

Report No.: HA022521-02B



# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : A4RG025E

Equipment : Phone Model Name : G025E

T-Rating : T4

Applicant : Google LLC

1600 Amphitheatre Parkway,

Mountain View, California, 94043 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on May 05, 2020 and testing was started from May 20, 2020 and completed on Jun. 14, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grange

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# History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA022521-02B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 29, 2020
HA022521-02B	Rev. 02	Update section7.3	Jul. 01, 2020

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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency	Magnetic
			Response	Intensity
	GSM850	T4	Pass	Pass
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
JMTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
DMA CMRS Voice	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over CDMA	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
_	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38	T4	Pass	Pass
_	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
_	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
_	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
_	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
	n2	T4	Pass	Pass
	n5	T4	Pass	Pass
	n12	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over 5G NR	n25	T4	Pass	Pass
	n41	T4	Pass	Pass
	n66	T4	Pass	Pass
	n71	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
_	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
V 0 V 11 1	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
				Pass
				Pass
OTT over WiFi				Pass
OTT over WiFi  Date Tested	5800 2450 5300	T4 T4 T4 2020/05/20	Pass Pass Pass	

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

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# 2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Google LLC
Equipment Name	Phone
Model Name	G025E
FCC ID	A4RG025E
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 1: 2690 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 1: 2699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 1: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 1: 788 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 788 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 2300 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 300 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 689 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 689 MHz SG NR 12: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz SG NR 12: 689 MHz ~ 689 MHz SG NR 12: 689 MHz ~ 689 MHz SG NR 12: 699 MHz ~ 2690 MHz SG NR 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz SG NR 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz SG NR 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz SG NR 13: 663 MHz ~ 2690 MHz SG NR 14: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz SG NR 15: 671 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR 16: 6710 MHz ~ 780 MHz SG NR 16: 6710 MHz ~ 780 MHz SG NR 17: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR 17: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR 17: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz SG NR 16: 6710 MHz ~ 780 MHz SG NR 16: 6710 MHz ~ 7780 MHz SG NR 16: 671
Mode	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA CDMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

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## 3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No. Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY					

## 4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r01

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## 5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air		_	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Band MHz	Туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction
	GSM850	) / O	.,	WLAN, BT	0145014	No
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	EDGE1900	VD	162	WLAIN, DI	Google Duo	NO
	Band II			WLAN, BT		No
UMTS	Band IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
OWITS	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	BC0			WLAN, BT		No
CDMA	BC1	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
CDIVIA	BC10			WLAN, BT		No
	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 14	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/	No
()	Band 17			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/	No
(.55)	Band 48			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n12			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR	n25	VD	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>	LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	n41			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	2450			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,5G WLAN, BT		No
	5200			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT	VoWiFi <sup>(1)</sup>	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT	/	No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,5G WLAN	NA	No

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# Type Transport: VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

#### Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41 and NR Band 2/25, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid
- The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Duo, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. 3.
- Because features of Google Duo allow the option of voice-only communications, Duo has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best 4. user experience.

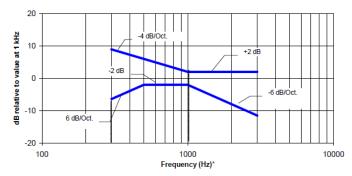
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## 6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

#### 6.1 Frequency Response

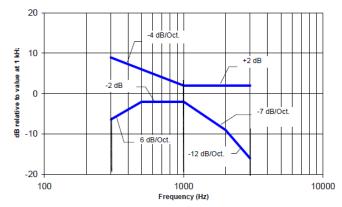
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

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NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

#### 6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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## 7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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## 7.1 Test Flow Chart

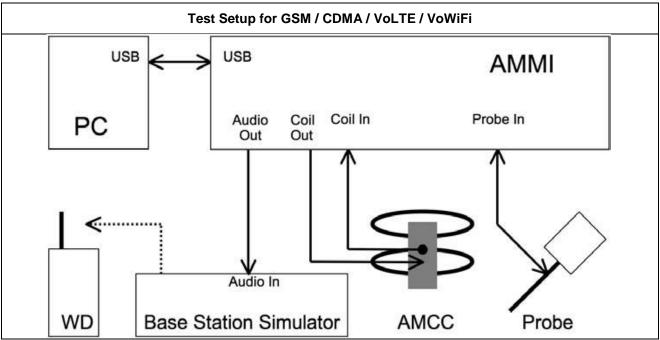
# Test Instructions Confirm calibration of test eq uip ment Configure and validate the test setup Establish WD reference level Find measurement locations Per sub clause 7.3, 7.4.1 a)-b) & 7.4.4.4 Position and orient probe Measure desired aud io band signal strength Per sub clause 7.4.1 c)-e) Calculate signal strength Calculate signal quality Measure frequency resposne (perpendicular orientation only) Per sub clause 7.4.5 - 7.4.6 All locations measured? All locations measured? Determine and record signal quality category Done Per sub clause 8.2.4

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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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## 7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE/VoWiFi



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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - GSM input level: -16dBm0
  - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
  - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
  - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
  - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that can (1) for the system to be able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement The test setup is illustrated in Figure 3.9. The R&S CMW500 was used as system simulator for VoLTE and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500 integrates IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.

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#### <Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k voice 300-3000 2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

AEXAMPIC COMPACTOR OF COMPONITOR COMP							
Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level				
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0				
		-2.47	3.14				
10	20	-19.85	-14.24				
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16				

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

<Example define the input level for VoWiFi>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

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# 7.3 PAG Reuse section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for OTT and WiFi calling

WiFi Calling: This device supports WiFi-calling which is anextended feature of the carriers CMRS service to offload VoLTE calls onto local area networks over WiFi via the internet and is subject to HAC assessment for phone with a HAC rating. This assessment is subihect to Pre-Approval Guidance. The evaluation of HAC for WiFi calling follows the same test procedures and methods dercribed in the previous section for VoLTE and the CMW500 us also used to originate the WiFi calling. The only difference is that the audio reference level is set at -20dBm0 for WiFi calling per KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement, the test setup and input level determine refer to section7.2

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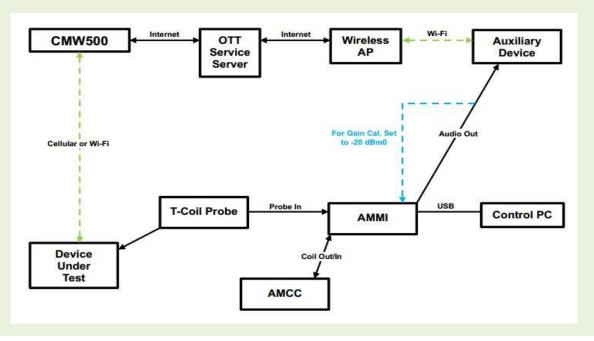
**OTT Calling:** This device includes the preinstalled application Google Duo. Because features of Google Duo provide an option of voice-only communications, Duo has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience. Duo's voice-only communications can occur over Wi-Fi and VoIP. Wi-Fi calling is an extended feature of the carriers CMRS service to offload VoLTE calls on to local area networks over WI-FI via the internet and subject to HAC assessment for phones with a HAC rating. Similarly VoIP capabilities require HAC assessment when voice calls are supported over the cellular data connection via pre-installed applications. Both of these assessments are subject to Pre Approval Guidance

The test set up for OTT calling uses the R&S CMW500 as a base station simulator to establish a call through cellular (2G, 3G, 4G, 5G) or Wi-Fi air interface to the device under test. The CMW500's data application unit is connected via internet (Ethernet connection to router) to the OTT service such as Google Duo. An auxiliary device is also connected to the OTT service via a wireless router. A VoIP call is then established between the DUT and the auxiliary device via the VoIP service. The auxiliary device includes special version software that allows it to configure and monitor the OPUS codec bit rate during the OTT call. An investigation is made across all supported codec bit rates and across the various air interfaces (e.g. EGPRS, HSPA, EV-DO, FDD-LTE, TDD-LTE, 5G FR1, Wi-Fi etc.) between DUT and CMW500 to determine the worst case T-Coil rating.

According to KDB 285076 D02v03, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used when the protocol is not listed in ANSI C63.19-2011 or ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation. Hence, the testing audio signal from AMMI Audio Out has been calibrated for all test signal types (1 kHz sine, 1 kHz voice and 300 to 3 kHz voice) to determine the gain settings required to inject the audio signal at a level of -20 dBm0 into the auxiliary device during HAC T-Coil tests for OTT calling.

An investigation was perfromed to determine worst case codec, bit rate and air interface configuration refer to section10.2 and section11

The test setup for OTT Voice Calling is using the R&S CMW500 as base station simulator. The CMW500's data application unit was connected to the internet and allowed for an IP data connection on the EUT. An auxiliary VoIP unit installed the same OTT application was used to initiate an OTT call to the EUT. The auxiliary VoIP unit can allow for configure and monitor the codec bit rate during the OTT call.



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#### <Define the input level for OTT calling>

1. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice call between auxiliary device and device under test the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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- 2. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
- 3. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 4. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 5. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 6. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Step	Signal type	Audi	o out	Target Level			
Step	Signal type	Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0		
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23			
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24			
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20		

Remark (\*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.

(\*\*) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- 1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- 2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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## 7.4 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

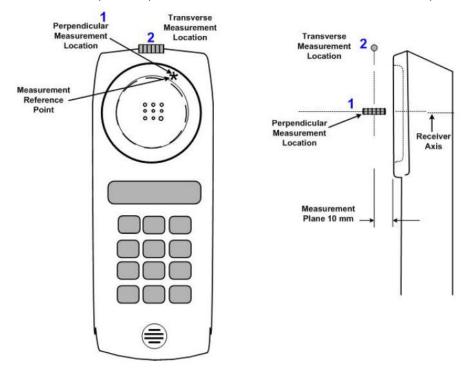


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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# 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medel	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 17, 2019	Sep. 16, 2020
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 18, 2019	Nov. 17, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	149637	Sep. 03, 2019	Sep. 02, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	117591	Dec. 09, 2019	Dec. 08, 2020
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

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Note:

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<sup>1.</sup> NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

## 9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

#### **General Note:**

1. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### 9.1 GSM Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.18	3.84		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-34.6	-33.78	Axial	GSM850 / 189
Signal Quality (dB)	38.78	37.62	Axiai	G310000 / 109
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS		

#### <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
01	CSM8E0	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	3.84	-33.78	37.62	T4	-50.32	1.59	Pass
01	GSM850 Voice	103	Transversal (Y)	-4.32	-43.94	39.62	T4	-50.22	1.58	Fass	
				Axial (Z)	4.46	-36.83	41.29	T4	-50.35		
02	02 GSM1900 Voice	661	Transversal (Y)	-3.57	-45.73	42.16	T4	-50.26	1.87	Pass	
				Transversal (Y)	-4.97	-49.01	44.04	T4	-50.26		

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# 9.2 UMTS Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.46	2.12	3.85		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.42	-39.7	-46.98	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
Signal Quality (dB)	41.88	41.82	50.83	Axiai	Band 2 / 9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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## <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
03	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	2.12	-39.70	41.82	T4	-50.36	1.71	Pass
03	3 WCDIVIA II Voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-4.18	-45.38	41.20	T4	-50.21	1.71	1 033	
0.4	WCDMA IV		4.440	Axial (Z)	1.98	-40.42	42.40	T4	-50.38	4.04	Pass
04	WCDIVIA IV	Voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-4.10	-45.42	41.32	T4	-50.24	1.81	Pass
05	WODMAN		4400	Axial (Z)	2.63	-40.44	43.07	T4	-50.35	0	Davis
05	05 WCDMA V	Voice	4182	Transversal (Y)	-4.15	-45.92	41.77	T4	-50.27	2	Pass

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## 9.3 CDMA Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	RC1 SO3	RC3 SO3	RC4 SO3	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.74	3.45	3		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-49.17	-49.6	-49.4	Axial	BC0 / 384
Signal Quality (dB)	51.91	53.05	52.4	Axiai	BCU / 364
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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## <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
06	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K	384	Axial (Z)	2.80	-49.39	52.19	T4	-50.37	1.68	Pass
00	Enhanced low	304	Transversal (Y)	-5.39	-50.15	44.76	T4	-50.24	1.00	Fass	
07	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K	600	Axial (Z)	3.80	-49.28	53.08	T4	-50.38	4.00	Door
07	CDIVIA BCT	Enhanced low	600	Transversal (Y)	-5.09	-49.82	44.73	T4	-50.22	1.26	Pass
00	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K		500	Axial (Z)	4.00	-49.36	53.36	T4	-50.35	4.07	Davis
08	08 CDMA BC10	Enhanced low	580	Transversal (Y)	-4.97	-49.01	44.04	T4	-50.26	1.27	Pass

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## 10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

## 10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

#### **General Note:**

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

#### 2. Air Interface Investigation:

a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. For TDD LTE B41 UL CA is operated in power class3, an investigation is selected worst case UL-DL configuration with worst case radio configuration result is used.
- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.52	0.91	3.44	2.42	8.21	7.23	1.93	4.33	3.51	4.22		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.75	-38.87	-37.89	-37.92	-39.69	-33.59	-40.44	-40.27	-41.4	-42.57		B25 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	42.27	39.78	41.33	40.34	47.9	40.82	42.37	44.6	44.91	46.79	Axial	26340
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

#### LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.6	3.2	4.25	4.28	8.53	8.76	-2.24	4.82	3.63	4.64		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-37.34	-35.72	-36.1	-35.19	-36.78	-34.85	-40.66	-35.38	-40.2	-39.87	Axial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	40.94	38.92	40.35	39.47	45.31	43.61	38.42	40.2	43.83	44.51	Axiai	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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## <Air Interface Investigation>

A	ir Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	0.91	-38.87	39.78
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	1.02	-38.86	39.88
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	0.99	-38.92	39.91
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	0.94	-38.94	39.88
FDD	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	0.95	-38.96	39.91
FDD	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.02	-38.85	39.87
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.00	-38.91	39.91
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.00	-38.83	39.83
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	0.98	-38.85	39.83
	LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.00	-38.92	39.92
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-7.84	-45.06	37.22
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	-4.53	-44.99	40.46
	UL CA B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-6.64	-44.89	38.25
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	-5.02	-45.24	40.22
TDD	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	-7.33	-45.02	37.69
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	-5.54	-44.94	39.40
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	-5.23	-45.32	40.09
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	-4.61	-45.32	40.71
	UL CA B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	-8.00	-45.27	37.27

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response
09	LTE Band 7	20M QPSK 1 0	21100	Axial (Z)	2.73	-38.56	41.29	T4	-50.34	1.02	Pass
09	LIE Band /	20W_QP5K_1_0	21100	Transversal (Y)	-4.90	-45.28	40.38	T4	-50.28	1.02	Pass
10	LTE Band 12	10M OBSK 1 0	23095	Axial (Z)	0.25	-38.97	39.22	T4	-50.38	1.83	Pass
10	LIE Band 12	10M_QPSK_1_0	23095	Transversal (Y)	-6.10	-44.45	38.35	T4	-50.25	1.63	Pass
11	LTE Band 13	40M OBSK 4 0	23230	Axial (Z)	1.61	-43.59	45.20	T4	-50.35	1.55	Door
11	LIE Band 13	10M_QPSK_1_0	23230	Transversal (Y)	-6.15	-47.99	41.84	T4	-50.24	1.55	Pass
40	LTE David 4.4	40M ODOK 4 0	00000	Axial (Z)	2.04	-44.81	46.85	T4	-50.37	4.55	Deser
12	LTE Band 14	10M_QPSK_1_0	23330	Transversal (Y)	-5.94	-48.18	42.24	T4	-50.26	1.55	Pass
13	LTE Band 25	20M OBSK 4 0	26340	Axial (Z)	0.91	-38.87	39.78	T4	-50.37	4 77	Pass
13	LTE Band 25	20M_QPSK_1_0	20340	Transversal (Y)	-5.32	-44.42	39.10	T4	-50.28	1.77	Pass
1.1	LTE Band 26	AEM OBSK 4.0	26865	Axial (Z)	3.06	-47.73	50.79	T4	-50.35	1.96	Door
14	LTE Band 26	15M_QPSK_1_0	20000	Transversal (Y)	-5.31	-49.44	44.13	T4	-50.21	1.96	Pass
45	LTE D 4 00	40M ODOK 4 0	27710	Axial (Z)	3.26	-47.68	50.94	T4	-50.20		Deser
15	LTE Band 30	10M_QPSK_1_0	27710	Transversal (Y)	-5.19	-49.20	44.01	T4	-50.27	2	Pass
16	LTE Band 66	20M QPSK 1 0	132322	Axial (Z)	3.05	-46.97	50.02	T4	-50.31	1.75	Pass
10	LIE Band 66	20W_QP3K_1_0	132322	Transversal (Y)	-5.44	-49.63	44.19	T4	-50.22	1.75	Pass
17	LTE D 1 74	00M ODOK 4 0	400000	Axial (Z)	1.31	-38.20	39.51	T4	-50.36	4.70	Deser
17	LTE Band 71	20M_QPSK_1_0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-5.40	-44.14	38.74	T4	-50.28	1.78	Pass
10	LTC Dond 44	20M OBSK 4 2	40626	Axial (Z)	-2.24	-40.66	38.42	T4	-50.34	4.00	Door
18	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Transversal (Y)	-6.81	-45.42	38.61	T4	-50.26	1.23	Pass
10	LTE Band 48	20M OBSK 4 2	55830	Axial (Z)	1.74	-35.38	37.12	T4	-50.35	2	Door
19	LIE Band 48	20M_QPSK_1_0	55830	Transversal (Y)	-6.82	-41.89	35.07	T4	-50.27	2	Pass

-6.82

Transversal (Y)

-41.89

35.07

-50.27

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#### 10.2 VoWiFi Tests Results

#### **General Note:**

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations
(WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It
is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked
to be used for the testing for the handset.

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#### 2. Air Interface Investigation:

- a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- b. Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-0.72	-1.64	-0.59	-0.54	5.52	7.18	1.08	2.58	3.01	3.37		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.38	-39.15	-41.58	-37.37	-36.62	-37.74	-39.06	-41.65	-39.89	-41.44		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	37.66	37.51	40.99	36.83	42.14	44.92	40.14	44.23	42.9	44.81	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Freque	ency Bands	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	-0.62	-36.34	35.72
	802.11b	20	11M	6	-0.65	-36.45	35.80
	802.11g	20	6M	6	-0.71	-36.45	35.74
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g	20	54M	6	-0.66	-36.75	36.09
WLAIN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	-0.75	-36.66	35.91
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	-0.71	-36.48	35.77
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	6	-0.62	-36.69	36.07
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	6	-0.59	-36.66	36.07
	802.11a	20	6M	40	-0.67	-35.77	35.10
	802.11a	20	54M	40	-0.68	-35.98	35.30
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	-0.62	-35.77	35.15
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	-0.69	-36.01	35.32
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	-0.75	-35.87	35.12
WLAN 5GHz	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	-0.58	-35.76	35.18
WLAIN SGHZ	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	-0.67	-35.88	35.21
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	-0.66	-35.78	35.12
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	-0.57	-35.78	35.21
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	-0.60	-35.71	35.11
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	50	-0.72	-35.91	35.19
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	50	-0.57	-35.80	35.23

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
20	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 4	Axial (Z)	-0.54	-37.37	36.83	T4	-50.36	1.47	Pass
20	WLANZ.4GHZ	602.11b Tivibps	0	AIIL 4	Transversal (Y)	-8.47	-43.74	35.27	T4	-50.24	1.47	F455
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 4	Axial (Z)	-0.99	-36.90	35.91	T4	-50.33	1.39	Pass
21	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61vibps	40	AIIL 4	Transversal (Y)	-7.97	-43.07	35.10	T4	-50.29	1.59	F455
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 4	Axial (Z) -1.48 -37.33 35.85 T4 -50.38		1.28	Pass				
22	WEANSGITZ	ouz.Tra divibps	00	AIIL 4	Transversal (Y)	-8.02	-43.10	35.08	T4	-50.23	1.20	F 433
23	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Ant 4	Axial (Z)	-1.03	-36.91	35.88	T4	-50.35	1.45	Pass
23	WEANSGITZ	002.11a 0lvlbps	124	AIIL 4	Transversal (Y)	-8.02	-43.28	35.26	T4	-50.24	1.43	F 033
24	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 4	Axial (Z)	-1.52	-37.35	35.83	T4	-50.32	1.4	Pass
24	WEANSGITZ	002.11a 0lvlbps	137	AIIL 4	Transversal (Y)	-8.00	-43.25	35.25	T4	-50.26	1.4	F d55
25	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 3	Axial (Z)	-0.59	-38.53	37.94	T4	-50.34	1.53	Pass
23	WLANZ.4GHZ	002.11b 1Mbps	0	Aiil 3	Transversal (Y)	-8.27	-44.13	35.86	T4	-50.28	1.55	F 433
26	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 3	Axial (Z)	-1.42	-37.62	36.20	T4	-50.34	1.37	Pass
20	WEANSGITZ	ouz.Tra divibps	40	Aiil 3	Transversal (Y)	-8.17	-43.10	34.93	T4	-50.27	1.57	F 433
27	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 3	Axial (Z)	-1.41	-37.50	36.09	T4	-50.33	1.41	Pass
21	WEANSGITZ	002.11a 0lvlbps	00	Aiil 3	Transversal (Y)	-8.27	-43.02	34.75	T4	-50.28	1.41	F 033
28	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Ant 3	Axial (Z)	-1.55	-37.57	36.02	T4	-50.35	1.5	Pass
20	WEATIOGITZ	002.11a 0lvlbps	124	Aill 3	Transversal (Y)	-8.30	-43.35	35.05	T4	-50.24	1.5	1 433
29	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 3	Axial (Z)	-1.47	-37.56	36.09	T4	-50.35	1.29	Page
23	VILANOGIIZ	002.11d 0lvlbps	137	Aill 3	Transversal (Y)	-8.35	-43.27	34.92	T4	-50.27	1.29	Pass

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## 11. HAC T-Coil Assessment for OTT Voice calling

#### **General Notes:**

 According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

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- 2. The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Duo, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.
- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
    - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 12/10MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 48/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -WLAN2.4GHz Ant 4 worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
    - -WLAN2.4GHz Ant 3 worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
    - -WLAN5GHz Ant 4 worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.3GHz /11a/6Mbps
    - -WLAN5GHz Ant 3 worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.3GHz /11a/6Mbps
- Due to equipment limitation, ABM1 and frequency response measurement were not possible. Therefore, the worst-case ABM1 measurement from LTE B12 OTT Voice testing for Axial and Radial were combined with n2/n5/n12/n25/n41/n66/n71 ABM2 measurement to obtain SNNR values

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### **EDGE**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	M 1 (dBA/m) 5.06 5.17 5.97					
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.07	-39.46	-38.87	Axial	CCM050 / 490	
Signal Quality (dB)	44.13	44.63	44.84	Axiai	GSM850 / 189	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

#### **HSPA**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.89	5.67	5.79			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-46.49	-47.07	-47.03	ا مشعا	LIMTO DO / 0400	
Signal Quality (dB)	51.38	52.74	52.82	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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## 1XEVDO Rev A

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.87	5.3	0.79			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.15	-46.98	-47.21	Avial	BC0 / 384	
Signal Quality (dB)	52.02	52.28	48	Axial	BCU / 364	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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## LTE FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.97	5.4	5.56			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.23	-45.06	-45.02	Axial	B25 / 20M / 26340	
Signal Quality (dB)	50.2	50.46	50.58	Axiai	B25 / 20IVI / 20340	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

## LTE TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.96	5.42	5.35		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.61	-42.67	-42.93	Andal	B41 / 20M / 40620
Signal Quality (dB)	47.57	48.09	48.28	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

## **WLAN**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.92	5.51	5.11			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.01	-41.14	-41.42	ا مشعا	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Signal Quality (dB)	45.93	46.65	46.53	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
30	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	_	Axial (Z)	5.06	-39.07	44.13	T4	-50.37	0.27	Pass
00	COMOSO	EDGE 2 17 31013	100		Transversal (Y)	-2.59	-47.82	45.23	T4	-50.25	0.27	1 433
31	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	_	Axial (Z)	5.48	-37.30	42.78	T4	-50.38	0.71	Pass
01	<b>CO</b> W1000		100		Transversal (Y)	-2.64	-43.03	40.39	T4	-50.26	0.7 1	1 400
32	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	_	Axial (Z)	6.27	-47.53	53.80	T4	-50.36	0.71	Pass
02	WODIVII ( II	nor n	3400		Transversal (Y)	-2.48	-50.02	47.54	T4	-50.25	0.7 1	1 433
33	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	_	Axial (Z)	6.57	-47.33	53.90	T4	-50.34	0.42	Pass
55	WODWATV	TIOI A	1413		Transversal (Y)	-2.53	-49.65	47.12	T4	-50.26	0.42	1 433
34	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	_	Axial (Z)	6.16	-47.49	53.65	T4	-50.32	0.81	Pass
54	WODINA V	TIOI A	4102		Transversal (Y)	-2.58	-50.25	47.67	T4	-50.24	0.01	1 433
35	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	384		Axial (Z)	0.79	-47.21	48.00	T4	-50.35	1.24	Pass
33	CDIVIA BC0	KTAF 133.0KDps	304	_	Transversal (Y)	-2.94	-50.40	47.46	T4	-50.25	1.24	Fass
26	CDMA BC4	DTAD 452 CVbpc	600		Axial (Z)	4.85	-46.92	51.77	T4	-50.36	4.44	Door
36	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	600	-	Transversal (Y)	-3.03	-50.32	47.29	T4	-50.24	1.41	Pass
27	CDMA DC40	DTAD 452 CVbpc	500		Axial (Z)	4.71	-47.17	51.88	T4	-50.34	4.05	Door
37	CDMA BC10	RTAP 153.6Kbps	580	-	Transversal (Y)	-3.08	-49.25	46.17	T4	-50.25	1.35	Pass
20	LTE D140	40M ODOK 4 0	00005		Axial (Z)	5.25	-45.58	50.83	T4	-50.38	4.50	D
38	LTE Band 12	10M_QPSK_1_0	23095	-	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-48.93	46.10	T4	-50.26	1.52	Pass
00	1.TE D. 1.40	0011 0001/ 1 0	55000		Axial (Z)	5.39	-40.32	45.71	T4	-50.35	0.40	-
39	LTE Band 48	20M_QPSK_1_0	55830	-	Transversal (Y)	-3.38	-48.17	44.79	T4	-50.27	0.49	Pass
40	W AND 4011	000 441 4141			Axial (Z)	4.92	-41.01	45.93	T4	-50.34	0.55	-
40	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 4	Transversal (Y)	-3.38	-47.28	43.90	T4	-50.23	0.55	Pass
4.4	14/1 ANIFOLI	000.44 014			Axial (Z)	5.10	-37.05	42.15	T4	-50.34	4.05	-
41	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 4	Transversal (Y)	-3.28	-48.52	45.24	T4	-50.28	1.25	Pass
40	W AND 4011	000 441 4141		4	Axial (Z)	4.08	-44.78	48.86	T4	-50.32	4.00	-
42	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 3	Transversal (Y)	-3.48	-46.01	42.53	T4	-50.26	1.09	Pass
40	14/1 ANISOLI	000.44 014		4	Axial (Z)	4.13	-45.57	49.70	T4	-50.33	0.00	_
43	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 3	Transversal (Y)	-3.41	-47.75	44.34	T4	-50.23	0.89	Pass
	FD4 5 4 10	0011 PPO1/ 1 1	407000		Axial (Z)	5.25	-35.58	40.83	T4	-50.37	A1/A	
NA	FR1 n5_Ant 0	20M_BPSK_1_1	167300	Ant 0	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-40.45	37.62	T4	-50.22	N/A	NA
	<b>FD</b> 40 A 40	1514 BBOX 4 4			Axial (Z)	5.25	-36.08	41.33	T4	-50.35		
NA	FR1 n12_Ant 0	15M_BPSK_1_1	141500	Ant 0	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-40.25	37.42	T4	-50.23	N/A	N/A
					Axial (Z)	5.25	-35.25	40.50	T4	-50.39		
NA	FR1 n25_Ant 2	20M_BPSK_1_1	376500	Ant 2	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-40.46	37.63	T4	-50.23	N/A	N/A
				l .	Axial (Z)	5.25	-43.23	48.48	T4	-50.31		
NA	FR1 n41_Ant 2	100M_BPSK_1_1	518598	Ant 2	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-47.04	44.21	T4	-50.21	N/A	N/A
			1	l .	Axial (Z)	5.25	-35.67	40.92	T4	-50.35		
NA	FR1 n66_Ant 2	20M_BPSK_1_1	349000	Ant 2	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-40.75	37.92	T4	-50.22	N/A	N/A
					Axial (Z)	5.25	-35.62	40.87	T4	-50.34		
NA	FR1 n71_Ant 0	20M_BPSK_1_1	136100	Ant 0	Transversal (Y)	-2.83	-40.78	37.95	T4	-50.23	N/A	N/A

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#### Remark:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Carter Jhuang, Thomas Wang and Randy Lin

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## 12. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Test Signal							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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## 13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr. 2020.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Apr. 2020.
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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