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FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No: SZEM1807006244RG

Applicant:Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd.Manufacturer:Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd.Factory:Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd.

Product Name: HUAWEI MediaPad T5

Model No.(EUT): AGS2-W19
Trade Mark: HUAWEI

FCC ID: QISAGS2-W19

Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

Date of Receipt: 2018-07-18

Date of Test: 2018-07-22 to 2018-07-26

Date of Issue: 2018-07-27
Test Result : PASS *

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:

Derde yang

Derek Yang

Wireless Laboratory Manager

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REVISION HISTORY

| | Revision Record | | | |
|---------|-----------------|------------|----------|----------|
| Version | Chapter | Date | Modifier | Remark |
| 01 | | 2018-07-27 | | Original |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



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TEST SUMMARY

| Frequency Band | Test position | Test mode | Max Report SAR1-g (W/kg) | SAR limit (W/kg) | Verdict |
|----------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| WI-FI (2.4GHz) | Body | 802.11b | 0.56 | 1.6 | PASS |
| WI-FI (5GHz) | Body | 802.11a | 0.65 | 1.6 | PASS |

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

SAR Manager

Tested by

Mark Liu

SAR Engineer



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1 General Information

1.1 Details of Client

| Applicant: | Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd. | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| Address: | Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C | | |
| Manufacturer: | Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd. | | |
| Address: | Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C | | |

1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

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Post code: 518057

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1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

• FCC -Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

• Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



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1.4 General Description of EUT

| Product Name: | HUAWEI MediaPad T5 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Model No.(EUT): | AGS2-W19 | | | |
| Trade Mark: | HUAWEI | | | |
| Product Phase: | production unit | | | |
| Device Type : | portable device | | | |
| Exposure Category: | uncontrolled environr | nent / general population | | |
| SN: | UGNBB18613150076 | 6/UGNBB18613150059 | | |
| FCC ID: | QISAGS2-W19 | | | |
| Hardware Version: | A6t6e | | | |
| Software Version: | AGS2-W19 8.0.0.11 | (C605) | | |
| Antenna Type: | Inner Antenna | | | |
| Device Operating Configurations : | | | | |
| Modulation Mode: | WIFI: DSSS,OFDM; BT: GFSK, π/4DQPSK,8DPSK | | | |
| | Band | Tx (MHz) | Rx (MHz) | |
| | WIFI(2.4GHz) | 2400-2483.5 | 2400-2483.5 | |
| | WIFI(5GHz) | 5150-5250 | 5150-5250 | |
| Frequency Bands: | | 5250-5350 | 5250-5350 | |
| | | 5470-5725 | 5470-5725 | |
| | | 5725-5850 | 5725-5850 | |
| | BT | 2400-2483.5 | 2400-2483.5 | |
| | Model No.: | HB2899C0ECW-C | | |
| Pattory Information: | Normal Voltage : | 3.82V | | |
| Battery Information: | Rated capacity : | 4980mAh | | |
| | Manufacturer: | Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd. | | |



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1.5 Test Specification

| Identity | Document Title |
|----------------------------|---|
| FCC 47CFR §2.1093 | Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices |
| ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1 – 1992 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz. |
| IEEE 1528-2013 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 | 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR |
| KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 | SAR for laptop and tablets |
| KDB447498 D01 v06 | General RF Exposure Guidance |
| KDB447498 D03 v01 | Supplement C Cross-Reference |
| KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
| KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 | RF Exposure Reporting |

1.6 RF exposure limits

| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk) | 1.60 mW/g | 8.00 mW/g |
| Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body) | 0.08 mW/g | 0.40 mW/g |
| Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 mW/g | 20.00 mW/g |

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



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2 SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

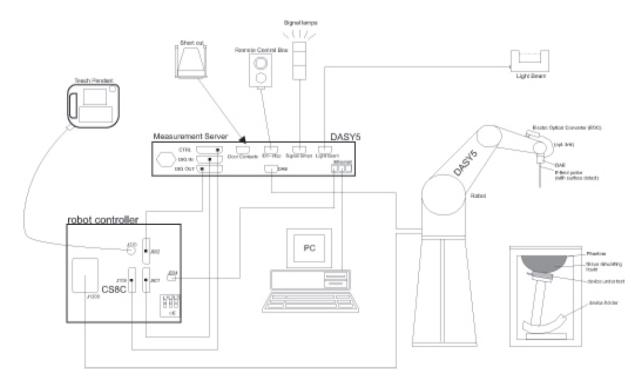
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



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- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

2.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

| | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
|---------------|---|
| Calibration | ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available. |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |
| Compatibility | DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI |

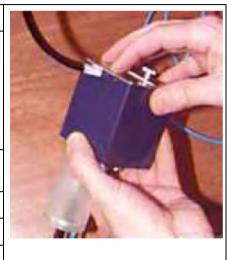


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2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model | DAE4 | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Construction | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. | |
| Measurement Range | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV) | |
| Input Offset Voltage | < 5μV (with auto zero) | |
| Input Bias Current | < 50 f A | |
| Dimensions | 60 x 60 x 68 mm | |



2.4 SAM Twin Phantom

| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) |
|---|---|
| Liquid Compatibility | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point) |
| Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support) | Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet |
| Filling Volume | approx. 25 liters |
| Wooden Support | SPEAG standard phantom table |



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



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2.5 ELI Phantom

| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) |
|---|--|
| Liquid Compatible with all SPEAG tissue | |
| Compatibility | simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |
| Shell Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) |
| Dimensions | Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm |
| Filling Volume | approx. 30 liters |
| Wooden Support | SPEAG standard phantom table |



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



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2.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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2.7 Measurement procedure

2.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



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| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | | |
|--|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr | | • | 5 ± 1 mm | ½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm | | |
| Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m | • | • | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° | | |
| | | | ≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm | | |
| Maximum area scan sp | atial resolt | ntion: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area} | When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test | on, is smaller than the above, nust be ≤ the corresponding evice with at least one | | |
| Maximum zoom scan s | patial reso | lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$ | | |
| | uniform | grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n) | ≤ 5 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| | grid | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | ≤ 1.5·Δz | Zeom(n-1) | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z | | | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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2.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

- Conversion factor ConvFi
- Diode compression point Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency
- Crest factor cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:



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E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770_{Or} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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3 Description of Test Position

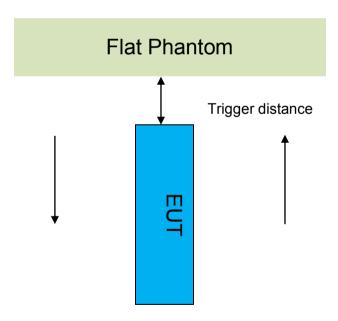
3.1 The Body Test Position

The overall diagonal dimension of the display section of a tablet is > 20 cm, Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

3.1.1 Proximity Sensor Triggering Test for body

1) Proximity sensor triggering distances

The Proximity sensor triggering was applied to WIFI. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed.



| Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance(mm) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Position Back Top | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum | 9 | 13 | | | | | | | |
| Required SAR Test | 8 | 12 | | | | | | | |



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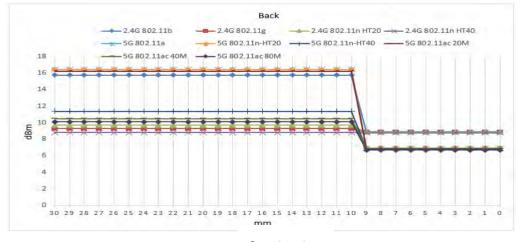
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| Antenna | Band | Trigger Condition | Body exposure condition |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Antenna | Danu | Trigger Condition | Power reduction(dB) |
| | 2.4G 802.11b | | 8.0 |
| | 2.4G 802.11g | Back side: Close to 9mm | 1.5 |
| | 2.4G 802.11n HT20 | Top side: Close to 13mm | 1.5 |
| | 2.4G 802.11n HT40 | | 0.0 |
| WIFI | 5G 802.11a | | 10.0 |
| Antenna | 5G 802.11n-HT20 | | 10.0 |
| | 5G 802.11n-HT40 | Back side: Close to 9mm | 5.0 |
| | 5G 802.11ac 20M | Top side: Close to 13mm | 10.0 |
| | 5G 802.11ac 40M | | 5.0 |
| | 5G 802.11ac 80M | | 4.0 |

Note: SAR tests with proximity sensor power reduction are only required for the sides of frequency bands in the table above. For the other sides or other frequency bands of the device, SAR is still tested at the maximum power level with sensor off.

| Band/Mode | Ch# | Measured Po | ower(dBm) | Reduction |
|-------------------|------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| Dallu/ivioue | CII# | Max. Power | Power back-off | levels(dB) |
| 2.4G 802.11b | 6 | 15.74 | 8.89 | 6.85 |
| 2.4G 802.11g | 6 | 9.28 | 8.85 | 0.43 |
| 2.4G 802.11n HT20 | 6 | 9.71 | 8.86 | 0.85 |
| 2.4G 802.11n HT40 | 6 | 8.80 | 8.79 | 0.01 |
| 5G 802.11a | 60 | 16.42 | 6.89 | 9.53 |
| 5G 802.11n-HT20 | 60 | 16.40 | 6.93 | 9.47 |
| 5G 802.11n-HT40 | 54 | 11.36 | 6.87 | 4.49 |
| 5G 802.11ac 20M | 60 | 16.24 | 6.91 | 9.33 |
| 5G 802.11ac 40M | 54 | 10.48 | 6.89 | 3.59 |
| 5G 802.11ac 80M | 58 | 10.12 | 6.68 | 3.44 |

DUT Moving Toward (Trigger) the Phantom

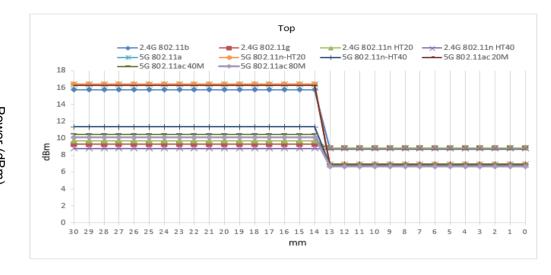


Gap (mm)



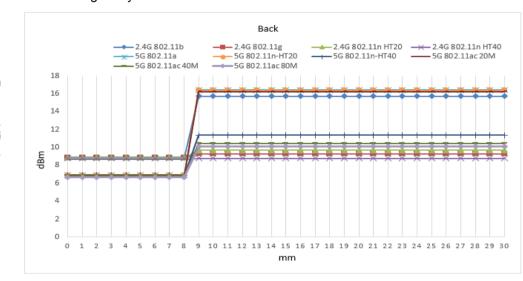
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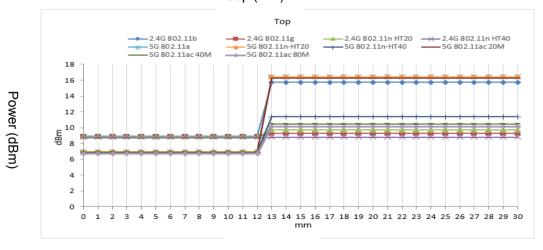


Gap (mm)

DUT Moving Away (Release) from the Phantom







Gap (mm)



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2) Proximity sensor coverage

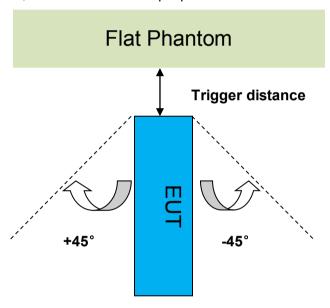
If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

The proximity sensor and main antenna use same metallic electrode, so there is no spatial offset.

3) Device tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering

The influence of device tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at 13 mm separation.

Rotating the tablet around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ from the vertical position at 0° , and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.



| The Sensor Triggering Distance(mm) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Position | Тор | | | | | | | |
| Minimum | 13 | | | | | | | |
| Required SAR Test | 12 | | | | | | | |

| | Summary of Tablet Tilt Angle Influence to Proximity Sensor Triggering for Top Side | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|------------------------|------|------|------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | Minimum trigger | Power Reduction Status | | | | | | | | | | |
| Band(MHz) | Minimum trigger distance Per KDB616217§6.2 | distance at which power reduction was maintained over ±45° | -45° | -35° | -25° | -15° | -5° | 0° | 5° | 15° | 25° | 35° | 45° |
| WIFI 2.4GHz | 13mm | 13mm | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on |
| WIFI 5GHz | 13mm | 13mm | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on | on |



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4 SAR System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

| Ingredients | | | | Frequ | iency (MHz | 2) | | | |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| (% by weight) | 4 | 50 | 700 | -950 | 1700 | -2000 | 2300-2700 | | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body Head | | Body | Head | Body | |
| Water | 38.56 | 51.16 | 40.30 | 50.75 | 55.24 | 70.17 | 55.00 | 68.53 | |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.49 | 1.38 | 0.94 | 0.31 | 0.39 | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| Sucrose | 56.32 | 46.78 | 57.90 | 48.21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.52 | 0.24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Tween | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44.45 | 29.44 | 44.80 | 31.37 | |

Salt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16\ M\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 50-65%
Mineral oil: 10-30%
Emulsifiers: 8-25%
Sodium salt: 0-1.5%

MSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 64-78% Mineral oil: 11-18% Emulsifiers: 9-15%

Sodium salt: 2-3%

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



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4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 2. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

| Tissue | Measured Frequency | Target Tiss | sue (±5%) | Measure | d Tissue | Liquid Temp. | Measured | |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Type | (MHz) | ٤r | σ(S/m) | ٤r | σ(S/m) | (°C) | Date | |
| 2450 Body | 2450 | 52.70 (50.07~55.34) | 1.95 (1.85~2.05) | 52.708 | 1.998 | 22.0 | 2018/7/26 | |
| 5250 Body | 5250 | 48.9 (46.46~51.35) | 5.36 (5.09~5.63) | 48.122 | 5.426 | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 | |
| 5600 Body | 5600 | 48.5 (46.08~50.93) | 5.77 (5.48~6.06) | 47.19 0 | 5.85 0 | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 | |
| 5750 Body | 5750 | 48.3 (45.89~50.72) | 5.94 (5.64~6.24) | 46.85 0 | 6.017 | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 | |

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

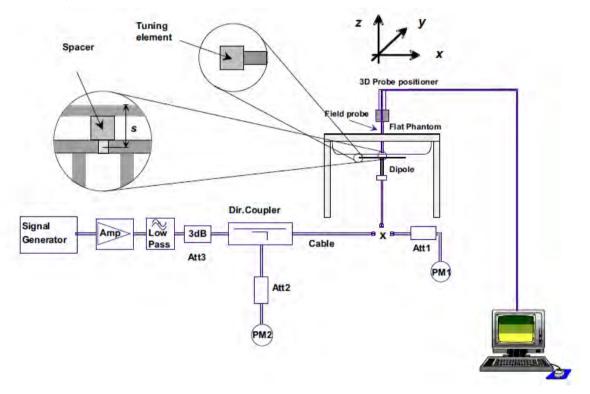


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4.2 SAR System Validation

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in F-3. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 3 (A power level of 250mw was input to the dipole antenna for below 3GHz, A power level of 100mw was input to the dipole antenna for 3~6GHz). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification



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4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
 - d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



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4.2.2 Summary System Validation Result(s)

| Vali | dation Kit | Measured SAR 250mW | Measured SAR 250mW | Measured SAR (normalized to 1w) | Measured SAR (normalized to 1w) | Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%) | Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%) 10-g(W/kg) | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Measured Date |
|---------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------|------------------|
| D2450V2 | Body | 12.90 | 5.93 | 51.60 | 23.72 | 51.0 (45.9~56.1) | 23.5 (21.15~25.85) | 22.0 | 2018/7/26 |
| Vali | dation Kit | Measured SAR 100mW | Measured SAR 100mW | Measured SAR (normalized to 1w) | Measured SAR (normalized to 1w) | Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%) | Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%) | Liquid Temp. | Measured Date |
| | | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1-g(W/kg) | 10-g(W/kg) | (℃) | Date |
| | Body(5.25GHz) | 8.10 | 2.25 | 81.00 | 22.50 | 75.6 (68.04~83.16) | 21.3 (19.17~23.43) | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 |
| D5GHzV2 | Body(5.6GHz) | 8.49 | 2.35 | 84.90 | 23.50 | 81.1 (72.99~89.21) | 22.9 (20.61~25.19) | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 |
| | Body(5.75GHz) | 7.41 | 2.05 | 74.10 | 20.50 | 74.8 (67.32~82.28) | 21 (18.9~23.1) | 22.2 | 2018/7/22 |

Table 3: SAR System Validation Result

4.2.3 Detailed System Validation Results

Please see the Appendix A



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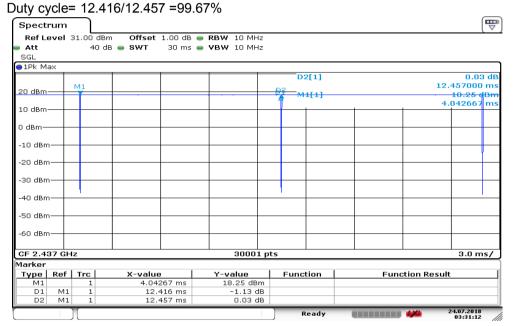
5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 Operation Configurations

5.1.1 WiFi Test Configuration

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

2.4G WIFI



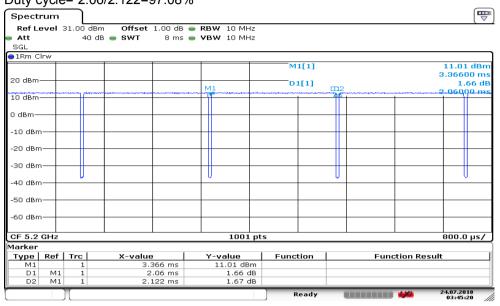
Date: 24 JUL.2018 03:31:12



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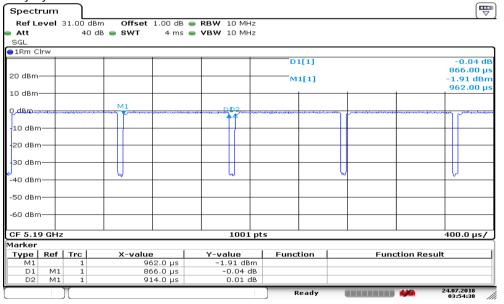
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5G WIFI 802.11a Duty cycle= 2.06/2.122=97.08%



Date: 24 JUL 2018 03:45:21

5G WIFI 802.11ac 80M Duty cycle= 866/914=94.75%



Date: 24 JUL.2018 03:54:39



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5.1.1.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3). For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

5.1.1.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

5.1.1.3 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1) . When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest *reported* SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



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3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

- a)SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
 - a)replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
 - b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"

5.1.1.4 2.4 GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



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5.1.1.5 WiFi 5G SAR Test Procedures

5.1.1.5.1 U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest *reported* SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 3) The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power certified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

5.1.1.5.2 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, all channels that operate at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures.

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.



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5.1.1.5.3 OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
 - The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
 - For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

5.1.1.5.4 SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



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Top Side Top Si

Note: Per KDB 616217, the diagonal length is > 200mm, the device is considered a "tablet" device and needed to test 0mm 1-g body SAR.



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5.1.3 EUT side for SAR Testing

- Stand-alone SAR test evaluation
- 1) Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:
- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and $\leq 6 \text{ GHz}$

1) Standalone SAR exclusion calculation (Antenna to adjacent sides<50mm)

| | Exposure | f | Pmax | Pmax | separation distance(mm) | | | | | Calculated Value | | | | | SAR Test (Yes or No) | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------|------|------|--------|------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------------------|-------|------|------|--------|
| Bnad | Condition | (GHz) | (dBm) | (mw) | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom |
| | Condition | (GHZ) | (ubiii) | CHIW7 | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side |
| WIFI 2.4G | Body 0mm | 2.462 | 17.50 | 56.23 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 17.647 | >50mm | 2.328 | 17.647 | >50mm | Yes | >50mm | No | Yes | >50mm |
| WIFI 5.2G | Body 0mm | 5.200 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 22.858 | >50mm | 3.016 | 22.858 | >50mm | Yes | >50mm | Yes | Yes | >50mm |
| WIFI 5.3G | Body 0mm | 5.300 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 23.076 | >50mm | 3.044 | 23.076 | >50mm | Yes | >50mm | Yes | Yes | >50mm |
| WIFI 5.5G | Body 0mm | 5.500 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 23.508 | >50mm | 3.101 | 23.508 | >50mm | Yes | >50mm | Yes | Yes | >50mm |
| WIFI 5.8G | Body 0mm | 5.800 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 24.140 | >50mm | 3.185 | 24.140 | >50mm | Yes | >50mm | Yes | Yes | >50mm |
| BT | Body 0mm | 2.480 | 9.50 | 8.91 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 2.807 | >50mm | 0.370 | 2.807 | >50mm | No | >50mm | No | No | >50mm |

2) Standalone SAR exclusion calculation (Antenna to adjacent sides>50mm)

| | . Exposure f Pmax Pm | | | | separation distance(mm) | | | | | Calculated Value | | | | SAR Test (Yes or No) | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|-------|---------|--------|-------------------------|-------|------|------|--------|------------------|---------|-------|-------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Bnad | Condition | (GHz) | (dBm) | (mw) | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom | Back | Right | Left | Top | Bottom |
| | Condition | (OHZ) | (ubiii/ | XIIIW7 | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side | side |
| WIFI 2.4G | Body 0mm | 2.462 | 17.50 | 56.23 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1394.83 | <50mm | <50mm | 1133.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |
| WIFI 5.2G | Body 0mm | 5.200 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1364.78 | <50mm | <50mm | 1103.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |
| WIFI 5.3G | Body 0mm | 5.300 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1363.55 | <50mm | <50mm | 1103.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |
| WIFI 5.5G | Body 0mm | 5.500 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1361.29 | <50mm | <50mm | 1103.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |
| WIFI 5.8G | Body 0mm | 5.800 | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1299.00 | <50mm | <50mm | 1103.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |
| BT | Body 0mm | 2.480 | 9.50 | 8.91 | 5 | 179.9 | 37.9 | 5 | 153.7 | <50mm | 1395.00 | <50mm | <50mm | 1133.00 | <50mm | No | <50mm | <50mm | No |

According to the table above, the standalone test configurations required for this device are as below:

| Test configurations | Front side | Back side | Left side | Right side | Top side | Bottom side |
|---------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| WiFi 2.4G | No | Yes | No | No | Yes | No |
| WiFi 5G | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No |
| BT | No | No | No | No | No | No |

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

1) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is \leq 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm.

| | Position | | Pmax | test separation distance(mm) | | | | | | Estimated SAR(W/Kg) | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|-------|-------|------------------------------|------|-------|------|--------|----------|---------------------|---------|----------------------|----------|--------------|--------|
| Mode | | | (mw) | Back | Left | Right | Top | Bottom | f(GHz) X | | Back | Left side Right side | Right | Top side Bot | Bottom |
| | | | | side | side | side | side | side | | | side | | Top side | side | |
| WiFi 2.4G | Body 0mm | 17.50 | 56.23 | 5 | 37.9 | 179.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 2.462 | 7.5 | measure | 0.327 | 0.400 | measure | 0.400 |
| WiFi 5G | Body 0mm | 17.00 | 50.12 | 5 | 37.9 | 179.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 5.850 | 7.5 | measure | measure | 0.400 | measure | 0.400 |
| BT | Body 0mm | 9.50 | 8.91 | 5 | 37.9 | 179.9 | 5 | 153.7 | 2.480 | 7.5 | 0.052 | 0.052 | 0.400 | 0.052 | 0.400 |

Table 4: Estimated SAR calculation for WiFi and BT Note:

1) * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer



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5.2 Measurement of RF conducted Power

5.2.1 Conducted Power Of WIFI and BT

| 2450MHz Wi-Fi-sensor off | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test | | | | |
| | 1 | 2412 | | 17.5 | 15.52 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11b | 6 | 2437 | 1 | 17.5 | 15.74 | NO | | | | |
| | 11 | 2462 | | 17.5 | 15.82 | Yes | | | | |
| | 1 | 2412 | | 11.0 | 9.16 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11g | 6 | 2437 | 6 | 11.0 | 9.28 | NO | | | | |
| | 11 | 2462 | | 11.0 | 9.19 | NO | | | | |
| // | 1 | 2412 | | 11.0 | 9.36 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11n HT20 SISO | 6 | 2437 | 6.5 | 11.0 | 9.71 | NO | | | | |
| 11120 3130 | 11 | 2462 | | 11.0 | 9.18 | NO | | | | |
| | 3 | 2422 | | 9.5 | 8.13 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11n HT40 SISO | 6 | 2437 | 13.5 | 9.5 | 8.80 | NO | | | | |
| H140 3130 | 9 | 2452 | | 9.5 | 8.85 | NO | | | | |
| | | 2450MHz V | Vi-Fi-sensor on | | | <u>'</u> | | | | |
| Mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test | | | | |
| | 1 | 2412 | | 9.5 | 8.56 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11b | 6 | 2437 | 1 | 9.5 | 8.89 | NO | | | | |
| | 11 | 2462 | | 9.5 | 9.27 | Yes | | | | |
| | 1 | 2412 | | 9.5 | 8.83 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11g | 6 | 2437 | 6 | 9.5 | 8.85 | NO | | | | |
| | 11 | 2462 | | 9.5 | 8.97 | NO | | | | |
| // | 1 | 2412 | | 9.5 | 8.84 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11n HT20 SISO | 6 | 2437 | 6.5 | 9.5 | 8.86 | NO | | | | |
| 11120 3130 | 11 | 2462 | | 9.5 | 8.95 | NO | | | | |
| 000 11 | 3 | 2422 | | 9.5 | 7.95 | NO | | | | |
| 802.11n HT40 SISO | 6 | 2437 | 13.5 | 9.5 | 8.79 | NO | | | | |
| 11140 3130 | 9 | 2452 | | 9.5 | 8.83 | NO | | | | |

| 5GHz Wi-Fi-sensor off | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test | | | |
| | U-NII-1 | 36 | 5180 | | 17.0 | 15.92 | NO | | | |
| | | 40 | 5200 | | 17.0 | 16.12 | NO | | | |
| | | 44 | 5220 | | 17.0 | 16.22 | NO | | | |
| 802.11a | | 48 | 5240 | 6 | 17.0 | 16.21 | NO | | | |
| 002.11a | U-NII-2A | 52 | 5260 | O | 17.0 | 16.11 | NO | | | |
| | | 56 | 5280 | | 17.0 | 16.29 | NO | | | |
| | U-INII-ZA | 60 | 5300 | | 17.0 | 16.42 | Yes | | | |
| | | 64 | 5320 | | 17.0 | 16.41 | NO | | | |



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| 1 | 1 | 100 | l 5500 | 1 | 170 | 16.59 | NO |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| | | 100 104 | 5500 5520 | | 17.0 17.0 | 16.68 | NO NO |
| | | 104 | 5540 | | 17.0 | 16.76 | Yes |
| | | 112 | 5560 | | 17.0 | 16.75 | NO |
| | | 116 | 5580 | | 17.0 | 16.75 | NO |
| | | 120 | 5600 | | 17.0 | 16.53 | NO |
| | U-NII-2C | 124 | 5620 | | 17.0 | 16.61 | NO |
| | | | 5640 | | 17.0 | | NO |
| | | 128 132 | | | 17.0 | 16.25 | |
| | | | 5660 | | | 16.24 | NO |
| | | 136 | 5680 | | 17.0 | 16.31 | NO |
| | | 140 | 5700 | | 17.0 | 16.34 | NO |
| | | 144 | 5720 | | 17.0 | 16.29 | NO |
| | | 149 | 5745 5765 | | 17.0 | 15.95 | NO |
| | | 153 | 5765 | | 17.0 | 16.06 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 157 | 5785 | | 17.0 | 16.13 | Yes |
| | | 161 | 5805 | | 17.0 | 16.12 | NO |
| | | 165 | 5825 | | 17.0 | 16.09 | NO |
| 5011 | | | - (A411.) | Data | - | Average | SAR |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Power | Test |
| | | 00 | 5400 | (1 / | 47.0 | (dBm) | |
| | | 36 | 5180 | | 17.0 | 16.12 | NO |
| | U-NII-1 | 40 | 5200 | | 17.0 | 16.25 | NO |
| | | 44 | 5220 | | 17.0 | 16.23 | NO |
| | | 48 | 5240 | | 17.0 | 16.19 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 52 | 5260 | | 17.0 | 16.26 | NO |
| | | 56 | 5280 | | 17.0 | 16.16 | NO |
| | | 60 | 5300 | | 17.0 | 16.40 | NO |
| | | 64 | 5320 | | 17.0 | 16.09 | NO |
| | | 100 | 5500 | MCS0 | 17.0 | 16.12 | NO |
| | U-NII-2C | 104 | 5520 | | 17.0 | 16.25 | NO |
| | | 108 | 5540 | | 17.0 | 16.11 | NO |
| | | 112 | 5560 | | 17.0 | 16.18 | NO |
| 802.11n-HT20 | | 116 | 5580 | | 17.0 | 16.14 | NO |
| | | 120 | 5600 | | 17.0 | 16.32 | NO |
| | 0 1111 20 | 124 | 5620 | | 17.0 | 16.21 | NO |
| | | 128 | 5640 | | 17.0 | 16.25 | NO |
| | | 132 | 5660 | | 17.0 | 16.31 | NO |
| | | 136 | 5680 | | 17.0 | 16.11 | NO |
| | | 140 | 5700 | | 17.0 | 16.16 | NO |
| | | 144 | 5720 | | 17.0 | 15.92 | NO |
| | | 149 | 5745 | | 17.0 | 16.06 | NO |
| | | 153 | 5765 | | 17.0 | 16.21 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 157 | 5785 | | 17.0 | 16.31 | NO |
| | | 161 | 5805 | | 17.0 | 16.29 | NO |
| | | 165 | 5825 | | 17.0 | 16.26 | NO |
| | | | _ | Data | _ | Average | SAR |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Power | Test |
| | | | | () | 40.0 | (dBm) | |
| | | 00 | E400 | | 12.0 | 1065 | NO |
| | U-NII-1 | 38 | 5190 | | | 10.65 | |
| | U-NII-1 | 46 | 5230 | | 12.0 | 10.97 | NO |
| | | 46 54 | 5230 5270 | | 12.0 12.0 | 10.97 11.36 | NO NO |
| 802.11n-HT40 | U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 46 54 62 | 5230 5270 5310 | MCS0 | 12.0 12.0 12.0 | 10.97 11.36 11.08 | NO NO NO |
| 802.11n-HT40 | | 46 54 62 102 | 5230 5270 5310 5510 | MCS0 | 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 | 10.97 11.36 11.08 11.04 | NO NO NO |
| 802.11n-HT40 | U-NII-2A | 46 54 62 102 110 | 5230 5270 5310 5510 5550 | MCS0 | 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 | 10.97 11.36 11.08 11.04 10.96 | NO NO NO NO |
| 802.11n-HT40 | | 46 54 62 102 | 5230 5270 5310 5510 | MCS0 | 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 | 10.97 11.36 11.08 11.04 | NO NO NO |



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| 142 5710 12.0 11.07 N 15.0 15.9 5795 15.9 5795 12.0 10.79 N 12.0 10.79 N 12.0 10.92 N 12.0 16.28 N 17.0 16.28 N 17.0 16.28 N 17.0 16.24 N 17.0 16.25 N 17.0 16.35 N 17.0 16.25 N 1 | 5GHz | mode U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 142 151 159 Channel 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5710 5755 5795 Frequency(MHz) 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 12.0 12.0 12.0 Tune up 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 11.07 10.79 10.92 Average Power (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO NO SAR Test NO NO NO NO NO NO NO |
|--|----------|-----------------------|---|---|------------|---|---|---|
| SGHz | 5GHz | mode U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 151 159 Channel 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5755 5795 Frequency(MHz) 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 12.0 12.0 Tune up 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 10.79 10.92 Average Power (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO SAR Test NO NO NO NO NO |
| SGHz | 5GHz | mode U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 159 Channel 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5795 Frequency(MHz) 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 12.0 Tune up 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 10.92 Average Power (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO SAR Test NO NO NO NO NO NO |
| SGHz | 5GHz | U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | Channel 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | Tune up 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | Average Power (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | SAR Test NO NO NO NO |
| SGHz | 5GHz | U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | Power (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO |
| Nate (Mops) Common Commo | SGRZ | U-NII-1 U-NII-2A | 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | Rate(Mbps) | 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | (dBm) 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO NO |
| U-NII-1 | | U-NII-2A | 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | , , , | 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 16.11 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO NO |
| U-NII-1 | | U-NII-2A | 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 16.28 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO |
| BOZ-11ac 20M | | U-NII-2A | 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 16.33 16.21 16.04 | NO NO NO |
| A48 5220 448 5220 448 5220 529 5280 560 5280 600 5300 644 5320 100 5500 104 5520 108 5540 116 5580 116 5580 116 5580 116 5580 117 0 16.21 Ni 17.0 16.21 Ni 17.0 16.21 Ni 17.0 16.21 Ni 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.03 Ni 17.0 16.37 Ni 17.0 16.37 Ni 17.0 16.37 Ni 17.0 16.38 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.03 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 | | U-NII-2A | 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 17.0 17.0 | 16.21 16.04 | NO NO |
| BOZ.11ac 20M | | | 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 17.0 | 16.04 | NO |
| BOZ.11ac 20M | | | 56 60 64 100 104 108 | 5280 5300 5320 5500 | | 17.0 | | |
| 802.11ac 20M | | | 60 64 100 104 108 | 5300 5320 5500 | | | 16.11 | |
| BOZ.11ac 20M | | | 64 100 104 108 | 5320 5500 | | 4- 6 | | NO |
| B02.11ac 20M | | | 100 104 108 | 5500 | | 17.0 | 16.24 | NO |
| B02.11ac 20M | | | 104 108 | 5500 | | 17.0 | 16.21 | NO |
| 802.11ac 20M | | | 104 108 | | | 17.0 | 16.23 | NO |
| B02.11ac 20M | | | 108 | I 5520 | | | | NO |
| Name | | | | | | | | NO |
| 116 | | | 112 | II. | | | | NO |
| U-NII-2C | | ŀ | | II. | MCSO | | | NO |
| 124 5620 17.0 16.37 Ni | 20M | | | II. | WOOO | | | NO |
| 128 5640 17.0 16.35 Ni 17.0 15.96 Ni 17.0 15.96 Ni 17.0 16.33 Ni 17.0 16.33 Ni 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.30 Ni 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17. | | U-NII-2C | | II. | | | | |
| 132 5660 136 5680 17.0 15.96 No. 136 5680 140 5700 17.0 16.03 No. 144 5720 144 5720 17.0 16.23 No. 149 5745 153 5765 17.0 16.26 No. 153 5765 161 5805 17.0 16.28 No. 165 5825 17.0 16.30 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.29 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.26 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.26 No. 17.0 16.28 No. 17.0 16.29 No. 17.0 10.32 No. 17.0 10.32 No. 17.0 10.32 No. 17.0 10.32 | | ŀ | | II. | | | | |
| 136 5680 140 5700 17.0 16.03 Ni 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 140 5700 144 5720 17.0 16.23 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 17.0 Ni 17.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 144 5720 17.0 16.10 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.26 Ni 17.0 16.28 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 16.20 Ni 17.0 16.29 Ni 17.0 | | | | | | | | NO |
| U-NII-3 | | | | | | | | NO |
| U-NII-3 | | | | | | | | NO |
| U-NII-3 | | | | | | | | NO |
| 161 5805 17.0 16.30 No. | | | | | | | | NO |
| Tune up | | U-NII-3 | | | | | | NO |
| Tune up | | | 161 | 5805 | | | 16.30 | NO |
| Tune up | | | 165 | 5825 | | 17.0 | 16.29 | NO |
| BOZ.11ac Hode Channel Frequency(MHz) Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power (dBm) Te (| | | | | Doto | | Average | CAD |
| BO2.11ac Home Hom | 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | | Tune up | | |
| U-NII-1 38 5190 12.0 10.32 Ni | | | | , , , | Rate(Mbps) | | (dBm) | Test |
| BOZ.11ac Home Hom | | | 38 | 5190 | | 12.0 | | NO |
| BO2.11ac Horizontal Prediction Horizontal Predic | | U-NII-1 | | | | | | NO |
| B02.11ac Hold H | - | | | | | | | NO |
| 802.11ac 40M | | U-NII-2A | | II. | | | | NO |
| 802.11ac 40M | - | | | II. | | | | NO |
| 40M U-NII-2C 118 5590 126 5630 134 5670 142 5710 151 5755 12.0 10.83 12.0 10.83 12.0 10.83 12.0 10.71 12.0 10.83 12.0 10.71 12.0 10.88 12.0 10.88 12.0 10.88 No 5GHz mode Channel Frequency(MHz) Data Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power (dBm) | 902 1120 | | | | | | | NO |
| 126 5630 12.0 10.85 No. 134 5670 142 5710 12.0 10.83 No. 12.0 10.88 No. 12.0 10.85 No. 12.0 N | | | | | MCS0 | | | NO |
| 134 5670 12.0 10.94 No. | 40101 | U-NII-2C | | | | | | |
| 142 5710 12.0 10.83 No. | | ŀ | | | | | | |
| U-NII-3 151 5755 12.0 10.71 No. 5GHz mode Channel Frequency(MHz) Data Rate(Mbps) Tune up Average Power (dBm) SA Te | | | | II. | | | | NO |
| 5GHz mode Channel Frequency(MHz) Data Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power (dBm) SA | | | | II. | | | | NO |
| 5GHz mode Channel Frequency(MHz) Data Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power (dBm) SA | | U-NII-3 | | | | | | NO |
| 5GHz mode Channel Frequency(MHz) Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power (dBm) | | | 159 | 5/95 | | 12.0 | | NO |
| Teduency(MHZ) Rate(Mbps) Tune up Power Te | | | 01 | | Data | _ | | SAR |
| (dBiii) | 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | | Tune up | | Test |
| | | | | | () | | | |
| | | U-NII-1 | 42 | 5210 | | 11.0 | 10.13 | NO |
| | | U-NII-2A | | | | | | NO |
| 802.11ac 106 5530 MCS0 11.0 10.41 No | 802.11ac | | 106 | 5530 | MCSO | 11.0 | 10.41 | NO |
| 80M U-NII-2C 122 5610 MCS0 11.0 10.45 No | 80M | U-NII-2C | 122 | 5610 | IVICOU | 11.0 | 10.45 | NO |
| | | ļ | 138 | | | | | NO |
| | ļ | U-NII-3 | 155 | 5775 | | 11.0 | 10.22 | NO |



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| | | | 5GHz Wi-Fi-sensor | r on | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|
| | | | | Data | _ | Average | |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Power | SAR Test |
| | | 26 | F400 | (1 / | 7.0 | (dBm) | NO |
| | | 36 | 5180 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | U-NII-1 | 40 | 5200 | | 7.0 | 6.91 | NO |
| | | 44 | 5220 | | 7.0 | 6.77 | NO |
| | | 48 | 5240 | | 7.0 | 6.93 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 52 | 5260 | | 7.0 | 6.62 | NO |
| | | 56 | 5280 | | 7.0 | 6.83 | NO |
| | | 60 | 5300 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | 64 | 5320 | _ | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| | | 100 | 5500 | | 7.0 | 6.48 | NO |
| | | 104 | 5520 | | 7.0 | 6.82 | NO |
| | | 108 | 5540 | | 7.0 | 6.77 | NO |
| | | 112 | 5560 | | 7.0 | 6.88 | NO |
| 802.11a | | 116 | 5580 | 6 | 7.0 | 6.95 | NO |
| | U-NII-2C | 120 | 5600 | | 7.0 | 6.69 | NO |
| | | 124 | 5620 | | 7.0 | 6.93 | NO |
| | | 128 | 5640 | | 7.0 | 6.56 | NO |
| | | 132 | 5660 | | 7.0 | 6.85 | NO |
| | | 136 | 5680 | | 7.0 | 6.45 | NO |
| | | 140 | 5700 | | 7.0 | 6.78 | NO |
| | | 144 | 5720 | | 7.0 | 6.67 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 149 | 5745 | | 7.0 | 6.69 | NO |
| | | 153 | 5765 | | 7.0 | 6.26 | NO |
| | | 157 | 5785 | | 7.0 | 6.56 | NO |
| | | 161 | 5805 | | 7.0 | 6.81 | NO |
| | | 165 | 5825 | | 7.0 | 6.94 | NO |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test |
| | | 36 | 5180 | | 7.0 | 6.75 | NO |
| | U-NII-1 | 40 | 5200 | | 7.0 | 6.29 | NO |
| | U-INII-1 | 44 | 5220 | | 7.0 | 6.69 | NO |
| | | 48 | 5240 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | 52 | 5260 | | 7.0 | 6.42 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 56 | 5280 | | 7.0 | 6.74 | NO |
| | 0-1111-2 <i>P</i> A | 60 | 5300 | | 7.0 | 6.93 | NO |
| | | 64 | 5320 | | 7.0 | 6.38 | NO |
| 902 115 UT20 | | 100 | 5500 | MCSO | 7.0 | 6.34 | NO |
| 802.11n-HT20 | | 104 | 5520 | MCS0 | 7.0 | 6.67 | NO |
| | | 108 | 5540 | | 7.0 | 6.95 | NO |
| | U-NII-2C | 112 | 5560 | | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| | | 116 | 5580 | | 7.0 | 6.59 | NO |
| | | 120 | 5600 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | 124 | 5620 | | 7.0 | 6.48 | NO |
| | | 128 | 5640 | | 7.0 | 6.77 | NO |
| | | 132 | 5660 | | 7.0 | 6.24 | NO |
| | | 136 | 5680 | | 7.0 | 6.54 | NO |



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| | l | 140 | 5700 | | 7.0 | 6.81 | NO |
|-----------------|------------|------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------|
| | | 144 | 5720 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | 149 153 | 5745 5765 | | 7.0 7.0 | 6.64 6.27 | NO NO |
| | 11 1111 2 | | | | | | |
| | U-NII-3 | 157 | 5785 | | 7.0 | 6.58 | NO |
| | | 161 | 5805 | | 7.0 | 6.86 | NO |
| | | 165 | 5825 | | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test |
| | U-NII-1 | 38 | 5190 | | 7.0 | 6.73 | NO |
| | 0 11 1 | 46 | 5230 | | 7.0 | 6.91 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 54 | 5270 | | 7.0 | 6.87 | NO |
| | 0-1411-274 | 62 | 5310 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | 102 | 5510 | | 7.0 | 6.81 | NO |
| 802.11n-HT40 | | 110 | 5550 | MCS0 | 7.0 | 6.84 | NO |
| 002.1111-111-0 | U-NII-2C | 118 | 5590 | IVICOU | 7.0 | 6.86 | NO |
| | 0-14II-ZO | 126 | 5630 | | 7.0 | 6.94 | NO |
| | | 134 | 5670 | | 7.0 | 6.79 | NO |
| | | 142 | 5710 | | 7.0 | 6.83 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 151 | 5755 | | 7.0 | 6.52 | NO |
| | 0-1111-3 | 159 | 5795 | | 7.0 | 6.56 | NO |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test |
| | | 36 | 5180 | | 7.0 | 6.75 | NO |
| | | 40 | 5200 | | 7.0 | 6.84 | NO |
| | U-NII-1 | 44 | 5220 | | 7.0 | 6.61 | NO |
| | | 48 | 5240 | | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| | LI NIII QA | 52 | 5260 | | 7.0 | 6.42 | NO |
| | | 56 | 5280 | _ | 7.0 | 6.77 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 60 | 5300 | | 7.0 | 6.91 | NO |
| | | 64 | 5320 | | 7.0 | 6.95 | NO |
| | | 100 | 5500 | | 7.0 | 6.41 | NO |
| | | 104 | 5520 | | 7.0 | 6.46 | NO |
| | | 108 | 5540 | | 7.0 | 6.96 | NO |
| 000.44 | | 112 | 5560 | | 7.0 | 6.97 | NO |
| 802.11ac 20M | | 116 | 5580 | MCS0 | 7.0 | 6.62 | NO |
| ZUIVI | | 120 | 5600 | | 7.0 | 6.56 | NO |
| | U-NII-2C | 124 | 5620 | | 7.0 | 6.52 | NO |
| | | 128 | 5640 | | 7.0 | 6.78 | NO |
| | | 132 | 5660 | | 7.0 | 6.25 | NO |
| | | 136 | 5680 | | 7.0 | 6.78 | NO |
| | | 140 | 5700 | | 7.0 | 6.84 | NO |
| | | 144 | 5720 | | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| | | 149 | 5745 | | 7.0 | 6.14 | NO |
| | | 153 | 5765 | | 7.0 | 6.22 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 157 | 5785 | | 7.0 | 6.54 | NO |
| | | 161 | 5805 | | 7.0 | 6.82 | NO |
| | | 165 | 5825 | | 7.0 | 6.88 | NO |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power | SAR Test |

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| | | | | | | (dBm) | |
|----------|----------|---------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|
| | U-NII-1 | 38 | 5190 | | 7.0 | 6.82 | NO |
| | U-INII-1 | 46 | 5230 | | 7.0 | 6.94 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 54 | 5270 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | NO |
| | | 62 | 5310 | | 7.0 | 6.91 | NO |
| | | 102 | 5510 | MCS0 | 7.0 | 6.82 | NO |
| 802.11ac | | 110 | 5550 | | 7.0 | 6.88 | NO |
| 40M | U-NII-2C | 118 | 5590 | IVICSU | 7.0 | 6.86 | NO |
| | 0-MI-2C | 126 | 5630 | | 7.0 | 6.92 | NO |
| | | 134 | 5670 | | 7.0 | 6.76 | NO |
| | | 142 | 5710 | | 7.0 | 6.81 | NO |
| | U-NII-3 | 151 | 5755 | | 7.0 | 6.52 | NO |
| | 0-1111-3 | 159 | 5795 | | 7.0 | 6.79 | NO |
| 5GHz | mode | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Data Rate(Mbps) | Tune up | Average Power (dBm) | SAR Test |
| | U-NII-1 | 42 | 5210 | | 7.0 | 6.62 | NO |
| | U-NII-2A | 58 | 5290 | | 7.0 | 6.68 | Yes |
| 802.11ac | | 106 | 5530 | MCCO | 7.0 | 6.81 | NO |
| 80M | U-NII-2C | 122 | 5610 | MCS0 | 7.0 | 6.85 | NO |
| | | 138 | 5690 | | 7.0 | 6.89 | Yes |
| | U-NII-3 | 155 | 5775 | | 7.0 | 6.83 | Yes |

Table 5: Conducted Power Of WIFI.

| | BT | Tune up | Average | |
|------------|---------|----------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Modulation | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | (dBm) | Conducted Power(dBm) |
| | 0 | 2402 | 9.5 | 7.9 |
| GFSK | 39 | 2441 | 9.5 | 8.0 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 9.5 | 7.8 |
| | 0 | 2402 | 9.5 | 6.9 |
| π/4DQPSK | 39 | 2441 | 9.5 | 7.7 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 9.5 | 7.8 |
| | 0 | 2402 | 9.5 | 7.9 |
| 8DPSK | 39 | 2441 | 9.5 | 7.8 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 9.5 | 7.7 |

| | BLE | | | Average |
|------------|---------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Modulation | Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Tune up (dBm) | Conducted Power(dBm) |
| | 0 | 2402 | 6.0 | 4.39 |
| GFSK | 19 | 2440 | 6.0 | 5.12 |
| | 39 | 2480 | 6.0 | 4.62 |

Table 6: Conducted Power Of BT.



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5.3 Measurement of SAR Data

5.3.1 SAR Result Of 2.4GHz WIFI

| Test position | Test mode | Test Ch./Freq. | _ | Duty Cycle Scaled factor | | Power drift (dB) | Conducted power (dBm) | Tune up Limit (dBm) | Scaled factor | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | Body T | est data | a with So | ensor or | ı(Separate 0r | mm) | | | |
| Back side | 802.11b | 11/2462 | 99.67% | 1.003 | 0.457 | 0.02 | 9.27 | 9.5 | 1.054 | 0.483 | 22.0 |
| Top side | 802.11b | 11/2462 | 99.67% | 1.003 | 0.136 | -0.12 | 9.27 | 9.5 | 1.054 | 0.144 | 22.0 |
| | • | | | Body | Test dat | a with S | ensor off | | | | |
| Back side 8mm | 802.11b | 11/2462 | 99.67% | 1.003 | 0.379 | -0.09 | 15.82 | 17.5 | 1.472 | 0.560 | 22.0 |
| Top side 12mm | 802.11b | 11/2462 | 99.67% | 1.003 | 0.123 | 0.12 | 15.82 | 17.5 | 1.472 | 0.182 | 22.0 |

Table 7: SAR of 2.4GHz WIFI.

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) Per KDB248227D01, for Body SAR test of WiFi 2.4G, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using the initial test position procedure. The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, so SAR for 802.11g/n is not required.

| Mode | tune up (dBm) | tune up (mW) | Max report SAR(W/Kg) | Adjusted SAR(W/Kg) | Required other mode SAR Test |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 802.11b | 17.5 | 56.23 | 0.560 | 1 | Yes |
| 802.11g | 11.0 | 12.59 | / | 0.125 | No |
| 802.11n-HT20 | 11.0 | 12.59 | / | 0.125 | No |
| 802.11n-HT40 | 9.5 | 8.91 | / | 0.089 | No |



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5.3.2 SAR Result Of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-2A)

| Test position | Test mode | Test Ch./Freq | Duty Cycle | Duty Cycle Scaled factor | SAR (W/kg) 1-g | Power drift (dB) | Conducted power (dBm) | Tune up Limit (dBm) | Scaled factor | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | | Вос | dy worn | Test dat | ta with S | Sensor o | n(Separate 0 | mm) | | | |
| Back side | 802.11ac 80M | 58/5290 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.312 | 0.00 | 6.68 | 7.0 | 1.076 | 0.354 | 22.2 |
| Top side | 802.11ac 80M | 58/5290 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.204 | -0.03 | 6.68 | 7.0 | 1.076 | 0.232 | 22.2 |
| | | | Во | dy worn | Test da | ta with S | Sensor off | | | | |
| Left side 0mm | 802.11a | 60/5300 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.397 | 0.00 | 16.42 | 17.0 | 1.143 | 0.467 | 22.2 |
| Back side 8mm | 802.11a | 60/5300 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.509 | -0.06 | 16.42 | 17.0 | 1.143 | 0.599 | 22.2 |
| Top side 12mm | 802.11a | 60/5300 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.555 | 0.00 | 16.42 | 17.0 | 1.143 | 0.653 | 22.2 |

Table 8: SAR of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-2A).

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. As the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration;

| Mode | tune up (dBm) | tune up (mW) | Max report SAR(W/Kg) | Adjusted SAR(W/Kg) | Required other mode SAR Test |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 802.11a 20M (U-NII-2A) | 17.0 | 50.12 | 0.653 | 1 | Yes |
| 802.11a 20M (U-NII-1) | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.653 | No |

| Mode | tune up (dBm) | tune up (mW) | Max report SAR(W/Kg) | Adjusted SAR(W/Kg) | Required other mode SAR Test |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 802.11a 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 0.653 | / | Yes |
| 802.11n-HT20 | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.653 | No |
| 802.11n-HT40 | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.206 | No |
| 802.11ac 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.653 | No |
| 802.11ac 40M | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.206 | No |
| 802.11ac 80M | 11.0 | 12.59 | 1 | 0.164 | No |

Note: Per KDB248227D01,as the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.



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5.3.3 SAR Result Of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-2C)

| Test position | Test mode | Test Ch./Freq. | Duty Cycle | Duty Cycle Scaled factor | SAR (W/kg) 1-g | Power drift (dB) | Conducted power (dBm) | Tune up Limit (dBm) | Scaled factor | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | | Во | dy worn | Test data | a with S | ensor o | n(Separate 0 | mm) | | | |
| Back side | 802.11ac 80M | 138/5690 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.140 | -0.03 | 6.89 | 7.0 | 1.026 | 0.151 | 22.2 |
| Top side | 802.11ac 80M | 138/5690 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.082 | -0.07 | 6.89 | 7.0 | 1.026 | 0.089 | 22.2 |
| | | | Во | dy worn 7 | est dat | ta with S | Sensor off | | | | |
| Left side 0mm | 802.11a | 108/5540 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.255 | 0.04 | 16.76 | 17.0 | 1.057 | 0.278 | 22.2 |
| Back side 8mm | 802.11a | 108/5540 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.566 | 0.02 | 16.76 | 17.0 | 1.057 | 0.616 | 22.2 |
| Top side 12mm | 802.11a | 108/5540 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.547 | 0.05 | 16.76 | 17.0 | 1.057 | 0.595 | 22.2 |

Table 9: SAR of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-2C).

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B

2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

| Mode | tune up (dBm) | tune up (mW) | Max report SAR(W/Kg) | Adjusted SAR(W/Kg) | Required other mode SAR Test |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 802.11a 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 0.616 | / | Yes |
| 802.11n-HT20 | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.616 | No |
| 802.11n-HT40 | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.195 | No |
| 802.11ac 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.616 | No |
| 802.11ac 40M | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.195 | No |
| 802.11ac 80M | 11.0 | 12.59 | 1 | 0.155 | No |

Note: Per KDB248227D01,as the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.



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5.3.4 SAR Result Of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-3)

| Test position | Test mode | Test Ch./Freq | Duty Cycle | Duty Cycle Scaled factor | SAR (W/kg)1-g | Power drift (dB) | Conducted power (dBm) | Tune up Limit (dBm) | Scaled factor | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|------------------|--|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | Body worn Test data with Sensor on(Separate 0mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back side | 802.11ac 80M | 155/5775 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.097 | 0.05 | 6.83 | 7.0 | 1.040 | 0.107 | 22.2 |
| Top side | 802.11ac 80M | 155/5775 | 94.75% | 1.055 | 0.170 | -0.04 | 6.83 | 7.0 | 1.040 | 0.187 | 22.2 |
| | | | Bod | ly worn T | est da | ta with S | Sensor off | | | | |
| Left side 0mm | 802.11a | 157/5785 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.180 | -0.19 | 16.13 | 17.0 | 1.222 | 0.227 | 22.2 |
| Back side 8mm | 802.11a | 157/5785 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.282 | -0.19 | 16.13 | 17.0 | 1.222 | 0.355 | 22.2 |
| Top side 12mm | 802.11a | 157/5785 | 97.08% | 1.030 | 0.418 | -0.05 | 16.13 | 17.0 | 1.222 | 0.526 | 22.2 |

Table 10: SAR of 5GHz WIFI(U-NII-3).

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B

2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

| Mode | tune up (dBm) | tune up (mW) | Max report SAR(W/Kg) | Adjusted SAR(W/Kg) | Required other mode SAR Test |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 802.11a 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 0.526 | 1 | Yes |
| 802.11n-HT20 | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.526 | No |
| 802.11n-HT40 | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.166 | No |
| 802.11ac 20M | 17.0 | 50.12 | 1 | 0.526 | No |
| 802.11ac 40M | 12.0 | 15.85 | 1 | 0.166 | No |
| 802.11ac 80M | 11.0 | 12.59 | 1 | 0.132 | No |

Note: Per KDB248227D01,as the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.



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5.4 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

5.4.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

1) Simultaneous Transmission

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configuration | Body |
|-----|--|------|
| 1 | 2.4GHz/5GHz WiFi +BT (They share the same antenna and cannot transmit at the same time by design.) | NO |



 \boxtimes

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 \boxtimes

Power Meter

Power Sensor

Power Sensor

Attenuator

Coaxial low pass filter

Coaxial low pass filter

50 Ω coaxial load

DC POWER SUPPLY

Speed reading

thermometer Humidity and

Temperature Indicator

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. **Shenzhen Branch**

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Equipment list

| 6 | Equipmer | nt lis | t . | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| - | Test Platform | SPEA | SPEAG DASY5 Professional | | | | | | | |
| | Location SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch | | | | | | | | | |
| | Description | SAR T | est System (Fred | quency range 300 | MHz-6GHz) | | | | | |
| Soft | tware Reference | DASY | 52 52.8.7(1137); | SEMCAD X 14.6 | 5.10(7164) | | | | | |
| | | | На | ardware Referen | ice | | | | | |
| | Equipment | | Manufacturer | Model | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Due date of calibration | | | |
| \boxtimes | ELI | | SPEAG | ELI V5.0 | 1123 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | DAE | | SPEAG | DAE4 | 1374 | 2017-08-31 | 2018-08-30 | | | |
| \boxtimes | E-Field Prob | ре | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 3962 | 2018-01-11 | 2019-01-10 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Validation K | its | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 733 | 2016-12-07 | 2019-12-06 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Agilent Network Analyzer | | Agilent | E5071C | MY46523590 | 2018-03-13 | 2019-03-12 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Dielectric Prob | e Kit | Agilent | 85070E | US01440210 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | RF Bi-Direction Coupler | onal | Agilent | 86205-60001 | MY31400031 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | Signal Genera | ator | Agilent | N5171B | MY53050736 | 2018-03-13 | 2019-03-12 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Preamplifie | er | Mini-Circuits | ZHL-42W | 15542 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | Preamplifie | er | Compliance Directions | AMP28-3W | 073501433 | NCR | NCR | | | |

E4416A

8481H

NRP-Z92

TS2-3dB

VLF-2500(+)

LA-F13

KARN-50+

SK1730SL5A

T809

KIMTOKA

GB41292095

MY41091234

100025

30704

NA

NA

00850

NA

NA

NA

2018-03-13

2018-03-13

2018-03-13

NCR

NCR

NCR

NCR

NCR

2018-03-13

2018-03-13

2019-03-12

2019-03-12

2019-03-12

NCR

NCR

NCR

NCR

NCR

2019-03-12

2019-03-12

Systems Inc.

Agilent

Agilent

R&S

SHX

Mini-Circuits

Microlab Fxr

Mini-Circuits

SAKO

MingGao

KIMTOKA



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7 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

8 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

9 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



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Appendix A: Detailed System Validation Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

---END---



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Appendix A

Detailed System Validation Results

| 1. System Performance Check |
|---------------------------------------|
| System Performance Check 2450MHz Body |
| System Performance Check 5250MHz Body |
| System Performance Check 5600MHz Body |
| System Performance Check 5750MHz Body |

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.998$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.708$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123

• DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

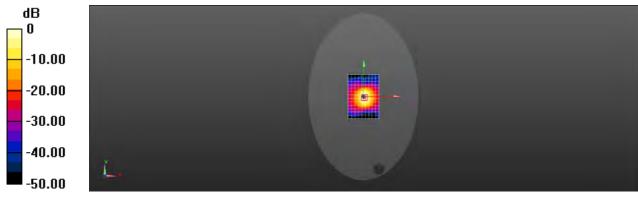
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.343 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.25GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.426$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.122$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123

• DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

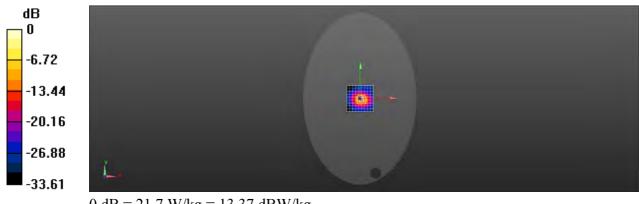
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 53.793 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.37 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.6GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.19$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123

• DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

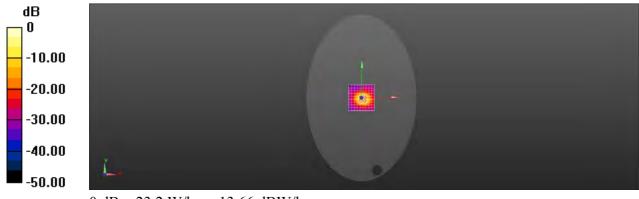
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.394 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.66 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 5.75GHz Body

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1165

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.017$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.85$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123

• DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded),

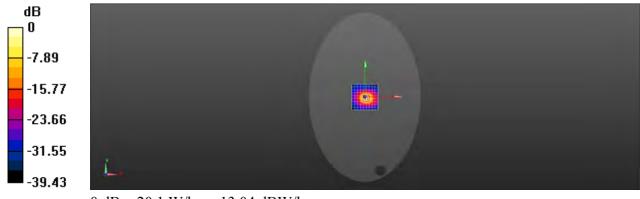
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 51.652 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.04 dBW/kg

Report No.: SZEM180700624405

Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

| 1.WIFI | |
|---------------------|--|
| WIFI2.4GHz for Body | |
| WIFI5GHz for Body | |

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11b 11CH Back side with Sensor off 8mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.015$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.682$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (16x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 W/kg

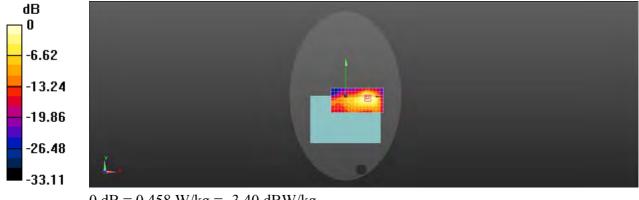
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.213 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 W/kg



0 dB = 0.458 W/kg = -3.40 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11b 11CH Back side with Sensor on 0mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.015$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.682$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (16x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 W/kg

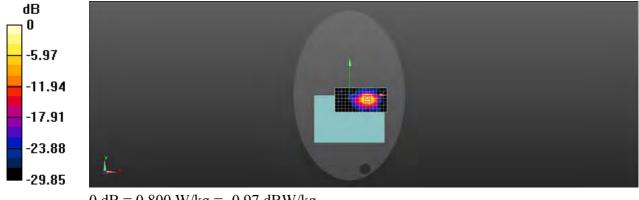
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.506 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.457 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.800 W/kg



0 dB = 0.800 W/kg = -0.97 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11ac 80M 58CH Back side with Sensor on 0mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma = 5.464$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.014$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (19x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 W/kg

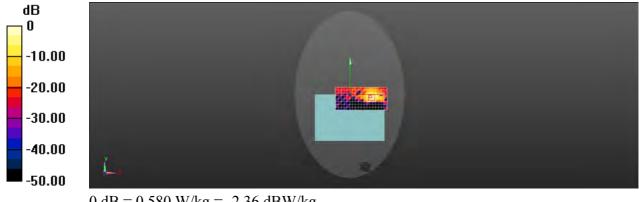
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



0 dB = 0.580 W/kg = -2.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11a 60CH Top side with Sensor off 12mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.528$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.965$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg

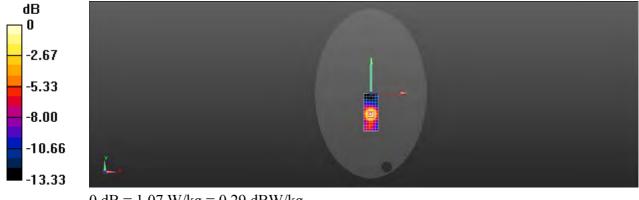
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.767 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg = 0.29 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11ac 80M 138CH Back side with Sensor on 0mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz; $\sigma = 5.893 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.97$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ MHz}$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (14x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 W/kg

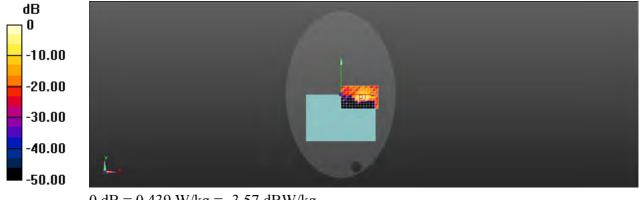
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.013 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.794 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 W/kg



0 dB = 0.439 W/kg = -3.57 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11a 108CH Back side with Sensor off 8mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5540 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5540 MHz; $\sigma = 5.776$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.315$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (14x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg

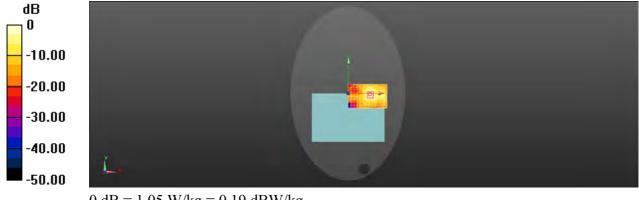
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.018 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.566 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.19 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11ac 80M 155CH Top side with Sensor on 0mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G; Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.801$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg

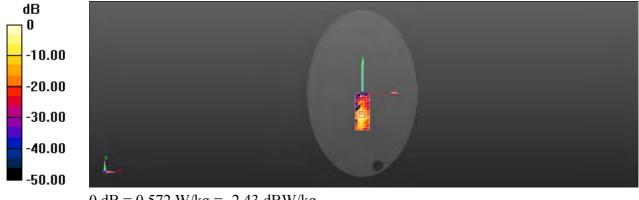
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.878 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.170 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 W/kg



0 dB = 0.572 W/kg = -2.43 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

AGS2-W19 WIFI 802.11a 157CH Top side with Sensor off 12mm

DUT: AGS2-W19; Type: HUAWEI MediaPad T5; Serial: UGNBB18613150059

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5G;Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.038$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.67$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-1-11;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 23.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-8-31
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1123
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.815 W/kg

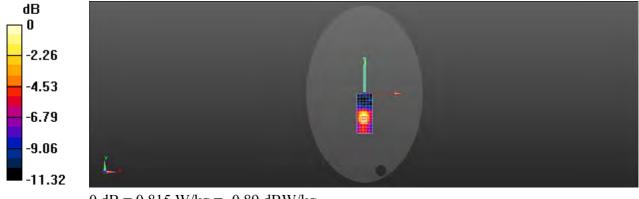
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.831 W/kg



0 dB = 0.815 W/kg = -0.89 dBW/kg



Report No.: SZEM180700624405

Appendix C

Calibration certificate

| 1. Dipole |
|-------------------------------|
| D2450V2 - SN 733(2016-12-07) |
| D5GHzV2 - SN 1165(2016-12-13) |
| 2. DAE |
| DAE4 - SN 1374(2017-08-31) |
| 3. Probe |
| EX3DV4 - SN 3962(2018-01-11) |

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client

SGS(Boce)

Certificate No:

Z16-97244

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 13, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) To and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 101919 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101547 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 | SN 7307 | 19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16) | Feb-17 |
| DAE4 | SN 771 | 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011) | Feb-17 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893) | Jan-17 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894) | Jan-17 |

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Approved by: Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: December 15, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.8.8.1258 |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency | 5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.71 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.3 ± 6 % | 4.72 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.64 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 76.6 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.18 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.9 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2) |

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