FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C
CERTIFICATION
TEST REPORT

FOR

BROADCOM 802.11ag /DRAFT 802.11n
WIRELESS LAN PCI-E MINI CARD

MODEL NUMBER: BCM94321MC

FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1022

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10233-1B

ISSUE DATE: JUNE 14, 2006

Prepared for
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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
--	06/08/06	Initial Issue	Thu
B	06/14/06	Further detailed explanation of the investigations on section 5.2	Thu

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME:	BROADCOM CORP. 190 MATHILDA PLACE SUNNYVALE, CA 94086, USA
EUT DESCRIPTION:	BROADCOM 802.11 AG /DRAFT 802.11n WIRELESS LAN PCI-E MINI CARD
MODEL:	BCM94321MC
SERIAL NUMBER:	107 & 316
DATE TESTED:	MARCH 27 – MAY 30, 2006

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	**TEST RESULTS**
FCC PART 15 SUBPART C	NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

THU CHAN
EMC SUPERVISOR
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

Tested By:

VIEN TRAN
EMC ENGINEER
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is an 802.11n MIMO transceiver chipset. The chipset is installed on a Mini PCI–E card, model number BCM94321MC.

The radio module is manufactured by Broadcom Corp.

5.2. TEST RESULT CONCLUSIONS

The worst-case data rates in each mode is based on the investigations by measuring the PSD, peak power, average power on conducted emissions, bandedge and 2nd harmonic (5GHz only) on radiated emissions across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.

For the Legacy Mode, the worst case is 1Mb/s @ 11b mode & 6Mb/s @ 11g mode.
For MCS Index and MIMO operation modes covered under this evaluation it was determined that MCS Index 0 is worst case for all testing performed at 20MHz (including Band-edge, Emissions testing, PSD).
MCS Index 32 is worst case for 40MHz mode.
Both MCS 0 and MCS 32 were set to CDD mode.

5.3. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

HITACHI (PIFA Stamped Antenna) & PHYCOMP (PCB Antenna)

LEGACY MODE

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
2412 - 2462	802.11b	23.19	208.45
2412 - 2462	802.11g	26.02	399.94

5725 to 5850 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5745 - 5825	802.11a	24.23	264.85

MIMO MODE

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Peak Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Chain 1 (dBm)	Total Peak Power (dBm)	Output (mW)
2412 - 2462	20 MHz BANDWIDTH	23.95	23.82	26.90	489.30
2412 - 2462	40 MHz BANDWIDTH	21.77	21.61	24.70	295.19

5725 to 5850 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Peak Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Chain 1 (dBm)	Total Peak Power (dBm)	Output (mW)
5745 - 5825	20 MHz BANDWIDTH	22.17	22.56	25.38	345.12
5745 - 5825	40 MHz BANDWIDTH	22.41	23.66	26.09	406.45

FOXCONN (PCB Antenna)

LEGACY MODE

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
2412 - 2462	802.11b	23.19	208.45
2412 - 2462	802.11g	24.40	275.42

5725 to 5850 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5745 - 5825	802.11a	24.23	264.85

MIMO MODE

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Peak Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Chain 1 (dBm)	Total Peak Power (dBm)	Output (mW)
2412 - 2462	20 MHz BANDWIDTH	21.62	21.98	24.81	302.97
2412 - 2462	40 MHz BANDWIDTH	20.14	20.17	23.17	207.27

5725 to 5850 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Peak Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Chain 1 (dBm)	Total Peak Power (dBm)	Output (mW)
5745 - 5825	20 MHz BANDWIDTH	22.17	22.56	25.38	345.12
5745 - 5825	40 MHz BANDWIDTH	22.41	23.66	26.09	406.45

5.4. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The EUT has 2 Tx/Rx antennas that are automatically selected for use as per the MCS index and STF mode selections. And the EUT was tested with three different antennas as descript below:
_ Hitachi, HMT-05 / HFT17-DL17 Model, PIFA Stamped Metal Antenna: 3.9dBi @ 2.4GHz & 6.2dBi @ 5GHz.
_ Foxconn, 820-2032, PCB Antenna: 2.15dBi @ 2.4GHz & 7.44dBi @ 5GHz.
_ Phycomp, 4313 33401250 (left), 4313 3402250 (right), PCB Antenna: 2.22dBi @ 2.4GHz & 3.9dBi @ 5GHz.

5.5. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The EUT was tested in the following manner:
- "epi_ttcp.exe" was used to transmit UDP packets to a broadcast IP address (192.168.66.255) – i.e. no ACK required. This test mode sends a continuous packetized data stream with duty cycles that vary dependant upon data rate/MCS Index selected.
- "wl ampdu" and "frameburst" were enabled to ensure worst case data packet transfer and duty cycle.
- Worst case packet length have also been used to ensure max duty cycle

5.6. CONFIGURATION AND MODE

Operating modes were changed directly in software with no other changes to the set up. Power levels were verified across all the MCS Index at the start of test and as required throughout testing.

Prior to each test a power meter was used to tune the gated average power within a Tx packet. The channel gates on the meter were set to ensure that, at the time of recording, only packet power was captured without including duty cycle off time.

Power was tuned for different modes, channels and antennas based on the power tuning table contained in the Operational Description submitted under the same filing.

5.7. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**FCC ID**
Laptop PC	Dell	Inspiron 0000	CN-901014-70166-57K-01JT	DOC
AC Adapter	Dell	PA-1600-06D1	F9710	DOC

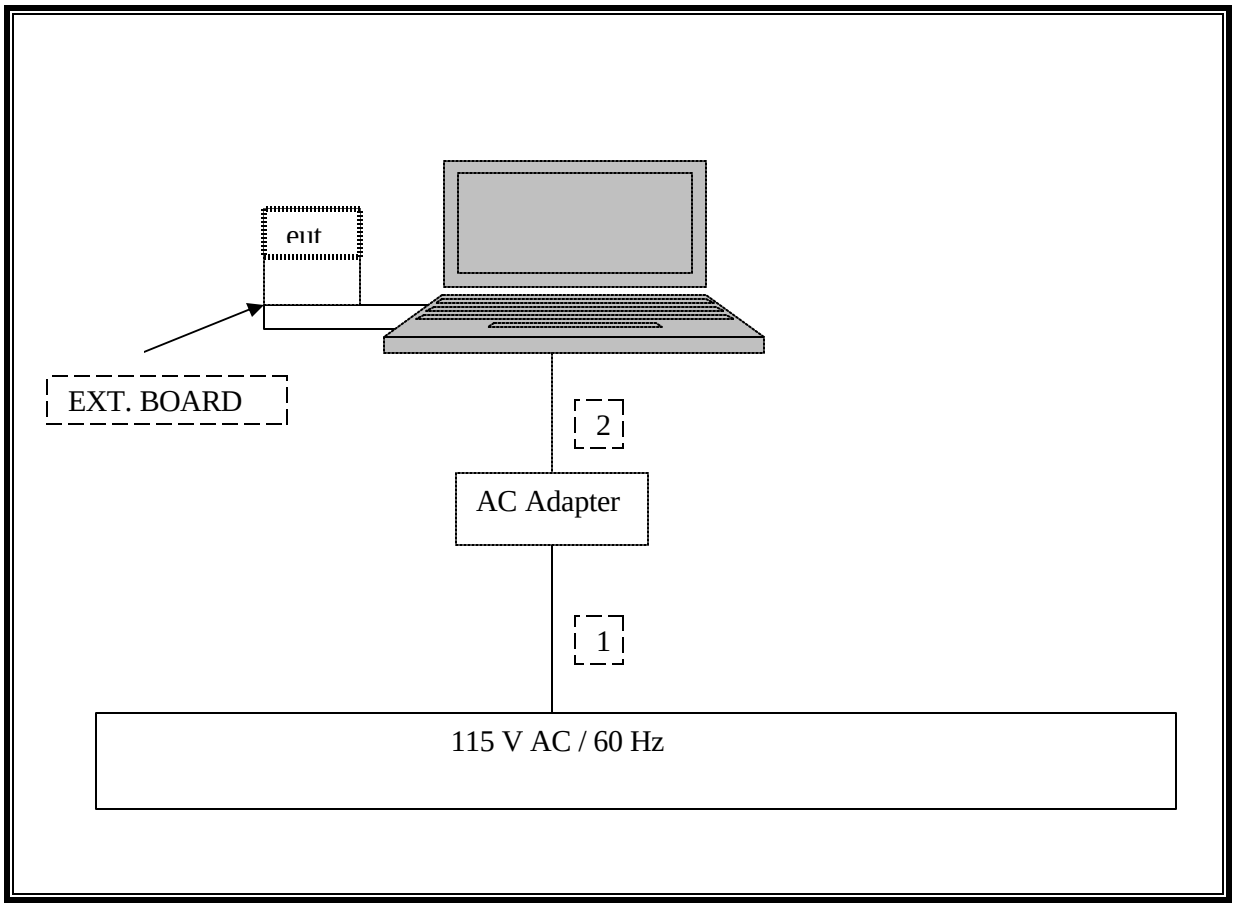
I/O CABLES

I/O CABLE LIST						
Cable No.	**Port**	**# of Identical Ports**	**Connector Type**	**Cable Type**	**Cable Length**	**Remarks**
1	AC	1	AC	Unshielded	1.2 m	N/A
2	DC	1	DC	Unshielded	1.2 m	N/A

TEST SETUP

The EUT is installed in a host laptop computer via Express card to MiniPCI-E adapter boards during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

SETUP DIAGRAM



6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**Cal Due**
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	US42510266	10/19/2006
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	2238	4/22/2007
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	8449B	3008A00561	10/3/2007
Preamplifier, 26 ~ 40 GHz	Miteq	NSP4000-SP2	924343	8/18/2006
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	2023	8/30/2006
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	8379443	8/30/2006
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	6/3/2006
AC Power Source, 10 kVA	ACS	AFC-10K-AFC-2	J1568	CNR
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	Agilent / HP	8542E	3942A00286	2/4/2007
RF Filter Section	Agilent / HP	85420E	3705A00256	2/4/2007
Antenna, Bilog 30 MHz ~ 2 Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	A121003	3/3/2007
4.0 High Pass Filter	Micro Tronics	HPM13351	3	N/A
2.4 - 2.5 Band Reject Filter	Micro Tronics	N/A	1	N/A
2.0 - 4.2 GHz Combiner	Mini-Circuits	ZA4PD-4	SF380100518	N/A
4.6 - 5.8 GHz Combiner	Mini-Circuits	ZB4PD1-5.8	SN649900514	N/A
Peak Power Meter	Agilent / HP	E4416A	GB41291160	12/2/2007
Antenna, Horn 26 ~ 40 GHz	ARA	MWH-2640/B	1029	4/13/2007
4.0 GHz High Pass Filter	Micro Tronics	HPM13351	3	N/A
2.4 - 2.5 Reject Filter	Micro Tronics	BRM50702	3	N/A
7.6 GHz High Pass Filter	Micro Tronics	HPM13350	1	N/A
5.75 - 5.8 Reject Filter	Micro Tronics	BRC13192	2	N/A

7. LIMITS AND RESULT

HITACHI, PIFA STAMPED METAL ANTENNA

LEGACY MODE

7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

6 dB BANDWIDTH - LEGACY - MODE

802.11b Mode

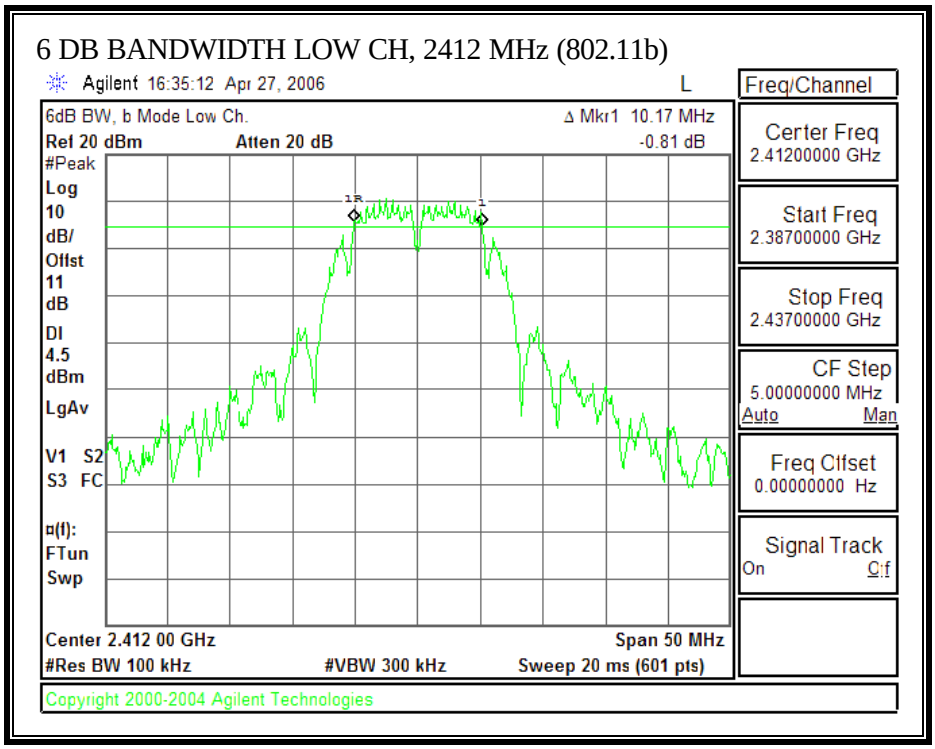
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	10170	500	9670
Low	2417	10170	500	9670
Middle	2437	10170	500	9670
High	2457	10170	500	9670
High	2462	10170	500	9670

802.11g Mode

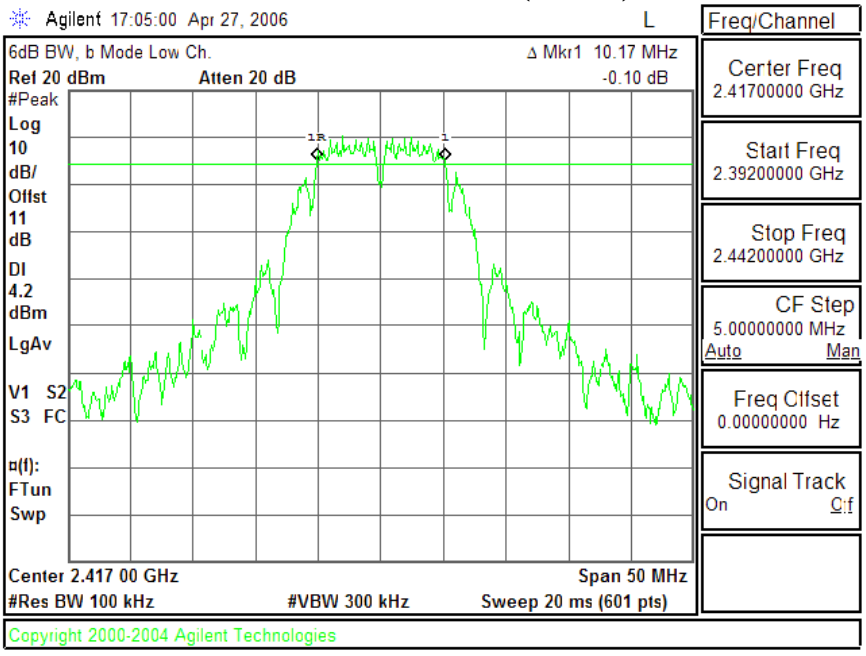
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	16330	500	15830
Low	2417	16330	500	15830
Middle	2437	16330	500	15830
High	2457	16330	500	15830
High	2462	16330	500	15830

2.4 GHz BAND

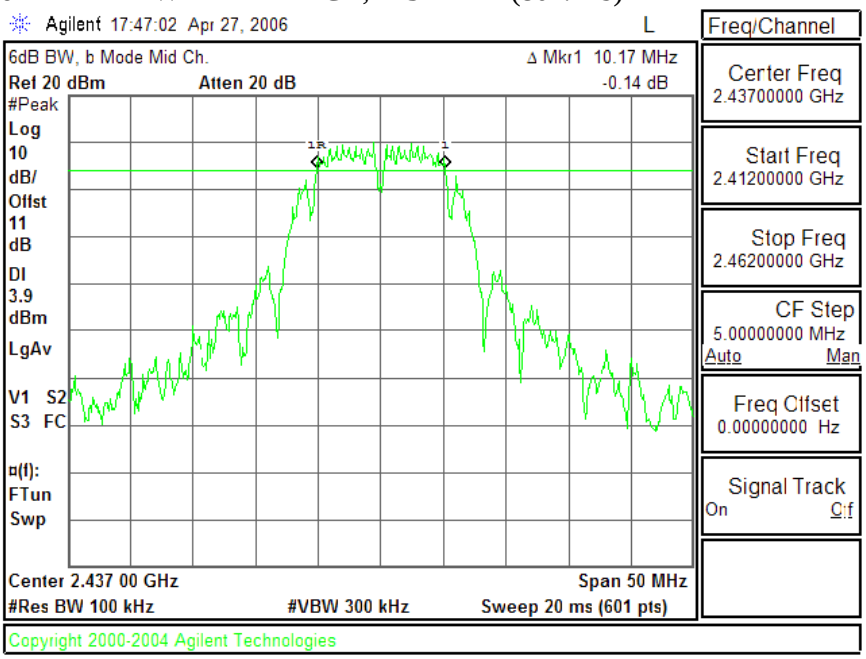
6 DB BANDWIDTH – 11b Mode



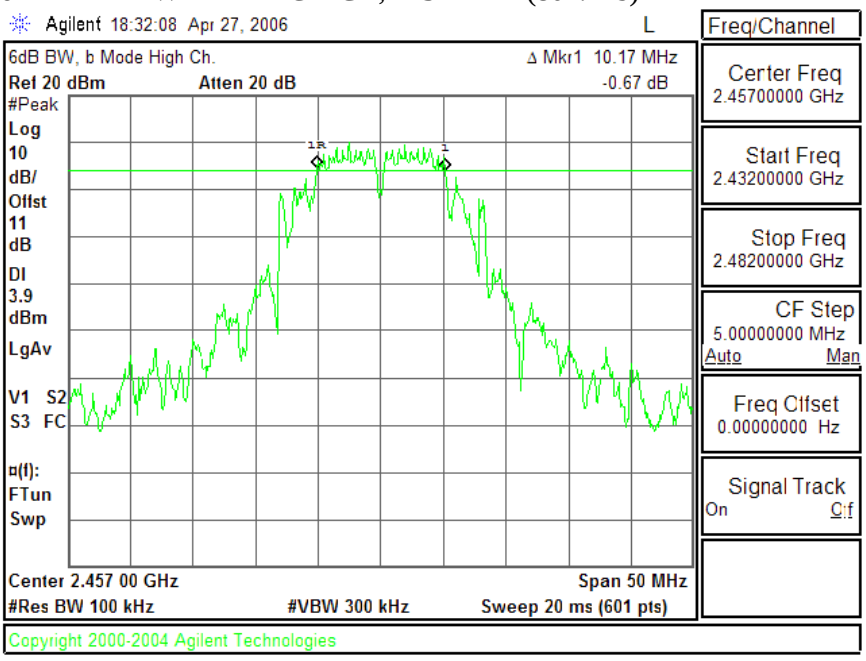
6 DB BANDWIDTH LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11b)



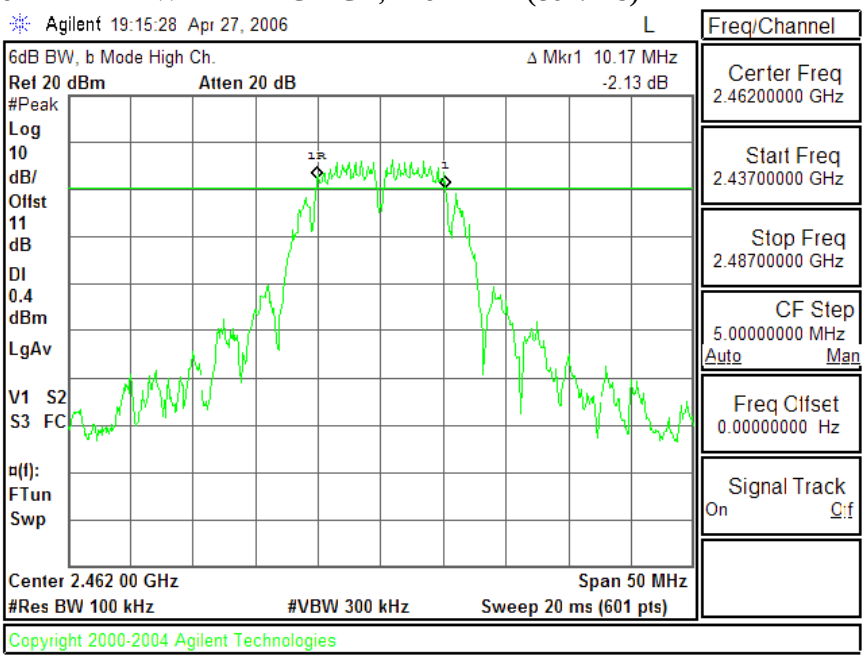
6 DB BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11b)



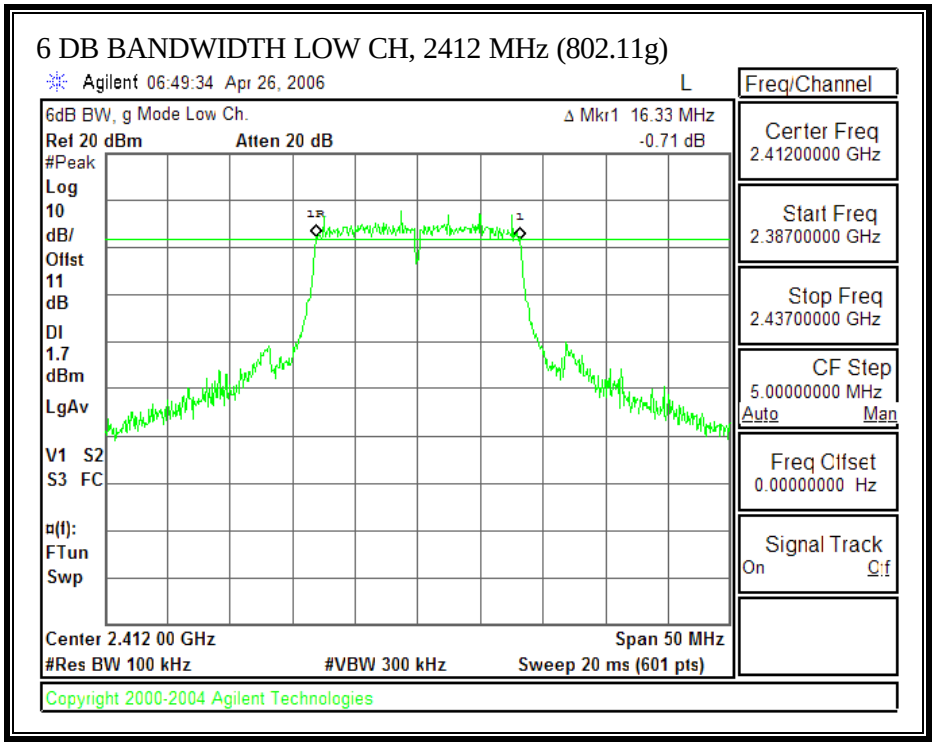
6 DB BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2457 MHz (802.11b)



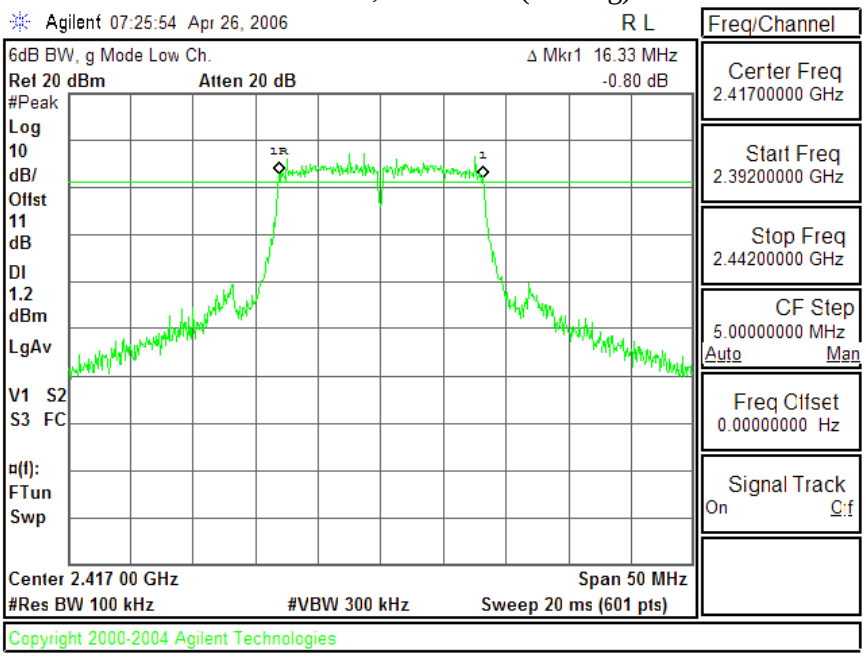
6 DB BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11b)



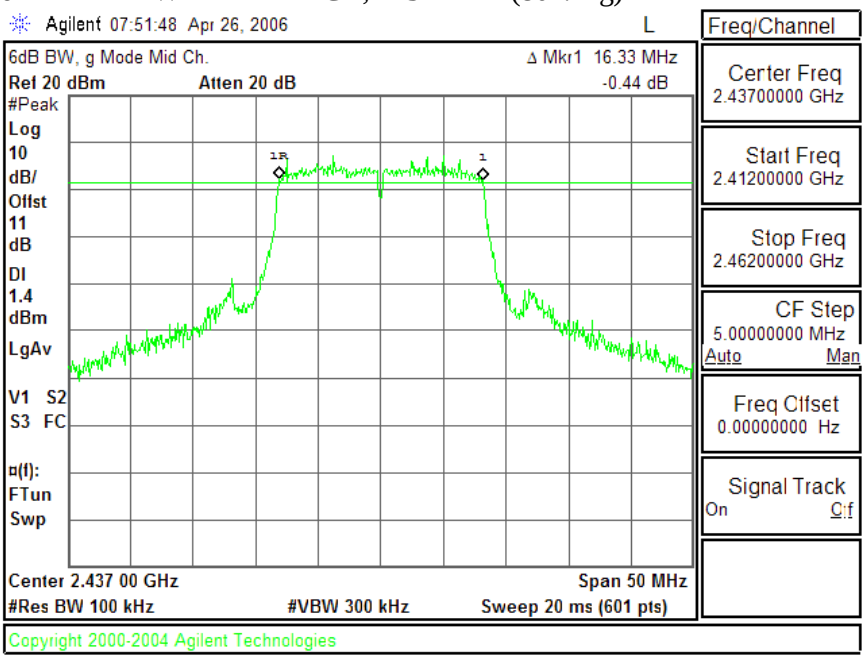
6 DB BANDWIDTH – 11g Mode



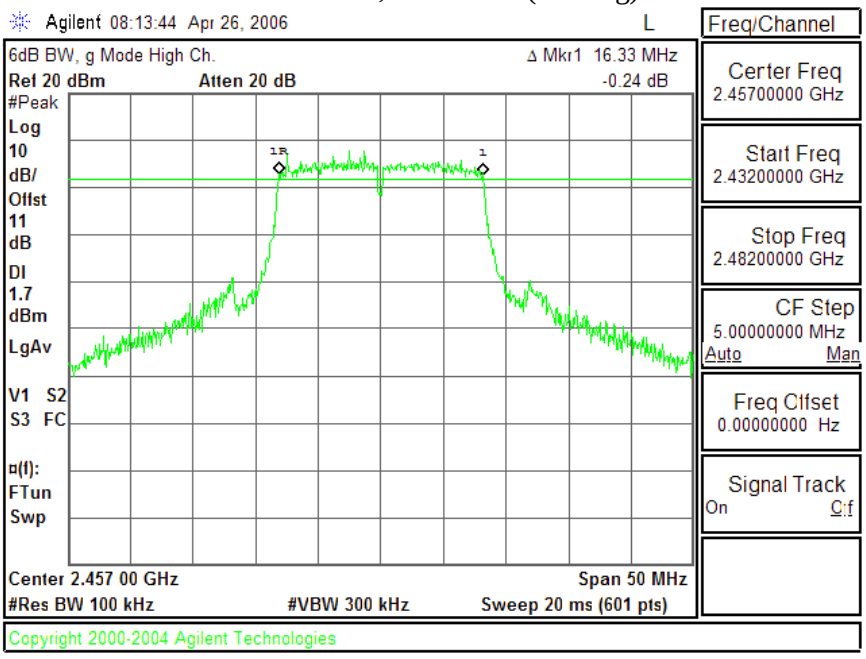
6 DB BANDWIDTH LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11g)



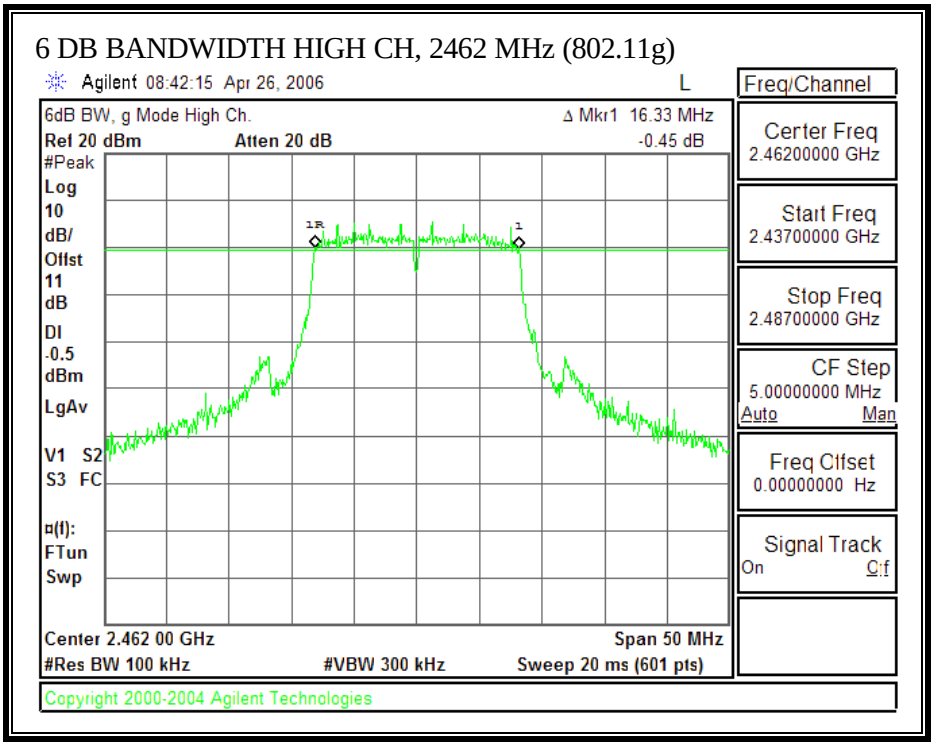
6 DB BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11g)



6 DB BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2457 MHz (802.11g)



6 DB BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11g)



7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

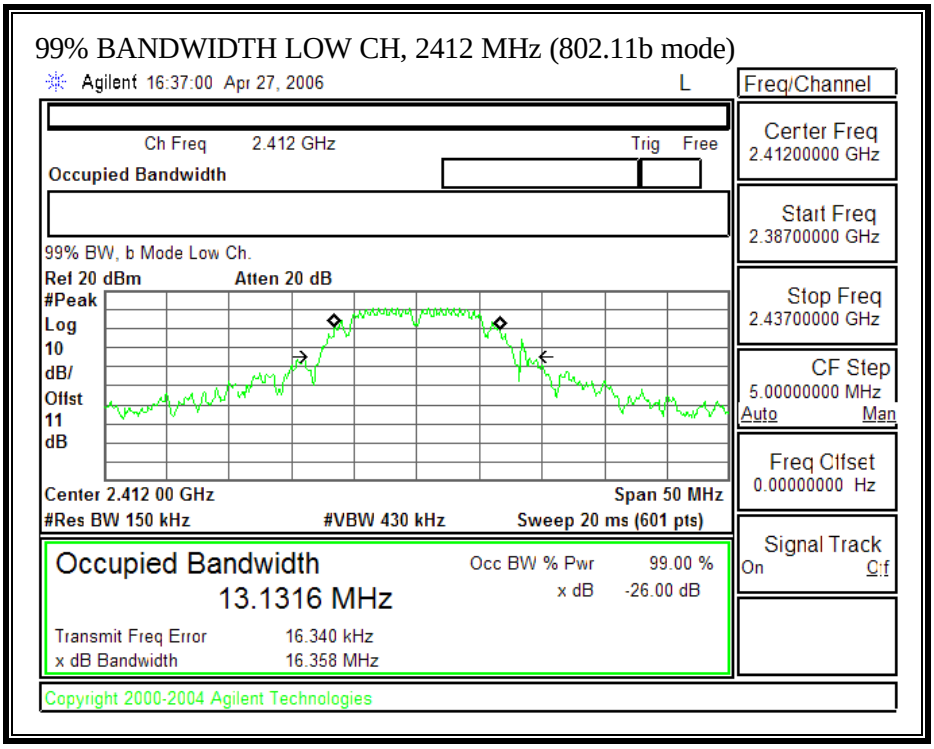
802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	13.1316
Low	2417	13.0818
Middle	2437	13.9032
High	2457	15.0266
High	2462	14.2016

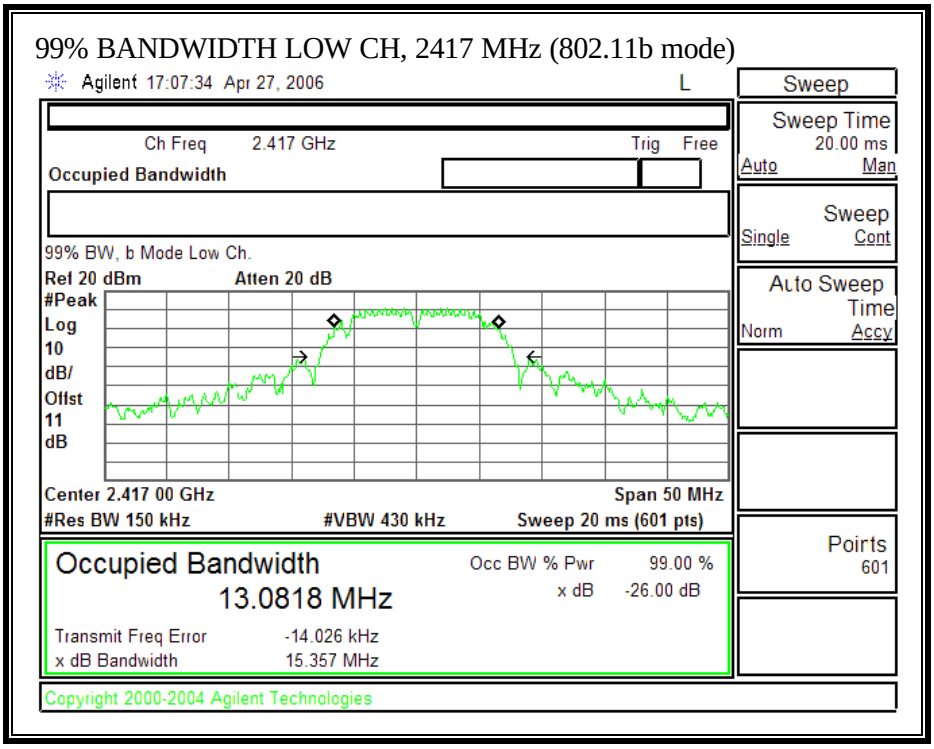
802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	16.4843
Low	2417	16.4960
Middle	2437	16.5003
High	2457	16.4978
High	2462	16.4633

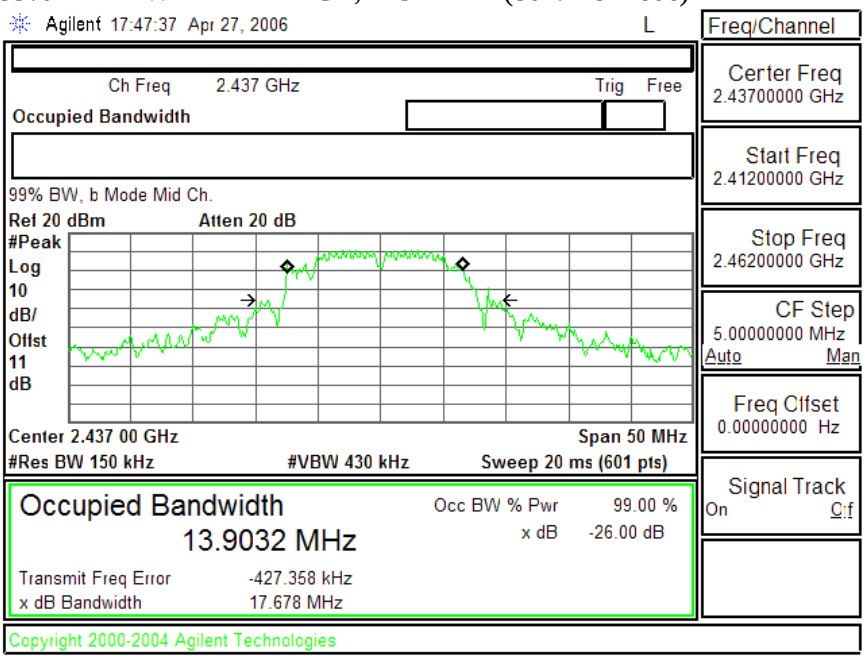
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)



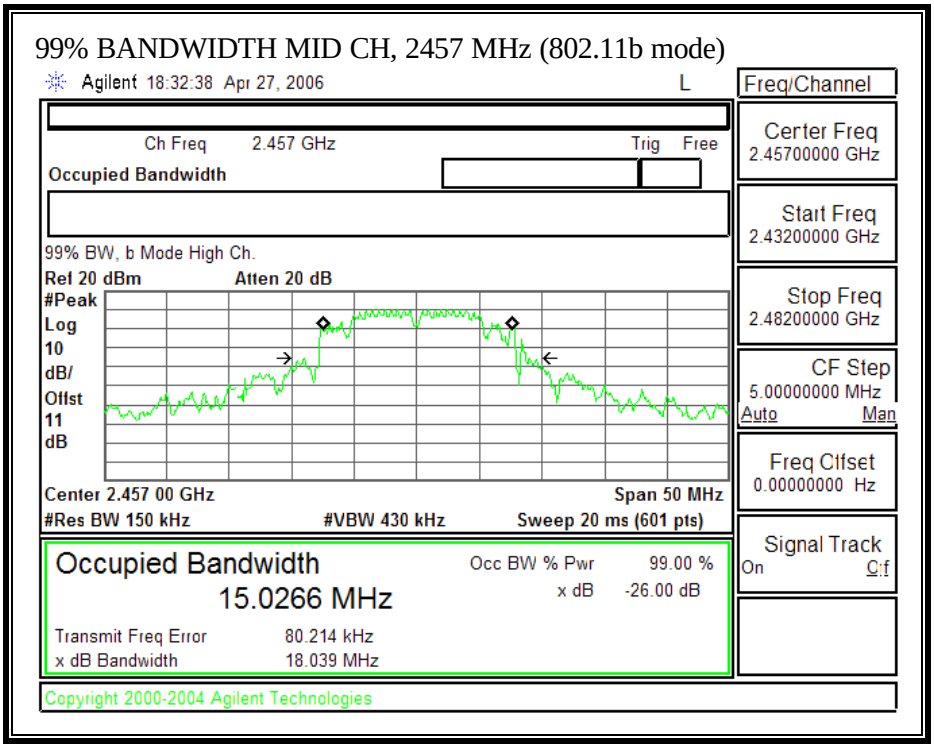
99% BANDWIDTH LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11b mode)



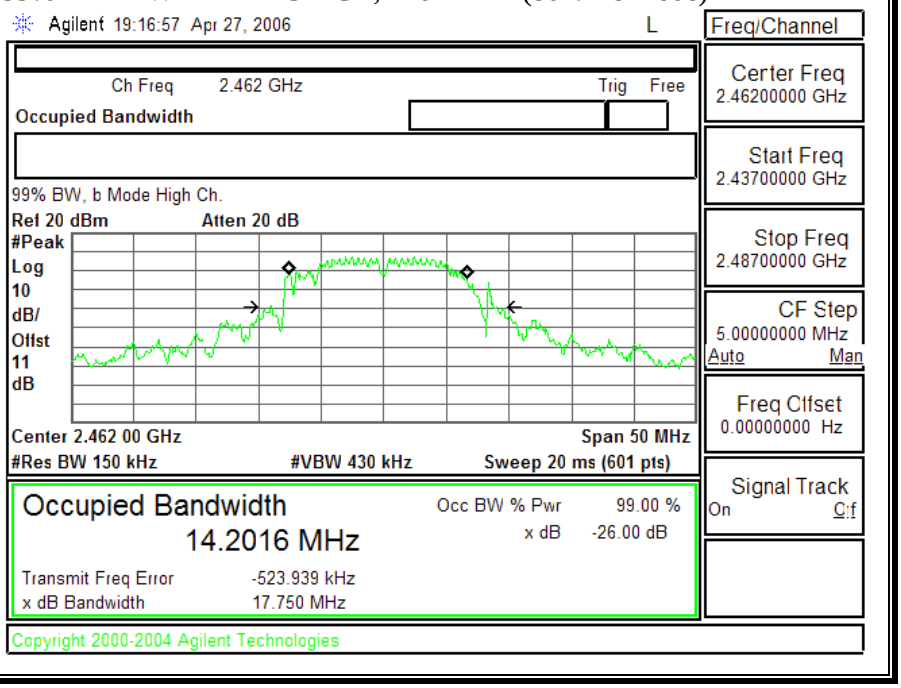
99% BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11b mode)



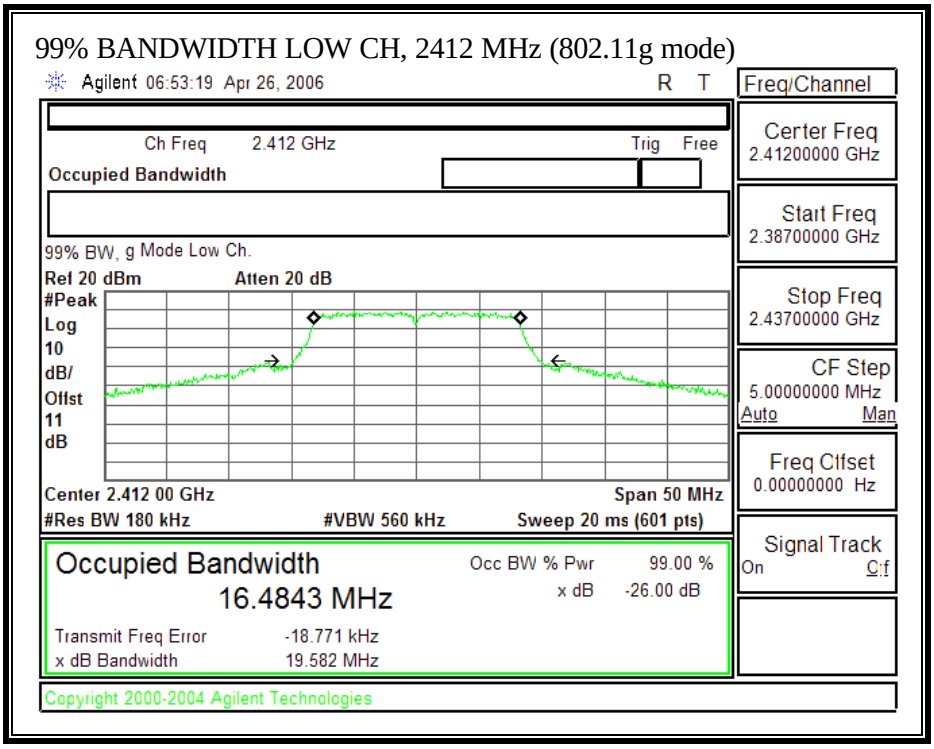
99% BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2457 MHz (802.11b mode)



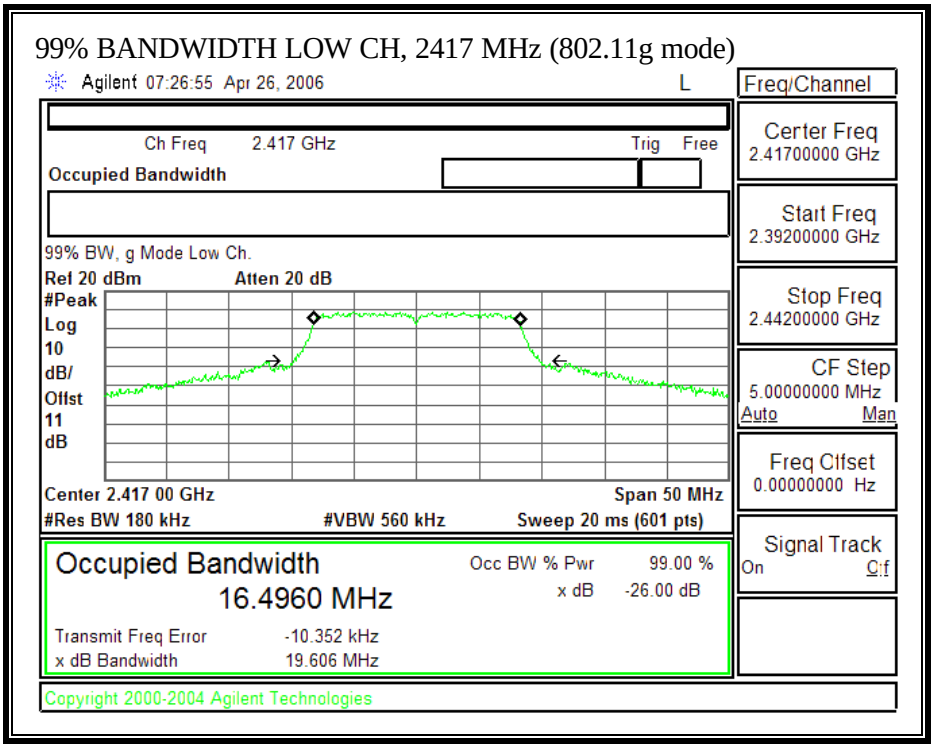
99% BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11b mode)



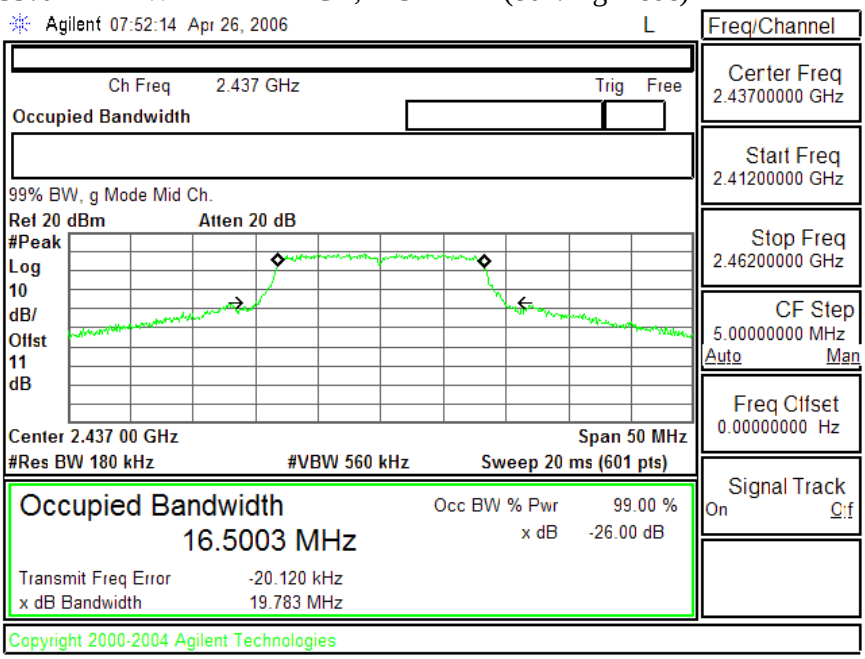
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)



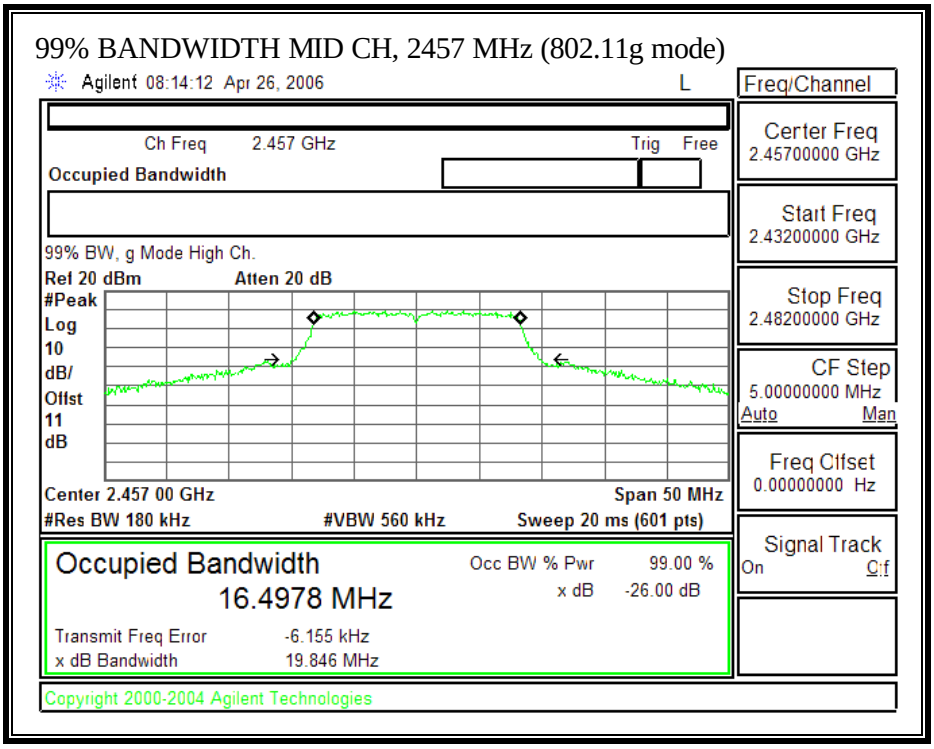
99% BANDWIDTH LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11g mode)



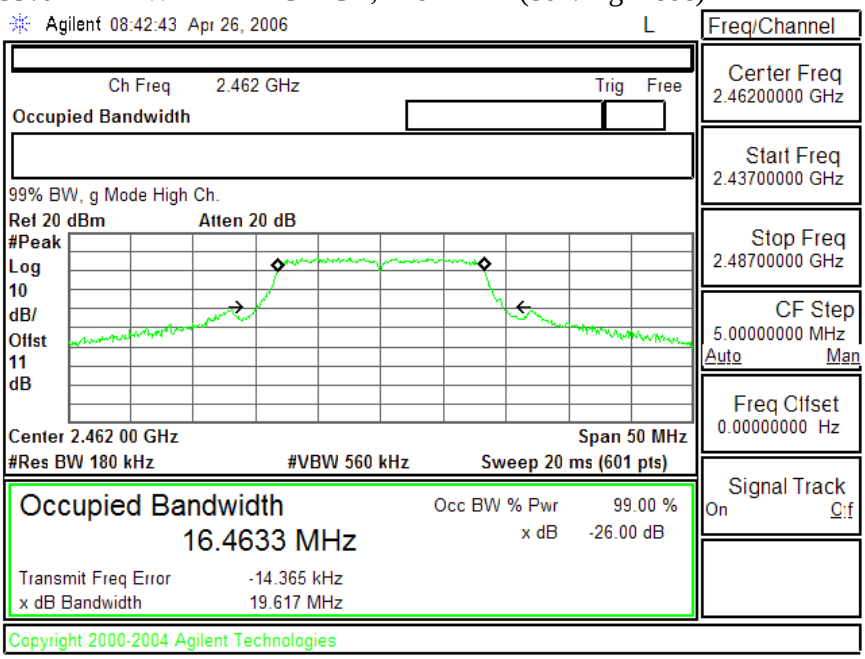
99% BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11g mode)



99% BANDWIDTH MID CH, 2457 MHz (802.11g mode)



99% BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11g mode)



7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (b)(4) (i), (ii) and (iii) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

RESULTS

The maximum antenna gain is 3.9dBi @ 2.4GHz for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is still 30 dBm for 2.4GHz band.

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

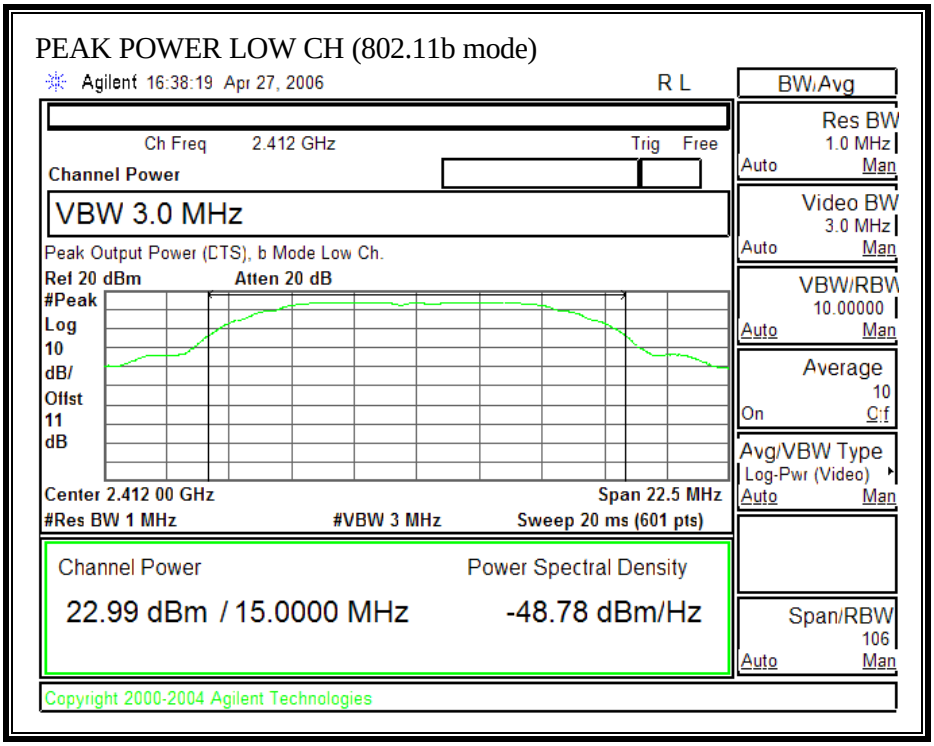
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1	2412	22.99	30	-7.01
2	2417	23.19	30	-6.81
6	2437	23.01	30	-6.99
10	2457	22.56	30	-7.44
11	2462	19.97	30	-10.03

802.11g Mode

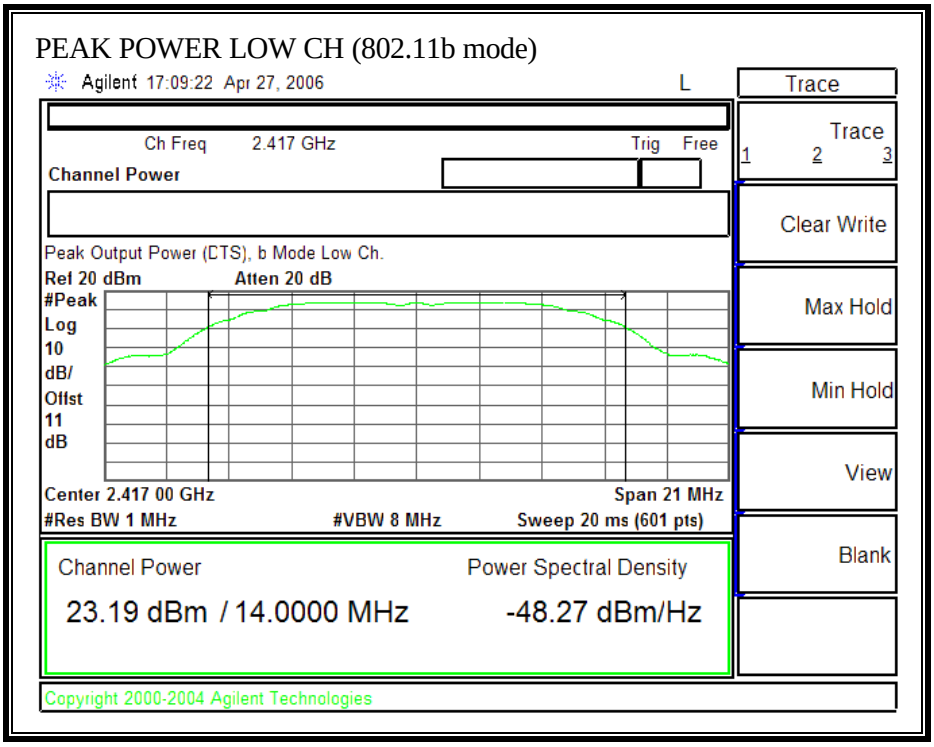
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1	2412	25.72	30	-4.28
2	2417	25.51	30	-4.49
6	2437	25.56	30	-4.44
10	2457	26.02	30	-3.98
11	2462	23.51	30	-6.49

OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)

CHANNEL 1, 2412 MHz

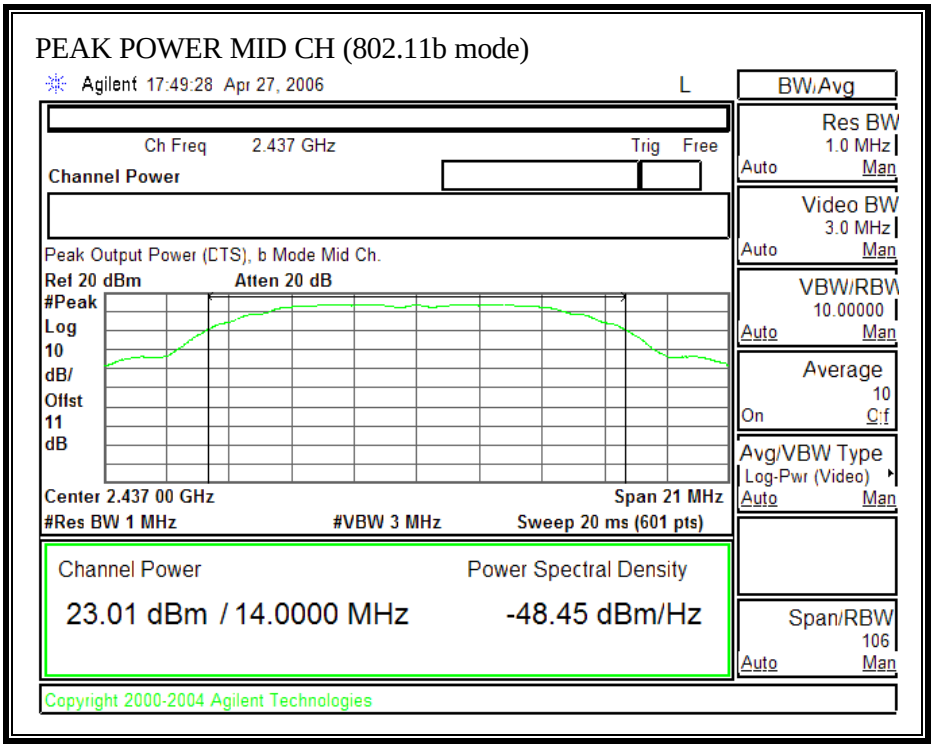


CHANNEL 2, 2417 MHz

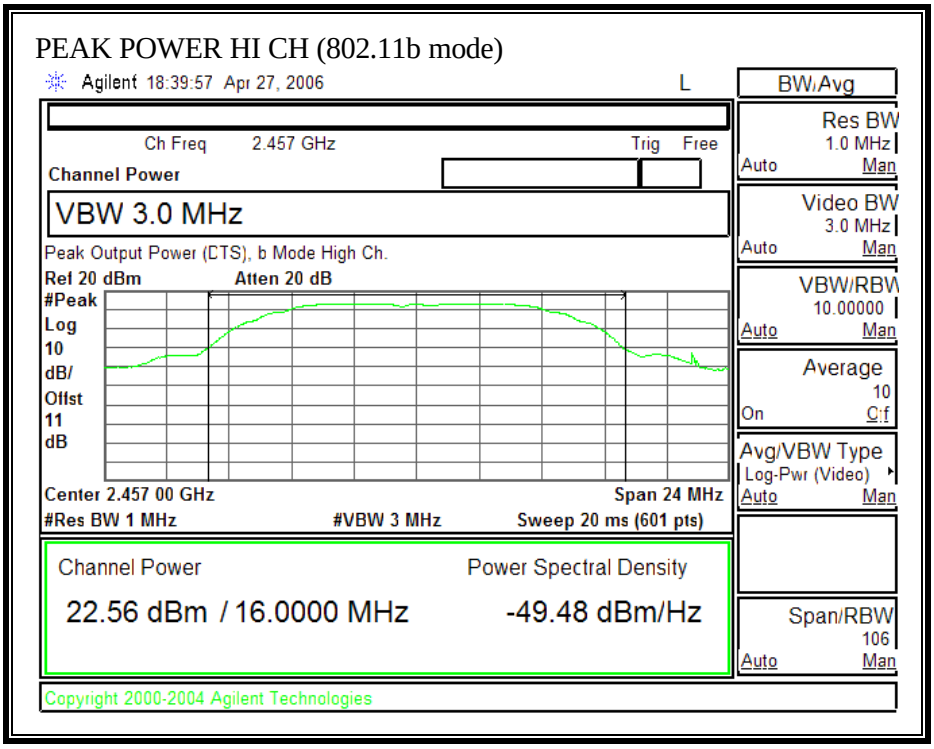


CHANNEL 2, 2437 MHz

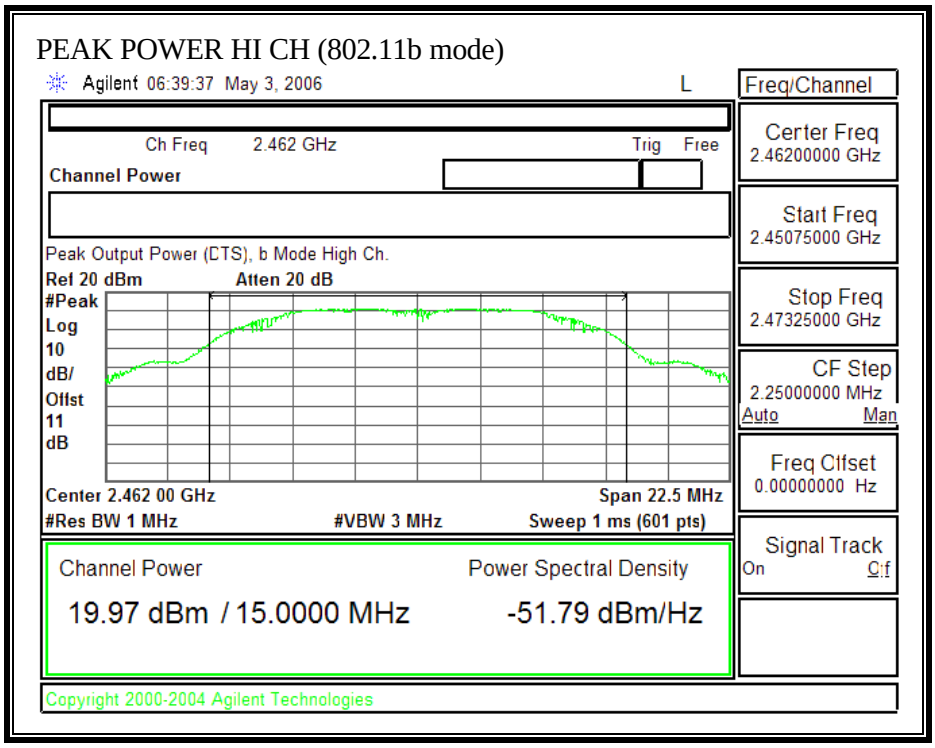
PEAK POWER MID CH (802.11b mode)



CHANNEL 10, 2457 MHz

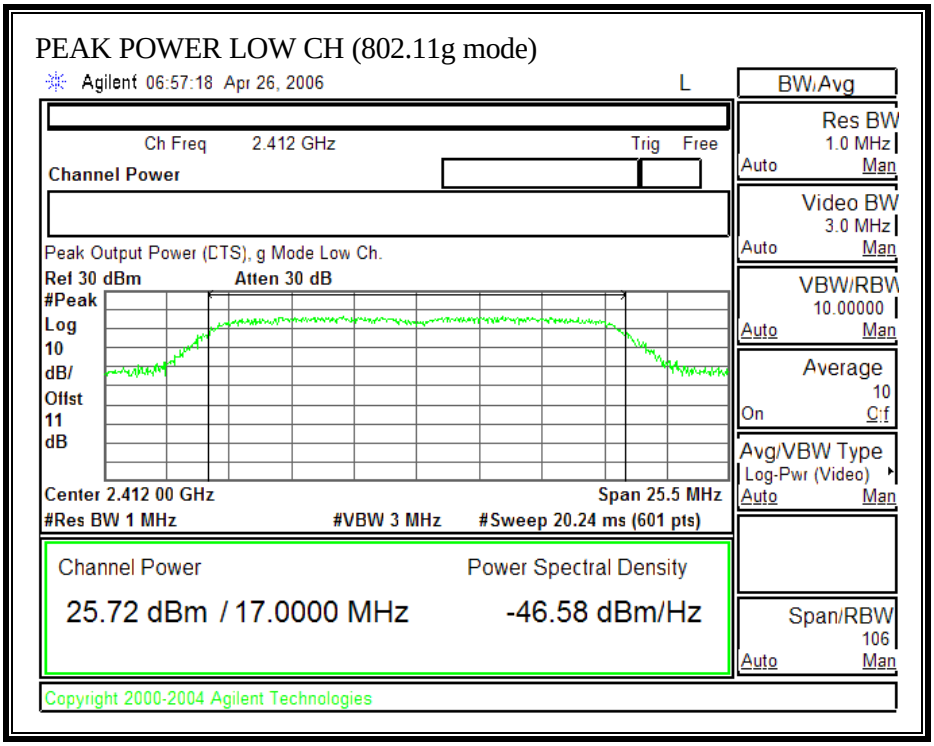


CHANNEL 11, 2462 MHz

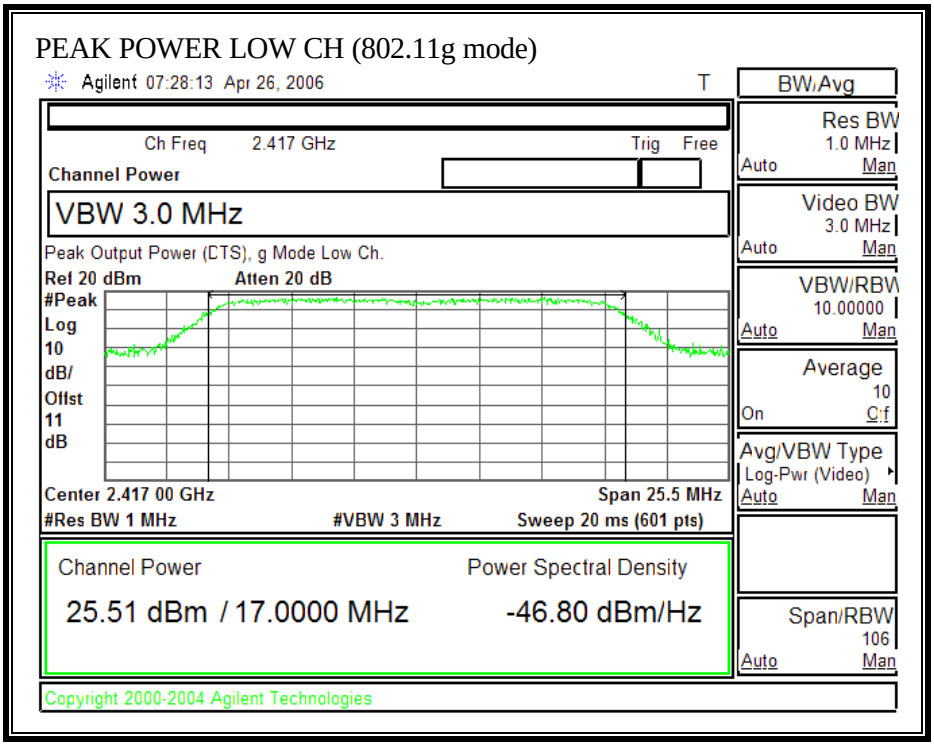


OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)

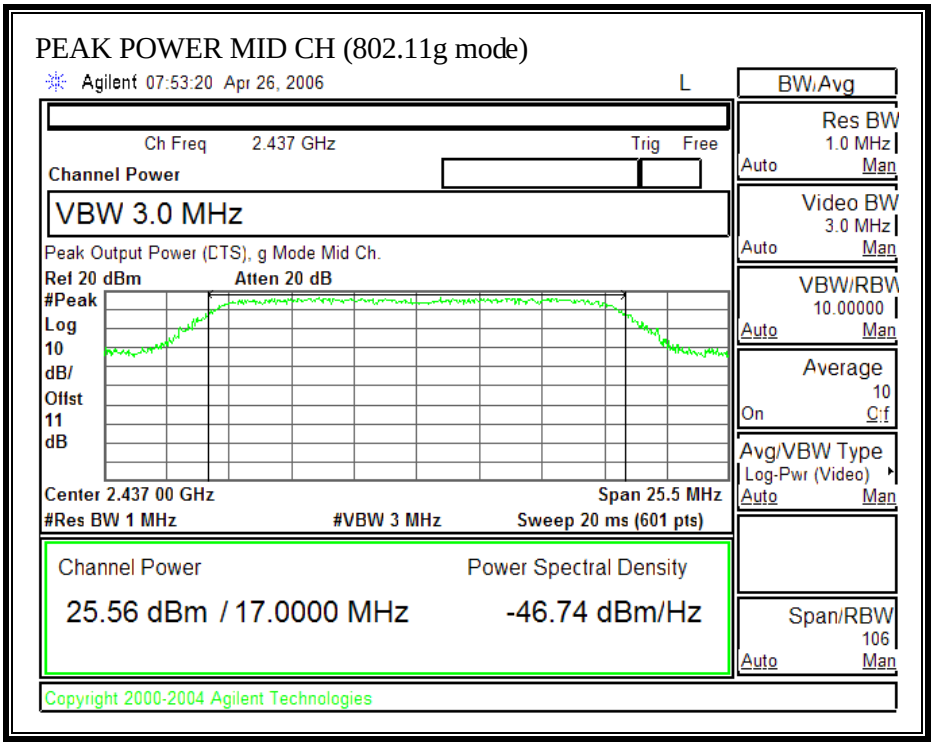
CHANNEL 1, 2412 MHz



CHANNEL 2, 2417 MHz

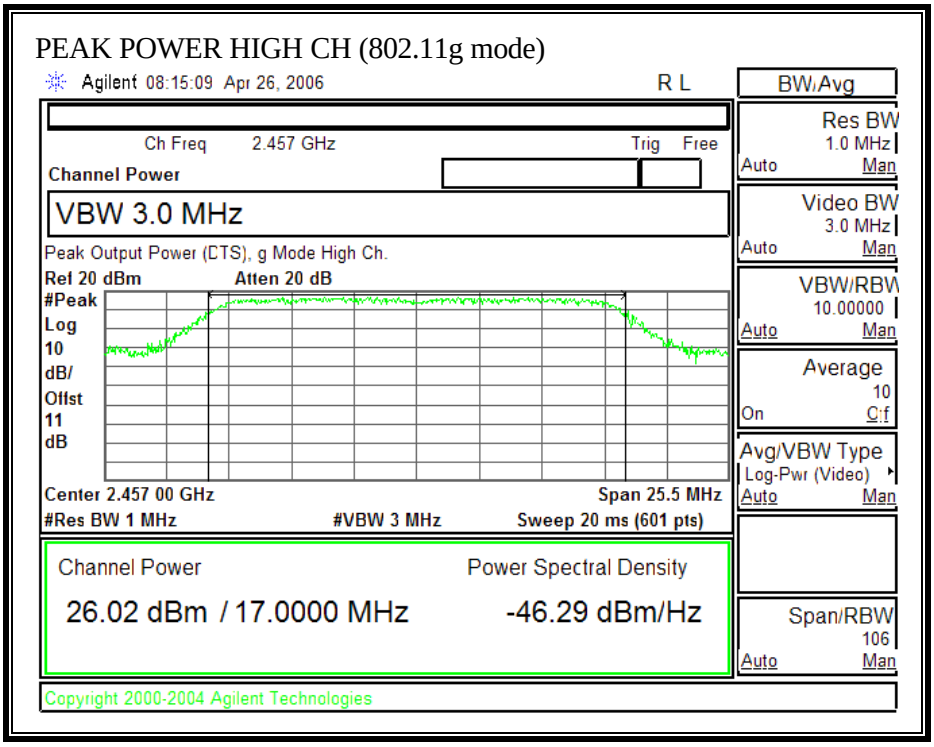


CHANNEL 6, 2437 MHz



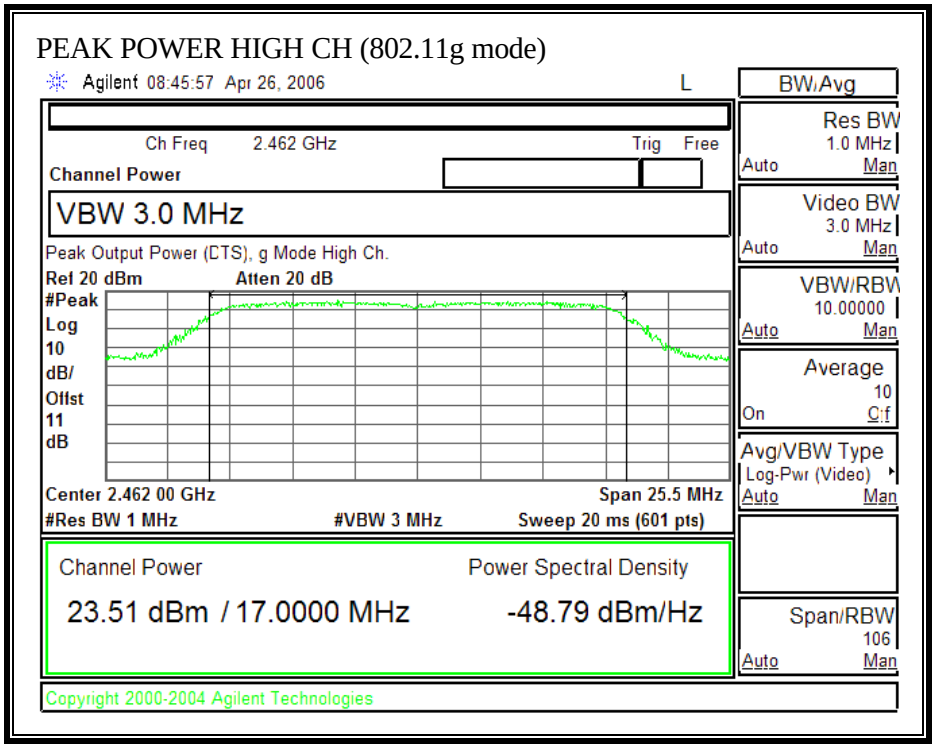
CHANNEL 10, 2457 MHz

PEAK POWER HIGH CH (802.11g mode)



CHANNEL 11, 2462 MHz

PEAK POWER HIGH CH (802.11g mode)



7.1.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f^2)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f^2)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.
NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

CALCULATIONS

Given

$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$

and

$S = E \wedge 2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter
P = Power in Watts
G = Numeric antenna gain
d = Distance in meters
S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and
d (cm) =100 * d (m)

yields

$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$
$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm
P = Power in mW
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power Density in mW/cm^2

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

P (mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10) and
G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)

yields

$d = 0.282 * 10 \wedge ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$ Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm
P = Power in dBm
G = Antenna Gain in dBi
S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

LIMITS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), S = 1.0 mW/cm^2

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	MPE Distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)
802.11b	20.0	23.19	3.90	0.10
802.11g	20.0	26.02	3.90	0.20

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

7.1.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
1	2412	18.90
2	2417	19.65
6	2437	19.56
10	2457	19.20
11	2462	17.75

802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
1	2412	19.20
2	2417	19.10
6	2437	19.15
10	2457	19.30
11	2462	17.30

7.1.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

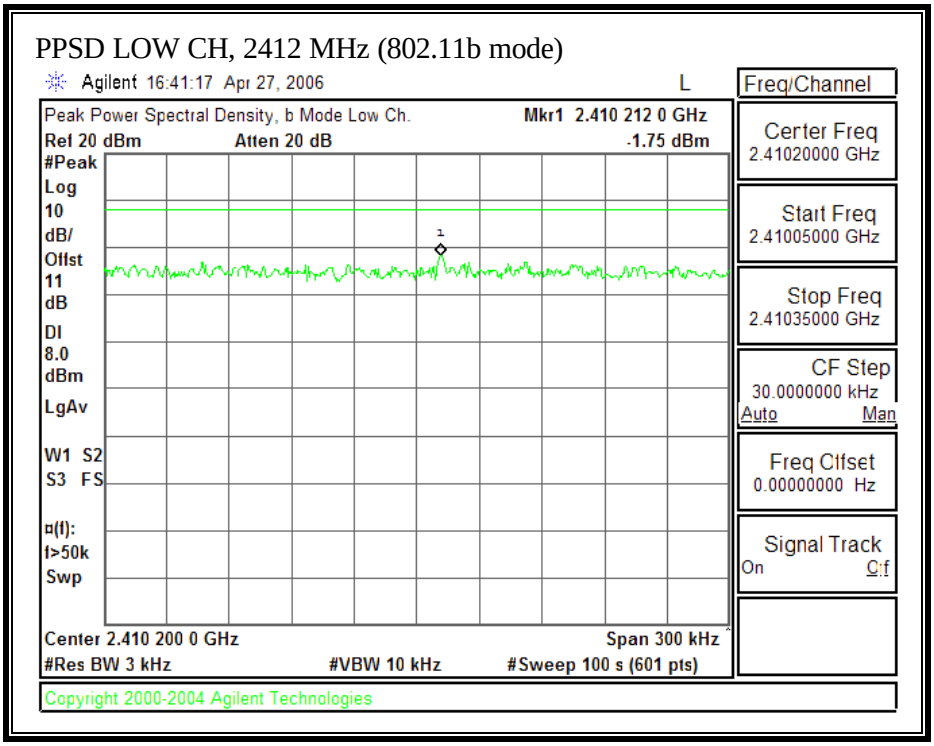
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	-1.75	8	-9.75
Low	2417	-3.52	8	-11.52
Middle	2437	-2.01	8	-10.01
High	2457	-2.35	8	-10.35
High	2462	-5.61	8	-13.61

802.11g Mode

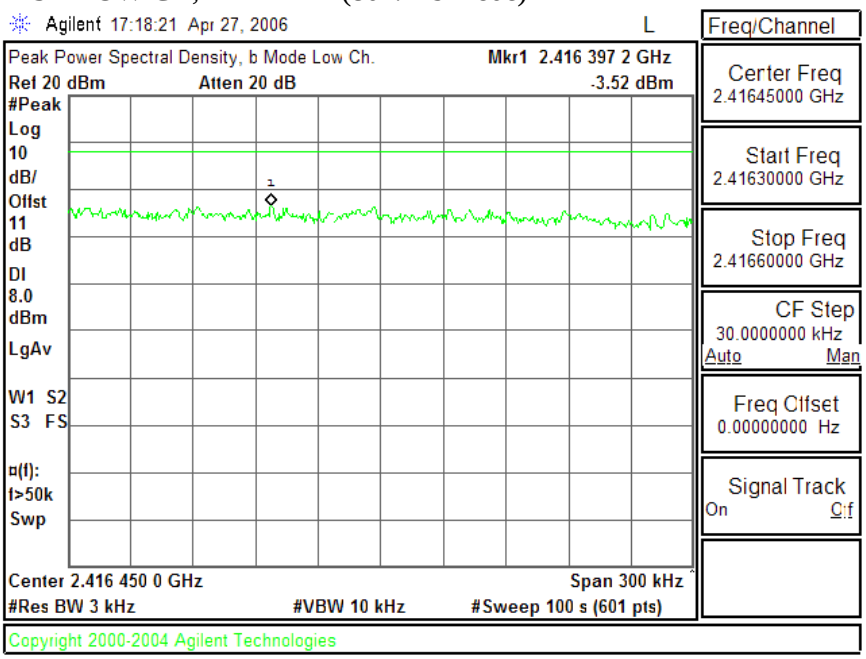
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	-5.60	8	-13.60
Low	2417	-5.62	8	-13.62
Middle	2437	-6.04	8	-14.04
High	2457	-5.70	8	-13.70
High	2462	-8.36	8	-16.36

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

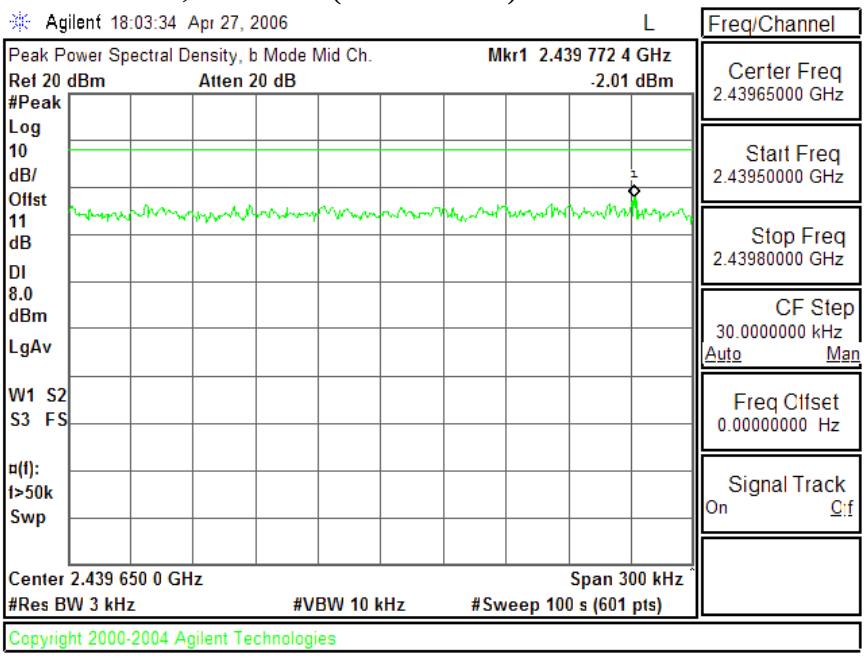
PPSD LOW CH, 2412 MHz (802.11b mode)



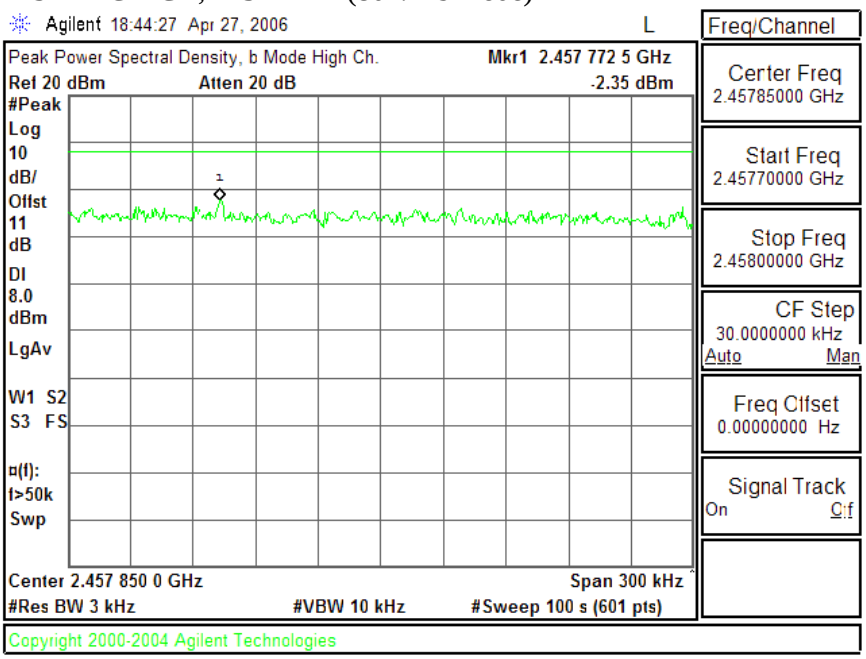
PPSD LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11b mode)



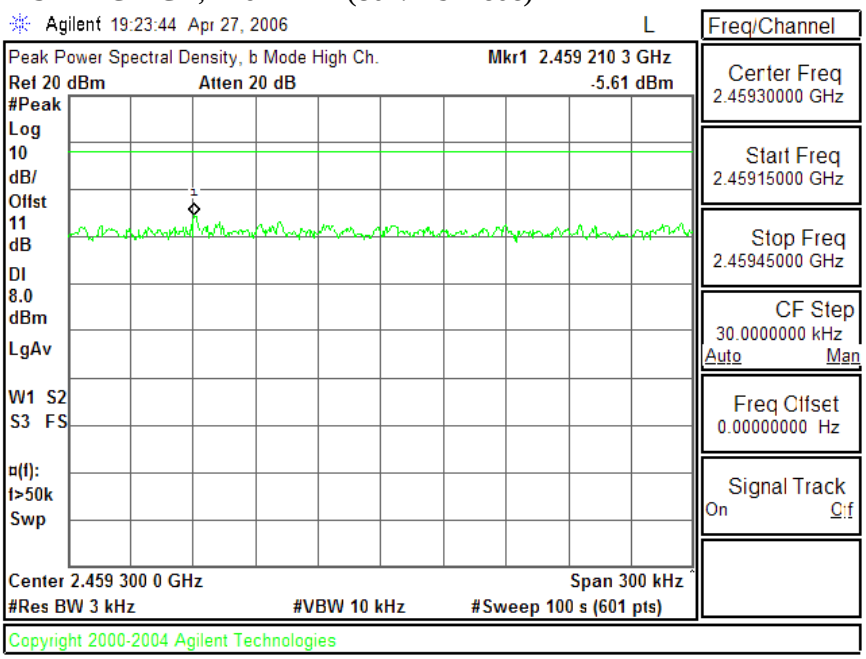
PPSD MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11b mode)



PPSD HIGH CH, 2457 MHz (802.11b mode)

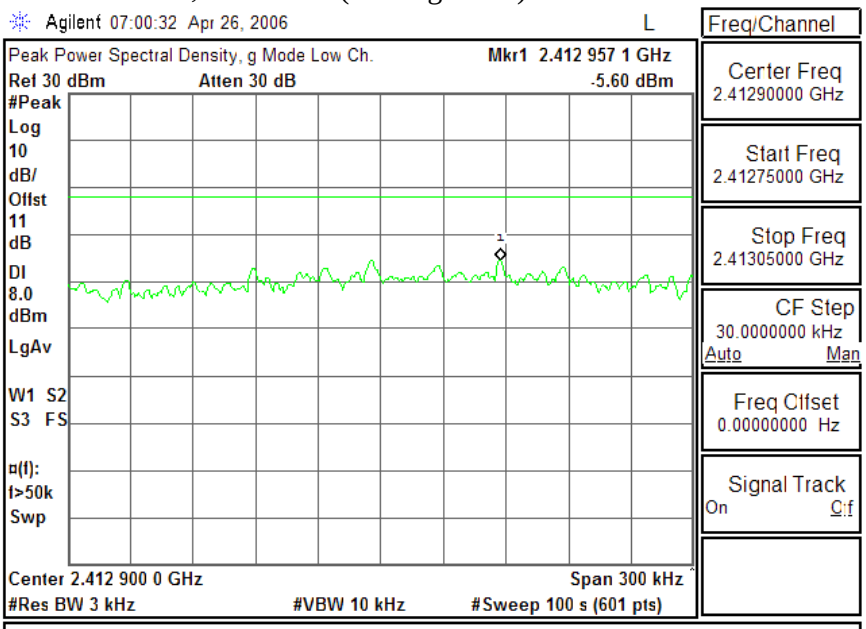


PPSD HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11b mode)

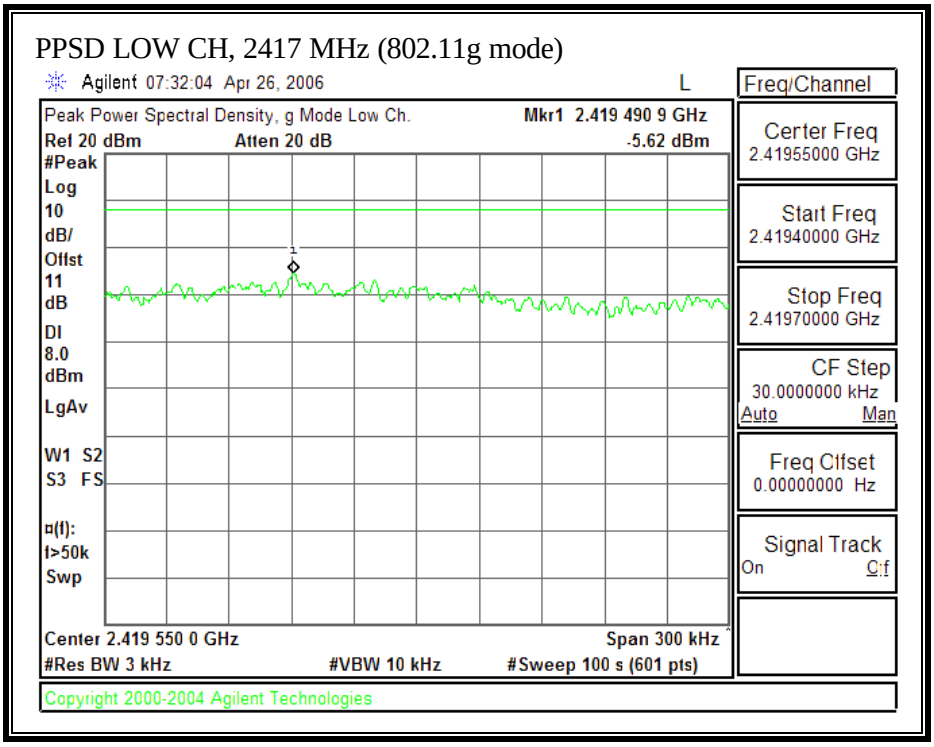


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g MODE)

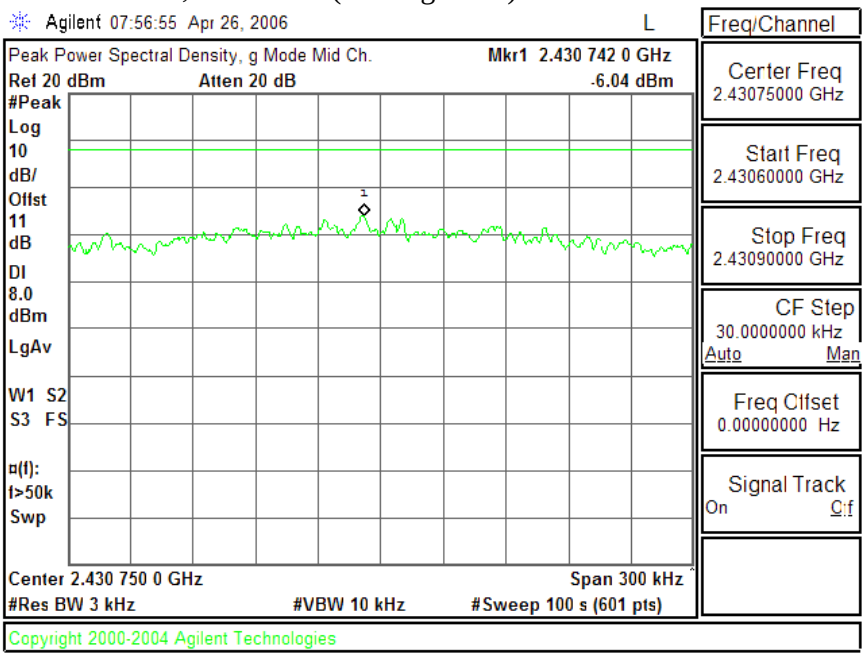
PPSD LOW CH, 2412 MHz (802.11g mode)



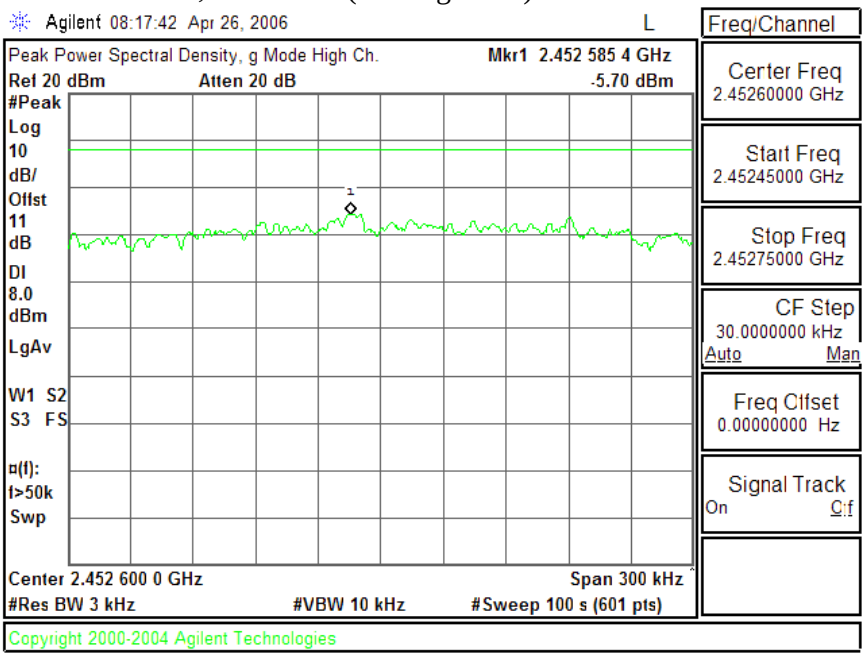
PPSD LOW CH, 2417 MHz (802.11g mode)



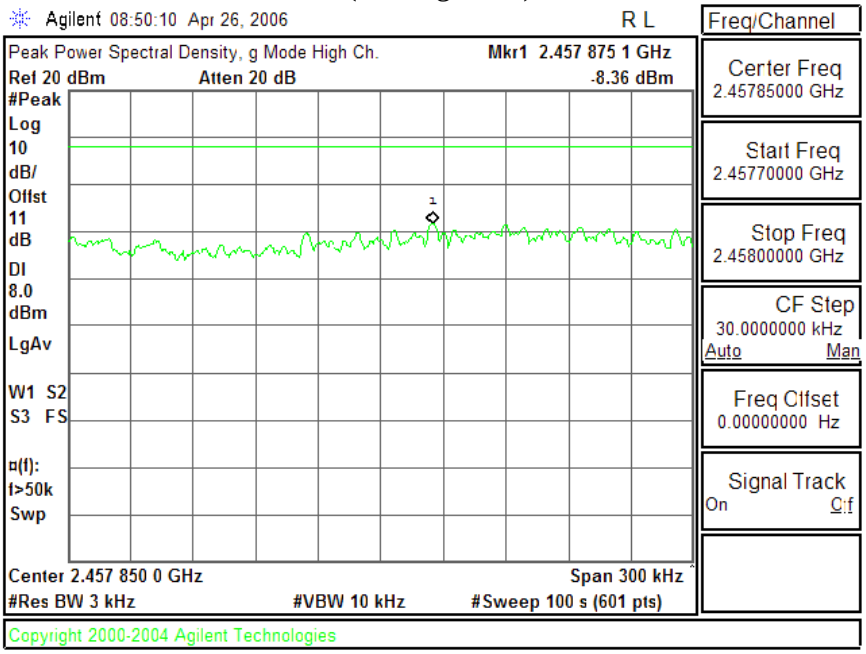
PPSD MID CH, 2437 MHz (802.11g mode)



PPSD HIGH CH, 2457 MHz (802.11g mode)



PPSD HIGH CH, 2462 MHz (802.11g mode)



7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

TEST PROCEDURE

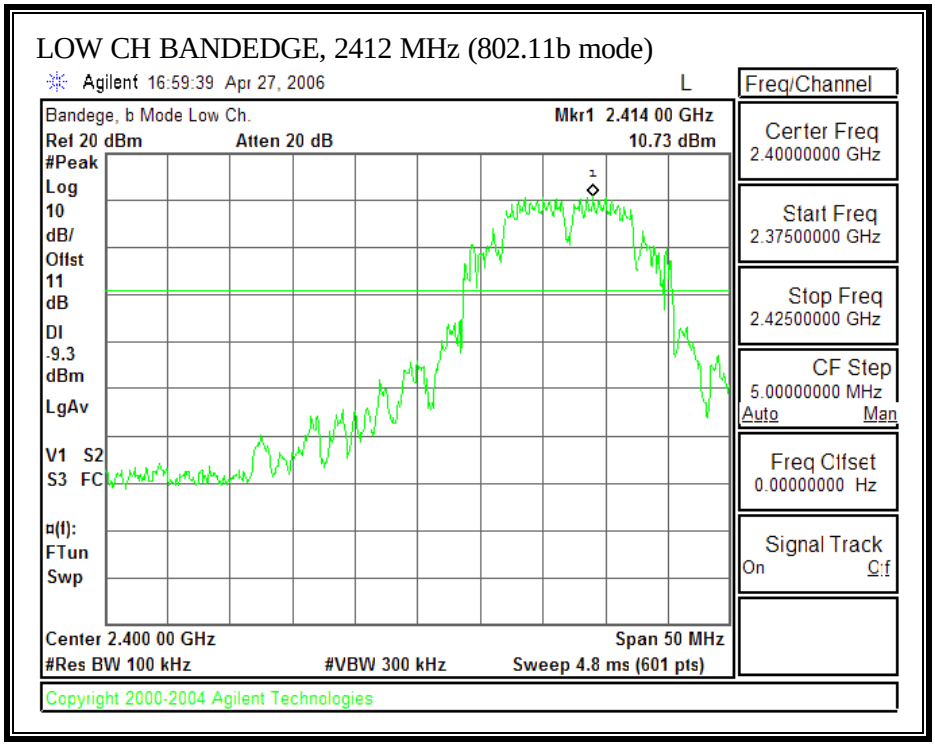
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

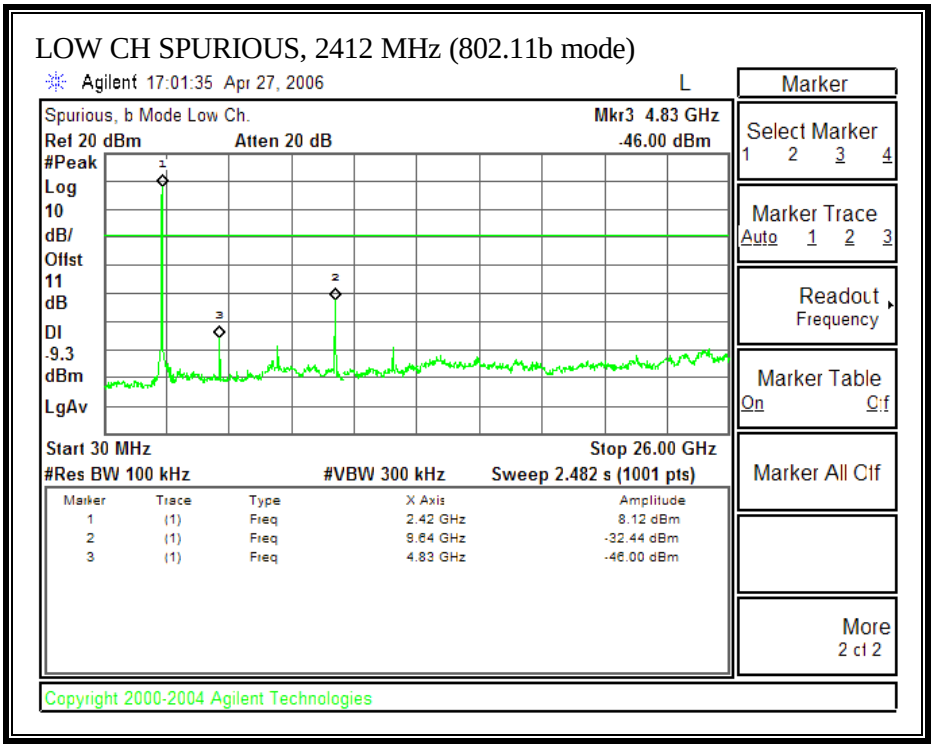
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

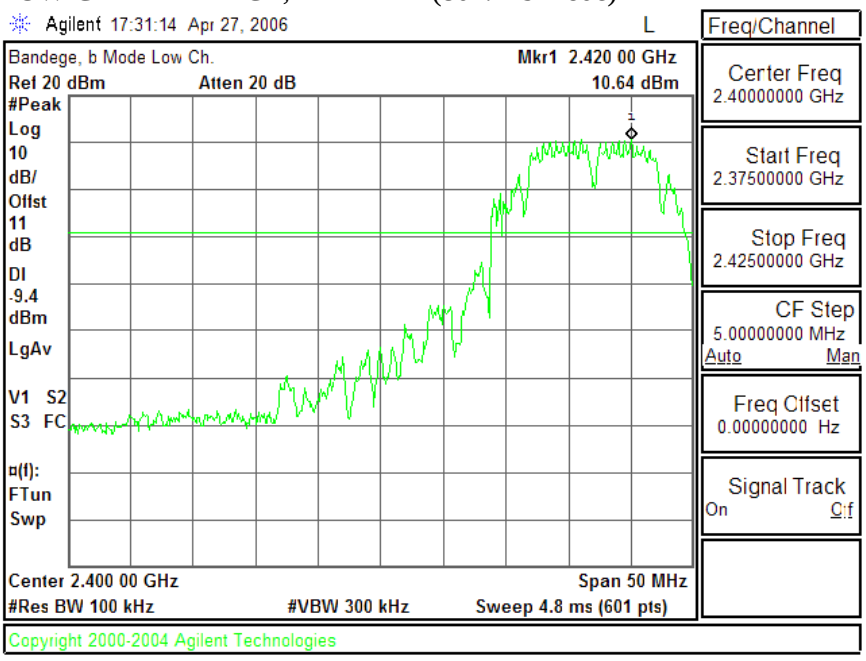
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



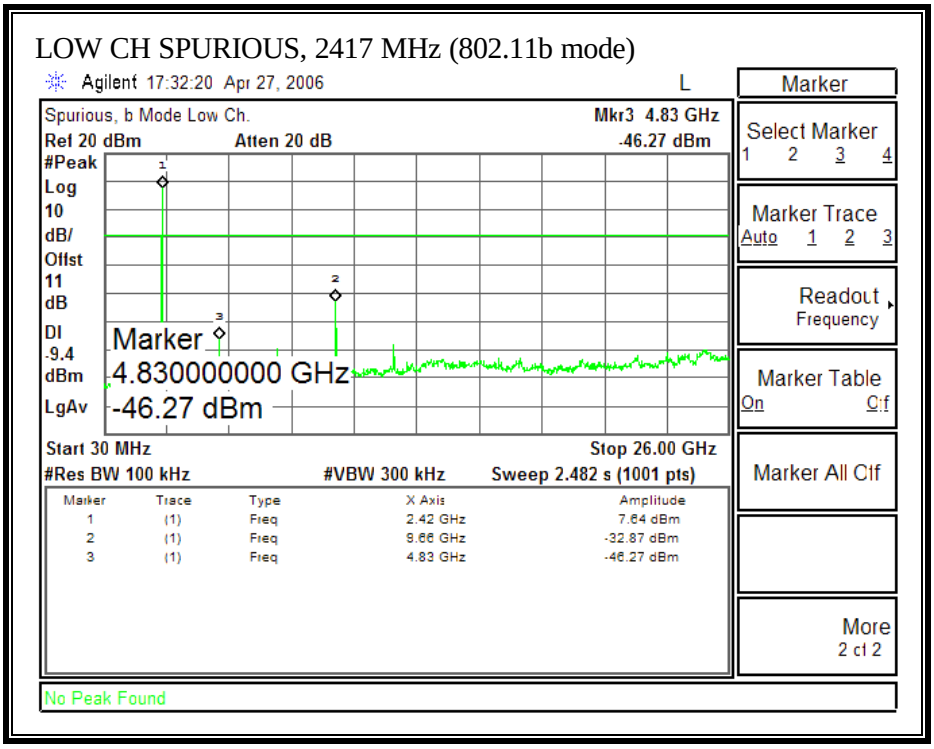
LOW CH SPURIOUS, 2412 MHz (802.11b mode)



LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2417 MHz (802.11b mode)

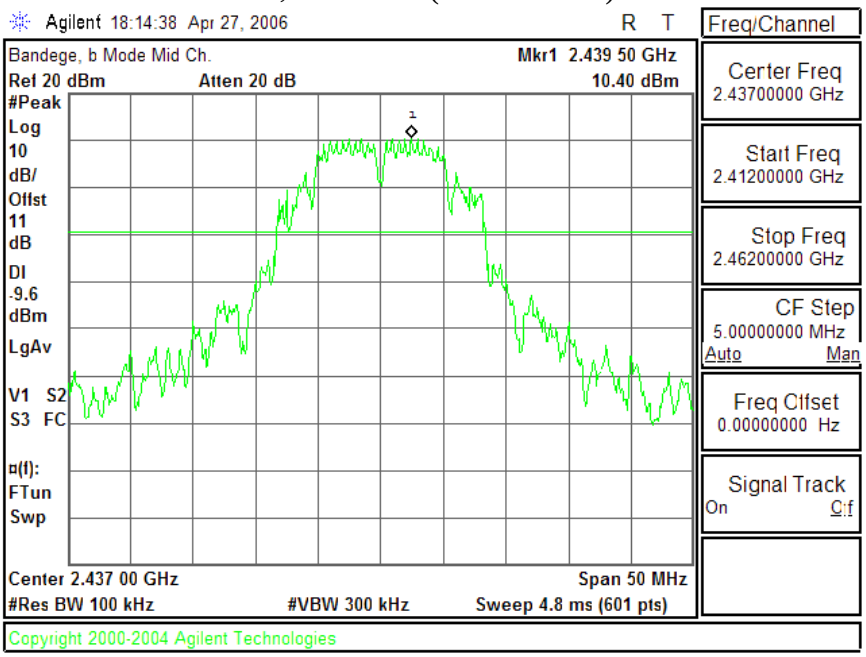


LOW CH SPURIOUS, 2417 MHz (802.11b mode)

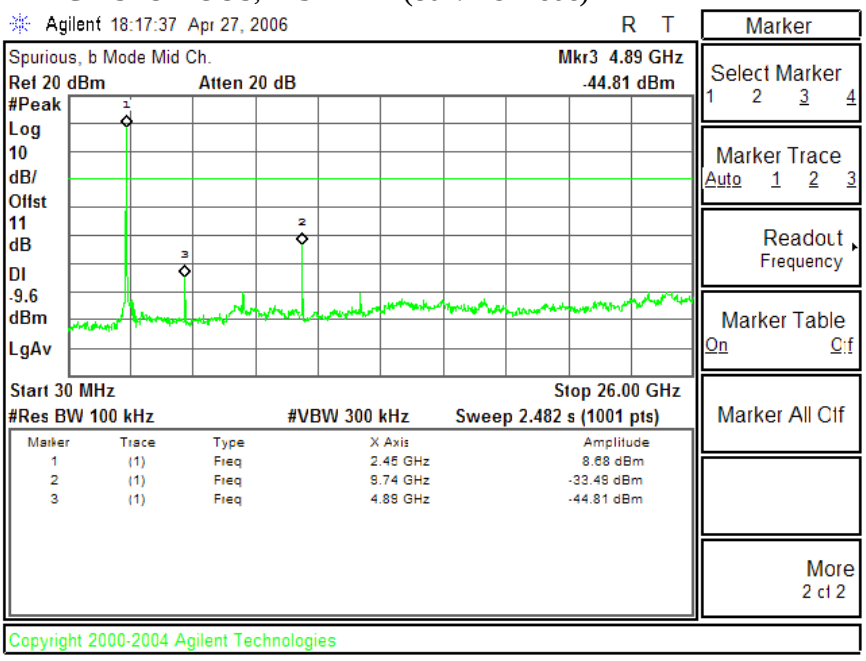


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

MID CH REFERENCE, 2437 MHz (802.11b mode)

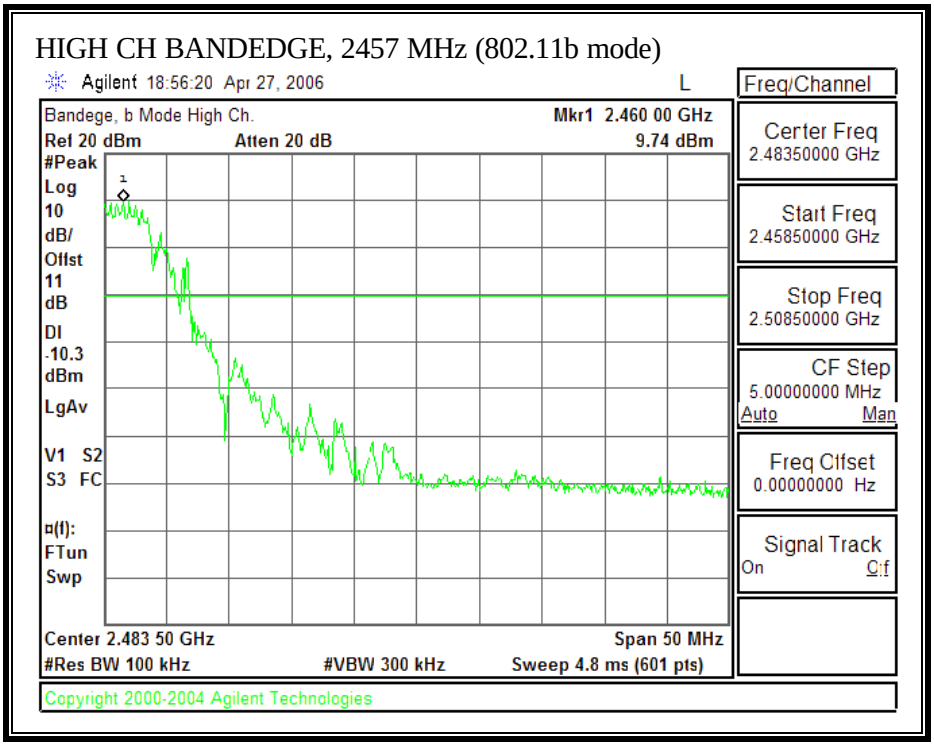


MID CH SPURIOUS, 2437 MHz (802.11b mode)

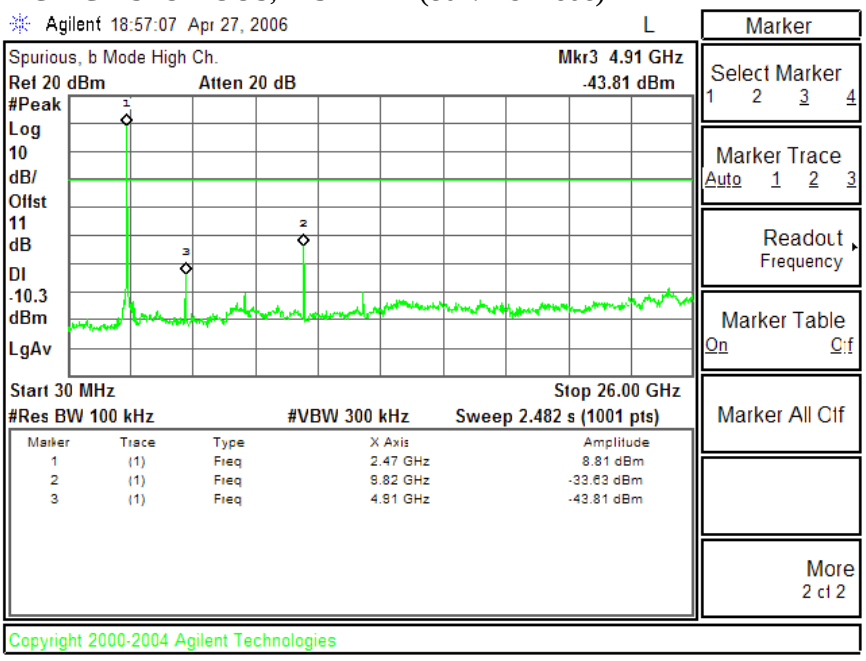


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

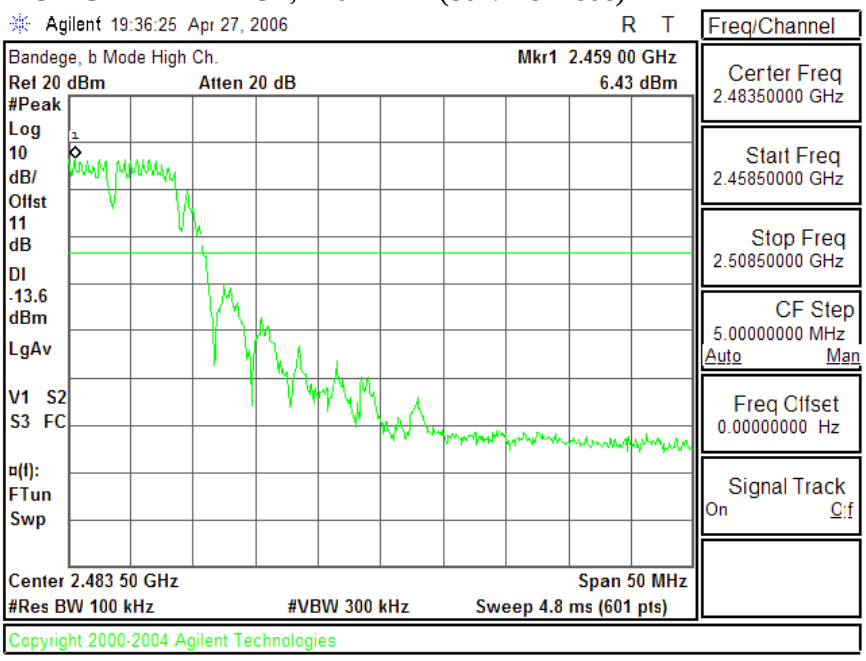
HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2457 MHz (802.11b mode)



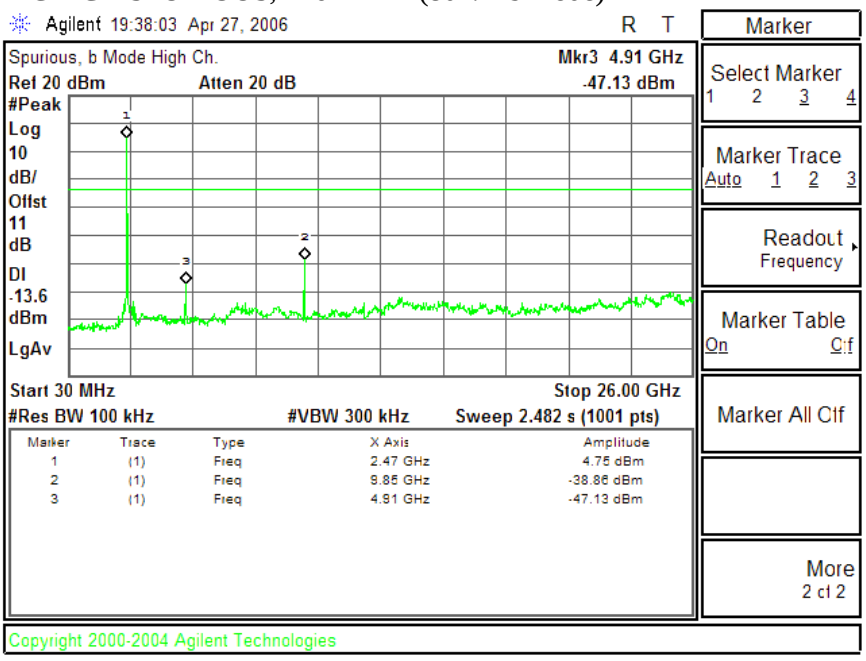
HIGH CH SPURIOUS, 2457 MHz (802.11b mode)



HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2462 MHz (802.11b mode)

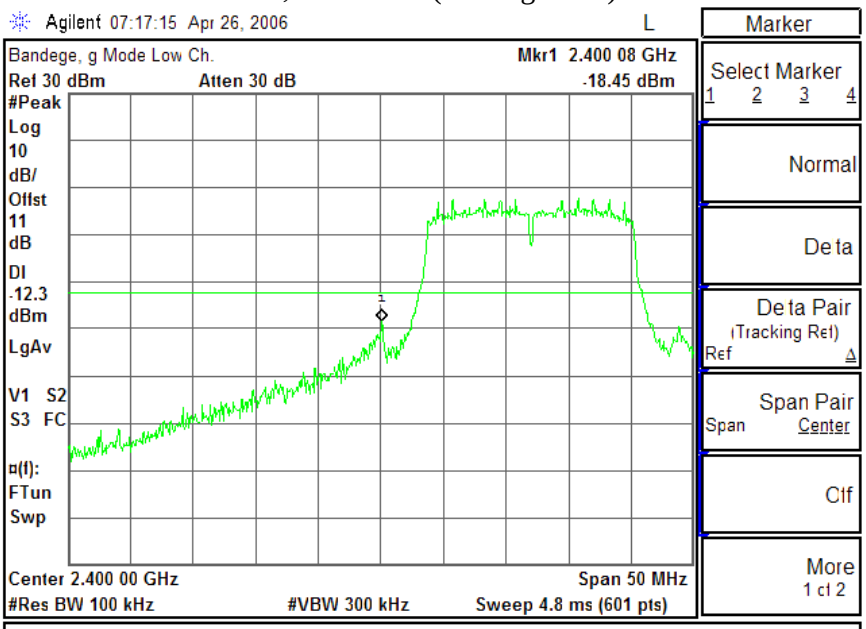


HIGH CH SPURIOUS, 2462 MHz (802.11b mode)

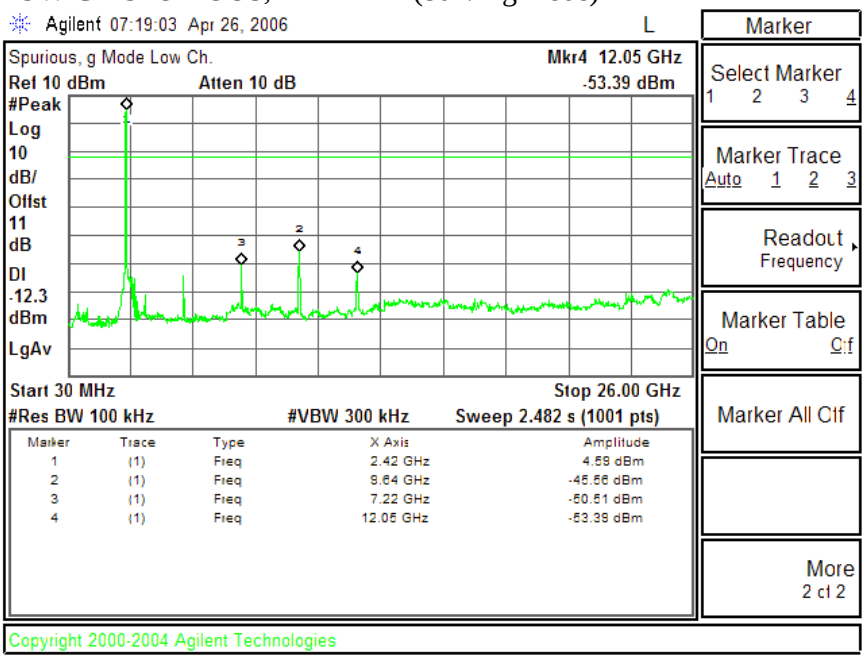


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

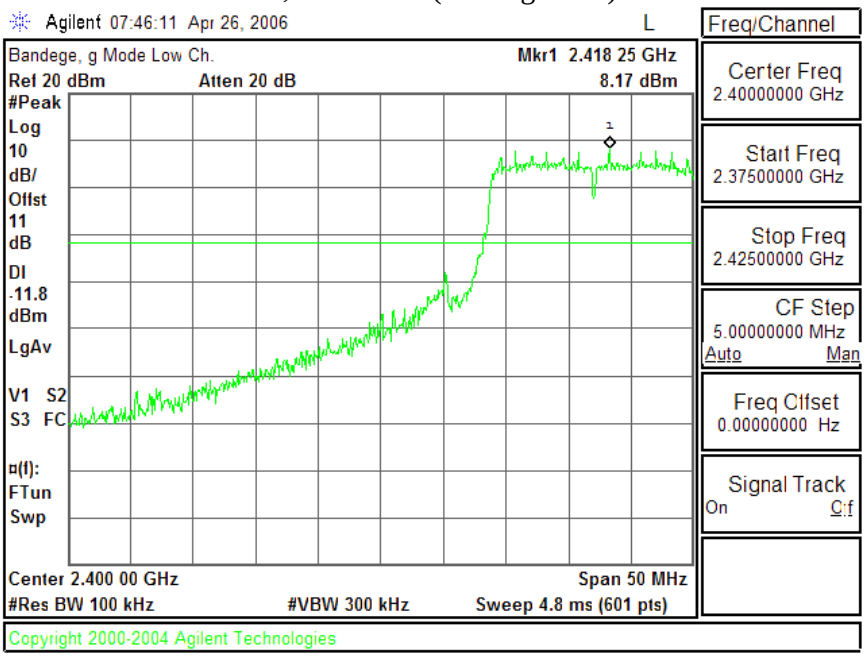
LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2412 MHz (802.11g mode)



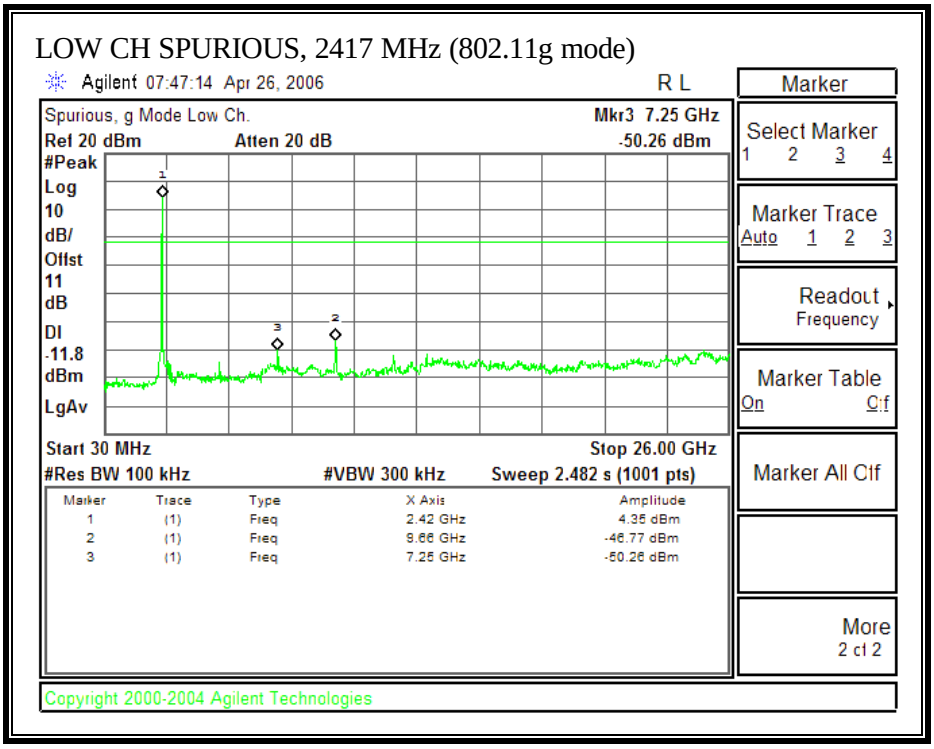
LOW CH SPURIOUS, 2412 MHz (802.11g mode)



LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2417 MHz (802.11g mode)

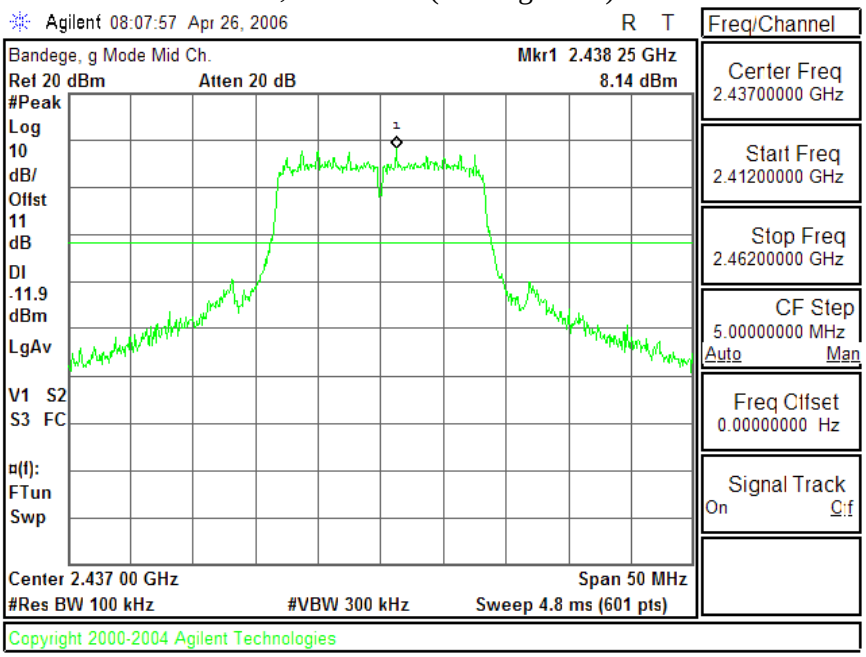


LOW CH SPURIOUS, 2417 MHz (802.11g mode)

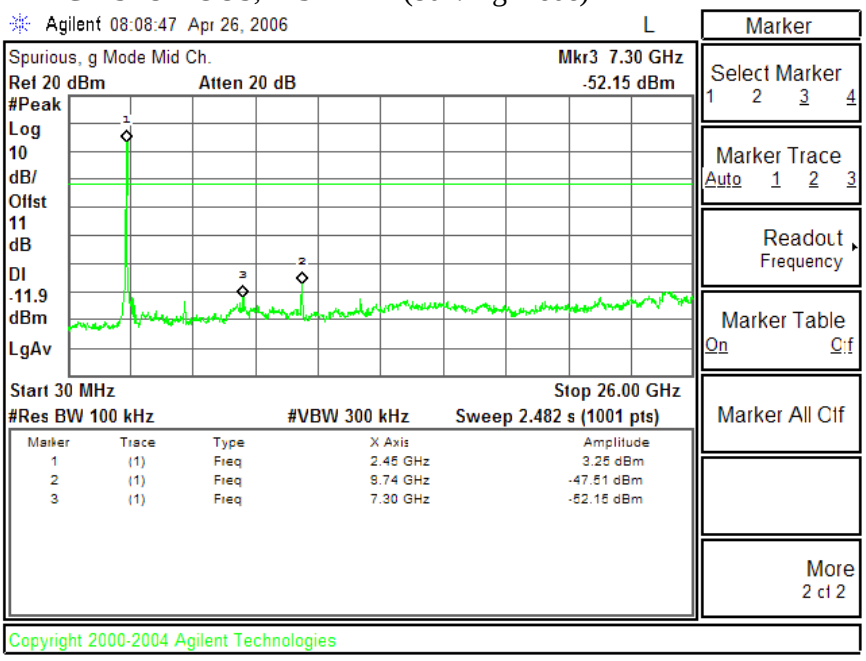


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

MID CH REFERENCE, 2437 MHz (802.11g mode)

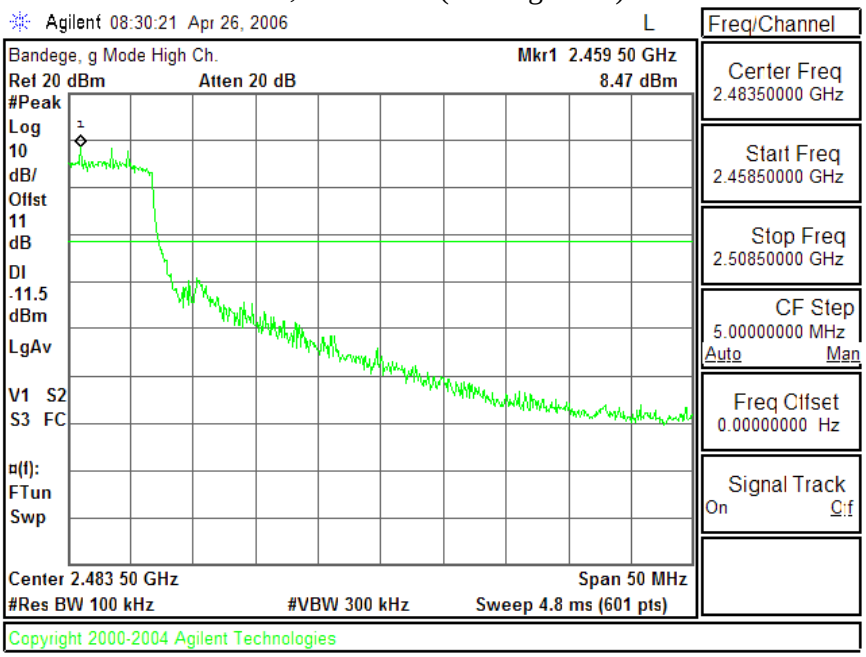


MID CH SPURIOUS, 2437 MHz (802.11g mode)

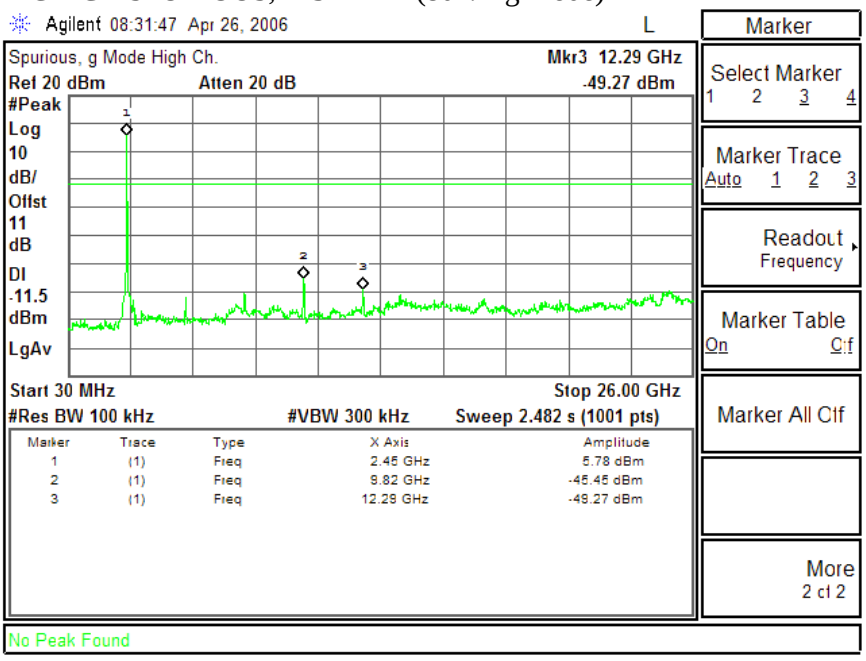


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

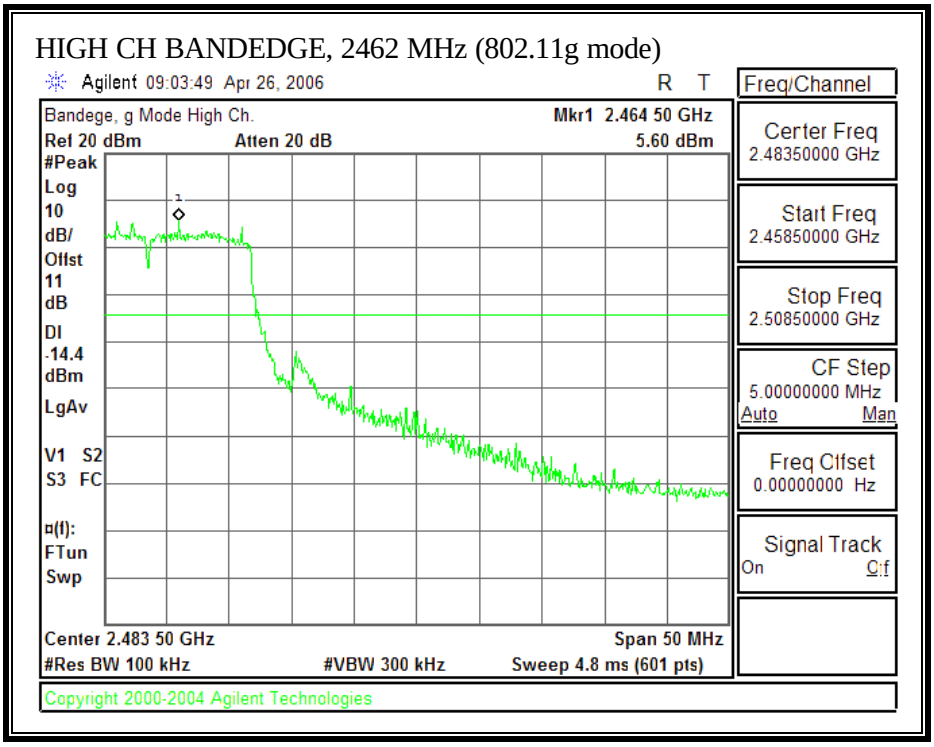
HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2457 MHz (802.11g mode)



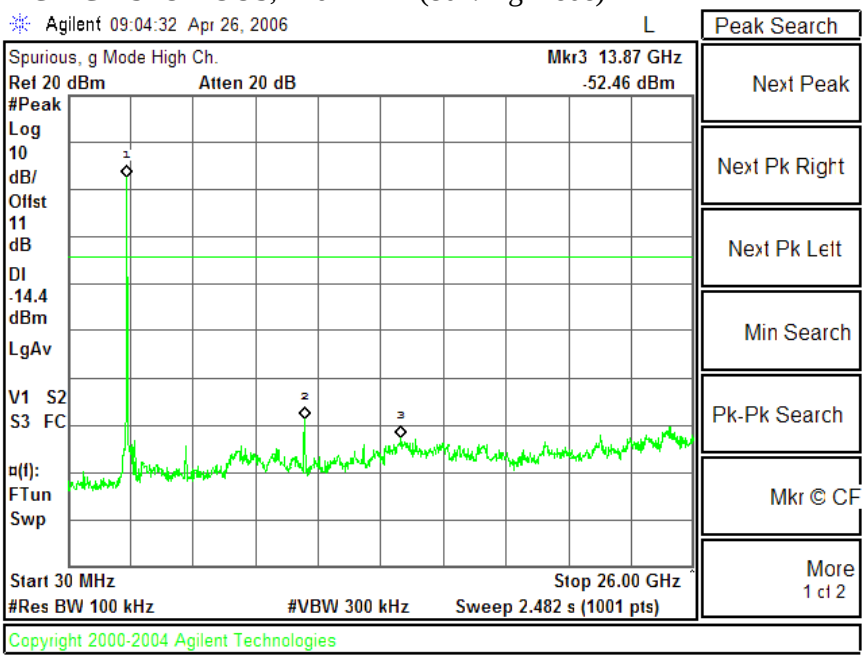
HIGH CH SPURIOUS, 2457 MHz (802.11g mode)



HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2462 MHz (802.11g mode)



HIGH CH SPURIOUS, 2462 MHz (802.11g mode)



7.2. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5725 TO 5850 MHz BAND

7.2.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

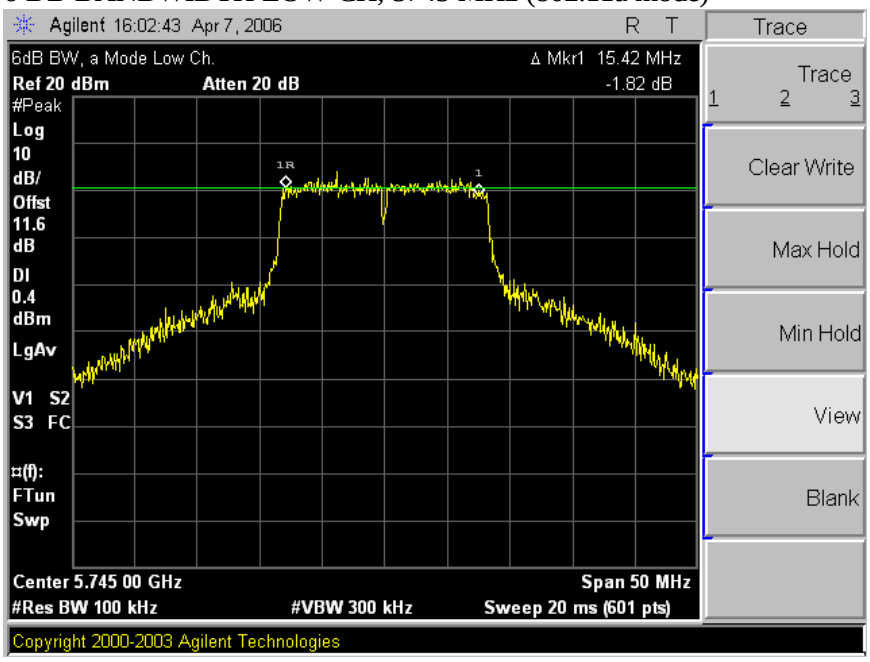
No non-compliance noted:

802.11a Mode

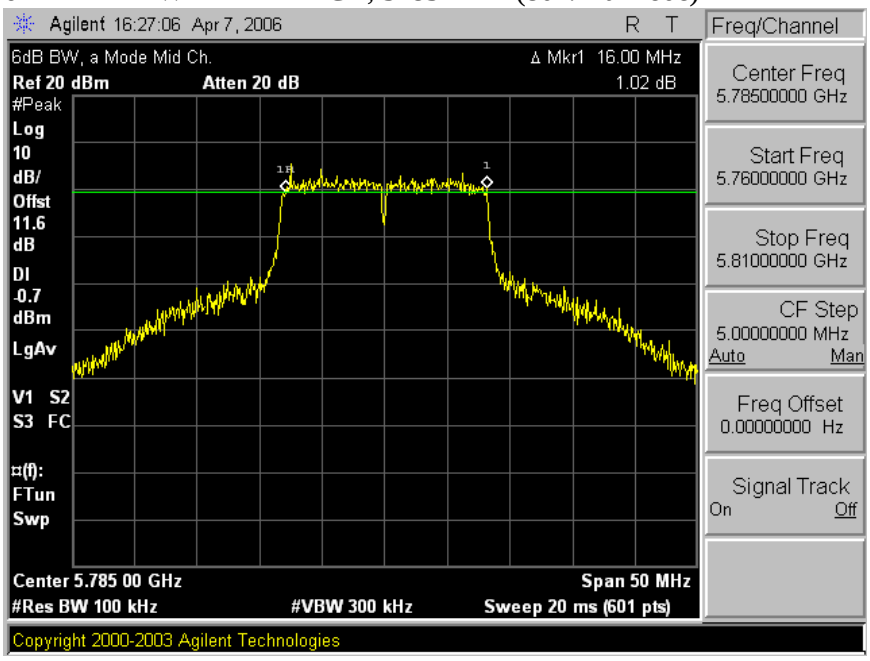
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	5745	15420.00	500	14920
Middle	5785	16000.00	500	15500
High	5825	15500.00	500	15000

6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)

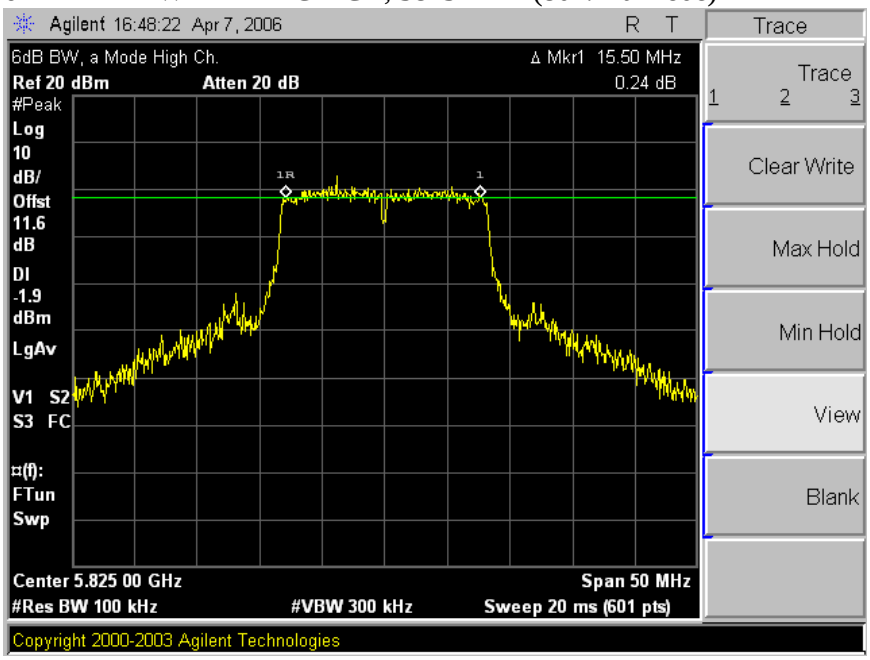
6 DB BANDWIDTH LOW CH, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



6 DB BANDWIDTH MID CH, 5785 MHz (802.11a mode)



6 DB BANDWIDTH HIGH CH, 5825 MHz (802.11a mode)



7.2.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RESULTS

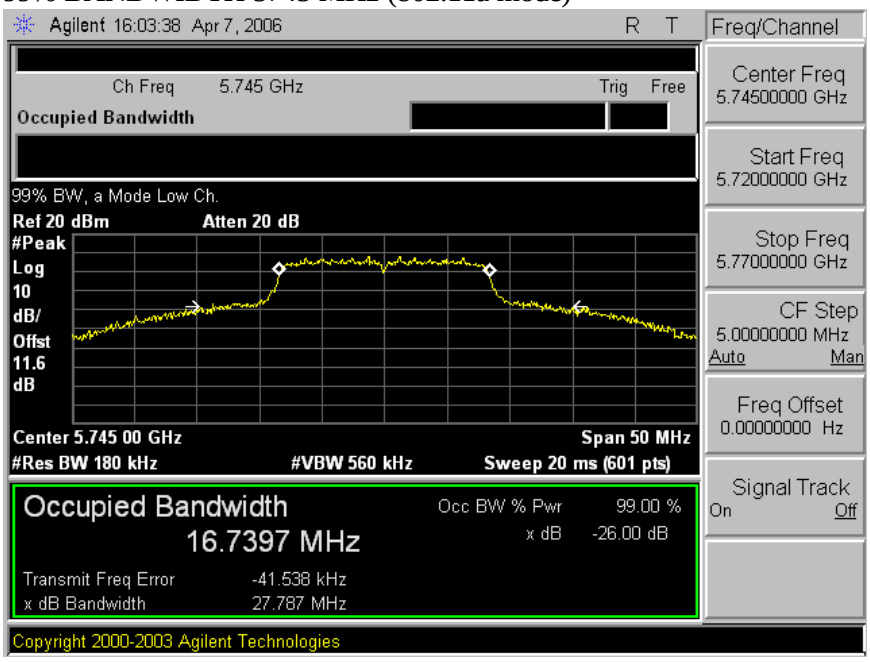
No non-compliance noted:

802.11a Mode

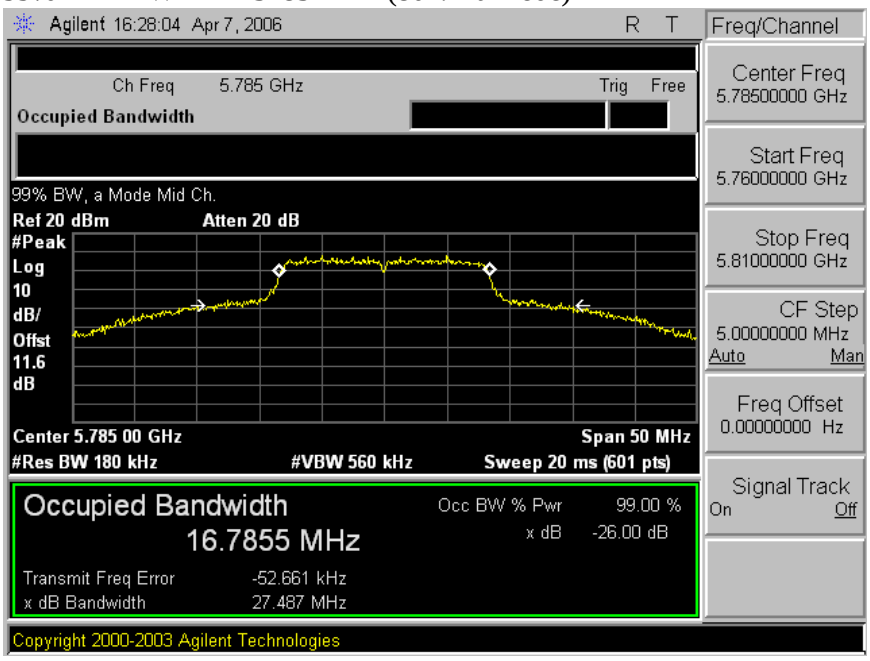
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5745	16.7397
Middle	5785	16.7855
High	5825	16.5132

99% BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)

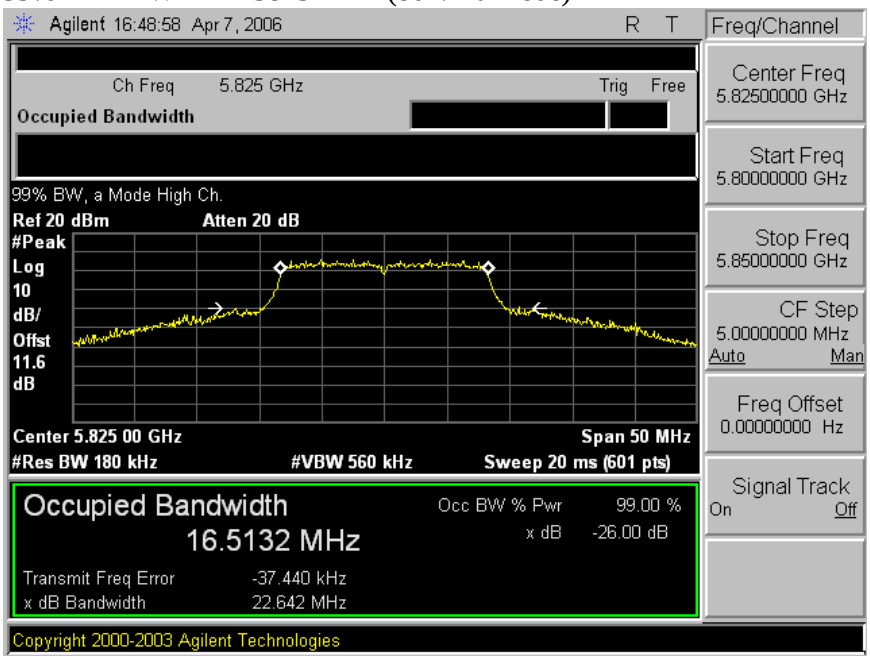
99% BANDWIDTH 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



99% BANDWIDTH 5785 MHz (802.11a mode)



99% BANDWIDTH 5825 MHz (802.11a mode)



7.2.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (b)(3) (i), (ii) and (iii) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

§15.247 (b) (4) (ii) Systems operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

RESULTS

The maximum antenna gain is 6.2 dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 29.8dBm.

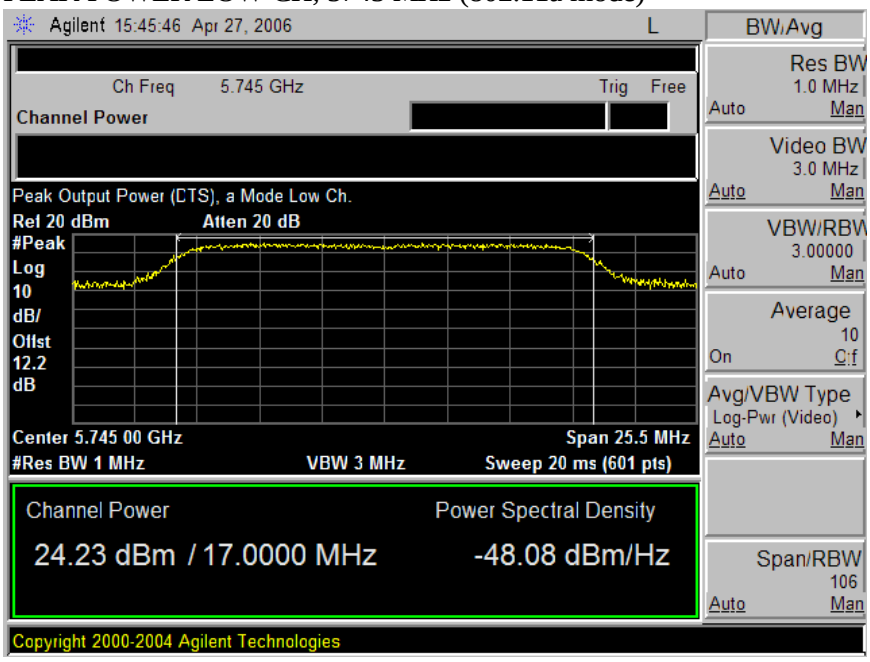
No non-compliance noted:

802.11a Mode

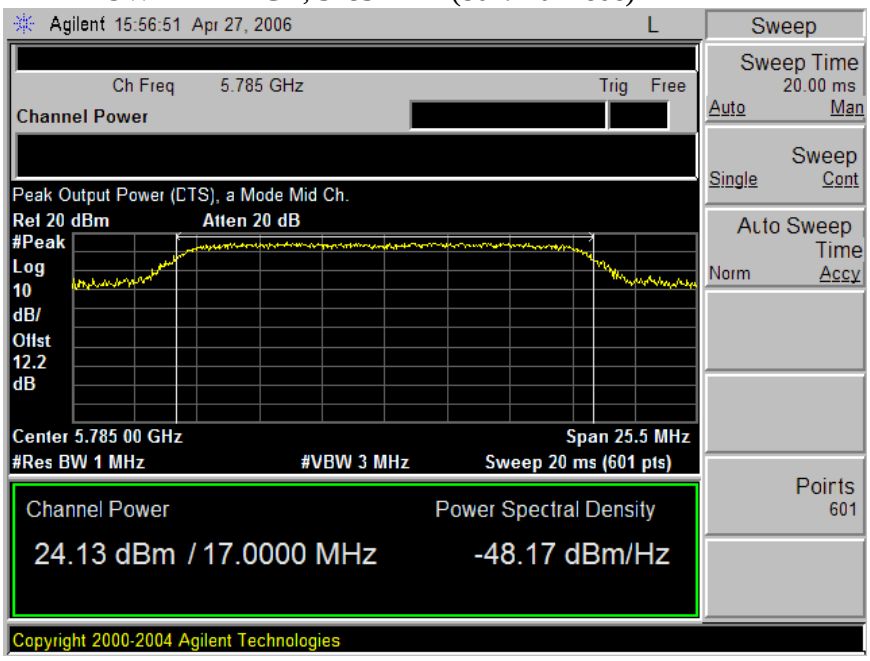
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5745	24.23	29.8	-5.57
Middle	5785	24.13	29.8	-5.67
High	5825	23.82	29.8	-5.98

OUTPUT POWER (802.11a MODE)

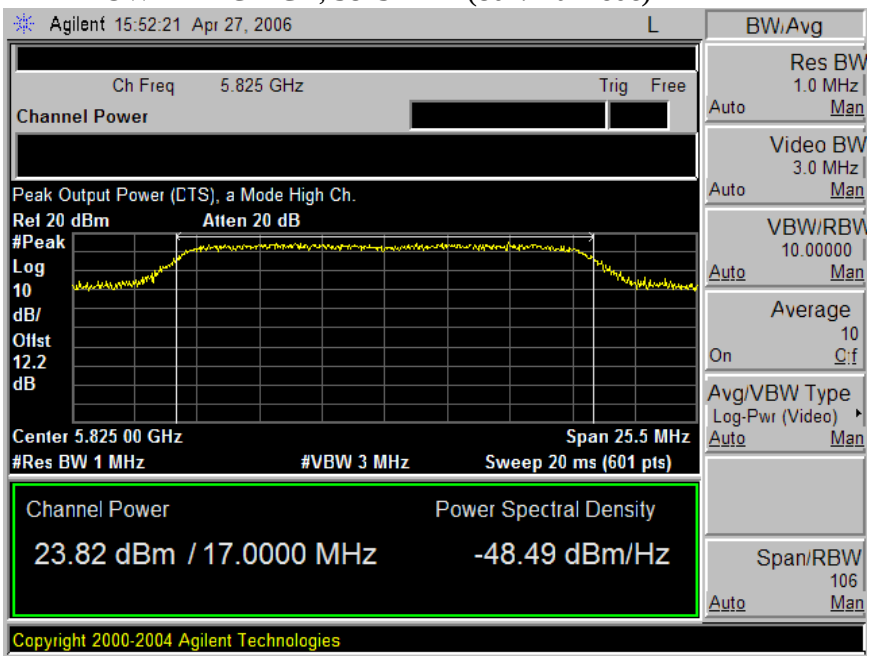
PEAK POWER LOW CH, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



PEAK POWER MID CH, 5785 MHz (802.11a mode)



PEAK POWER HIGH CH, 5825 MHz (802.11a mode)



7.2.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*($900/f^2$)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*($180/f^2$)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

CALCULATIONS

Given

$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$

and

$S = E \wedge 2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter
P = Power in Watts
G = Numeric antenna gain
d = Distance in meters
S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and
d (cm) =100 * d (m)

yields

$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$
$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm
P = Power in mW
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power Density in mW/cm^2

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

P (mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10) and
G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)

yields

$d = 0.282 * 10 \wedge ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$ Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm
P = Power in dBm
G = Antenna Gain in dBi
S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

LIMITS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), S = 1.0 mW/cm^2

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	MPE Distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)
802.11a	20.0	24.23	6.20	0.22

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

7.2.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 12.2 dB (including 10 dB pad and 2.2 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	5745	17.75
Middle	5785	17.63
High	5825	17.60

7.2.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

RESULTS

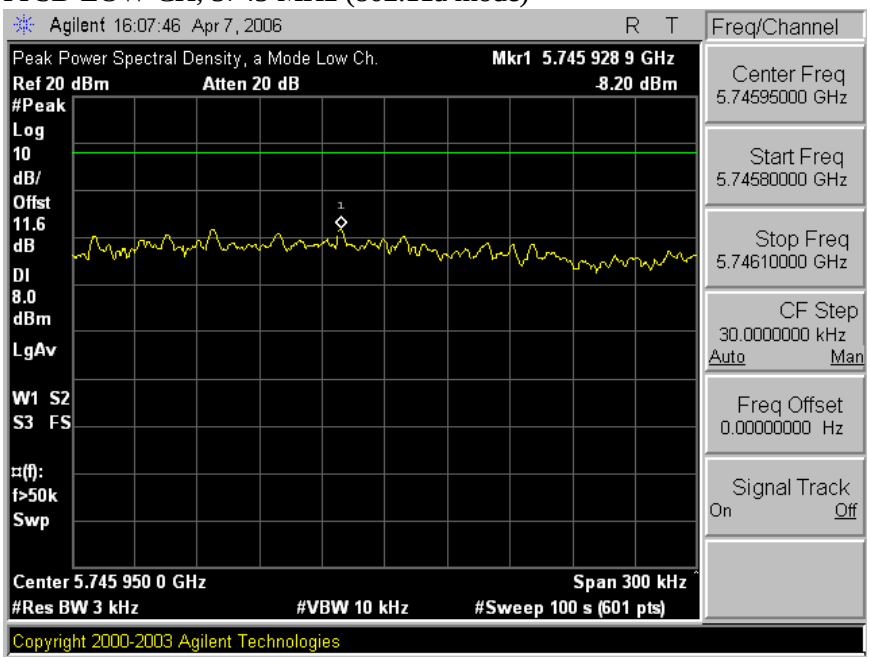
No non-compliance noted:

802.11a Mode

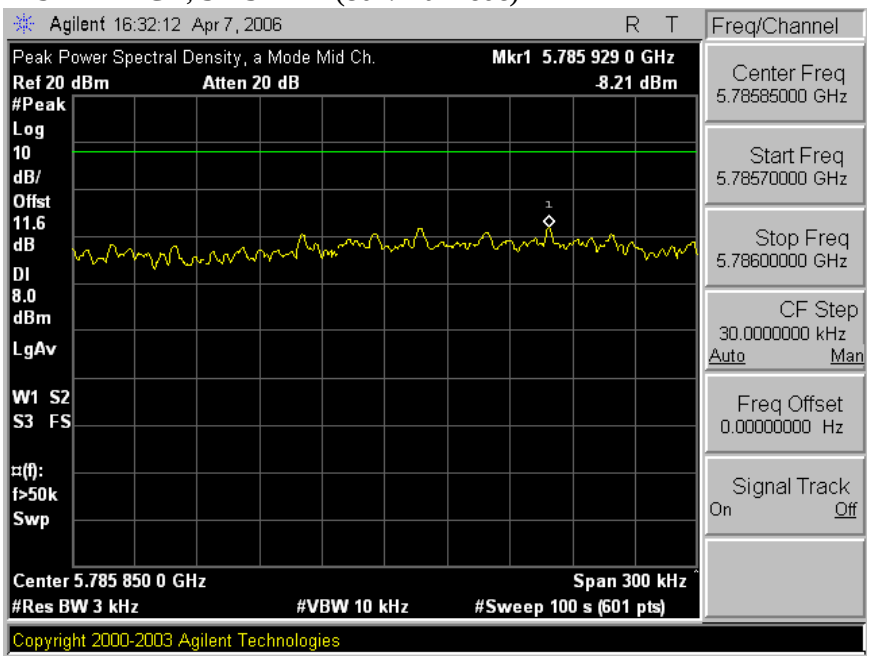
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5745	-8.20	8	-16.20
Middle	5785	-8.21	8	-16.21
High	5825	-9.69	8	-17.69

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a MODE)

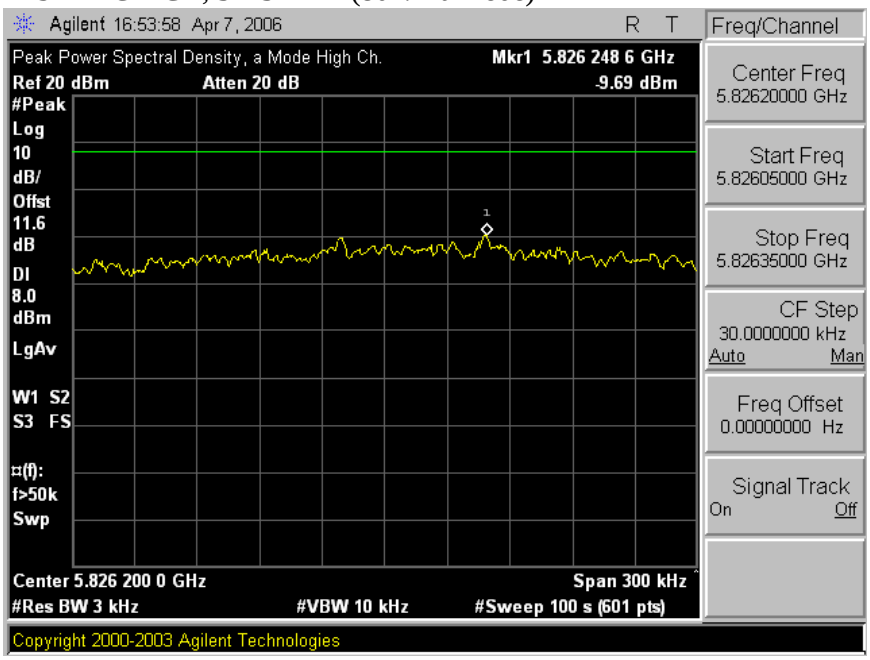
PPSD LOW CH, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



PPSD MID CH, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



PPSD HIGH CH, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)



7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

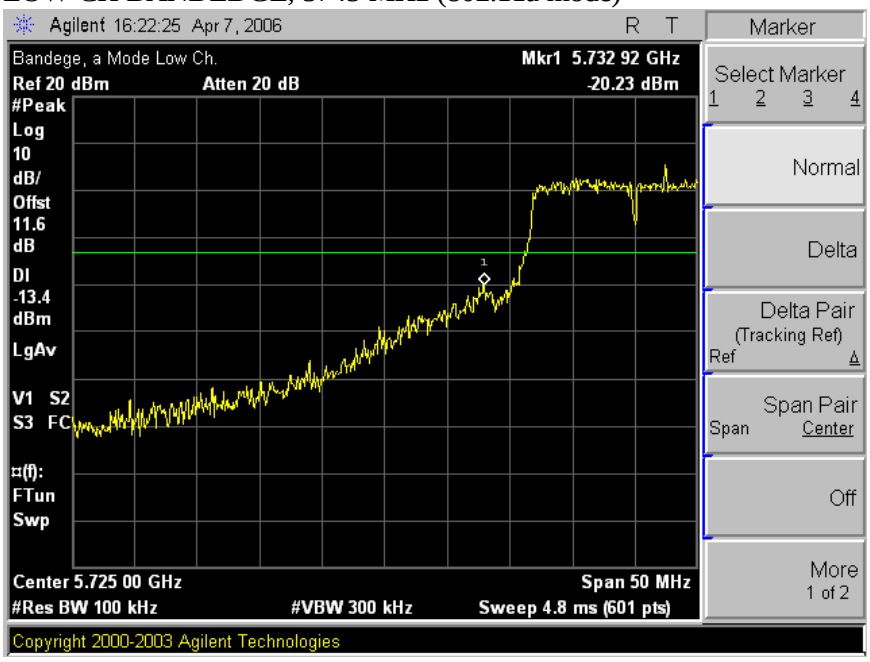
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

RESULTS

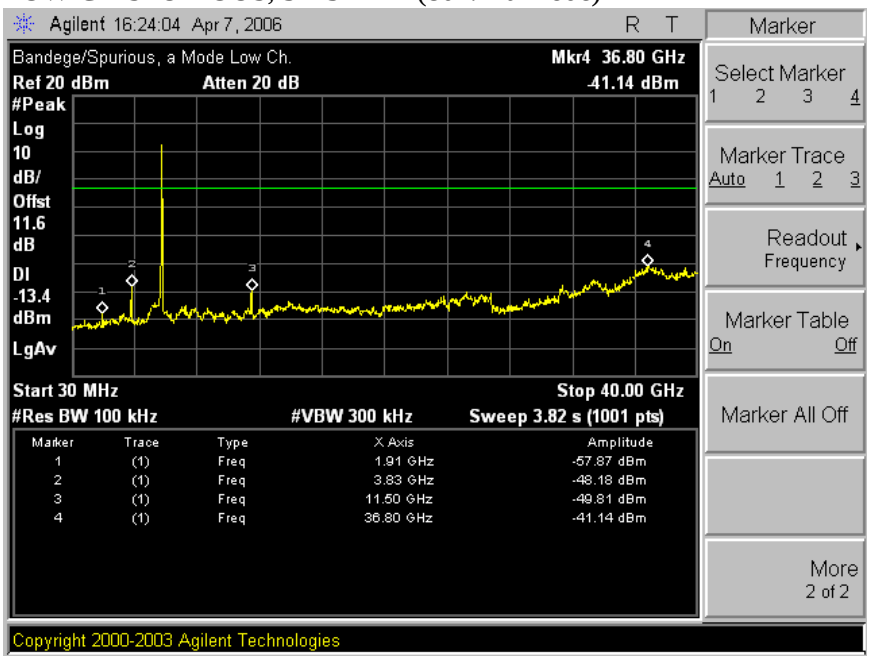
No non-compliance noted:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11a MODE)

LOW CH BANDEDGE, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)

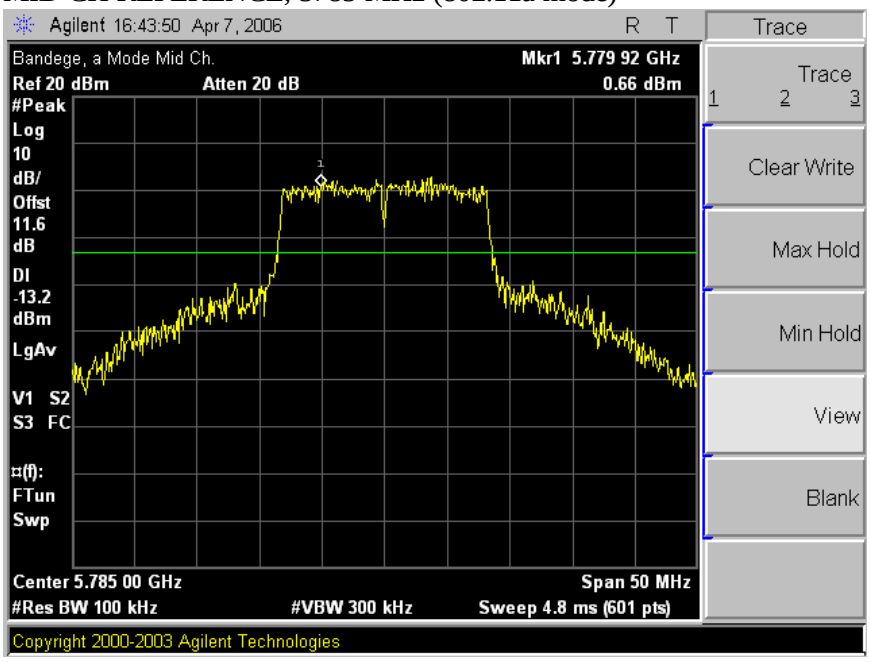


LOW CH SPURIOUS, 5745 MHz (802.11a mode)

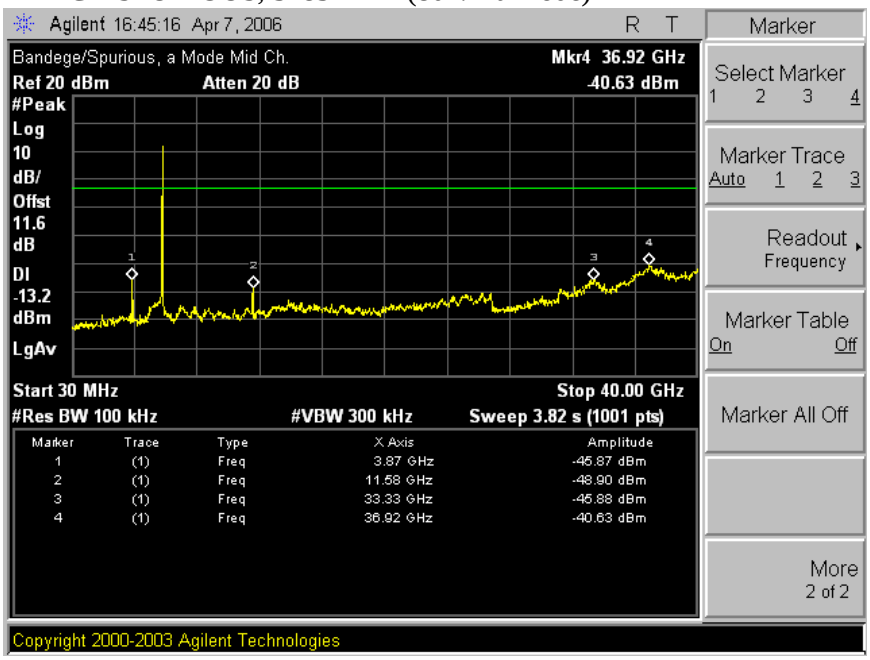


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11a MODE)

MID CH REFERENCE, 5785 MHz (802.11a mode)

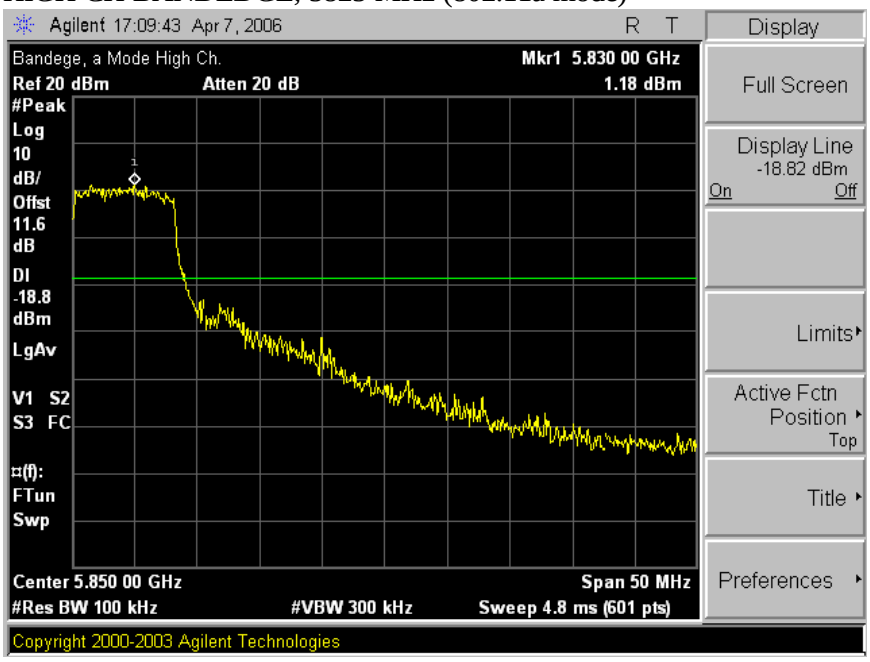


MID CH SPURIOUS, 5785 MHz (802.11a mode)

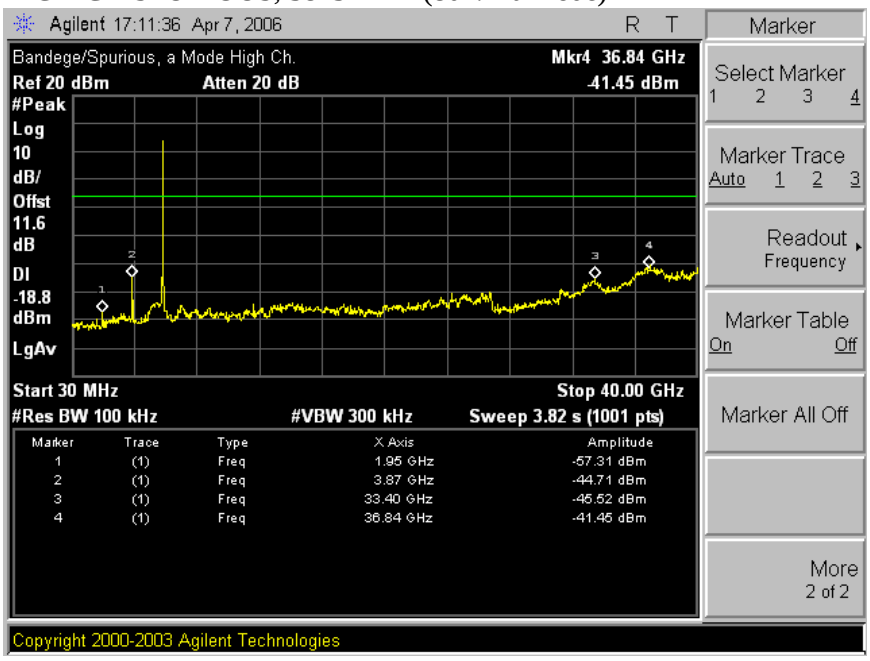


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11a MODE)

HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 5825 MHz (802.11a mode)



HIGH CH SPURIOUS, 5825 MHz (802.11a mode)



MIMO MODE

7.3. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

7.3.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

6 dB BANDWIDTH

20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH - CHAIN 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	17080	500	16580
Low	2417	16750	500	16250
Low	2422	16330	500	15830
Middle	2437	16670	500	16170
High	2457	16580	500	16080
High	2462	16670	500	16170

20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH - CHAIN 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2412	16330	500	15830
Low	2417	15830	500	15330
Low	2422	16670	500	16170
Middle	2437	16580	500	16080
High	2457	17250	500	16750
High	2462	16080	500	15580

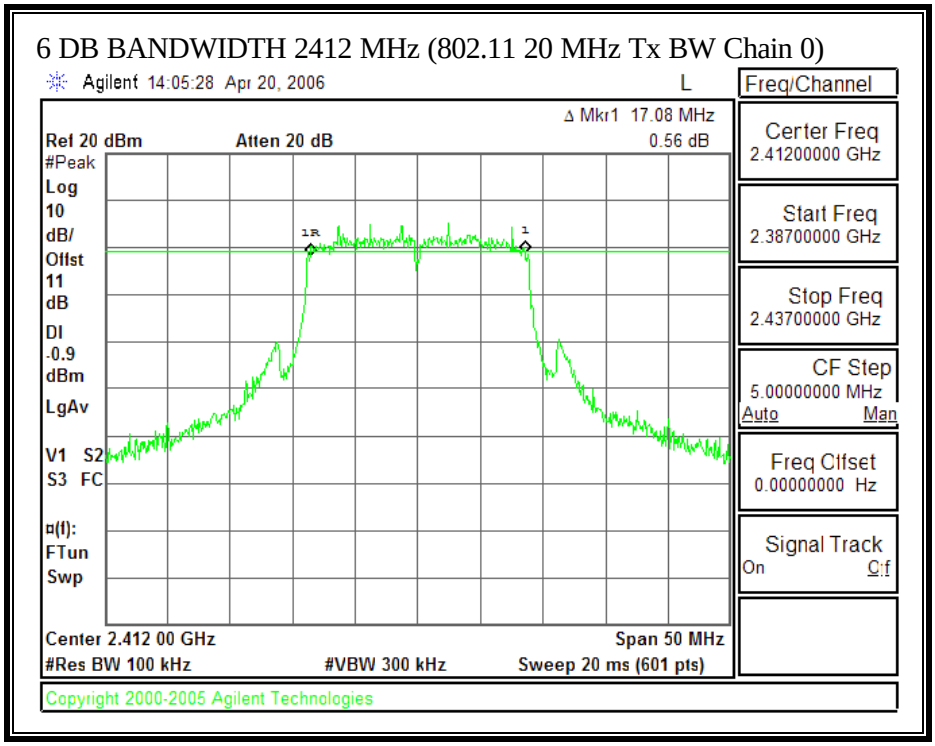
40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH - CHAIN 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2422	36250	500	35750
Low	2427	36080	500	35580
Middle	2437	35830	500	35330
High	2442	36080	500	35580
High	2447	36000	500	35500
High	2452	36330	500	35830

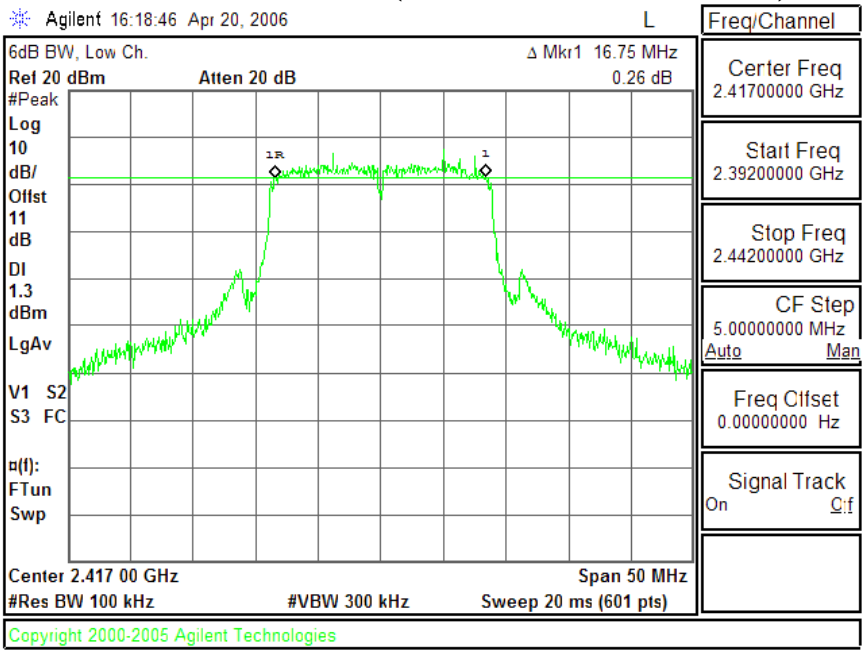
40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH - CHAIN 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Margin (kHz)
Low	2422	35330	500	34830
Low	2427	35750	500	35250
Middle	2437	36330	500	35830
High	2442	35250	500	34750
High	2447	35750	500	35250
High	2452	35920	500	35420

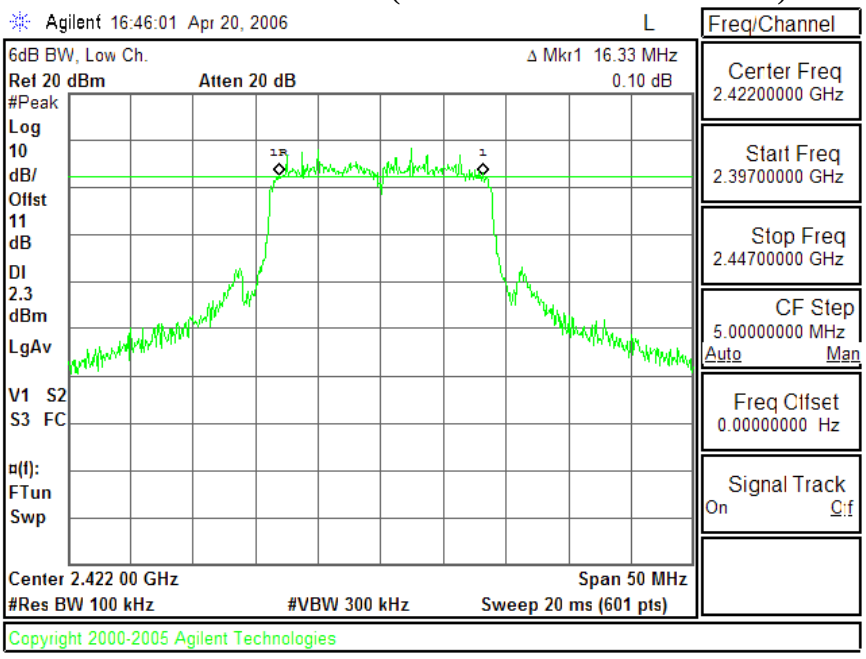
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)



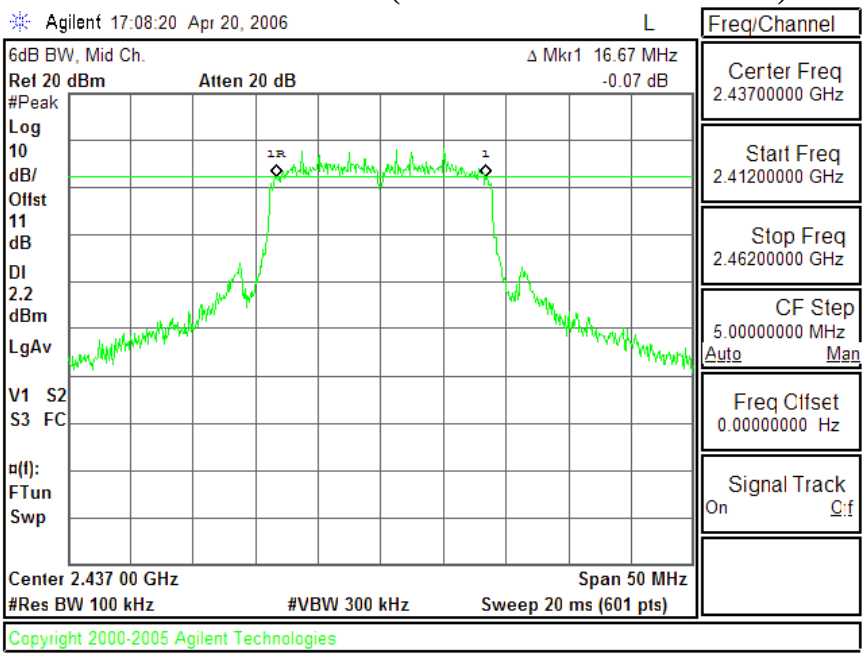
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



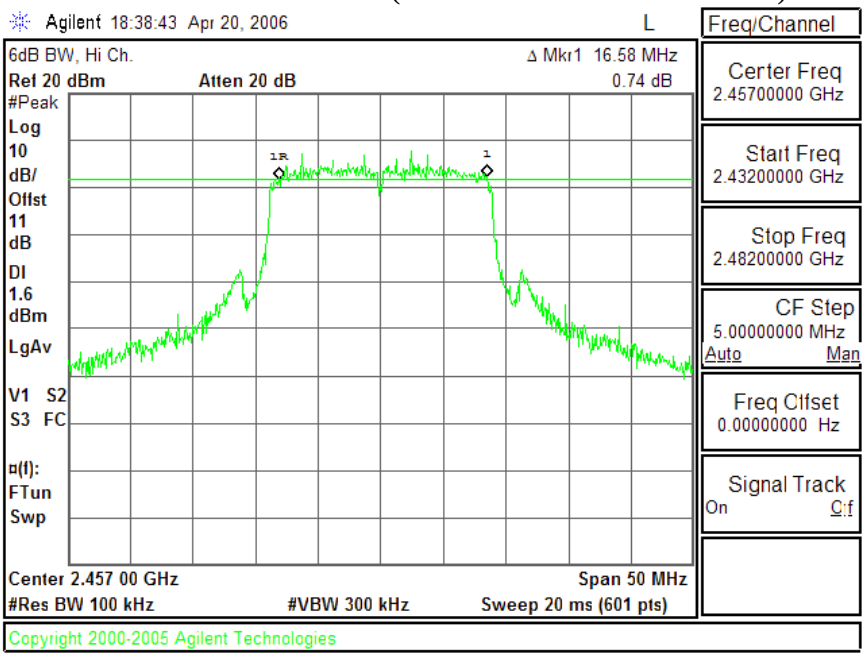
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



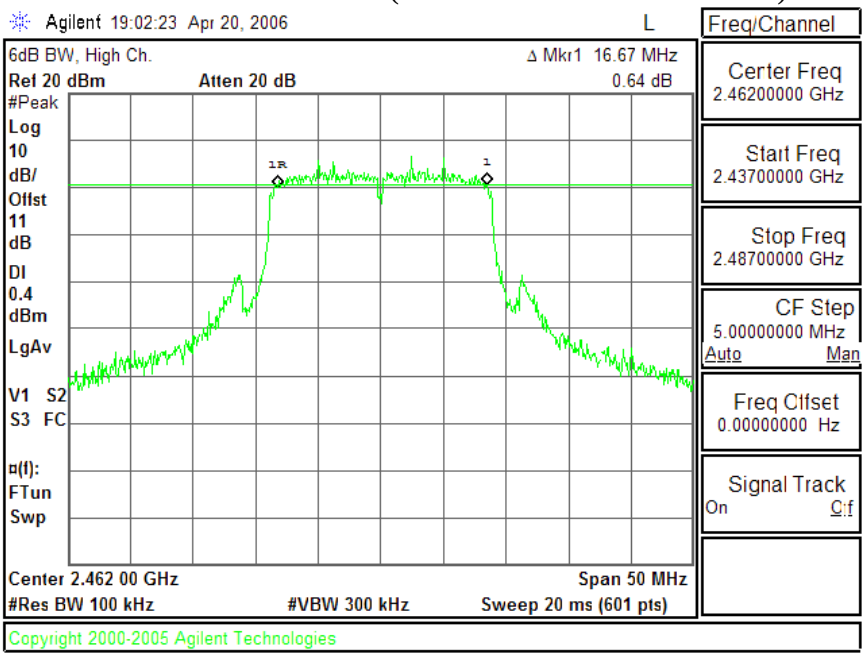
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



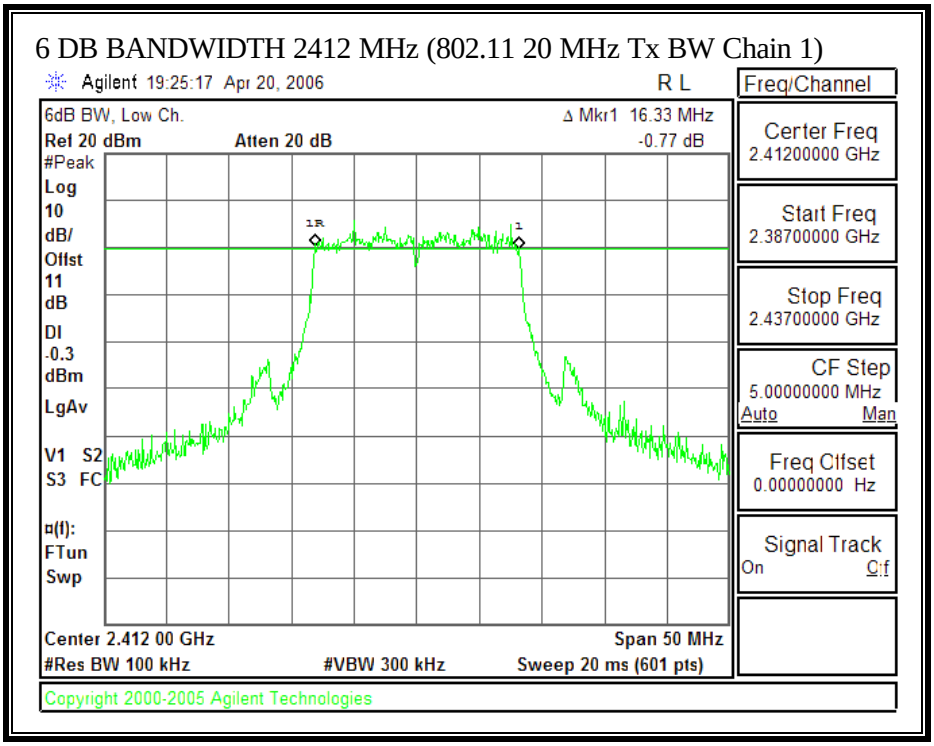
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



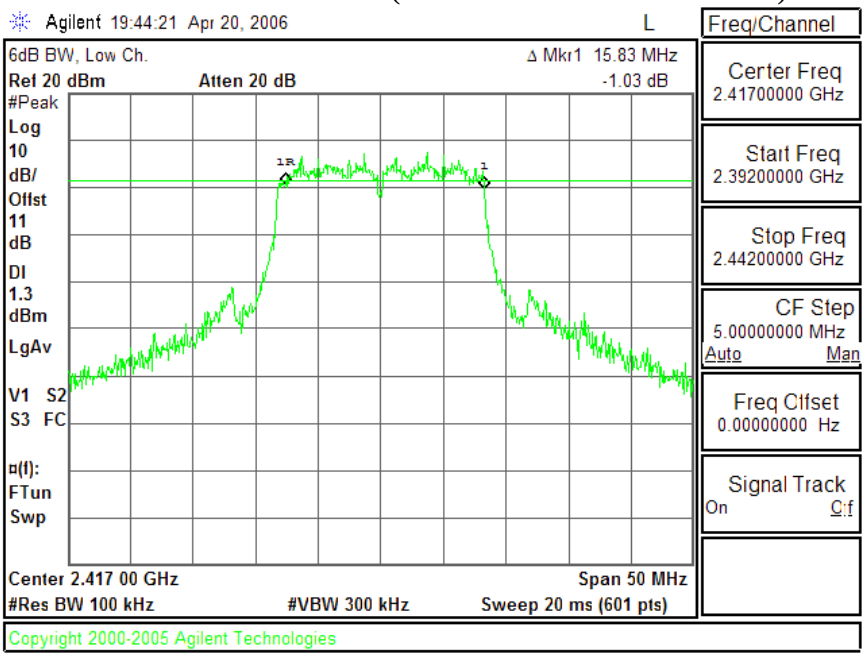
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



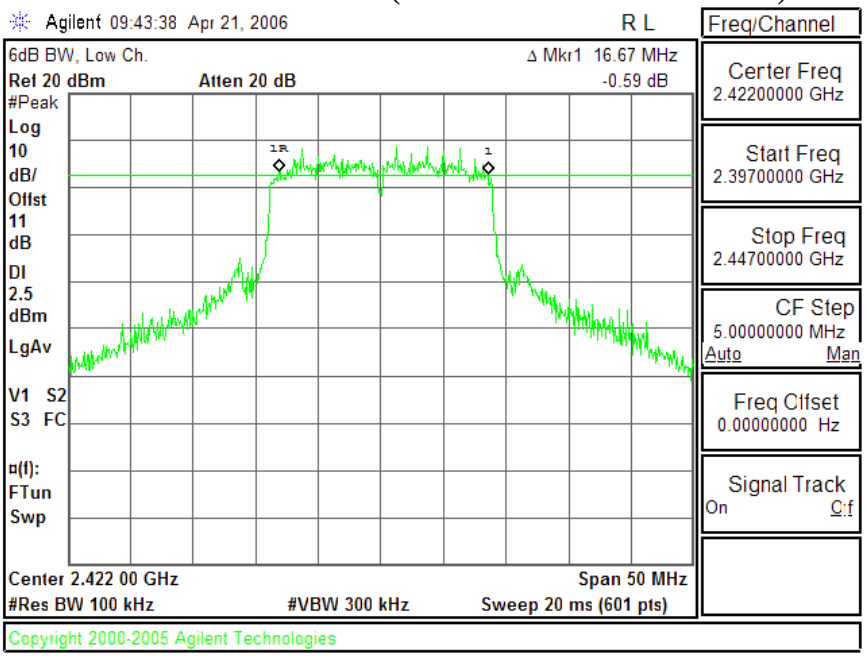
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



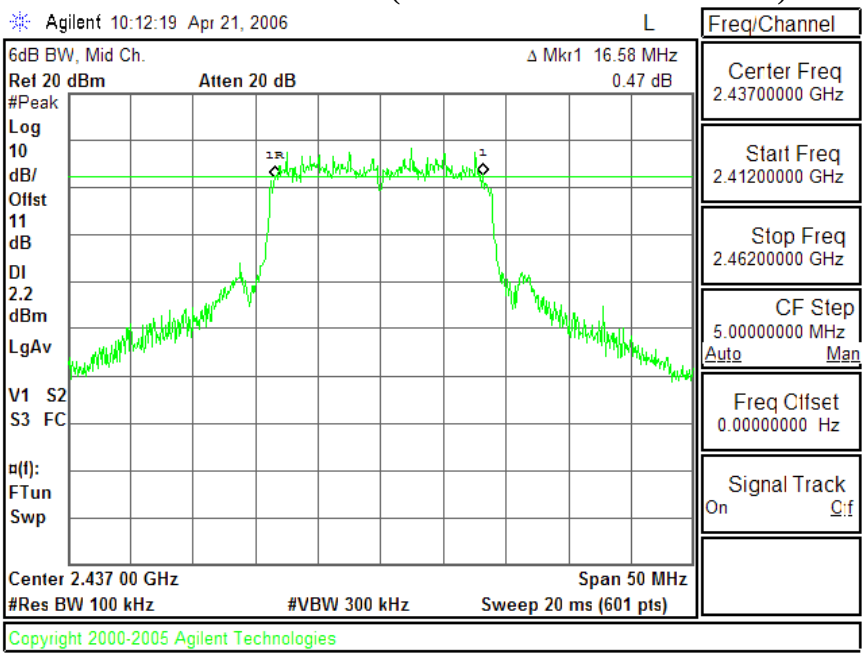
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



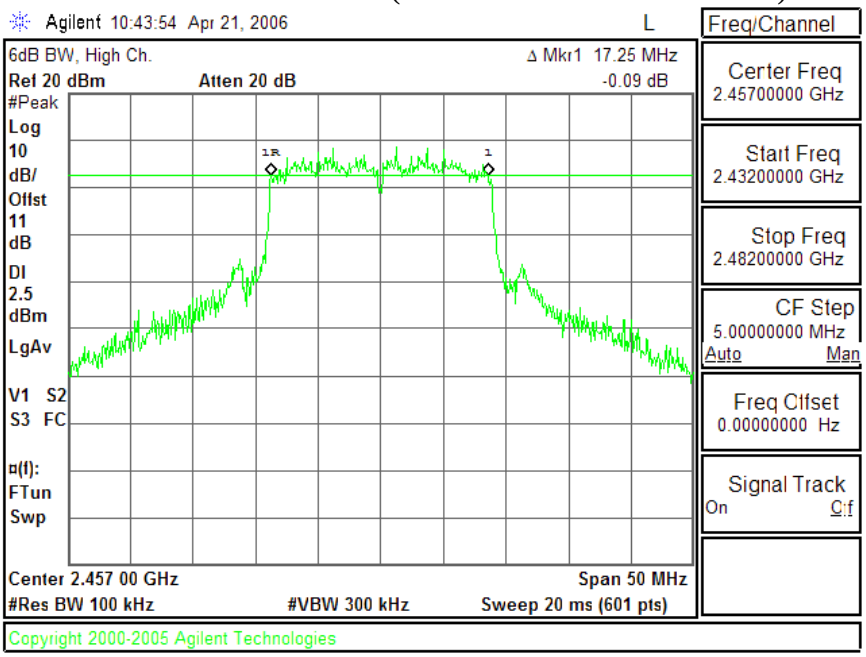
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



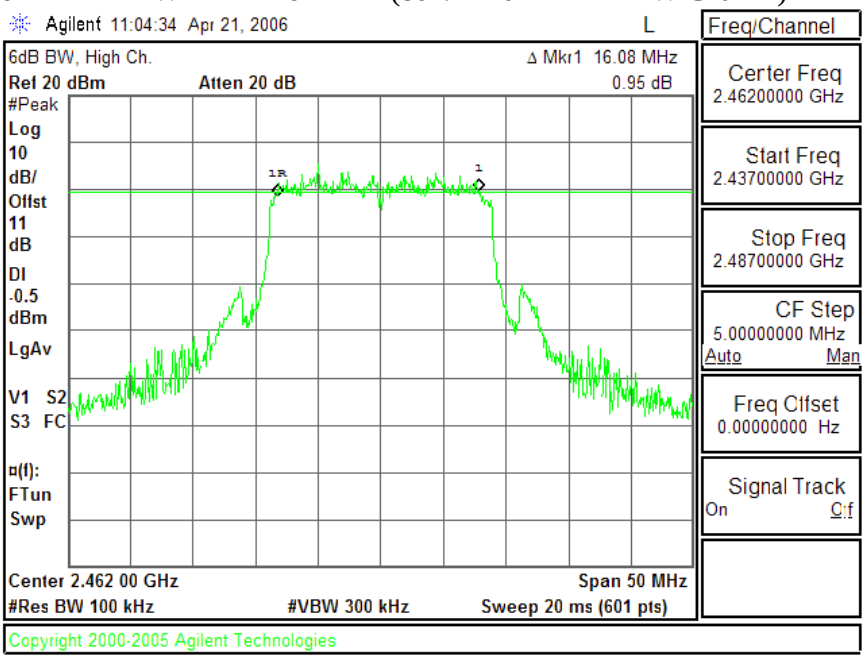
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



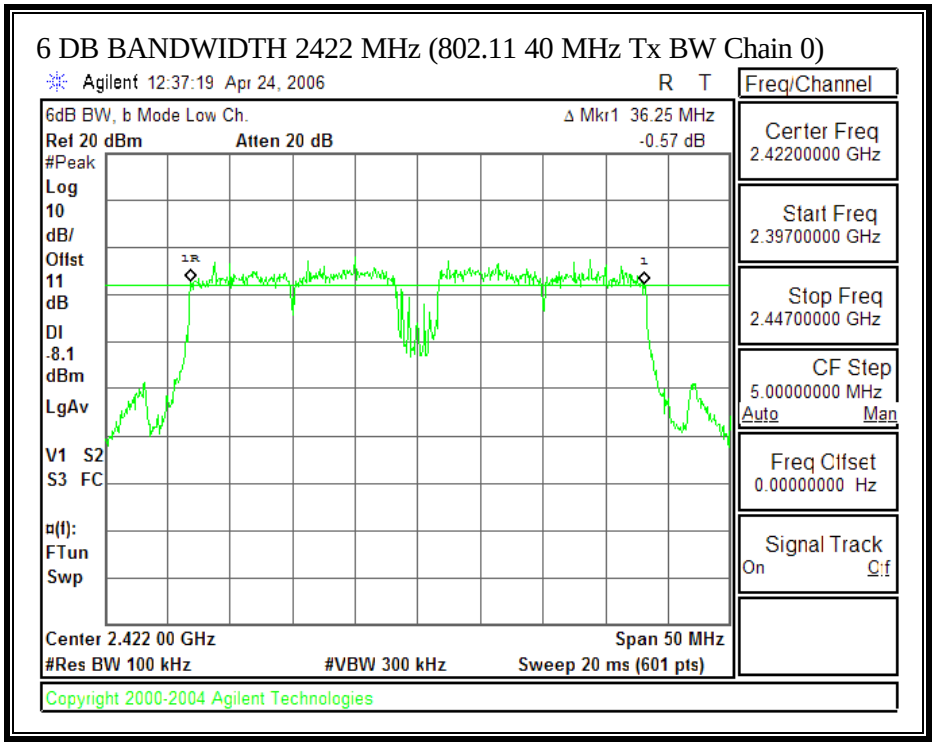
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



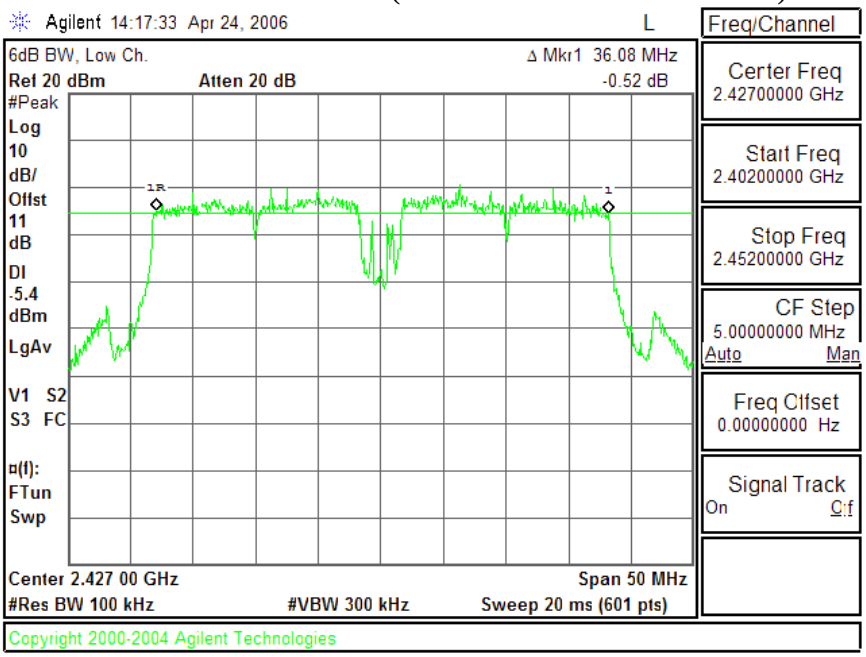
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



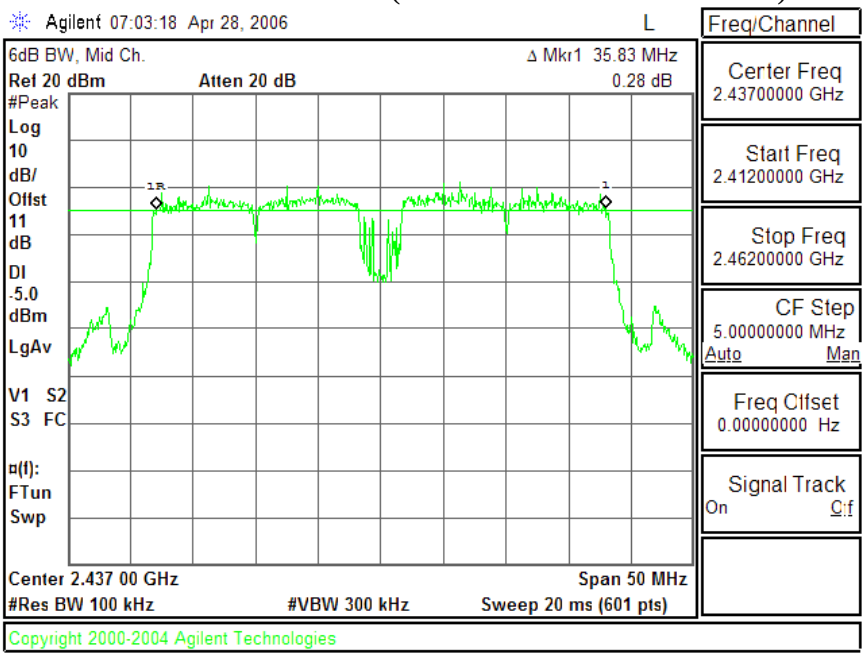
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)



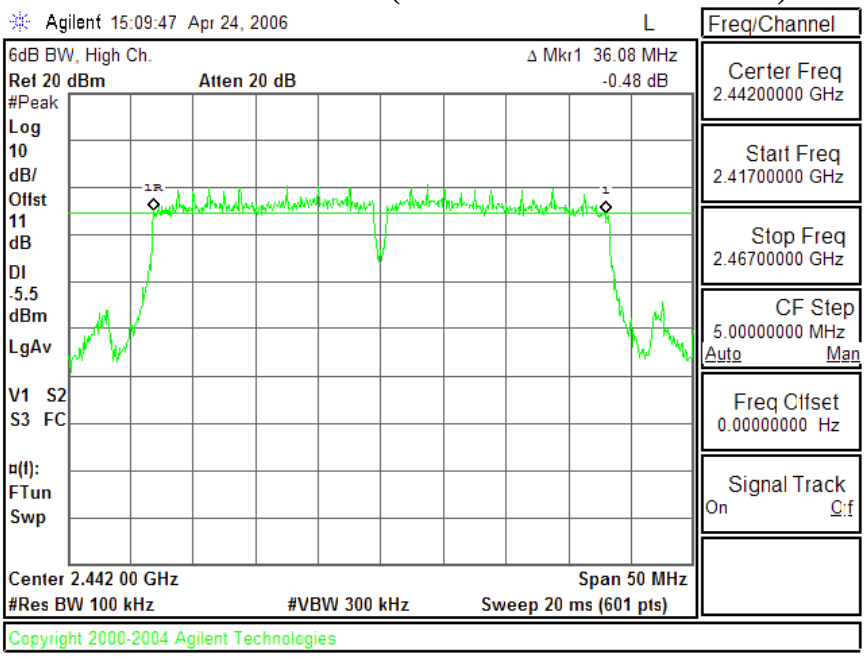
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



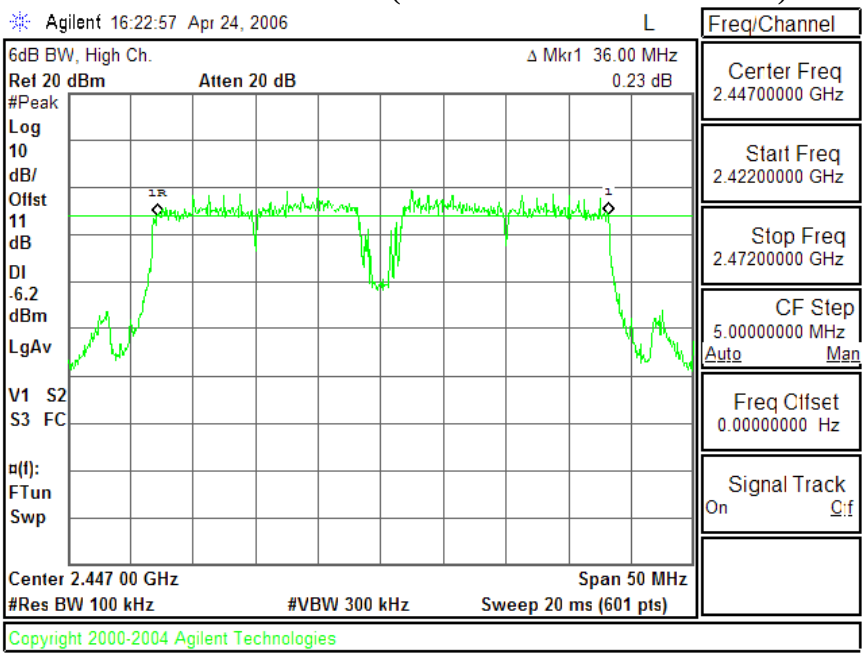
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



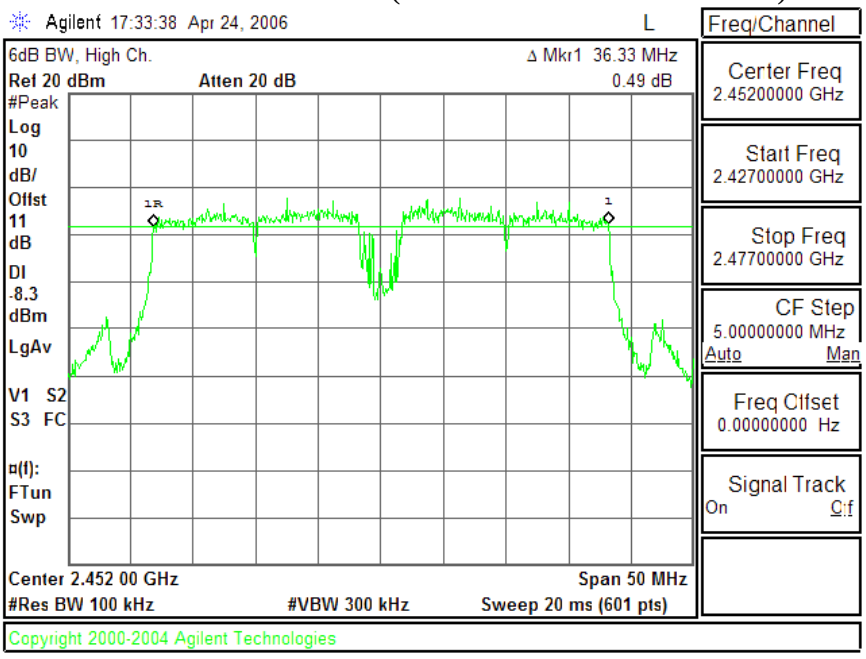
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



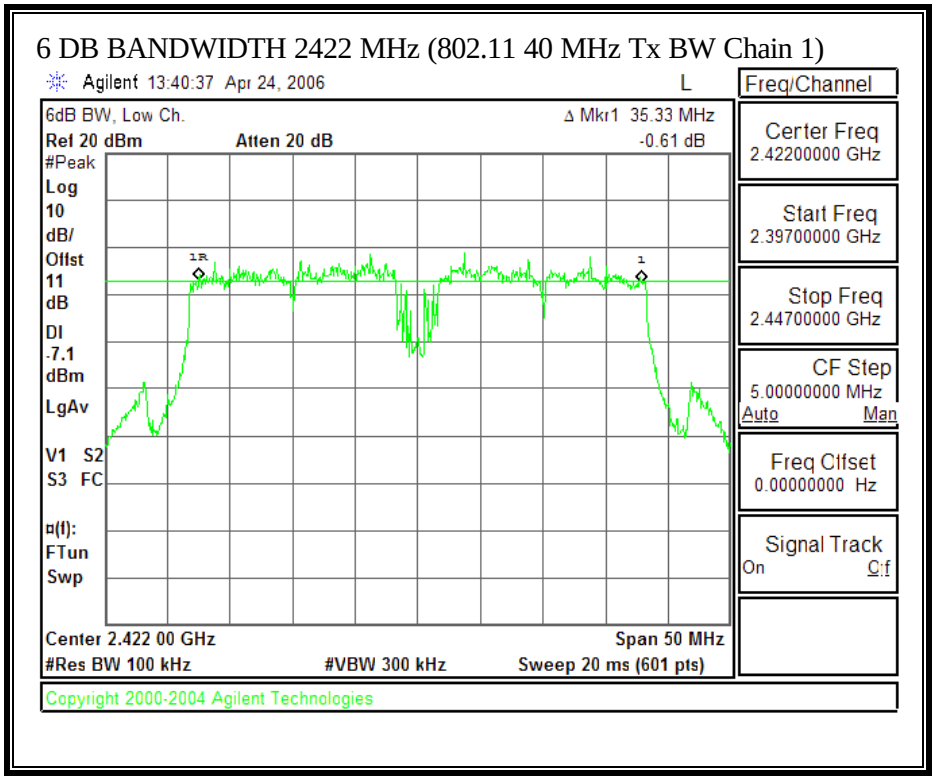
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



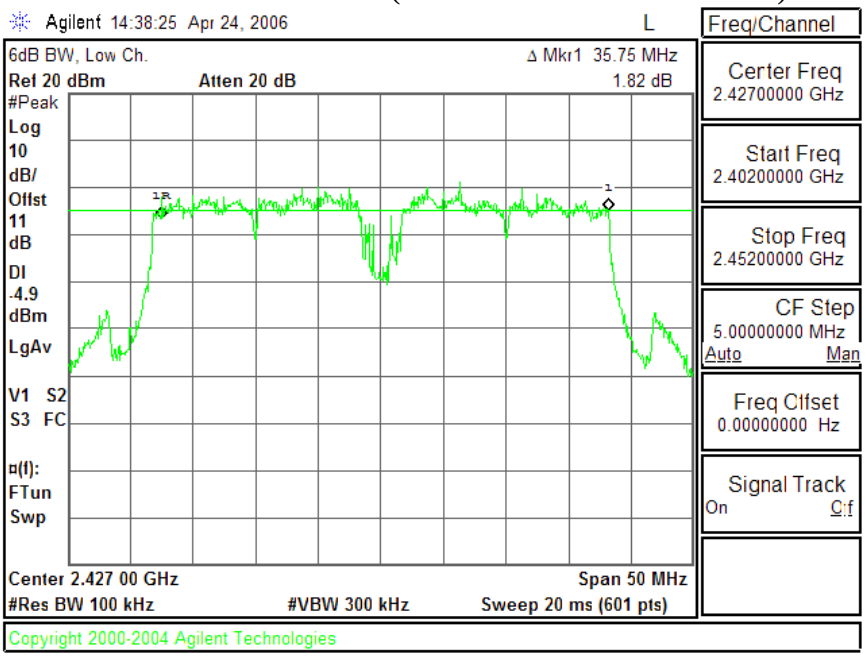
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



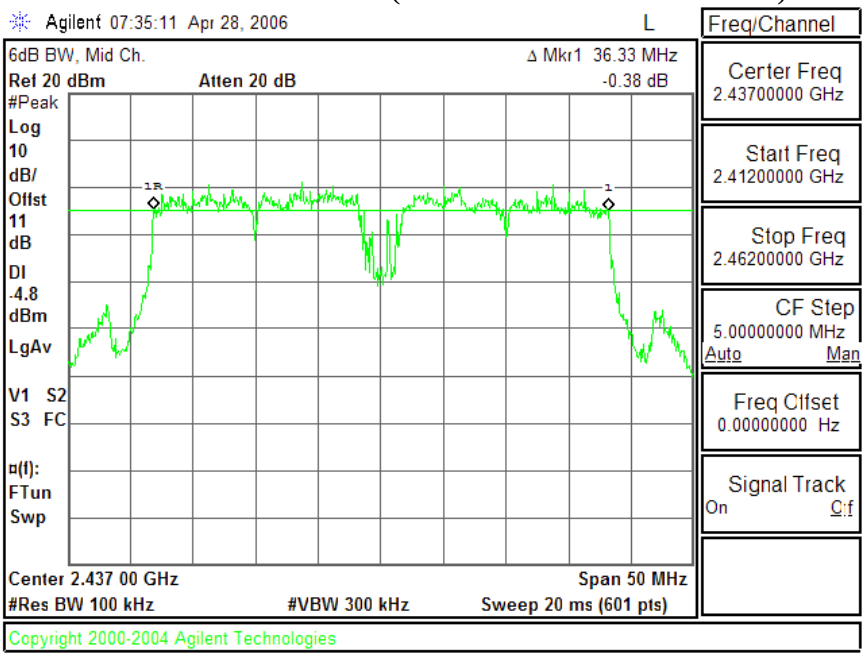
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



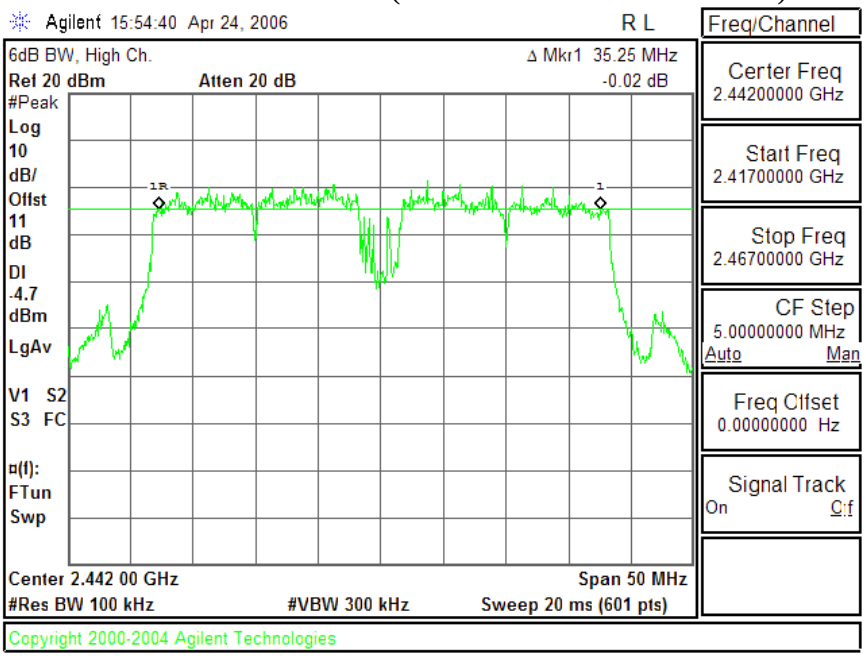
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



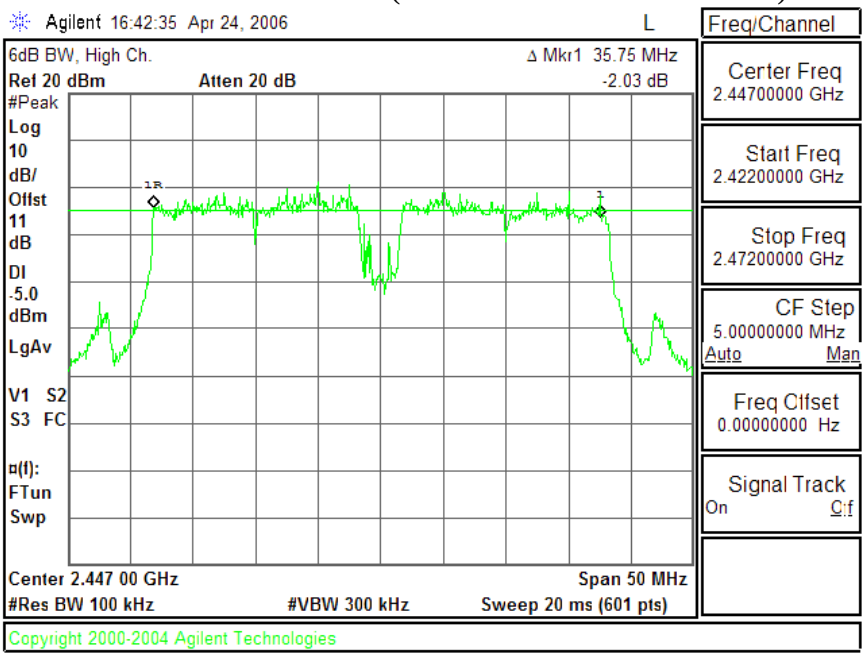
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



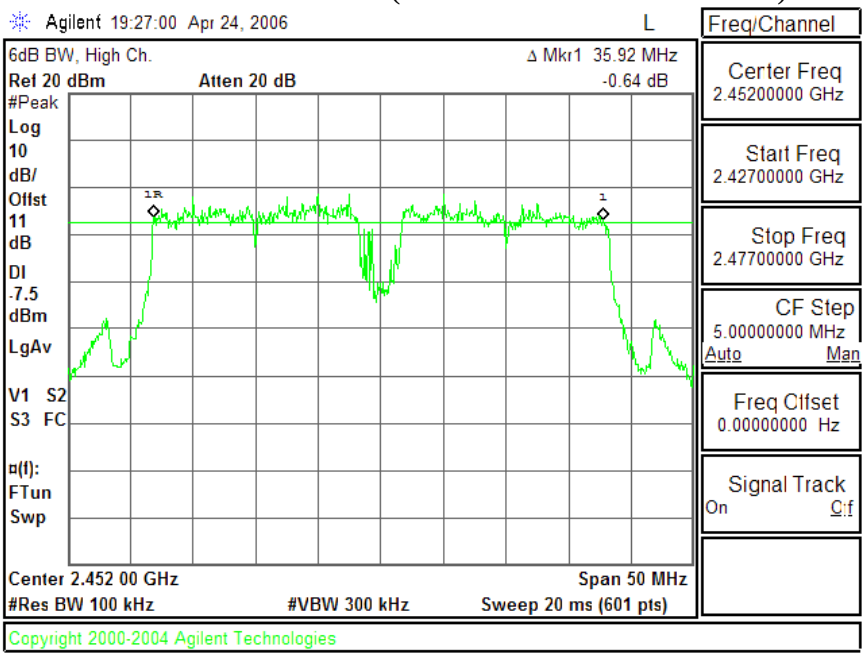
6 DB BANDWIDTH 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



6 DB BANDWIDTH 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



6 DB BANDWIDTH 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



7.3.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

99% BANDWIDTH

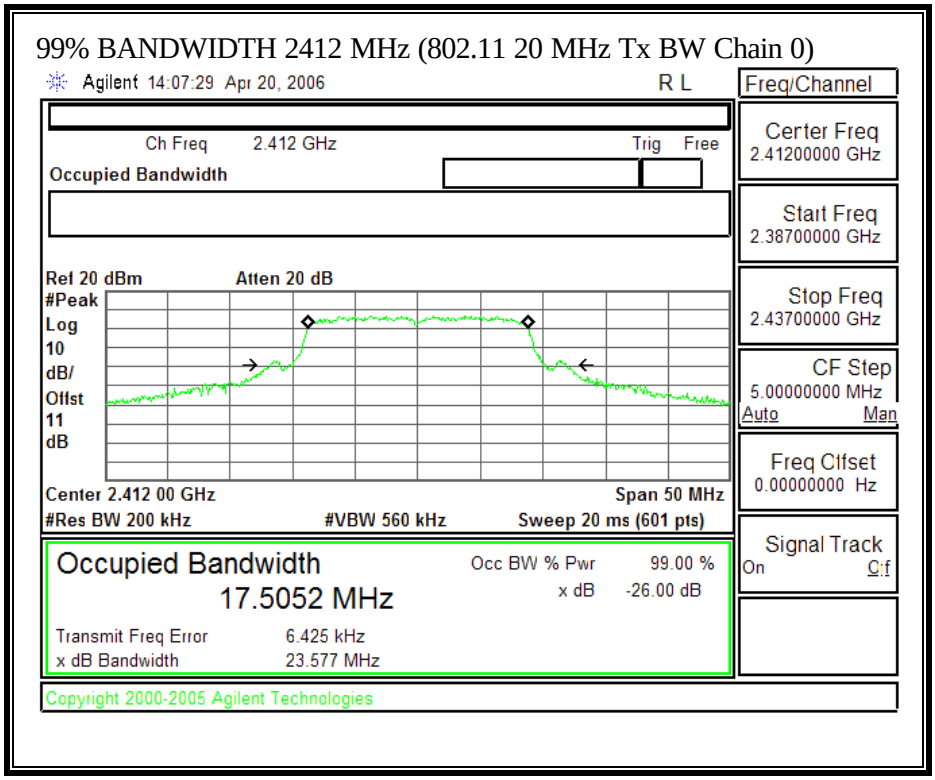
20MHz Tx Bandwidth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth Chain 0 (MHz)	99% Bandwidth Chain 1 (MHz)
Low	2412	17.5052	17.6162
Low	2417	17.4924	17.5964
Low	2422	17.4814	17.6121
Middle	2437	17.5042	17.5052
High	2457	17.4987	17.5865
High	2462	17.5016	17.4733

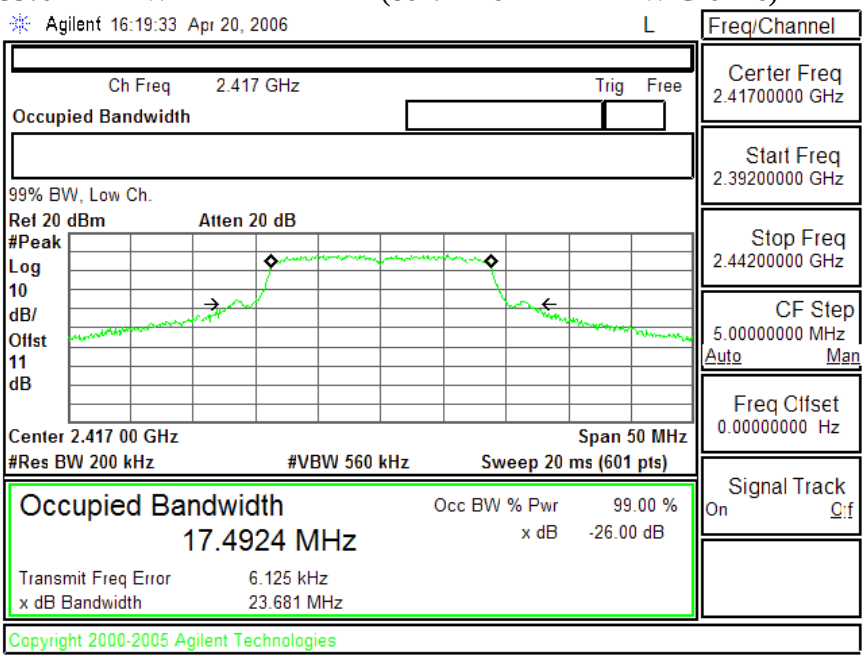
40MHz Tx Bandwidth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth Chain 0 (MHz)	99% Bandwidth Chain 1 (MHz)
Low	2422	36.1318	36.1318
Low	2427	36.1129	36.0986
Middle	2437	36.1370	36.1061
High	2442	36.1038	36.0725
High	2447	36.1421	36.1479
High	2452	36.1293	36.1186

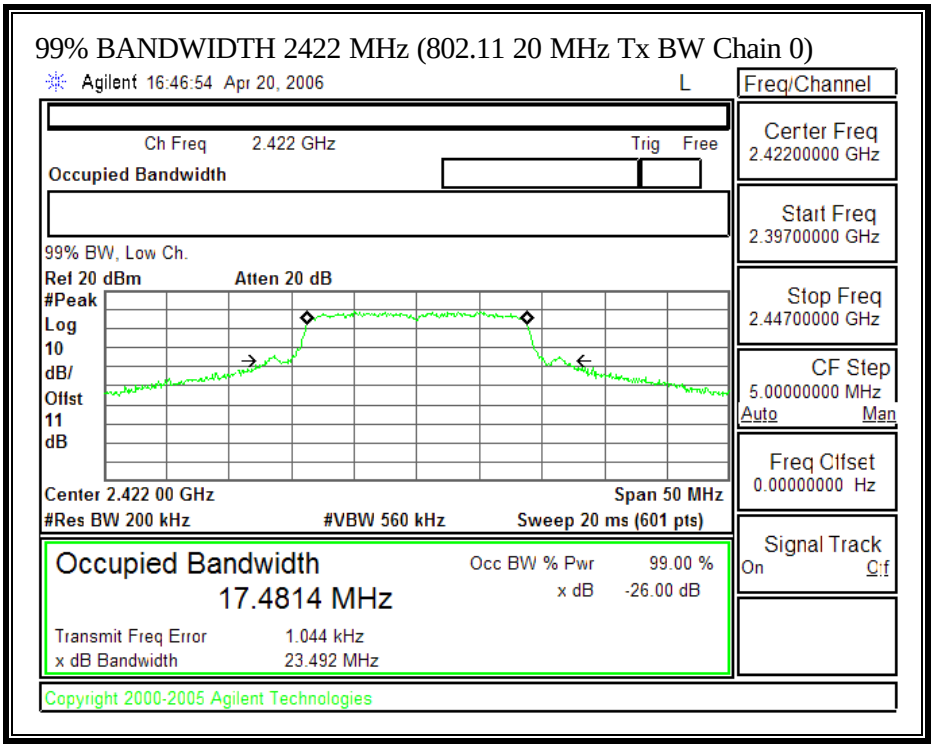
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 20 MHz BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)



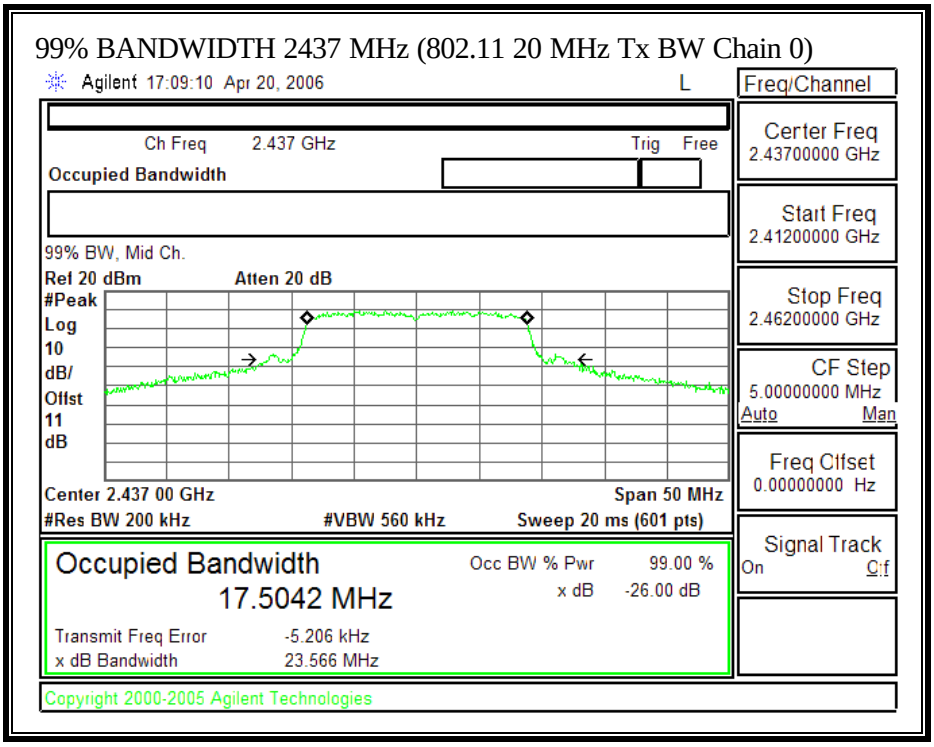
99% BANDWIDTH 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



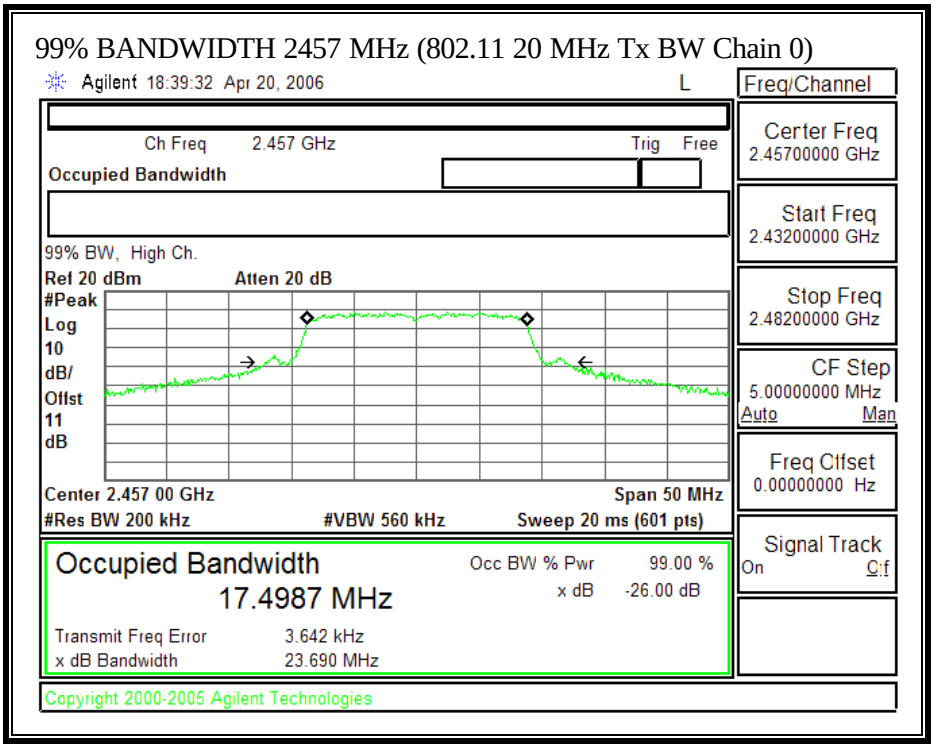
99% BANDWIDTH 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

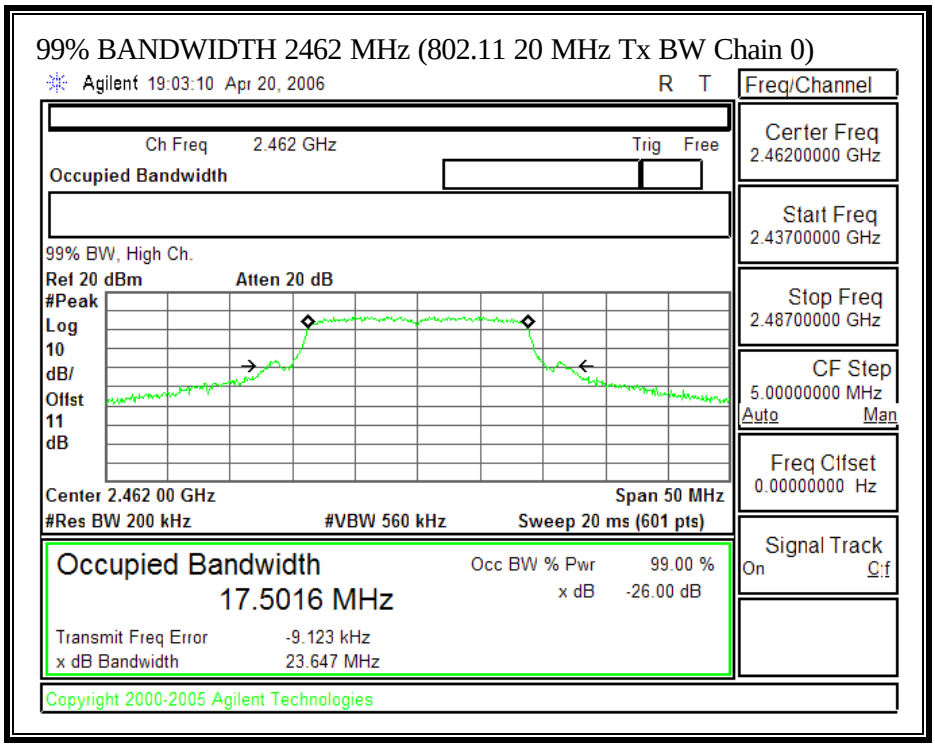


99% BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

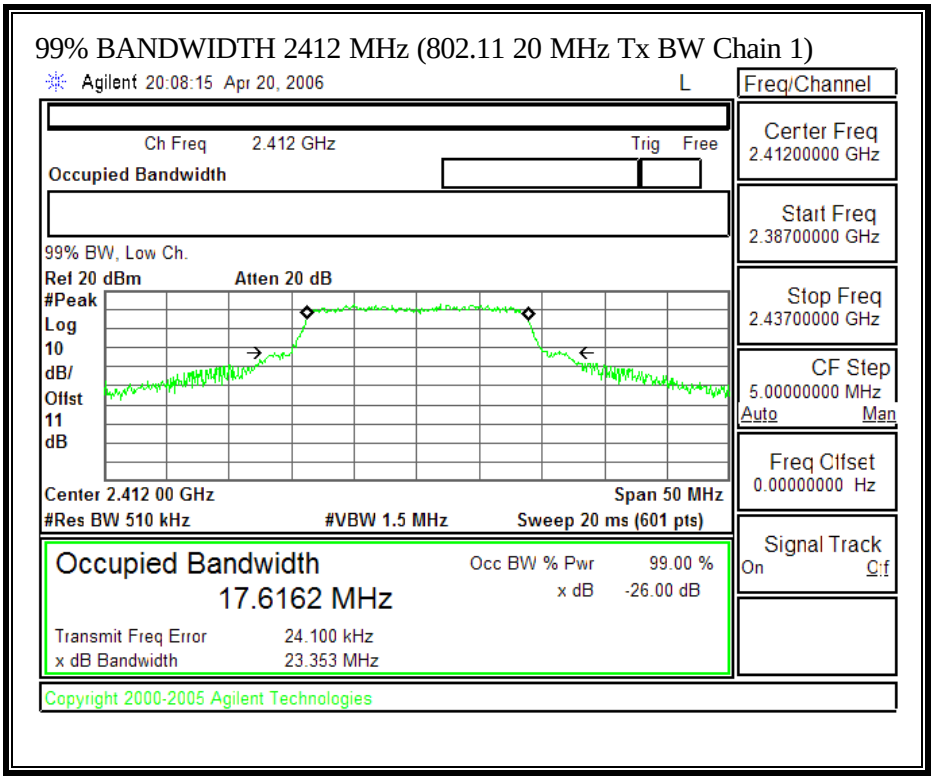


99% BANDWIDTH 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

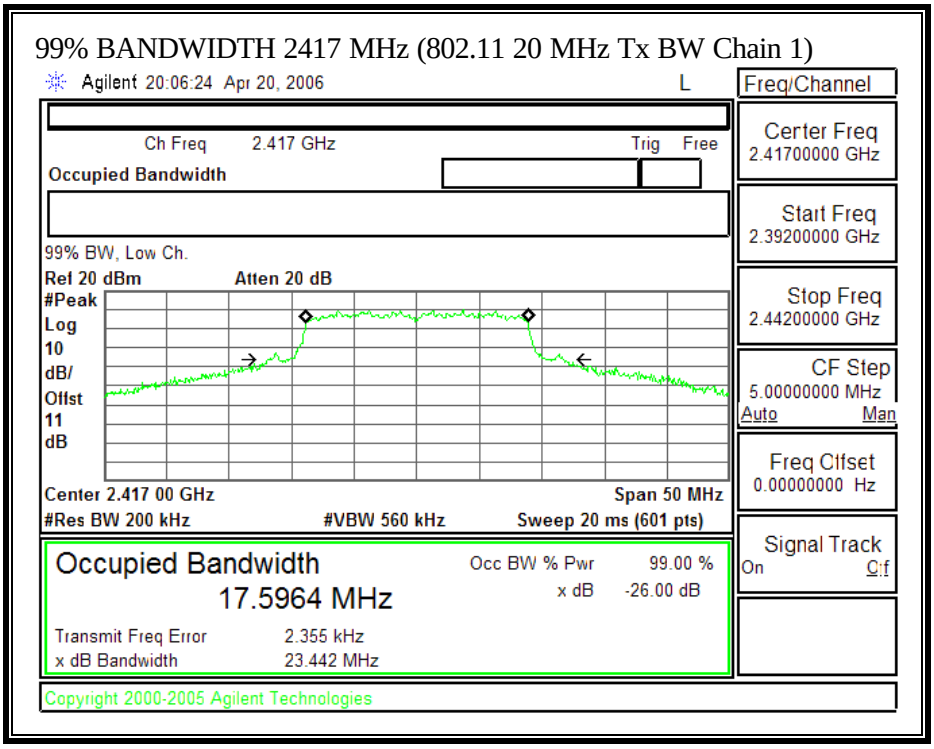




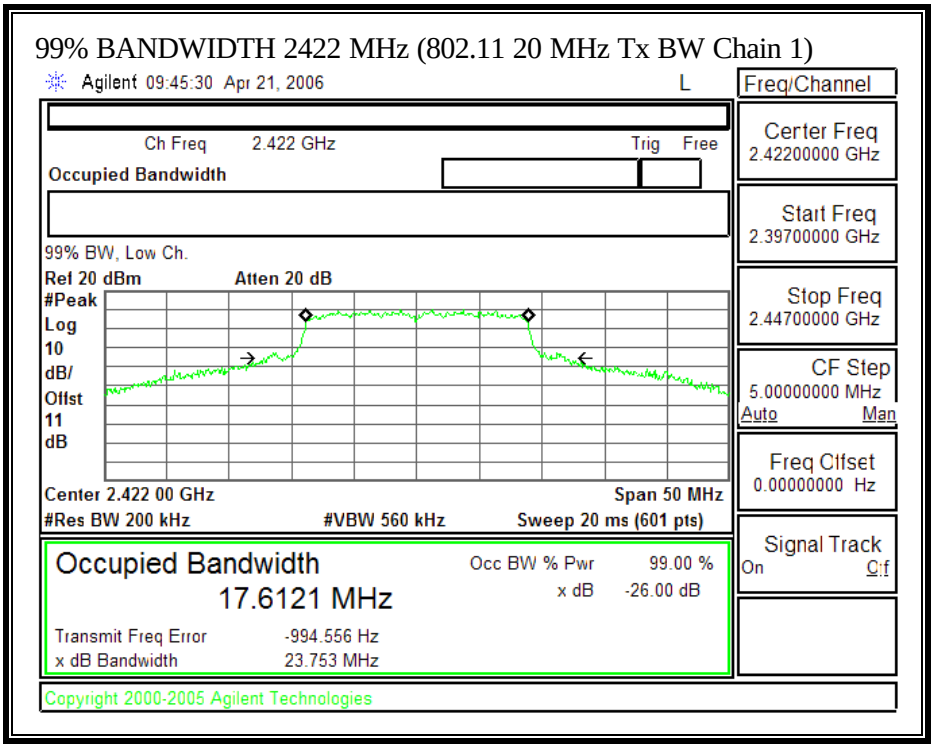
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 20 MHz BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



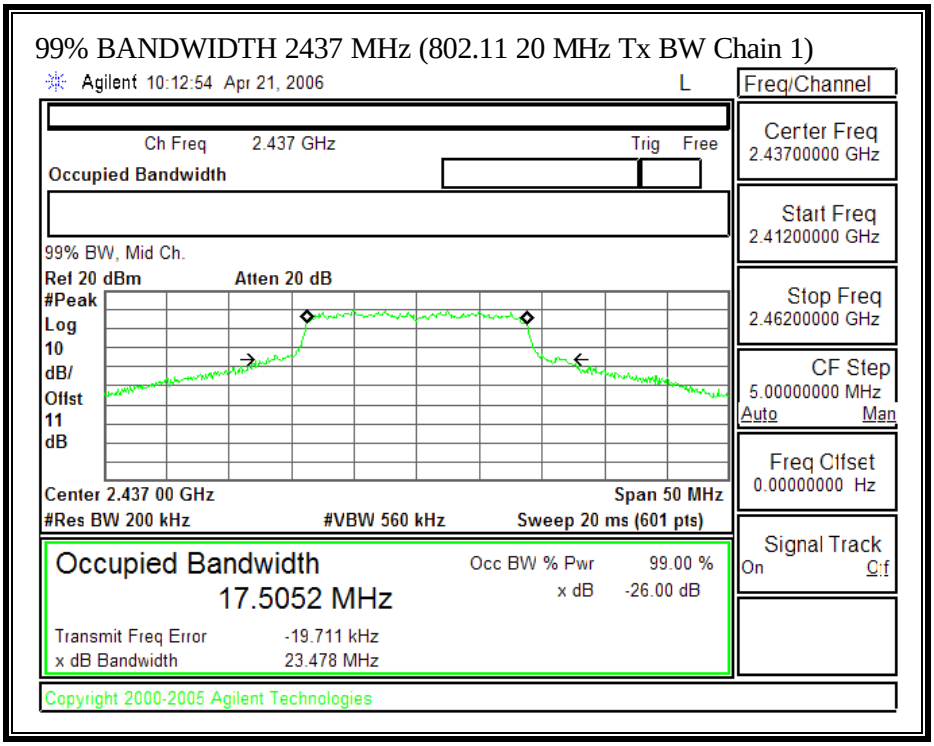
99% BANDWIDTH 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



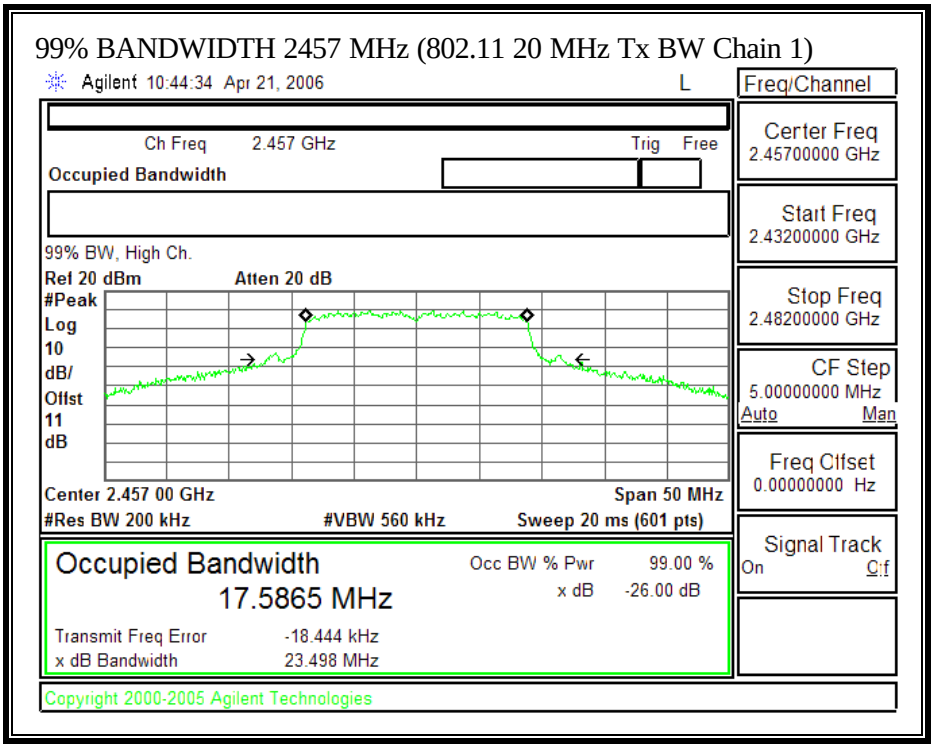
99% BANDWIDTH 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



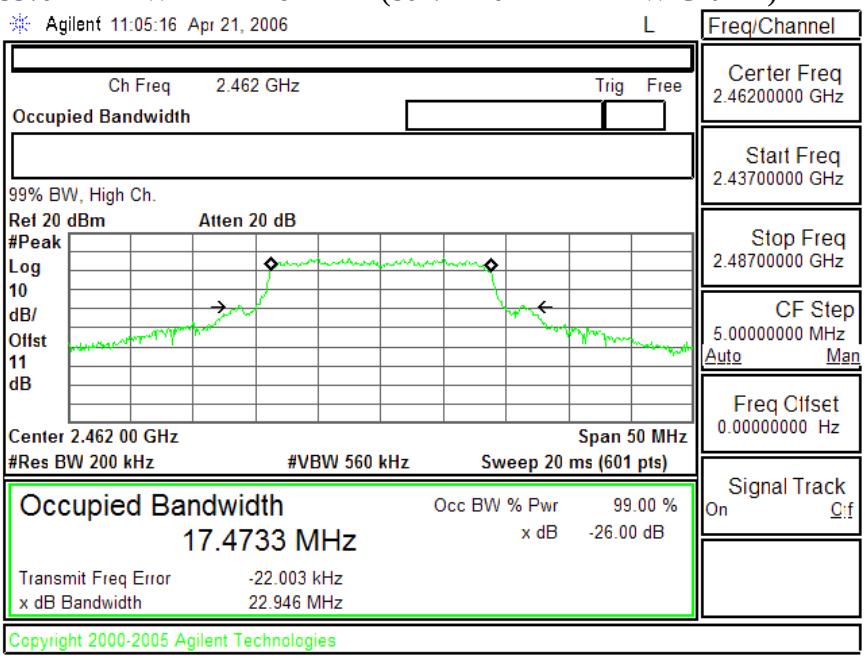
99% BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



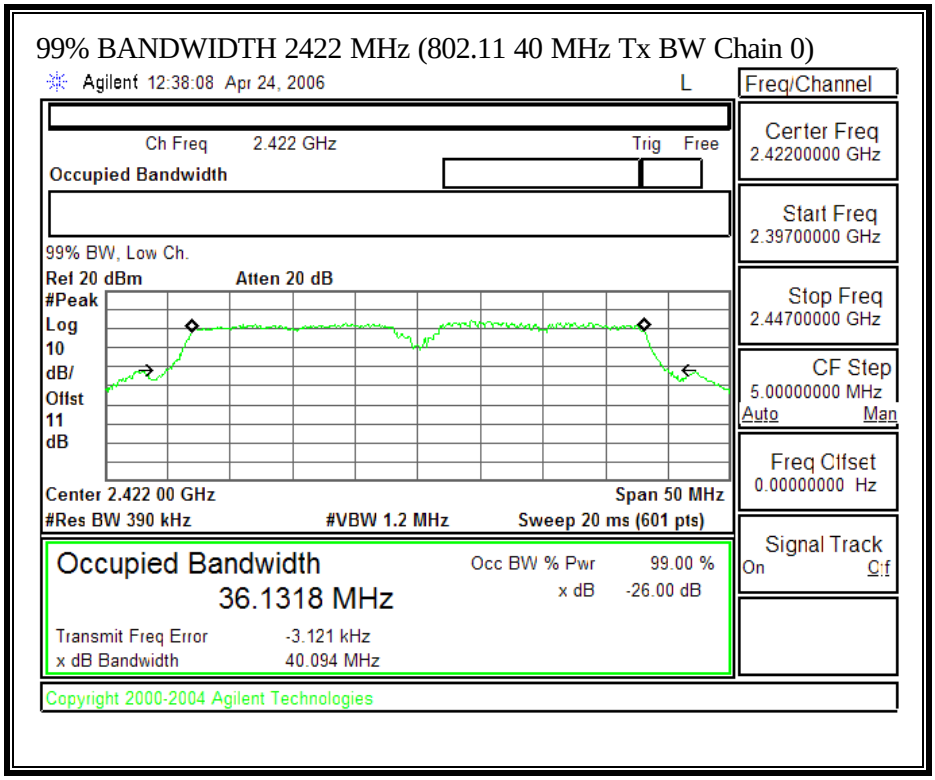
99% BANDWIDTH 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



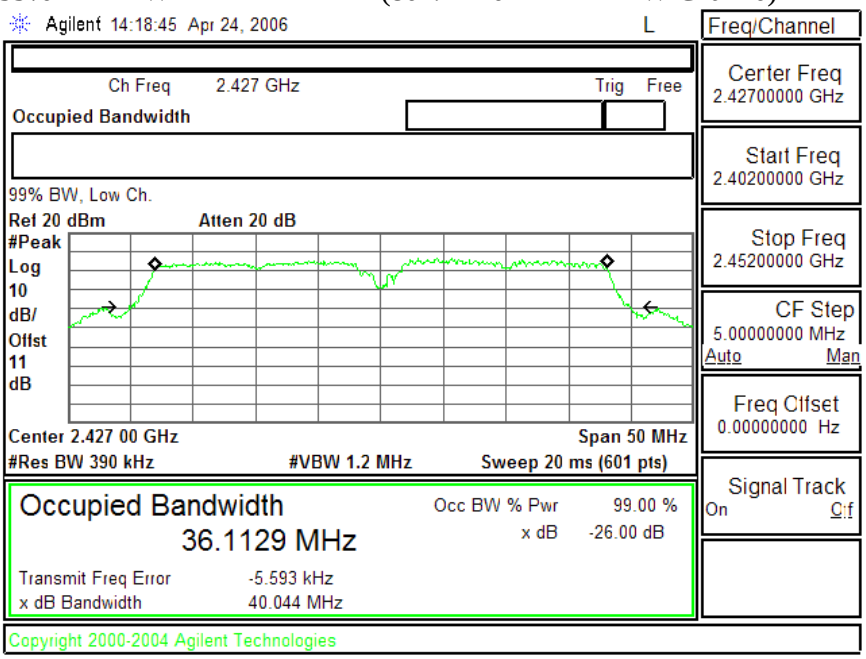
99% BANDWIDTH 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



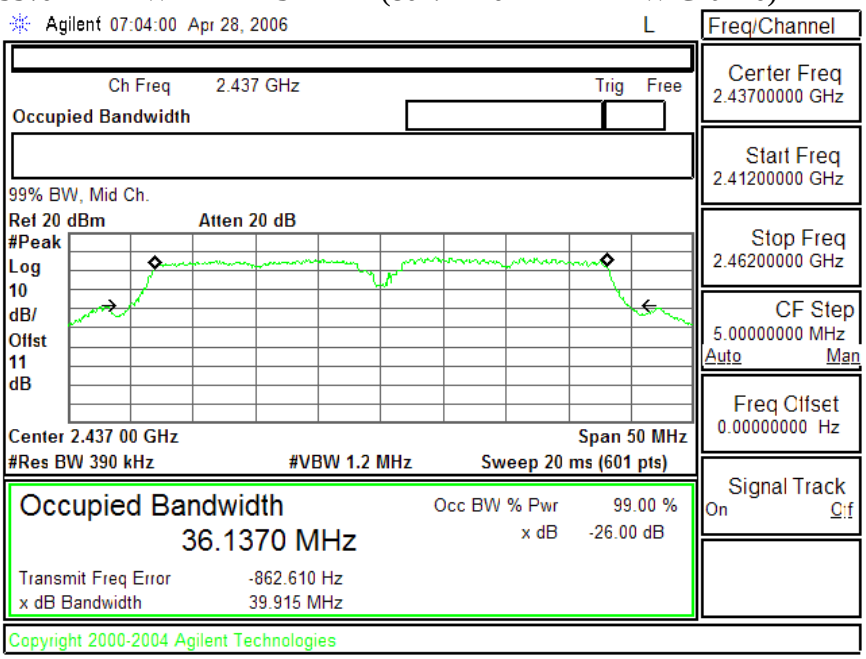
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 40 MHz BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)



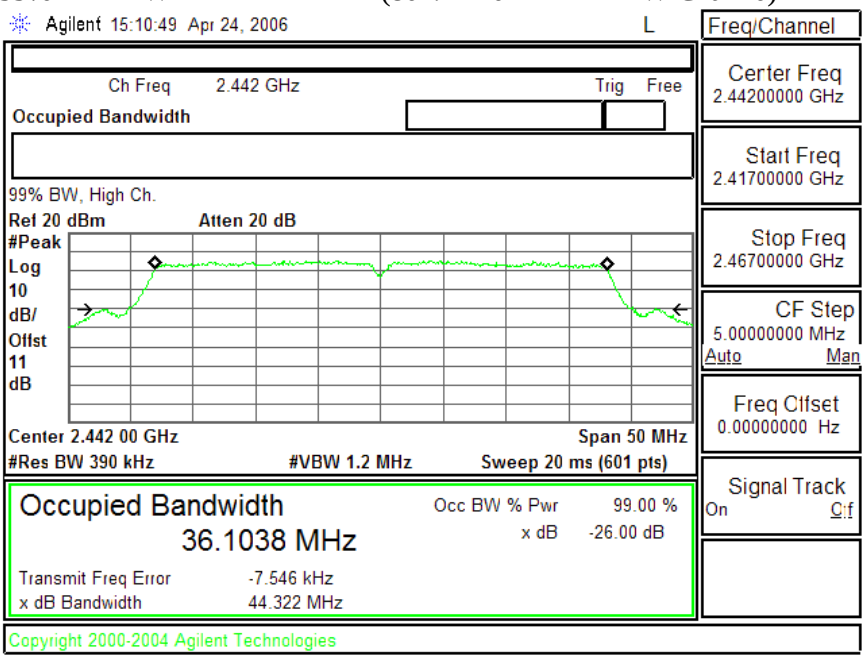
99% BANDWIDTH 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



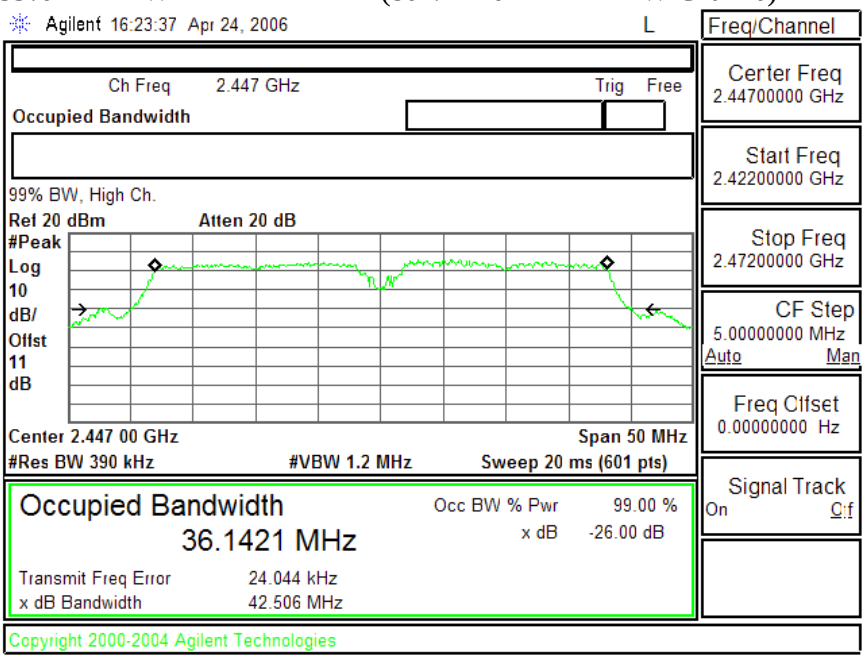
99% BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

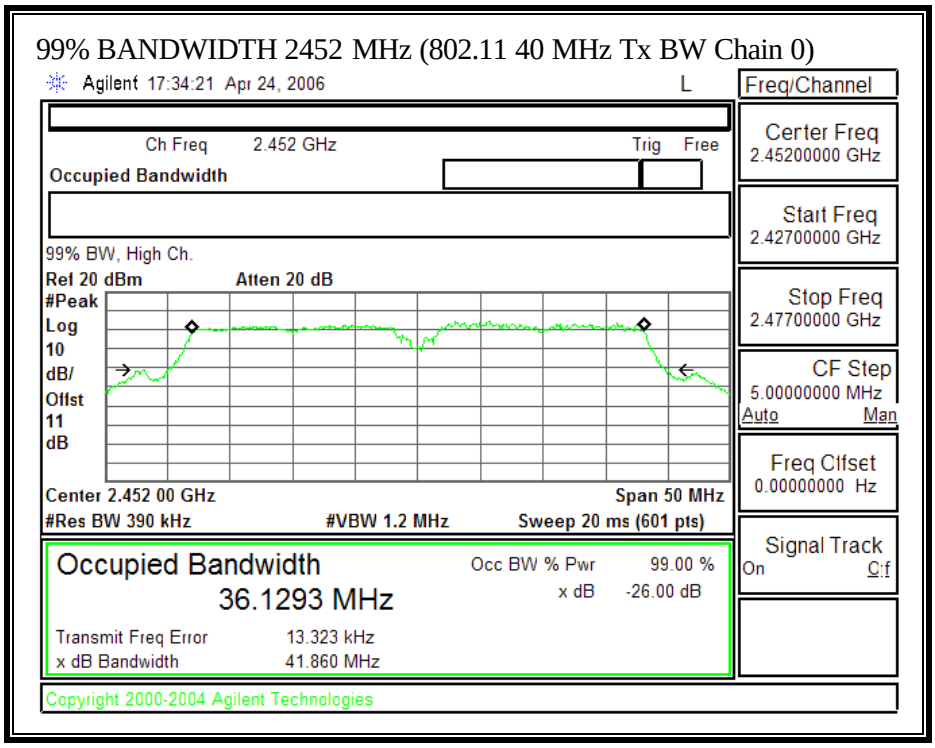


99% BANDWIDTH 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

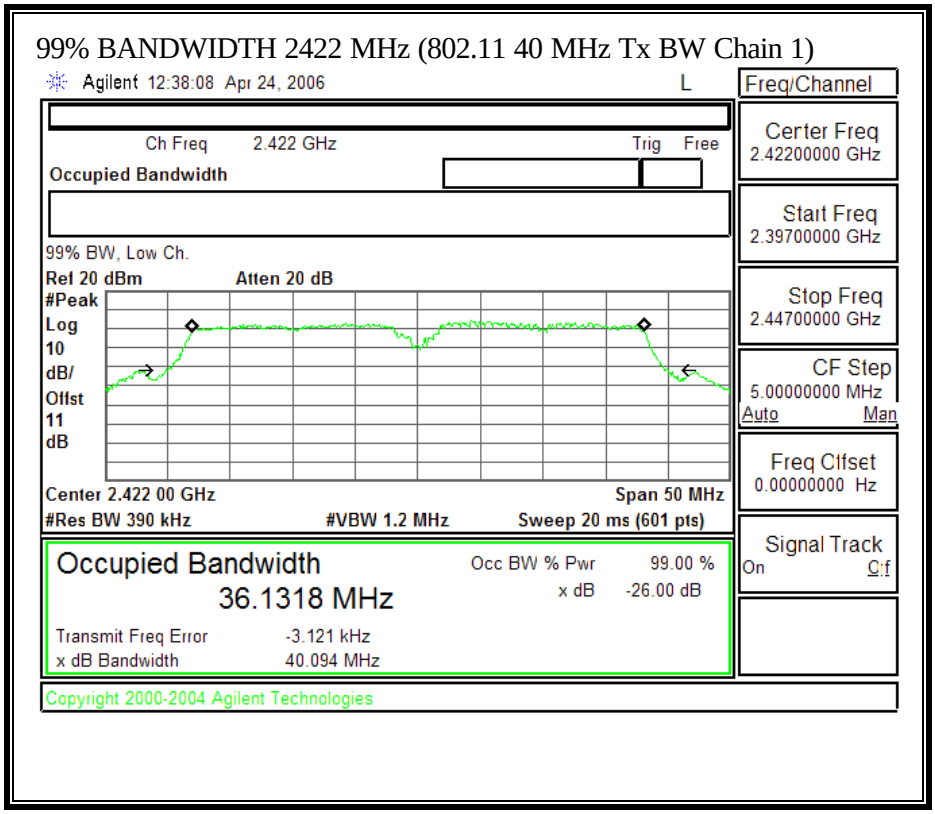


99% BANDWIDTH 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

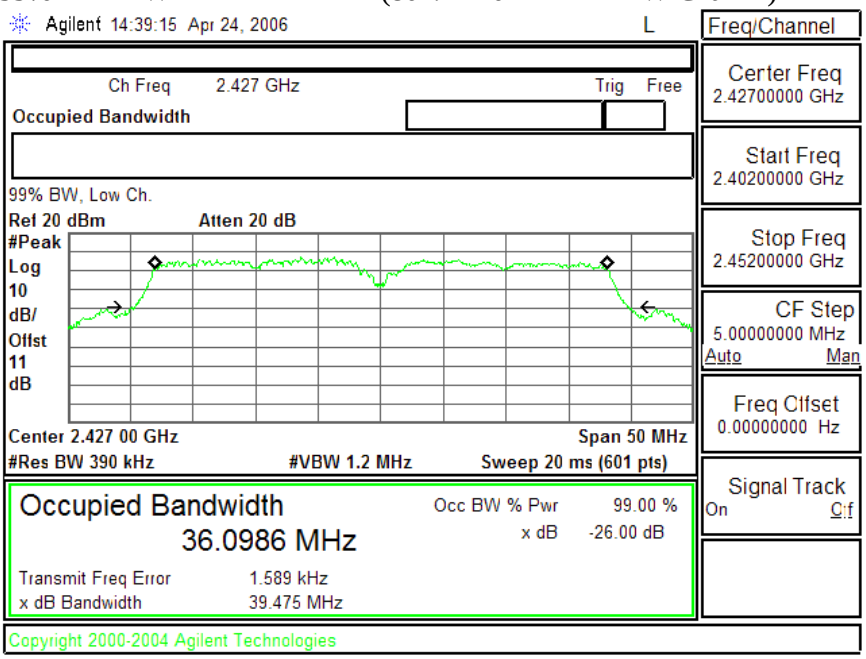




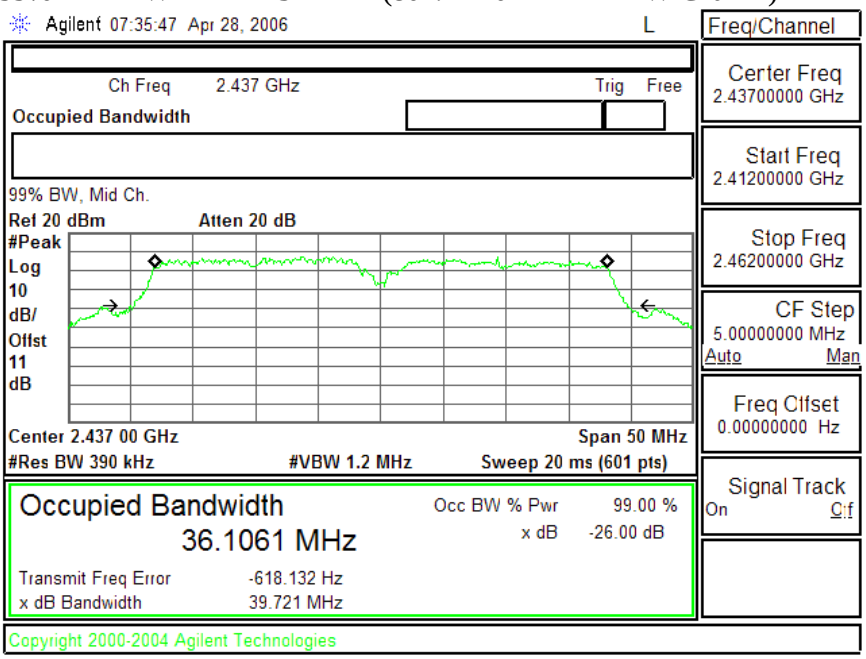
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 - 40 MHz BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



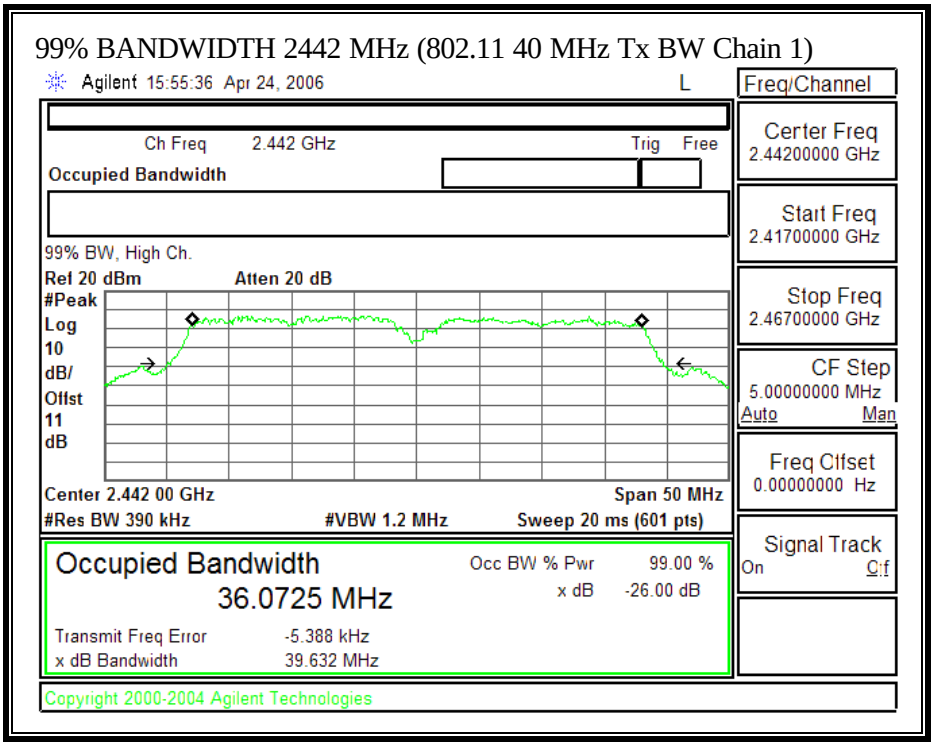
99% BANDWIDTH 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



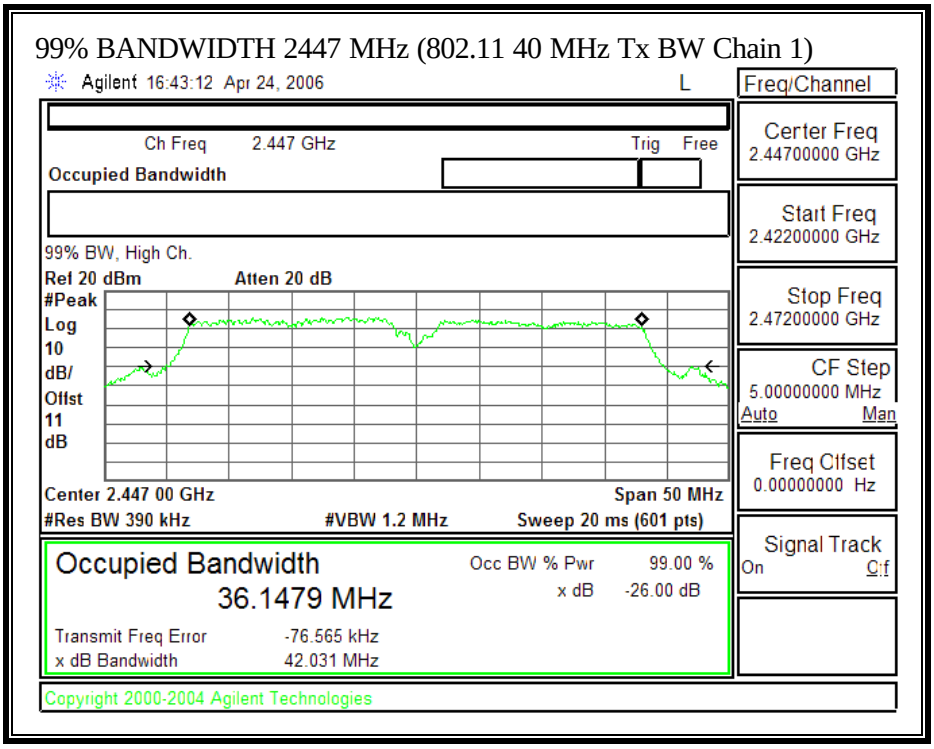
99% BANDWIDTH 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



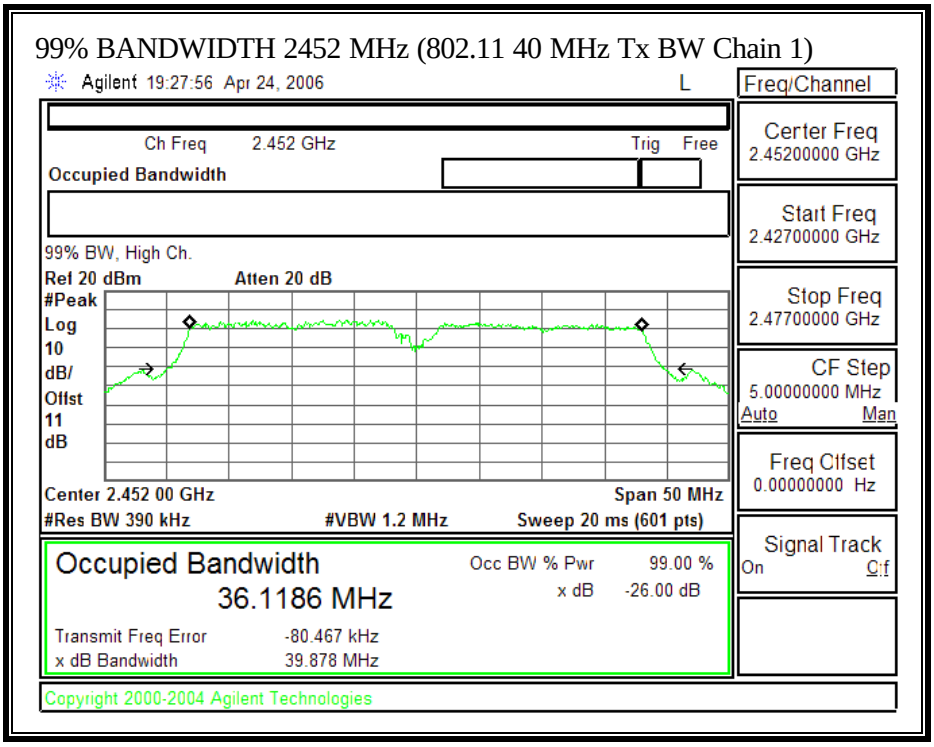
99% BANDWIDTH 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



99% BANDWIDTH 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



99% BANDWIDTH 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



7.3.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC document "Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems Operating under Section 15.247", March 23, 2005. The transmitter operates continuously therefore Power Output Option 2, Method # 1 is used.

RESULTS,

The maximum antenna gain is 3.9 dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

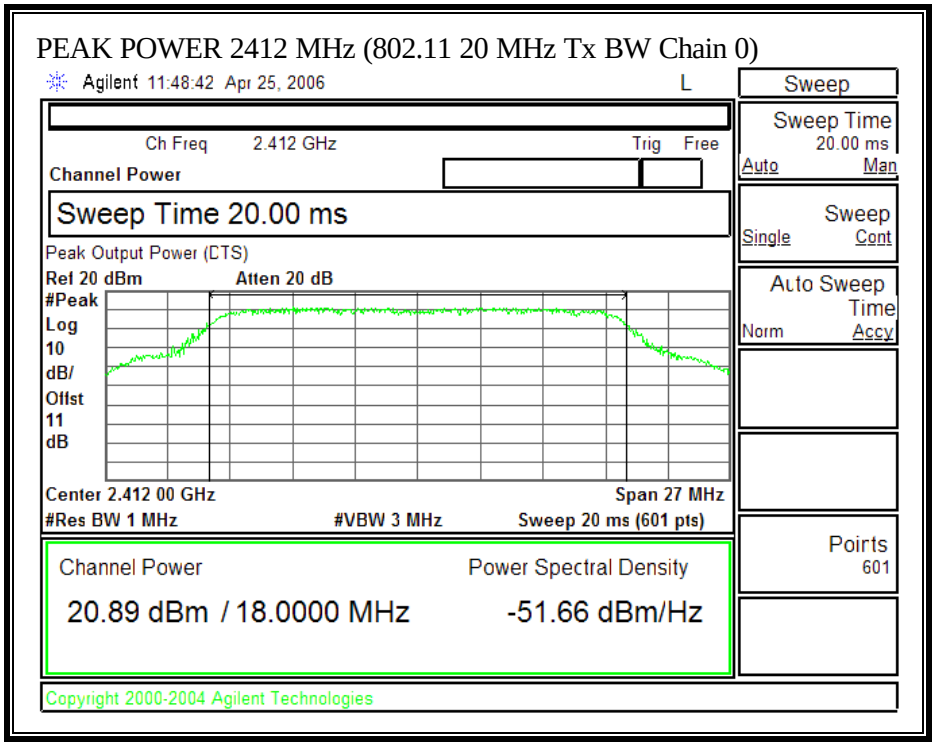
Total peak power calculation formula: 10 log (10^ (Pchain0 / 10) + 10^ (Pchain1 / 10))

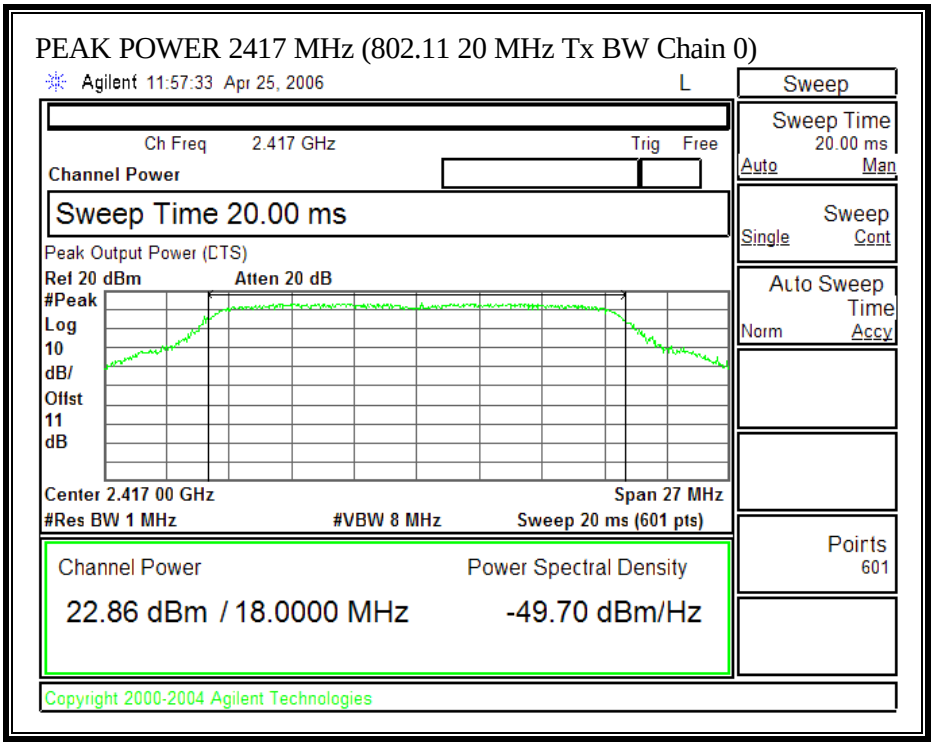
Note: Pchain 0 and Pchain1 are in dBm

No non-compliance noted:

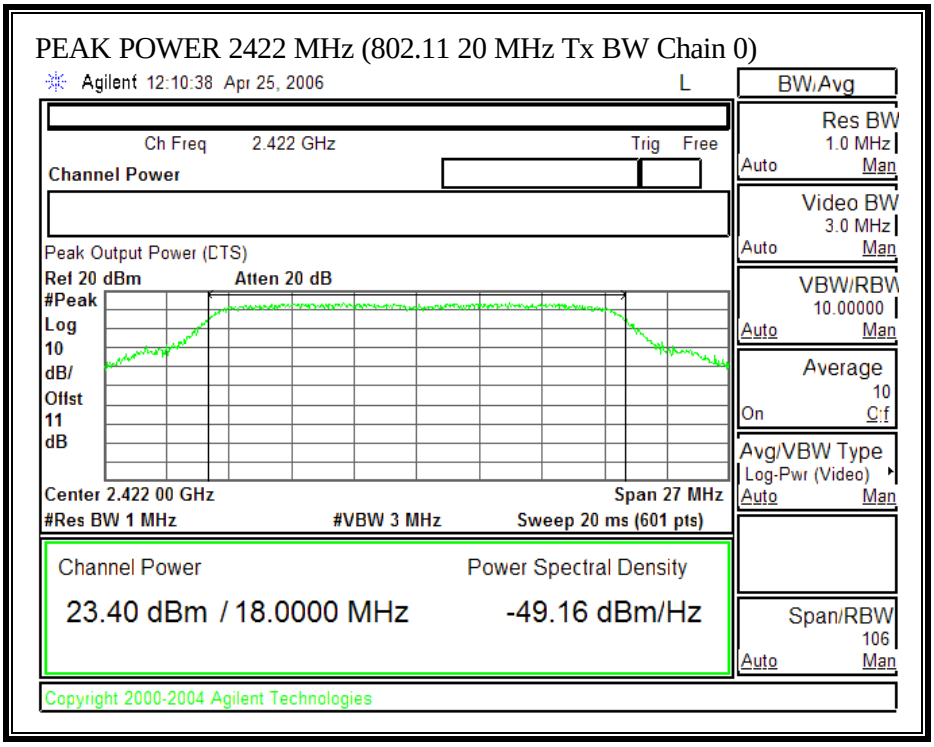
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Power Chain 1 (dBm)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH						
Low	2412	20.89	20.91	23.91	30.0	-6.09
Low	2417	22.86	23.02	25.95	30.0	-4.05
Low	2422	23.40	23.28	26.35	30.0	-3.65
Middle	2437	23.95	23.82	26.90	30.0	-3.10
High	2457	23.60	23.63	26.63	30.0	-3.37
High	2462	21.07	21.18	24.14	30.0	-5.86
40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH						
Low	2422	19.48	19.56	22.53	30.0	-7.47
Low	2427	21.12	21.36	24.25	30.0	-5.75
Middle	2437	21.77	21.61	24.70	30.0	-5.30
High	2442	21.22	21.23	24.24	30.0	-5.76
High	2447	20.14	20.17	23.17	30.0	-6.83
High	2452	18.84	18.77	21.82	30.0	-8.18

OUTPUT POWER (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

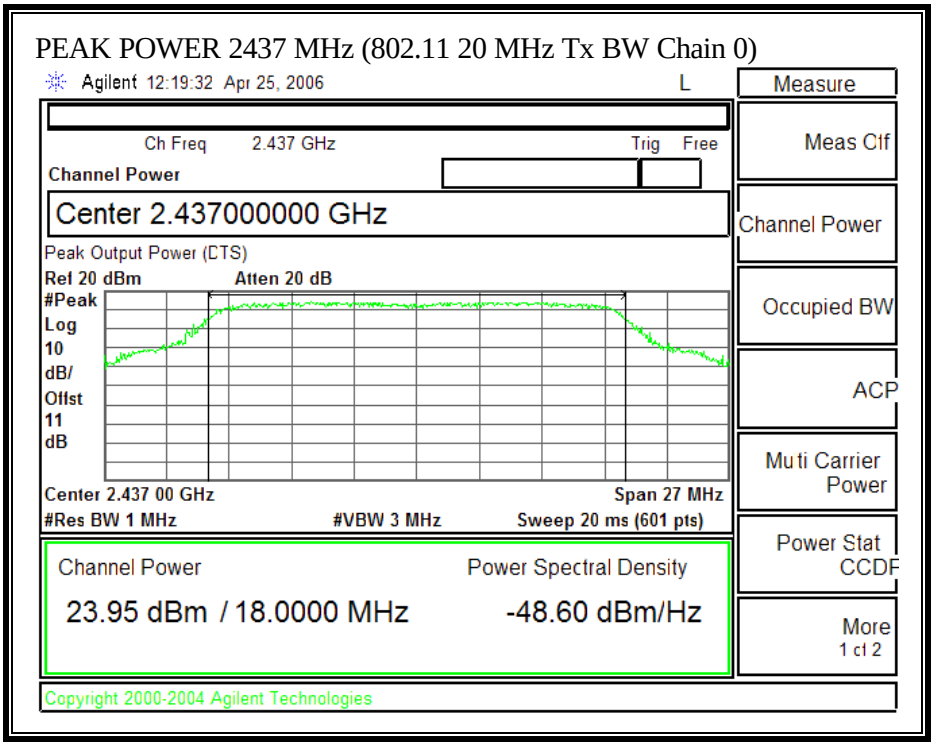




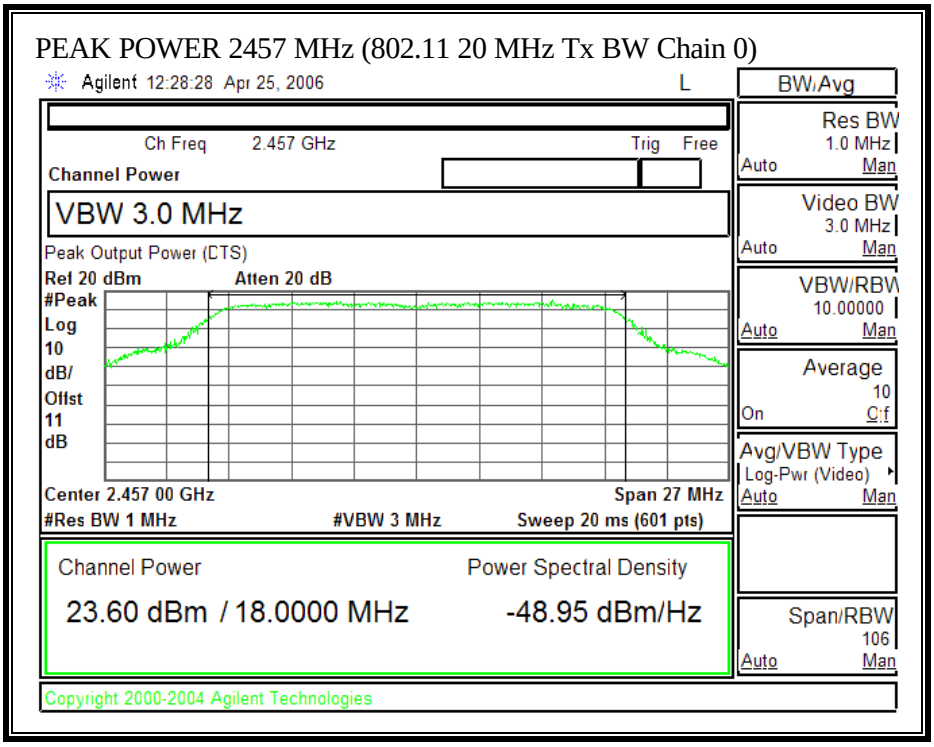
PEAK POWER 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



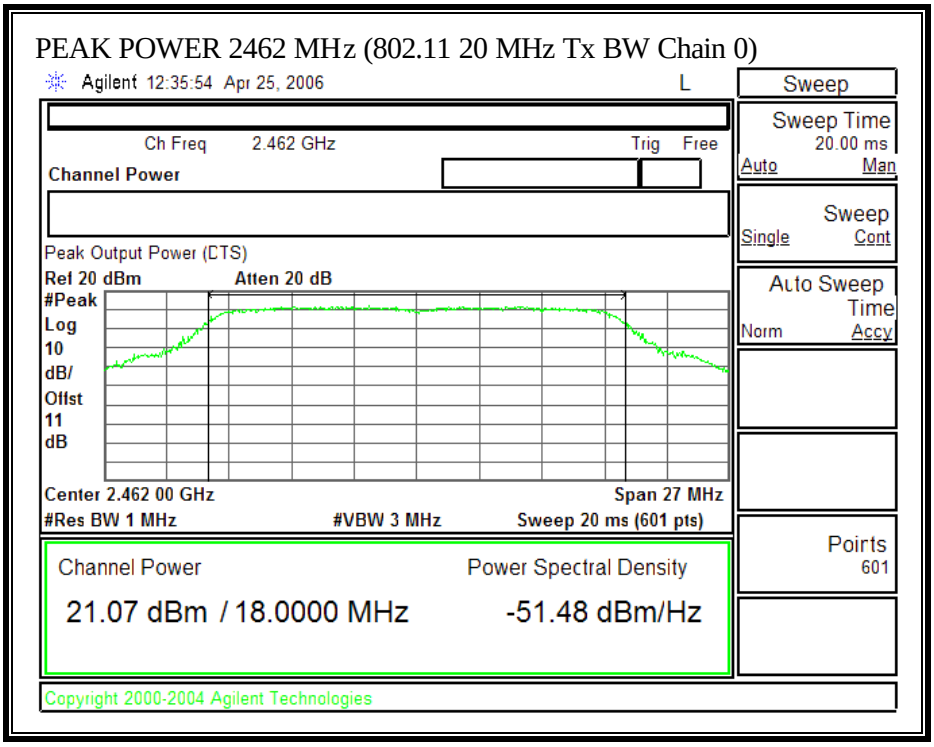
PEAK POWER 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



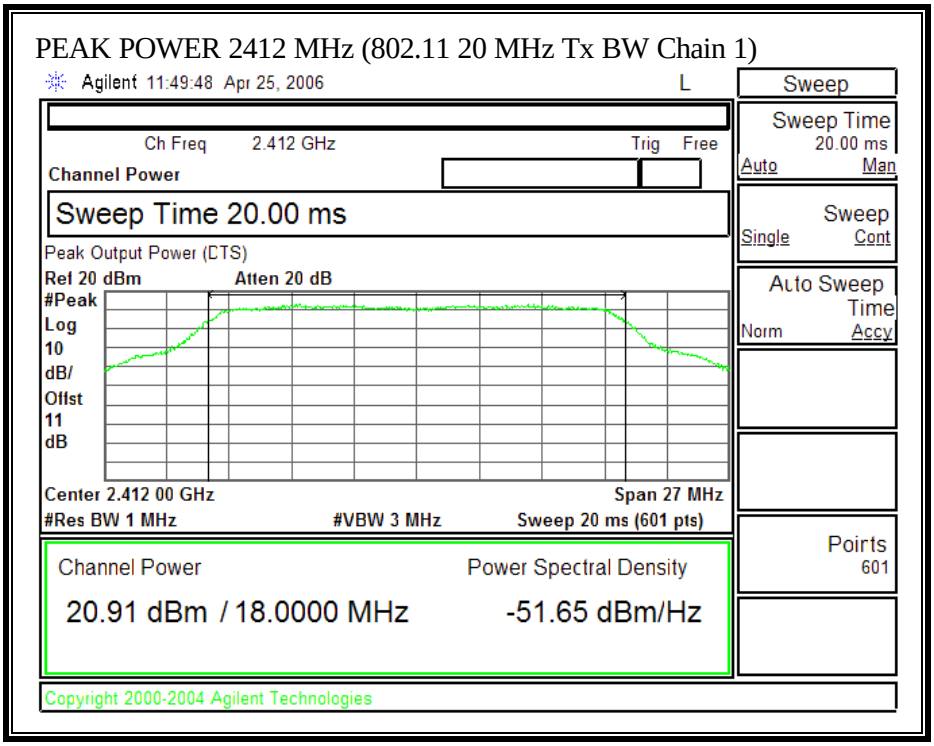
PEAK POWER 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



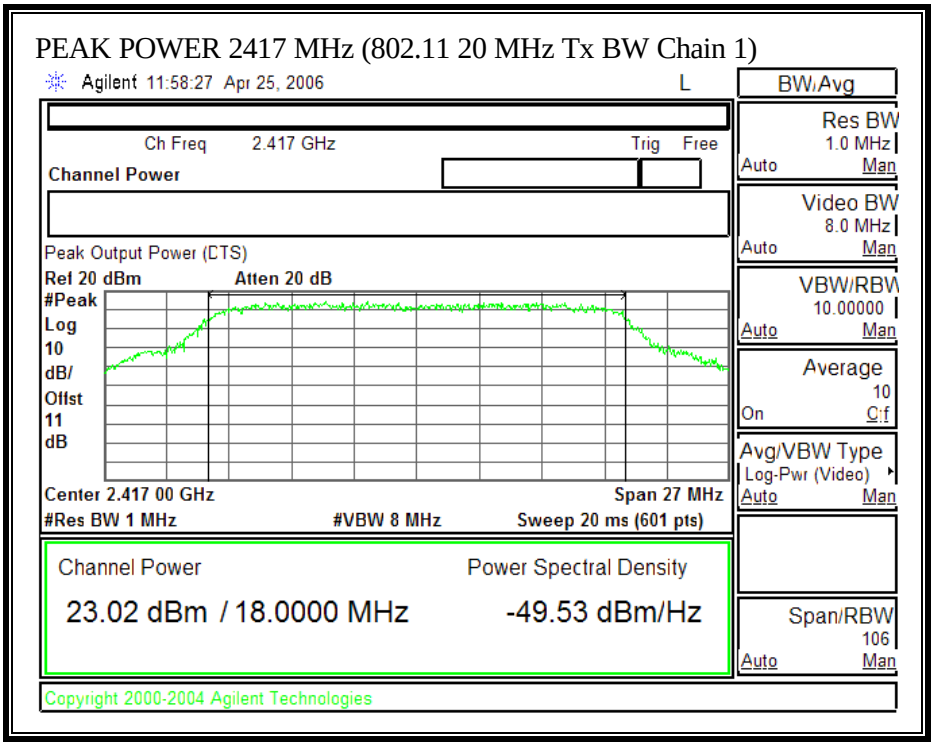
PEAK POWER 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



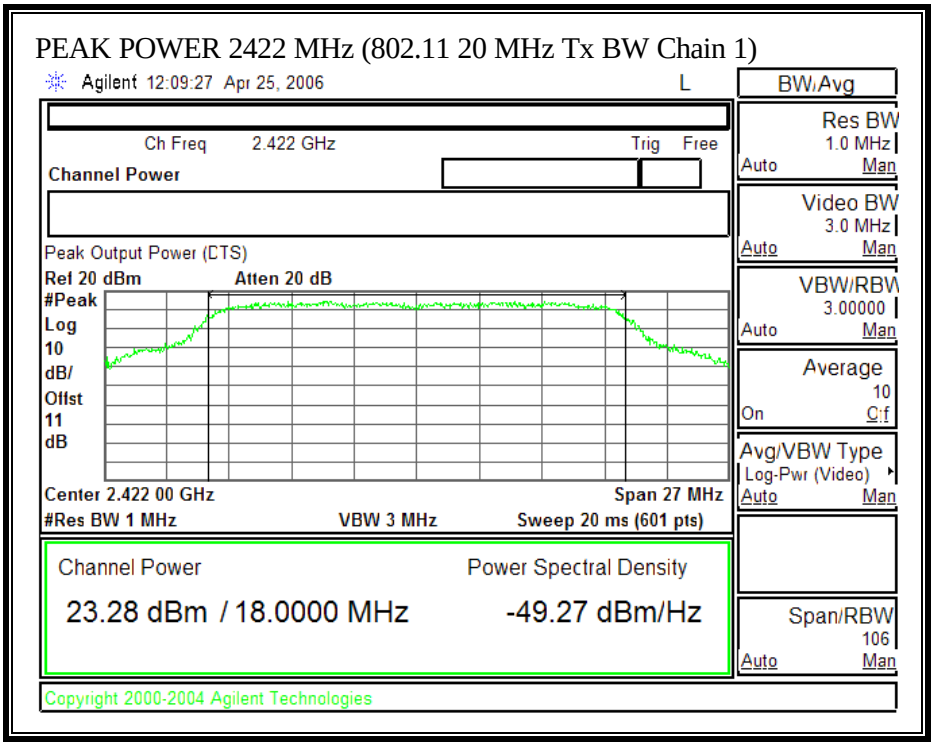
OUTPUT POWER (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



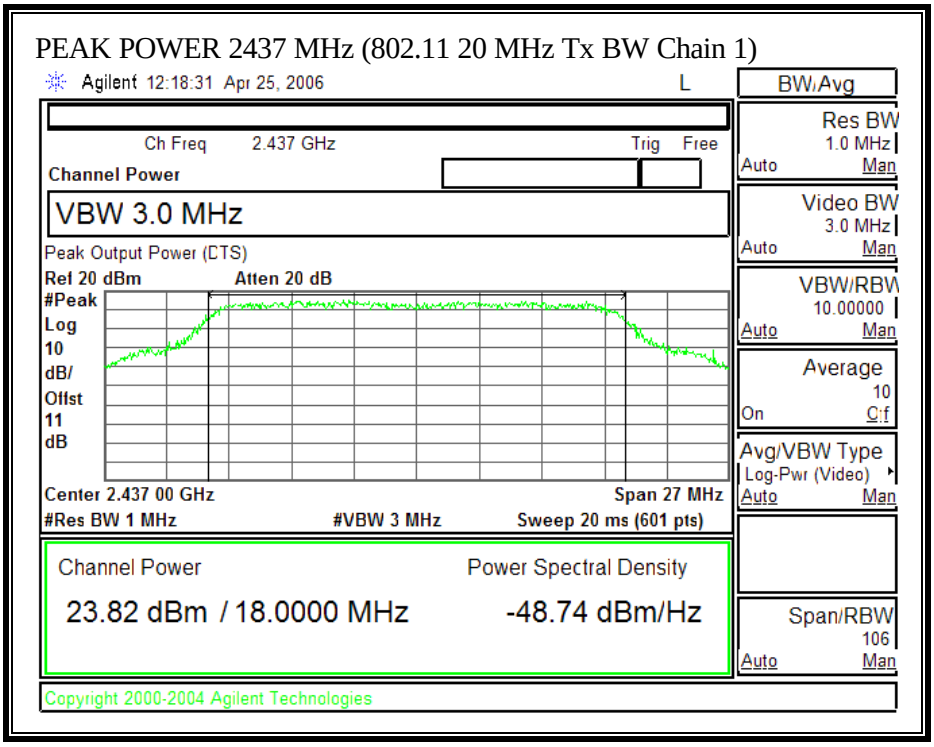
PEAK POWER 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



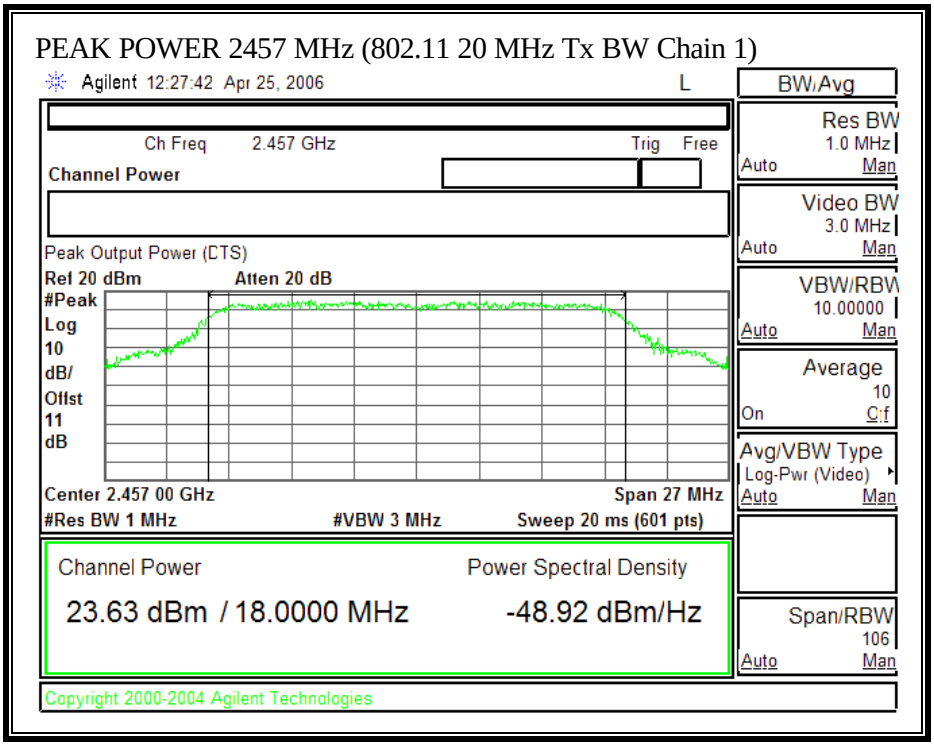
PEAK POWER 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



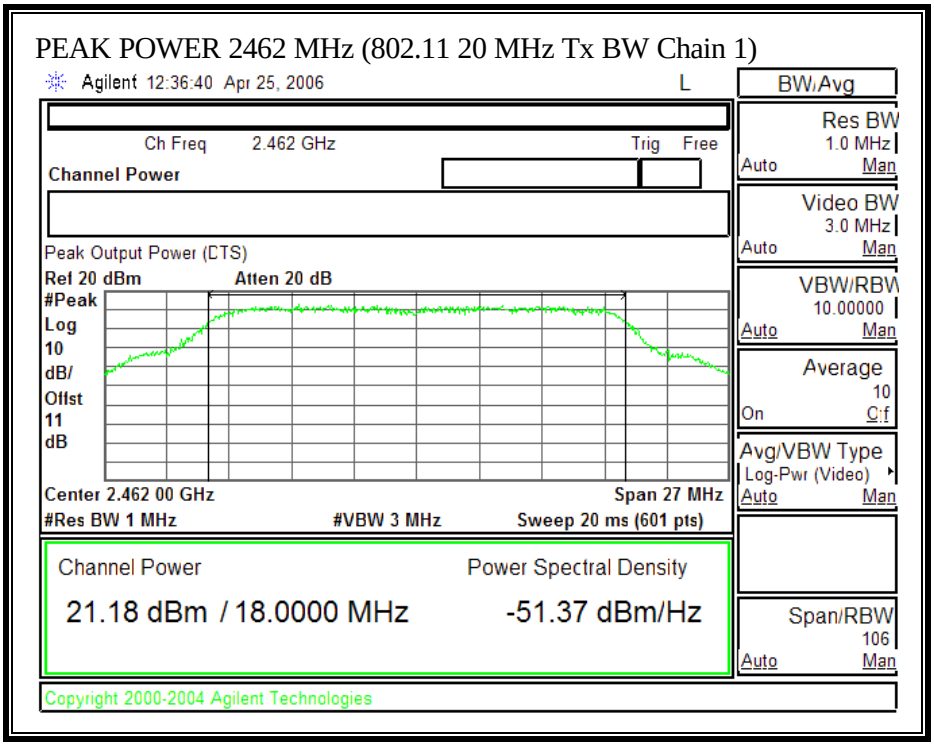
PEAK POWER 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



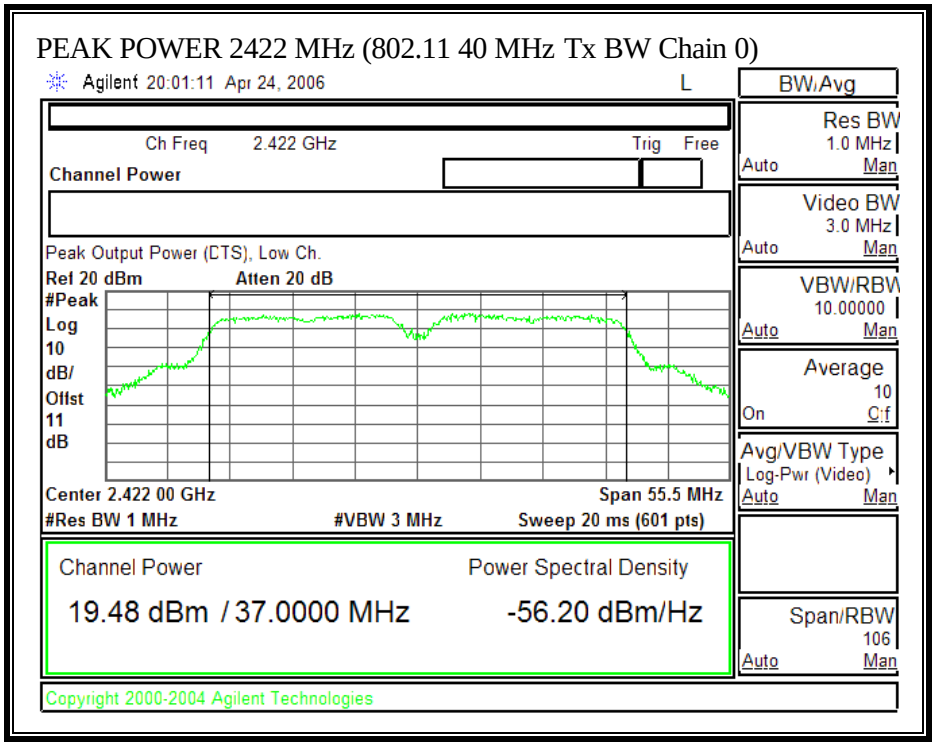
PEAK POWER 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



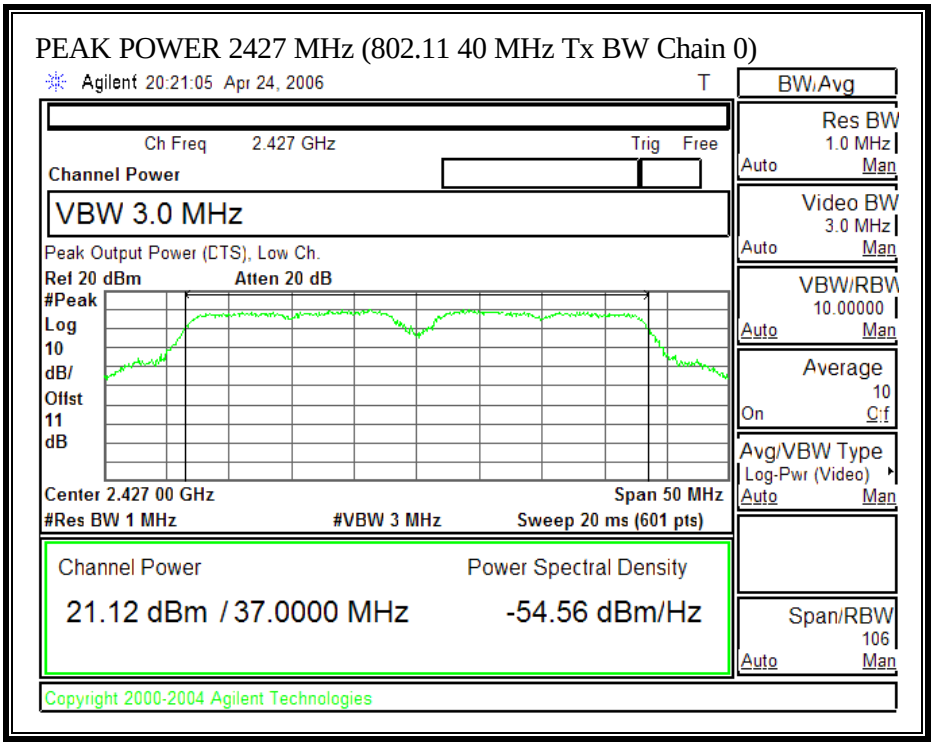
PEAK POWER 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



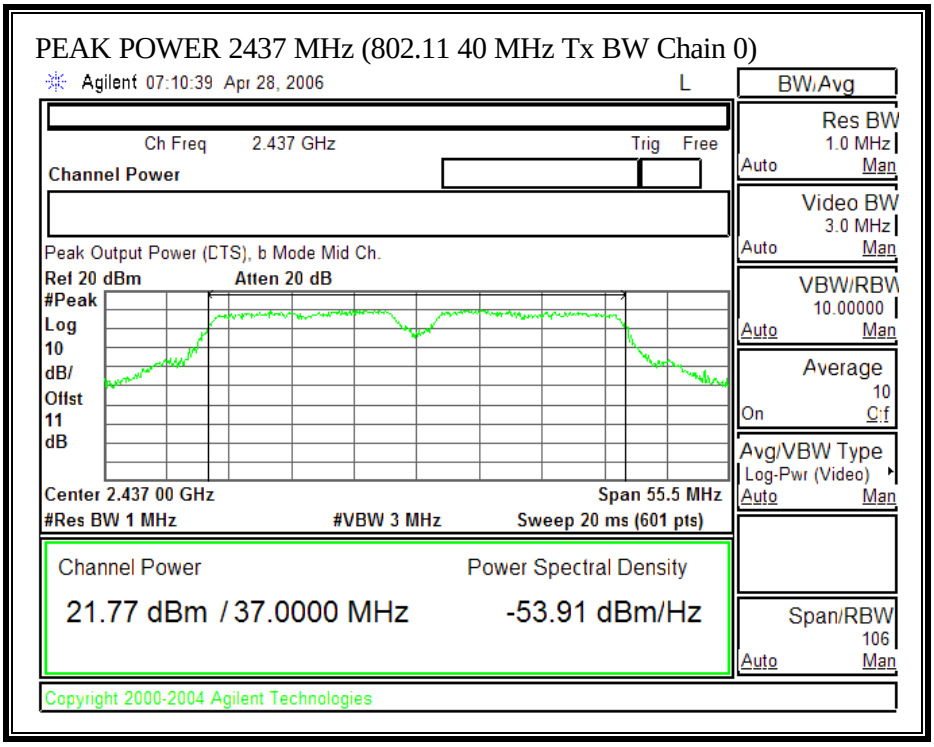
OUTPUT POWER (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)



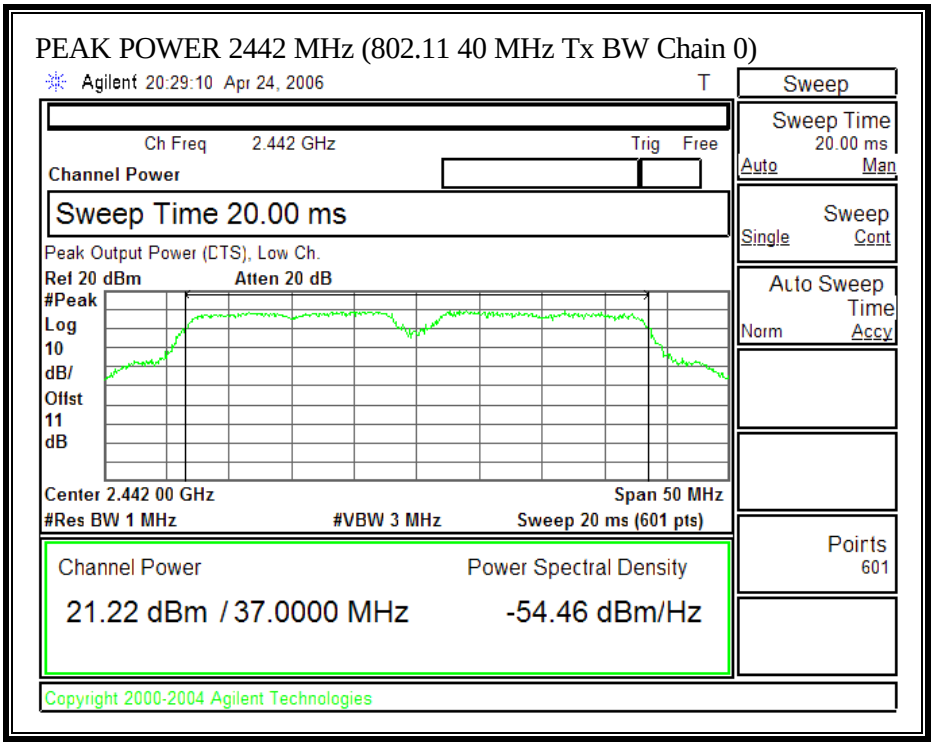
PEAK POWER 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



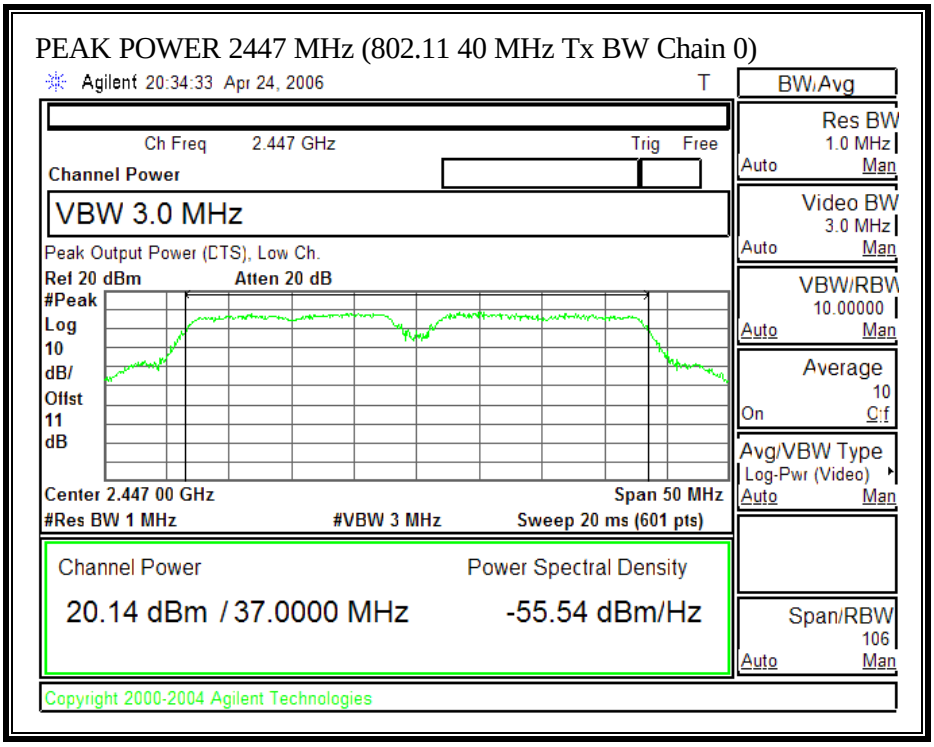
PEAK POWER 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



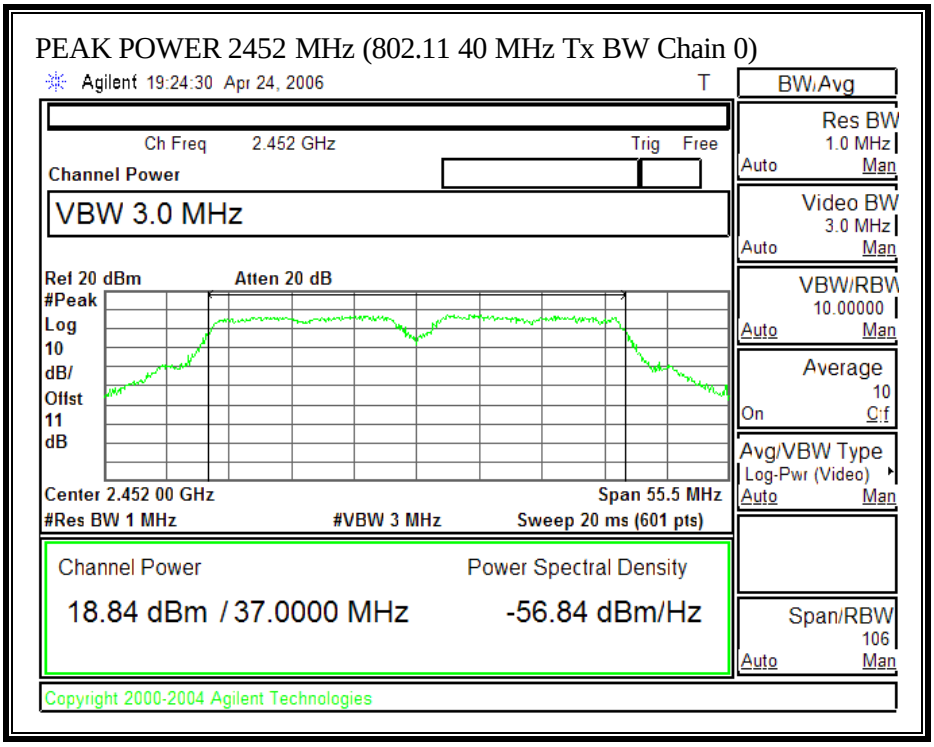
PEAK POWER 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



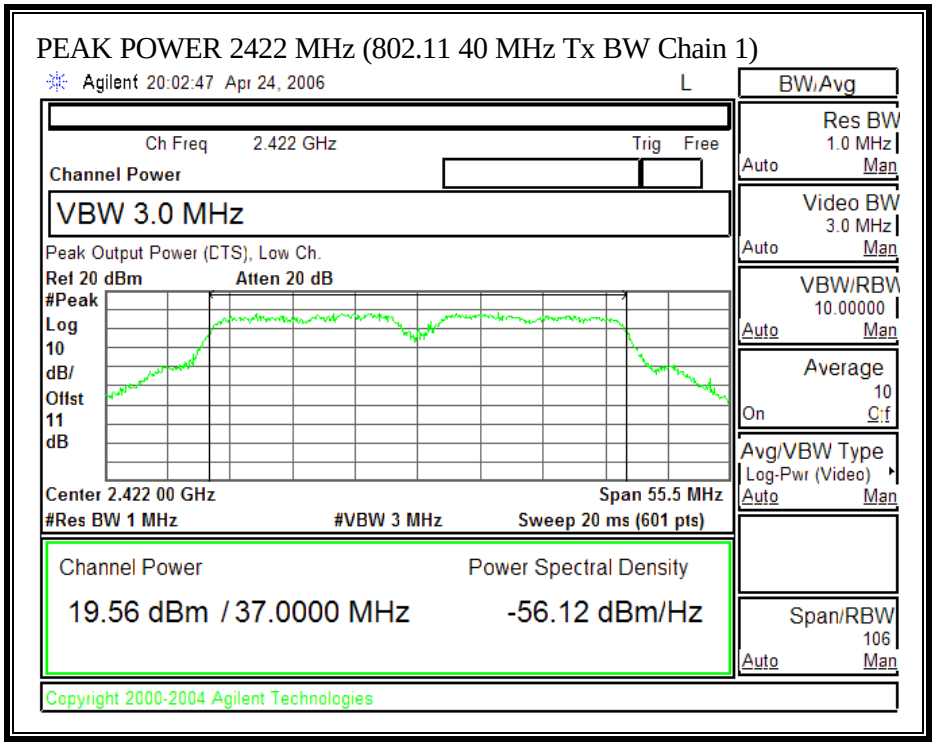
PEAK POWER 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



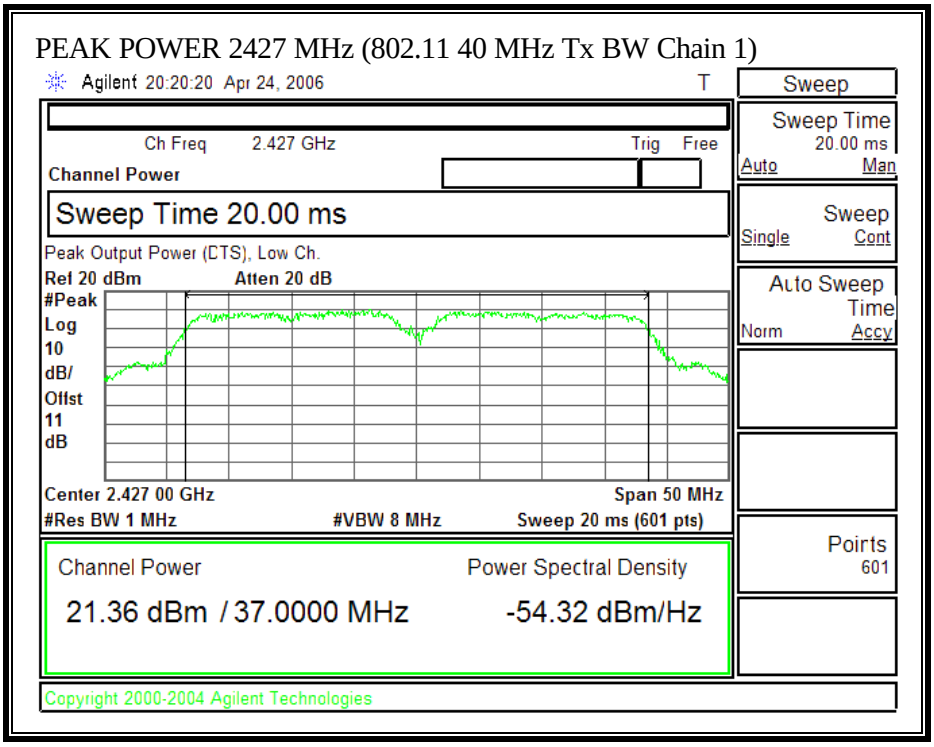
PEAK POWER 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



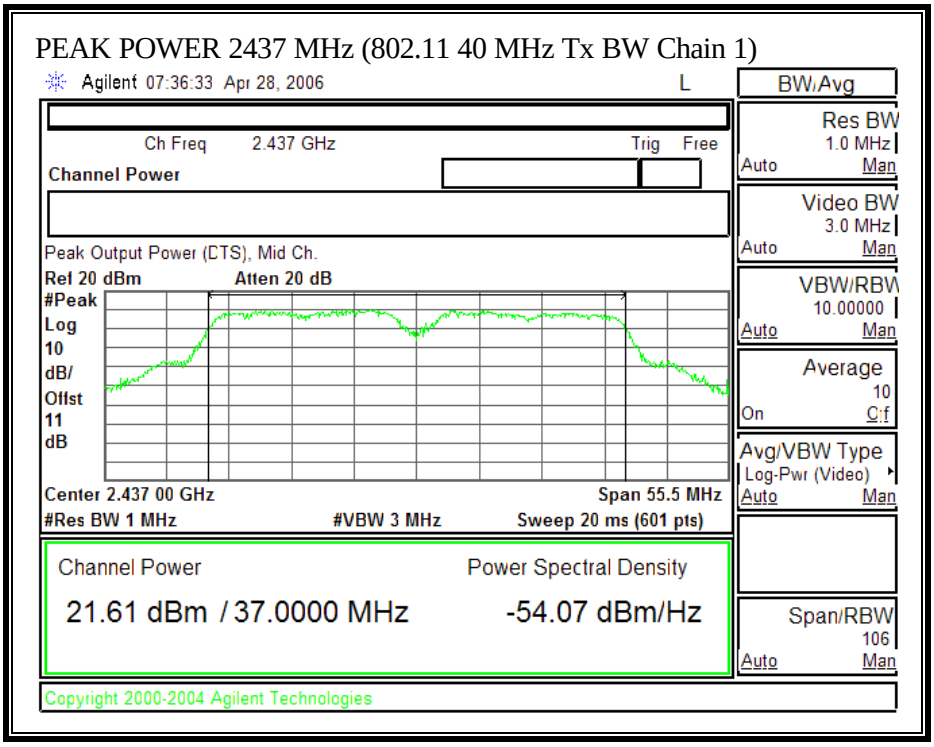
OUTPUT POWER (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)



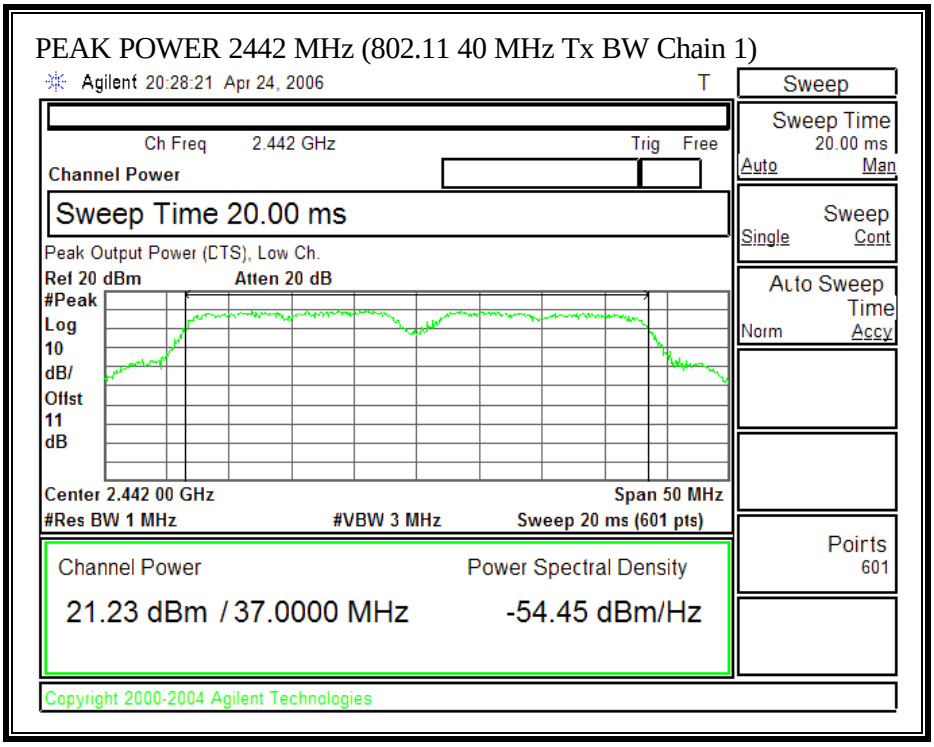
PEAK POWER 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



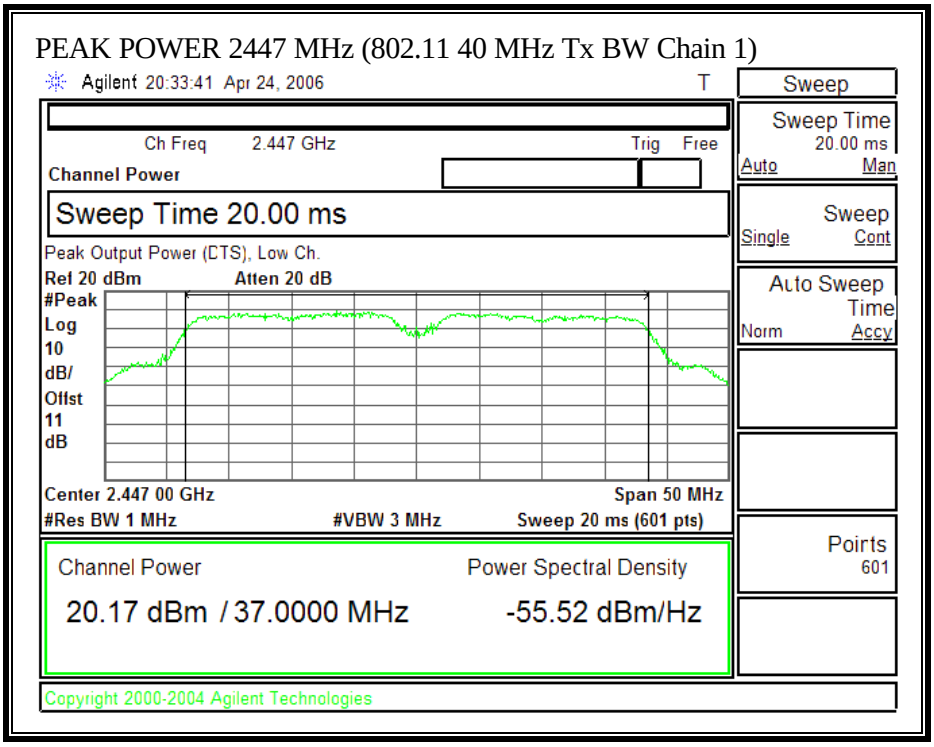
PEAK POWER 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



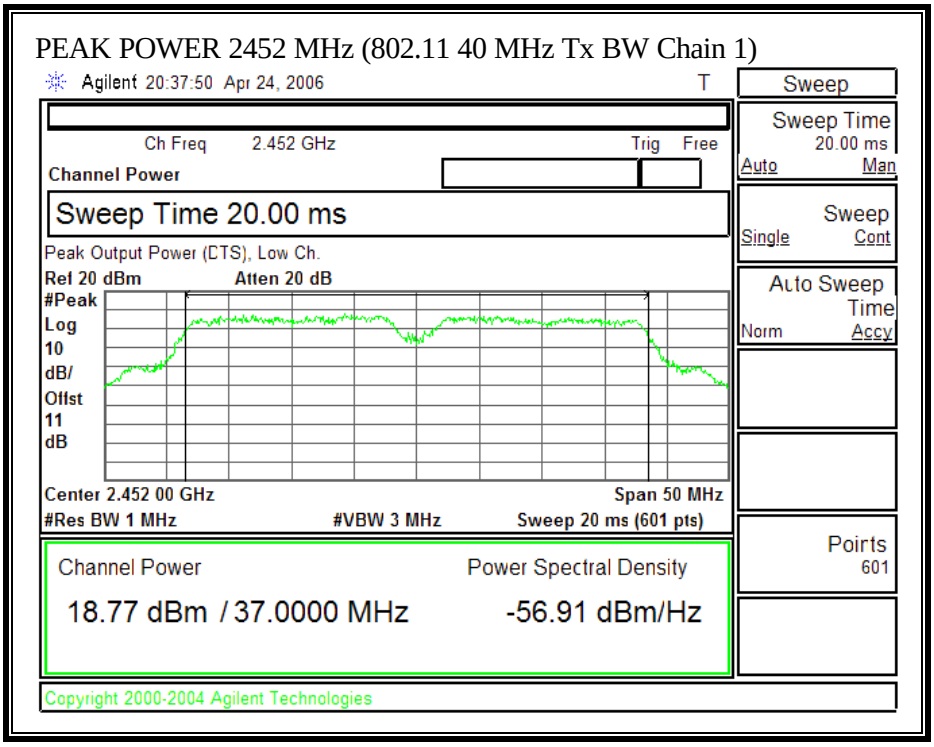
PEAK POWER 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



PEAK POWER 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



PEAK POWER 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



7.3.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*($900/f^2$)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*($180/f^2$)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

CALCULATIONS

Given

$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$

and

$S = E \wedge 2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter
P = Power in Watts
G = Numeric antenna gain
d = Distance in meters
S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and
d (cm) =100 * d (m)

yields

$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$
$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm
P = Power in mW
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power Density in mW/cm^2

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

P (mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10) and
G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)

yields

$d = 0.282 * 10 \wedge ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$

where

d = MPE distance in cm
P = Power in dBm
G = Antenna Gain in dBi
S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$S = 0.0795 * 10 \wedge ((P + G) / 10) / (d\wedge 2)$

LIMITS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm^2

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Mode	MPE Distance (cm)	Peak Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Peak Power Chain 1 (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)
20MHz TX BW	20.0	23.95	23.82	26.90	3.90	0.24
40MHz TX BW	20.0	21.77	21.61	24.70	3.90	0.14

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

7.3.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Power Chain 1 (dBm)
1	2412	14.40	14.35
2	2417	16.30	16.33
3	2422	16.45	16.50
6	2437	16.45	16.55
10	2457	16.30	16.35
11	2462	14.30	14.20

40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Power Chain 1 (dBm)
3	2422	13.19	13.30
4	2427	14.40	14.35
6	2437	14.68	14.78
7	2442	14.40	14.38
8	2447	12.55	12.57
9	2452	12.30	12.33

7.3.6.

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH

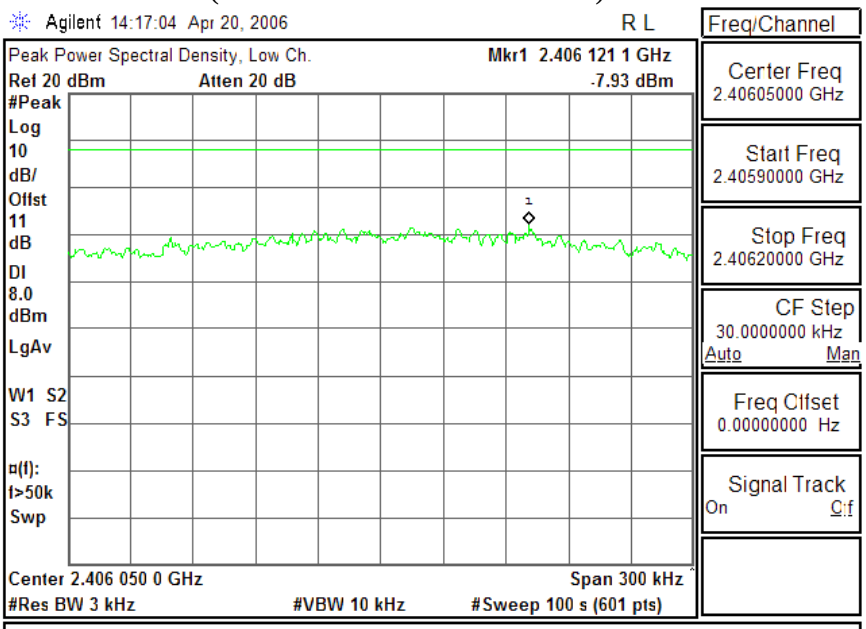
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD Chain 0 (dBm)	PPSD Chain 1 (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	-7.93	-6.61	-4.21	8	-12.21
Low	2417	-6.13	-6.55	-3.32	8	-11.32
Low	2422	-6.60	-5.22	-2.85	8	-10.85
Middle	2437	-4.40	-2.84	-0.54	8	-8.54
High	2457	-4.19	-4.92	-1.53	8	-9.53
High	2462	-7.47	-8.08	-4.75	8	-12.75

40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH

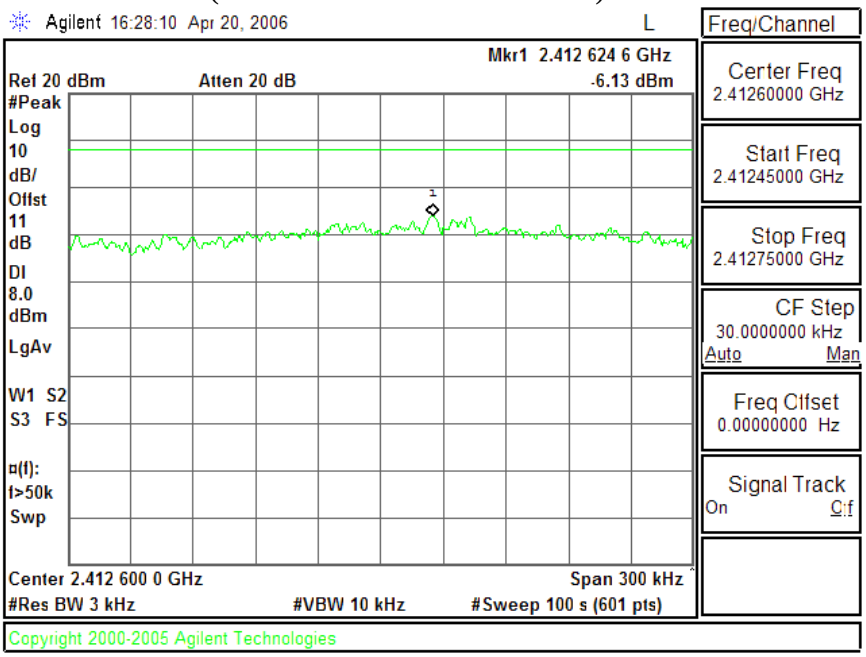
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD Chain 0 (dBm)	PPSD Chain 1 (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2422	-15.23	-14.92	-12.06	8	-20.06
Low	2427	-13.09	-12.66	-9.86	8	-17.86
Middle	2437	-12.13	-10.38	-8.16	8	-16.16
High	2442	-12.69	-12.39	-9.53	8	-17.53
High	2447	-13.58	-12.87	-10.20	8	-18.20
High	2452	-15.03	-14.11	-11.54	8	-19.54

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

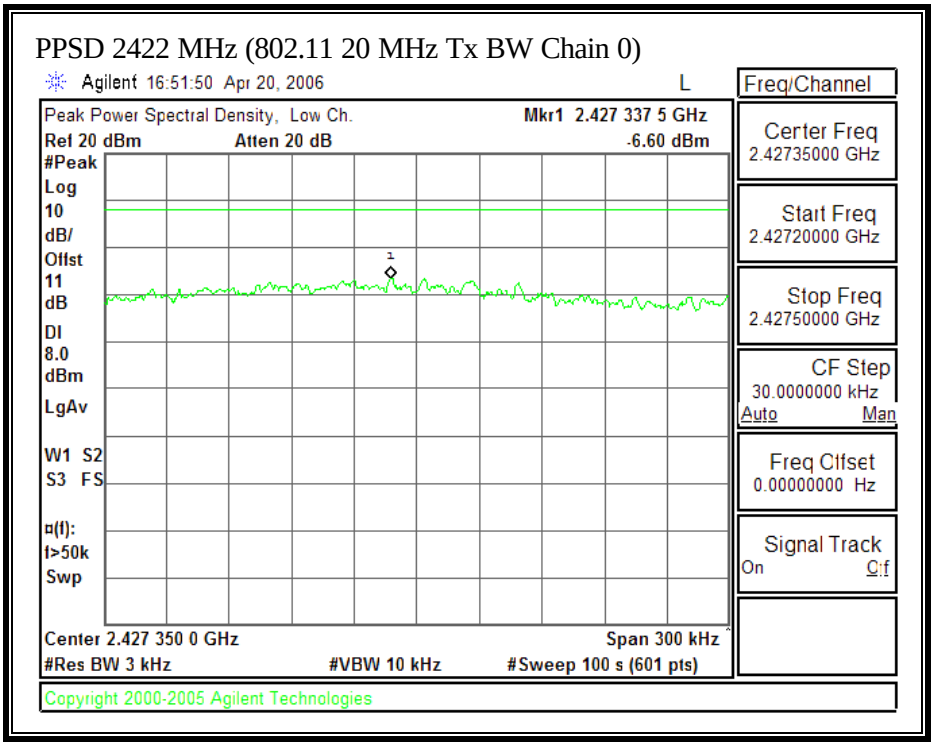
PPSD 2412 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



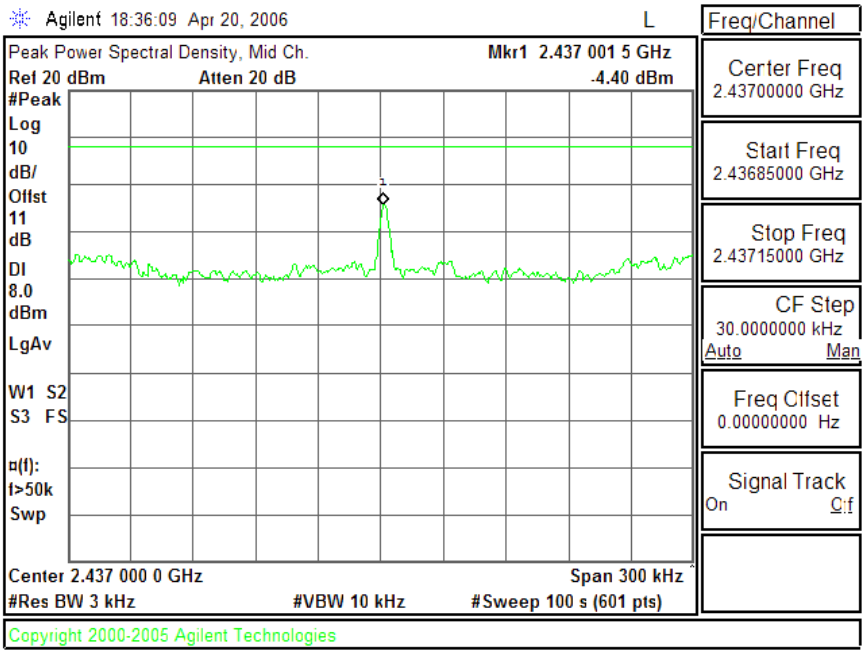
PPSD 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



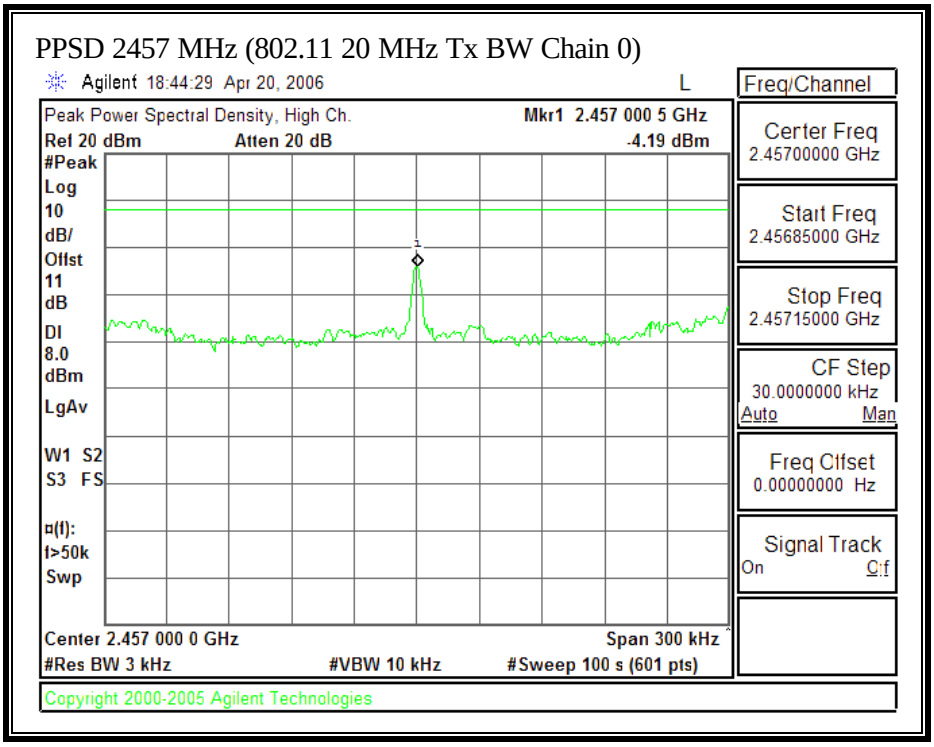
PPSD 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



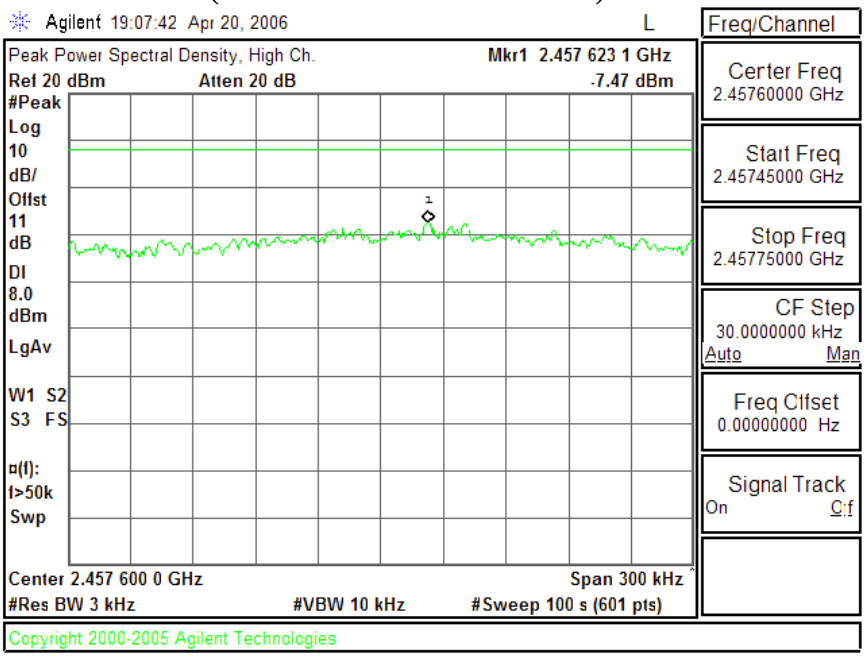
PPSD 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



PPSD 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

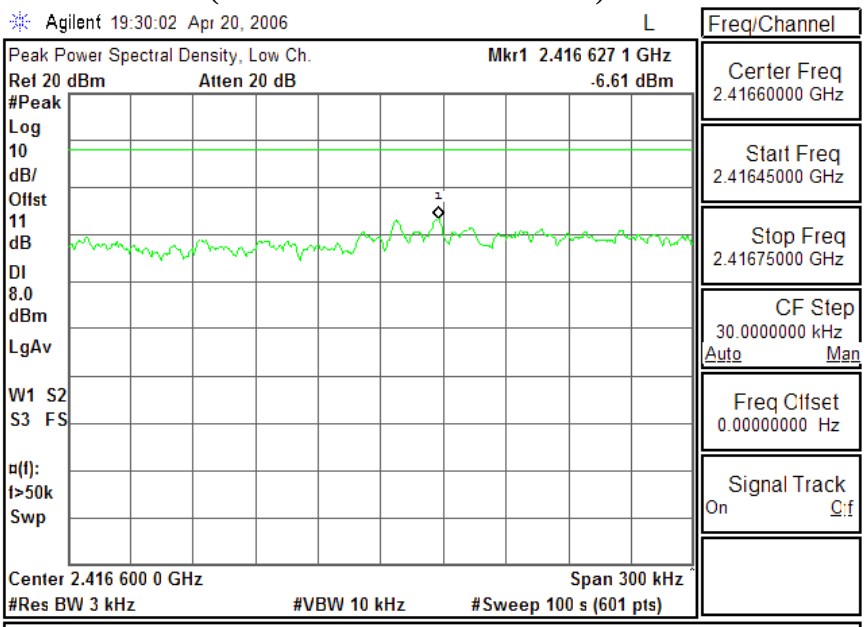


PPSD 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

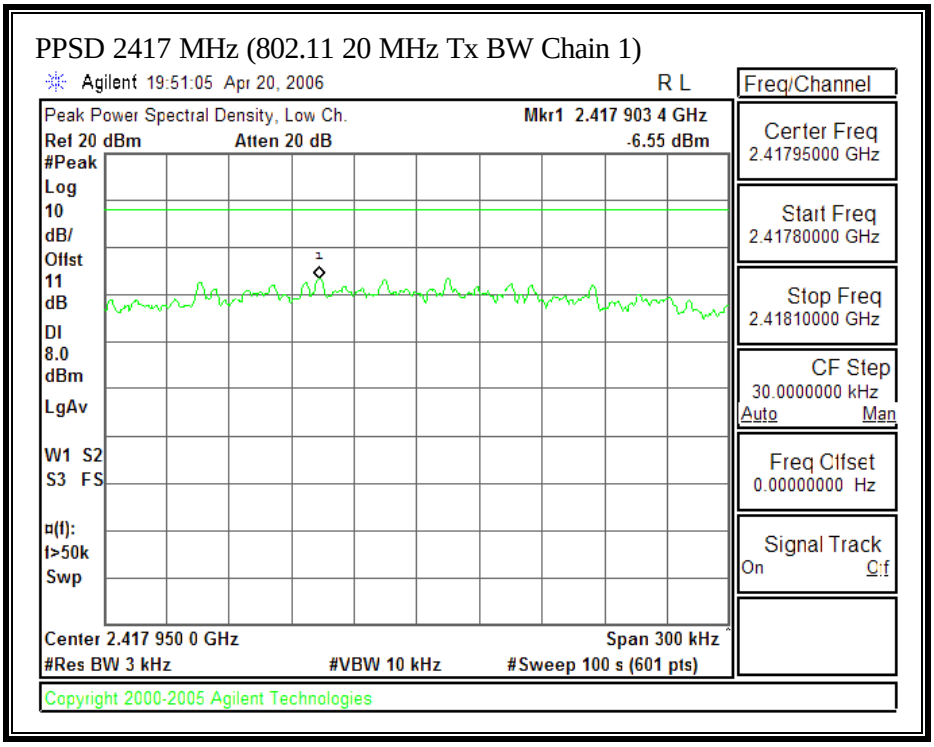


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)

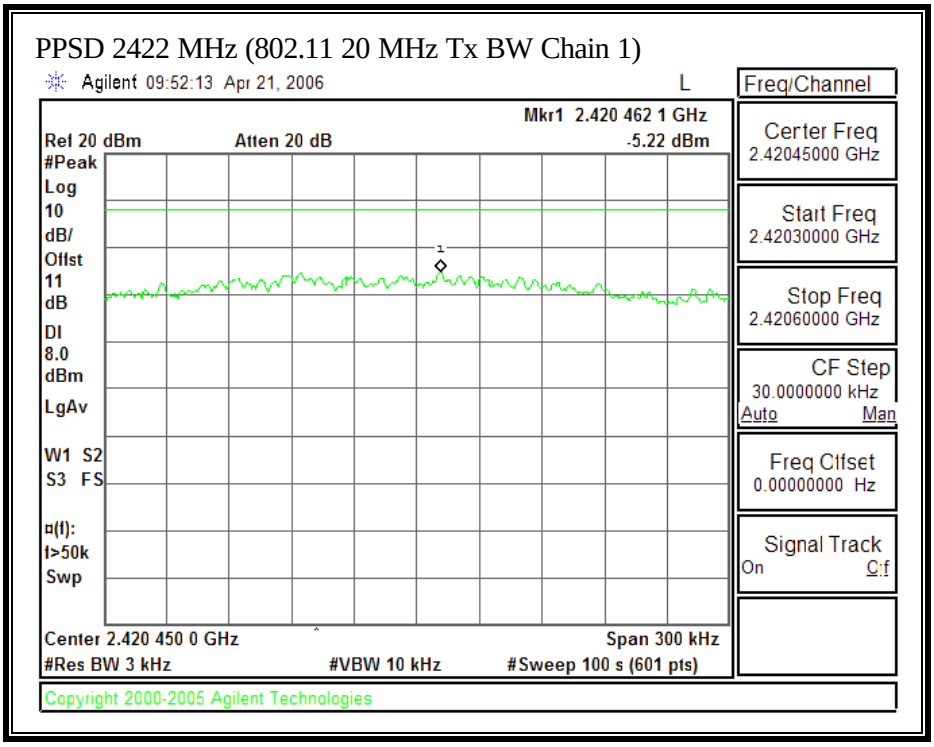
PPSD 2412 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



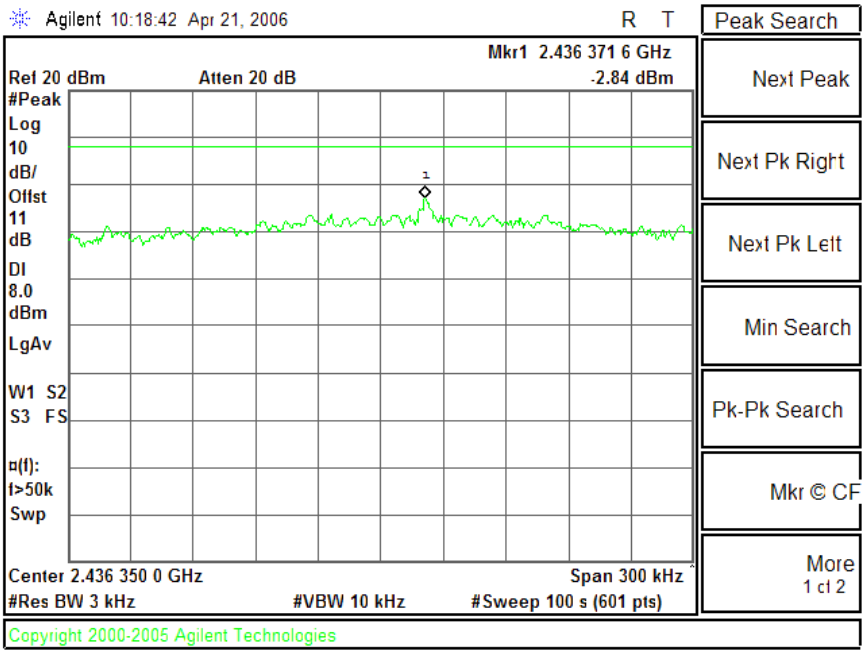
PPSD 2417 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



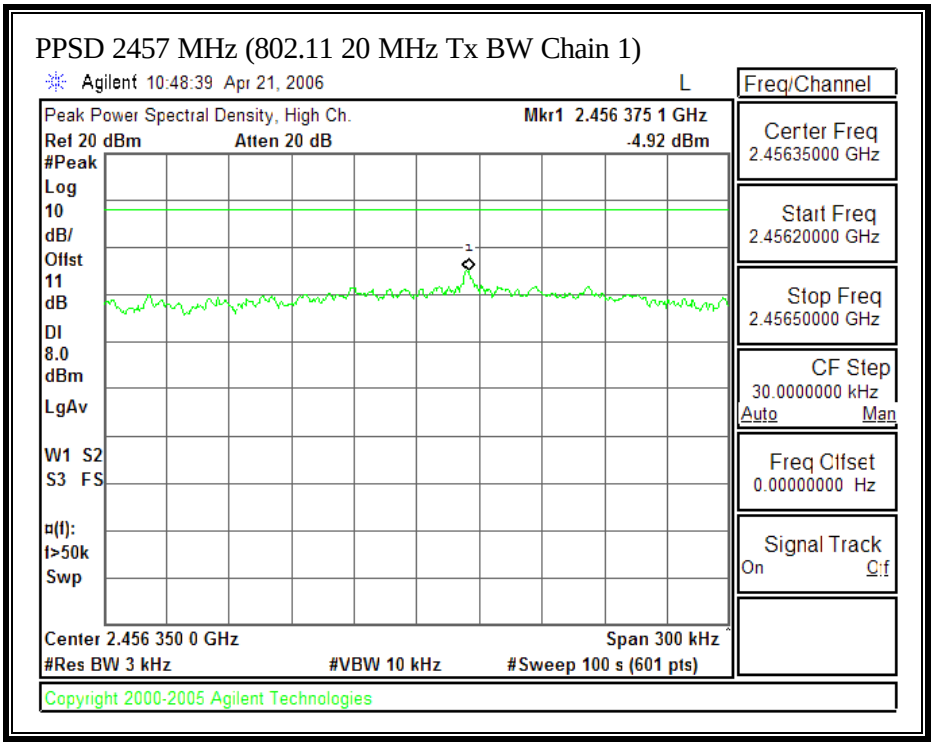
PPSD 2422 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



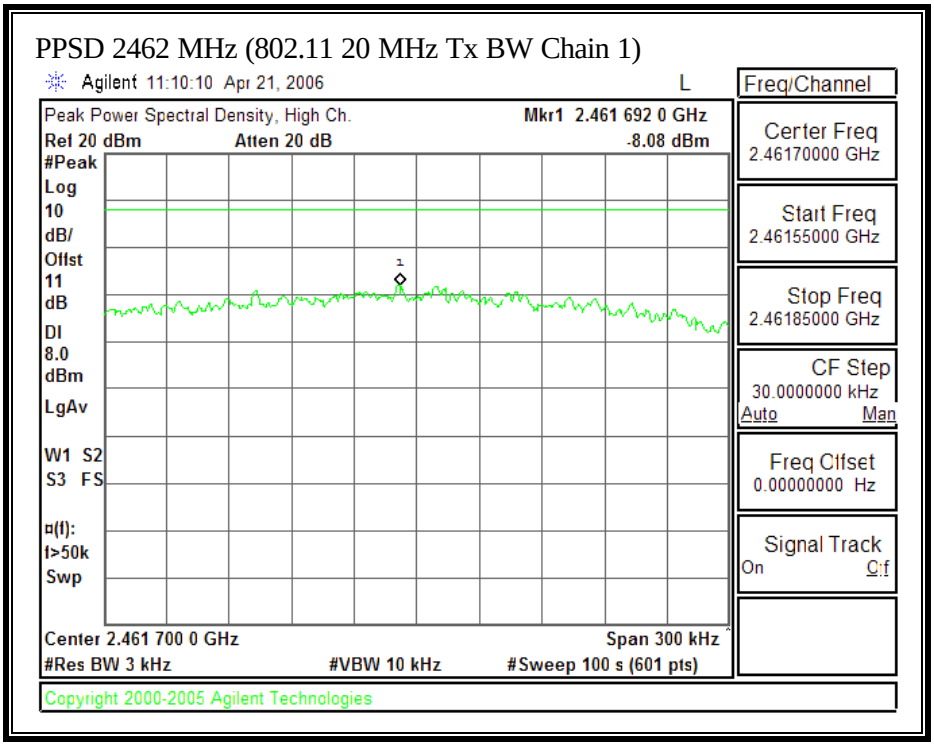
PPSD 2437 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



PPSD 2457 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)

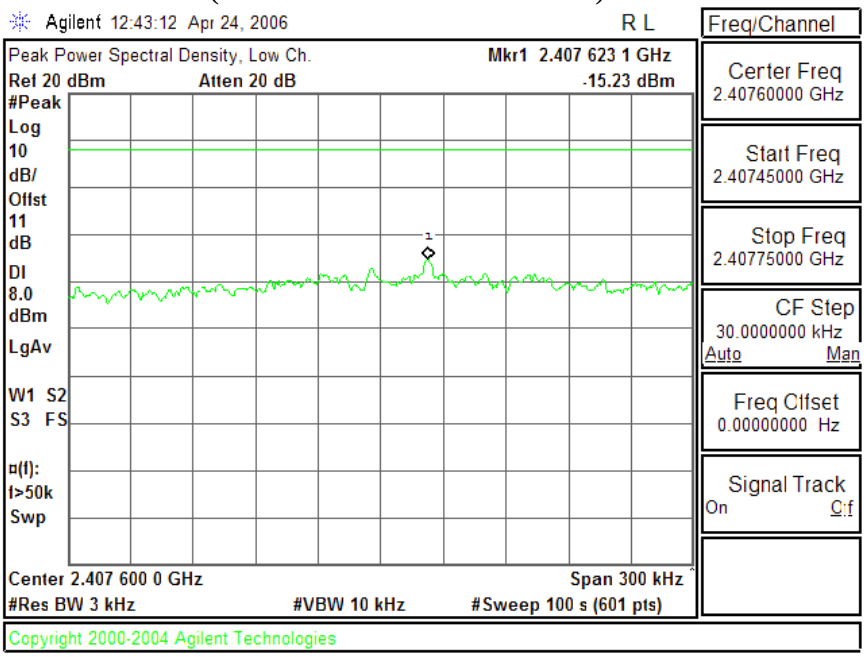


PPSD 2462 MHz (802.11 20 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)

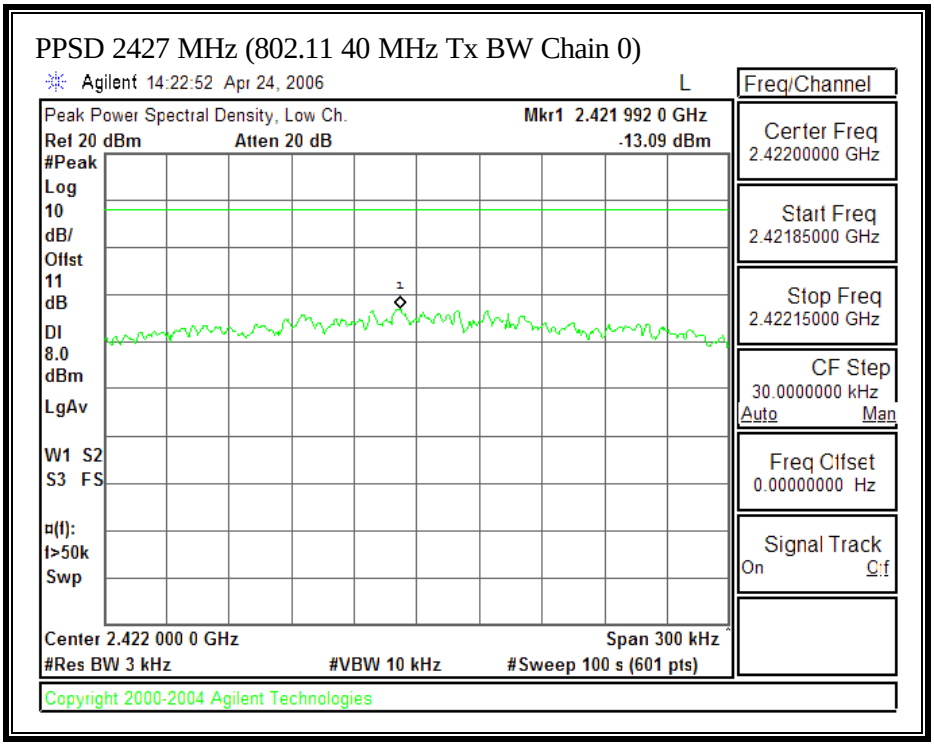


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

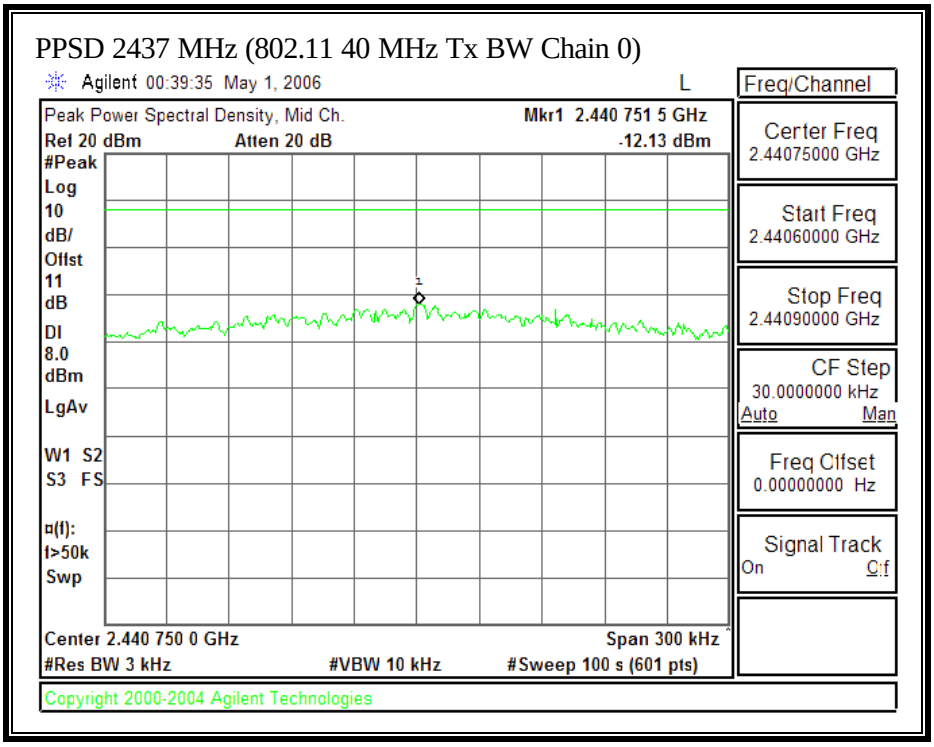
PPSD 2422 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



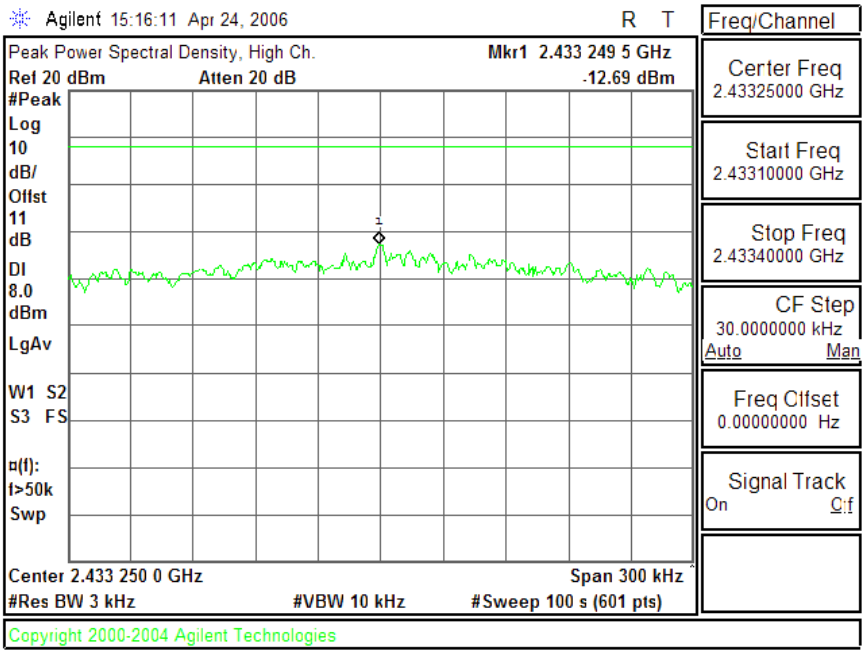
PPSD 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



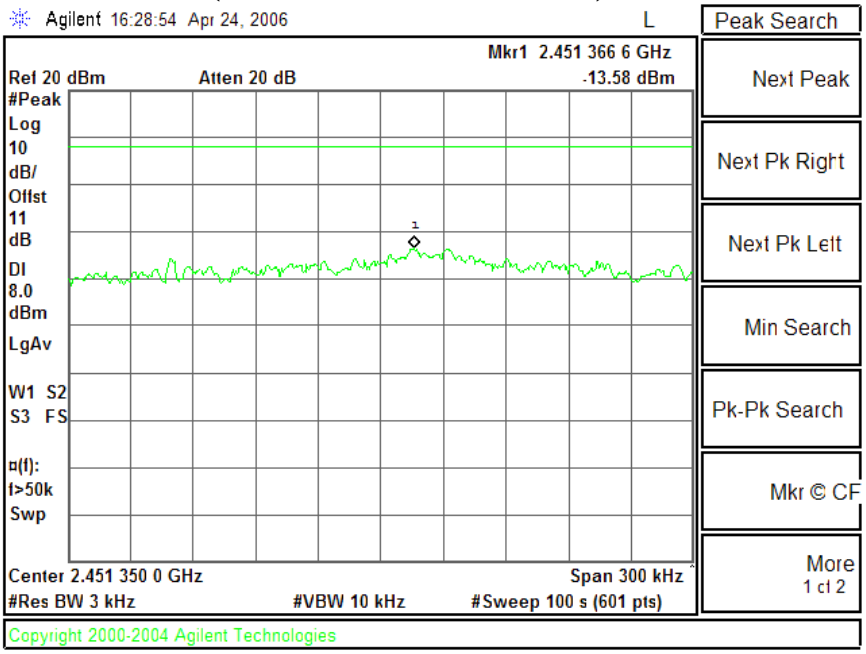
PPSD 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



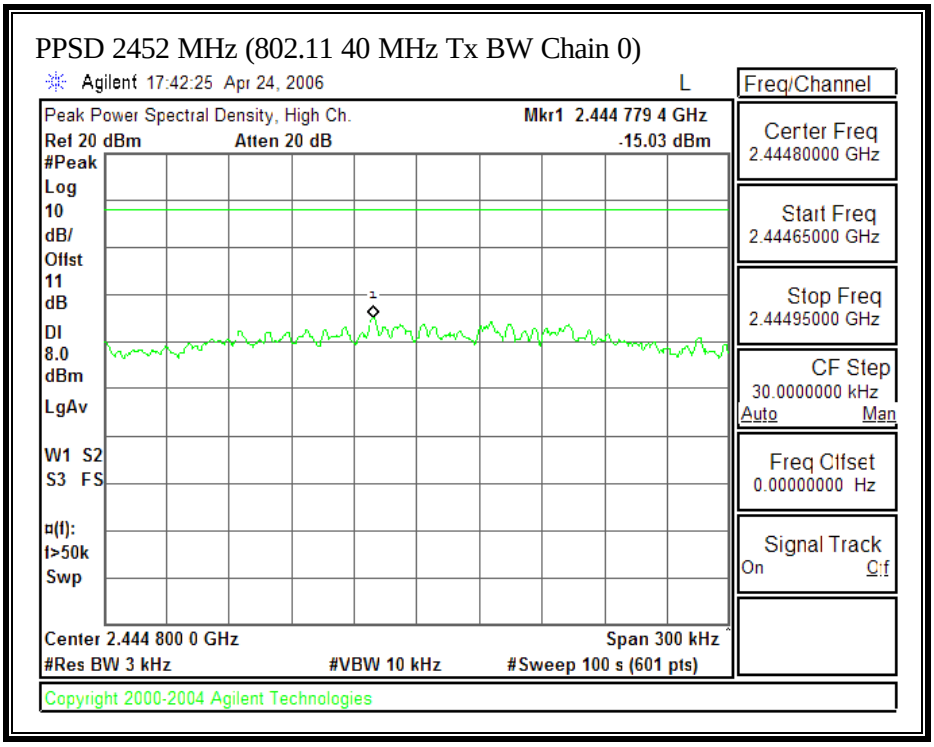
PPSD 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)



PPSD 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

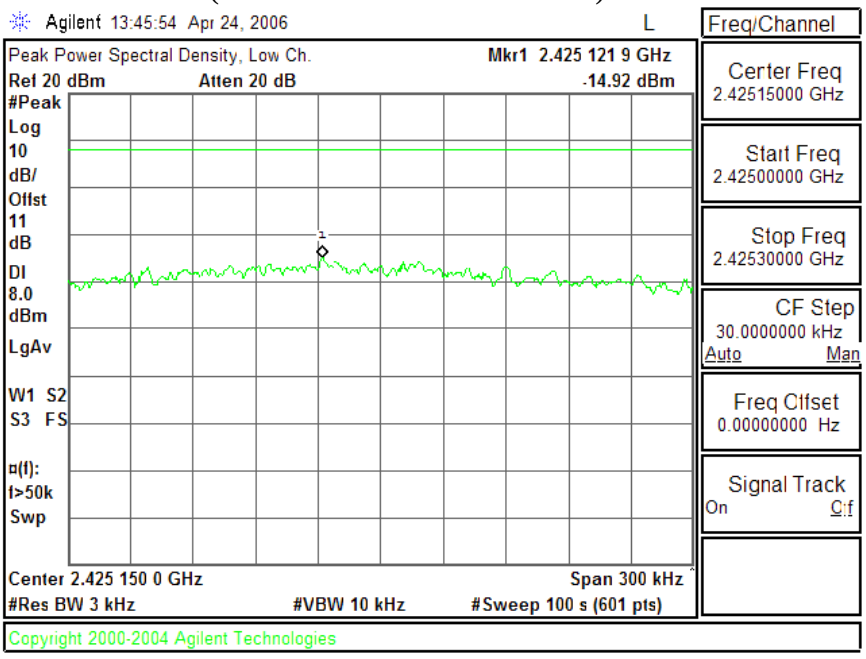


PPSD 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 0)

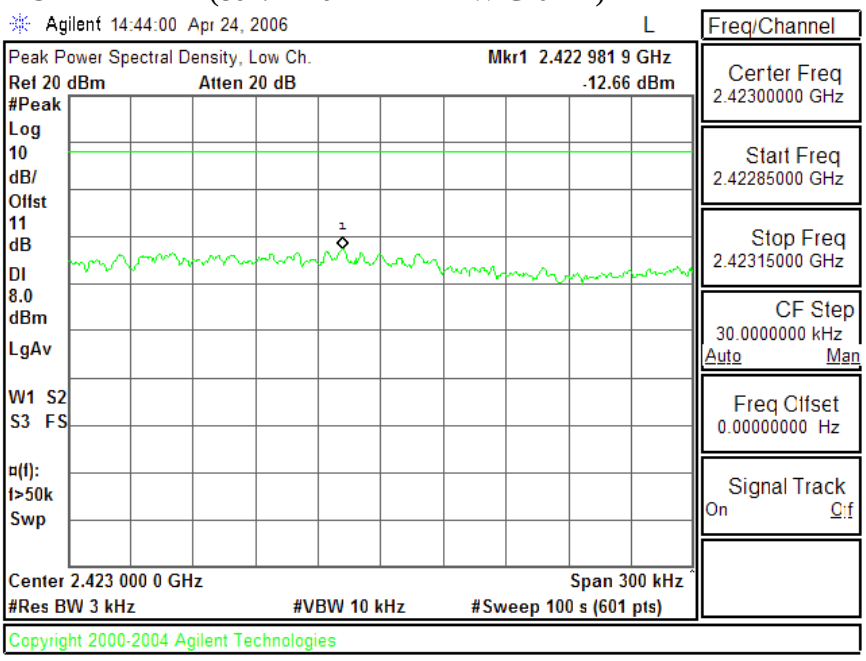


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)

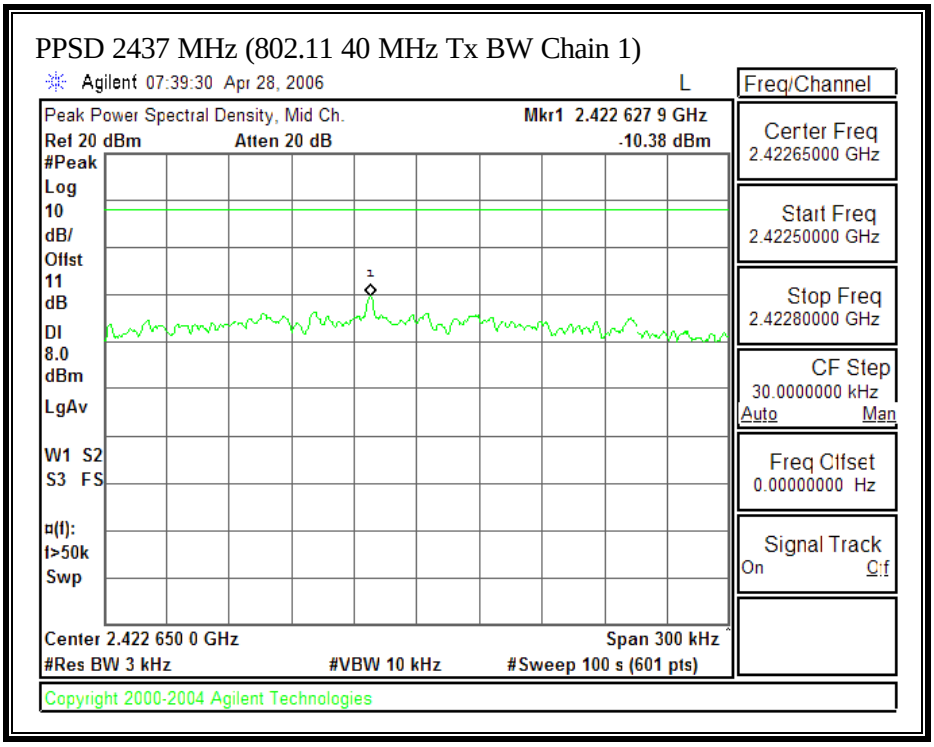
PPSD 2422 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



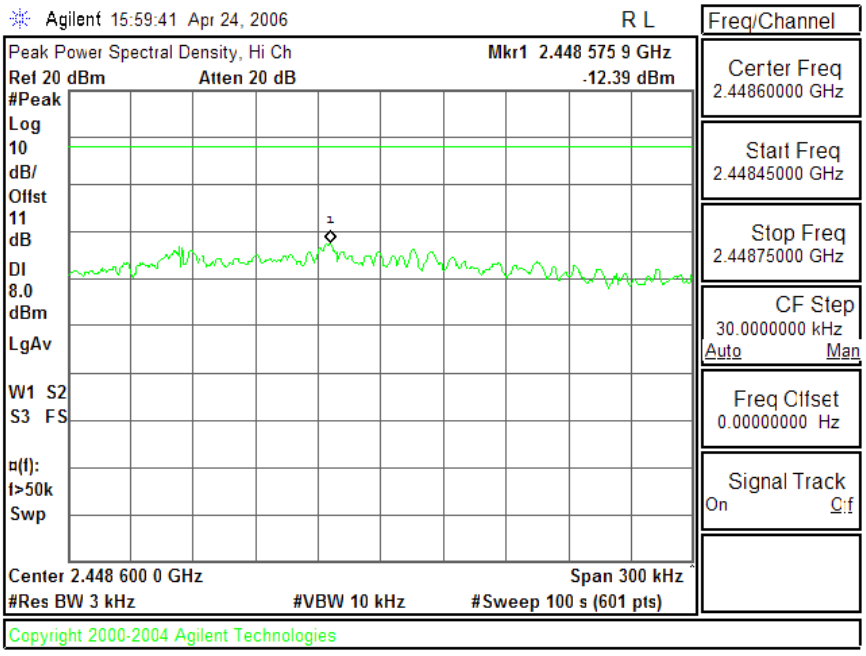
PPSD 2427 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



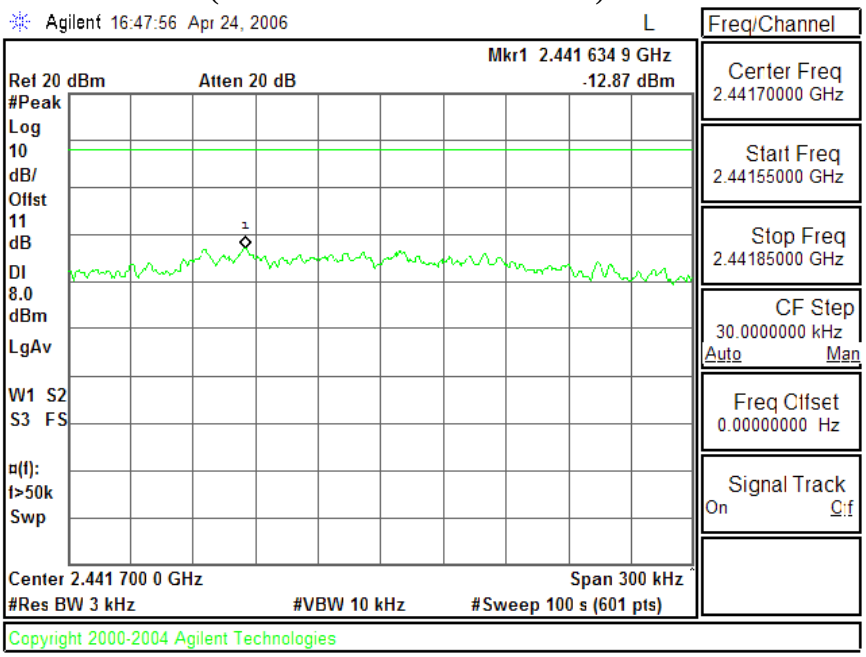
PPSD 2437 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



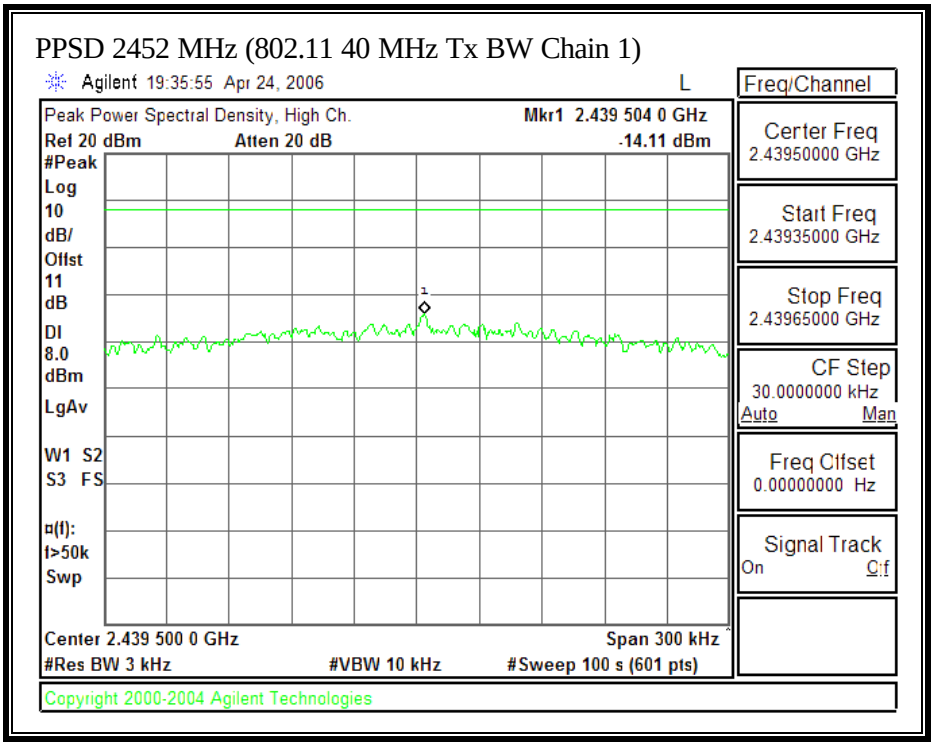
PPSD 2442 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



PPSD 2447 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



PPSD 2452 MHz (802.11 40 MHz Tx BW Chain 1)



7.3.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Conducted power was measured based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, therefore the required attenuation is 30 dB.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

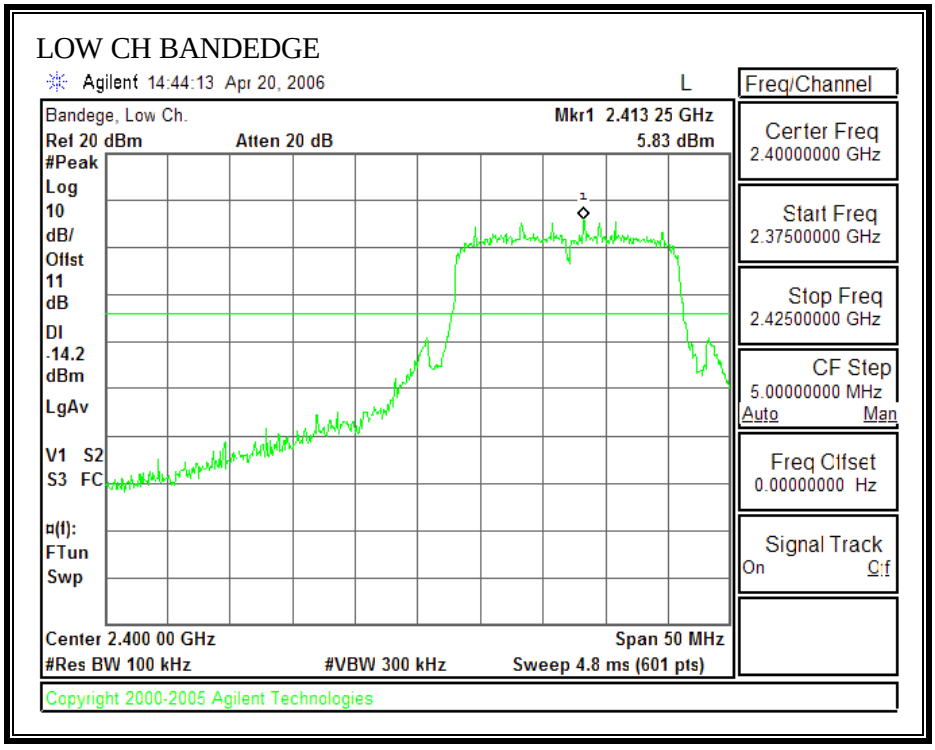
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

RESULTS

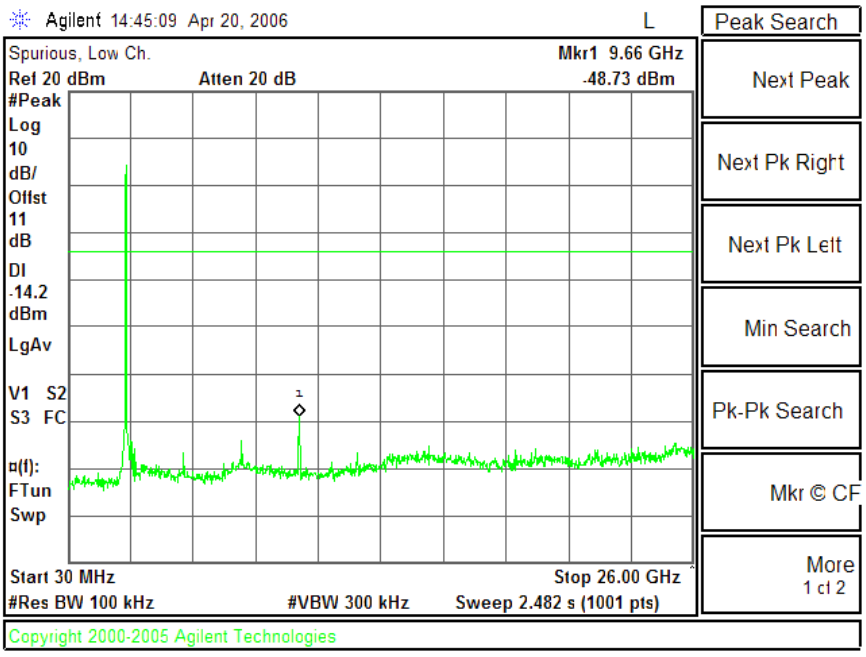
No non-compliance noted:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

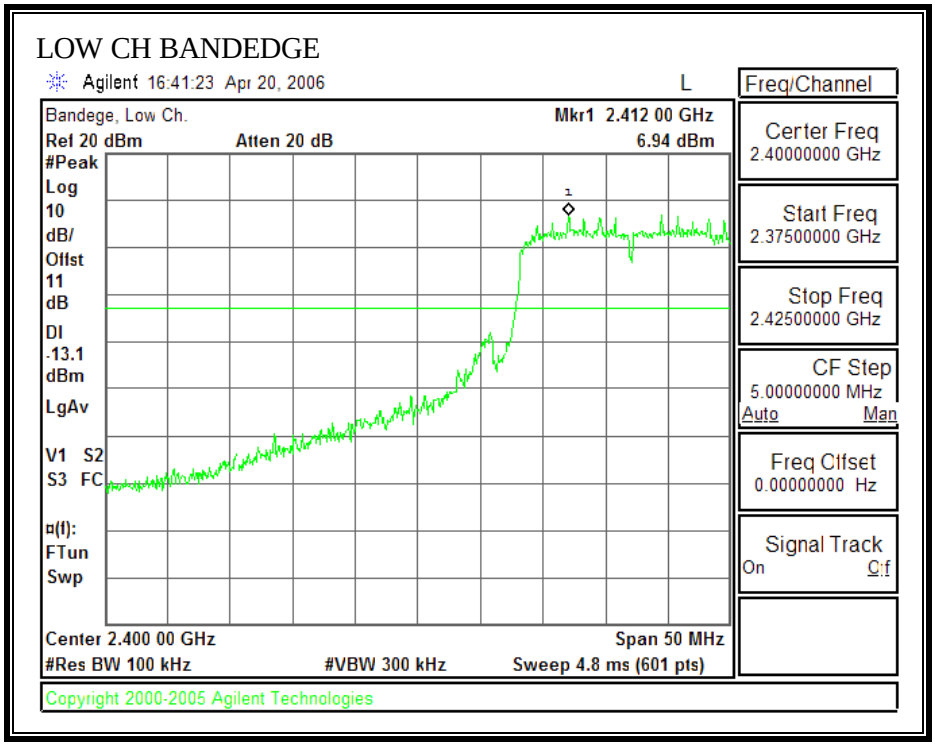
LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2412 MHz



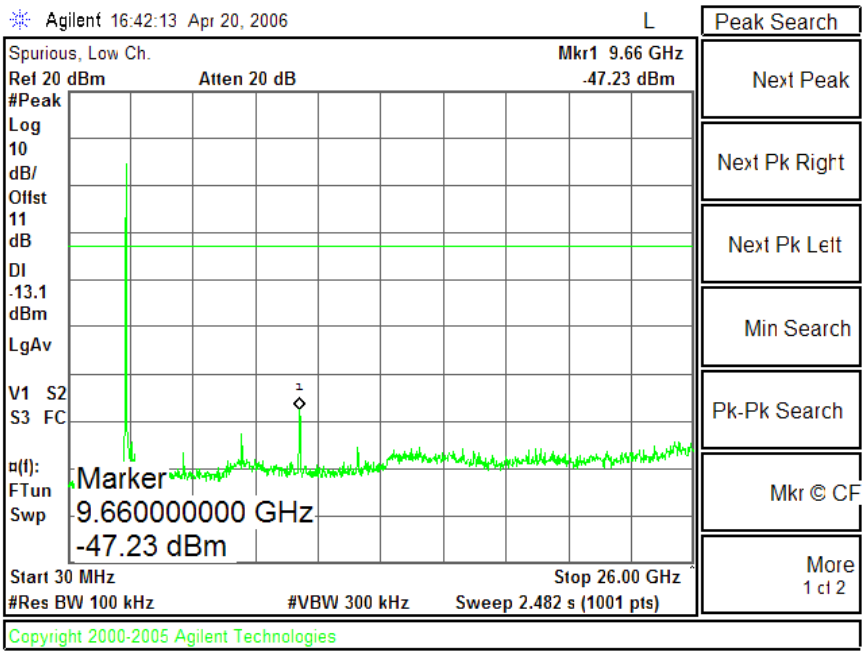
LOW CH SPURIOUS



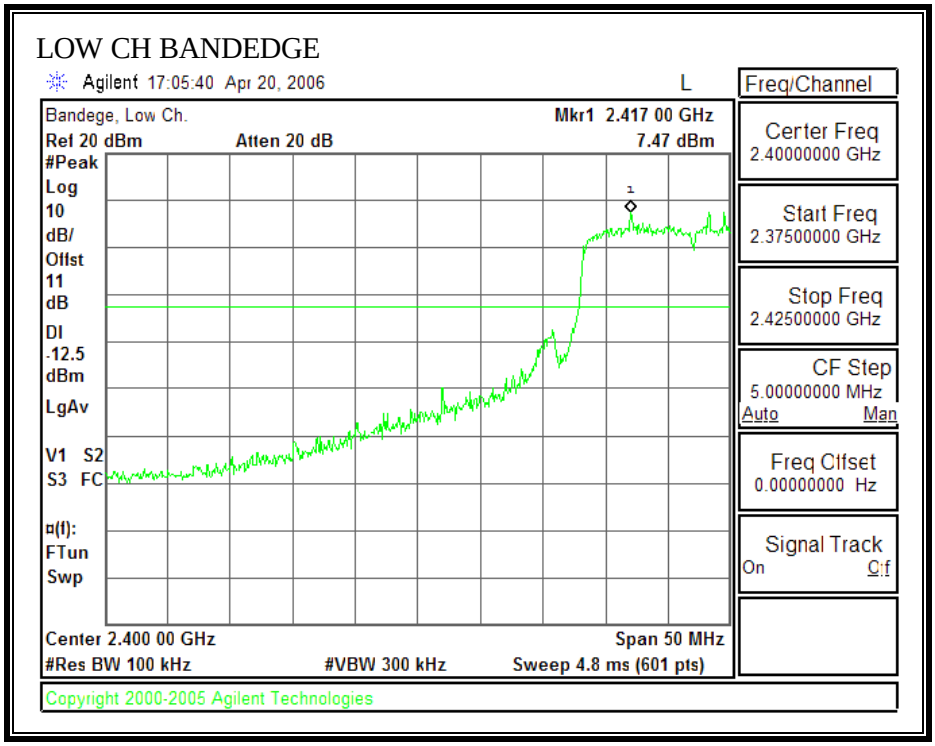
LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2417 MHz



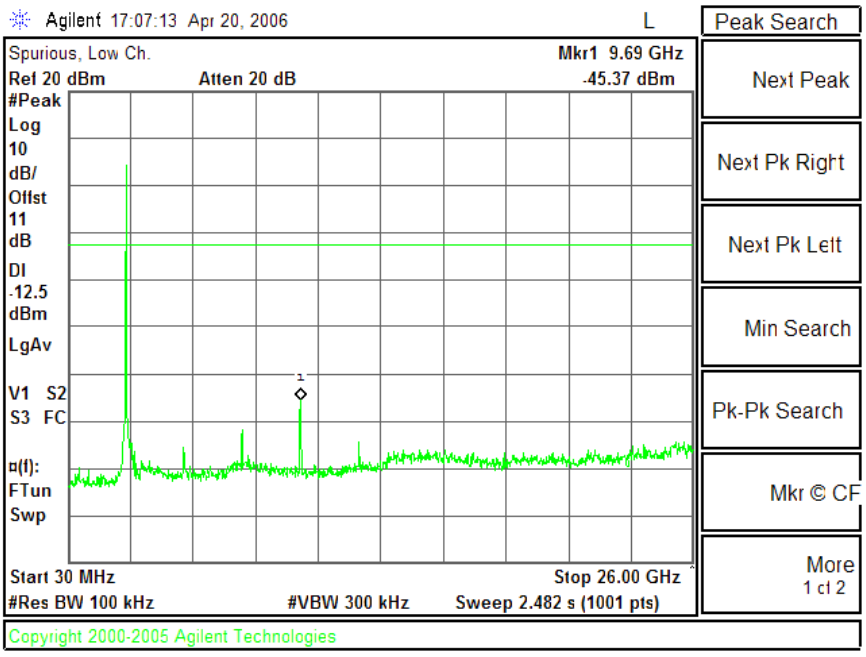
LOW CH SPURIOUS



LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2422 MHz

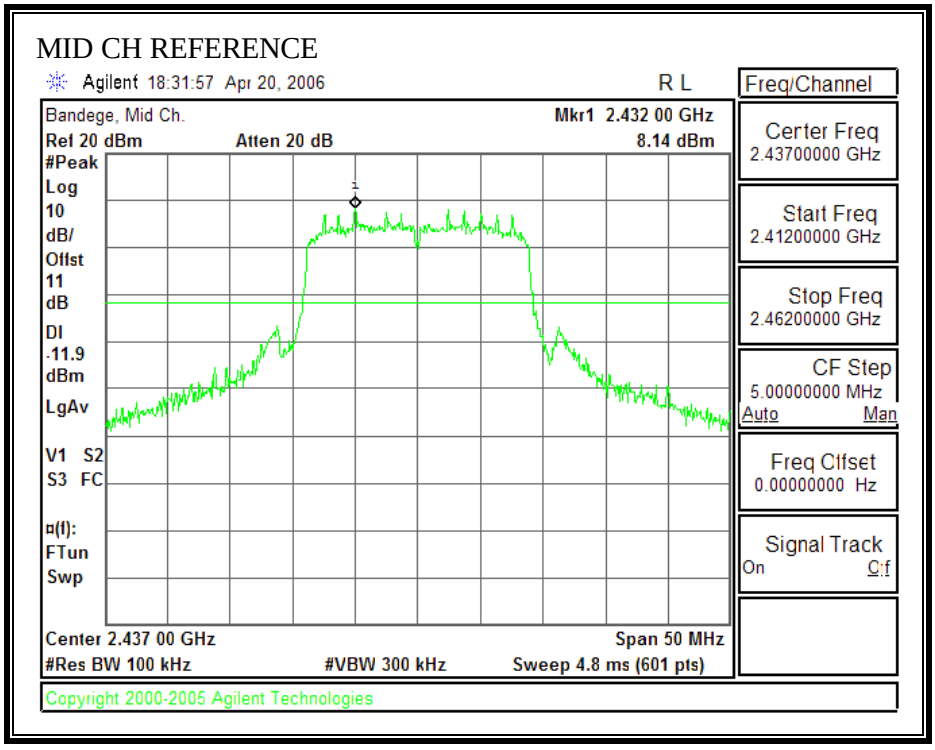


LOW CH SPURIOUS

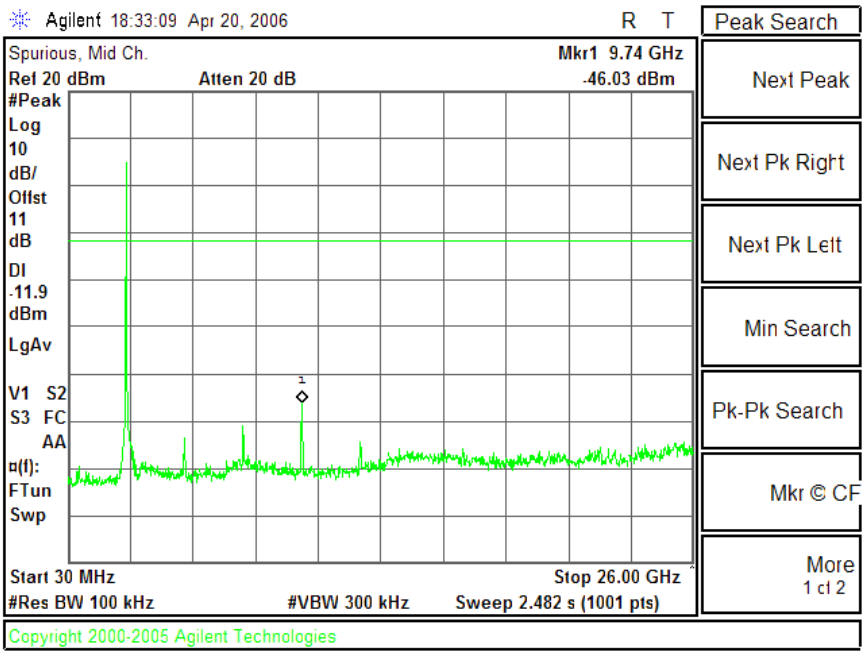


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MIDDLE CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

MID CH BANDEGE, 2437 MHz

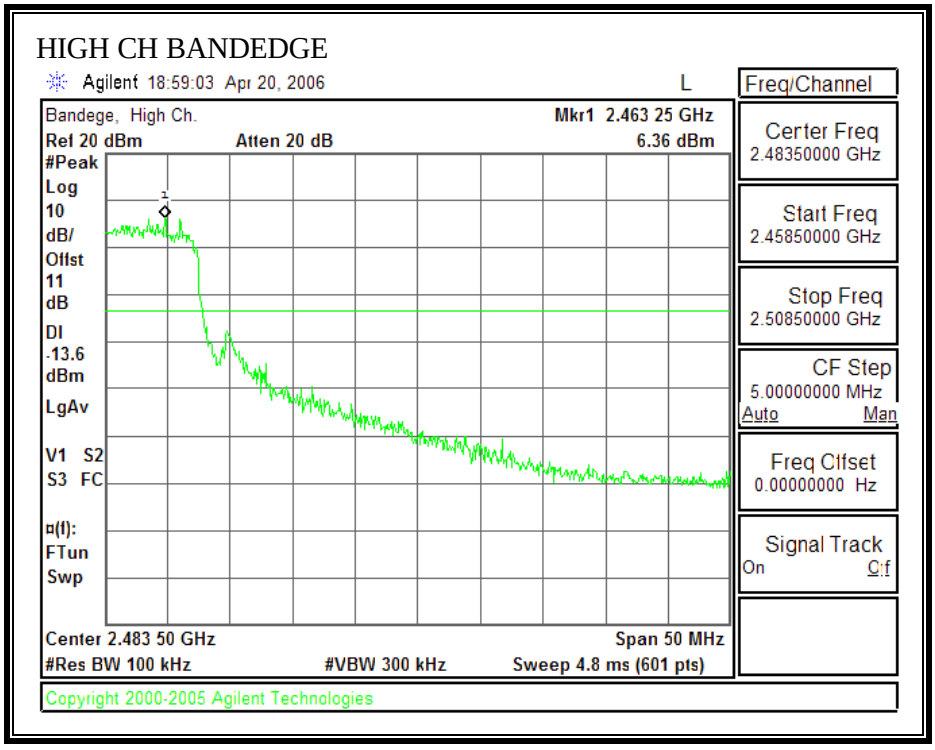


MID CH SPURIOUS

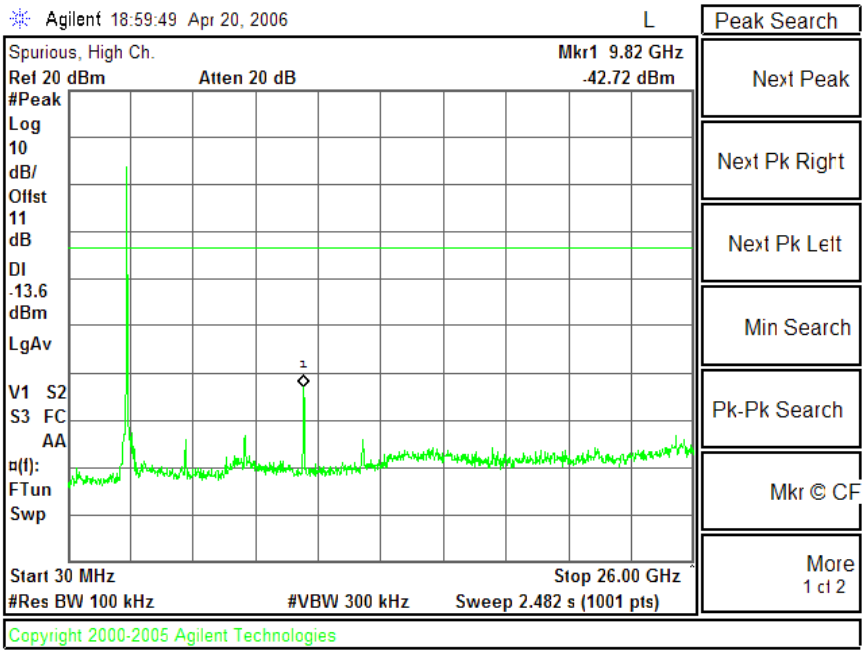


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

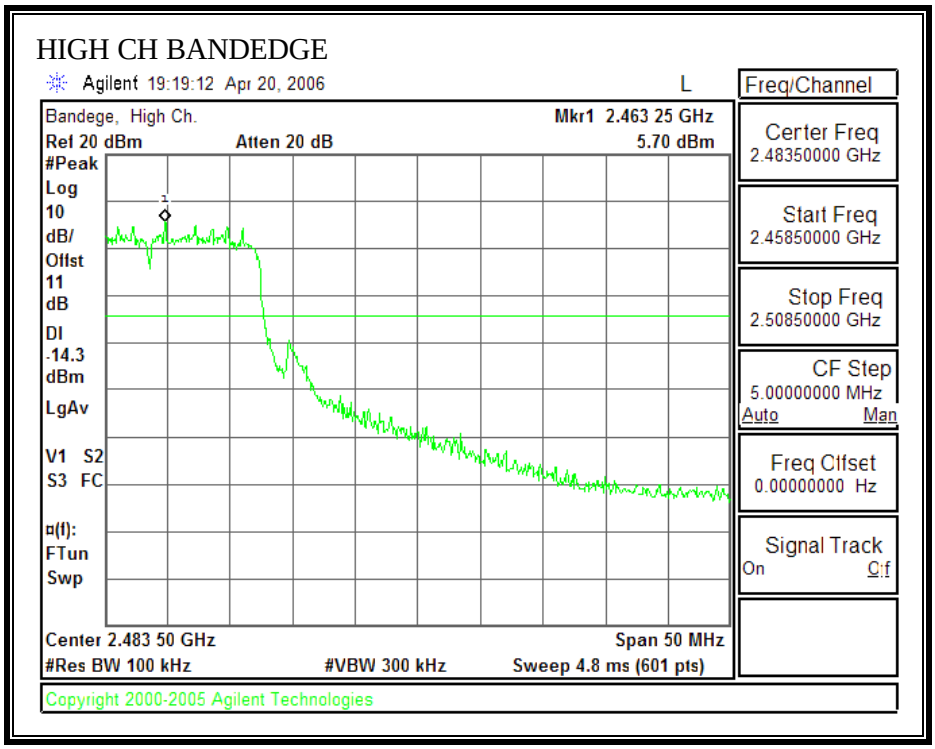
HGH CH BANDEDGE, 2457 MHz



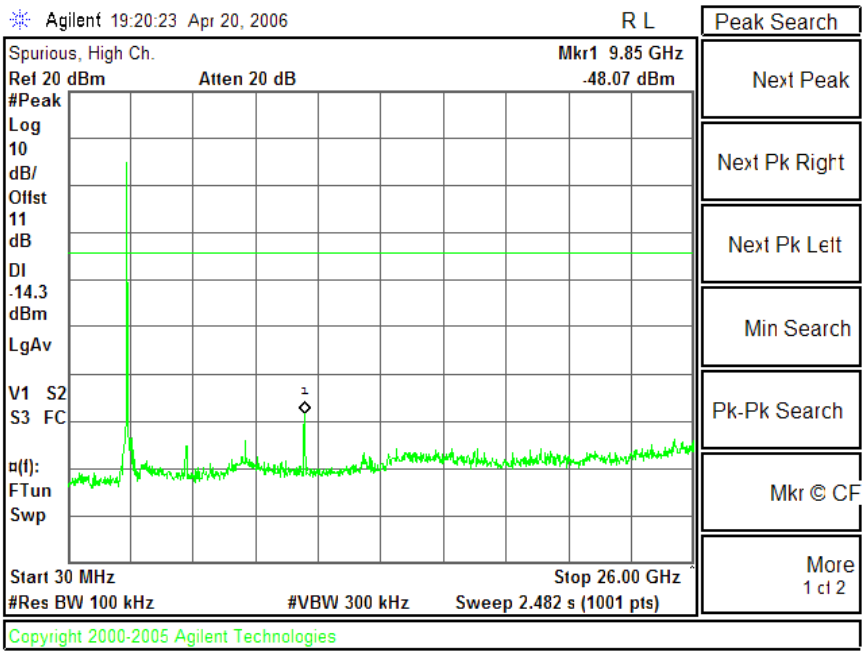
HIGH CH SPURIOUS



HI CH BANDEDGE, 2462 MHz

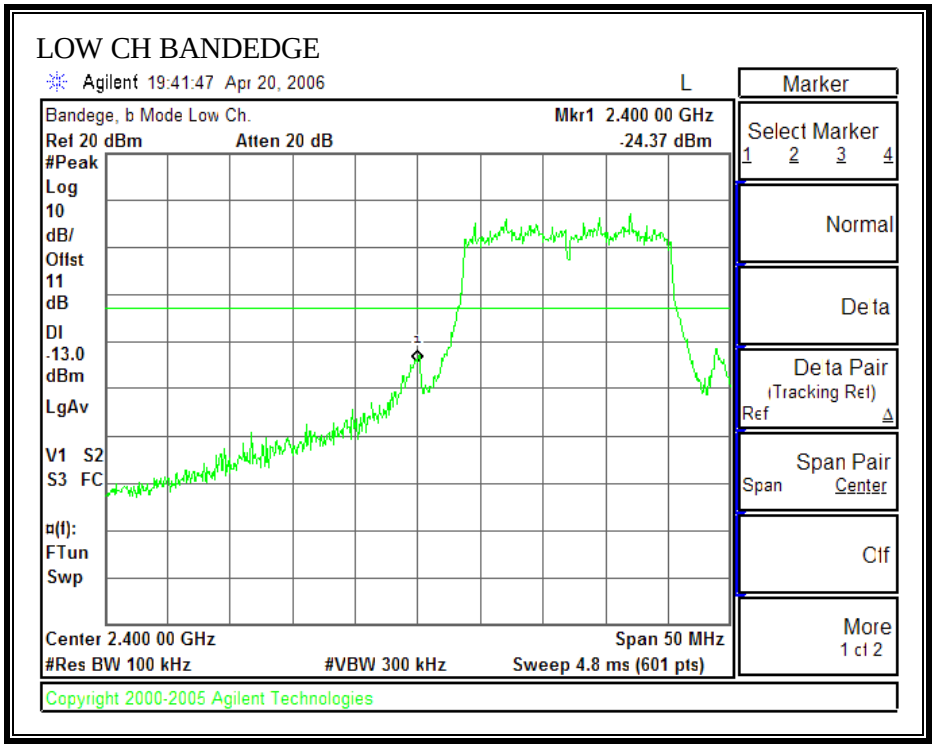


HIGH CH SPURIOUS

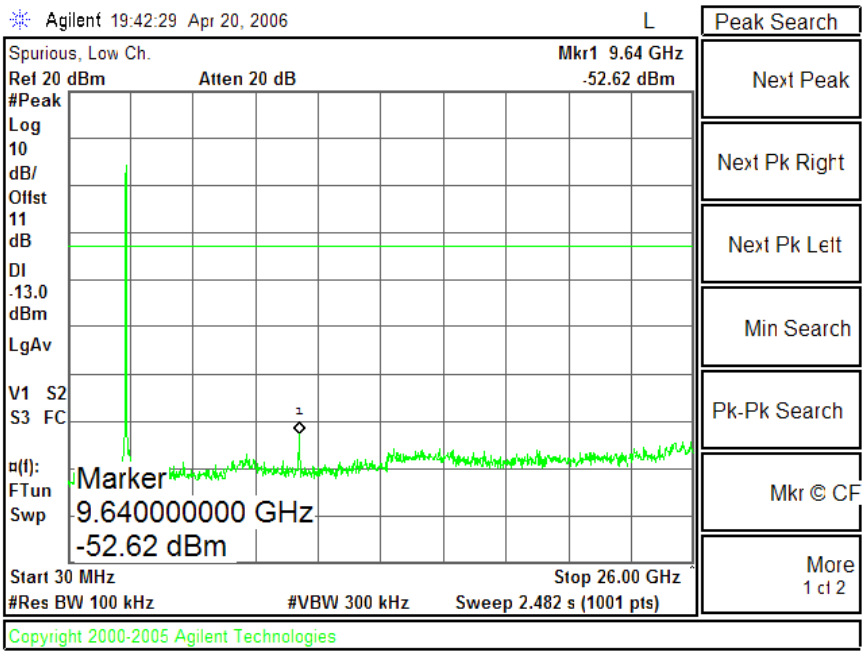


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)

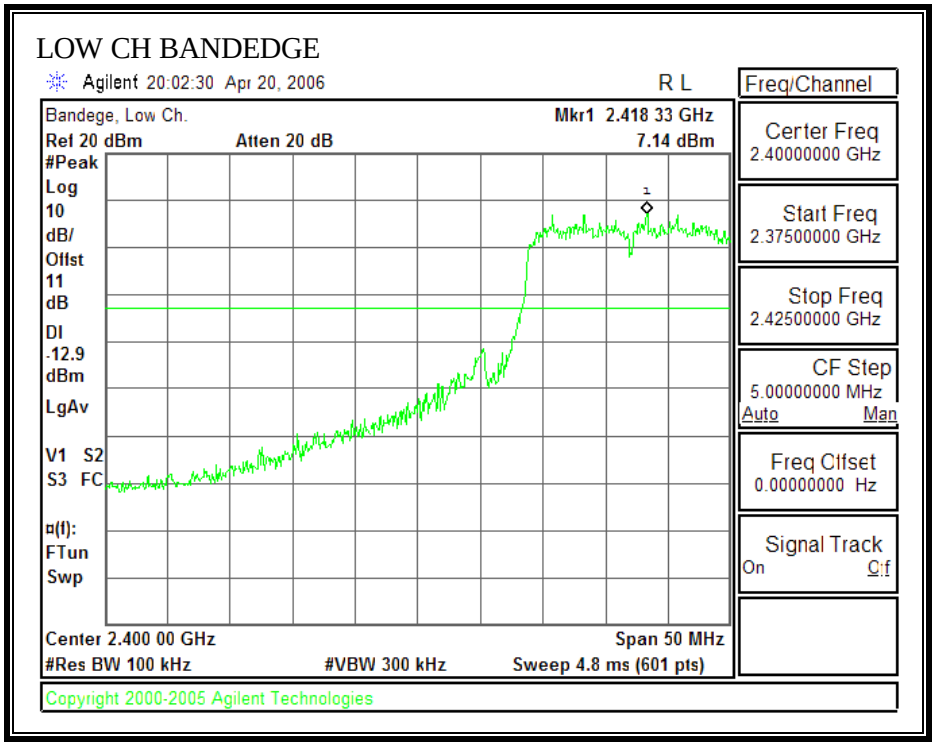
LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2412 MHz



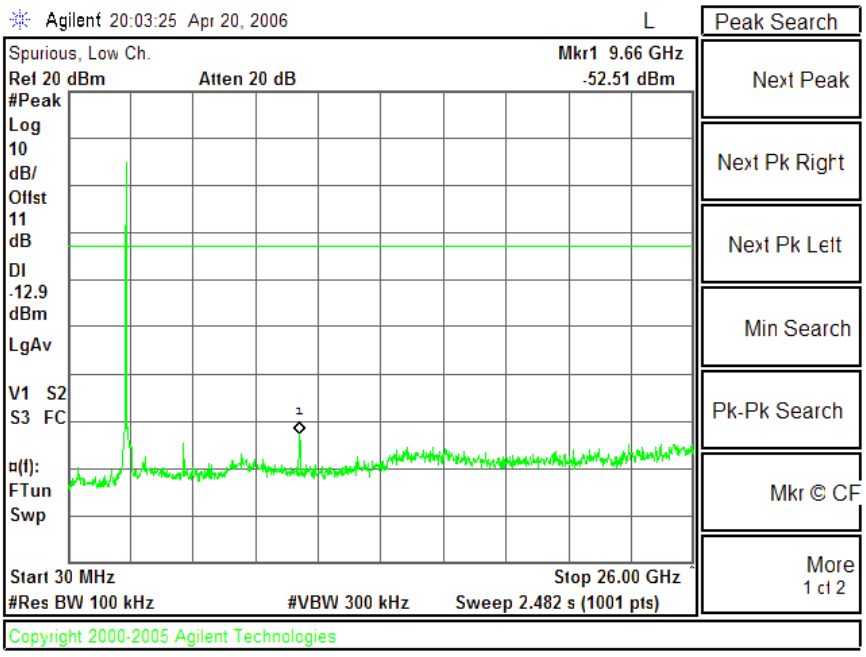
LOW CH SPURIOUS



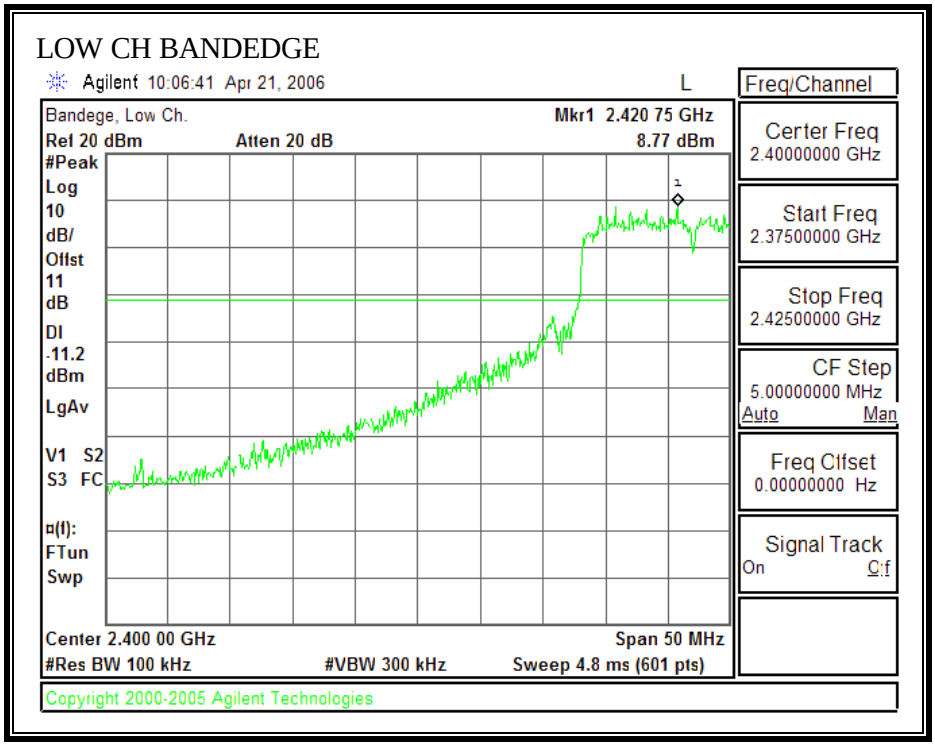
LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2417 MHz



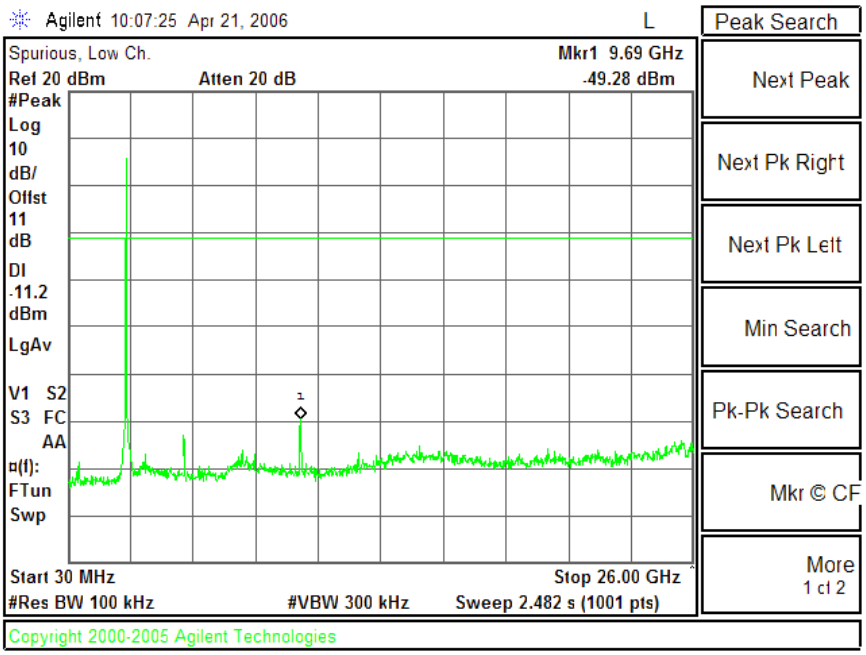
LOW CH SPURIOUS



LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2422 MHz

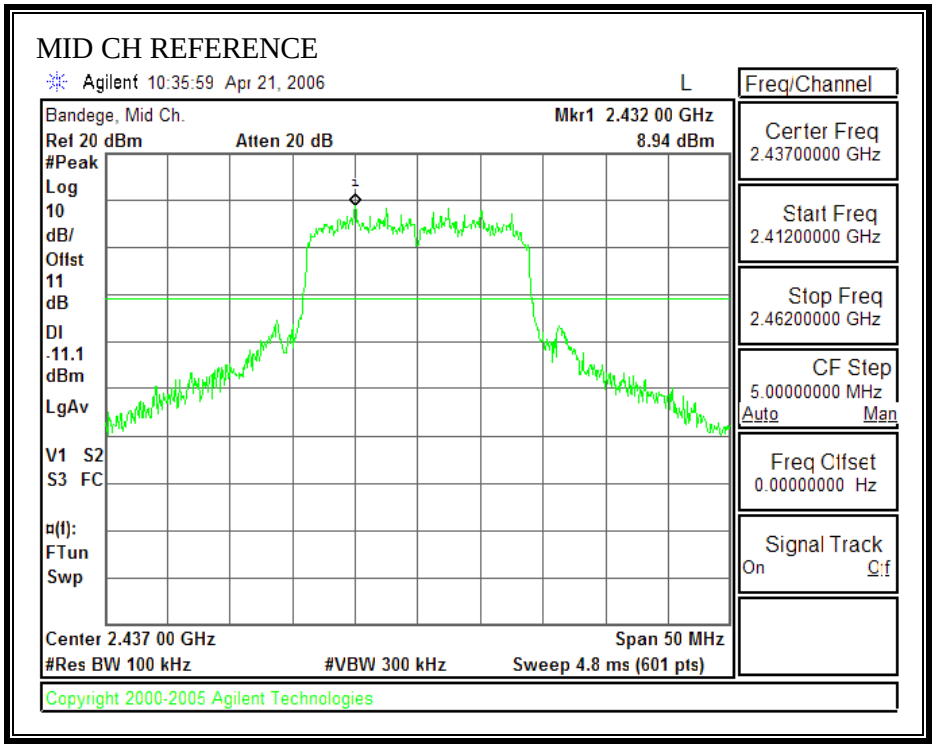


LOW CH SPURIOUS

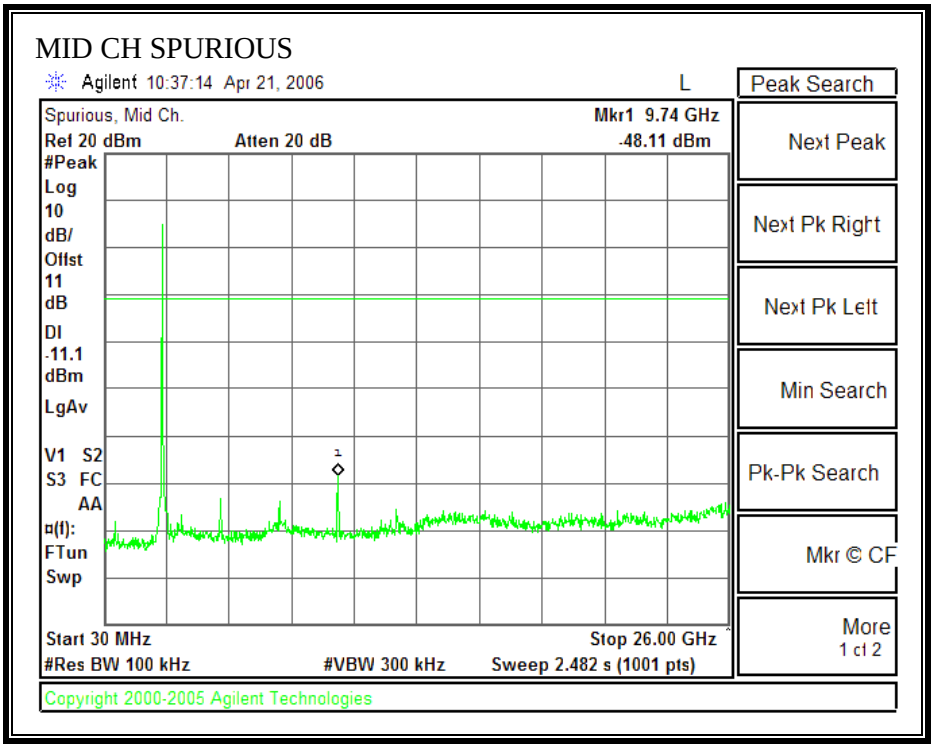


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MIDDLE CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)

MID CH BANDEGE, 2437 MHz

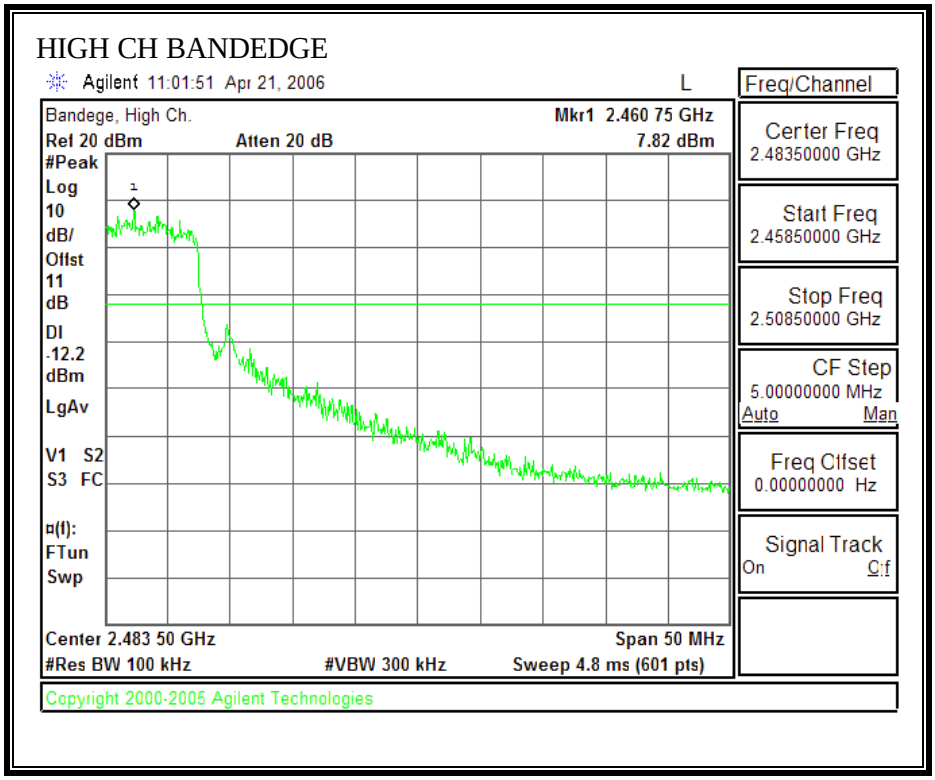


MID CH SPURIOUS

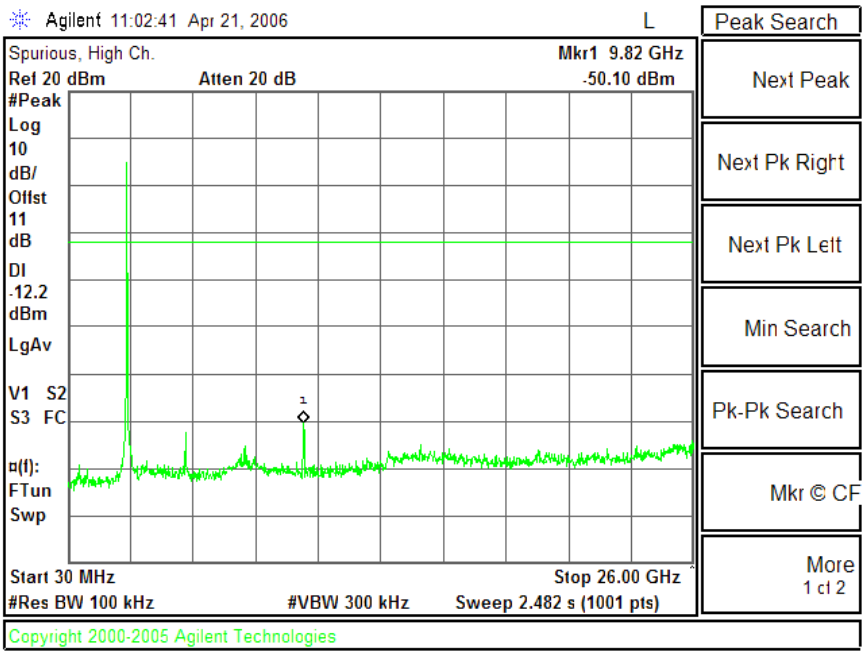


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 - 20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 1)

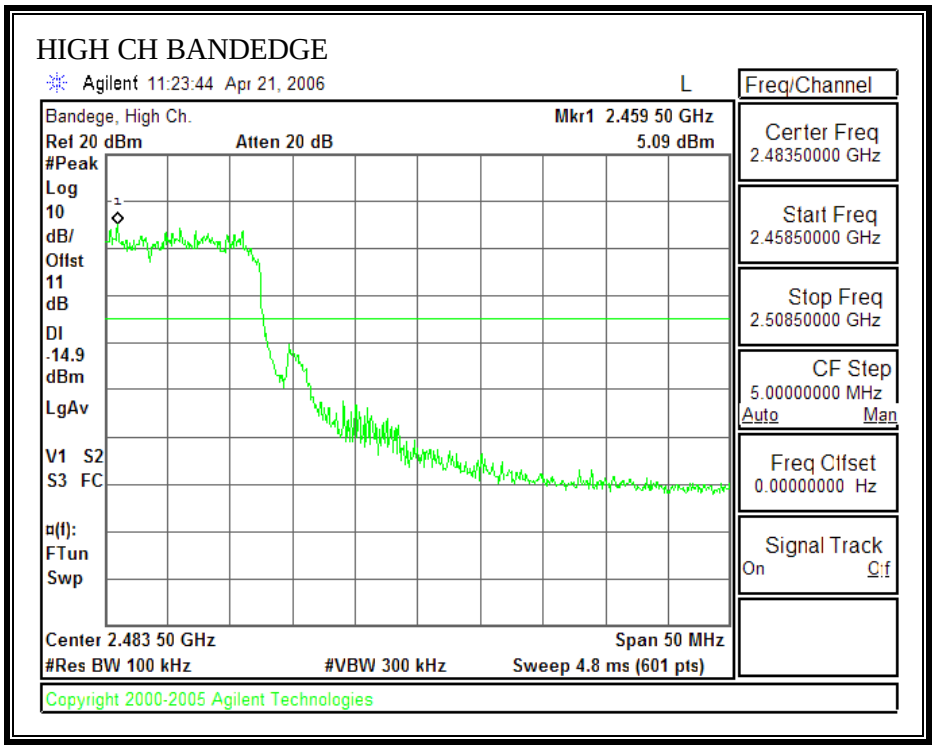
HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2457 MHz



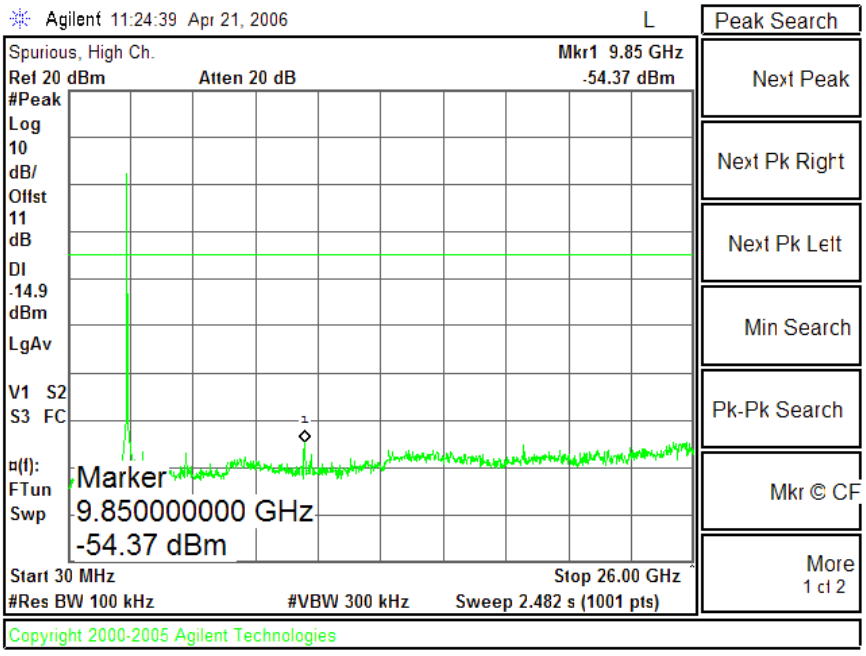
HIGH CH SPURIOUS



HIGH CH BANDEDGE, 2462 MHz



HIGH CH SPURIOUS



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 - 40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH – CHAIN 0)

LOW CH BANDEDGE, 2422 MHz