SAR TEST REPORT

The following samples were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

Equipment Under Test	Notebook Computer
Brand Name	HUAWEI，HONOR
Model No.	HBL-W19
Series Model No.	HBL-W09，HBL-W29，HBL-WXXXXX (X Can be 0-9, A-Z, a-z, blank or symbol "-")
Model difference	For the marketing purpose, only different model designations on the marking
Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Company Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, China
Standards	IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2013, KDB248227D01v02r02,KDB865664D01v01r04, KDB865664D02v01r02,KDB447498D01v06, KDB616217D04v01r02
FCC ID	QISHBL-WX9
Date of Receipt	Feb. 20, 2019
Date of Test(s)	Mar. 08, 2019 ~ Mar. 12, 2019
Date of Issue	Mar. 22, 2019

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory or testing done by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in writing.

Signed on behalf of SGS

Clerk / Ruby Ou	Engineer / Bond Tsai	Supervisor / Ricky Huang
Ruby Ou	Bond Tsai	Ricky Huang

Date: Mar. 22, 2019

Revision History

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
E5/2019/20013	Rev.00	Initial creation of document	Mar. 22, 2019

Contents

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

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Tel	+886-2-2299-3279
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Internet	http://www.tw.sgs.com/

1.2 Details of Applicant

Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
Company Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, China

1.3 Description of EUT

Equipment	Notebook Computer		
Brand Name	HUAWEI，HONOR		
Model No.	HBL-W19		
Series Model No.	HBL-W09，HBL-W29，HBL-WXXXXX (X Can be 0-9, A-Z, a-z, blank or symbol "-")		
Model difference	For the marketing purpose, only different model designations on the marking plate for different markets. No RF concern.		
FCC ID	QISHBL-WX9		
HW Version (Product)	C3A		
SW Version (Product)	1809 (OS Build 17763.253)		
HW Version (Radio)	Wi-Fi Component: 9560		
SW Version (Radio)	Wi-Fi Component: 20		
Mode of Operation	☒WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M/40M)/ac(20M/40M/80M/160M) ☒Bluetooth		
Duty Cycle	WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M/40M)/ ac(20M/40M/80M/160M)	1	
	Bluetooth	1	
TX Frequency Range (MHz)	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	2412	~ 2462
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)	2422	~ 2452
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.2G	5180	~ 5240
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.2G	5190	~ 5230
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.2G	5210	
	WLAN802.11 ac(160M) 5.2G	5250	
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.3G	5260	~ 5320
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.3G	5270	~ 5310
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.3G	5290	
	WLAN802.11 a/n/ac(20M) 5.6G	5500	~ 5720

TX Frequency Range (MHz)	WLAN802.11 n/ac(40M) 5.6G	5510	–	5710
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.6G	5530	–	5690
	WLAN802.11 ac(160M) 5.6G	5570		
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.8G	5745	–	5825
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.8G	5755	–	5795
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.8G	5775		
	Bluetooth	2402	–	2480
Channel Number (ARFCN)	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	1	–	11
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)	3	–	9
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.2G	36	–	48
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.2G	38	–	46
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.2G	42		
	WLAN802.11 ac(160M) 5.2G	50		
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.3G	52	–	64
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.3G	54	–	62
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.3G	58		
	WLAN802.11 a/n/ac(20M) 5.6G	100	–	144
	WLAN802.11 n/ac(40M) 5.6G	102	–	142
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.6G	106	–	138
	WLAN802.11 ac(160M) 5.6G	114		
	WLAN802.11 a/n(20M)/ac(20M) 5.8G	149	–	165
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)/ac(40M) 5.8G	151	–	159
	WLAN802.11 ac(80M) 5.8G	155		
	Bluetooth	0	–	78

Vendor	WNC					WNC				
Antenna	Main (PIFA)					Aux (PIFA)				
Part Number	DQ6915G1200					DQ6915G1200				
Frequency	2.4G	5.2G	5.3G	5.6G	5.8G	2.4G	5.2G	5.3G	5.6G	5.8G
Gain (dBi)	0.32	-0.05	-0.05	-1.60	-0.44	-0.15	-1.19	-1.49	-1.4	-0.95

Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg)					
Antenna	Band	Measured	Reported	Channel	Position
Main	WLAN802.11 b	0.23	0.23	6	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.2G	0.13	0.14	46	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 a 5.3G	0.17	0.18	56	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.3G	0.18	0.18	54	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.6G	0.14	0.15	134	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.8G	0.13	0.14	159	Bottom side
Aux	WLAN802.11 b	0.12	0.13	2	Bottom side
	Bluetooth (GFSK)	0.00	0.01	78	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 a 5.2G	0.30	0.30	40	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.2G	0.26	0.26	46	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.3G	0.24	0.24	54	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.6G	0.24	0.24	134	Bottom side
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.8G	0.16	0.16	151	Bottom side

WLAN802.11 a/b/g/n(20M/40M)/ac(20M/40M/80M/160M) conducted power table:

Band \ Antenna	SISO		MIMO
	Chain 0	Chain 1	Chain0+1
WLAN802.11b	V	V	–
WLAN802.11g	V	V	–
WLAN802.11n(20M)	V	V	V
WLAN802.11n(40M)	V	V	V
WLAN802.11a	V	V	–
WLAN802.11n(20M) 5G	V	V	V
WLAN802.11n(40M) 5G	V	V	V
WLAN802.11ac(20M) 5G	V	V	V
WLAN802.11ac(40M) 5G	V	V	V
WLAN802.11ac(80M) 5G	V	V	V
WLAN802.11ac(160M) 5G	V	V	V

This device uses the mobile country code (MCC) detection mechanism to indicate whether the users in CE countries and FCC/IC countries in WiFi bands. The selection between different power levels is based on the country code detection mechanism. It can determine the countries where users are and set the relevant power level for WiFi antennas accordingly.

Antenna .	MCC·OF·CE·COUNTRY. (CE·standard).	MCC·OF·FCC/IC·COUNTRY (FCC/IC·standard).
WiFi·2.4G Core 0 (Main).	Power Level ·A1	Power Level ·B1
WiFi·2.4G Core 1 (Aux).	Power Level ·A2	Power Level ·B1
WiFi 5G·Core 0 (Main)	Power Level ·A3	Power Level ·B2
WiFi 5G Core 1 (Aux),	Power Level ·A3	Power Level ·B2

SISO

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
2450 MHz	802.11b	1	2412	1Mbps	14.00	13.91
		2	2417		17.00	16.95
		6	2437		17.00	16.90
		10	2457		17.00	16.94
		11	2462		14.00	13.95
	802.11g	1	2412	6Mbps	14.00	13.91
		2	2417		17.00	16.96
		6	2437		17.00	16.91
		10	2457		17.00	16.93
		11	2462		14.00	13.92
	802.11n20-HT0	1	2412	MCS0	14.00	13.89
		2	2417		17.00	16.96
		6	2437		17.00	16.84
		10	2457		17.00	16.92
		11	2462		14.00	13.90
	802.11n40-HT0	3	2422	MCS0	11.00	10.89
		4	2427		16.00	15.93
		6	2437		16.00	15.88
		8	2447		16.00	15.90
		9	2452		11.00	10.89

Notes : As different maximum tune-up output power is specified across the different channels range. So the additional conducted power measurement for the adjacent channel of each power level stage is also performed in this report to ensure compliance.

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11a	36	5180	6Mbps	14.00	13.93
		40	5200		15.00	14.91
		44	5220		15.00	14.86
		48	5240		15.00	14.90
	802.11n20-HT0	36	5180	MCS0	14.00	13.92
		40	5200		15.00	14.94
		44	5220		15.00	14.88
		48	5240		15.00	14.94
	802.11ac20-VHT0	36	5180	MCS0	14.00	13.82
		40	5200		15.00	14.89
		44	5220		15.00	14.83
		48	5240		15.00	14.90
	802.11n40-HT0	38	5190	MCS0	11.00	10.92
		46	5230		15.00	14.78
	802.11ac40-VHT0	38	5190	MCS0	11.00	10.87
		46	5230		15.00	14.92
	802.11ac80-VHT0	42	5210	MCS0	11.00	10.92
	802.11ac160-VHT0	50	5250	MCS0	11.00	10.94

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.25-5.35 GHz	802.11a	52	5260	6Mbps	14.00	13.91
		56	5280		15.00	14.92
		60	5300		15.00	14.91
		64	5320		14.00	13.88
	802.11n20-HT0	52	5260	MCS0	14.00	13.91
		56	5280		15.00	14.90
		60	5300		15.00	14.92
		64	5320		14.00	13.88
	802.11ac20-VHT0	52	5260	MCS0	14.00	13.93
		56	5280		15.00	14.91
		60	5300		15.00	14.94
		64	5320		14.00	13.87
	802.11n40-HT0	54	5270	MCS0	15.00	14.82
		62	5310		11.00	10.91
	802.11ac40-VHT0	54	5270	MCS0	15.00	14.90
		62	5310		11.00	10.88
	802.11ac80-VHT0	58	5290	MCS0	11.00	10.77

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11a	100	5500	6Mbps	13.00	12.87
		104	5520		14.00	13.93
		108	5540		14.00	13.71
		112	5560		14.00	13.74
		116	5580		14.00	13.89
		120	5600		14.00	13.85
		124	5620		14.00	13.88
		128	5640		14.00	13.90
		132	5660		14.00	13.72
		136	5680		14.00	13.91
		140	5700		13.00	12.87
		144	5720		14.00	13.93
	802.11n20-HT0	100	5500	MCS0	13.00	12.91
		104	5520		14.00	13.96
		108	5540		14.00	13.81
		112	5560		14.00	13.82
		116	5580		14.00	13.88
		120	5600		14.00	13.80
		124	5620		14.00	13.84
		128	5640		14.00	13.81
		132	5660		14.00	13.86
		136	5680		14.00	13.91
		140	5700		13.00	12.91
		144	5720		14.00	13.94
	802.11ac20-VHT0	100	5500	MCS0	13.00	12.89
		104	5520		14.00	13.94
		108	5540		14.00	13.81
		112	5560		14.00	13.72
		116	5580		14.00	13.87
		120	5600		14.00	13.91
		124	5620		14.00	13.83
		128	5640		14.00	13.85
		132	5660		14.00	13.69
		136	5680		14.00	13.92
		140	5700		13.00	12.89
		144	5720		14.00	13.86

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11n40-HT0	102	5510	MCS0	11.00	10.59
		110	5550		14.00	13.81
		118	5590		14.00	13.82
		126	5630		14.00	13.78
		134	5670		14.00	13.84
		142	5710		14.00	13.79
	802.11ac40-VHT0	102	5510	MCS0	11.00	10.94
		110	5550		14.00	13.95
		118	5590		14.00	13.90
		126	5630		14.00	13.84
		134	5670		14.00	13.88
		142	5710		14.00	13.93
	802.11ac80-VHT0	106	5530	MCS0	11.00	10.76
		122	5610		13.00	12.74
		138	5690		13.00	12.87
	802.11ac160-VHT0	114	5570	MCS0	11.00	10.89

Main Antenna						
Mode	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5800 MHz	802.11a	149	5745	6Mbps	13.00	12.85
		153	5765		14.00	13.84
		157	5785		14.00	13.92
		161	5805		14.00	13.81
		165	5825		14.00	13.91
	802.11n20-HT0	149	5745	MCS0	13.00	12.89
		153	5765		14.00	13.81
		157	5785		14.00	13.91
		161	5805		14.00	13.79
		165	5825		14.00	13.93
	802.11ac20-VHT0	149	5745	MCS0	13.00	12.94
		153	5765		14.00	13.89
		157	5785		14.00	13.84
		161	5805		14.00	13.81
		165	5825		14.00	13.83
	802.11n40-HT0	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.70
		159	5795		14.00	13.72
	802.11ac40-VHT0	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.82
		159	5795		14.00	13.88
	802.11ac80-VHT0	155	5775	MCS0	13.00	12.75

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
2450 MHz	802.11b	1	2412	1Mbps	14.00	13.97
		2	2417		17.00	16.97
		6	2437		17.00	16.99
		10	2457		17.00	16.95
		11	2462		14.00	13.98
	802.11g	1	2412	6Mbps	14.00	13.98
		2	2417		17.00	16.99
		6	2437		17.00	16.97
		10	2457		17.00	16.98
		11	2462		14.00	13.96
	802.11n20-HT0	1	2412	MCS0	14.00	13.95
		2	2417		17.00	16.94
		6	2437		17.00	16.99
		10	2457		17.00	16.92
		11	2462		14.00	13.98
	802.11n40-HT0	3	2422	MCS0	11.00	10.97
		4	2427		16.00	15.94
		6	2437		16.00	15.98
		8	2447		16.00	15.92
		9	2452		11.00	10.98

Notes : As different maximum tune-up output power is specified across the different channels range. So the additional conducted power measurement for the adjacent channel of each power level stage is also performed in this report to ensure compliance.

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11a	36	5180	6Mbps	14.00	13.98
		40	5200		15.00	14.99
		44	5220		15.00	14.99
		48	5240		15.00	14.95
	802.11n20-HT0	36	5180	MCS0	14.00	13.96
		40	5200		15.00	14.94
		44	5220		15.00	14.98
		48	5240		15.00	14.97
	802.11ac20-VHT0	36	5180	MCS0	14.00	13.90
		40	5200		15.00	14.93
		44	5220		15.00	14.90
		48	5240		15.00	14.94
	802.11n40-HT0	38	5190	MCS0	11.00	10.97
		46	5230		15.00	14.96
	802.11ac40-VHT0	38	5190	MCS0	11.00	10.92
		46	5230		15.00	14.93
	802.11ac80-VHT0	42	5210	MCS0	11.00	10.98
	802.11ac160-VHT0	50	5250	MCS0	11.00	10.99

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.25-5.35 GHz	802.11a	52	5260	6Mbps	14.00	13.97
		56	5280		15.00	14.91
		60	5300		15.00	14.98
		64	5320		14.00	13.97
	802.11n20-HT0	52	5260	MCS0	14.00	13.96
		56	5280		15.00	14.94
		60	5300		15.00	14.98
		64	5320		14.00	13.98
	802.11ac20-VHT0	52	5260	MCS0	14.00	13.90
		56	5280		15.00	14.92
		60	5300		15.00	14.88
		64	5320		14.00	13.93
	802.11n40-HT0	54	5270	MCS0	15.00	14.95
		62	5310		11.00	10.96
	802.11ac40-VHT0	54	5270	MCS0	15.00	14.95
		62	5310		11.00	10.90
	802.11ac80-VHT0	58	5290	MCS0	11.00	10.94

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11a	100	5500	6Mbps	13.00	12.96
		104	5520		14.00	13.95
		108	5540		14.00	13.81
		112	5560		14.00	13.79
		116	5580		14.00	13.97
		120	5600		14.00	13.88
		124	5620		14.00	13.89
		128	5640		14.00	13.83
		132	5660		14.00	13.84
		136	5680		14.00	13.90
		140	5700		13.00	12.96
		144	5720		14.00	13.98
	802.11n20-HT0	100	5500	MCS0	13.00	12.96
		104	5520		14.00	13.89
		108	5540		14.00	13.77
		112	5560		14.00	13.76
		116	5580		14.00	13.95
		120	5600		14.00	13.90
		124	5620		14.00	13.87
		128	5640		14.00	13.85
		132	5660		14.00	13.71
		136	5680		14.00	13.92
		140	5700		13.00	12.98
		144	5720		14.00	13.97
	802.11ac20-VHT0	100	5500	MCS0	13.00	13.92
		104	5520		14.00	13.93
		108	5540		14.00	13.79
		112	5560		14.00	13.77
		116	5580		14.00	13.90
		120	5600		14.00	13.84
		124	5620		14.00	13.88
		128	5640		14.00	13.87
		132	5660		14.00	13.76
		136	5680		14.00	13.95
		140	5700		13.00	12.88
		144	5720		14.00	13.81

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11n40-HT0	102	5510	MCS0	11.00	10.97
		110	5550		14.00	13.95
		118	5590		14.00	13.91
		126	5630		14.00	13.86
		134	5670		14.00	13.99
		142	5710		14.00	13.75
	802.11ac40-VHT0	102	5510	MCS0	11.00	10.93
		110	5550		14.00	13.94
		118	5590		14.00	13.90
		126	5630		14.00	13.88
		134	5670		14.00	13.89
		142	5710		14.00	13.95
	802.11ac80-VHT0	106	5530	MCS0	11.00	10.95
		122	5610		13.00	12.95
		138	5690		13.00	12.98
	802.11ac160-VHT0	114	5570	MCS0	11.00	10.95

Aux Antenna						
Mode	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5800 MHz	802.11a	149	5745	6Mbps	13.00	12.99
		153	5765		14.00	13.97
		157	5785		14.00	14.00
		161	5805		14.00	13.92
		165	5825		14.00	13.98
	802.11n20-HT0	149	5745	MCS0	13.00	12.96
		153	5765		14.00	13.94
		157	5785		14.00	13.97
		161	5805		14.00	13.91
		165	5825		14.00	13.96
	802.11ac20-VHT0	149	5745	MCS0	13.00	12.90
		153	5765		14.00	13.98
		157	5785		14.00	13.93
		161	5805		14.00	13.91
		165	5825		14.00	13.96
	802.11n40-HT0	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.98
		159	5795		14.00	13.96
	802.11ac40-VHT0	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.90
		159	5795		14.00	13.94
	802.11ac80-VHT0	155	5775	MCS0	13.00	12.99

MIMO

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
2450 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	1	2412	MCS8	11.00	9.82
		2	2417		12.00	11.89
		3	2422		14.00	12.71
		6	2437		14.00	12.86
		9	2452		14.00	12.72
		10	2457		12.00	11.92
		11	2462		11.00	9.86
	802.11n40-HT0	3	2422	MCS8	8.00	6.74
		4	2427		13.00	11.79
		6	2437		13.00	11.81
		8	2447		13.00	11.75
		9	2452		8.00	6.73

Notes：As different maximum tune-up output power is specified across the different channels range. So the additional conducted power measurement for the adjacent channel of each power level stage is also performed in this report to ensure compliance.

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11n20-HT0	36	5180	MCS8	11.00	9.72
		40	5200		12.00	10.88
		44	5220		12.00	10.92
		48	5240		12.00	10.90
	802.11ac20-HT0	36	5180	MCS0	11.00	9.68
		40	5200		12.00	10.85
		44	5220		12.00	10.89
		48	5240		12.00	10.88
	802.11n40-HT0	38	5190	MCS8	8.00	6.92
		46	5230		12.00	10.85
	802.11ac40-HT0	38	5190	MCS0	8.00	6.74
		46	5230		12.00	10.76
	802.11ac80-VHT0	42	5210	MCS0	8.00	6.85
	802.11ac160-VHT0	50	5250	MCS0	8.00	6.56

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.25-5.35 GHz	802.11n20-HT0	52	5260	MCS8	11.00	9.82
		56	5280		12.00	10.74
		60	5300		12.00	10.83
		64	5320		11.00	9.84
	802.11ac20-HT0	52	5260	MCS0	11.00	9.74
		56	5280		12.00	10.68
		60	5300		12.00	10.76
		64	5320		11.00	9.79
	802.11n40-HT0	54	5270	MCS8	12.00	10.67
		62	5310		8.00	6.86
	802.11ac40-HT0	54	5270	MCS0	12.00	10.59
		62	5310		8.00	6.77
	802.11ac80-VHT0	58	5290	MCS0	8.00	6.75

Main Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	100	5500	MCS8	10.00	8.76
		116	5580		11.00	9.65
		140	5700		10.00	8.69
		144	5720		11.00	9.72
	802.11ac20-HT0	100	5500	MCS0	10.00	8.63
		116	5580		11.00	9.54
		140	5700		10.00	8.61
		144	5720		11.00	9.66
	802.11n40-HT0	102	5510	MCS8	8.00	6.86
		110	5550		11.00	9.60
		134	5670		11.00	9.68
		142	5710		11.00	9.56
	802.11ac40-HT0	102	5510	MCS0	8.00	6.77
		110	5550		11.00	9.55
		134	5670		11.00	9.64
		142	5710		11.00	9.51
	802.11ac80-VHT0	106	5530	MCS0	8.00	6.70
		122	5610		10.00	8.55
		138	5690		10.00	8.96
	802.11ac160-VHT0	114	5570	MCS0	8.00	6.45

Main Antenna						
Mode	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5800 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	149	5745	MCS8	10.00	8.78
		157	5785		11.00	9.74
		165	5825		11.00	9.71
	802.11ac20-HT0	149	5745	MCS0	10.00	8.66
		157	5785		11.00	9.71
		165	5825		11.00	9.69
	802.11n40-HT0	151	5755	MCS8	11.00	9.63
		159	5795		11.00	9.65
	802.11ac40-HT0	151	5755	MCS0	11.00	9.53
		159	5795		11.00	9.64
	802.11ac80-VHT0	155	5775	MCS0	10.00	8.85

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
2450 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	1	2412	MCS8	11.00	10.43
		2	2417		12.00	11.55
		3	2422		14.00	13.08
		6	2437		14.00	13.29
		9	2452		14.00	13.19
		10	2457		12.00	11.68
		11	2462		11.00	10.35
	802.11n40-HT0	3	2422	MCS8	8.00	7.49
		4	2427		13.00	12.22
		6	2437		13.00	12.37
		8	2447		13.00	12.21
		9	2452		8.00	7.49

Notes：As different maximum tune-up output power is specified across the different channels range. So the additional conducted power measurement for the adjacent channel of each power level stage is also performed in this report to ensure compliance.

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11n20-HT0	36	5180	MCS8	11.00	10.57
		40	5200		12.00	11.35
		44	5220		12.00	11.41
		48	5240		12.00	11.42
	802.11ac20-HT0	36	5180	MCS0	11.00	10.49
		40	5200		12.00	11.31
		44	5220		12.00	11.36
		48	5240		12.00	11.37
	802.11n40-HT0	38	5190	MCS8	8.00	7.31
		46	5230		12.00	11.37
	802.11ac40-HT0	38	5190	MCS0	8.00	7.24
		46	5230		12.00	11.26
	802.11ac80-VHT0	42	5210	MCS0	8.00	7.32
	802.11ac160-VHT0	50	5250	MCS0	8.00	6.73

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5.25-5.35 GHz	802.11n20-HT0	52	5260	MCS8	11.00	10.51
		56	5280		12.00	11.44
		60	5300		12.00	11.52
		64	5320		11.00	10.51
	802.11ac20-HT0	52	5260	MCS0	11.00	10.49
		56	5280		12.00	11.41
		60	5300		12.00	11.49
		64	5320		11.00	10.41
	802.11n40-HT0	54	5270	MCS8	12.00	11.49
		62	5310		8.00	7.45
	802.11ac40-HT0	54	5270	MCS0	12.00	11.45
		62	5310		8.00	7.33
	802.11ac80-VHT0	58	5290	MCS0	8.00	7.28

Aux Antenna						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5600 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	100	5500	MCS8	10.00	9.55
		116	5580		11.00	10.56
		140	5700		10.00	9.59
		144	5720		11.00	10.47
	802.11ac20-HT0	100	5500	MCS0	10.00	9.48
		116	5580		11.00	10.51
		140	5700		10.00	9.57
		144	5720		11.00	10.43
	802.11n40-HT0	102	5510	MCS8	8.00	7.26
		110	5550		11.00	10.47
		134	5670		11.00	10.38
		142	5710		11.00	10.53
	802.11ac40-HT0	102	5510	MCS0	8.00	7.25
		110	5550		11.00	10.45
		134	5670		11.00	10.31
		142	5710		11.00	10.43
	802.11ac80-VHT0	106	5530	MCS0	8.00	7.32
		122	5610		10.00	9.29
		138	5690		10.00	8.99
	802.11ac160-VHT0	114	5570	MCS0	8.00	6.76

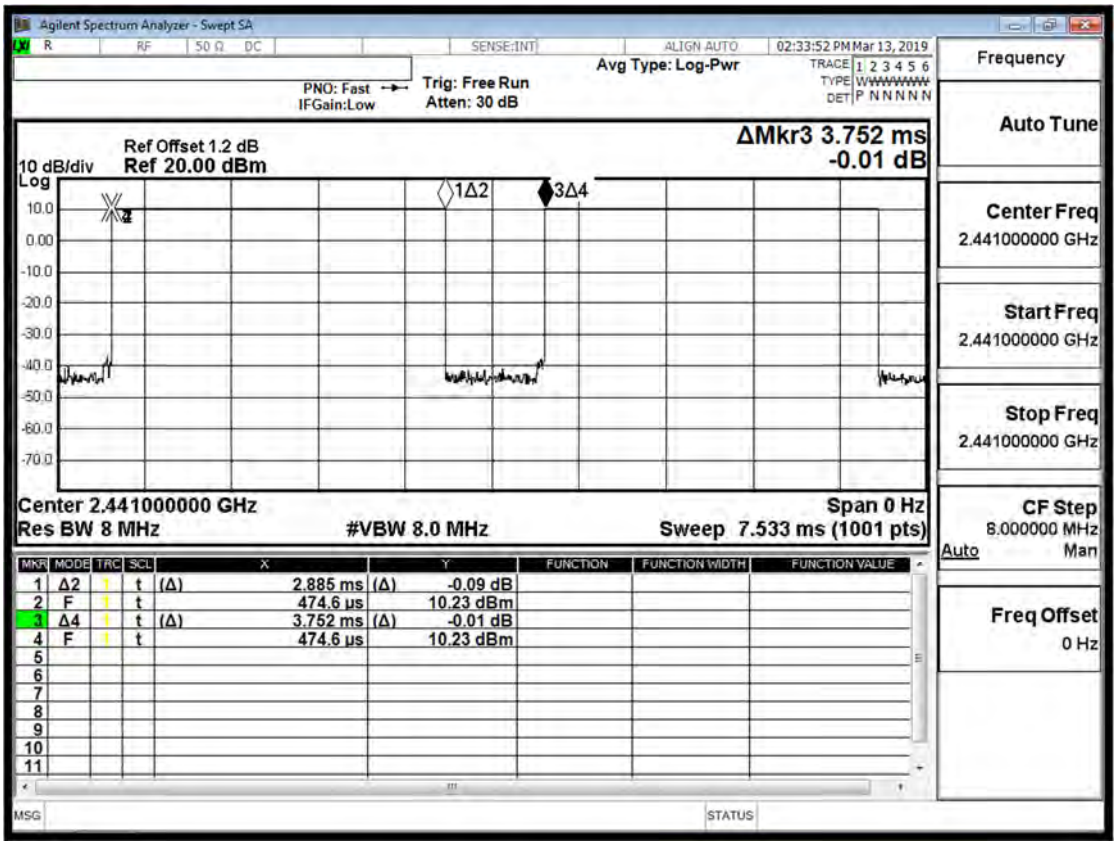
Aux Antenna						
Mode	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
5800 MHz	802.11n20-HT0	149	5745	MCS8	10.00	9.53
		157	5785		11.00	10.51
		165	5825		11.00	10.59
	802.11ac20-HT0	149	5745	MCS0	10.00	9.49
		157	5785		11.00	10.48
		165	5825		11.00	10.55
	802.11n40-HT0	151	5755	MCS8	11.00	10.52
		159	5795		11.00	10.47
	802.11ac40-HT0	151	5755	MCS0	11.00	10.47
		159	5795		11.00	10.41
	802.11ac80-VHT0	155	5775	MCS0	10.00	9.12

Bluetooth conducted power table:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)			Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps	
BR/EDR	CH 00	2402	9.47	7.60	6.95	11
	CH 39	2441	9.67	7.32	6.88	
	CH 78	2480	9.90	7.17	6.79	

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)
			GFSK	
LE	CH 00	2402	6.97	7
	CH 20	2442	6.98	
	CH 39	2480	6.81	

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)
			GFSK	
BT 5.0	CH 00	2402	6.95	7
	CH 20	2442	6.91	
	CH 39	2480	6.98	



CH78 chain B
Total time
3.752ms
Operating time
2.885ms
Duty cycle
(2.885/3.752)x100% = 76.89%

1.4 Test Environment

Ambient Temperature: 22±2° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid: 22±2° C

1.5 Operation Description

Use chipset specific software to control the EUT, and makes it transmit in maximum power. Measurements are performed respectively on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band(s). The EUT is set to maximum power level during all tests, and at the beginning of each test the battery is fully charged.

For laptop PC, according to KDB616217D04, SAR measurement is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. The device was tested with the bottom side of keyboard touch against the flat phantom (0mm), and the screen of the device is in an open position at a 90° angle as seen in below Figure.

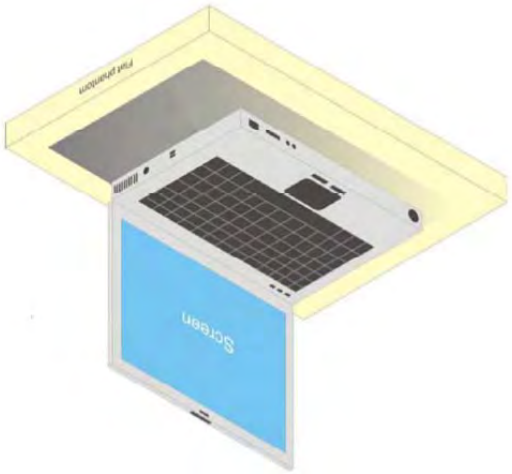


Illustration of setup position

Note:

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements:

1. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS mode using the highest measured maximum output power channel, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements:

3. SAR is not required for 802.11g/n since the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

   Initial Test Configuration:

4. An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

5. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6. Since the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for subsequent test configuration.
7. BT and WLAN Aux use the same antenna path and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously with WLAN Main.
8. According to KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels is not required when the reported 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
9. According to KDB865664 D01, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg, repeated that measurement once. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit)
10. Various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for WLAN SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. WLAN must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.
11. The device was tested with fixed power level based on the corresponding maximum output power table by using Intel DRTU tool.

1.6 The SAR Measurement System

A block diagram of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY 5 professional system). The model EX3DV4 field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ ($|Ei|^2$)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

The DASY 5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage intissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

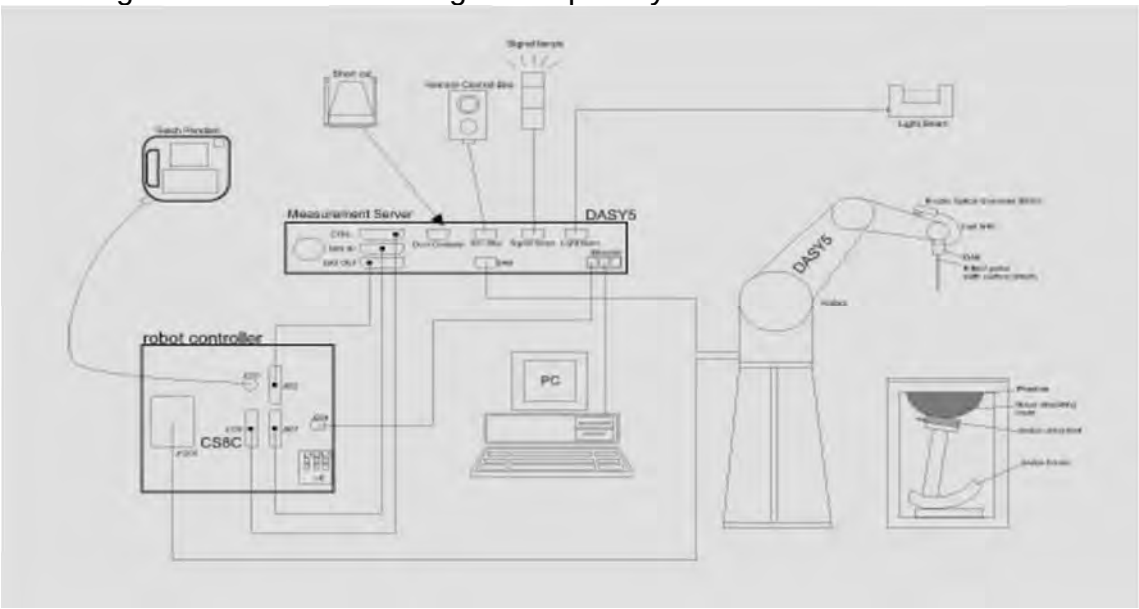


Fig. a The block diagram of SAR system

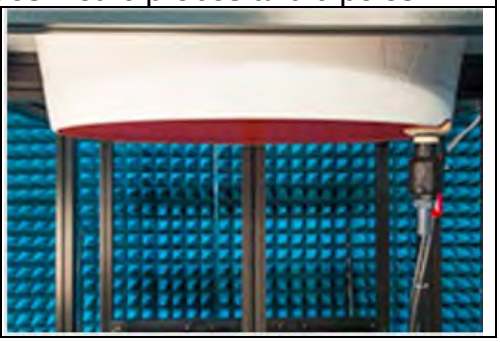
4. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
5. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
6. A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
7. A computer operating Windows 7.
8. DASY 5 software.
9. Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
10. The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
11. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
12. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
13. Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

1.7 System Components

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 2450/5200/5300/5600/5800 MHz Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

PHANTOM

Model	ELI	
Construction	The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

DEVICE HOLDER

Construction	The device holder (Supporter) for Notebook is made by POM (polyoxymethylene resin) , which is non-metal and non-conductive. The height can be adjusted to fit varies kind of notebooks.	 Device Holder

1.8 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 2450/5200/ 5300/5600/5800MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1 (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the tests, the liquid depth above the ear reference points was ≥ 15 cm ± 5 mm (frequency ≤ 3 GHz) or ≥ 10 cm ± 5 mm (frequency > 3 G Hz) in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

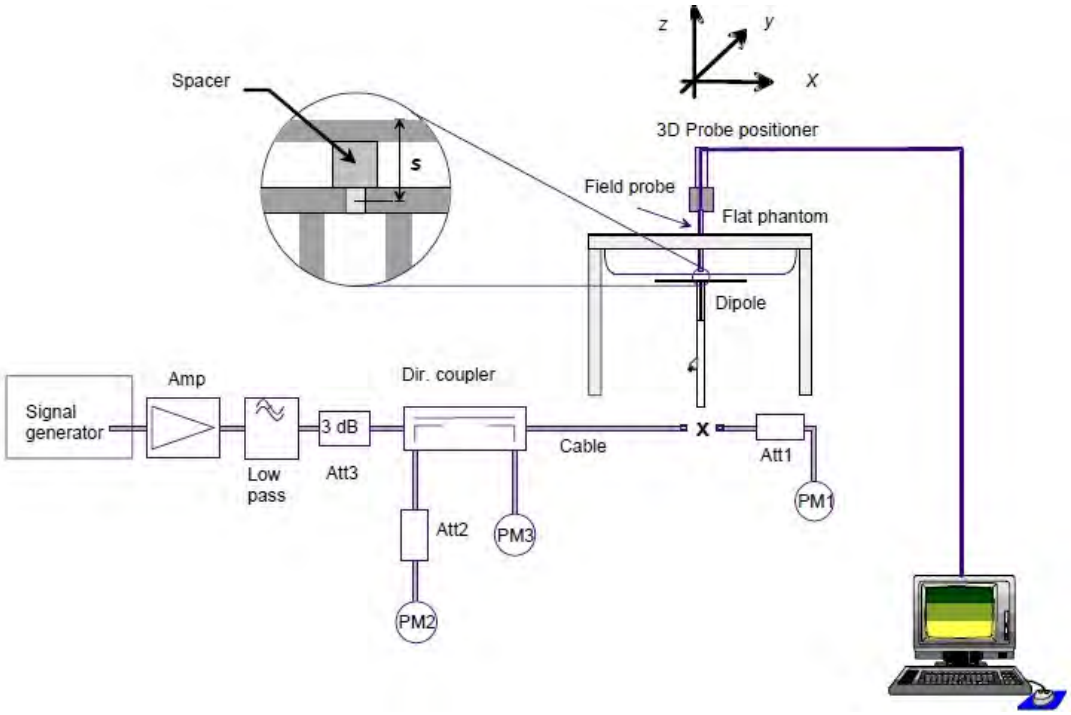


Fig. b The block diagram of system verification

Validation Kit	S/N	Frequency (MHz)		1W Target SAR-1g (mW/g)	Pin=250mW Measured SAR-1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR-1g normalized to 1W (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Measured Date
D2450V2	727	2450	Body	50.8	13.01	52.04	2.44%	Mar. 08, 2019
Validation Kit	S/N	Frequency (MHz)		1W Target SAR-1g (mW/g)	Pin=100mW Measured SAR-1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR-1g normalized to 1W (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Measured Date
D5GHzV2	1040	5200	Body	75.2	7.58	75.80	0.80%	Mar. 09, 2019
		5300	Body	76.4	7.68	76.80	0.52%	Mar. 10, 2019
		5600	Body	81.5	8.11	81.10	-0.49%	Mar. 11, 2019
		5800	Body	77.3	7.67	76.70	-0.78%	Mar. 12, 2019

Table 1. Results of system validation

1.9 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this body-simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Network Analyzer (30 KHz-6000 MHz).
All dielectric parameters of tissue simulates were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The measured conductivity and permittivity are all within ± 5% of the target values.

Tissue Type	Measurement Date	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Dielectric Constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, εr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	% dev εr	% dev σ
Body	Mar, 08. 2019	2402	52.764	1.904	53.571	1.851	1.53%	-2.77%
		2417	52.744	1.918	53.529	1.865	1.49%	-2.78%
		2437	52.717	1.938	53.529	1.884	1.54%	-2.75%
		2441	52.712	1.941	53.514	1.886	1.52%	-2.85%
		2450	52.700	1.950	53.512	1.895	1.54%	-2.84%
		2457	52.691	1.960	53.508	1.906	1.55%	-2.77%
		2480	52.662	1.993	53.478	1.937	1.55%	-2.81%
	Mar, 09. 2019	5180	49.041	5.276	49.902	5.147	1.75%	-2.45%
		5190	49.028	5.288	49.891	5.155	1.76%	-2.51%
		5200	49.014	5.299	49.871	5.166	1.75%	-2.52%
		5220	48.987	5.323	49.864	5.190	1.79%	-2.50%
		5230	48.974	5.334	49.853	5.209	1.80%	-2.35%
		5240	48.960	5.346	49.843	5.215	1.80%	-2.45%
	Mar, 10. 2019	5260	48.933	5.369	48.847	5.247	-0.18%	-2.28%
		5270	48.919	5.381	48.792	5.263	-0.26%	-2.19%
		5280	48.906	5.393	48.741	5.270	-0.34%	-2.28%
		5300	48.879	5.416	48.740	5.290	-0.28%	-2.33%
		5310	48.865	5.428	48.731	5.303	-0.27%	-2.30%
		5320	48.851	5.439	48.728	5.312	-0.25%	-2.35%
	Mar, 11. 2019	5510	48.594	5.661	48.694	5.541	0.21%	-2.13%
		5520	48.580	5.673	48.683	5.556	0.21%	-2.07%
		5550	48.539	5.708	48.675	5.571	0.28%	-2.40%
		5580	48.499	5.743	48.663	5.620	0.34%	-2.15%
		5600	48.471	5.766	48.657	5.644	0.38%	-2.12%
		5670	48.376	5.848	48.656	5.702	0.58%	-2.50%
		5680	48.363	5.860	48.654	5.739	0.60%	-2.07%
		5700	48.336	5.883	48.651	5.745	0.65%	-2.35%
		5720	48.309	5.907	48.649	5.753	0.70%	-2.60%
	Mar, 12. 2019	5755	48.261	5.947	48.648	5.771	0.80%	-2.97%
		5765	48.248	5.959	48.647	5.782	0.83%	-2.98%
		5785	48.220	5.982	48.593	5.800	0.77%	-3.05%
		5795	48.207	5.994	48.592	5.809	0.80%	-3.09%
		5800	48.200	6.000	48.590	5.819	0.81%	-3.01%
		5825	48.166	6.029	48.581	5.847	0.86%	-3.03%

Table 2. Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulant Fluid

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid:

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Ingredient						Total amount
		DGMBE	Water	Salt	Preventol D-7	Cellulose	Sugar	
2450M	Body	301.7ml	698.3ml	–	–	–	–	1.0L(Kg)

Body Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	Water	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors	Sodium and Salt
(% by weight)	60-80	20-40	0-1.5

Table 3. Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

1.10 Evaluation Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue.

The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D

interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.11 Probe Calibration Procedures

For the calibration of E-field probes in lossy liquids, an electric field with an accurately known field strength must be produced within the measured liquid. For standardization purposes it would be desirable if all measurements which are necessary to assess the correct field strength would be traceable to standardized measurement procedures. In the following two different calibration techniques are summarized:

1.11.1 Transfer Calibration with Temperature Probes

In lossy liquids the specific absorption rate (SAR) is related both to the electric field (E) and the temperature gradient ($\delta T / \delta t$) in the liquid.

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma}{\rho}|E|^2 = c\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

whereby σ is the conductivity, ρ the density and c the heat capacity of the liquid.

Hence, the electric field in lossy liquid can be measured indirectly by measuring the temperature gradient in the liquid. Non-disturbing temperature probes (optical probes or thermistor probes with resistive lines) with high spatial resolution (<1-2 mm) and fast reaction time (<1 s) are available and can be easily calibrated with high precision [1]. The setup and the exciting source have no influence on the calibration; only the relative positioning uncertainties of the standard temperature probe and the E-field probe to be calibrated must be considered. However, several problems limit the available accuracy of probe calibrations with temperature probes:

- The temperature gradient is not directly measurable but must be evaluated from temperature measurements at different time steps. Special precaution is necessary to avoid measurement errors caused by temperature gradients due to energy equalizing effects or convection currents in the liquid. Such effects cannot be completely avoided, as the measured field itself destroys the thermal equilibrium in the liquid. With a careful setup these errors can be kept small.
- The measured volume around the temperature probe is not well defined. It is difficult to calculate the energy transfer from a surrounding gradient temperature field into the probe. These effects must be considered, since temperature probes are calibrated in liquid with homogeneous temperatures. There is no traceable standard for temperature rise measurements.
- The calibration depends on the assessment of the specific density, the heat capacity and the conductivity of the medium. While the specific density and heat capacity can be measured accurately with standardized procedures (~ 2% for c; much better for ρ) , there is no standard for the measurement of the conductivity. Depending on the method and liquid, the error can well exceed ±5%.
- Temperature rise measurements are not very sensitive and therefore are often performed at a higher power level than the E-field measurements. The nonlinearities in the system (e.g., power measurements, different components, etc.) must be considered.

Considering these problems, the possible accuracy of the calibration of E-field probes with temperature gradient measurements in a carefully designed setup is about ±10% (RSS) [2]. Recently, a setup which is a combination of the waveguide techniques and the thermal measurements was presented in [3]. The estimated uncertainty of the setup is ±5% (RSS) when the same liquid is used for the calibration and for actual measurements and ±7-9% (RSS) when not, which is in good agreement with the estimates given in [2].

1.11.2 Calibration with Analytical Fields

In this method a technical setup is used in which the field can be calculated analytically from measurements of other physical magnitudes (e.g., input power). This corresponds to the standard field method for probe calibration in air; however, there is no standard defined for fields in lossy liquids.
When using calculated fields in lossy liquids for probe calibration, several points must be considered in the assessment of the uncertainty:

- The setup must enable accurate determination of the incident power.
- The accuracy of the calculated field strength will depend on the assessment of the dielectric parameters of the liquid.
- Due to the small wavelength in liquids with high permittivity, even small

setups might be above the resonant cutoff frequencies. The field distribution in the setup must be carefully checked for conformity with the theoretical field distribution.

References

1. N. Kuster, Q. Balzano, and J.C. Lin, Eds., *Mobile Communications Safety*, Chapman & Hall, London, 1997.
2. K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, \Broadband calibration of E-field probes in lossy media", *IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques*, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1954{1962, Oct. 1996.
3. K. Jokela, P. Hyysalo, and L. Puranen, \Calibration of specific absorption rate (SAR) probes in waveguide at 900 MHz", *IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurements*, vol. 47, no. 2, pp. 432{438, Apr. 1998.

1.12 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (‘‘SAR’’) in Section 4.2 of ‘‘IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz,’’ ANSI/IEEE C95.1, By the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in ‘‘Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields,’’ NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

(2) Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

(3) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not

exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section. (Table 4.)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR (Brain)	1.60 W/kg	8.00 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 W/kg	0.40 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 W/kg	20.00 W/kg

Table 4. RF exposure limits

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

2. Summary of Results

2.1 Decision rules

Reported measurement data comply with IEEE 1528-2013:
Determining compliance shall be based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

2.2 Summary of Results

Main Antenna

Antenna	Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
									Measured	Reported	
Main	WLAN802.11 b	Bottom side	0	2	2417	17	16.95	101.16%	0.223	0.226	-
		Bottom side	0	6	2437	17	16.90	102.33%	0.226	0.231	46
		Bottom side	0	10	2457	17	16.94	101.39%	0.204	0.207	-
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.2G	Bottom side	0	46	5230	15	14.78	105.26%	0.132	0.139	47
	WLAN802.11 a 5.3G	Bottom side	0	52	5260	14	13.91	102.02%	0.133	0.136	-
		Bottom side	0	56	5280	15	14.92	101.86%	0.173	0.176	48
		Bottom side	0	60	5300	15	14.91	102.02%	0.164	0.167	-
		Bottom side	0	64	5320	14	13.88	102.73%	0.131	0.135	-
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.3G	Bottom side	0	54	5270	15	14.82	104.29%	0.176	0.184	49
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.6G	Bottom side	0	134	5670	14	13.84	103.75%	0.143	0.148	50
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.8G	Bottom side	0	159	5795	14	13.72	106.72%	0.130	0.139	51

Aux Antenna

Antenna	Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
									Measured	Reported	
Aux	WLAN802.11 b	Bottom side	0	2	2417	17	16.97	100.69%	0.124	0.125	52
		Bottom side	0	6	2437	17	16.99	100.23%	0.110	0.110	-
		Bottom side	0	10	2457	17	16.95	101.16%	0.091	0.092	-
	WLAN802.11 a 5.2G	Bottom side	0	40	5200	15	14.99	100.23%	0.303	0.304	53
		Bottom side	0	44	5220	15	14.99	100.16%	0.284	0.284	-
		Bottom side	0	48	5240	15	14.95	101.09%	0.288	0.291	-
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.2G	Bottom side	0	46	5230	15	14.96	100.98%	0.260	0.263	54
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.3G	Bottom side	0	54	5270	15	14.95	101.21%	0.236	0.239	55
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.6G	Bottom side	0	134	5670	14	13.99	100.23%	0.235	0.236	56
	WLAN802.11 n(40M) 5.8G	Bottom side	0	151	5755	14	13.98	100.52%	0.163	0.164	57

Antenna	Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Duty cycle factor	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
										Measured	Reported	
Aux	Bluetooth (GFSK)	Bottom side	0	78	2480	11	9.90	1.314	128.82%	0.004	0.007	58

Note:

Scaling = $\frac{\text{reported SAR}}{\text{measured SAR}} = \frac{\text{P2(mW)}}{\text{P1(mW)}} = 10^{\left(\frac{\text{P2}-\text{P1}}{10}\right)(\text{dBm})}$

Reported SAR = measured SAR * (scaling)

Where P2 is maximum specified power, P1 is measured conducted power

2.3 Reporting statements of conformity

The conformity statement in this report is based solely on the test results, measurement uncertainty is excluded.

3. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios:

Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	Body
2.4GHz WLAN MIMO	Yes
5GHz WLAN MIMO	Yes
BT + 2.4GHz WLAN Main	Yes
BT + 5GHz WLAN Main	Yes

Note:
1. Bluetooth and WLAN Aux share the same antenna path, and BT can transmit with WLAN Main simultaneously.
2. For 2.4/5GHz WLAN Main and Aux antennas, the maximum output power of each antenna during simultaneous transmission (for 802.11n/ac) is less than that used in standalone transmission (for 802.11a/b/g/n/ac), and we used the sum of 1-g SAR provision in KDB447498D01 to exclude the SAR measurement for 802.11n/ac MIMO.

3.1 Estimated SAR calculation

According to KDB447498 D01v06 – When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. tune up power(mW)}}{\text{Min. test separation distance(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{\text{f(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is >50mm, the 0.4W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

3.2 SPLSR evaluation and analysis

Per KDB447498D01, when the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR sum to peak location separation ratio(SPLSR).

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion.

The ratio is determined by **(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri**, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be **≤ 0.04** for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

SAR1 and SAR2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and Ri is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.

2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO

No.	Conditions	Position	Max. WLAN Main	Max. WLAN Aux	SAR Sum	SPLSR
1	2.4 GHz WLAN Main + WLAN Aux	Bottom side	0.231	0.125	0.356	ΣSAR<1.6, Not required

5 GHz WLAN MIMO

No.	Conditions	Position	Max. WLAN Main	Max. WLAN Aux	SAR Sum	SPLSR
2	5 GHz WLAN Main + WLAN Aux	Bottom side	0.184	0.304	0.488	ΣSAR<1.6, Not required

2.4GHz WLAN Main + BT

No.	Conditions	Position	Max. WLAN Main	BT	SAR Sum	SPLSR
3	2.4 GHz WLAN Main + BT	Bottom side	0.231	0.007	0.238	ΣSAR<1.6, Not required

5GHz WLAN Main + BT

No.	Conditions	Position	Max. WLAN Main	BT	SAR Sum	SPLSR
4	5 GHz WLAN Main + BT	Bottom side	0.184	0.007	0.191	ΣSAR<1.6, Not required

4. Instruments List

Manufacturer	Device	Type	Serial number	Date of last calibration	Date of next calibration
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7351	Dec.14,2018	Dec.13,2019
SPEAG	System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	727	Apr.24,2018	Apr.23,2019
		D5GHzV2	1040	Jun.28,2018	Jun.27,2019
SPEAG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1336	Aug.06,2018	Aug.05,2019
SPEAG	Software	DASY 52 V52.10.1	N/A	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI	N/A	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46107530	Feb.23,2019	Feb.22,2020
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300677	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Agilent	Dual-directional coupler	772D	MY52180142	Jul.04,2018	Jul.03,2019
Agilent	RF Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50144143	Mar.15,2018	Mar.14,2019
Agilent	Power Meter	ML2496A	1326001	Aug.09,2018	Aug.02,2019
Agilent	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1315048	Aug.09,2018	Aug.02,2019
			1315049	Aug.09,2018	Aug.02,2019
TECPEL	Digital thermometer	DTM-303A	TP131515	Jul.17,2018	Jul.16,2019

5. Measurements

Date: 2019/3/8

WLAN 802.11b_Body_Bottom side_CH 6_0mm_Main

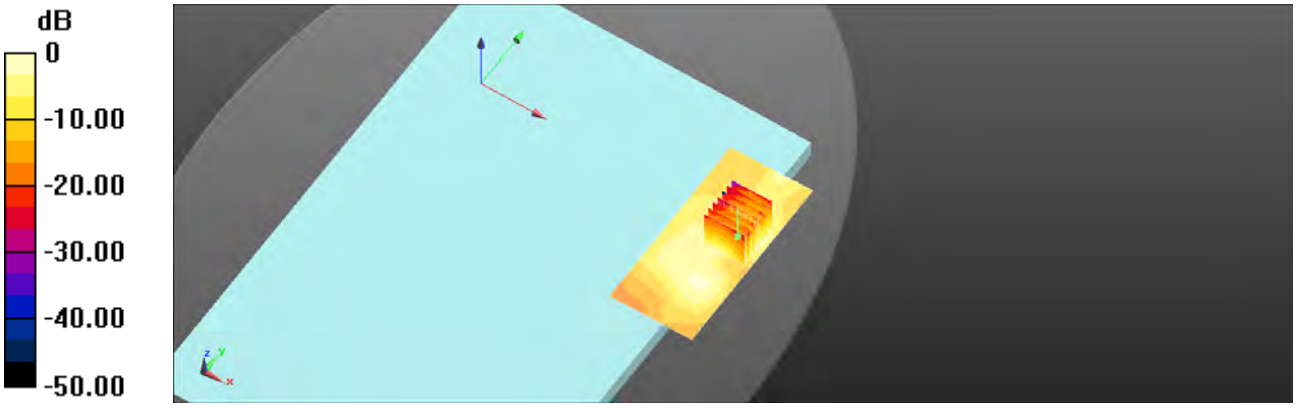
Communication System: WLAN 2.45G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.884 S/m; ε_r = 53.529; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.349 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.304 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.226 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



0 dB = 0.350 W/kg = -4.56 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/9

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.2G_Body_Bottom side_CH 46_0mm_Main

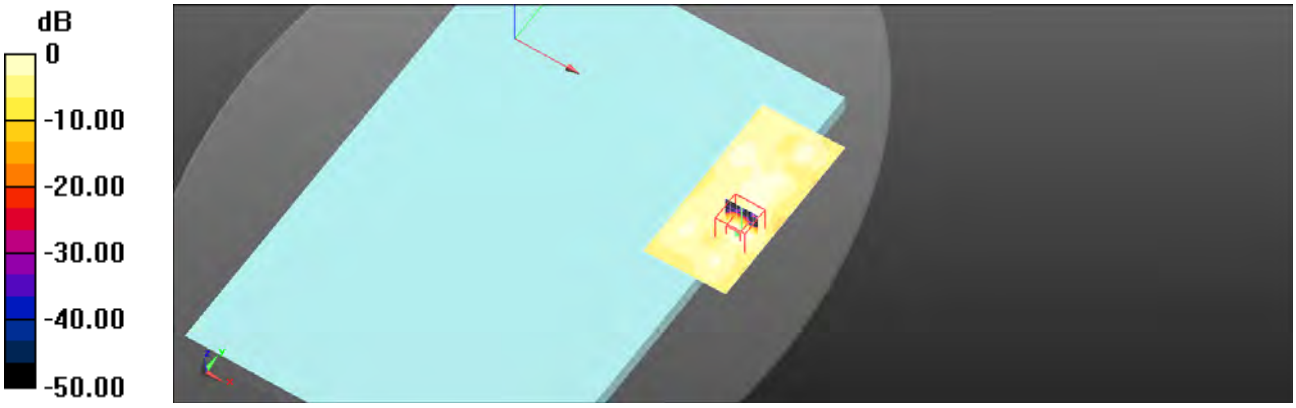
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5230 MHz; σ = 5.209 S/m; ε_r = 49.853; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.798 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.474 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 W/kg



0 dB = 0.265 W/kg = -5.77 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/10

WLAN802.11a 5.3G_Body_Bottom side_CH 56_0mm_Main

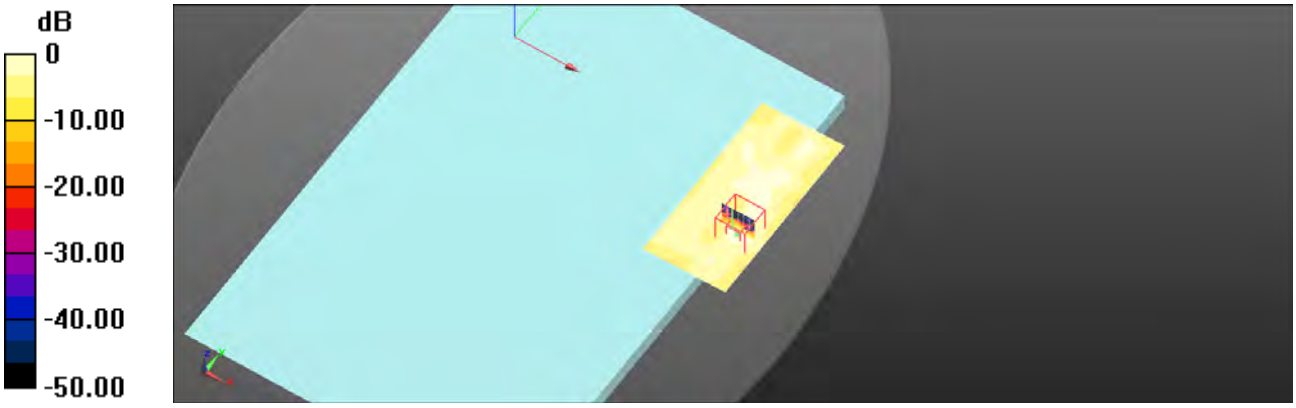
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; σ = 5.27 S/m; ε_r = 48.741; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.381 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.578 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.634 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.173 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg



0 dB = 0.341 W/kg = -4.67 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/10

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.3G_Body_Bottom side_CH 54_0mm_Main

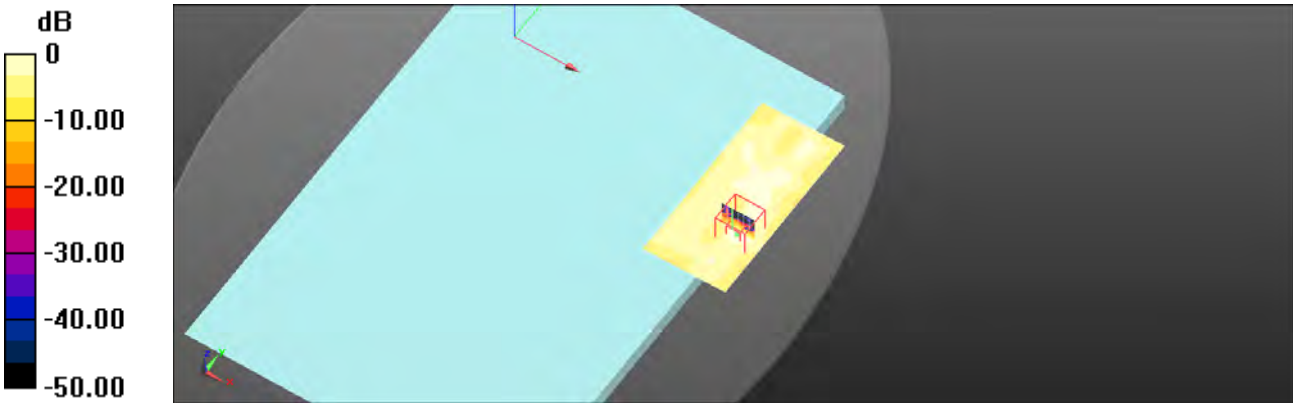
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; σ = 5.263 S/m; ε_r = 48.972; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.575 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.645 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.176 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg



0 dB = 0.347 W/kg = -4.60 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/11

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.6G_Body_Bottom side_CH 134_0mm_Main

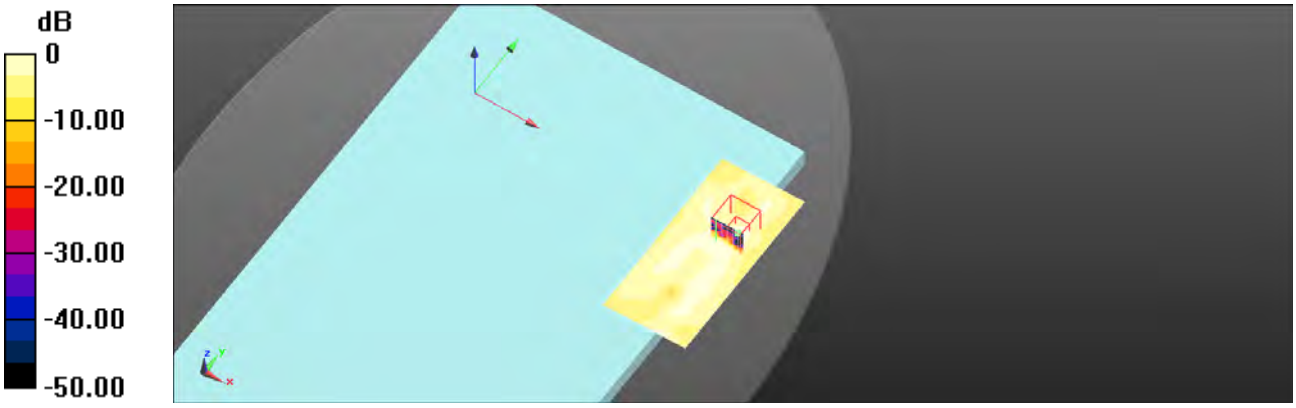
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5670 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5670 MHz; σ = 5.702 S/m; ε_r = 48.656; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.897 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.573 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 W/kg



0 dB = 0.324 W/kg = -4.90 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/12

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.8G_Body_Bottom side_CH 159_0mm_Main

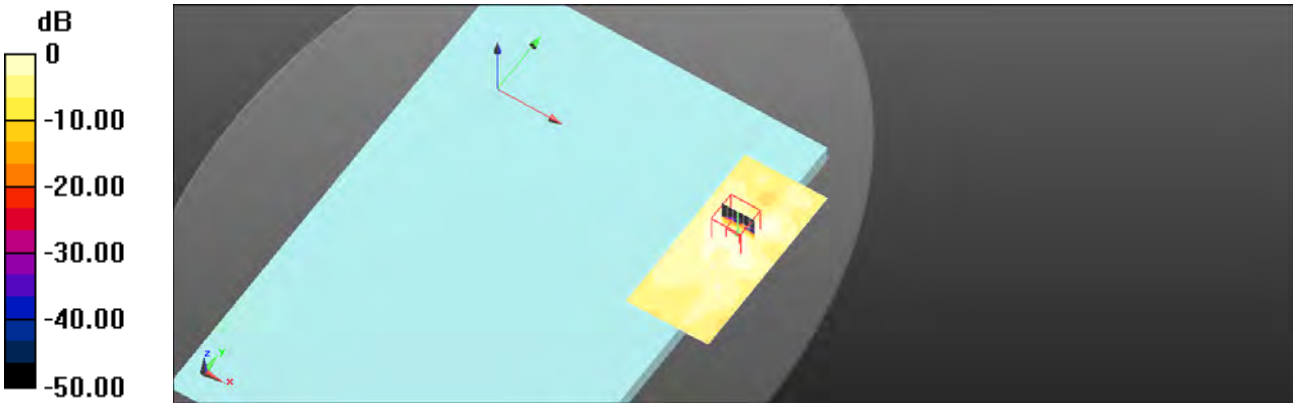
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz; σ = 5.809 S/m; ε_r = 48.592; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.288 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 0.9820 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg



0 dB = 0.296 W/kg = -5.29 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/8

WLAN 802.11b_Body_Bottom side_CH 2_0mm_Aux

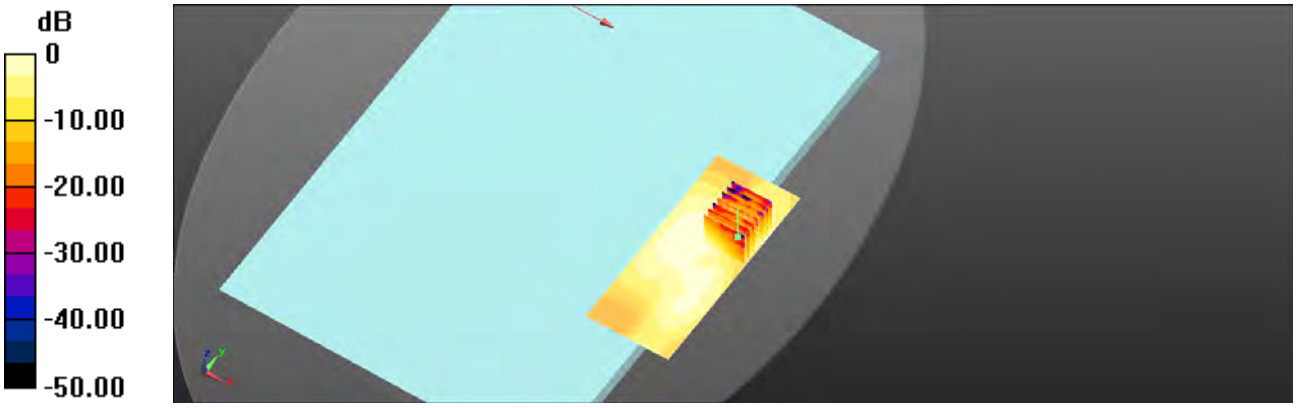
Communication System: WLAN 2.45G; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2417 MHz; σ = 1.865 S/m; ε_r = 53.529; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.172 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.660 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.259 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.124 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



0 dB = 0.185 W/kg = -7.34 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/9

WLAN802.11a 5.2G_Body_Bottom side_CH 40_0mm_Aux

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.166 S/m; ε_r = 49.871; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

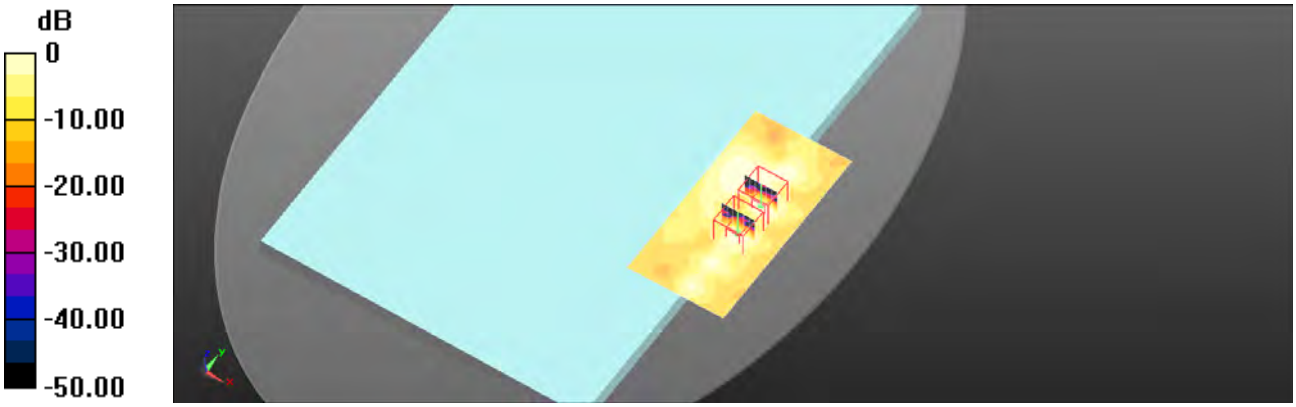
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.718 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.727 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.687 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 1.727 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.879 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 W/kg



0 dB = 0.499 W/kg = -3.02 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/9

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.2G_Body_Bottom side_CH 46_0mm_Aux

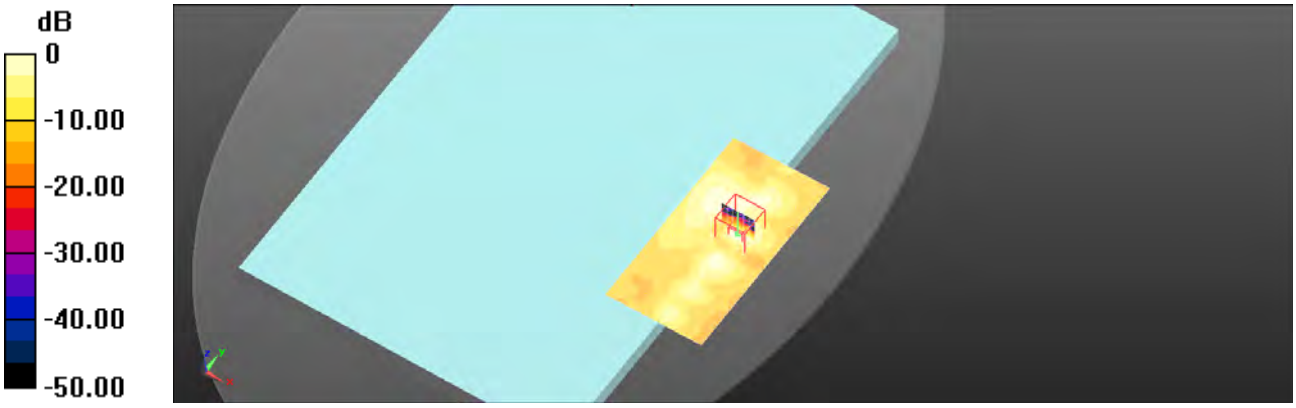
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5230 MHz; σ = 5.209 S/m; ε_r = 49.853; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.595 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 2.006 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.260 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg



0 dB = 0.572 W/kg = -2.42 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/10

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.3G_Body_Bottom side_CH 54_0mm_Aux

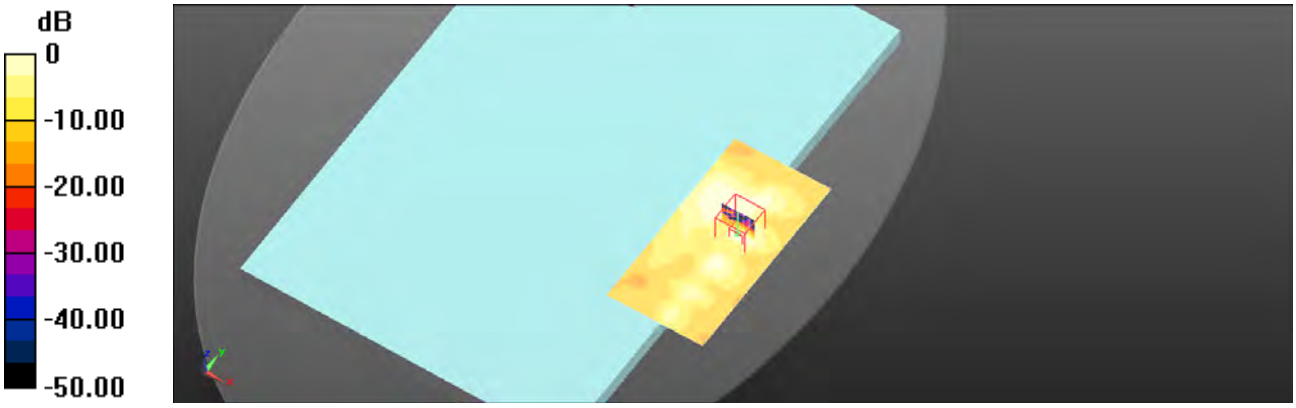
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; σ = 5.263 S/m; ε_r = 48.792; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.513 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 2.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.943 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 W/kg



0 dB = 0.524 W/kg = -2.80 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/11

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.6G_Body_Bottom side_CH 134_0mm_Aux

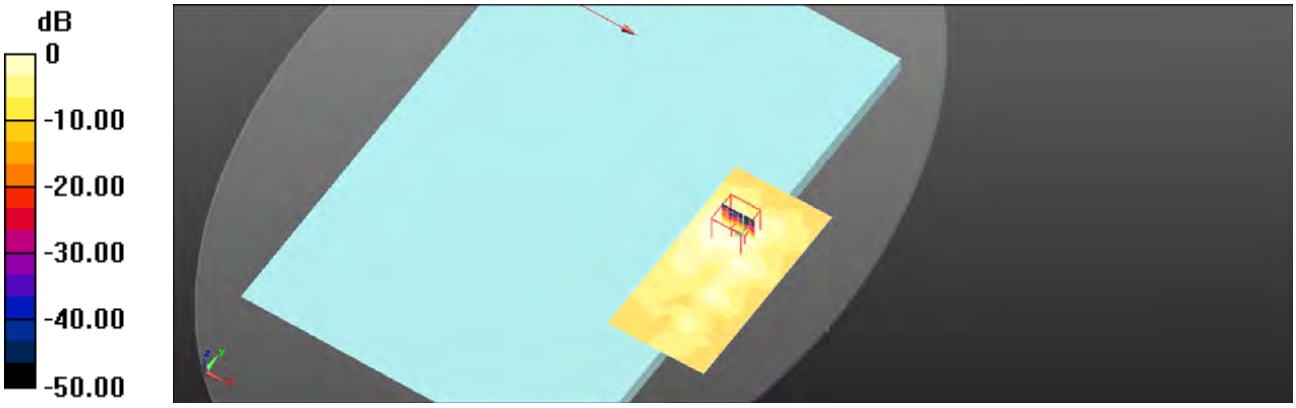
Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5670 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5670 MHz; σ = 5.702 S/m; ε_r = 48.656; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.479 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 2.120 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.901 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 W/kg



0 dB = 0.479 W/kg = -3.19 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/12

WLAN802.11n(40M) 5.8G_Body_Bottom side_CH 151_0mm_Aux

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5755 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5755 MHz; σ = 5.771 S/m; ε_r = 48.648; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 2.006 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.651 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 W/kg

0 dB = 0.344 W/kg = -4.64 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/8

Bluetooth(GFSK)_Body_Bottom side_CH 78_0mm_Aux

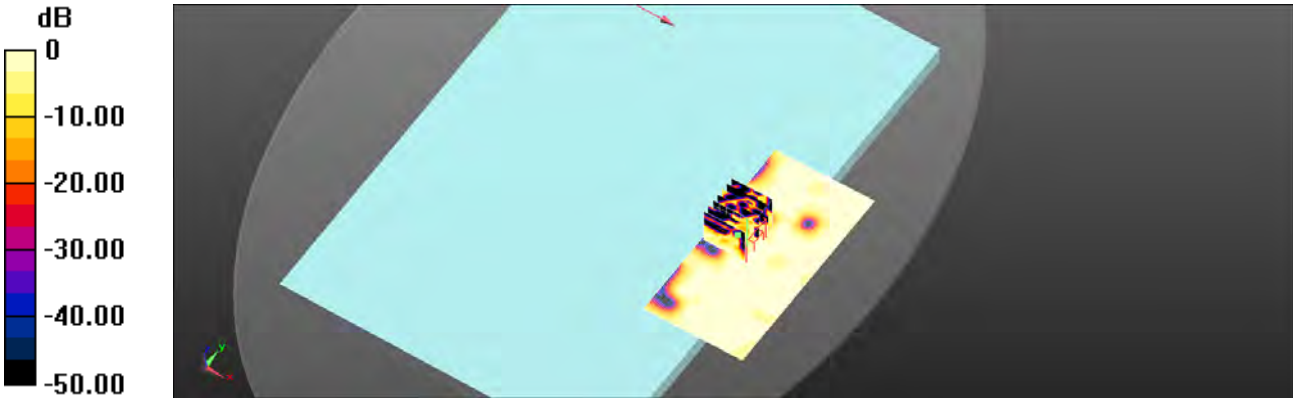
Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:0.7689
Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.937 S/m; ε_r = 53.478; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0182 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.006 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0150 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00207 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00863 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00863 W/kg = -20.64 dBW/kg

6. SAR System Performance Verification

Date: 2019/3/8

Dipole 2450 MHz_SN:727

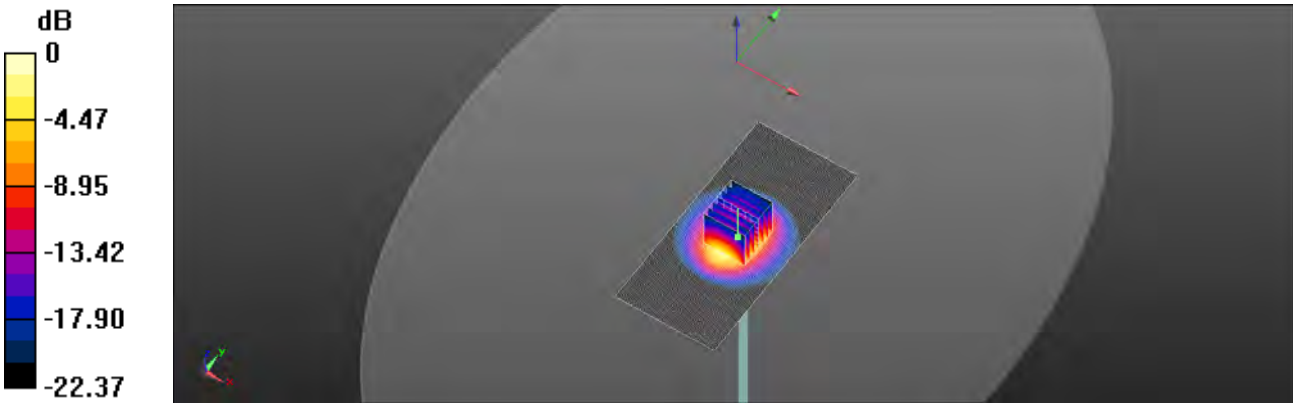
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.895 S/m; ε_r = 53.512; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72) ; Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 99.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/9

Dipole 5200 MHz_SN:1040

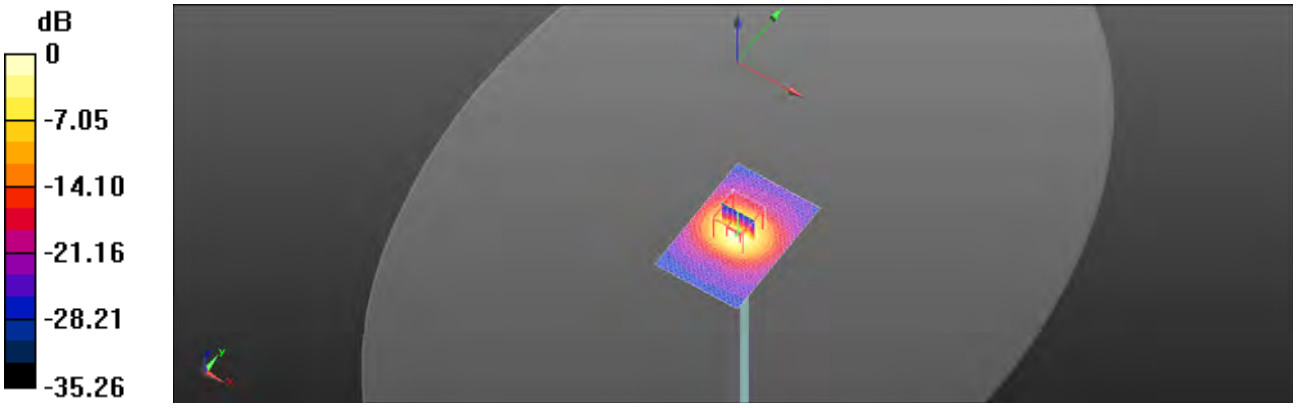
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.166 S/m; ε_r = 49.871; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.1 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 55.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.63 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/10

Dipole 5300 MHz_SN:1040

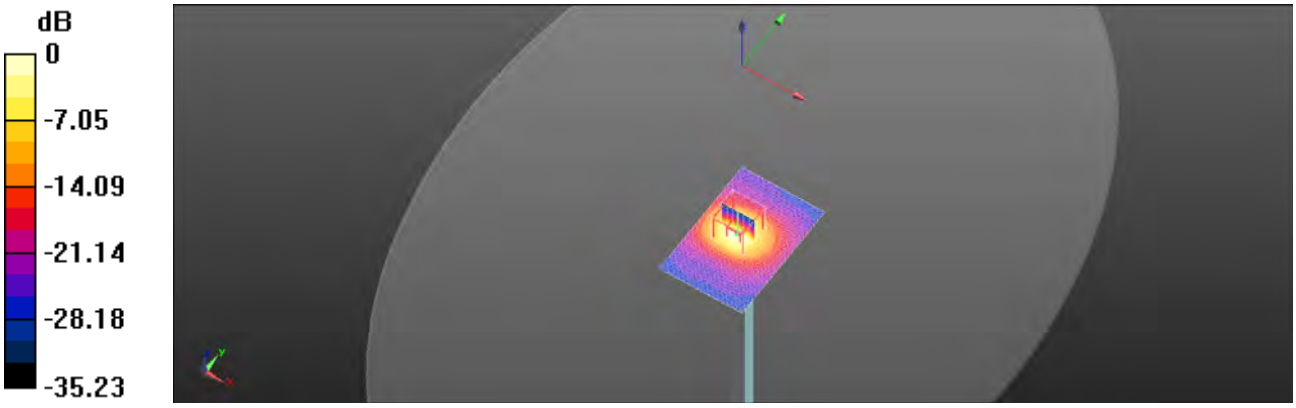
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.29 S/m; ε_r = 48.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 46.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg = 12.01 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/11

Dipole 5600 MHz_SN:1040

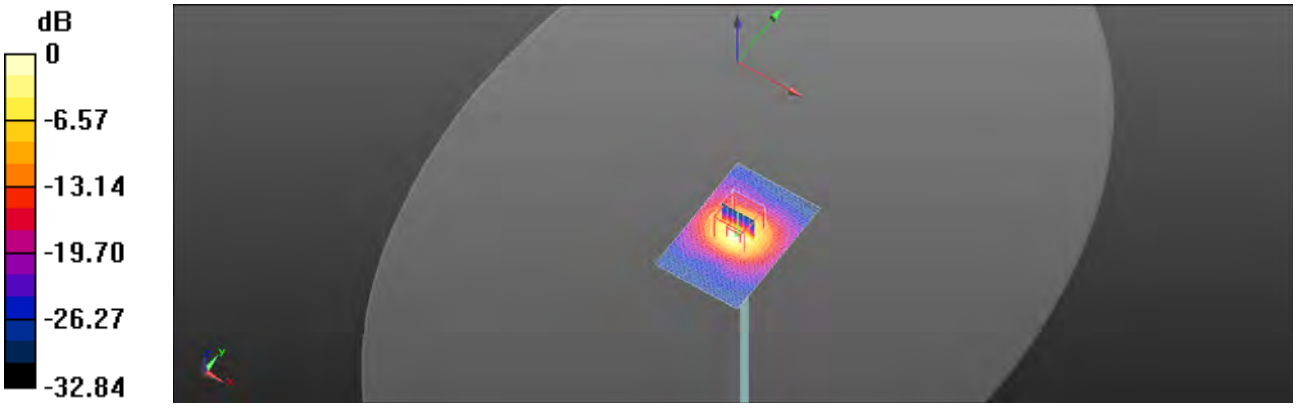
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.644 S/m; ε_r = 48.657; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 56.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.08 dBW/kg

Date: 2019/3/12

Dipole 5800 MHz_SN:1040

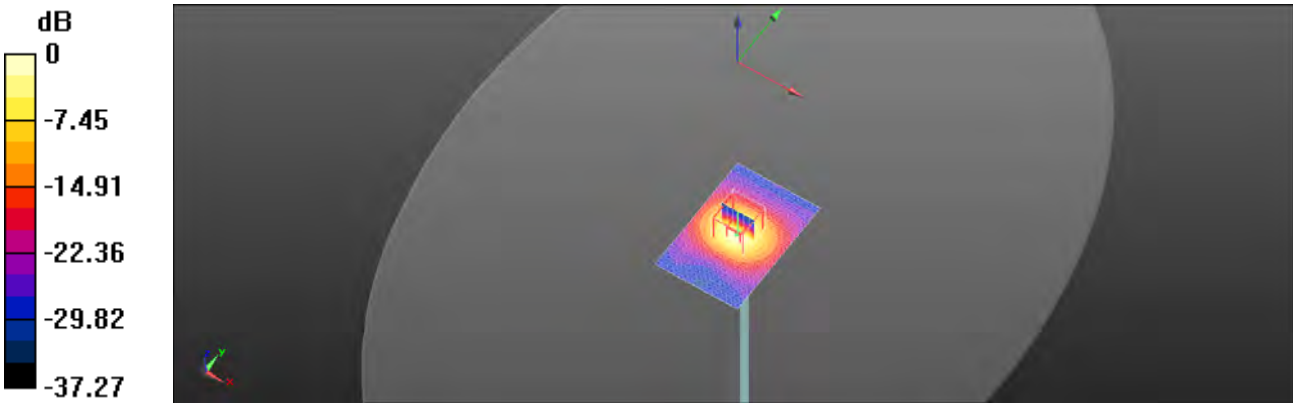
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.819 S/m; ε_r = 48.590; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature: 22.1°C; Liquid temperature: 21.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7351; ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2018/12/14
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2018/8/6
- Phantom: ELI
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.8 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 55.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.05 dBW/kg

7. Uncertainty Budget

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation template for DUT SAR test (3-6G)

A	c	D	e		f	g	h=c * f / e	i=c * g / e	k
Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance/ Uncertainty	Probability Distributio	Div	Div Value	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Standard uncertainty	Standard uncertainty	vi, or Veff
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55%	N	1	1	1	1	6.55%	6.55%	∞
Isotropy , Axial	3.50%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.02%	2.02%	∞
Isotropy, Hemispherical	9.60%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	5.54%	5.54%	∞
Modulation Response	2.40%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.40%	1.40%	∞
Boundary Effect	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Linearity	4.70%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.71%	2.71%	∞
Detection Limits	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30%	N	1	1	1	1	0.30%	0.30%	∞
Response time	0.80%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.46%	0.46%	∞
Integration Time	2.60%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.50%	1.50%	∞
Measurement drift (class A evaluation)	1.75%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.01%	1.01%	∞
RF ambient condition - noise	3.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.73%	1.73%	∞
RF ambient conditions - reflections	3.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.73%	1.73%	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical restrictions	0.40%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.23%	0.23%	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.90%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.67%	1.67%	∞
Post-processing	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Test Sample related									
Test sample positioning	2.90%	N	1	1	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	M-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60%	N	1	1	1	1	3.60%	3.60%	M-1
Drift of output power	5.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.89%	2.89%	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.31%	2.31%	∞
Liquid permittivity (mea.)	1.80%	N	1	1	0.64	0.43	1.15%	0.77%	M
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	3.09%	N	1	1	0.6	0.49	1.85%	1.51%	M
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS					11.92%	11.83%	
Expant uncertainty (95% confidence interval), K=2							23.84%	23.66%	

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation template for DUT SAR test (0.3-3G)

A	c	D	e		f	g	h=c * f / e	i=c * g / e	k
Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance/ Uncertainty	Probability Distributio	Div	Div Value	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Standard uncertainty	Standard uncertainty	vi, or Veff
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.00%	N	1	1	1	1	6.00%	6.00%	∞
Isotropy , Axial	3.50%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.02%	2.02%	∞
Isotropy, Hemispherical	9.60%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	5.54%	5.54%	∞
Modulation Response	2.40%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.40%	1.40%	∞
Boundary Effect	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Linearity	4.70%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.71%	2.71%	∞
Detection Limits	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30%	N	1	1	1	1	0.30%	0.30%	∞
Response time	0.80%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.46%	0.46%	∞
Integration Time	2.60%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.50%	1.50%	∞
Measurement drift (class A evaluation)	1.75%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.01%	1.01%	∞
RF ambient condition - noise	3.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.73%	1.73%	∞
RF ambient conditions - reflections	3.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.73%	1.73%	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical restrictions	0.40%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.23%	0.23%	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.90%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	1.67%	1.67%	∞
Post-processing	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	0.58%	0.58%	∞
Test Sample related									
Test sample positioning	2.90%	N	1	1	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	M-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60%	N	1	1	1	1	3.60%	3.60%	M-1
Drift of output power	5.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.89%	2.89%	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00%	R	√3	1.732	1	1	2.31%	2.31%	∞
Liquid permittivity (mea.)	1.55%	N	1	1	0.64	0.43	0.99%	0.67%	M
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.85%	N	1	1	0.6	0.49	1.71%	1.40%	M
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS					11.59%	11.51%	
Expant uncertainty (95% confidence interval), K=2							23.18%	23.03%	

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

E5201920013 SAR_Appendix A Photographs

E5201920013 SAR_Appendix B DAE & Probe Cal. Certificate

E5201920013 SAR_Appendix C Phantom Description & Dipole Cal. Certificate

- End of report -