



FCC / ISED Test Report

FOR:

Sunsa, Inc

Model Name:

SUNSAW1

Product Description:

IoT wand device to replace wand on horizontal, vertical and miniblinds. BLE/WiFi control of motor to automate home / commercial blinds.

FCC ID: 2AYPZ-SUNSAW1

IC ID: 26999-SUNSAW1

Applied Rules and Standards:

47 CFR Part 15.247 (DTS)

RSS-247 Issue 2 (DTS) & RSS-Gen Issue 5

REPORT #: EMC_SYLER_001_21001_15.247_WLAN_DTS

DATE: 2021-03-16



A2LA Accredited

IC recognized #
3462B-1

CABID: US0187

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1 Assessment

The following device was evaluated against the applicable criteria specified in FCC rules Parts 15.247 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations and the relevant ISSED Canada standard RSS-247.

No deviations were ascertained.

Company	Description	Model #
Sunsa, Inc	IoT wand device to replace wand on horizontal, vertical and miniblinds. BLE/WiFi control of motor to automate home / commercial blinds.	SUNSAW1

Responsible for Testing Laboratory:

2021-03-16	Compliance	Cindy Li (Lab Manager)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

Responsible for the Report:

2021-03-16	Compliance	Yuchan Lu (Test Engineer)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in Section 3.
CETECOM Inc. USA does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CETECOM Inc. USA.

2 Administrative Data

2.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory Issuing the EMC Test Report

Company Name:	CETECOM Inc.
Department:	Compliance
Street Address:	411 Dixon Landing Road
City/Zip Code	Milpitas, CA 95035
Country	USA
Telephone:	+1 (408) 586 6200
Fax:	+1 (408) 586 6299
EMC Lab Manager:	Cindy Li
Responsible Project Leader:	Akanksha Baskaran

2.2 Identification of the Client

Client's Name:	Sunsa, Inc
Street Address:	11850 West Market Place, Suite K
City/Zip Code:	Fulton, MD 20759
Country:	USA

2.3 Identification of the Manufacturer

Manufacturer's Name:	Same as Client
Manufacturers Address:	
City/Zip Code	
Country	

3 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

3.1 EUT Specifications

Model No:	SUNSAW1
HW Version :	2.0
SW Version :	1.0.0
FCC-ID:	2AYPZ-SUNSAW1
IC-ID:	26999-SUNSAW1
HVIN:	SUNSAW1
PMN:	Sunsa Wand
Product Description:	IoT wand device to replace wand on horizontal, vertical and miniblinds. BLE/WiFi control of motor to automate home / commercial blinds.
Frequency Range / number of channels:	Manufacture: Innophase Module name/number: INP2045 Chip Nominal band: 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz; Center to center: 2412 MHz (ch 1) – 2462 MHz (ch 11), 11 channels
Type(s) of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64QAM
Modes of Operation:	802.11b/g/n, 20MHz
Antenna Information as declared:	3.5 dBi
Max Output Power:	Conducted Avg Power 16.07 dBm
Power Supply/ Rated Operating Voltage Range:	Vmin: 3.1 VDC/ Vnom: 5 VDC / Vmax: 6 VDC
Operating Temperature Range:	Low 0°C, Nominal 21°C, High 70°C
Other Radios included in the device:	❖ <u>BLE</u> - Manufacture: Innophase - Module name/number: INP2045 Chip
Sample Revision:	☐ Prototype Unit; ☐ Production Unit; ☒ Pre-Production

3.2 EUT Sample details

EUT #	Serial Number	HW Version	SW Version	Notes/Comments
1	DUT#6	2.0	1.0.0	Radiated Emissions
2	DUT#2	2.0	1.0.0	Conducted RF

3.3 Accessory Equipment details

AE #	Type	Model	Manufacturer	Serial Number
1	AC/DC Converter	GA - 0502000	-	-
2	Solar Charger	-	-	-

3.4 Support Equipment

SE #	Description
1	Android Tablet, Manufacture: SAMSUNG, Model:SM-T510 , S/N:R52M70B4Y5T

3.5 Test Sample Configuration

EUT Set-up #	Combination of AE used for test set up	Comments
1	EUT#1+ AE#1	Special commands through "nRF Connect" app on the Android tablet used to configure the WLAN radio to 802.11b low, mid and high channels provided by the client that will not be available to the end user. For radiated measurements, the internal antenna was connected.
2	EUT#2 + AE#1	Special commands through "nRF Connect" app on the Android tablet used to configure the WLAN radio to low, mid and high channel provided by the client that will not be available to the end user. For conducted measurements, the equipment was connected to 50 ohm RF port of the EUT.

3.6 Justification for Worst Case Mode of Operation

During the testing process, the EUT was tested with transmitter sets on WLAN 802.11n low, mid and high channels. The EUT was configured to the highest duty cycle and maximum output power as below:

	Frequency Channel	Max Power Code
802.11b	2412, 2437, 2762	35
802.11g	2412	30
802.11g	2437	31
802.11g	2462	28
802.11n	2412, 2437, 2462	24

NOTE:

1. For 11b and 11n, we use the same power level. For 11g, the power level differs from channel to channel.
2. The actual output power in dBm is around (Power Code/2) dBm. For example, 11b should transmit ~17.5dBm output power, and its power code is 35(17.5 * 2).

For radiated measurements, all data in this report shows the worst case between horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations and for all orientations of the EUT.

4 Subject of Investigation

The objective of the measurements done by CETECOM Inc. was to assess the performance of the EUT according to the relevant requirements specified in FCC rules Part 15.247 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Radio Standard Specification RSS-247 of ISED Canada.

Testing procedures are based on 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02 – "GUIDANCE FOR PERFORMING COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (DTS) OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247" - April 2, 2019, by the Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology, Laboratory Division.

5 Measurement Results Summary

Test Specification	Test Case	Temperature and Voltage Conditions	Mode	Pass	NA	NP	Result
§15.247(a)(1) RSS-247 5.2(1)	Emission Bandwidth	Nominal	802.11 b/g/n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.247(e) RSS-247 5.2(2)	Power Spectral Density	Nominal	802.11 b/g/n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.247(b)(1) RSS-247 5.4(4)	Maximum Conducted Output Power and EIRP	Nominal	802.11 b/g/n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.247(d) RSS-247 5.5	Band edge compliance Unrestricted Band Edges	Nominal	802.11 b/g/n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.247; 15.209; 15.205 RSS-Gen 8.9; 8.10	Band edge compliance Restricted Band Edges	Nominal	802.11 b/g/n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.247(d); §15.209 RSS-Gen 6.13	TX Spurious emissions- Radiated	Nominal	802.11n	■	□	□	Complies
§15.207(a) RSS Gen 8.8	AC Conducted Emissions	Nominal	802.11n	■	□	□	Complies

Note1: NA= Not Applicable; NP= Not Performed.

6 Measurements

6.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus, with 95% confidence interval (in dB delta to result), based on a coverage factor $k=1$.

Radiated measurement

9 kHz to 30 MHz	± 2.5 dB (Magnetic Loop Antenna)
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	± 2.0 dB (Biconilog Antenna)
1 GHz to 40 GHz	± 2.3 dB (Horn Antenna)

Conducted measurement

150 kHz to 30 MHz	± 0.7 dB (LISN)
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RF conducted measurement	± 0.5 dB
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According to TR 102 273 a multiplicative propagation of error is assumed for RF measurement systems. For this reason the RMS method is applied to dB values and not to linear values as appropriate for additive propagation of error. Also used: <http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Uncertainty/typeb.html>. The above calculated uncertainties apply to direct application of the Substitution method. The Substitution method is always used when the EUT comes closer than 3 dB to the limit.

6.2 Environmental Conditions During Testing:

The following environmental conditions were maintained during the course of testing:

- Ambient Temperature: 20-25°C
- Relative humidity: 40-60%

6.3 Dates of Testing:

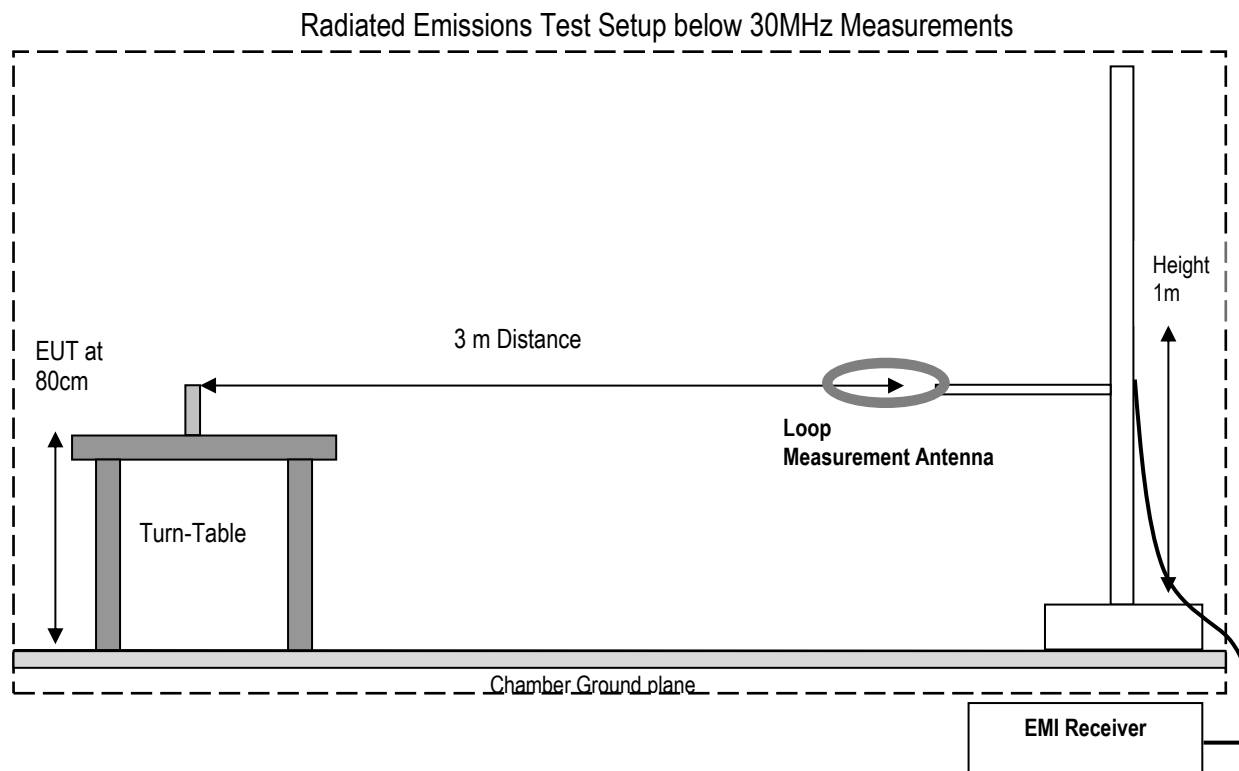
02/18/2021 -- 02/25/2021

7 Measurement Procedures

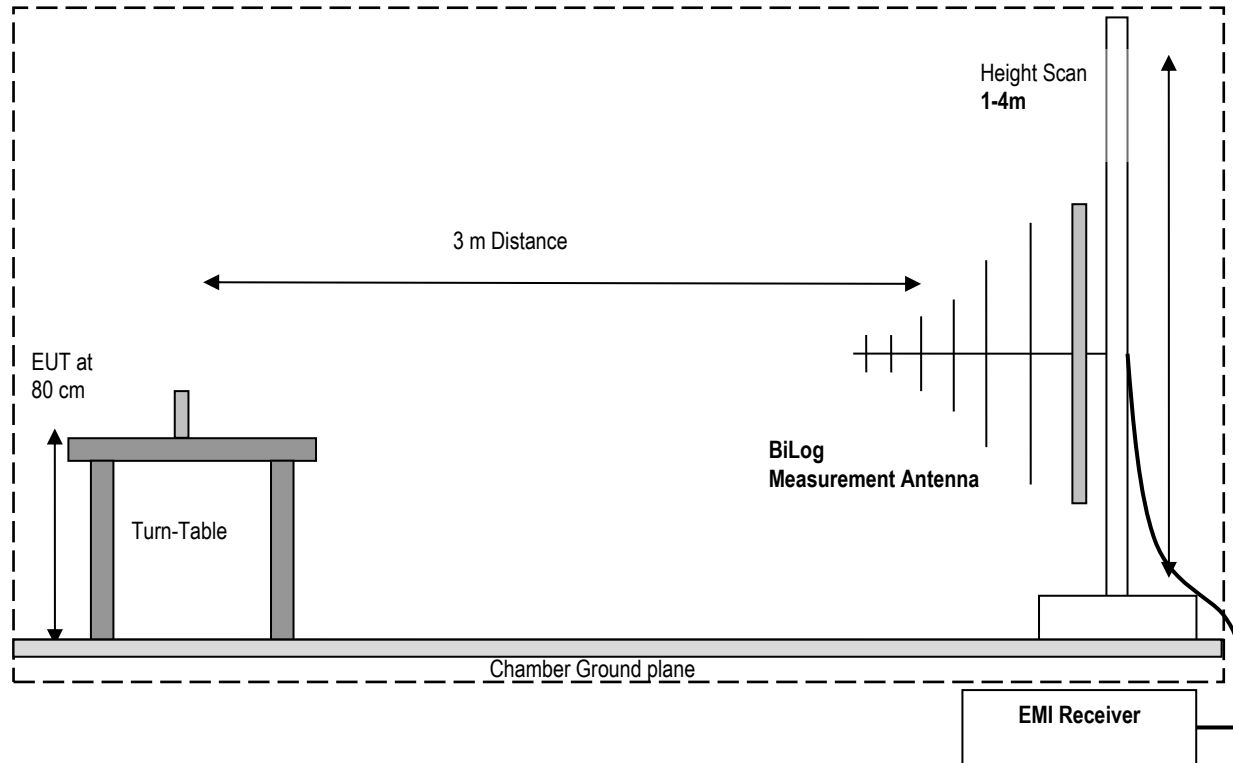
7.1 Radiated Measurement

The radiated measurement is performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)

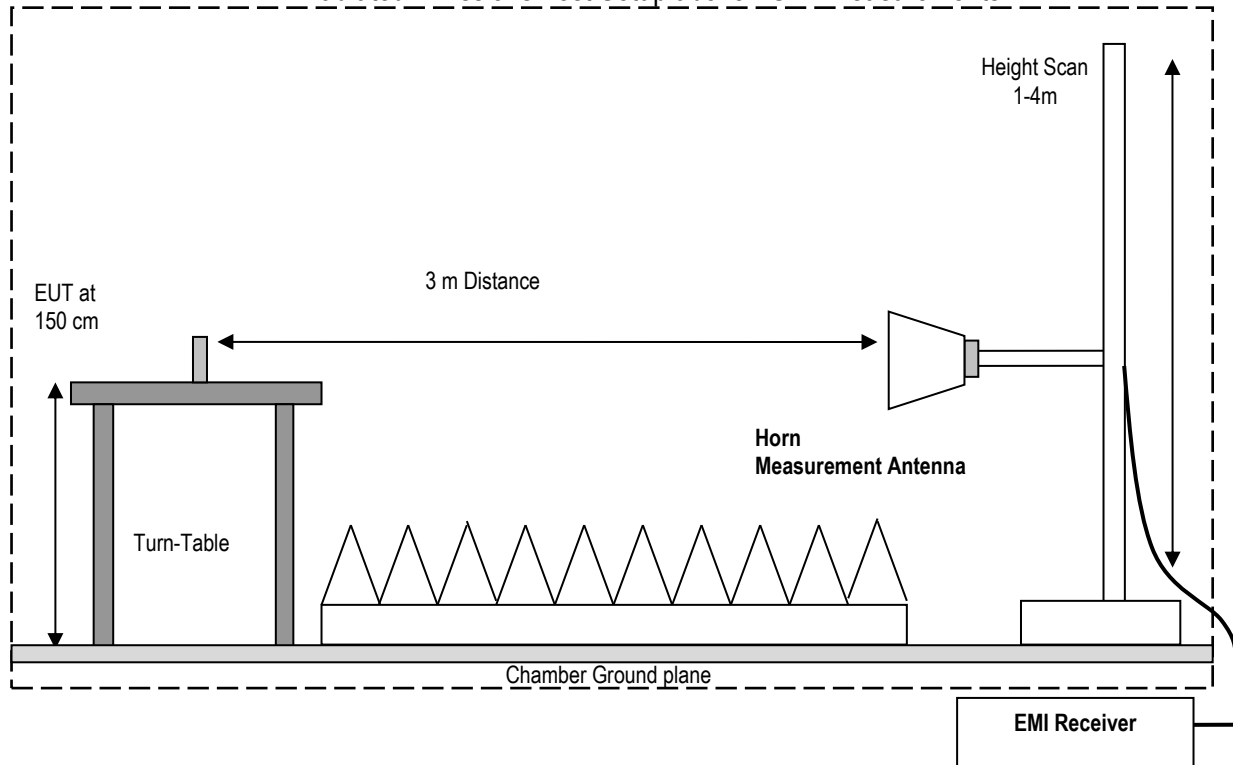
- The exploratory measurement is accomplished by running a matrix of 16 sweeps over the required frequency range with R&S Test-SW EMC32 for 4 positions of the turntable, two orthogonal positions of the EUT and both antenna polarizations. This procedure exceeds the requirement of the above standards to cover the 3 orthogonal axis of the EUT. A max peak detector is utilized during the exploratory measurement. The Test-SW creates an overall maximum trace for all 12 sweeps and saves the settings for each point of this trace. The maximum trace is part of the test report.
- The 10 highest emissions are selected with an automatic algorithm of EMC32 searching for peaks in the noise floor and ensuring that broadband signals are not selected multiple times.
- The maxima are then put through the final measurement and again maximized in a 90deg range of the turntable, fine search in frequency domain and height scan between 1m and 4m.
- The above procedure is repeated for all possible ways of power supply to EUT and for all supported modulations.
- In case there are no emissions above noise floor level only the maximum trace is reported as described above.
- The results are split up into up to 4 frequency ranges due to antenna bandwidth restrictions. A magnetic loop is used from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, a Biconilog antenna is used from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and two different horn antennas are used to cover frequencies up to 40 GHz.



Radiated Emissions Test Setup 30MHz-1GHz Measurements



Radiated Emissions Test Setup above 1GHz Measurements



7.1.1 Sample Calculations for Field Strength Measurements

Field Strength is calculated from the Spectrum Analyzer/ Receiver readings, taking into account the following parameters:

1. Measured reading in dB μ V
2. Cable Loss between the receiving antenna and SA in dB and
3. Antenna Factor in dB/m

All radiated measurement plots in this report are taken from a test SW that calculates the Field Strength based on the following equation:

$$FS \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Measured Value on SA (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Cable Loss (dB)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)}$$

Example:

Frequency (MHz)	Measured SA (dB μ V)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor Correction (dB)	Field Strength Result (dB μ V/m)
1000	80.5	3.5	14	98.0

8 Test Result Data

8.1 Duty cycle

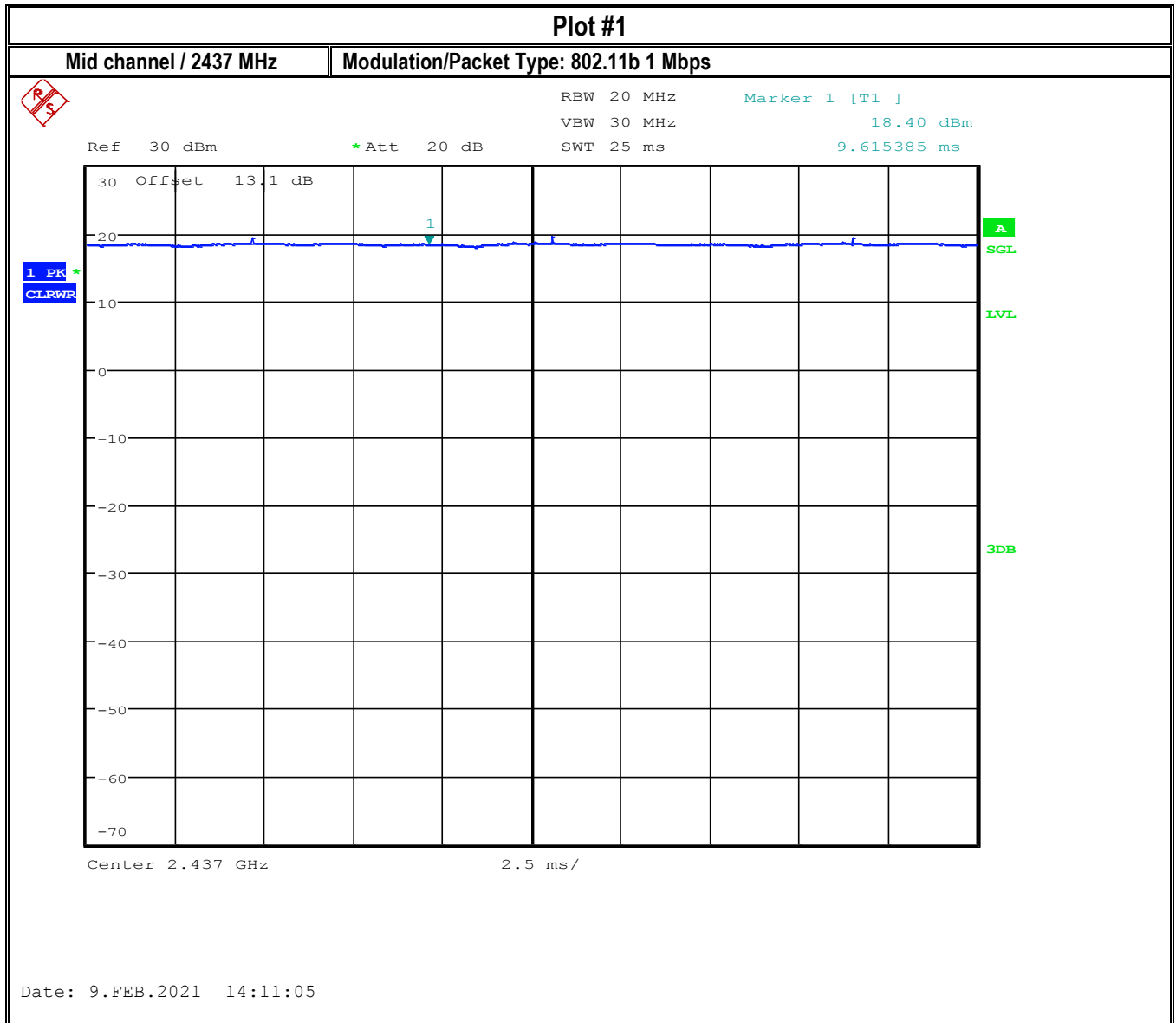
8.1.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

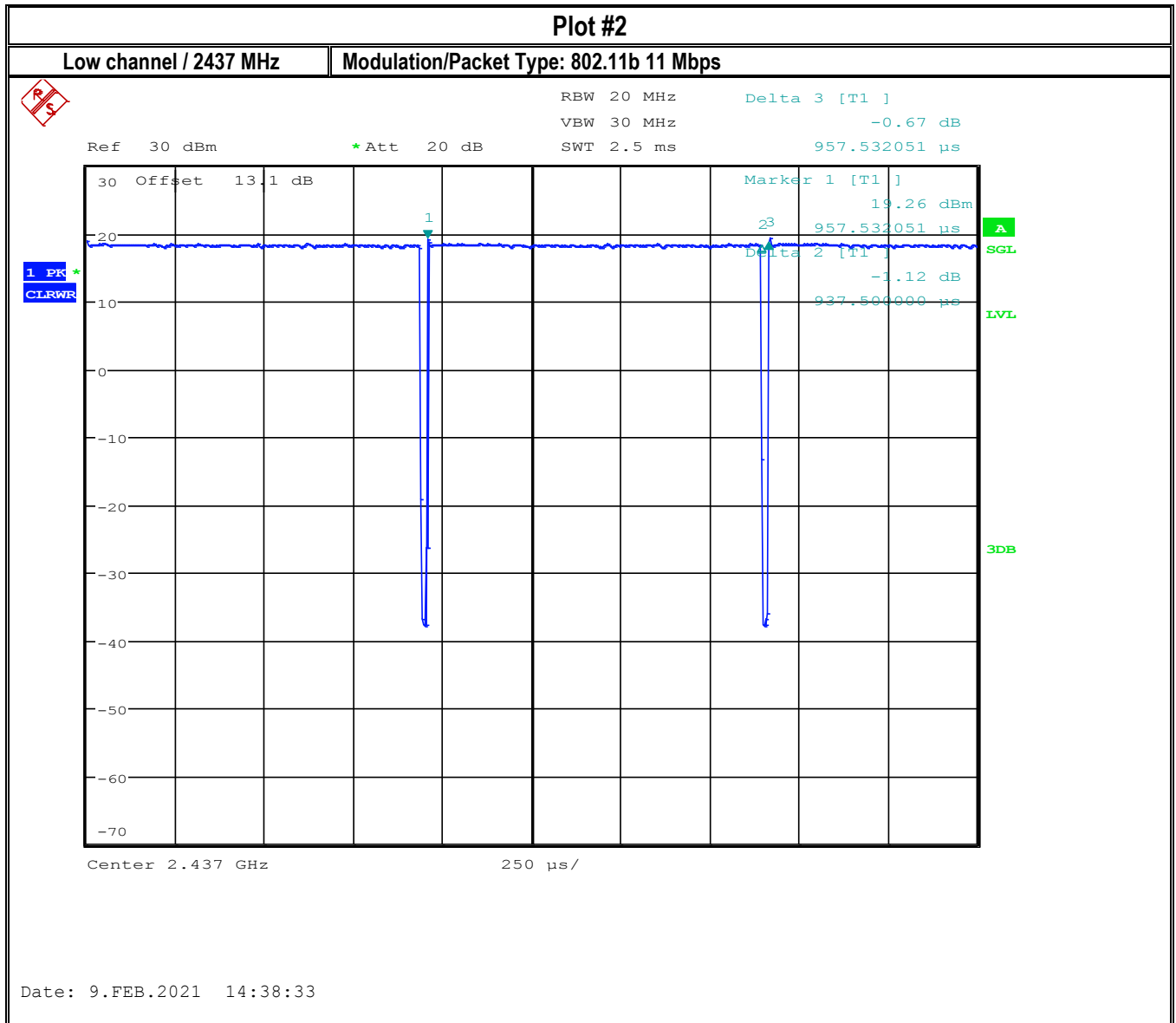
- Set the center frequency and of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission
- Zero span
- Set RBW $\geq$ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value
- Detector = Peak or average

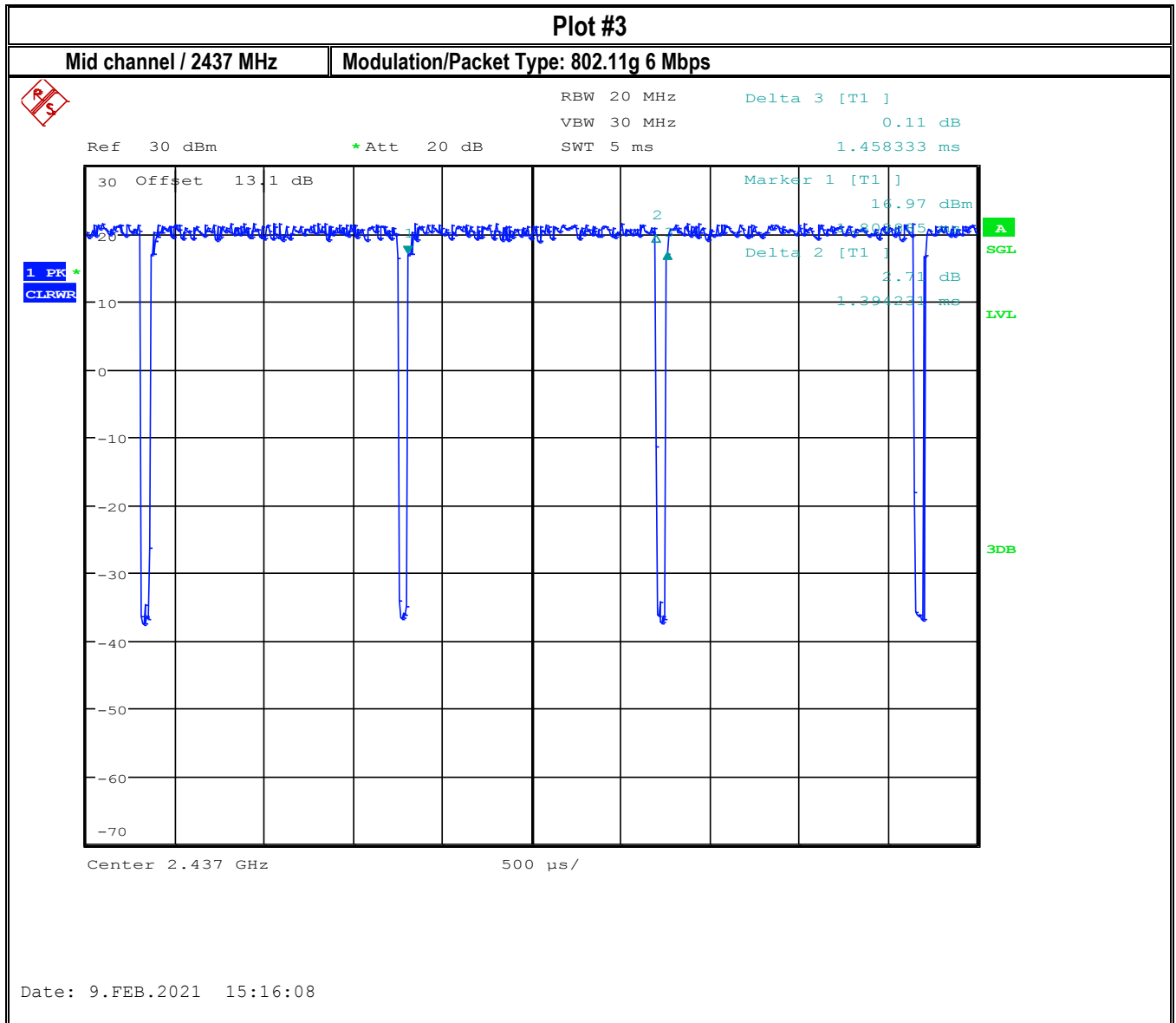
8.1.2 Measurement result

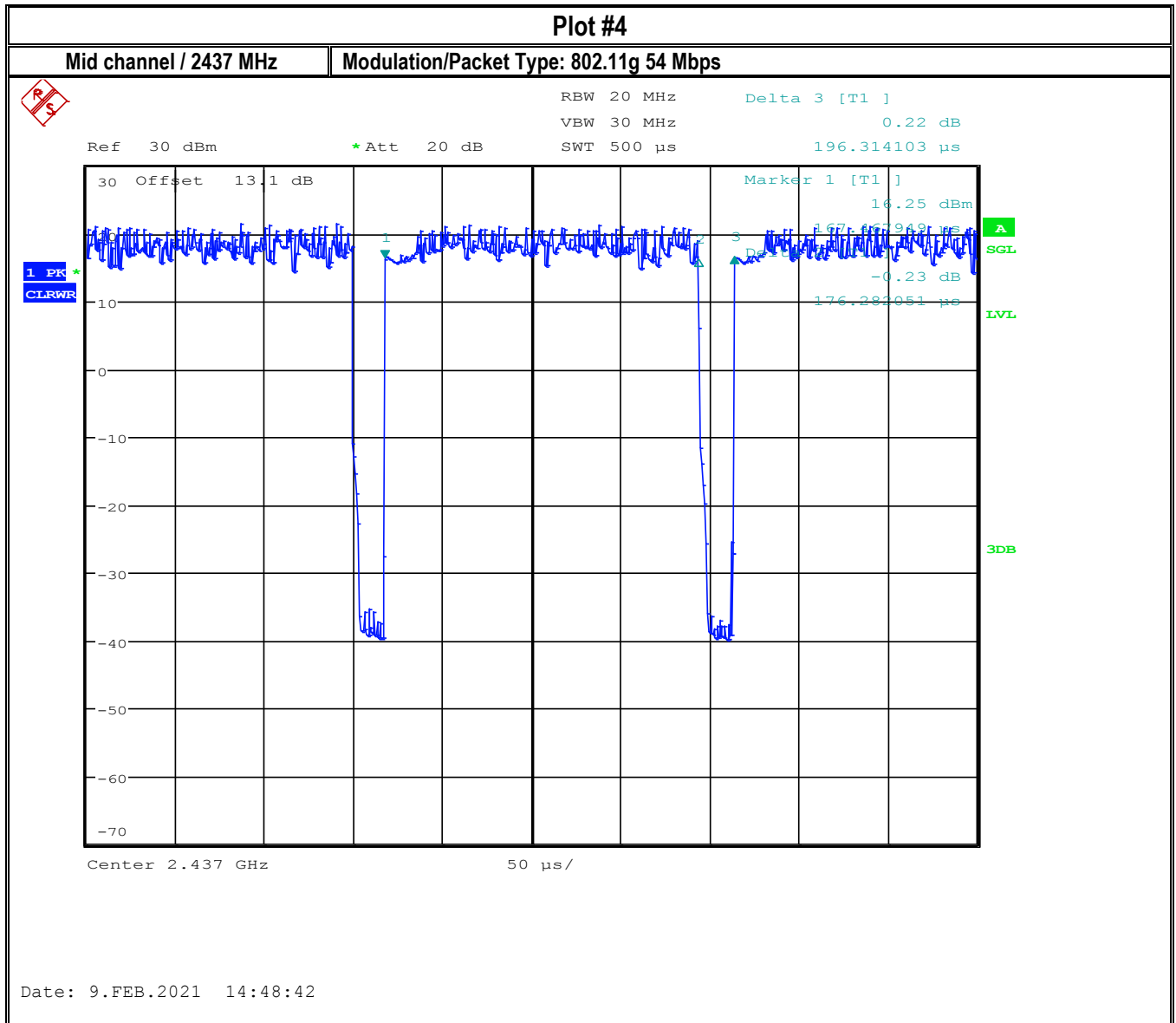
Plot #	Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
1	802.11b	1Mbps	100.00%	0.00
2	802.11b	11Mbps	97.91%	0.09
3	802.11g	6Mbps	95.61%	0.19
4	802.11g	54Mbps	89.85%	0.46
5	802.11n_HT20	MCS0	97.58%	0.11
6	802.11n_HT20	MCS8	86.86%	0.61

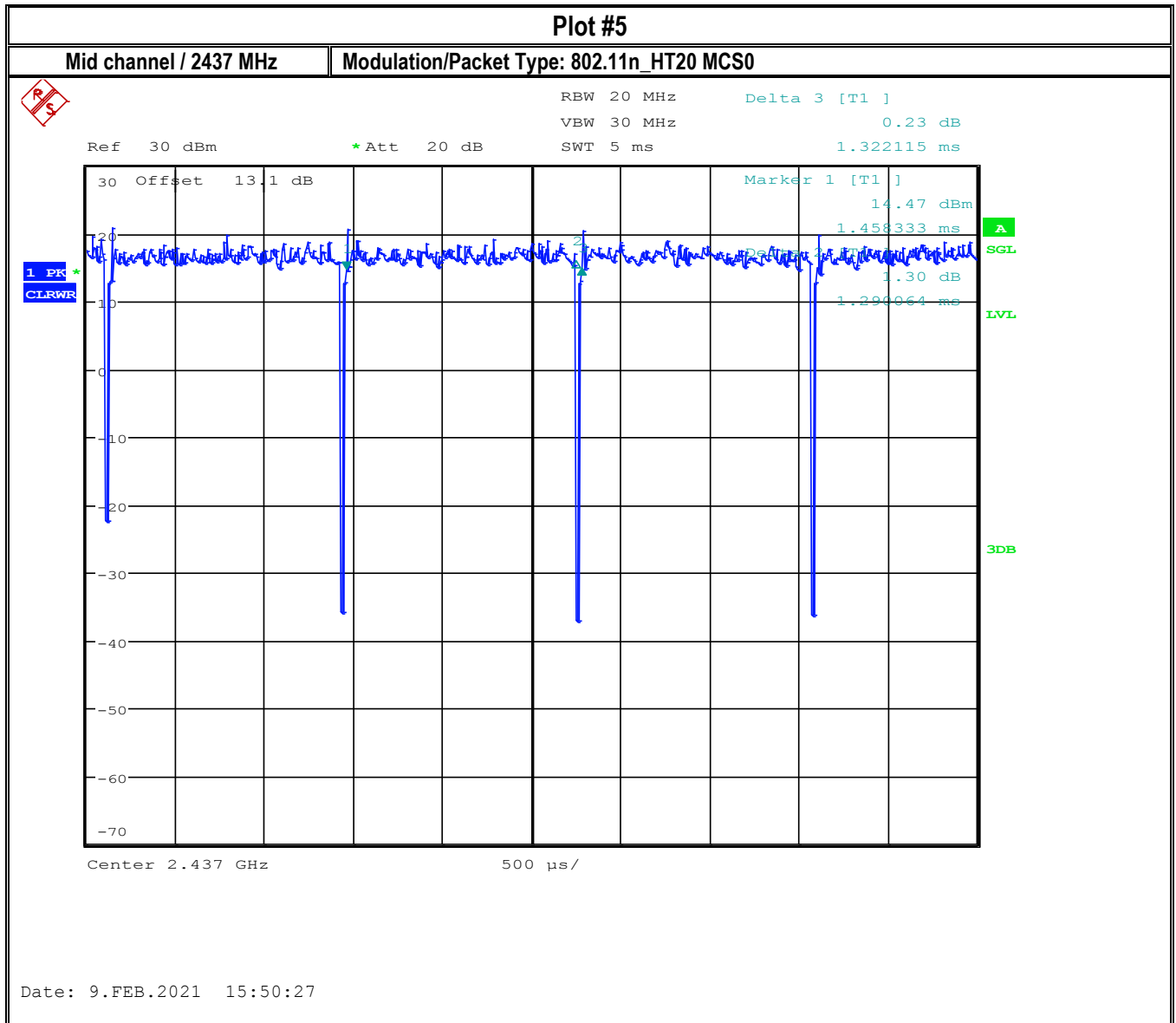


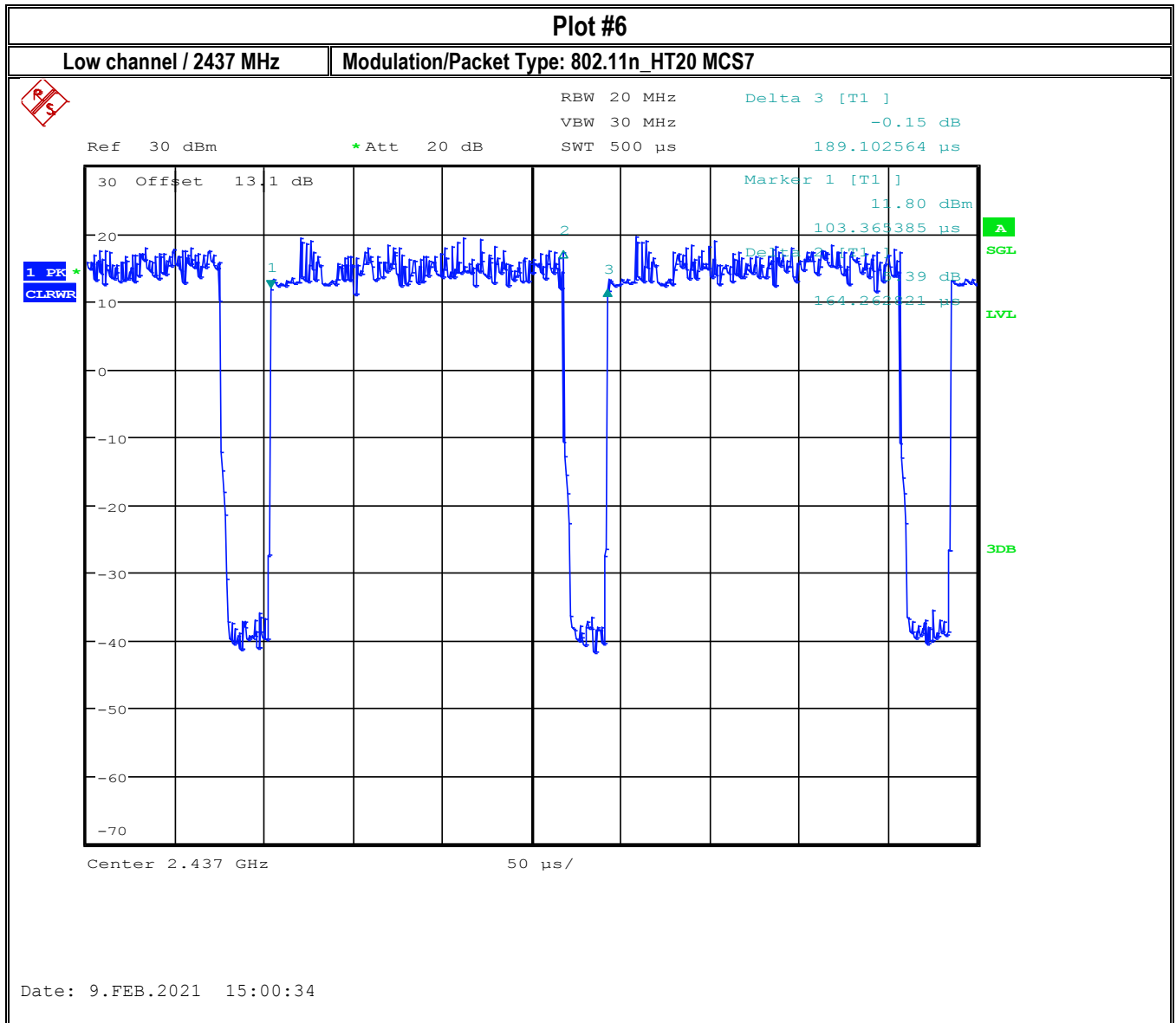
Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:11:05











8.2 Maximum Conducted Output Power

8.2.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

- Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal.
- Set span to at least $1.5 \times \text{OBW}$.
- Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
- Set VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing $\leq \text{RBW}/2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- Sweep time = auto.
- Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- Allow the sweep to “free run”. RBW $\geq$ DTS bandwidth
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
- Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on- and off-times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6 \text{ dB}$ if the duty cycle is 25 %.

8.2.2 Limits:

Maximum Peak Output Power:

- FCC §15.247 (b)(1): 1 W
- IC RSS-247: 1 W

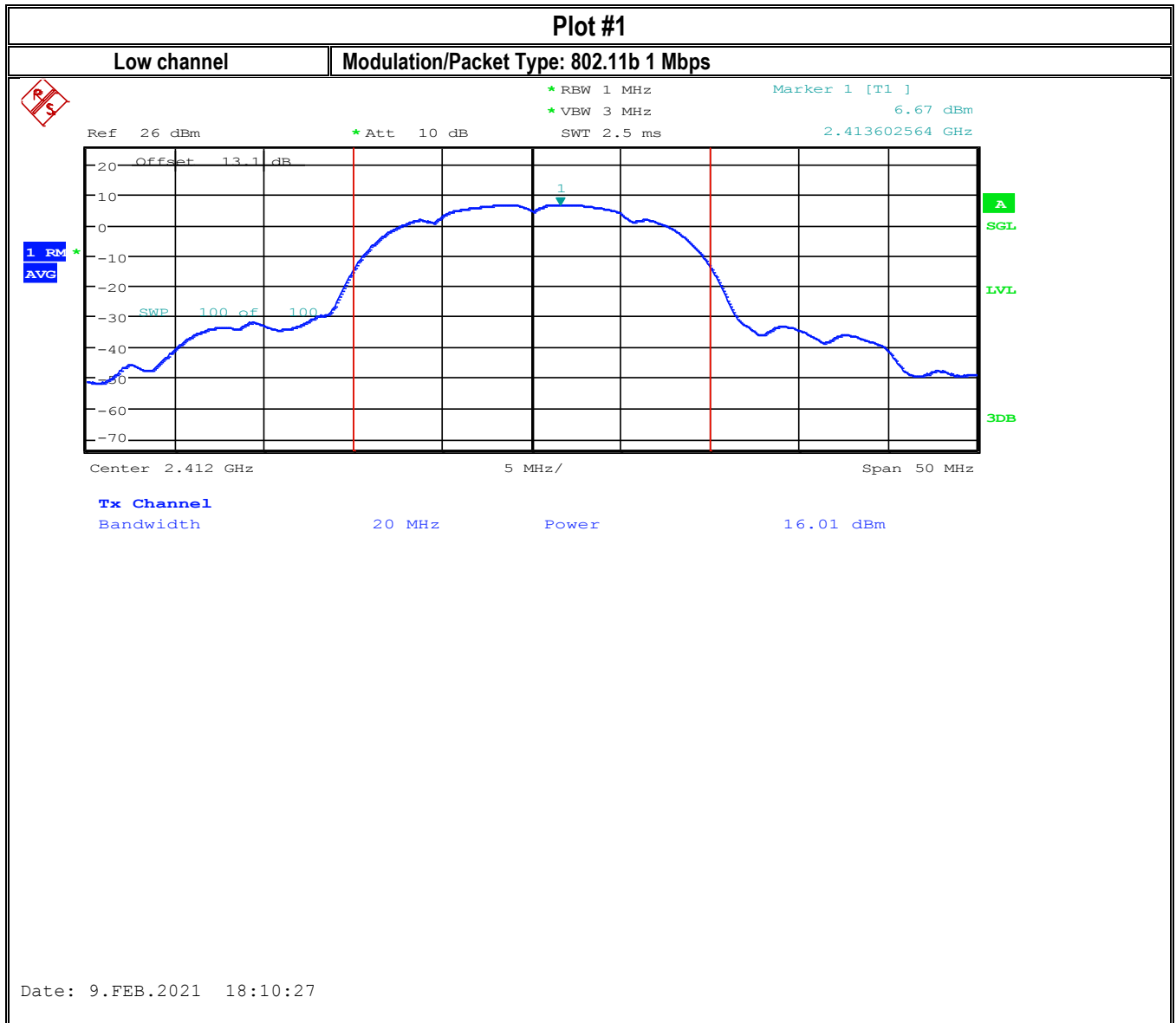
8.2.3 Test conditions and setup:

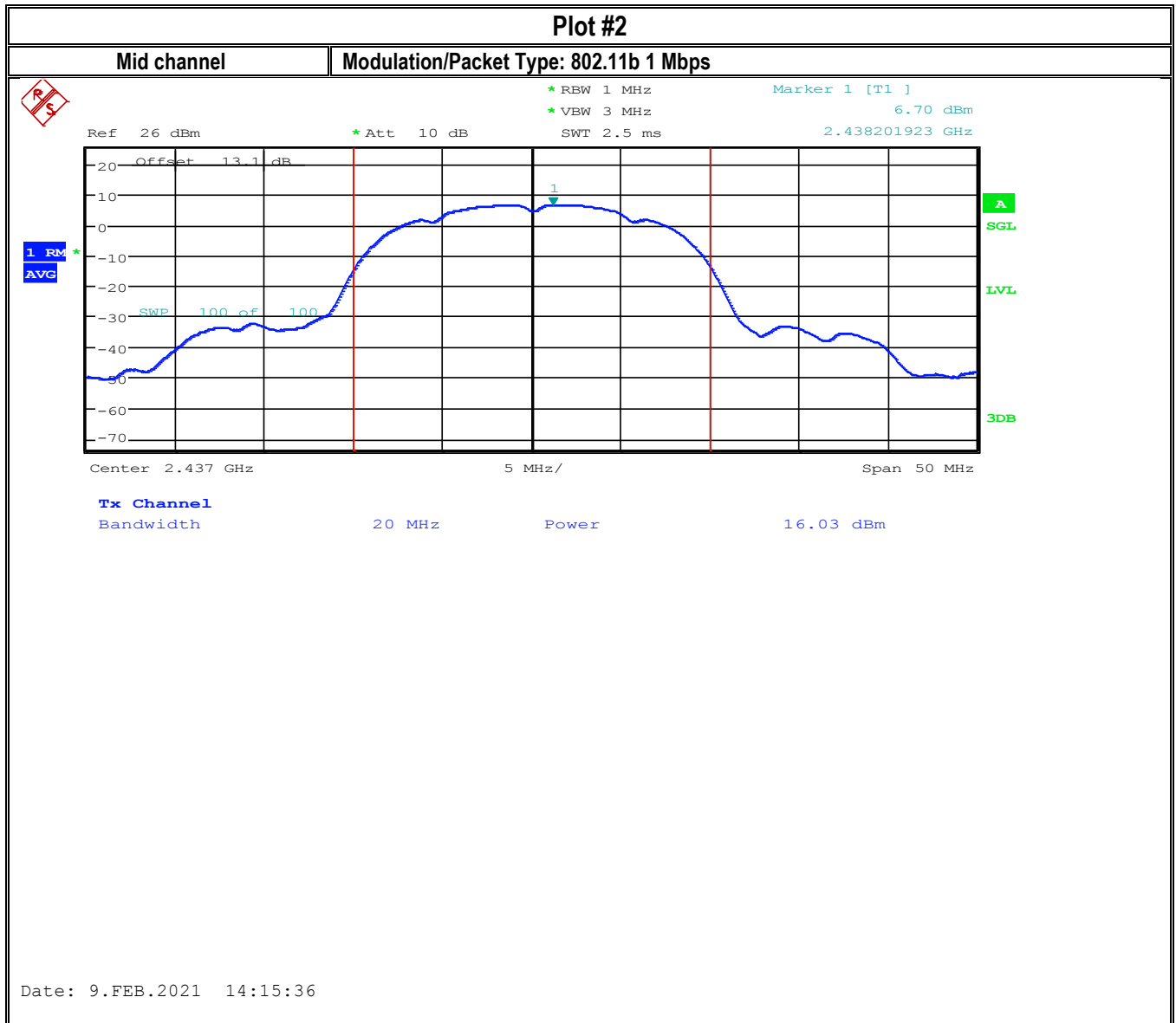
Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input	Single Antenna Gain
22° C	2	802.11b/g/n	5VDC	3.5 dBi

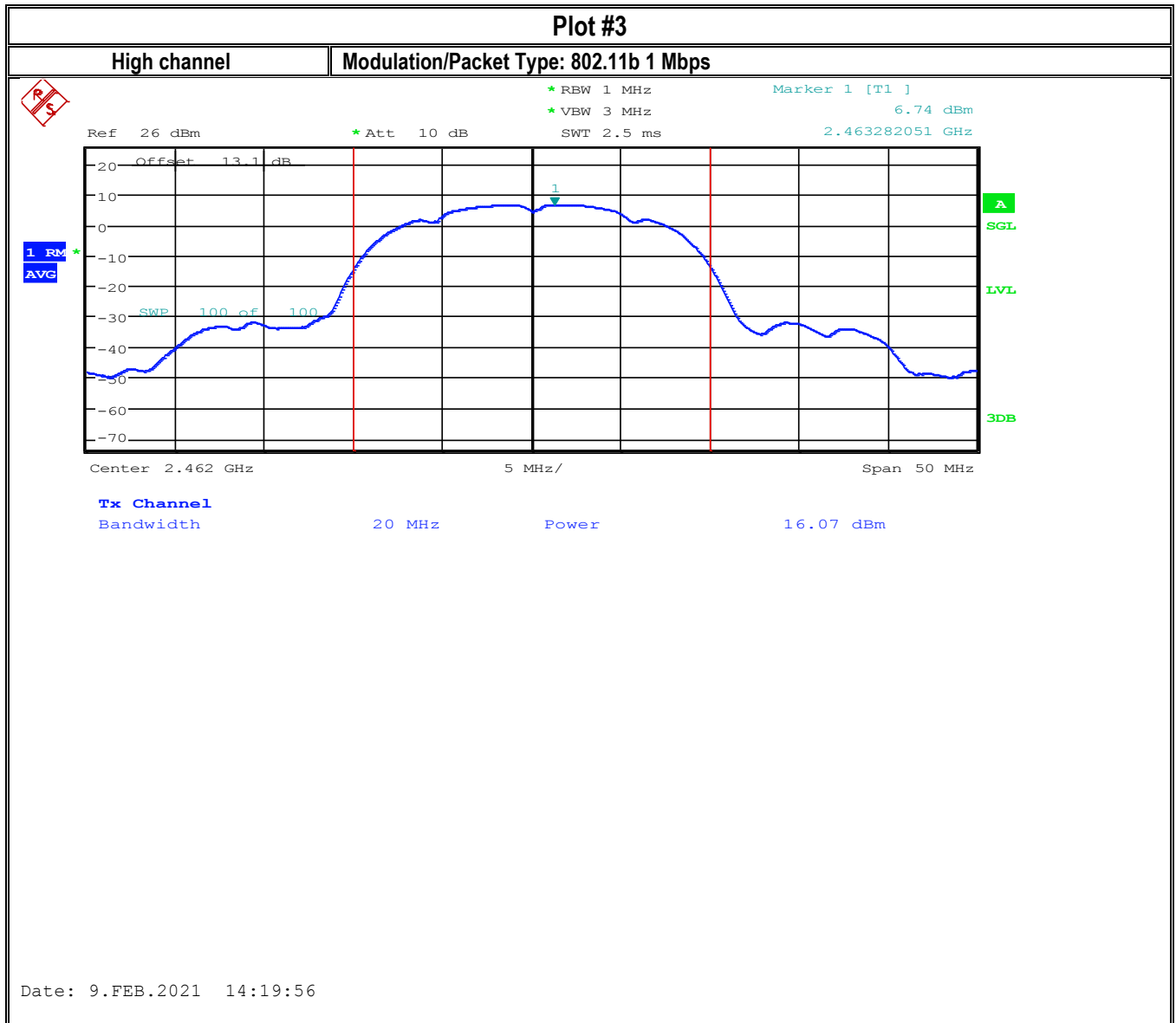
8.2.4 Measurement result:

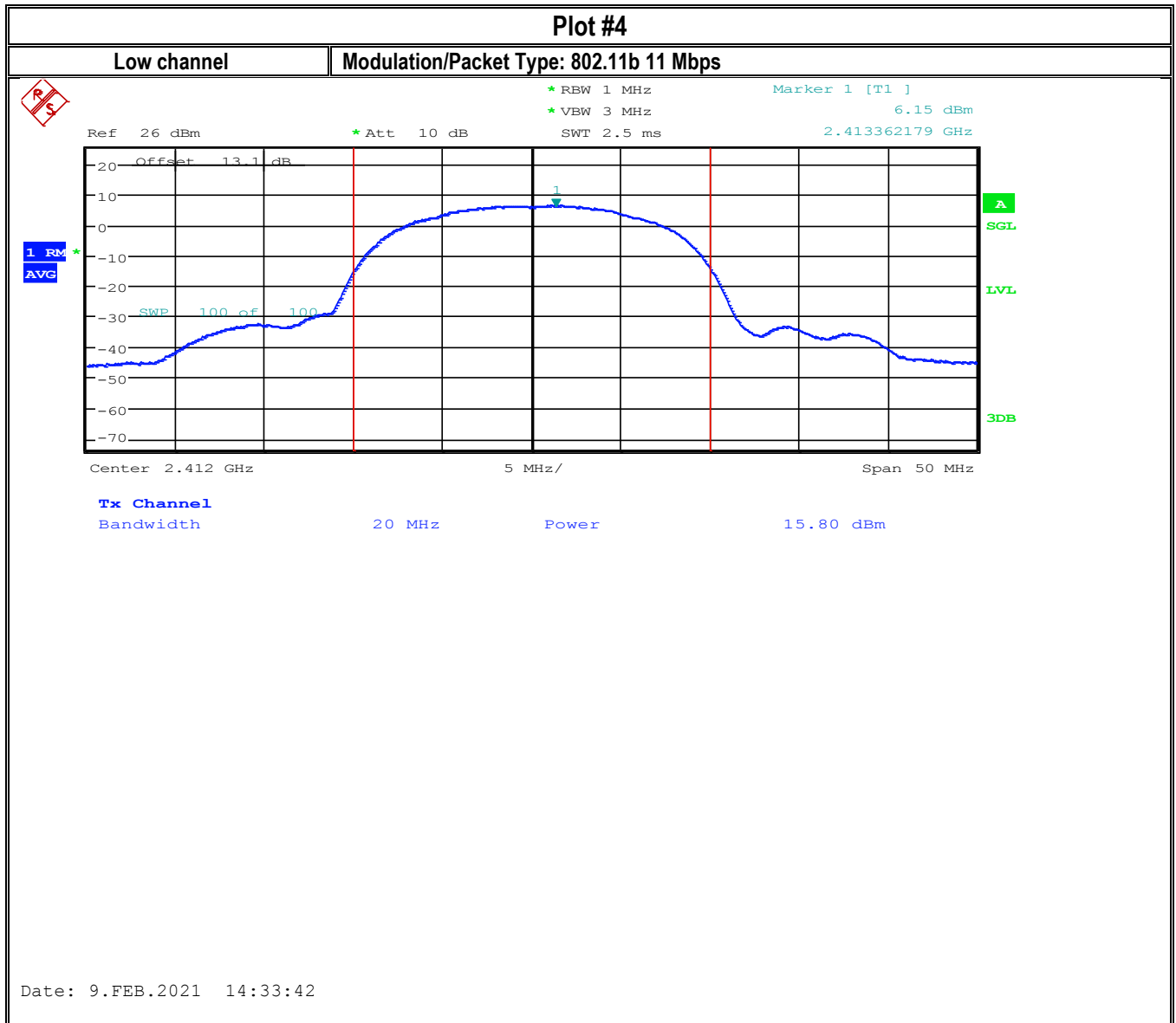
Attenuation of cable and attenuator (already taken into account): 13.1 dB

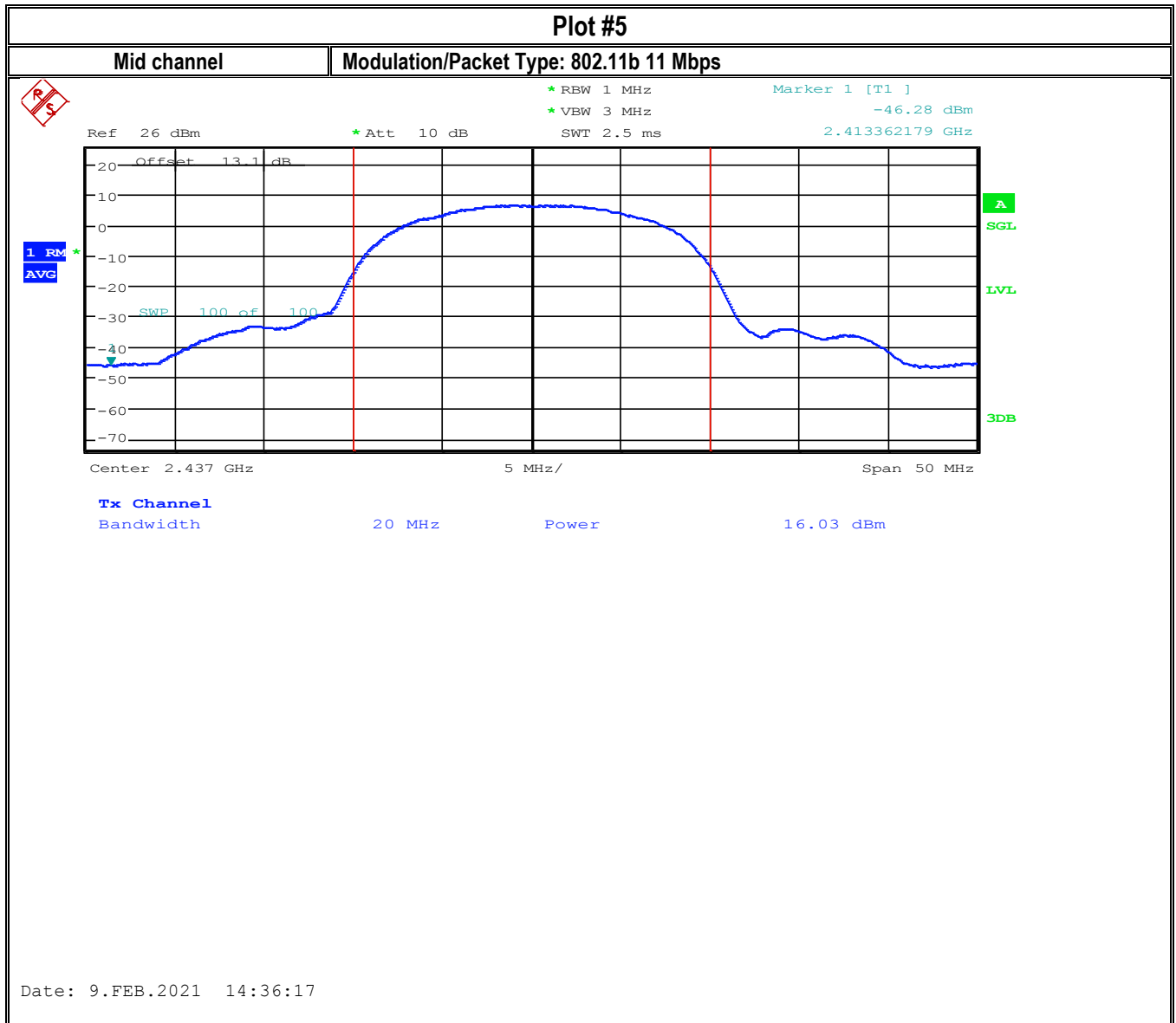
Plot #	Mode	Date Rate	Channel	Measured average conducted powered(dBm)	Corrected by DCCF(dBm)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
1	802.11b	1Mbps	1	16.01	16.01	19.51	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
2			6	16.03	16.03	19.53	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
3			11	16.07	16.07	19.57	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
4		11Mbps	1	15.8	15.89	19.39	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
5			6	16.03	16.12	19.62	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
6			11	15.94	16.03	19.53	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
7	802.11g	6Mbps	1	13.42	13.61	17.11	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
8			6	13.8	13.99	17.49	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
9			11	12.26	12.45	15.95	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
10		54Mbps	1	13.27	13.73	17.23	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
11			6	13.47	13.93	17.43	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
12			11	12.06	12.52	16.02	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
13	802.11n_HT20	MCS0	1	10.25	10.36	13.86	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
14			6	10.16	10.27	13.77	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
15			11	9.77	9.88	13.38	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
16		MCS7	1	9.69	10.30	13.80	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
17			6	9.85	10.46	13.96	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass
18			11	9.51	10.12	13.62	30 / 36 (EIRP)	Pass

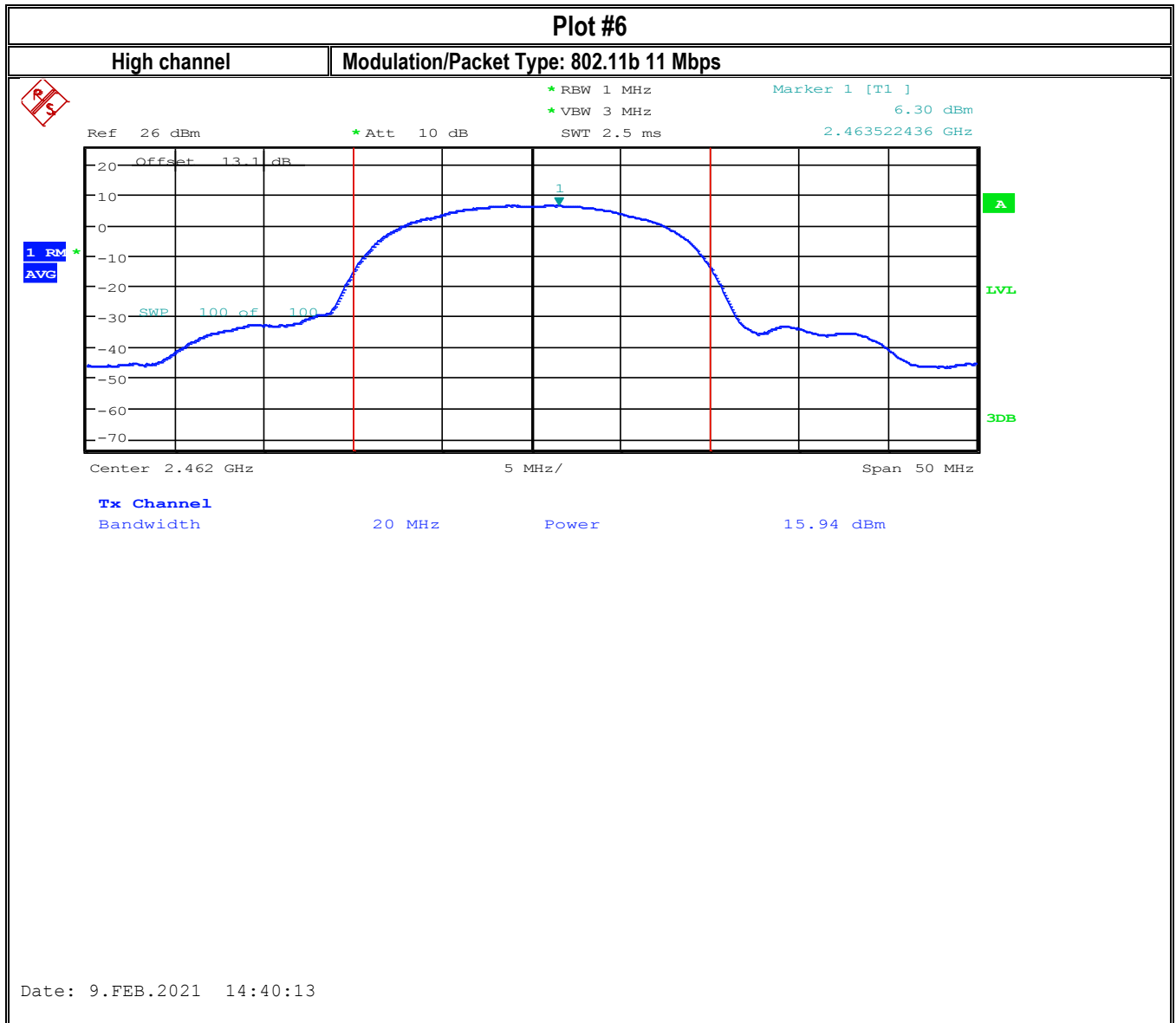


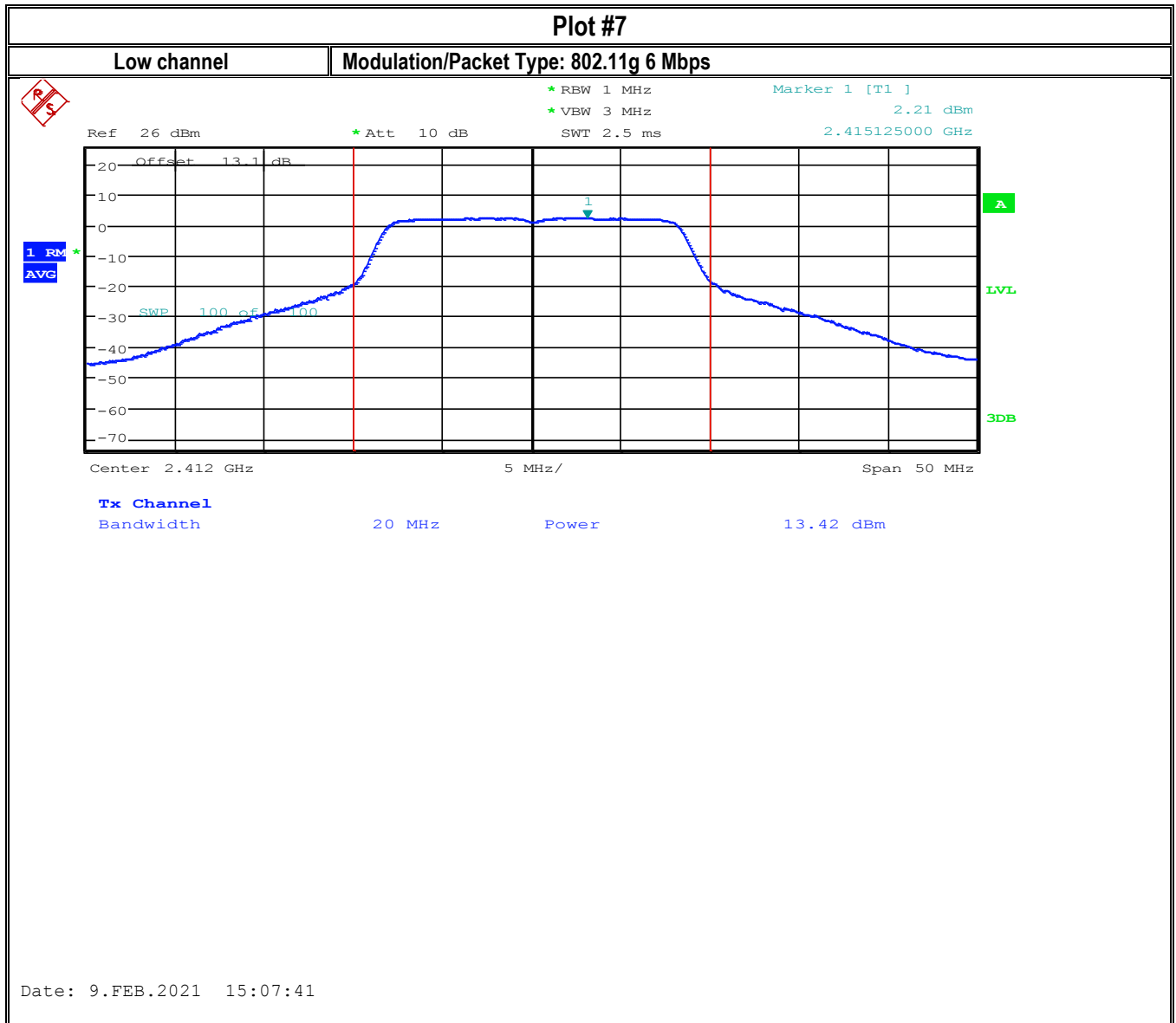


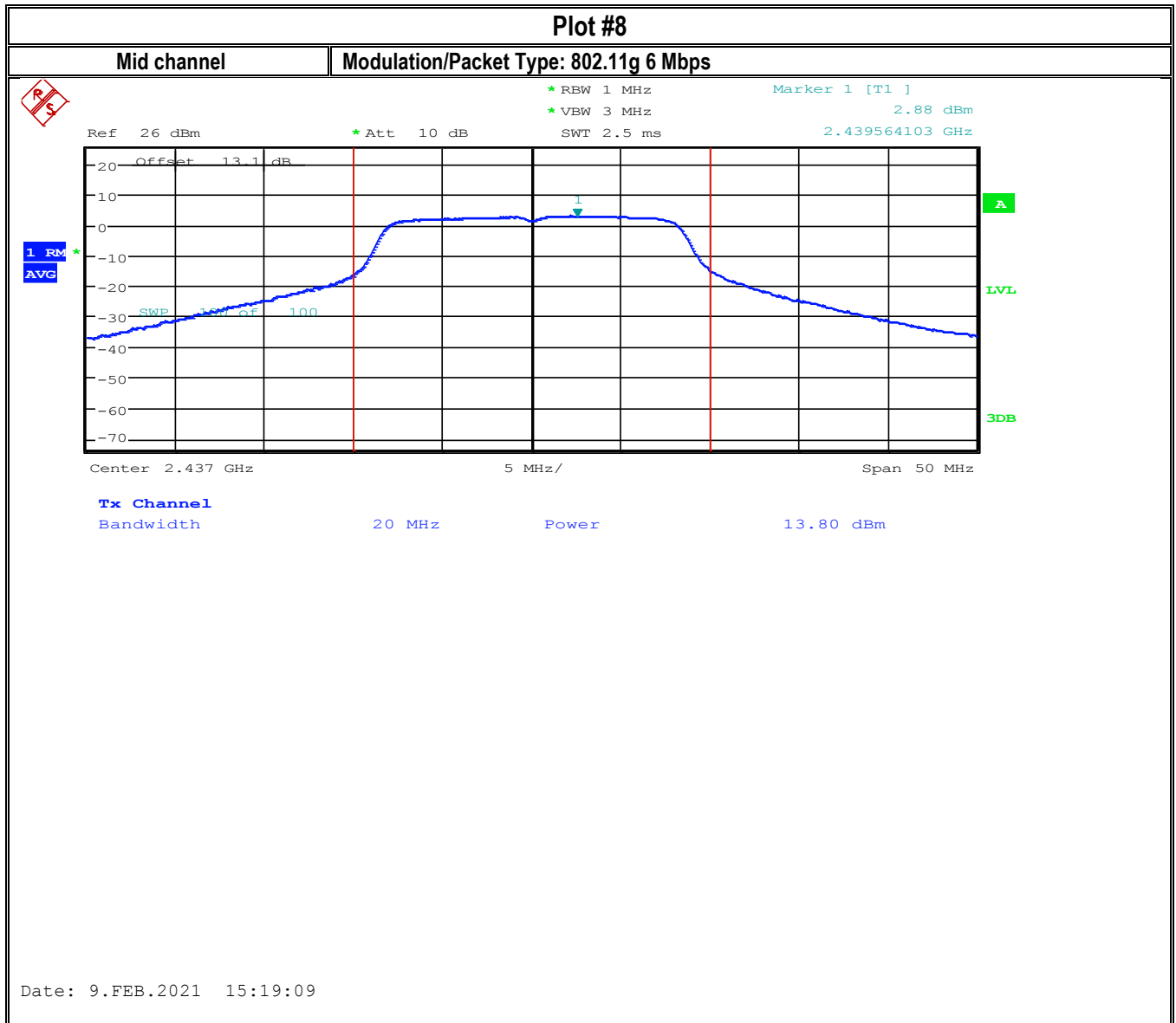


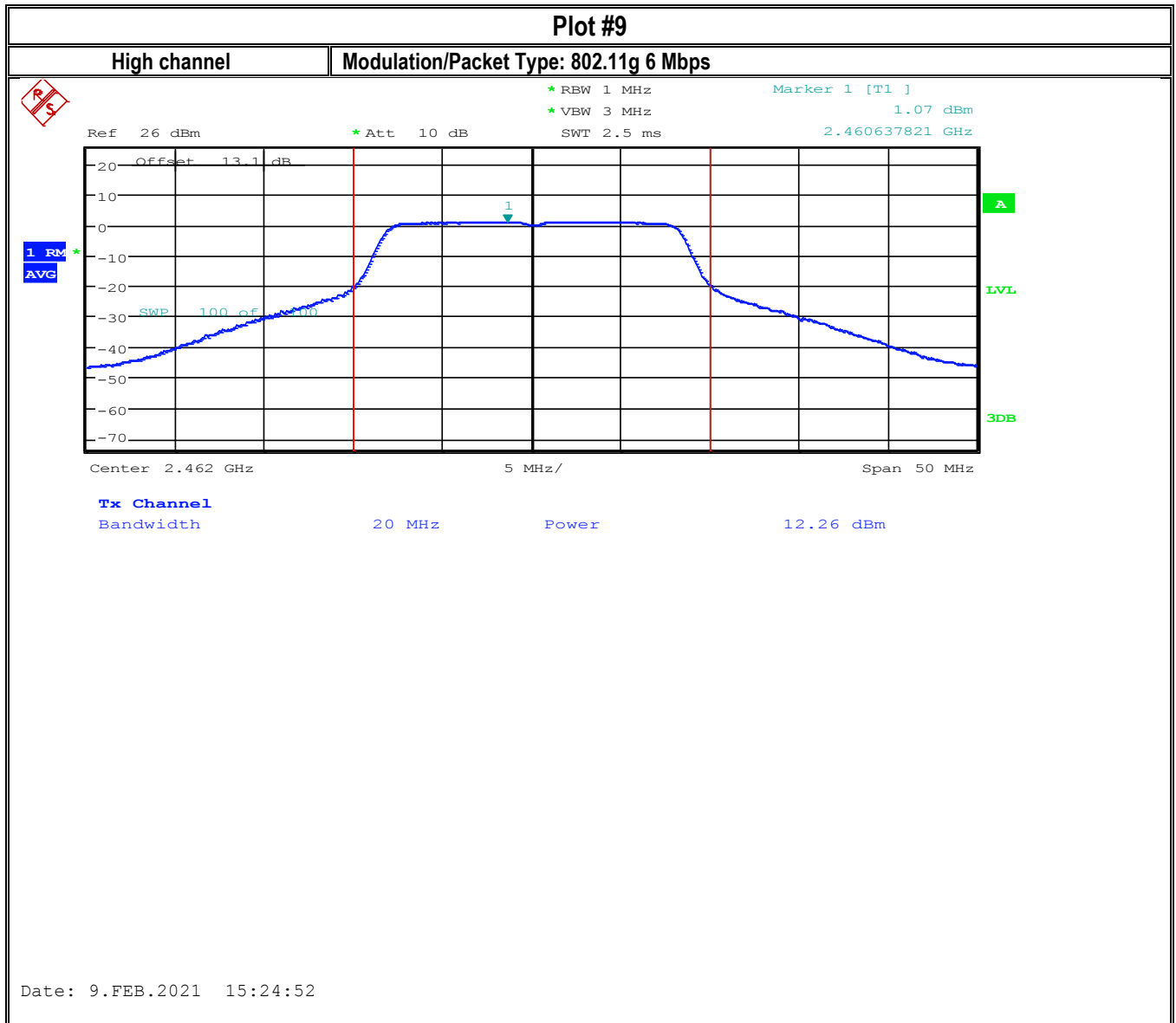








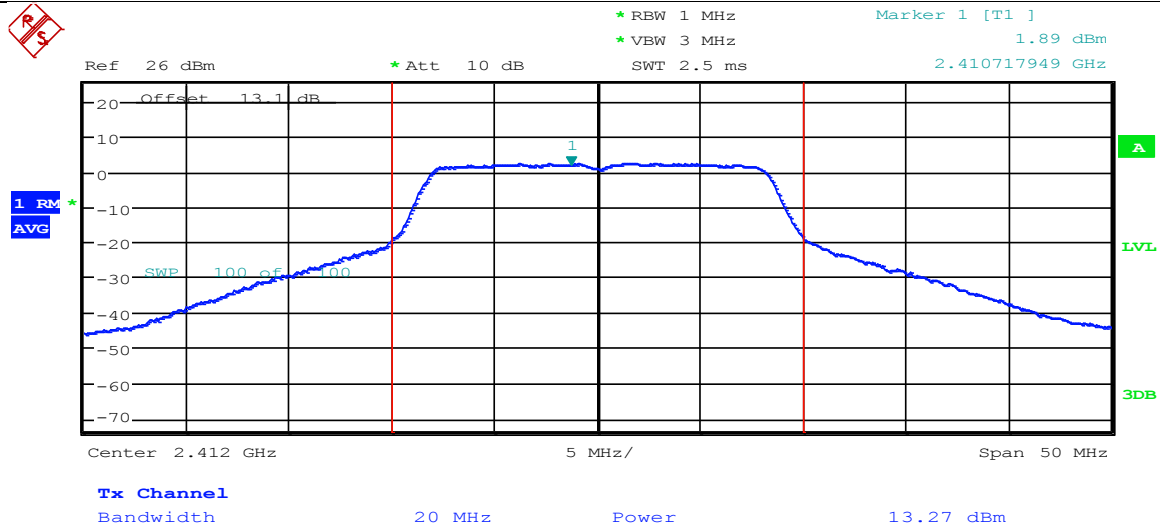




Plot #10

Low channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11g 54 Mbps

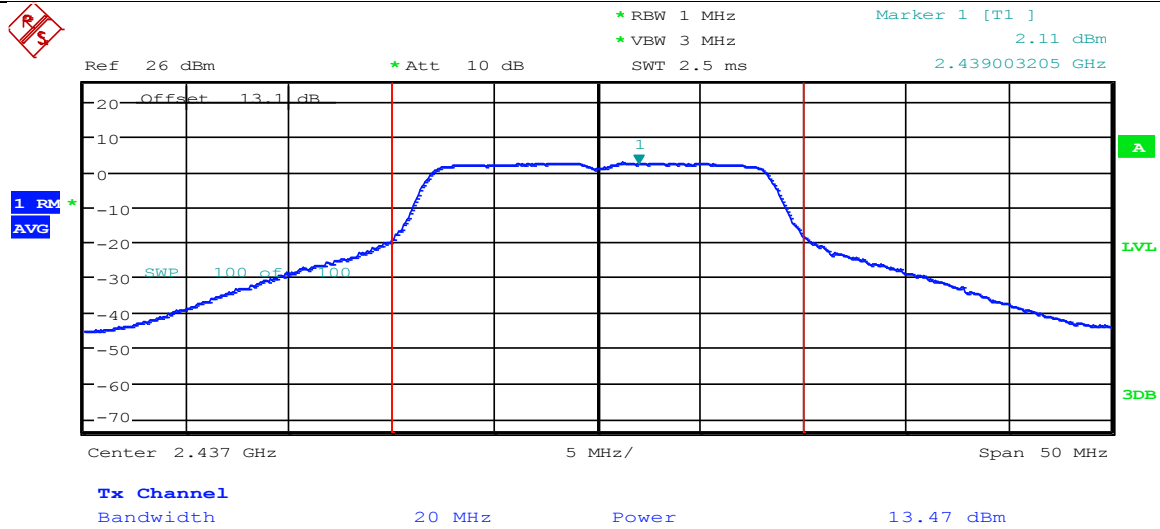


Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:44:38

Plot #11

Mid channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11g 54 Mbps

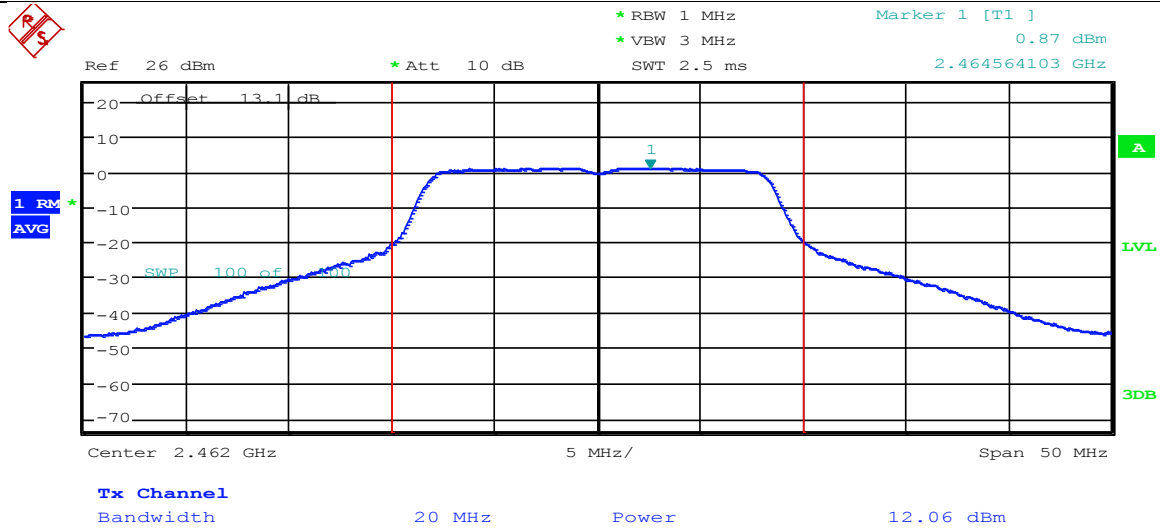


Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:46:40

Plot #12

High channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11g 54 Mbps

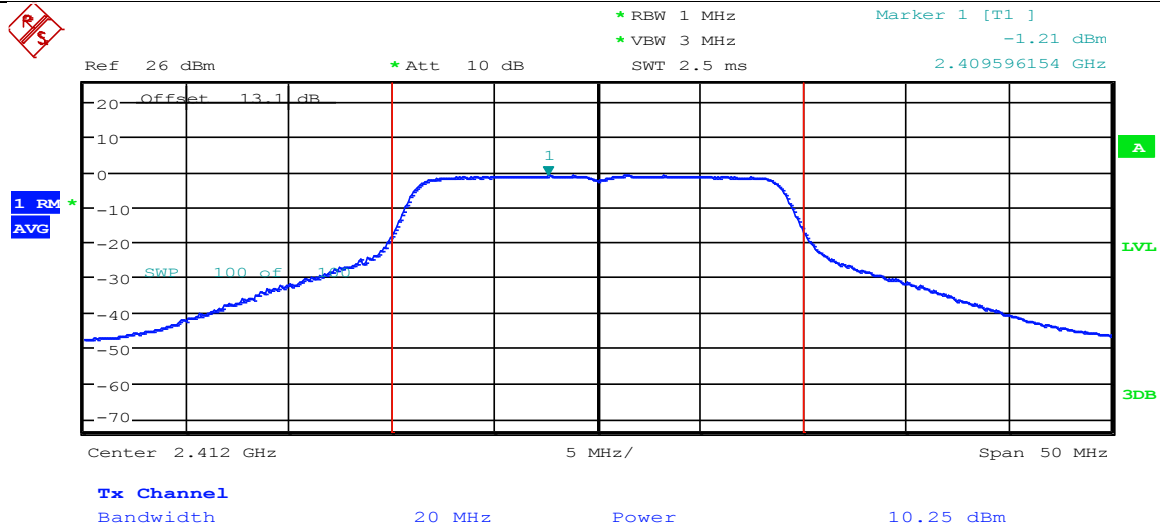


Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:43:19

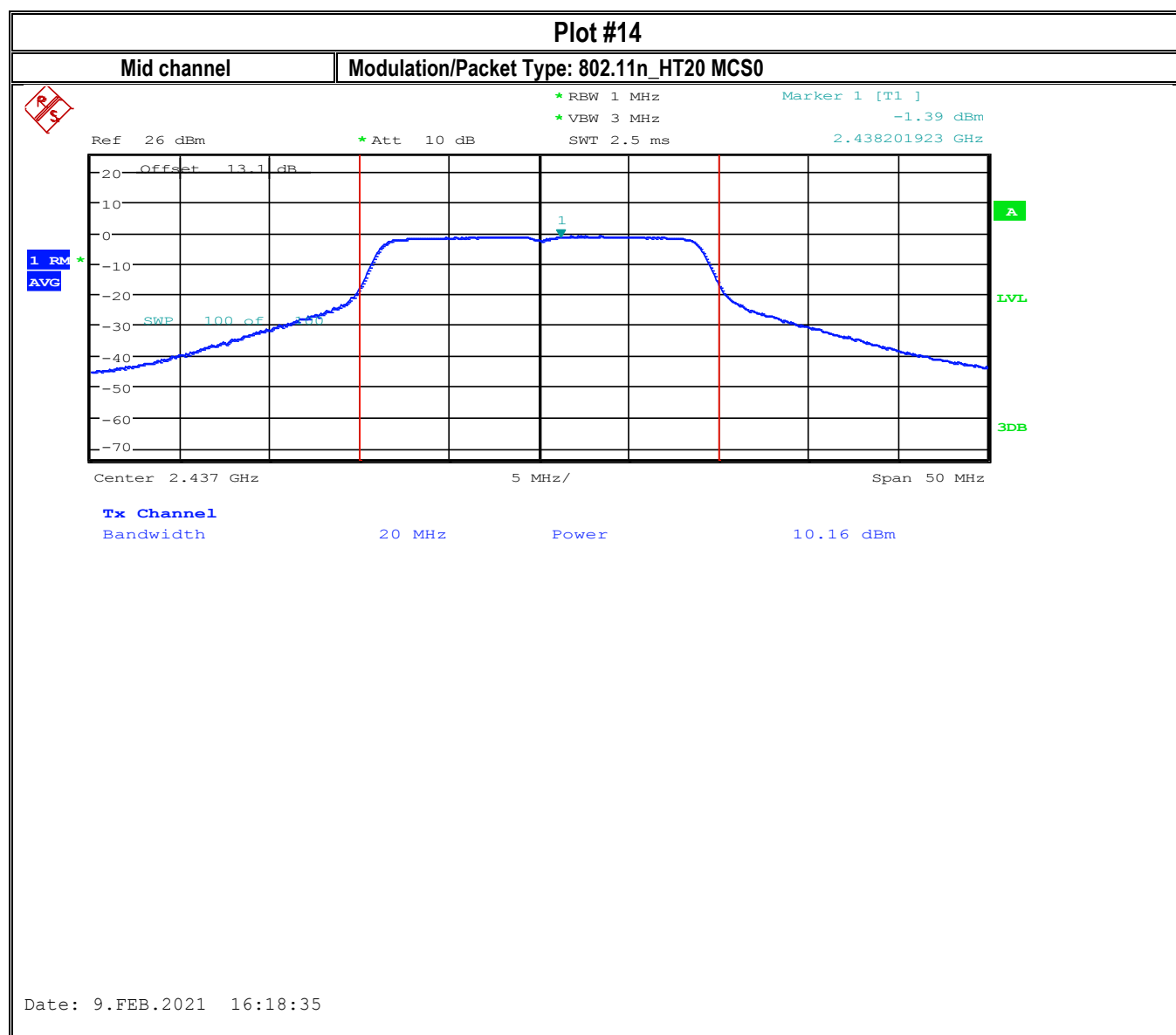
Plot #13

Low channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS0



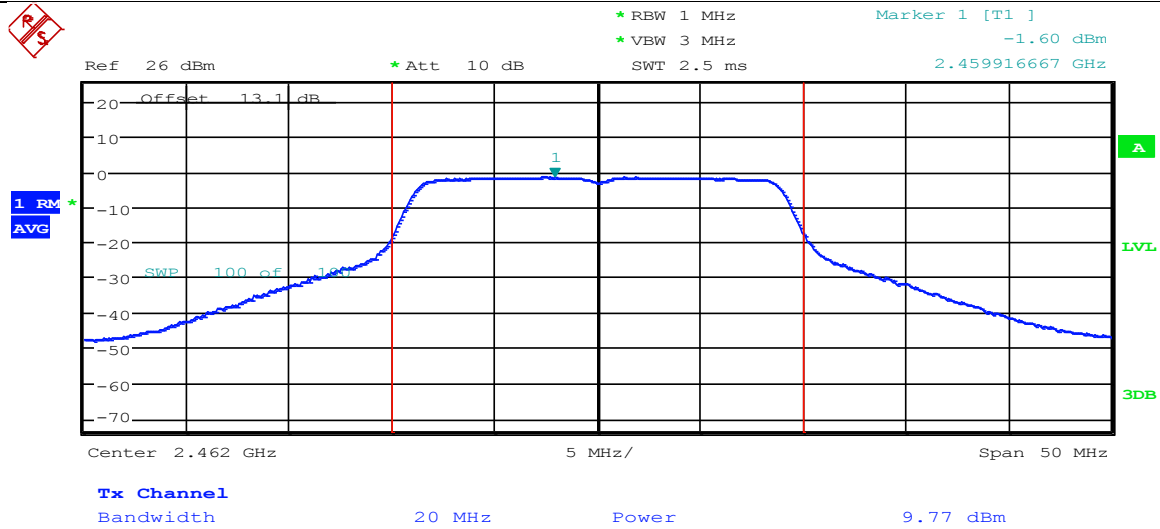
Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:54:46



Plot #15

High channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS0

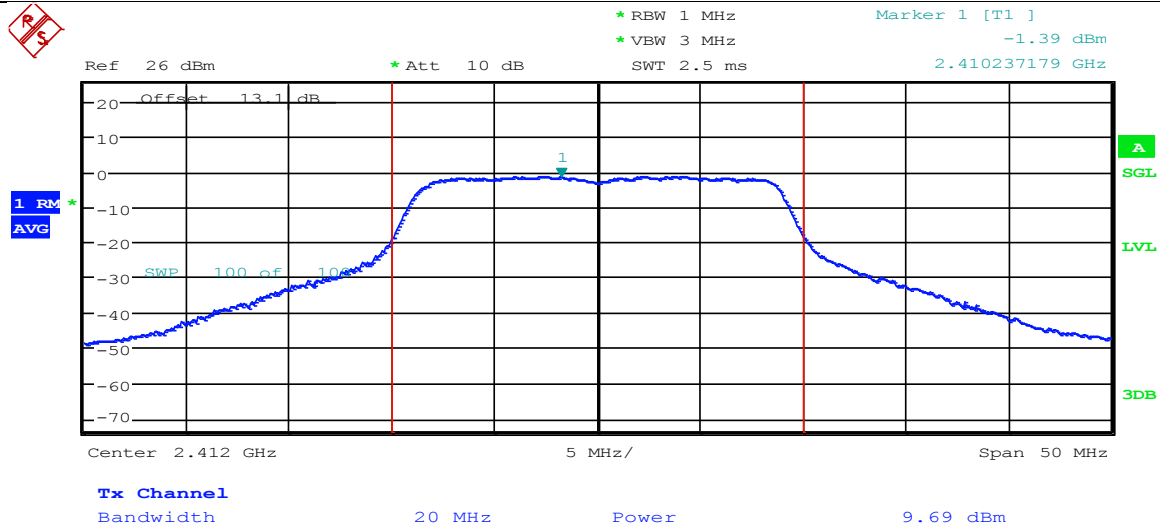


Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:46:55

Plot #16

Low channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS7

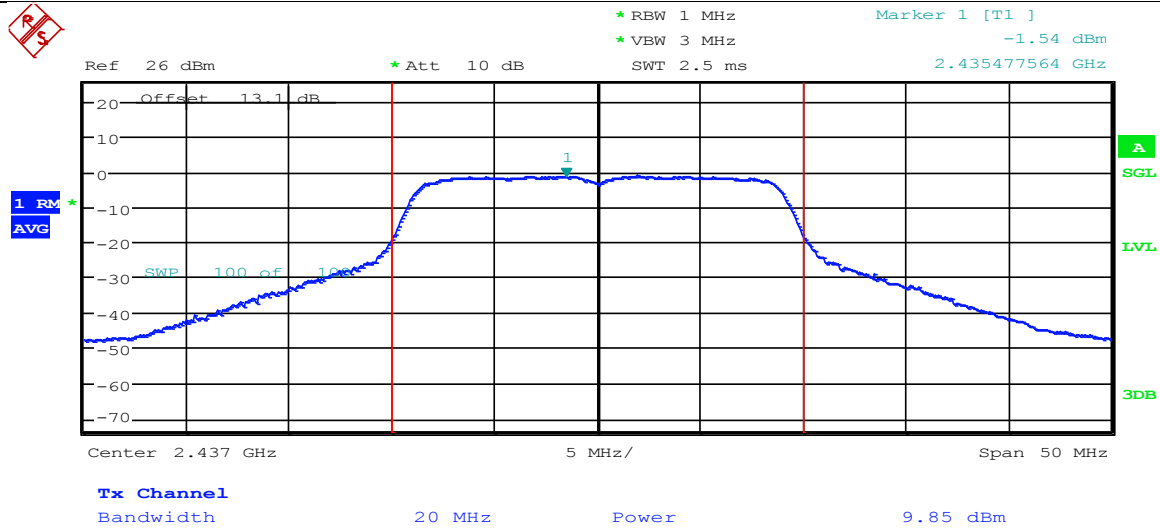


Date: 9.FEB.2021 17:53:36

Plot #17

Mid channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS7

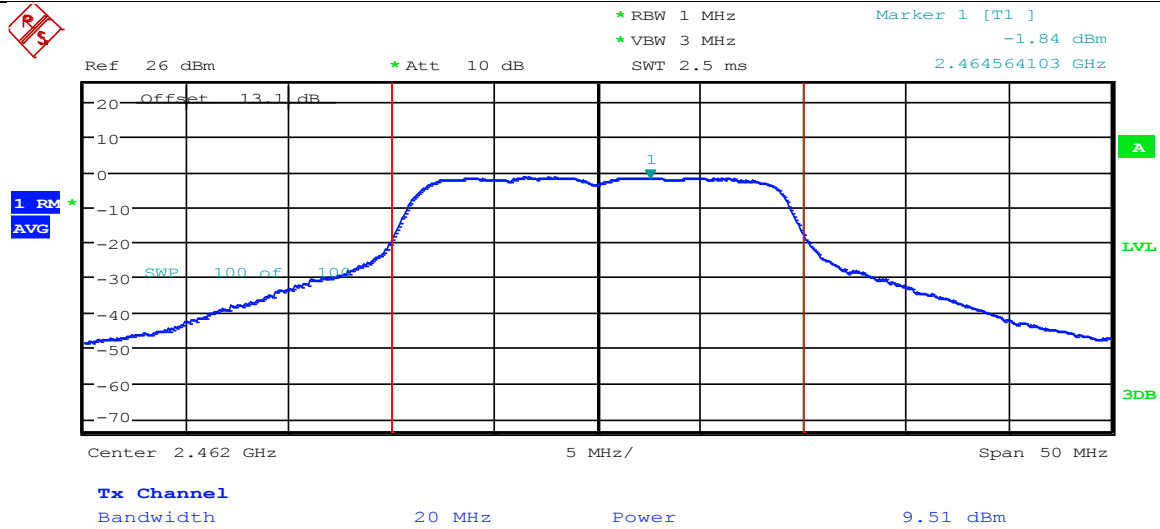


Date: 9.FEB.2021 17:52:33

Plot #18

High channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS0



Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:04:49

8.3 Power Spectral Density

8.3.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings for Peak PSD method:

- Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- Set the span to 1.5 x DTS bandwidth
- Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$
- Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep time = Auto couple
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Allow trace to fully stabilize
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW
- If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat

8.3.2 Limits:

FCC§15.247(e) & RSS-247 5.2(2)

- For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

8.3.3 Test conditions and setup:

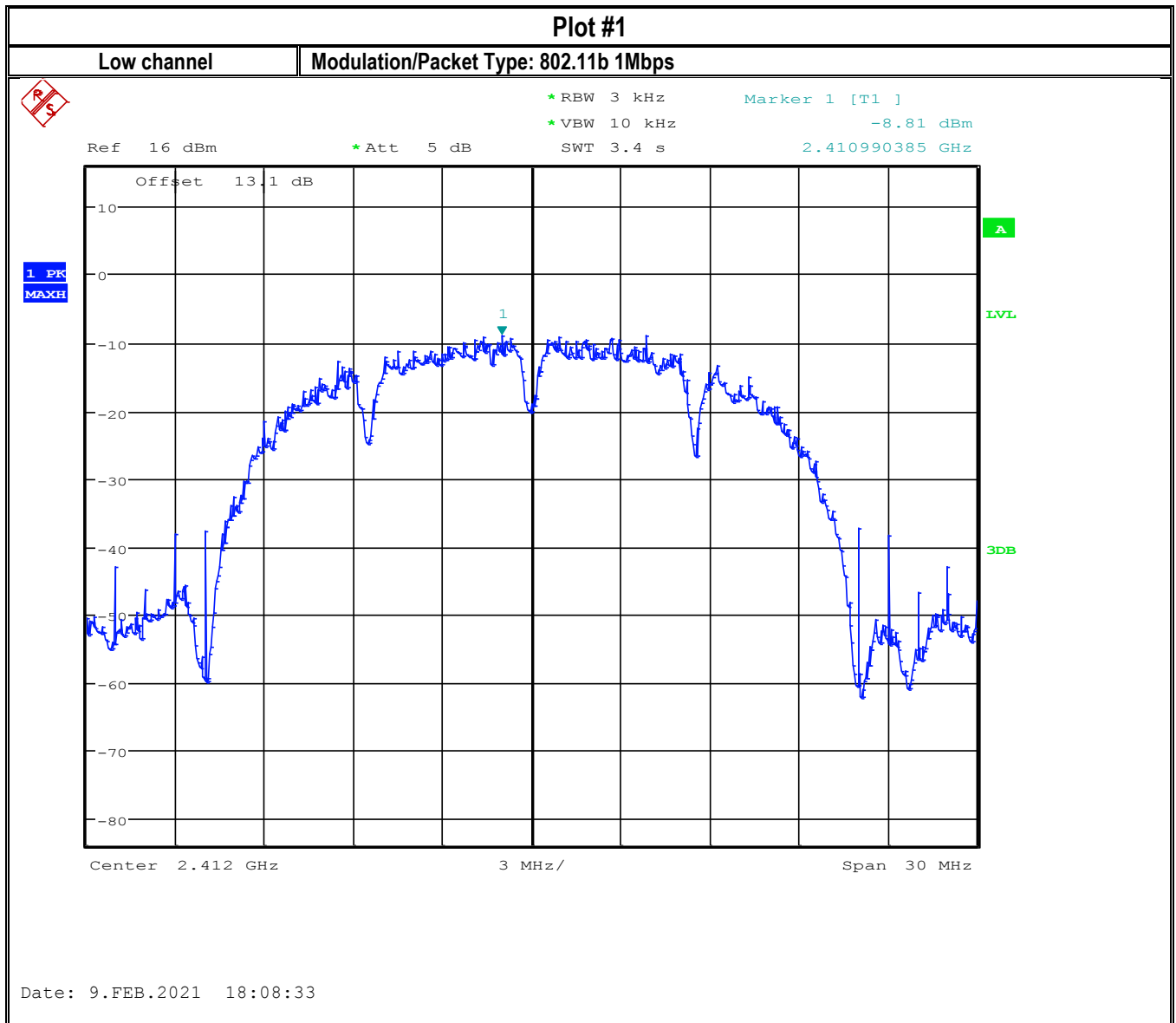
Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input	Single Antenna Gain
23° C	2	802.11b/g/n	5 VDC	3.5 dBi

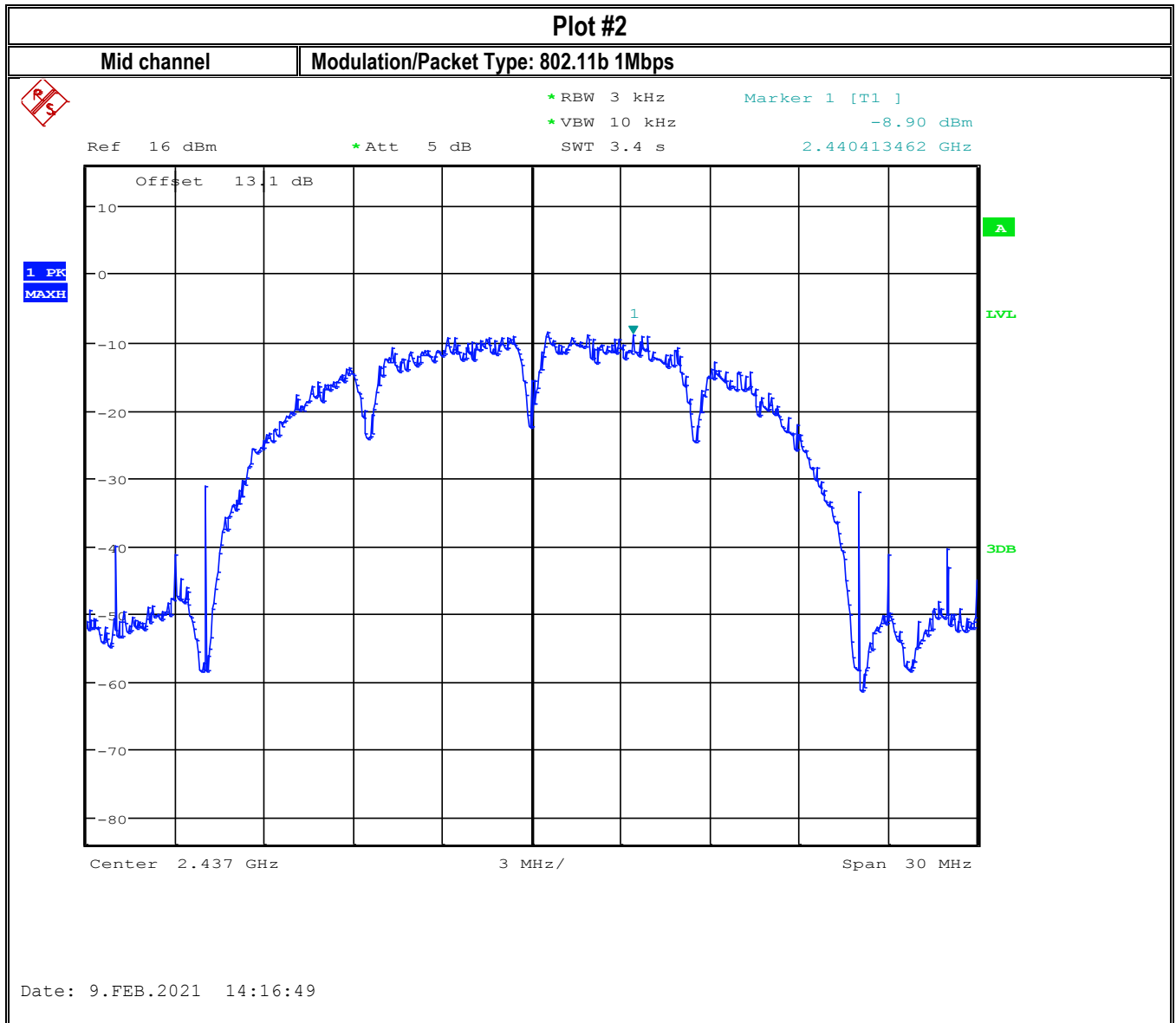
8.3.4 Measurement result:

Attenuation of cable and attenuator (already taken into account): 13.1 dB

Plot #	Mode	Data Rate	channel	Maximum Power Spectral Density (dBm/3 kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3 kHz)	Result
1	802.11b	1Mbps	1	-8.81	8	Pass
2			6	-8.90	8	Pass
3			11	-8.03	8	Pass
4	802.11g	6Mbps	1	-12.14	8	Pass
5			6	-12.42	8	Pass
6			11	-13.62	8	Pass
7	802.11n_HT20	MCS0	1	-16.48	8	Pass
8			6	-14.90	8	Pass
9			11	-16.40	8	Pass

8.3.5 Measurement Plots:





Plot #3

High channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11b 1Mbps

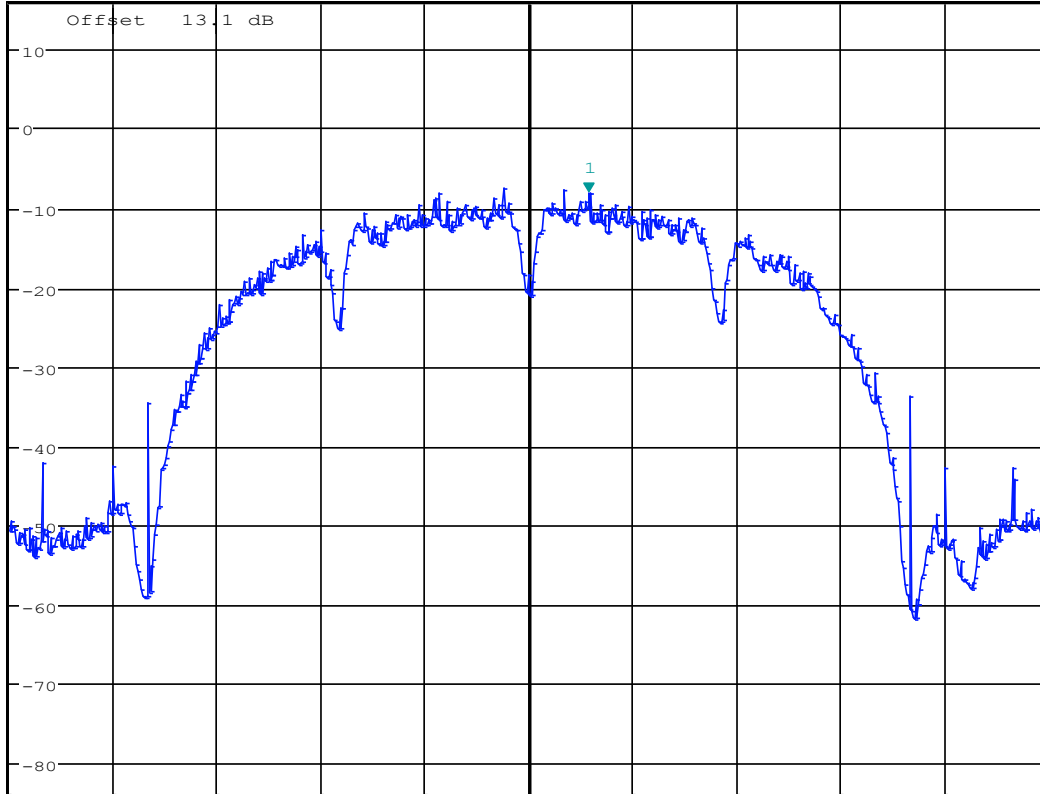


*RBW 3 kHz
*VBW 10 kHz
SWT 3.4 s
Marker 1 [T1]
-8.03 dBm
2.463730769 GHz

Ref 16 dBm

*Att 5 dB

1 PK
MAXH

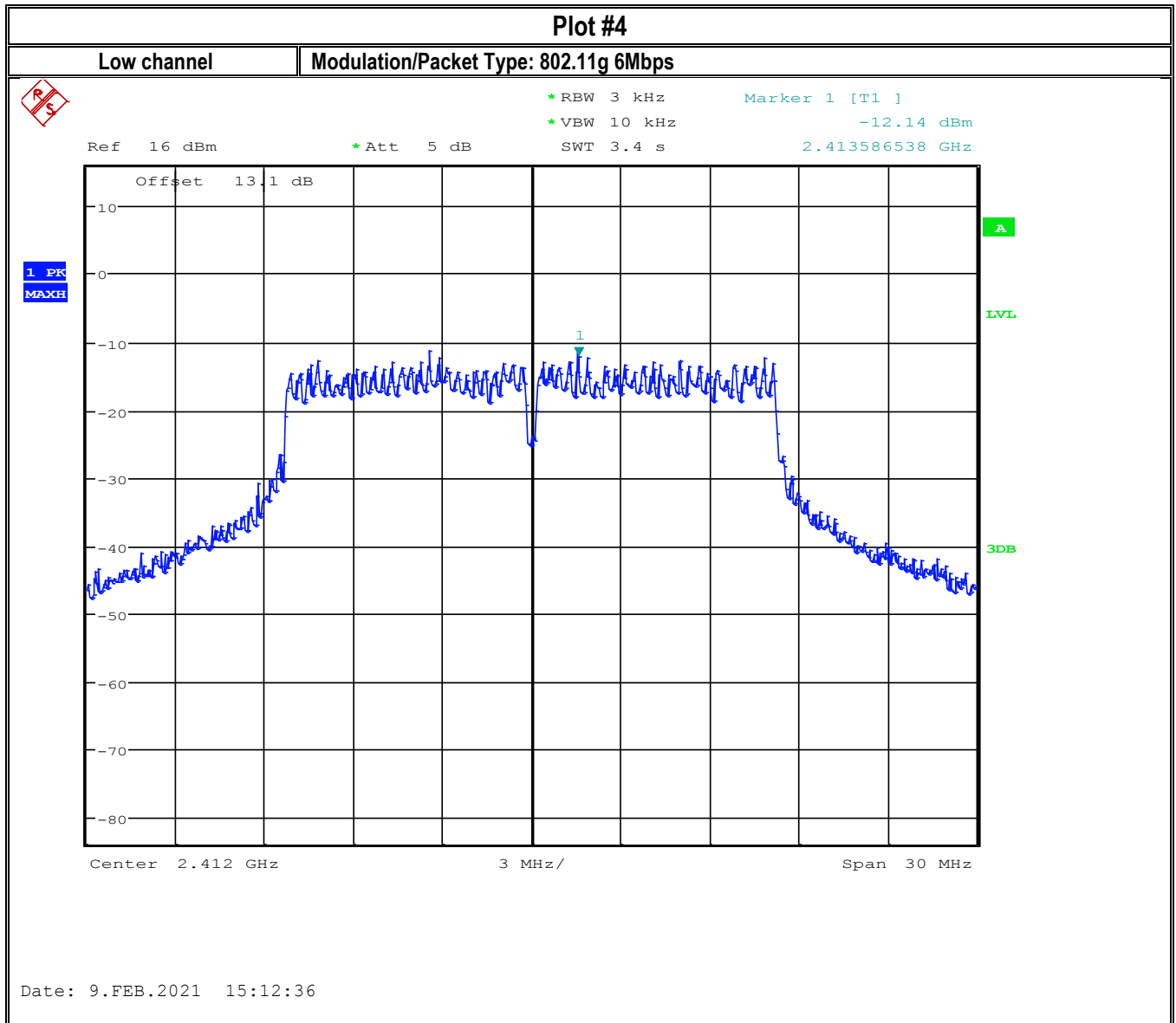


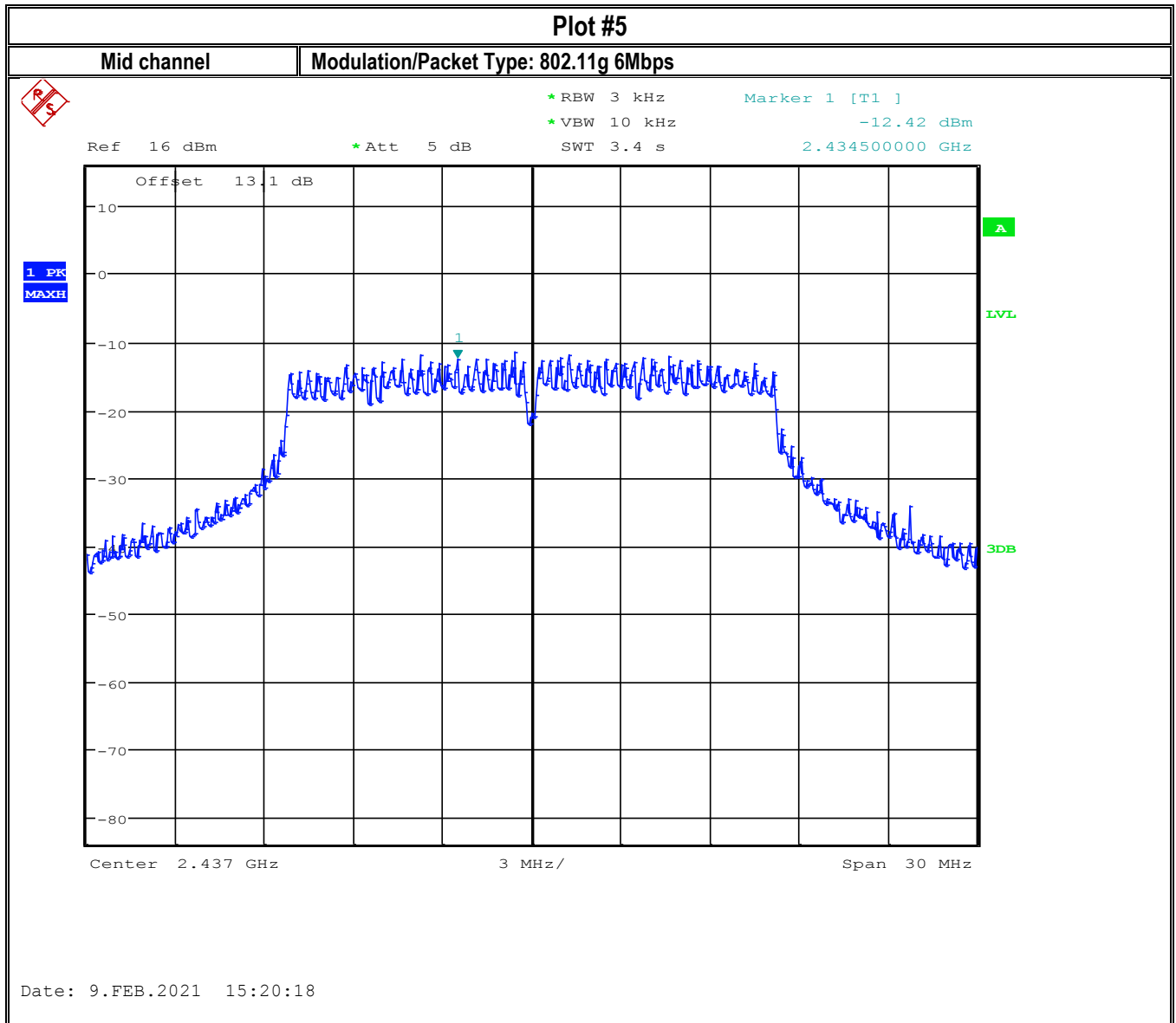
Center 2.462 GHz

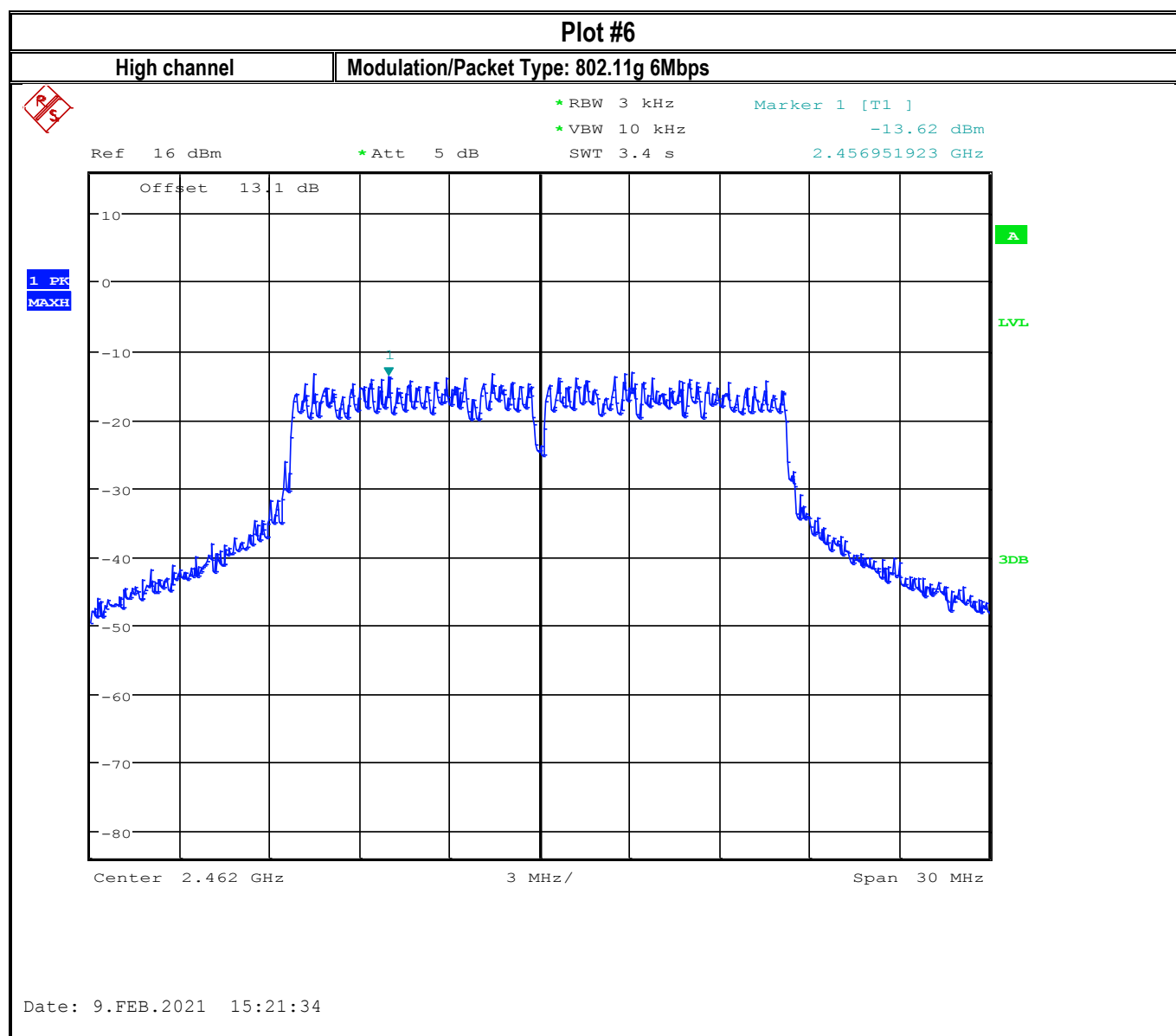
3 MHz/

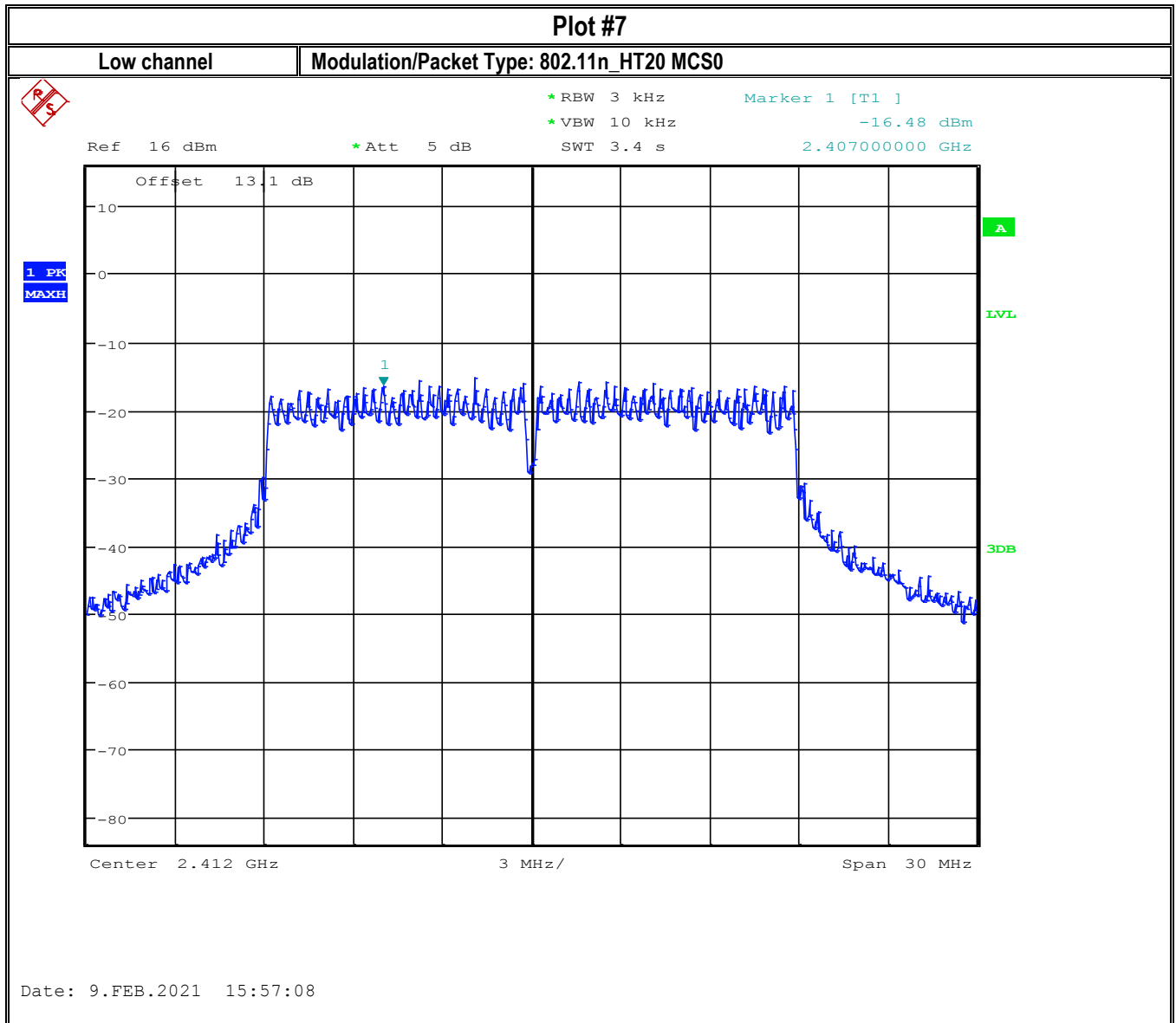
Span 30 MHz

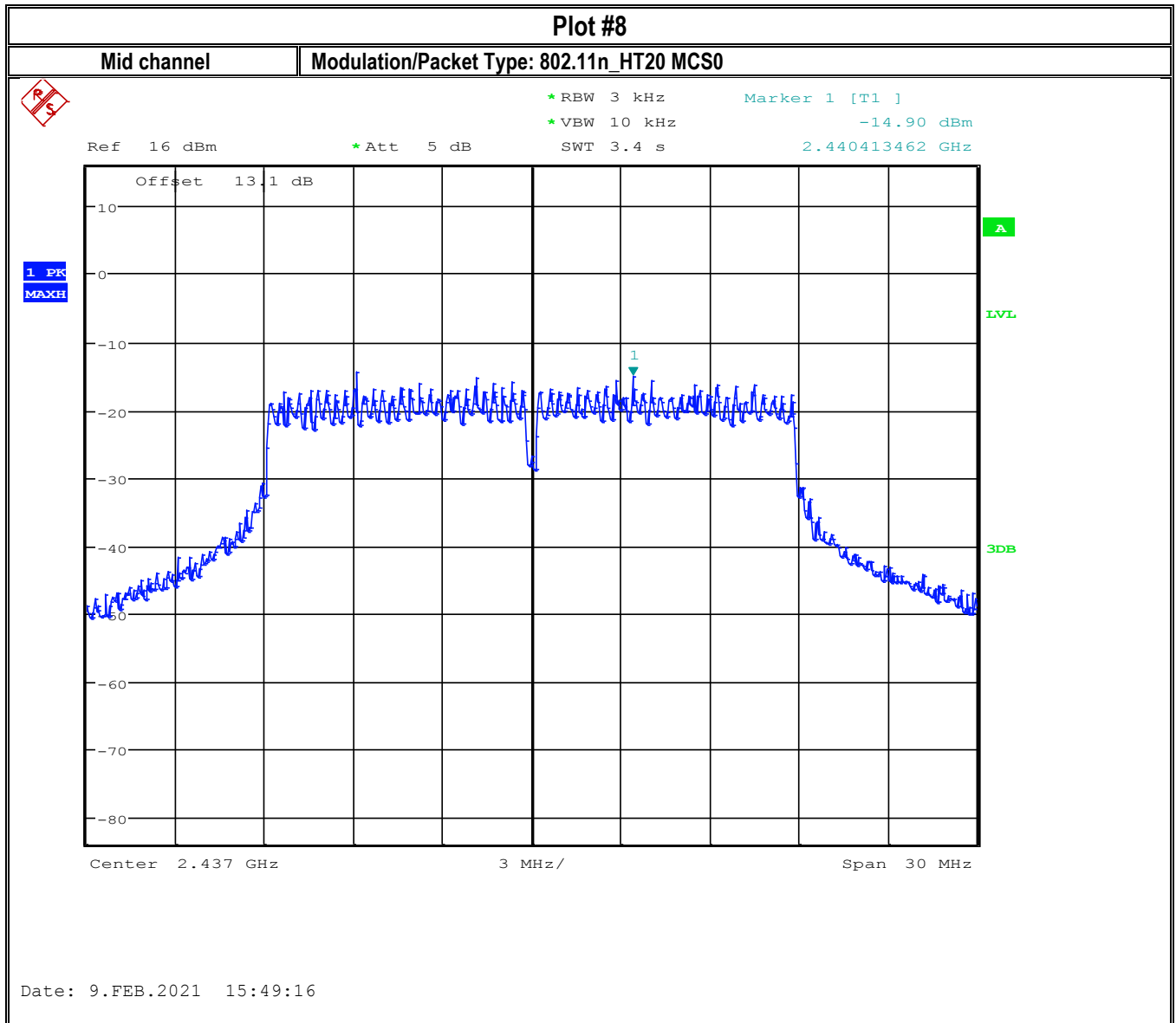
Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:21:15







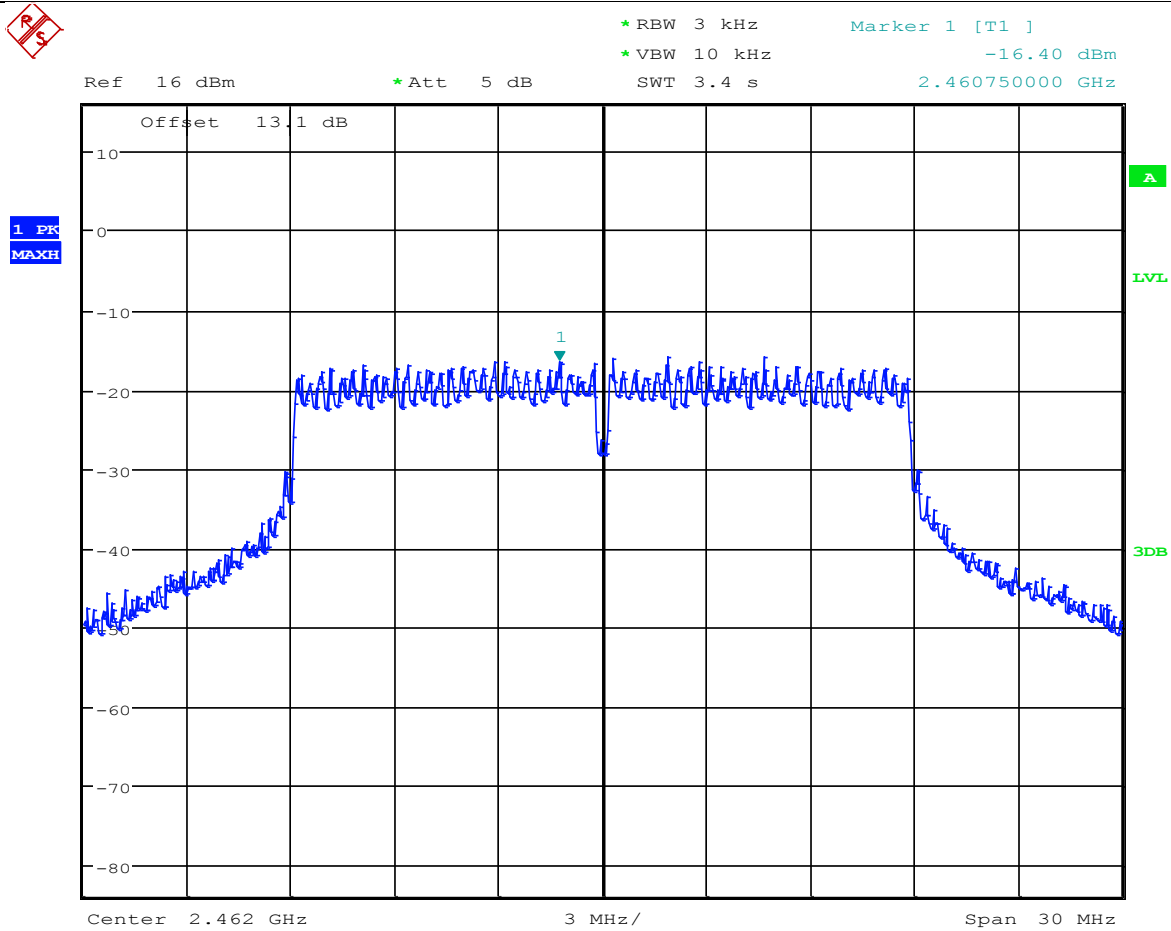




Plot #9

High channel

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11n_HT20 MCS0



Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:47:58

8.4 Band Edge Compliance

8.4.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings for band edge:

- Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Sweep Time: Auto couple
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max hold
- Allow trace to fully stabilize
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level
- Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge

8.4.2 Limits non restricted band:

FCC§15.247 (d)

- In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

RSS-247 5/5

- In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB.

Spectrum Analyzer settings for restricted band:

- Peak measurements are made using a peak detector and RBW=1 MHz

8.4.3 Limits restricted band §15.247/15.209/15.205 and RSS-Gen 8.9/8.10

- *PEAK LIMIT= 74 dBμV/m @3m =-21.23 dBm
 - *AVG LIMIT= 54 dBμV/m @3m =-41.23 dBm
 - Start frequency & stop frequency according to frequency range specified in the restricted band table in FCC section 15.205 & RSS-Gen 8.10
 - Measurements with a peak detector were used to show compliance to average limits, thus showing compliance to both peak and average limits.
- (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

(b)

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

8.4.4 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input	Single Antenna Gain
22° C	2	802.11b/g/n	5 VDC	3.5 dBi

8.4.5 Measurement result:

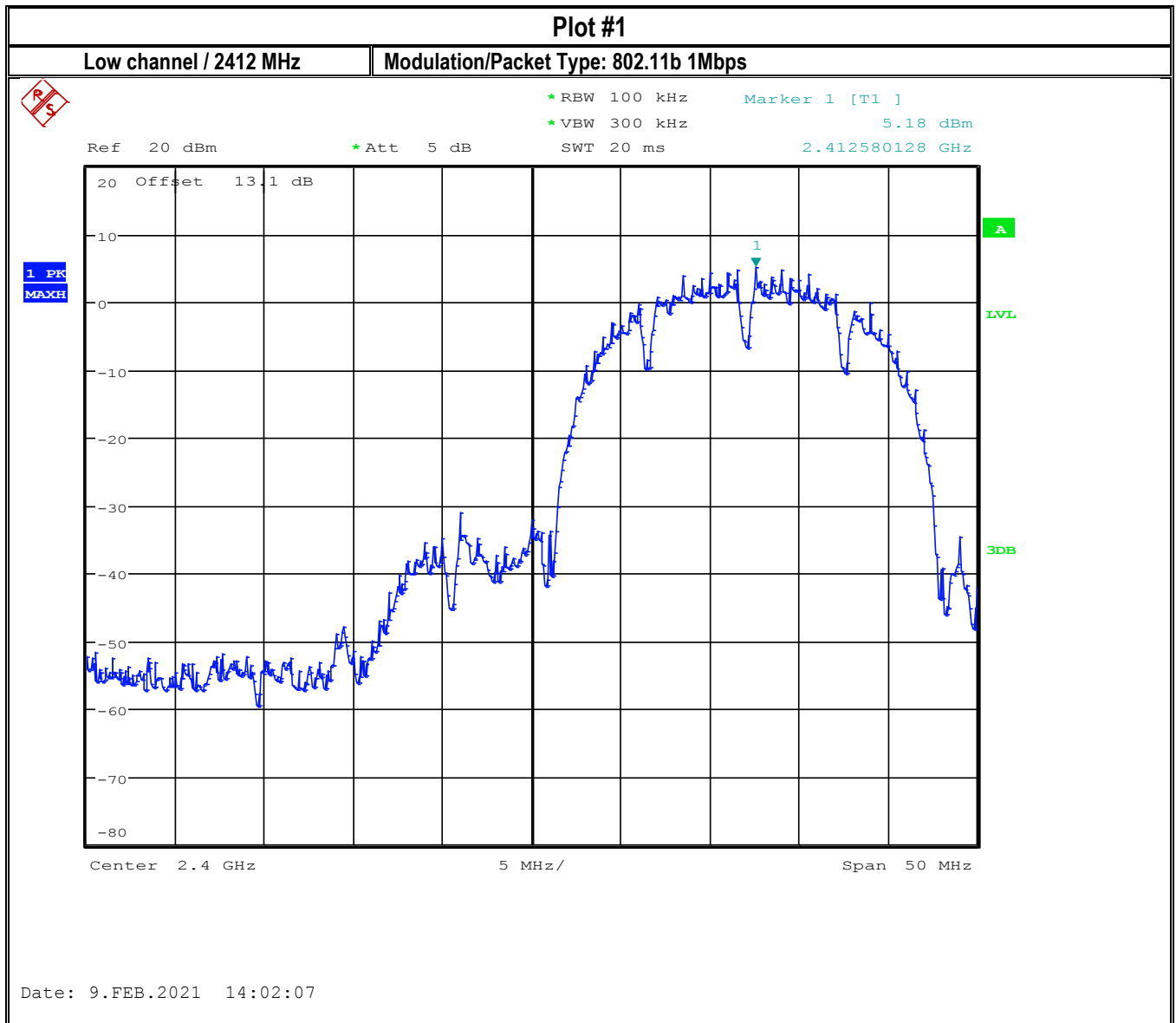
Plot #	EUT operating mode	Band Edge	Frequency (MHz)	Band Edge Delta (dBc)	Limit ¹ (dBc)	Result
1,2	802.11b	Lower, Non-restricted	2400	-33.67	-20	Pass
3,4	802.11g	Lower, Non-restricted	2399.23	-26.13	-20	Pass
5,6	802.11n_HT20	Lower, Non-restricted	2399.23	-25.59	-20	Pass

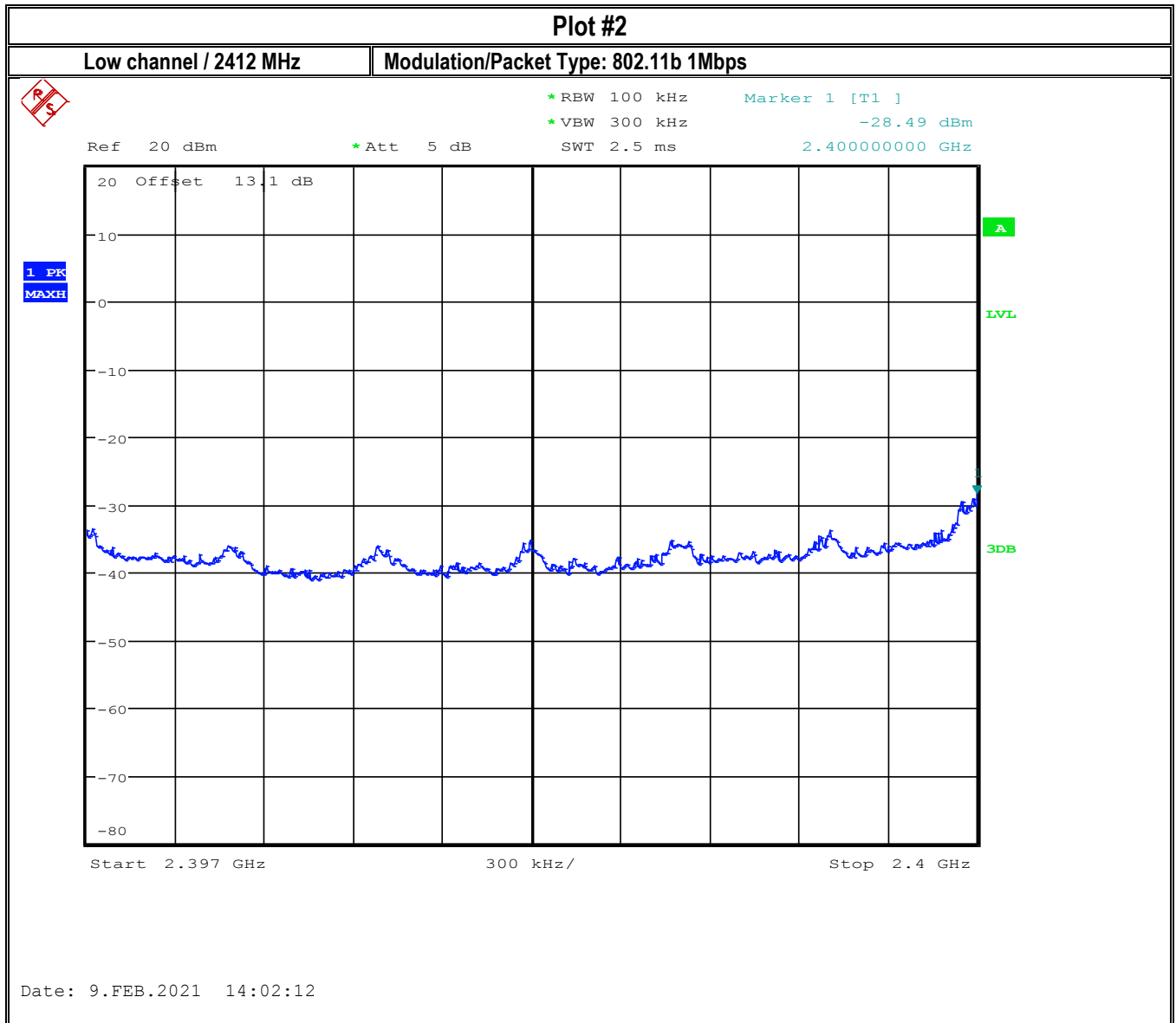
Note 1: Based on the peak output power measurements are compliant with the limit of output power, -20 dBc limit is used for non-restricted band edge.

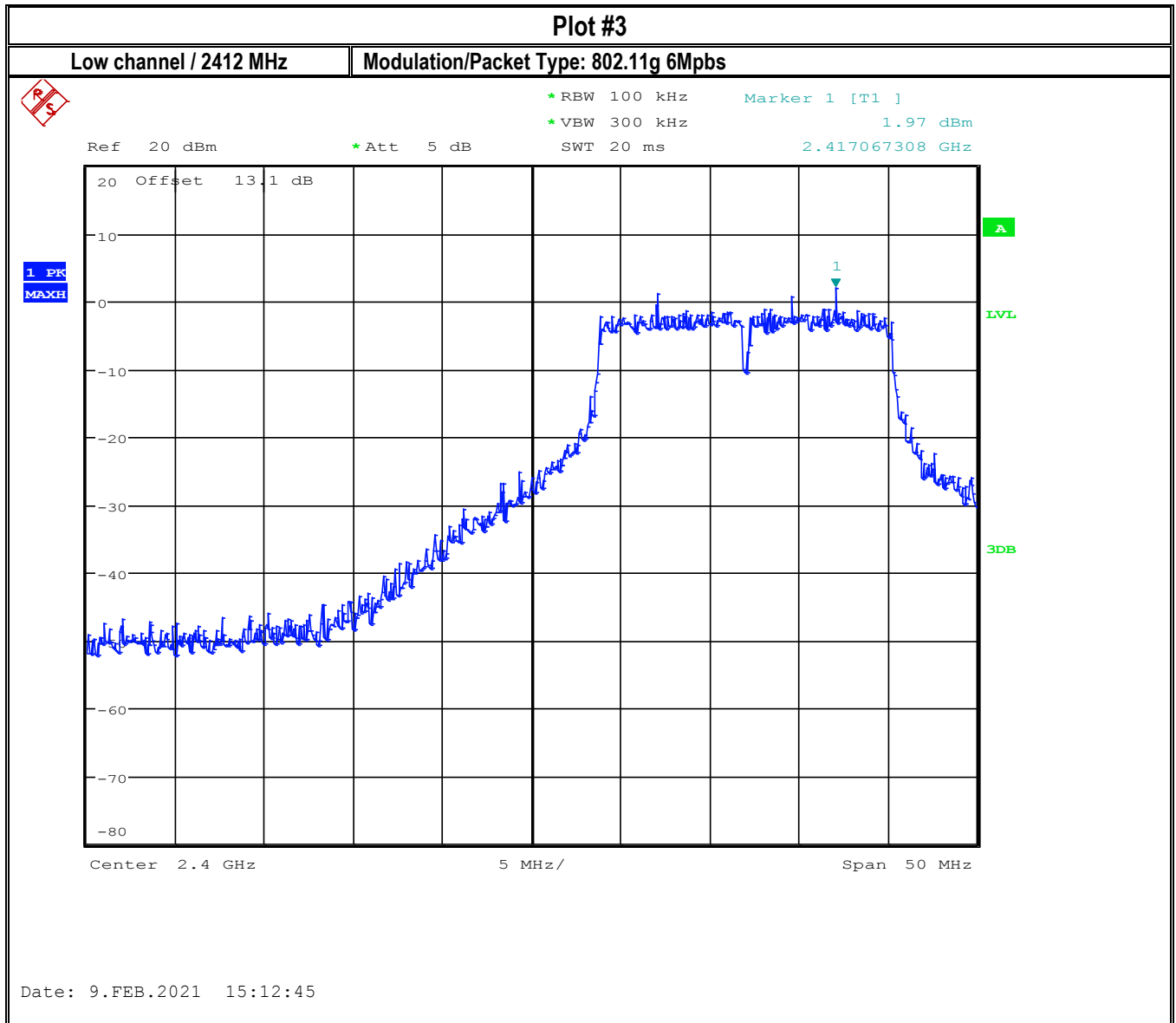
Plot #	EUT operating mode	Band Edge	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Value (dBm)	Corrected by duty cycle	Corrected by Antenna Gain (dBm)	Limit (dBμV/m @3m)	Result
7	802.11b	Lower Restricted peak	2351.03	-34.92	NA	-31.42	-21.23 Peak	Pass
8	802.11b	Lower Restricted Average	2350.00	-46.68	-46.68	-43.18	-41.23 AVG	Pass
9	802.11g	Lower Restricted peak	2389.74	-26.09	NA	-22.59	-21.23 Peak	Pass
10	802.11g	Lower Restricted Average	2390.00	-45.81	-45.62	-42.12	-41.23 AVG	Pass
11	802.11n_HT20	Lower Restricted peak	2390.00	-29.53	NA	-26.03	-21.23 Peak	Pass
12	802.11n_HT20	Lower Restricted Average	2389.87	-47.67	-47.56	-44.06	-41.23 AVG	Pass
13	802.11b	Upper Restricted peak	2499.34	-36.76	NA	-33.26	-21.23 Peak	Pass
14	802.11b	Upper Restricted Average	2488.76	-47.87	-47.87	-44.37	-41.23 AVG	Pass
15	802.11g	Upper Restricted peak	2484.29	-26.39	NA	-22.89	-21.23 Peak	Pass
16	802.11g	Upper Restricted Average	2483.53	-44.99	-44.80	-41.30	-41.23 AVG	Pass
17	802.11n_HT20	Upper Restricted peak	2483.63	-28.23	NA	-24.73	-21.23 Peak	Pass
18	802.11n_HT20	Upper Restricted Average	2483.90	-46.34	-46.23	-42.73	-41.23 AVG	Pass

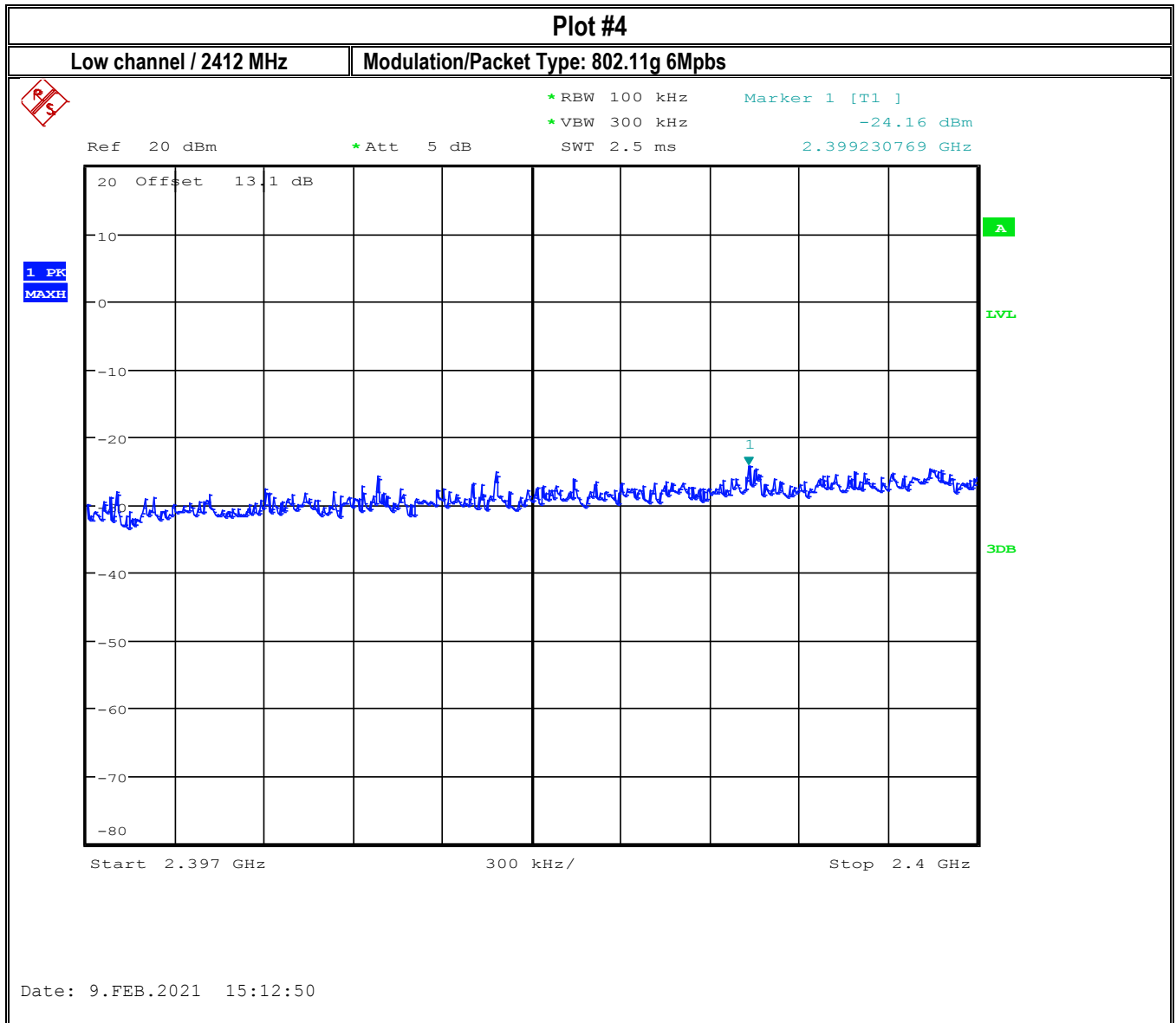
The value of above table shows worst case of each mode.

8.4.6 Measurement Plots:

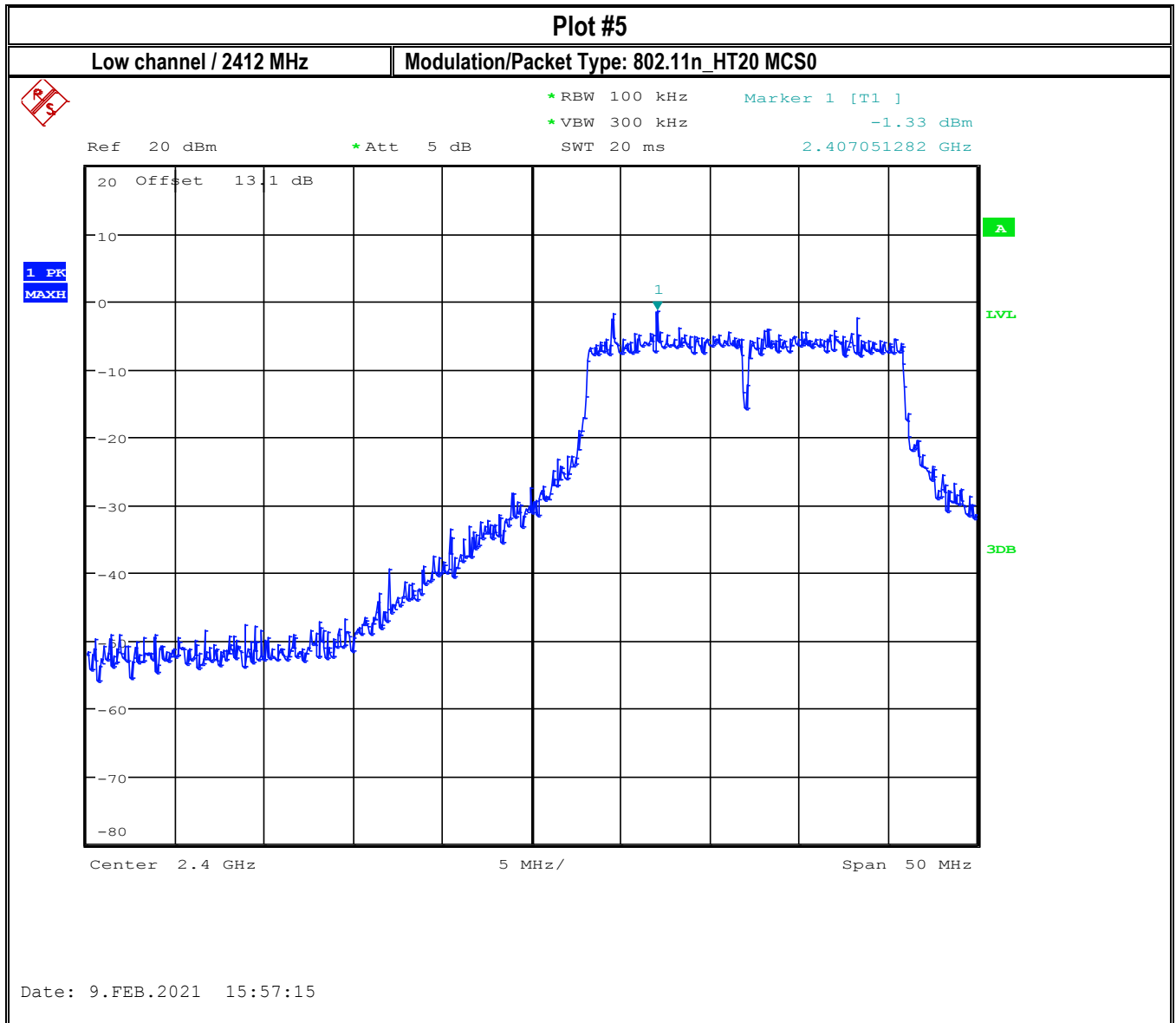


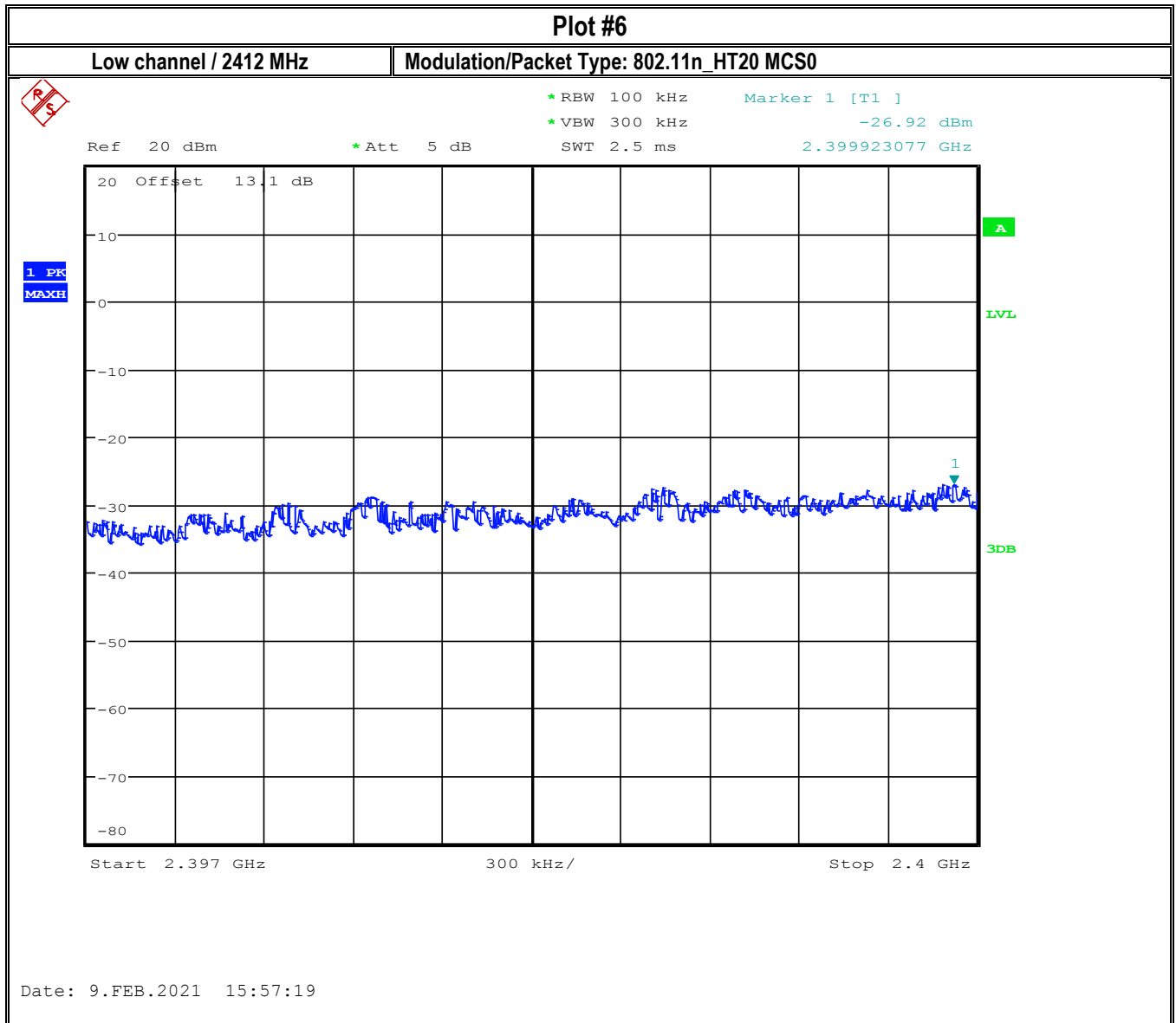


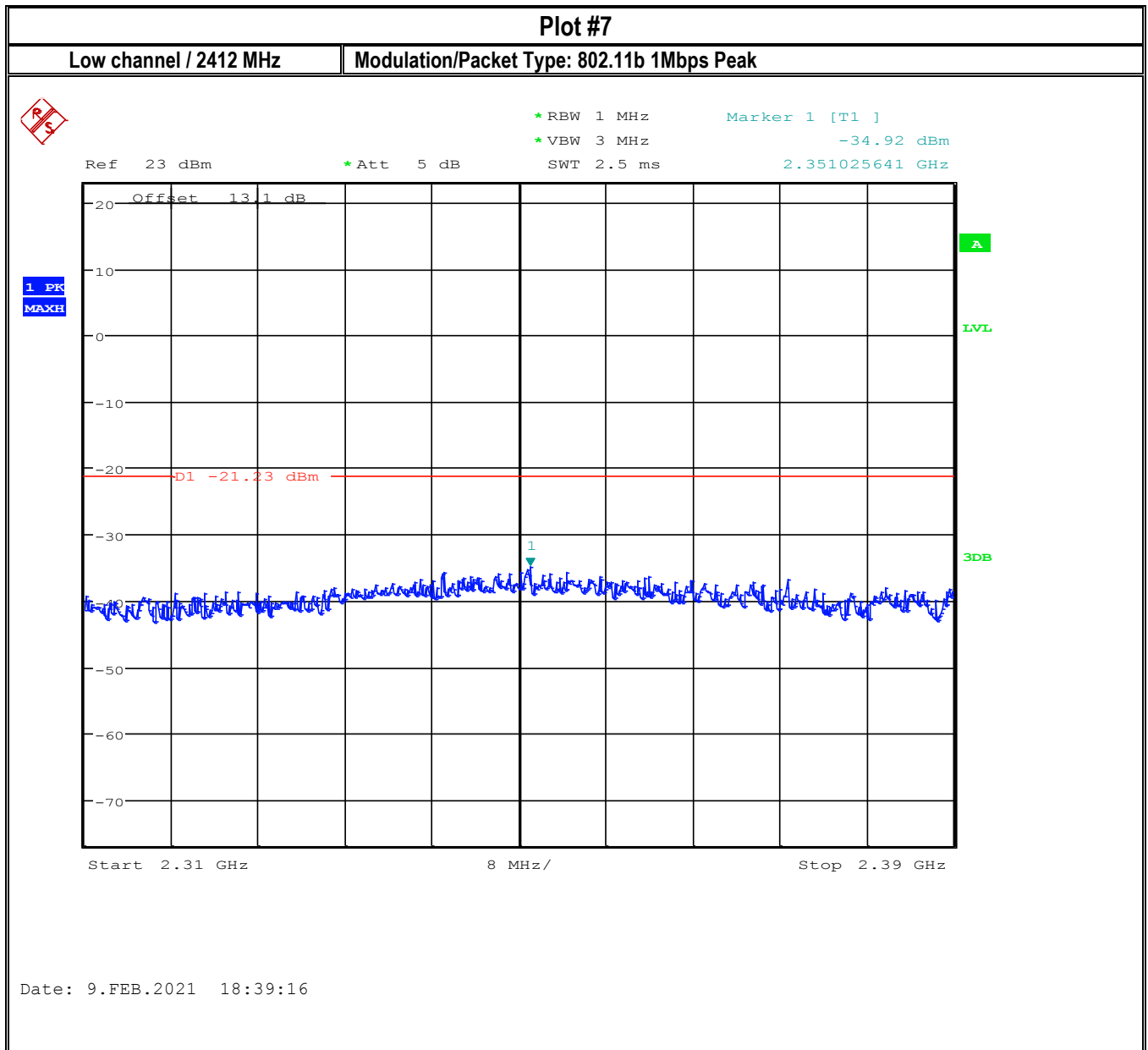


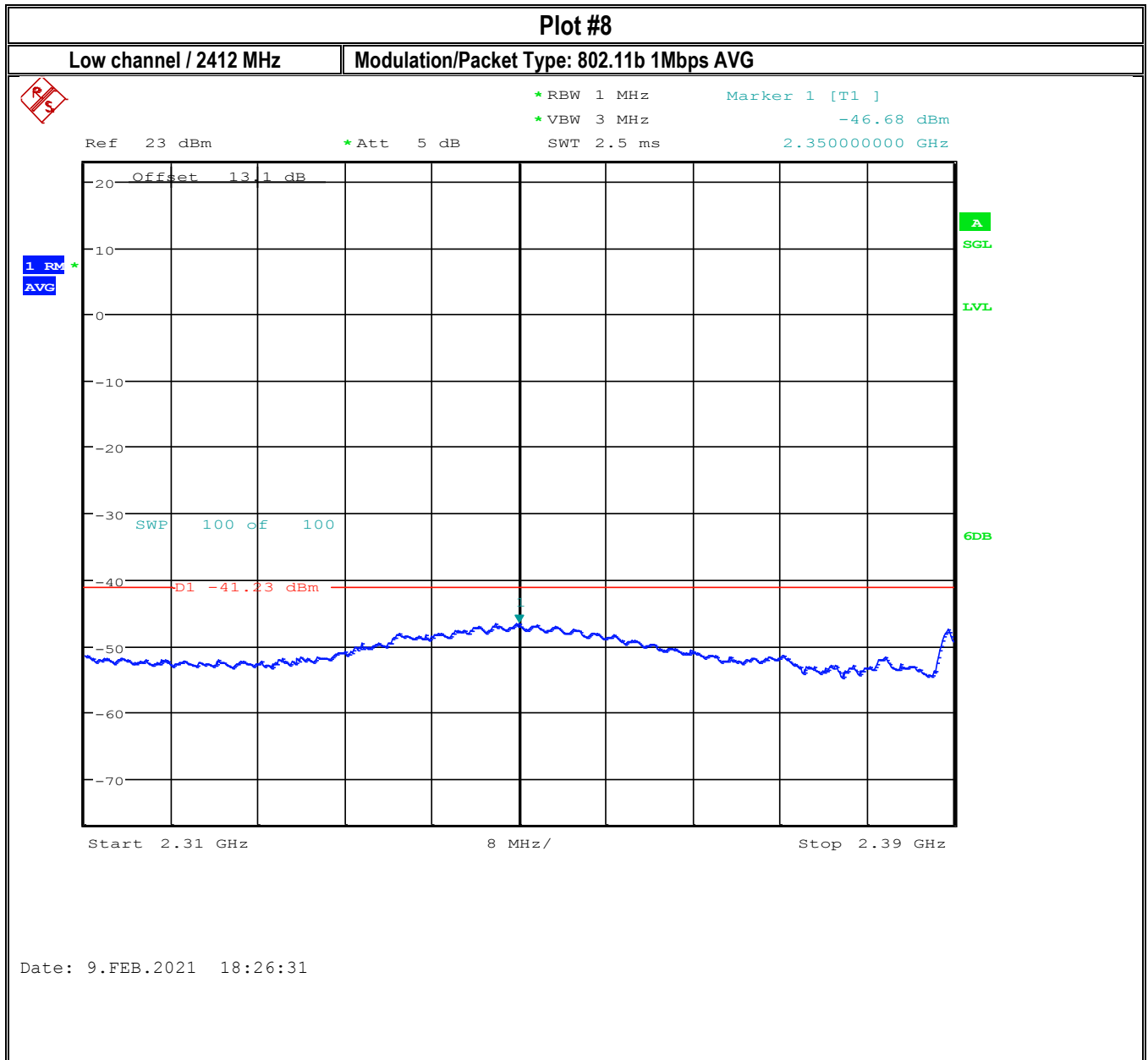


Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:12:50







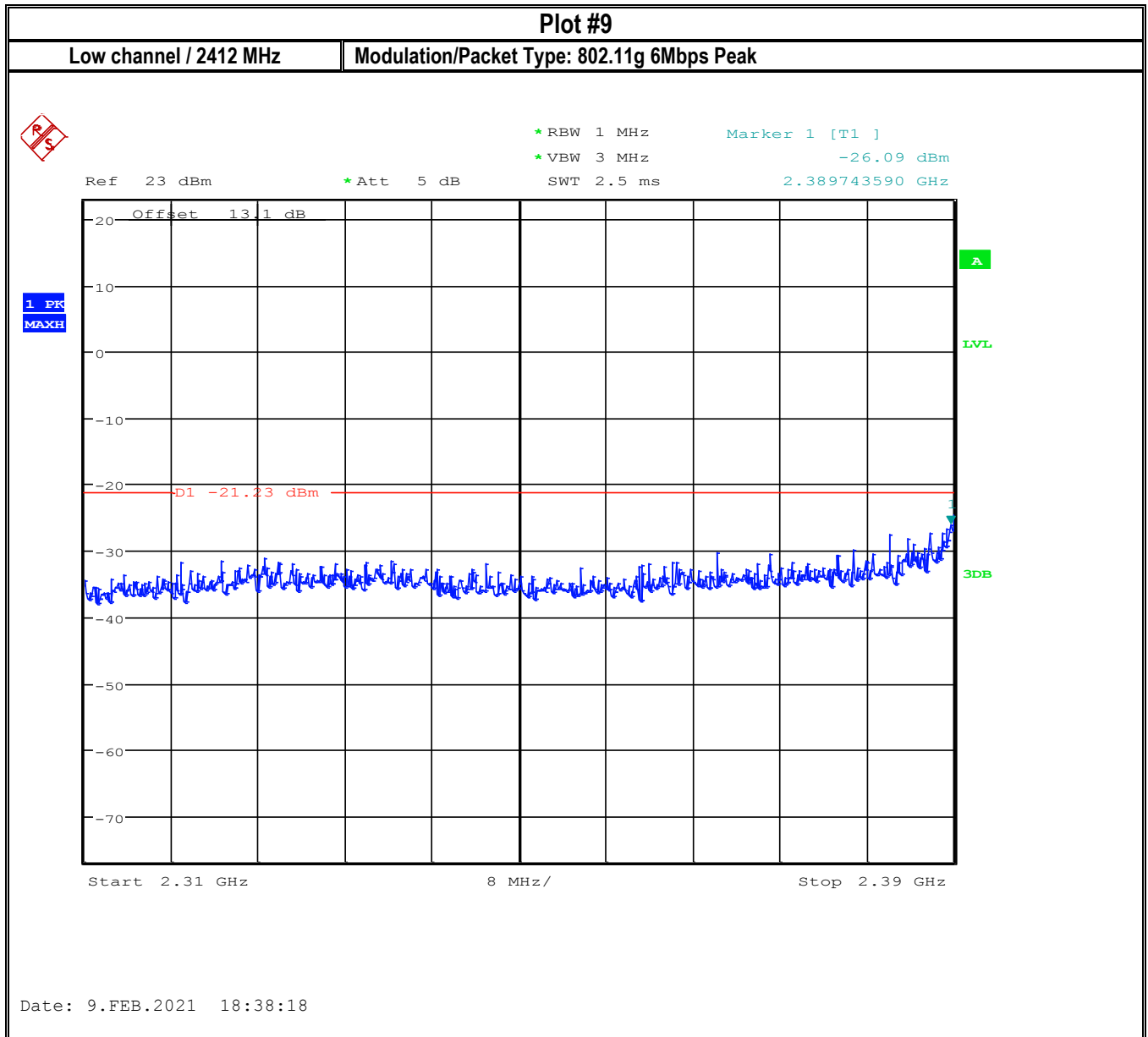


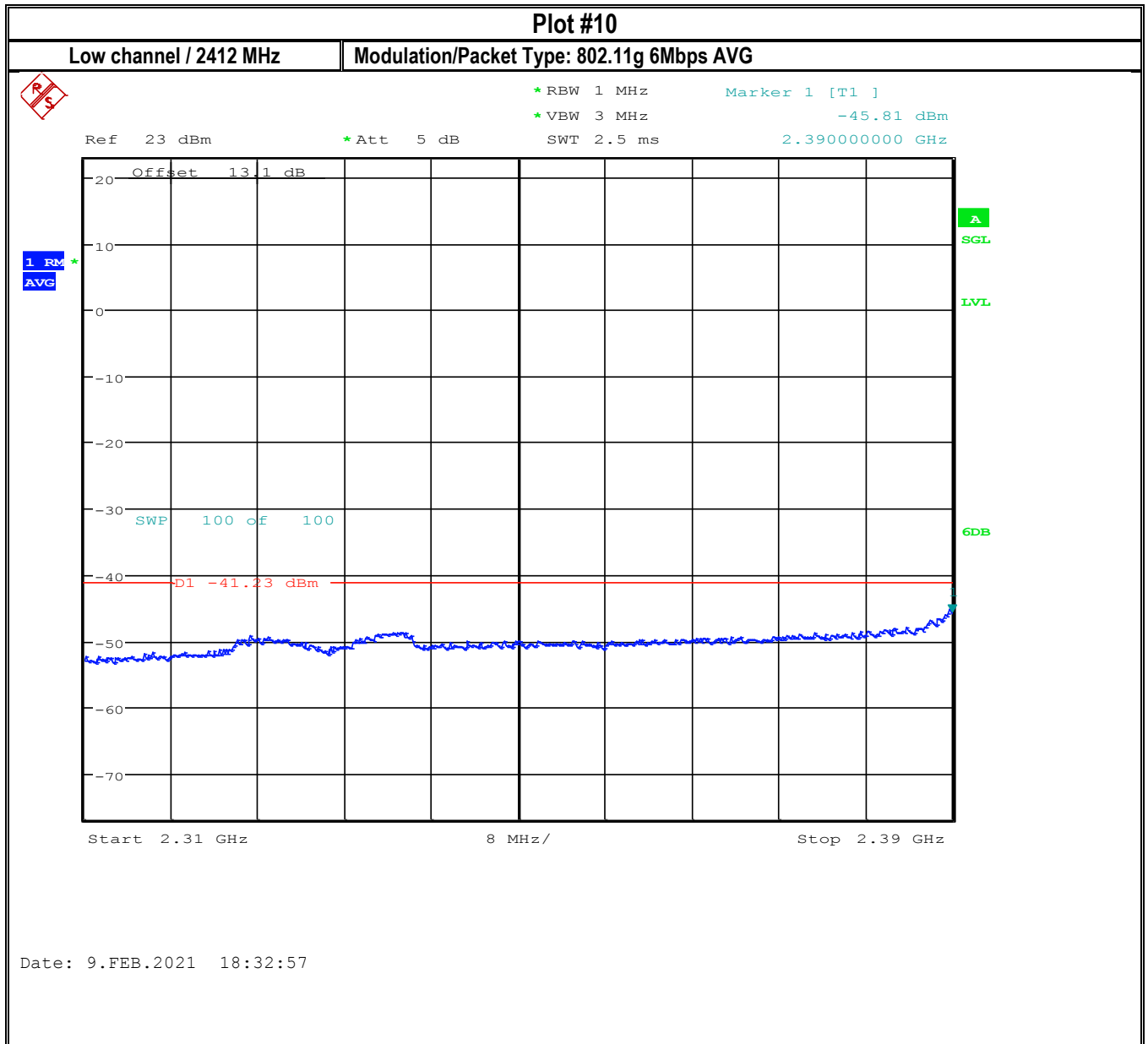
A

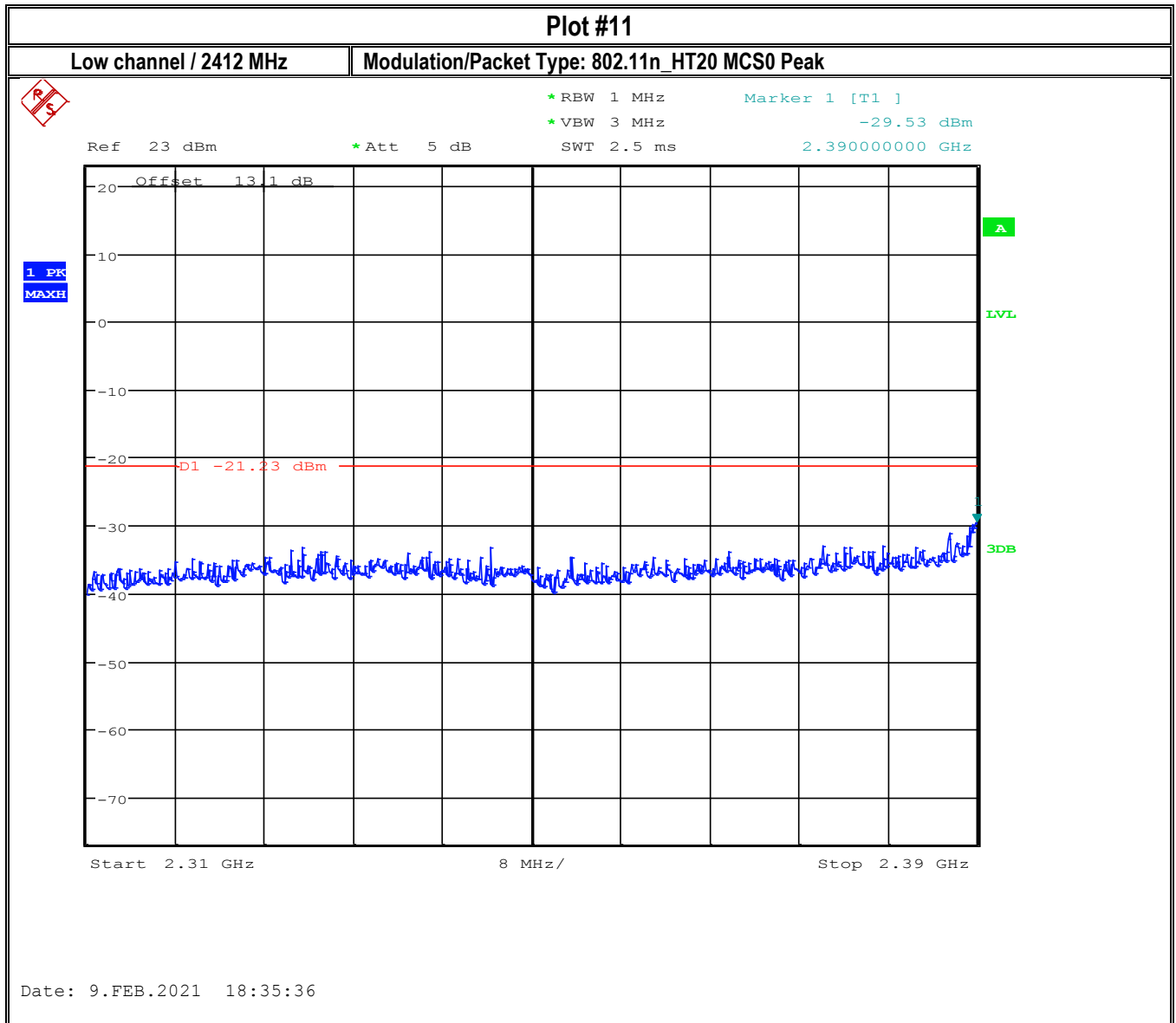
SGL

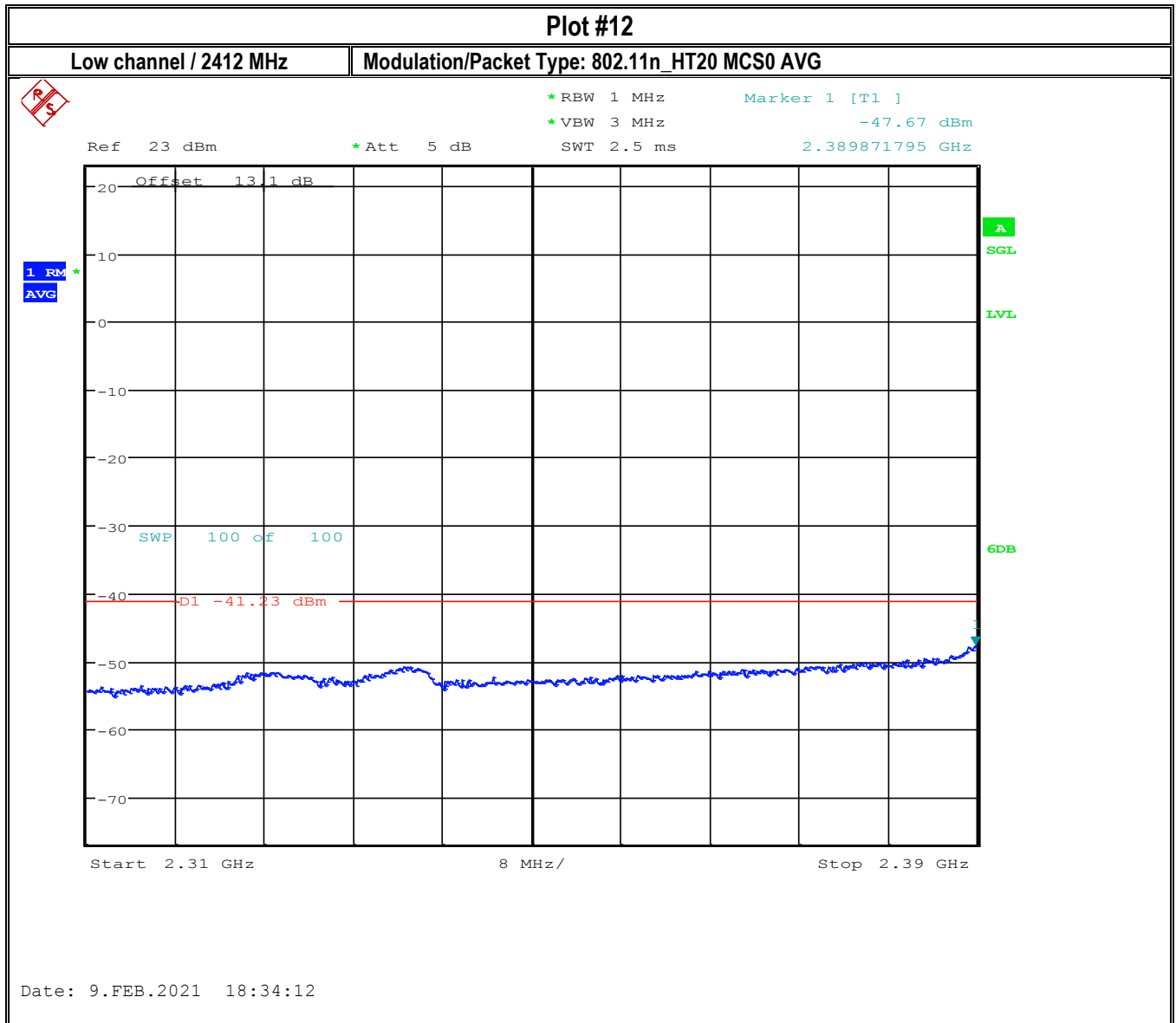
LVL

6DB





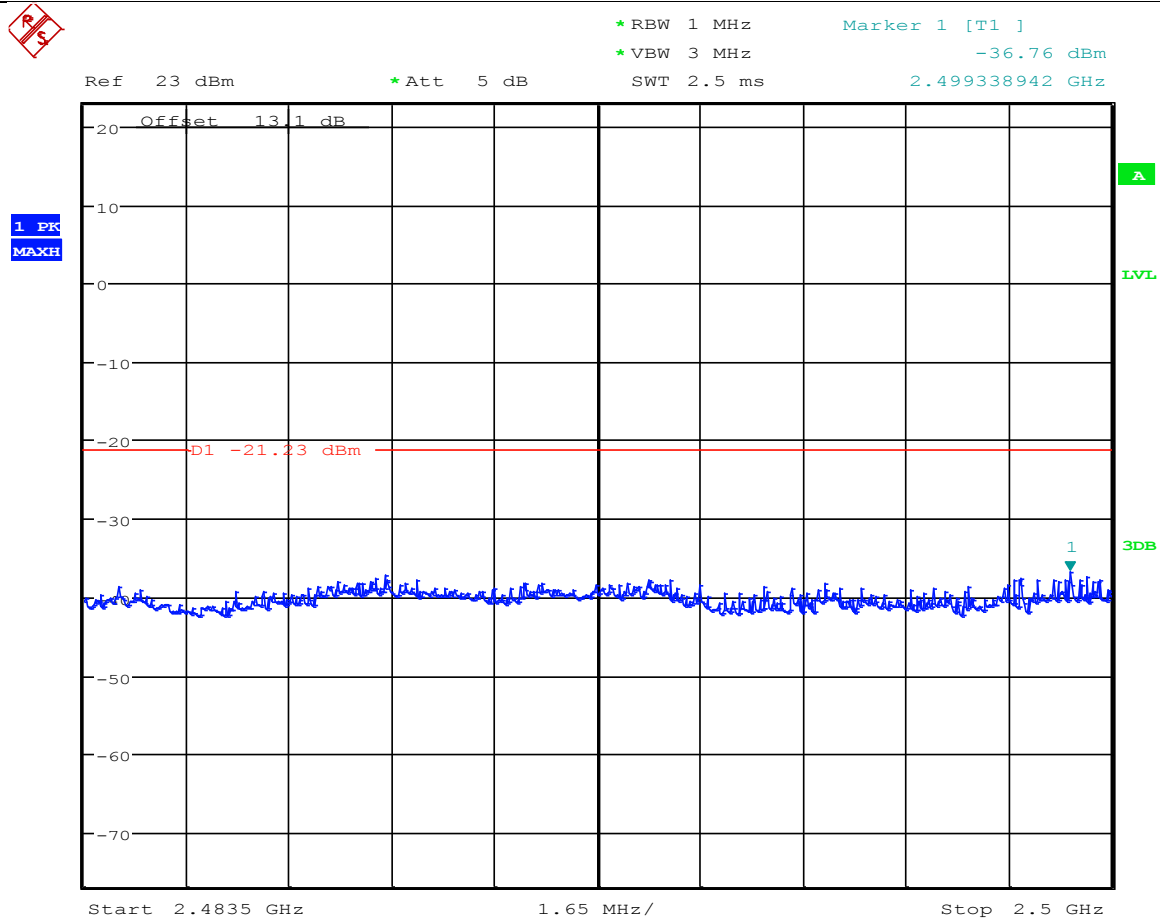




Plot #13

High channel/ 2462 MHz

Modulation/Package Type: 802.11b 1Mbps Peak

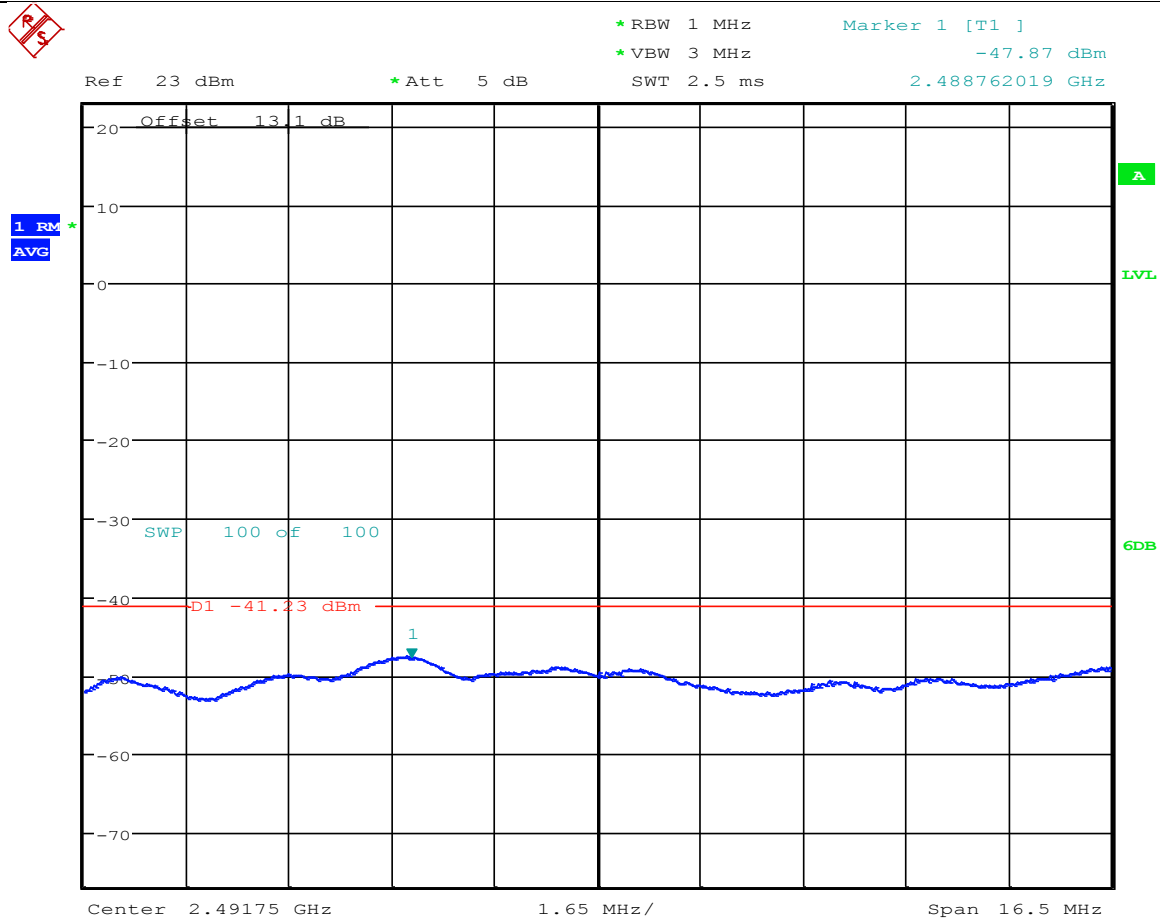


Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:21:28

Plot #14

High channel/ 2462 MHz

Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11b 1Mbps AVG

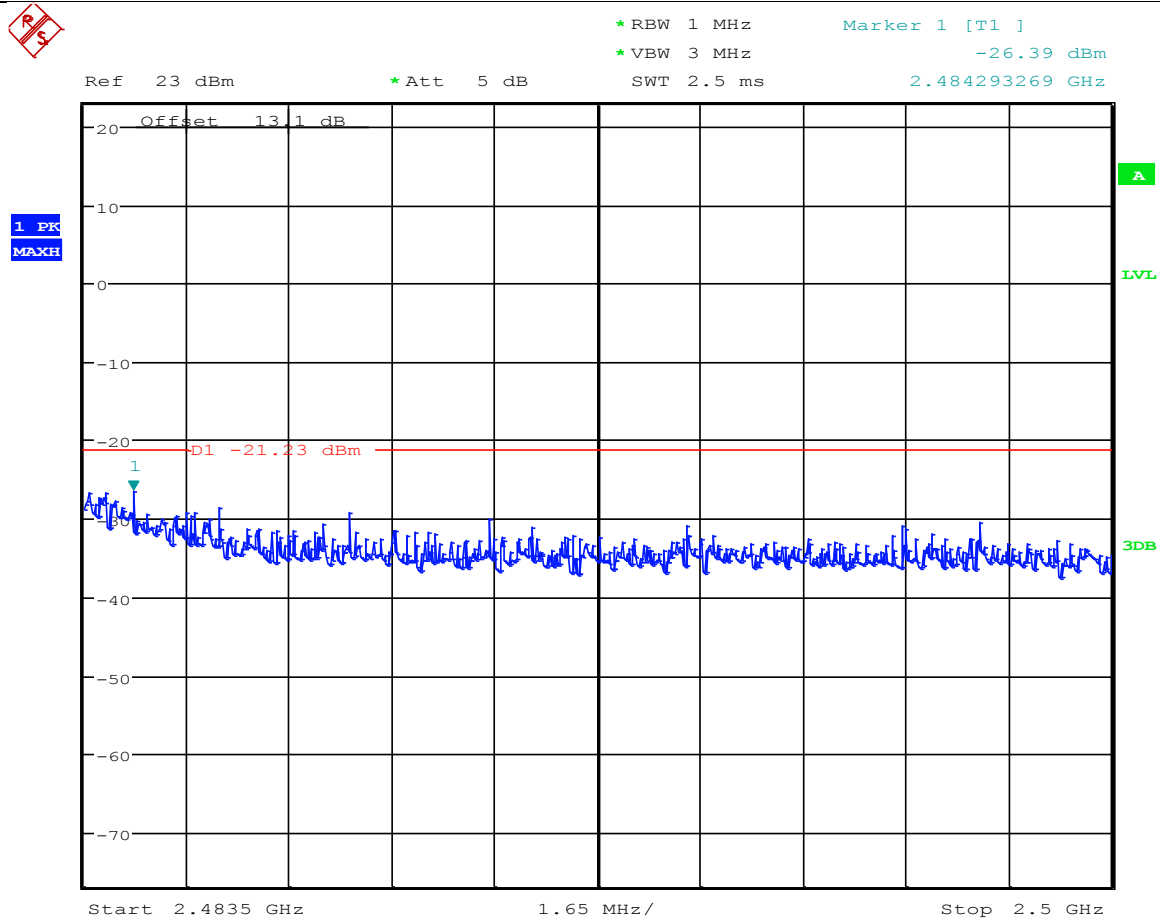


Date: 9.FEB.2021 14:23:22

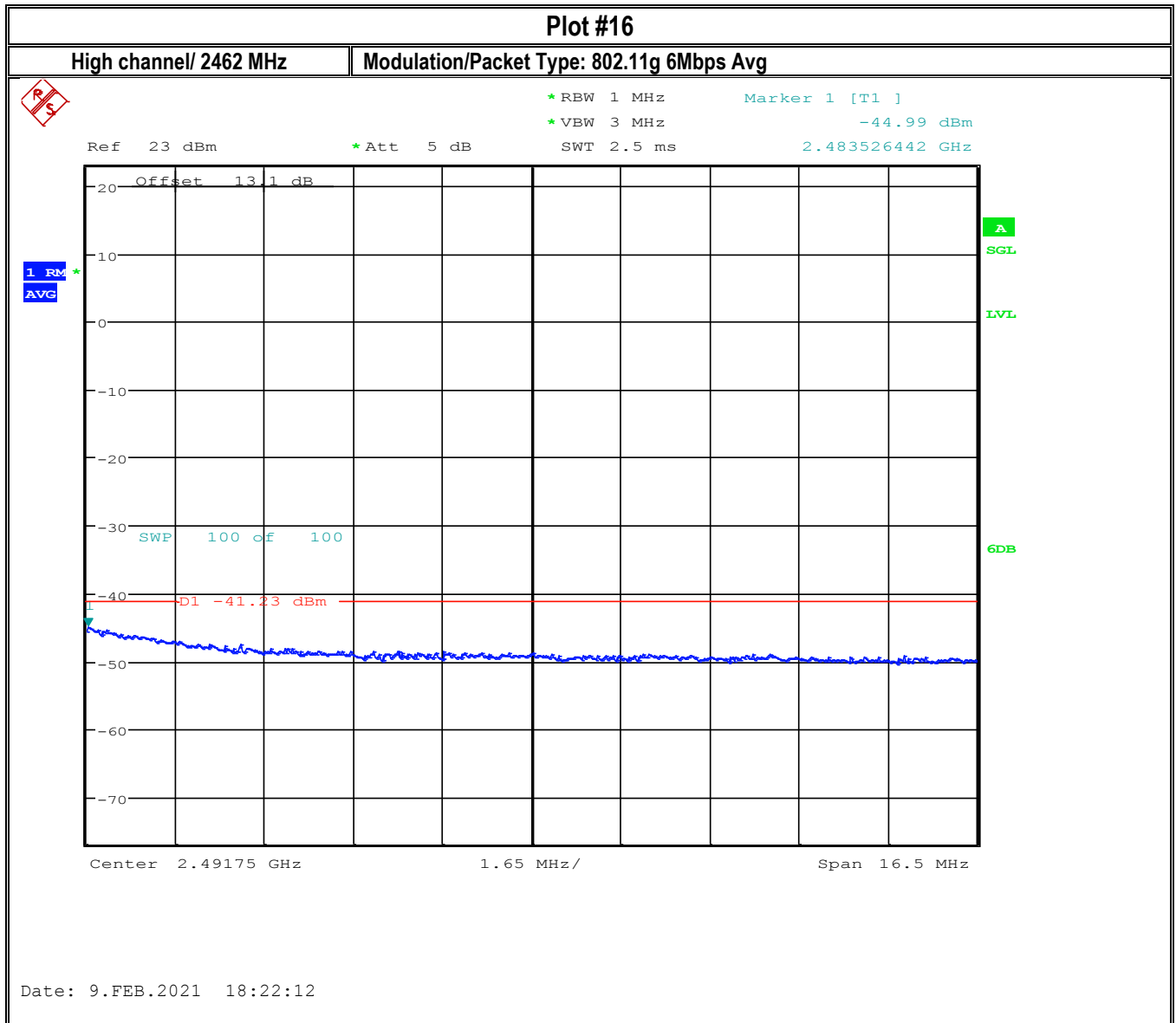
Plot #15

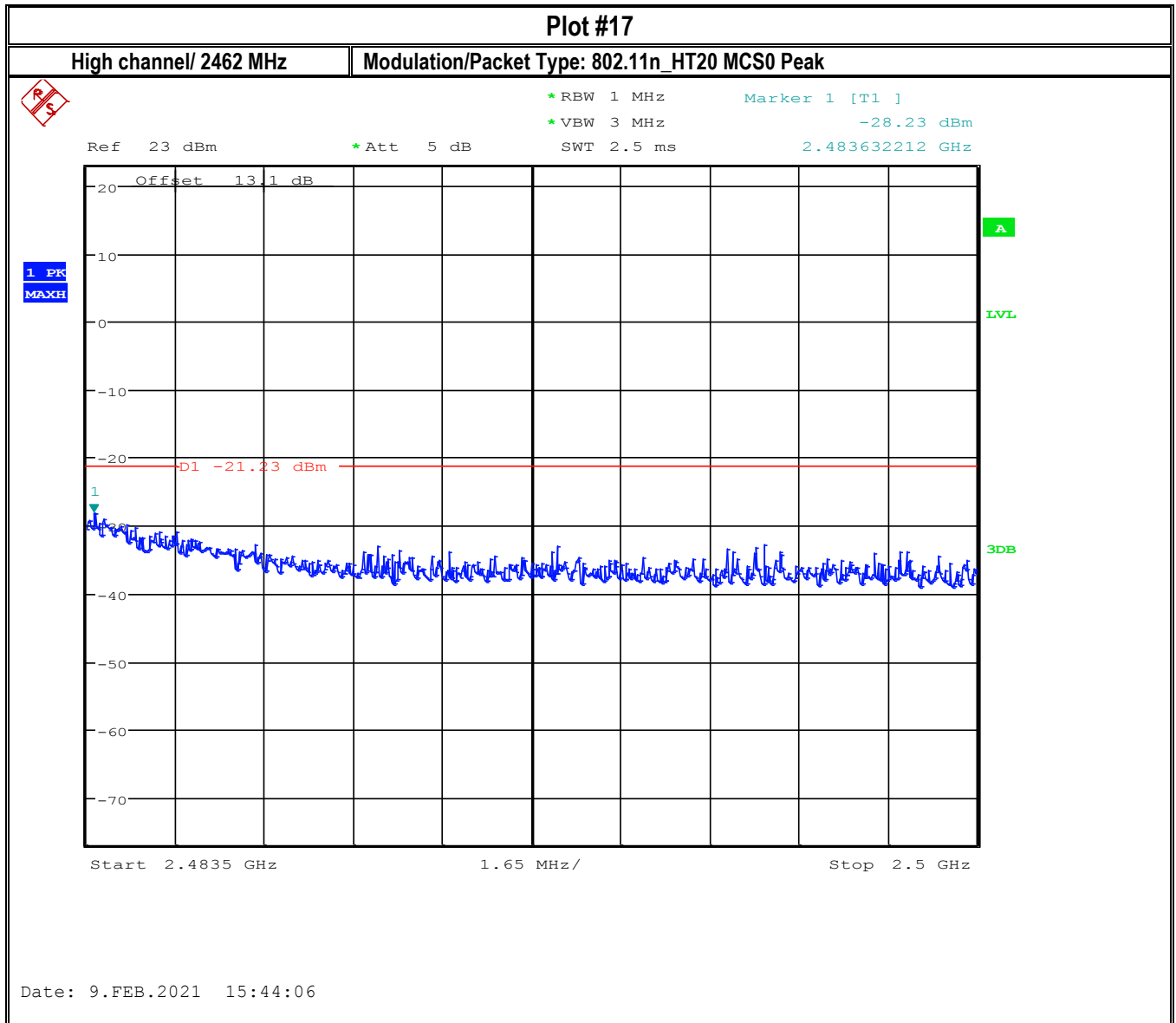
High channel/ 2462 MHz

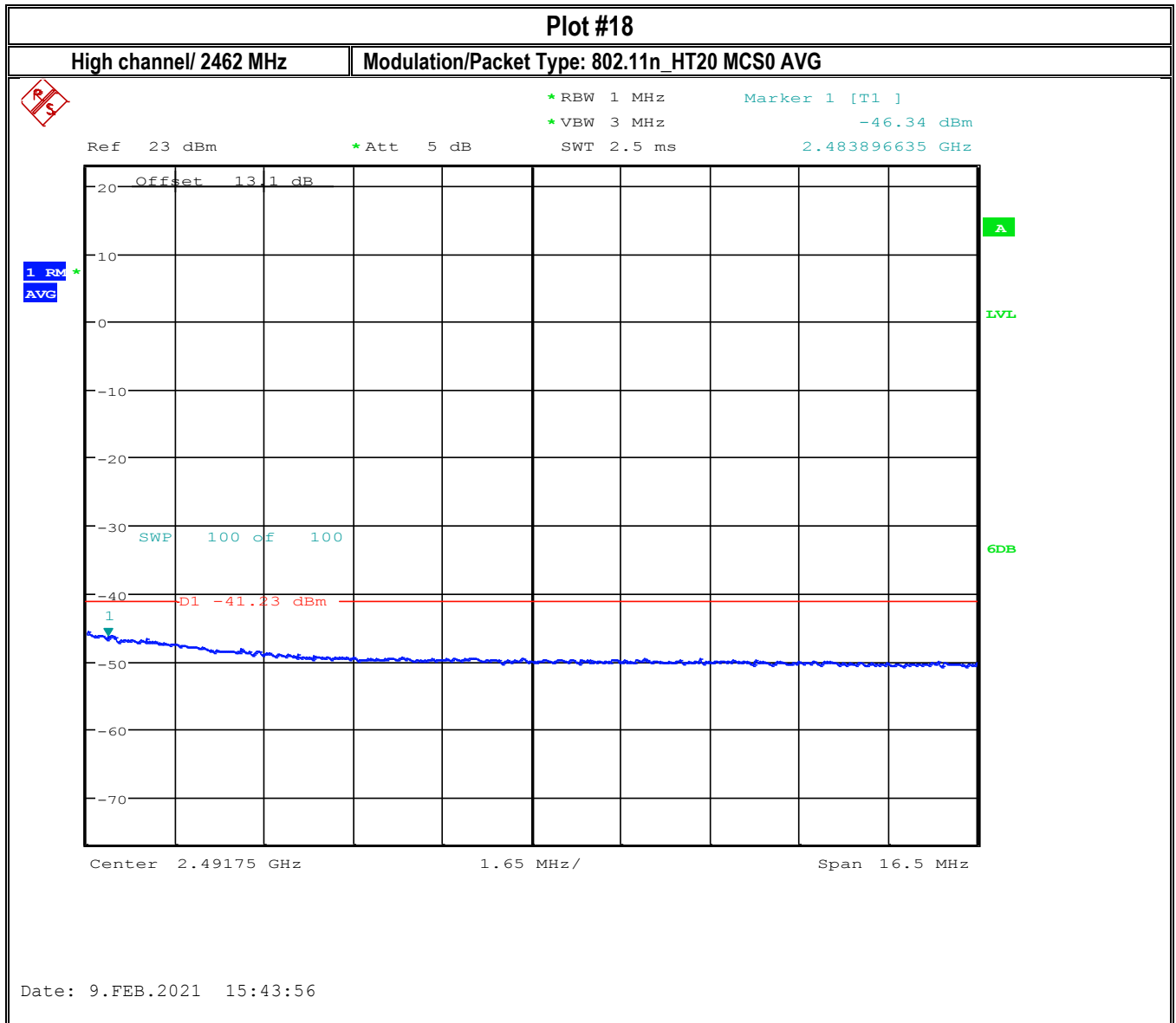
Modulation/Packet Type: 802.11g 6Mbps Peak



Date: 9.FEB.2021 15:25:31







8.5 Emission Bandwidth 6 dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

8.5.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Sweep = Auto couple
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

8.5.2 Limits:

FCC §15.247(a)(1) and RSS-247 5.2(1)

- Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

8.5.3 Test conditions and setup:

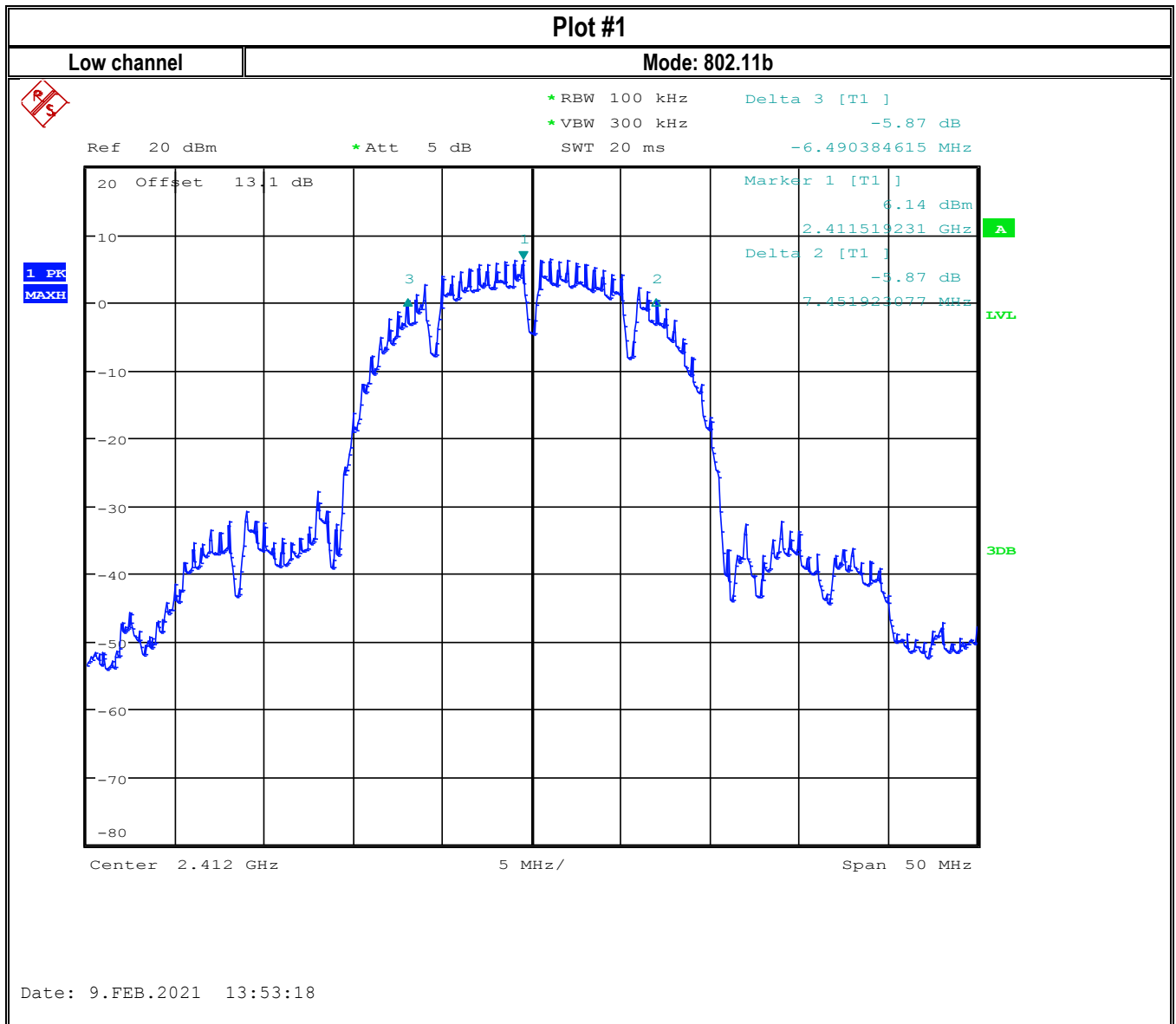
Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input
22° C	2	802.11 b/g/n	5 VDC

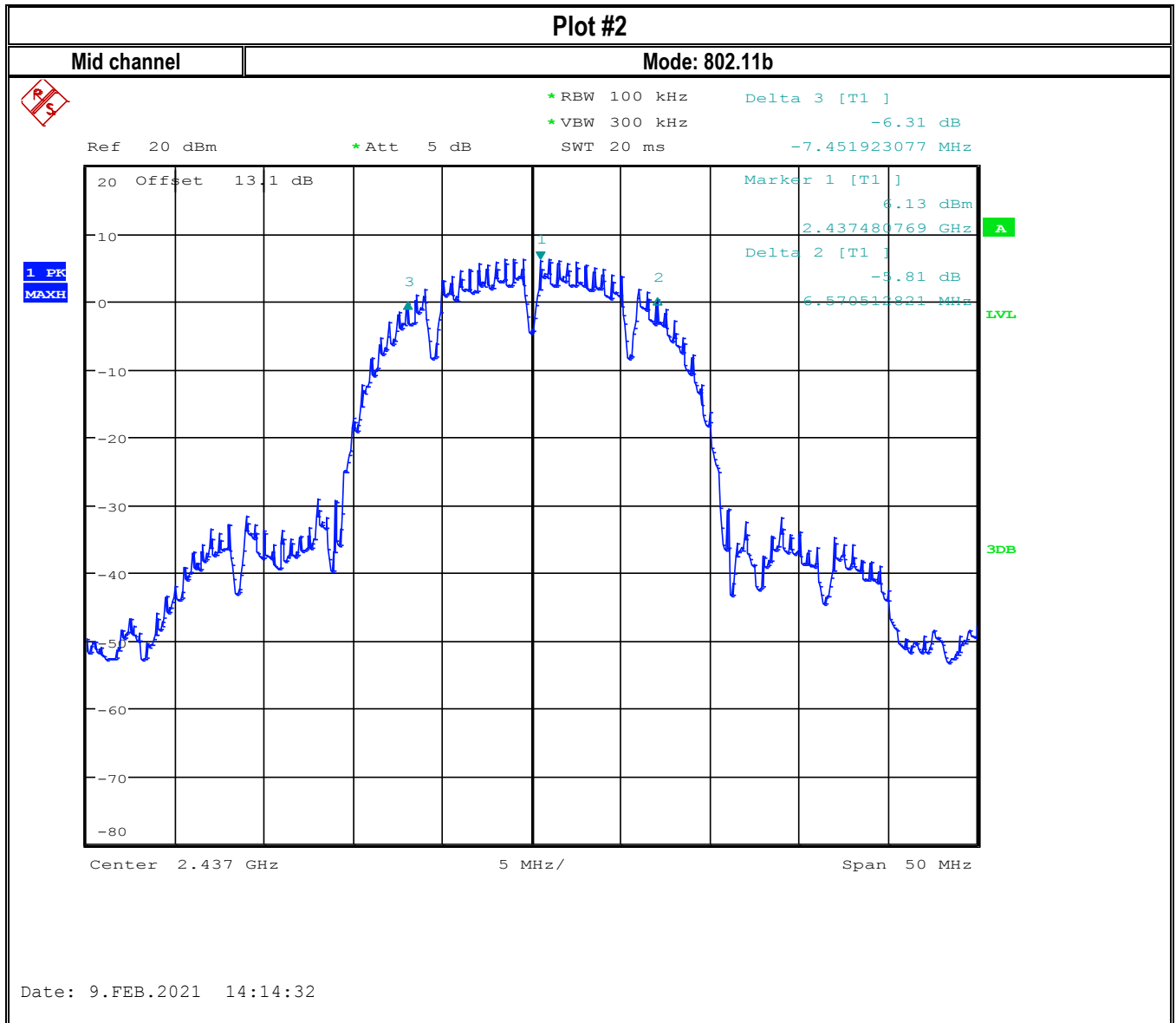
8.5.4 Measurement result:

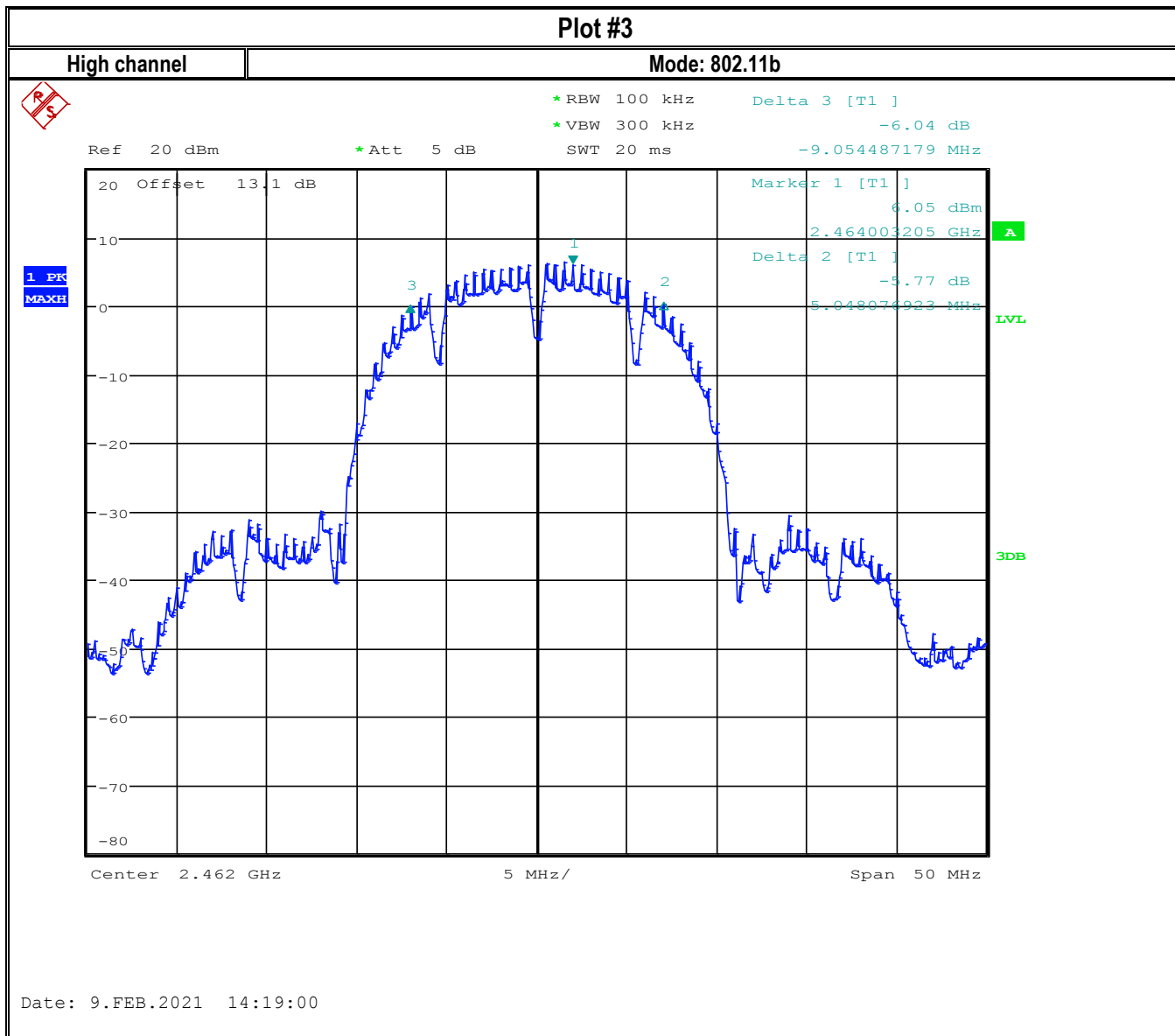
Plot #	Mode	Channel	6 dB Emissions Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
1	802.11b	1	13.94	> 0.5	Pass
2	802.11b	6	14.02	> 0.5	Pass
3	802.11b	11	14.10	> 0.5	Pass
4	802.11g	1	16.36	> 0.5	Pass
5	802.11g	6	16.43	> 0.5	Pass
6	802.11g	11	16.35	> 0.5	Pass
7	802.11n_HT20	1	17.63	> 0.5	Pass
8	802.11n_HT20	6	17.63	> 0.5	Pass
9	802.11n_HT20	11	17.63	> 0.5	Pass

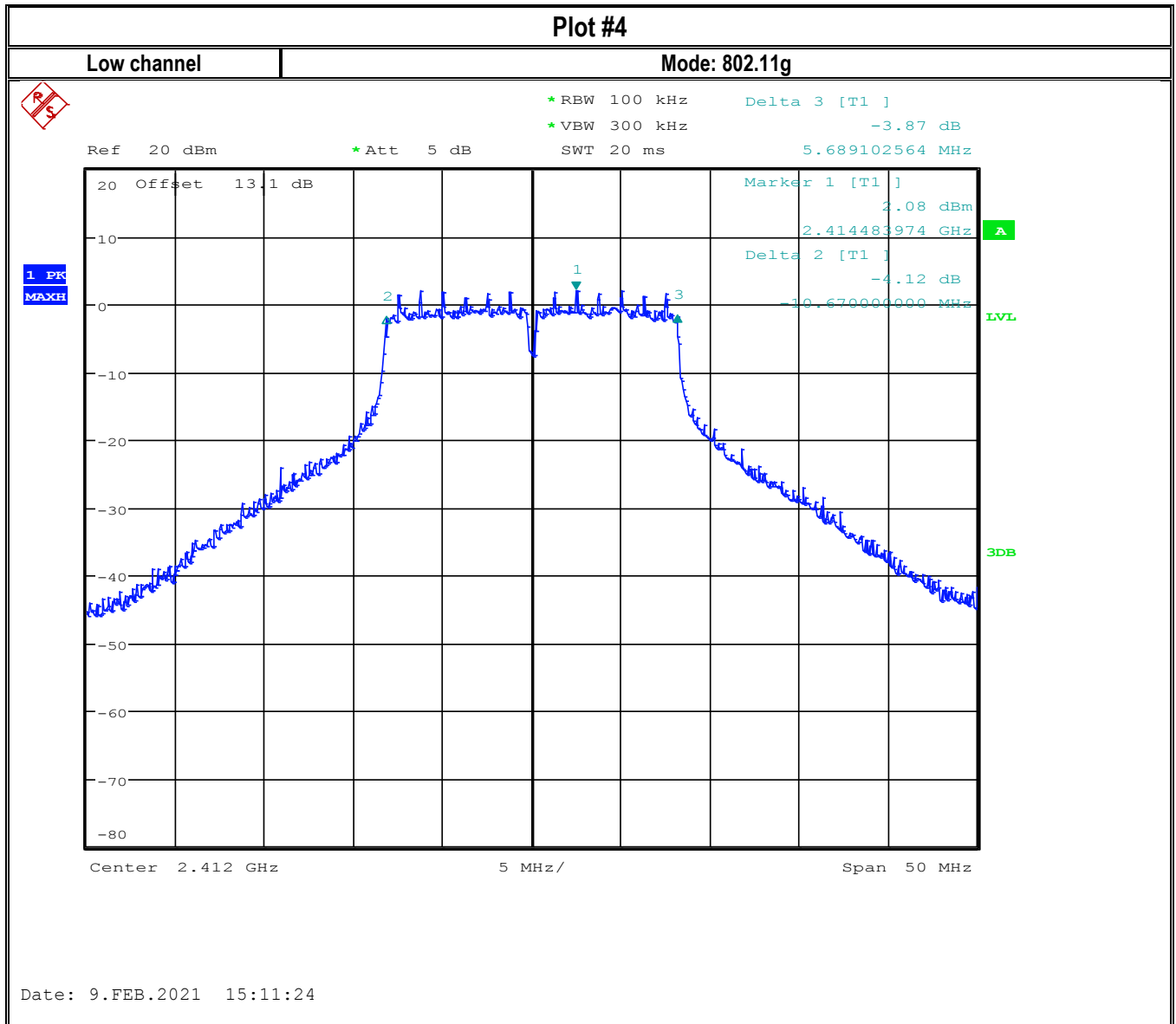
Plot #	Mode	Channel	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
10	802.11b	1	17.07	> 0.5	Pass
11	802.11b	6	17.07	> 0.5	Pass
12	802.11b	11	17.07	> 0.5	Pass
13	802.11g	1	18.35	> 0.5	Pass
14	802.11g	6	18.35	> 0.5	Pass
15	802.11g	11	18.35	> 0.5	Pass
16	802.11n_HT20	1	19.23	> 0.5	Pass
17	802.11n_HT20	6	19.23	> 0.5	Pass
18	802.11n_HT20	11	19.23	> 0.5	Pass

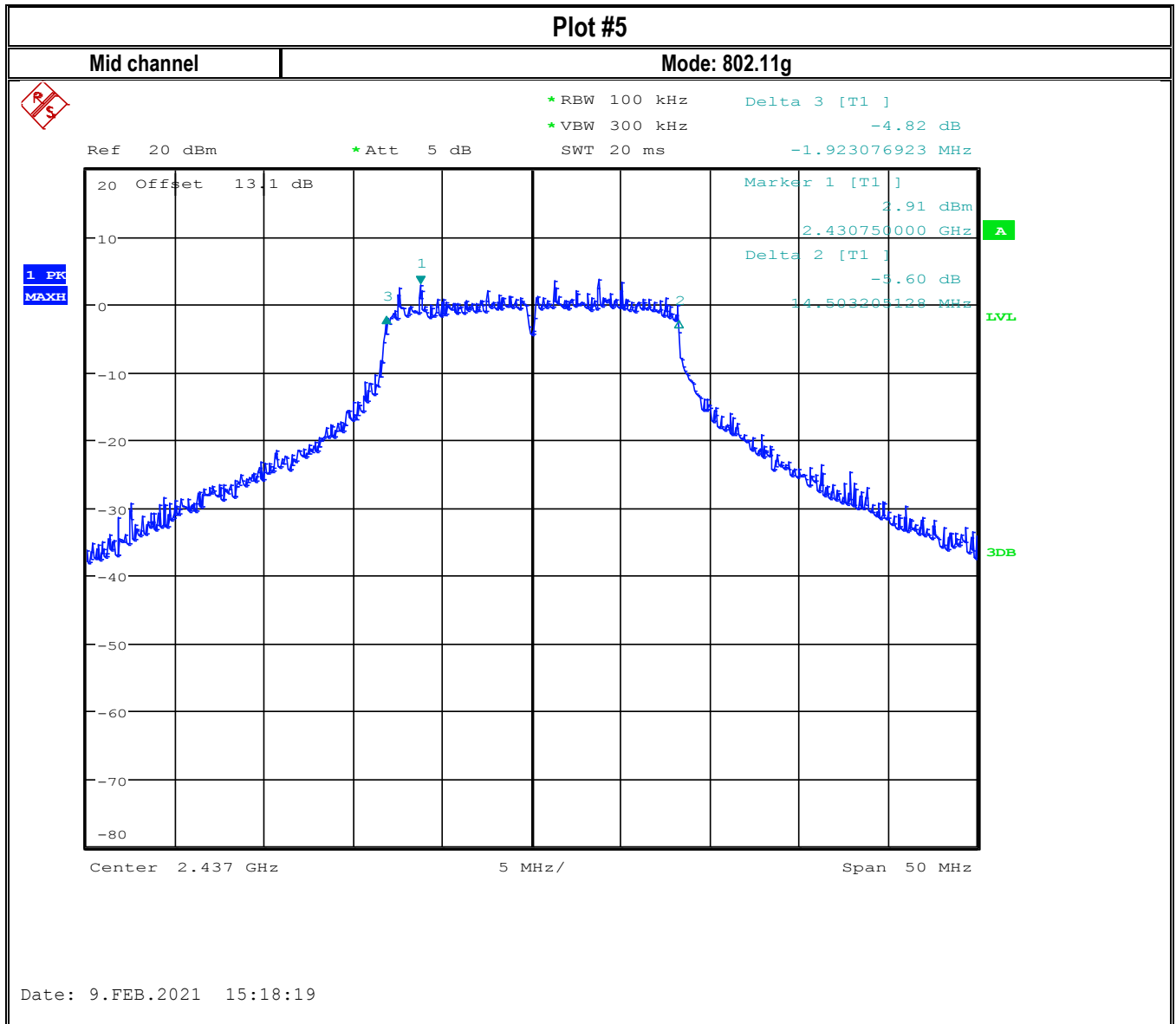
8.5.5 Measurement Plots:

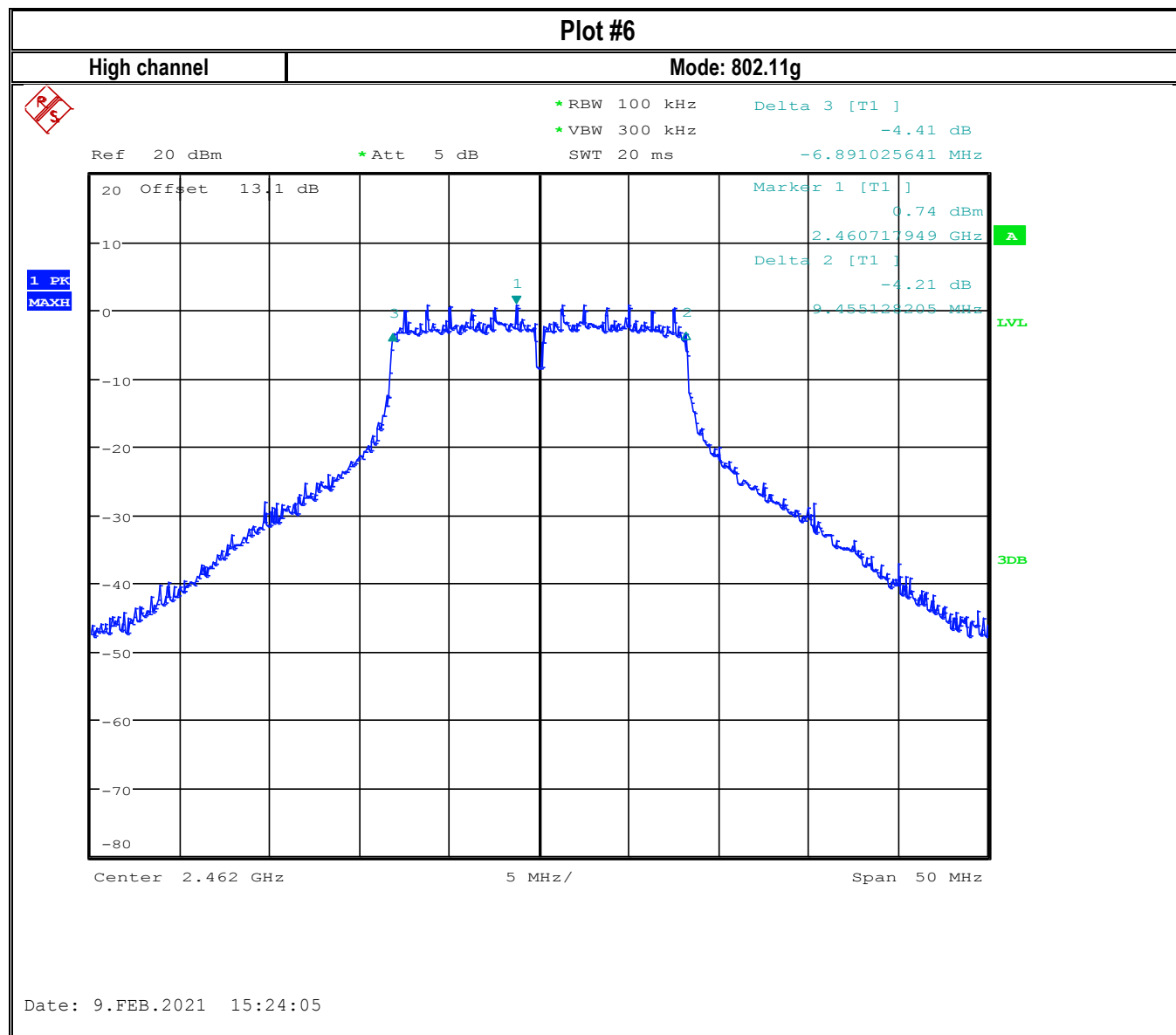


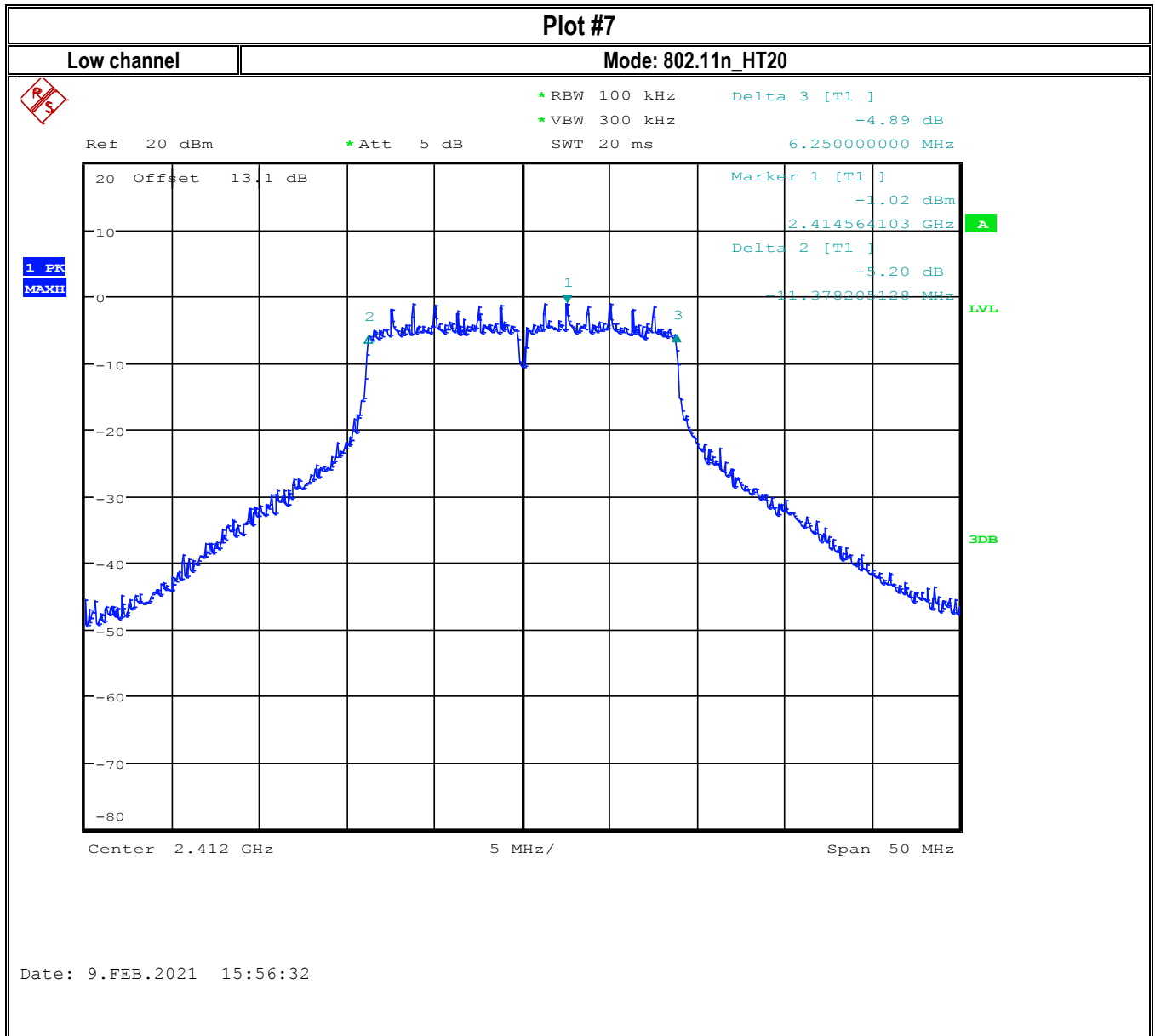


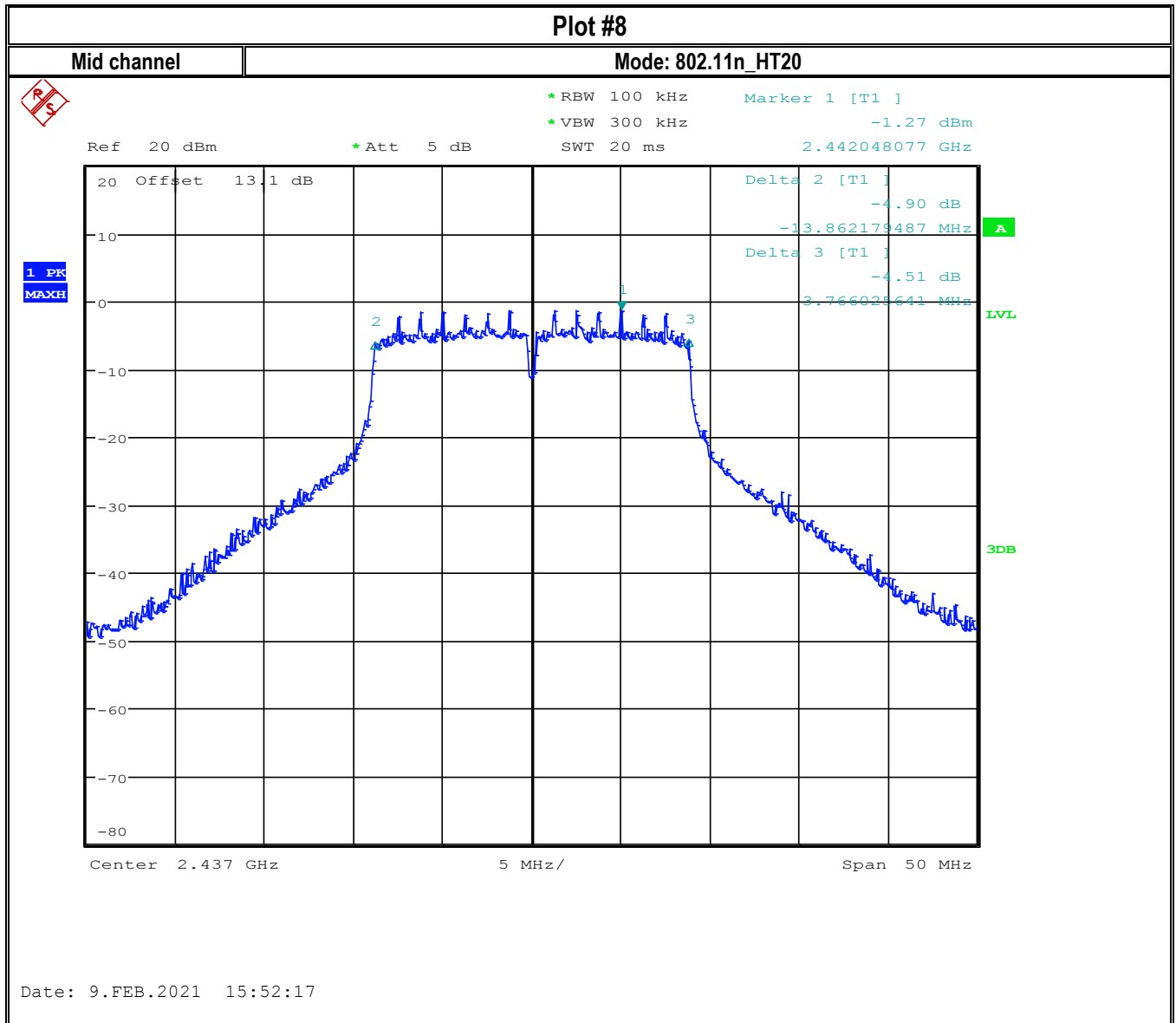


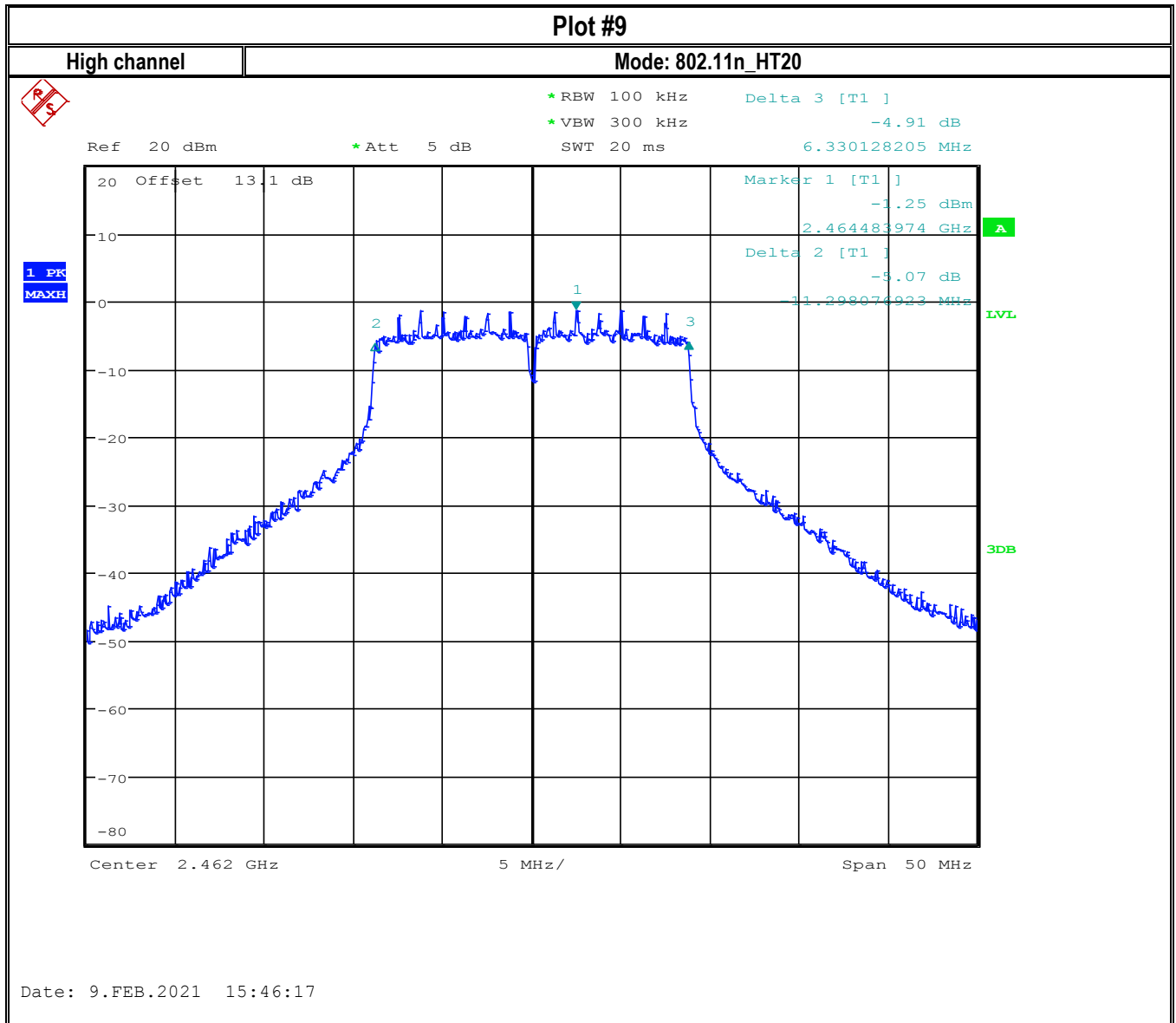


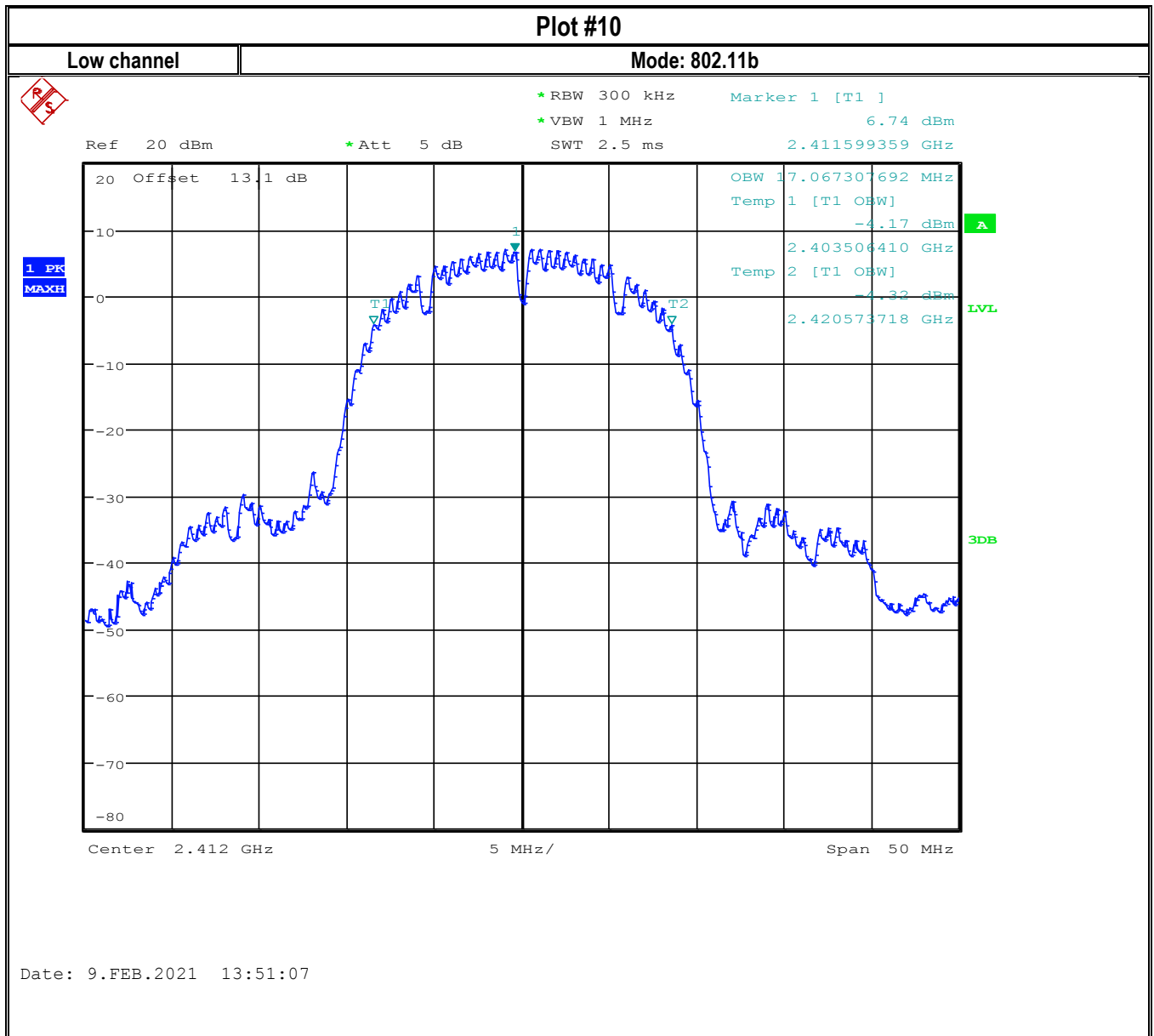


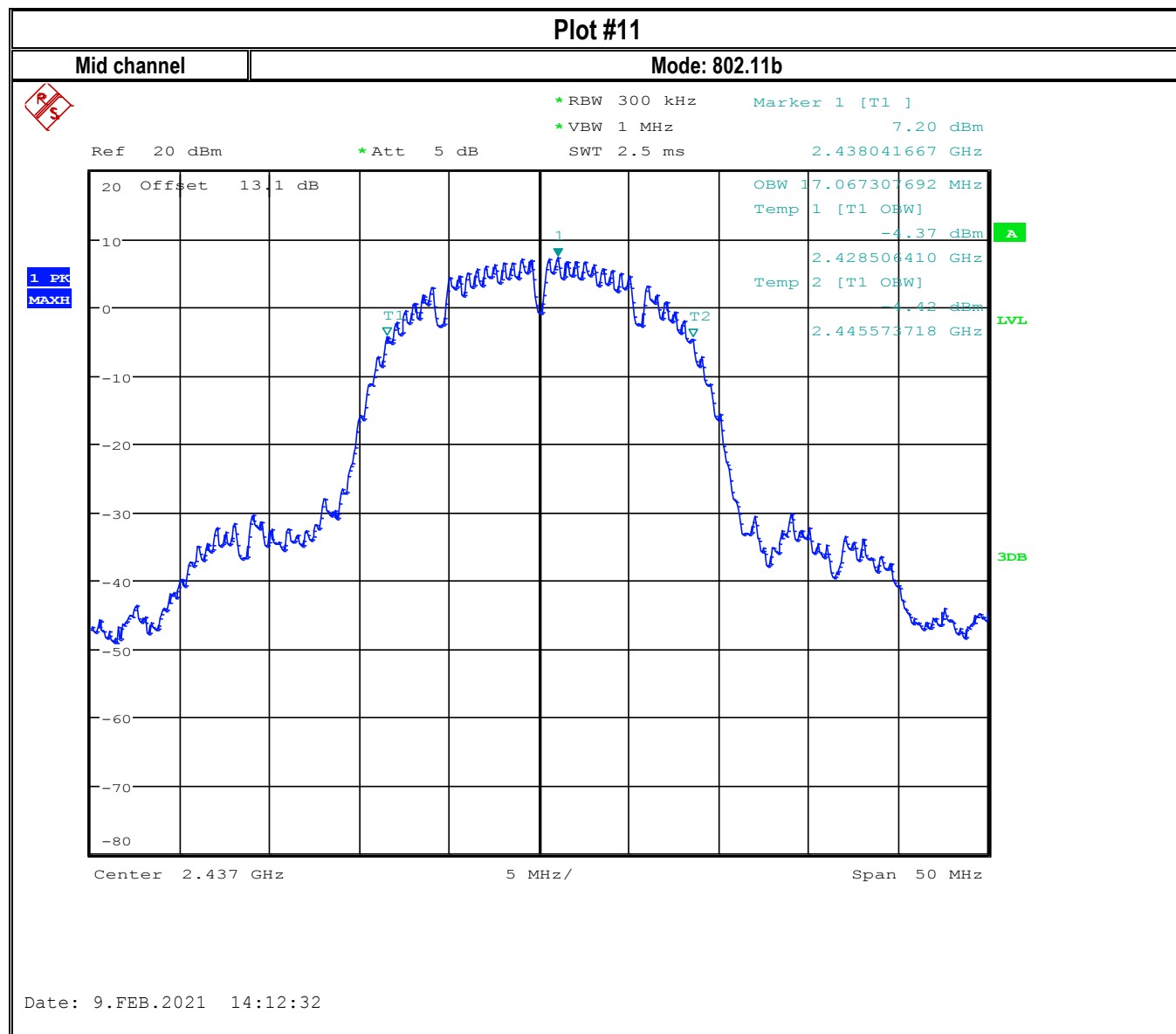


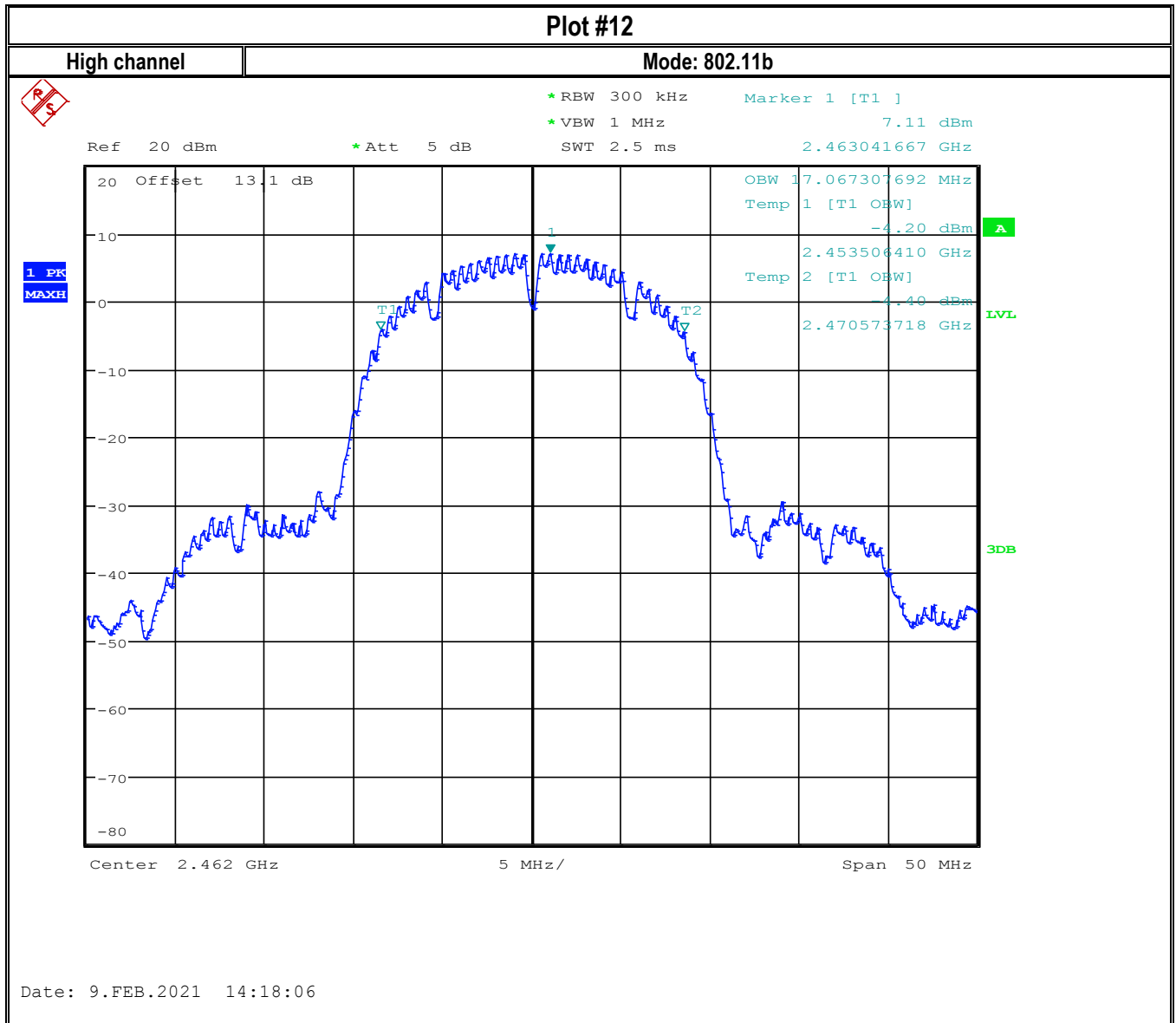


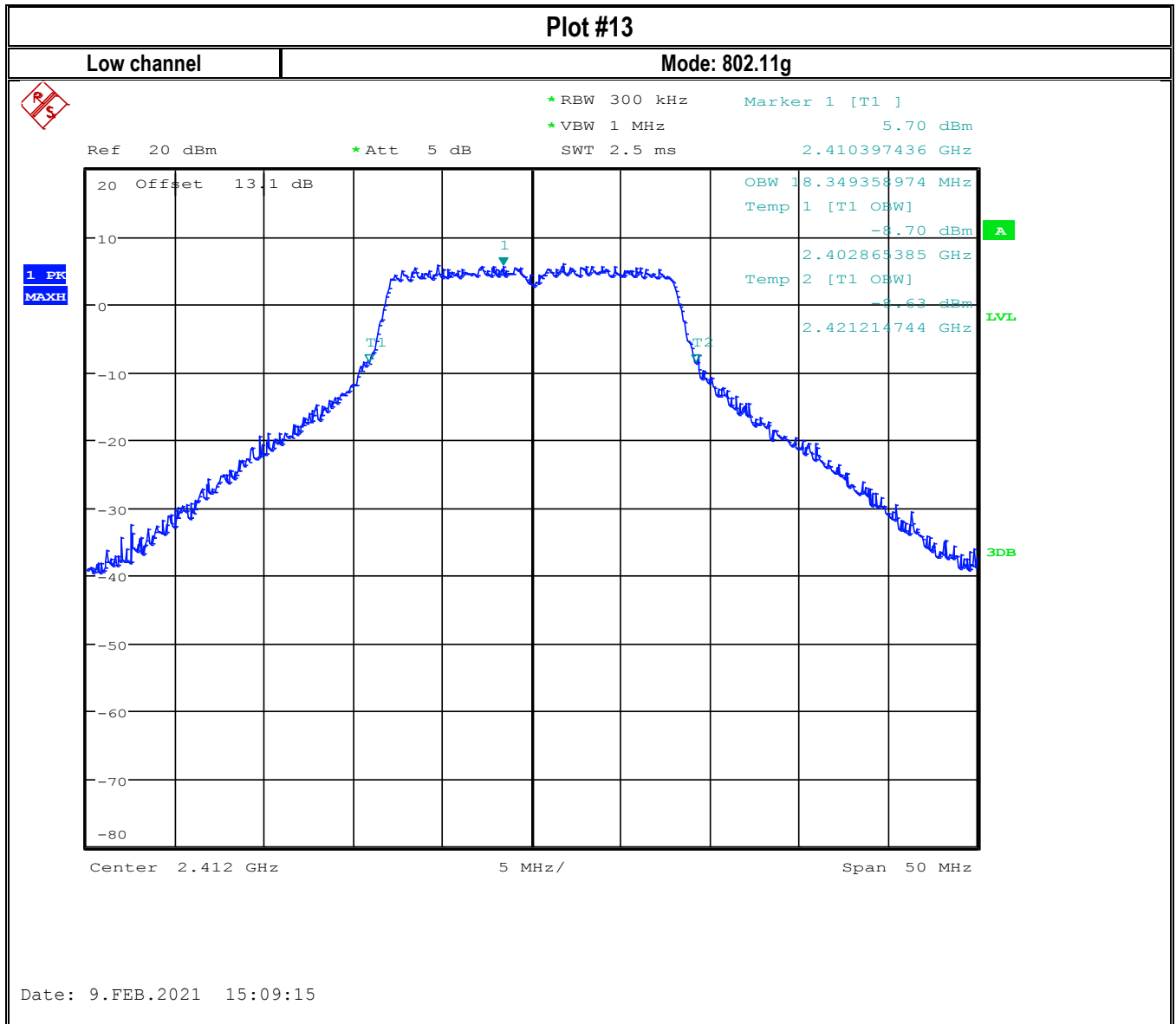


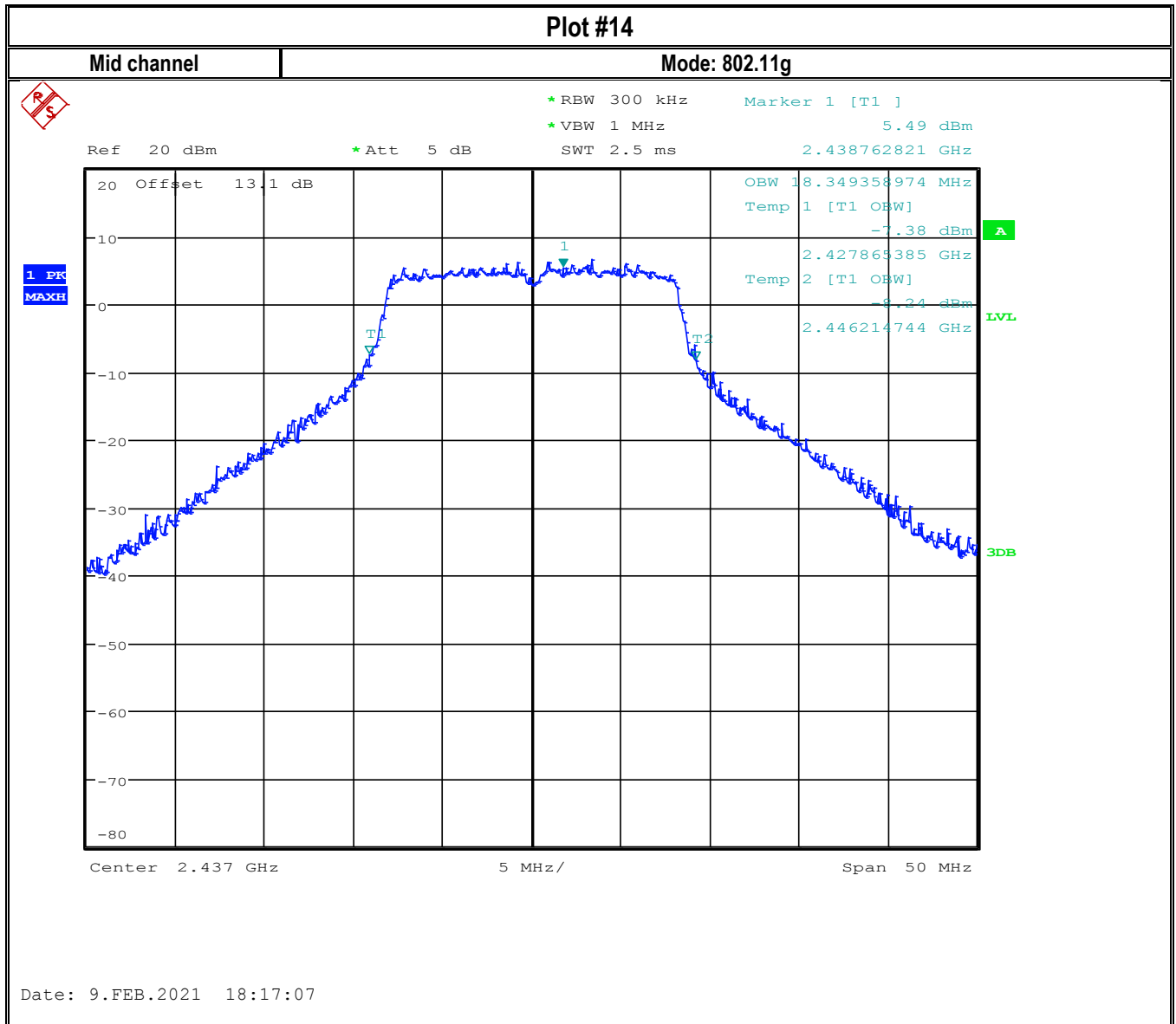


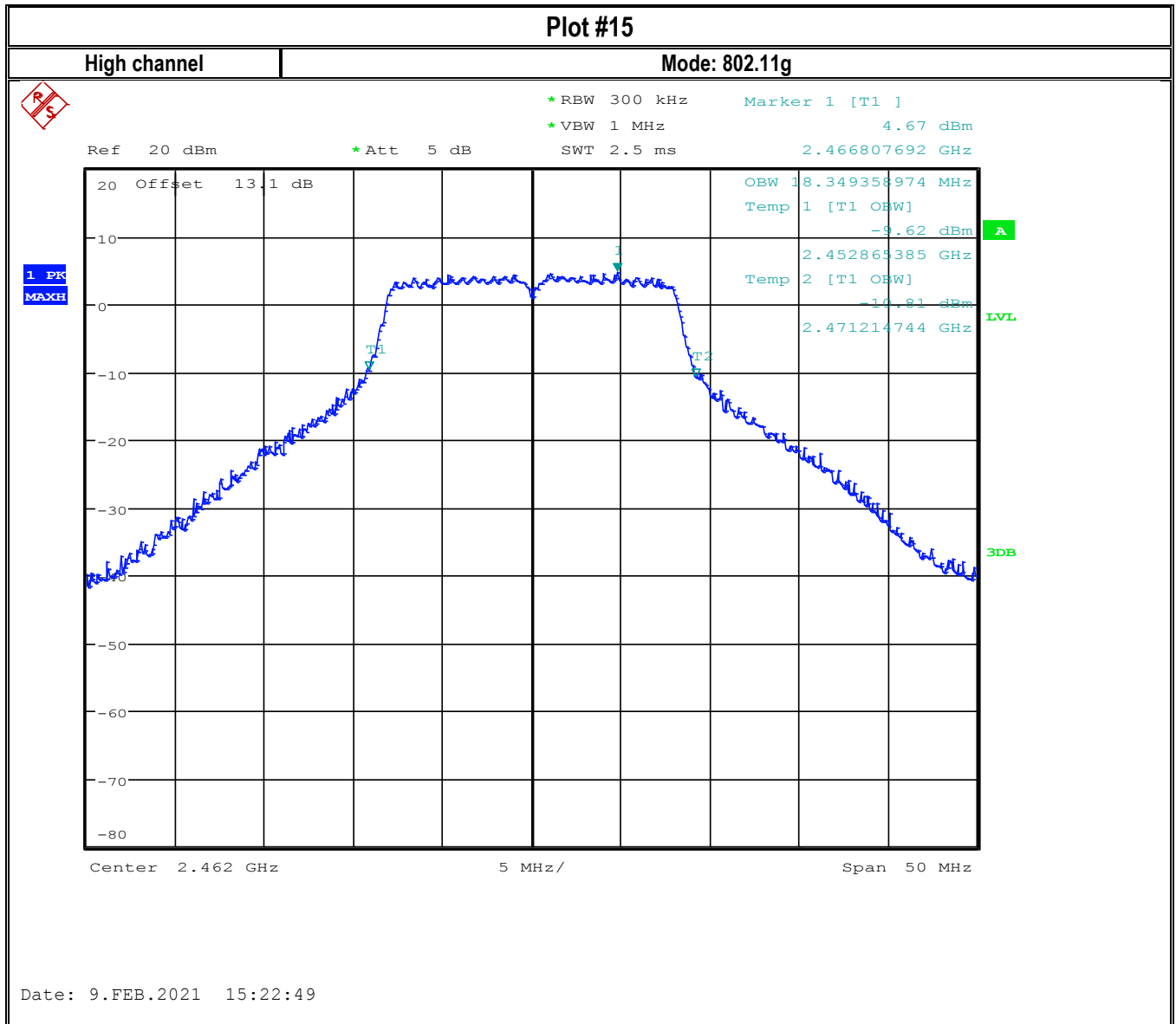


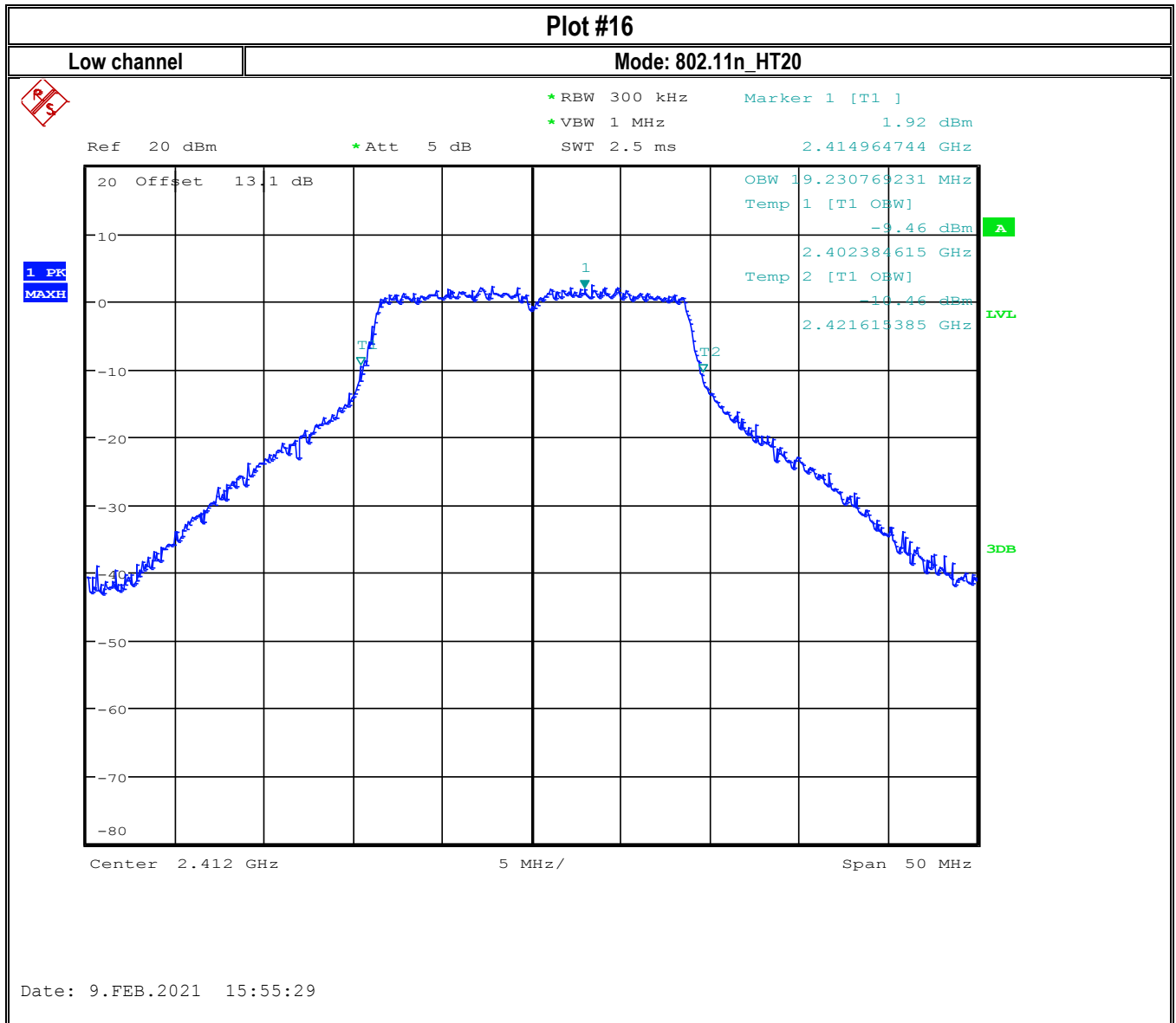


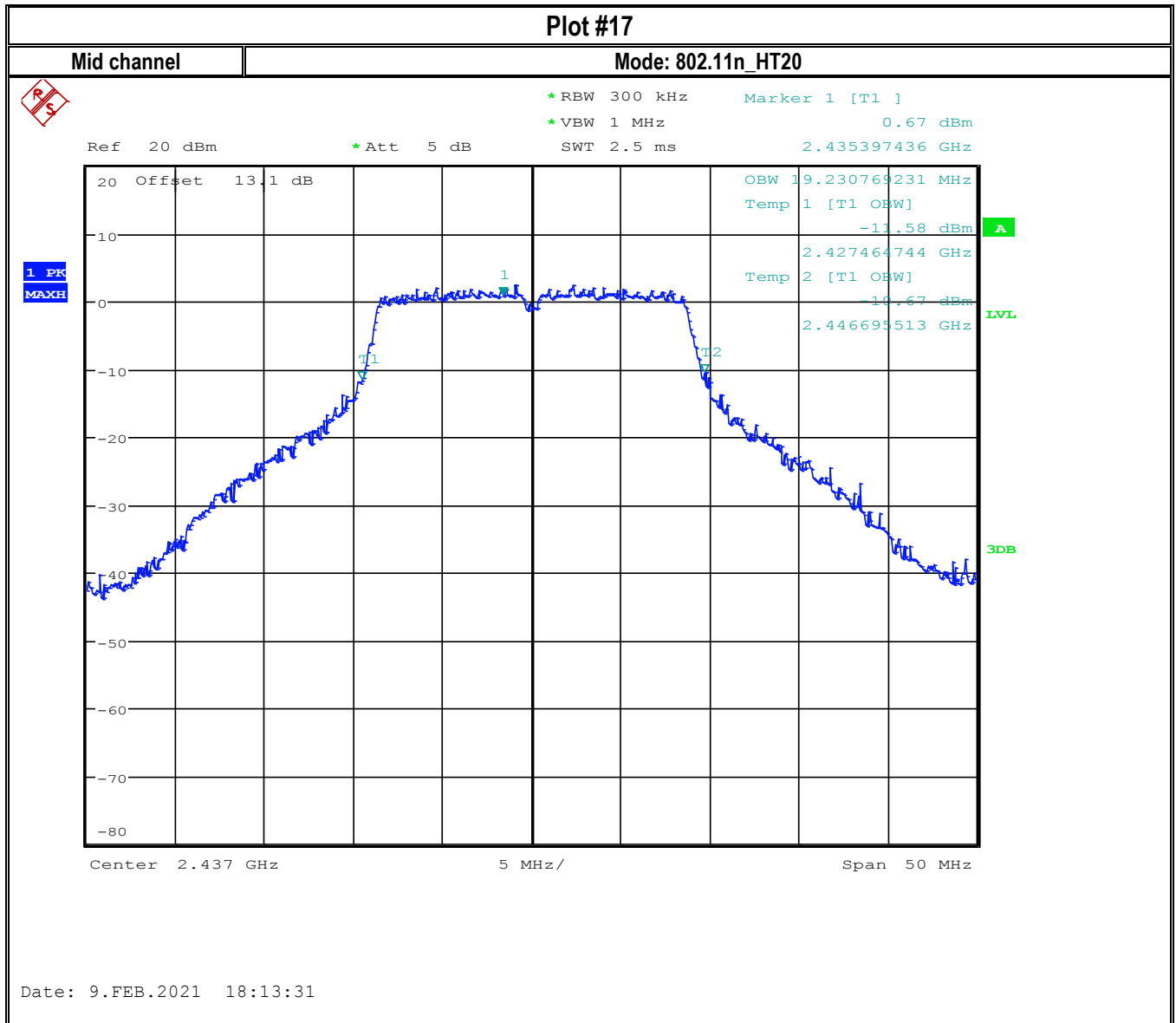


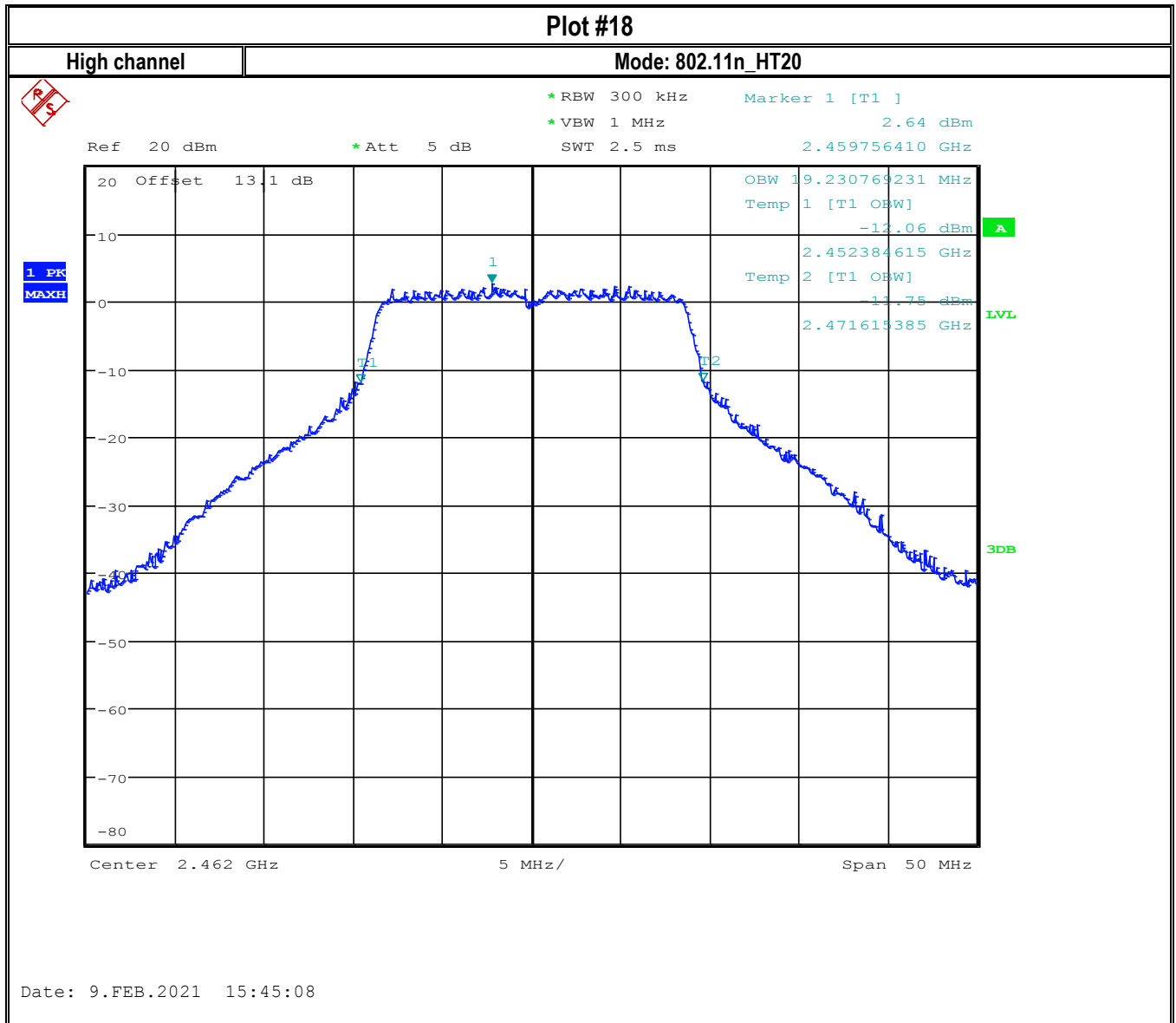












8.6 Transmitter Frequency Stability

8.6.1 Measurement according to FCC 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = Max hold
- Sweep = Auto couple
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

8.6.2 Limits:

FCC §15.215(c)

Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

RSS Gen 6.11

When the measurement method of transmitter frequency stability is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference standards, the following conditions apply:

The reference temperature for radio transmitters is +20°C (+68°F).

A hand-held device that is only capable of operating using internal batteries shall be tested at the battery's nominal voltage, and again at the battery's operating end-point voltage, which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer. For this test, either a battery or an external power supply can be used.

The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency-determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up.

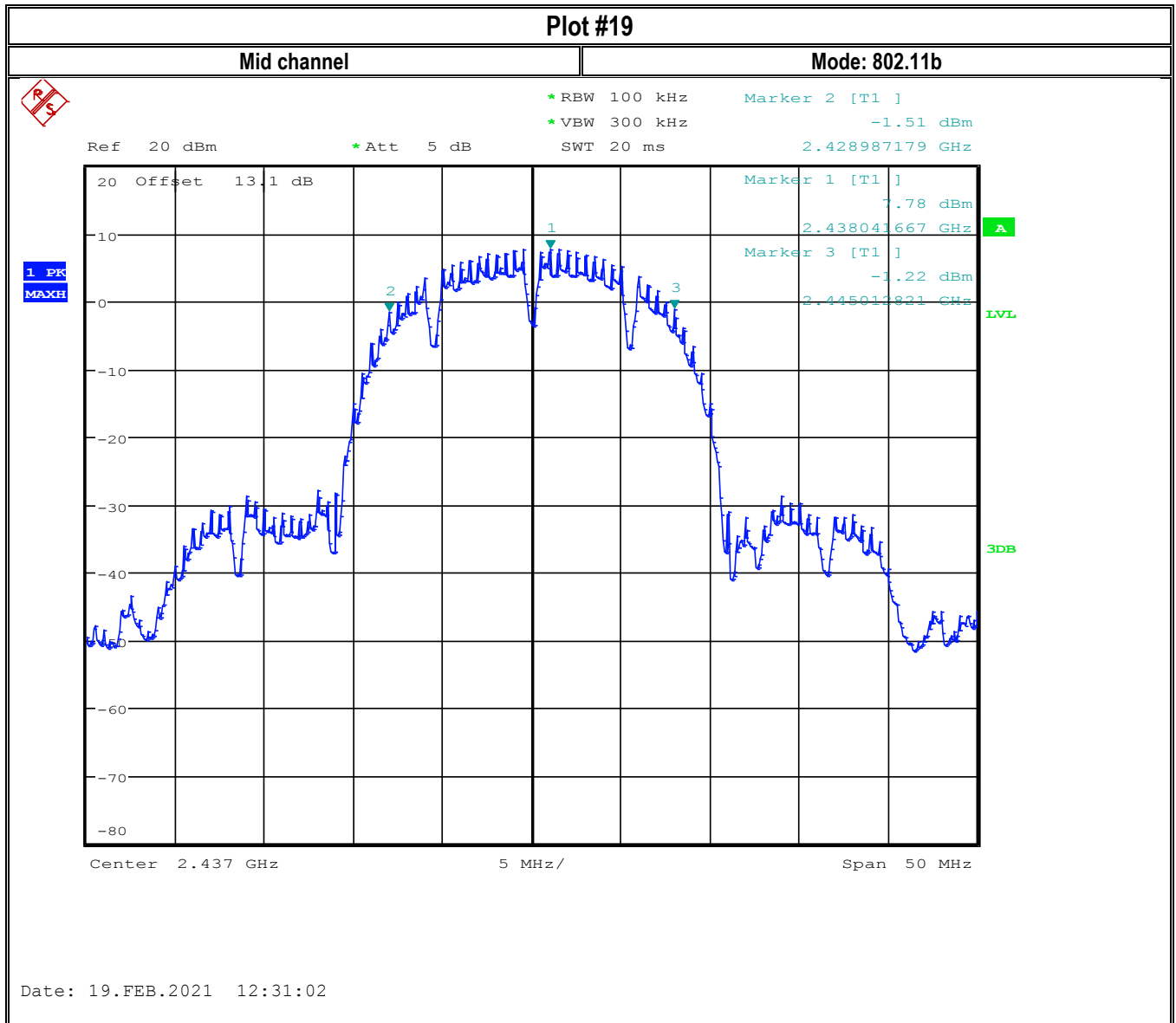
For licence-exempt devices, the following conditions apply:

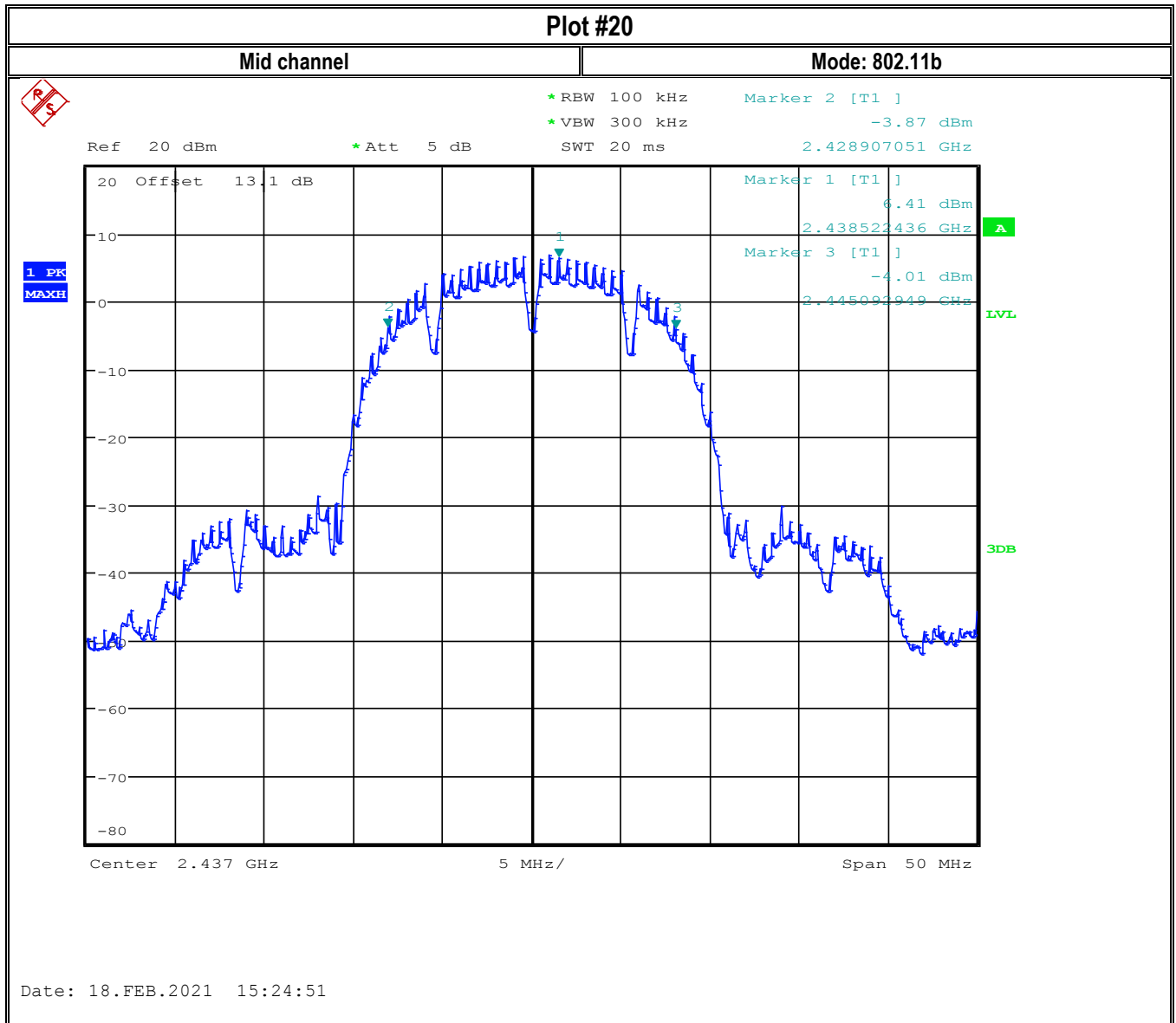
At the temperatures of -20°C (-4°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage.

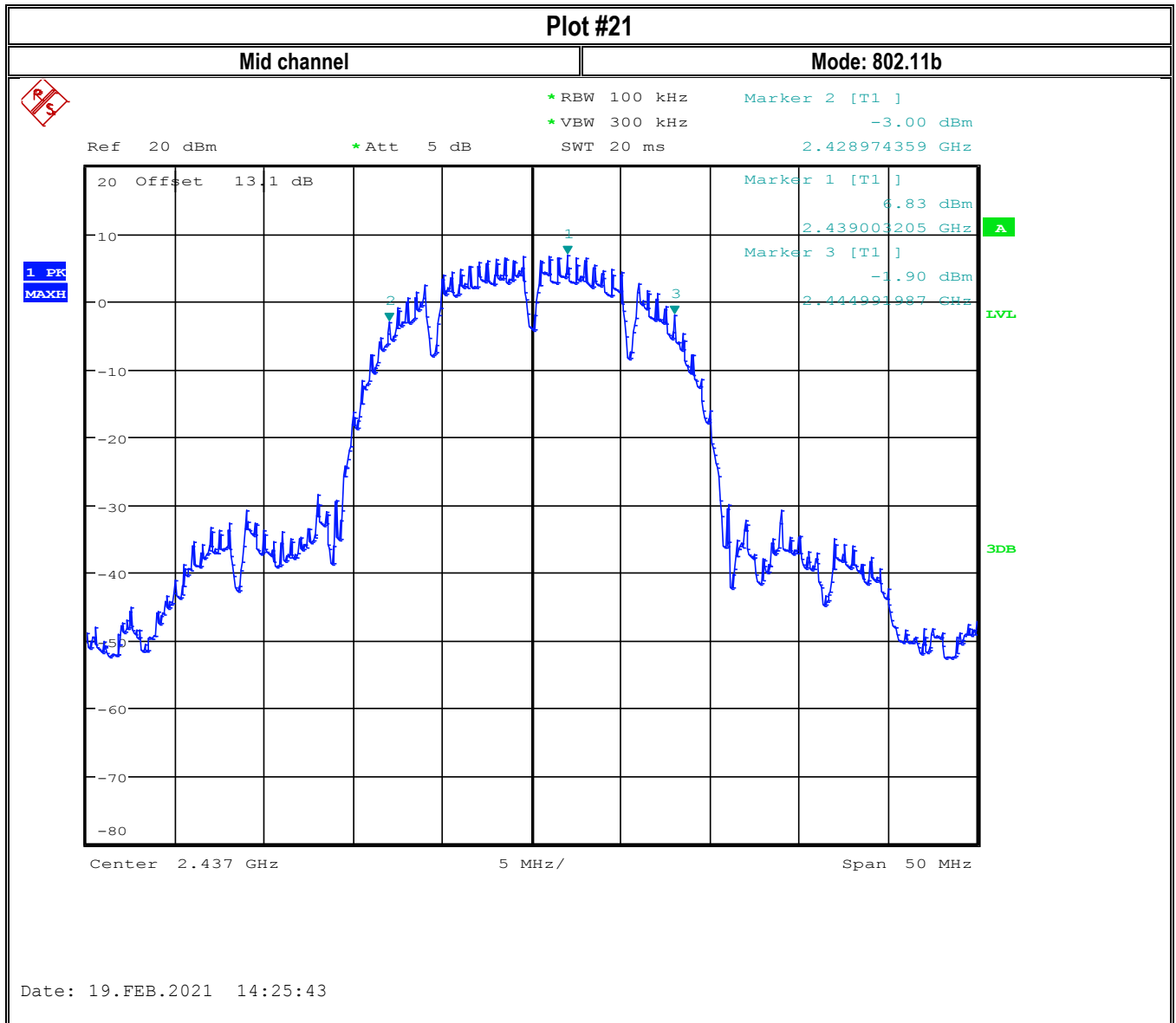
At the temperature of +20°C (+68°F) and at $\pm 15\%$ of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage.

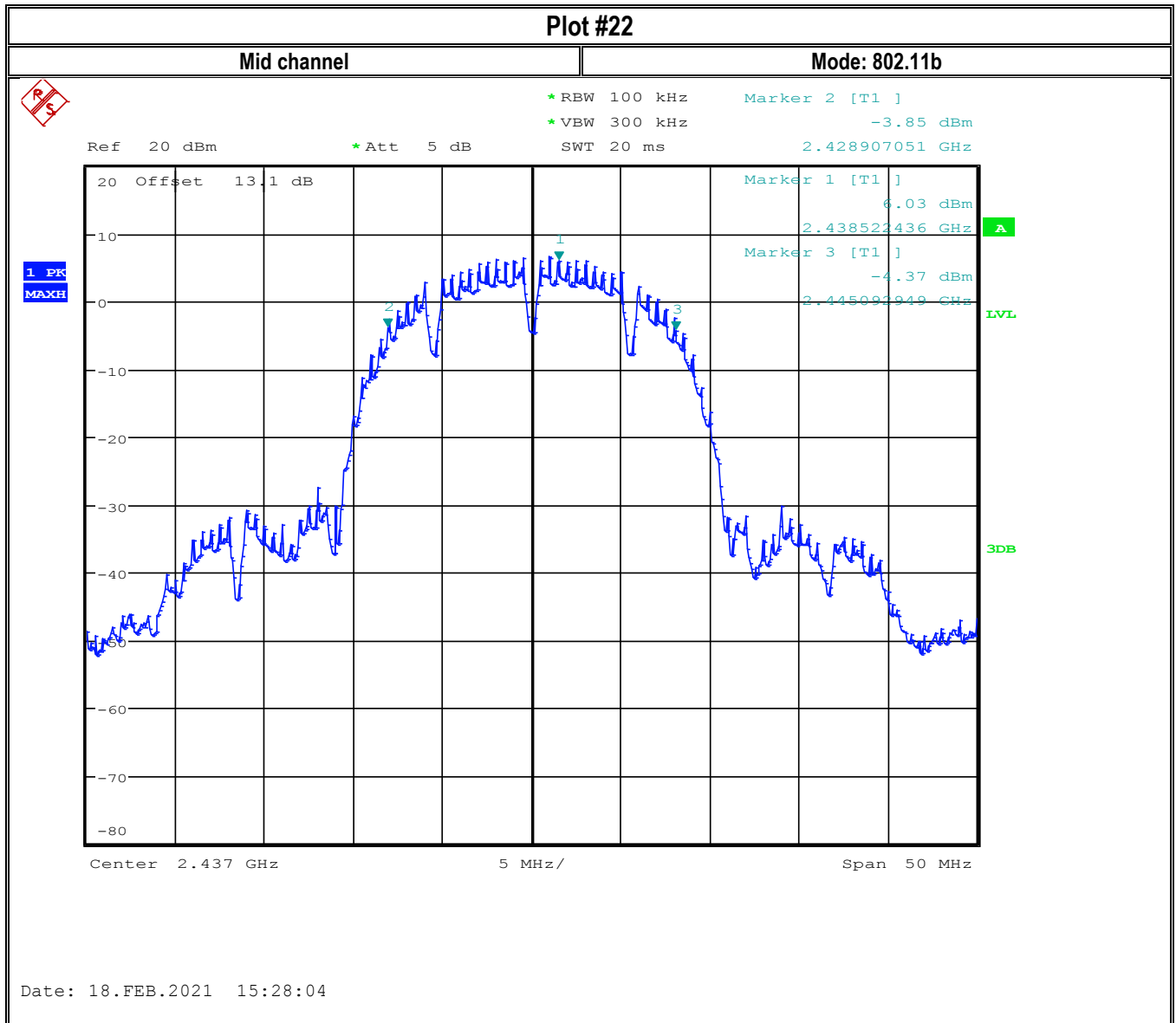
Plot	Temperature(° C)	Calculated Center Frequency(MHz)	Variation	PPM
19	-20	2.43700	0.000000	0
20	20	2.43700	0.000000	0
21	50	2.43698	-0.000020	-8.2068

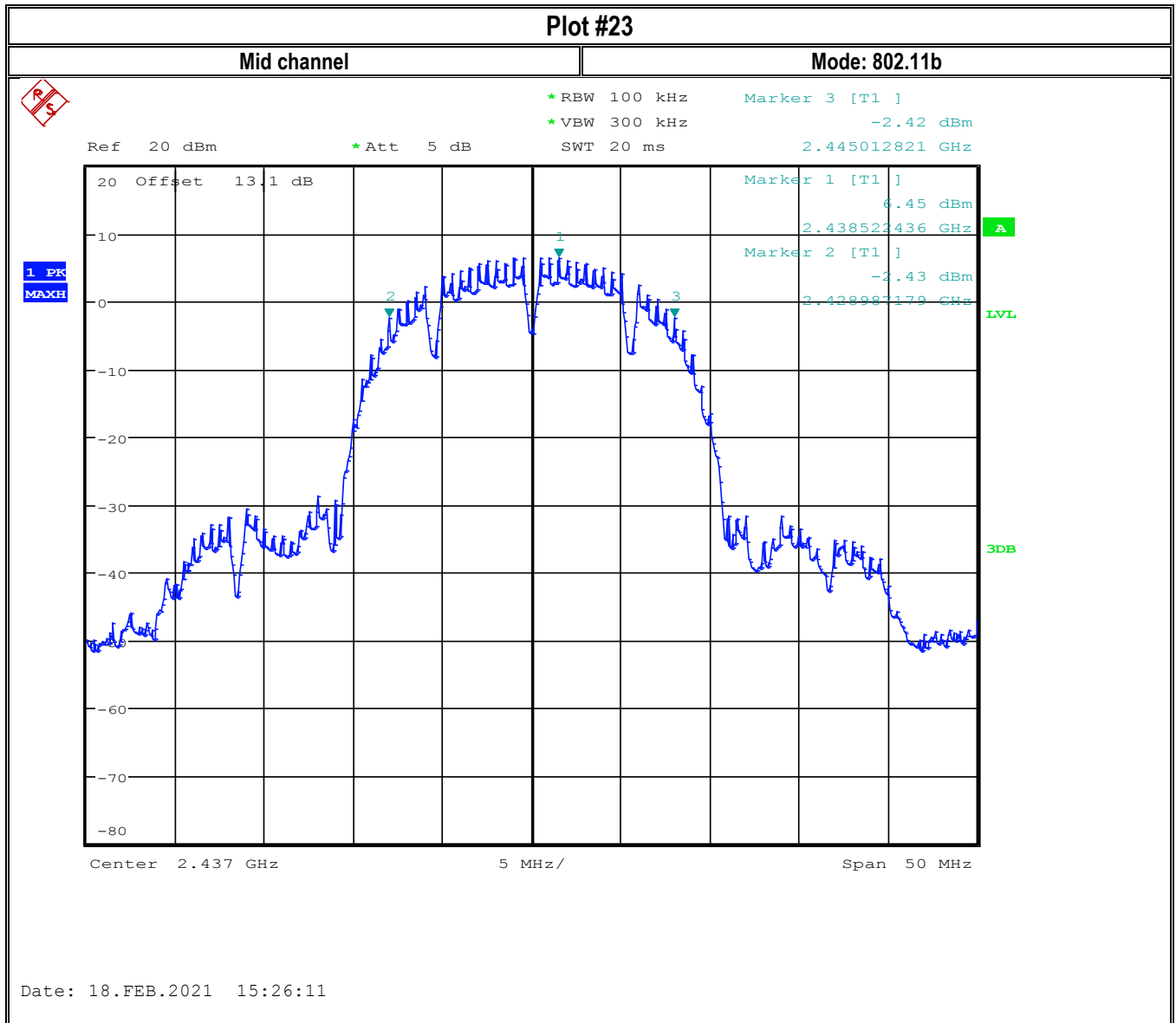
Plot	Voltage(V)	Calculated Center Frequency(MHz)	Variation	PPM
22	4.25	2.43698	-0.000020	-8.2068
20	5	2.43700	0.000000	0
23	5.75	2.43745	0.000450	184.6533











8.7 Radiated Transmitter Spurious Emissions and Restricted Bands

8.7.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)

Spectrum Analyzer Settings:

- Frequency = 9 KHz – 30 MHz
- RBW = 9 KHz
- Detector: Peak

- Frequency = 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak / Quasi-Peak
- RBW= 120 KHz (<1GHz)

- Frequency > 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak / Average
- RBW = 1 MHz

- Radiated spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequencies, transmit power, and data rate for the lowest, middle and highest channel in each frequency band of operation and for the highest gain antenna for each antenna type, and using the appropriate parameters and test requirements.
- The highest (or worst-case) data rate shall be recorded for each measurement.
- For testing at distance other than the specified in the standard, the limit conversion is calculated by using 40 dB/decade extrapolation factor as follow: Conversion factor (CF) = $40 \log (D/d) = 40 \log (300\text{m} / 3\text{m}) = 80\text{dB}$

8.7.2 Limits:

FCC §15.247

- In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

FCC §15.209 & RSS-Gen 8.9

- Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)	Field strength @ 3m (dBμV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz) / -----	300	-
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz) / -----	30	-
1.705–30.0	30 / (29.5)	30	-
30–88	100	3	40 dBμV/m
88–216	150	3	43.5 dBμV/m
216–960	200	3	46 dBμV/m
Above 960	500	3	54 dBμV/m

FCC §15.205 & RSS-Gen 8.10

- Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

- Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

*PEAK LIMIT= 74 dBμV/m

*AVG. LIMIT= 54 dBμV/m

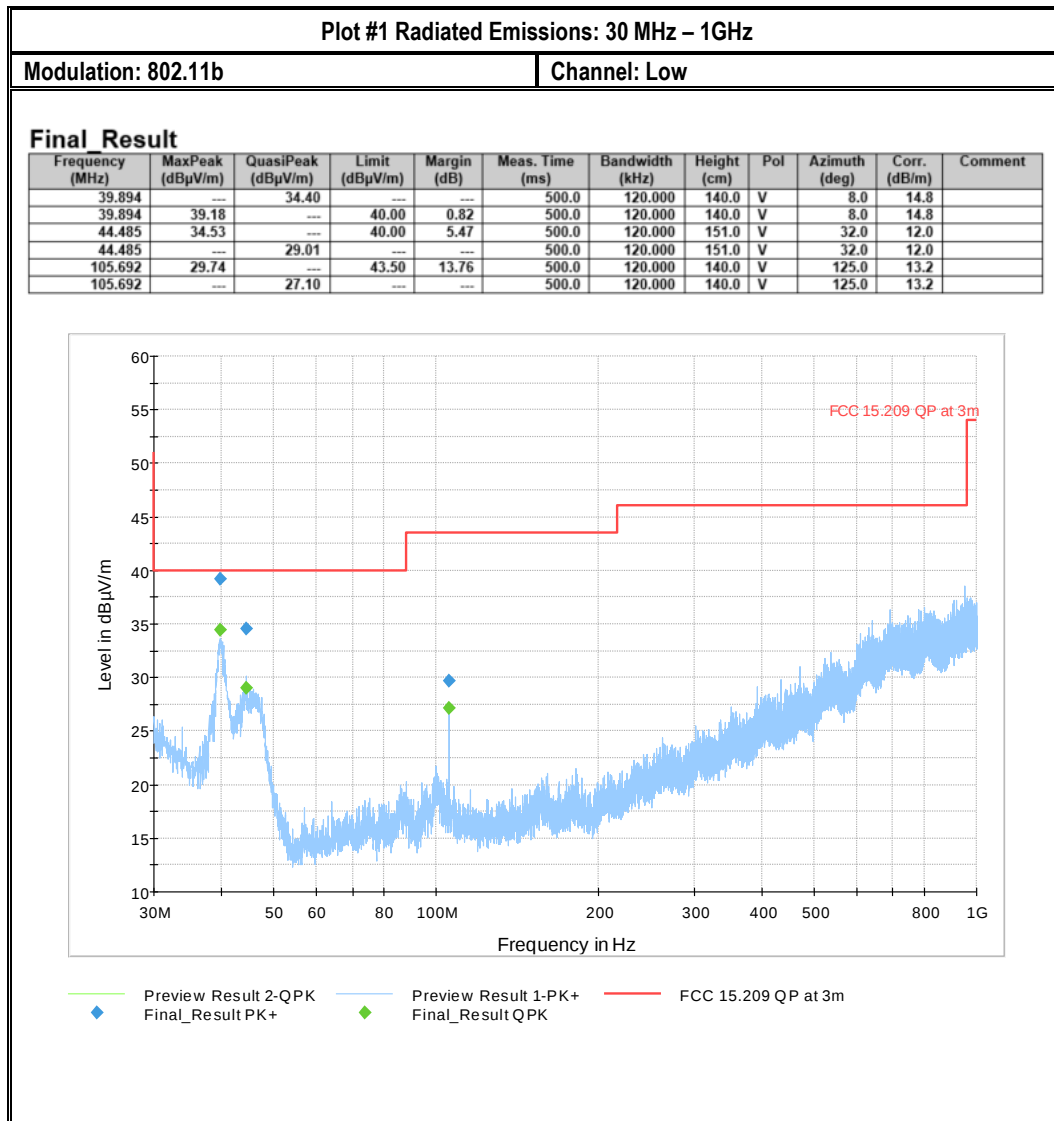
8.7.3 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input
23° C	1	802.11b	110 VAC

8.7.4 Measurement result:

Plot #	Channel #	Scan Frequency	Limit	Result
1-3	Low	30 MHz – 18 GHz	See section 8.7.2	Pass
4-8	Mid	9 kHz – 26 GHz	See section 8.7.2	Pass
9-11	High	30 MHz – 18 GHz	See section 8.7.2	Pass

8.7.5 Measurement Plots:



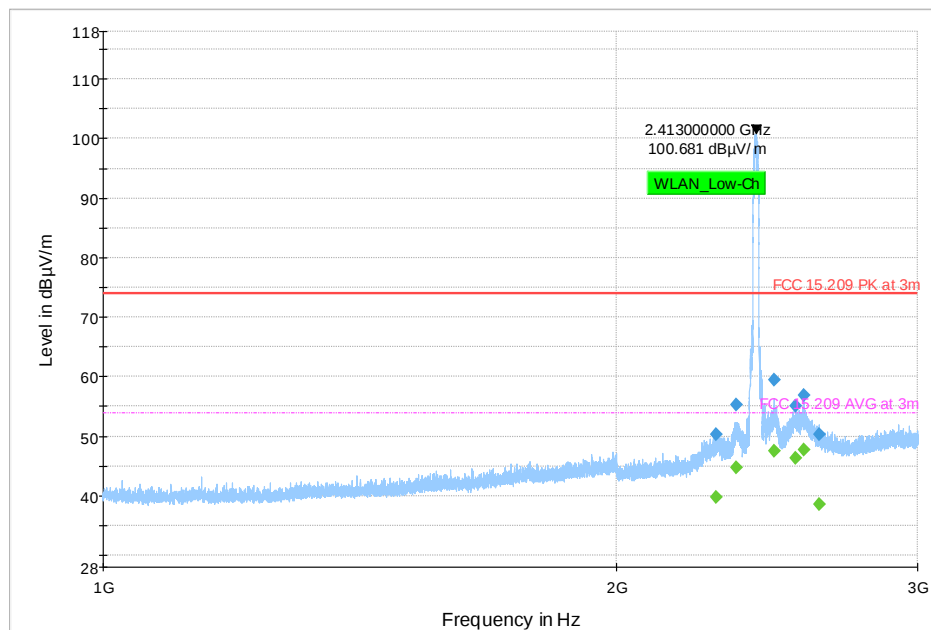
Plot #2 Radiated Emissions: 1-3 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Low

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
2285.857	50.36	---	73.98	23.62	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	165.0	9.1	
2285.857	---	39.66	53.98	14.32	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	165.0	9.1	
2348.571	55.29	---	73.98	18.69	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	0.0	9.2	
2348.571	---	44.70	53.98	9.28	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	0.0	9.2	
2471.429	59.44	---	73.98	14.54	500.0	1000.000	197.0	V	4.0	9.6	
2471.429	---	47.58	53.98	6.40	500.0	1000.000	197.0	V	4.0	9.6	
2544.714	---	46.25	53.98	7.73	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	-37.0	9.9	
2544.714	55.07	---	73.98	18.91	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	-37.0	9.9	
2573.857	56.86	---	73.98	17.12	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	322.0	10.3	
2573.857	---	47.62	53.98	6.35	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	322.0	10.3	
2627.857	---	38.47	53.98	15.51	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	23.0	10.7	
2627.857	50.25	---	73.98	23.73	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	23.0	10.7	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+ Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
 ◆ Final_Result CAV

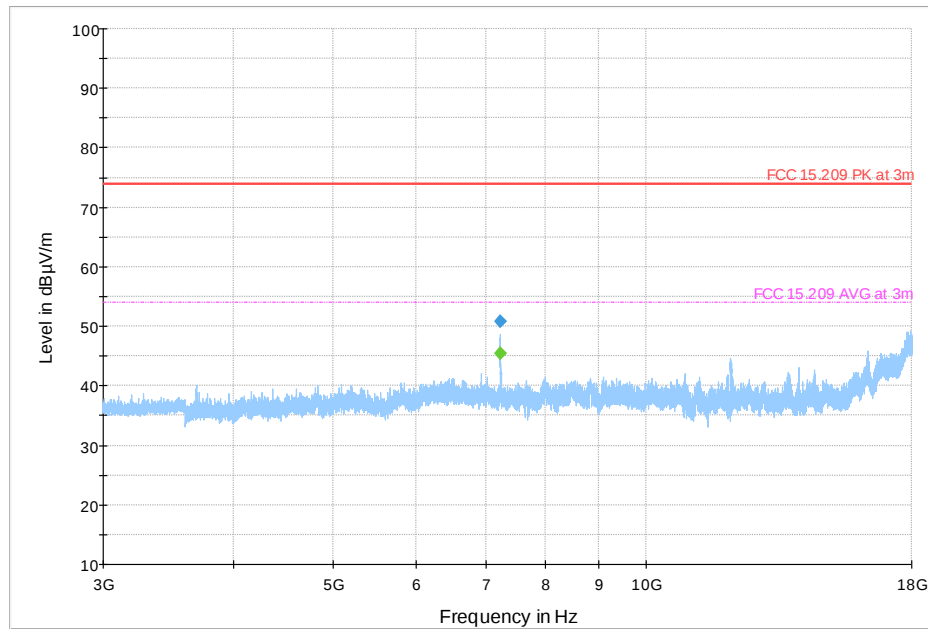
Plot #3 Radiated Emissions: 3-18 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Low

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
7239.000	---	45.42	53.98	8.56	500.0	1000.000	140.0	H	239.0	-0.6	
7239.000	50.89	---	73.98	23.09	500.0	1000.000	140.0	H	239.0	-0.6	

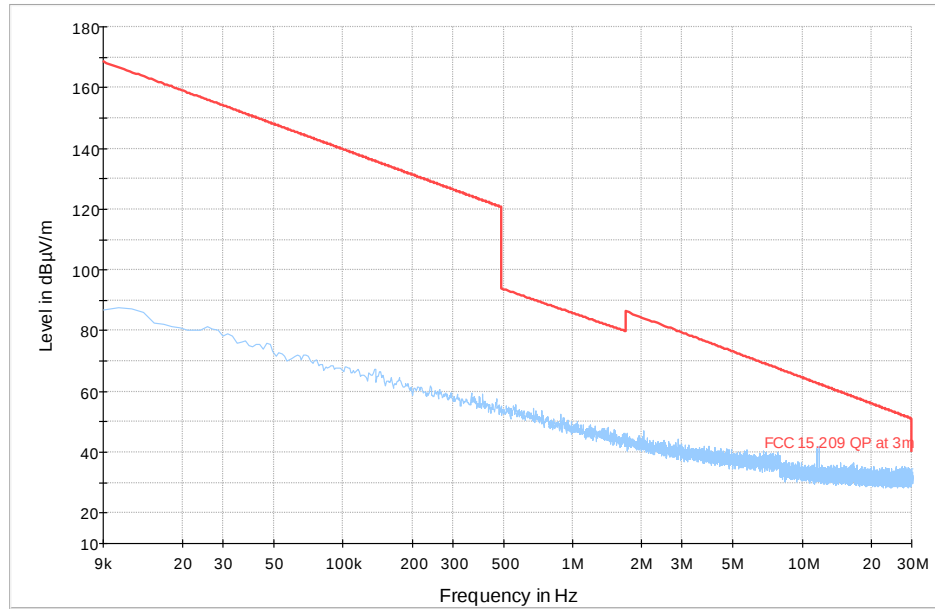


— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+
◆ Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
◆ Final_Result CAV

Plot #4 Radiated Emissions: 9 KHz – 30 MHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Mid



Preview Result 2-QPK
Critical_Freqs PK+
Final_Result QPK

Preview Result 1-PK+
FCC 15.209 QP at 3m

Critical_Freqs QPK
Final_Result PK+

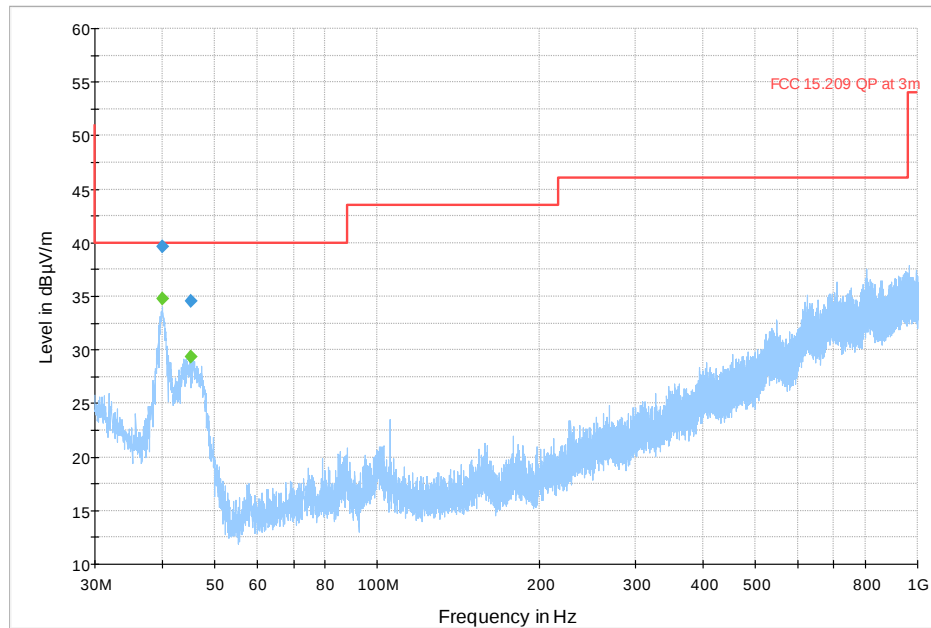
Plot #5 Radiated Emissions: 30 MHz – 1GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Mid

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
39.959	39.59	---	40.00	0.41	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	135.0	14.8	
39.959	---	34.76	---	---	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	135.0	14.8	
45.197	34.59	---	40.00	5.41	500.0	120.000	151.0	V	8.0	11.7	
45.197	---	29.41	---	---	500.0	120.000	151.0	V	8.0	11.7	



◆ Preview Result 2-QPK Final_Result PK+
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+ Final_Result QPK
 — FCC 15.209 QP at 3m

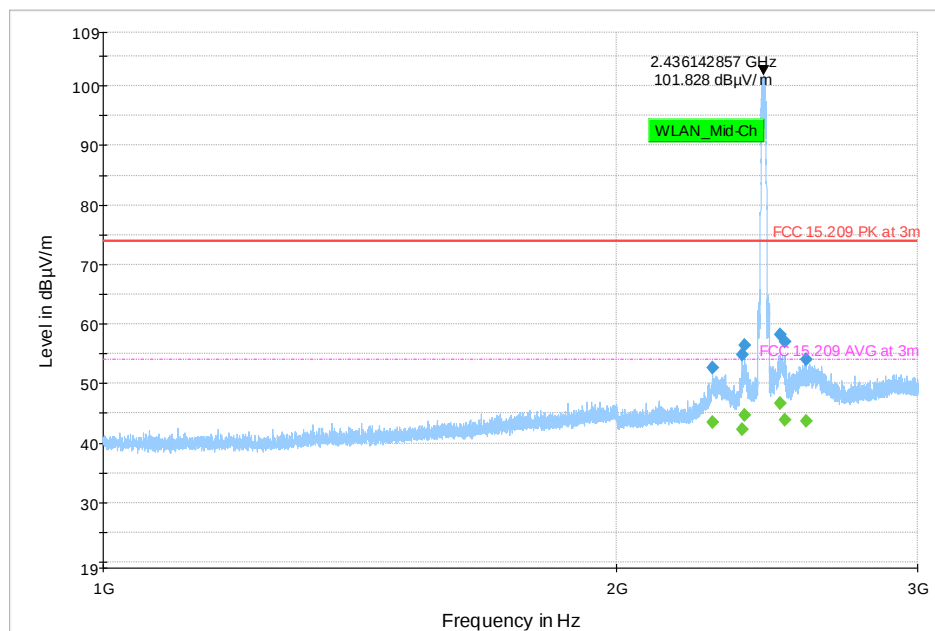
Plot #6 Radiated Emissions: 1-3 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Mid

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
2275.714	52.59	---	73.98	21.39	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	152.0	9.1	
2275.714	---	43.53	53.98	10.45	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	152.0	9.1	
2366.000	54.90	---	73.98	19.08	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	15.0	9.2	
2366.000	---	42.31	53.98	11.67	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	15.0	9.2	
2375.714	---	44.72	53.98	9.26	500.0	1000.000	164.0	V	10.0	9.2	
2375.714	56.48	---	73.98	17.50	500.0	1000.000	164.0	V	10.0	9.2	
2492.857	58.29	---	73.98	15.69	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	324.0	9.7	
2492.857	---	46.74	53.98	7.24	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	324.0	9.7	
2506.429	57.03	---	73.98	16.95	500.0	1000.000	195.0	V	-20.0	9.8	
2506.429	---	43.91	53.98	10.07	500.0	1000.000	195.0	V	-20.0	9.8	
2581.429	---	43.72	53.98	10.26	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	39.0	10.3	
2581.429	53.99	---	73.98	19.99	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	39.0	10.3	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+
◆ Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
◆ Final_Result CAV

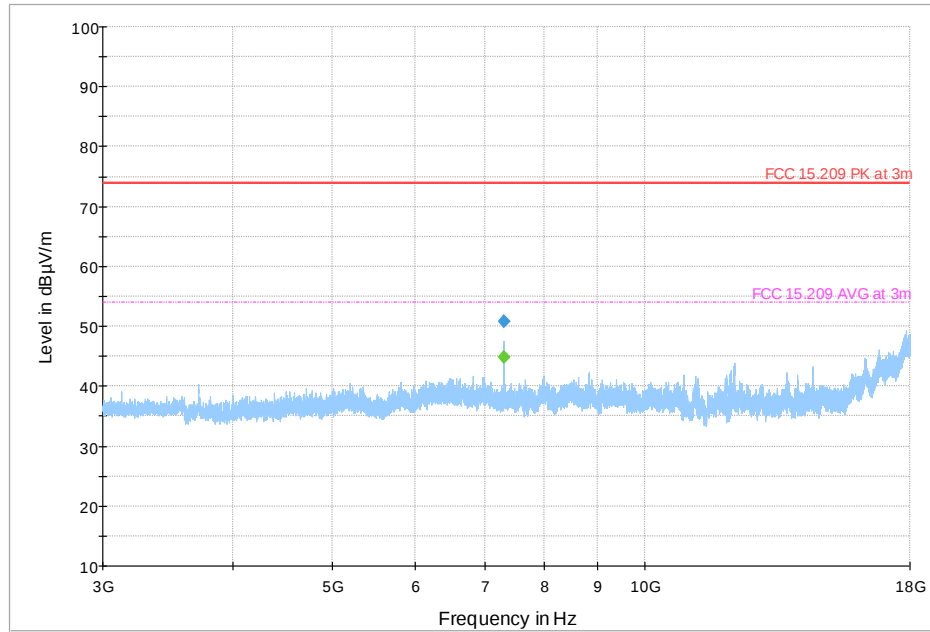
Plot #7 Radiated Emissions: 3-18 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Mid

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
7313.500	---	44.78	53.98	9.20	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	-2.0	-0.5	
7313.500	50.86	---	73.98	23.11	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	-2.0	-0.5	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
 — Preview Result 1-PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
◆ Final_Result PK+
◆ Final_Result CAV

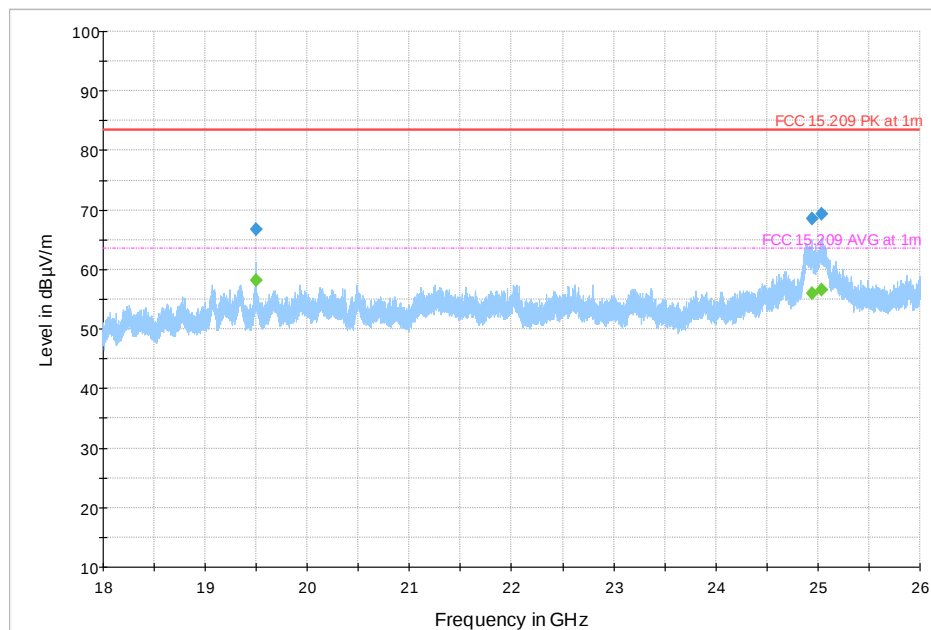
Plot #8 Radiated Emissions: 18-26 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: Mid

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
19495.750	66.71	---	83.50	16.79	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	90.0	22.9	
19495.750	---	58.22	63.50	5.28	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	90.0	22.9	
24948.250	68.47	---	83.50	15.03	500.0	1000.000	100.0	H	324.0	29.7	
24948.250	---	55.93	63.50	7.57	500.0	1000.000	100.0	H	324.0	29.7	
25042.000	---	56.65	63.50	6.85	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	295.0	30.4	
25042.000	69.33	---	83.50	14.17	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	295.0	30.4	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 1m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+
◆ Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 1m
◆ Final_Result CAV

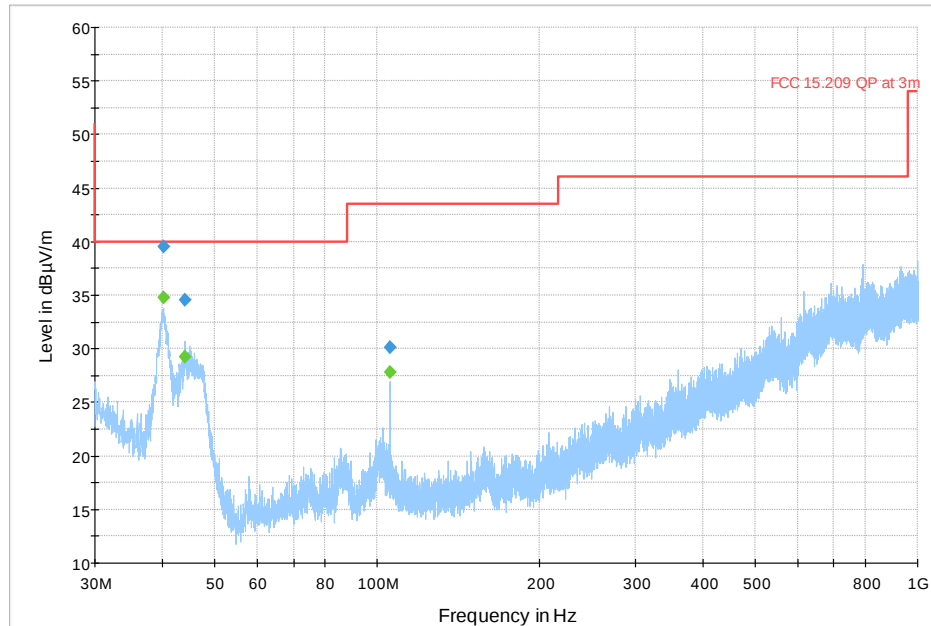
Plot #9 Radiated Emissions: 30 MHz – 1GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: High

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
40.120	---	34.80	---	---	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	165.0	14.7	
40.120	39.56	---	40.00	0.44	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	165.0	14.7	
44.033	34.60	---	40.00	5.40	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	-27.0	12.3	
44.033	---	29.22	---	---	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	-27.0	12.3	
105.692	30.16	---	43.50	13.34	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	45.0	13.2	
105.692	---	27.84	---	---	500.0	120.000	140.0	V	45.0	13.2	



◆ Preview Result 2-QPK Final_Result PK+
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+ Final_Result QPK
 — FCC 15.209 QP at 3m

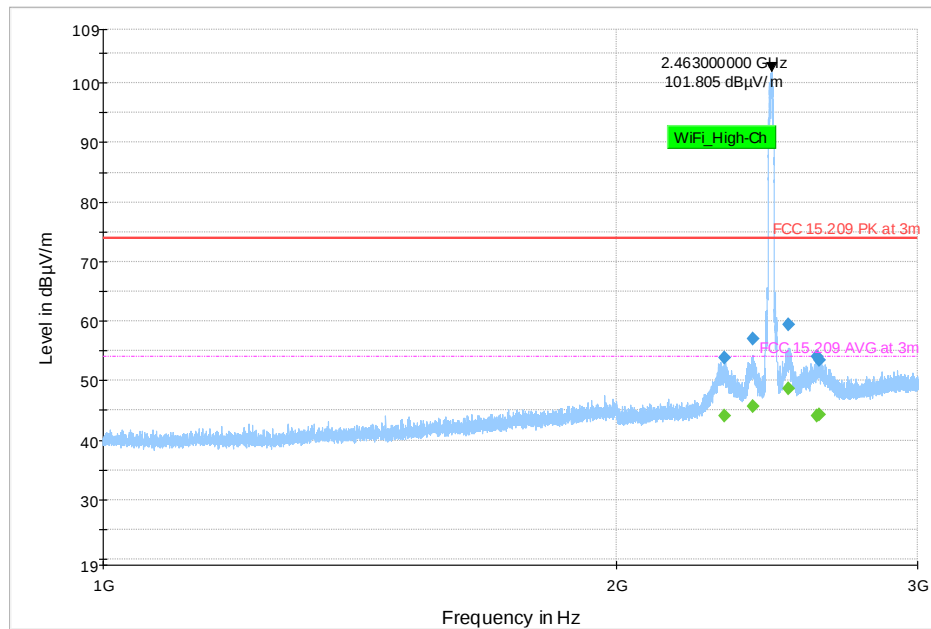
Plot #10 Radiated Emissions: 1-3 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: High

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
2310.286	---	44.03	53.98	9.95	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	6.0	9.2	
2310.286	53.93	---	73.98	20.05	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	6.0	9.2	
2402.000	---	45.77	53.98	8.21	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	25.0	9.2	
2402.000	57.04	---	73.98	16.94	500.0	1000.000	152.0	V	25.0	9.2	
2521.714	59.34	---	73.98	14.64	500.0	1000.000	199.0	V	357.0	9.9	
2521.714	---	48.62	53.98	5.35	500.0	1000.000	199.0	V	357.0	9.9	
2619.429	---	44.10	53.98	9.87	500.0	1000.000	174.0	V	351.0	10.6	
2619.429	53.95	---	73.98	20.03	500.0	1000.000	174.0	V	351.0	10.6	
2625.714	53.44	---	73.98	20.54	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	44.0	10.7	
2625.714	---	44.19	53.98	9.79	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	44.0	10.7	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+
— Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
◆ Final_Result CAV

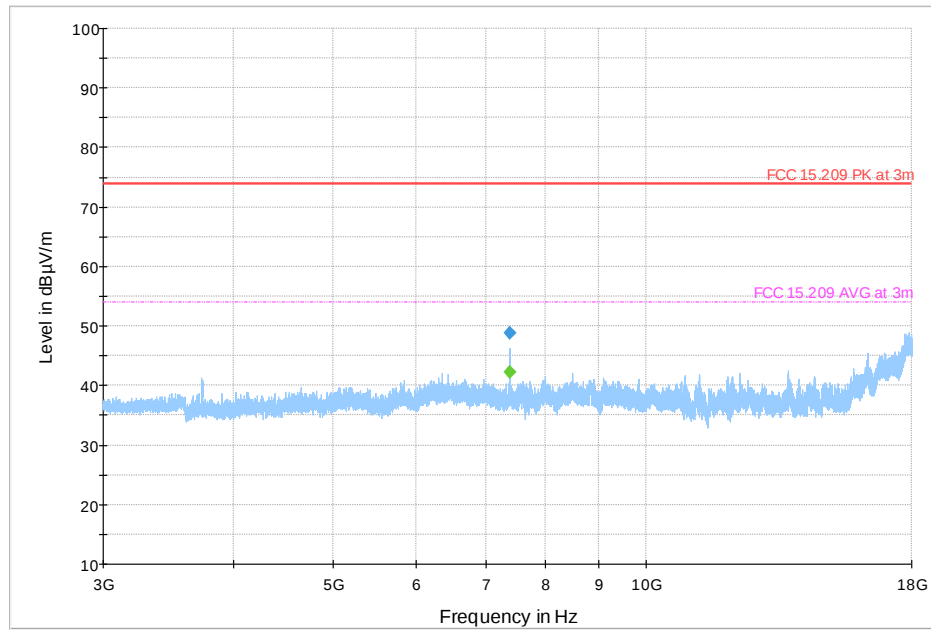
Plot #11 Radiated Emissions: 3-18 GHz

Modulation: 802.11b

Channel: High

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
7388.500	---	42.27	53.98	11.71	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	350.0	-0.3	
7388.500	48.92	---	73.98	25.06	500.0	1000.000	140.0	V	350.0	-0.3	



— Preview Result 2-QPK
— FCC 15.209 AVG at 3m
 ◆ Preview Result 1-PK+
— Final_Result PK+
 — FCC 15.209 PK at 3m
◆ Final_Result CAV

8.8 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

8.8.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)

Analyzer Settings:

- RBW = 9 KHz (CISPR Bandwidth)
- Pre-scan Detector = Peak / Average for
- Final Measurements Detector = Quasi-Peak / Average

8.8.2 Limits: FCC 15.207 & RSS-Gen 8.8

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section of the CFR, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table (1), as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46
5–30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.8.3 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature (C)	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power line (L1, L2, L3, N)	Power Input
22	1	802.11b	Line & Neutral	110 V / 60 Hz

8.8.4 Measurement Result:

Plot #	Port	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Scan Frequency	Limit	Result
1	AC Mains	1	802.11b	150 kHz – 30 MHz	See section 8.8.2	Pass

8.8.5 Measurement Plots:

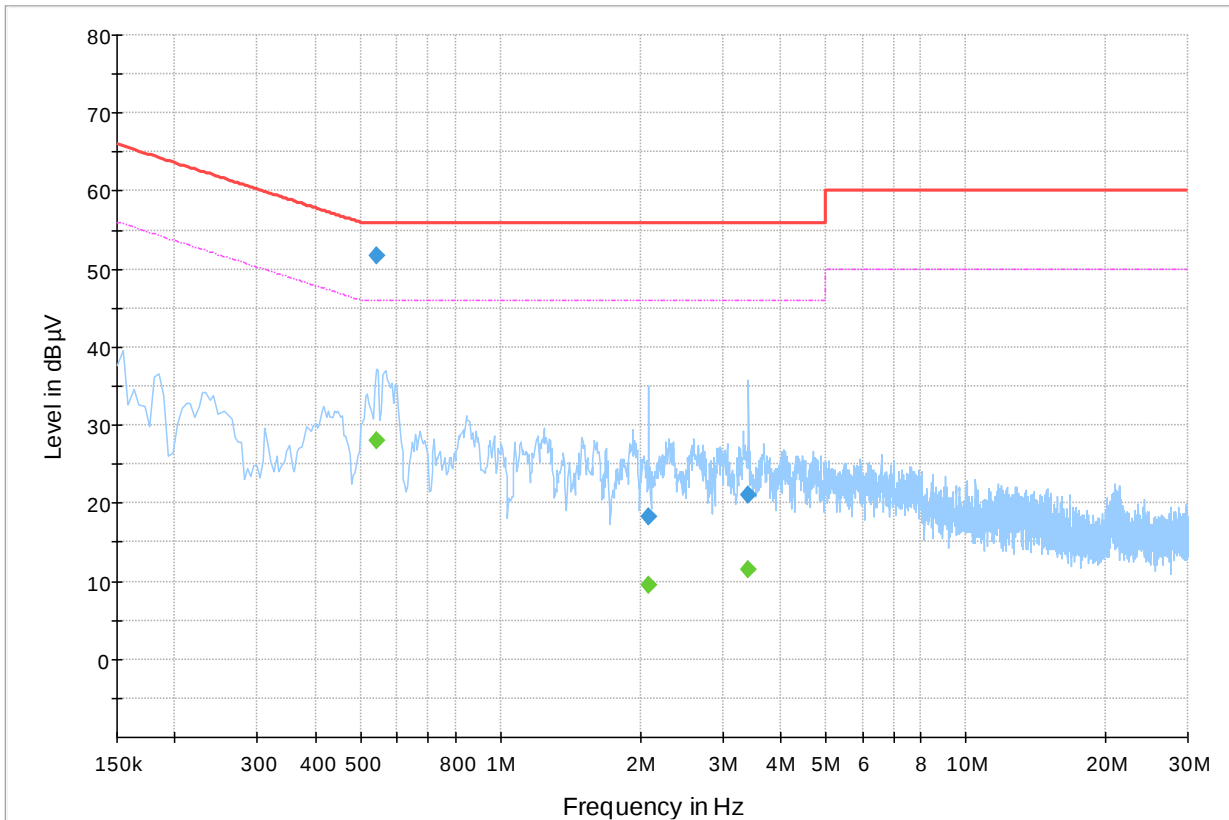
Plot # 1

Disclaimer: Any measurement data within 2dB from the limit line is conditional PASS/FAIL due to measurement uncertainty considerations.

Final_Result

Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	CAverage (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)	Comment
0.541	---	28.02	46.00	17.98	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.0	
0.541	51.75	---	56.00	4.25	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.0	
2.081	---	9.60	46.00	36.40	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1	
2.081	18.25	---	56.00	37.75	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1	
3.416	---	11.48	46.00	34.52	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1	
3.416	21.00	---	56.00	35.00	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1	



◆ Preview Result 1-PK+ Final_Result QPK
 ◆ EN 55032 Voltage on Mains QP
 ◆ EN 55032 Voltage on Mains AV

9 Test setup photos

Setup photos are included in supporting file name: "EMC_SYLER_001_21001_Setup_Photos.pdf"

10 Test Equipment and Ancillaries Used For Testing

Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial #	Calibration Cycle	Last Calibration Date
ACTIVE LOOP ANTENNA	ETS LINDGREN	6507	00161344	3 YEARS	10/30/2020
BILOG ANTENNA	ETS.LINDGREN	3142E	00166067	3 YEARS	03/12/2020
HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	00035114	3 YEARS	08/10/2020
HORN ANTENNA	ETS.LINDGREN	3117	00215984	3 YEARS	01/31/2021
HORN ANTENNA	ETS.LINDGREN	3116	00070497	3 YEARS	11/23/2020
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	FSU26	200065	3 YEARS	07/16/2019
SIGNAL ANALYZER	R&S	FSV 40	101022	3 YEARS	07/15/2019
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESU.EMI	100256	3 YEARS	07/16/2019
COMPACT DIGITAL BAROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	10510-922	200236891	3 YEARS	04/13/2020
DIGITAL THERMOMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	36934-164	181230565	3 YEARS	01/10/2019
LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK	FCC	FCC-LISN-50-25-2-08	08014	3 YEARS	07/19/2019

Note: Equipment used meets the measurement uncertainty requirements as required per applicable standards for 95% confidence levels. Calibration due dates, unless defined specifically, falls on the last day of the month. Items indicated "N/A" for cal status either do not specifically require calibration or is internally characterized before use.

11 Revision History

Date	Report Name	Changes to report	Report prepared by
2021-03-16	EMC_SYLER_001_21001_15.247_WLAN_DTS	Initial version	Yuchan Lu

<<The End>>