FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C
(Class II Permissive Change)

TEST REPORT

For

MINI PCI 802.11 b/g Transceiver

Model: AR5BMB5

Trade Name: Atheros

Issued to

ATHEROS COMMUNICATION INC.
529 ALMANOR AVE.
SUNNYVALE, CA 94085, U.S.A.

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang,
Taoyuan Hsien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.
TEL: 886-3-324-0332
FAX: 886-3-324-5235

CNLA
0363
ILAC MRA

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: ATHEROS COMMUNICATION INC.
529 ALMANOR AVE.
SUNNYVALE, CA 94085, U.S.A.

Equipment Under Test: MINI PCI 802.11 b/g Transceiver

Trade Name: Atheros

Model: AR5BMB5

Date of Test: July 1 ~ October 5, 2005

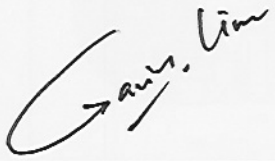
APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	**TEST RESULT**
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

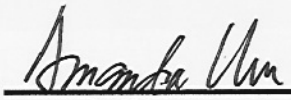
The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:



Gavin Lim
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Reviewed by:



Amanda Wu
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	MINI PCI 802.11 b/g Transceiver
Trade Name	Atheros
Model Number	AR5BMB5
Model Discrepancy	N/A
Power Supply	Powered from host device
Frequency Range	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11b: 22.78 dBm IEEE 802.11g: 22.96 dBm IEEE 802.11g Turbo: 23.43 dBm
Modulation Technique	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK; DQPSK; DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) + OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)
Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps IEEE 802.11g: 108, 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
Number of Channels	11 Channels
Antenna Specification	Omni Antenna / Gain: 2 dBi *PIFA Antenna / Gain: 0.85 dBi (Trade Name / Model Number: WNC / EDG-I3)
Class II Permissive Change	Added one type of PIFA antenna, please see ”*” in this report.

Remark:

1. *The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.*
2. *This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: PPD-AR5BMB5 filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.*

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

3.1EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

3.4FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
[1]0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	([2])
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

[2] Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

3.5DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

IEEE802.11b: Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 11Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE802.11g: Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: *Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.*

Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**Calibration Due**
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	01/10/2006

Open Area Test Site # 3				
Name of Equipment	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**Calibration Due**
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS20	838804/004	01/08/2006
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100112	09/23/2006
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	01/10/2006
Pre-Amplifier	MITEC	AFS42-00102650	924206	N.C.R.
Pre-Amplifier	MITEC	AMF-6F-260400	945377	N.C.R.
Bilog Antenna	SCHWAZBECK	VULB9163	145	07/05/2006
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	00022250	04/18/2006
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2487	12/08/2005
Turn Table	EMCO	2081-1.21	9709-1885	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	EMCO	2075-2	9707-2060	N.C.R
Controller	EMCO	2090	9709-1256	N.C.R
RF Switch	ANRITSU	MP59B	M53867	N.C.R
Site NSA	C&C	N/A	N/A	09/06/2006

Remark: *The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.16dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.*

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**Calibration Due**
EMI TEST RECEIVER 9kHz-30MHz	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS30	828144/003	09/24/2006
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK 9kHz-30MHz	SCHAFFNER	NNB41	03/10013	06/11/2006
LISN 10kHz-100MHz	EMCO	3825/2	9106-1809	02/17/2006
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)			

Remark: *The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.81dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.*

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

☒ No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

☐ No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods.”

5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200600-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (Registration no: 93105 and 90471).

5.4TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP*	EN 55011, EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, EN 55022, CNS 13438, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, FCC OST/MP-5, AS/NZS CISPR 22, IEC 61000-4-2, IEC 61000-4-3, IEC 61000-4-4, IEC 61000-4-5, IEC 61000-4-6, IEC 61000-4-8, IEC 61000-4-11	NVLAP® 200600-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	FC 93105, 90471
Japan	VCCI	4 3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	VCCI R-393/1066/725/879 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328-2, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	N ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	CNLA	EN 300 328-1/2, EN 300 220-1/2/3, EN 300 440-1/2, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C/D/E, EN 55013, CNS 13439, EN 55014-1, CNS 13783-1, EN 55022, CNS 13438, CISPR 22, AS/NZS 3548, EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, ENV 50204, IEEE Std 1528, FCC OET Bulletin, 65+Supplement C, EN50360, EN50361, EN50371, RSS102	CNLA 0363 ILAC MRA
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 SL2-IN-E-0014 SL2-A1-E-0014 SL2-R1-E-0014 SL2-R2-E-0014 SL2-L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	Canada IC 3991-3 IC 3991-4

** No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.*

** Australia: MRA of NVLAP AS/NZS 4771 &AS/NZS 4268.*

6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

6.2SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC	TOSHIBA	Satellite M40	45014336Q	FCC DoC	LAN Cable: Unshielded, 3m	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Remark:

1. *All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.*
2. *Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.*

6.3BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

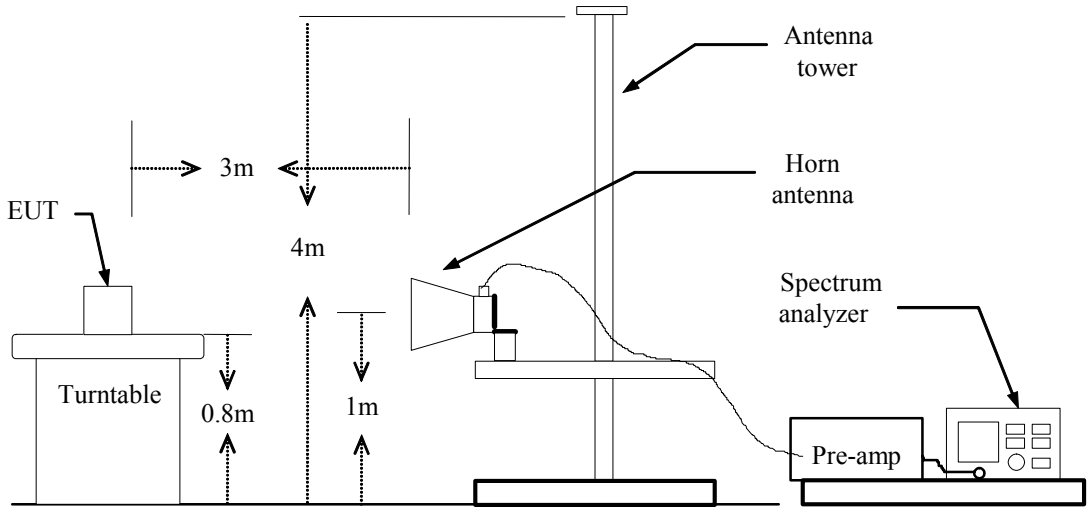
LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

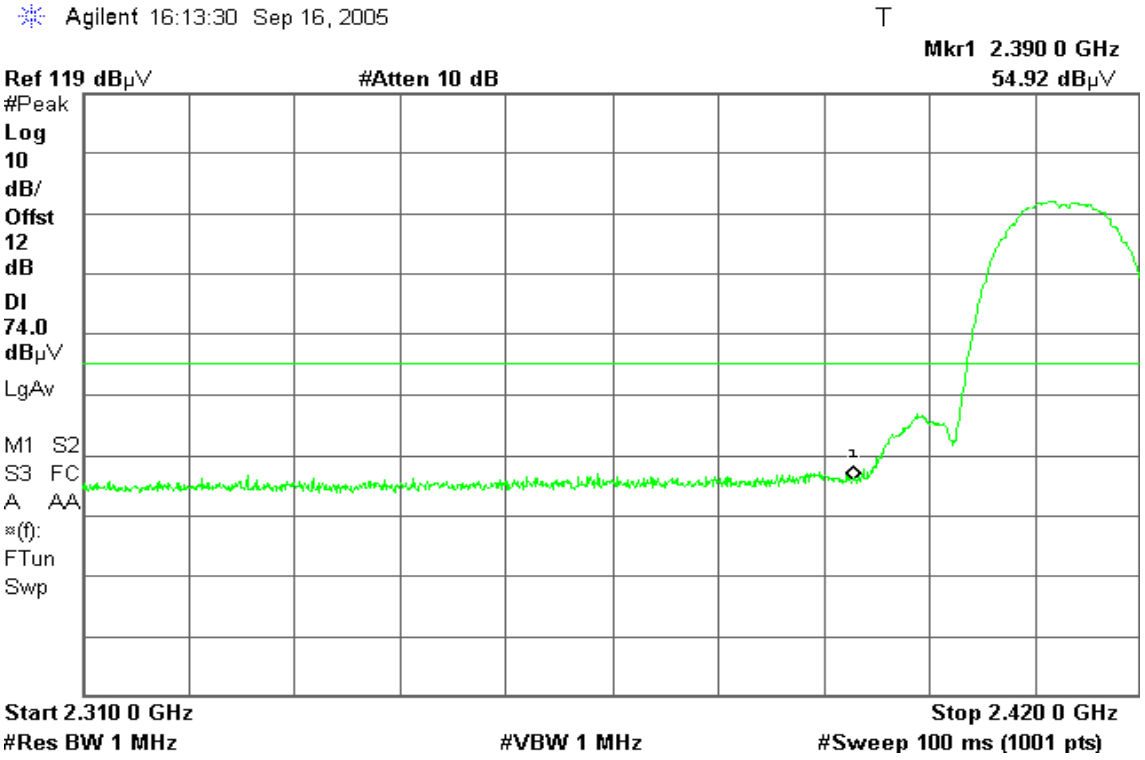
1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
   (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
   (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

TEST RESULTS

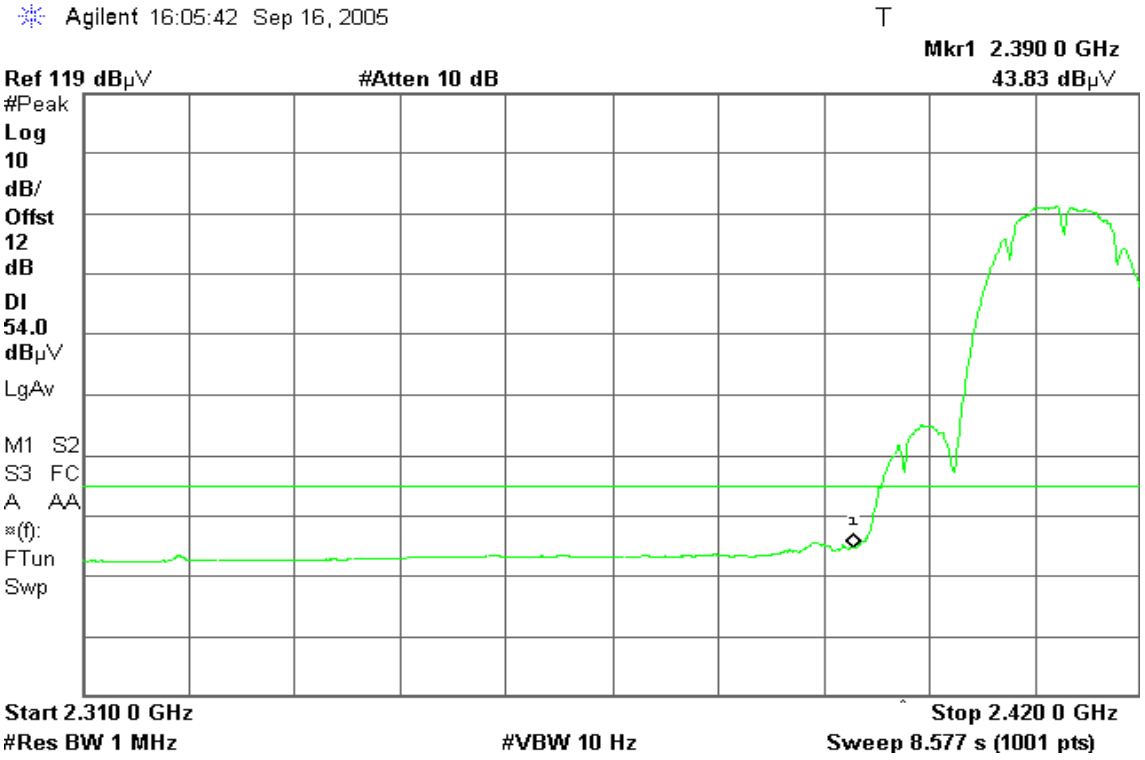
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)

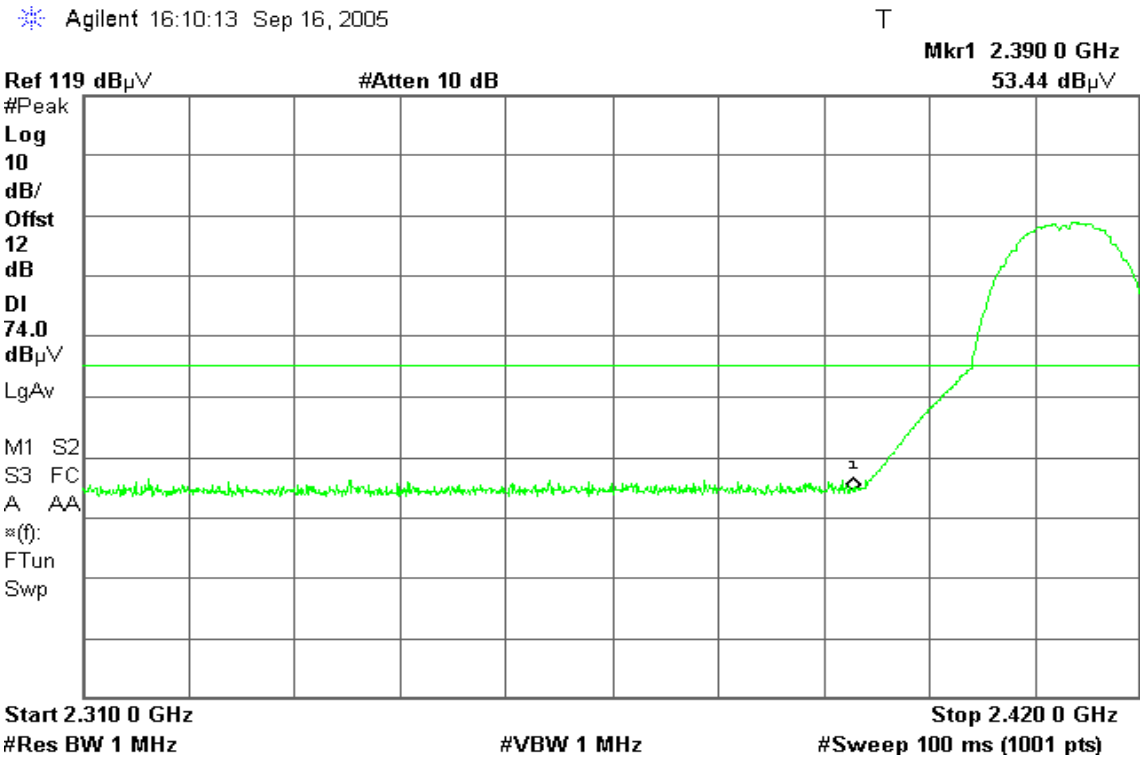
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



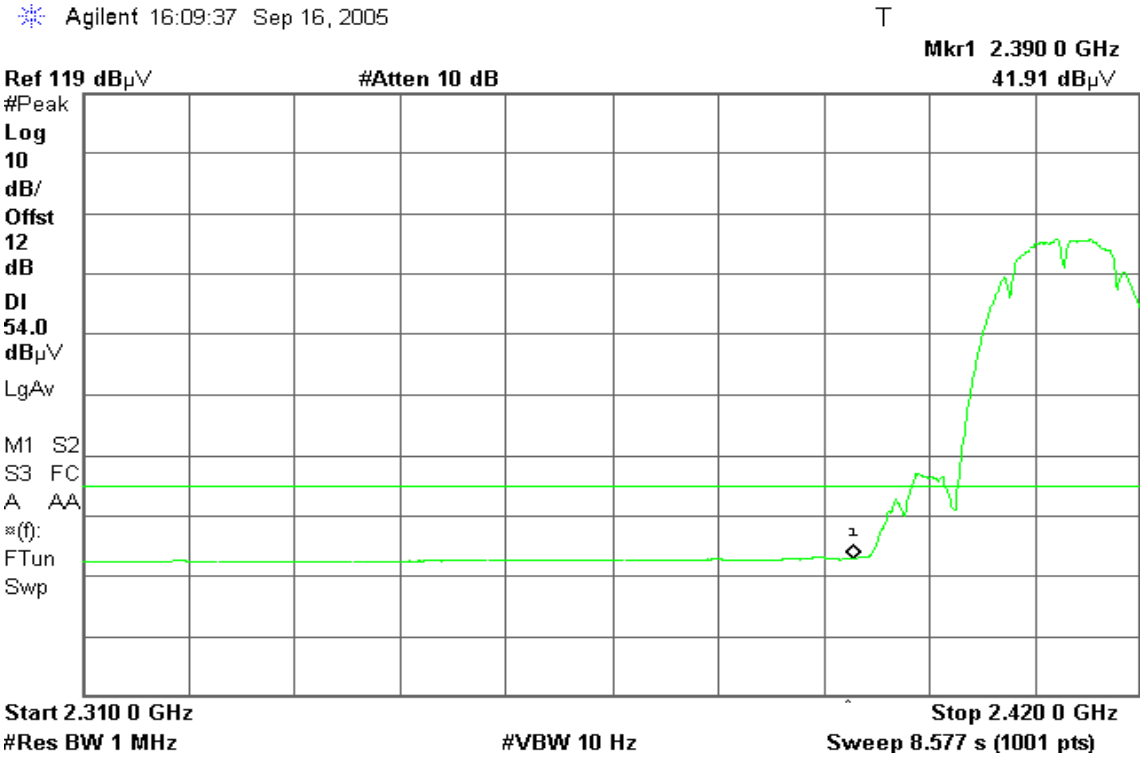
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**

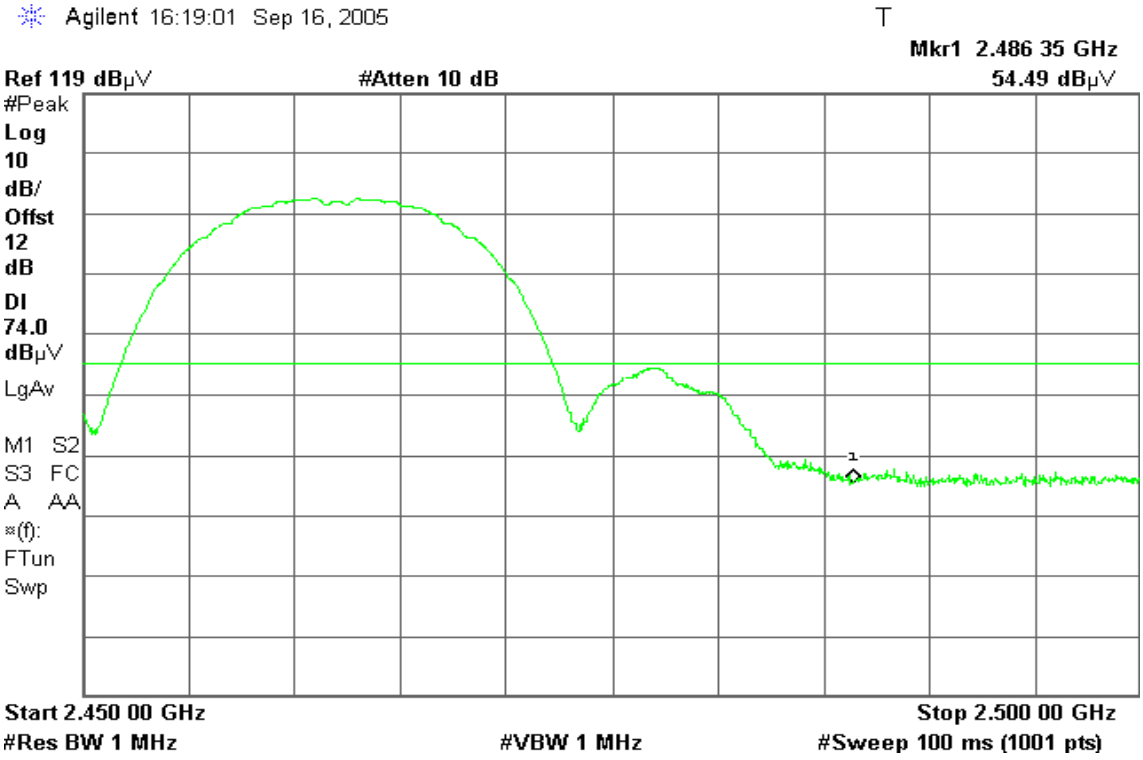


Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**

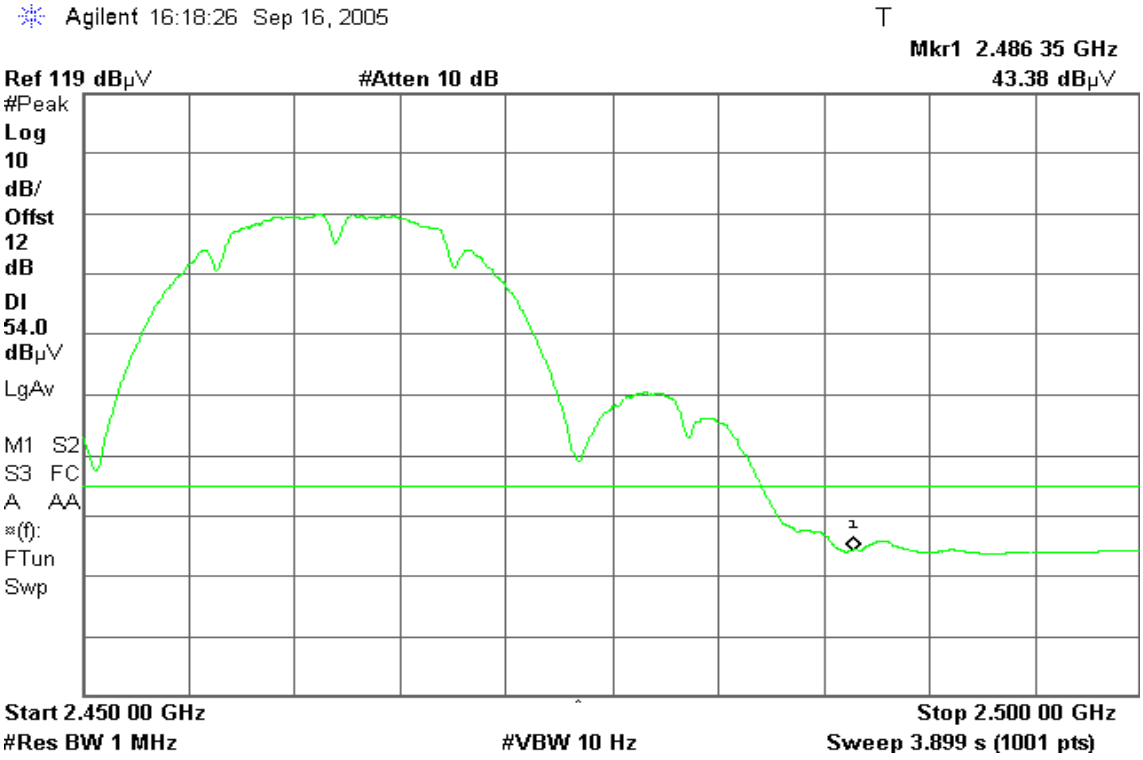


Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)

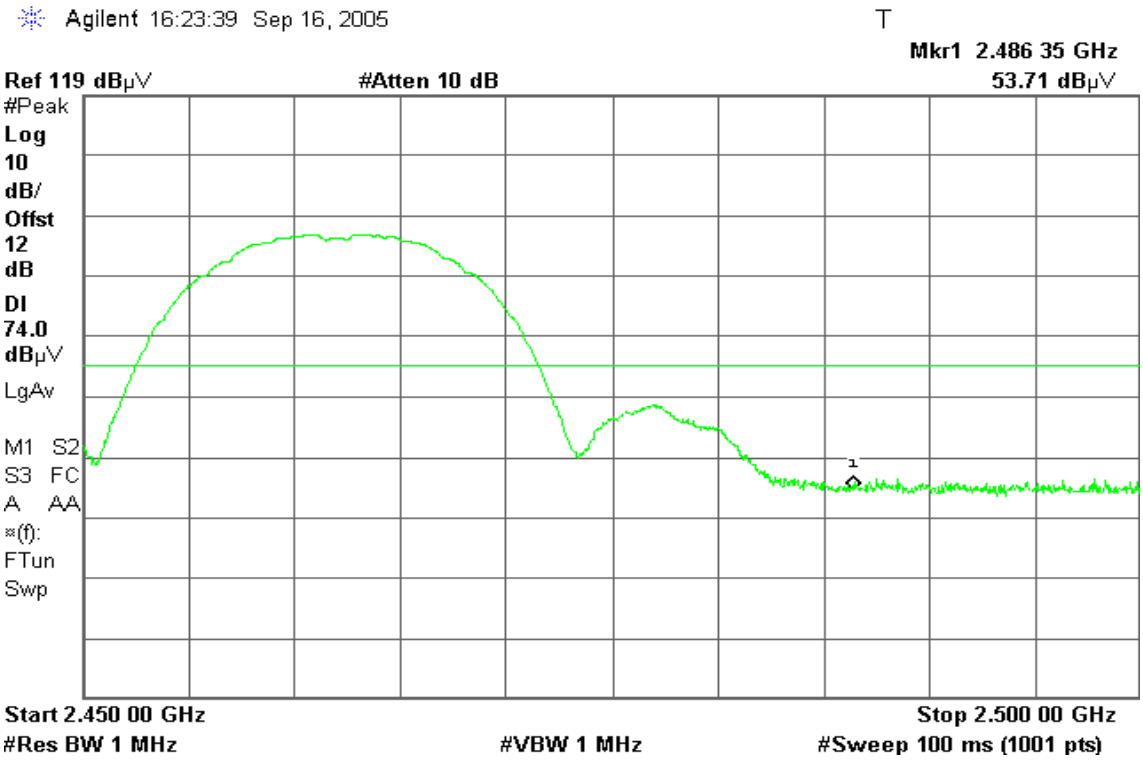
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



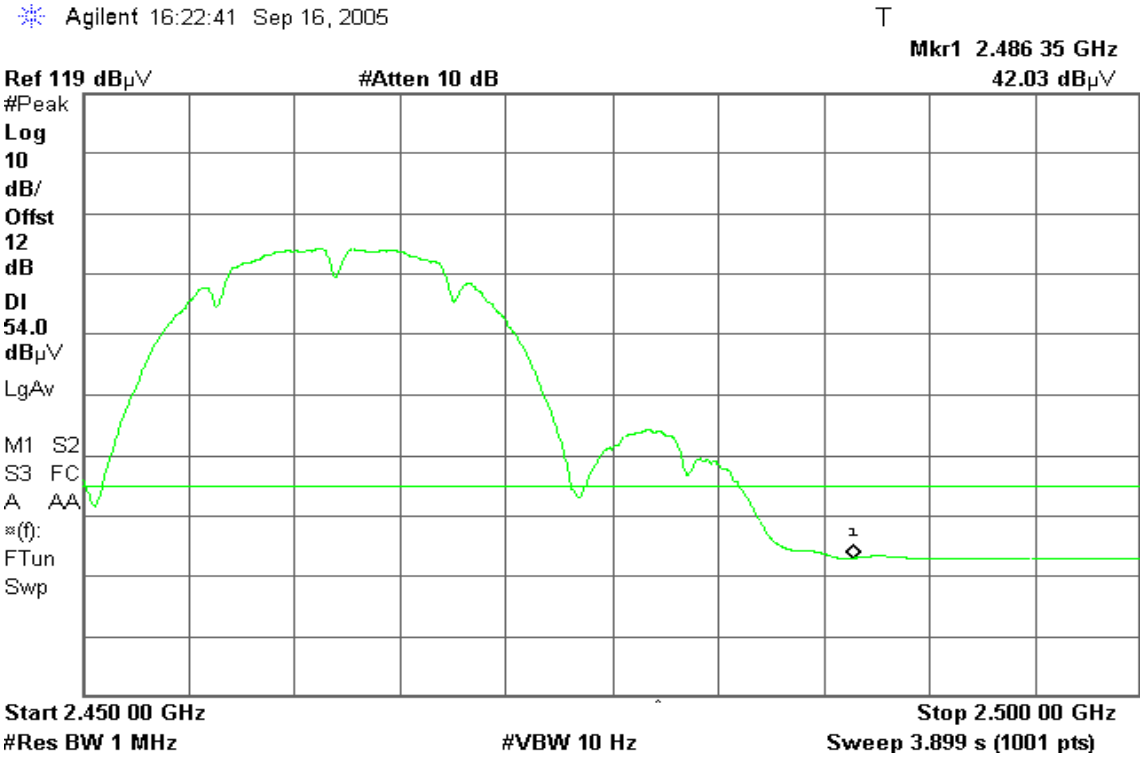
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**

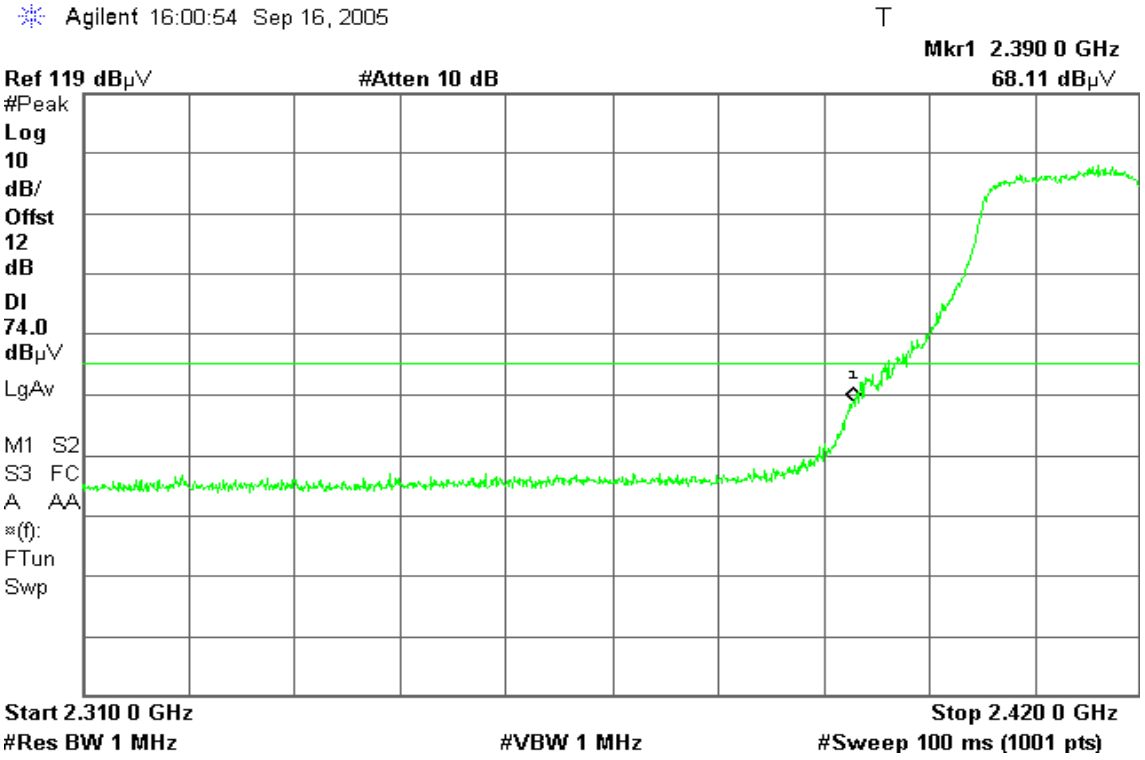


Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**

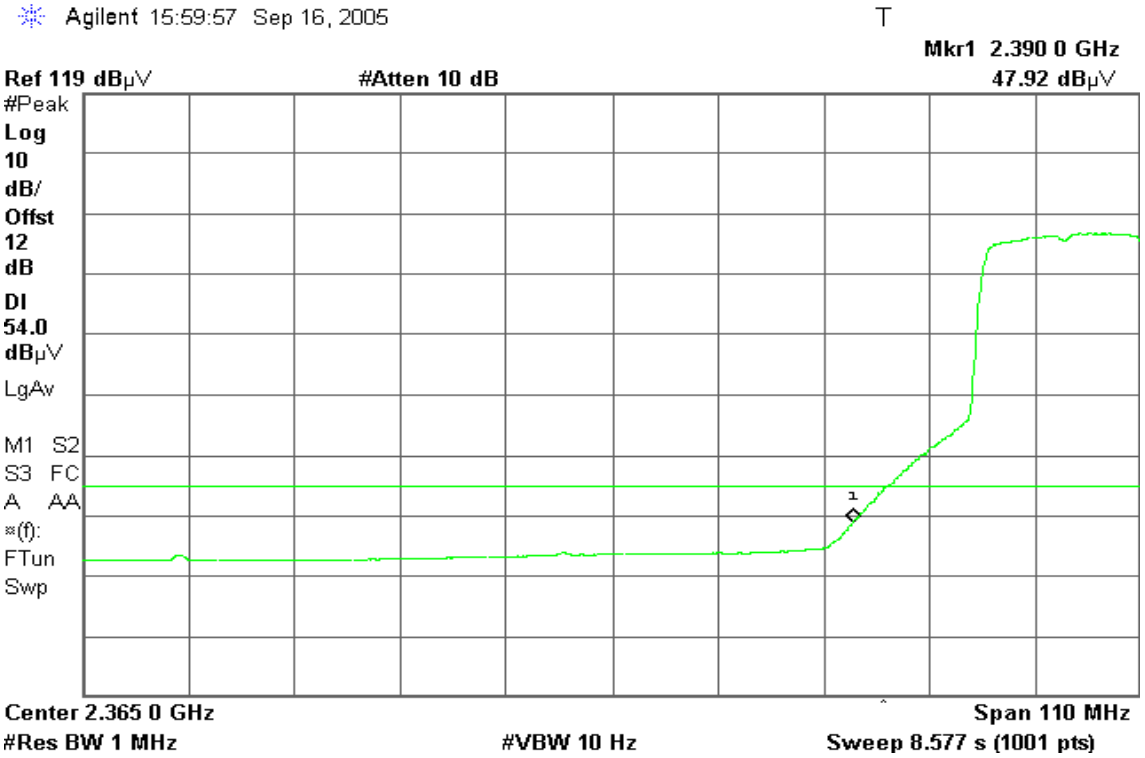


Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)

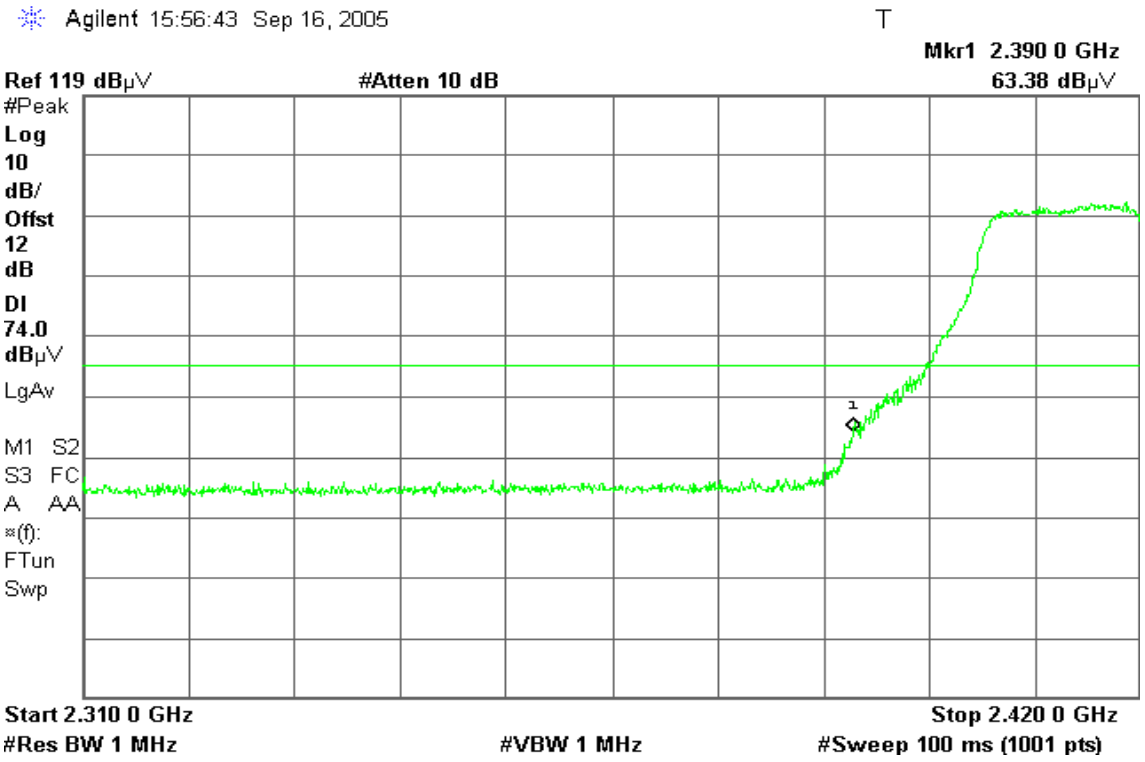
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



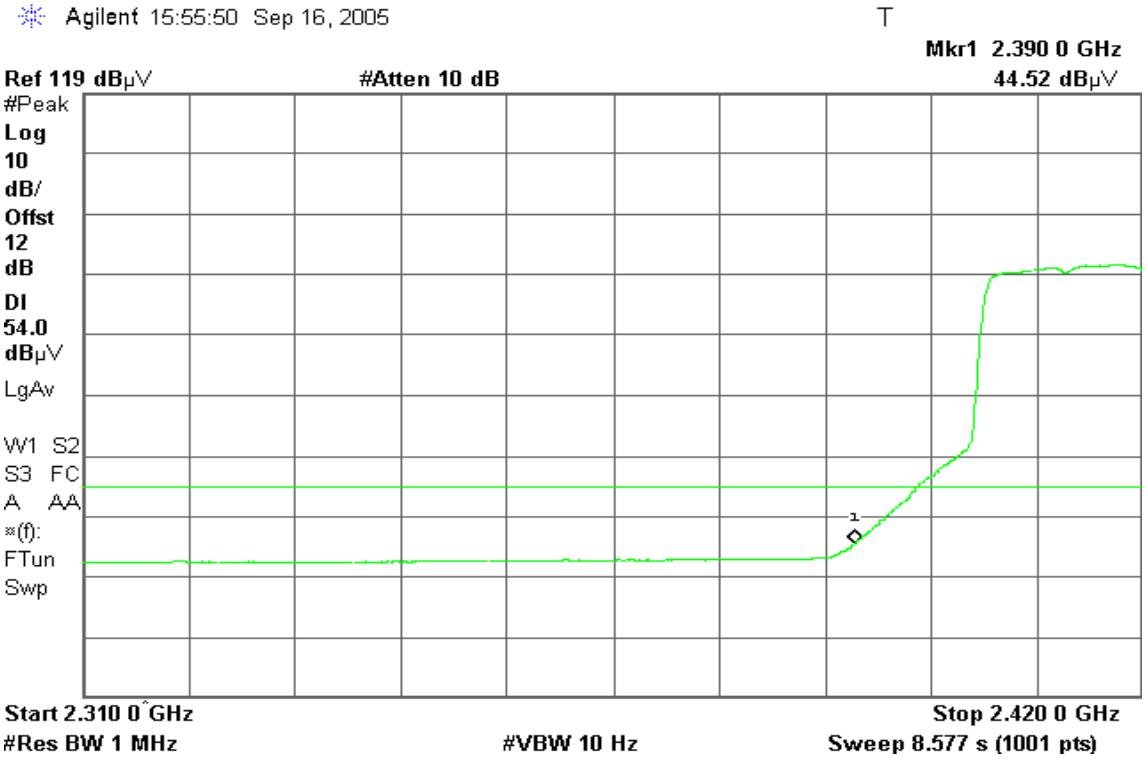
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**

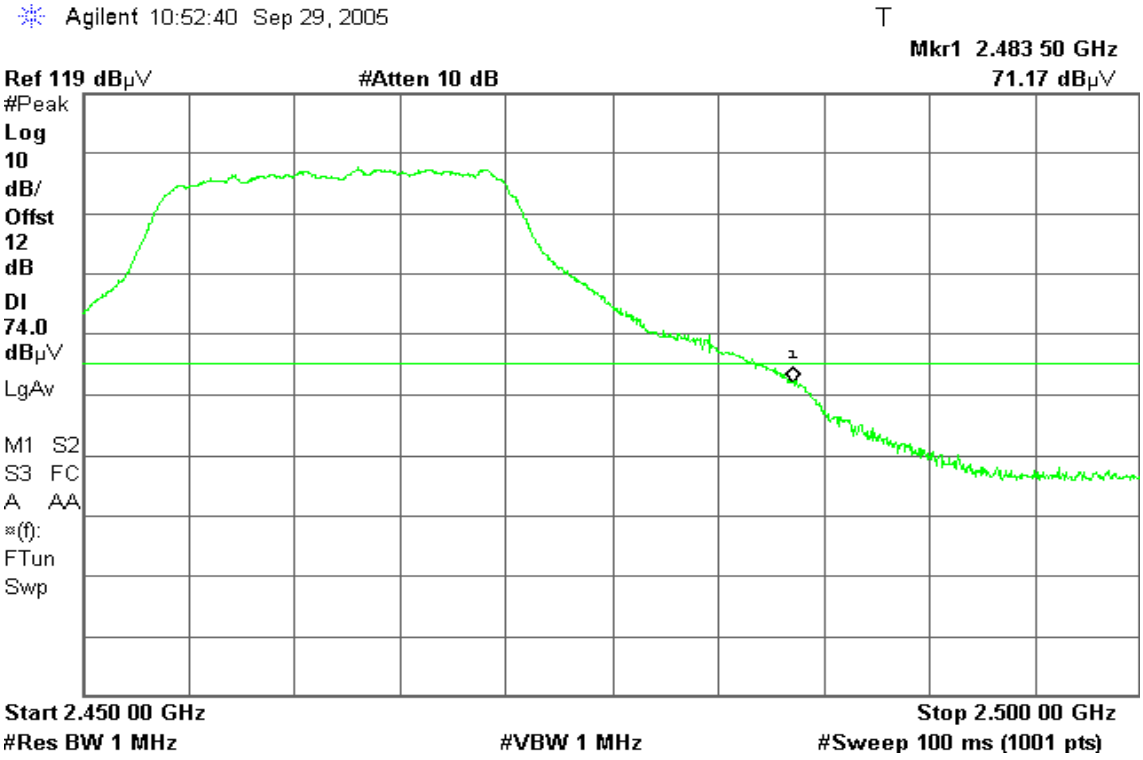


Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**

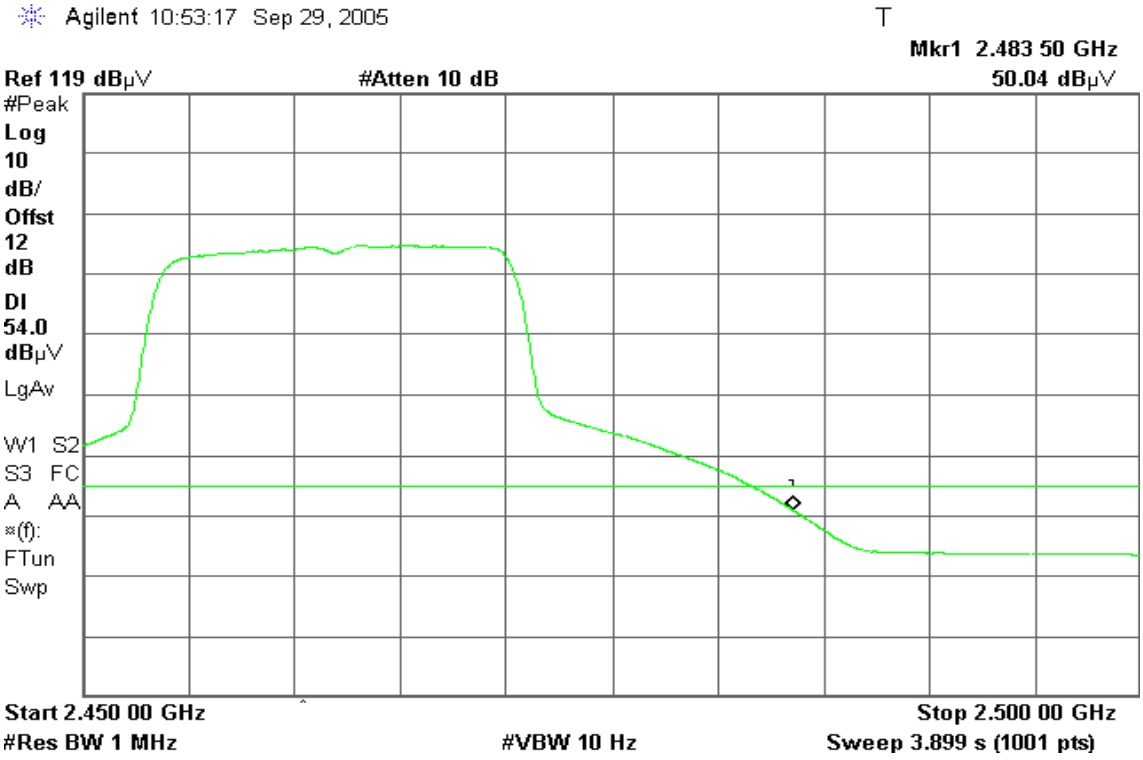


Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)

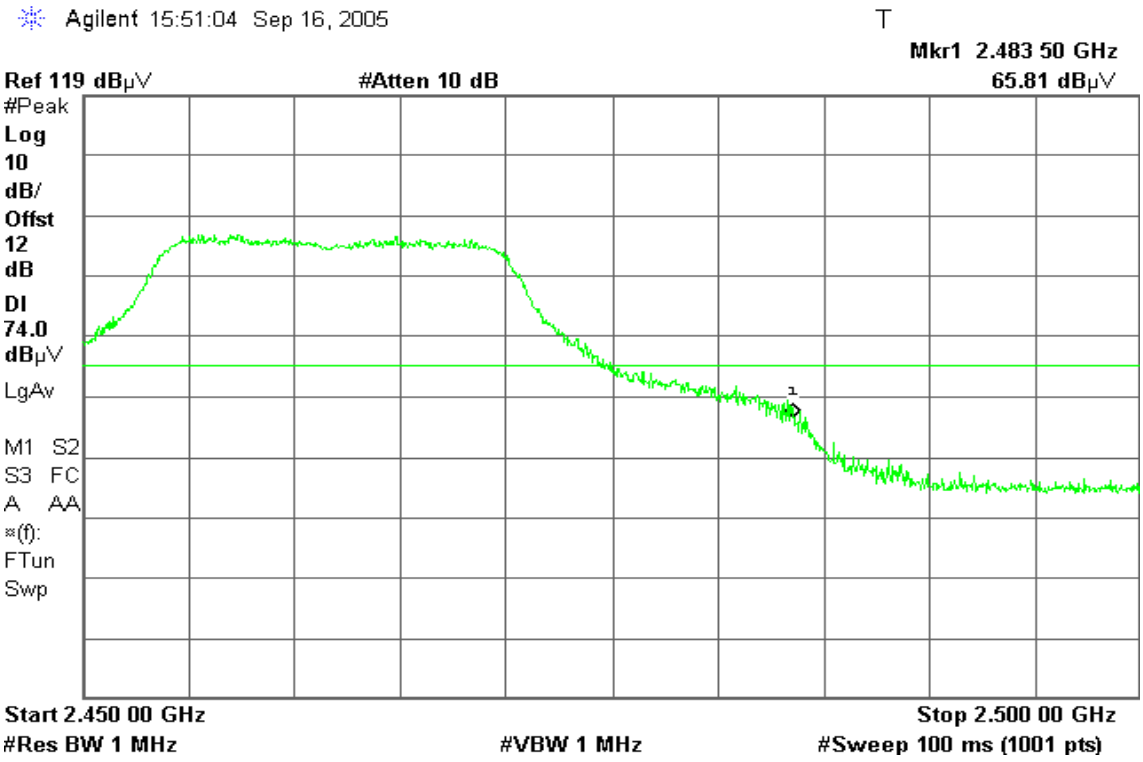
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



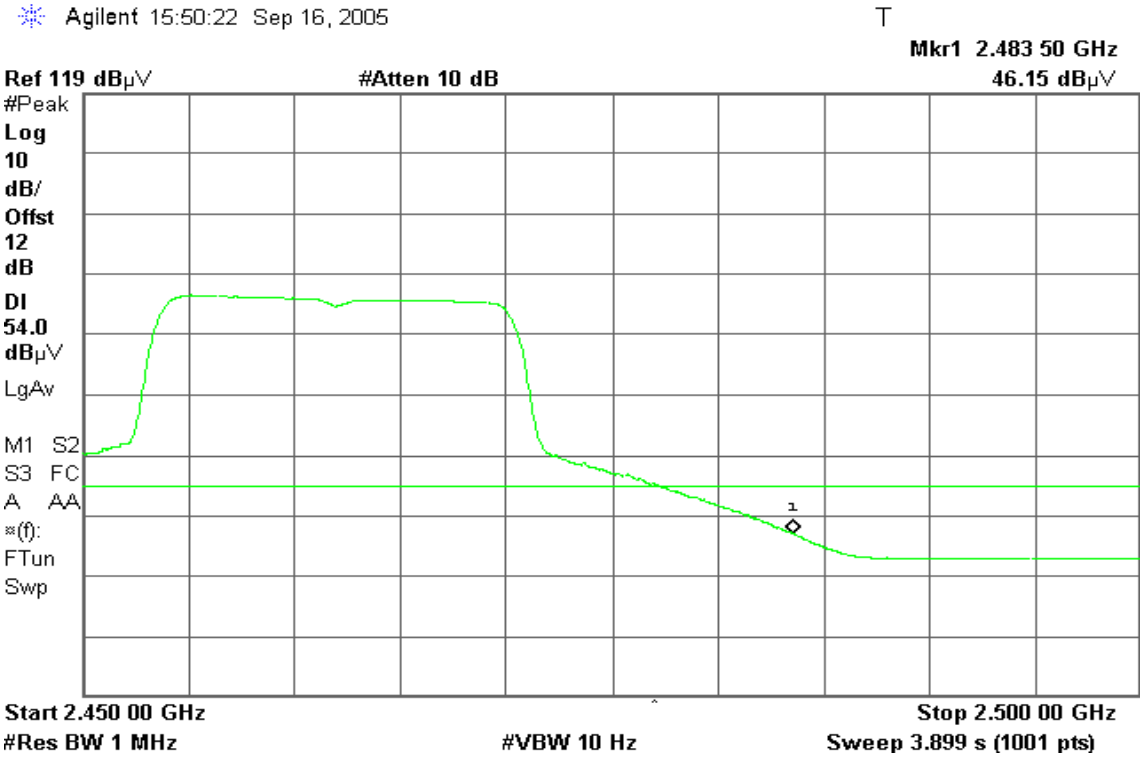
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**

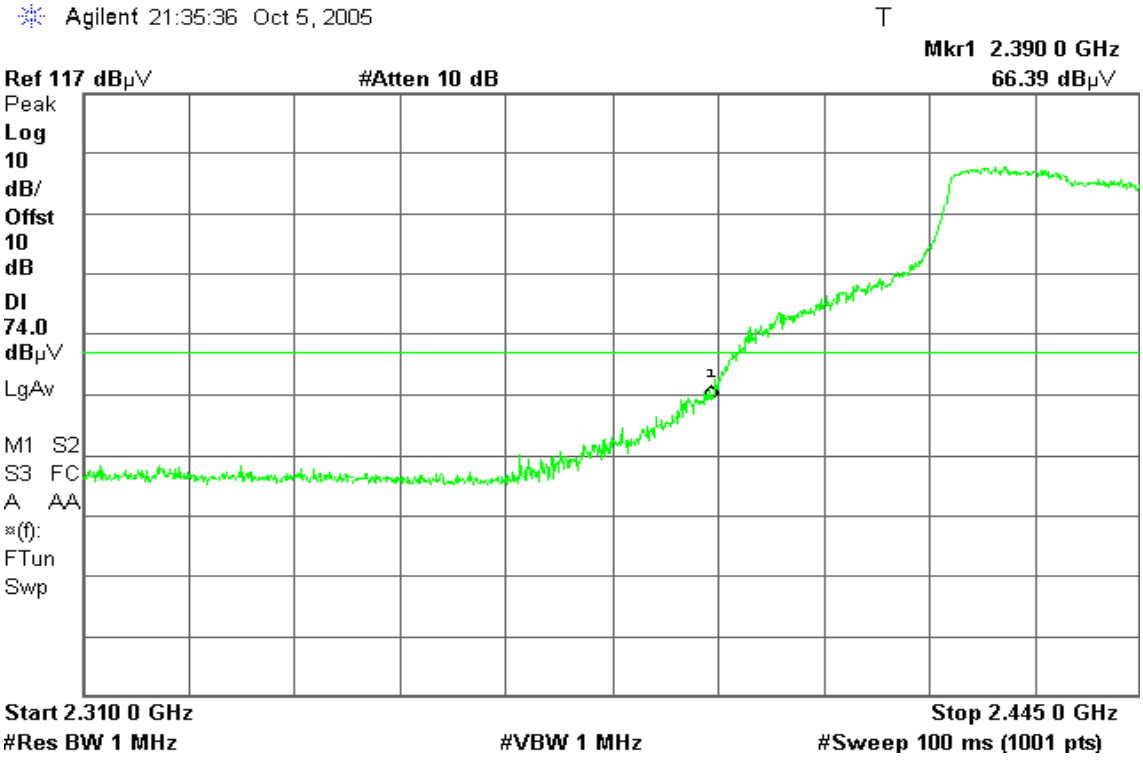


Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**

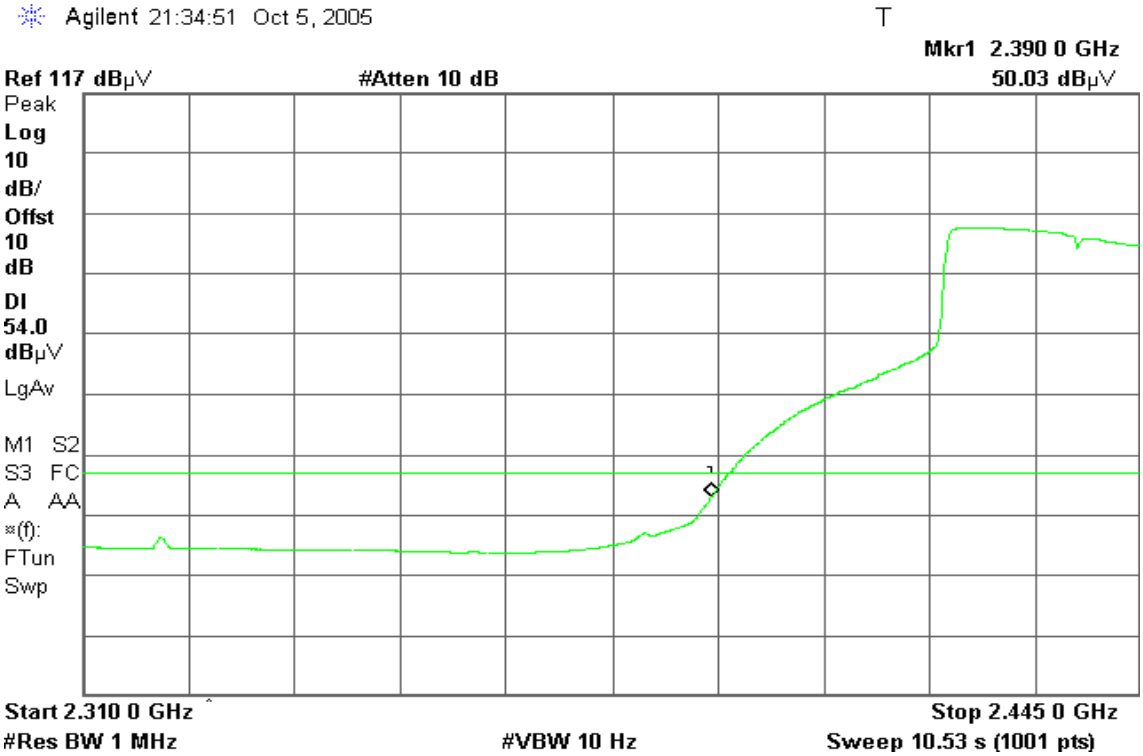


Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid)

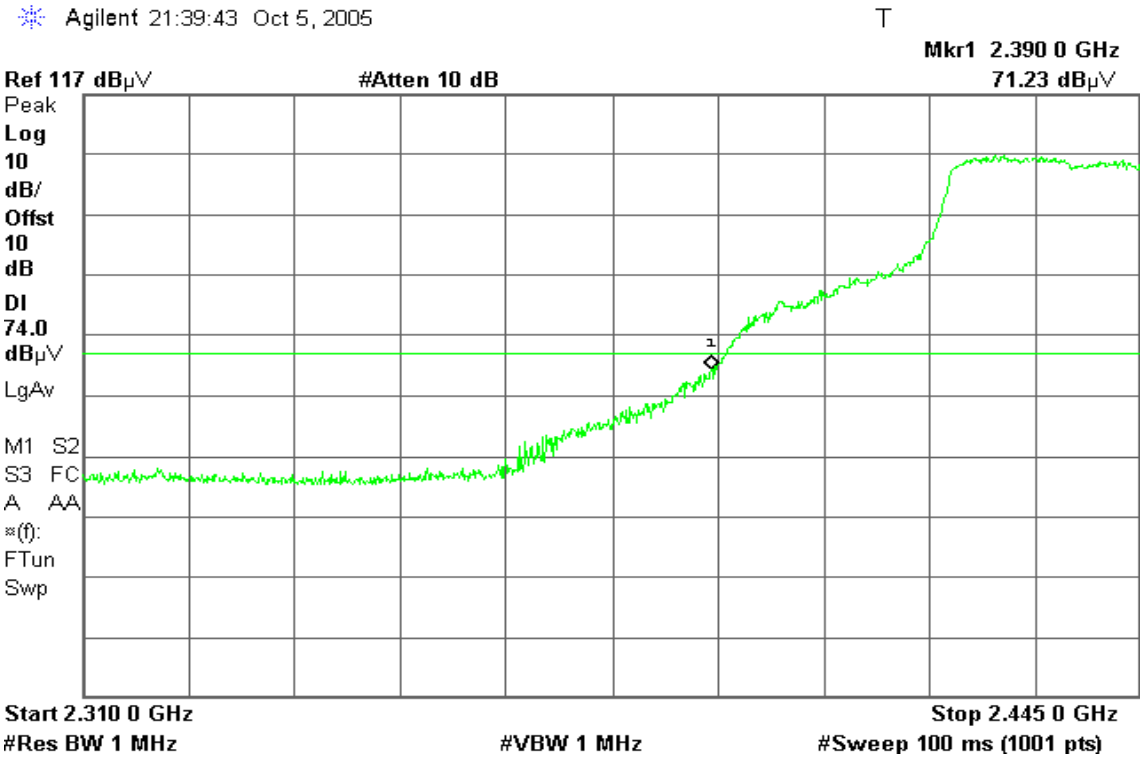
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



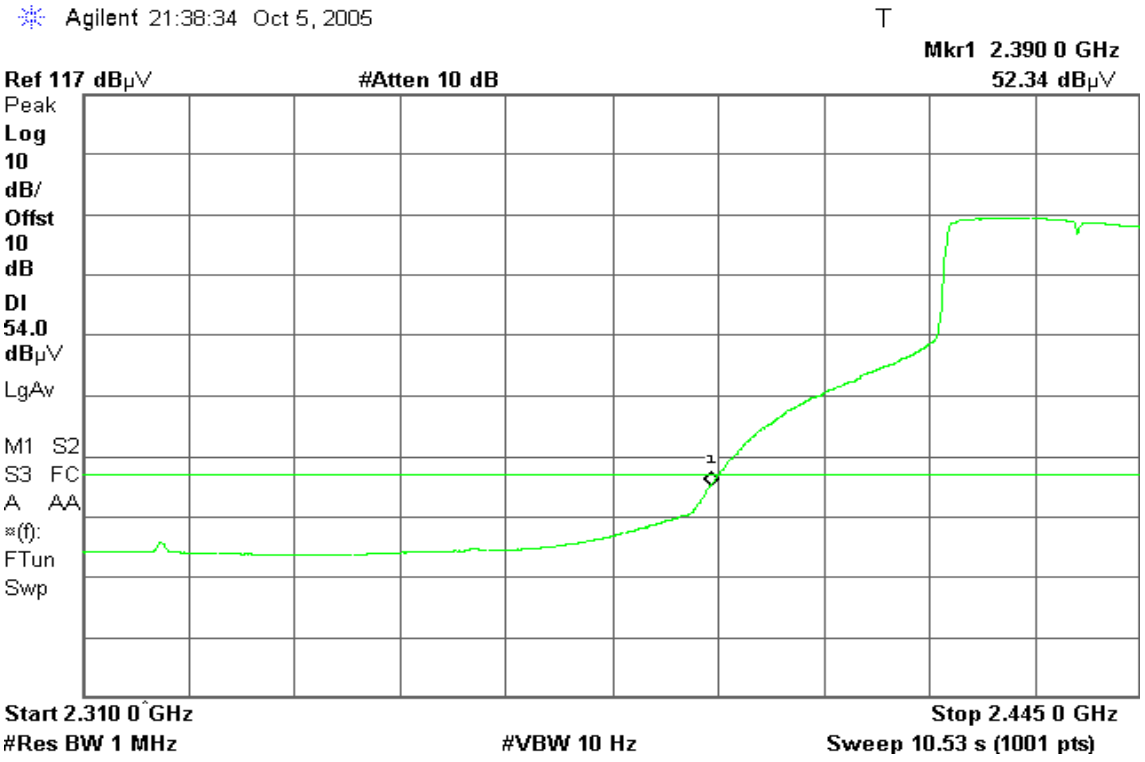
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**

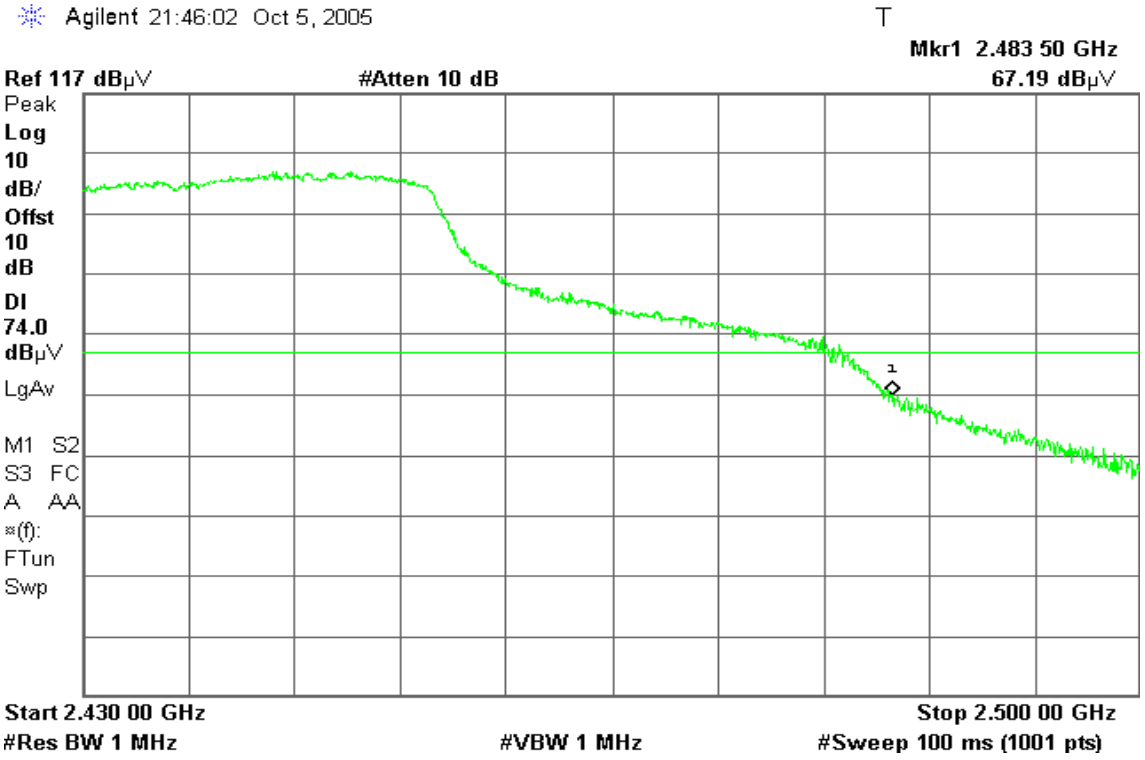


Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**

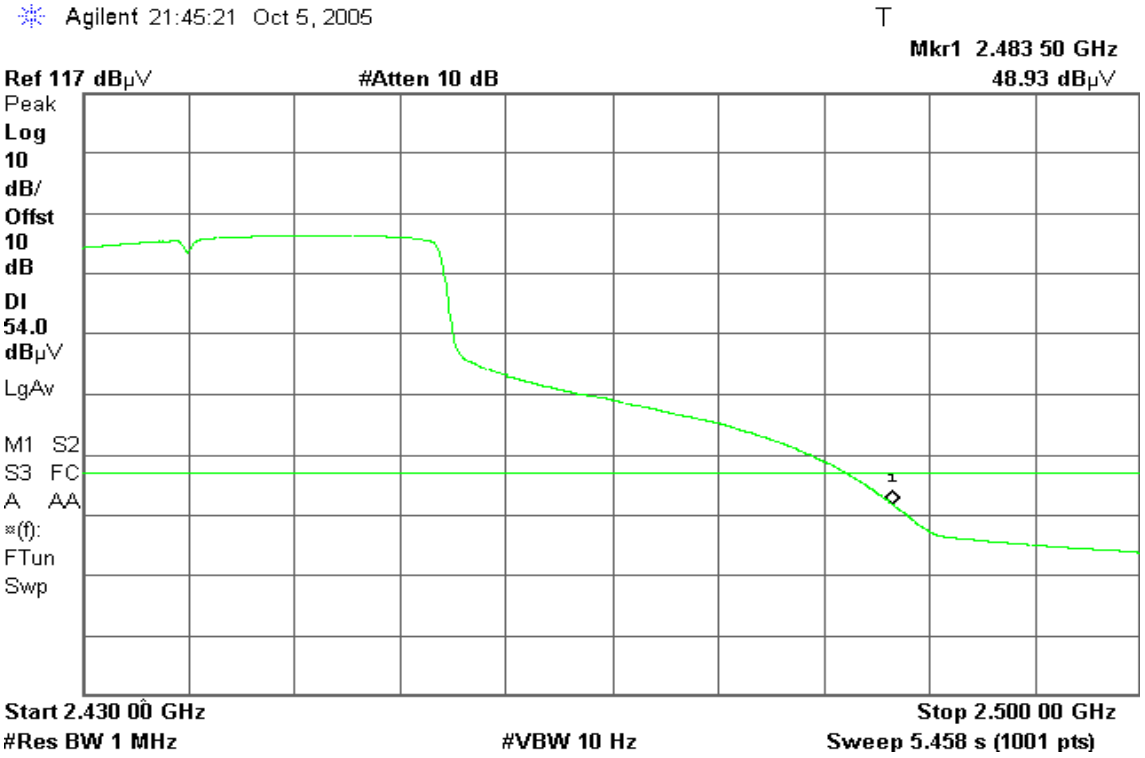


Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid)

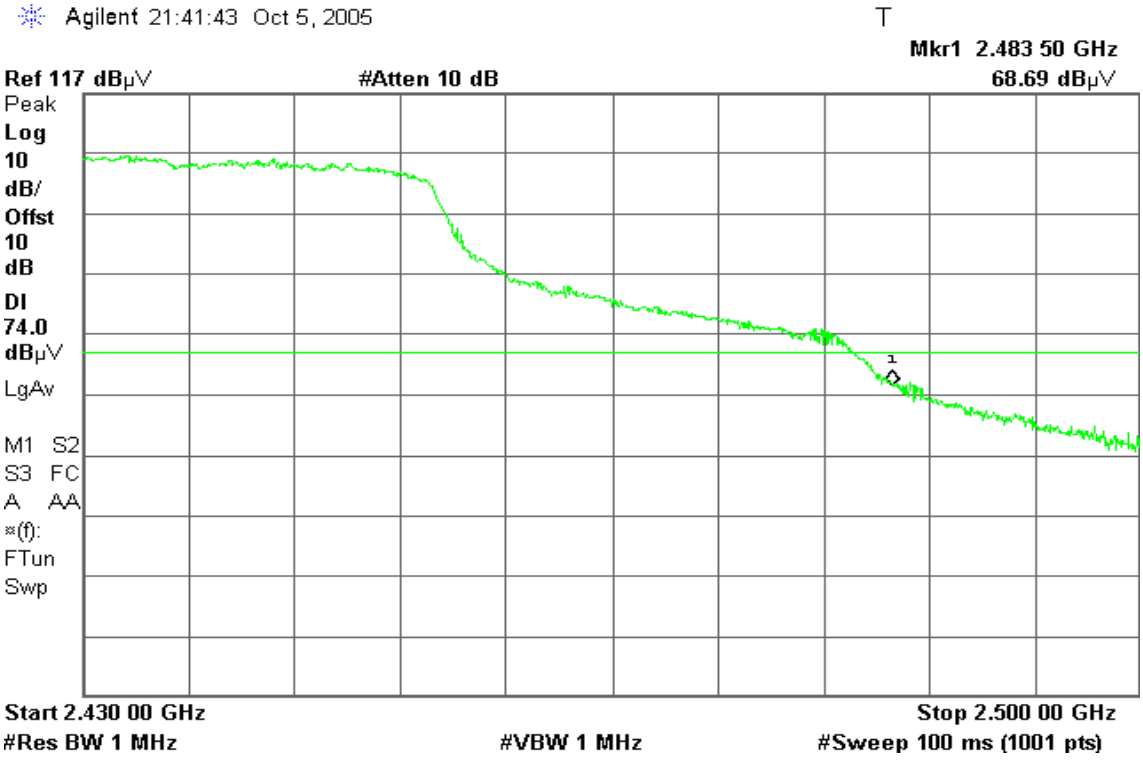
Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



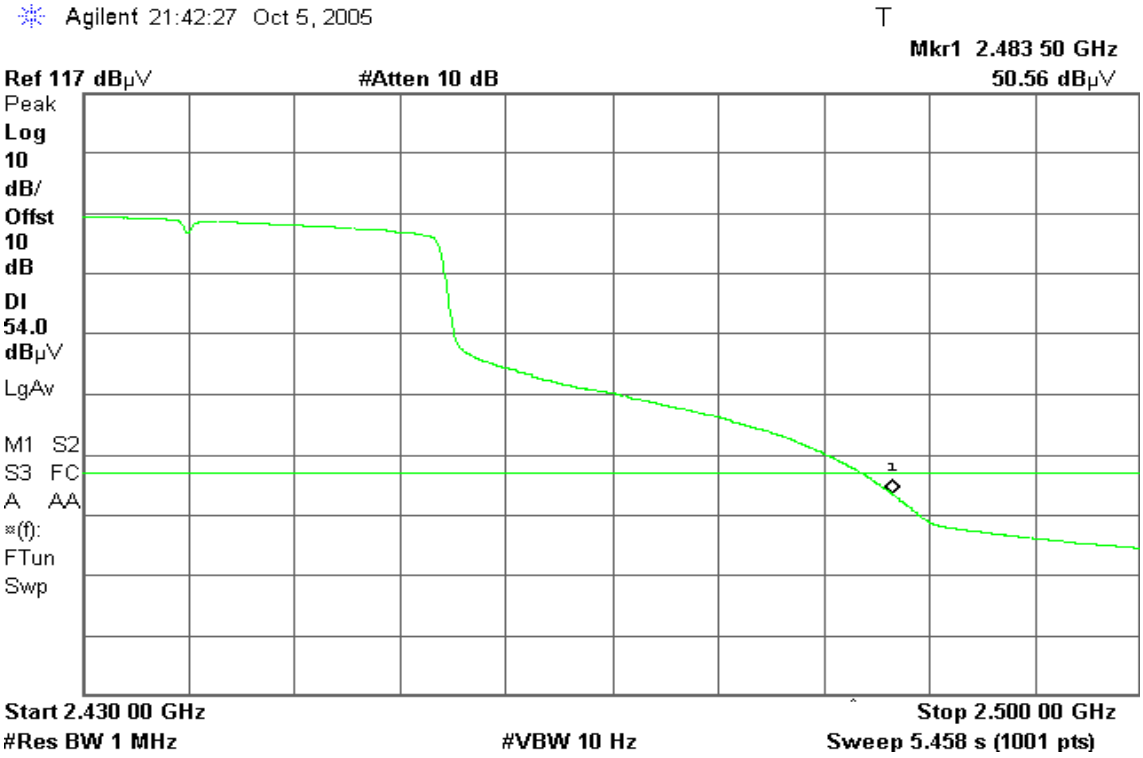
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Peak **Polarity: Horizontal**



Detector mode: Average **Polarity: Horizontal**



6.4RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	MINI PCI 802.11 b/g Transceiver
Frequency band (Operating)	☒ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ☐ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz ☐ Others _____
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☒ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2) ☒ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure *(S=1mW/cm2)*
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☒ Multiple antennas ☐ TX diversity ☐ RX diversity ☒ TX/RX diversity
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b: 22.78 dBm (189.67mW) IEEE 802.11g: 22.96 dBm (197.70mW) IEEE 802.11g Turbo: 23.43 dBm (220.29mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	0.85 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.22)
Evaluation applied	☒ MPE Evaluation ☐ SAR Evaluation ☐ N/A
Remark: *1. The maximum output power is 23.43dBm (220.29mW) at 2437MHz (with 1.22 numeric antenna gain.)* *2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation, MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.* *3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.*	

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where *E = Field strength in Volts / meter*
P = Power in Watts
G = Numeric antenna gain
d = Distance in meters
S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = d(m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$ ***Equation 1***

Where *d = Distance in cm*
P = Power in mW
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power density in mW / cm²

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 220.29mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.22

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where *P = Power in mW*
G = Numeric antenna gain
S = Power density in mW / cm²

→ Power density = 0.0535 mW / cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

6.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

6.5.1 Radiated Emissions

LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

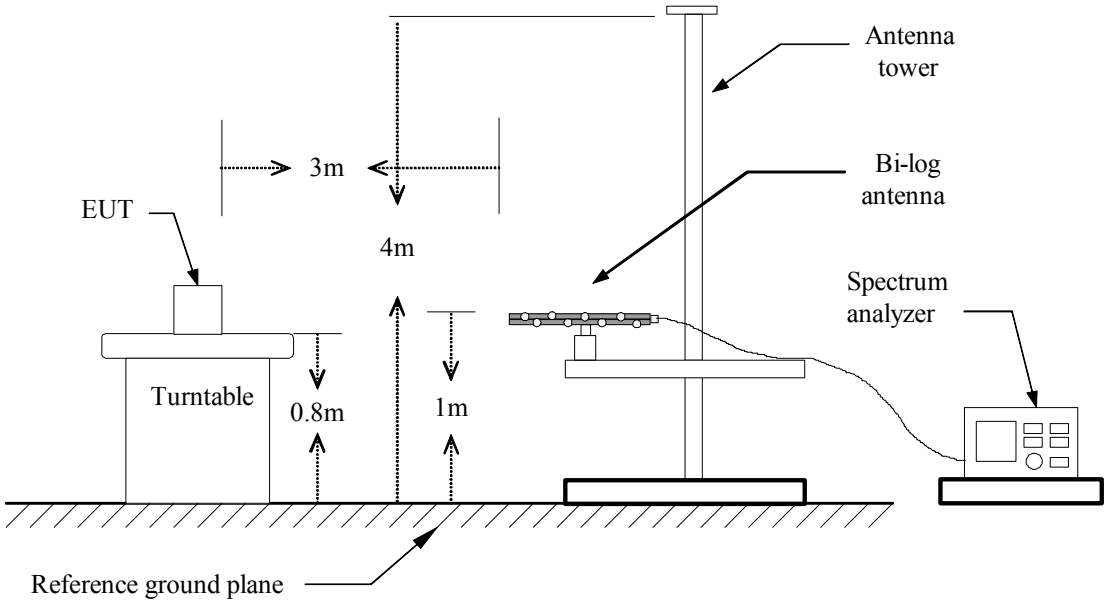
Remark: *Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.*

2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

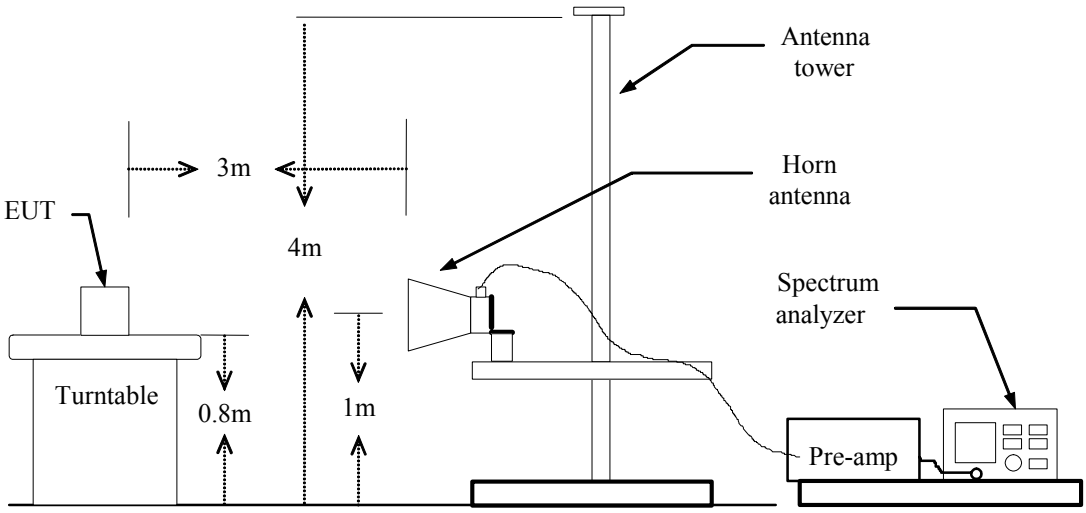
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

Test Configuration

Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

   Below 1GHz:

   RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

   Above 1GHz:

   (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

   (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

TEST RESULTS

Below 1 GHz

Operation Mode: Normal Link **Test Date:** September 27, 2005

Temperature: 26°C **Tested by:** Ryan Chen

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
167.50	V	Peak	50.12	-15.91	34.21	43.50	-9.29
233.88	V	Peak	45.29	-12.64	32.65	46.00	-13.35
334.09	V	Peak	41.88	-10.19	31.69	46.00	-14.31
456.16	V	Peak	39.82	-8.92	30.90	46.00	-15.10
623.96	V	Peak	39.17	-5.96	33.21	46.00	-12.79
768.38	V	Peak	42.23	-4.40	37.83	46.00	-8.17
132.93	H	Peak	41.33	-16.29	25.04	43.50	-18.46
233.76	H	Peak	49.00	-12.64	36.36	46.00	-9.64
267.40	H	Peak	43.93	-11.68	32.25	46.00	-13.75
400.85	H	Peak	44.27	-9.21	35.07	46.00	-10.93
624.00	H	Peak	39.45	-5.96	33.49	46.00	-12.51
719.98	H	Peak	36.89	-5.18	31.70	46.00	-14.30

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.*
2. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Quasi-peak detector mode.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz and 1GHz was 100 kHz.*

Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Low **Test Date:** September 16, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3210.000	V	48.53	-1.52	47.01	54.00	-6.99	Peak
4830.000	V	48.09	1.07	49.16	54.00	-4.84	Peak
7245.000	V	42.80	4.07	46.87	54.00	-7.13	Peak
N/A							
3210.000	H	49.09	-1.52	47.57	54.00	-6.43	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid **Test Date:** September 28, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3255.000	V	45.29	-1.46	43.83	54.00	-10.17	Peak
4875.000	V	51.91	1.11	53.02	54.00	-0.98	Peak
N/A							
3255.000	H	46.69	-1.46	45.24	54.00	-8.76	Peak
4875.000	H	47.14	1.11	48.25	54.00	-5.75	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH High **Test Date:** September 28, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3285.000	V	50.78	-1.42	49.36	54.00	-4.64	Peak
4920.000	V	48.92	1.15	50.08	54.00	-3.92	Peak
N/A							
3285.000	H	48.74	-1.42	47.33	54.00	-6.67	Peak
4920.000	H	43.82	1.15	44.98	54.00	-9.02	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Low **Test Date:** September 28, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3210.000	V	48.36	-1.52	46.84	54.00	-7.16	Peak
7230.000	V	46.69	4.04	50.73	54.00	-3.27	Peak
N/A							
3210.000	H	50.06	-1.52	48.54	54.00	-5.46	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid **Test Date:** September 28, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3255.000	V	45.09	-1.46	43.63	54.00	-10.37	Peak
4875.000	V	44.97	1.11	46.08	54.00	-7.92	Peak
10665.000	V	36.80	11.48	48.29	54.00	-5.71	Peak
N/A							
3255.000	H	47.19	-1.46	45.74	54.00	-8.26	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH High **Test Date:** September 28, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
3285.000	V	51.05	-1.42	49.64	54.00	-4.36	Peak
4920.000	V	46.30	1.15	47.45	54.00	-6.55	Peak
N/A							
3285.000	H	50.96	-1.42	49.55	54.00	-4.45	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g Turbo/ CH Mid **Test Date:** October 5, 2005

Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Jason Chang

Humidity: 55 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Corr. (dB/m)	Result (Peak/ Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark (Peak/ Average)
1484.00	V	58.97	-8.18	50.79	54.00	-3.21	Peak
3255.00	V	46.64	-2.17	44.47	54.00	-9.53	Peak
4875.00	V	48.82	0.40	49.22	54.00	-4.78	Peak
8700.00	V	44.53	5.87	50.40	54.00	-3.60	Peak
N/A							
1282.00	H	57.45	-8.83	48.62	54.00	-5.38	Peak
4875.00	H	49.47	0.40	49.87	54.00	-4.13	Peak
N/A							

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
3. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
4. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak/Average detector mode of the emission shown in Remark column.*
5. *Margin (dB) = Result (Remark) – Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)*