

## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# Autel Robotics Co.,Ltd.

9th Floor, Bldg. B1, Zhiyuan, 1001 Xueyuan Rd., Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: 2AGNTRC5824A

Product Type: Report Type: Original Report EZ-FLY Wilson then **Test Engineer:** Wilson Chen **Report Number:** RSZ151201007-20A **Report Date:** 2016-01-20 BeilHu Bell Hu **Reviewed By:** SAR Engineer Prepared By: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

**Note**: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	Autel Robotics Co.,Ltd.				
	EUT Description	EZ-FLY				
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AGNTRC5824A				
	Model Number	EF5B				
<b>Test Date</b> 2015-12-28						
Frequency	N	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)			
W. E. (003 11-1-20)	Wi-Fi chain0	Hand-held: 0.091W/kg 10g SAR				
Wi-Fi (802.11g/n20)	Wi-Fi chain1	Hand-held: 0.102W/kg 10g SAR				
5.8G	5.8G DSSS	Hand-held: 0.023W/kg 10g SAR	4.0			
Simultaneous transmission	Wi-Fi chain0+ Wi-Fi chain1+5.8G DSSS	0.216W/kg 10g SAR				
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.					
		2002 Practice for Measurements and Computations of Rals With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,				
Applicable Standards	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)  IEEE1528:2003  IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:					
	Measurement Techniques  KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.  KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01  KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02					

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**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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## **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ151201007-20A	Original Report	2016-01-20	

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## **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of Autel Robotics Co.,Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: 2AGNTRC5824A; Model: EF5B or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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### **Technical Specification**

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	External/Internal Antenna	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Operation Mode:	Wi-Fi and 5.8G DSSS	
Engagonay Panda	Wi-Fi(802.11g/n20) :2412~2462MHz	
Frequency Band:	5.8G DSSS:5727~5799MHz	
	Wi-Fi(802.11g/n20) chain0 : 16.52 dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	Wi-Fi(802.11g/n20) chain1: 17.00 dBm	
	5.8G DSSS: 12.39 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	49.3cm (L) x 48.5 cm (W) x 20.9 cm (H)	
Power Source: 3.7V DC lithium Rechargeable Battery		
Normal Operation:	Hand-held	

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#### REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

#### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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#### **SAR Limits**

### FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

#### CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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### **FACILITIES**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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#### **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

#### **ALSAS-10U System Description**

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

#### **Applications**

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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#### **ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty**

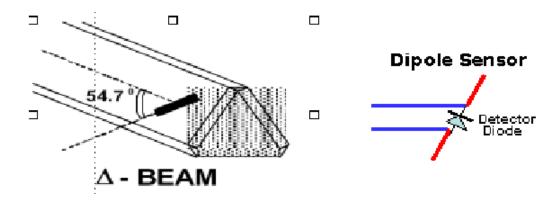
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

#### **Isotropic E-Field Probe**

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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#### **Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification**

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide	
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$	
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg	
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB	
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency	
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm	
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)	
Probe Length	289 mm	
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB	
<b>Boundary Effect</b> Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm		
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.  The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe	

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#### **Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

#### **Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from  $5\mu V$  to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

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#### Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.

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Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS	
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis	
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm	
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C	
Robot Reach	710 mm	
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible	

#### **ALSAS Universal Workstation**

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

#### **Universal Device Positioner**

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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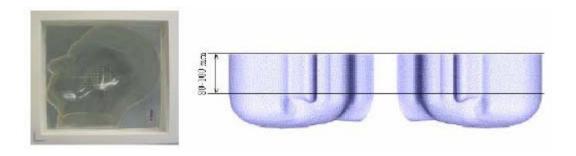


### **Phantom Types**

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

#### **APREL SAM Phantoms**

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



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#### **APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom**

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	83	35	91	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

#### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	<b>Body Tissue</b>		
(MHz)	Er	O'(S/m)	£r	O' (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

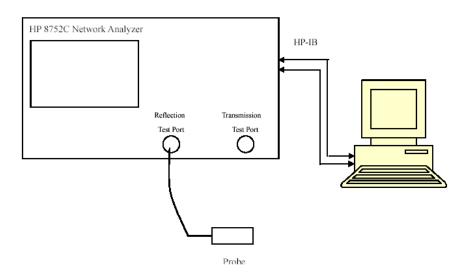
Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	500-00283
Dipole, 2450MHz	ALS-D-2450-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	220-00758
Dipole,5800MHz	ALS-D-5800-S-2	2013-10-08	2016-10-08	240-00855
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	ALS-TS-2450-B	Each Time	/	290-01109
Simulated Tissue 5800 MHz Body	ALS-TS-5800-B	Each Time	/	580-00718
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Attenuator	3dB	2015-05-08	2016-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	3410A02356
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-05-08	2016-05-08	2624A00116
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101120

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## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid	Parameter	Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
	Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	O'(S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
2412	Body	52.73	2.01	52.70	1.95	0.057	3.077	±5
2437	Body	52.95	1.97	52.70	1.95	0.474	1.026	±5
2462	Body	52.22	2.01	52.70	1.95	-0.911	3.077	±5
5727	Body	48.73	5.87	48.30	5.91	0.890	-0.677	±5
5760	Body	48.16	5.91	48.25	5.95	-0.187	-0.672	±5
5799	Body	48.39	5.93	48.20	6.00	0.394	-1.167	±5

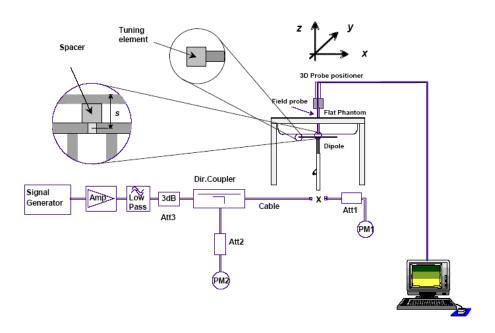
<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-12-28.

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### **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

#### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



#### Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2015-12-14	2016-12-14
APREL	Dipole antenna(2450MHz)	ALS-D-2450-S-2	220-00758	2014-10-09	2017-10-09
APREL	Dipole antenna(5800MHz)	ALS-D-5800-S-2	240-00855	2013-10-08	2016-10-08

#### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		ed SAR /Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-12-28	2450	Body	10g	26.353	24.691	6.731	±10
2013-12-28	5800	Body	10g	4.435*4	19.31	-8.131	±10

<sup>\*</sup> The power inputed to 5800MHz dipole is 0.25Watt,the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 4 times.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

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System Performance Check 2450 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 2450MHz

Serial No. : 220-00758 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-2450-S-2 Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time
Power Drift-Start
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%)

1 W
2 min(s)
55.635 W/kg
54.897 W/kg
-1.339

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

: BODY Type Serial No. : 290-01109 : 2450 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 28-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% Humidity : 52.53 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 2.01 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Dec-2015
Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.3

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

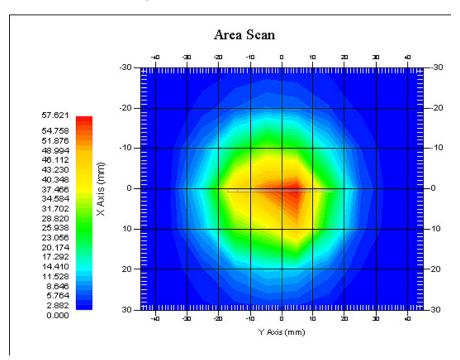
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 8x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 53.662 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 26.353 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 57.577 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 91.060 W/kg



2450 MHz System Validation with Body tissue

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

System Performance Check 5800 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: ALS-D-5800-S-2; S/N: 240-00855

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 5800MHz Serial No. : 240-00855

Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-5800-S-2 Frequency : 5800 MHz

Frequency : 5800 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.639 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : 1.306

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : BODY Serial No. : 580-00718 Frequency 5800 MHz Last Calib. Date : 28-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% Humidity : 48.39 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 5.93 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Dec-2015
Frequency : 5800 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 2.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

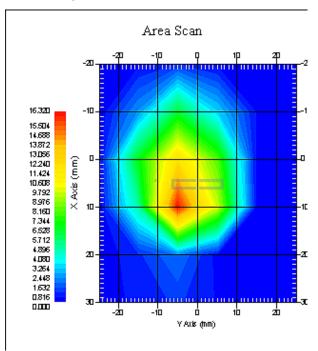
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 14.356 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 4.435 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 16.305 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 31.065 W/kg



5800 MHz System Validation with Body tissue

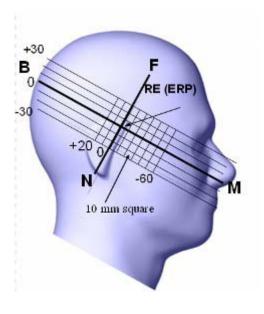
SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 72

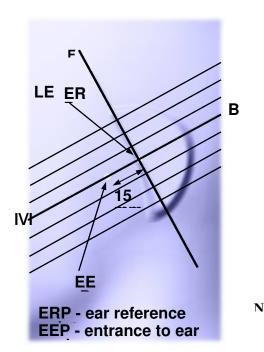
#### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

#### **Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear**

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

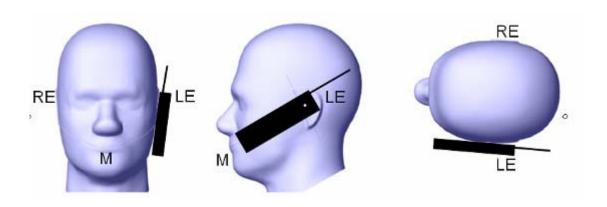
• When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



#### **Ear/Tilt Position**

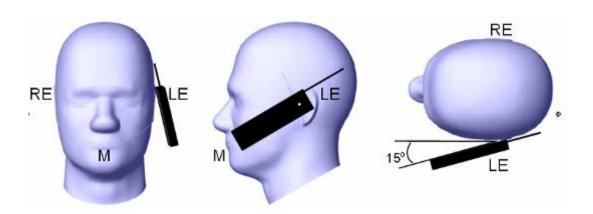
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

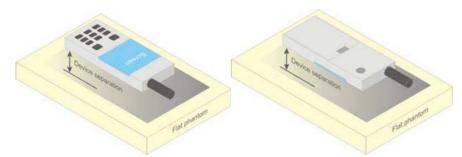


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

#### **Test methodology**

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02

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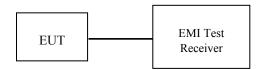
#### CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

#### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



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2.4G Wi-Fi/5.8GHz DSSS

#### **Maximum Output Power among production units**

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)							
Mode/Band		Channel					
Wiode/Dand	Low	Middle	High				
2.4G Wi-Fi chain 0	17.00	17.00	17.00				
2.4G Wi-Fi chain 1	17.50	17.50	17.50				
5.8GHz DSSS	12.50	12.50	12.50				

#### **Test Results:**

Band	Mode	Frequency		Average Conducted Output Power		
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)		
		2412	16.51	44.771		
2.4G Wi-Fi chain 0	802.11g	2437	15.99	39.719		
		2462	15.85	38.459		
2.40 WI-FI Chain 0		2412	16.52	44.875		
	802.11n20	2437	15.86	38.548		
		2462	15.93	39.174		
		2412		44.771		
	802.11g	2437	16.76	47.424		
2.4G Wi-Fi chain 1		2462	17.00	50.119		
2.40 WI-FI Chain I		2412	16.60	45.709		
	802.11n20	2437	16.54	45.082		
		2462	16.88	48.753		
		5727	11.56	14.322		
5.8GHz	DSSS	5760	12.24	16.749		
		5799	12.39	17.338		

#### Note:

- 1. The output power was tested under data rate 6Mbps for 802.11g and MCS0 for 802.11n-HT20.
- 2. KDB248227: When multiple transmission modes (802.11g/n have the same specified maximum output power, Largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 Mode is selected; i.e., 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. Channels with measured maximum output Power within ½ dB is considered to have the same maximum output.

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### SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

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#### **SAR Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	21-24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2015-12-28

### Wi-Fi (802.11g):

LUI	Frequency	TX Chain	Antenna Power Dri		Meas. Avg.	Max. Rated Avg.	10 g SAR Value (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)		Config.	(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2412			1.966	16.51	17.00	1.119	0.049	0.055	/
	2437		Unfold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	chain 0		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	Cham o	Fold	-2.629	16.51	17.00	1.119	0.025	0.028	/
	2437		(perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld-Back	2462		phantom)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(0mm)	2412		Unfold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437			/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462	chain 1		2.349	17.00	17.50	1.122	0.058	0.065	/
	2412	chan i	Fold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437		(perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462		phantom)	-1.744	17.00	17.50	1.122	0.029	0.033	/
	2412		Unfold	1.320	16.51	17.00	1.119	0.081	0.091	1#
	2437			/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld-Left	2462	chain 0		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(0mm)	2412	Cham o	Fold	1.598	16.51	17.00	1.119	0.037	0.041	/
	2437		(perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462		phantom)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412			/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437		Unfold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld-Right	2462	chain 1		-2.367	17.00	17.50	1.122	0.091	0.102	2#
(0mm)	2412		Fold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2437		(perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2462		phantom)	2.304	17.00	17.50	1.122	0.042	0.047	/

1. When the 10-g SAR is  $\leq$  2.0W/Kg, testing for other channel is optional. 2. The output power was tested under data rate 6Mbps for 802.11g and MCS0 for 802.11n-HT20.

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- Report No: RSZ151201007-20A
- 3. KDB248227: When multiple transmission modes (802.11g/n have the same specified maximum output power, Largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 Mode is selected; i.e., 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. Channels with measured maximum output Power within ½ dB is considered to have the same maximum output.
- 4. The adjusted SAR is  $\leq 2.0$  W/kg; Therefore, SAR is not required for that 802.11 mode configuration.

#### 5.8GHz DSSS:

EUT	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Config.	Power Drift (%)	Meas. Avg. Power	Max. Rated Avg.	10 g SAR Value (W/Kg)			
Position	(WIIIZ)	Comig.	(70)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	5727		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5760	Unfold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld-Back	5799		-0.960	12.39	12.50	1.026	0.014	0.014	/
(0mm)	5727	Fold (perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5760		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5799	phantom)	-2.220	12.39	12.50	1.026	0.011	0.011	/
	5727		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5760	Unfold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld-Left	5799		1.329	12.39	12.50	1.026	0.022	0.023	3#
(0mm)	5727	Fold	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5760	(perpendicular to the	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5799	phantom)	1.631	12.39	12.50	1.026	0.013	0.013	/

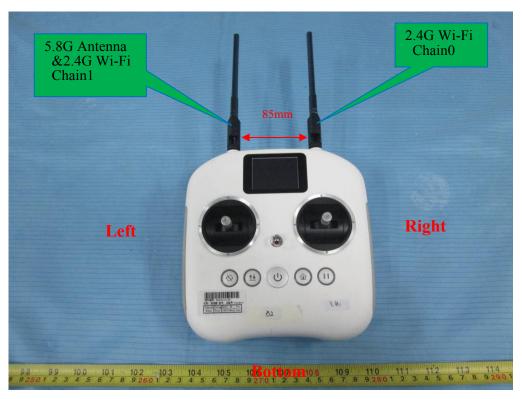
#### Note:

- 1. When the 10-g SAR is  $\leq$  2.0W/Kg, testing for other channel is optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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### SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION





### **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultaneo	Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities				
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Antennas Distance (mm)			
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 5.8GHz	√	85			
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1 + 5.8GHz	$\checkmark$	0			
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1	$\checkmark$	85			
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1+ 5.8GHz	V	/			

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#### **Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode	Position	Repor	ΣSAR		
Wiode	Fosition	2.4G Wi-Fi chain0	2.4G Wi-Fi chain1	5.8GHz	< 4.0W/kg
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 5.8GHz		0.091	/	0.023	0.114
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1 + 5.8GHz		/	0.102	0.023	0.125
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1	Handheld	0.091	0.102	/	0.193
2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0 + 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1+ 5.8GHz		0.091	0.102	0.023	0.216

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#### **Note:**

If the sum of the 10g SAR measured for the simultaneously transmitting antennas is less than the SAR limit, SAR measurement for simultaneous transmission is not required.

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# Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

#### **SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

#### 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain0; Handheld-Left-Unfold (2412MHz)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.076 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.077 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.320

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 2412 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 52.73 F/m

 Sigma
 : 2.01 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

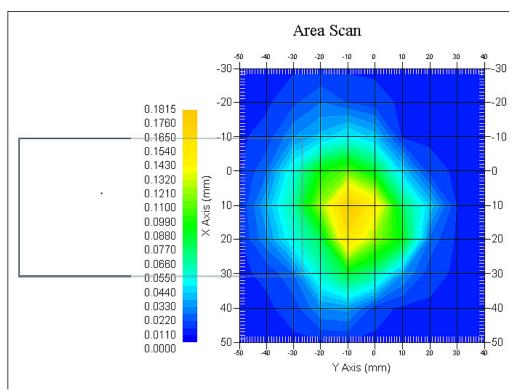
Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.3

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.163 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.081 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.179 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.282 W/kg

#### Plot 1#



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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

#### 2.4G Wi-Fi Chain1; Handheld-Right-Unfold (2462MHz)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor

: Complete

Scan Type Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.083 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.081 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.367

Tissue Data

Type : Body Frequency : 2462 MHz Epsilon : 52.22 F/m Sigma : 2.01 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

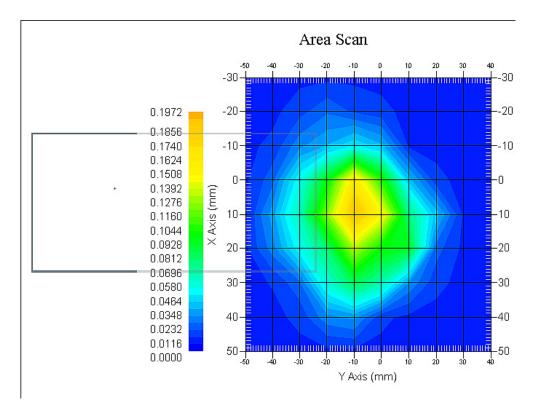
Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.3

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)2$ 

**Compression Point** : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.173 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.091 W/kg : 0.196 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.302 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR

Plot 2#



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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

#### 5.8G Wi-Fi; Handheld-Left-Unfold (5799 MHz)

Measurement Data

Crest Factor

: Complete

Scan Type Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.030 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.030 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.329

Tissue Data

Type : Body Frequency : 5799 MHz Epsilon : 48.39 F/m Sigma : 5.93 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 : 5800 MHz Frequency Band

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 2.6

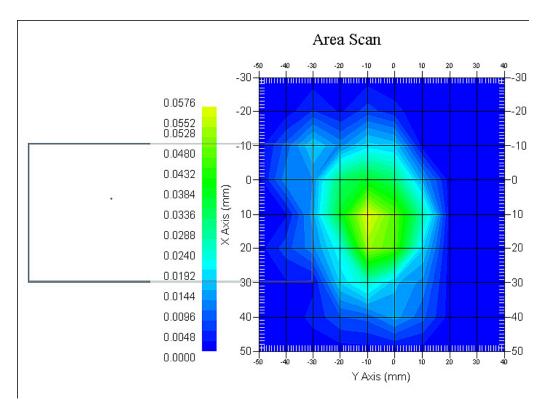
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)2$ 

**Compression Point** : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.046 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.022 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.057 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.116 W/kg

Plot 3#

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## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to IEEE1528:2013, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (1-g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %			
	Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5			
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^1$	1.5	1.5			
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4			
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7			
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0			
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5			
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0			
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3			
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2			
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1			
		Test sar	nple relate	ed						
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0			
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215			
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67			
		Phantoi	n and Setu	ıp						
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0			
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0			
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6			
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5			
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5			
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2			
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55			
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10			

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Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

According to IEC62209-2:2010, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (1-g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %		
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5		
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5		
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0		
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0		
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3		
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2		
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1		
		Test sar	nple relate	ed					
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0		
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215		
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67		
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp					
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0		
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0		
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6		
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5		
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5		
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2		
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49		
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98		

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## APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

Calibration File No.: PC-1654

Task No: BACL-5805

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Inc. Model No.: ALS-E020

Model No.: ALS-E020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5805

Calibrated: 12<sup>th</sup> December 2015 Released on: 14<sup>th</sup> December 2015

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification.

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

#### **Calibration Method**

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide\* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

\*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

#### References

- o IEEE Standard 1528:2013
  - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o IEC 62209-1:2006
  - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010
  - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- o D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10 Probe S/N 500-00283

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

#### Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  +/-  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  +/-  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  Relative Humidity: < 60%

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Power Meter Tektronix USB
 11C940
 Apr 2, 2017

 Signal Generator Agilent E4438C
 MY45094463
 Dec 11, 2017

#### Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 4, 2017

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 Probe S/N 500-00283
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

### **Probe Summary**

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E-020

500-00283 Serial Number:

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 1.56

2.5 Sensor Length:

Tip Enclosure: Composite\*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

95 mV **Diode Compression Point:** 

### Sensitivity in Air

Frequency Range	Channel X, µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	Channel Y, µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	Channel Z, $\mu V/(V/m)^2$	Tolerance, μV/(V/m)²
450 MHz	1.212	1.205	1.199	±0.004
750 MHz, 835 MHz 900 MHz	1.212	1.21	1.209	±0.004
1 GHz – 4 GHz	1.21	1.21	1.207	±0.004
5 GHz – 6 GHz	1.2	1.192	1.19	±0.005

Probe S/N 500-00283

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H. Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.5	0.84	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.77	0.93	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.92	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	55.57	0.93	3.5	±50	5.9
835 H	Head	43.44	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	54.91	1.00	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.05	1.01	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	54.86	1.04	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1450 B	Body	X	Х	Х	X	Х
1500 H	Head	X	X	Х	X	Х
1500 B	Body	Х	X	X	X	Х
1640 H	Head	X	Х	X	Х	Х
1640 B	Body	X	X	Х	X	Х
1750 H	Head	38.58	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.5	1.52	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	Х
1800 B	Body	Х	Х	X	X	Х
1900 H	Head	40.72	1.37	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.29	1.58	3.5	±75	4.8
2000 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
2300 B	Body	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2450 H	Head	<b>37.35</b>	1.85	3.5	±75	4.8
2450B	Body	<b>53.26</b>	1.96	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.24	3.14	3.5	±100	4.4
3600 B	Body	50.23	3.81	3.5	±100	4.1
5250 H	<b>Head</b>	35.05	4.65	3.5	±100	3.1
5250 B	Body	46.24	<u>5.11</u>	3.5	±100	2.9
5600 H	Head	34.95	5.06	3.5	±100	3.0
5600 B	Body	45.95	<b>5.73</b>	3.5	±100	2.4
5800 H	<b>Head</b>	34.57	<b>5.27</b>	3.5	±100	3.1
5800 B	Body	46.01	6.10	3.5	±100	2.6

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Probe S/N 500-00283

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Division of APREL Inc.

## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

#### **Spatial Resolution:**

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

#### **DAQ-PAQ Contribution**

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

#### **Probe Calibration Uncertainty**

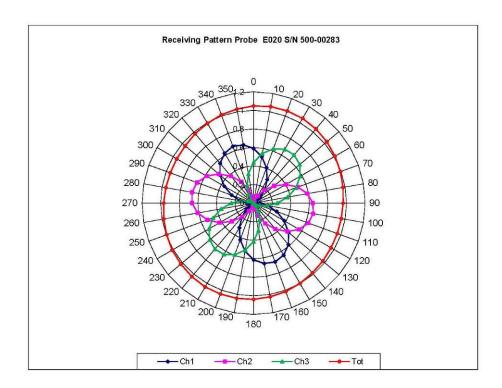
Uncertainty component	Tolerance (± %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

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# **Receiving Pattern Air**

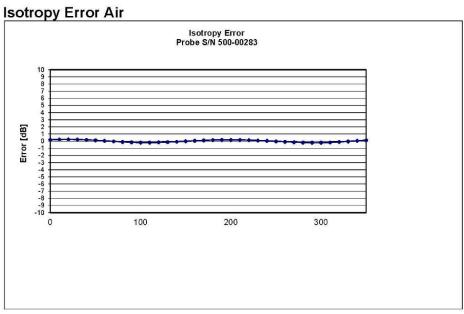


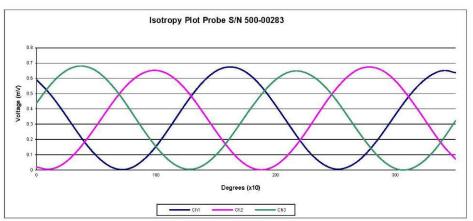
Page 7 of 10 Probe S/N 500-00283
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Division of APREL Inc.







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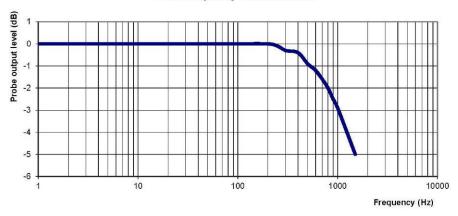
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## Dynamic Range



### Video Bandwidth

### **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 1 dB 3 dB

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## APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

Calibration File No: DC-1602 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2
Frequency: 2450 MHz
Serial No: 220-00758

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 Released on: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

ite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

### Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

### **Mechanical Dimensions**

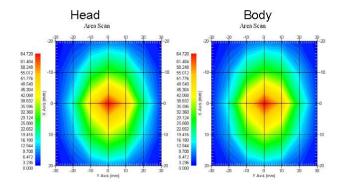
Length:52.4 mmHeight:30.3 mm

## **Electrical Specification**

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

### System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	2450 MHz	54.916	25.327	111.97
Body	2450 MHz	52.418	24.691	103.91



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Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 220-00758. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)" IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

#### Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## **Dipole Calibration Results**

### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.4 mm	30.3 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

### **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 2450MHz	37.26	1.84
Body Tissue 2450MHz	53.61	1.90

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5

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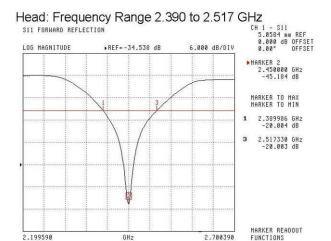
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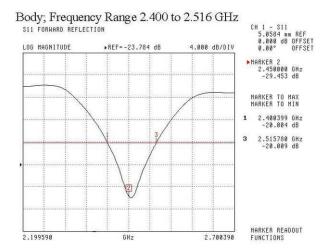
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**



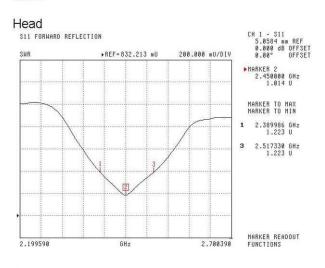


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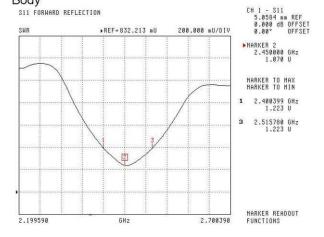
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### **SWR**







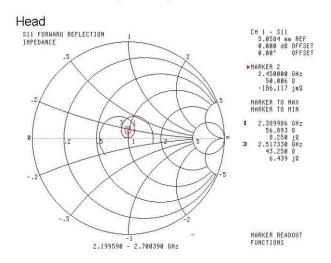
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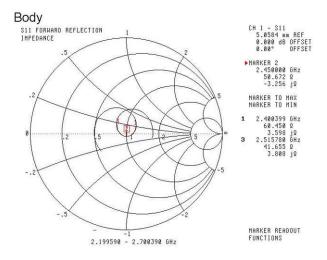
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## **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ151201007-20A

Calibration File No: DC-1536 Project Number: BACL- 5745

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-5800-S-2 Frequency: 5800 MHz Serial No: 240-00855

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 8<sup>th</sup> of October 2013 Released on: 8<sup>th</sup> of October 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL TEL; (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

## Conditions

Dipole 240-00855 a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

> We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

### Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

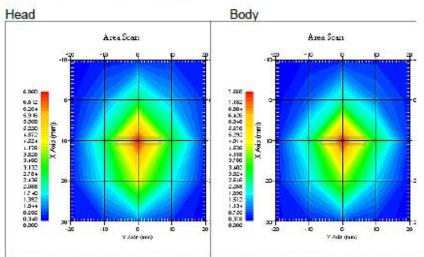
Length: 20.8 mm Height: 21.0 mm

### **Electrical Calibration**

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-23.009 dB	-22.056 dB
SWR	1.152 U	1.172 U
Impedance	47.800 Ω	47.400 Ω

### System Validation Results

Frequency 5800 MHz	1 Gram	10 Gram
Head	61.81	18.9
Body	62.84	19.31



Note: APREL dipoles for SAR measurements above 5 GHz are calibrated referring the target 1 g and 10 g SAR numbers as a result of numerical simulation utilizing XFDTD method (Remcom Inc.) for the configuration of APREL dipoles and Uni- and Flat Phantoms.

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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 240-00855. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

#### References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

### Conditions

Dipole 240-00855 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

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# **Dipole Calibration Results**

### Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
21.0 mm	21.0 mm	20.8 mm	21.0 mm

### Tissue Validation

Tissue 5800 MHz	Measured Head	Measured Body
Dielectric constant, Er	32.72	44.28
Conductivity, σ [S/m]	5.38	6.04

### Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

 Mechanical
 1%

 Positioning Error
 1.22%

 Electrical
 1.7%

 Tissue
 2.2%

 Dipole Validation
 2.2%

Combined Standard Uncertainty 3.88% (7.76% K=2)

### Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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### **Electrical Calibration**

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-23.009 dB	-22.056 dB
SWR	1.152 U	1.172 U
Impedance	47.800 Ω	47.400 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

### **\$11 Parameter Return Loss**

#### Head

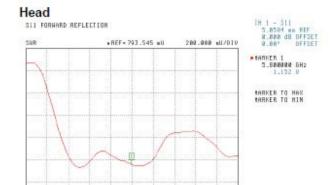


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### SWR



842

### Body

5.881848



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MARKER READOUT

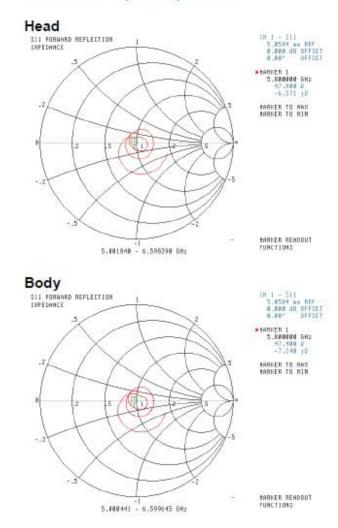
6.598398

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## Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



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## Test Equipment

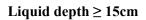
The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

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# APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS





Handheld-Back-Unfold Setup Photo

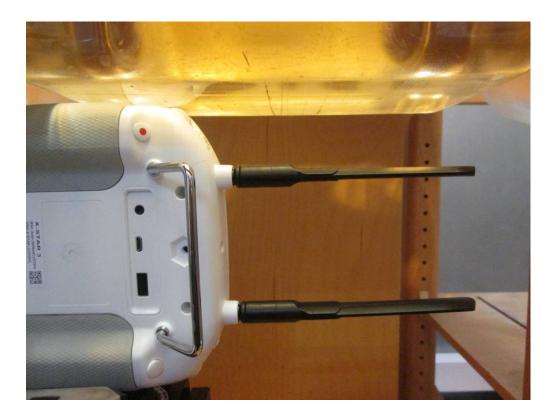


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# Handheld-Back-Fold Setup Photo



Handheld-Right-Unfold Setup Photo

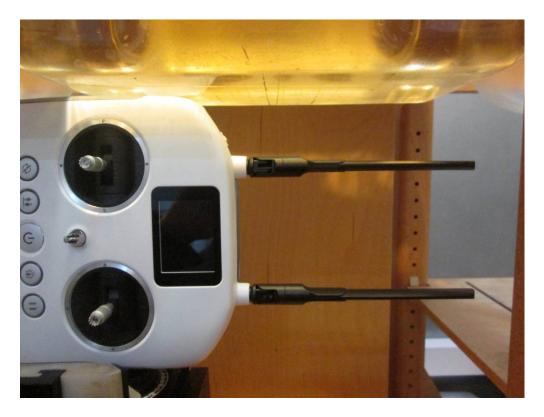


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## Handheld-Right-Fold Setup Photo



Handheld-Left-Unfold Setup Photo



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# Handheld-Left-Fold Setup Photo



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# **APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS**





**EUT – Back View** 



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## **EUT – Left View**



**EUT –Right View** 



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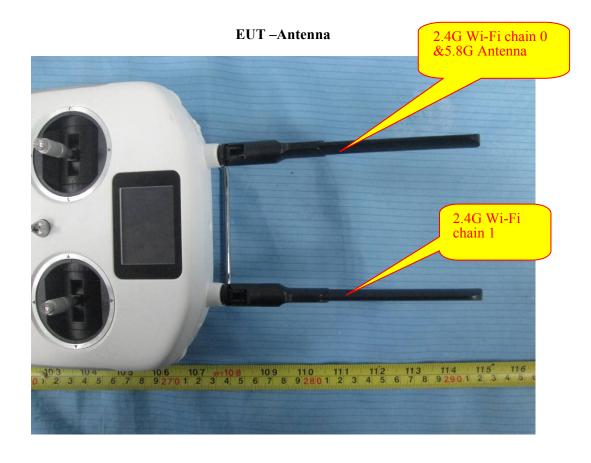
**EUT – Top View** 



**EUT –Bottom View** 



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### APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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