



- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- > Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.





two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

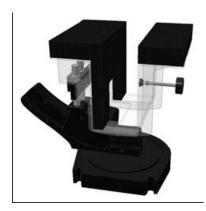
The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\ell=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.







Picture C.7-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0. 2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special





Picture C.8: SAM Twin Phantom

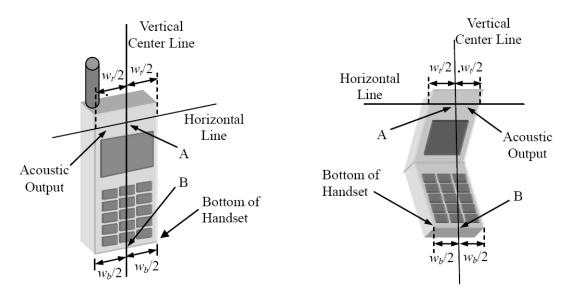




ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



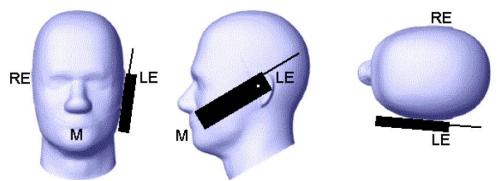
 W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 W_b Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

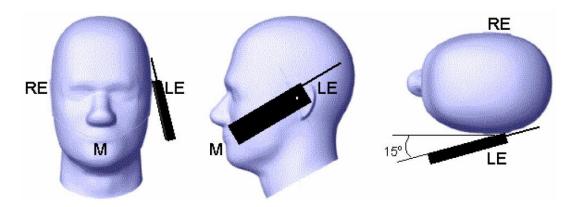
B Midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

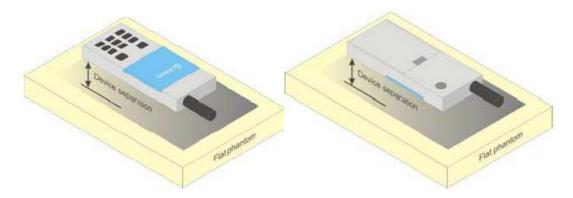




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



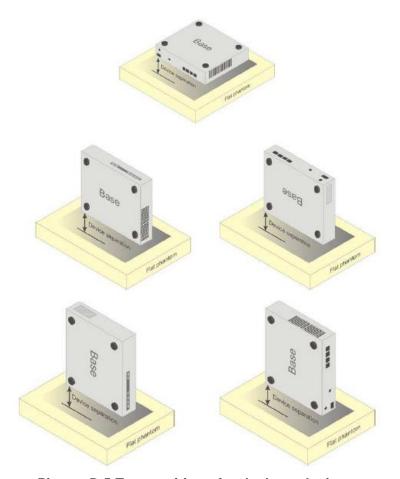
Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.





Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

D.3 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.6





ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency	025Uaad	925Dady	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800
(MHz)	835Head	835Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by	Ingredients (% by weight)							
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	/	/
Glycol	\	\	44 450	29.96	41.15	27.22	,	,
Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.90	41.13	21.22	\	\
Diethylenglycol	,	١	`	,	,	\	17.04	17.04
monohexylether	\	\	\	\	\	1	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	ε=52.7	ε=35.3	ε=48.2
Parameters								
Target Value	σ=0.90	σ=0.97	σ=1.40	σ=1.52	σ=1.80	σ=1.95	σ=5.27	σ=6.00

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.





ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 3617

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
3617	Head 750MHz	April.27,2023	750 MHz	OK
3617	Head 900MHz	April.27,2023	900 MHz	OK
3617	Head 1750MHz	April.27,2023	1750 MHz	OK
3617	Head 1900MHz	April.27,2023	1900 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2000MHz	April.27,2023	2000 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2300MHz	April.27,2023	2300 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2450MHz	April.27,2023	2450 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2600MHz	April.27,2023	2600 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3500MHz	April.27,2023	3500 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3700MHz	April.27,2023	3700 MHz	OK
3617	Head 5250MHz	April.27,2023	5250 MHz	OK
3617	Head 5600MHz	April.27,2023	5600 MHz	OK
3617	Head 5750MHz	April.27,2023	5750 MHz	OK





ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 3617 Calibration Certificate

Client



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

emt@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.c



Certificate No: Z23-60161

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 3617

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: March 31, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04181)	Jun-23
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	20-May-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-3846_May22	?) May-23
DAE4	SN 1555	25-Aug-22(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug2	(2) Aug-23
DAE4	SN 549	24-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Jan23)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	14-Jun-22(CTTL, No.J22X04182)	Jun-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00104)	Jan-24
Nan	ne	Function	Signature

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: April 07, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z23-60161

Page 1 of 9







Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 2 of 9







Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3617

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.33	0.22	0.34	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	102.7	97.9	99.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (<i>k</i> =2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.3	±2.0%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		101.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.







Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3617

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (<i>k</i> =2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.10	10.10	10.10	0.14	1.32	±12.7%
900	41.5	0.97	9.68	9.68	9.68	0.15	1.31	±12.7%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.77	8.77	8.77	0.11	1.35	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.23	1.11	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.25	1.09	±12.7%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.22	1.13	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.63	0.64	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.55	0.69	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.63	0.65	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.32	0.98	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.36	0.94	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.38	0.91	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.76	6.76	6.76	0.30	1.45	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.35	1.25	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.30	1.50	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.30	1.50	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.35	1.48	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.45	1.25	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.45	1.25	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.45	1.38	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.38	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.45	1.40	±13.9%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

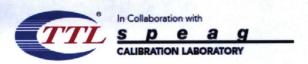
Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 4 of 9

F At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



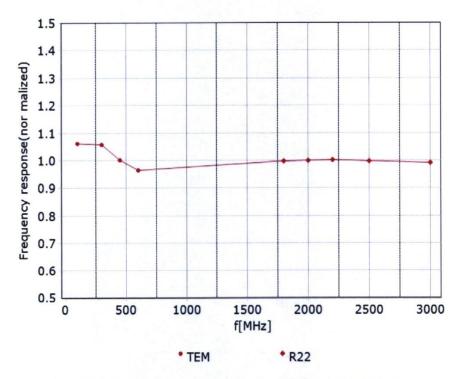




Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 5 of 9







330°

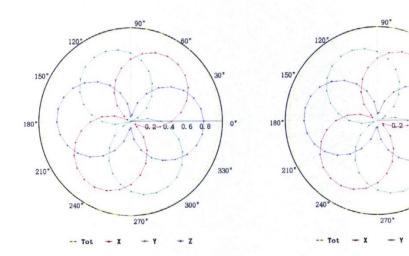
300

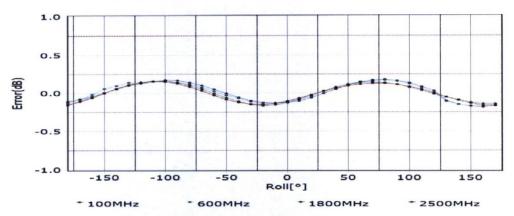
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22



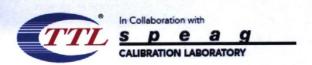


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 6 of 9

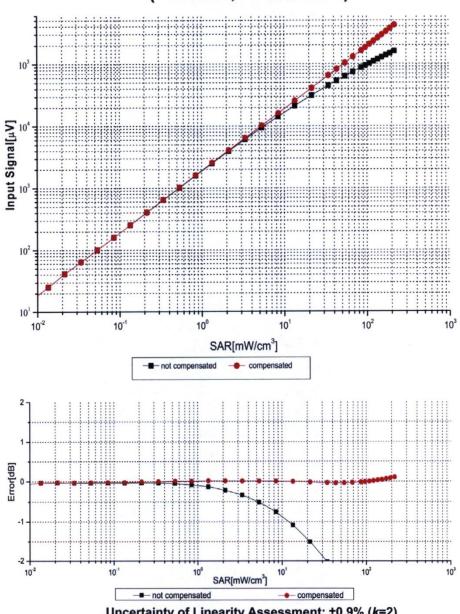






Add: No.52 Hua Yuan Bei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 http://www.caict.ac.cn E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

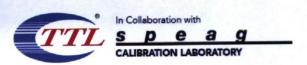


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 7 of 9





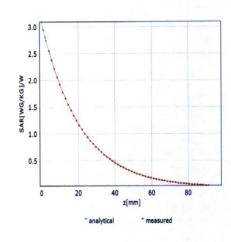


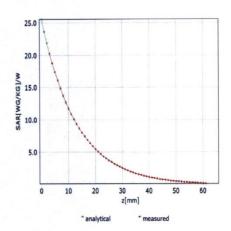
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

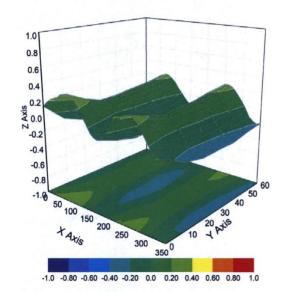
f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Conversion Factor Assessment



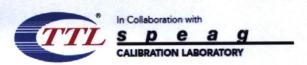
Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z23-60161

Page 8 of 9









Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3617

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	11
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm





ANNEX H Dipole Calibration Certificate

750 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22

bject	D750V3 - SN:101	17	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	July 20, 2022	restruction of the section of the se	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence pr	onal standards, which realize the physical unit robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	014. 0100027 00027		
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 7349	31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21)	Dec-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4		31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) 02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22)	Dec-22 May-23
	SN: 7349		
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 7349 SN: 601	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22)	May-23
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 7349 SN: 601	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house)	May-23 Scheduled Check
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	May-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	May-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	May-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972	O2-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	May-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	O2-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	May-23 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-22

Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22

Page 1 of 6





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22

Page 2 of 6



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.5 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.63 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.64 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22





Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Floatrian Dalay (and direction)	1.034 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.034 fts

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22







DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1017

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.11, 10.11, 10.11) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

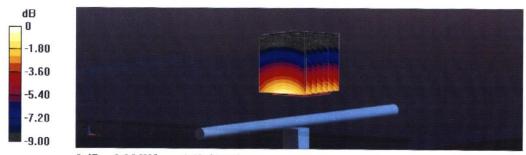
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 24.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.3%

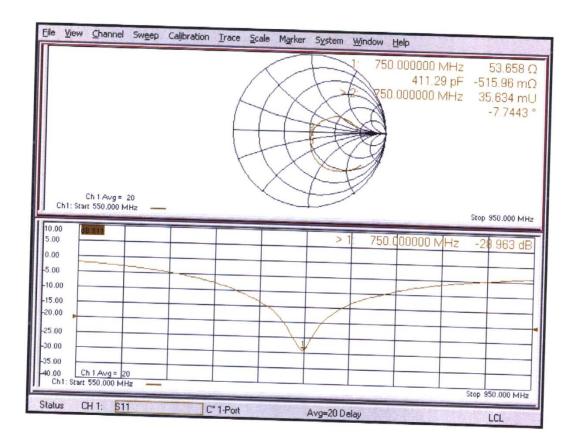
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



0 dB = 2.95 W/kg = 4.69 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D750V3-1017_Jul22





835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Service suisse d etalorinage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22

D835V2 - SN:4d069 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz Calibration date: July 20, 2022 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration SN: 104778 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) Power meter NRP Apr-23 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) Apr-23 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525) Apr-23 SN: BH9394 (20k) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) Reference 20 dB Attenuator Apr-23 SN: 310982 / 06327 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) Apr-23 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 7349 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec21) Reference Probe EX3DV4 Dec-22 DAE4 SN: 601 02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) May-23 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter E4419B SN: GB39512475 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 SN: US37292783 Power sensor HP 8481A 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 Power sensor HP 8481A SN: MY41093315 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 Signature Name Function Calibrated by: Aldonia Georgiadou Laboratory Technician Sven Kühn Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: July 22, 2022 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22

Page 1 of 6



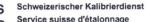


Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22

Page 2 of 6



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.3 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.73 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.34 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22 Page 3 of 6





Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω - 2.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 31.7 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
-----------------	-------	--

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22

Page 4 of 6



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.69, 9.69, 9.69) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 63.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

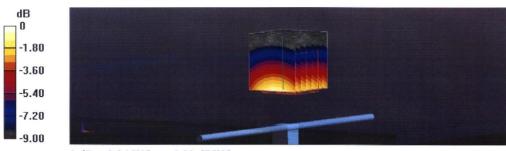
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 17 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg

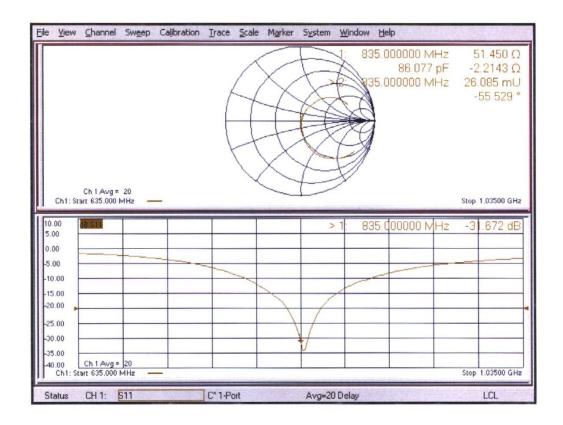


0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.23 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Jul22

Page 6 of 6