RF Exposure Report

Report No.: FA082730-06

(Part 0: SAR and PD Char Evaluation)

FCC ID : IHDT56ZF3

Equipment: Mobile Cellular Phone

Brand Name : Motorola

Model Name : XT2113-1 , XT2113-1PP
Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL

60654 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and has been meet FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Cona Grang

Sporton International Inc.

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 1 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Table of Contents

Report No.: FA082730-06

Page: 2 of 38 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

1. Introduction	4
2. Product Description	5
3. SAR Characterization	6
3.1 SAR design target and uncertainty	6
3.2 SAR Char Table	7
4. Power Density Characterization	9
4.1 PD Char Table	9
4.2 Codebook for all beams	11
4.3 PD_design_target determination	15
4.4 Exposure positions for PD evaluation	16
4.5 Simulation and modeling validation	17
4.6 PD Char	18
4.7 Simulated input power limit for single beams	18
4.8 Simulated input power limit for beam pairs	19
4.9 Worst-case housing influence determination	20
4.10 PD Char	27
4.11 PD char generation	27
4.12 PD char Table	29
5. PD Test Setup	33
5.1 PD Test – System Setup	33
5.2 Test Side Location	33
5.3 EUmmWave Probe / E-Field 5G Probe	34
5.4 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	35
5.5 Scan configuration	35
5.6 System Verification Source	35
5.7 Power Density System Verification	37
5.8 System Verification Results	37
6. Uncertainty Assessment	38

History of this test report

Report No.: FA082730-06

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA082730-06	01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 29, 2021

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 3 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

1. Introduction

The FCC RF exposure limit is defined based on time-averaged RF exposure. The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter sto ensure the product in compliance with FCC RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz) and power density (transmit frequency > 6GHz). to control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement. Cannot operat without SAR and PD characterization at the device level, beforehand.

Report No. : FA082730-06

This report describes the procedures for the SAR char and PD char generation, and the parameters obtained from SAR and PD characterization (reffered to as SAR char and PD char, respectively) will be used as input for Smart Transmit. Both SAR char and PD char will be entered via the Embedded File System (EFS) to enable the Smart Transmit Feature.

Terminologies in this report

P _{limit}	The time-averaged RF power which corresponds to SAR_design_target.
111111	
P _{max}	Maximum target power level
SAR_design_target:	The design target for SAR compliance. It should be less than regulatory power density limit to account for all device design related uncertainties.
SAR char	P _{limit} for all the technologies/bands for all applicable DSI
PD_design_target:	The design target for PD compliance. It should be less than regulatory power density limit to account for all device design related uncertainties.
input.power.limit	For a PD characterized wireless device, the input power level at antenna port(s) for each beam corresponding to PD_design_target.
PD char	The table that contains input.power.limit fed to antenna port(s) for all supported beams.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 4 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

2. Product Description

Product Feature & Specification					
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone				
FCC ID	IHDT56ZF3				
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	5G NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n77: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n260: 37 GHz~40 GHz 5G NR n261: 27.5 GHz~28.35 GHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz				
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK				
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype				

Report No.: FA082730-06

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 5 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

3. SAR Characterization

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for Smart Transmit to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz.

Report No.: FA082730-06

3.1 SAR design target and uncertainty

Exposure conditions	DSI	Trigger conditions
Head SAR	DSI2	Earpiece On
Hotspot Mode	DSI7	Hotspot On
Body Worn Sensor on	DSI3	Sensor On
FS Body Worn & Extremity Sensor Off	DSI4	Sensor Off
Extremity	DSI6	Sensor On

Exposure conditions	SAR design target (W/kg)	Standalone SAR (W/kg) WWAN 2/3/4/5G		
	OAR design target (W/kg)	Bottom Ant	Top Ant	
Body Worn (1g)	1g SAR design target	1.00	0.79	
MHS (1g)	1g SAR design target	1.00	0.79	
Head (1g)	1g SAR design target	1.00	0.79	
Extremity (10g)	10g SAR design target	2.55	2.22	

	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Sub6 radio TxAGC	1.0
Device to device variation	1.2
Total uncertainty	1.5

To account for total uncertainty, SAR_design_target should be determined as:

$$SAR_design_target < SAR_{regulatory_limit} \times 10 \frac{-total\ uncertainty}{10}$$

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 6 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

3.2 SAR Char Table

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for Smart Transmit to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz

Report No. : FA082730-06

		Plimit				
Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2	Body Worn Hotspot DSI 3&7	Extremely DSI6	Sensor Off DSI4	Pmax ^{(¹) (*¹)}
GSM 850 (3 Tx slots)(**)	1	30.90	27.40	27.40	27.40	24.20
GSM 850 (3 Tx slots) (**)	2	27.10	27.30	27.30	27.30	24.20
GSM 1900 (3 Tx slots) (**)	1	34.70	16.00	21.30	25.10	21.20
GSM 1900 (3 Tx slots) (**)	2	18.20	17.80	24.40	31.90	20.70
WCDMA V	1	29.80	24.70	24.70	24.70	24.00
WCDMA V	2	23.30	25.30	25.30	25.30	23.00
WCDMA II	1	33.90	16.30	21.10	28.10	24.00
WCDMA II	2	17.70	15.50	19.60	28.50	23.00
LTE B2	1	33.70	15.90	20.80	27.80	23.00
LTE B2	2	18.00	17.40	20.30	28.60	22.00
LTE B12/B17	1	33.20	28.00	28.00	28.00	23.00
LTE B12/B17	2	24.30	26.10	26.10	26.10	23.00
LTE B13	1	30.70	25.90	25.90	25.90	23.00
LTE B13	2	28.40	30.00	30.00	30.00	23.00
LTE B5	1	28.80	24.30	24.30	24.30	23.00
LTE B5	2	23.00	24.10	24.10	24.10	23.00
LTE B7	1	35.90	15.90	20.40	28.80	23.00
LTE B48 (**)	4	24.10	17.50	23.60	24.60	21.00
LTE B66/B4	1	32.80	17.10	22.30	27.80	23.00
LTE B66/B4	2	17.10	17.50	20.10	27.10	22.00
FR1 N2	1	33.80	14.90	20.30	32.20	23.00
FR1 N2	2	17.70	16.60	21.30	27.20	23.00
FR1 N5	1	31.00	25.10	25.10	25.10	23.00
FR1 N5	2	25.30	26.40	26.40	26.40	23.00
FR1 N66	1	36.50	17.70	22.20	28.60	23.00
FR1 N66	2	16.20	17.30	20.70	28.60	23.00
FR1 N77_PC3(**)	4	20.50	16.80	20.50	26.1	24.00
FR1 N77_PC2(**)	4	20.50	16.80	20.50	26.1	26.00

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 7 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

*Pmax is used for RF tune up procedure. The maximum allowed output power is equal to Pmax + TXAGC uncertainty.

Report No.: FA082730-06

**All Plimit and Pmax power levels entered in the Table correspond to average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (for e.g., GSM & LTE TDD & NR TDD).

The Plimit values, corresponding to SAR_design_target.

Maximum target power, P_{max} , is configured in NV settings in EUT to limit maximum transmitting power. This power is converted into peak power in NV settings for TDD schemes. The EUT maximum allowed output power is equal to $P_{max} + 1.0 dB$ TXAGC uncertainty

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 8 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4. Power Density Characterization

The device with 5G mmW NR typically supports many beams and contains multiple mmW antenna arrays installed at different locations to achieve good coverage in the field. The power density (PD) measurement is a time-consuming test, and it is not practical to measure the power density for all the beams on all the surfaces of the device, thus a hybrid approach using electromagnetic (EM) simulation in combination with measurement is recommended for PD char generation

Report No.: FA082730-06

4.1 PD Char Table

The mmW device supports total N beams, where M out of N are single beams and the rest of (N-M) are beam pairs (where 2 single beams are excited at the same time).

The following figure outlines the PD char process.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 9 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Simulation modeling and validation

 Correlate the simulated PD distributions with measured PD distribution for the selected beams to validate simulation model

Report No.: FA082730-06

Uncertainty Budget

 Calculate the total device design uncertainty to include worst case RF tune-up accuracy and device-to-device variation

PD_design_target

Specify a power density design target, which should be less than power density regulatory limit to account for the total device design uncertainties

Worst-case housing material Influence Quantification

Determine

 $\Delta_{min} = min\{simulated\ PD@8dBm - measured\ PD@8dBm\}$ to quantify the worst-case housing influence

PD Char Generation

 Use validated simulation approach to determine input power limit for all the beams after accounting for the worst-case housing influence

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 10 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.2 Codebook for all beams

All the beams that the device supports are specified in the pre-defined codebook, and the codebook is device design specific and generated after evaluating radiation coverage from this particular device. In the field, a smartphone manages the beam selection and utilization based on this pre-defined codebook that is loaded and stored in the device.

Report No.: FA082730-06

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No
n260	1		0	Patch	1
n260	5		0	Patch	2
n260	6		0	Patch	2
n260	7		0	Patch	2
n260	10		0	Patch	2
n260	11		0	Patch	2
n260	17		0	Patch	4
n260	18		0	Patch	4
n260	19		0	Patch	4
n260	20		0	Patch	4
n260	21		0	Patch	4
n260	26		0	Patch	4
n260	27		0	Patch	4
n260	28		0	Patch	4
n260	29		0	Patch	4
n260		129	0	Patch	1
n260		133	0	Patch	2
n260		134	0	Patch	2
n260		135	0	Patch	2
n260		138	0	Patch	2
n260		139	0	Patch	2
n260		145	0	Patch	4
n260		146	0	Patch	4
n260		147	0	Patch	4
n260		148	0	Patch	4
n260		149	0	Patch	4
n260		154	0	Patch	4
n260		155	0	Patch	4
n260		156	0	Patch	4
n260		157	0	Patch	4
n260	1	129	0	Patch	2
n260	5	133	0	Patch	4
n260	6	134	0	Patch	4
n260	7	135	0	Patch	4
n260	10	138	0	Patch	4
n260	11	139	0	Patch	4
n260	17	145	0	Patch	8
n260	18	146	0	Patch	8
n260	19	147	0	Patch	8
n260	20	148	0	Patch	8
n260	21	149	0	Patch	8
n260	26	154	0	Patch	8
n260	27	155	0	Patch	8
n260	28	156	0	Patch	8
n260	29	157	0	Patch	8
11200	23	131	J	i attii	J

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 11 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No
n260	0		1	Patch	1
n260	2		1	Patch	2
n260	3		1	Patch	2
n260	4		1	Patch	2
n260	8		1	Patch	2
n260	9		1	Patch	2
n260	12		1	Patch	4
n260	13		1	Patch	4
n260	14		1	Patch	4
n260	15		1	Patch	4
n260	16		1	Patch	4
n260	22		1	Patch	4
n260	23		1	Patch	4
n260	24		1	Patch	4
n260	25		1	Patch	4
n260		128	1	Patch	1
n260		130	1	Patch	2
n260		131	1	Patch	2
n260		132	1	Patch	2
n260		136	1	Patch	2
n260		137	1	Patch	2
n260		140	1	Patch	4
n260		141	1	Patch	4
n260		142	1	Patch	4
n260		143	1	Patch	4
n260		144	1	Patch	4
n260		150	1	Patch	4
n260		151	1	Patch	4
n260		152	1	Patch	4
n260		153	1	Patch	4
n260	0	128	1	Patch	2
n260	2	130	1	Patch	4
n260	3	131	1	Patch	4
n260	4	132	1	Patch	4
n260	8	136	1	Patch	4
n260	9	137	1	Patch	4
n260	12	140	1	Patch	8
n260	13	141	1	Patch	8
n260	14	142	1	Patch	8
n260	15	143	1	Patch	8
n260	16	144	1	Patch	8
n260	22	150	1	Patch	8
n260	23	151	1	Patch	8
n260	24	152	1	Patch	8
n260	25	153	1	Patch	8

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 12 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No
n261	1		0	Patch	1
n261	5		0	Patch	2
n261	6		0	Patch	2
n261	7		0	Patch	2
n261	10		0	Patch	2
n261	11		0	Patch	2
n261	17		0	Patch	4
n261	18		0	Patch	4
n261	19		0	Patch	4
n261	20		0	Patch	4
n261	21		0	Patch	4
n261	26		0	Patch	4
n261	27		0	Patch	4
n261	28		0	Patch	4
n261	29		0	Patch	4
n261		129	0	Patch	1
n261		133	0	Patch	2
n261		134	0	Patch	2
n261		135	0	Patch	2
n261		138	0	Patch	2
n261		139	0	Patch	2
n261		145	0	Patch	4
n261		146	0	Patch	4
n261		147	0	Patch	4
n261		148	0	Patch	4
n261		149	0	Patch	4
n261		154	0	Patch	4
n261		155	0	Patch	4
n261		156	0	Patch	4
n261		157	0	Patch	4
n261	1	129	0	Patch	2
n261	5	133	0	Patch	4
n261	6	134	0	Patch	4
n261	7	135	0	Patch	4
n261	10	138	0	Patch	4
n261	11	139	0	Patch	4
n261	17	145	0	Patch	8
n261	18	146	0	Patch	8
n261	19	147	0	Patch	8
n261	20	148	0	Patch	8
n261	21	149	0	Patch	8
n261	26	154	0	Patch	8
n261	27	155	0	Patch	8
n261	28	156	0	Patch	8
-004	00	457		Detek	0

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 13 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

0

Patch

157

Form version: 200213

n261

29

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No
n261	0		1	Patch	1
n261	2		1	Patch	2
n261	3		1	Patch	2
n261	4		1	Patch	2
n261	8		1	Patch	2
n261	9		1	Patch	2
n261	12		1	Patch	4
n261	13		1	Patch	4
n261	14		1	Patch	4
n261	15		1	Patch	4
n261	16		1	Patch	4
n261	22		1	Patch	4
n261	23		1	Patch	4
n261	24		1	Patch	4
n261	25		1	Patch	4
n261		128	1	Patch	1
n261		130	1	Patch	2
n261		131	1	Patch	2
n261		132	1	Patch	2
n261		136	1	Patch	2
n261		137	1	Patch	2
n261		140	1	Patch	4
n261		141	1	Patch	4
n261		142	1	Patch	4
n261		143	1	Patch	4
n261		144	1	Patch	4
n261		150	1	Patch	4
n261		151	1	Patch	4
n261		152	1	Patch	4
n261		153	1	Patch	4
n261	0	128	1	Patch	2
n261	2	130	1	Patch	4
n261	3	131	1	Patch	4
n261	4	132	1	Patch	4
n261	8	136	1	Patch	4
n261	9	137	1	Patch	4
n261	12	140	1	Patch	8
n261	13	141	1	Patch	8
n261	14	142	1	Patch	8
n261	15	143	1	Patch	8
n261	16	144	1	Patch	8
n261	22	150	1	Patch	8
n261	23	151	1	Patch	8
n261	24	152	1	Patch	8
n261	25	153	1	Patch	8

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 14 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.3 PD design target determination

To account for total uncertainty, PD_design_target should meet the criteria:

$$PD_design_target < PD_{regulatory_limit} \ \times \ 10 \ \frac{-totaluncertainty}{10}$$

For this EUT, the PD design target and the uncertainty value are listed below

N260	PD design target	Antenna Module	W/m ²
11/200	PD design target	Antenna Module 0/1	3.8

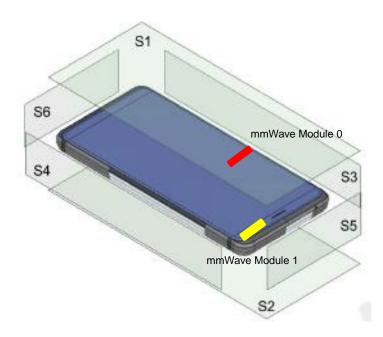
Report No.: FA082730-06

N261	DD design target	Antenna Module	W/m²
11/201	PD design target	Antenna Module 0/1	3.8

Item	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Total uncertainty	2.1

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 15 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.4 Exposure positions for PD evaluation



Report No.: FA082730-06

Evaluation positions

Front view	Front view Front		Top side	Bottom side	Left side	Right side
Front view	S1	S2	S5	S6	S3	S4
Module 0	V	V	-	-	V	-
Module 1	V	V	V	-	-	V

Remark:

- 1. Referring to the PD simulation report for the reason of selecting surfaces/edges.
- 2. The exposure positions selection is based on the all edges and surfaces of the device with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 16 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.5 Simulation and modeling validation

Power density simulations of all beams and surfaces were performed by the manufacturer. Details of these simulations and modeling validation can be found in the Power Density Simulation Report. Following Table includes a summary of the validation results to support worst-case housing influence quantification in power density characterization for this model With an input power of 6 dBm for n261 and n260 band, PD measurements are conducted for at least one single beam per antenna type and per antenna module (0,1) on worst-surface(s). PD measurements are performed at mid channel of each mmW band and with CW modulation.

PD value will be used to determine worst-case housing influence for conservative assessment

Report No.: FA082730-06

Band	Antenna module	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Frequency (GHz)	Exposure Surface	Test separation	Modulation	Measured results Savg tot averaged over 4cm^2 (W/m2)	Simulated Pd (W/m^2), averaged over 4 cm2	Sim vs meas Delta (dB)
n260	Module 0	26	-	38.5	Back	2mm	CW	9.55	14.0018	1.662
n260	Module 0	-	148	38.5	Back	2mm	CW	7.6	13.085	2.360
n260	Module 1	12	-	38.5	Top Side	2mm	CW	7.78	12.5504	2.077
n260	Module 1	-	150	38.5	Top Side	2mm	CW	6.98	14.6311	3.214
n261	Module 0	19	-	27.925	Back	2mm	CW	7.23	16.0901	3.474
n261	Module 0	-	147	27.925	Back	2mm	CW	7.88	15.5989	2.966
n261	Module 1	23	-	27.925	Top Side	2mm	CW	7.12	15.6501	3.420
n261	Module 1	-	143	27.925	Top Side	2mm	CW	6.17	13.3809	3.362

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 17 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.6 PD Char

4.7 Simulated input power limit for single beams

Perform simulation at low, mid and high channel for each mmW band supported, with a given input power per active port, *sim.input.power.per.active.port* (6 dBm for this product):

Report No.: FA082730-06

- 1. Obtain *PD*_{surface} value (the worst PD among all identified surfaces of the device) at all three channels for all single beams (1~M) specified in *codebook_sim*.
- 2. Adjust input power to determine a scaling factor at all three channels by:

$$s(i)_{low_or_mid_high} = \frac{PD \ design \ target}{sim.PD_{surface}(i)}, \ i = 1, 2, ...M$$
 (4)

3. Determine the worst-case scaling factor among low, mid and high channels:

$$s(i) = min\{s_{low}(i), s_{mid}(i), s_{high}(i)\}, i = 1, 2, ...M$$
 (5)

Note: This scaling factor applies to the input power at each antenna port

4. Determine the simulated input power limit, sim.powerlimit, for single beam i by:

sim.
$$power_{limit}$$
.(i) $dBm = 10 * log(s(i)) + sim.input.power.per.active.port$, $i = 1, 2, ...M$ (6)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 18 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.8 Simulated input power limit for beam pairs

The relative phase between single beams of a beam pair is sweeped to find the worst case PD for beam-pairs operation, and PD simulation data has taken this into consideration of beam-pair operations take consideration of the variation relative phase was reported

Report No.: FA082730-06

For beam pair, extract the E-fields and H-fields from the corresponding single beams at and high channel for each supported band and for all identified surfaces of the device.

For a given beam pair containing beam_a and beam_b with relative phase \emptyset and for a given channel, determine the worst-case $\emptyset_{worstcase}$ which results in the highest total PD (\emptyset) among all identified surfaces for this beam pair at this channel. When $\emptyset_{worstcase}$ is determined for all three channels, obtain the scaling factor given by the below equation for low, mid and high channels:

$$S(i)_{low_or_mid_high} = \frac{PD \ design \ target}{total.PD(\emptyset(i)_{worstcase})}, \ i = M+1, \ M+2, ...N$$
 (8)

The $\mathcal{O}_{worstcase}$ varies with channel and beam pair, the lowest scaling factor among all three channels, s(i), is determined for the beam pair i:

$$s(i) = min\{s_{low}(i), s_{mid}(i), s_{high}(i)\}, i = M+1, M+2, ...N$$
 (9)

The simulated input power limit, sim.powerlimit, for beam pair i can be determined by

$$sim.power_{limit}(i)dBm=10*log(s(i))+sim.input.power.per.active.port,i=M+1, M+2, ...N$$
 (10)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 19 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.9 Worst-case housing influence determination

Referring to the PD simulation report for PD simulation data for all beams . For non-metal material, the material property cannot be accurately characterized at mmW frequencies. The estimated material property for the device housing is used in the simulation model, which could impact the accuracy in simulation for PD amplitude quantification. Since the housing influence on PD could vary from surface to surface where the EM field propagates through, the most underestimated surface is used to quantify the worst-case housing influence for conservative assessment.

Report No.: FA082730-06

Referring to the PD simulation report for PD simulation data for all beams, and the worst beams are selected to be tested Power density simulation for all

The mmW antenna modules are placed at different locations and only surrounding material/housing has impact on EM field propagation and in turn power density, and depending on the type of antenna array the nature of EM field propagation in the near field is different. Therefore, the worst-case housing influence is determined per antenna module and per antenna type.

For this DUT, the procedure to determine worst-case housing influence, denoted as Δ_{min} :

- 1. Based on PD simulation, determine one or more worst-surface(s) that contains all the highest 4cm²-averaged PD for each of the beams, per antenna module and per antenna type in the mid channel of each band.
- 2. For identified worst surface(s) per antenna module and per antenna type group,
 - a. First determine Δ_{min} based on identified worst surface(s) in Step 1, and then follow the procedures described in Section 4.6 to derive *input.power.limit* corresponding to PD_design_target for all the beams
 - b. Then prove all other surface(s) near-by the mmW module, i.e., surface(s) not selected in Step 1, is not required for housing material loss quantification (in other words, these nonevaluated surfaces have no influence on the determined *input.power.limit*) by:
 - i. Scale the simulated 4cm²-averaged PD values for all single beams to correspond to their sim.power_{limit}, and identify the worst-PD beam per each non-selected surface.
 - ii. Measure 4cm²-averaged PD at *input.power.limit* for the identified worst-PD beam at each non-selected surface
 - iii. Demonstrate all measured 4cm²-averaged PD values are below PD_design_target.
- 3. If any of the above surface(s) in Step (2.b.iii) have measured 4cm^2 -averaged PD \geq PD_design_target, then those surfaces must be included in the Δ_{min} determination in Step (2.a), and follow the procedures in Section 4.6 to re-evaluate *input.power.limit* with these added surfaces.

Therefore, when comparing a simulated 4cm²-avgeraged PD and measured 4cm²-avgeraged PD for the above identified surfaces, the worst errors introduced when using the estimated material property in the simulation per module and per antenna type (worst out of both polarizations) is highlighted in bolded

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 20 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

numbers in section 4.5. Thus, the worst-case housing influence, denoted as Δ_{min} (= minimum of (sim.PD – meas.PD) for the same antenna type of each module), is determined as:

Report No. : FA082730-06

		Δ _min(dB)		
Band	Antenna	AG0	AG1	
		Polarization	Polarization	
200	0	1.66	2.36	
n260	1	2.08	3.21	
-201	0	3.47	2.97	
n261	1	3.42	3.24	

 Δ_{min} represents the worst case where RF exposure is underestimated the most by simulation upon using the estimated material property for glass/plastics of the housing. For conservative assessment, the Δ_{min} is used as the worst case correction and applied to each corresponding beam group to determine power limits in PD char for compliance. To ensure that condition described in Step (2.b.iii) is met, apply the correct input.power.limit to derive the PD simulated results for all beams, and select the worst beams (yellow highlighted in the PD table) for each of non-selected applicable surface(s).

The PD test results for non-selected surfaces are less than PD_design_target, and meets condition in Step (2.b.iii), thus performing Step (3) is not needed

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 21 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Simulated 4cm²-averaged PD at input.power.limit

Determine the worst beam for each of non-selected surface(s)

			Antenna	Simulate	d 4cm 2 SAPD	cha	nnel	PD_design_ta	rget_mid
Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Module			Surfac			
				S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6
				front	back	left	right	top	bottom
n260	1		0	0.08	3.80	0.95	-	-	-
n260	5		0	0.03	3.80	1.01	-	-	-
n260	6		0	0.16	3.80	1.00	-	-	-
n260	7		0	0.04	3.80	1.00	=	-	-
n260	10		0	0.05	3.74	1.04	-	-	-
n260	11		0	0.08	3.80	1.00	-	-	-
n260	17		0	0.06	3.80	0.96	-	-	-
n260	18		0	0.04	3.80	1.00	-	-	-
n260	19		0	0.18	3.56	1.05	-	-	-
n260	20		0	0.05	3.80	1.03	-	-	-
n260	21		0	0.03	3.80	0.95	-	-	-
n260	26		0	0.03	3.80	0.97	-	-	-
n260	27		0	0.18	3.51	1.05	-	-	-
n260	28		0	0.06	3.80	1.03	-	-	-
n260	29		0	0.04	3.80	1.00	-	-	-
n260		129	0	0.07	3.80	1.03	-	-	-
n260		133	0	0.04	3.72	1.07	-	-	-
n260		134	0	0.13	3.80	1.00	-	-	-
n260		135	0	0.03	3.33	1.03	-	-	-
n260		138	0	0.09	3.71	1.07	-	-	-
n260		139	0	0.04	3.58	1.07	-	-	-
n260		145	0	0.06	3.80	1.08	-	-	-
n260		146	0	0.03	3.80	1.05	-	-	-
n260		147	0	0.16	3.46	1.04	-	-	-
n260		148	0	0.04	3.80	1.04	-	-	-
n260		149	0	0.05	3.80	1.07	-	-	-
n260		154	0	0.06	3.80	1.05	-	-	-
n260		155	0	0.13	3.68	1.01	-	-	-
n260		156	0	0.06	3.71	1.04	-	-	-
n260		157	0	0.05	3.80	1.05	-	-	-

Report No.: FA082730-06

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 22 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

			Antenna	Simulated 4cm 2 SAPD (W/m 2) corresponding to PD_design_target_mid channel Surface 2mm							
Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Module	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6		
				front	back	left	right	top	bottom		
n260	0		1	0.04	1.47	ioit	0.53	3.19	-		
n260	2		1	0.02	1.53		0.52	3.49	_		
n260	3		1	0.07	1.28		0.24	2.76	-		
n260	4		1	0.03	1.43		0.16	3.20	-		
n260	8		1	0.03	1.50		0.35	3.67	-		
n260	9		1	0.04	1.49		0.17	3.17	-		
n260	12		1	0.03	1.81		0.37	3.72	-		
n260	13		1	0.04	1.47		0.95	3.27	-		
n260	14		1	0.11	1.56		0.57	3.25	-		
n260	15		1	0.06	2.12		0.20	3.78	-		
n260	16		1	0.02	1.64		0.72	3.77	-		
n260	22		1	0.04	1.51		0.98	3.45	-		
n260	23		1	0.08	1.42		0.52	2.77	-		
n260	24		1	0.09	1.88		0.28	3.60	-		
n260	25		1	0.04	1.99		0.38	3.80	-		
n260		128	1	0.04	2.22		1.03	3.54	-		
n260		130	1	0.03	2.09		0.99	3.70	-		
n260		131	1	0.10	3.14		0.18	3.80	-		
n260		132	1	0.02	2.18		0.40	3.54	-		
n260		136	1	0.04	2.70		0.19	3.80	-		
n260		137	1	0.03	2.05		0.75	3.32	-		
n260		140	1	0.03	2.64		0.96	3.78	-		
n260		141	1	0.03	2.96		0.69	3.80	-		
n260		142	1	0.07	2.28		0.38	2.91	-		
n260		143	1	0.04	2.66		0.53	3.67	-		
n260		144	1	0.03	2.40		0.98	3.69	-		
n260		150	1	0.03	2.72		0.95	3.64	-		
n260		151	1	0.04	2.58		0.55	3.33	-		
n260		152	1	0.10	2.92		0.46	3.80	-		
n260		153	1	0.04	2.45		0.55	3.60	-		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 23 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

			Antenna	Simulate	d 4cm 2 SAPD	cha	nnel	PD_design_ta	rget_mid
Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Module			Surfac			
			Module	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6
				front	back	left	right	top	bottom
n261	1		0	0.07	3.70	1.12	-	-	-
n261	5		0	0.14	3.78	1.12	-	-	-
n261	6		0	0.04	3.62	1.11	-	-	-
n261	7		0	0.12	3.76	1.12	-	-	-
n261	10		0	0.08	3.72	1.12	1	-	-
n261	11		0	0.12	3.74	1.14	-	-	-
n261	17		0	0.17	3.70	1.10	-	-	-
n261	18		0	0.10	3.64	1.12	-	-	-
n261	19		0	0.02	3.78	1.12	-	-	-
n261	20		0	0.14	3.60	1.10	-	-	-
n261	21		0	0.14	3.54	1.08	-	-	-
n261	26		0	0.11	3.80	1.14	-	-	-
n261	27		0	0.06	3.74	1.14	-	-	-
n261	28		0	0.10	3.76	1.13	-	-	-
n261	29		0	0.21	3.41	1.06	-	-	-
n261		129	0	0.04	3.57	1.04	-	-	-
n261		133	0	0.08	3.64	1.09	-	-	-
n261		134	0	0.03	3.52	1.06	-	-	-
n261		135	0	0.07	3.70	1.09	-	-	-
n261		138	0	0.06	3.62	1.07	-	-	-
n261		139	0	0.08	3.64	1.09	-	-	-
n261		145	0	0.14	3.36	0.95	-	-	-
n261		146	0	0.08	3.72	1.11	-	-	-
n261		147	0	0.03	3.79	1.11	-	-	-
n261		148	0	0.08	3.63	1.01	-	-	-
n261		149	0	0.11	3.57	0.98	-	-	-
n261		154	0	0.12	3.44	0.95	-	-	-
n261		155	0	0.07	3.65	1.07	-	-	-
n261		156	0	0.05	3.70	1.11	-	-	-
n261		157	0	0.09	3.62	0.97	-	-	-

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 24 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Band Beam ID 1	D	D 1D. 0	Antenna	Simulate	d 4cm 2 SAPD	(W/m 2) corr char Surface	nnel	PD_design_ta	rget_mid
Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Module	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6
				front	back	left	right	top	bottom
n261	0		1	0.12	1.65	ICIT	0.19	3.79	DOLLOITI
n261	2		1	0.12	2.10		0.13	3.72	_
n261	3		1	0.12	1.59		0.09	3.73	_
n261	4		1	0.22	1.96		0.36	3.70	_
n261	8		1	0.08	1.68		0.08	3.69	_
n261	9		<u>·</u> 1	0.19	1.72		0.26	3.80	_
n261	12		<u>·</u> 1	0.11	2.37		0.77	3.74	-
n261	13		1	0.07	1.61		0.18	3.63	-
n261	14		1	0.12	1.56		0.18	3.80	-
n261	15		1	0.37	1.75		0.48	3.68	-
n261	16		1	0.44	2.48		1.48	3.75	-
n261	22		1	0.08	1.93		0.37	3.56	-
n261	23		1	0.10	1.55		0.09	3.80	-
n261	24		1	0.24	1.54		0.34	3.80	-
n261	25		1	0.43	2.03		0.86	3.62	-
n261		128	1	0.13	2.41		0.16	3.79	-
n261		130	1	0.15	2.32		0.48	3.68	-
n261		131	1	0.14	2.89		0.16	3.80	-
n261		132	1	0.20	2.29		0.48	3.80	-
n261		136	1	0.09	2.72		0.20	3.67	-
n261		137	1	0.21	2.56		0.30	3.80	-
n261		140	1	0.30	2.57		1.25	3.72	-
n261		141	1	0.12	2.99		0.20	3.65	-
n261		142	1	0.07	3.01		0.06	3.80	-
n261		143	1	0.28	2.81		0.51	3.80	-
n261		144	1	0.28	2.55		1.31	3.74	-
n261		150	1	0.22	2.99		0.60	3.61	-
n261		151	1	0.09	2.93		0.13	3.80	-
n261		152	1	0.18	2.97		0.27	3.80	-
n261		153	1	0.28	2.62		0.83	3.80	-

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 25 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

$4 \mathrm{cm}^2$ -averaged PD for the selected beams on non-selected surfaces for Δ_{min} determination

Band	Antenna module	Beam ID	Beam ID 2	Frequency (GHz)	Exposure Surface	Input Power Iimit	Test separation	Modulation	results Savg inc	Sporton Measured results Savg tot 4cm^2 (W/m2)	Epeak [V/m]	Hpeak [A/m]
n260	Module 0	27	-	38.5	Front	2.37	2mm	CW	0.085	0.09	12.1	0.02
n260	Module 0	-	145	38.5	Left Side	2.9	2mm	CW	0.824	0.896	22.5	0.063
n260	Module 1	14	-	38.5	Front	3.62	2mm	CW	0.983	1.38	36.8	0.083
n260	Module 1	13	-	38.5	Right Side	2.93	2mm	CW	1.06	1.17	30.6	0.081
n260	Module 1	-	131	38.5	Back	7.31	2mm	CW	2.35	3.06	64.2	1.71
n261	Module 0	29	-	27.925	Front	4.97	2mm	CW	0.138	0.176	11.5	0.032
n261	Module 0	29	-	27.925	Left Side	4.97	2mm	CW	0.954	1.11	29.5	0.074
n261	Module 1	16	-	27.925	Front	5.18	2mm	CW	0.356	0.514	20.7	0.054
n261	Module 1	16	-	27.925	Right Side	5.18	2mm	CW	0.899	0.98	30	0.07
n261	Module 1	-	150	27.925	Back	4.57	2mm	CW	2.64	3.16	57.3	0.134

Report No.: FA082730-06

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 26 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.10 PD Char

This section describes the PD char generation that complies with the *PD_design_target* and is in compliance with the regulatory power density limit.

Report No.: FA082730-06

4.11 PD char generation

Ideally, if there is no uncertainty associated with hardware as described in Section 4.4, after accounting for the housing influence (Δ_{min}), input.power.limit(i), for beam i can be obtained:

input.power.limit(i) =
$$6 dBm + 10 * log(s(i)) + \Delta_{min}$$
, $i \in all beams$ (11)

If simulation overestimates the housing influence, then Δ_{min} (= minimum {simulated PD - measured PD}) is negative, which means that the measured PD would be higher than the simulated PD. The input power to antenna elements determined via simulation must be decreased for compliance.

Similarly, if simulation underestimates loss, then Δ_{min} is positive (measured PD would be lower than the simulated value). Input power to antenna elements determined via simulation can be increased and still be PD compliant.

In reality, the hardware design has uncertainty which must be properly considered in equation (11). In Section 4.7, the TxAGC uncertainty at reference power level (6dBm in report) is embedded in the process of Δ_{min} determination and should be removed to avoid double counting this uncertainty.

If -TxAGC uncertainty at reference power level $< \Delta min < TxAGC$ uncertainty at reference power level, $Input.power.limit(i) = sim.power_{limit}(i), i = 1,2,...,N$ (12)

else if Δmin < -TxAGC uncertainty at reference power level,

Input.power.limit(i) = sim.power_{limit}(i) +
$$(\Delta min+TxAGC uncertainty)$$
, i = 1,2,..,N (13)

else if Δmin > TxAGC uncertainty at reference power level,

Input.power.limit(i) = sim.power_{limit}(i) +
$$(\Delta min-TxAGC uncertainty)$$
, i = 1,2,..,N (14)

The input power limit is derived and listed in the table below

AG0				
Polarization				
David	Antonno Madula	4 (4D)	TxAGC uncertainty	land to according to (dDas)
Band	Antenna Module	$\Delta_{min}(dB)$	(dB)	Input.power.limit (dBm)
n260	0	1.66	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+1.16
n260	1	2.08	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+1.58
n261	0	3.47	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+2.97
11201	1	3.42	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+2.92

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 27 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

AG1				
Polarization				
Band	Anenna Module	4 (dR)	TxAGC uncertainty	Input.power.limit (dBm)
Banu	Arierina Module	$\Delta_{min}(dB)$	(dB)	input.power.iimit (dbin)
n260	0	2.36	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+1.86
11200	1	3.21	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+2.71
n261	0	2.97	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+2.47
11201	1	2.24	0.5	6 +10* log(s(i))+1.74

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 28 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

4.12 PD char Table

Combining the information in previous sections, PD char is derived and listed below

Report No.: FA082730-06

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No	Input power limit(dBm)
n260	1		0	Patch	1	7.91
n260	5		0	Patch	2	3.83
n260	6		0	Patch	2	5.08
n260	7		0	Patch	2	3.76
n260	10		0	Patch	2	3.99
n260	11		0	Patch	2	4.26
n260	17		0	Patch	4	1.54
n260	18		0	Patch	4	1.74
n260	19		0	Patch	4	2.33
n260	20		0	Patch	4	1.83
n260	21		0	Patch	4	1.56
n260	26		0	Patch	4	1.50
n260	27		0	Patch	4	2.37
n260	28		0	Patch	4	1.94
n260	29		0	Patch	4	1.78
n260		129	0	Patch	1	8.14
n260		133	0	Patch	2	4.23
n260		134	0	Patch	2	6.49
n260		135	0	Patch	2	5.14
n260		138	0	Patch	2	6.19
n260		139	0	Patch	2	4.40
n260		145	0	Patch	4	2.90
n260		146	0	Patch	4	2.81
n260		147	0	Patch	4	3.03
n260		148	0	Patch	4	2.49
n260		149	0	Patch	4	2.76
n260		154	0	Patch	4	2.84
n260		155	0	Patch	4	3.10
n260		156	0	Patch	4	2.69
n260		157	0	Patch	4	2.62
n260	1	129	0	Patch	2	4.48
n260	5	133	0	Patch	4	1.77
n260	6	134	0	Patch	4	2.10
n260	7	135	0	Patch	4	0.62
n260	10	138	0	Patch	4	2.33
n260	11	139	0	Patch	4	2.02
n260	17	145	0	Patch	8	-1.53
n260	18	146	0	Patch	8	-1.35
n260	19	147	0	Patch	8	-0.64
n260	20	148	0	Patch	8	-1.48
n260	21	149	0	Patch	8	-1.54
n260	26	154	0	Patch	8	-1.71
n260	27	155	0	Patch	8	-0.52
n260	28	156	0	Patch	8	-1.09
n260	29	157	0	Patch	8	-1.32

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 29 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021



Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No	Input power limit(dBm)
n260	0		1	Patch	1	7.21
n260	2		1	Patch	2	3.84
n260	3		1	Patch	2	4.06
n260	4		1	Patch	2	3.58
n260	8		1	Patch	2	4.71
n260	9		1	Patch	2	4.08
n260	12		1	Patch	4	2.30
n260	13		1	Patch	4	2.28
n260	14		1	Patch	4	2.94
n260	15		1	Patch	4	2.75
n260	16		1	Patch	4	2.37
n260	22		1	Patch	4	2.41
n260	23		1	Patch	4	1.69
n260	24		1	Patch	4	2.96
n260	25		1	Patch	4	2.62
n260		128	1	Patch	1	7.91
n260		130	1	Patch	2	4.53
n260		131	1	Patch	2	7.31
n260		132	1	Patch	2	4.42
n260		136	1	Patch	2	6.39
n260		137	1	Patch	2	4.82
n260		140	1	Patch	4	2.85
n260		141	1	Patch	4	3.39
n260		142	1	Patch	4	2.73
n260		143	1	Patch	4	4.13
n260		144	1	Patch	4	3.35
n260		150	1	Patch	4	2.66
n260		151	1	Patch	4	3.10
n260		152	1	Patch	4	4.16
n260		153	1	Patch	4	3.83
n260	0	128	1	Patch	2	4.35
n260	2	130	1	Patch	4	1.17
n260	3	131	1	Patch	4	1.77
n260	4	132	1	Patch	4	0.15
n260	8	136	1	Patch	4	2.00
n260	9	137	1	Patch	4	2.07
n260	12	140	1	Patch	8	-1.30
n260	13	141	1	Patch	8	-0.62
n260	14	142	1	Patch	8	0.31
n260	15	143	1	Patch	8	0.30
n260	16	144	1	Patch	8	-0.39
n260	22	150	1	Patch	8	-0.45
n260	23	151	1	Patch	8	0.41
n260	24	152	1	Patch	8	0.64
n260	25	153	1	Patch	8	0.13

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 30 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021



Input power Beam ID 1 Beam ID 2 Antenna Module Band Antenna Type Feed No limit(dBm) n261 Patch 8.20 n261 5 0 Patch 2 6.02 n261 6 0 Patch 2 5.42 n261 7 0 Patch 2 6.12 n261 10 0 Patch 2 6.14 n261 11 0 Patch 2 6.61 n261 17 0 Patch 4 5.09 n261 18 0 Patch 4 4.17 4 n261 19 0 Patch 2.68 n261 20 0 Patch 4 3.69 21 0 4 4.55 n261 Patch n261 26 0 Patch 4 4.83 27 0 Patch 4 3.01 n261 Patch 28 4 2.80 n261 0 n261 29 0 Patch 4 4.54 n261 129 0 Patch 1 7.85 n261 133 0 Patch 2 6.26 2 5.41 n261 134 0 Patch 2 6.56 135 0 n261 Patch 2 138 0 6.43 n261 Patch n261 139 0 Patch 2 6.26 n261 145 0 Patch 4 4.56 n261 146 0 Patch 4 3.16 n261 147 0 Patch 4 2.33 n261 148 0 Patch 4 3.40 n261 149 0 Patch 4 4.77 n261 154 0 Patch 4 4.47 n261 155 0 Patch 4 2.57 0 4 n261 156 Patch 2.90 n261 157 0 Patch 4 3.82 n261 129 0 2 4.27 Patch 5 n261 133 0 Patch 4 2.88 n261 6 134 0 Patch 4 1.92 n261 7 135 0 Patch 4 3.13 n261 10 138 0 Patch 4 3.00 11 0 4 2.52 n261 139 Patch 145 17 0 n261 Patch 8 1.76 n261 18 146 0 Patch 8 -0.03 n261 19 147 0 Patch 8 -0.48 n261 20 148 0 Patch 8 0.37 n261 21 149 0 Patch 8 1.76 n261 26 154 0 Patch 8 1.76 n261 27 155 0 Patch 8 -0.84 n261 28 156 0 Patch 8 -0.39 n261 29 157 0 Patch 8 1.19

Report No.: FA082730-06

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 31 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Band	Beam ID 1	Beam ID 2	Antenna Module	Antenna Type	Feed No	Input power limit(dBm)
n261	0		1	Patch	1	8.14
n261	2		1	Patch	2	5.74
n261	3		1	Patch	2	5.21
n261	4		1	Patch	2	6.50
n261	8		1	Patch	2	4.92
n261	9		1	Patch	2	6.26
n261	12		1	Patch	4	3.44
n261	13		1	Patch	4	2.87
n261	14		1	Patch	4	3.12
n261	15		1	Patch	4	3.78
n261	16		1	Patch	4	5.18
n261	22		1	Patch	4	3.02
n261	23		1	Patch	4	2.79
n261	24		1	Patch	4	3.56
n261	25		1	Patch	4	4.16
n261		128	1	Patch	1	10.19
n261		130	1	Patch	2	7.40
n261		131	1	Patch	2	6.69
n261		132	1	Patch	2	7.21
n261		136	1	Patch	2	7.20
n261		137	1	Patch	2	6.74
n261		140	1	Patch	4	4.02
n261		141	1	Patch	4	4.46
n261		142	1	Patch	4	3.75
n261		143	1	Patch	4	3.27
n261		144	1	Patch	4	4.55
n261		150	1	Patch	4	4.34
n261		151	1	Patch	4	4.11
n261		152	1	Patch	4	3.63
n261		153	1	Patch	4	3.71
n261	0	128	1	Patch	2	5.94
n261	2	130	1	Patch	4	2.71
n261	3	131	1	Patch	4	2.73
n261	4	132	1	Patch	4	3.19
n261	8	136	1	Patch	4	2.59
n261	9	137	1	Patch	4	3.11
n261	12	140	1	Patch	8	-0.48
n261	13	141	1	Patch	8	0.20
n261	14	142	1	Patch	8	0.54
n261	15	143	1	Patch	8	0.48
n261	16	144	1	Patch	8	1.91
n261	22	150	1	Patch	8	-0.07
n261	23	151	1	Patch	8	0.27
n261	24	152	1	Patch	8	0.88
n261	25	153	1	Patch	8	0.96

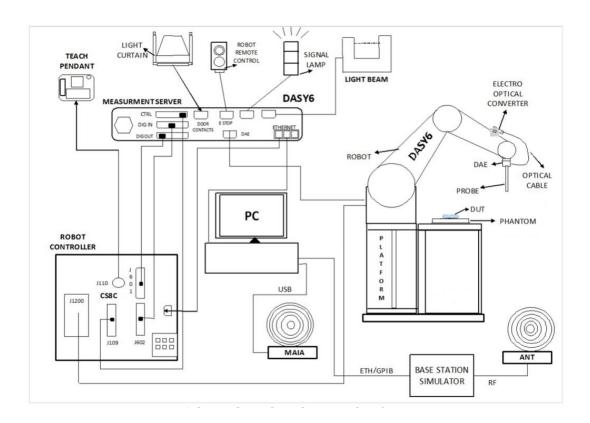
TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 32 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

5. PD Test Setup

5.1 PD Test - System Setup

The system to be used for the near field power density measurement

- SPEAG DASY6 system
 - SPEAG cDASY6 5G module software
 - EUmmWVx probe
- 5G Phantom cover



Report No.: FA082730-06

5.2 Test Side Location

Sporton Lab and below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

1001.	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory
Test Site Location	TW1190 No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, CHINESE TAIPEI
Test Site No.	SAR06-HY

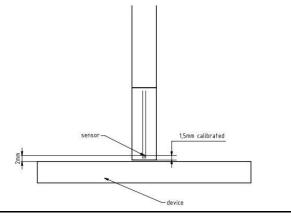
TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 33 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

5.3 EUmmWave Probe / E-Field 5G Probe

The probe design allows measurements at distances as small as 2 mm from the sensors to the surface of the device under test (DUT). The typical sensor to probe tip distance is 1.5 mm.

Frequency	750 MHz – 110 GHz
Probe Overall Length	320 mm
Probe Body Diameter	8.0 mm
Tip Length	23.0 mm
Tip Diameter	8.0 mm
Probe's two dipoles length	0.9 mm – Diode loaded
Dynamic Range	< 20 V/m - 10000 V/m with PRE-10 (min < 50 V/m - 3000 V/m)
Position Precision	< 0.2 mm
Distance between diode sensors and	1.5 mm
probe's tip	1.5 111111
Minimum Mechanical separation	0.5 mm
between probe tip and a Surface	0.5 11111
	E-field measurements of 5G devices and other mm-wave transmitters
Applications	operating above 10GHz in < 2 mm distance from device (free-space)
	Power density, H-field and far-field analysis using total field reconstruction.
Compatibility	cDASY6 + 5G-Module SW1.0 and higher





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Form version: 200213

Page: 34 of 38 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

Report No. : FA082730-06

5.4 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



Report No. : FA082730-06

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

5.5 Scan configuration

Fine-resolution scans on 2 different planes are performed to reconstruct the E- and H-fields as well as the power density; the z-distance between the 2 planes is set to $\lambda/4$.

The (x, y) grid step is also set $\lambda/4$, the grid extent is set to sufficiently large to identify the field pattern and the peak.

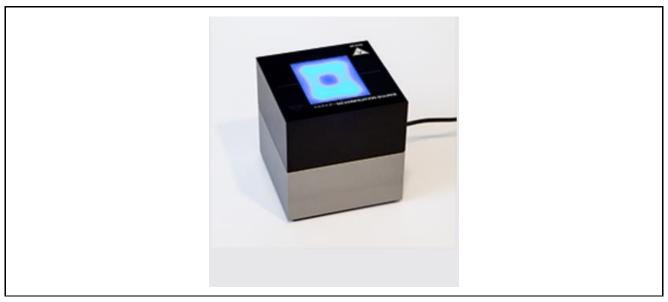
5.6 System Verification Source

The System Verification sources at 30 GHz and above comprise horn-antennas and very stable signal generators.

Model	Ka-band horn antenna
Calibrated frequency:	30 GHz at 10mm from the case surface
Frequency accuracy	± 100 MHz
E-field polarization	linear
Harmonics	-20 dBc
Total radiated power	14 dBm
Power stability	0.05 dB
Power consumption	5 W
Size	00 x 100 x 100 mm
Weight	1 kg

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 35 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 36 of 38 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

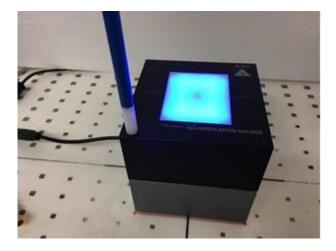
5.7 Power Density System Verification

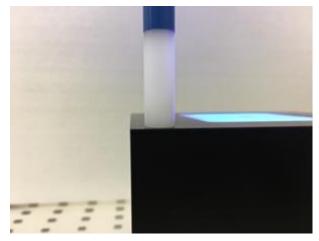
The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications.

The EUT is replaced by a calibrated source, the same spatial resolution, measurement region and the test separation used in the calibration was applied to system check. Through visual inspection into the measured power density distribution, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) have no noticeable difference. The measured results should be within 0.66B of the calibrated targets.

Frequency [GHz]	Grid step	Grid extent X/Y [mm]	Measurement points
10	$0.25 \left(\frac{\lambda}{4}\right)$	120/120	16×16
30	$0.25 \left(\frac{\tilde{\lambda}}{4}\right)$	60/60	24×24
60	$0.25 \ (\frac{\lambda}{4})$	32.5/32.5	26×26
90	$0.25 \ (\frac{\lambda}{4})$	30/30	36×36

Settings for measurement of verification sources





Report No.: FA082730-06

Verification Setup photo

5.8 System Verification Results

			Syste	em Verification	1			
Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Measured 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Targeted 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Deviation (dB)	Date
30G	30GHz_1007	9441	656	10mm	32.5	36.3	-0.48	2021/3/23

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 37 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021

6. Uncertainty Assessment

The budget is valid for evaluation distances > $\lambda/2\pi$. For specific tests and configurations, the Uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

Report No. : FA082730-06

	Evaluation Di	stances to the A	Intennas > I	λ / 2π		
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (± dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)	(Vi) Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29	∞
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	0	0.12	∞
System Detection Limits	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02	8
Modulation Response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.23	8
Readout Electronics	0.03	N	1	1	0.03	∞
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00	8
Integration Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00	8
RF Ambient Noise	0.2	R	1.732	1	0.12	8
RF Ambient Reflections	0.21	R	1.732	1	0.12	8
Probe Positioner	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02	8
Probe Positioning	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17	8
Savg Reconstruction	0.60	R	1.732	1	0.35	8
Test Sample Related						
Power Drift	0.2	R	1.732	1	0.12	∞
Input Power	0	N	1	0	0.00	8
	0.76 dB	∞				

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 38 of 38
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 29, 2021