 100MHz to 1500MHz	(2)

 $\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW$,

Antenna Nan	Band Name			Band		Back F	Top Ec	Right E	Left Ec	Bottom E	Laptop	Back F	Top Ec	Right E	Left Ec	Bottom E	Laptop
		lBm	т с т	Edge	Edge	Edge	Edge	q	Face	Edge	Edge	Edge	Edge	ğ			
	DTS	20.0	100.0	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R	R		
	U-NII-1	19.0	79.4	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	R	Т	R	R	R	R		
WLAN	U-NII-2A	18.0	63.1	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R	R		
Aux	U-NII-2C	19.0	79.4	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R	R		
	U-NII-3	20.0	100.0	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R	R		
	BT	11.5	14.1	<50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R	R		

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex *F* for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

• \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz

• \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

• \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The <i>initial test configuration</i> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					A	xL	SAR	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?	
			1	2412	19.50	19.50	No ³	
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	20.00	20.00	Yes	
			11	2462	17.50	17.50	No ³	
			1	2412		17.00		
2.4GHz (DTS)	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		19.50		
GHz			11	2462		16.50		
			1	2412		17.00		
TS)	802.11n20		6	2437	NR ¹	19.50	No ²	
		HT0	11	2462		17.00		
	802.11n40	пі	3	2422		14.50		
			6	2437		15.50		
			9	2452		14.50		

Initial test configuration

1.

NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20/n40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 2. 1.2W/kg.

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. 3.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					A	xL	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			36 5180 17.00		17.00	17.00	
	802.11a	6Mbps	40	5200	19.00	19.00	
	602.11a	olviops	44	5220	19.00	19.00	
5			48	5240	19.00	19.00	
ĞН			36	5180	16.95	17.00	
z (ل	802.11n20		40	5200	18.95	19.00	Yes
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)	002.111120	HT0	44	5220	19.00	19.00	
I-1)		піо	48	5240	19.00	19.00	
	802.11n40		38	5190	17.50	17.50	
	002.111140		46	5230	19.00	19.00	
Initial toot confid	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210	17.95	18.00	

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).

Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)

5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



					ļ	Aux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			52	5260		18.00	
	902 112	GMbpo	56	5280		18.00	
	හිටි.11a ග	6Mbps	60	5300		18.00	
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)			64	5320	NR ^{1,3}	17.00	No ^{2,5}
GHZ			52	5260		18.00	
z (U	802.11n20		56	5280		18.00	
-NII-	602.11N20	ЦТО	60	5300		18.00	
-2A)		HT0	64	5320		17.00	
	802.11n40		54	5270	18.00	18.00	Yes
	002.111140		62	5310	14.90	15.00	Tes
Initial tast con	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	17.00	No ^{2,5}

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					F	Aux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			100	5500		19.00	
			104	5520		19.00	
			108	5540		19.00	
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		19.00	
	002.11a	olviops	116	5580		19.00	
			120	5600		19.00	
			124	5620		19.00	
			128	5640		19.00	
5.0			100	5500	NR ^{1,3}	19.00	
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			104	5520		19.00	No ^{4,6}
1) zł			108	5540		19.00	
- Z	802.11n20		112	5560		19.00	
11-20	002.11120		116	5580		19.00	
0		НТО	120	5600		19.00	
		1110	124	5620		19.00	
			128	5640		19.00	
			102	5510		17.00	
	802.11n40		110	5550		19.00	
	002.11140		118	5590		19.00	
			126	5630		19.00	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	106	5530	17.50	17.50	No ⁵
	002.110000	VIIIO	122	5610	19.00	19.00	Yes

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Au	x	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			132	5660	18.70	19.00	No ⁷
			136	5680	18.95	19.00	INO [,]
		6Mbps	140	5700	19.00	19.00	
	802.11a		149	5745	20.00	20.00	
	002.11a		153	5765	19.85	20.00	Yes
			157	5785	20.00	20.00	165
			161	5805	20.00	20.00	
5.6-			165	5825	19.90	20.00	
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			132	5660	18.90	19.00	
GH			136	5680	19.00	19.00	No ⁷
z (U			140	5700	19.00	19.00	
- Z	802.11n20		149	5745	20.00	20.00	Yes
I-3)	002.111120		153	5765	19.90	20.00	No ⁷
		HT0	157	5785	20.00	20.00	
		1110	161	5805	19.90	20.00	Yes
			165	5825	20.00	20.00	103
			134	5670	19.00	19.00	
	802.11n40		142	5710	18.95	19.00	No ^{4,5}
	562.111140		151	5755	20.00	20.00	
			159	5795	20.00	20.00	Yes
	802.11ac80	VHT0	138	5690	19.00	19.00	
nitial test config		VIIIO	155	5775	18.50	18.50	No ⁷

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

2. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)

channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
		_	0	2402		10.90	11.50
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		11.20	11.50
	V0.0	0	78	2480	-	11.50	11.50
			0	2402			8.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441		NR ¹	8.00
2.40	V0.0		78	2480	Aux		8.00
2.4GHz			0	2402			8.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441			8.00
	V0.0		78	2480			8.00
			0	2412			7.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Low energy GFSK	20	2437			7.00
	¥0.0		39	2480			7.00

Initial test configuration 1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	arameters		red TSL neters	Devia	ation (%)	Date
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	٤'	σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	54.55	2.08	3.51	6.54	2018-04-12
5200	49.01	5.30	48.70	5.47	-0.63	3.36	2018-04-10
5300	48.88	5.41	48.51	5.63	-0.75	3.92	2018-04-10
5500	48.61	5.65	48.37	5.92	-0.48	4.90	2018-04-12
5600	48.47	5.76	48.19	6.08	-0.58	5.42	2018-04-12
5800	48.20	6.00	47.55	6.35	-1.35	5.90	2018-04-10

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	49.40	48.00	-2.83		2018 04 12
2450	10g	23.40	22.60	-3.42		2018-04-12
E200	1g	71.30	64.80	-9.12		2018 04 11
5200	10g	20.10	18.54	-7.76		2018-04-11
E200	1g	74.30	74.40	0.13		2018 04 11
5300	10g	20.90	21.00	0.48	.10	2018-04-11
5500	1g	78.90	81.40	3.17	±10	2018 04 12
5500	10g	21.90	23.20	5.94		2018-04-12
5000	1g	78.60	76.20	-3.05		2010 01 12
5600	10g	22.10	22.40	1.36		2018-04-12
5000	1g	74.40	67.80	-8.87		2018 04 40
5800	10g	20.70	20.00	-3.38		2018-04-10

See Annex C for more details.



B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 802.11b/g/n – 2.4GHz - DTS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Top Edge	0.00	0.58	0.58	1
Aux	802.11b 1Mbps	20	6	2437	Back Face	0.00	0.35	0.35	
	тибро				Right Edge	0.00	0.11	0.11	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac - 5.2 GHz - U-NII-1

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #																				
			36	5180		0.00	0.88	0.88																					
	802.11a		40	5200		0.00	1.52	1.52																					
	6Mbps		44	5220		0.00	1.48	1.48																					
		20	48	5240	Top Edge	0.00	1.35	1.35																					
		20	36	5180	Top Edge	0.05	0.86	0.87																					
	802.11n		40	5200		0.05	1.48	1.50																					
Aux	HT0		44	5220		0.00	1.56	1.56	2																				
			48	5240		0.00	1.44	1.44																					
			38	5190	Top Edge	0.00	1.04	1.04																					
	802.11n	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	10				Top Edge	0.00	1.52	1.52	
	HT0	40	46	5230	Back Face	0.00	0.31	0.31																					
					Right Edge	0.00	0.32	0.32																					
	802.11ac VHT0	80	42	5210	Top Edge	0.05	1.25	1.26																					

B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #	
						Top Edge	0.00	1.11	1.11	3
Aux	802.11n	40	54	5270	Back Face	0.00	0.24	0.24		
Aux	HT0 40			Right Edge	0.00	0.26	0.26			
			62	5310	Top Edge	0.10	0.52	0.54		



B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac – 5.6 GHz – U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #	
		80	90	106	5530	Top Edge	0.00	0.85	0.85	
A	802.11ac					Top Edge	0.00	1.11	1.11	4
Aux	Aux VHT0		122	5610	Back Face	0.00	0.39	0.39		
					Right Edge	0.00	0.35	0.35		

B.5.5 802.11a/n/ac - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
			140	5700	5 5 5 5 5 8 5 5 5	0.00	1.03	1.03	
			149	5745		0.00	1.28	1.28	
	802.11a	20	153	5765		0.15	1.30	1.35	
	6Mbps	20	157	5785		0.00	1.38	1.38	
			161	5805		0.00	1.37	1.37	
			165	5828		0.10	1.36	1.39	
		20	149	5745		0.00	1.22	1.22	
	802.11n		157	5785		0.00	1.30	1.30	
Aux	HT0		161	5805		0.10	1.17	1.20	
			165	5828		0.00	1.40	1.40	
			134	5670	Top Edge	0.10	1.05	1.07	
			151	5755	Top Edge	0.00	1.44	1.44	
	802.11n HT0	40			Top Edge	0.00	1.48	1.48	5
			159	5795	Back Face	0.00	0.37	0.37	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.38	0.38	
	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Top Edge	0.00	1.17	1.17	

B.5.6 Bluetooth – 2.4GHz - DSS

An	nt.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
						Top Edge	0.00	0.04	0.04	6
Au	х	802.15 DH5	1	78	2480	Back Face	0.00	0.03	0.03	
		2.10				Right Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	



B.5.7 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is <1.45 W/kg with <20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to confirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations.

A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured results for the initial repeated measurement are within 10% of the SAR limit or vary by more than 20%.

A third repeated measurement is required only if the original, first or second repeated measurement \geq 1.5W/Kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is > 1.2.

Band / Mode	Position	Ch #	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2 nd Repeated SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Highest Ratio
5.2 GHz 802.11n40 HT0	Top Edge	44	5220	1.56	1.55	1.54	1.01
5.3 GHz 802.11n40 HT0	Top Edge	54	5270	1.11	1.09		1.02
5.5 GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	106	5530	0.85	0.83		1.02
5.6 GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	138	5690	1.17	1.17		1.00
5.8 GHz 802.11n40 HT0	Top Edge	159	5795	1.48	1.41	1.40	1.06

B.5.8 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antenna	Position	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)				
Antenna	POSITION	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth		
	Top Edge	0.58	1.56	0.04		
Aux	Back Face	0.35	0.39	0.03		
	Right Edge	0.11	0.38	0.01		

Position	Simultaneous Tx Antenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Aux Antenna		
Top Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT	1.60	
Back Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.42	1.6
Right Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.39	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Aux Antenna – Top Edge	36
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3.	U-NII-2A - 802.11n40, CH54, Aux Antenna – Top Edge	38
4.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Aux Antenna – Top Edge	39
5.	U-NII-3 - 802.11n40, CH159, Aux Antenna – Top Edge	40
6.	BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux Antenna – Top Edge	41
7.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz	42
8.	System Check Body Liquid 5200MHz	43
9.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	44
10.	System Check Body Liquid 5500MHz	45
11.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz	46
12.	System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz	47



1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

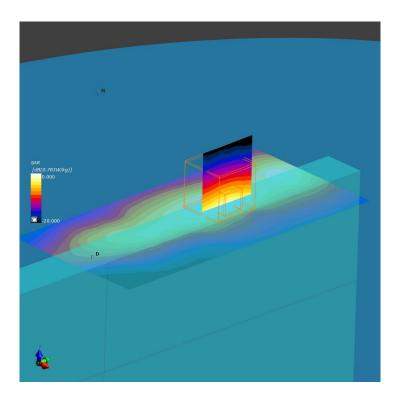
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufactu		ensions [m		WIFI MAC	DUT Ty		
TPN - W124, HP	200	0.0 x 300.0 x	20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:01	Converti	ble PC	
Exposure Condition	ns						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP, 0	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10012-CAB	2437.0, 6	7.77	2.06	54.6

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results							
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan			
Grid Extents [mm]	72.0 x 144.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2018-04-12, 14:59	2018-04-12, 15:05			
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.599	0.582			
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.294	0.267			
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.08	0.00			
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled			
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor					
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]					
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction			
Scan Method	Measured	Measured						





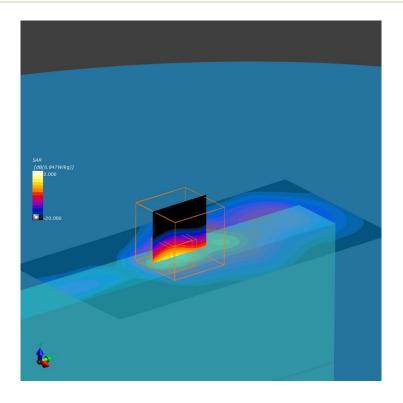
2. U-NII-1 - 802.11n20, CH44, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufactu	rer Din	nensions [m	im]	WIFI MAC	DUT Ty	be	
TPN - W124, HP	200	0.0 x 300.0 x	20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:01	Converti	ble PC	
Exposure Condition	ns						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP. 0	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10591-AAA	5220.0, 44	4.84	5.50	48.7

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results					
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-11, 18:34	2018-04-11, 18:40	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.48	1.56	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.458	0.456	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	-0.01	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





3. U-NII-2A - 802.11n40, CH54, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

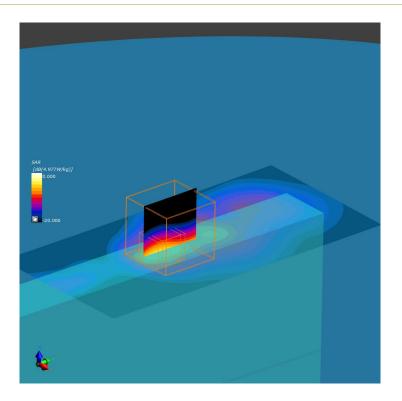
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Туре	
TPN - W124, HP	200.0 x 300.0 x 20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:01	Convertible PC	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP, 0	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10599-AAA	5270.0, 54	4.67	5.58	48.6

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results					
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 120.0	Date	2018-04-11, 16:02	2018-04-11, 16:08	
Grid Steps [mm]	Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.01	1.11	
Sensor Surface	Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.328	0.326	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.05	-0.02	
Graded Grid	Graded Grid	No	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





4. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

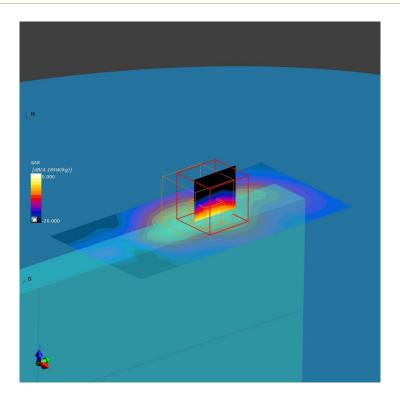
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
TPN - W124, HP	200.0 x 300.0 x 20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:01	Convertible PC	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP, 0	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAC	5610.0, 122	4.06	6.09	48.2

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results					
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-12, 11:01	2018-04-12, 11:07	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.28	1.11	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.521	0.419	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.00	-0.03	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





5. U-NII-3 - 802.11n40, CH159, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

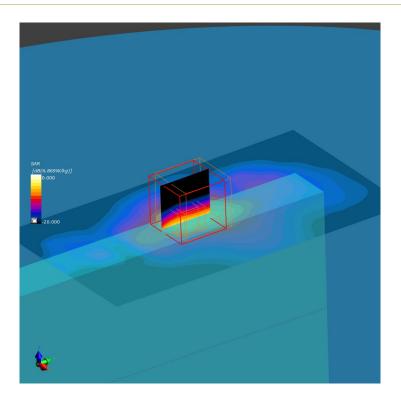
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type
TPN - W124, HP	200.0 x 300.0 x 20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:01	Convertible PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP, 0	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10599-AAA	5795.0, 159	4.26	6.35	47.6

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 140.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-10, 15:14	2018-04-10, 15:20
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.52	1.48
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.573	0.515
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	-0.02
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor		
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]		
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured			





6. BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux Antenna – Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
TPN - W124, HP	200.0 x 300.0 x 20.0	34:13:E8:6E:C7:05	Convertible PC	

Exposure Conditions

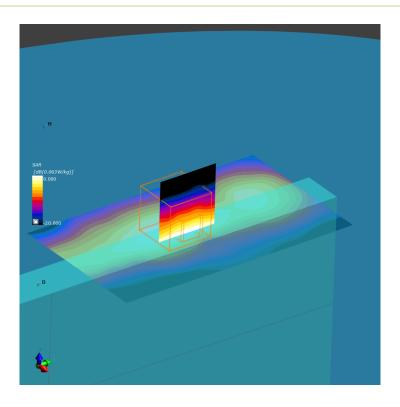
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE TOP, 0	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth, 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.77	2.11	54.5

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	72.0 x 120.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2018-04-12, 14:39	2018-04-12, 14:46
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.043	0.044
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.018	0.019
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.11	-0.08
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor		
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]		
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured			





7. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

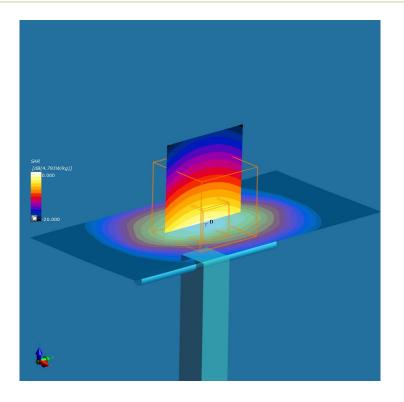
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
2.45 GHz Dipole, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 24.0	0937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				2450.0, 0	7.77	2.08	54.6

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 96.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2018-04-12, 15:27	2018-04-12, 15:33
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	2.48	2.40
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.12	1.13
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.00
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor		
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]		
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured			





8. System Check Body Liquid 5200MHz

Device under Test Properties

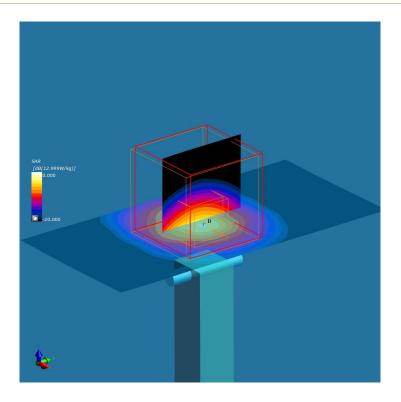
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
5GHz Dipole, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 20.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5200.0, 0	4.84	5.47	48.7

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results						
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-11, 19:32	2018-04-11, 19:38		
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.43	3.24		
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.982	0.927		
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.02	-0.00		
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled		
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor				
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]				
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction		
Scan Method	Measured	Measured					



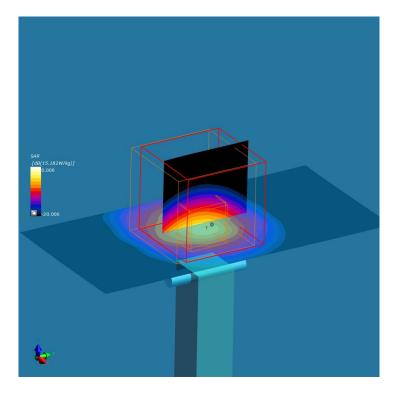


9. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufactur 5GHz Dipole, SPE		Dimensions [mm 50.0 x 10.0 x 20.0		/N 164	DUT Typ Validatior		
Exposure Condition	ns						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Te Distance [mn		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5300.0, 0	4.67	5.63	48.5
Hardware Setup							
Phantom		TSL, Measured D	Date	Probe, Calibr	ation Date	DAE, Calibra	ation Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg 2059	probe tilt) - I	MBBL-600-6000v	5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN	7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn149	6, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-11, 19:49	2018-04-11, 19:55
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.80	3.72
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.10	1.05
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.00	0.01
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor		
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]		
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured			





10. System Check Body Liquid 5500MHz

Device under Test Properties

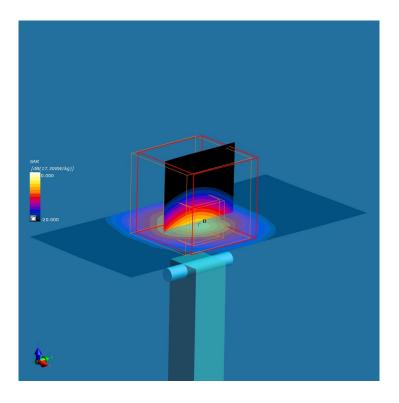
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
5GHz Dipole, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 20.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5500.0, 0	4.25	5.92	48.4

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup	Measurement Results						
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan		
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-12, 15:38	2018-04-12, 15:44		
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	4.07	4.07		
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.15	1.16		
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.03	0.02		
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled		
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor				
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]				
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction		
Scan Method	Measured	Measured					





11. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

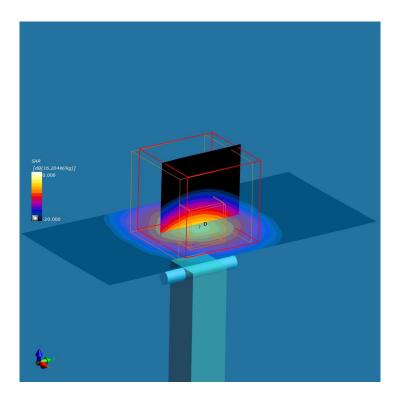
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type	
5GHz Dipole, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 20.0	1164	Validation Dipole	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5600.0, 0	4.06	6.08	48.2

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-12	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup		Measurement Results						
-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan			
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-12, 15:58	2018-04-12, 16:04			
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.78	3.81			
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.11	1.12			
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.01	0.04			
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled			
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor					
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]					
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction			
Scan Method	Measured	Measured						





12. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

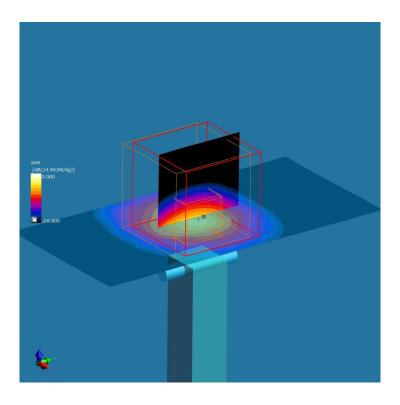
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
5GHz Dipole, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 20.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5800.0, 0	4.26	6.35	47.5
Hardware Setup							

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2018-Apr-10	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07
2059			

Scan Setup	Measurement Results					
-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2018-04-10, 18:38	2018-04-10, 18:45	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.37	3.39	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.989	1.00	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.07	-0.01	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				

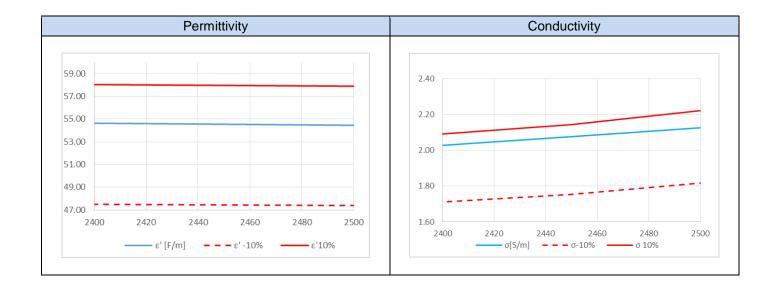




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body 2450MHz

		2018-04-12		
Freq.	Tar	get	Meas	sured
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	54.64	2.03
2410	52.75	1.91	54.62	2.04
2420	52.74	1.92	54.60	2.05
2430	52.73	1.93	54.59	2.06
2440	52.71	1.94	54.57	2.07
2450	52.70	1.95	54.55	2.08
2460	52.69	1.96	54.53	2.09
2470	52.67	1.98	54.51	2.10
2480	52.66	1.99	54.49	2.11
2490	52.65	2.01	54.48	2.12
2500	52.64	2.02	54.46	2.13

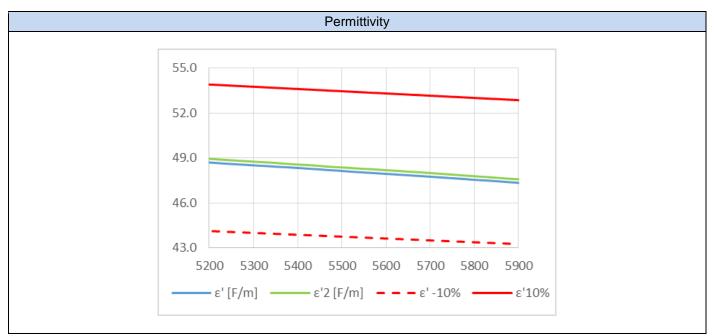


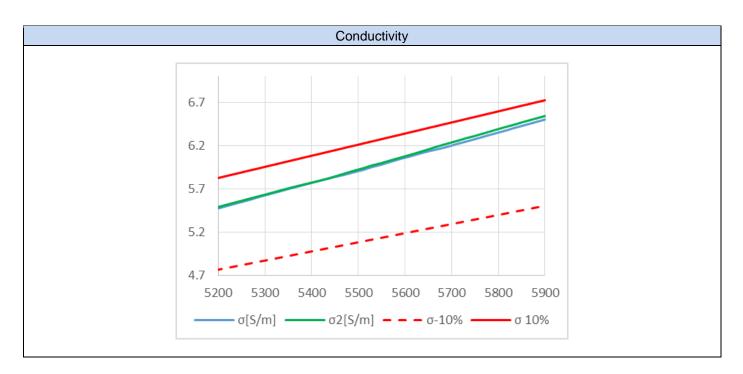
D.2 Body 5200MHz-5800MHz

			2018-04-10		2018-04-12		
Freq.	Tar		Measured		Measured		
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' ₂ (F/m)	σ ₂ (S/m)	
5180	49.04	5.27	48.74	5.45	48.99	5.46	
5190	49.03	5.29	48.72	5.46	48.97	5.47	
5200	49.01	5.30	48.70	5.47	48.95	5.49	
5210	49.00	5.31	48.68	5.49	48.93	5.51	
5220	48.99	5.32 5.33	48.66	5.50 5.52	48.91	5.52	
5230 5240	48.97 48.96	5.33	48.64 48.62	5.52	48.89 48.87	5.53 5.55	
5250	48.95	5.36	48.60	5.55	48.85	5.56	
5260	48.93	5.37	48.59	5.56	48.84	5.58	
5270	48.92	5.38	48.57	5.58	48.82	5.59	
5280	48.91	5.39	48.55	5.59	48.80	5.61	
5290	48.89	5.40	48.53	5.61	48.78	5.62	
5300	48.88	5.41	48.51	5.63	48.76	5.63	
5310	48.87	5.43	48.50	5.64	48.74	5.65	
5320	48.85	5.44	48.48	5.65	48.73	5.66	
5330	48.84	5.45	48.47	5.67	48.71	5.68	
5340 5350	48.82	5.46	48.45	5.68	48.70	5.69	
5350 5360	48.81 48.80	5.47 5.48	48.43 48.41	5.70 5.71	48.68 48.65	5.71 5.72	
5360	48.78	5.50	48.40	5.73	48.63	5.72	
5380	48.77	5.51	48.38	5.73	48.61	5.75	
5390	48.76	5.52	48.36	5.75	48.59	5.76	
5400	48.74	5.53	48.34	5.77	48.57	5.77	
5500	48.61	5.65	48.14	5.91	48.37	5.92	
5510	48.59	5.66	48.12	5.92	48.36	5.94	
5520	48.58	5.67	48.10	5.94	48.34	5.96	
5530	48.57	5.68	48.08	5.95	48.32	5.97	
5540	48.55	5.69	48.06	5.97	48.30	5.99	
5550	48.54	5.71	48.04	5.98	48.28	6.00	
5560	48.53	5.72	48.02	6.00	48.27	6.02	
5570 5580	48.51 48.50	5.73 5.74	48.00 47.98	6.01 6.03	48.25 48.23	6.03 6.05	
5590	48.49	5.75	47.96	6.05	48.23	6.06	
5600	48.47	5.76	47.94	6.06	48.19	6.08	
5610	48.46	5.78	47.93	6.08	48.17	6.09	
5620	48.44	5.79	47.91	6.09	48.16	6.11	
5630	48.43	5.80	47.89	6.11	48.14	6.12	
5640	48.42	5.81	47.87	6.12	48.12	6.14	
5650	48.40	5.82	47.85	6.13	48.10	6.16	
5660	48.39	5.83	47.83	6.15	48.08	6.17	
5670 5680	48.38 48.36	5.85 5.86	47.81 47.80	6.16 6.17	48.06	6.19 6.21	
5690	48.35	5.87	47.80	6.19	48.04 48.02	6.21	
5700	48.34	5.88	47.76	6.20	48.00	6.24	
5710	48.32	5.88	47.74	6.22	47.98	6.25	
5720	48.31	5.89	47.72	6.23	47.96	6.27	
5730	48.30	5.91	47.70	6.25	47.94	6.28	
5740	48.28	5.92	47.68	6.26	47.91	6.30	
5750	48.27	5.93	47.65	6.28	47.90	6.31	
5760	48.25	5.94	47.64	6.29	47.87	6.33	
5770	48.24	5.95	47.62	6.31	47.85	6.34	
5780	48.23	5.96	47.59	6.32	47.83	6.36	
5790 5800	48.21	5.98	47.57	6.34	47.81	6.38	
5800 5810	48.20 48.19	5.99 6.00	47.55 47.53	6.35 6.37	47.79 47.77	6.39 6.41	
5820	48.19	6.01	47.51	6.38	47.75	6.42	
5830	48.16	6.02	47.50	6.40	47.73	6.44	
5840	48.15	6.03	47.48	6.41	47.71	6.45	
5850	48.13	6.05	47.46	6.43	47.69	6.47	
5860	48.12	6.06	47.43	6.44	47.66	6.48	
5870	48.10	6.07	47.41	6.46	47.64	6.50	
5880	48.09	6.08	47.39	6.47	47.62	6.51	
5890	48.08	6.09	47.37	6.49	47.60	6.53	
5900	48.06	6.10	47.34	6.50	47.58	6.54	

Test Report Nº 180330-01.TR01









Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	*
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	Æ
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1164	SPEAG	K

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB × 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #0239							
Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Previous	-28.82	47.5 – 2.5 j	2017-03-17				
Last	-27.60	45.5 – 0.5 j	2018-03-07				
	Dipole	ID #0124					
	Dipole 5200	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-20.6	47.7 – 8.9 j	2017-05-15				
	Dipole 5300MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-23.6	47.6 – 6.0 j	2017-05-15				
	Dipole 5500	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-25.8	50.2 - 5.1 j	2017-05-15				
	Dipole 5600	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-24.1	53.9 – 5.2 j	2017-05-15				
	Dipole 5800	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-22.2	54.5 – 6.7 j	2017-05-15				