TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2AEJAFLIP

Product: MOBILE PHONE

Model No.: FLIP

Additional Model No.: N/A

Trade Mark: RAYO MOVIL

Report No.: WSCT-A2LA-R&E220900006A-BT

Issued Date: 13 October 2022

Issued for:

GSM GLOBE.COM INC

8180 NW 36 Street Suite 317 Doral FL 33166.

Issued By:

World Standardization Certification & Testing Group(Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Test Certification

Product:	MOBILE PHONE
Model No.:	FLIP
Additional Model:	N/A
Applicant:	GSM GLOBE.COM INC
Address:	8180 NW 36 Street Suite 317 Doral FL 33166.
Manufacturer:	GSM GLOBE.COM INC
Address:	8180 NW 36 Street Suite 317 Doral FL 33166.
Date of Test:	23 August 2022 to 13 October 2022
Applicable Standards:	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

The above equipment has been tested by World Standardization Certification & Testing Group(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and found compliance with the requirements set forth in the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Tested By: Wang Xiang **(Wang Xiang)**

Checked By: Qin Shuqiuan **(Qin Shuqiuan)**

Approved By: Wang Fengbing **(Wang Fengbing)**

Date: 13 October 2022

2. Test Result Summary

Requirement	CFR 47 Section	Result
Antenna Requirement	§15.203/§15.247 (c)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	§15.207	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	§15.247 (b)(1) §2.1046	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	§15.247 (a)(1) §2.1049	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Dwell Time	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Radiated Emission	§15.205/§15.209 §2.1053, §2.1057	PASS
Band Edge	§15.247(d) §2.1051, §2.1057	PASS

Note:

1. PASS: Test item meets the requirement.

2. Fail: Test item does not meet the requirement.

3. N/A: Test case does not apply to the test object.

4. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of test standard.

3. EUT Description

Product Name:	MOBILE PHONE
Model :	FLIP
Additional Model:	N/A
Trade Mark:	RAYO MOVIL
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Number of Channel:	79
Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation Technology:	FHSS
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-10.01dBi
Rechargeable Li-ion Polymer Battery:	Model: FLIP Type: 3.7V Rated Capacity: 800mAh/2.96Wh Max Charge Voltage: 4.2V
Adapter:	Model: Rok2 Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.15A Output:5.0V⎓1A
Remark:	N/A.

Operation Frequency each of channel for GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
…	…	…	…	…	…	…	…
10	2412MHz	30	2432MHz	50	2452MHz	70	2472MHz
11	2413MHz	31	2433MHz	51	2453MHz	71	2473MHz
…	…	…	…	…	…	…	…
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz		-
Remark: Channel 0, 39 &78 have been tested for GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation mode.							

4. Genera Information

4.1. Test environment and mode

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.0 °C
Humidity:	56 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
Test Mode:	
Engineering mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting by select channel and modulations with Fully-charged battery
The sample was placed 0.8m & 1.5m for the measurement below & above 1GHz above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.	

4.2. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Trade Name
Adapter	Adapter	/	/	ADAPTER

Note:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.

2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

3. For conducted measurements (Output Power, 20dB Occupied Bandwidth, Carrier Frequencies Separation, Hopping Channel Number, Dwell Time, Spurious Emissions), the antenna of EUT is connected to the test equipment via temporary antenna connector, the antenna connector is soldered on the antenna port of EUT, and the temporary antenna connector is listed in the Test Instruments.

5. Facilities and Accreditations

5.1. Facilities

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at **Building A-B, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China of the World Standardization Certification & Testing Group(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.**

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.2. ACCREDITATIONS

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS)
Registration number NO: L3732

American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA)

Registration NO：5768.01

Copies of granted accreditation certificates are available for downloading from our web site, http://www.wsct-cert.com

5.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement y ± U, where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

No.	Item	MU
1	Conducted Emission Test	±3.2dB
2	RF power, conducted	±0.16dB
3	Spurious emissions, conducted	±0.21dB
4	All emissions, radiated(<1GHz)	±4.7dB
5	All emissions, radiated(>1GHz)	±4.7dB
6	Temperature	±0.5°C
7	Humidity	±2.0%

5.4 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

NAME OF EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER	Calibration Date	Calibration Due.
Test software	--	EZ-EMC	CON-03A	-	-
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100005	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
LISN	AFJ	LS16	16010222119	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
LISN(EUT)	Mestec	AN3016	04/10040	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	1100.0008.02	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Coaxial cable	Megalon	LMR400	N/A	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
GPIB cable	Megalon	GPIB	N/A	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU	100114	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Pre Amplifier	H.P.	HP8447E	2945A02715	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Pre-Amplifier	CDSI	PAP-1G18-38	--	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Bi-log Antenna	SUNOL Sciences	JB3	A021907	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
9*6*6 Anechoic	--	--	--	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Horn Antenna	COMPLIANCE ENGINEERING	CE18000	--	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	9120D-631	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Cable	TIME MICROWAVE	LMR-400	N-TYPE04	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
System-Controller	CCS	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Turn Table	CCS	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	CCS	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
RF cable	Murata	MXHQ87WA3000	-	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	00042960	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	1123	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003613	11/05/2021	11/04/2022
Power sensor	Anritsu	MX248XD	--	11/05/2021	11/04/2022

6. Test Results and Measurement Data

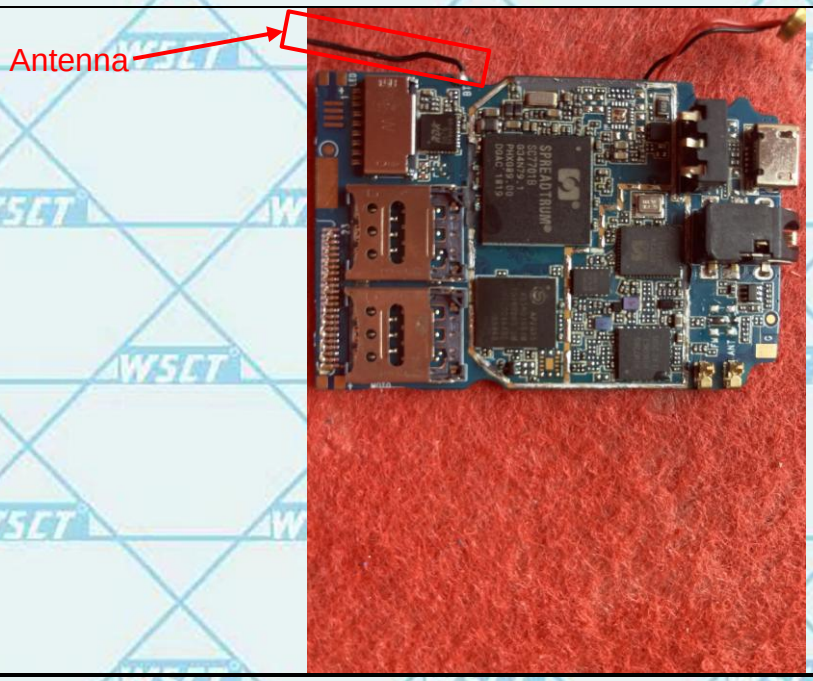
6.1. Antenna requirement

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)

15.203 requirement:
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:
(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

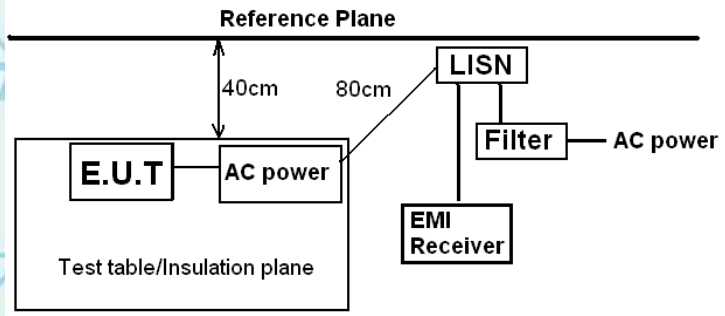
E.U.T Antenna:

The Bluetooth antenna is a Integral Antenna. it meets the standards, and the best case gain of the antenna is -10.01dBi.



6.2. Conducted Emission

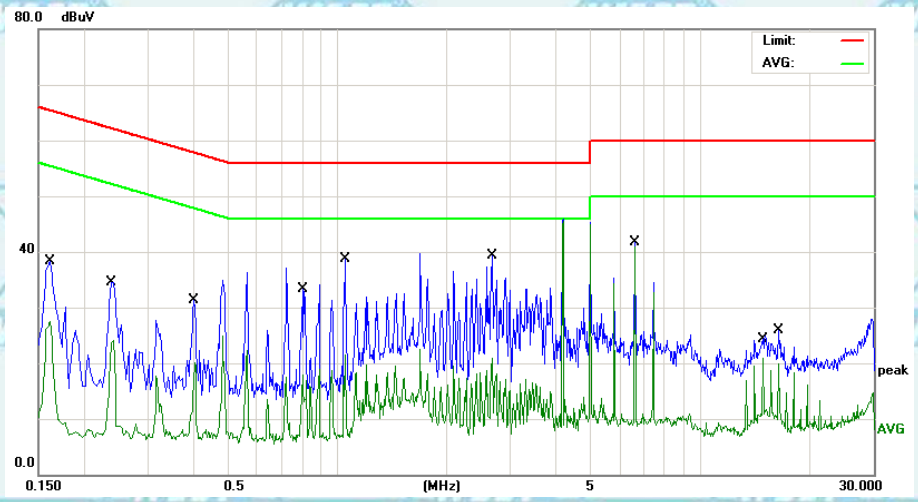
6.2.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Receiver setup:	RBW=9 kHz, VBW=30 kHz, Sweep time=auto
Limits:	Frequency range (MHz) / Limit (dBuV): Quasi-peak / Average 0.15-0.5: 66 to 56* / 56 to 46* 0.5-5: 56 / 46 5-30: 60 / 50
Test Setup:	 *Remark:* *E.U.T: Equipment Under Test* *LISN: Line Impedence Stabilization Network* *Test table height=0.8m*
Test Mode:	Refer to item 4.1
Test Procedure:	1. The E.U.T is connected to an adapter through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. 2. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs). 3. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2014 on conducted measurement.
Test Result:	PASS

6.2.2. Test data

Please refer to following diagram for individual

Conducted Emission on Line Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)

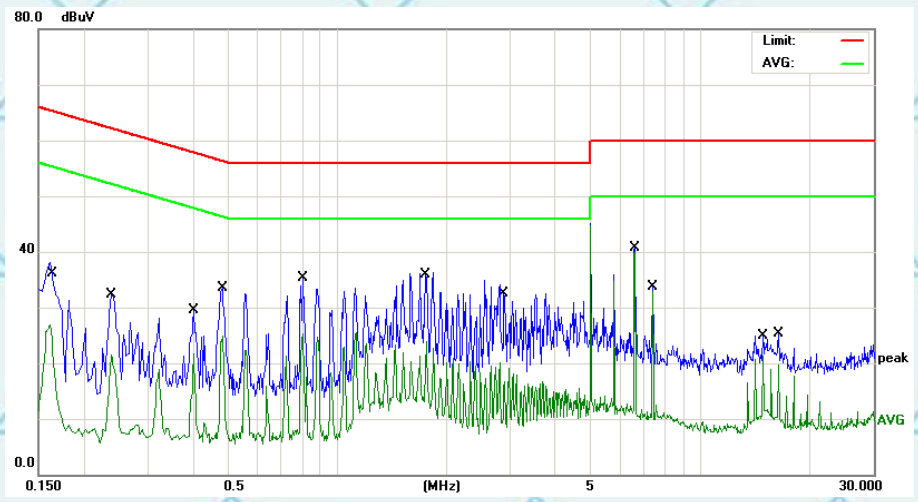


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1620	27.98	10.41	38.39	65.36	-26.97	QP
2		0.2420	13.65	10.42	24.07	52.02	-27.95	AVG
3		0.4020	20.83	10.45	31.28	57.81	-26.53	QP
4		0.4060	9.59	10.45	20.04	47.73	-27.69	AVG
5		0.8020	7.47	10.49	17.96	46.00	-28.04	AVG
6		1.0500	28.23	10.52	38.75	56.00	-17.25	QP
7		2.6660	28.64	10.67	39.31	56.00	-16.69	QP
8		2.6660	10.16	10.67	20.83	46.00	-25.17	AVG
9		6.6020	30.89	10.72	41.61	60.00	-18.39	QP
10	*	6.6020	30.23	10.72	40.95	50.00	-9.05	AVG
11		14.8500	9.88	11.05	20.93	50.00	-29.07	AVG
12		16.4380	14.76	11.06	25.82	60.00	-34.18	QP

Note:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
Reading level (dBμV) = Receiver reading
Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss
Measurement (dBμV) = Reading level (dBμV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
Limit (dBμV) = Limit stated in standard
Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBμV) – Limits (dBμV)
Q.P. =Quasi-Peak
AVG =average
** is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz*

Conducted Emission on Neutral Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1650	23.88	10.41	34.29	65.20	-30.91	QP
2		0.2380	10.99	10.42	21.41	52.16	-30.75	AVG
3		0.4020	19.13	10.45	29.58	57.81	-28.23	QP
4		0.4020	11.22	10.45	21.67	47.81	-26.14	AVG
5		0.4820	14.51	10.47	24.98	46.30	-21.32	AVG
6		0.8020	24.78	10.49	35.27	56.00	-20.73	QP
7		1.7620	13.28	10.62	23.90	46.00	-22.10	AVG
8		2.8740	21.86	10.67	32.53	56.00	-23.47	QP
9	*	6.5940	29.16	10.72	39.88	50.00	-10.12	AVG
10		7.4020	23.05	10.74	33.79	60.00	-26.21	QP
11		14.8780	10.27	11.05	21.32	50.00	-28.68	AVG
12		16.4420	14.23	11.06	25.29	60.00	-34.71	QP

Note1:

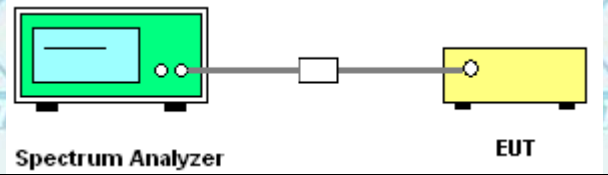
Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
Reading level (dBμV) = Receiver reading
Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss
Measurement (dBμV) = Reading level (dBμV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
Limit (dBμV) = Limit stated in standard
Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBμV) – Limits (dBμV)
Q.P. =Quasi-Peak AVG =average
** is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz.*

Note2:

Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (Lowest channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

6.3. Conducted Output Power

6.3.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
Test Result:	PASS

6.3.2. Test Data

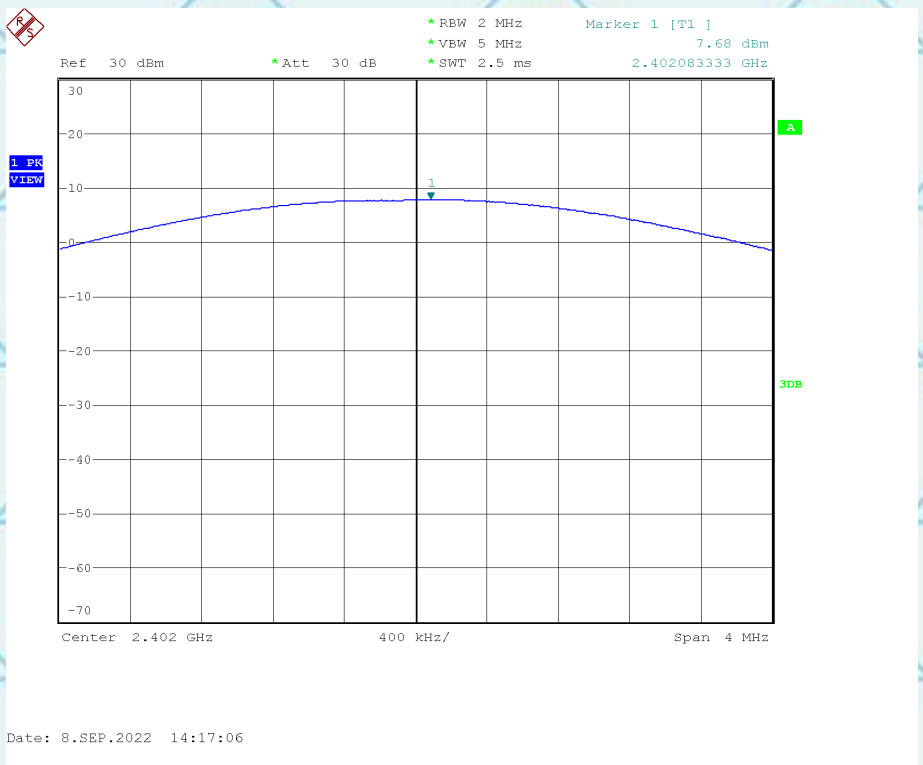
GFSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	7.68	20.97	PASS
Middle	3.93	20.97	PASS
Highest	2.32	20.97	PASS

Pi/4DQPSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	1.97	20.97	PASS
Middle	3.35	20.97	PASS
Highest	1.52	20.97	PASS

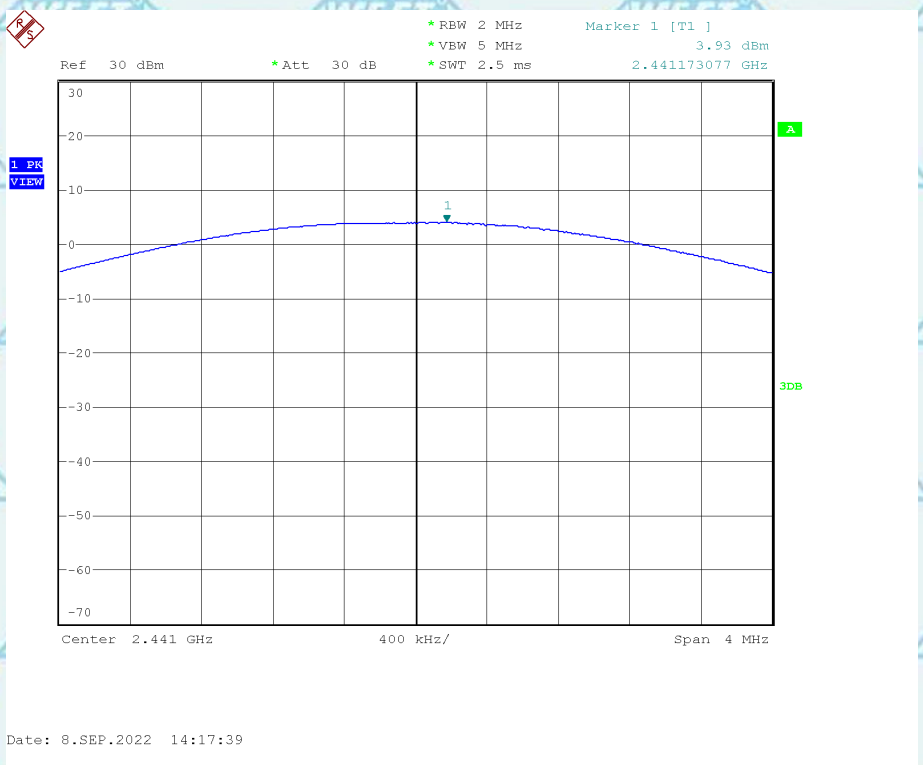
8DPSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	6.35	20.97	PASS
Middle	2.95	20.97	PASS
Highest	1.48	20.97	PASS

Test plots as follows:

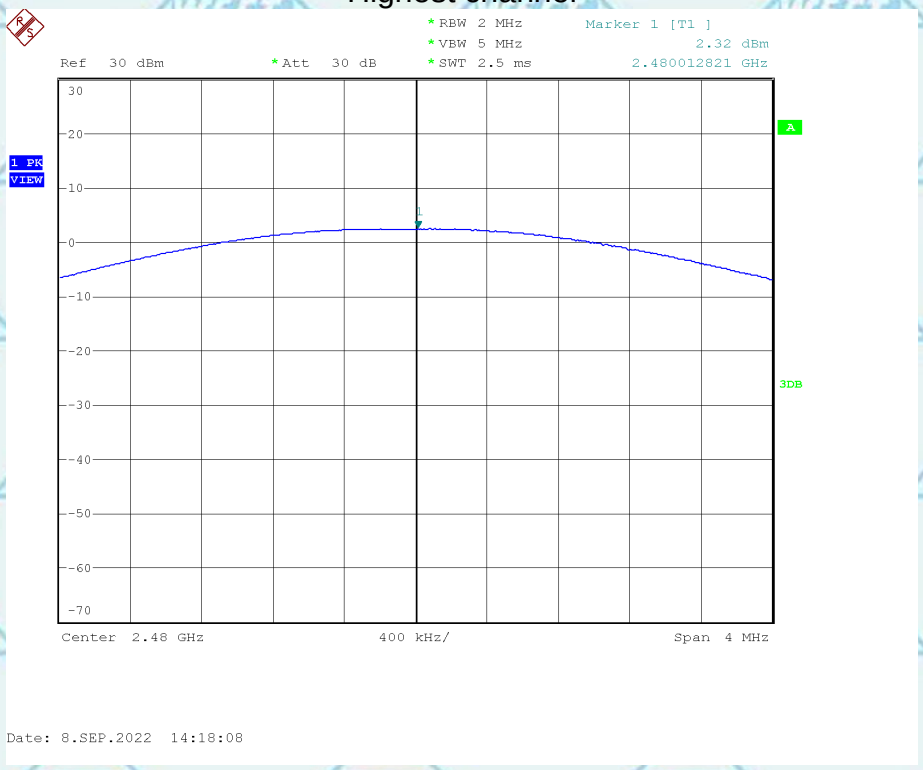
Lowest channel



Middle channel

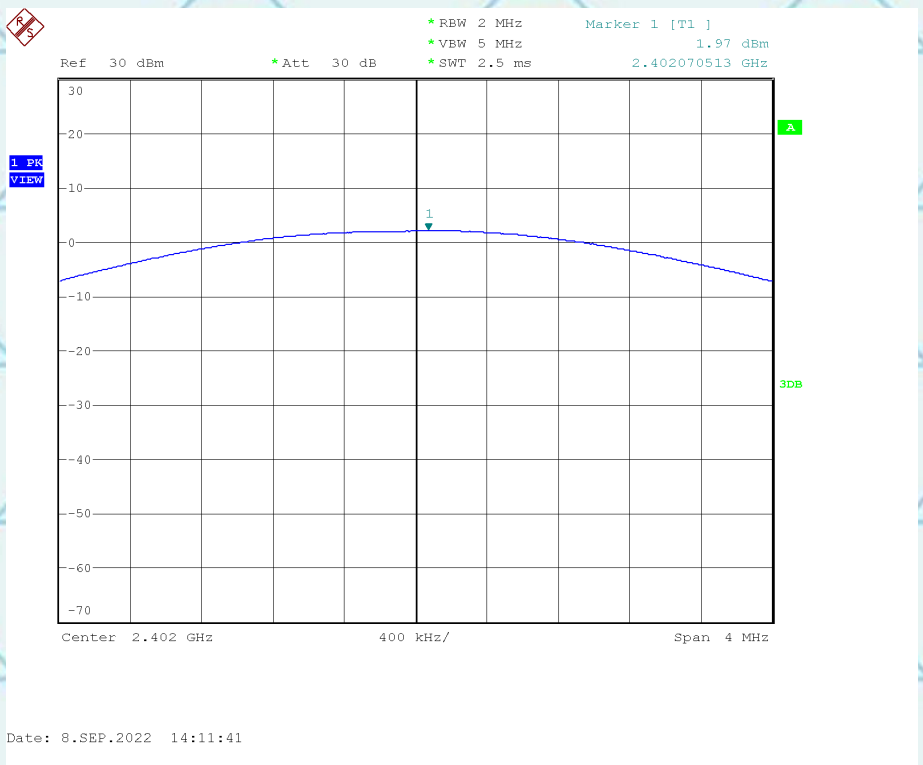


Highest channel

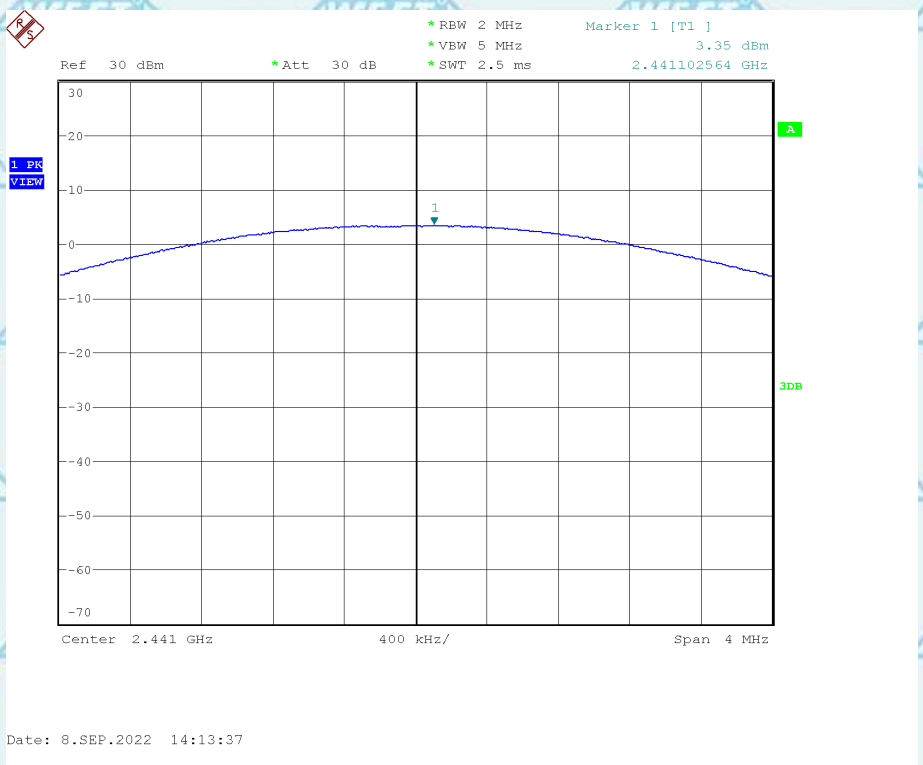


Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

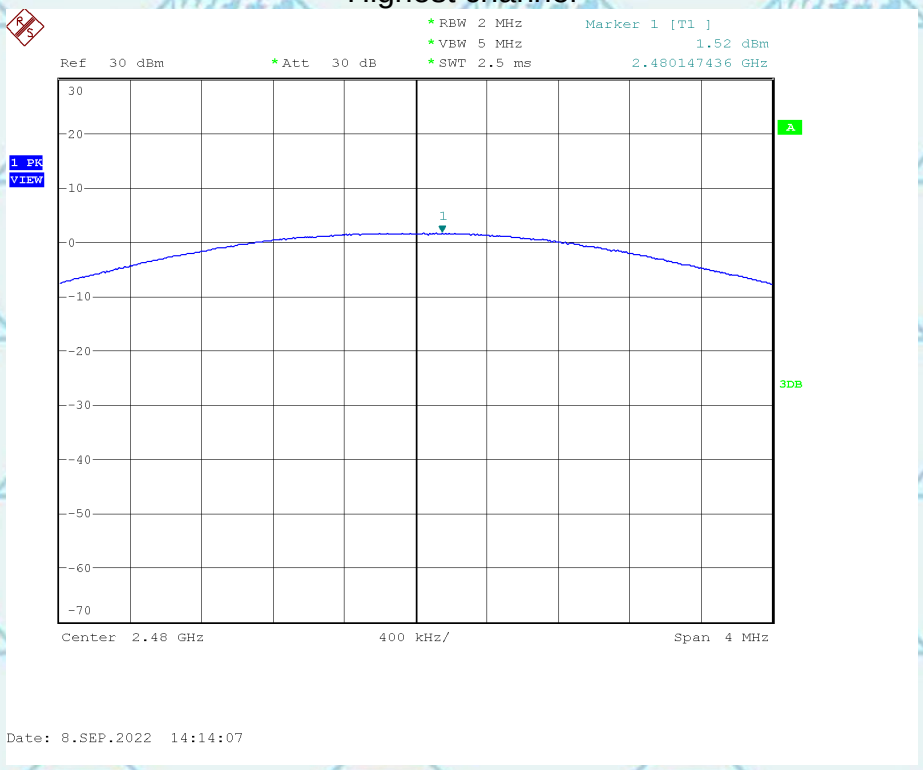
Lowest channel



Middle channel

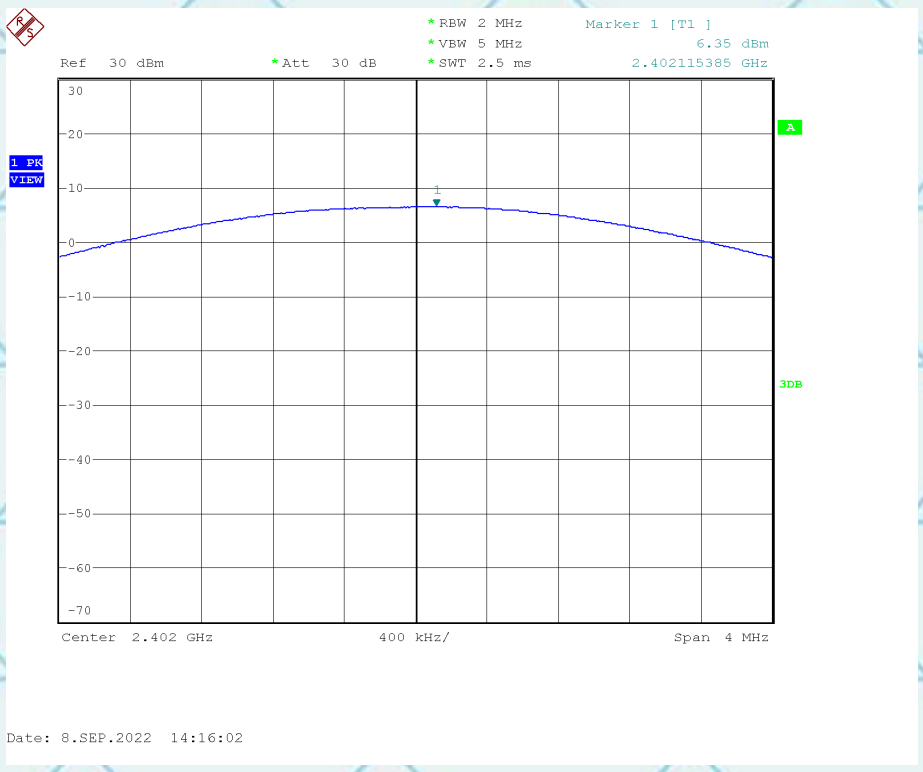


Highest channel



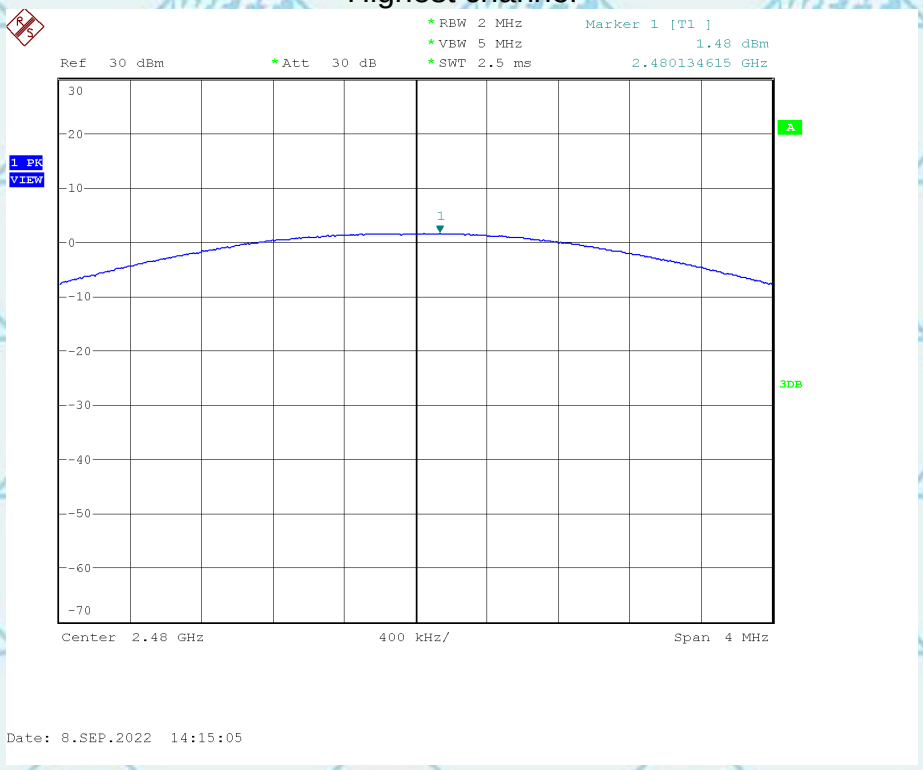
8DPSK Modulation

Lowest channel



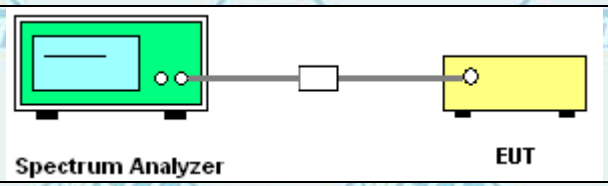
Middle channel

Highest channel



6.4. 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

6.4.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	N/A
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel; 1%≤ RBW≤5% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW≥3RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

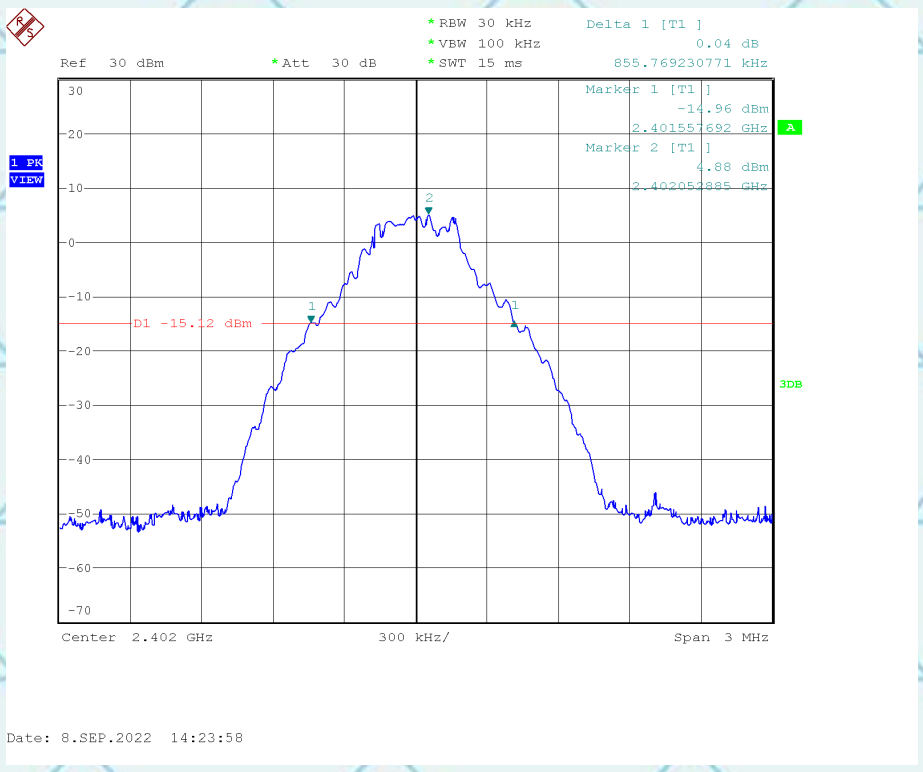
6.4.2. Test data

Test channel	20dB Occupy Bandwidth (kHz)			
	GFSK	π/4-DQPSK	8DPSK	Conclusion
Lowest	855.769	1274.038	1283.654	PASS
Middle	865.385	1278.546	1283.654	PASS
Highest	871.795	1269.231	1288.462	PASS

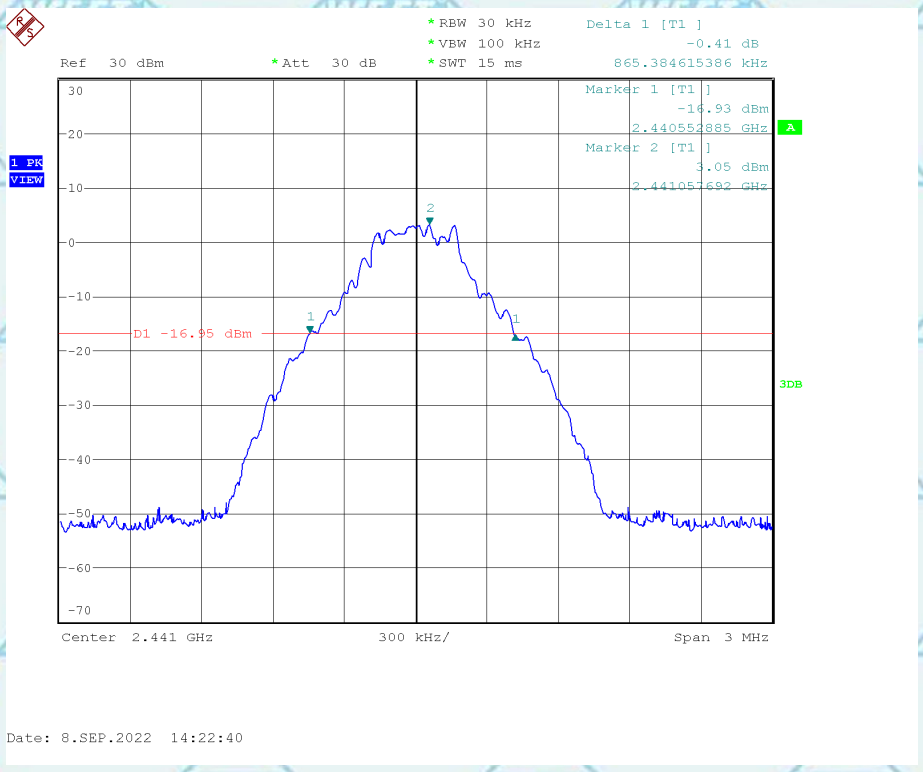
Test plots as follows:

GFSK Modulation

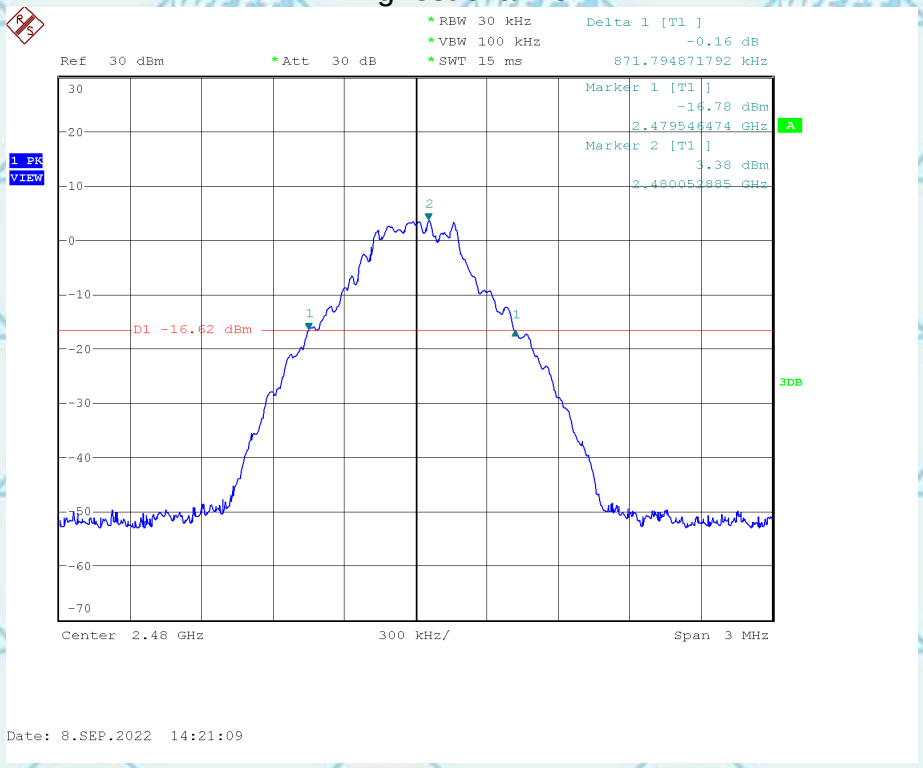
Lowest channel



Middle channel



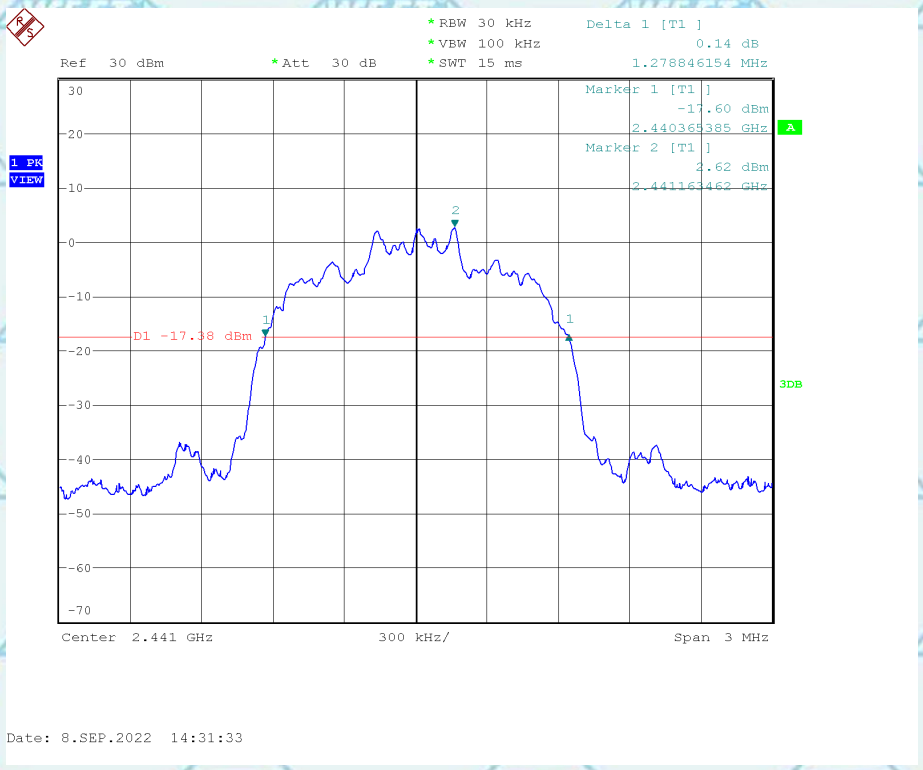
Highest channel



Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

Lowest channel

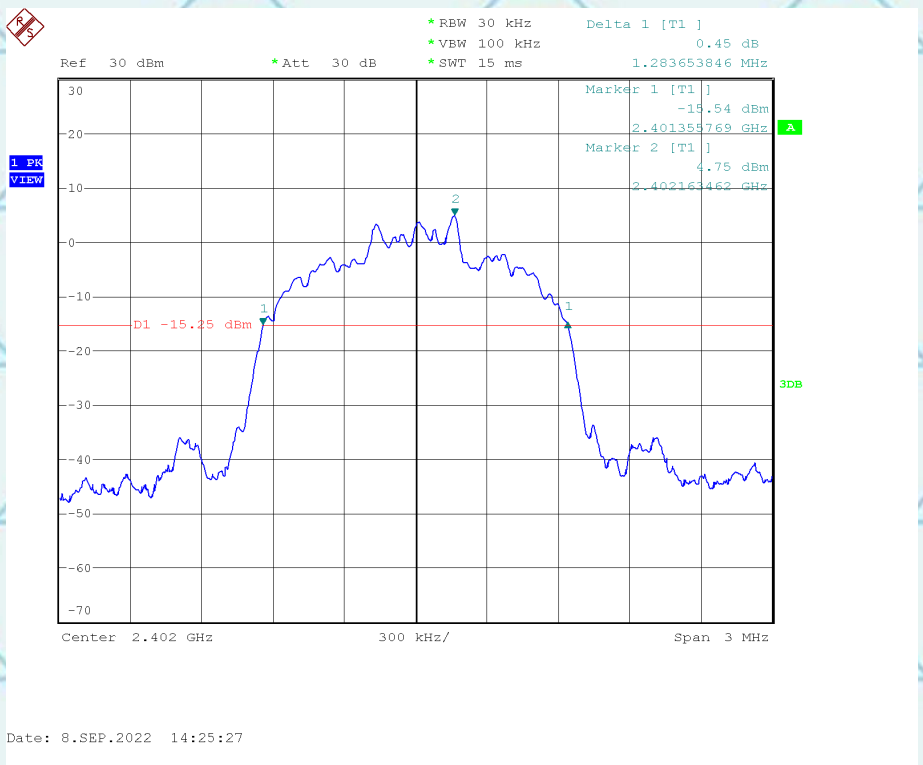
Middle channel



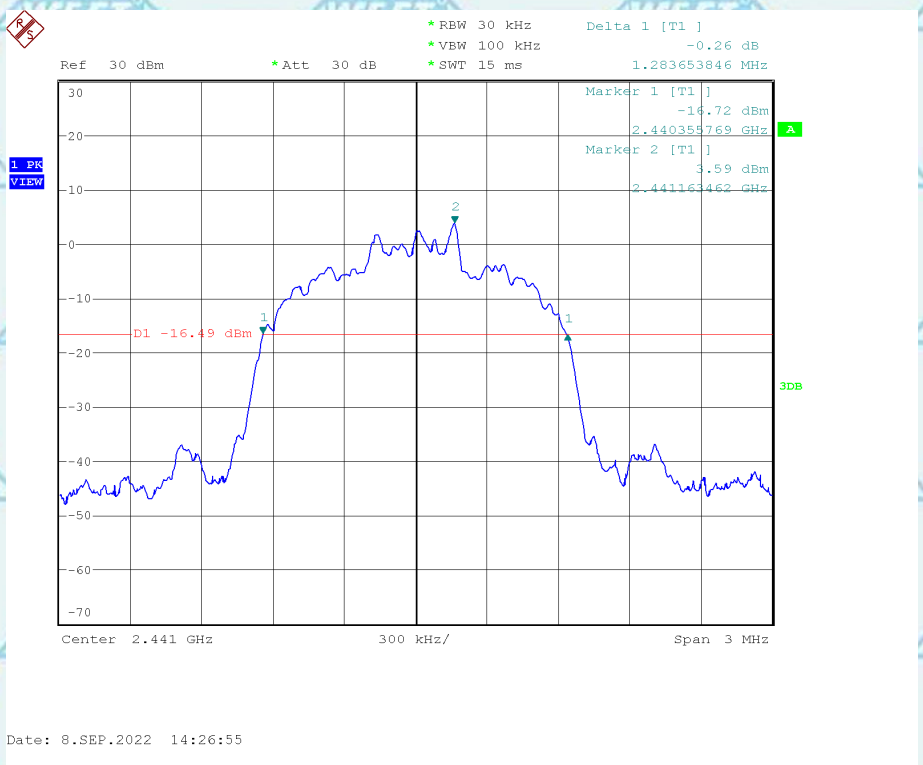
Highest channel

8DPSK Modulation

Lowest channel



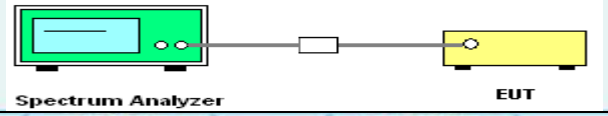
Middle channel



Highest channel

6.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

6.5.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Enable the EUT hopping function. 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW is set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing, adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 6. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Record the value in report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.5.2. Test data

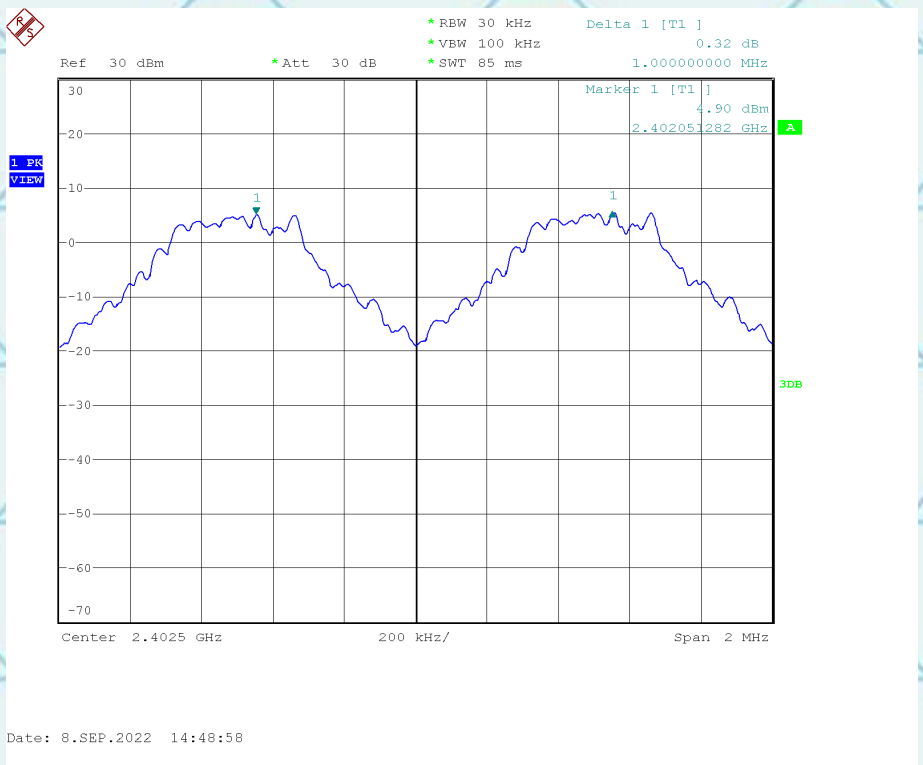
GFSK mode			
Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	1000	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Middle	1003	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Highest	1003	2/3*20dB BW	PASS

Pi/4 DQPSK mode			
Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	1003	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Middle	1006	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Highest	1000	2/3*20dB BW	PASS

8DPSK mode			
Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	1000	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Middle	1003	2/3*20dB BW	PASS
Highest	1000	2/3*20dB BW	PASS

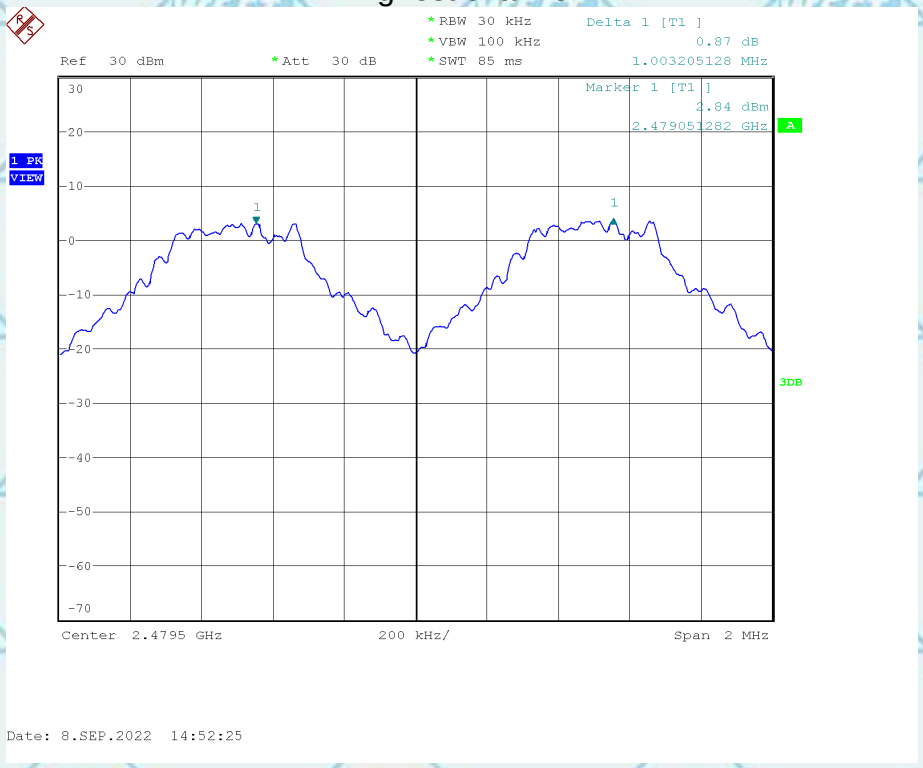
GFSK Modulation

Lowest channel



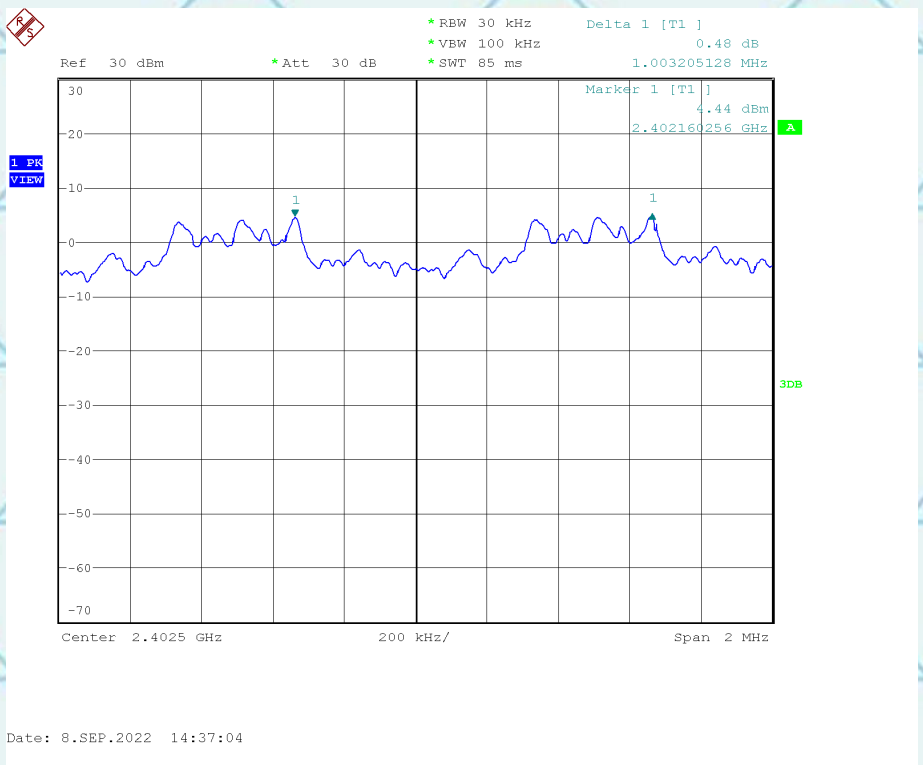
Middle channel

Highest channel



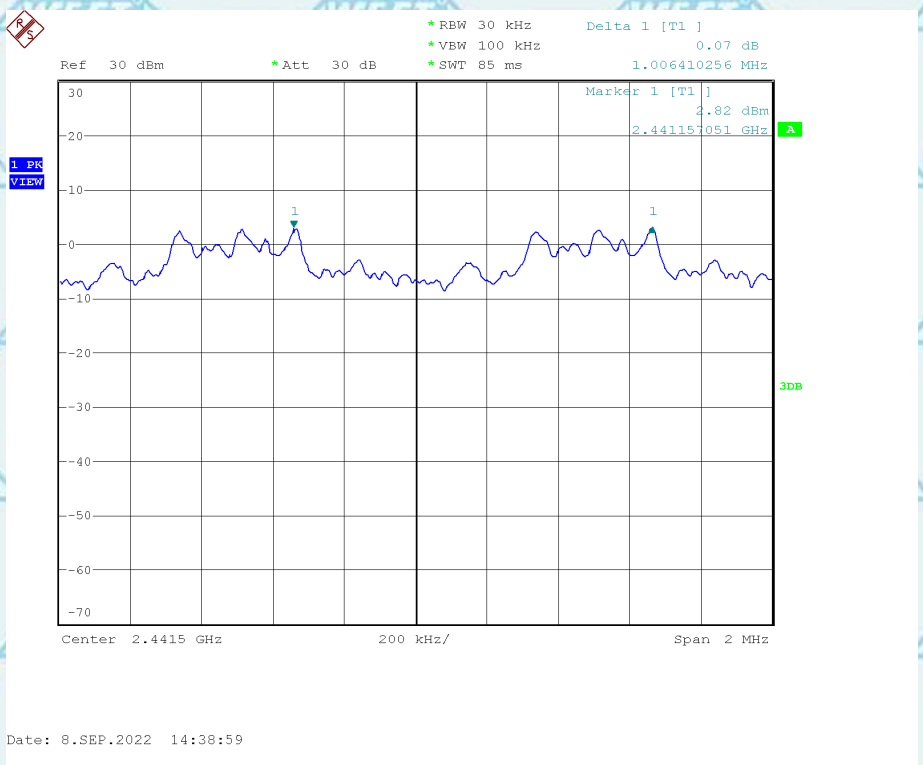
Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

Lowest channel



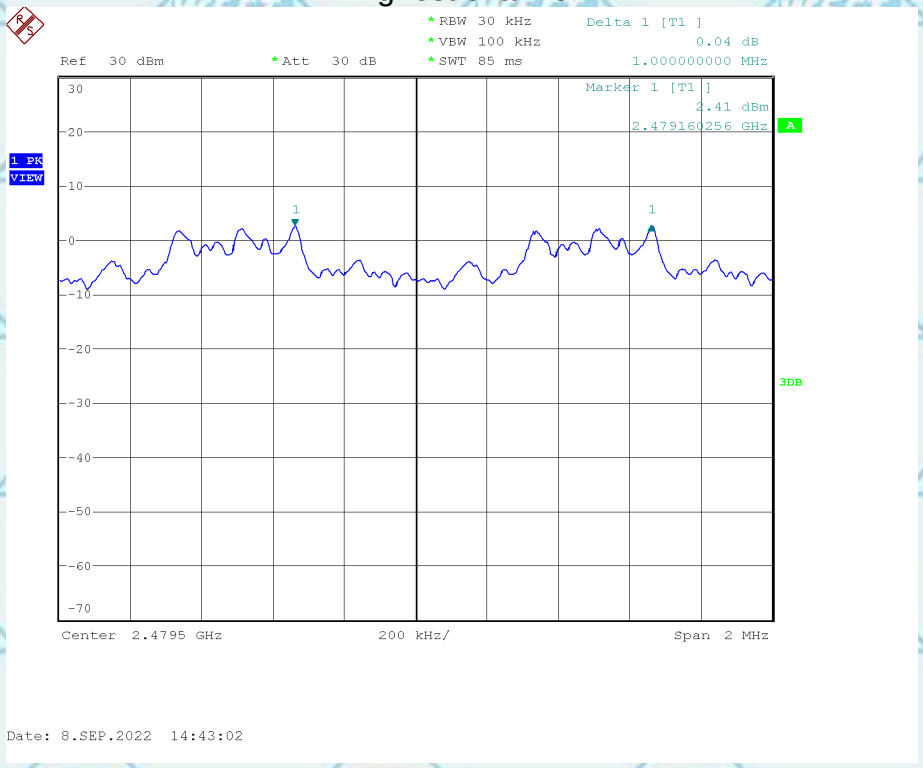
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:37:04

Middle channel



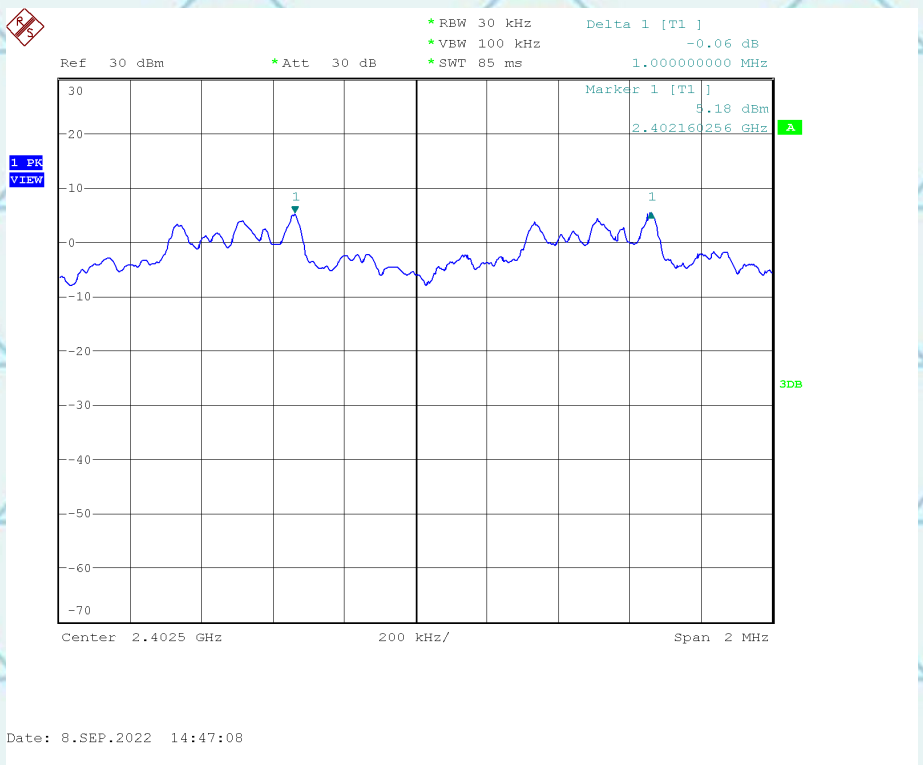
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:38:59

Highest channel



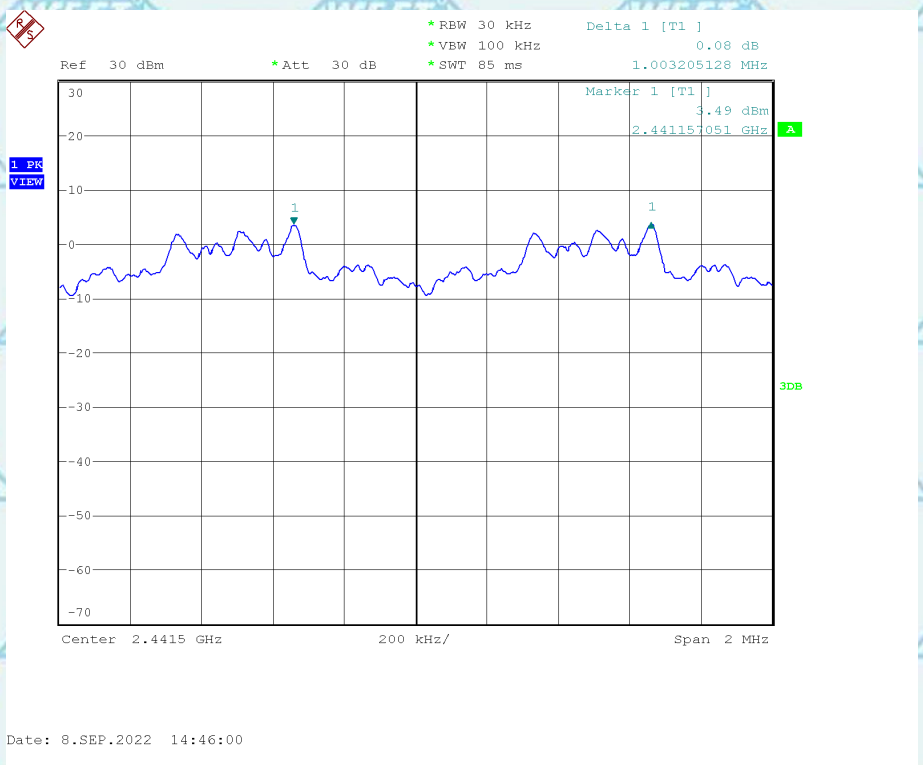
8DPSK Modulation

Lowest channel



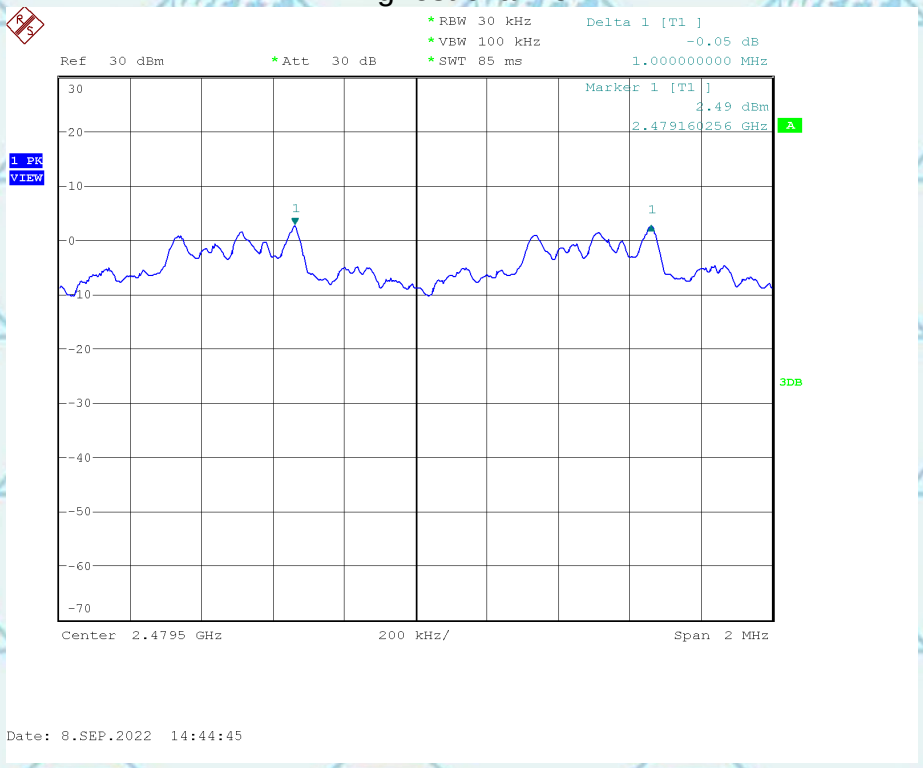
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:47:08

Middle channel



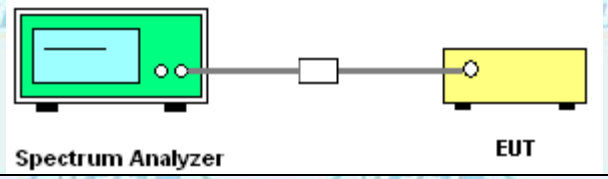
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:46:00

Highest channel



6.6. Hopping Channel Number

6.6.1. Test Specification

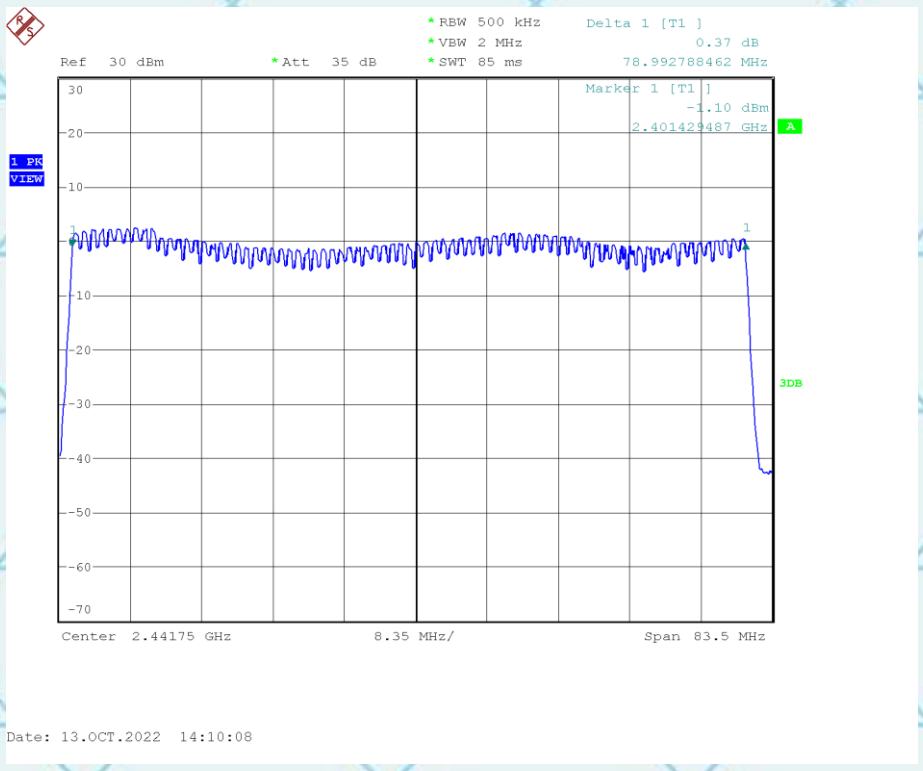
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Enable the EUT hopping function. 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel. 7. Record the measurement data in report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.6.2. Test data

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Result
GFSK, P/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK	79	15	PASS

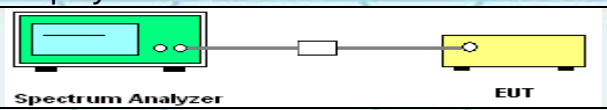
Test plots as follows:

GFSK



6.7. Dwell Time

6.7.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Enable the EUT hopping function. 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 6. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.7.2. Test Data

Mode	Packet	Frequency	Package Transfer Time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	2402MHz	0.376	0.122	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH1	2441MHz	0.376	0.122	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH1	2480MHz	0.376	0.122	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	2402MHz	1.632	0.262	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	2441MHz	1.632	0.262	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	2480MHz	1.632	0.262	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	2402MHz	2.880	0.308	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	2441MHz	2.880	0.305	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	2480MHz	2.880	0.305	0.4	PASS

Note: *1. In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.*

For DH1, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 2 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 2 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 320 hops

For DH3, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 4 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 4 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 160 hops

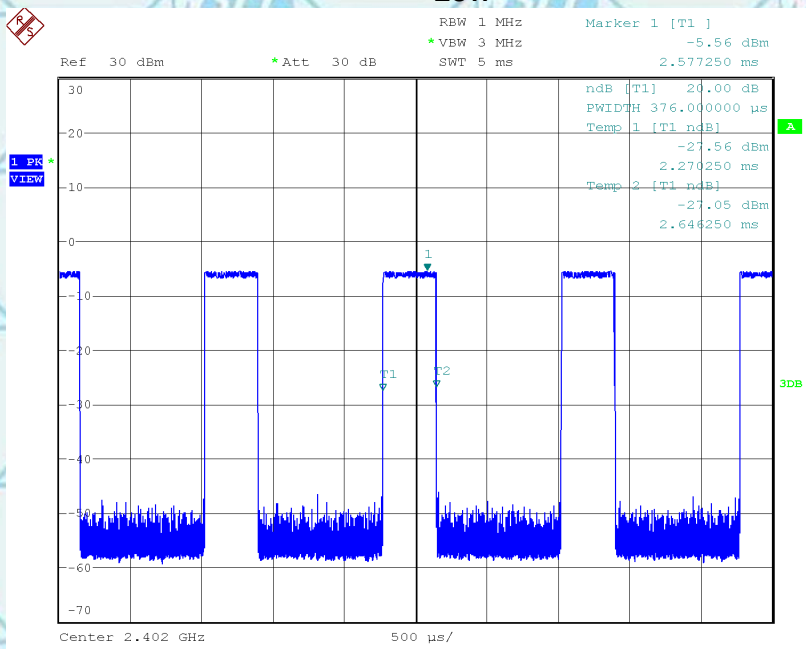
For DH5, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops

2. Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

Test plots as follows:

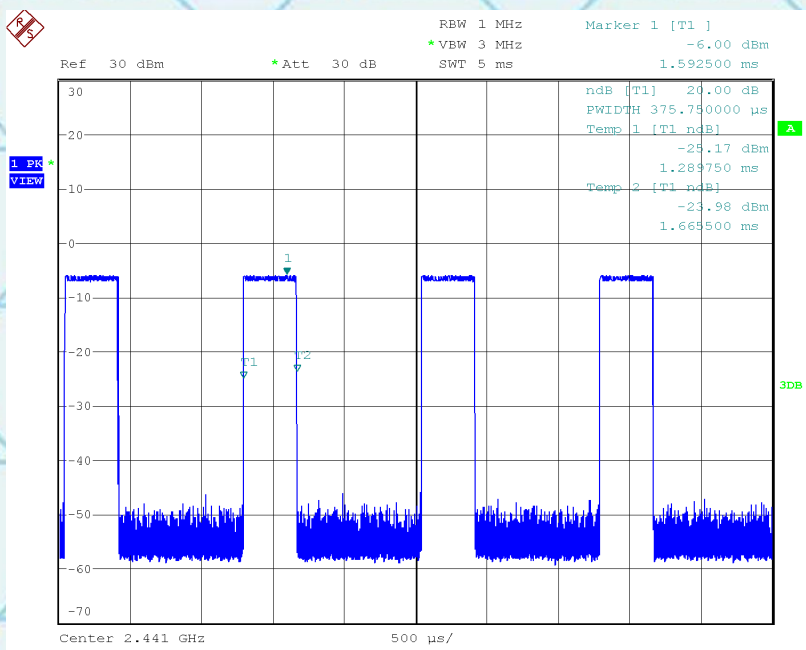
DH1

Low



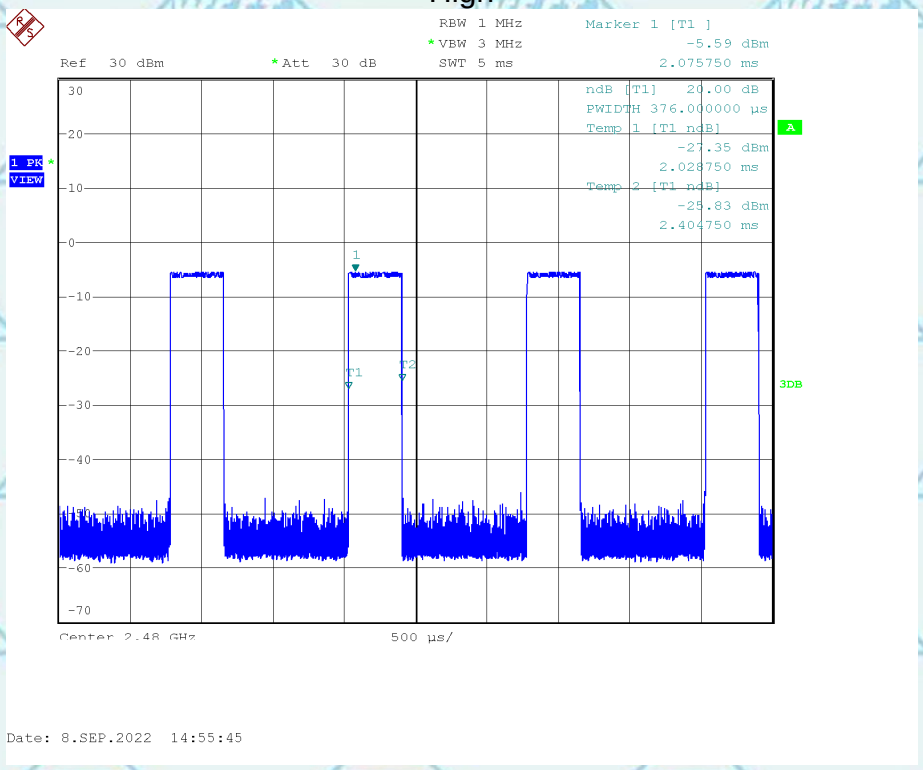
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:54:38

Middle



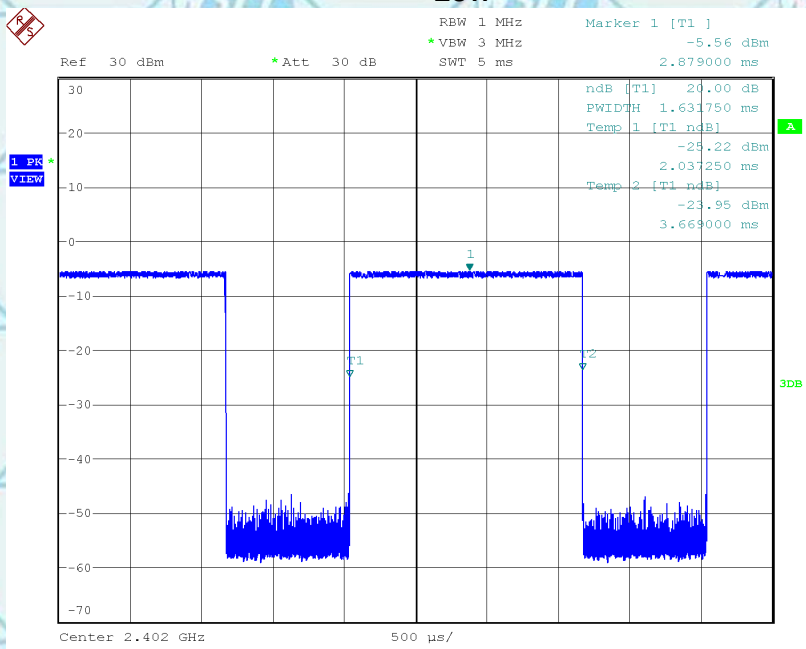
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:55:13

High


RBW 1 MHz
*VBW 3 MHz
SWT 5 ms
Marker 1 [T1]
-5.59 dBm
2.075750 ms
ndB [T1] 20.00 dB
PWIDTH 376.000000 µs
Temp 1 [T1 ndB]
-27.35 dBm
2.028750 ms
Temp 2 [T1 ndB]
-25.83 dBm
2.404750 ms
Ref 30 dBm
*Att 30 dB
1 PK
VIEW
A
3DB
Center 2.48 GHz
500 µs/
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:55:45

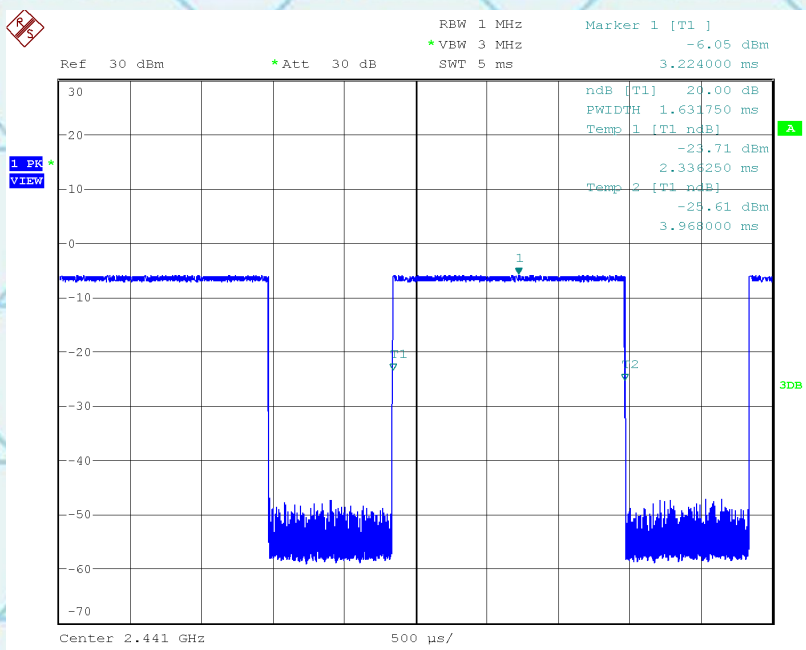
DH3

Low



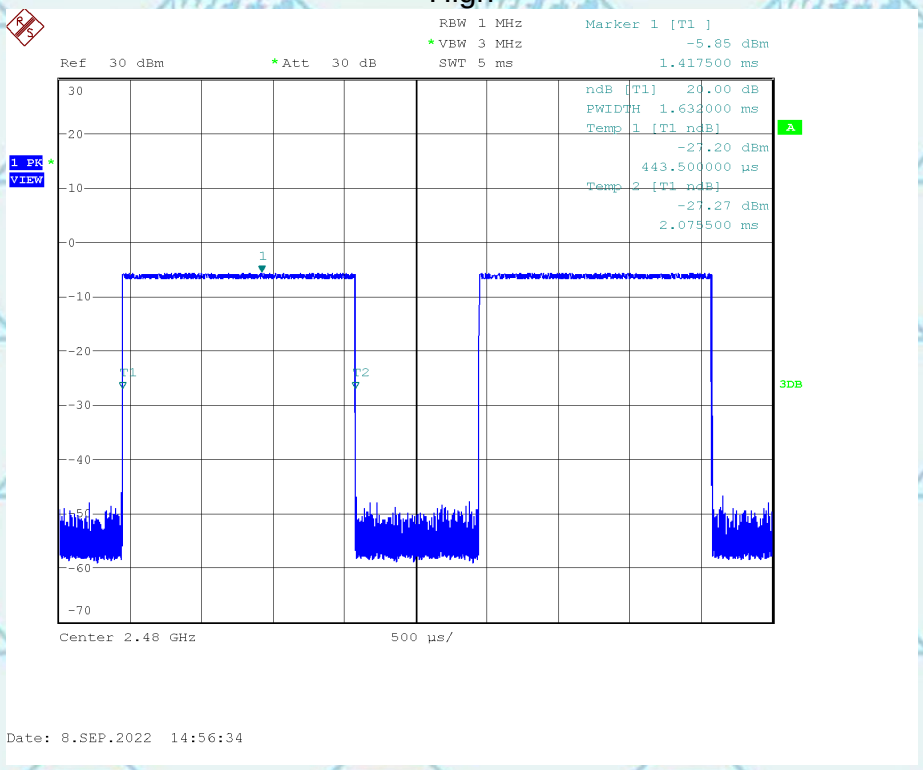
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:57:23

Middle



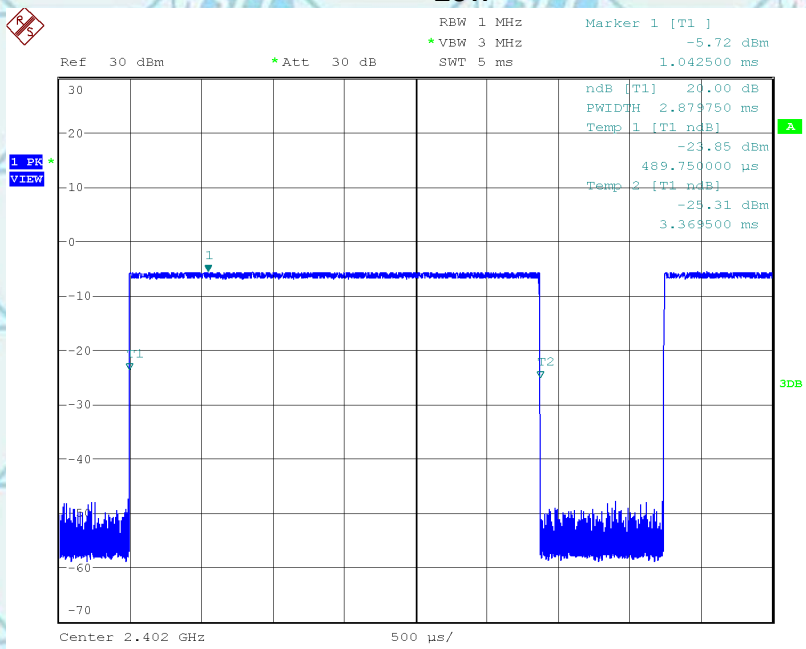
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:56:59

High


RBW 1 MHz
*VBW 3 MHz
SWT 5 ms
Marker 1 [T1]
-5.85 dBm
1.417500 ms
ndB [T1] 20.00 dB
PWIDTH 1.632000 ms
Temp 1 [T1 ndB]
-27.20 dBm
443.500000 µs
Temp 2 [T1 ndB]
-27.27 dBm
2.075500 ms
Ref 30 dBm
*Att 30 dB
1 PK
VIEW
A
3DB
T1
T2
Center 2.48 GHz
500 µs/
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:56:34

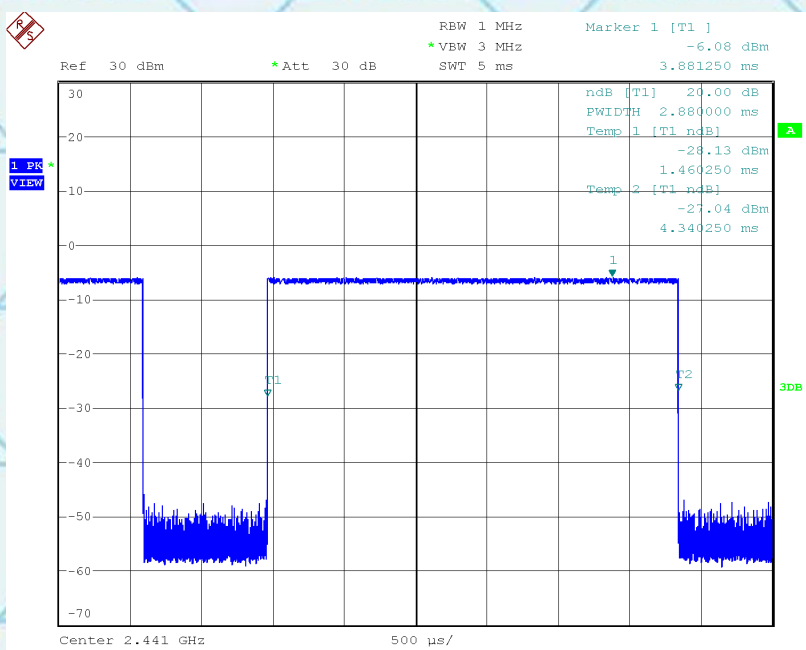
DH5

Low



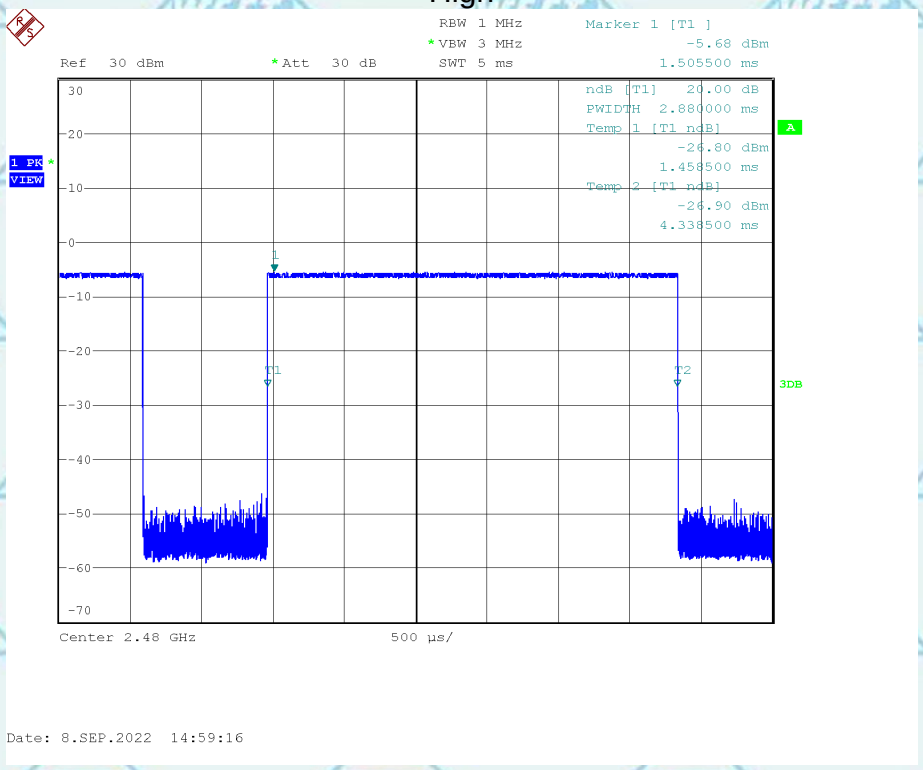
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:58:10

Middle



Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:58:38

High


RBW 1 MHz
*VBW 3 MHz
SWT 5 ms
Marker 1 [T1]
-5.68 dBm
1.505500 ms
ndB [T1] 20.00 dB
PWIDTH 2.880000 ms
Temp 1 [T1 ndB]
-26.80 dBm
1.458500 ms
Temp 2 [T1 ndB]
-26.90 dBm
4.338500 ms
Ref 30 dBm
*Att 30 dB
1 PK *
VIEW
A
3DB
T1
T2
Center 2.48 GHz
500 µs/
Date: 8.SEP.2022 14:59:16

6.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

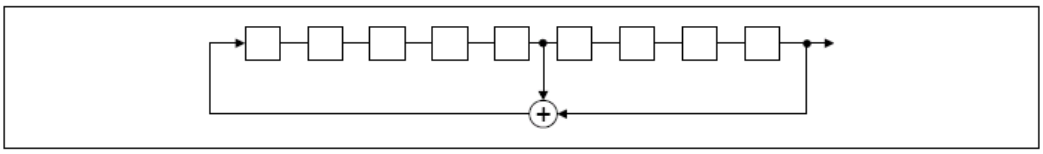
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

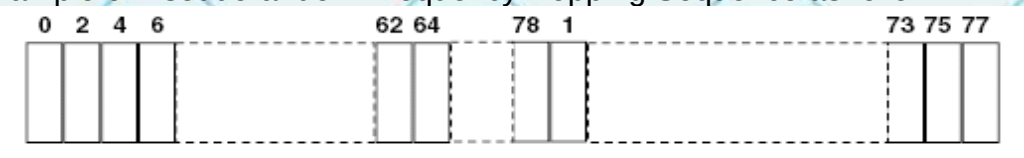
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2^9 -1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

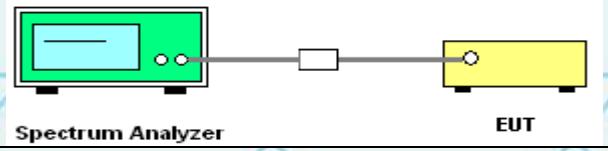
An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.
The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

6.9. Conducted Band Edge Measurement

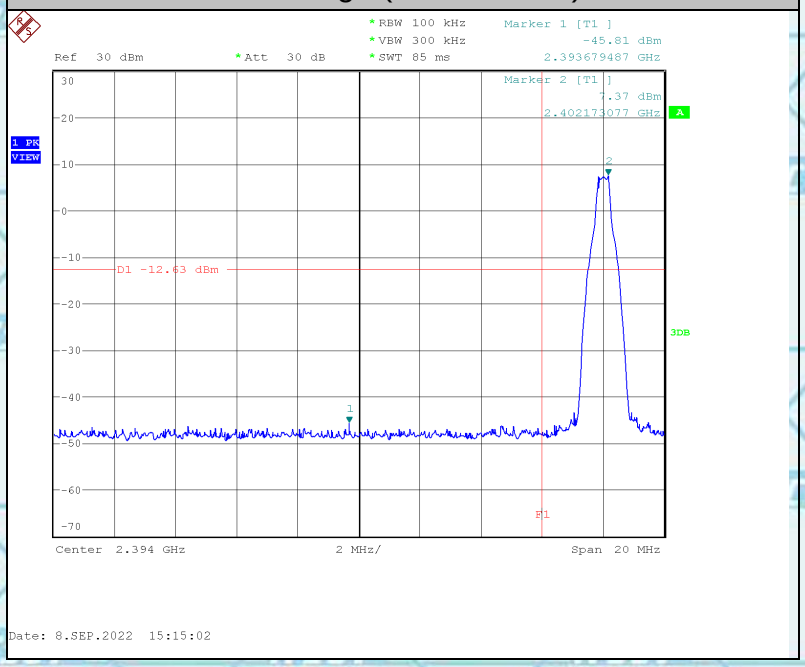
6.9.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Set RBW = 100 kHz (≥1% span=10MHz), VBW = 300 kHz (≥RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used. 4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2 and 3. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

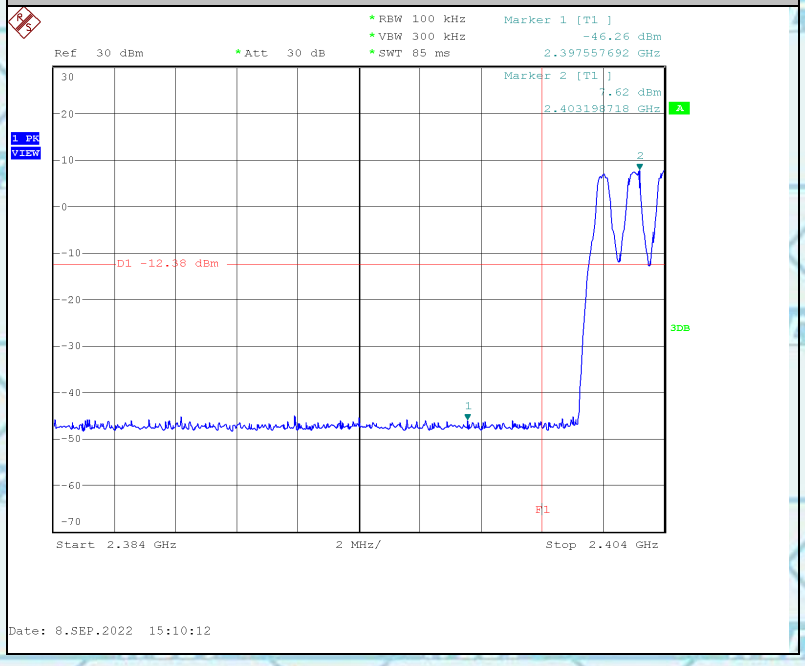
6.9.2. Test Data

GFSK Modulation（the worst case）

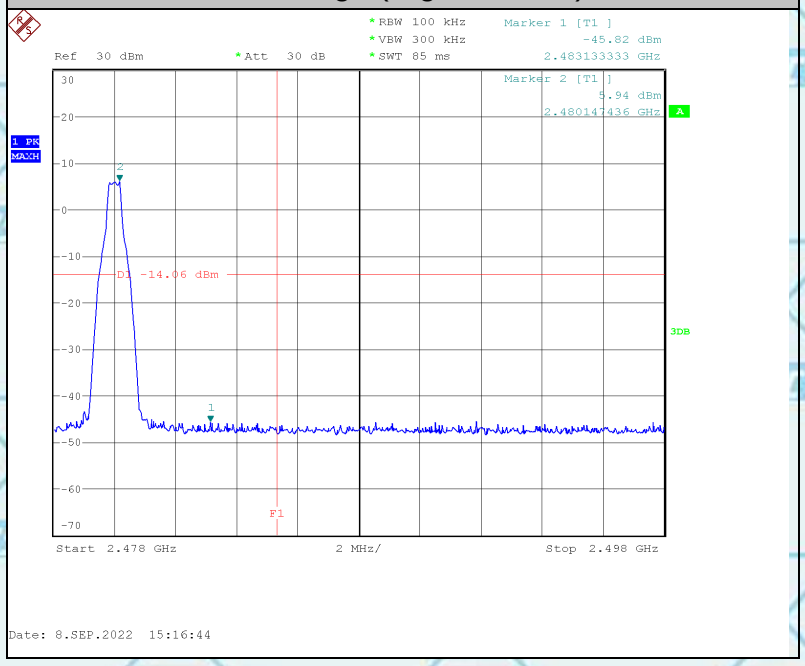
Band Edge (Low channel)



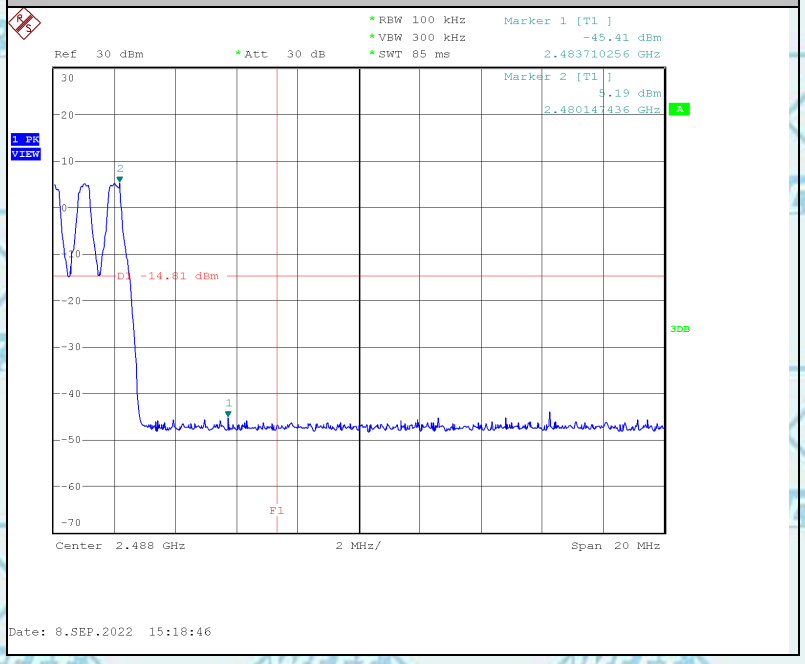
Band Edge (Hopping Mode)



Band Edge (High channel)

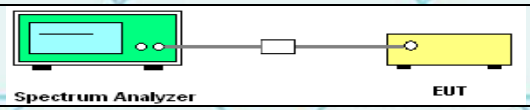


Band Edge (Hopping Mode)



6.10. Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

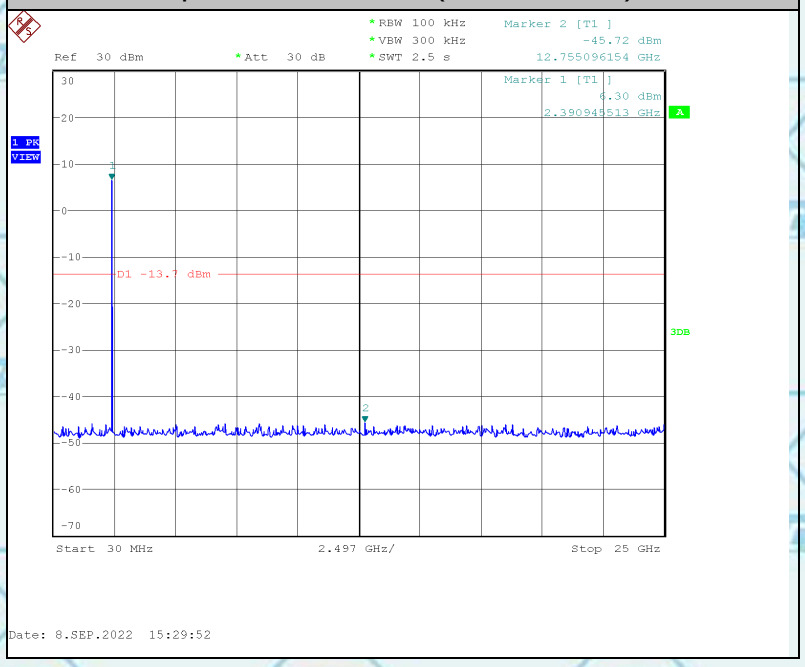
6.10.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report. 6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
Test Result:	PASS

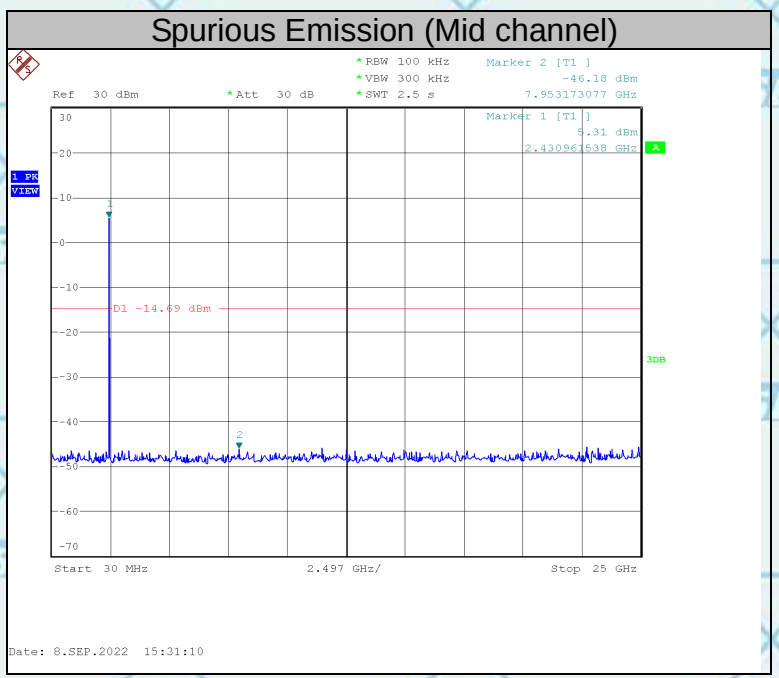
6.10.2. Test Data

GFSK mode

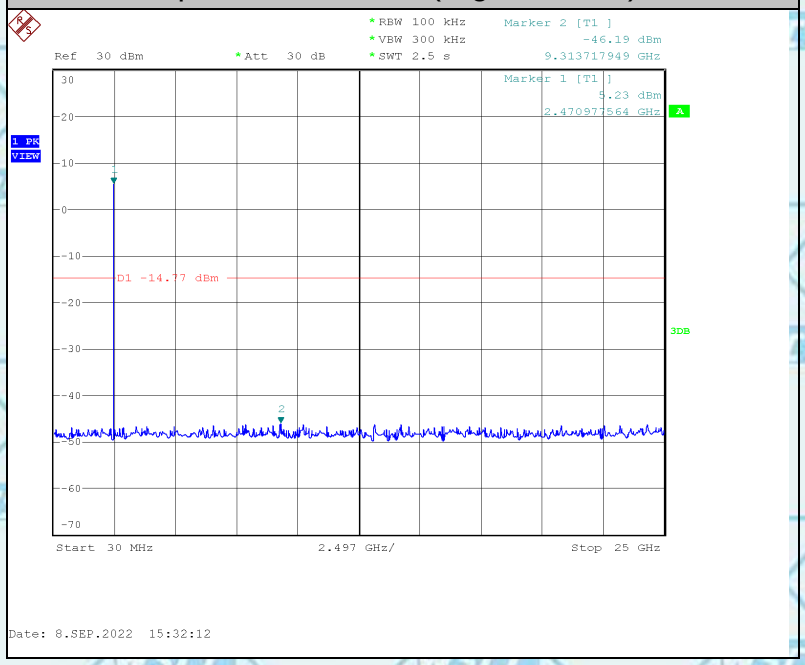
Spurious Emission (Low channel)



Spurious Emission (Mid channel)

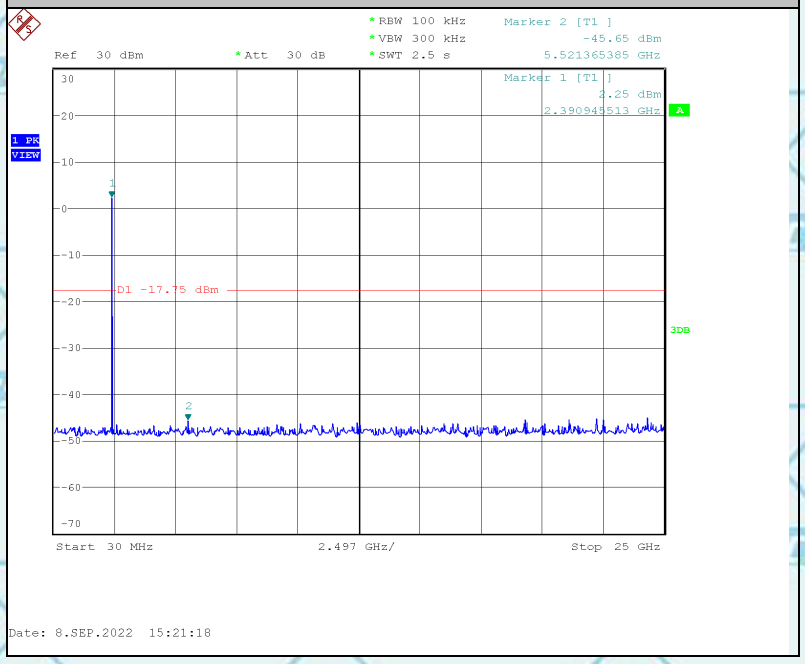


Spurious Emission (High channel)

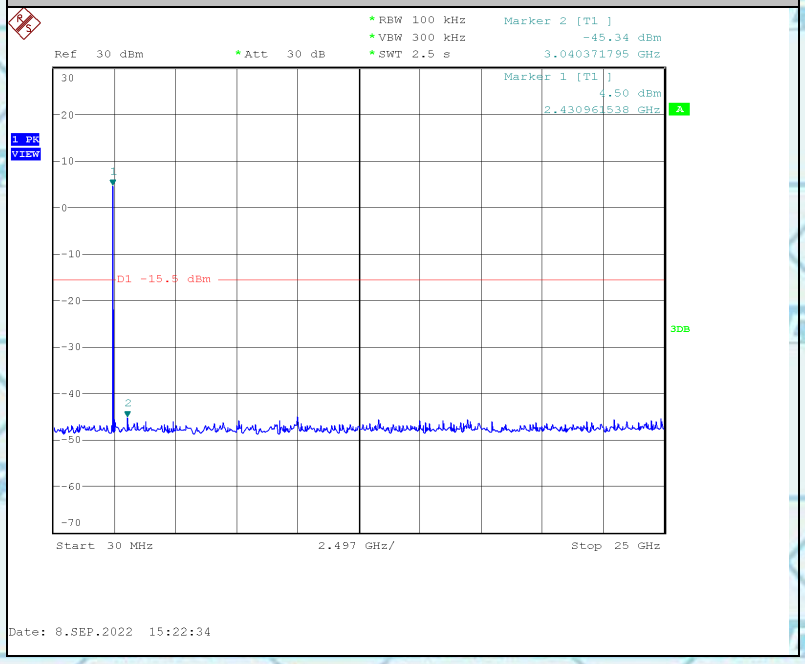


Pi/4DQPSK mode

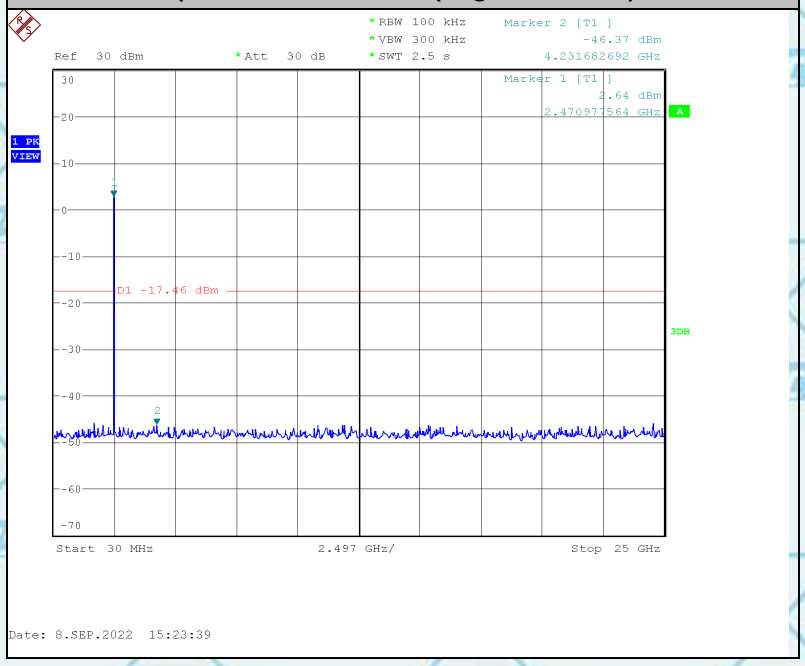
Spurious Emission (Low channel)



Spurious Emission (Mid channel)

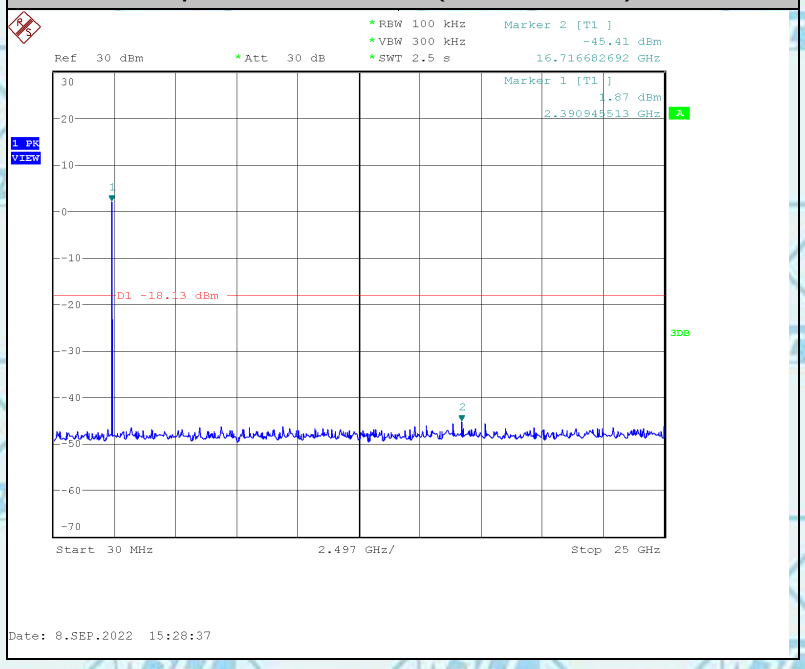


Spurious Emission (High channel)

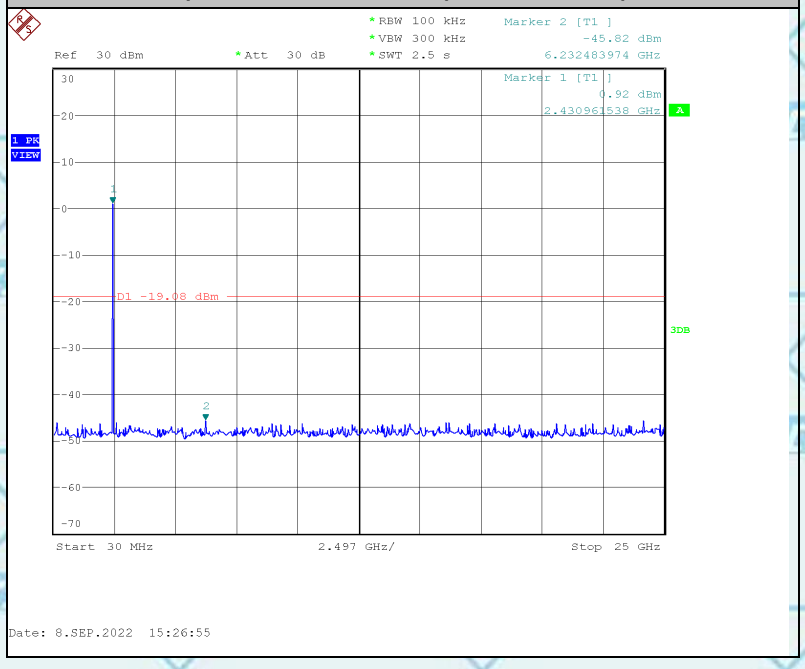


8DPSK mode

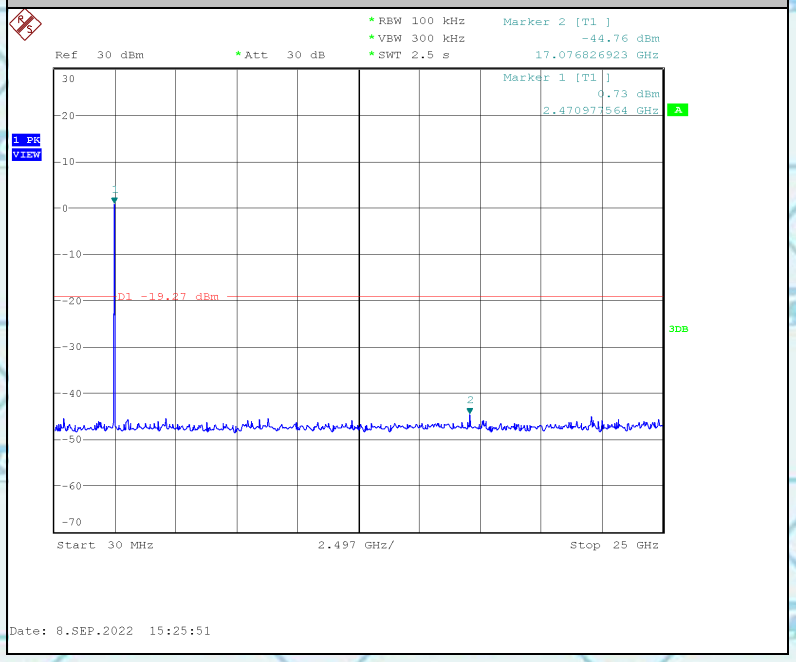
Spurious Emission (Low channel)



Spurious Emission (Mid channel)



Spurious Emission (High channel)



6.11. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

6.11.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2014
Frequency Range:	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Measurement Distance:	3 m
Antenna Polarization:	Horizontal & Vertical

Receiver Setup:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
9kHz- 150kHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value
150kHz-30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak Value
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average Value

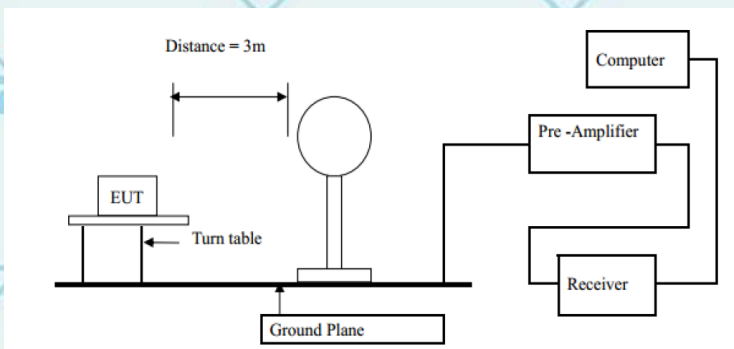
Limit:

Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705-30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

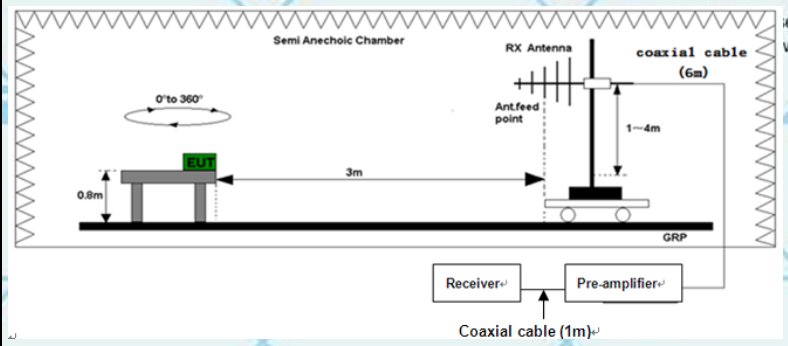
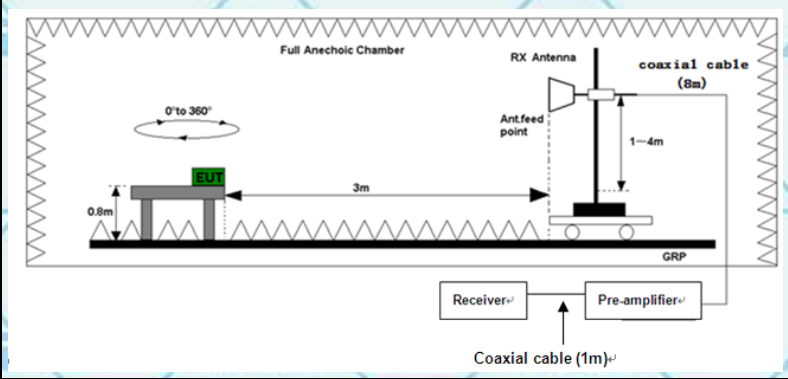
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Detector
Above 1GHz	500	3	Average
	5000	3	Peak

Test setup:

For radiated emissions below 30MHz



30MHz to 1GHz

	 Above 1GHz 
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2014 Measurement Guidelines. 2. For the radiated emission test below 1GHz: The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high PASS filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level. For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna on a turntable with 1.5 meter above ground, which is away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final

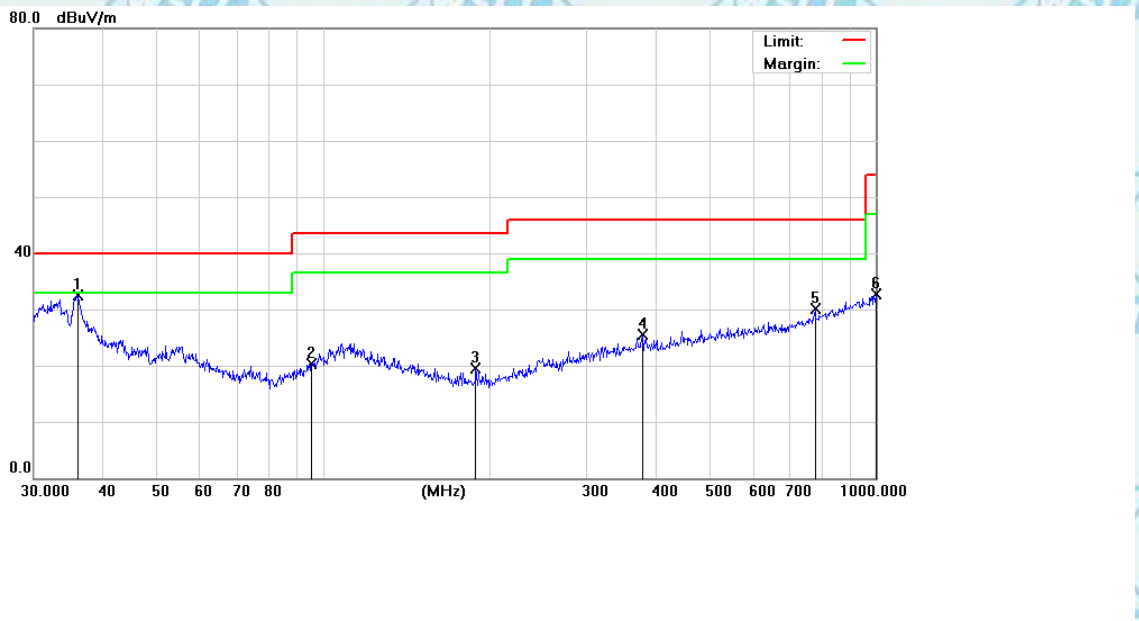
	measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured; (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, RBW=1MHz for f>1GHz ; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c). Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds On time =N1*L1+N2*L2+...+Nn-1*LNn-1+Nn*Ln Where N1 is number of type 1 pulses, L1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + 20*log(Duty cycle) Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
Test results:	PASS

6.11.2. Test Data

Please refer to following diagram for individual

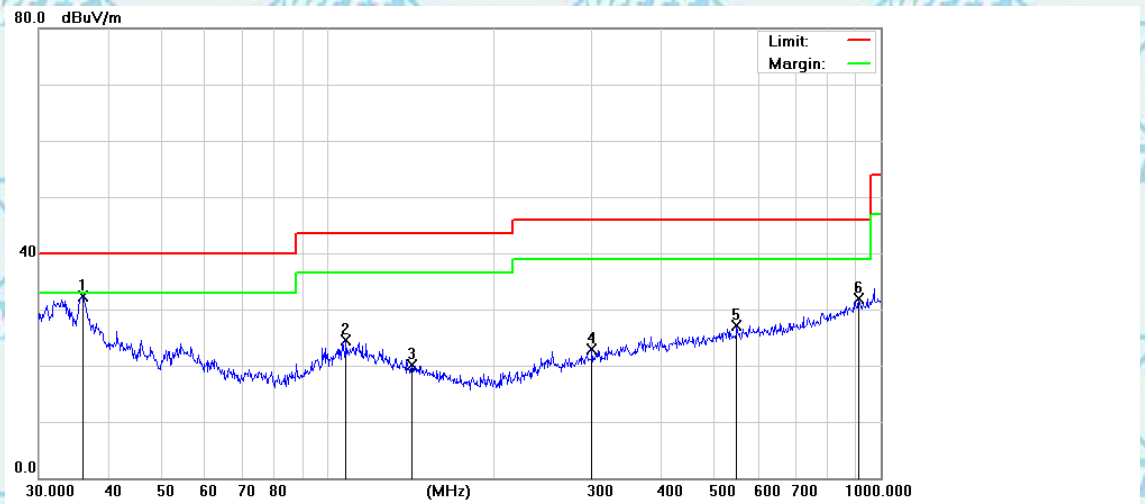
Below 1GHz

Horizontal:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector
1	*	36.0007	30.22	2.29	32.51	40.00	-7.49	QP
2		95.4270	25.14	-4.77	20.37	43.50	-23.13	QP
3		189.0743	26.59	-7.18	19.41	43.50	-24.09	QP
4		378.5843	26.70	-1.21	25.49	46.00	-20.51	QP
5		776.8778	26.48	3.58	30.06	46.00	-15.94	QP
6		1000.000	25.35	7.32	32.67	54.00	-21.33	QP

Vertical:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector
1	*	36.1272	30.08	2.21	32.29	40.00	-7.71	QP
2		107.8877	26.85	-2.28	24.57	43.50	-18.93	QP
3		141.8262	24.50	-4.42	20.08	43.50	-23.42	QP
4		300.3672	25.09	-2.23	22.86	46.00	-23.14	QP
5		549.0195	26.15	0.94	27.09	46.00	-18.91	QP
6		912.8620	26.07	5.86	31.93	46.00	-14.07	QP

Note: *1.The low frequency, which started from 9KHz~30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported*

2. Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK) and the worst case Mode (Lowest channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

3.Reading level (dBμV) = Receiver reading
Corr. Factor (dB) = Attenuation factor + Cable loss
Level (dBμV) = Reading level (dBμV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
Limit (dBμV) = Limit stated in standard
Margin (dB) = Level (dBμV) – Limits (dBμV)

Above 1GHz

GFSK

Freq. (MHz)	Low channel: 2402MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
4804	V	60.08	39.50	74	54	-13.92	-14.50
7206	V	58.25	40.71	74	54	-15.75	-13.29
4804	H	58.75	40.79	74	54	-15.25	-13.21
7206	H	59.76	40.76	74	54	-14.24	-13.24

Freq. (MHz)	Middle channel: 2441MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
4882	V	58.06	39.82	74	54	-15.94	-14.18
7323	V	59.57	39.91	74	54	-14.43	-14.09
4882	H	59.84	39.11	74	54	-14.16	-14.89
7323	H	59.74	40.74	74	54	-14.26	-13.26

Freq. (MHz)	High channel: 2480MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
4960	V	59.40	41.50	74	54	-14.60	-12.50
7440	V	58.04	39.91	74	54	-15.96	-14.09
4960	H	59.39	41.00	74	54	-14.61	-13.00
7440	H	58.82	39.82	74	54	-15.18	-14.18

Note:

1. *The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.*
2. *Measurements were conducted from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
3. *Data of measurement shown "---"in the above table mean that the reading of emissions is attenuated more than 20 dB below the limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.*
4. *Measurements were conducted in all three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (GFSK) was submitted only.*

Restricted Bands Requirements

Test result for GFSK Mode(the worst case)

Frequency	Reading	Correct Factor	Emission Level	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
Low Channel							
2387	64.52	-8.76	55.76	74	18.24	H	PK
2387	53.32	-8.76	44.56	54	9.44	H	AV
2387	60.04	-8.73	51.31	74	22.69	V	PK
2387	54.14	-8.73	45.41	54	8.59	V	AV
2390	62.01	-8.76	53.25	74	20.75	H	PK
2390	56.54	-8.76	47.78	54	6.22	H	AV
2390	60.56	-8.73	51.83	74	22.17	V	PK
2390	56.90	-8.73	48.17	54	5.83	V	AV
High Channel							
2483.5	62.39	-8.76	53.63	74	20.37	H	PK
2483.5	53.86	-8.76	45.10	54	8.90	H	AV
2483.5	61.07	-8.73	52.34	74	21.66	V	PK
2483.5	55.13	-8.73	46.40	54	7.60	V	AV

Note: Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
Reading level (dBµV) = Receiver reading
Corr. Factor (dB) = Attenuation factor + Cable loss
Level (dBµV) = Reading level (dBµV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
Limit (dBµV) = Limit stated in standard
Margin (dB) = Level (dBµV) – Limits (dBµV)

********END OF REPORT********