

# **L831-EA Module Hardware User Manual**

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## FOR FCC

### **Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Declaration of Conformity**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital , pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiated radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### **FCC Caution:**

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### **RF Exposure Information**

This device meets the government's requirements for exposure to radio waves.

This device is designed and manufactured not to exceed the emission limits for exposure to radio frequency (RF) energy set by the Federal Communications Commission of the U.S. Government.

- This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

This module is intended for OEM integrator. The OEM integrator is still responsible for the FCC compliance requirement of the end product, which integrates this module. 20cm minimum distance has to be able to be maintained between the antenna and the users for the host this module is integrated into. Under such configuration, the FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an population/uncontrolled environment can be satisfied.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

**USERS MANUAL OF THE END PRODUCT:**

In the users manual of the end product, the end user has to be informed to keep at least 20cm separation with the antenna while this end product is installed and operated. The end user has to be informed that the FCC radio-frequency exposure guidelines for an uncontrolled environment can be satisfied. The end user has to also be informed that any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. If the size of the end product is smaller than 8x10cm, then additional FCC part 15.19 statement is required to be available in the users manual: This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**LABEL OF THE END PRODUCT:**

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following " Contains TX FCC ID: ZMOL831". If the size of the end product is larger than 8x10cm, then the following FCC part 15.19 statement has to also be available on the label: This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Revision History

| Version | Date       | Remarks  |
|---------|------------|--|
| V1.0.0  | 2014-12-30 | Initial version                                    |
| V1.0.1  | 2015-02-12 | Update the consumption and the power on/off timing |
|         |            |  |
|         |            |  |
|         |            |  |
|         |            |  |
|         |            |  |

## Applicability Table

| No. | Type    | Note |
|-----|---------|------|
| 1   | L831-EA |      |
|     |         |      |
|     |         |      |
|     |         |      |

The difference of L831-EA wireless module as listed below:

| Model Type | LTE FDD                                  | WCDMA          | GSM/GPRS/EDGE        |
|------------|--|----------------|----------------------|
| L831-EA    | Band<br>1,2,3,4,5,7,8,13,17,<br>18,19,20 | Band 1,2,4,5,8 | 850/900/1800/1900MHz |
|            |  |                |                      |
|            |  |                |                      |
|            |  |                |                      |

# Contents

|   |    |
|---|----|
| IMPORTANT NOTE.....   | 4  |
| 1 Preface.....  | 10 |
| 1.1 Outline.....  | 10 |
| 1.2 Standards.....  | 10 |
| 2 Introduction.....   | 12 |
| 2.1 Description.....  | 12 |
| 2.2 Specifications.....   | 12 |
| 2.3 Appearance.....   | 15 |
| 3 Mechanical.....   | 16 |
| 3.1 Dimension.....  | 16 |
| 3.2 Application Interface Description.....                      | 17 |
| 3.3 M.2 Connector.....  | 18 |
| 4 Hardware Overview.....  | 19 |
| 4.1 Pins Definition.....  | 19 |
| 4.1.1 Pins Number.....  | 19 |
| 4.1.2 Pins Description.....                                     | 20 |
| 5 Hardware Interface.....                                       | 24 |
| 5.1 Power Interface.....  | 24 |
| 5.1.1 Power Supply.....   | 24 |
| 5.1.2 VSD2_1V8.....   | 24 |
| 5.2 Power on/off and Reset Signal.....                          | 25 |
| 5.2.1 Power on/off Signal.....                                  | 25 |
| 5.2.1.1 Power on.....   | 25 |
| 5.2.1.2 Power off.....  | 25 |
| 5.2.1.3 Recommended Circuit Design of Power on/off signals..... | 26 |
| 5.2.2 RESET Signal.....   | 27 |
| 5.3 Index Signal.....   | 28 |
| 5.3.1 Index Signal Pins.....                                    | 28 |
| 5.4 USB Interface.....  | 28 |
| 5.4.1 Definition of USB Interface.....                          | 28 |
| 5.4.2 Application for USB Interface.....                        | 29 |
| 5.5 USIM Interface.....   | 29 |

|   |    |
|---|----|
| 5.5.1 USIM Pins.....                                      | 30 |
| 5.5.2 Description of USIM.....                            | 30 |
| 5.5.2.1 “Normally Closed” SIM Circuit Design.....         | 30 |
| 5.5.2.2 “Normally Open” SIM Circuit Design.....           | 31 |
| 5.5.3 USIM Design Points.....                             | 31 |
| 5.5.4 USIM Hot Plug.....                                  | 32 |
| 5.5.4.1 Hardware Connection.....                          | 32 |
| 5.5.4.2 Software Configuration.....                       | 32 |
| 5.6 Digital Audio.....                                    | 32 |
| 5.6.1 Description of I2S Interface.....                   | 33 |
| 5.6.2 Description of PCM Interface.....                   | 33 |
| 5.7 Android/Win8Dual System Switch Control Interface..... | 34 |
| 5.8 W_DISABLE# Interface.....                             | 34 |
| 5.8.1 Description of WWAN_DISABLE# Interface.....         | 34 |
| 5.8.2 Description of GPS_DISABLE# Interface.....          | 35 |
| 5.9 TX_BLANKING Interface.....                            | 35 |
| 5.10 The WAKEUP_HOST Interface.....                       | 35 |
| 5.11 BODY_SAR Interface.....                              | 36 |
| 5.12 Description of I2C Interface.....                    | 36 |
| 5.13 Clock Interface.....                                 | 36 |
| 5.14 Config Interface.....                                | 36 |
| 5.15 RF Interface.....                                    | 37 |
| 5.15.1 Description of RF Connector.....                   | 37 |
| 5.15.2 Description of RF Connecting Seat.....             | 37 |
| 5.15.3 Main Performance of RF Connector.....              | 38 |
| 5.16 Other Interfaces.....                                | 39 |
| 6 Electrical and Environmental.....                       | 40 |
| 6.1 Electrical.....                                       | 40 |
| 6.2 Environmental.....                                    | 40 |
| 7 RF Interface.....                                       | 41 |
| 7.1 Operating Band.....                                   | 41 |
| 7.1.1 Antenna Band.....                                   | 41 |
| 7.2 RF PCB Design.....                                    | 41 |
| 7.2.1 Routing Principle.....                              | 41 |



7.2.2 Impedance Design.....42

7.3 Antenna Design.....42

7.3.1 Antenna Design Requirements.....42

# 1 Preface

## 1.1 Outline

The document outlines the electrical, RF performance, mechanical size and application environment of L831-EA wireless module. Under the help of the document and others application notice, the application developer could understand quickly the performance of L831-EA series wireless module, and developing the product.

## 1.2 Standards

The products `reference design standard as listed below:

- 3GPP TS 27.007 -v6.9.0: AT command set for User Equipment (UE)
- 3GPP TS 27.005 -v6.0.1: Use of Data Terminal Equipment -Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DTE-DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)
- 3GPP TS 23.040 -v6.9.0: Technical realization of Short Message Service (SMS)
- 3GPP TS 24.011 -v6.1.0: Point- to - Point (PP) Short Message Service (SMS) support on mobile radio interface
- 3GPP TS 27.010 -v6.0.0: Terminal Equipment to User Equipment (TE-UE) multiplexer protocol
- 3GPP TS 27.060 -v6.0.0: Packet domain; Mobile Station (MS) supporting Packet Switched services
- 3GPP TS 25.304-v6.10.0: User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode and procedures for cell reselection in connected mode
- 3GPP TS 25.308 -v6.4.0: High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA); Overall description; Stage 2
- 3GPP TS 25.309 -v6.6.0: FDD enhanced uplink; Overall description; Stage 2
- 3GPP TS 23.038 -v6.1.0: Alphabets and language - specific information
- 3GPP TS 21.111 -v6.3.0: USIM and IC card requirements
- 3GPP TS 31.111 -v6.11.0 "USIM Application Toolkit (USAT)"
- 3GPP TS 45.002 -v6.12.0: Multiplexing and multiple access on the radio path
- 3GPP TS 51.014 -v4.5.0: Specification of the SIM Application Toolkit for the Subscriber Identity Module - Mobile Equipment (SIM-ME) interface
- 3GPP TS 51.010 -1 -v6.7.0: Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification; Part 1: Conformance specification
- 3GPP TS 22.004 -v6.0.0: General on supplementary services

- 3GPP TS 23.090 -v6.1.0: Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD); Stage 2
- 3GPP TS 24.008 v6.19, Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification;
- 3GPP TS 25.101 V7.18.0: User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (FDD)
- 3GPP TS 36.101 V9.18.0: User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception
- 3GPP TS 36.104 V9.13.0: Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception
- 3GPP TS 36.106 V9.4.0: FDD Repeater radio transmission and reception
- 3GPP TS 36.113 V9.5.0: Base Station (BS) and repeater ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
- 3GPP TS 36.124 V9.2.0: ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) requirements for mobile terminals and ancillary equipment
- 3GPP TS 36.133 V9.18.0: Requirements for support of radio resource management
- 3GPP TS 34.121-1 version 7.2.0: The requirements and this test apply to all types of UTRA for the FDD UE
- 3GPP TS 36.521-1 User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Conformance testing
- 3GPP TS 34.122 V5.7.0: Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception (TDD)
- 3GPP TS 45.005 9.4.0: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+);Radio transmission and reception

## 2 Introduction

### 2.1 Description

L831-EA modules are highly integrated LTE M.2 wireless communication modules, supports 3 module 12 band and the global main 4G/3G/2G modes (LTE FDD/WCDMA/GSM) These bands support the mobile operators `cellular network of the Europe & Asia-Pacific and American marketing.

### 2.2 Specifications

| Specifications                       |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Bands                                | L831-EA                                    |  |
|                                      | LTE FDD: Band 1,2,3,4,5,7,8,13,17,18,19,20 |  |
|                                      | WCDMA HSPA+: Band 1,2,4,5,8                |  |
|                                      | GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900MHz        |  |
| Data                                 | LTE FDD                                    | Category 4 (150Mbps DL,50Mbps UL)                            |
|                                      | UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA<br>3GPP Rel.8             | DC-HSDPA 42Mbps(Cat24)/42Mbps(Cat20)<br>HSUPA 11.5Mbps(Cat7) |
|                                      | GSM 3GPP release 7                         | EDGE (E-GPRS) multi-slot class 33(296kbps DL, 236.8kbps UL)  |
|                                      |  | GPRS multi-slot class 33 (107kbps DL, 85.6kbps UL)           |
| Physical                             | Dimension : 32mm x 42mm x 2.3 mm           |  |
|                                      | Interface : M.2                            |  |
|                                      | Weight : 5.9 grams                         |  |
| Environment                          | Operating Temperature: -30℃ ~ +55℃         |  |
|                                      | Storage Temperature: -40℃ ~ +85℃           |  |
| Performance                          |  |  |
| Operating Voltage                    | Voltage: 3.135V ~ 4.4V Normal: 3.3V        |  |
| Operating Current<br>(Typical Value) | 5.5mA (Sleep Mode)                         |  |
|                                      | 3G Idle: 16mA                              |  |
|                                      | LTE FDD Idle: 17mA                         |  |
|                                      | LTE FDD DATA: 700mA                        |  |
|                                      | WCDMA Talk: 580mA                          |  |

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
|                       | 2G Talk: 300mA (GSM PCL5)                   |
| <b>Interfaces</b>     |   |
| RF Interface          | Antenna : Mainx1, Diversityx1               |
| Function Interface    | 1 x USB 2.0, Multiple Profiles over USB     |
|                       | SIM Support, I2C Support, I2S/PCM Support   |
|                       | GPIO, Clock                                 |
| <b>Data Features</b>  |   |
| <b>Protocol Stack</b> | Embedded TCP/IP and UDP/IP protocol stack   |
| <b>EDGE</b>           | Multi-slot class 33 (5 Down; 4 Up; 6 Total) |
|                       | Coding Scheme MCS1~9                        |
| <b>GPRS</b>           | Multi-slot class 33 (5 Down; 4 Up; 6 Total) |
|                       | Coding Scheme MCS1~4                        |
| <b>CSD</b>            | UMTS(14.4kbps), GSM(9.6kbps)                |
| <b>USSD</b>           | Support                                     |
| <b>SMS</b>            | MO / MT Text and PDU modes                  |
|                       | Cell broadcast                              |
| <b>Audio</b>          | Digital Audio                               |
|                       | Voice coders :EFR/HR/FR/AMR                 |
|                       | VoLTE (not support yet)                     |
| <b>Audio Control</b>  | Gain control                                |
| <b>Character Set</b>  | IRA, GSM, UCS2, HEX                         |
| <b>AT commands</b>    | FIBOCOM proprietary AT commands             |
|                       | GSM 07.05                                   |
|                       | GSM 07.07                                   |
| <b>Accessories</b>    | Firmware Loader Tool over USB               |
|                       | User Manual                                 |
|                       | Developer Kit                               |

**Note:**

1. Please make sure the temperature for device will not be higher than 55°C.
2. The minimum distance between the user and/or any bystander and the radiating structure of the transmitter is 20cm.
3. Assessment of compliance of the product with the requirements relating to the Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment Directive (EC Directive 1999/5/EC) was performed by PHOENIX TESTLAB (Notified Body No.0700),

**CE 0700**

## 2.3 Appearance

The following pictures show the L831-EA wireless module.

Top view:

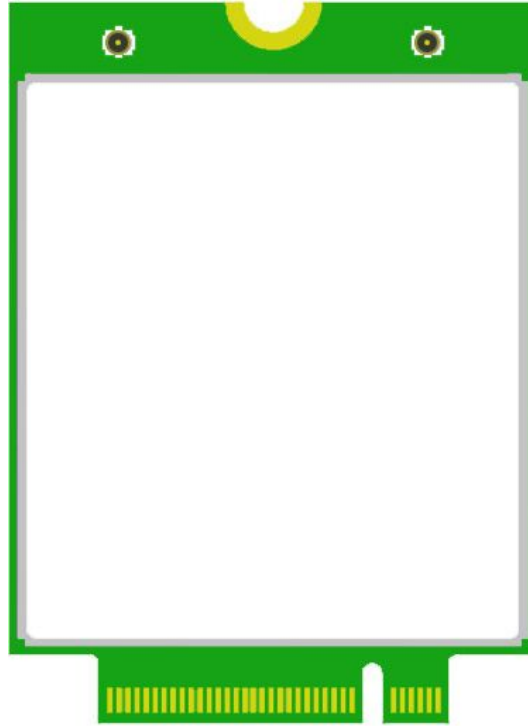


Figure 2- 1 Top View

Bottom view:

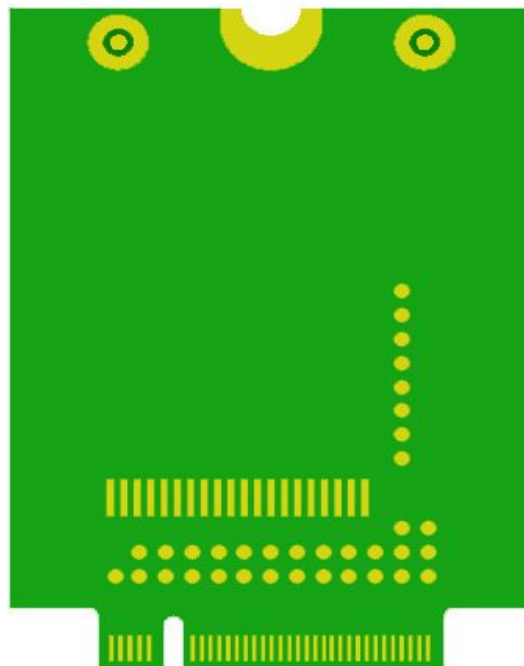


Figure 2- 2 Bottom View

## 3 Mechanical

### 3.1 Dimension

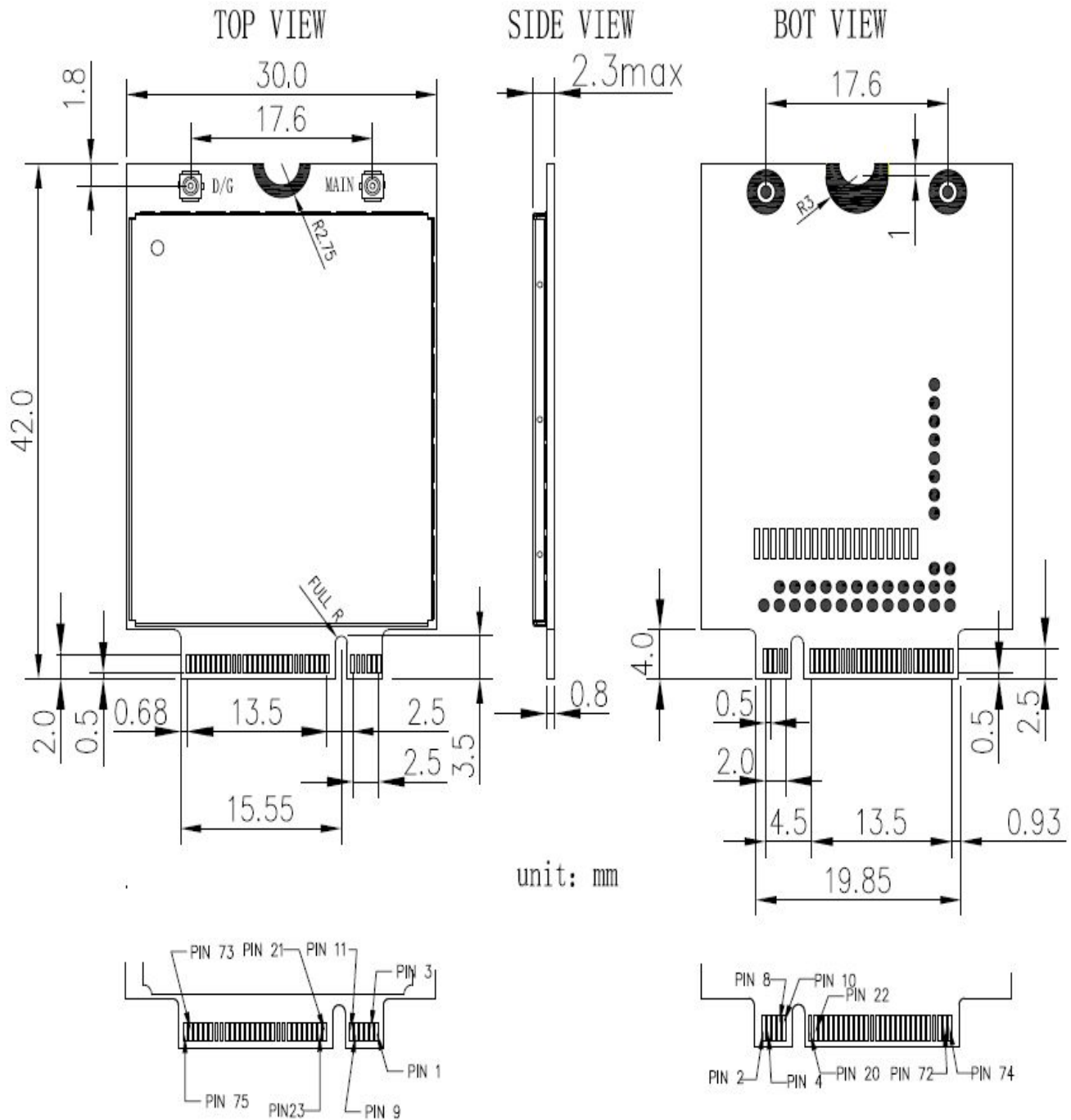


Figure3- 1Dimension Diagram



## 3.2 Application Interface Description

L831-EA module uses 75-pin gold fingers as the external interface, the size of the module please refer to the section 3.1.

As shown in Figure 4-2, L831-EA module uses the 75-pin fingers interface (67pin is the signal interface and Pin8 is notch).

About the naming rules of M.2, L831-EA adopts the Type 3042-S3-B (30mmx42mm, the maximum thickness of element layer of Top surface is 1.5mm, the thickness of PCB is 0.8mm, Key ID is B).

### Module Nomenclature Sample Type 2242-D2-B-M

Type XX XX - XX - X - X<sup>0</sup>

| Width (mm) | Length (mm) | Label** | Component Max Ht (mm) |            | Key ID | Pin   | Interface  |
|------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|------------|--------|-------|--|
|            |             |         | Top Max               | Bottom Max |        |       |  |
| 12         | 16          | S1      | 1.2                   | 0****      | A      | 8-15  | 2x PCIe x1 / USB 2.0 / I2C / DP x4                   |
| 16         | 26          | S2      | 1.35                  | 0****      | B      | 12-19 | PCIe x2/SATA/USB 2.0/USB 3.0/HSIC/SSIC/Audio/UIM/I2C |
| 22         | 30          | S3      | 1.5                   | 0****      | C      | 16-23 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
| 30         | 42          | D1      | 1.2                   | 1.35       | D      | 20-27 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
|            | 60          | D2      | 1.35                  | 1.35       | E      | 24-31 | 2x PCIe x1 / USB 2.0 / I2C / SDIO / UART / PCM       |
|            | 80          | D3      | 1.5                   | 1.35       | F      | 28-35 | Future Memory Interface (FMI)                        |
|            | 110         | D4      | 1.5                   | 0.7        | G      | 39-46 | Generic (Not used for M.2)***                        |
|            |             | D5      | 1.5                   | 1.5        | H      | 43-50 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
|            |             |         |                       |            | J      | 47-54 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
|            |             |         |                       |            | K      | 51-58 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
|            |             |         |                       |            | L      | 55-62 | Reserved for Future Use                              |
|            |             |         |                       |            | M      | 59-66 | PCIe x4 / SATA                                       |

- \* Use ONLY when a double slot is being specified
- \*\* Label included in height dimension
- \*\*\* Key G is intended for custom use. Devices with this key will not be M.2-compliant. Use at your own risk!
- \*\*\*\* Insulating label allowed on connector-based designs



## 4 Hardware Overview

### 4.1 Pins Definition

#### 4.1.1 Pins Number

|    |                           |                         |    |
|----|---------------------------|-------------------------|----|
| 74 | +3.3V                     | CONFIG_2                | 75 |
| 72 | +3.3V                     | GND                     | 73 |
| 70 | +3.3V                     | GND                     | 71 |
| 68 | CLK32K                    | CONFIG_1                | 69 |
| 66 | SIM_DETECT                | RESET#                  | 67 |
| 64 | NC                        | ANTCTL3                 | 65 |
| 62 | NC                        | ANTCTL2                 | 63 |
| 60 | NC                        | ANTCTL1                 | 61 |
| 58 | NC                        | ANTCTL0                 | 59 |
| 56 | NC                        | GND                     | 57 |
| 54 | NC                        | NC                      | 55 |
| 52 | NC                        | NC                      | 53 |
| 50 | NC                        | GND                     | 51 |
| 48 | TX_BLANKING               | NC                      | 49 |
| 46 | SYSCLK                    | NC                      | 47 |
| 44 | GNSS_IRQ                  | GND                     | 45 |
| 42 | GNSS_SDA                  | NC                      | 43 |
| 40 | GNSS_SCL                  | NC                      | 41 |
| 38 | NC                        | GND                     | 39 |
| 36 | UIM_PWR                   | SSIC-TXP/USB3.0-TX+(NC) | 37 |
| 34 | UIM_DATA                  | SSIC-TXN/USB3.0-TX-(NC) | 35 |
| 32 | UIM_CLK                   | GND                     | 33 |
| 30 | UIM_RESET                 | SSIC-RXP/USB3.0-RX+(NC) | 31 |
| 28 | I2S_WA                    | SSIC-RXN/USB3.0-RX-(NC) | 29 |
| 26 | W_DISABLE2#               | GND                     | 27 |
| 24 | I2S_RX                    | DPR                     | 25 |
| 22 | I2S_TX                    | WOWWAN#                 | 23 |
| 20 | I2S_CLK                   | CONFIG_0                | 21 |
|    | Notch                     | Notch                   |    |
|    | Notch                     | Notch                   |    |
|    | Notch                     | Notch                   |    |
|    | Notch                     | Notch                   |    |
| 10 | LED1#(3.3V)               | GND                     | 11 |
| 8  | W_DISABLE1#(3.3V)         | USB D-                  | 9  |
| 6  | FUL_CARD_POWER_OFF#(1.8V) | USB D+                  | 7  |
| 4  | +3.3V                     | GND                     | 5  |
| 2  | +3.3V                     | GND                     | 3  |

Figure4- 2 Pins Definition (Top View)

## 4.1.2 Pins Description

The description of L831-EA pins as listed below:

| Pin# | Name                | I/O | Reset Value | Idle Value | Description   |
|------|---------------------|-----|-------------|------------|---|
| 1    | CONFIG_3            | O   | L           | L          | The internal connects with GND, the interface type of L831-EA module is WWAN-SSIC0. |
| 2    | +3.3V               | PI  |             |            | The main power input, the voltage range is: 3.135V ~ 4.4V                           |
| 3    | GND                 |     |             |            | GND   |
| 4    | +3.3V               | PI  |             |            | The main power input, the voltage range is: 3.135V ~ 4.4V                           |
| 5    | GND                 |     |             |            | GND   |
| 6    | FUL_CARD_POWER_OFF# | I   | PU          | PU         | Off control signal, the internal 200K ohm will be pulled down, CMOS 1.8V            |
| 7    | USB D+              | I/O |             |            | USB 2.0 signal+   |
| 8    | W_DISABLE1#         | I   | PU          | PU         | WWAN Disable, Low active, CMOS 3.3V   |
| 9    | USB D-              | I/O |             |            | USB 2.0 signal-   |
| 10   | LED1#               | O   | OD          | OD         | System status LED, drain output, low level is available, CMOS 3.3V                  |
| 11   | GND                 |     |             |            | GND   |
| 12   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 13   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 14   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 15   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 16   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 17   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 18   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 19   | Notch               |     |             |            | Notch   |
| 20   | I2S_CLK             | O   | T           | T          | I2S serial clock, CMOS 1.8V   |
| 21   | CONFIG_0            | O   | NC          | NC         | NC, the interface type of L831-EA   |

|    |                         |     |    |    |  |
|----|-------------------------|-----|----|----|--|
|    |                         |     |    |    | module is WWAN-SSIC0   |
| 22 | I2S_RX                  | O   | T  | T  | I2Sserial data output, CMOS 1.8V   |
| 23 | WOWWAN#                 | O   | PU | PU | The module wake up the Host device signal, low level is available, CMOS 1.8V.            |
| 24 | I2S_TX                  | I   | T  | T  | I2Sserial data input, CMOS 1.8V  |
| 25 | DPR                     | I   |    |    | Body SAR Detect, CMOS 1.8V   |
| 26 | W_DISABLE2#             | I   | PU | PU | GPS Disable signal, low level is available, CMOS 1.8V (not support yet).                 |
| 27 | GND                     |     |    |    | GND  |
| 28 | I2S_WA                  | O   | T  | T  | I2S left/right channel clock signal, CMOS 1.8V   |
| 29 | SSIC-RXN/USB3.0-RX-(NC) |     |    |    | NC   |
| 30 | UIM_RESET               | O   | PP | PP | Reset signal of USIM card.   |
| 31 | SSIC-RXP/USB3.0-RX+(NC) | I/O |    |    | NC   |
| 32 | UIM_CLK                 | O   | PP | PP | Clock signal of USIM card.   |
| 33 | GND                     |     |    |    | GND  |
| 34 | UIM_DATA                | I/O | PU | PU | Data signal of USIM card. the internal 4.7K resistance will be pulled up.                |
| 35 | SSIC-TXN/USB3.0-TX-(NC) |     |    |    | NC   |
| 36 | UIM_PWR                 | O   |    |    | Power output of SIM card, 1.8V/3.0V  |
| 37 | SSIC-TXP/USB3.0-TX+(NC) |     |    |    | NC   |
| 38 | NC                      |     |    |    | NC   |
| 39 | GND                     |     |    |    | GND  |
| 40 | GNSS_SCL                | O   | PU | PU | I2C serial data signal clock, the internal 4.7K resistance will be pulled up, CMOS 1.8V. |
| 41 | NC                      |     |    |    | NC   |
| 42 | GNSS_SDA                | I/O | PU | PU | I2C serial data signal data, the internal 4.7K resistance will be pulled up, CMOS 1.8V   |

|    |             |   |    |    |  |
|----|-------------|---|----|----|--|
| 43 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 44 | GNSS_IRQ    | I | PU | PU | The switch interrupt signal of Win8/Android system.                          |
| 45 | GND         |   |    |    | GND  |
| 46 | SYSCLK      | O | L  | L  | 26MHz clock output.  |
| 47 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 48 | TX_BLANKING | O | L  | L  | GSM TDMA Timer output signal, the GPS control signal, CMOS 1.8V              |
| 49 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 50 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 51 | GND         |   |    |    | GND  |
| 52 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 53 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 54 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 55 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 56 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 57 | GND         |   |    |    | GND  |
| 58 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 59 | ANTCTL0     | O |    |    | Tunable antenna control signal GPO, CMOS 1.8V (not support yet)              |
| 60 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 61 | ANTCTL1     | O | L  | L  | Tunable antenna control signal, MIPI RFFE SDATA, CMOS 1.8V (not support yet) |
| 62 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 63 | ANTCTL2     | O | L  | L  | Tunable antenna control signal, MIPI RFFE SCLK, CMOS 1.8V (not support yet)  |
| 64 | NC          |   |    |    | NC   |
| 65 | ANTCTL3     | O |    |    | Tunable antenna control signal, MIPI RFFE VIO, CMOS 1.8V (not support yet)   |
| 66 | SIM_DETECT  | I | PU | PU | SIM Detect, CMOS 1.8V, 390K ohm  |

|    |          |    |    |    |   |
|----|----------|----|----|----|---|
|    |          |    |    |    | will be pulled up.  |
| 67 | RESET#   | I  | PU | PU | External reset signal input, CMOS 1.8V  |
| 68 | CLK32K   | O  |    |    | 32KHz clock output.   |
| 69 | CONFIG_1 | O  | L  | L  | The internal connects with GND, the interface type of L831-EA module is WWAN-SSIC0. |
| 70 | +3.3V    | PI |    |    | The main power input, the voltage range is : 3.135V ~ 4.4V                          |
| 71 | GND      |    |    |    | GND   |
| 72 | +3.3V    | PI |    |    | The main power input, the voltage range is : 3.135V ~ 4.4V                          |
| 73 | GND      |    |    |    | GND   |
| 74 | +3.3V    | PI |    |    | The main power input, the voltage range is : 3.135V ~ 4.4V                          |
| 75 | CONFIG_2 | O  | L  | L  | The internal connects with GND, the interface type of L831-EA module is WWAN-SSIC0. |

Note :put the pins not used in circuit design NC directly.

PI: Power Input

H: High Voltage Level

L: Low Voltage Level

PD: Pull-Down

PU: Pull-Up

T: Tristate

OD: Open Drain

PP: Push-Pull

## 5 Hardware Interface

### 5.1 Power Interface

#### 5.1.1 Power Supply

L831-EA module requires a 3.135V~ 4.4V DC power supply to provide the maximum GSM emission current with 2A.

Input power supply requirements as listed below:

| Parameters | Minimum | Recommended | Maximum | Unit |
|------------|---------|-------------|---------|------|
| +3.3V      | 3.135   | 3.3         | 4.4     | V    |

**Note:**

1. The ripple of Power supply must be lower than 200mV.
2. The minimum value of power supply voltage drops shall more than 3.135V.

The filter capacitor design of the supply circuit is as follows:

| Recommended capacitor | Application                           | Description   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 330uF                 | Supply capacitor                      | Reduce power wave in call. The value of capacitor is bigger better. |
| 1uF,100nF             | Digital signal noise                  | Filtering interference from clock and digital signal.               |
| 39pF,33pF             | 700/850/900 MHz band                  | Filtering the RF reference.   |
| 18pF,8.2pF,6.8pF      | 1700/1800/1900,2100,2500/2600MHz band | Filtering the RF reference.   |

#### 5.1.2 VSD2\_1V8

VSD2\_1V8 is the digital part circle's power supply within the module, VSD2\_1V8 can use for the index signal and the reference level. With the circle design only use for external low current application (<50mA) , and floating it if not use.

| Parameters      | Minimum       | Recommended | Maximum       | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| VSD2_1V8        | 1.7135        | 1.8         | 1.8865        | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | 0.7* VSD2_1V8 | 1.8         | 1.8865        | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | -0.3          | 0           | 0.3* VSD2_1V8 | V    |



## 5.2 Power on/off and Reset Signal

L831-EA wireless module supports 2 control signals for the modules' power on/off and the reset operation.

The definition of the pins as listed below:

| Pin# | Pin Name            | Electrical Level | Description                  |
|------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 6    | FUL_CARD_POWER_OFF# | CMOS 1.8V        | Power on/off signal          |
| 67   | RESET#              | CMOS 1.8V        | External reset signal input. |

### 5.2.1 Power on/off Signal

#### 5.2.1.1 Power on

Clients can pull up the FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# signal while the module is power on, then the module will turn on.

The Pulse Timing requirements as listed below:

| Parameters  | Condition | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Pulse Width | Power on  | 20      | 100     |         | ms   |

The Figure5- 1 shows the power\_on timing control:

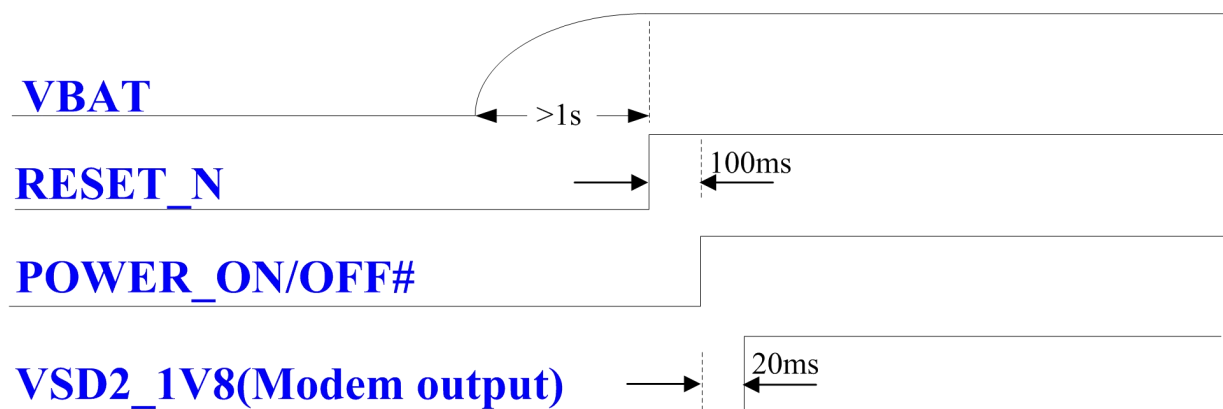


Figure5- 1 Power\_on Timing Control

#### 5.2.1.2 Power off

L831-EA module supports two powers off modes. Through the software modes to turn off the module in general condition. If the system halted or happen exceptions, use the following hardware modes to turn

off it, pull down the FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# or floating. For details as listed below:

| Off modes | Methods  | Condition   |
|-----------|--|---|
| Software  | Send AT+CPWROFF commands.                      | Normal power_off  |
| Hardware  | Pull down the FUL_CARD_POWER_OFF# or floating. | Only used for system halted or happens exceptions and the software modes can not be used. |

The description of hardware power\_off as follows ( Pull down the FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# or floating ):

While pulling down the FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# signals or floating, the modules` PMU (Power Management Unit) will be reset, then the module will get into off modes from working modes.

**Note ①:** the RESET\_N signal must be pulled down before pulling down the FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# signal, and then the module will be turned off safely.

The Pulse Timing requirements as listed below:

| Parameters  | Condition | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Pulse Width | Power off | 5       | 100     |         | ms   |

The Figure 5- 2 shows the power off timing control:

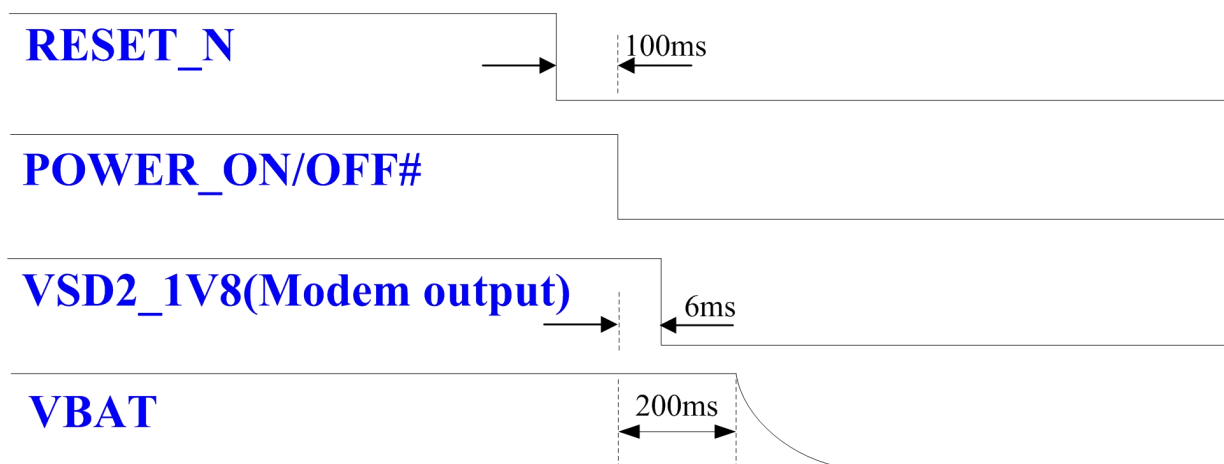


Figure5- 2 Power off Timing Control

### 5.2.1.3 Recommended Circuit Design of Power on/off signals

The recommended design of FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# signal as follows:

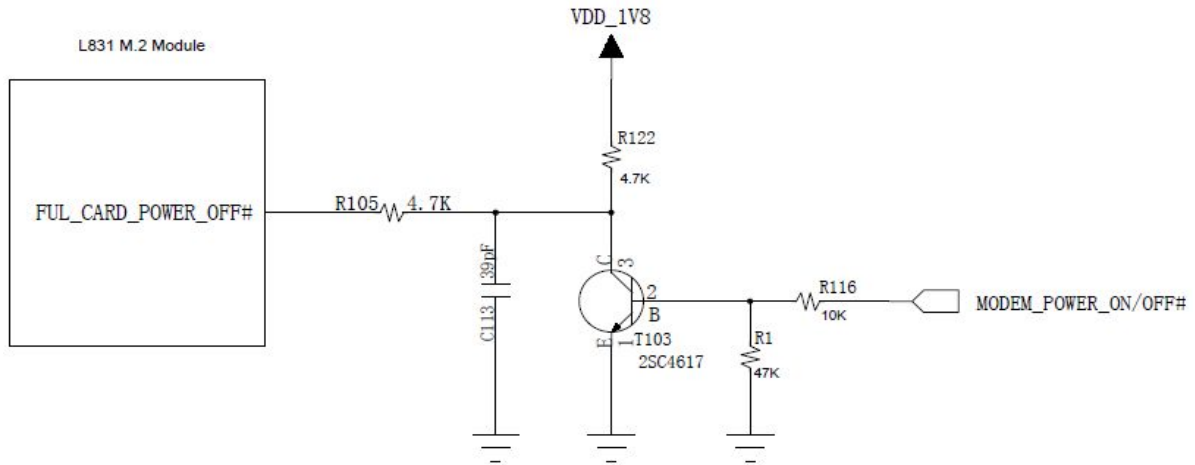


Figure 5-3 the recommended design of FUL\_CARD\_POWER\_OFF# signal

## 5.2.2 RESET Signal

L831-EA wireless module supports external reset function. The module can back to initial state through Reset\_N signal.

While the RESET# signal is active low and keep 100ms, the module will reset and restart. The internal PMU cannot power cut while the clients execute the RESET function.

**Note:** Reset signal is sensitive signal line , while PCB layout, please keep it away from RF interference, add the surrounding processing and recommend to decouple capacitor near the module. Don't layout the Reset signal in PCB edge or surface to avoid ESD causing system reset.

The requirements of Pulse Timing as listed below:

| Parameters  | Condition | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Pulse Width | Reset     | 7       | 100     | 1000    | ms   |

The recommended design as follows:

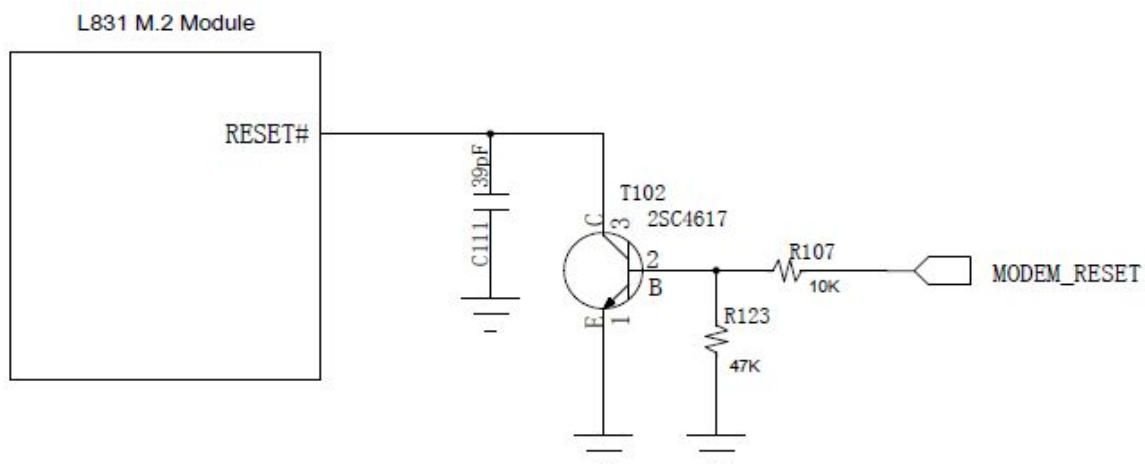


Figure5- 4 Recommended design of RESET# circuit

## 5.3 Index Signal

### 5.3.1 Index Signal Pins

L831-EA module used for providing drain output signal and indicate RF condition:

| Pin # | Name  | Description   |
|-------|-------|---|
| 10    | LED1# | Close or open the condition indication of RF network, CMOS 3.3V |

The condition description of LED1# signal as listed below :

| No. | Condition | LED1#      |
|-----|-----------|------------|
| 1   | RF open   | Low level  |
| 2   | RF closed | High level |

The recommended design as follows:

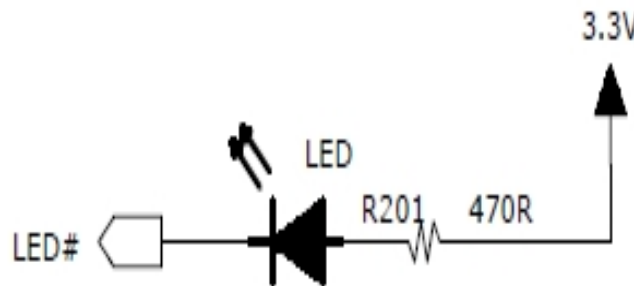


Figure5-5 Recommended design of LED condition index

## 5.4 USB Interface

### 5.4.1 Definition of USB Interface

| Pin No | Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|--------|----------|-----|-------------|
| 7      | USB_DP   | I/O | USB signal+ |
| 8      | USB_DM   | I/O | USB signal- |

L831-EA wireless module supports USB 2.0. It should be installed USB driver before using on PC.

While L831-EA wireless module plugged into the PC, the USB interface with the drive can map 3 COM ports and 4 NCM ports at PC end of Windows system, and for details as listed below:

- Two COM ports for sending AT Commands.
- One COM port for tracing LOG information.
- Four NCM ports are VLAN ports, mainly used for initiating data services .

**Note:** The COM port can used as Modem COM port and initiate data services. But cause of the speed of

Modem COM port is so slow, and cannot up to 100Mbps, the uplink requirements of LTE. So it is not suggested. The Modem COM can be used to initiate data services temporarily only while the client's NCM port is useless.

## 5.4.2 Application for USB Interface

The recommended circuit design as follows:

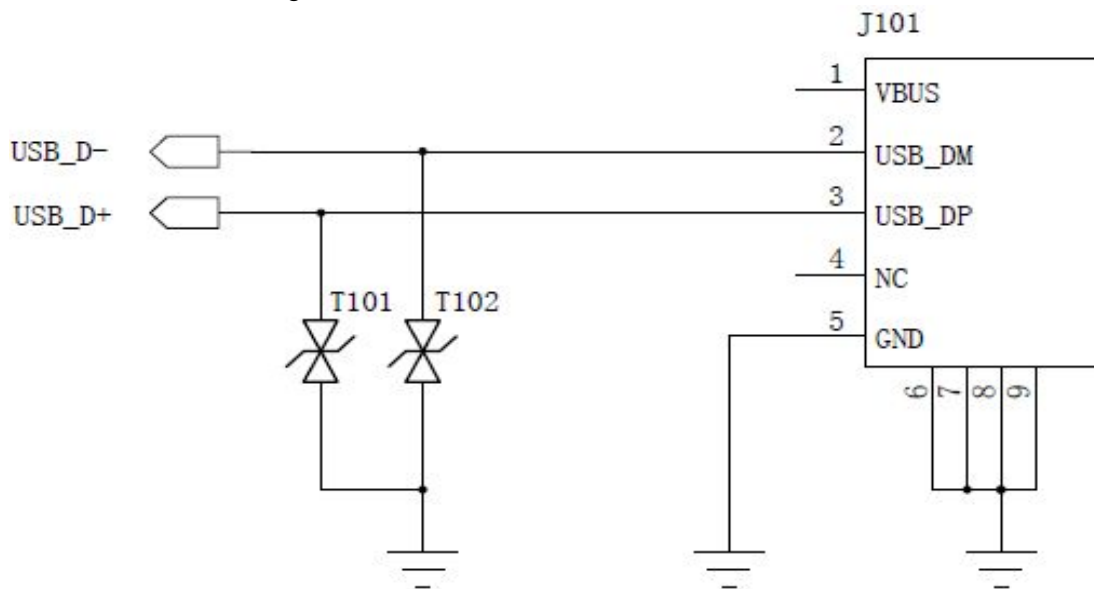


Figure5- 6 Recommended circuit design of USB interface

T101 and T102 shall choose the TVS pipes witch less than 1pF.

VUSB supply power has connected within the module, so the VBUS pin of Host end can float.

USB\_DP+ and USB\_DP- is high speed differential signal line , the highest transmit speed is up to480Mbps.

Not the following requirements while PCB Layout:

- USB\_DP+ and USB\_DP- signal lines request with the same length, parallel, and try to avoid right angle routing.
- Around the USB\_DP +and USB\_DP- signal lines should be packaged with GND.
- Put the USB2.0 differential signal lines in the signal layer while are nearest to the ground.
- USB signal lines shall far away from strong interference signals, like power supply.
- Do the impedance matching, the impedance requests 90 ohm.

## 5.5 USIM Interface

L831-EA wireless module supports USIM and high speed SIM card, and does not supports 8-wire smart USIM yet.

### 5.5.1 USIM Pins

| Pin# | Name       | Type | Description   |
|------|------------|------|---|
| 36   | UIM_PWR    | O    | USIM power supply signal  |
| 30   | UIM_RESET  | O    | USIM Reset signal   |
| 32   | UIM_CLK    | O    | USIM clock signal   |
| 34   | UIM_DATA   | I/O  | USIM data signal  |
| 66   | SIM_DETECT | I    | <p>The detection signal for SIM insetting</p> <p>The default is 390K ohm resistance pulled up and input.</p> <p>High level: SIM is present.</p> <p>Low level: SIM is absent</p> |

### 5.5.2 Description of USIM

#### 5.5.2.1 “Normally Closed” SIM Circuit Design

Referenced Circuit Design:

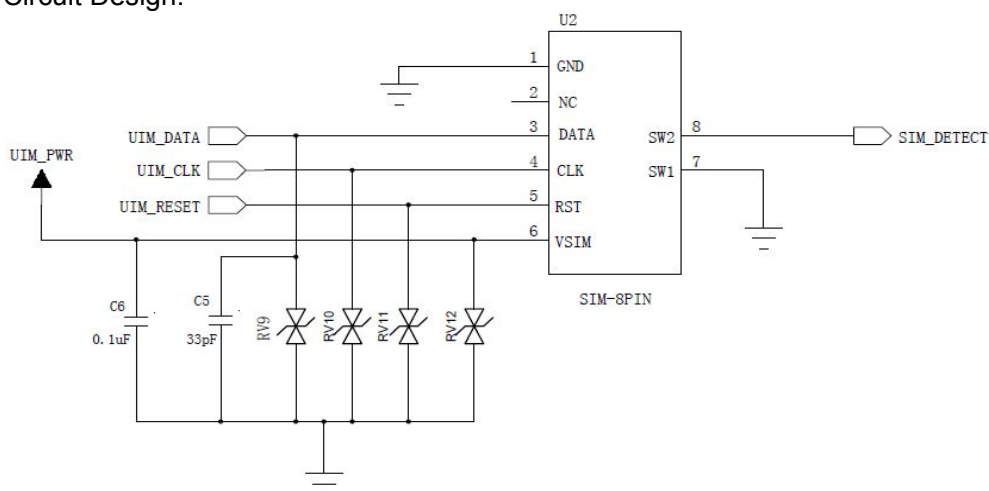


Figure5- 7 Reference Design of “Normally Closed” SIM Card Interface

Normally closed SIM Connector:

- 1) Pull out SIM card, pin 7 and pin 8 short-circuit .
- 2) Insert SIM card, pin 7 and pin 8 disconnect.

### 5.5.2.2 “Normally Open” SIM Circuit Design

Referenced Circuit Design:

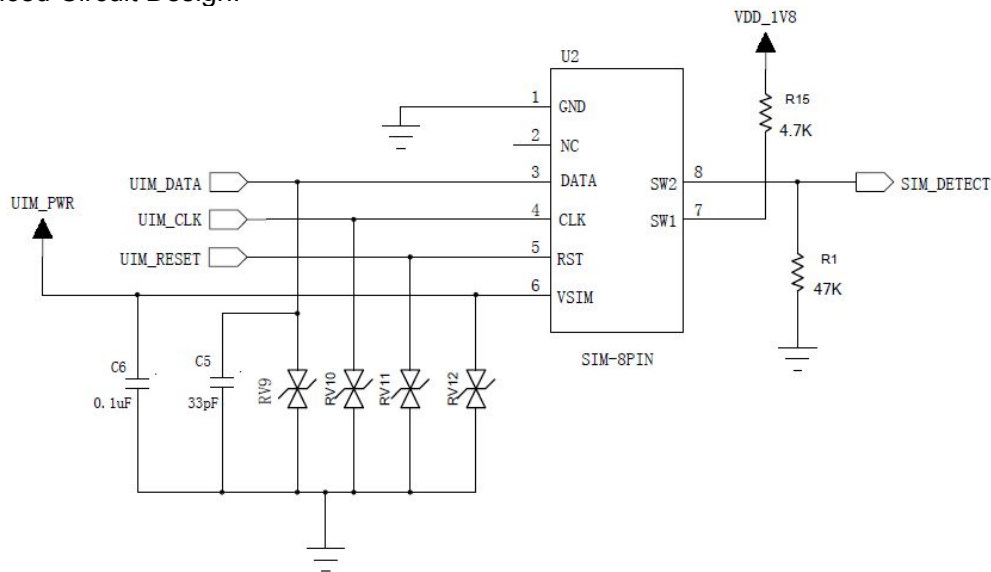


Figure5-8 “Reference Design of “Normally open” SIM Card Interface

Normally Open SIM Connector:

- 1) Pull out SIM card, pin 7 and pin 8 disconnect.
- 2) Inset SIM card, pin 7 and pin 8 short-circuit .

#### Note:

- For improving EMC performance, SIM card connector should be closed to the module.
- For improving the anti-jamming capability of SIM card, please choose the SIM card socket with masking function.
- Filtering capacitor on SIM card should be closed to SIM card pin.
- SIM card signal need add ESD protection (just like TVS pipe), ESD components should be closed to SIM card pin.
- SIM\_CD signal connection supports hot plug, default high level is available (switch to low level is available through AT commands). If high level is detected, it means the SIM card is inserted.

### 5.5.3 USIM Design Points

The design of SIM interface is very important to its own normal working and the module.

There are several design guidelines that must be followed:

- The layout and routing of SIM card should be away from EMI interference source , such as RF antenna and digital switching signals.
- To ensure signal integrity, the routing length between module and SIM card should not exceed 100mm.
- To avoid mutual interference, the routing of UIM\_CLK and UIM\_DATA signal shall keep separate.

- The signal lines of SIM cards shall do some ESD protection , and it request to choose the ESD protected components with low capacitance, such as Zener diode. Recommend the clients to use the ESD components and the equivalent capacitance shall be less than 33pF. ESD components shall near to SIM card interfaces while layout.

## 5.5.4 USIM Hot Plug

L831-EA module supports the status detection function, and this function can realize hot plug of SIM card .

### 5.5.4.1 Hardware Connection

The hot plug function of SIM card needs the cooperation of SIM\_DETECT signal.

SIM\_DETECT is low level while no SIM card; SIM\_DETECT is high level while installing SIM card.

Principle description:

- 1) For “normally closed” SIM card, as shown in Figure 5-7. SIM\_DETECT signal connects Pin8 (SW2) of U2, pull down the Pin7 (SW1) to GND. SW2 and SW1 short-circuit while SIM card is not inserted, so SW2 is low level. SW1 and SW2 disconnect while SIM card installed, SIM\_DETECT is pulled high.
- 2) For “normally open” SIM card, as shown in Figure 5-8. SIM\_DETECT signal connects Pin8 (SW2) of U2 and pull down to ground through 47Kohm resistance. Pin 7 (SW1) shall be pulled up with 4.7Kohms. SW2 and SW1 is disconnected while SIM card is not inserted, so SW2 is low level. SW1 and SW2 is short-circuiting while SIM card installed, SIM\_DETECT is pulled high.

### 5.5.4.2 Software Configuration

“+MSMPD” is used for setting the state detection of SIM card.

AT+MSMPD=0, state detection function of SIM card is closed. The module does not detect the SIM\_DETECT signal.

AT+MSMPD=1, state detection function of SIM card is open. Detect the SIM card if installing or not through the SIM\_DETECT Pin .

SIM\_DETECT is high level, SIM card is installed, and the module registers the network automatically.

SIM\_DETECT is low level, SIM card is not inserted, and the module does not register the network.

**Note:** The parameters of “+MSMPD” is “1” by default. SIM\_DETECT is the detection signal. While the module first power on or plug after that, SIM\_DETECT will detect if the SIM card is existing or not. Just only if the SIM\_DETECT is low level, the module will cannot read SIM card.

## 5.6 Digital Audio





L831-EA supports digital audio I2S interface. I2S interface can support normal I2S modes and data transmission of PCM modes. The level of I2S interface signal is 1.8V.



The description of I2S signal as listed below:

| Pin# | Name     | Type | Description              |
|------|----------|------|--------------------------|
| 20   | I2S2_CLK | O    | Bit clock                |
| 28   | I2S2_WA0 | O    | Left- right clock (LRCK) |
| 22   | I2S2_TX  | O    | Serial data output       |
| 24   | I2S2_RX  | I    | Serial data input        |





### 5.6.1 Description of I2S Interface

| L831-EA | Signal Direction   | Audio CODEC I2S Port |
|---------|--|----------------------|
| I2S_CLK |   | I2S_CLK              |
| I2S_WA  |   | I2S_LRCK             |
| I2S_RX  |   | I2S_SDOUT            |
| I2S_TX  |  | I2S_SDIN             |

#### Note:

- I2S interfaces can be configured to master or slave modes .
- It supports various audio sample rates (48KHz, 44.1KHz, 32KHz, 24KHz, 22.5KHz, 16KHz, 12KHz, 11.025KHz, 8KHz).

### 5.6.2 Description of PCM Interface

| L831-EA   | Signal Direction  | Audio CODEC PCM Port                         |
|---|---|--|
| I2S_CLK0(PCM_CLK, PCM clock signal)                 |  | PCM_CLK (PCM clock signal)                   |
| I2S_WA0(PCM_SYNC, PCM frame synchronization signal) |  | PCM_SYNC (PCM frame synchronization signal ) |
| I2S_RX(PCM_DIN, PCM data input)                     |  | PCM_DOUT (PCM data output)                   |
| I2S_TX(PCM_DOUT, PCM data output)                   |  | PCM_DIN (PCM data input)                     |

#### Description:

- PCM interfaces can be configured to master or slave modes.
- Supports short frame synchronization under 16 bit, 32bit, 48bit and 64bit modes.
- Supports sending data in burst modes and continuous modes.
- Supports clock length of frame synchronization signal and rising edge/ falling edge trigger

configuration of data transmission.

- Supports various audio sample rates (48KHz, 44.1KHz, 32KHz, 24KHz, 22.5KHz, 16KHz, 12KHz, 8KHz, 11.025KHz).

Note: Cause the timing of I2S modes is easier than PCM modes and easier to fit, recommend clients to use transmission audio of I2S mode. While transmission with PCM modes, the PCM timing sequence is difficult to fit to make the tone quality become bad.

## 5.7 Android/Win8Dual System Switch Control Interface

L831-EA module supports Win8/Android dual system switch, check and achieve the dual system switch through interrupt signal "GNSS\_IRQ".

| Pin# | Name     | I/O | Description   |
|------|----------|-----|---|
| 44   | GNSS_IRQ | I   | Win8/Android dual system switch detection signal, CMOS 1.8V |

The function definition of GNSS\_IRQ signal as listed below:

| No. | GNSS_IRQ      | Function  |
|-----|---------------|---|
| 1   | High/Floating | Support Win8 system, the module's USB ports shall set as MBIM modes.    |
| 2   | Low           | Support Android system, the module's USB ports shall set as 3ACM modes. |

Description:

1. Check and achieve the Win8/Android system switch through GNSS\_IRQ level when the module power on. Keep the GNSS\_IRQ level stability during booting.
2. Check and achieve the Win8/Android system switch through GNSS\_IRQ rising edge/ falling edge while the module power on, the de-bouncing time sets as 100ms. The module will reboot after meeting the requirements and can switch different system supports.

## 5.8 W\_DISABLE# Interface

### 5.8.1 Description of WWAN\_DISABLE# Interface

L831-EA module provides through hardware to open/close the WWAN RF function signal, this function can also controlled by AT commands.

| Pin# | Name        | I/O | Description                       |
|------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 8    | W_DISABLE1# | I   | WWAN open/close signal ,CMOS 3.3V |

The definition of W\_DISABLE# signal as listed below:

| No. | W_DISABLE# | Function   |
|-----|------------|--|
| 1   | Low        | WWAN closed  |
| 2   | High       | WWAN opened  |
| 3   | Floating   | The function of WWAN defined by AT commands , and keep open by default . |

## 5.8.2 Description of GPS\_DISABLE# Interface

L831-EA module provides through hardware to open/close GPS function signal, this function can also control by AT commands.

| Pin# | Name       | I/O | Description                                      |  |
|------|------------|-----|--|--|
| 26   | W_DISABLE# | I   | GPS open/close signal , and the signal with 1.8V |  |

The definition of GPS\_DISABLE# signal as listed below:

| No. | GPS_DISABLE# | Description  |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 1   | Low          | GPS closed   |
| 2   | High         | GPS open   |
| 3   | Floating     | The function of GPS defined by AT commands, keeps open by default. |

Note: this function don't support yet.

## 5.9 TX\_BLANKING Interface

Output low level by default, the TX\_BLANKING output the pulse signal that synchronized with GSM burst timing while the module works in GSM band. Cause GSM transmitting may interfere the receiving of GPS signal, close GPS or stop the data receiving of GPS while AP detected TX\_BLANKING pulse signal.

| Pin# | Name        | I/O | Description                 |
|------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 48   | TX_BLANKING | O   | External GPS control signal |

## 5.10 The WAKEUP\_HOST Interface

The module supports the WAKEUP\_HOST function, the pin is high level by default, but it outputs low level while awaking Host.

| Pin# | Name    | I/O | Description  |
|------|---------|-----|--|
| 23   | WOWWAN# | O   | The module wakes up Host signal with 1.8V, and low level is available. |

## 5.11 BODY\_SAR Interface

L831-EA module supports BODY\_SAR (DPR pin) function.

BODY\_SAR is input signal (the signal is output directly by the AP end), with high level by default, and low level is effectively. While the human nearing, AP can detect it through the distance sensor, then output the BODY\_SAR signal with low level. While the module detected the signal through the interruption, the module's Tx power will be reduced and the threshold value can be set by the AT commands.



| Pin# | Name | I/O | Description        |
|------|------|-----|--------------------|
| 25   | DPR  | I   | BODY_SAR detection |

## 5.12 Description of I2C Interface

L831-EA module supports one I2C interface, default configuration is I2C master. The I2C can be used for driving external I2C slave device, such as Audio codes and so on.

| Pin# | Name     | I/O | Description                                   |
|------|----------|-----|---|
| 42   | GNSS_SDA | I/O | I2C control signal input/output , 1.8V signal |
| 40   | GNSS_SCL | O   | I2C control clock signal, 1.8V signal         |

The signal connection between L831-EA module and external I2C slave device ( such as Audio Codec ) as listed below:

| L831-EA  | Direction   | Audio Codec I2C Port |
|----------|---|----------------------|
| GNSS_SDA |  | I2C_SDA              |
| GNSS_SCL |  | I2C_SCL              |

## 5.13 Clock Interface

L831-EA module supports one 26MHz clock output and one 32KHz clock output.

| Pin# | Name   | I/O | Description  |
|------|--------|-----|--|
| 68   | CLK32K | O   | 32K clock output ,   |
| 46   | SYSClk | O   | 26M clock output , (recommend used for external GPS, and can also be used as audio codec's MCLK) |

## 5.14 Config Interface

L831-EA module provides four config pins and with the configuration of WWAN-USB3.0-0.

| PIN# | Name | I/O | Description | Value |
|------|------|-----|-------------|-------|
|------|------|-----|-------------|-------|

|    |          |   |                                  |   |
|----|----------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| 1  | CONFIG_3 | O | Connect to GND within the module | 0 |
| 21 | CONFIG_0 | O | NC                               | - |
| 69 | CONFIG_1 | O | Connect to GND within the module | 0 |
| 75 | CONFIG_2 | O | Connect to GND within the module | 0 |

The configuration of M.2 Socket 2 Module as listed below :

| Config_0<br>(pin21) | Config_1<br>(pin69) | Config_2<br>(pin75) | Config_3<br>(pin1) | Module Type and Main<br>Host Interface | Port Configuration |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| GND                 | GND                 | GND                 | GND                | SSD-SATA                               | N/A                |
| GND                 | GND                 | N/C                 | GND                | WWAN-PCIe                              | N/A                |
| GND                 | GND                 | GND                 | N/C                | WWAN-USB3.0                            | 0                  |

## 5.15 RF Interface

### 5.15.1 Description of RF Connector

L831-EA module provides two RF connector for the connection of external antenna , the MAIN means the main antenna of RF, and DIV means the diversity antenna .

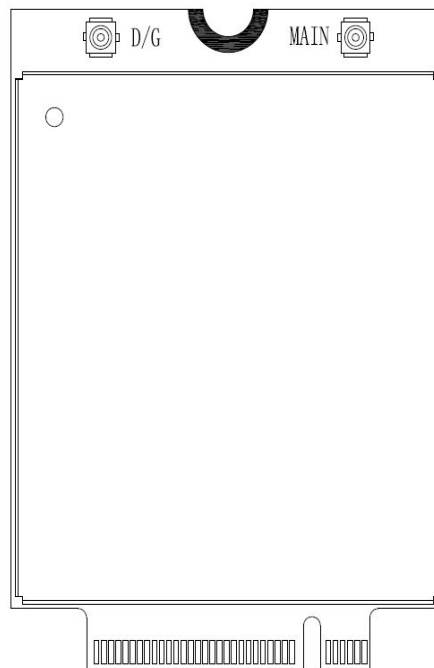


Figure 5-9 RF connectors Diagram

### 5.15.2 Description of RF Connecting Seat

L831-EA module adopts the RF connecting seat with Murata MM4829-2702, the size is 2\*2\*0.6mm, and the structure diagram as follows:

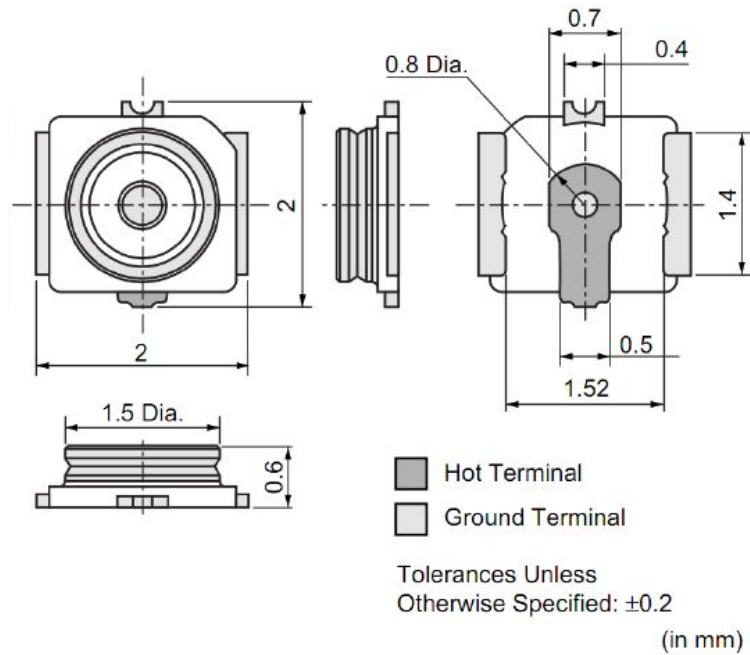


Figure 5-10 Structure diagram of RF connecting seat

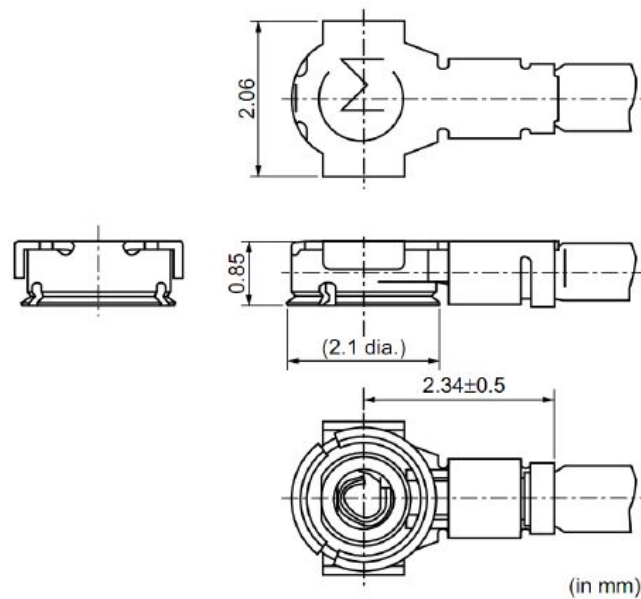


Figure 5-11 0.81mm coaxial line

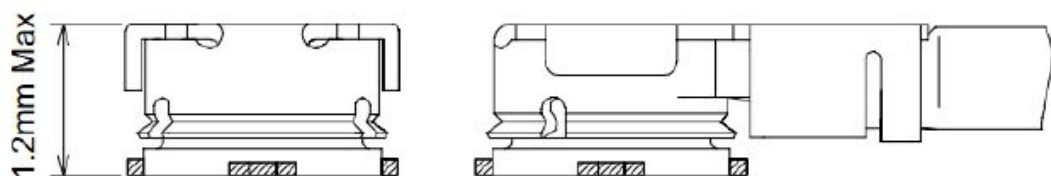


Figure 5-12 RF connector insert into RF connecting seat

### 5.15.3 Main Performance of RF Connector

| Rated conditions | Environment condition |
|------------------|-----------------------|
|------------------|-----------------------|

|                          |            |                                       |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Frequency range          | DC to 6GHz | Temperature range :<br>−40°C to +85°C |
| Characteristic impedance | 50Ω        |                                       |

## 5.16 Other Interfaces

The following interfaces are not supported now: GPIO and Tunable ANT.

## 6 Electrical and Environmental

### 6.1 Electrical

This table shows the electrical features range of L831-EA module.

| Parameter      | Minimum Value | Maximum Value | Unit |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Power supply   | 0             | 4.4           | V    |
| Digital Signal | 0             | 1.9           | V    |

### 6.2 Environmental

This table shows the environmental features of L831-EA module

| Parameter               | Minimum Value | Maximum Value | Unit |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Operational Temperature | -30           | +55           | °C   |
| Storage Temperature     | -40           | +85           | °C   |



## 7 RF Interface

### 7.1 Operating Band

#### 7.1.1 Antenna Band

| Operating Band | Description          | Mode              | Tx (MHz)    | Rx (MHz)    |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Band 1         | IMT 2100MHz          | LTE FDD/WCDMA     | 1920 - 1980 | 2110 - 2170 |
| Band 2         | PCS 1900MHz          | LTE FDD/WCDMA/GSM | 1850 - 1910 | 1930 - 1990 |
| Band 3         | DCS 1800MHz          | LTE FDD/GSM       | 1710 - 1785 | 1805 - 1880 |
| Band 4         | AWS 1700MHz          | LTE FDD           | 1710 - 1755 | 2110 - 2155 |
| Band 5         | CLR 850MHz           | LTE FDD/WCDMA/GSM | 824 - 849   | 869 - 894   |
| Band 7         | IMT-E 2600Mhz        | LTE FDD           | 2500 - 2570 | 2620 - 2690 |
| Band 8         | E-GSM 900MHz         | LTE FDD/WCDMA/GSM | 880 - 915   | 925 - 960   |
| Band 13        | US 700MHz blocks C   | LTE FDD           | 777 - 787   | 746 - 756   |
| Band 17        | US 700MHz blocks B/C | LTE FDD           | 704 - 716   | 734 - 746   |
| Band 18        | Japan 850MHz         | LTE FDD           | 815 – 830   | 860 – 875   |
| Band 19        | Japan Extend 850MHz  | LTE FDD           | 830 – 845   | 875 – 890   |
| Band 20        | EUDD 800MHz          | LTE FDD           | 832 - 862   | 791 - 821   |

## 7.2 RF PCB Design

### 7.2.1 Routing Principle

L831-EA module adopts double RF antennas, the MAIN\_ANT used for transmitting and receiving, the DIV\_ANT used for receiving. On the one hand, diversity antenna can improve the receiving sensitivity; on the other hand, it can also improve the download speed. Because the L831-EA module belong to LTE module, the Antenna need double antennas can meet the performance requirements.

## 7.2.2 Impedance Design

The impedance of RF signal lines should be controlled within 50ohm.

## 7.3 Antenna Design

### 7.3.1 Antenna Design Requirements

#### (1) Antenna Efficiency

Antenna efficiency is the ratio of antenna input power to radiation power. Cause the return loss, material loss, and coupling loss, the radiation power is always lower than the input power.

Recommended value > 40% (−4dB)

#### (2) S11 or VSWR

S11 can indicates the 50ohm`s matched-degree of antenna .To some degree, it affects the antenna efficiency. It can measure the indicator through VSWR test, recommended value: S11 < −10 dB.

#### (3) Polarization

The antenna`s polarization means the rotate direction of electric field in the direction of the maximum radiation.

Recommend to use linear polarization: it would be better if the polarization direction of diversity antenna is different from main antenna.

#### (4) Radiation Pattern

Radiation pattern is the antenna`s electromagnetic-field strength in all directions of far field .Half-wave dipole antenna is the most suitable terminal antenna.

If it is built-in antenna, PIFA antenna is recommended:

Antenna area (H x W x L): 6mm x 10mm x 100mm. PIFA or IFA antenna is recommended.

Radiation Pattern: Omni-directional.

#### (5) Gain and Direction

The direction of the antenna is the electromagnetic field strength of the electromagnetic wave in all directions. The gain is a collection of antenna efficiency and the direction of antenna.

Recommended antenna gain ≤ 3dBi

#### (6) Interference

Besides the antenna`s performance, the other interference on the PCB board can also affect the module`s performance. To ensure the module`s high performance, we must have a good control to the interference.

Suggestions: such as the routing of Speak, LCD, CPU and FPC, the audio circuits and the power part shall try to keep away from the antenna. At the same time, note the corresponding isolation and shielding,

or do some filtering on the routing.

#### (7) TRP/TIS

TRP (Total Radiated Power):

- GSM850/900 > 28dBm
- GSM DCS1800/PCS1900 > 25dBm
- WCDMA Band 1,2,4,5,8 > 19dBm
- LTE FDD Band 1,2,3,5,7,8,13,17,18,19,20 > 19dBm

TIS (Total Isotropic Sensitivity):

- GSM850, GSM 900, DCS1800, PCS1900 < -102dBm
- WCDMA Band 1,2,4,5,8 < -102dBm
- LTE FDD Band 1,2,3,5,7,8,13,17,18,19,20 < -95dBm (10MHz band width)