RF TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Yadas IOT Technology Co., Ltd
Product Name: Solar Floodlight Camera
Test Model(s): YDS80-4G

Report Reference No.	:	**DACE250225001RL001**
FCC ID	:	**2BFDXYDS80-4G**
Applicant's Name	:	Shenzhen Yadas IOT Technology Co., Ltd
Address	:	Room 511, Building A, Tengjun Science and Technology Park, XinAn St, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, GuangDong Province, China
Testing Laboratory	:	Shenzhen DACE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	:	102, Building H1, & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou Community, Shiyan Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Test Specification Standard	:	**47 CFR Part 24E/47 CFR Part 22H/47 CFR Part 27**
Date of Receipt	:	February 25, 2025
Date of Test	:	February 25, 2025 to March 24, 2025
Data of Issue	:	March 24, 2025
Result	:	**Pass**

Apply for company information

Applicant's Name	:	Shenzhen Yadas IOT Technology Co., Ltd
Address	:	Room 511, Building A, Tengjun Science and Technology Park, XinAn St, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, GuangDong Province, China
Product Name	:	Solar Floodlight Camera
Test Model(s)	:	YDS80-4G
Series Model(s)	:	YDS22-4G,YDS25-4G,YDS26-4G,YDS28-4G, YDS29-4G,YDS50-4G, YDS50-4G PRO, YDS52-4G, YDS55-4G,YDS56-4G, YDS58-4G, YDS59-4G,YDS60-4G, YDS60-4G PRO, YDS62-4G, YDS65-4G, YDS66-4G, YDS68-4G,YDS69-4G,YDS80-4G PRO, YDS82-4G, YDS82-4G PRO, YDS86-4G, YDS88-4G,YDS89-4G,YDS90-4G, YDS90-4G PRO, YDS92-4G, YDS92-4G PRO,YDS96-4G,YDS98-4G, YDS99-4G
Test Specification Standard(s)	:	**47 CFR Part 24E/47 CFR Part 22H/47 CFR Part 27**

NOTE1:

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

Compiled by:	Supervised by:	Approved by:
Keren Huang	Ben Tang	Machael Mo
Keren Huang / Test Engineer	Ben Tang / Project Engineer	Machael Mo / Manager
March 24, 2025	March 24, 2025	March 24, 2025

Revision History Of Report

Version	Description	REPORT No.	Issue Date
V1.0	Original	DACE250225001RL001	March 24, 2025

CONTENTS

1 TEST SUMMARY

1.1 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

47 CFR Part 24E: Personal Communications Services - Broadband PCS
47 CFR Part 22H: Public Mobile Services - Cellular Radiotelephone Service
47 CFR Part 27: Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services

1.2 Summary of Test Result

Item	Standard	Method	Requirement	Result
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.2.4.2	47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 24.232 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 22.913 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 27.50(h)(2)	Pass
Peak To Average Ratio	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.2.3.4	47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 24.232(d) 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 22.913 (d) 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 27.50	Pass
Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 27	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.4	47 CFR Part 2.1049(h)	Pass
Out of Band Emission	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	47 CFR Part 24.238(b) ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.7.3	47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)	Pass
Spurious Unwanted Emission	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	47 CFR Part 24.238(b) ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.7.3	47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)	Pass
Field Strength of Radiated Emission	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.5.3	47 CFR Part 2.1053, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1053, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)	Pass
Frequency Stability	47 CFR Part 24E 47 CFR Part 22H 47 CFR Part 27	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.6	47 CFR Part 2.1055, Part 24.235 47 CFR Part 2.1055, Part 27.54	Pass

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Client Information

Applicant's Name	:	Shenzhen Yadas IOT Technology Co., Ltd
Address	:	Room 511, Building A, Tengjun Science and Technology Park, XinAn St, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, GuangDong Province, China
Manufacturer	:	Shenzhen Yadas IOT Technology Co., Ltd
Address	:	Room 511, Building A, Tengjun Science and Technology Park, XinAn St, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, GuangDong Province, China

2.2 Description of Device (EUT)

Product Name:	Solar Floodlight Camera
Model/Type reference:	YDS80-4G
Series Model:	YDS22-4G,YDS25-4G,YDS26-4G,YDS28-4G, YDS29-4G,YDS50-4G, YDS50-4G PRO, YDS52-4G, YDS55-4G,YDS56-4G, YDS58-4G, YDS59-4G,YDS60-4G, YDS60-4G PRO, YDS62-4G, YDS65-4G, YDS66-4G, YDS68-4G,YDS69-4G,YDS80-4G PRO, YDS82-4G, YDS82-4G PRO, YDS86-4G, YDS88-4G,YDS89-4G,YDS90-4G, YDS90-4G PRO, YDS92-4G, YDS92-4G PRO,YDS96-4G,YDS98-4G, YDS99-4G
Model Difference:	The product has many models, only the model name and color is different, and the other parts such as the circuit principle, pcb and electrical structure are the same.
Trade Mark:	N/A
Power Supply:	DC 5V~18V from Solar Charging； Battery:DC3.7V 20000mAh
Supported Channel Bandwidth	LTE BAND2: ☒ 1.4MHz ☒ 3MHz ☒ 5MHz LTE BAND4: ☒ 1.4MHz ☒ 3MHz ☒ 5MHz LTE BAND5: ☒ 1.4MHz ☒ 3MHz ☒ 5MHz LTE BAND12: ☒ 1.4MHz ☒ 3MHz ☒ 5MHz LTE BAND13: ☒ 5MHz LTE BAND66: ☒ 1.4MHz ☒ 3MHz ☒ 5MHz
Modilation Type	QPSK,16QAM
Antenna Type:	PIFA ANT
Antenna Gain:	B2: 0.36dBi; B4:0.44dBi; B5:0.33dBi; B12:0.34dBi; B13:0.37dBi; B66:0.39dBi
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	V1.0

2.3 Test channels:

E-UTRA Band 2					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth[MHz]	N_{UL}	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	N_{DL}	Frequency of Downlink[MHz]
Low Range	1.4	18607	1850.7	607	1930.7
	3	18615	1851.5	615	1931.5
	5	18625	1852.5	625	1932.5
Mid Range	1.4/3/5	18900	1880	900	1960
High Range	1.4	19193	1909.3	1193	1989.3
	3	19185	1908.5	1185	1988.5
	5	19175	1907.5	1175	1987.5

E-UTRA Band 4					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth[MHz]	N_{UL}	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	N_{DL}	Frequency of Downlink[MHz]
Low Range	1.4	19957	1710.7	1957	2110.7
	3	19965	1711.5	1965	2111.5
	5	19975	1712.5	1975	2112.5
Mid Range	1.4/3/5	20175	1732.5	2175	2132.5
High Range	1.4	20393	1754.3	2393	2154.3
	3	20385	1753.5	2385	2153.5
	5	20375	1752.5	2375	2152.5

E-UTRA Band 5					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth[MHz]	N_{UL}	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	N_{DL}	Frequency of Downlink[MHz]
Low Range	1.4	20407	824.7	2407	869.7
	3	20415	825.5	2415	870.5
	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5
Mid Range	1.4/3/5	20525	836.5	2525	881.5
High Range	1.4	20643	848.3	2643	893.3
	3	20635	847.5	2635	892.5
	5	20625	846.5	2625	891.5

E-UTRA Band 12					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth[MHz]	NUL	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	NDL	Frequency of Downlink[MHz]
Low Range	1.4	23017	699.7	5017	729.7
	3	23025	700.5	5025	730.5
	5	23035	701.5	5035	731.5
Mid Range	1.4/3/5	23095	707.5	5095	737.5
High Range	1.4	23173	715.3	5173	745.3
	3	23165	714.5	5165	744.5
	5	23155	713.5	5155	743.5

E-UTRA Band 13					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth[MHz]	NUL	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	NDL	Frequency of Downlink[MHz]
Low Range	5	23205	779.5	5205	748.5
Mid Range	5	23230	782	5230	751
High Range	5	23255	784.5	5255	753.5

E-UTRA Band 66					
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	NUL	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	NDL	Frequency of Downlink [MHz]
Low Range	1.4	131979	1710.7	66443	2110.7
	3	131987	1711.5	66451	2111.5
	5	131997	1712.5	66461	2112.5
Mid Range	1.4/3/5	132322	1745	66786	
Paired High Range2	1.4	132665	1779.3	67129	2179.3
	3	132657	1778.5	67121	2178.5
	5	132647	1777.5	67111	2177.5

2.4 Description of Test Modes

No	Title	Description
TM1	Band 2	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM2	Band 4	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM3	Band 5	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM4	Band 12	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM5	Band 13	Low, Middle, High Channels
TM6	Band 66	Low, Middle, High Channels

2.5 Description of Support Units

The EUT was tested as an independent device.

2.6 Equipments Used During The Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RF Test Software	Tachoy Information Technology(shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.	RTS-01	V1.0.0	/	/
Power divider	MIDEWEST	PWD-2533	SMA-79	2023-05-11	2026-05-10
RF Sensor Unit	Tachoy Information Technology(shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.	TR1029-2	000001	/	/
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW500	113410	2024-06-12	2025-06-11
Vector Signal Generator	Keysight	N5181A	MY50143455	2024-12-06	2025-12-05
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5182A	MY48180415	2024-12-06	2025-12-05
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY53420323	2024-12-06	2025-12-05

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Cable(HF)2	SCHWARZBECK	50Ω	/	2024-05-20	2025-05-19
Cable(HF)1	SCHWARZBECK	50Ω	/	2024-05-20	2025-05-19
Cable(LF)2	SCHWARZBECK	50Ω	/	2024-05-20	2025-05-19
Cable(LF)1	SCHWARZBECK	50Ω	/	2024-05-20	2025-05-19
control	MF	MF-7802	MF780208362	2024-12-09	2025-12-08
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI TEST RECEIVER	ID:1164.6607K03-102109-MH	2024-06-12	2025-06-11
EMI Test software	Farad	EZ -EMC	V1.1.42	/	/
Positioning Controller	MF	MF-7802	/	/	/
Amplifier(18-40G)	COM-POWER	AH-1840	10100008-1	2023-05-19	2025-05-18
Horn antenna	COM-POWER	AH-1840 (18-40G)	10100008	2023-05-19	2025-05-18
Loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900C	ZN30900C	2024-06-14	2026-06-13
Power amplifier(LF)	Schwarzbeck	BBV9743	9743-151	2024-06-12	2025-06-11
Power amplifier(HF)	Schwarzbeck	BBV9718	9718-282	2024-06-12	2025-06-11
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 3	1166.5950K03-101431-Jq	2024-06-13	2025-06-12
Horn Antenna	Sunol Sciences	DRH-118	A091114	2023-05-13	2025-05-12
Broadband Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB6 Antenna	A090414	2024-09-28	2026-09-27

2.7 Statement Of The Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Measurement Uncertainty
RF conducted power	±0.733dB
Occupied Bandwidth	±3.63%
RF power density	±0.234%
Radiated Emission (Above 1GHz)	±5.46dB
Radiated Emission (Below 1GHz)	±5.79dB
Note: (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.	

2.8 Authorizations

Company Name:	Shenzhen DACE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	101-102 Building H5 & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou, Shiyan, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Phone Number:	+86-13267178997
Fax Number:	86-755-29113252

Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Company Name:	Shenzhen DACE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	101-102 Building H5 & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou, Shiyan, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Phone Number:	+86-13267178997
Fax Number:	86-755-29113252
Designation Number:	CN1342
Test Firm Registration No.:	778666
A2LA Certificate Number:	6270.01

2.9 Announcement

(1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.

(2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.

(3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.

(4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by DACE and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.

(5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

(6) We hereby declare that the laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant. the laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of the information provided by the client(item 2.2). When the information provided by the customer may affect the effectiveness of the results, the responsibility lies with the customer, and the laboratory does not assume any responsibility.

3 Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF)

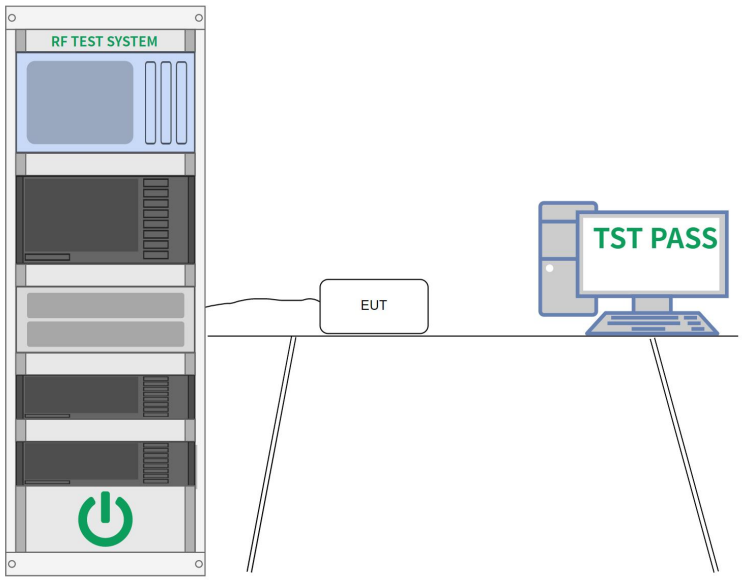
3.1 Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 24.232 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 22.913 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 27.50(h)(2)
Test Limit:	Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.2.4.2
Procedure:	If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle < 98%), then the following options can be implemented to facilitate measurement of the average power with an average power meter: a) A gated average power meter can be used to perform the measurement if the gating parameters can be adjusted such that the power is measured only during active transmission bursts at maximum output power levels. b) A conventional average power meter with no signal gating capability can also be used if the measured burst duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than or equal to ±2%) by performing the measurement over the on/off burst cycles and then correcting (increasing) the measured level by a factor equal to [10 log (1/duty cycle)]. See 5.2.4.3.4 for guidance with respect to measuring the transmitter duty cycle.

3.1.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.1.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.1.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Conducted Power.

Radiated Power Output

LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	EIRP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
1.4MHz	QPSK	Low	24.58	25.355	38.45	PASS
		Mid	24.08	24.095		
		High	23.96	23.985		
	16QAM	Low	23.66	23.755		PASS
		Mid	24.02	23.955		
		High	23.48	24.005		
3MHz	QPSK	Low	24.06	23.915	38.45	PASS
		Mid	24.21	23.765		
		High	23.4	23.995		
	16QAM	Low	23.39	23.495		PASS
		Mid	23.72	23.455		
		High	23.85	24.005		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	24.16	23.775	38.45	PASS
		Mid	23.35	23.935		
		High	23.5	23.695		
	16QAM	Low	23.88	24.025		PASS
		Mid	23.99	23.375		
		High	24.28	23.605		

LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	EIRP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
1.4MHz	QPSK	Low	24.86	24.665	38.45	PASS
		Mid	23.67	24.025		
		High	23.66	23.985		
	16QAM	Low	24.3	23.635		PASS
		Mid	23.65	24.085		
		High	23.67	23.635		
3MHz	QPSK	Low	23.84	23.905	38.45	PASS
		Mid	24.19	23.975		
		High	24.1	24.135		
	16QAM	Low	23.67	23.515		PASS
		Mid	23.43	23.995		
		High	23.77	23.725		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	24.13	24.115	38.45	PASS
		Mid	23.5	23.855		
		High	23.81	24.105		
	16QAM	Low	23.52	23.815		PASS
		Mid	24.19	23.915		
		High	24.12	24.205		

LTE Band 5						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	ERP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
1.4MHz	QPSK	Low	23.24	22.52	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.42	21.75		
		High	21.34	21.83		
	16QAM	Low	21.93	21.73		PASS
		Mid	21.26	21.43		
		High	22.17	21.85		
3MHz	QPSK	Low	21.30	21.48	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.32	22.17		
		High	22.20	21.44		
	16QAM	Low	22.06	21.45		PASS
		Mid	21.30	21.22		
		High	21.38	21.55		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	21.66	21.22	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.54	21.59		
		High	21.85	22.16		
	16QAM	Low	22.07	21.34		PASS
		Mid	21.79	21.93		
		High	21.86	21.25		

LTE Band 12						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	ERP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
1.4MHz	QPSK	Low	22.40	22.58	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.63	21.65		
		High	22.15	21.47		
	16QAM	Low	22.05	21.71		PASS
		Mid	22.05	22.12		
		High	21.78	21.62		
3MHz	QPSK	Low	22.15	21.44	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.61	21.81		
		High	21.70	21.69		
	16QAM	Low	21.56	22.15		PASS
		Mid	21.53	21.70		
		High	21.99	21.39		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	21.26	21.55	38.45	PASS
		Mid	21.83	21.89		
		High	21.35	21.28		
	16QAM	Low	21.43	21.26		PASS
		Mid	21.49	21.96		
		High	21.53	21.79		

LTE Band 13						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	ERP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	22.70	22.97	38.45	PASS
		Mid	22.03	21.52		
		High	21.96	21.23		
	16QAM	Low	22.02	21.87		PASS
		Mid	22.13	21.56		
		High	21.37	21.85		

LTE Band 66						
Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	EIRP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Vertical	Horizontal		
1.4MHz	QPSK	Low	24.64	25.115	38.45	PASS
		Mid	23.69	23.945		
		High	24.23	24.025		
	16QAM	Low	24.02	23.945		PASS
		Mid	23.37	23.875		
		High	23.64	23.915		
3MHz	QPSK	Low	23.37	24.195	38.45	PASS
		Mid	24	23.645		
		High	23.79	23.695		
	16QAM	Low	23.6	23.535		PASS
		Mid	23.85	23.555		
		High	23.92	23.885		
5MHz	QPSK	Low	23.64	23.855	38.45	PASS
		Mid	23.62	23.535		
		High	24.25	23.525		
	16QAM	Low	24.25	24.205		PASS
		Mid	24.03	23.575		
		High	24.31	23.815		

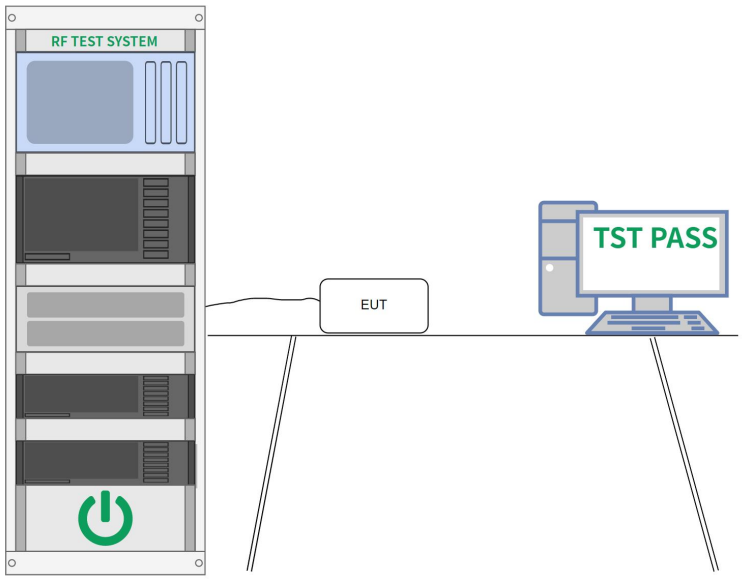
3.2 Peak To Average Ratio

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 24.232(d) 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 22.913 (d) 47 CFR Part 2.1046, Part 27.50
Test Limit:	The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.2.3.4
Procedure:	a) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ OBW or specified reference bandwidth. b) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve. c) Set the measurement interval as follows: 1) For continuous transmissions, set to the greater of [10 × (number of points in sweep) ×(transmission symbol period)] or 1 ms. 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration. 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers. d) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%. e) The peak power level is calculated form the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.

3.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.2.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.2.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

3.3 Bandwidth

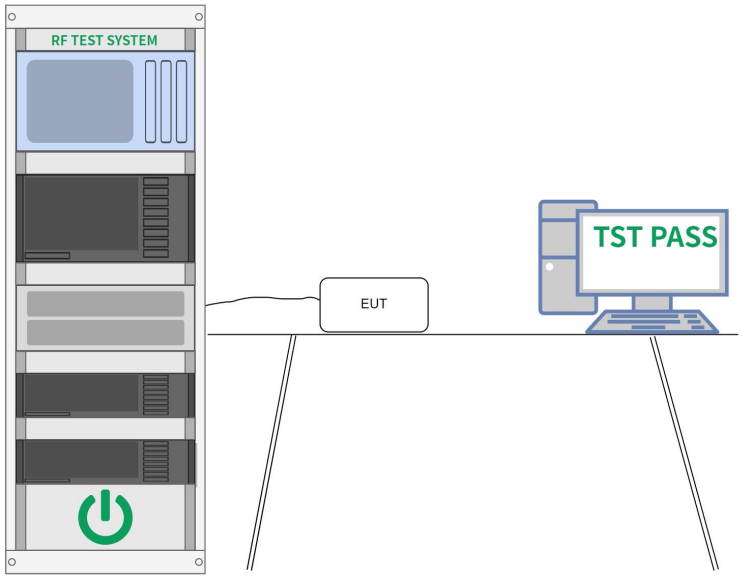
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1049(h)
Test Limit:	OBW: No limit, only for report use. EBW: No limit, only for report use.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.4
Procedure:	OBW: a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of 1.5 × OBW is sufficient). b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set ≥ 3 × RBW. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3. NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances. d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold. e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies. f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s). EBW: a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be wide enough to see sufficient roll off of the signal to make the measurement. b) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set ≥ 3 × RBW. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3. NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances. d) The dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-X dB” requirement, i.e., if the requirement calls for measuring the -26 dB OBW, the spectrum analyzer noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level. e) Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold. f) Determine the reference value by either of the following: 1) Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value). 2) Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the levelof the carrier. g) Determine the “-X dB amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value - X). Alternatively, this calculation can be performed on the spectrum analyzer using the delta-marker measurement function. h) If the reference value was determined using an unmodulated carrier, turn the EUT modulation on,then either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise the trace from step f) shall be used for step i).

	i) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB amplitude” determined in step f). If a marker is below this “-X dB amplitude” value it should be as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers. The spectral envelope can cross the “-X dB amplitude” at multiple points. The lowest or highest frequency shall be selected as the frequencies that are the farthest away from the center frequency at which the spectral envelope crosses the “-X dB amplitude.” j) The OBW shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display, to include markers depicting the relevant frequency and amplitude information (e.g., marker table). The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

3.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.3.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.3.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

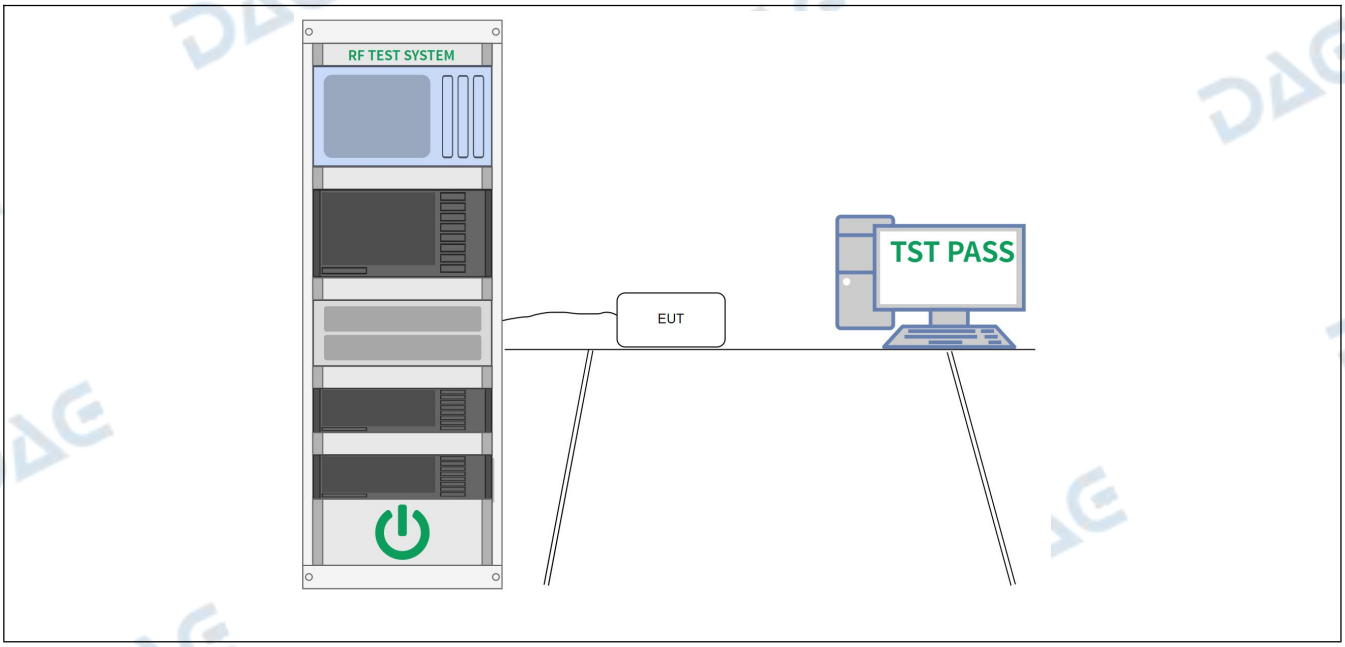
3.4 Out of Band Emission

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)
Test Limit:	The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
Test Method:	47 CFR Part 24.238(b) ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.7.3
Procedure:	Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (a) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the block, band, or channel edge frequency. b) Set the span wide enough to capture the fundamental emission closest to the authorized block or band edge, and to include all modulation products that spill into the immediately adjacent frequency band. In some cases, it may be possible to set the center frequency and span so as to encompass the fundamental emission and the unwanted out-of-band (band-edge) emissions on either side of the authorized block, band, or channel. This can be accomplished with a single (slow) sweep, if adequate overload protection and sufficient dynamic range can be maintained. c) Set the number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. d) Sweep time should be auto for peak detection. For rms detection the sweep time should be set as follows: 1) If the device can be configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle ≥ 98%), set the (sweep time) > (number of points in sweep) × (symbol period) (e.g., by a factor of 10 × symbol period × number of points). Increasing the sweep time (i.e., slowing the sweep speed) will allow for averaging over multiple symbols 2) If the device cannot transmit continuously (duty cycle < 98%), a gated sweep shall be used when possible (i.e., gate triggered such that the analyzer only sweeps when the device is transmitting at full power), set the sweep time > (number of points in sweep) × (symbol period) but the sweep time shall always be maintained at a value that is less than or equal to the minimum transmission time. 3) If the device cannot be configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle < 98%) and a freerunning sweep must be used, set the sweep time so that the averaging is performed over multiple on/off cycles by setting the sweep time > (number of points in sweep) × (transmitter period) (i.e., the transmit on-time + the off-time). The spectrum analyzer readings shall subsequently be corrected by [10 log (1/duty cycle)]. This assumes that the transmission period and duty cycle is relatively constant (duty cycle variation ≤ ±2%). 4) If the device cannot be configured to transmit continuously and a free-running sweep must be used, and if the transmissions exhibit a non-constant duty cycle (duty cycle variations > ±2%), set the sweep time so that the averaging is performed over the on-period by setting the sweep time > (symbol period) × (number of points), while also maintaining the sweep time <(transmitter on-time). The trace mode shall be set to max hold, since not every display point will be averaged only over just the on-time. Thus, multiple sweeps (e.g., 100) in maximum hold are necessary to ensure that the maximum power is measured. e) The test report shall include the plots of the measuring instrument display and the measured data. f) See Annex I for example emission mask plots.

3.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.4.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.4.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

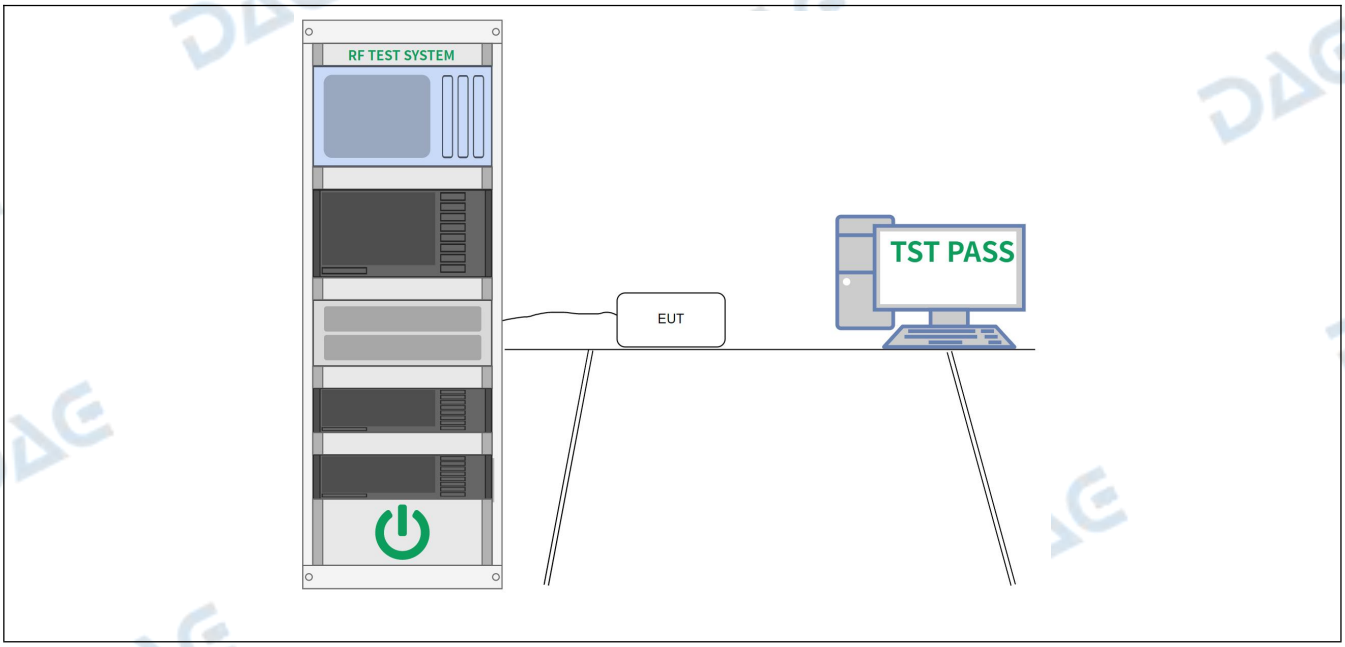
3.5 Spurious Unwanted Emission

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)
Test Limit:	The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
Test Method:	47 CFR Part 24.238(b) ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.7.3
Procedure:	Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (a) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the block, band, or channel edge frequency. b) Set the span wide enough to capture the fundamental emission closest to the authorized block or band edge, and to include all modulation products that spill into the immediately adjacent frequency band. In some cases, it may be possible to set the center frequency and span so as to encompass the fundamental emission and the unwanted out-of-band (band-edge) emissions on either side of the authorized block, band, or channel. This can be accomplished with a single (slow) sweep, if adequate overload protection and sufficient dynamic range can be maintained. c) Set the number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. d) Sweep time should be auto for peak detection. For rms detection the sweep time should be set as follows: 1) If the device can be configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle ≥ 98%), set the (sweep time) > (number of points in sweep) × (symbol period) (e.g., by a factor of 10 × symbol period × number of points). Increasing the sweep time (i.e., slowing the sweep speed) will allow for averaging over multiple symbols 2) If the device cannot transmit continuously (duty cycle < 98%), a gated sweep shall be used when possible (i.e., gate triggered such that the analyzer only sweeps when the device is transmitting at full power), set the sweep time > (number of points in sweep) × (symbol period) but the sweep time shall always be maintained at a value that is less than or equal to the minimum transmission time. 3) If the device cannot be configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle < 98%) and a freerunning sweep must be used, set the sweep time so that the averaging is performed over multiple on/off cycles by setting the sweep time > (number of points in sweep) × (transmitter period) (i.e., the transmit on-time + the off-time). The spectrum analyzer readings shall subsequently be corrected by [10 log (1/duty cycle)]. This assumes that the transmission period and duty cycle is relatively constant (duty cycle variation ≤ ±2%). 4) If the device cannot be configured to transmit continuously and a free-running sweep must be used, and if the transmissions exhibit a non-constant duty cycle (duty cycle variations > ±2%), set the sweep time so that the averaging is performed over the on-period by setting the sweep time > (symbol period) × (number of points), while also maintaining the sweep time <(transmitter on-time). The trace mode shall be set to max hold, since not every display point will be averaged only over just the on-time. Thus, multiple sweeps (e.g., 100) in maximum hold are necessary to ensure that the maximum power is measured. e) The test report shall include the plots of the measuring instrument display and the measured data. f) See Annex I for example emission mask plots.

3.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.5.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.5.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

3.6 Field Strength of Radiated Emission

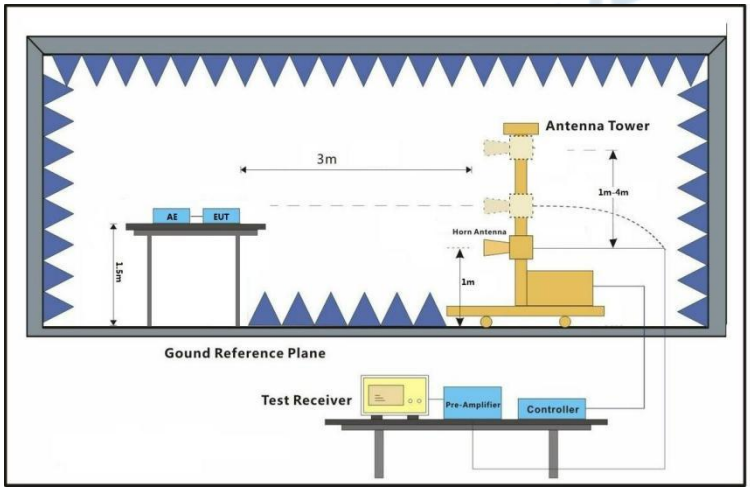
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1053, Part 24.238(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1053, Part 22.917(a) 47 CFR Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(m)(4)
Test Limit:	The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.5.3
Procedure:	a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency. b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated: 1) Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height. 2) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position. 3) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed. 4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude. 5) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW. c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude. d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement. e) Maintain the previous measurement instrument settings and test set-up, with the exception that the EUT is removed and replaced by the substitution antenna. f) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna; locate the signal generator so as to minimize any potential influences on the measurement results. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor. g) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [i.e., in step b) and step c)]: 1) Vary the measurement antenna height between 1 m to 4 m to maximize the received (measured) signal amplitude. 2) Adjust the signal generator output power level until the amplitude detected by the measurement instrument equals the amplitude level of the emission previously measured directly in step b) and step c). 3) Record the output power level of the signal generator when equivalence is achieved in step 2). h) Repeat step e) through step g) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization. i) Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation: Pe = Ps(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd) where Pe = equivalent emission power in dBm

	Ps = source (signal generator) power in dBm NOTE—dBd refers to the measured antenna gain in decibels relative to a half-wave dipole. j) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from: gain (dBd) = gain (dBi) - 2.15 dB. If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information k) Provide the complete measurement results as a part of the test report.

3.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.6.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.6.3 Test Data:

LTE Band 2								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
1.4MHz	Low	364.63	Vertical	-39.73	-6.68	-46.41	- 13.00	PASS
		2801.95	V	-48.49	-3.42	-51.91		
		2043.07	V	-58.51	-1.42	-59.93		
		367.53	Horizontal	-39.16	-6.68	-45.84	- 13.00	PASS
		2275.37	H	-51.15	-3.42	-54.57		
		2503.17	H	-57.29	-1.42	-58.71		
	Mid	357.39	Vertical	-39.90	-6.68	-46.58	- 13.00	PASS
		1698.45	V	-51.14	-3.42	-54.56		
		3000.63	V	-56.64	-1.42	-58.06		
		372.81	Horizontal	-40.78	-6.68	-47.46	- 13.00	PASS
		1540.40	H	-50.58	-3.42	-54.00		
		3546.18	H	-56.84	-1.42	-58.26		
	High	358.50	Vertical	-39.80	-6.68	-46.48	- 13.00	PASS
		2301.51	V	-49.42	-3.42	-52.84		
		3273.31	V	-58.81	-1.42	-60.23		
		369.59	Horizontal	-39.90	-6.68	-46.58	- 13.00	PASS
		2038.46	H	-48.43	-3.42	-51.85		
		2138.33	H	-58.06	-1.42	-59.48		
3MHz	Low	366.91	Vertical	-40.69	-6.68	-47.37	- 13.00	PASS
		2197.49	V	-48.34	-3.42	-51.76		
		3449.41	V	-58.01	-1.42	-59.43		
		356.97	Horizontal	-38.30	-6.68	-44.98	- 13.00	PASS
		1033.29	H	-49.18	-3.42	-52.60		
		3365.29	H	-57.20	-1.42	-58.62		
	Mid	372.25	Vertical	-38.93	-6.68	-45.61	- 13.00	PASS
		1191.24	V	-49.65	-3.42	-53.07		
		2066.28	V	-57.18	-1.42	-58.60		
		367.45	Horizontal	-40.10	-6.68	-46.78	- 13.00	PASS
		2806.91	H	-50.63	-3.42	-54.05		
		2694.13	H	-58.23	-1.42	-59.65		
	High	375.51	Vertical	-38.99	-6.68	-45.67	- 13.00	PASS
		2695.20	V	-49.27	-3.42	-52.69		

		2105.41	V	-57.73	-1.42	-59.15		
		369.77	Horizontal	-41.23	-6.68	-47.91	- 13.00	PASS
		1944.95	H	-49.27	-3.42	-52.69		
		3903.71	H	-57.18	-1.42	-58.60		
5MHz	Low	377.58	Vertical	-41.14	-6.68	-47.82	- 13.00	PASS
		1308.18	V	-50.34	-3.42	-53.76		
		2815.00	V	-58.67	-1.42	-60.09		
		362.67	Horizontal	-40.20	-6.68	-46.88	- 13.00	PASS
		2737.13	H	-50.87	-3.42	-54.29		
		3218.07	H	-57.02	-1.42	-58.44		
	Mid	378.71	Vertical	-39.52	-6.68	-46.20	- 13.00	PASS
		1748.87	V	-51.26	-3.42	-54.68		
		2247.58	V	-57.15	-1.42	-58.57		
		372.41	Horizontal	-38.72	-6.68	-45.40	- 13.00	PASS
		2647.43	H	-49.46	-3.42	-52.88		
		2637.87	H	-57.83	-1.42	-59.25		
	High	372.38	Vertical	-39.50	-6.68	-46.18	- 13.00	PASS
		1524.02	V	-49.24	-3.42	-52.66		
		2139.38	V	-57.03	-1.42	-58.45		
		363.49	Horizontal	-40.69	-6.68	-47.37	- 13.00	PASS
		2853.94	H	-49.22	-3.42	-52.64		
		3296.69	H	-58.55	-1.42	-59.97		

LTE Band 4								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
1.4MHz	Low	362.78	Vertical	-40.50	-6.68	-47.18	- 13.00	PASS
		1038.19	V	-50.66	-3.42	-54.08		
		3514.48	V	-58.82	-1.42	-60.24		
		369.47	Horizontal	-38.86	-6.68	-45.54	- 13.00	PASS
		1710.23	H	-50.71	-3.42	-54.13		
		2404.66	H	-56.51	-1.42	-57.93		
	Mid	357.61	Vertical	-38.56	-6.68	-45.24	- 13.00	PASS
		1109.00	V	-49.18	-3.42	-52.60		
		2745.83	V	-57.89	-1.42	-59.31		
		365.68	Horizontal	-38.28	-6.68	-44.96	- 13.00	PASS

		2849.22	H	-50.92	-3.42	-54.34		
		2162.54	H	-58.51	-1.42	-59.93		
	High	367.88	Vertical	-41.00	-6.68	-47.68	- 13.00	PASS
		1196.95	V	-49.62	-3.42	-53.04		
		3623.44	V	-58.31	-1.42	-59.73		
		362.60	Horizontal	-40.23	-6.68	-46.91	- 13.00	PASS
		2135.89	H	-49.43	-3.42	-52.85		
		2996.82	H	-57.83	-1.42	-59.25		
3MHz	Low	371.76	Vertical	-41.25	-6.68	-47.93	- 13.00	PASS
		1710.63	V	-51.09	-3.42	-54.51		
		2321.01	V	-56.28	-1.42	-57.70		
		374.44	Horizontal	-40.68	-6.68	-47.36	- 13.00	PASS
		2642.57	H	-49.04	-3.42	-52.46		
		2133.32	H	-58.87	-1.42	-60.29		
	Mid	361.63	Vertical	-39.11	-6.68	-45.79	- 13.00	PASS
		2321.19	V	-48.44	-3.42	-51.86		
		2092.17	V	-58.86	-1.42	-60.28		
		367.57	Horizontal	-38.90	-6.68	-45.58	- 13.00	PASS
		1639.05	H	-49.48	-3.42	-52.90		
		2593.38	H	-58.52	-1.42	-59.94		
	High	369.75	Vertical	-40.48	-6.68	-47.16	- 13.00	PASS
		1329.48	V	-49.48	-3.42	-52.90		
		2717.15	V	-56.87	-1.42	-58.29		
		361.86	Horizontal	-38.97	-6.68	-45.65	- 13.00	PASS
		1538.88	H	-49.48	-3.42	-52.90		
		3954.92	H	-57.79	-1.42	-59.21		
5MHz	Low	378.73	Vertical	-40.03	-6.68	-46.71	- 13.00	PASS
		1227.41	V	-50.27	-3.42	-53.69		
		2273.10	V	-57.46	-1.42	-58.88		
		366.55	Horizontal	-38.57	-6.68	-45.25	- 13.00	PASS
		1095.31	H	-50.67	-3.42	-54.09		
		2714.36	H	-58.52	-1.42	-59.94		
	Mid	375.92	Vertical	-41.01	-6.68	-47.69	- 13.00	PASS
		1529.96	V	-48.27	-3.42	-51.69		
		3238.14	V	-57.82	-1.42	-59.24		
		364.37	Horizontal	-41.10	-6.68	-47.78	- 13.00	PASS
		1822.23	H	-49.04	-3.42	-52.46		
		2058.22	H	-57.10	-1.42	-58.52		

	High	371.14	Vertical	-40.12	-6.68	-46.80	- 13.00	PASS
		1250.30	V	-49.73	-3.42	-53.15		
		2012.15	V	-57.83	-1.42	-59.25		
		373.38	Horizontal	-40.11	-6.68	-46.79	- 13.00	PASS
		2567.42	H	-50.07	-3.42	-53.49		
		3763.40	H	-56.62	-1.42	-58.04		

LTE Band 5								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
1.4MHz	Low	362.32	Vertical	-40.53	-6.68	-47.21	- 13.00	PASS
		1706.52	V	-49.23	-3.42	-52.65		
		2408.20	V	-58.83	-1.42	-60.25		
		367.71	Horizontal	-38.53	-6.68	-45.21	- 13.00	PASS
		2851.05	H	-50.67	-3.42	-54.09		
		2600.49	H	-56.50	-1.42	-57.92		
	Mid	377.57	Vertical	-38.51	-6.68	-45.19	- 13.00	PASS
		1518.25	V	-49.96	-3.42	-53.38		
		3838.90	V	-58.26	-1.42	-59.68		
		376.31	Horizontal	-40.72	-6.68	-47.40	- 13.00	PASS
		1292.26	H	-50.52	-3.42	-53.94		
		2825.14	H	-56.71	-1.42	-58.13		
	High	363.87	Vertical	-41.00	-6.68	-47.68	- 13.00	PASS
		1581.70	V	-49.36	-3.42	-52.78		
		2709.60	V	-58.97	-1.42	-60.39		
		373.01	Horizontal	-39.29	-6.68	-45.97	- 13.00	PASS
		2968.74	H	-50.35	-3.42	-53.77		
		2842.65	H	-57.40	-1.42	-58.82		
3MHz	Low	368.02	Vertical	-40.12	-6.68	-46.80	- 13.00	PASS
		1737.86	V	-50.65	-3.42	-54.07		
		2533.48	V	-58.22	-1.42	-59.64		
		371.60	Horizontal	-38.98	-6.68	-45.66	- 13.00	PASS
		1138.59	H	-49.09	-3.42	-52.51		
		2034.62	H	-57.77	-1.42	-59.19		
		361.61	Vertical	-38.60	-6.68	-45.28	- 13.00	PASS
		2505.28	V	-50.43	-3.42	-53.85		
		2894.37	V	-56.29	-1.42	-57.71		

	Mid	377.73	Horizontal	-40.77	-6.68	-47.45	- 13.00	PASS
		1701.51	H	-48.30	-3.42	-51.72		
		2442.72	H	-58.87	-1.42	-60.29		
	High	359.05	Vertical	-40.05	-6.68	-46.73	- 13.00	PASS
		1563.10	V	-48.97	-3.42	-52.39		
		2236.99	V	-57.35	-1.42	-58.77		
		363.71	Horizontal	-38.92	-6.68	-45.60	- 13.00	PASS
		1144.60	H	-48.54	-3.42	-51.96		
		3397.49	H	-56.77	-1.42	-58.19		
5MHz	Low	362.63	Vertical	-40.45	-6.68	-47.13	- 13.00	PASS
		1846.14	V	-49.13	-3.42	-52.55		
		3114.32	V	-58.89	-1.42	-60.31		
		372.06	Horizontal	-40.25	-6.68	-46.93	- 13.00	PASS
		1359.74	H	-48.48	-3.42	-51.90		
		2988.78	H	-58.01	-1.42	-59.43		
	Mid	372.90	Vertical	-41.18	-6.68	-47.86	- 13.00	PASS
		2613.23	V	-48.63	-3.42	-52.05		
		3201.49	V	-58.00	-1.42	-59.42		
		376.38	Horizontal	-39.22	-6.68	-45.90	- 13.00	PASS
		2270.28	H	-49.17	-3.42	-52.59		
		3371.67	H	-57.42	-1.42	-58.84		
	High	362.30	Vertical	-40.11	-6.68	-46.79	- 13.00	PASS
		1410.00	V	-51.12	-3.42	-54.54		
		3880.47	V	-57.95	-1.42	-59.37		
		358.06	Horizontal	-40.68	-6.68	-47.36	- 13.00	PASS
		1635.08	H	-48.68	-3.42	-52.10		
		3619.99	H	-57.12	-1.42	-58.54		

LTE Band 12								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
	Low	369.02	Vertical	-40.15	-6.68	-46.83	- 13.00	PASS
		1171.04	V	-48.92	-3.42	-52.34		
		2991.11	V	-58.14	-1.42	-59.56		
		359.01	Horizontal	-40.53	-6.68	-47.21	- 13.00	PASS
		2745.13	H	-49.27	-3.42	-52.69		
		3462.22	H	-56.73	-1.42	-58.15		

1.4MHz	Mid	377.93	Vertical	-39.51	-6.68	-46.19	- 13.00	PASS
		2628.18	V	-48.66	-3.42	-52.08		
		3196.35	V	-57.27	-1.42	-58.69		
		377.79	Horizontal	-38.71	-6.68	-45.39	- 13.00	PASS
		2920.65	H	-49.12	-3.42	-52.54		
		3772.27	H	-58.46	-1.42	-59.88		
	High	373.92	Vertical	-38.88	-6.68	-45.56	- 13.00	PASS
		1792.84	V	-48.56	-3.42	-51.98		
		2459.59	V	-57.64	-1.42	-59.06		
		369.67	Horizontal	-40.17	-6.68	-46.85	- 13.00	PASS
		2040.98	H	-48.36	-3.42	-51.78		
		2106.34	H	-56.39	-1.42	-57.81		
3MHz	Low	365.03	Vertical	-39.72	-6.68	-46.40	- 13.00	PASS
		2833.40	V	-49.67	-3.42	-53.09		
		3031.83	V	-57.09	-1.42	-58.51		
		365.13	Horizontal	-38.41	-6.68	-45.09	- 13.00	PASS
		1516.14	H	-49.18	-3.42	-52.60		
		2400.39	H	-57.71	-1.42	-59.13		
	Mid	372.83	Vertical	-38.82	-6.68	-45.50	- 13.00	PASS
		1321.43	V	-50.78	-3.42	-54.20		
		2291.82	V	-56.48	-1.42	-57.90		
		370.93	Horizontal	-39.50	-6.68	-46.18	- 13.00	PASS
		2425.00	H	-50.04	-3.42	-53.46		
		3166.29	H	-57.69	-1.42	-59.11		
	High	378.94	Vertical	-40.96	-6.68	-47.64	- 13.00	PASS
		1041.51	V	-48.97	-3.42	-52.39		
		2970.27	V	-58.00	-1.42	-59.42		
		364.59	Horizontal	-38.34	-6.68	-45.02	- 13.00	PASS
		1065.36	H	-49.89	-3.42	-53.31		
		3135.11	H	-57.41	-1.42	-58.83		
	Low	358.70	Vertical	-38.76	-6.68	-45.44	- 13.00	PASS
		1504.93	V	-49.49	-3.42	-52.91		
		3834.63	V	-56.89	-1.42	-58.31		
		359.23	Horizontal	-38.90	-6.68	-45.58	- 13.00	PASS
		2294.98	H	-49.27	-3.42	-52.69		
		3651.73	H	-58.63	-1.42	-60.05		
		368.75	Vertical	-40.04	-6.68	-46.72	- 13.00	PASS
		2545.34	V	-49.23	-3.42	-52.65		

5MHz	Mid	2743.03	V	-57.35	-1.42	-58.77		
		358.33	Horizontal	-39.03	-6.68	-45.71	- 13.00	PASS
		1068.95	H	-48.90	-3.42	-52.32		
		3868.30	H	-57.86	-1.42	-59.28		
	High	368.97	Vertical	-39.48	-6.68	-46.16	- 13.00	PASS
		1021.83	V	-50.45	-3.42	-53.87		
		2381.43	V	-58.26	-1.42	-59.68		
		364.38	Horizontal	-41.24	-6.68	-47.92	- 13.00	PASS
		1950.61	H	-50.62	-3.42	-54.04		
		2123.55	H	-58.46	-1.42	-59.88		

LTE Band 13								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
5MHz	Low	359.11	Vertical	-38.51	-6.68	-45.19	- 13.00	PASS
		2300.11	V	-49.97	-3.42	-53.39		
		2954.29	V	-57.09	-1.42	-58.51		
		365.30	Horizontal	-38.49	-6.68	-45.17	- 13.00	PASS
		2835.79	H	-50.63	-3.42	-54.05		
		3869.62	H	-56.56	-1.42	-57.98		
	Mid	356.57	Vertical	-38.81	-6.68	-45.49	- 13.00	PASS
		2774.33	V	-48.82	-3.42	-52.24		
		2544.08	V	-58.38	-1.42	-59.80		
		364.45	Horizontal	-39.13	-6.68	-45.81	- 13.00	PASS
		1870.14	H	-50.85	-3.42	-54.27		
		3550.88	H	-58.96	-1.42	-60.38		
	High	367.66	Vertical	-40.41	-6.68	-47.09	- 13.00	PASS
		2996.32	V	-48.37	-3.42	-51.79		
		2123.14	V	-58.96	-1.42	-60.38		
		363.18	Horizontal	-38.51	-6.68	-45.19	- 13.00	PASS
		1616.54	H	-48.80	-3.42	-52.22		
		2076.32	H	-59.05	-1.42	-60.47		

LTE Band 66								
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission				Limit (dBm)	Result
			Polarization	Reading (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)		
1.4MHz	Low	370.51	Vertical	-39.10	-6.68	-45.78	- 13.00	PASS
		2114.04	V	-48.42	-3.42	-51.84		
		3744.69	V	-59.07	-1.42	-60.49		
		373.66	Horizontal	-40.32	-6.68	-47.00	- 13.00	PASS
		2188.69	H	-50.55	-3.42	-53.97		
		3847.29	H	-57.68	-1.42	-59.10		
	Mid	376.40	Vertical	-40.33	-6.68	-47.01	- 13.00	PASS
		1318.11	V	-49.89	-3.42	-53.31		
		3992.96	V	-56.74	-1.42	-58.16		
		370.46	Horizontal	-39.04	-6.68	-45.72	- 13.00	PASS
		2711.70	H	-49.38	-3.42	-52.80		
		3951.11	H	-59.06	-1.42	-60.48		
	High	368.24	Vertical	-40.17	-6.68	-46.85	- 13.00	PASS
		1465.32	V	-49.07	-3.42	-52.49		
		3356.33	V	-59.13	-1.42	-60.55		
		374.05	Horizontal	-39.62	-6.68	-46.30	- 13.00	PASS
		2835.28	H	-48.93	-3.42	-52.35		
		3861.46	H	-56.84	-1.42	-58.26		
3MHz	Low	358.39	Vertical	-40.62	-6.68	-47.30	- 13.00	PASS
		2035.06	V	-50.09	-3.42	-53.51		
		2789.70	V	-57.53	-1.42	-58.95		
		375.49	Horizontal	-40.56	-6.68	-47.24	- 13.00	PASS
		1863.15	H	-49.32	-3.42	-52.74		
		2226.28	H	-57.33	-1.42	-58.75		
	Mid	369.79	Vertical	-39.58	-6.68	-46.26	- 13.00	PASS
		2485.59	V	-51.13	-3.42	-54.55		
		3262.01	V	-57.41	-1.42	-58.83		
		378.60	Horizontal	-38.88	-6.68	-45.56	- 13.00	PASS
		2087.87	H	-48.33	-3.42	-51.75		
		2554.24	H	-58.70	-1.42	-60.12		
	High	361.97	Vertical	-40.04	-6.68	-46.72	- 13.00	PASS
		1390.99	V	-50.23	-3.42	-53.65		
		2230.21	V	-57.74	-1.42	-59.16		
		356.78	Horizontal	-38.66	-6.68	-45.34		

		1889.91	H	-48.50	-3.42	-51.92	- 13.00	PASS
		2866.96	H	-58.22	-1.42	-59.64		
5MHz	Low	371.27	Vertical	-39.48	-6.68	-46.16	- 13.00	PASS
		1404.06	V	-50.50	-3.42	-53.92		
		2996.76	V	-57.66	-1.42	-59.08		
		373.80	Horizontal	-40.92	-6.68	-47.60	- 13.00	PASS
		2724.08	H	-49.42	-3.42	-52.84		
		3022.03	H	-57.28	-1.42	-58.70		
	Mid	374.59	Vertical	-39.29	-6.68	-45.97	- 13.00	PASS
		2844.30	V	-50.46	-3.42	-53.88		
		2085.75	V	-58.55	-1.42	-59.97		
		357.13	Horizontal	-40.45	-6.68	-47.13	- 13.00	PASS
		1282.77	H	-50.19	-3.42	-53.61		
		2967.51	H	-57.62	-1.42	-59.04		
	High	373.54	Vertical	-39.13	-6.68	-45.81	- 13.00	PASS
		2365.31	V	-50.35	-3.42	-53.77		
		3513.52	V	-57.72	-1.42	-59.14		
		376.93	Horizontal	-38.41	-6.68	-45.09	- 13.00	PASS
		1656.52	H	-49.25	-3.42	-52.67		
		3385.87	H	-58.88	-1.42	-60.30		

3.7 Frequency Stability

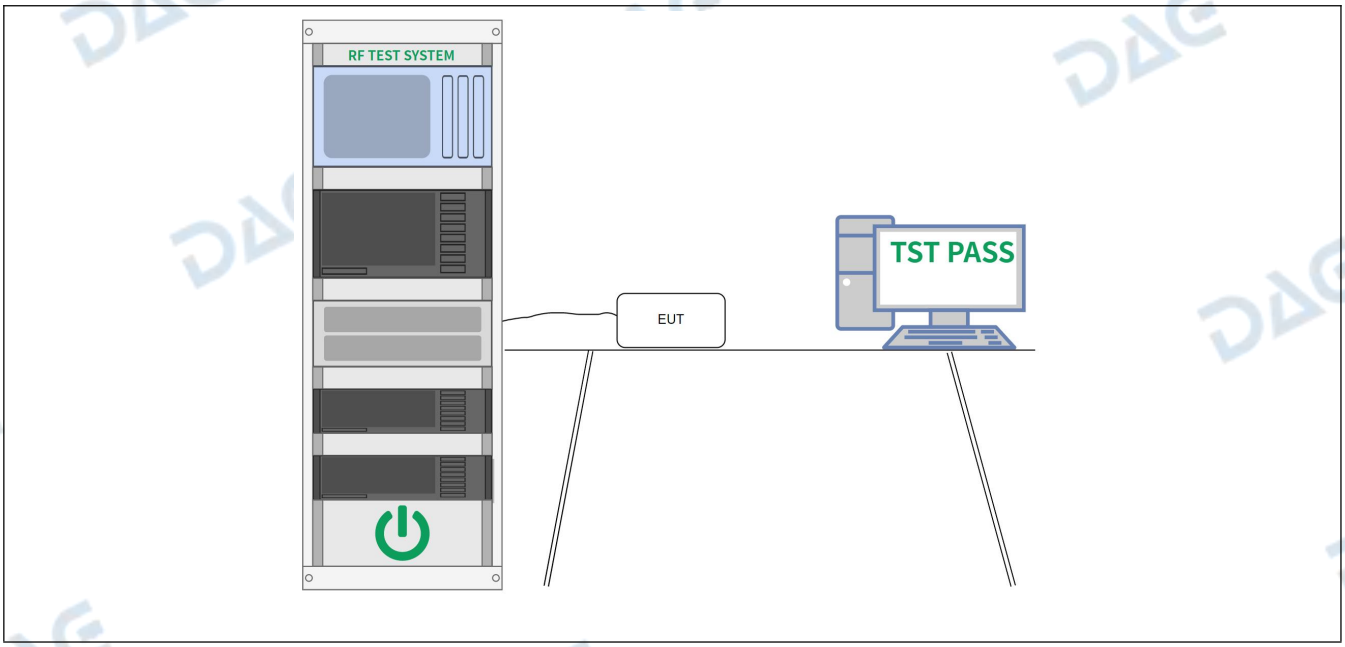
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 2.1055, Part 24.235 47 CFR Part 2.1055, Part 27.54
Test Limit:	The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.26-2015, Section 5.6
Procedure:	Frequency stability over variations in temperature: a) Supply the EUT with a nominal 60 Hz ac voltage, dc voltage, or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT. b) If possible a dummy load should be connected to the EUT because an antenna near the metallic walls of an environmental test chamber could affect the output frequency of the EUT. If the EUT is equipped with a permanently attached, adjustable-length antenna, the EUT should be placed in the center of the chamber with the antenna adjusted to the shortest length possible. c) Turn on the EUT, and tune it to the center frequency of the operating band. d) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible, make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away). NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument. e) Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits. f) Turn the EUT off, and place it inside the environmental temperature chamber. For devices that have oscillator heaters, energize only the heater circuit. g) Set the temperature control on the chamber to the highest temperature specified in the regulatory requirements for the type of device, and allow the oscillator heater and the chamber temperature to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulatory authority, this temperature should be 50 °C. h) While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn on the EUT and allow sufficient time for the EUT temperature to stabilize. i) Measure the frequency. j) Switch off the EUT, but do not switch off the oscillator heater. k) Lower the chamber temperature to the next level that is required by the standard and allow the temperature inside the chamber to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature step should be 10 °C. l) Repeat step h) through step k) down to the lowest specified temperature. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature should be -30 °C. When the frequency stability limit is stated as being sufficient such that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation, a reference point shall be established at the applicable unwanted emissions limit using a RBW equal to the RBW required by the unwanted emissions specification of the applicable regulatory standard. These reference points measured using the lowest and highest channel of operation shall be identified as fL and fH respectively. The worst-case frequency offset determined in the above methods shall be added or subtracted from the values of fL and fH and the resulting frequencies must remain within the band. m) The following additional information is required for equipment incorporating heater type crystal oscillators to be used in mobile stations except for battery powered, hand carried, and portable equipment having mean output power lower than the threshold specified.

	1) Measurement data showing variation in transmitter output frequency from a cold start and the elapsed time necessary for the frequency to stabilize within the applicable tolerance. Tests shall be made after temperature stabilization at each of the ambient temperature levels required by the standard. 2) Beginning at each temperature level specified, the frequency shall be measured within 60 s after application of primary power to the transmitter and at intervals of no more than 60 s thereafter until 10 min have elapsed or until sufficient measurements are obtained to indicate clearly that the frequency has stabilized within the applicable tolerance, whichever time period is greater. 3) The elapsed time necessary for the frequency to stabilize within the applicable tolerance from each beginning temperature level as determined from the tests specified in this paragraph shall be specified in the instruction book for the transmitter furnished to the user. 4) When it is impracticable to subject the complete transmitter to this test because of its physical dimensions or power rating, only its frequency determining and stabilizing portions need be tested. Frequency stability when varying supply voltage: a) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away) b) Supply the EUT with nominal ac or dc voltage. The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown. c) Turn on the EUT, and couple its output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument. d) Tune the EUT to the center frequency of the operating band. Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits. NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument. e) Measure the frequency. f) Unless otherwise specified, vary primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment. g) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer. h) Repeat the frequency measurement. NOTE—For band-edge compliance, it can be required to make these measurements at the low and high channel of the operating band.

3.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	22.7 °C	Humidity:	49 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pretest mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2, TM3, TM4, TM5,TM6				

3.7.2 Test Setup Diagram:



3.7.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

4 TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Refer to Appendix - Test Setup Photos for DACE250225001RL001.docx

5 PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Refer to Appendix - EUT Photos for DACE250225001RL001.docx

********** **End of Report** **********