# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone

BRAND NAME : Motorola

MODEL NAME : XT2343-2

FCC ID : IHDT56AM5

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Si Zhang

IIac-MRA



Report No.: FA352916-01

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# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA352916-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Aug. 01, 2023
FA352916-01	Rev. 02	Updated section 16.1	Aug. 03, 2023

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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone**, **XT2343-2**, are as follows.

**Highest 1g SAR Summary** Head Hotspot Body-worn Highest (Separation (Separation Simultaneous (Separation Equipment Frequency 0mm) 5mm) 5mm) Transmission Class Band 1g SAR 1g SAR (W/kg) (W/kg) GSM850 0.64 1.20 1.20 **GSM** 1.28 GSM1900 < 0.10 1.13 WCDMA II 0.14 1.29 1.38 **WCDMA** WCDMA V 0.44 1.40 1.40 LTE Band 2 1.23 1.36 0.13 LTE Band 7 0.93 1.38 1.38 Licensed LTE LTE Band 26/5 0.34 1.16 1.16 1.59 LTE Band 41/38 1.33 0.96 1.33 LTE Band 42 0.90 0.65 0.86 FR1 n7 0.51 1.35 1.35 FR1 n26/5 0.26 1.19 1.19 5G NR FR1 n41/38 0.97 0.72 0.97 FR1 n77/78 0.90 0.98 1.14 DTS 2.4GHz WLAN 0.93 0.65 1.39 1.59 **WLAN** NII **5GHz WLAN** 1.19 0.71 1.13 1.59 DSS Bluetooth 2.4GHz Bluetooth 0.47 0.49 0.44 1.59 **Highest 10g SAR Summary** 

		inghoot is	g oan cannary	
Equipment Class	•	uency nd	Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
	CCM	GSM850	3.35	
	GSM	GSM1900	3.45	
	MODMA	WCDMA II	3.48	
	WCDMA	WCDMA V	2.43	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	2.71	
Licensed		LTE Band 7	2.39	3.69
		LTE Band 41/38	2.77	
		LTE Band 42	2.09	
		FR1 n7	2.56	
	5G NR	FR1 n41/38	2.35	
		FR1 n77/78	2.78	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.10	3.69
NII	WLAIN	5GHz WLAN	1.91	3.69
DXX	NFC	13.56MHz	<0.10	3.69
	Date of Testing:		2023/7/5 ~ 2023/7/26	

#### Remark:

- 1. This device supports LTE B5/B38 and B26/B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE 5/B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26/B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26/B41.
- This device supports FR1 n5 / n38 / n78 and FR1 n26 / n41 / n77. Since the supported frequency span for FR1 n5 / n38 / n78 falls completely within the supports frequency span for FR1 n26 / n41 / n77, both FR1 bands have the same target power, and both FR1 bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for FR1 n26 / n41 / n77.

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### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

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### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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# 2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory								
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)						
Test Site Location								
Took Cita No	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.					
Test Site No.	SAR02-KS	CN1257	314309					

Applicant					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

Manufacturer Manufacturer					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

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# 3. Data Reuse Approach

### 3.1 Introduction Section

This application re-uses data collected on a similar device, FCC ID: IHDT56AM4 (reference model) and FCC ID: IHDT56AM5 (variant model). Due to the same design are identical between parent model and variant model, SAR data reuse is requested and spot check data in this report is used to justify the SAR data reuse.

For variant model 1g SAR and 10g spot check SAR result does not exceed 30% and 1g SAR < 1.2W/kg, 10g SAR < 3.0W/kg of the reference model, the WWAN/WLAN max SAR summary was always choose the higher SAR between parent model and variant model.

The applicant should take full responsibility that the test data as referenced in this report represent compliance for this FCC ID: IHDT56AM5

### 3.2 Model Difference Information

The main difference between FCC ID: IHDT56AM4 and FCC ID: IHDT56AM5 is as below:

- Remove WCDMA Band IV, LTE Band 4/12/13/17/25/66/66B/66C and 5G NR n2/n66;
- Add LTE Band 20/32 and 5G NR n8/n20/n38/n41/n77;

Other differences and all the details of similarity and difference can be found in the confidential documents (XT2343-2\_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration).

## 3.3 Reference detail Section

Rule Part	Equipment Class	Wireless Technology	Frequency Band (MHz)	FCC ID (Reference)	Type Grant/ Permissive Change	Reference Title	FCC ID Filling (Variant)	Test on the variant			
		GSM	GSM850/1900	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check			
		WCDMA	B2/5	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check, except WCDMA V for Body-worn/ Hotspot/Extremity			
		LTE	B2/5/7/26/42	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check, except LTE B7 for Body-worn/ Hotspot/Extremity			
		LTE	B38/41				IHDT56AM5	Full Test			
Part 2.1093					5GNR FR1	n5/7/26	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check, except n7 for Body-worn/ Hotspot/Extremity
		5GNR FR1	n38/41/77/78				IHDT56AM5	Full Test			
	DTS	BLE/ Wi-Fi	2400~2483.5	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check			
	NII	Wi-Fi	5150 ~ 5250 5250 ~ 5350 5470 ~ 5725 5725 ~ 5850	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check			
	DSS	Bluetooth	2400~2483.5	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check			
	DXX	NFC	13.56	IHDT56AM4	Original Grant	FA352916	IHDT56AM5	Spot check			

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# 4. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

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- · FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- · IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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# 5. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

# 5.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone						
Brand Name	Motorola						
	XT2343-2						
FCC ID	IHDT56AM5						
CCID	Sample 1:						
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 353361260010698 IMEI 2: 353361260010706 Sample 2: IMEI 1: 353361260020333 IMEI 2: 353361260020341 Sample 3: IMEI 1: 353361260020515 IMEI 2: 353361260020523						
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz SG NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n7 : 3700 MHz ~ 2690 MHz SG NR n7 : 3700 MHz ~ 3890 MHz SG NR n7 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz SG NR n7 : 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.6Hz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.6Hz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz						
	NFC: 13.56 MHz GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5G NR: CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK						
HW Version	DVT2						
SW Version	TTD33.32						
GSM / (E)GPRS	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously						
Transfer mode	but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.						
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype						

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#### Remark

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
  operation.
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 3. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
- 4. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 5. There are two different types of EUT. They all are dual SIM card mobile: one is all P-SIM; the other is P-SIM + eSIM. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components, so chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active).
- 6. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table.
- For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN when
  transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn
  and Handheld.
- 8. For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 9. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- 10. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE mode, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 11. For 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, so we chose power class 2 full SAR testing and power class 2 SAR can represent power class 3 SAR.
- 12. For 5GNR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
- 13. For 5GNR FDD/TDD supports SCS15KHz and SCS30KHz, after verification for 30KHz at FDD power level is less than 15KHz at FDD power level, also verification for 15KHz at TDD power level is less than 30KHz at TDD power level, so only show 15KHz at FDD power and 30KHz at TDD power, and chose higher power which is SCS15KHz for FDD bands and SCS30KHz for TDD bands to perform SAR testing.
- 14. There are three samples, the different between them refer to the XT2343-2\_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibit separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2/3 to verify the worst case of sample 1.
- 15. For 5GNR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5GNR NSA band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed EN-DC mode 5GNR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.
- This device supports 5GNR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.

### <5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25
NSA	IIO	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25
INSA	n78	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	1170	וטט	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25
	110	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	117	רטט	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n26	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
			30	10, 15, 20
SA	n38	TDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
SA	1130		30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n41	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	1141	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	117.7	טטו	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	1170	טטו	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

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# 5.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 9412	25 D05 v02	2r05		
FCC ID	IHDT56AM5							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular	flobile Cellular Phone						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 5:1.4 LTE Band 7: 5N LTE Band 26:1. LTE Band 38: 5 LTE Band 41: 5 LTE Band 42: 5	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz						
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat13							
CA Support	Supported, Upli	nk and Dov	vnlink					
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Modulation  QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM					bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16		MPR (dB)
LTE A-MPR	In the base standisable A-MPR frames (Maximu A properly co	during SA um TTI) nfigured b	R testing ase statio	and the	LTE SAR	tests was	transmitting the SAR	ng on all TTI and power
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	measurement; t not included in	the SAR re	port.					•
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance								
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations Inter-Band and Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification plane referred to section 13.						·	
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for intra-band an E Carrier Aggregation Additional inter-band with two component carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducte							nd conducted

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	LAB. FC		Transmiss	ion (H. M.	L) chan	nel numbers ar	nd frequenc	ies in ea	ch LTE	Rep band			
				<b>(</b> · , · · ,	_,	LTE Band 2							
	Bandwidth	1.4 MHz	Bandwidt	h 3 MHz	Band	dwidth 5 MHz	Bandwidtl	h 10 MH:	z Ba	andwidth	15 MH		width 20 1Hz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	CI	h. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	1862	5 1852.5	18650	1855	18	675	1857.5	18700	1860
М	18900	1880	18900	1880	1890	0 1880	18900	1880	18	900	1880	18900	1880
Н	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	1917		19150	1905	19	125	1902.5	19100	1900
						LTE Band 5							
	Band	dwidth 1.4 N	1Hz	Ва	ndwidth	3 MHz	Ban	dwidth 5	MHz		Bar	ndwidth 10 l	
1	Ch. #	Freq	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	#	Freq. (I	MHz)	Cł	ո. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407		24.7	20415		825.5	2042	_	826			450	829
М	20525	8:	36.5	20525	,	836.5	2052	5	836	.5	20	525	836.5
Н	20643	84	48.3	20635	j	847.5	2062	5	846	.5	20	600	844
						LTE Band 7							
	Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10			10 MHz	Band	dwidth 15	MHz		Bar	ndwidth 20 <mark>l</mark>			
	Ch. #	Freq	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	#	Freq. (I	MHz)	Cł	n. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	25	02.5	20800	)	2505	20825		2507.5		20	850	2510
М	21100		535	21100		2535	2110					100	2535
Н	21425	25	67.5	21400	)	2565	2137	5	2562	2.5	21	350	2560
						LTE Band 26							
	Bandwidt	h 1.4 MHz	Ban	dwidth 3 MI	Hz	Bandwidt	h 5 MHz	В	andwidt	h 10 MF	Ηz	Bandwidth	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MH:	<i>'</i>		(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	<i>′</i>	า. #	Freq. (	(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705		5.5	26715	816.5		740	81	-	26765	821.5
М	26865	831.5	26865		1.5	26865	831.5		865	831		26865	831.5
Н	27033	848.3	27025	84	7.5	27015	846.5	26	990	84	4	26965	841.5
						LTE Band 38							
	l l	Bandwidth 5	MHz	В	andwidt	h 10 MHz	В	andwidth	15 MH	Z	В	andwidth 20	
	Ch		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.		Freq. (MHz)	Ch		·	. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L			2572.5	3780		2575	378			77.5		37850	2580
N			2595	3800		2595	380			595		38000	2595
Н	382	225	2617.5	3820	00	2615	381	75	26	312.5	3	38150	2610

	LTE Band 41										
	Bandwidt	h 5 MHz	Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth	15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. # Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506			
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5			
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593			
HM	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5			
Н	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680			

# <3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz>

				LTE Ban	id 42				
	Bandwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz		
	Ch. # Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460	
M	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	
Н	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540	

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# <For LTE Overlap Bands Description>

## 1) LTE Bands BW

Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE Band 38			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

2) LTE Bands tune up:

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 5	Ant 0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
LTE Band 26	Ant 0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0

Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	24.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	24.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 1	24.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	24.0

Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 38	Ant 4	16.0	17.0	13.0	21.5	24.0	24.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 4	14.5	15.5	11.5	20.0	24.0	24.0

Note: For some bands/antennas at some exposure conditions which cannot be covered were fully tested for RF exposure compliance.

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# 5.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

	5G NR Information
	5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G	5G NR n26 : 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz
NR transmission band	5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
INIT (I di ISII IISSIOI) Dalla	5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	5G NR n77 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz
	5G NR n78 : 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	The detail please refers to section 4.1 5GNR FR1 bands table.
SCS	FDD/TDD:: SCS15KHz/SCS30KHz
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
•	CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR	Vac
Testing?	103
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B5/7/38/41

		Ti	ransmission (H	, M, L) channel	numbers and f	requencies in e	ach 5G NR b	and				
	NR Band 5 SCS15KHz											
	Bandwidt	h 5MHz	Bandwidt	h 10MHz	Bandwidt	th 15MHz	Bandwid	th 20MHz	Bandwi	dth 25MHz		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834				
М	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5		
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839				

	NR Band 5 SCS30KHz											
	Bandwidt	h 10MHz	Bandwidt	th 15MHz	Bandwidt	th 20MHz	Bandwidth 25MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)				
L	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834						
М	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5				
Н	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839						

							NR I	Band 7 S	CS15KHz							NR Band 7 SCS15KHz											
	Band 5M				Bandwidth Bandwidth 15MHz 20MHz			Bandwidth 25MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz													
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)											
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	505000	2525											
M	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535											
Н	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	509000	2545											

	NR Band 7 SCS30KHz													
	Bandwidth 10MHz Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz Bandwidth 25		h 25MHz	Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	505000	2525
М	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535
Н	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	509000	2545

				NR Band 26	SCS15KHz				
	Bandwidth 5MHz Bandwidth 10MHz Bandwidth 15MHz Bandwidth 20MHz								
	Ch. # Freq. (MHz)		Ch. # Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	163300	816.5	163800	819	164300	821.5	164800	824	
M	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839	

	NR Band 26 SCS30KHz											
	Bandwidt	h 10MHz	Bandwidt	h 15MHz	Bandwidth 20MHz							
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)						
L	163800 819		164300 821.5		164800	824						
M	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	166300	831.5						
Н	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839						

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						N	R Band 38	SCS15K	Hz					
	Bandwi	dth 5MHz	Bandwidt	h10MHz		width ∕IHz	Bandwidth	n 20MHz	Bandwidt	th 25MHz	Bandwidt	h 30MHz	Bandwidt	h 40MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	514500	2572.5	515004	2575.02	515502	2577.51	516000	2580	516504	2582.52	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02
M	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595
Н	523500	2617.5	522996	2614.98	522498	2612.49	522000	2610	521496	2607.48	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98

					1	NR Band 3	8 SCS30KHz	Z				
	Bandwid	dth10MHz	Bandwidth	n 15MHz	Bandwidt	h 20MHz	Bandwidth	n 25MHz	Bandwidt	th 30MHz	Bandwidtl	h 40MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	515004	2575.02	515502	2577.51	516000	2580	516504	2582.52	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02
M	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595
Н	522996	2614.98	522498	2612.49	522000	2610	521496	2607.48	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98

						NR Ban	id 41 SCS15Kł	Нz				
		dwidth MHz	Bandwid	ith 15MHz		dwidth MHz	Bandwid	Ith 30MHz		dwidth MHz	Bandwi	dth 50MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500202	2501.01	500700	2503.5	501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02
М	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
Н	537000	2685	536496	2682.48	535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99

											NR Band	41 SCS30	KHz									
		lwidth ИНz		lwidth ИНz		dwidth MHz	Bandwid	th 30MHz		lwidth ИНz	Bandwid	th 50MHz	Bandwid	th 60MHz	Bandwid	th 70MHz		lwidth ИНz		lwidth ∕IHz		lwidth MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
l	500202	2501.01	500700	2503.5	501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02	505200	2526	500202	2501.01	507204	2536.02	508200	2541	509202	2546.01
Ν	1518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
H	1537000	2685	536496	2682.48	535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99	531996	2659.98	537000	2685	529998	2649.99	528996	2644.98	528000	2640

						NR Band 7	7 SCS15KH	łz				
	Bandw 10M			dwidth MHz		dwidth MHz		dwidth MHz	Bandv 40N			ndwidth 50MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01
М	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840.00	656000	3840	656000	3840
Н	665000	3975	664834	3972.51	664668	3970.02	664334	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02

											NR B	and 77	SCS30k	Ήz									
		andw 10M			lwidth ИНz	Band 20	width MHz	Band 30N			ИНz		ИНz		lwidth MHz	Bandv 70N			lwidth MHz		width MHz	Band\ 100	width MHz
	Ch.	.#	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	6470	000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
N	6560	000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840.00	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
Н	6650	000	3975	664834	3972.51	664668	3970.02	664334	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02	663334	3950.01	663000	3945	662668	3940.02	662334	3935.01	662000	3930

						NR Band 78 S	CS15KHz					
	Bandw			dwidth		dwidth		dwidth	Bandv			dwidth
	10M	HZ	15	MHz	201	MHz	30	MHz	40M	HZ	50	MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01
M	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750.00	650000	3750	650000	3750
Н	653000	3795	652834	3792.51	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02

										NR B	and 78	SCS30K	Hz									
	Band	vidth	Band	width	Band	width	Band	width	Bandy	vidth	Band	width	Band	width	Bandv	vidth	Band	width	Band	width	Band	width
	10M		151		201	ЛHz		ИНz	40M		501	1Hz	601	ИHz	70M		108	ИHz	901	ИHz	1001	
	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.	Ch #	Freq.
	OII. 11	(MHz)	011. //	(MHz)	OII. #	(MHz)	O11. #	(MHz)	011. #	(MHz)	O11. #	(MHz)	OII. //	(MHz)	O11. 11	(MHz)	OII. 11	(MHz)	O11. #	(MHz)	011. //	(MHz)
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
N	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750.00	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
Н	653000	3795	652834	3792.51	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02	651334	3770.01	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650334	3755.01		

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# <For NR Overlap Bands Description>

## 1) NR Bands BW

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
NSA	n38	TDD	30	10,15,20,25, 30, 40
NSA	n41	TDD	30	10,15,20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, 80, 90, 100
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20,25
	n26	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
SA	n38	TDD	30	10,15,20,25, 30, 40
SA	n41	TDD	30	10,15,20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	30	10,15,20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	10,15,20, 30, 40, 50, 60,70, 80, 90, 100

## 2) NR Bands Tune up:

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n5 SA	Ant 0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
5G NR n26 SA	Ant 0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n38 SA	Ant 4	16.0	15.5	12.5	20.5	24.0	24.0
5G NR n41 SA	Ant 4	16.0	15.5	12.5	20.5	24.0	24.0
5G NR n38 NSA	Ant 4	16.0	15.5	12.5	20.5	24.0	24.0
5G NR n41 NSA	Ant 4	16.0	15.5	12.5	20.5	24.0	24.0

Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77 PC3 SA	Ant 1	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
5G NR n78 PC3 SA	Ant 1	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
5G NR n77 PC2 SA	Ant 1	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5
5G NR n78 PC2 SA	Ant 1	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5

Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77 PC3 SA	Ant 2	23.0	18.0	16.5	20.0	20.0	23.0
5G NR n78 PC3 SA	Ant 2	23.0	18.0	16.5	20.0	20.0	23.0
5G NR n77 PC2 SA	Ant 2	24.5	18.0	16.5	20.0	20.0	24.5
5G NR n78 PC2 SA	Ant 2	24.5	18.0	16.5	20.0	20.0	24.5

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Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77 PC3 SA	Ant 5	16.5	16.5	14.0	19.0	24.0	24.0
5G NR n78 PC3 SA	Ant 5	16.5	16.5	14.0	19.0	24.0	24.0
5G NR n77 PC2 SA	Ant 5	16.5	16.5	14.0	19.0	26.5	26.5
5G NR n78 PC2 SA	Ant 5	16.5	16.5	14.0	19.0	26.5	26.5

Band	Antenna	Receiver on	Body Worn ECI 3 Sensor on Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77 PC3 SA	Ant 7	19.0	19.0	16.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
5G NR n78 PC3 SA	Ant 7	19.0	19.0	16.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
5G NR n77 PC2 SA	Ant 7	19.0	19.0	16.5	24.5	24.5	24.5
5G NR n78 PC2 SA	Ant 7	19.0	19.0	16.5	24.5	24.5	24.5

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# 6. RF Exposure Limits

### 6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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#### 6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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# 7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

## 7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

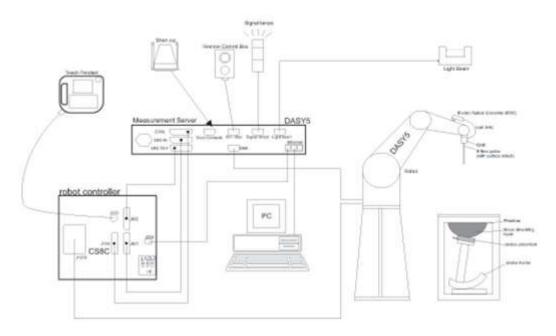
Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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# 8. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win10 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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## 8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz			
Troquency	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)			
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)			
Directivity	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g			
Dynamic Range	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)			
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)			
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)			
Dimensions	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:			
	1 mm			



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#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm



# 8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Photo of DAE** 

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# 8.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

- O7 tivi i tviii i iidiitoiii		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

·EEIT Halltonii		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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### 8.4 Device Holder

## <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Mounting Device for Hand-Held **Transmitters** 

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

## <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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# 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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#### 9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

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### 9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	Taximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>		$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z$	Z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 10. Test Equipment List

Manufact	No.	Turne (Mandal	Corried Novele	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal. Due Date		
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2022/8/19	2023/8/18	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	2022/3/30	2025/3/29	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1040	2023/4/25	2024/4/24	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/24	
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/23	
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/23	
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2023/3/9	2024/3/8	
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2022/9/23	2023/9/22	
SPEAG	13MHz System Validation Kit	CLA13	1020	2023/5/11	2024/5/10	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1650	2022/8/5	2023/8/4	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2022/12/15	2023/12/14	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	2023/2/21	2024/2/20	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3293	2022/11/22	2023/11/21	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	2022/12/14	2023/12/13	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3279	2022/9/5	2023/9/4	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7706	2023/1/26	2024/1/25	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1842	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1697	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	ELI V5.0	TP-1201	NCR	NCR	
CHIGO	Thermo-Hygrometer	HTC-1	55011	2023/1/8	2024/1/7	
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2022/7/20	2023/7/19	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2023/7/5	2024/7/4	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2022/9/2	2023/9/1	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2022/8/15	2023/8/14	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-12	1156	2022/7/28	2023/7/27	
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2023/1/5	2024/1/4	
Rohde & Schwarz	Vector Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	2023/1/5	2024/1/4	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2023/7/5	2024/7/4	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2023/7/5	2024/7/4	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2023/7/5	2024/7/4	
R&S	BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2023/5/15	2024/5/14	
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2022/10/12	2023/10/11	
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	220305411	2023/1/8	2024/1/7	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1	

#### Note:

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<sup>1.</sup> Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the

network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check

- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

# 11. System Verification

# 11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.



Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



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Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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## 11.2 Tissue Verification

2450

2600

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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39.2

39.0

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)		
For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9		
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0		

0

0.1

0

0

45.0

45.1

1.80

1.96

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

55.0

54.8

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

0

0

### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2600	Head	22.7	1.934	40.115	1.96	39.00	-1.33	2.86	±5	2023/7/10
3900	Head	22.5	3.171	38.039	3.32	37.50	-4.49	1.44	±5	2023/7/13
835	Head	22.7	0.911	42.719	0.90	41.50	1.22	2.94	±5	2023/7/23
1900	Head	22.8	1.398	41.444	1.40	40.00	-0.14	3.61	±5	2023/7/24
2600	Head	22.6	1.927	38.323	1.96	39.00	-1.68	-1.74	±5	2023/7/25
3500	Head	22.9	2.785	38.965	2.91	37.90	-4.30	2.81	±5	2023/7/26
835	Head	22.7	0.923	41.441	0.90	41.50	2.56	-0.14	±5	2023/7/15
1900	Head	22.6	1.461	40.077	1.40	40.00	4.36	0.19	±5	2023/7/14
2600	Head	22.8	1.981	39.094	1.96	39.00	1.07	0.24	±5	2023/7/18
3500	Head	22.7	2.813	38.735	2.91	37.90	-3.33	2.20	±5	2023/7/12
3700	Head	22.7	2.988	38.363	3.12	37.70	-4.23	1.76	±5	2023/7/20
3900	Head	22.6	3.175	38.059	3.32	37.50	-4.37	1.49	±5	2023/7/20
2450	Head	22.7	1.850	39.051	1.80	39.20	2.78	-0.38	±5	2023/7/13
5250	Head	22.8	4.667	36.660	4.71	35.90	-0.91	2.12	±5	2023/7/14
5600	Head	22.8	5.074	36.015	5.07	35.50	0.08	1.45	±5	2023/7/15
5750	Head	22.6	5.246	35.769	5.22	35.40	0.50	1.04	±5	2023/7/16
13	Head	22.9	0.726	54.258	0.75	55.00	-3.20	-1.35	±5	2023/7/5

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# 11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2023/7/10	2600	Head	50	1061	3293	1650	2.690	56.60	53.8	-4.95
2023/7/13	3900	Head	50	1048	3857	1338	3.290	69.10	65.8	-4.78
2023/7/23	835	Head	50	4d091	3279	1338	0.472	9.45	9.44	-0.11
2023/7/24	1900	Head	50	5d118	3279	1338	2.050	39.30	41	4.33
2023/7/25	2600	Head	50	1061	3279	1338	2.670	56.60	53.4	-5.65
2023/7/26	3500	Head	50	1037	3857	1338	3.390	68.00	67.8	-0.29
2023/7/15	835	Head	50	4d091	3293	1650	0.464	9.45	9.28	-1.80
2023/7/14	1900	Head	50	5d118	3279	1338	2.060	39.30	41.2	4.83
2023/7/18	2600	Head	50	1061	3293	1650	2.660	56.60	53.2	-6.01
2023/7/12	3500	Head	50	1037	3857	1338	3.330	68.00	66.6	-2.06
2023/7/20	3700	Head	50	1008	3857	1338	3.550	67.60	71	5.03
2023/7/20	3900	Head	50	1048	3857	1338	3.310	69.10	66.2	-4.20
2023/7/13	2450	Head	50	1040	3293	1650	2.630	52.70	52.6	-0.19
2023/7/14	5250	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	3.900	81.50	78	-4.29
2023/7/15	5600	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	4.220	82.60	84.4	2.18
2023/7/16	5750	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	3.840	80.80	76.8	-4.95
2023/7/5	13	Head	250	1020	7706	1358	0.134	0.563	0.536	-4.29

<10a SAR>

Cate	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2023/7/10	2600	Head	50	1061	3293	1650	1.280	25.10	25.6	1.99
2023/7/13	3900	Head	50	1048	3857	1338	1.170	24.10	23.4	-2.90
2023/7/23	835	Head	50	4d091	3279	1338	0.310	6.22	6.2	-0.32
2023/7/24	1900	Head	50	5d118	3279	1338	1.060	20.40	21.2	3.92
2023/7/25	2600	Head	50	1061	3279	1338	1.300	25.10	26	3.59
2023/7/26	3500	Head	50	1037	3857	1338	1.320	25.40	26.4	3.94
2023/7/15	835	Head	50	4d091	3293	1650	0.308	6.22	6.16	-0.96
2023/7/14	1900	Head	50	5d118	3279	1338	1.070	20.40	21.4	4.90
2023/7/18	2600	Head	50	1061	3293	1650	1.210	25.10	24.2	-3.59
2023/7/12	3500	Head	50	1037	3857	1338	1.250	25.40	25	-1.57
2023/7/20	3700	Head	50	1008	3857	1338	1.250	24.40	25	2.46
2023/7/20	3900	Head	50	1048	3857	1338	1.180	24.10	23.6	-2.07
2023/7/13	2450	Head	50	1040	3293	1650	1.260	24.60	25.2	2.44
2023/7/14	5250	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	1.130	23.30	22.6	-3.00
2023/7/15	5600	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	1.200	23.70	24	1.27
2023/7/16	5750	Head	50	1113	3857	1650	1.090	23.00	21.8	-5.22
2023/7/5	13	Head	250	1020	7706	1358	0.084	0.347	0.336	-4.00

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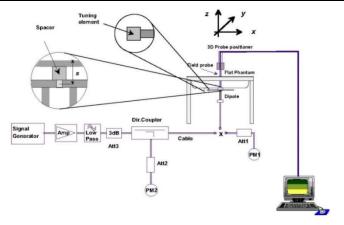




Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo



Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

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# 12. RF Exposure Positions

# 12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

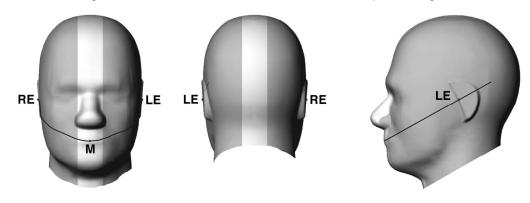
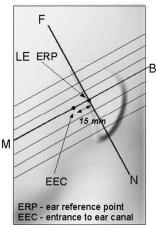
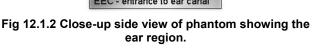


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom





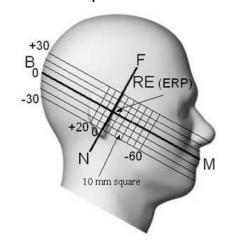


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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# 12.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

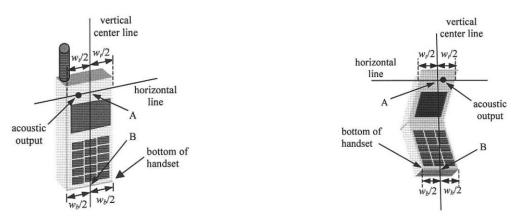


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

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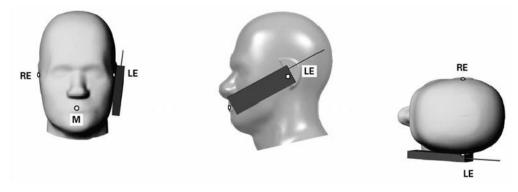


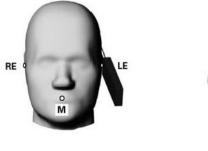
Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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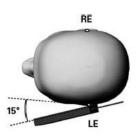
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# 12.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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# 12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

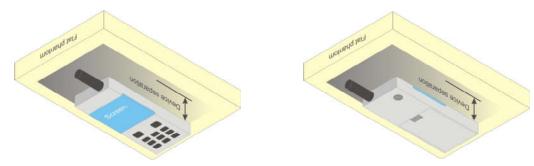


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

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# 12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

### 12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W  $\ge$  9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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# 13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

### <GSM Conducted Power>

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

### < WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors  $(\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d)$  and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms ix.
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

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Sub-test	βc	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 30/15 with  $\beta$ <sub>Iss</sub> = 30/15 \*  $\beta$ <sub>c</sub>.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

**Setup Configuration** 

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### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
  vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/β⊲	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	Вес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 4) (Note 5)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	<b>1</b>	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-		5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{NACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hx}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$ .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the β<sub>d</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ . Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

**Setup Configuration** 

### DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
  - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - v. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: β<sub>c</sub>/β<sub>d</sub>=12/15
- c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TT	Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	ion Bit Payload ( N <sub>INF</sub> )	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	- 1
Modulat	ion		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran- parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed. constellation version 0 shall be	smit with ident le. sion is limited t The redundar	ical o 1, i.e.,

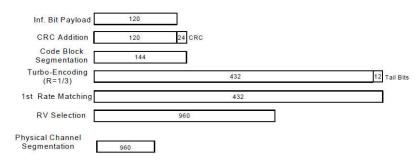


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration



## HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- 1. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- 2. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- 3. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- 4. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	βd	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF4) (Note 4)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)		(Note 5)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}$ 1: 30/15 $\beta_{ed}$ 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

- Note 1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 30/15 with  $\beta$ <sub>ts</sub> = 30/15 \*  $\beta$ <sub>c</sub>
- Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
- Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d$  = 0 by default.
- Note 4: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

#### **Setup Configuration**

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# <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSDPA / HSDPA

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### <LTE Conducted Power>

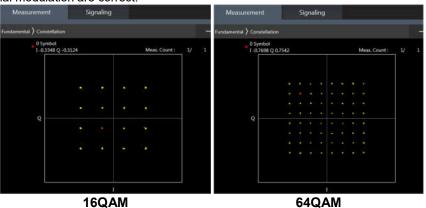
#### **General Note:**

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B36 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE B2 / B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B25 / B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to May 2017 TCB workshop, for 16QAM and 64QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



### <TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

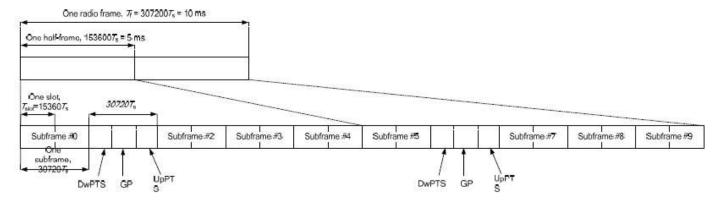


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	Il cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS			
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		
0	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>	32 0		7680 · T <sub>s</sub>				
1	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T <sub>s</sub>	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>		
2	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T <sub>s</sub>	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>				
3	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			25600 · T <sub>s</sub>				
4	26336·T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>				
5	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>s</sub>	5120 T		
6	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>			23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384·1 <sub>s</sub>	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>		
7	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>s</sub>	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>	12800 · T <sub>s</sub>				
8	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			(5)	5	5 B		
9	13168 · T <sub>s</sub>			(=3	=	=		

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Special subframe (30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)						
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink			
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%			
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%			

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Special subframe(30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)						
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink			
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%			
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%			

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

#### For LTE TDD Power class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.167)/5 = 43.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.143)/5 = 42.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

#### For LTE TDD Power class 3

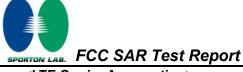
- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration	
	> 23	1,2,3,4,5	
LTE Band 41	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6	

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# <LTE Carrier Aggregation>

# **General Note:**

- 1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
- In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only
  the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination,
  and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
- 3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power

	2CC Dow	nlink Carrier Aggregation		3CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation					
Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by  Measurement  Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by  Measurement  Superset		
1	CA_38C	38C, 38A		1	CA_41A-41A-41A		41A		
2	CA_41A-41A	41A-41A, 41A	3CC#1	2	CA_41A-41C		41A		
3	CA_41C	41C, 41A	3CC#2	3	CA_41D				
4	CA_5A-7A	7A		4					
5	CA_7A-7A	7A-7A, 7A		5					
6	CA_7B	7B, 7A		6					
7	CA_7C	7C, 7A		7					

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## LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink three carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

Nominal channel spacing = 
$$\left[ \frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 \left| BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)} \right|}{0.6} \right] 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

# LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Band 7/38/41/42 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency hand

07/11/10	Band
4X4 MIMO	LTE Band 7/38/41/42

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### LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation
Intra-band	Antenna Tx
CA_7C	Ant 1
CA_38C	Ant 4

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### <Intra-band>

#### **General Note:**

- The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/38 with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA whit other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

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### 5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### **General Note:**

- 1. 5G NR n5/n78 is NSA mode.
- 2. 5G NR n5/n7/n26/n38/n41/n77/n78 is SA mode.
- 3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
  - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-s QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-s QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.

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- b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
- c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
- d. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
- e. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
- f. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
- g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
- 4. Due to test setup limitations, SAR testing for NR was performed using Factory Test Mode software to establish the connection and perform SAR with 100% transmission.
- 5. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
- 6. 5GNR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
- 7. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
- 8. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
- For 5GNR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5GNR NSA band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed EN-DC mode 5GNR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.

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## <3GPP 38.101 MPR for EN-DC>

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

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Modulation		MPR (dB)			
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations	
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.51	≤ 1.2¹	≤ 0.21	
		≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>2</sup>	
	QPSK	≤1		0	
	16 QAM	≤2		≤1	
	64 QAM	≤2.5			
	256 QAM	≤4.5			
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤3		≤ 1.5	
	16 QAM	≤3		≤2	
	64 QAM	≤3.5			
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5			

26.5

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability powerBoosting-pi/2BPSK and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤1	0
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤1
	64 QAM	≤3.5 ≤2.5		2.5
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5		
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤2
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5		
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5		

## <EN-DC combination>

ENDC	Antenna Tx	
ENDC	LTE TX	NR TX
DC_7A_n5A	Ant4	Ant0
DC_5A_n78A	Ant0	Ant5
DC_7A_n78A	Ant1	Ant5
DC_38A_n78A	Ant1	Ant5
DC_41A_n78A	Ant1	Ant5

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### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration. Additional output power measurements were not necessary.

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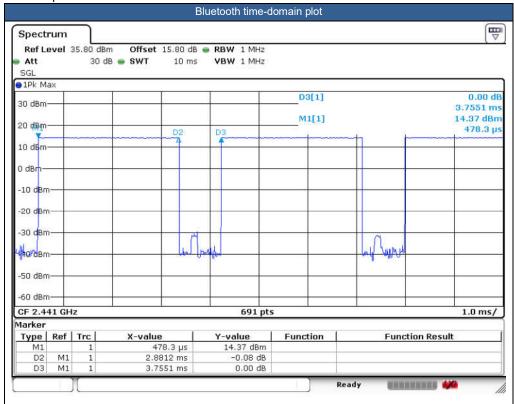
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is 4. specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/q/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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## <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

#### **General Note:**

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle are 76.73% as following figure, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



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# 14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

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# 15. Spot Check SAR Test Results

#### Spot Check General Note:

1. SAR spot check verification on the worst cases from the original model was performed to demonstrate the test data from original model remains representative for the variant model.

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- 2. If the 1-g SAR spot check result "does not exceed 30%, but larger than 1.2 W/kg", more spot check on the next-higher exposure position until the spot check result does not exceed 1.2 W/kg.
- The Spot check results showed that deviation of the SAR results did not exceed 30%, therefore referring to the guidance in the KDB inquiry, SAR data reuse is justified.
- 4. 1st as parent model, 2nd as variant model.

#### Full test General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with 83.3% theoretical duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle) \*83.3%".
  - d. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
  - e. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
  - f. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
  - g. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 2, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table.
- 5. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
- 6. For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 7. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- 8. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE mode, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 9. For 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, so we chose power class 2 full SAR testing and power class 2 SAR can represent power class 3 SAR.

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- 10. For 5GNR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
- 11. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power (for handheld on state, the maximum full power means reduced power), including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.

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- a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of WCDMA Band V, LTE Band 7/38/41/42, 5GNR n7/n38/n41/n77/n78, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
- b. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
- 12. Although the headset SAR is greater than 0.8 W/kg, the headset SAR verified the worst of the non-headset SAR and less than non-headset SAR, so there is no need to be tested other channels.
- 13. For Headset SAR and non-Headset SAR always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis
- 14. According to Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, when the reported SAR for UL CA configuration 1g SAR is <1.2 W/kg, UL CA SAR is not required for all required test channels (PCC based).

#### WCDMA Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

### LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B5 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

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#### 5G NR Note:

- 1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
  - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- b. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
- c. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- d. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
- e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
- f. For 5G FR1 n7/n26/n38/n41/n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

#### ECI status description:

The device has the following ECI state which used at different exposure condition.

Exposure Condition	ECI	Trigger Conditions	
Head SAR	ECI 2	Receiver on	
Body worn Mode SAR	ECI 3	Receiver off/Sensor On	
Hotspot Mode SAR	ECI 7	Hotspot On	
Extremity(Handheld) SAR	ECI 6	Receiver off/Sensor On	
Sensor Off SAR	ECI 4	Sensor Off	

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