FCC ID: QXO-RBT4102

Technical Description

This device is a Multi-Channel Access Point operates in both the 5GHz and 2.4GHz bands with DSSS and OFDM technique. The transmitter rate could be 1/2/5.5/6/9/11/12/18/24/ 36/48/54Mbps. The transmitter of the EUT is powered by power adapter or POE. The antenna are as following:

For 802.11b/g(2400 ~ 2483.5MHz)

Item	SPEC No.	Model No.	Product Description	Antenna Gain	Remark	Connector
1	NA	RBT4K-AG-IA	2.4-4.9/5.8 GHz, 8ft of cable RPSMA	2dBi	Omni	RPSMA
			Indoor Antenna.			

For 802.11a (5725 ~ 5850MHz band)

Item	SPEC No.	Model No.	Product Description	Antenna Gain	Remark	Connector
1	NA	RBT4K-AG-IA	2.4-4.9/5.8 GHz, 8ft of cable RPSMA	4dBi	Omni	RPSMA
			Indoor Antenna.			
2	8910605	RBTES-AH-P23M	5.8GHz GHz Directional Antenna	23 dBi	Point to point	Reverse N
			Assy		Directional	
			Outdoor Antenna			
3	8910606	RBTES-AH-M10M	5.8GHz GHz Omni Antenna Assy	10 dBi	Omni	Reverse N
			Outdoor Antenna.			

For 802.11a (5150 ~ 5350MHz band)

Item	SPEC No.	Model No.	Product Description	Antenna Gain	Remark	Connector
1	NA	RBT4K-AG-IA	2.4-4.9/5.8 GHz, 8ft of cable RPSMA	4dBi	Omni	RPSMA
			Indoor Antenna.			

Under normal use condition, the user has to keep at least 20 cm separation distance between radiator and the body of the user.

For more detailed instruction, please refer to the user's manual.

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FCC 15.407(c) states: The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signaling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of hoe this requirement is met.

Data transmission is always initiated by software, which is then pass down through the MAC, through the digital and analog baseband, and finally to the RF chip. Several special packets (ACKs, CTS, PSPoll, etc...) are initiated by the MAC. There are the only ways the digital baseband portion will turn on the RF transmitter, which it then turns off at the end of the packet. Therefore, the transmitter will be on only while one of the aforementioned packets are being transmitted.