

SAR, APD and IPD Evaluation Report for FCC

Applicant Name : Getac Technology Corporation

Applicant Address : 5F., Building A, No. 209, Sec. 1, Nangang Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei City,
115018, Taiwan

Product Name : Radio Module

Brand Name : Telit

Model Number : LN920A12-WW

FCC ID : QYLLN920ZX8

Report Number : USSC23O346001

Compliant Standards : FCC 47 CFR §2.1093

Sample Received Date : Oct. 31, 2023

Date of Testing : Dec. 29, 2023 ~ Jan. 24, 2024

Report Issue Date : Mar. 07, 2024

The above equipment has been tested by **Eurofins E&E Wireless Taiwan Co., Ltd.**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Device Under Test (DUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

Note:

1. The test results are valid only for samples provided by customers and under the test conditions described in this report.
2. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Eurofins E&E Wireless Taiwan Co., Ltd.
3. The relevant information is provided by customers in this test report. According to the correctness, appropriateness or completeness of the information provided by the customer, if there is any doubt or error in the information which affects the validity of the test results, the laboratory does not take the responsibility.

Approved By :

Roy Wu / SAR Technical Director



Table of Contents

Revision History	3
1. Compliance Statement	4
2. Test Regulations.....	5
2.1. Reference Standard and Guidance.....	5
2.2. RF Exposure Limits.....	6
3. Information of Testing Laboratory	7
4. DUT (Device Under Test) Information	8
4.1. Device Overview	8
4.2. General Information for LTE	9
4.3. Proximity Sensor and Power Verification	10
5. Measurement System Description	13
5.1. SAR Definition.....	13
5.2. SAR Measurement Setup	13
5.3. SAR Test Procedures.....	17
5.4. Incident Power Density Definition.....	21
5.5. Incident Power Density Measurement Setup	21
5.6. Incident Power Density Measurement Procedure	23
6. System Verification	27
6.1. SAR Tissue Simulating Liquid Verification.....	27
6.2. SAR Test System Verification.....	28
6.3. IPD Test System Verification	30
7. Test Configurations.....	31
7.1. Description of Test Position	31
7.2. FCC General Test Procedures	32
8. RF Output Power Specification and Measurement.....	44
8.1. Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications.....	44
8.2. Measured Conducted Power Results for WCDMA.....	51
8.3. Measured Conducted Power Results for LTE	54
8.4. Measured Conducted Power Results for LTE Carrier Aggregation	73
8.5. Measured Conducted Power Results for WLAN	74
8.6. Measured Conducted Power Results for Bluetooth.....	79
9. Evaluation for Standalone Transmission Scenario	80
9.1. Test Notes	80
9.2. Measured and Reported SAR Results for Body.....	84
9.3. SAR Measurement Variability.....	91
10. Evaluation for Simultaneous Transmission Scenario	92
10.1. Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities	92
10.2. SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) Analysis	94
10.3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Measurement	96
11. Test Equipment.....	97
12. Measurement Uncertainty.....	98

Appendix A - DUT Antenna Illustration and Test Setup Photographs

Appendix B - System Check Plots

Appendix C - Highest Test Plots

Appendix D - Calibration Certificate for Probe

Appendix E - Calibration Certificate for Dipole

Appendix F - Conducted Power for LTE and NR Lower Bandwidth

Revision History

[illegible]

1. Compliance Statement

This device (FCC ID: **QYLLN920ZX8**) has been tested by **Eurofins E&E Wireless Taiwan Co., Ltd.** in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures, and the results shown in below are capable of demonstrating compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled environment exposure limits specified in *FCC 47 CFR §1.1310*.

Highest Reported SAR		
Equipment Class	Mode	Body (Separation: 0 mm) SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
Licensed	WCDMA Band II	1.18
	WCDMA Band IV	1.17
	WCDMA Band V	1.19
	LTE Band 7	1.15
	LTE Band 12	1.11
	LTE Band 13	1.19
	LTE Band 14	1.19
	LTE Band 25	1.20
	LTE Band 26	1.19
	LTE Band 38	1.19
	LTE Band 41	1.19
	LTE Band 42	1.20
	LTE Band 43	1.19
	LTE Band 48	1.19
	LTE Band 66	1.19
	LTE Band 71	1.15
DTS	WLAN 2.4 GHz	1.05
NII	WLAN 5 GHz	1.19
6XD	WLAN 6 GHz	0.91
DSS / DTS	Bluetooth	0.53
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783		1.59
SAR Limits		1.60

2. Test Regulations

2.1. Reference Standard and Guidance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing documented in this report were performed in accordance with following FCC published KDB guidance and standard :

KDB Publication 248227 D01 – IEEE 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB Publication 447498 D01 – General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB Publication 447498 D03 – Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
KDB Publication 447498 D04 – Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01
KDB Publication 616217 D04 – SAR for Laptop and Tablets v01r02
KDB Publication 865664 D01 – SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB Publication 865664 D02 – RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB Publication 941225 D01 – 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
KDB Publication 941225 D05 – SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
KDB Publication 941225 D05A – LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02
IEEE Std 1528-2013

In addition to the above, the following guideline was used :

TCB Workshop Oct 2014 – Guidelines for Other LTE Considerations
TCB Workshop Apr 2015 – Guidelines for Overlapping LTE Bands
TCB Workshop Oct 2015 – Guidelines for KDB 941225 D05A
TCB Workshop Apr 2016 – Guidelines for LTE DL Carrier Aggregation
TCB Workshop Oct 2016 – Guidelines for LTE UL Carrier Aggregation
TCB Workshop Oct 2016 – Guidelines for Bluetooth Duty Factor
TCB Workshop Oct 2016 – Guidelines for DUT Holder Perturbations
TCB Workshop May 2017 – Guidelines for Broadband Liquid Above 3 GHz
TCB Workshop May 2017 – Guidelines for LTE Test Conditions
TCB Workshop Nov 2017 – Guidelines for LTE UL/DL Carrier Aggregation SAR
TCB Workshop Apr 2018 – Guidelines for LTE DL CA SAR Test Exclusion
TCB Workshop Oct 2018 – Guidelines for Near-Field Power Density
TCB Workshop Oct 2018 – Guidelines for LTE Inter-Band Uplink Carrier Aggregation
TCB Workshop Apr 2019 – Guidelines for Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)
TCB Workshop Apr 2019 – Guidelines for IEEE 802.11ax SAR Testing
TCB Workshop Oct 2020 – Guidelines for U-NII 6-7 GHz SAR Testing
TCB Workshop Oct 2022 – Guidelines for SAR test frequencies in multi-rule
TCB Workshop Oct 2022 – Guidelines for f-above-6 GHz Portable Devices

2.2. RF Exposure Limits

Population / Uncontrolled Environments: Defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population / uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational / Controlled Environments: Defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e., as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

The Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Limits Specified in FCC 47 CFR §1.1310

Exposure Scenario	Frequency Range	Local Head/Body SAR (1g-SAR, W/kg)	Local Extremity SAR (10g-SAR, W/kg)	Local Power Density (4 cm ² , mW/cm ²)
Population / Uncontrolled	100 kHz to 6 GHz	1.6	4.0	
	1.5 GHz to 100 GHz			1.0
Occupational / Controlled	100 kHz to 6 GHz	8.0	20.0	
	1.5 GHz to 100 GHz			5.0

3. Information of Testing Laboratory

Test Facilities

Company Name: Eurofins E&E Wireless Taiwan Co., Ltd.
Address No.: 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 334025, Taiwan
Website: <https://www.atl.com.tw>
Telephone: +886-3-271-0188
Fax: +886-3-271-0190
E-mail: infoEETW@eurofins.com

Test Site Location

- ☐ No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 334025, Taiwan
☒ No. 2, Wuquan 5th Rd. Wugu Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

Laboratory Accreditation

Location	TAF	FCC	ISED
No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 334025, Taiwan	Accreditation No.: 1330	Designation No.: TW0010	Company No.: 7381A CAB ID: TW1330
No. 2, Wuquan 5th Rd. Wugu Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan	Accreditation No.: 1330	Designation No.: TW0034	Company No.: 28922 CAB ID: TW1330

4. DUT (Device Under Test) Information

4.1. Device Overview

Product Name	Radio Module	
Brand Name	Telit	
Model Name	LN920A12-WW	
FCC ID	QYLLN920ZX8	
Host Information	Product Name: Tablet Trade Name: Getac Model Name: ZX80, ZX80Y(Y= 10 characters, Y can be 0 to 9, A to Z, a to z, "/", "\", "-", "_" or blank for marketing purpose) All models are electrically identical, different model names are for marketing purpose.	
Supported Wireless Technologies	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Operating Mode
	WCDMA Band 2 : 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 Band 4 : 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 Band 5 : 826.4 ~ 846.6	UMTS Rel. 99 (Voice / Data) HSDPA (Rel. 5) HSUPA (Rel. 6) HSPA+ (Rel. 7) DC-HSDPA (Rel. 8)
	LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 Band 7 : 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 Band 12 : 699.7 ~ 715.3 Band 13 : 779.5 ~ 784.5 Band 14 : 790.5 ~ 795.5 Band 17 : 706.5 ~ 713.5 Band 25 : 1850.7 ~ 1914.3 Band 26 : 814.7 ~ 848.3 Band 38 : 2572.5 ~ 2617.5 Band 41 : 2498.5 ~ 2687.5 Band 42 : 3552.5 ~ 3597.5 Band 43 : 3600 ~ 3800 Band 48 : 3552.5 ~ 3697.5 Band 66 : 1710.7 ~ 1779.3 Band 71 : 665.5 ~ 695.5	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, Carrier Aggregation (UL: 2CC)
	WLAN 2.4G : 2412 ~ 2462 5G : 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 6G : 5935 ~ 6415, 6435 ~ 6515, 6535 ~ 6875, 6895 ~ 7115	2.4G : 802.11b/g/n/ac/ax 5G : 802.11a/n/ac/ax 6G : 802.11ax
	Bluetooth 2402 ~ 2480	BR, EDR, LE, HDR

Note:

The above DUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

4.2. General Information for LTE

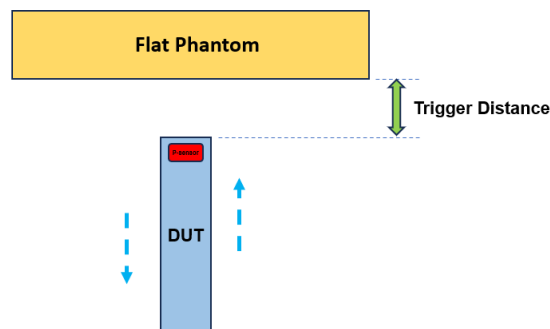
Supported Band, Frequency Range, Channel Bandwidth, Channel Number and Frequency	LTE Band 2						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.	18607 / 1850.7	18615 / 1851.5	18625 / 1852.5	18650 / 1855.0	18675 / 1857.5	18700 / 1860.0
	Mid Ch.	18900 / 1880.0	18900 / 1880.0	18900 / 1880.0	18900 / 1880.0	18900 / 1880.0	18900 / 1880.0
	High Ch.	19193 / 1909.3	19185 / 1908.5	19175 / 1907.5	19150 / 1905.0	19125 / 1902.5	19100 / 1900.0
	LTE Band 4						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.	19957 / 1710.7	19965 / 1711.5	19975 / 1712.5	20000 / 1715.0	20025 / 1717.5	20050 / 1720.0
	Mid Ch.	20175 / 1732.5	20175 / 1732.5	20175 / 1732.5	20175 / 1732.5	20175 / 1732.5	20175 / 1732.5
	High Ch.	20393 / 1754.3	20385 / 1753.5	20375 / 1752.5	20350 / 1750.0	20325 / 1747.5	20300 / 1745.0
	LTE Band 5						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz		
	Low Ch.	20407 / 824.7	20415 / 825.5	20425 / 826.5	20450 / 829.0		
	Mid Ch.	20525 / 836.5	20525 / 836.5	20525 / 836.5	20525 / 836.5		
	High Ch.	20643 / 848.3	20635 / 847.5	20625 / 846.5	20600 / 844.0		
	LTE Band 7						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			20775 / 2502.5	20800 / 2505.0	20825 / 2507.5	20850 / 2510.0
	Mid Ch.			21100 / 2535.0	21100 / 2535.0	21100 / 2535.0	21100 / 2535.0
	High Ch.			21425 / 2567.5	21400 / 2565.0	21375 / 2562.5	21350 / 2560.0
	LTE Band 12						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz		
	Low Ch.	23017 / 699.7	23025 / 700.5	23035 / 701.5	23060 / 704.0		
	Mid Ch.	23095 / 707.5	23095 / 707.5	23095 / 707.5	23095 / 707.5		
	High Ch.	23173 / 715.3	23165 / 714.5	23155 / 713.5	23130 / 711.0		
	LTE Band 13						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz		
	Low Ch.			23205 / 779.5			
	Mid Ch.			23230 / 782.0	23230 / 782.0		
	High Ch.			23255 / 784.5			
	LTE Band 14						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz		
	Low Ch.			23305 / 790.5			
	Mid Ch.			23330 / 793.0	23330 / 793.0		
	High Ch.			23355 / 795.5			
	LTE Band 17						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz		
	Low Ch.			23755 / 706.5	23780 / 709.0		
	Mid Ch.			23790 / 710.0	23790 / 710.0		
	High Ch.			23825 / 713.5	23800 / 711.0		
	LTE Band 25						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.	26047 / 1850.7	26055 / 1851.5	26065 / 1852.5	26090 / 1855.0	26115 / 1857.5	26140 / 1860.0
	Mid Ch.	26340 / 1880.0	26340 / 1880.0	26340 / 1880.0	26340 / 1880.0	26340 / 1880.0	26340 / 1880.0
	High Ch.	26683 / 1914.3	26675 / 1913.5	26665 / 1912.5	26640 / 1910.0	26615 / 1907.5	26590 / 1905.0
	LTE Band 26						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	
	Low Ch.	26697 / 814.7	26705 / 815.5	26715 / 816.5	26740 / 819.0	26765 / 821.5	
	Mid Ch.	26865 / 831.5	26865 / 831.5	26865 / 831.5	26865 / 831.5	26865 / 831.5	
	High Ch.	27033 / 848.3	27025 / 847.5	27015 / 846.5	26990 / 844.0	26965 / 841.5	
	LTE Band 38						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			37775 / 2572.5	37800 / 2575.0	37825 / 2577.5	37850 / 2580.0
	Mid Ch.			38000 / 2595.0	38000 / 2595.0	38000 / 2595.0	38000 / 2595.0
	High Ch.			38225 / 2617.5	38200 / 2615.0	38175 / 2612.5	38150 / 2610.0
	LTE Band 41						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			39675 / 2498.5	39700 / 2501.0	39725 / 2503.5	39750 / 2506.0
	Mid-Low Ch.			40148 / 2545.8	40160 / 2547.0	40173 / 2548.3	40185 / 2549.5
	Mid Ch.			40620 / 2593.0	40620 / 2593.0	40620 / 2593.0	40620 / 2593.0
	Mid-High Ch.			41093 / 2640.3	41080 / 2639.0	41068 / 2637.8	41055 / 2636.5
	High Ch.			41565 / 2687.5	41540 / 2685.0	41515 / 2682.5	41490 / 2680.0
	LTE Band 42						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			43115 / 3552.5	43140 / 3555.0	43165 / 3557.5	43190 / 3560.0
	Mid Ch.			43340 / 3575.0	43340 / 3575.0	43340 / 3575.0	43340 / 3575.0
	High Ch.			43565 / 3597.5	43540 / 3595.0	43515 / 3592.5	43490 / 3590.0
	LTE Band 43						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			44115 / 3652.5	44140 / 3655.0	44165 / 3657.5	44190 / 3660.0
	Mid Ch.			44340 / 3675.0	44340 / 3675.0	44340 / 3675.0	44340 / 3675.0
	High Ch.			44565 / 3697.5	44540 / 3695.0	44515 / 3692.5	44490 / 3690.0
	LTE Band 48						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			55265 / 3552.5	55290 / 3555.0	55315 / 3557.5	55340 / 3560.0
	Mid-Low Ch.			55810 / 3607.0	55815 / 3607.5	55820 / 3608.0	55830 / 3609.0
	Mid-High Ch.			56170 / 3643.0	56165 / 3642.5	56160 / 3642.0	56150 / 3641.0
	High Ch.			56715 / 3697.5	56690 / 3695.0	56665 / 3692.5	56640 / 3690.0
	LTE Band 66						
	BW	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.	131979 / 1710.7	131987 / 1711.5	131997 / 1712.5	132022 / 1715.0	132047 / 1717.5	132072 / 1720.0
	Mid Ch.	132322 / 1745.0	132322 / 1745.0	132322 / 1745.0	132322 / 1745.0	132322 / 1745.0	132322 / 1745.0
	High Ch.	132665 / 1779.3	132657 / 1778.5	132647 / 1777.5	132622 / 1775.0	132597 / 1772.5	132572 / 1770.0
	LTE Band 71						
	BW			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
	Low Ch.			133147 / 665.5	133172 / 668.0	133197 / 670.5	133222 / 673.0
	Mid Ch.			133297 / 680.5	133297 / 680.5	133297 / 680.5	133297 / 680.5
	High Ch.			133447 / 695.5	133422 / 693.0	133397 / 690.5	133372 / 688.0
Modulations Supported in Uplink	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM						
LTE MPR Permanently Implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5?	Yes						
A-MPR (Additional MPR) Disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes						
LTE Carrier Aggregation Possible Combinations	The technical description includes all the possible carrier aggregation combinations						
LTE Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 16. It supports carrier aggregation, downlink MIMO, LAA features as shown in the RF Conducted Powers section of this report and the Downlink LTE CA RF Conducted Powers Appendix. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications. Uplink communications are done on the PCC. The following LTE Release 16 features are not supported: Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICIC, eMBMS, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.						

4.3. Proximity Sensor and Power Verification

This device implemented with proximity sensor used to trigger power reduction for RF exposure compliance. Per KDB Publication 616217 D04, the triggering conditions for both normal maximum output power and reduced maximum output power must be confirmed for the sensor and antenna combinations to verify proper triggering at the specified triggering distances. The smallest separation distance determined by the sensor triggering and sensor coverage for normal and tilt positions in KDB Publication 616217 D04 §6.2, §6.3 and §6.4 for surfaces and/or edges triggering conditions, minus 1 mm, must be used as the test separation distance for SAR testing.

Testing for Determining Proximity Sensor Triggering Distances per KDB 616217 D04 §6.2

Per KDB Publication 616217 D04 §6.2, the proximity sensor of the DUT was moved toward the flat phantom to determine the trigger distance for enabling power reduction and moved away from the flat phantom to determine the trigger distance for resuming full power. The DUT featured a visual indicator on its display screen that showed the status of the proximity sensor (triggered or not triggered). This was used to determine the status of the sensor during the proximity sensor assessment.



The proximity sensor triggering distance was determined per KDB Publication 616217 for rear face and applicable edge. Summary for power verification per distance was tabulated in the below table.

Output Power Verification in dBm for DUT Rear Face

Distance (mm)	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
WCDMA II	16.6	16.3	16.4	16.3	16.5	16.5	23.4	23.5	23.3	23.2	23.3
WCDMA IV	17.8	17.8	17.5	17.9	17.6	17.8	23.5	23.4	23.3	23.3	23.5
WCDMA V	23.3	23.5	23.4	23.4	23.5	23.2	23.5	23.0	23.2	23.2	23.0
LTE 2	17.4	17.0	17.2	17.1	17.5	17.1	23.1	23.1	23.2	23.2	23.1
LTE 4	17.0	16.7	16.8	17.0	16.7	17.0	23.0	22.8	23.0	23.2	22.7
LTE 5	23.5	23.4	23.3	23.3	23.3	23.4	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.0	23.0
LTE 7	17.4	17.1	17.0	17.2	17.0	17.1	23.0	23.3	23.2	22.9	22.9
LTE 12	22.1	22.2	22.1	21.9	22.1	22.4	23.2	23.5	23.1	23.3	23.4
LTE 13	22.5	23.0	22.6	23.0	22.6	22.6	23.2	23.2	23.1	23.1	23.4
LTE 14	22.7	22.7	22.9	22.7	22.9	22.8	23.3	23.3	23.4	23.4	23.2
LTE 17	22.0	22.4	22.1	22.2	21.9	21.9	23.1	23.0	23.1	23.0	23.2
LTE 25	17.0	17.3	17.5	17.3	17.4	17.0	23.5	23.1	23.5	23.4	23.4
LTE 38	21.3	21.5	21.6	21.4	21.7	21.2	23.1	23.3	23.2	23.0	23.2
LTE 41	21.7	21.7	21.2	21.4	21.3	21.4	23.3	23.1	23.4	23.4	23.0
LTE 42	20.0	19.7	19.8	19.7	19.8	19.7	20.9	21.1	21.0	21.4	20.9
LTE 43	19.6	19.8	19.3	19.6	19.3	19.8	21.2	21.1	20.9	21.1	21.2
LTE 48	19.4	19.4	19.5	19.4	19.3	19.4	21.0	21.4	20.9	21.4	21.1
LTE 66	17.4	17.2	17.1	17.2	17.3	17.4	22.9	22.8	22.8	23.1	23.2
LTE 71	22.5	22.5	22.5	23.0	23.0	22.6	23.5	23.0	23.3	23.5	23.0

Output Power Verification in dBm for DUT Top Edge

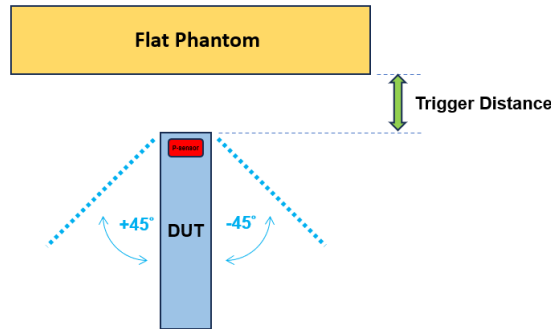
Distance (mm)	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
WCDMA II	16.7	16.3	16.6	16.2	16.2	16.6	23.6	23.5	23.3	23.2	23.5
WCDMA IV	17.6	17.8	17.6	17.5	17.9	17.6	23.1	23.5	23.5	23.2	23.1
WCDMA V	23.0	23.4	23.3	23.3	23.2	23.5	23.0	23.1	23.0	23.3	23.5
LTE 2	17.2	17.1	17.3	17.3	17.5	17.0	23.4	23.4	23.4	23.5	23.4
LTE 4	16.9	16.7	16.9	16.9	17.1	17.2	22.8	23.1	23.0	23.1	23.2
LTE 5	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.3	23.4	23.1	23.3	23.1	23.1	23.4	23.1
LTE 7	17.5	17.1	17.0	17.0	17.4	17.0	23.4	22.9	23.3	23.1	23.0
LTE 12	22.2	21.9	22.2	22.0	21.9	21.9	23.5	23.1	23.1	23.1	23.4
LTE 13	22.5	22.7	22.8	22.6	22.6	23.0	23.3	22.9	23.0	23.4	23.4
LTE 14	22.9	22.5	23.0	22.5	23.0	22.9	22.9	23.0	23.0	23.1	22.9
LTE 17	22.3	22.1	22.2	22.1	22.2	22.2	23.5	23.4	23.5	23.0	23.3
LTE 25	17.4	17.2	17.5	17.5	17.2	17.3	23.0	23.4	23.2	23.4	23.1
LTE 38	21.4	21.7	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.7	23.5	23.2	23.4	23.3	23.5
LTE 41	21.2	21.6	21.5	21.2	21.5	21.4	23.4	23.0	23.3	23.3	23.3
LTE 42	20.1	19.9	20.2	19.7	20.2	19.7	21.2	21.3	21.3	21.4	21.1
LTE 43	19.6	19.8	19.6	19.5	19.5	19.3	21.2	20.9	21.1	21.1	20.9
LTE 48	19.7	19.6	19.4	19.7	19.8	19.7	21.2	21.0	21.0	21.4	21.3
LTE 66	17.4	17.3	17.3	17.0	16.9	17.4	22.8	23.1	23.2	23.2	23.2
LTE 71	23.0	22.8	22.6	22.5	22.6	22.6	23.4	23.0	23.2	23.5	23.3

Testing for Determining Proximity Sensor Coverage per KDB 616217 D04 §6.3

Per KDB Publication 616217 D04 §6.3, the proximity sensor coverage evaluation is not required for this device because the proximity sensor is collocated with antenna in one component as there is no spatial offset between the sensor element and antenna, and the peak SAR location was overlapping with the sensor.

Testing for Determining Proximity Sensor Tilt Angle Influences per KDB 616217 D04 §6.4

Per KDB Publication 616217 D04 §6.4, the proximity sensor tilt angle influence was determined for applicable edges and the DUT was positioned below the flat phantom at the minimum triggering distance and rotated for angles up to $\pm 45^\circ$. Summary for proximity sensor tilt angle influence is shown in below table.



Orientation	Separation Distance (mm)	Tilt Angle										
		-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°
Top Edge	15	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On

Summary for Proximity Sensor Triggering Tests

According to the procedures noticed in KDB Publication 616217 D04, the proximity sensor triggering distance is 17 mm for DUT Rear Face, and 24 mm for Top Side. The separation distance of 24 mm determined by the smallest triggering distance on Top Side is used to access the tilt angle influence and the sensor does not release during ± 45 degree. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 15 mm for the Top Side. The conservation triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor trigger / not triggered as DUT with power reduction at 0 mm, and DUT without power reduction at 16 mm for DUT Rear Face, and 14 mm for Top Side were used to test SAR. The power reduction depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled or disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

Tx Antenna	Position	§6.2 Trigger Distance (mm)	§6.3 Sensor Coverage	§6.4 Tilt Angle Influence (mm)	Worst-case Distance for SAR (mm)
WWAN ANT	Rear Face	17	N/A	N/A	16
	Top Edge	24	N/A	15	14

5. Measurement System Description

5.1. SAR Definition

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational / controlled and general population / uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population / uncontrolled. The SAR is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) as shown in the following equation:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

The SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg) or equivalently milliwatts per gram (mW/g), and it is related to the E-field at a point by the following equation:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

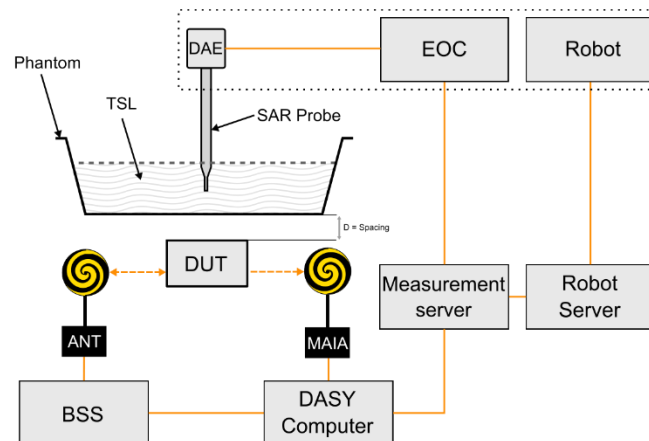
ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = RMS electrical field strength (V/m)

5.2. SAR Measurement Setup

The SAR measurements are performed using Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY) made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, which is a robot-based high precision electromagnetic (EM) near-field scanning platform. The DASY system measures the precise locations of the near-field radiators of highly non-isotropic fields. A sophisticated measurement system with a variety of probes (SAR, E-field, H-field etc.) combined with a high-precision 6-axis robot positioner allows for completely automated measurement scans and evaluations with both field and position information, e.g., volume averages, peak search, and extrapolations.

SPEAG DASY8 SAR Measurement System Setup



The DASY8 system for SAR measurements consists of:

- 6-axis robotic arm (Stäubli TX2-90XL) for positioning the probe.
- Mounting Platform for keeping the phantoms at a fixed location relative to the robot.
- Measurement Server for handling all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features.
- EOC (Electrical to Optical Converter) for converting the optical signal from the DAE to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server.
- LB (Light-Beam unit) for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity).
- SAR probe (EX3D, ES3D probes) for measuring the E-field distribution in the phantom. The SAR distribution and the psSAR (peak spatial averaged SAR) are derived from the E-field measurement.
- SAR phantom that represents a physical model with an equivalent human anatomy. A Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) head is usually used for handheld devices, and a Flat phantom is used for body-worn devices. Specific phantoms are available if the Device Under Test (DUT) is intended for operation on different parts of the body other than the head or torso (e.g., the wrist).
- TSL (Tissue Simulating Liquid) representing the dielectric properties of used tissue.
- DAE (Data Acquisition Electronics) for reading the probe voltages and transmitting it to the DASY8 control PC.
- Device Holder for positioning the DUT beneath the phantom.
- MAIA (Modulation and Interference Analyzer) for confirming the accuracy of the probe linearization parameters.
- ANT (wide-band Antenna) for broadcasting the downlink signals emitted by base station simulators to the DUT.
- Control PC for running the DASY8 software to define/execute the measurements.
- System validation kits for system check / validation purposes.

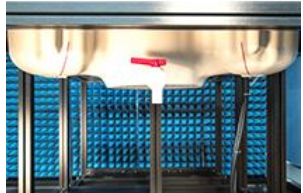
5.2.1 E-Field Probes

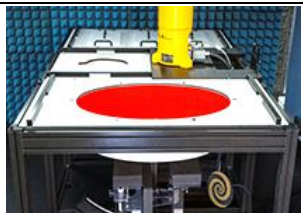
Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

5.2.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16-bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 μ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

5.2.3 Phantoms

Model	SAM-Twin Phantom	 
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE Std 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	 
Construction	The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

5.2.4 Device Holder

Model	MD4HHTV5 - Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM)	

Model	MDA4WTV5 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Ultra-Wide Transmitters	
Construction	An upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.	
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM)	

Model	MDA4SPV6 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Smart Phones	
Construction	The solid low-density MDA4SPV6 adaptor assuring no impact on the DUT radiation performance and is conform with any DUT design and shape.	
Material	ROHACELL	

Model	MD4LAPV5 - Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device (Body-Worn) enables testing of transmitter devices according to IEC 62209-2 specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at a flat phantom section.	
Material	Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam	

5.2.5 Power Source

Model	Powersource1	
Signal Type	Continuous Wave	
Operating Frequencies	600 MHz to 5850 MHz	
Output Power	-5.0 dBm to +17.0 dBm	
Power Supply	5V DC, via USB jack	
Power Consumption	<3 W	
Applications	System performance check and validation with a CW signal.	

5.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

5.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids are referred to KDB 865664 D01, IEEE Std 1528 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom has been filled with head tissue-equivalent medium. To minimize reflections within the phantom, the depth of the homogeneous medium is greater than or equal to 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height was measured from the phantom ear reference point (ERP) to the top surface of the tissue simulating liquid. For body and extremity SAR testing, the liquid height was measured from the center of the flat phantom to the top surface of the tissue simulating liquid.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Tissue Type	Water	Tween 20	Oxidized Mineral Oil	Diethyleneglycol Monohexylether	Triton X-100	NaCl
835	50.36 %	48.39 %				1.25 %
900	50.31 %	48.34 %				1.35 %
1800	56.00 %		44.00 %			
2450	56.00 %		44.00 %			
4000	56.00 %		44.00 %			
5000	56.00 %		44.00 %			
5200	65.53 %			17.24 %	17.24 %	
5800	65.53 %			17.24 %	17.24 %	
6000	56.00 %		44.00 %			
8000	67.80 %	31.10 %				
10000	66.00 %	33.00 %				

Before SAR measurement, the dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid were verified using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer. Since the range of $\pm 10\%$ of the required target values is used to measure relative permittivity and conductivity, the SAR correction procedure is applied to correct measured SAR for the deviations in permittivity and conductivity. Only positive correction has been used to scale up the measured SAR, and SAR result would not be corrected if the correction ΔSAR has a negative sign. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 10% are listed in below.

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	$\pm 10\%$ Range of Permittivity	Target Conductivity	$\pm 10\%$ Range of Conductivity
750	41.9	37.7 ~ 46.1	0.89	0.80 ~ 0.98
835	41.5	37.4 ~ 45.7	0.90	0.81 ~ 0.99
900	41.5	37.4 ~ 45.7	0.97	0.87 ~ 1.07
1450	40.5	36.5 ~ 44.6	1.20	1.08 ~ 1.32
1800	40.0	36.0 ~ 44.0	1.40	1.26 ~ 1.54
1900	40.0	36.0 ~ 44.0	1.40	1.26 ~ 1.54
1950	40.0	36.0 ~ 44.0	1.40	1.26 ~ 1.54
2000	40.0	36.0 ~ 44.0	1.40	1.26 ~ 1.54
2100	39.8	35.8 ~ 43.8	1.49	1.34 ~ 1.64
2450	39.2	35.3 ~ 43.1	1.80	1.62 ~ 1.98
2600	39.0	35.1 ~ 42.9	1.96	1.76 ~ 2.16
3000	38.5	34.7 ~ 42.4	2.40	2.16 ~ 2.64
3500	37.9	34.1 ~ 41.7	2.91	2.62 ~ 3.20
4000	37.4	33.7 ~ 41.1	3.43	3.09 ~ 3.77
4500	36.8	33.1 ~ 40.5	3.94	3.55 ~ 4.33
5000	36.2	32.6 ~ 39.8	4.45	4.01 ~ 4.90
5200	36.0	32.4 ~ 39.6	4.66	4.19 ~ 5.13
5400	35.8	32.2 ~ 39.4	4.86	4.37 ~ 5.35
5600	35.5	32.0 ~ 39.1	5.07	4.56 ~ 5.58
5800	35.3	31.8 ~ 38.8	5.27	4.74 ~ 5.80
6000	35.1	31.6 ~ 38.6	5.48	4.93 ~ 6.03
6500	34.5	31.1 ~ 38.0	6.07	5.46 ~ 6.68
7000	33.9	30.5 ~ 37.3	6.65	5.99 ~ 7.32
7500	33.3	30.0 ~ 36.6	7.24	6.52 ~ 7.96
8000	32.7	29.4 ~ 36.0	7.84	7.06 ~ 8.62
8500	32.1	28.9 ~ 35.3	8.46	7.61 ~ 9.31
9000	31.6	28.4 ~ 34.8	9.08	8.17 ~ 9.99
9500	31.0	27.9 ~ 34.1	9.71	8.74 ~ 10.68
10000	30.4	27.4 ~ 33.4	10.40	9.36 ~ 11.44

5.3. SAR Test Procedures

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- [1] Power Reference measurement
- [2] Area Scan
- [3] Zoom Scan
- [4] Power Drift measurement

5.3.1 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference measurement and Power Drift measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the DUT in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

5.3.2 Area Scan Measurement

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly. Following table provides the measurement parameters required for the area scan.

Parameter	$f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$f > 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \delta \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution : $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz} : \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 \sim 3 \text{ GHz} : \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 \sim 4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 \sim 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 10 \text{ mm}$ $6 \sim 7 \text{ GHz} : \leq 7.5 \text{ mm}$

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks. Additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1.0 W/kg for 1.6 W/kg 1g SAR limit; or 1.26 W/kg for 2.0 W/kg 10g SAR limit).

5.3.3 Zoom Scan Measurement

The Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

The Zoom Scan (three-dimensional SAR distribution) is performed at the local maxima locations identified in previous area scan procedure. The zoom scan volume must be larger than the required minimum dimensions. When graded grids are used, which only applies in the direction normal to the phantom surface, the initial grid separation closest to the phantom surface and subsequent graded grid increment ratios must satisfy the required protocols. The 1 g SAR averaging volume must be fully contained within the zoom scan measurement volume boundaries; otherwise, the measurement must be repeated by shifting or expanding the zoom scan volume. The similar requirements also apply to 10 g SAR measurements. Following table provides the measurement parameters required for the zoom scan.

Parameter		$f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$f > 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz} : \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 \sim 3 \text{ GHz} : \leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 \sim 4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 5.0 \text{ mm}$ $4 \sim 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 4.0 \text{ mm}$ $6 \sim 7 \text{ GHz} : \leq 3.4 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid : $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 \sim 4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 4.0 \text{ mm}$ $4 \sim 5 \text{ GHz} : \leq 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $5 \sim 7 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2.0 \text{ mm}$
	graded grids : $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$3 \sim 4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $4 \sim 5 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 \sim 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2.0 \text{ mm}$ $6 \sim 7 \text{ GHz} : \leq 1.7 \text{ mm}$
	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume (x, y, z)		$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 \sim 4 \text{ GHz} : \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 \sim 5 \text{ GHz} : \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 \sim 7 \text{ GHz} : \geq 22 \text{ mm}$

Per IEC 62209-2 AMD1, the successively higher resolution zoom scan is required if the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed:

- [1] The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions ($\Delta x, \Delta y$). This shall be checked for the measured zoom scan plane conformal to the phantom at the distance z_{M1} .
- [2] The ratio of the SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 %.

If one or both of the above criteria are not met, the zoom scan measurement shall be repeated using a finer resolution. New horizontal and vertical grid steps shall be determined from the measured SAR distribution so that the above criteria are met. Compliance with the above two criteria shall be demonstrated for the new measured zoom scan.

5.3.4 Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Power Reference measurement. If the power drift more than 5 %, the SAR measurement will be retested.

5.3.5 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- [1] Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- [2] Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- [3] Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- [4] Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- [5] Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- [6] Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g

5.3.6 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1 % for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

5.3.7 Volume Scan Measurement

The volume scan is used for assessing overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scans use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scans were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

5.3.8 Absorbed Power Density Conversion

The Absorbed Power Density (APD) will be derived from the measured SAR values. According to SPEAG application note and DASY8 manual, the APD is evaluated numerically using the FDTD method of Sim4Life software and averaged over square surface areas of 1 cm² and 4 cm² in the lowermost voxel layer of a flat phantom at a frequency of 6.5 GHz. The phantom consists of a dielectric shell of 2 mm thickness and a relative permittivity 3.7.

5.4. Incident Power Density Definition

The incident power density for an electromagnetic field represents the rate of energy transfer per unit area. The local power density (i.e., Poynting vector) at a given spatial point is deduced from electromagnetic fields by the following formula:

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{E \times H^*\} \cdot \vec{n}$$

Where: E is the complex electric field peak phasor and H is the complex conjugate magnetic field peak phasor.

The spatial-average power density distribution on the evaluation surface is determined per the IEC TR 63170. The spatial area, A is specified by the applicable exposure limit or regulatory requirements. The circular shape was used.

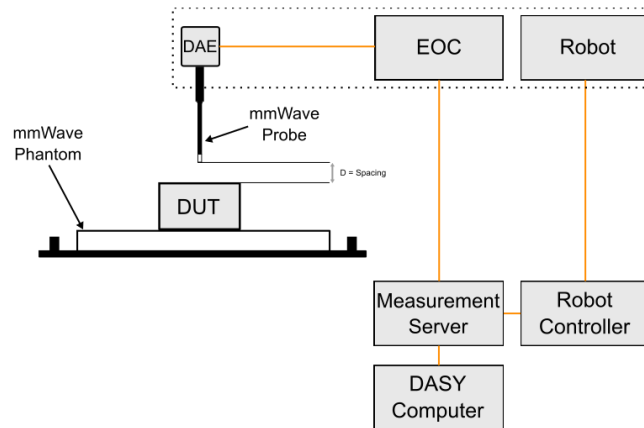
$$S = \frac{1}{2A} \Re \left(\int E \times H^* \cdot \hat{n} dA \right)$$

5.5. Incident Power Density Measurement Setup

The DASY8 system combines a sophisticated measurement system with a variety of probes (SAR, E- field, H-field, temperature, etc.) and a high-precision 6-axis robot positioner. The combination allows for completely automated measurement scans and evaluations with both field and position information, e.g., volume averages, peak search, and extrapolations. The main purpose is to perform near-field measurements of radiators of highly non-isotropic fields for which the exact measurement location is critical.

The special application area described in the system handbook is IPD measurement in the 6 GHz– 110 GHz frequency range.

SPEAG DASY8 Power Density Measurement System Setup



The DASY8 system for Incident Power Density measurements consists of:

- 6-axis robotic arm (Stäubli TX2-90XL) for positioning the probe.
- Mounting Platform for maintaining the phantoms at a fixed location relative to the robot.
- Measurement Server that handles all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features.
- Electrical to Optical Converter (EOC) for converting the optical signal from the DAE to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server.
- Light Beam unit for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity).

- A millimeter Wave (mm-Wave) probe (EUmmWVx) for measuring the E-field magnitude. The polarization ellipses and the power density are then derived.
- A mm-Wave phantom used as the test bed.
- DAE that reads the probe voltages and transmits it to the DASY8 control PC.
- A mm-Wave Device Holder for positioning the DUT on top of the phantom.
- Control PC that runs the DASY8 software for defining / executing the measurements.
- System verification sources for system performance checks.

5.5.1 mm-Wave E-Field Probe

Model	EUmmWVx	
Frequency	750 MHz to 110 GHz	
Dynamic Range	< 20 V/m ~ 10000 V/m with PRE-10 (min < 20 V/m ~ 2000 V/m)	
Linearity	< ±0.2 dB	
Hemispherical Isotropy	< 0.5 dB	
Position Precision	< 0.2 mm	
Dimensions	Overall length: 320 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: encapsulation 8 mm (internal sensor < 1 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: < 2 mm Sensor displacement to probe's calibration point: < 0.3 mm	

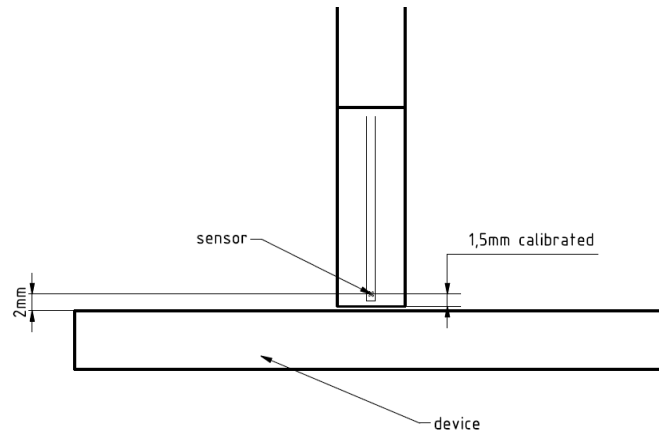
The EUmmWVx probe is an electric (E) universal (U) field probe with two dipole sensors for field measurements at frequencies up to 110 GHz and as close as 2 mm from any field source or transmitter. The sensors consist of two diode-loaded small dipoles that provide the rectified voltage from the coupled E-field. From the voltages at three different orientations in the field at known angles, both the magnitude of the field component and the field polarization can be calculated. Due to the small size of the sensors, the probe can be used for measurements over an extremely wide frequency range from 750 MHz to 110 GHz. The probe sensors are protected by non-removable 8 mm high-density foam.

The EUmmWVx probe is based on the pseudo-vector probe design, which not only measures the field magnitude but also derives its polarization ellipse. This probe concept also has the advantage that the sensor angle errors or distortions of the field by the substrate can be largely nullified by calibration. This is particularly important as, at these very high frequencies, field distortions by the substrate are dependent on the wavelength. The design entails two small 0.8 mm dipole sensors mechanically protected by high-density foam, printed on both sides of a 0.9 mm wide and 0.12 mm thick glass substrate. The body of the probe is specifically constructed to minimize distortion by the scattered fields.

The probe consists of two sensors with different angles arranged in the same plane in the probe axis. Three or more measurements of the two sensors are taken for different probe rotational angles to derive the amplitude and polarization information. These probes are the most flexible and accurate probes currently available for measuring field amplitude.

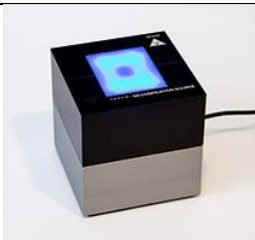
The probe design allows measurements at distances as small as 2 mm from the sensors to the surface of the device under test (DUT). The typical sensor to probe tip distance is 1.5 mm. The exact distance is calibrated.

Illustration of the Distance Sensor to the DUT Surface



5.5.2 System Verification Sources

Model	System Verification for X-band	
Calibrated Frequency	10 GHz	
E-field Polarization	Linear	
Max Input Power	20 W	
Connector	SMA	
Operation	requires a stable source with known forward power to perform system performance check or validation	
Weight	700 g	

Model	System Verification for Ka-band, V-band, W-band	
Calibrated Frequency	30 GHz, 60 GHz	
Frequency Accuracy	± 100 MHz	
Harmonics	-20 dBc	
Total Radiated Power	14 dBm for 30 GHz, 20 dBm for 60 GHz	
Power Stability	0.05 dB for 30 GHz, 0.1 dB for 60 GHz	
Dimensions	100 x 100 x 100 mm	

5.6. Incident Power Density Measurement Procedure

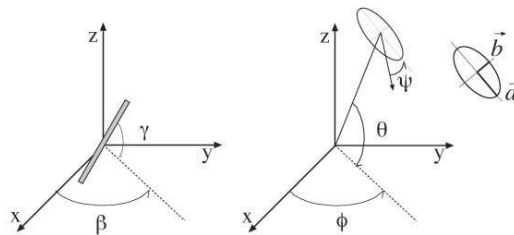
Within a short distance from the transmitting source, power density is determined based on both electric and magnetic fields. Generally, the magnitude and phase of two components of either the E-field or H-field are needed on a sufficiently large surface to fully characterize the total E-field and H-field distributions. Nevertheless, solutions based on direct measurement of E-field and H-field can be used to compute power density. When the measurement surface does not correspond to the evaluation surface, reconstruction algorithms are necessary to project or transform the fields from the measurement surface to the evaluation surface. The general measurement approach is summarized in following:

- [1] Measure the E-field on the measurement surface at a reference location where the field is well above the noise level. This reference level will be used at the end of this procedure to assess output power drift of the DUT during the measurement.
- [2] Scan the electric field on the measurement surface. The requirements of measurement surface dimensions and spatial resolution are dependent on the measurement system and assessment methodology applied. Measurements are therefore conducted according to the instructions provided by the measurement system manufacturer.

- [3] Measurement spatial resolution can depend on the measured field characteristic and measurement methodology used by the system. Planar scanners typically require a step size of less than $\lambda/2$. When measurements are acquired in regions where evanescent modes are not negligible, smaller spatial resolution may be required. Similar criteria also apply to cylindrical scanning systems where the spatial resolution in the vertical direction should be less than $\lambda/2$.
- [4] Since only E-field is measured on the measurement system, the H-field is calculated from the measured field using a reconstruction algorithm. As power density requires knowledge of both amplitude and phase, reconstruction algorithms can also be used to obtain field information from the measured data (e.g., the phase from the amplitude if only the amplitude is measured). The measurement involves two planes with three different probe rotations on two measurement planes separated by $\lambda/4$. The grid steps are optimized by the software based on the test frequency. The location of the lowest measurement plane is defined by the distance of first measurement layer from device under test entered by the user. In addition, when the measurement surface does not correspond to the evaluation surface, reconstruction algorithms are employed to project or transform the fields from the measurement surface to the evaluation surface. In substance, reconstruction algorithms are the set of algorithms, mathematical techniques and procedures that are applied to the measured field on the measurement surface to determine E- and H-field (amplitude and phase) on the evaluation surface.
- [5] To determine the spatial-average power density distribution on the evaluation surface. The spatial averaging area, A , is specified by the applicable exposure limits or regulatory requirements. If the shape of the area is not provided by the relevant regulatory requirements, a circular shape is recommended.
- [6] Measure the E-field on the measurement surface position at the reference location chosen in step [1]. The power drift of the DUT is estimated as the difference between the squared amplitude of the field values taken in steps [1] and [6]. When the drift is smaller than $\pm 5\%$, this term should be considered in the uncertainty budget. Drifts larger than 5% due to the design and operating characteristics of the device should be accounted for or addressed according to regulatory requirements to determine compliance.

5.6.1 Computation of the Electric Field Polarization Ellipse

For the numerical description of an arbitrarily oriented ellipse in three-dimensional space, five parameters are needed: the semi-major axis (a), the semi-minor axis (b), two angles describing the orientation of the normal vector of the ellipse (Φ , θ), and one angle describing the tilt of the semi-major axis (ψ). For the two extreme cases, i.e., circular and linear polarizations, only three parameters (a , Φ , and θ) are sufficient for the description of the incident field.



For the reconstruction of the ellipse parameters from measured data, the problem can be reformulated as a nonlinear search problem. The semi-major and semi-minor axes of an elliptical field can be expressed as functions of the three angles (Φ , θ , and ψ). The parameters can be uniquely determined to minimize the error based on least-squares for the given set of angles and the measured data. In this way, the number of free parameters is reduced from five to three, which means that at least three sensor readings are necessary to gain sufficient information for the reconstruction of the ellipse parameters. However, to suppress the noise and increase the reconstruction accuracy, it is desirable to overdetermine the system of equations. The solution to use a probe consisting of two sensors angled by γ_1 and γ_2 toward the probe axis and to perform measurements at three angular positions of the probe, i.e., at β_1 , β_2 , and β_3 , results in overdeterminations by a factor of two. If more information or increased accuracy is required, more rotation angles can be added.

The reconstruction of the ellipse parameters can be separated into linear and non-linear parts that are best solved by the Givens algorithm combined with a downhill simplex algorithm. To minimize the mutual coupling, sensor angles are set with a shift of 90° ($\gamma_2 = \gamma_1 + 90^\circ$), and, for simplification, the first rotation angle of the probe (β_1) can be set to 0° .

5.6.2 Total Field and Power Flux Density Reconstruction

Plane-to-Plane Phase Reconstruction (PTP-PR)

Computation of the IPD in general requires knowledge of the electric (E-) and magnetic (H-) field amplitudes and phases in the plane of incidence. Reconstruction of these quantities from pseudo-vector E-field measurements is feasible, as they are constrained by Maxwell's equations.

The Plane-to-Plane Phase Reconstruction (PTP-PR) reconstruction approach based on the Gerchberg-Saxton algorithm, which benefits from the availability of the E-field polarization ellipse information obtained with the EUmmWVx probe. This reconstruction algorithm, together with the ability of the probe to measure extremely close to the source without perturbing the field, permits reconstruction of the E- and H-fields and the IPD on measurement planes located as near as $\lambda/2\pi$. At closer distances, the uncertainty might be larger.

Equivalent Source Reconstruction (ESR) (Recommended)

In order to overcome the main limitations of PTP-PR at distances $d \leq \lambda/2\pi$ from the DUT, i.e., in the reactive near-field and beyond planar evaluation surfaces, SPEAG have joined forces in a research collaboration to develop a novel equivalent source reconstruction (ESR) algorithm, that models an unknown and inaccessible transmitter not anymore in terms of plane waves but as a set of distributed known auxiliary sources below the surface of the device enclosure. The locations, amplitudes, and phases of these sources are then determined to reconstruct the measured near-fields optimally. As a result, the transmitters inside any enclosure can be replaced with these equivalent sources in any radiation problem, including exposure assessment scenarios. ESR even enables back transformation within a limited range.

This approach has three main advantages:

- Lower reconstruction errors in the reactive near-field regions, which ease compliance testing of DUT operating in the 6 ~ 24 GHz frequency range.
- Evaluation of phones with non-planar surfaces, e.g., a flat surface with a protruding camera module.
- Possibility to perform phase reconstruction in any parts of the radiation region without any limitation to planar measurement domains. In other words, measurements can be done on a conformal surface or even on scattered points in the radiation domain and still obtain reliable data on the phase variations. This opens the way for evaluations on non-planar device surfaces (e.g., virtual- reality goggles) and enables full-wave simulations using measurement results only, i.e., without requiring models for the transmitters.

5.6.3 Power Flux Density Averaging

The average of the reconstructed power density is evaluated on the measurement plane. Two averaging geometries are available: a circle and a rotating square. The averaging area is defined by the user; typical values are 1 cm² and 4 cm². The three variants of the spatial-average Power Density (sPD) defined in the IEC 63195 standard are computed by integration of the Poynting vector:

- sPD_{n+} : Surface normal propagating power flux density into the phantom.
- sPD_{tot+} : Total propagating power flux density into the phantom.
- sPD_{mod+} : Total power flux density into the phantom considering near-field exposure.

6. System Verification

6.1. SAR Tissue Simulating Liquid Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18 °C to 25 °C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18 °C to 25 °C and within ± 2 °C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 ~ 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

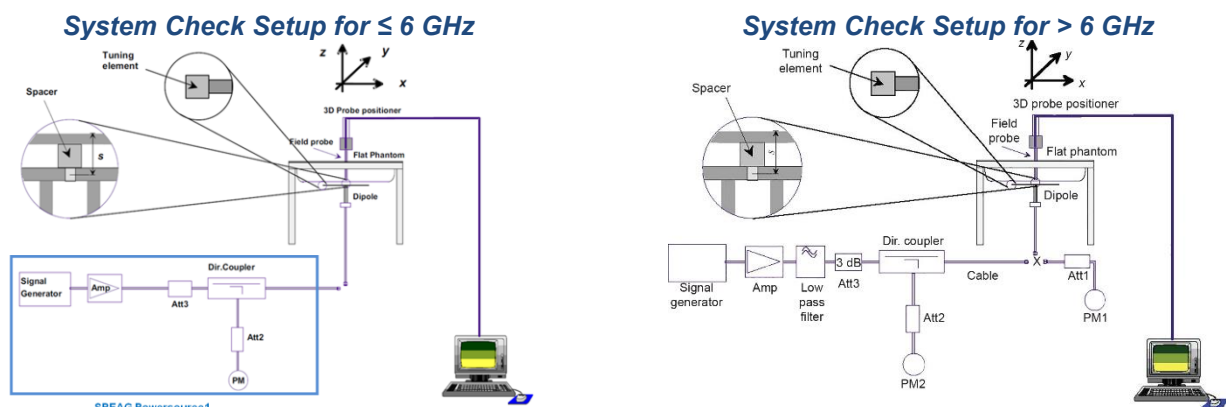
The dielectric constant (ϵ_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within ± 5 % of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ϵ_r and σ can be relaxed to ± 10 %.

Frequency (MHz)	Ambient Temp. (°C)	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Deviation Permittivity (ϵ_r) (%)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Date
750	22.4	21.9	43.0	0.884	41.9	0.89	2.63	-0.67	Jan. 20, 2024
750	22.5	22.1	42.5	0.913	41.9	0.89	1.43	2.58	Jan. 23, 2024
835	22.5	22.1	42.2	0.940	41.5	0.9	1.69	4.44	Jan. 23, 2024
1800	22.5	22.1	40.5	1.370	40	1.4	1.25	-2.14	Jan. 19, 2024
1900	22.5	22.1	40.3	1.430	40	1.4	0.75	2.14	Jan. 19, 2024
2450	22.6	22.3	41.6	1.830	39.2	1.8	6.12	1.67	Jan. 17, 2024
2600	22.7	22.1	41.2	1.930	39	1.96	5.64	-1.53	Jan. 21, 2024
2600	22.4	22.2	40.4	1.920	39	1.96	3.59	-2.04	Jan. 24, 2024
3500	22.6	22.4	39.5	2.720	37.9	2.91	4.22	-6.53	Jan. 22, 2024
3700	22.6	22.4	39.2	2.910	37.7	3.12	3.98	-6.73	Jan. 22, 2024
5250	22.7	22.2	36.4	4.560	35.9	4.71	1.39	-3.18	Jan. 18, 2024
5600	22.7	22.2	35.8	4.950	35.5	5.07	0.85	-2.37	Jan. 18, 2024
5800	22.7	22.2	35.5	5.190	35.4	5.22	0.28	-0.57	Jan. 18, 2024
6500	22.2	21.9	33.9	6.010	34.5	6.07	-1.74	-0.99	Dec. 29, 2023

6.2. SAR Test System Verification

The SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. For frequency ≤ 6 GHz, the SPEAG Powersource1 is used as signal source. For frequency > 6 GHz, the signal generator is used as signal source. The Powersource1 is a portable and very stable RF source providing a continuous wave (CW) signal. It is designed for conducting system checks and system validation and is compatible with international standards, and has been calibrated by SPEAG's ISO 17025 accredited calibration center. When using Powersource1, the setup can be simplified. The signal purity is warranted by design. Since the Powersource1 is calibrated, no additional equipment is needed and the Powersource1 can directly be connected to the SMA connector of the dipole without a cable as all separate components (signal generator, amplifier, coupler and power meter) are built into the unit. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touched the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Before the system check testing, the Powersource1 will be adjusted for the desired forward power of 17 dBm (50 mW) or the signal generator will be adjusted for desired forward power of 20 dBm (100 mW) at the dipole connector and the RF output power would be turned on. After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1 W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jan. 20, 2024	750	8.56	0.435	8.68	1.39	1222	7737	1743
Jan. 23, 2024	750	8.56	0.431	8.60	0.46	1222	7737	1743
Jan. 23, 2024	835	9.64	0.493	9.84	2.04	4d291	7737	1743
Jan. 19, 2024	1800	38	1.89	37.71	-0.76	2d167	7737	1743
Jan. 19, 2024	1900	40.4	1.83	36.51	-9.62	5d111	7737	1743
Jan. 17, 2024	2450	52.5	2.41	48.09	-8.41	1087	7737	1743
Jan. 21, 2024	2600	57.1	2.75	54.87	-3.91	1197	7737	1743
Jan. 24, 2024	2600	57.1	2.6	51.88	-9.15	1197	7737	1743
Jan. 22, 2024	3500	65.7	2.98	59.46	-9.50	1013	7737	1743
Jan. 22, 2024	3700	66.4	3.16	63.05	-5.04	1034	7737	1743
Jan. 18, 2024	5250	79.7	3.62	72.23	-9.37	1358	7737	1743
Jan. 18, 2024	5600	81.8	3.86	77.02	-5.85	1358	7737	1743
Jan. 18, 2024	5800	81.5	3.68	73.43	-9.91	1358	7737	1743

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Targeted 8g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 8g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 8g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Targeted APD 4 cm ² (W/kg)	Measured APD 4 cm ² (W/kg)	Normalized APD 4 cm ² (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Dec. 29, 2023	6500	290	26.3	263.00	-9.31	65.4	5.95	59.50	-9.02	1310	119	1190.00	-9.16	1081	7757	1669

6.3. IPD Test System Verification

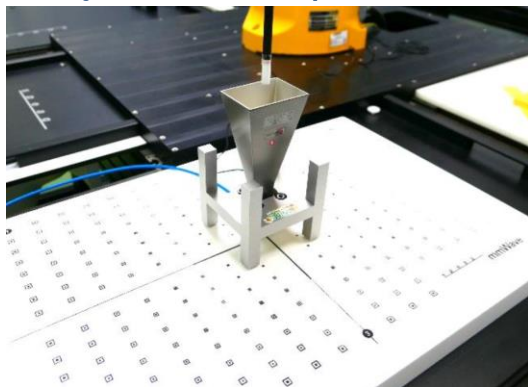
The system was verified to be within ± 0.66 dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mm-Wave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check.

The system check provides a fast and reliable method to routinely verify that the measurement system is operational with no system component failures, including probe defects, drifts or deviation from target performance requirements. A system check also verifies the repeatability of the measurement system before compliance testing.

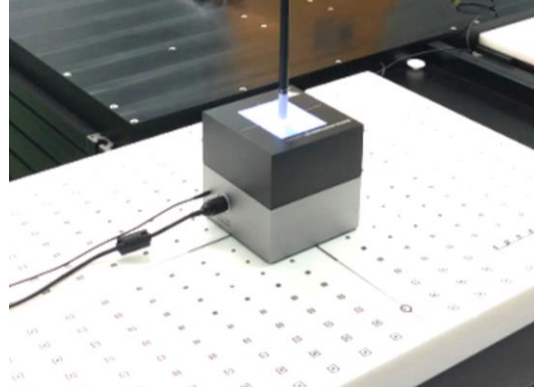
The measurement of a verification source is started from 5G probe installed and the phantom taught. The verification source is placed on the 5G phantom. Due to the internal distance from the horn to the outer surface of the verification source, the measurement distance set in the software should be offset by -4.45 mm; e.g., for measurement of the verification source at 10 mm, the measurement distance set in the software should be 5.55 mm (10 mm - 4.45 mm).

The system check is a complete measurement using simple well-defined reference sources. Per the DASY8 specification in the user's manual and SPEAG's recommendation, the deviation threshold of ± 0.66 dB represents the expanded standard uncertainty for system performance check. The system check is successful if the measured results are within ± 0.66 dB tolerances to the target value shown in the calibration certificate of the verification source. The instrumentation and procedures used for system check should ensure the system is ready for performing compliance tests.

System Check Setup for 10 GHz



System Check Setup for 30 / 60 GHz



Settings for the Measurement of Verification Sources

Frequency (GHz)	Grid Step	Grid Extent X/Y (mm)	Measurement Points
10	0.125 ($\lambda/8$)	60 / 60	18 x 18
30	0.25 ($\lambda/4$)	60 / 60	26 x 26
60	0.25 ($\lambda/4$)	32.5 / 32.5	28 x 28

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted Avg PD 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	psPDn+ 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	psPDtot+ 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	psPDmod+ 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Measured Avg PD 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jan. 11, 2024	10G	56.7	55.3	52.7	53.2	53.73	-5.23	1060	9639	1743

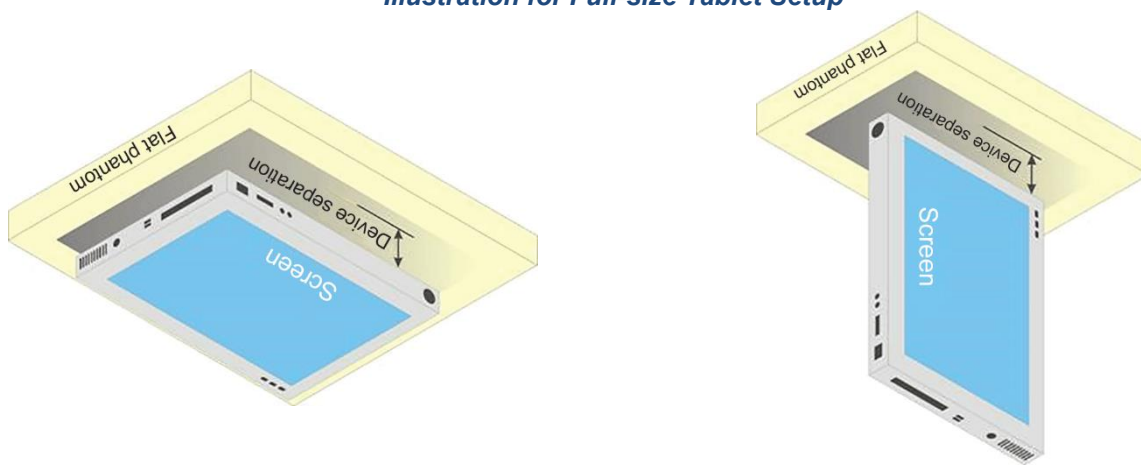
7. Test Configurations

7.1. Description of Test Position

7.1.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For full-size tablet, according to KDB Publication 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

Illustration for Full-size Tablet Setup



7.2. FCC General Test Procedures

7.3.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB Publication 690783 D01.

7.3.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In KDB Publication 941225 D01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

7.3.3 Test Reduction Consideration for GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

SAR may be evaluated for DTM with the device operating in DTM using one CS plus the number of PS time-slots that result in the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output or by summing the single time-slot CS and highest maximum output multi-slot PS SAR. When different maximum output power applies to GSM voice or GPRS / EDGE time slots, GSM voice and GPRS / EDGE time slots should be tested separately to determine compliance by summing the corresponding reported SAR.

The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance.

7.3.4 Measurement Condition for WCDMA

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, DSPA) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

Body SAR

SAR for body-worn configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR is measured for HSDPA using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

Handsets with Release 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA / HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH / HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) are set according to values indicated in below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	$\beta_{HS}^{(1)(2)}$	CM ⁽³⁾ (dB)	MPR ⁽³⁾ (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	12/15 ⁽⁴⁾	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1 : Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2 : For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3 : CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in below.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{HS}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	$\beta_{ed}^{(4)(5)}$	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR ⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾ (dB)	AG ⁽⁵⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

HSPA+ SAR Guidance

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA+ (uplink) with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA, SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+. Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

Sub-test	$\beta_d^{(3)}$	β_d	$\beta_{HS}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	$\beta_{ed}^{(4)}$ (2xSF2)	$\beta_{ed}^{(4)}$ (2xSF4)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR ⁽²⁾ (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI ⁽⁵⁾	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 30/15 β_{ed2} : 30/15	β_{ed3} : 24/15 β_{ed4} : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 \cdot \beta_c$.
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.
Note 4: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2 ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

DC-HSDPA SAR Guidance

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA, SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

7.3.5 Measurement Condition for CDMA2000

Body SAR

Body-worn SAR is measured in RC3 with the handset configured in TDSO/SO32 to transmit at full rate on FCH only with all other code channels disabled. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the multiple code channel configuration (FCH+SCH_n), with FCH only as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for multiple code channel configuration (FCH + SCH_n), with FCH at full rate and SCH0 enabled at 9600 bps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for FCH only. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body-worn SAR in RC1 with RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for RC1, with SO55 and full rate, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in RC3.

Handsets with built-in EV-DO

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to EV-DO Rev. 0 with 1xRTT RC3 as the primary mode to determine body-worn test requirements. Otherwise, body-worn SAR is required for Rev. 0, at 153.6 kbps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in RC3. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied separately to Rev. A and Rev. B, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode to determine body-worn SAR test requirements. When SAR is not required for Rev. 0, the 3G SAR test reduction is applied with 1xRTT RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for Rev. A or Rev. B, with a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 and 3 Physical Layer configurations, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in Rev. 0 or RC3, as appropriate. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with ACK Channel transmitting in all slots is configured in the downlink for Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B.

EV-DO Data Devices

SAR is measured using the F/R TAP configurations required for Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations. A Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots are used for Subtype 2 and 3. FTAP, FETAP and FMCTAP are all configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control is in “All Bits Up” conditions for the TAP/ETAP/MCTAP. Body-worn and other body SAR are measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to Rev. A, Subtype 2 Physical layer configuration, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for Rev. A using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in Rev. 0. SAR is required for Rev. B, Subtype 3; it is measured by applying both the “test 2” and “test 3” configurations used for power measurement.

EV-DO Data Devices Support 1xRTT

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 1xRTT RC3 and RC1 with EV-DO Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B as the respective primary modes. Otherwise, the “CDMA 1xRTT Handsets Body-worn SAR” procedures are applied.

1x-Advanced SAR Guidance

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 1x-Advanced with 1xRTT RC3 as the primary mode. When SAR measurement is required, the 1x-Advanced power measurement configurations are used. The 1x Advanced SAR procedures are applied separately to head, body-worn and other exposure conditions.

7.3.6 Measurement Condition for LTE

Per KDB Publication 941225 D05, LTE establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8821C or MT8000 simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

The LTE Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. The MPR is enabled for this device and the allowed MPR is specified in below.

Modulation	Channel Bandwidth / Transmission Bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
64QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
64QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
256QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5

The device is compliant with Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting “NS=01” on the base station simulator.

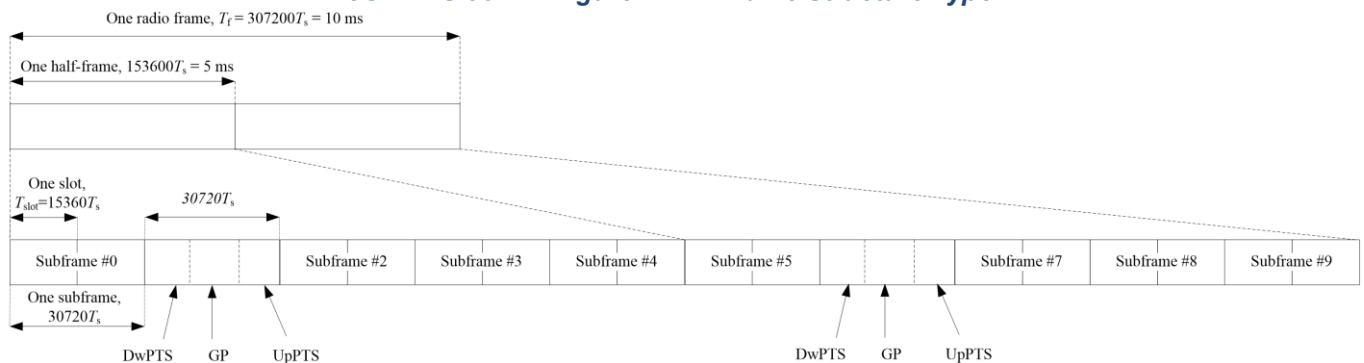
LTE SAR Test Requirement

- [1] Start SAR testing for QPSK with 1 RB allocation with the largest bandwidth using offset and required channel combination with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- [2] For QPSK with 50% RB allocation, the 1 RB allocation procedures in step 1 are applied to measure the SAR.
- [3] For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations, and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- [4] For higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 0.5 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.
- [5] Per KDB Publication 941225 D05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

TDD-LTE Considerations

According to KDB Publication 941225 D05, SAR testing for TDD-LTE device must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP TDD-LTE configurations. The TDD-LTE of this device supports frame structure type 2 defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2, and the frame structure configuration can be referred to below.

3GPP TS 36.211 Figure 4.2-1: Frame Structure Type 2



3GPP TS 36.211 Table 4.2-1: Configuration of Special Subframe

Special Subframe Configuration	Normal Cyclic Prefix in Downlink			Extended Cyclic Prefix in Downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal Cyclic Prefix in Uplink	Extended Cyclic Prefix in Uplink		Normal Cyclic Prefix in Uplink	Extended Cyclic Prefix in Uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$(1+X) \cdot 2192 \cdot T_s$	$(1+X) \cdot 2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$(1+X) \cdot 2192 \cdot T_s$	$(1+X) \cdot 2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$(2+X) \cdot 2192 \cdot T_s$	$(2+X) \cdot 2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$(2+X) \cdot 2192 \cdot T_s$	$(2+X) \cdot 2560 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$	$13152 \cdot T_s$	$12800 \cdot T_s$	-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
10	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

3GPP TS 36.211 Table 4.2-2: Uplink-Downlink Configurations

UL-DL Configuration	DL-to-UL Switch Point Periodicity	Subframe Number										Duty Cycle (%)
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

Note: Calculated Duty Cycle = Extended cyclic prefix in UL * (T_s) * # of S + # of U / period

Considering the highest transmission duty cycle, TDD-LTE was tested using Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0 with 6 uplink subframe and 2 special subframe. The special subframe was set to special subframe configuration 7 using extended cyclic prefix uplink. Therefore, SAR testing for TDD-LTE was performed at the maximum output power with highest transmission duty cycle of 63.33 %.

LTE Uplink Carrier Aggregation (CA) Consideration**<LTE Intra-Band Contiguous Carrier Aggregation>**

UL CA shall be tested based on the worst-case SAR configuration determined from non-CA SAR testing result. The channel BW, channel number, RB allocation, etc. would be selected to allow contiguous CA of PCC and SCC. Uplink output power for UL CA is the total power measured across the PCC and SCC. UL CA power measurements were performed for each antenna at with QPSK modulation based on the worst-case standalone SAR.

The UL CA mode power measurements represent the total power across both carriers. Measurements were made for all supported PCC bandwidths using the channel / RB combination resulting in the highest standalone output power at the least MPR (0 dB). SCCs were set to use configurations similar to the PCC to establish conservative or worst-case equivalent SAR test conditions (highest maximum output power with MPR of 0 dB and RB allocation setting).

Per November 2017 TCB Workshop, Uplink CA SAR test guidance as follows:

- [1] When the maximum output power for UL CA is $\leq$ standalone LTE mode (without CA),
 - PCC is configured according to the highest standalone SAR configuration tested.
 - SCC and subsequent CCs are configured according to procedures used for power measurement and parameters (BW, RB etc.) similar to that used for the PCC.
- [2] When the Reported SAR for UL CA configuration, described above, is > 1.2 W/kg, UL CA SAR is also required for all required test channels (PCC based).
- [3] UL CA SAR is also required for standalone SAR configurations > 1.2 W/kg when they are scaled to the UL CA power level.

<LTE Inter-Band Carrier Aggregation>

Per October 2018 TCB Workshop, Uplink CA SAR test guidance as follows:

- [1] Provide the single uplink SAR values you have obtained for the relevant SAR configurations and frequency bands that employ inter-band uplink carrier aggregation.
- [2] If the single uplink 1g SAR values for each band are both less than 0.8 W/kg and the algebraic summation of the 1g SAR values are less than 1.45 W/kg, no additional measurements need to be performed.
- [3] If one of the single Uplink 1g SAR values is greater than 0.8 W/kg, instead of algebraically summing the 1g SAR values, sum up the SAR distributions, similar to the enlarged zoom scan (volume scan) procedures found in KDB Publication 865664 D01.
- [4] If the algebraic sum of the 1g SAR values is > 1.45 W/kg, additional measurements may have to be made. Submit a KDB inquiry for additional guidance.

Maximum Output Power (Tune-up Limit) and SAR Test Exemption for LTE UL Carrier Aggregation

The maximum UL CA transmit power is reduced by 3 dB from the standalone values for both carriers therefore SAR will be reduced accordingly.

The reported 1g SAR for any standalone LTE configuration does not exceed 1.2 W/kg. The worst-case UL CA SAR per band will therefore be < 0.6 W/kg. As the SAR for each individual band is < 0.6 W/kg and the algebraic summation cannot exceed 1.2 W/kg no further measurements are needed.

The combined SAR contribution cannot exceed the highest standalone SAR :

$$(SAR_{LTE1} / 2 + SAR_{LTE2} / 2 \leq \text{Max} (SAR_{LTE1}, SAR_{LTE2}))$$

Therefore, simultaneous transmission analysis of UL CA and WLAN / BT transmitters can be done using either of the standalone LTE SAR values alone.

7.3.8 Measurement Condition for Wi-Fi

General Considerations

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. Various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 ~ 96 % is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85 % is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB Publication 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

2.4 GHz Band

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n/ax OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, SAR measurement using OFDM SAR test procedures is not required for U-NII-1 unless the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is > 1.2 W/kg. When different maximum output powers are specified for the bands, SAR measurement for the U-NII band with the lower maximum output power is not required unless the highest reported SAR for the U-NII band with the higher maximum output power, adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands, is > 1.2 W/kg. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 ~ 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 ~ 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. Each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are tested. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test and Channel Selection

When the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. Per April 2019 TCB Workshop guidance, 802.11ax was considered the highest order 802.11 mode. When the maximum output power is the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order IEEE 802.11 mode. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

Subsequent Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

MIMO SAR considerations

Per KDB Publication 248227 D01, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for Wi-Fi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6 W/kg, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO are required. Alternatively, SAR for MIMO can be measured with all antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation. When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

SAR Test Exclusion for IEEE 802.11ax

To make the most efficient use of the additional available subcarriers (data tones), IEEE 802.11ax can utilize Orthogonal Frequency-Division Multiple Access (OFDMA) which divides the existing 802.11 channels into smaller subchannels called Resource Units (RUs). Possible RU sizes are: 26T, 52T, 106T, 242T, 484T, 996T and 996Tx2.

Per FCC Guidance, 802.11ax was considered a higher order 802.11 mode when compared to a/b/g/n/ac to apply KDB Publication 248227 D01 for OFDM mode selection. Therefore, SAR tests were not required for 802.11ax based on the maximum allowed output powers of OFDM modes and the reported SAR values. Per FCC Guidance, maximum conducted powers were performed for each RU size to demonstrate that the output powers would not be higher than the other OFDM 802.11 modes.

When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required, the following procedures are applied to measure the SAR.

- If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power.
- Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing.
- When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel.

8. RF Output Power Specification and Measurement

8.1. Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

Tune-up Power P-sensor off(Full)		
WCDMA Band		Maximum Tune-up
II	RMC12.2Kbps	24.5
	HSDPA	23.5
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	23.5
IV	RMC12.2Kbps	24.5
	HSDPA	23.5
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	23.5
V	RMC12.2Kbps	24.5
	HSDPA	23.5
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	23.5

Tune-up Power P-sensor off(Full)		
LTE Band		Maximum Tune-up
2	FDD	23.5
4	FDD	23.5
5	FDD	23.5
7	FDD	23.5
12	FDD	23.5
13	FDD	23.5
14	FDD	23.5
17	FDD	23.5
25	FDD	23.5
26	FDD	23.5
38	TDD	23.5
41	TDD	23.5
42	TDD	22.0
43	TDD	22.0
48	TDD	22.0
66	FDD	23.5
71	FDD	23.5

Tune-up Power P-sensor on(Down)		
WCDMA Band		Maximum Tune-up
II	RMC12.2K	17.0
	HSDPA	17.0
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	17.0
IV	RMC12.2K	18.0
	HSDPA	18.0
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	18.0
V	RMC12.2K	23.5
	HSDPA	23.5
	DC-HSDPA	
	HSUPA HSPA+	23.5

Tune-up Power P-sensor on(Down)		
LTE Band		Maximum Tune-up
2	FDD	17.5
4	FDD	17.5
5	FDD	23.5
7	FDD	17.5
12	FDD	22.5
13	FDD	23.0
14	FDD	23.0
17	FDD	22.5
25	FDD	17.5
26	FDD	23.5
38	TDD	22.0
41	TDD	22.0
42	TDD	20.5
43	TDD	20.0
48	TDD	20.0
66	FDD	17.5
71	FDD	23.0

WLAN 2.4 GHz MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11b	1	2412	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
	12	2467	10.50	10.50	13.50
	13	2472	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11g	1	2412	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
	12	2467	10.50	10.50	13.50
	13	2472	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11n HT20	1	2412	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
	12	2467	10.50	10.50	13.50
	13	2472	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11n HT40	3	2422	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	9	2452	10.50	10.50	13.50
	10	2457	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
VHT20	1	2412	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
	12	2467	10.50	10.50	13.50
	13	2472	10.50	10.50	13.50
VHT40	3	2422	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	9	2452	10.50	10.50	13.50
	10	2457	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE20	1	2412	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50
	12	2467	10.50	10.50	13.50
	13	2472	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE40	3	2422	10.50	10.50	13.50
	6	2437	10.50	10.50	13.50
	9	2452	10.50	10.50	13.50
	10	2457	10.50	10.50	13.50
	11	2462	10.50	10.50	13.50

WLAN 5.2 GHz MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	36	5180	12.00	12.00	15.00
	40	5200	12.00	12.00	15.00
	44	5220	12.00	12.00	15.00
	48	5240	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11n HT20	36	5180	12.00	12.00	15.00
	40	5200	12.00	12.00	15.00
	44	5220	12.00	12.00	15.00
	48	5240	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11n HT40	38	5190	12.00	12.00	15.00
	46	5230	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	12.00	12.00	15.00
	40	5200	12.00	12.00	15.00
	44	5220	12.00	12.00	15.00
	48	5240	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	12.00	12.00	15.00
	46	5230	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE20	36	5180	12.00	12.00	15.00
	40	5200	12.00	12.00	15.00
	44	5220	12.00	12.00	15.00
	48	5240	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE40	38	5190	12.00	12.00	15.00
	46	5230	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE80	42	5210	12.00	12.00	15.00

WLAN 5.3 GHz MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	52	5260	12.00	12.00	15.00
	56	5280	12.00	12.00	15.00
	60	5300	12.00	12.00	15.00
	64	5320	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11n HT20	52	5260	12.00	12.00	15.00
	56	5280	12.00	12.00	15.00
	60	5300	12.00	12.00	15.00
	64	5320	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11n HT40	54	5270	12.00	12.00	15.00
	62	5310	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT20	52	5260	12.00	12.00	15.00
	56	5280	12.00	12.00	15.00
	60	5300	12.00	12.00	15.00
	64	5320	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	12.00	12.00	15.00
	62	5310	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE20	52	5260	12.00	12.00	15.00
	56	5280	12.00	12.00	15.00
	60	5300	12.00	12.00	15.00
	64	5320	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE40	54	5270	12.00	12.00	15.00
	62	5310	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE80	58	5290	12.00	12.00	15.00
802.11ax HE160	50	5250	12.00	12.00	15.00

WLAN 5.6 GHz MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	100	5500	9.00	9.00	12.00
	116	5580	9.00	9.00	12.00
	124	5620	9.00	9.00	12.00
	132	5660	9.00	9.00	12.00
	140	5700	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11n HT20	100	5500	9.00	9.00	12.00
	116	5580	9.00	9.00	12.00
	124	5620	9.00	9.00	12.00
	132	5660	9.00	9.00	12.00
	140	5700	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11n HT40	102	5510	9.00	9.00	12.00
	110	5550	9.00	9.00	12.00
	126	5630	9.00	9.00	12.00
	134	5670	9.00	9.00	12.00
	142	5710	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ac VHT20	100	5500	9.00	9.00	12.00
	116	5580	9.00	9.00	12.00
	124	5620	9.00	9.00	12.00
	132	5660	9.00	9.00	12.00
	140	5700	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ac VHT40	102	5510	9.00	9.00	12.00
	110	5550	9.00	9.00	12.00
	126	5630	9.00	9.00	12.00
	134	5670	9.00	9.00	12.00
	142	5710	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	9.00	9.00	12.00
	122	5610	9.00	9.00	12.00
	138	5690	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ax HE20	100	5500	9.00	9.00	12.00
	116	5580	9.00	9.00	12.00
	124	5620	9.00	9.00	12.00
	132	5660	9.00	9.00	12.00
	140	5700	9.00	9.00	12.00
	144	5720	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ax HE40	102	5510	9.00	9.00	12.00
	110	5550	9.00	9.00	12.00
	126	5630	9.00	9.00	12.00
	134	5670	9.00	9.00	12.00
	142	5710	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ax HE80	106	5530	9.00	9.00	12.00
	122	5610	9.00	9.00	12.00
	138	5690	9.00	9.00	12.00
802.11ax HE160	114	5570	9.00	9.00	12.00

WLAN 5.8 GHz MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	149	5745	12.50	12.50	15.50
	157	5785	12.50	12.50	15.50
	165	5825	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11n HT20	149	5745	12.50	12.50	15.50
	157	5785	12.50	12.50	15.50
	165	5825	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11n HT40	151	5755	12.50	12.50	15.50
	159	5795	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	12.50	12.50	15.50
	157	5785	12.50	12.50	15.50
	165	5825	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	12.50	12.50	15.50
	159	5795	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ax HE20	149	5745	12.50	12.50	15.50
	157	5785	12.50	12.50	15.50
	165	5825	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ax HE40	151	5755	12.50	12.50	15.50
	159	5795	12.50	12.50	15.50
802.11ax HE80	155	5775	12.50	12.50	15.50

U-NII 5 MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	1	5955	10.50	10.50	13.50
	45	6175	10.50	10.50	13.50
	93	6415	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE20	1	5955	10.50	10.50	13.50
	45	6175	10.50	10.50	13.50
	93	6415	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE40	3	5965	10.50	10.50	13.50
	43	6165	10.50	10.50	13.50
	91	6405	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE80	7	5985	10.50	10.50	13.50
	39	6145	10.50	10.50	13.50
	87	6385	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE160	15	6025	10.50	10.50	13.50
	47	6185	10.50	10.50	13.50
	79	6345	10.50	10.50	13.50

U-NII 6 MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	97	6435	10.50	10.50	13.50
	105	6475	10.50	10.50	13.50
	113	6515	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE20	97	6435	10.50	10.50	13.50
	105	6475	10.50	10.50	13.50
	113	6515	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE40	99	6445	10.50	10.50	13.50
	107	6485	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE80	103	6465	10.50	10.50	13.50
	119	6545	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE160	111	6505	10.50	10.50	13.50

U-NII 7 MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	117	6535	10.50	10.50	13.50
	149	6695	10.50	10.50	13.50
	181	6855	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE20	117	6535	10.50	10.50	13.50
	149	6695	10.50	10.50	13.50
	181	6855	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE40	115	6525	10.50	10.50	13.50
	147	6685	10.50	10.50	13.50
	179	6845	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE80	135	6625	10.50	10.50	13.50
	151	6705	10.50	10.50	13.50
	167	6785	10.50	10.50	13.50
	183	6865	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE160	143	6665	10.50	10.50	13.50
	175	6825	10.50	10.50	13.50

U-NII 8 MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0+1
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up
802.11a	185	6875	10.50	10.50	13.50
	209	6995	10.50	10.50	13.50
	233	7115	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE20	185	6875	10.50	10.50	13.50
	209	6995	10.50	10.50	13.50
	233	7115	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE40	187	6885	10.50	10.50	13.50
	211	7005	10.50	10.50	13.50
	227	7085	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE80	199	6945	10.50	10.50	13.50
	215	7025	10.50	10.50	13.50
802.11ax HE160	207	6985	10.50	10.50	13.50

Bluetooth MAX Tune-up Power					
Mode	Channel	Frequency	ANT 0	ANT 1	
			MAX Tune-up	MAX Tune-up	
BR / EDR	1Mbps (GFSK)	0	2402	---	6.00
		39	2441	---	6.00
		78	2480	---	6.00
	2Mbps ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	0	2402	---	6.00
		39	2441	---	6.00
		78	2480	---	6.00
	3Mbps (8-DPSK)	0	2402	---	6.00
		39	2441	---	6.00
		78	2480	---	6.00
LE	1Mbps (GFSK)	0	2402	---	3.00
		19	2440	---	3.00
		39	2480	---	3.00
	2Mbps ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	1	2404	---	3.00
		19	2440	---	3.00
		38	2478	---	3.00

8.2. Measured Conducted Power Results for WCDMA

Test Notes:

- [1] Per KDB Publication 941225 D01, W-CDMA maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels and using the appropriate 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's".
- [2] For Release 99 Setup Procedures used to establish the test signals, the following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A summary of these settings is illustrated below:

Mode	Subtest	Rel. 99
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 2
	Rel.99 RMC	12.2 kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

Band	WCDMA Band II P-sensor off(Full)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	9262	9400	9538		
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	23.66	23.67	23.48	24.5	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	23.22	23.22	23.15	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	23.2	23.21	23.12	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	22.26	22.36	22.31	23	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	22.34	22.34	22.27	23	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	23.13	23.21	23.16	23.5	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.18	21.22	21.18	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	22.13	22.19	22.11	22.5	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.14	21.18	21.14	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	23.15	23.18	23.1	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	23.07	23.11	23.11	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	23.04	23.05	23.02	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.36	22.36	22.34	23	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.23	22.31	22.22	23	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	20.33	20.43	20.4	21	0-2.5

Band	WCDMA Band IV P-sensor off(Full)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	1312	1413	1513		
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	23.6	23.61	23.49	24.5	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	23.15	23.32	23.15	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	23.2	23.13	23.1	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	22.24	22.26	22.3	23	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	22.28	22.29	22.17	23	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	23.03	23.12	23.07	23.5	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.16	21.18	21.09	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	22.08	22.19	22.04	22.5	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.09	21.17	21.04	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	23.09	23.16	23.06	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	23.06	23.11	23.04	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	22.99	22.97	22.94	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.28	22.28	22.29	23	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.17	22.29	22.2	23	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	20.24	20.33	20.39	21	0-2.5

Band	WCDMA Band V P-sensor off(Full)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	4132	4182	4233		
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	23.45	23.49	23.41	24.5	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	23.2	23.2	23.09	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	23.2	23.12	23.12	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	22.18	22.28	22.31	23	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	22.25	22.3	22.17	23	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	23.04	23.13	23.06	23.5	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.16	21.22	21.14	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	22.05	22.12	22.09	22.5	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.1	21.18	21.14	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	23.1	23.16	23.07	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	23.03	23.03	23.05	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	23.04	22.96	22.94	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.36	22.31	22.34	23	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.19	22.23	22.22	23	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	20.23	20.34	20.34	21	0-2.5

Band	WCDMA Band II P-sensor on(Down)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	9262	9400	9538		
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	16.65	16.66	16.46	17	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	16.20	16.20	16.13	17	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	16.18	16.19	16.10	17	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	15.24	15.34	15.29	16.5	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	15.32	15.32	15.25	16.5	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	16.11	16.19	16.14	17	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	14.16	14.20	14.16	15	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	15.11	15.17	15.09	16	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	14.12	14.16	14.12	15	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	16.13	16.16	16.08	17	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	16.05	16.09	16.09	17	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	16.02	16.03	16.00	17	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	15.34	15.34	15.32	16.5	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	15.21	15.29	15.20	16.5	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	13.31	13.41	13.38	14.5	0-2.5

Band	WCDMA Band IV P-sensor on(Down)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	1312	1413	1513		
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	17.87	17.88	17.76	18	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	17.42	17.59	17.42	18	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	17.47	17.40	17.37	18	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	16.51	16.53	16.57	17.5	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	16.55	16.56	16.44	17.5	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	17.30	17.39	17.34	18	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	15.43	15.45	15.36	16	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	16.35	16.46	16.31	17	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	15.36	15.44	15.31	16	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	17.36	17.43	17.33	18	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	17.33	17.38	17.31	18	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	17.26	17.24	17.21	18	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	16.55	16.55	16.56	17.5	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	16.44	16.56	16.47	17.5	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	14.51	14.60	14.66	15.5	0-2.5

Band	WCDMA Band V P-sensor on(Down)			Tune up (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
Tx Channel	4132	4182	4233		
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6		
RMC12.2Kbps	23.45	23.49	23.41	23.5	-
HSDPA Subtest 1	23.2	23.2	23.09	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 2	23.2	23.12	23.12	23.5	0
HSDPA Subtest 3	22.18	22.28	22.31	23	0-0.5
HSDPA Subtest 4	22.25	22.3	22.17	23	0-0.5
HSUPA Subtest 1	23.04	23.13	23.06	23.5	0
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.16	21.22	21.14	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 3	22.05	22.12	22.09	22.5	0-1
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.1	21.18	21.14	21.5	0-2
HSUPA Subtest 5	23.1	23.16	23.07	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	23.03	23.03	23.05	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	23.04	22.96	22.94	23.5	0
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.36	22.31	22.34	23	0-0.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.19	22.23	22.22	23	0-0.5
HSPA+ Subtest 1	20.23	20.34	20.34	21	0-2.5

8.3. Measured Conducted Power Results for LTE

Test Notes:

- [1] Per 3GPP standard, LTE QPSK configuration has the highest maximum average output power.
- [2] The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS 36.101 specification.
 - UE Power Class: 3 (23 ±2 dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS 36.101.
 - The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 of 3GPP TS 36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".
- [3] According to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test exclusion can be applied for testing overlapping LTE bands as follows:
 - LTE Band 2 (1850 ~ 1910 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 25 (1850 ~ 1915 MHz)
 - LTE Band 4 (1710 ~ 1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (1710 ~ 1780 MHz)
 - LTE Band 5 (824 ~ 849 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 26 (814 ~ 849 MHz)
 - LTE Band 17 (704 ~ 716 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 12 (699 ~ 716 MHz)
- [4] Some LTE bands do not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- [5] The measured conducted power of highest bandwidth has been listed in below, and the measured conducted power for other bandwidth can be found in LTE Lower Bandwidth Conducted Power Appendix.

LTE Band 2 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
18700	18900	19100	Channel					
1860	1880	1900	Freq. (MHz)					
23.45	23.49	23.47	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.34	23.44	23.36	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.31	23.41	23.32	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.44	22.47	22.39	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.43	22.43	22.36	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.37	22.40	22.30	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.34	22.44	22.42	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.31	22.41	22.40	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.30	22.39	22.32	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.33	22.33	22.32	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.35	21.44	21.34	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.36	21.41	21.36	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.33	21.39	21.30	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.34	21.43	21.41	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.32	21.39	21.37	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.30	21.35	21.30	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.31	21.33	21.26	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.38	20.42	20.40	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.39	20.41	20.40	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.35	20.39	20.34	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.36	20.44	20.44	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 4 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20050	20175	20300	Channel					
1720	1732.5	1745	Freq. (MHz)					
23.19	23.22	23.14	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.13	23.21	23.11	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.15	23.20	23.08	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.20	22.26	22.21	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.15	22.22	22.15	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.13	22.19	22.09	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.20	22.23	22.14	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.14	22.20	22.21	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.16	22.18	22.20	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.04	22.12	22.06	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.19	21.23	21.20	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.14	21.20	21.13	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.11	21.18	21.13	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.19	21.22	21.18	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.16	21.18	21.16	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.06	21.14	21.11	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.08	21.12	21.19	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.12	20.21	20.15	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.17	20.20	20.18	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.18	20.18	20.12	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.14	20.23	20.11	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 5 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20450	20525	20600	Channel					
829	836.5	844	Freq. (MHz)					
23.45	23.47	23.46	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
23.34	23.46	23.34	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
23.40	23.43	23.41	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
22.38	22.49	22.40	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
22.35	22.45	22.33	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
22.31	22.42	22.38	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
22.45	22.46	22.43	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
22.26	22.43	22.36	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
22.29	22.41	22.37	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
22.26	22.35	22.33	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
21.34	21.46	21.37	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
21.30	21.43	21.31	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
21.25	21.41	21.35	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
21.32	21.45	21.38	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
21.24	21.41	21.34	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
21.22	21.37	21.32	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
21.30	21.35	21.24	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
20.33	20.44	20.35	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
20.34	20.43	20.40	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
20.26	20.41	20.35	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
20.30	20.46	20.43	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 7 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20850	21100	21350	Channel					
2510	2535	2560	Freq. (MHz)					
23.06	23.39	23.16	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.04	23.28	23.09	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.06	23.16	23.08	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.14	22.36	22.16	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.09	22.18	22.08	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.11	22.15	22.05	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.11	22.19	22.11	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.06	22.16	22.16	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.13	22.14	22.04	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.07	22.08	22.03	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.13	21.19	21.11	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.11	21.16	21.07	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.05	21.14	21.12	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.11	21.18	21.11	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.04	21.14	21.07	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.09	21.10	21.08	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.08	21.08	21.01	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.15	20.17	20.10	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.10	20.16	20.16	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.06	20.14	20.07	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.17	20.19	20.15	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 12 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23060	23095	23130	Channel					
704	707.5	711	Freq. (MHz)					
23.47	23.49	23.48	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
23.42	23.47	23.44	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
23.43	23.45	23.39	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
22.46	22.47	22.41	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
22.42	22.45	22.40	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
22.36	22.41	22.39	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
22.41	22.44	22.39	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
22.42	22.46	22.39	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
22.35	22.44	22.36	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
22.35	22.39	22.31	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
21.40	21.45	21.36	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
21.38	21.41	21.40	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
21.40	21.42	21.35	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
21.35	21.46	21.43	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
21.41	21.44	21.40	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
21.36	21.39	21.35	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
21.25	21.42	21.35	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
20.37	20.46	20.42	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
20.37	20.44	20.38	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
20.41	20.40	20.31	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
20.37	20.41	20.43	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 13 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23230	Channel							
782	Freq. (MHz)							
	23.43		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
	23.41		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
	23.38		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
	22.44		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
	22.42		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
	22.39		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
	22.43		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	5/0	0	1
	22.42		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
	22.40		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
	22.35		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
	21.41		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
	21.37		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
	21.38		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
	21.42		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
	21.40		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
	21.35		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
	21.38		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
	20.42		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
	20.40		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
	20.36		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
	20.37		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 14 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23330			Channel					
793			Freq. (MHz)					
	23.42		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
	23.37		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
	23.35		23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
	22.39		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
	22.36		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
	22.33		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
	22.37		22.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
	22.36		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
	22.34		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
	22.29		22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
	21.35		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
	21.31		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
	21.32		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
	21.36		21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
	21.34		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
	21.29		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
	21.32		21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
	20.36		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
	20.34		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
	20.30		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
	20.31		20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 17 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23780 23790 23800			Channel					
709 710 711			Freq. (MHz)					
23.48	23.49	23.46	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
23.43	23.48	23.38	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
23.41	23.46	23.35	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
22.36	22.47	22.39	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
22.37	22.43	22.33	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
22.34	22.42	22.24	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
22.25	22.45	22.35	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
22.26	22.47	22.31	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
22.27	22.45	22.25	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
22.28	22.40	22.26	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
21.32	21.46	21.25	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
21.26	21.42	21.33	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
21.29	21.43	21.20	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
21.25	21.46	21.37	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
21.30	21.45	21.32	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
21.21	21.40	21.21	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
21.21	21.43	21.17	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
20.29	20.47	20.38	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
20.33	20.45	20.31	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
20.35	20.44	20.34	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
20.31	20.45	20.38	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 25 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
26140	26365	26590	Channel					
1860	1882.5	1905	Freq. (MHz)					
23.44	23.49	23.36	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.42	23.47	23.33	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.45	23.43	23.32	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.40	22.45	22.29	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.37	22.43	22.35	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.40	22.41	22.22	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.40	22.42	22.33	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.47	22.46	22.39	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.40	22.44	22.28	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.31	22.37	22.28	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.39	21.43	21.25	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.33	21.42	21.32	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.40	21.43	21.27	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.36	21.44	21.38	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.43	21.42	21.34	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.35	21.37	21.24	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.36	21.42	21.25	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.47	20.46	20.39	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.38	20.44	20.36	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.41	20.43	20.28	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.41	20.44	20.38	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 26 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
26765	26865	26965	Channel					
821.5	831.5	841.5	Freq. (MHz)					
23.46	23.47	23.42	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	0	0
23.35	23.44	23.41	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	37	0
23.35	23.42	23.38	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	74	0
22.37	22.44	22.32	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	0	1
22.34	22.42	22.31	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	19	1
22.23	22.40	22.20	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	39	1
22.38	22.41	22.40	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	75	0	1
22.35	22.45	22.38	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	0	1
22.25	22.43	22.32	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	37	1
22.31	22.36	22.32	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	74	1
21.27	21.42	21.29	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	0	2
21.31	21.38	21.29	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	19	2
21.20	21.39	21.23	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	39	2
21.34	21.43	21.34	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	75	0	2
21.37	21.41	21.35	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	0	2
21.24	21.36	21.24	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	37	2
21.20	21.41	21.22	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	74	2
20.33	20.45	20.31	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	0	3
20.34	20.43	20.37	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	19	3
20.30	20.39	20.27	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	39	3
20.44	20.40	20.35	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	75	0	3

LTE Band 38 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
37850	38000	38150	Channel					
2580	2595	2610	Freq. (MHz)					
23.48	23.49	23.48	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.44	23.47	23.44	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.42	23.45	23.32	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.41	22.48	22.40	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.41	22.45	22.40	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.36	22.43	22.33	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.36	22.45	22.36	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.39	22.48	22.44	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.41	22.46	22.37	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.36	22.39	22.36	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.35	21.45	21.42	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.31	21.42	21.31	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.29	21.35	21.39	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.41	21.46	21.37	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.31	21.44	21.31	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.36	21.39	21.30	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.32	21.44	21.38	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.40	20.48	20.36	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.40	20.46	20.38	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.31	20.42	20.35	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.30	20.43	20.39	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 41 P-sensor off(Full)										
Maximum Average Power (dBm)					Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
39750	40185	40620	41055	41490	Channel					
2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680	Freq. (MHz)					
23.48	23.45	23.49	23.48	23.39	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.37	23.40	23.47	23.41	23.38	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.24	23.37	23.44	23.40	23.25	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.30	22.45	22.48	22.39	22.25	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.28	22.39	22.47	22.38	22.24	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.29	22.31	22.43	22.35	22.28	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.28	22.36	22.45	22.39	22.27	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.38	22.42	22.49	22.40	22.22	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.35	22.39	22.47	22.38	22.31	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.24	22.31	22.40	22.37	22.24	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.31	21.35	21.44	21.42	21.31	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.18	21.35	21.43	21.36	21.20	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.28	21.28	21.36	21.30	21.13	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.28	21.45	21.47	21.41	21.30	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.20	21.34	21.45	21.42	21.20	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.18	21.35	21.40	21.28	21.22	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.21	21.33	21.45	21.36	21.19	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.28	20.45	20.49	20.42	20.30	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.24	20.43	20.47	20.36	20.24	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.23	20.33	20.43	20.40	20.17	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.37	20.37	20.45	20.35	20.23	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 42 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
43190	43340	43490	Channel					
3560	3575	3590	Freq. (MHz)					
21.34	21.35	21.37	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
21.25	21.28	21.35	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
21.12	21.25	21.32	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
20.18	20.33	20.36	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
20.16	20.27	20.35	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
20.15	20.19	20.31	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
20.16	20.24	20.33	21	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
20.26	20.30	20.37	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
20.23	20.27	20.35	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
20.12	20.19	20.28	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
19.19	19.23	19.32	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
19.06	19.23	19.31	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
19.16	19.16	19.24	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
19.16	19.33	19.35	20	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
19.08	19.22	19.33	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
19.06	19.23	19.28	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
19.09	19.21	19.33	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
18.16	18.33	18.37	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
18.12	18.31	18.35	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
18.11	18.21	18.31	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
18.25	18.25	18.33	19	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 43 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
44190	44340	44490	Channel					
3660	3675	3690	Freq. (MHz)					
21.42	21.44	21.39	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
21.32	21.41	21.38	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
21.32	21.39	21.35	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
20.34	20.41	20.33	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
20.31	20.39	20.32	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
20.20	20.37	20.17	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
20.35	20.39	20.37	21	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
20.32	20.42	20.35	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
20.22	20.40	20.29	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
20.28	20.33	20.29	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
19.24	19.39	19.26	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
19.28	19.35	19.26	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
19.17	19.36	19.20	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
19.31	19.40	19.31	20	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
19.34	19.38	19.32	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
19.21	19.33	19.21	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
19.17	19.38	19.19	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
18.30	18.42	18.28	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
18.31	18.40	18.34	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
18.27	18.36	18.24	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
18.41	18.37	18.32	19	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 48 P-sensor off(Full)									
Maximum Average Power (dBm)				Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
55340	55773	56207	56640	Channel					
3560	3603.3	3646.7	3690	Freq. (MHz)					
21.30	21.34	21.43	21.37	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
21.36	21.34	21.41	21.35	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
21.14	21.31	21.38	21.36	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
20.21	20.39	20.42	20.33	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
20.19	20.33	20.41	20.30	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
20.20	20.25	20.37	20.29	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
20.19	20.30	20.39	20.33	21	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
20.28	20.36	20.43	20.34	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
20.29	20.33	20.41	20.32	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
20.22	20.25	20.34	20.31	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
19.32	19.29	19.38	19.36	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
19.07	19.29	19.37	19.30	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
19.29	19.22	19.30	19.24	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
19.30	19.39	19.41	19.35	20	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
19.12	19.28	19.39	19.36	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
19.16	19.29	19.34	19.22	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
19.18	19.27	19.39	19.30	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
18.13	18.39	18.43	18.36	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
18.17	18.37	18.41	18.30	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
18.12	18.27	18.37	18.34	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
18.28	18.31	18.39	18.29	19	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 66 P-sensor off(Full)									
Maximum Average Power (dBm)				Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
132072	132322	132572	Channel						
1720	1745	1770	Freq. (MHz)						
23.29	23.31	23.26	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0	0
23.28	23.29	23.25	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0	0
23.17	23.27	23.22	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0	0
22.22	22.29	22.24	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1	1
22.19	22.27	22.22	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1	1
22.16	22.23	22.14	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1	1
22.18	22.24	22.20	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1	1
22.26	22.28	22.27	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1	1
22.20	22.26	22.20	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1	1
22.16	22.21	22.16	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1	1
21.20	21.27	21.27	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2	2
21.18	21.23	21.20	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2	2
21.24	21.24	21.19	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2	2
21.23	21.28	21.25	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2	2
21.22	21.26	21.26	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2	2
21.12	21.21	21.13	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2	2
21.15	21.24	21.19	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2	2
20.23	20.28	20.22	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3	3
20.23	20.26	20.24	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3	3
20.18	20.22	20.21	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3	3
20.21	20.23	20.16	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3	3

LTE Band 71 P-sensor off(Full)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
133222	133322	133372	Channel					
673	683	688	Freq. (MHz)					
23.47	23.49	23.48	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
23.45	23.48	23.44	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
23.38	23.46	23.41	23.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
22.37	22.48	22.39	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
22.36	22.46	22.38	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
22.32	22.42	22.31	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
22.37	22.43	22.38	22.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
22.44	22.47	22.40	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
22.35	22.45	22.40	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
22.34	22.40	22.29	22.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
21.37	21.46	21.42	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
21.34	21.42	21.40	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
21.24	21.43	21.29	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
21.42	21.47	21.43	21.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
21.40	21.45	21.43	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
21.34	21.40	21.28	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
21.39	21.43	21.36	21.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
20.47	20.47	20.44	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
20.36	20.45	20.37	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
20.37	20.41	20.39	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
20.34	20.42	20.39	20.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 2 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
18700	18900	19100	Channel					
1860	1880	1900	Freq. (MHz)					
17.42	17.46	17.44	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
17.31	17.41	17.33	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
17.28	17.38	17.29	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
16.41	16.44	16.36	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
16.40	16.40	16.33	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
16.34	16.37	16.27	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
16.31	16.41	16.39	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
16.28	16.38	16.37	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
16.27	16.36	16.29	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
16.30	16.30	16.29	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
15.32	15.41	15.31	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
15.33	15.38	15.33	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
15.30	15.36	15.27	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
15.31	15.40	15.38	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
15.29	15.36	15.34	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
15.27	15.32	15.27	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
15.28	15.30	15.23	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
14.35	14.39	14.37	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
14.36	14.38	14.37	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
14.32	14.36	14.31	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
14.33	14.41	14.41	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 4 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20050	20175	20300	Channel					
1720	1732.5	1745	Freq. (MHz)					
17.17	17.20	17.12	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
17.11	17.19	17.09	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
17.13	17.18	17.06	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
16.18	16.24	16.19	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
16.13	16.20	16.13	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
16.11	16.17	16.07	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
16.18	16.21	16.12	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
16.12	16.18	16.19	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
16.14	16.16	16.18	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
16.02	16.10	16.04	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
15.17	15.21	15.18	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
15.12	15.18	15.11	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
15.09	15.16	15.11	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
15.17	15.20	15.16	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
15.14	15.16	15.14	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
15.04	15.12	15.09	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
15.06	15.10	15.17	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
14.10	14.19	14.13	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
14.15	14.18	14.16	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
14.16	14.16	14.10	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
14.12	14.21	14.09	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 5 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20450	20525	20600	Channel					
829	836.5	844	Freq. (MHz)					
23.47	23.49	23.48	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
23.34	23.46	23.34	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
23.40	23.43	23.41	23.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
22.38	22.49	22.40	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
22.35	22.45	22.33	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
22.31	22.42	22.38	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
22.45	22.46	22.43	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
22.26	22.43	22.36	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
22.29	22.41	22.37	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
22.26	22.35	22.33	22.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
21.34	21.46	21.37	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
21.30	21.43	21.31	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
21.25	21.41	21.35	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
21.32	21.45	21.38	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
21.24	21.41	21.34	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
21.22	21.37	21.32	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
21.30	21.35	21.24	21.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
20.33	20.44	20.35	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
20.34	20.43	20.40	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
20.26	20.41	20.35	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
20.30	20.46	20.43	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 7 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
20850	21100	21350	Channel					
2510	2535	2560	Freq. (MHz)					
17.41	17.45	17.28	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
17.16	17.30	17.21	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
17.18	17.28	17.20	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
16.26	16.34	16.28	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
16.21	16.30	16.20	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
16.23	16.27	16.17	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
16.23	16.31	16.23	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
16.18	16.28	16.28	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
16.25	16.26	16.16	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
16.19	16.20	16.15	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
15.25	15.31	15.23	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
15.23	15.28	15.19	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
15.17	15.26	15.24	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
15.23	15.30	15.23	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
15.16	15.26	15.19	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
15.21	15.22	15.20	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
15.20	15.20	15.13	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
14.27	14.29	14.22	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
14.22	14.28	14.28	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
14.18	14.26	14.19	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
14.29	14.31	14.27	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 12 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23060	23095	23130	Channel					
704	707.5	711	Freq. (MHz)					
22.35	22.37	22.34	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
22.30	22.35	22.32	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
22.31	22.33	22.27	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
21.34	21.35	21.29	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
21.30	21.33	21.28	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
21.24	21.29	21.30	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
21.29	21.32	21.27	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
21.30	21.34	21.27	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
21.23	21.32	21.24	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
21.23	21.27	21.19	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
20.28	20.33	20.24	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
20.26	20.29	20.28	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
20.28	20.30	20.23	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
20.23	20.34	20.31	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
20.29	20.32	20.28	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
20.24	20.27	20.23	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
20.13	20.30	20.23	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
19.25	19.34	19.30	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
19.25	19.32	19.26	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
19.29	19.28	19.19	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
19.25	19.29	19.31	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 13 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23230	Channel							
782	Freq. (MHz)							
	22.99		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
	22.91		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
	22.88		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
	21.94		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
	21.92		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
	21.89		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
	21.93		22	QPSK	10MHz	5/0	0	1
	21.92		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
	21.90		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
	21.85		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
	20.91		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
	20.87		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
	20.88		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
	20.92		21	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
	20.90		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
	20.85		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
	20.88		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
	19.92		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
	19.90		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
	19.86		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
	19.87		20	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 14 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23330			Channel					
793			Freq. (MHz)					
	22.99		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
	22.92		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
	22.90		23	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
	21.95		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
	21.91		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
	21.88		22	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
	21.92		22	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
	21.91		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
	21.89		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
	21.84		22	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
	20.90		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
	20.86		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
	20.87		21	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
	20.91		21	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
	20.89		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
	20.84		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
	20.87		21	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
	19.91		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
	19.89		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
	19.85		20	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
	19.86		20	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 17 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
23780	23790	23800	Channel					
709	710	711	Freq. (MHz)					
22.38	22.39	22.36	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	0	0
22.33	22.38	22.28	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	24	0
22.31	22.36	22.25	22.5	QPSK	10MHz	1	49	0
21.26	21.37	21.29	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	0	1
21.27	21.33	21.23	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	12	1
21.24	21.32	21.14	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	25	25	1
21.15	21.35	21.25	21.5	QPSK	10MHz	50	0	1
21.16	21.37	21.21	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	0	1
21.17	21.35	21.15	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	24	1
21.18	21.30	21.16	21.5	16QAM	10MHz	1	49	1
20.22	20.36	20.15	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	0	2
20.16	20.32	20.23	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	12	2
20.19	20.33	20.10	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	25	25	2
20.15	20.36	20.27	20.5	16QAM	10MHz	50	0	2
20.20	20.35	20.22	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	0	2
20.11	20.30	20.11	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	24	2
20.11	20.33	20.07	20.5	64QAM	10MHz	1	49	2
19.19	19.37	19.28	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	0	3
19.23	19.35	19.21	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	12	3
19.25	19.34	19.24	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	25	25	3
19.21	19.35	19.28	19.5	64QAM	10MHz	50	0	3

LTE Band 25 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
26140	26365	26590	Channel					
1860	1882.5	1905	Freq. (MHz)					
17.48	17.49	17.36	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
17.42	17.47	17.33	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
17.45	17.43	17.32	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
16.40	16.45	16.29	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
16.37	16.43	16.26	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
16.40	16.41	16.22	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
16.40	16.44	16.33	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
16.47	16.46	16.39	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
16.40	16.44	16.28	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
16.31	16.37	16.28	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
15.39	15.43	15.25	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
15.33	15.42	15.32	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
15.40	15.43	15.27	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
15.36	15.44	15.38	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
15.43	15.42	15.34	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
15.35	15.37	15.24	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
15.36	15.42	15.25	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
14.47	14.46	14.39	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
14.38	14.44	14.36	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
14.41	14.43	14.28	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
14.41	14.44	14.38	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 26 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
26765	26865	26965	Channel					
821.5	831.5	841.5	Freq. (MHz)					
23.46	23.47	23.42	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	0	0
23.35	23.44	23.41	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	37	0
23.35	23.42	23.38	23.5	QPSK	15MHz	1	74	0
22.37	22.44	22.32	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	0	1
22.34	22.42	22.31	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	19	1
22.23	22.40	22.20	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	36	39	1
22.38	22.42	22.40	22.5	QPSK	15MHz	75	0	1
22.35	22.45	22.38	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	0	1
22.25	22.43	22.32	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	37	1
22.31	22.36	22.32	22.5	16QAM	15MHz	1	74	1
21.27	21.42	21.29	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	0	2
21.31	21.38	21.29	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	19	2
21.20	21.39	21.23	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	36	39	2
21.34	21.43	21.34	21.5	16QAM	15MHz	75	0	2
21.37	21.41	21.35	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	0	2
21.24	21.36	21.24	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	37	2
21.20	21.41	21.22	21.5	64QAM	15MHz	1	74	2
20.33	20.45	20.31	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	0	3
20.34	20.43	20.37	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	19	3
20.30	20.39	20.27	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	36	39	3
20.44	20.40	20.35	20.5	64QAM	15MHz	75	0	3

LTE Band 38 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
37850	38000	38150	Channel					
2580	2595	2610	Freq. (MHz)					
21.72	21.74	21.73	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
21.69	21.72	21.71	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
21.67	21.70	21.57	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
20.66	20.73	20.65	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
20.66	20.70	20.65	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
20.61	20.68	20.58	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
20.61	20.70	20.61	21	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
20.64	20.73	20.69	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
20.66	20.71	20.62	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
20.61	20.64	20.61	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
19.60	19.70	19.67	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
19.56	19.67	19.56	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
19.54	19.60	19.64	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
19.66	19.71	19.62	20	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
19.56	19.69	19.56	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
19.61	19.64	19.55	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
19.57	19.69	19.63	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
18.65	18.73	18.61	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
18.65	18.71	18.63	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
18.56	18.67	18.60	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
18.55	18.68	18.64	19	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 41 P-sensor on(Down)										
Maximum Average Power (dBm)					Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
39750	40185	40620	41055	41490	Channel					
2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680	Freq. (MHz)					
21.62	21.65	21.68	21.63	21.59	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
21.57	21.60	21.67	21.61	21.58	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
21.44	21.57	21.64	21.62	21.45	22	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
20.49	20.65	20.68	20.60	20.54	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
20.48	20.59	20.67	20.59	20.48	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
20.43	20.51	20.63	20.55	20.45	21	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
20.48	20.56	20.65	20.59	20.47	21	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
20.58	20.62	20.69	20.60	20.42	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
20.55	20.59	20.67	20.58	20.51	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
20.44	20.51	20.60	20.57	20.44	21	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
19.51	19.55	19.64	19.62	19.51	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
19.38	19.55	19.63	19.56	19.40	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
19.48	19.48	19.56	19.50	19.33	20	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
19.48	19.65	19.67	19.61	19.50	20	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
19.40	19.54	19.65	19.62	19.40	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
19.38	19.55	19.60	19.48	19.42	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
19.41	19.53	19.65	19.56	19.39	20	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
18.48	18.65	18.69	18.62	18.50	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
18.44	18.63	18.67	18.56	18.44	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
18.43	18.53	18.63	18.60	18.37	19	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
18.57	18.57	18.65	18.55	18.43	19	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 42 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
43190	43340	43490	Channel					
3560	3575	3590	Freq. (MHz)					
20.22	20.23	20.24	20.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
20.13	20.16	20.21	20.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
20.00	20.13	20.18	20.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
19.08	19.25	19.34	19.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
19.04	19.15	19.33	19.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
19.05	19.07	19.29	19.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
19.04	19.22	19.31	19.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
19.14	19.18	19.35	19.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
19.11	19.15	19.33	19.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
19.00	19.07	19.26	19.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
18.07	18.11	18.30	18.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
17.94	18.11	18.29	18.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
18.04	18.04	18.22	18.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
18.04	18.21	18.33	18.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
17.96	18.10	18.31	18.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
17.94	18.11	18.26	18.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
17.97	18.09	18.31	18.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
17.04	17.21	17.35	17.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
17.00	17.19	17.33	17.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
16.99	17.09	17.29	17.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
17.13	17.13	17.31	17.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 43 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
44190	44340	44490	Channel					
3660	3675	3690	Freq. (MHz)					
19.79	19.81	19.55	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
19.69	19.78	19.75	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
19.69	19.76	19.72	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
18.71	18.78	18.66	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
18.68	18.76	18.69	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
18.57	18.74	18.54	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
18.72	18.76	18.74	19	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
18.69	18.79	18.72	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
18.59	18.77	18.66	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
18.65	18.70	18.66	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
17.61	17.76	17.63	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
17.65	17.72	17.63	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
17.54	17.73	17.57	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
17.68	17.77	17.68	18	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
17.71	17.75	17.69	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
17.58	17.70	17.58	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
17.54	17.75	17.56	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
16.67	16.79	16.65	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
16.68	16.77	16.71	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
16.64	16.73	16.61	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
16.78	16.74	16.69	17	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 48 P-sensor on(Down)									
Maximum Average Power (dBm)				Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
55340	55773	56207	56640	Channel					
3560	3603.3	3646.7	3690	Freq. (MHz)					
19.60	19.64	19.76	19.69	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
19.66	19.64	19.71	19.65	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
19.44	19.61	19.68	19.66	20	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
18.54	18.69	18.72	18.66	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
18.49	18.63	18.71	18.64	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
18.53	18.55	18.67	18.59	19	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
18.49	18.60	18.69	18.63	19	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
18.58	18.66	18.73	18.64	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
18.59	18.63	18.71	18.62	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
18.52	18.55	18.64	18.61	19	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
17.62	17.59	17.68	17.66	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
17.37	17.59	17.67	17.60	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
17.59	17.52	17.60	17.54	18	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
17.60	17.69	17.71	17.65	18	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
17.42	17.58	17.69	17.66	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
17.46	17.59	17.64	17.52	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
17.48	17.57	17.69	17.60	18	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
16.43	16.69	16.73	16.66	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
16.47	16.67	16.71	16.60	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
16.42	16.57	16.67	16.64	17	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
16.58	16.61	16.69	16.59	17	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

LTE Band 66 P-sensor on(Down)									
Maximum Average Power (dBm)				Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
132072	132322	132572	Channel						
1720	1745	1770	Freq. (MHz)						
17.39	17.41	17.38	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0	
17.34	17.39	17.38	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0	
17.30	17.38	17.35	17.5	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0	
16.35	16.42	16.39	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1	
16.32	16.40	16.38	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1	
16.29	16.36	16.27	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1	
16.31	16.37	16.33	16.5	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1	
16.39	16.41	16.40	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1	
16.33	16.39	16.33	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1	
16.29	16.34	16.29	16.5	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1	
15.33	15.40	15.40	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2	
15.31	15.36	15.33	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2	
15.37	15.37	15.32	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2	
15.36	15.41	15.38	15.5	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2	
15.35	15.39	15.39	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2	
15.25	15.34	15.26	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2	
15.28	15.37	15.32	15.5	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2	
14.36	14.41	14.35	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3	
14.36	14.39	14.37	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3	
14.31	14.35	14.34	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3	
14.34	14.36	14.29	14.5	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3	

LTE Band 71 P-sensor on(Down)								
Maximum Average Power (dBm)			Tune up (dBm)	Modulation	Bandwidth	# of Resource Blocks	Resource Block Offset	Target MPR (dB)
133222	133322	133372	Channel					
673	683	688	Freq. (MHz)					
22.97	22.99	22.98	23	QPSK	20MHz	1	0	0
22.95	22.98	22.94	23	QPSK	20MHz	1	49	0
22.88	22.96	22.91	23	QPSK	20MHz	1	99	0
21.87	21.98	21.89	22	QPSK	20MHz	50	0	1
21.85	21.96	21.88	22	QPSK	20MHz	50	25	1
21.82	21.92	21.81	22	QPSK	20MHz	50	50	1
21.87	21.93	21.88	22	QPSK	20MHz	100	0	1
21.94	21.97	21.90	22	16QAM	20MHz	1	0	1
21.85	21.95	21.90	22	16QAM	20MHz	1	49	1
21.84	21.90	21.79	22	16QAM	20MHz	1	99	1
20.87	20.96	20.92	21	16QAM	20MHz	50	0	2
20.84	20.92	20.90	21	16QAM	20MHz	50	25	2
20.74	20.93	20.79	21	16QAM	20MHz	50	50	2
20.92	20.97	20.93	21	16QAM	20MHz	100	0	2
20.90	20.95	20.93	21	64QAM	20MHz	1	0	2
20.84	20.90	20.78	21	64QAM	20MHz	1	49	2
20.89	20.93	20.86	21	64QAM	20MHz	1	99	2
19.97	19.97	19.94	20	64QAM	20MHz	50	0	3
19.86	19.95	19.87	20	64QAM	20MHz	50	25	3
19.87	19.91	19.89	20	64QAM	20MHz	50	50	3
19.84	19.92	19.89	20	64QAM	20MHz	100	0	3

8.4. Measured Conducted Power Results for LTE Carrier Aggregation

Power Confirmation for LTE Uplink CA

This device supports uplink carrier aggregation for CA_5B, CA_7C, CA_38C and CA_41C with a maximum of two component carriers. For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP TS 36.101 Table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP TS 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when non-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted powers and MPR settings in this device are permanently implemented per the above 3GPP requirements.

Per FCC Guidance, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers. For intra-band contiguous CA, the channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

The standalone power measurement is the power for the PCC in the non-CA mode (i.e., single carrier power). In all cases the UL CA power is less than or equal to the standalone power, which is in accordance with the tune-up limits in table below.

Uplink carrier aggregation Power P-Sensor Off											
E-UTRA CA Combination	PCC	SCC	Modulation	Bandwidth (MHz)	PCC		SCC		Total RB Size	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Power (dBm)
	Channel	Channel			RB Size	RB Offset	RB Size	RB Offset			
CA_5B	20450	20549	QPSK	10+10	1	49	1	0	2	23.5	23.46
	20475	20574			1	49	1	0	2	23.5	23.48
	20600	20501			1	0	1	49	2	23.5	23.45
CA_7C	20850	21048	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	23.5	23.04
	21001	21199			1	99	1	0	2	23.5	23.18
	21350	21152			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.13
CA_38C	37850	38048	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	23.5	23.46
	37901	38099			1	99	1	0	2	23.5	23.47
	38150	37952			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.45
CA_41C	39750	39948	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	23.5	23.45
	40185	39987			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.44
	40620	40422			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.48
	41055	40857			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.47
	41490	41292			1	0	1	99	2	23.5	23.43

Uplink carrier aggregation Power P-Sensor On											
E-UTRA CA Combination	PCC	SCC	Modulation	Bandwidth (MHz)	PCC		SCC		Total RB Size	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Power (dBm)
	Channel	Channel			RB Size	RB Offset	RB Size	RB Offset			
CA_5B	20450	20549	QPSK	10+10	1	49	1	0	2	23.5	23.46
	20475	20574			1	49	1	0	2	23.5	23.48
	20600	20501			1	0	1	49	2	23.5	23.45
CA_7C	20850	21048	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	17.5	17.34
	21001	21199			1	99	1	0	2	17.5	17.39
	21350	21152			1	0	1	99	2	17.5	17.37
CA_38C	37850	38048	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	22.0	21.69
	37901	38099			1	99	1	0	2	22.0	21.71
	38150	37952			1	0	1	99	2	22.0	21.66
CA_41C	39750	39948	QPSK	20+20	1	99	1	0	2	22.0	21.55
	40185	39987			1	0	1	99	2	22.0	21.63
	40620	40422			1	0	1	99	2	22.0	21.66
	41055	40857			1	0	1	99	2	22.0	21.62
	41490	41292			1	0	1	99	2	22.0	21.59

8.5. Measured Conducted Power Results for WLAN

Test Notes:

- [1] The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power was measured for the highest maximum output power configurations in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- [2] Per KDB Publication 248227 D01, the conducted power measurement was performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- [3] For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- [4] For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- [5] For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- [6] Per April 2019 TCB Workshop guidance, general principles of KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax, and 802.11ax is considered as the highest order modulation mode. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power is higher than RU (OFDMA).

WLAN 2.4 GHz					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 1+2
802.11b	1	2412	10.14	10.11	12.75
	6	2437	10.26	10.15	12.71
	11	2462	10.39	10.48	12.85
802.11g	1	2412	10.17	10.16	12.63
	6	2437	10.16	10.17	12.67
	11	2462	10.05	10.11	12.73
802.11n HT20	1	2412	10.14	10.12	12.92
	6	2437	10.06	10.07	12.84
	11	2462	10.01	10.17	12.94
802.11n HT40	3	2422	10.07	10.17	13.15
	6	2437	10.02	10.06	12.97
	9	2452	10.13	10.10	12.98
VHT20	1	2412	10.16	10.04	12.92
	6	2437	10.14	10.11	12.83
	11	2462	10.08	10.03	12.93
VHT40	3	2422	10.17	10.11	12.94
	6	2437	10.04	10.18	12.96
	9	2452	10.01	10.17	12.90
802.11ax HE20	1	2412	10.11	10.09	12.81
	6	2437	10.08	10.10	12.98
	11	2462	10.07	10.12	12.92
802.11ax HE40	3	2422	10.05	10.18	12.77
	6	2437	10.05	10.17	12.91
	9	2452	10.13	10.12	12.91

WLAN 5.2 GHz					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 1+2
802.11a	36	5180	11.65	11.56	14.23
	40	5200	11.70	11.54	14.23
	44	5220	11.52	11.68	14.17
	48	5240	11.64	11.69	14.12
802.11n HT20	36	5180	11.62	11.50	14.24
	40	5200	11.58	11.58	14.30
	44	5220	11.70	11.70	14.33
	48	5240	11.53	11.68	14.19
802.11n HT40	38	5190	11.52	11.51	14.18
	46	5230	11.54	11.56	14.30
802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	11.65	11.53	14.14
	40	5200	11.64	11.65	14.29
	44	5220	11.59	11.63	14.31
	48	5240	11.57	11.56	14.15
802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	11.66	11.56	14.18
	46	5230	11.69	11.56	14.29
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	11.89	11.94	14.48
802.11ax HE20	36	5180	11.51	11.68	14.11
	40	5200	11.69	11.50	14.15
	44	5220	11.54	11.64	14.14
	48	5240	11.58	11.58	14.25
802.11ax HE40	38	5190	11.51	11.70	14.25
	46	5230	11.68	11.65	14.07
802.11ax HE80	42	5210	11.68	11.62	14.11

WLAN 5.3 GHz					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 1+2
802.11a	52	5260	11.43	11.54	14.36
	56	5280	11.21	11.57	14.37
	60	5300	11.49	11.61	14.29
	64	5320	11.42	11.62	14.37
802.11n HT20	52	5260	11.30	11.65	14.35
	56	5280	11.18	11.56	14.34
	60	5300	11.14	11.64	14.41
	64	5320	11.37	11.65	14.38
802.11n HT40	54	5270	11.46	11.59	14.45
	62	5310	11.18	11.58	14.32
802.11ac VHT20	52	5260	11.44	11.64	14.30
	56	5280	11.32	11.56	14.32
	60	5300	11.50	11.70	14.40
	64	5320	11.27	11.64	14.34
802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	11.40	11.53	14.28
	62	5310	11.42	11.60	14.30
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	11.10	11.55	14.31
802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	11.61	11.99	14.81
802.11ax HE20	52	5260	11.40	11.58	14.24
	56	5280	11.36	11.69	14.28
	60	5300	11.35	11.54	14.42
	64	5320	11.14	11.50	14.36
802.11ax HE40	54	5270	11.37	11.69	14.23
	62	5310	11.33	11.52	14.32
802.11ax HE80	58	5290	11.19	11.70	14.31
802.11ax HE160	50	5250	11.34	11.59	14.32

WLAN 5.6 GHz					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 1+2
802.11a	100	5500	8.63	8.60	11.57
	116	5580	8.68	8.68	11.70
	124	5620	8.51	8.62	11.49
	132	5660	8.53	8.61	11.61
	140	5700	8.55	8.69	11.60
802.11n HT20	144	5720	8.59	8.65	11.64
	100	5500	8.54	8.54	11.56
	116	5580	8.62	8.65	11.63
	124	5620	8.50	8.52	11.56
	132	5660	8.60	8.53	11.52
802.11n HT40	140	5700	8.60	8.65	11.61
	144	5720	8.65	8.51	11.55
	102	5510	8.51	8.63	11.64
	110	5550	8.59	8.54	11.56
	126	5630	8.57	8.62	11.62
802.11ac VHT20	134	5670	8.69	8.62	11.71
	142	5710	8.52	8.65	11.57
	100	5500	8.54	8.68	11.47
	116	5580	8.65	8.63	11.51
	124	5620	8.56	8.63	11.62
802.11ac VHT40	132	5660	8.51	8.50	11.52
	140	5700	8.61	8.52	11.60
	144	5720	8.52	8.66	11.46
	102	5510	8.60	8.64	11.56
	110	5550	8.68	8.53	11.52
802.11ac VHT80	126	5630	8.61	8.51	11.59
	134	5670	8.51	8.50	11.67
	142	5710	8.63	8.64	11.47
802.11ac VHT160	106	5530	8.71	8.84	11.82
	122	5610	8.68	8.58	11.32
802.11ax HE20	138	5690	8.73	8.87	11.83
	114	5570	8.83	8.81	11.94
	100	5500	8.64	8.52	11.57
	116	5580	8.59	8.58	11.53
	124	5620	8.58	8.51	11.51
802.11ax HE40	132	5660	8.67	8.68	11.55
	140	5700	8.61	8.62	11.53
	144	5720	8.64	8.68	11.64
	102	5510	8.55	8.54	11.59
	110	5550	8.56	8.59	11.59
802.11ax HE80	126	5630	8.66	8.54	11.59
	134	5670	8.63	8.50	11.55
	142	5710	8.67	8.63	11.61
802.11ax HE160	106	5530	8.67	8.61	11.55
	122	5610	8.64	8.63	11.32
	138	5690	8.54	8.67	11.52
802.11ax HE160	114	5570	8.81	8.77	11.86

WLAN 5.8 GHz					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 1+2
802.11a	149	5745	12.04	12.10	14.88
	157	5785	12.15	12.17	14.89
	165	5825	12.00	12.02	14.85
802.11n HT20	149	5745	12.07	12.06	14.91
	157	5785	12.00	12.02	14.94
	165	5825	12.08	12.04	14.95
802.11n HT40	151	5755	12.07	12.14	15.05
	159	5795	12.06	12.13	14.97
802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	12.01	12.11	14.90
	157	5785	12.09	12.00	14.93
	165	5825	12.06	12.02	14.86
802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	12.15	12.07	15.03
	159	5795	12.19	12.18	14.92
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	12.35	12.33	15.24
802.11ax HE20	149	5745	12.11	12.09	14.95
	157	5785	12.03	12.17	14.96
	165	5825	12.06	12.08	14.92
802.11ax HE40	151	5755	12.00	12.18	15.00
	159	5795	12.20	12.19	14.92
802.11ax HE80	155	5775	12.14	12.06	14.84

U-NII 5					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 0+1
802.11a	1	5955	10.09	9.92	12.35
	45	6175	10.16	9.88	12.36
	93	6415	10.19	10.09	12.39
802.11ax HE20	1	5955	10.04	9.93	12.45
	45	6175	10.00	10.03	12.27
	93	6415	10.07	10.04	12.37
802.11ax HE40	3	5965	10.06	9.81	12.38
	43	6165	10.10	9.98	12.43
	91	6405	10.19	9.96	12.40
802.11ax HE80	7	5985	10.18	10.06	12.22
	39	6145	10.10	9.99	12.44
	87	6385	10.09	10.08	12.39
802.11ax HE160	15	6025	10.32	10.11	12.84
	47	6185	10.11	10.31	12.51
	79	6345	10.49	10.36	13.42

U-NII 6					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 0+1
802.11a	97	6435	10.17	10.02	12.39
	105	6475	10.09	9.88	12.34
	113	6515	10.18	9.83	12.38
802.11ax HE20	97	6435	10.09	9.94	12.32
	105	6475	10.07	9.86	12.33
	113	6515	10.13	9.91	12.40
802.11ax HE40	99	6445	10.00	9.91	12.41
	107	6485	10.09	10.01	12.34
802.11ax HE80	103	6465	10.07	9.82	12.36
	119	6545	10.19	9.97	12.38
802.11ax HE160	111	6505	10.09	10.26	13.39

U-NII 7					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 0+1
802.11a	117	6535	10.19	10.03	12.45
	149	6695	10.01	10.00	12.42
	181	6855	10.09	9.94	12.40
802.11ax HE20	117	6535	10.15	10.04	12.37
	149	6695	10.15	9.89	12.27
	181	6855	10.16	9.94	12.46
802.11ax HE40	115	6525	10.13	9.93	12.32
	147	6685	10.08	10.04	12.39
	179	6845	10.17	9.83	12.35
802.11ax HE80	135	6625	10.05	10.01	12.33
	151	6705	10.01	9.88	12.38
	167	6785	10.10	10.00	12.33
	183	6865	10.01	10.05	12.23
802.11ax HE160	143	6665	10.22	10.35	12.91
	175	6825	10.03	10.33	13.16

U-NII 8					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 1	ANT 2	ANT 1+2
			Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Average power (dBm) ANT 0+1
802.11a	185	6875	10.19	10.04	12.39
	209	6995	10.17	10.10	12.42
	233	7115	10.19	9.86	12.35
802.11ax HE20	185	6875	10.00	9.89	12.47
	209	6995	10.11	10.10	12.28
	233	7115	10.19	9.83	12.30
802.11ax HE40	187	6885	10.05	9.96	12.35
	211	7005	10.04	9.89	12.43
	227	7085	10.19	9.90	12.30
802.11ax HE80	199	6945	10.16	10.05	12.39
	215	7025	10.19	10.00	12.36
802.11ax HE160	207	6985	9.82	10.19	12.59

8.6. Measured Conducted Power Results for Bluetooth

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

BT 2.0 / 3.0							
Mode		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 0		ANT 1	
				Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
BR / EDR	1Mbps (GFSK)	0	2402	---	---	4.18	6.00
		39	2441	---	---	4.02	6.00
		78	2480	---	---	5.98	6.00
	2Mbps ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	0	2402	---	---	5.98	6.00
		39	2441	---	---	5.45	6.00
		78	2480	---	---	4.40	6.00
	3Mbps (8-DPSK)	0	2402	---	---	5.99	6.00
		39	2441	---	---	5.47	6.00
		78	2480	---	---	4.47	6.00

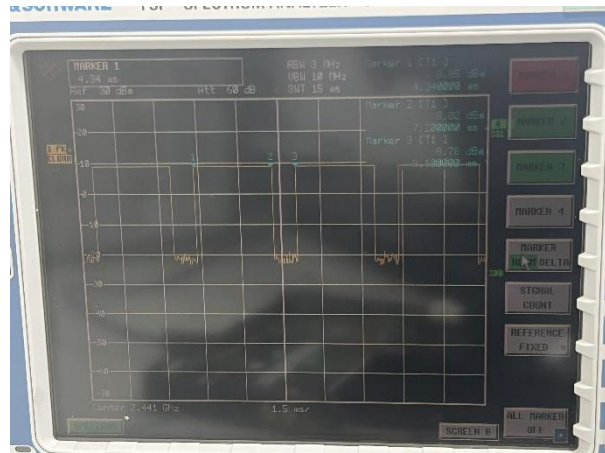
BT 4.0 / 5.0							
Mode		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT 0		ANT 1	
				Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
LE	1Mbps (GFSK)	0	2402	---	---	2.99	3.00
		19	2440	---	---	2.72	3.00
		39	2480	---	---	2.61	3.00
	2Mbps ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	1	2404	---	---	2.97	3.00
		19	2440	---	---	2.83	3.00
		38	2478	---	---	2.91	3.00

The duty factor of Bluetooth signal has been calculated as following.

Mode	Antenna	Pulse Width (ms)	Total Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Crest Factor (1/Duty Cycle)
8-DPSK	ANT 1	2.86	3.76	76.06	1.31

Duty Factor = Pulse Width / Total Period

Time-domain Plot for Bluetooth Antenna-1 Transmission



9. Evaluation for Standalone Transmission Scenario

9.1. Test Notes

General Notes:

- [1] Per KDB 447498 D01, SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance. When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the measured SAR will be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to determine compliance.
- [2] The SAR has been measured with highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for WLAN and/or Bluetooth. When the transmission duty factor could not achieve 100%, the reported SAR will be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up power.
- [3] The reported SAR was calculated as below:
 - Tune-up Scaling Factor = Maximum Tune-up Limit Power (mW) / Measured Conducted Power (mW)
 - Duty Factor Scaling Factor = 100% / Transmission Duty Cycle (%)
 - WWAN Reported SAR = Measured SAR x Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - WLAN / Bluetooth Reported SAR = Measured SAR x Tune-up Scaling Factor x Duty Cycle Scaling Factor
- [4] Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - 1g SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 10g SAR ≤ 2.0 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - 1g SAR ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 10g SAR ≤ 1.5 W/kg, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - 1g SAR ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 10g SAR ≤ 1.0 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- [5] Per KDB Publication 648474 D04, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluation with a headset was required.
- [6] Per KDB 865664 D01, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- [7] During SAR testing for the wireless router conditions per KDB Publication 941225 D06, the actual portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with Wi-Fi) was not activated.
- [8] Per KDB Publication 648474 D04, this device is considered as "Phablet" since its overall diagonal dimension is > 16 cm. Therefore, Phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- [9] Unless otherwise noted, when 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the 1g thresholds for the equivalent test cases.

WCDMA Notes:

- [1] Per KDB Publication 941225 D01, WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with TPC bits configured to all "1's". AMR and HSPA SAR was not required per the 3G Test Reduction Procedure.
- [2] The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than RMC 12.2 kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC 12.2 kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2 kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement was not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
- [3] Per KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR, testing for other channels is not required for such test configuration.

LTE Notes:

- [1] Per KDB Publication 941225 D05, for QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation, LTE test configuration start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power.
- [2] When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
- [3] For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% RB and 1RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- [4] The SAR testing for 16QAM is not required due to the output power of 16QAM for each RB allocation configuration is not > 0.5 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg.
- [5] The SAR testing for smaller bandwidth is not required due to the output power of smaller bandwidth for each RB allocation configuration is not > 0.5 dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg.
- [6] MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS 36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
- [7] A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 and MCC=001 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
- [8] Per KDB Publication 447498 D01, when the reported 1g SAR measured at the highest output power channel in a given a test configuration was > 0.6 W/kg for LTE B41 / B48, testing at the other channels was required for such test configurations.
- [9] TDD-LTE was tested per the guidance provided in KDB Publication 941225 D05. Testing was performed using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL subframes and 2 S subframes using extended cyclic prefix only and special subframe configuration 6. SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in extended cyclic prefix. Per 3GPP TS 36.211 Section 4, the duty factor for special subframe configuration 6 using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633.
- [10] For LTE Band 66, LTE Band 48, and LTE Band 41, per FCC guidance, SAR was first measured with only a single carrier active in the uplink (carrier aggregation not active). For each exposure condition, the uplink CA scenario with two component carriers was additionally tested for the configuration with the highest SAR when carrier aggregation was not active. The SCC was configured with the closest available contiguous channel. The two component carriers were configured so the resource blocks are physically allocated side by side to achieve the maximum output power.
- [11] LTE band 2 / 4 / 5 / 17 / 38 SAR test was covered by band 25 / 66 / 26 / 12 / 41; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion, and the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Notes:

- [1] Per KDB Publication 248227 D01, for held-to-ear, hotspot, and phablet (mini-tablet) operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported 1g SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- [2] For 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel of 802.11b for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (802.11g/n/ax) was not required due to the highest reported SAR for DSSS adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- [3] SAR is not required for channel 12 and 13 because the maximum output power and the measured output power for these two channels are not greater than the default test channels.
- [4] For 5 GHz Wi-Fi operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported 1g SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is 1.2 W/kg.
- [5] SAR testing for U-NII-1 is not required due to the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- [6] When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg for 1g evaluations or all test channels were measured.
- [7] SAR for MIMO mode was evaluated by following the simultaneous SAR provisions from KDB Publication 447498 D01 by either evaluating the sum of the 1g SAR values of each antenna transmitting independently or making a SAR measurement with both antennas transmitting simultaneously.
- [8] For scaling factor determination of the reported SAR of MIMO mode, if the hot spots are separated the scaling factors are individually determined from each transmit chain. If the hot spots are not spatially separated, the scaling factor is determined from the worst number of each transmit chain.
- [9] The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100 % transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
- [10] When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

Wi-Fi 6E PD Notes:

- [1] The Wi-Fi 6E PD was performed according 2020 TCB workshop RF Exposure 5G RFX Policies Interim Procedures.
- [2] First, evaluate SAR using 6-7 GHz parameters per IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 and using highest SAR test configurations evaluate incident PD using the mmW near-field probe and total-field / power-density reconstruction method (2 mm closest meas. plane).
- [3] Per Interim Procedures, the power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30 %. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor.
- [4] The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- [5] The Wi-Fi 6E RF Exposure results are used for simultaneous transmission analysis with the other transmitters and total exposure ratio, the analysis can be found in this report and PD report.
- [6] The absorbed power density (APD) using a 4 cm² averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
- [7] Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by

$\lambda/4$.

- [8] The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
- [9] The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PD_{inc} at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and $\lambda/5$. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPD_n fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is ≥ -1 dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at $d = 2$ mm.

$$10 \cdot \log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \geq -1$$

- [10] iPD testing was performed on 5 selected channels spread across all of the 6E spectrum. Channels were determined based on the highest maximum output power and transmission mode combination. No channels that could transmit below 6 GHz were selected for testing so as to use the ESR Test Methodology only.
- [11] The test position for iPD was determined using the worst-case V/m on each required test position needed for consideration.

Bluetooth Notes

- [1] Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a callbox with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx Tests test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop guidance, the reported SAR was scaled to the 78% transmission duty factor for Bluetooth and 86% transmission duty factor for Bluetooth LE to determine compliance.
- [2] Head and Hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT BDR tethering applications.
- [3] The highest frame average power configurations for both Bluetooth and Bluetooth LE were evaluated for SAR. The worst-case configuration was used for the remaining test positions as the most conservative scenario.
- [4] SAR measurement is not required for the 8PSK, BLE, and HDR. When the secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

9.2. Measured and Reported SAR Results for Body

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	9400	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	23.67	24.5	0.913	1.11
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Left Side	0	9400	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.67	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Right Side	0	9400	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.67	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	9400	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	23.67	24.5	0.871	1.05
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Bottom Side	0	9400	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.67	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	9400	Ant Main	w/	0.1	16.66	17	0.973	1.05
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	9400	Ant Main	w/	0.01	16.66	17	0.971	1.05
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	9262	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	23.66	24.5	0.901	1.09
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	9538	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	23.48	24.5	0.888	1.12
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	9262	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	23.66	24.5	0.862	1.05
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	9538	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	23.48	24.5	0.855	1.08
1	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	9262	Ant Main	w/	-0.13	16.65	17	1.09	1.18
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	9538	Ant Main	w/	0.12	16.46	17	1.01	1.14
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	9262	Ant Main	w/	-0.09	16.65	17	0.969	1.05
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	9538	Ant Main	w/	-0.13	16.46	17	0.966	1.09
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	1413	Ant Main	w/o	-0.15	23.61	24.5	0.956	1.17
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Left Side	0	1413	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.61	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Right Side	0	1413	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.61	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	1413	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	23.61	24.5	0.819	1.01
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Bottom Side	0	1413	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.61	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	1413	Ant Main	w/	0.08	17.88	18	1.09	1.12
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	1413	Ant Main	w/	0.07	17.88	18	0.891	0.92
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	1312	Ant Main	w/o	0.12	23.6	24.5	0.951	1.17
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	1513	Ant Main	w/o	0.11	23.49	24.5	0.929	1.17
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	1312	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	23.6	24.5	0.811	1.00
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	14	1513	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	23.49	24.5	0.792	1.00
2	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	1312	Ant Main	w/	-0.11	17.87	18	1.14	1.17
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	1513	Ant Main	w/	0.18	17.76	18	1.06	1.12
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	1312	Ant Main	w/	0.16	17.87	18	0.928	0.96
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	1513	Ant Main	w/	0.03	17.76	18	0.935	0.99
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	4182	Ant Main	w/o	0.03	23.49	24.5	0.933	1.18
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Left Side	0	4182	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Right Side	0	4182	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	23.49	24.5	0.121	0.15
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Top Side	0	4182	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	23.49	24.5	0.624	0.79
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Bottom Side	0	4182	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	24.5	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	4182	Ant Main	w/	0.19	23.49	23.5	1.14	1.14
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	4132	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	23.45	24.5	0.915	1.17
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	16	4233	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	23.41	24.5	0.911	1.17
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	4132	Ant Main	w/	-0.11	23.45	23.5	1.1	1.11
3	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	4233	Ant Main	w/	0.04	23.41	23.5	1.17	1.19

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	RB Size	RB Offset	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.04	23.39	23.5	1.11	1.14
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.39	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.07	23.39	23.5	0.071	0.07
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.12	23.39	23.5	0.936	0.96
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.39	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.01	22.36	22.5	0.911	0.94
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.36	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	22.36	22.5	0.053	0.05
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	22.36	22.5	0.876	0.90
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.36	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21100	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	22.19	22.5	0.843	0.91
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.06	17.45	17.5	1.05	1.06
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	21100	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	17.45	17.5	0.839	0.85
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	16.34	16.5	0.96	1.00
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	21100	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.18	16.34	16.5	0.833	0.86
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	20850	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.09	23.06	23.5	1	1.11
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	21350	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	23.16	23.5	0.853	0.92
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	20850	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	23.06	23.5	1.01	1.12
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	21350	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	23.16	23.5	0.952	1.03
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	20850	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.05	22.14	22.5	0.873	0.95
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	21350	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	22.16	22.5	0.825	0.89
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	20850	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.12	22.14	22.5	0.841	0.91
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	21350	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	22.16	22.5	0.794	0.86
4	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20850	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.12	17.41	17.5	1.13	1.15
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21350	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.15	17.28	17.5	1.01	1.06
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	20850	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.07	17.41	17.5	0.923	0.94
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	21350	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.01	17.28	17.5	0.725	0.76
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20850	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	16.26	16.5	0.954	1.01
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	21350	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	16.28	16.5	0.932	0.98
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	20850	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	16.26	16.5	0.821	0.87
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	21350	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	16.28	16.5	0.811	0.85
	LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	PCC:21001 SCC:21199	PCC:1 SCC:1	PCC:99 SCC:0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	17.39	17.5	1.07	1.10
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	23.49	23.5	1.01	1.01
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.12	23.49	23.5	0.154	0.15
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	23.49	23.5	0.46	0.46
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.07	22.47	22.5	0.886	0.89
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.47	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.13	22.47	22.5	0.135	0.14
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	22.47	22.5	0.386	0.39
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.47	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23095	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.44	22.5	0.911	0.92
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23095	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	22.37	22.5	0.962	0.99
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23095	25	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.12	21.35	21.5	0.86	0.89
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23060	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.15	23.47	23.5	0.933	0.94
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23130	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.15	23.48	23.5	0.843	0.85
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23060	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.07	22.46	22.5	0.893	0.90
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23130	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	22.41	22.5	0.796	0.81
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23060	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.18	22.35	22.5	0.972	1.01
5	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.09	22.34	22.5	1.07	1.11
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23060	25	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	21.34	21.5	0.851	0.88
	LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	25	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	21.29	21.5	0.844	0.89
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.19	23.43	23.5	1.1	1.12
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.43	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	23.43	23.5	0.2	0.20
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.04	23.43	23.5	0.58	0.59
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.43	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.13	22.44	22.5	0.997	1.01
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.44	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	22.44	22.5	0.164	0.17
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.07	22.44	22.5	0.506	0.51
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.44	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23230	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.19	22.43	22.5	0.977	0.99
6	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.01	22.99	23	1.19	1.19
	LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23230	25	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.14	21.94	22	1.05	1.06
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.13	23.42	23.5	1.1	1.12
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.42	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.11	23.42	23.5	0.182	0.19
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	23.42	23.5	0.562	0.57
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.42	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	16	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.13	22.39	22.5	1.02	1.05
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Left Side	0	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.39	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Right Side	0	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.1	22.39	22.5	0.151	0.15
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Top Side	0	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	22.39	22.5	0.466	0.48
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	0	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.39	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23330	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.09	22.37	22.5	0.967	1.00
7	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	22.99	23	1.19	1.19
	LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23330	25	0	Ant Main	w/	0.17	21.95	22	1.01	1.02

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	RB Size	RB Offset	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.02	23.49	23.5	1.1	1.10
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	23.49	23.5	0.017	0.02
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	23.49	23.5	0.988	0.99
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.15	22.45	22.5	1.02	1.03
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.45	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.45	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	22.45	22.5	0.937	0.95
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.45	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26365	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	22.42	22.5	0.997	1.02
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.17	17.49	17.5	1.03	1.03
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26365	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.09	17.49	17.5	0.954	0.96
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	16.45	16.5	0.928	0.94
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26365	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.08	16.45	16.5	0.886	0.90
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26140	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	23.44	23.5	1.1	1.12
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26590	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	23.36	23.5	1.07	1.11
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26140	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.1	23.44	23.5	0.976	0.99
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26590	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	23.36	23.5	1.03	1.06
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26140	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.05	22.4	22.5	1.01	1.03
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	26590	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.06	22.29	22.5	1.05	1.10
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26140	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.04	22.4	22.5	1.07	1.09
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	26590	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.07	22.29	22.5	1.02	1.07
8	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26140	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.01	17.48	17.5	1.19	1.20
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26590	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.16	17.36	17.5	1.08	1.12
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26140	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.15	17.48	17.5	0.926	0.93
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26590	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	17.36	17.5	0.976	1.01
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26140	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	16.4	16.5	0.912	0.93
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26590	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	16.29	16.5	0.902	0.95
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26140	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	16.4	16.5	0.872	0.89
	LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	26590	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	16.29	16.5	0.863	0.91
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26865	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	23.47	23.5	0.892	0.90
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Left Side	0	26865	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.47	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Right Side	0	26865	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.1	23.47	23.5	0.104	0.10
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Top Side	0	26865	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	23.47	23.5	0.574	0.58
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Bottom Side	0	26865	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.47	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26865	36	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.06	22.44	22.5	0.73	0.74
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Left Side	0	26865	36	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.44	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Right Side	0	26865	36	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.03	22.44	22.5	0.084	0.09
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Top Side	0	26865	36	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.09	22.44	22.5	0.449	0.46
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Bottom Side	0	26865	36	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.44	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26865	75	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.17	22.41	22.5	0.734	0.75
9	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26765	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.01	23.46	23.5	1.18	1.19
	LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26965	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.19	23.42	23.5	1.12	1.14
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.04	23.49	23.5	0.998	1.00
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	23.49	23.5	0.057	0.06
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	23.49	23.5	0.314	0.31
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	22.48	22.5	0.866	0.87
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.07	22.48	22.5	0.062	0.06
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.06	22.48	22.5	0.275	0.28
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	38000	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.08	22.45	22.5	0.829	0.84
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	38000	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.04	21.74	22	0.962	1.02
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	38000	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.09	20.73	21	0.911	0.97
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	37850	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	23.48	23.5	1.07	1.07
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	38150	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.19	23.48	23.5	0.979	0.98
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	37850	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.06	22.41	22.5	0.891	0.91
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	38150	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.03	22.4	22.5	0.91	0.93
10	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	37850	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.01	21.72	22	1.12	1.19
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	38150	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	21.73	22	0.945	1.01
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	37850	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	20.66	21	0.902	0.98
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	38150	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	20.65	21	0.893	0.97
	LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	PCC:37901 SCC:38099	PCC:1 SCC:1	PCC:99 SCC:0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	21.71	22	1.03	1.10

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	RB Size	RB Offset	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	23.49	23.5	0.974	0.98
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.07	23.49	23.5	0.088	0.09
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.02	23.49	23.5	0.351	0.35
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.16	22.48	22.5	0.922	0.93
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	22.48	22.5	0.067	0.07
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.04	22.48	22.5	0.286	0.29
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40620	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.15	22.45	22.5	0.892	0.90
11	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.01	21.68	22	1.11	1.19
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40620	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.08	20.68	21	0.925	1.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	39750	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.12	23.48	23.5	0.979	0.98
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	40185	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	23.45	23.5	0.901	0.91
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	41055	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.03	23.48	23.5	1.07	1.07
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	41490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	23.39	23.5	1	1.03
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	39750	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.17	22.3	22.5	0.942	0.99
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	40185	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.18	22.45	22.5	0.979	0.99
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	41055	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	22.39	22.5	1.03	1.06
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	41490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.09	22.25	22.5	0.908	0.96
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	39750	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.07	21.62	22	1.06	1.16
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40185	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	21.65	22	1.07	1.16
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	41055	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.03	21.63	22	1	1.09
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	41490	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.16	21.59	22	0.945	1.04
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	39750	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	20.49	21	0.92	1.03
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40185	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	20.65	21	1.03	1.12
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	41055	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	20.6	21	0.896	0.98
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	41490	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	20.54	21	0.901	1.00
	LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	PCC:40620 SCC:40422	PCC:1 SCC:1	PCC:0 SCC:99	Ant Main	w/	0.09	21.66	22	1.07	1.16
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	21.37	22	0.99	1.14
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.37	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	21.37	22	0.041	0.05
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.09	21.37	22	0.196	0.23
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.37	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	20.36	21	0.88	1.02
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.36	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.04	20.36	21	0.034	0.04
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.15	20.36	21	0.156	0.18
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.36	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43490	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.13	20.33	21	0.844	0.98
12	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.09	20.24	20.5	1.13	1.20
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43490	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.08	19.34	19.5	0.808	0.84
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43190	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.08	21.34	22	1.01	1.18
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	21.35	22	0.952	1.11
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43190	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	20.18	21	0.944	1.14
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	43340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	20.33	21	0.862	1.01
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43190	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.17	20.22	20.5	1.1	1.17
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43340	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.13	20.23	20.5	1.05	1.12
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43190	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	19.08	19.5	0.781	0.86
	LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43340	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	19.25	19.5	0.776	0.82
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.12	21.44	22	0.839	0.95
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.44	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.44	22	0.025	0.03
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.16	21.44	22	0.199	0.23
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.44	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.02	20.41	21	0.827	0.95
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.41	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	20.41	21	0.029	0.03
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.05	20.41	21	0.165	0.19
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.41	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44340	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	20.39	21	1.03	1.19
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44340	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	19.81	20	1.03	1.08
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44340	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.08	18.78	19	0.827	0.87
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44190	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	21.42	22	1.02	1.17
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44490	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.12	21.39	22	0.924	1.06
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44190	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.14	20.34	21	0.916	1.07
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	44490	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.18	20.33	21	0.826	0.96
13	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44190	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.07	19.79	20	1.13	1.19
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44490	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.13	19.55	20	1.01	1.12
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44190	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	18.71	19	0.821	0.88
	LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44490	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.12	18.66	19	0.811	0.88

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	RB Size	RB Offset	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.01	21.43	22	0.954	1.09
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.43	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.08	21.43	22	0.03	0.03
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	21.43	22	0.216	0.25
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	21.43	22	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.09	20.42	21	0.801	0.92
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.42	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	20.42	21	0.023	0.03
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.12	20.42	21	0.179	0.20
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	20.42	21	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56207	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	20.39	21	0.814	0.94
14	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	19.76	20	1.12	1.18
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56207	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.16	18.72	19	0.801	0.85
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	55340	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.15	21.3	22	1.01	1.19
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	55773	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.15	21.34	22	0.916	1.07
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	56640	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.06	21.37	22	0.854	0.99
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	55340	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.16	20.21	21	0.962	1.15
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	55773	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.13	20.39	21	0.867	1.00
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	56640	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.08	20.33	21	0.808	0.94
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	55340	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.16	19.6	20	1.01	1.11
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	55773	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.01	19.64	20	1.06	1.15
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56640	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.09	19.69	20	1.04	1.12
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	55340	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	18.54	19	0.794	0.88
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	55773	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	18.69	19	0.788	0.85
	LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56640	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	18.66	19	0.772	0.83
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.11	23.31	23.5	0.973	1.02
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.31	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.14	23.31	23.5	0.029	0.03
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.1	23.31	23.5	0.83	0.87
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.31	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.01	22.29	22.5	0.953	1.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.29	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.29	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.19	22.29	22.5	0.644	0.68
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.29	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132322	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.16	22.24	22.5	0.939	1.00
15	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.01	17.41	17.5	1.17	1.19
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.17	17.41	17.5	0.83	0.85
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132322	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.09	16.42	16.5	0.967	0.98
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132072	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	23.29	23.5	1.08	1.13
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132572	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.09	23.26	23.5	0.918	0.97
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	132072	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.1	23.29	23.5	1.04	1.09
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	14	132572	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.12	23.26	23.5	1.02	1.08
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132072	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.22	22.5	0.924	0.99
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	132572	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.16	22.24	22.5	0.862	0.92
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132072	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.06	17.39	17.5	1.15	1.18
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132572	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	17.38	17.5	1.13	1.16
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	132072	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.03	17.39	17.5	0.922	0.95
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	132572	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.11	17.38	17.5	0.915	0.94
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132072	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.05	16.35	16.5	0.905	0.94
	LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132572	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	16.39	16.5	0.894	0.92
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.06	23.49	23.5	0.993	1.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.08	23.49	23.5	0.144	0.14
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.01	23.49	23.5	0.514	0.52
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	23.49	23.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.09	22.48	22.5	0.967	0.97
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Left Side	0	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Right Side	0	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.03	22.48	22.5	0.141	0.14
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Top Side	0	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.11	22.48	22.5	0.438	0.44
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	0	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0	22.48	22.5	0.001	0.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133322	100	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.17	22.43	22.5	0.895	0.91
16	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.04	22.99	23	1.15	1.15
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133322	50	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.02	21.98	22	0.991	1.00
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133222	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.07	23.47	23.5	1.07	1.08
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133372	1	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.02	23.48	23.5	0.976	0.98
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133222	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	-0.19	22.37	22.5	1.03	1.06
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	16	133372	50	0	Ant Main	w/o	0.15	22.39	22.5	1.01	1.04
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133222	1	0	Ant Main	w/	0.14	22.97	23	1.01	1.02
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133372	1	0	Ant Main	w/	-0.15	22.98	23	1.07	1.07
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133222	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.02	21.87	22	0.985	1.01
	LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133372	50	0	Ant Main	w/	0.11	21.89	22	0.975	1.00

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	Ant 1	-	-0.12	10.39	10.5	0.529	0.54
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0	11	Ant 1	-	0.16	10.39	10.5	0.044	0.05
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Right Side	0	11	Ant 1	-	0	10.39	10.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	Ant 1	-	-0.09	10.39	10.5	0.457	0.47
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	11	Ant 1	-	0	10.39	10.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	Ant 2	-	0.16	10.48	10.5	0.752	0.76
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0	11	Ant 2	-	-0.04	10.48	10.5	0.116	0.12
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Right Side	0	11	Ant 2	-	0	10.48	10.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	Ant 2	-	0	10.48	10.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	11	Ant 2	-	0	10.48	10.5	0.001	0.00
17	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	3	Ant 1+2	-	0.01	13.15	13.5	0.962	1.05
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Left Side	0	3	Ant 1+2	-	0.11	13.15	13.5	0.115	0.13
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Right Side	0	3	Ant 1+2	-	0	13.15	13.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Top Side	0	3	Ant 1+2	-	0.02	13.15	13.5	0.377	0.41
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Bottom Side	0	3	Ant 1+2	-	0.00	13.15	13.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	6	Ant 1+2	-	0.11	12.97	13.5	0.675	0.77
	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	9	Ant 1+2	-	0.07	12.98	13.5	0.688	0.78
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	50	Ant 1	-	0.08	11.61	12	0.29	0.32
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	50	Ant 1	-	0	11.61	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	50	Ant 1	-	0	11.61	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	50	Ant 1	-	0.16	11.61	12	0.243	0.27
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	50	Ant 1	-	0	11.61	12	0.001	0.00
18	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	50	Ant 2	-	0.08	11.99	12	0.501	0.50
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	50	Ant 2	-	-0.04	11.99	12	0.123	0.12
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	50	Ant 2	-	0	11.99	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	50	Ant 2	-	0	11.99	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	50	Ant 2	-	0	11.99	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	50	Ant 1+2	-	-0.04	14.81	15	0.479	0.50
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	50	Ant 1+2	-	0.17	14.81	15	0.138	0.14
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	50	Ant 1+2	-	0	14.81	15	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	50	Ant 1+2	-	0.09	14.81	15	0.221	0.23
	WLAN 5.3G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	50	Ant 1+2	-	0	14.81	15	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	114	Ant 1	-	-0.03	8.83	9	0.147	0.15
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	114	Ant 1	-	0	8.83	9	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	114	Ant 1	-	0	8.83	9	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	114	Ant 1	-	-0.04	8.83	9	0.126	0.13
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	114	Ant 1	-	0	8.83	9	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	114	Ant 2	-	0.04	8.81	9	0.93	0.97
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	114	Ant 2	-	-0.17	8.81	9	0.428	0.45
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	114	Ant 2	-	0	8.81	9	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	114	Ant 2	-	0	8.81	9	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	114	Ant 2	-	0	8.81	9	0.001	0.00
19	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	114	Ant 1+2	-	0.01	11.94	12	1.05	1.06
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Left Side	0	114	Ant 1+2	-	0.08	11.94	12	0.488	0.49
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Right Side	0	114	Ant 1+2	-	0	11.94	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Top Side	0	114	Ant 1+2	-	0.17	11.94	12	0.156	0.16
	WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Bottom Side	0	114	Ant 1+2	-	0	11.94	12	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 1	-	-0.15	12.35	12.5	0.562	0.58
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 1	-	0	12.35	12.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	155	Ant 1	-	0	12.35	12.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 1	-	-0.03	12.35	12.5	0.269	0.28
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	Ant 1	-	0	12.35	12.5	0.001	0.00
21	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 2	-	0.09	12.33	12.5	1.14	1.19
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 2	-	0.14	12.33	12.5	0.428	0.45
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	155	Ant 2	-	0	12.33	12.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 2	-	0	12.33	12.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	Ant 2	-	0	12.33	12.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	Ant 1+2	-	0.05	15.24	15.5	1	1.06
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Side	0	155	Ant 1+2	-	0.15	15.24	15.5	0.231	0.25
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Side	0	155	Ant 1+2	-	0	15.24	15.5	0.001	0.00
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Top Side	0	155	Ant 1+2	-	0.18	15.24	15.5	0.278	0.30
	WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	Ant 1+2	-	0	15.24	15.5	0.001	0.00
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	0	0	Ant 2	-	-0.05	5.99	6	0.314	0.41
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Left Side	0	0	Ant 2	-	0.1	5.99	6	0.058	0.08
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Right Side	0	0	Ant 2	-	0	5.99	6	0.001	0.00
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Top Side	0	0	Ant 2	-	0	5.99	6	0.001	0.00
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Bottom Side	0	0	Ant 2	-	0	5.99	6	0.001	0.00
22	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	0	39	Ant 2	-	-0.11	5.47	6	0.355	0.53
	Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	0	78	Ant 2	-	0.19	4.47	6	0.137	0.26

Index.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	Antenna	P-Sensor	Power Drift	Meas. Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	APD W/m ² (4cm ²)	Reported APD W/m ² (4cm ²)
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	79	Ant 1	-	-0.11	10.49	10.5	0.323	0.32	3.3	3.31
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Left Side	0	79	Ant 1	-	-0.03	10.49	10.5	0.054	0.05	0.607	0.61
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Right Side	0	79	Ant 1	-	0	10.49	10.5	0.001	0.00	0	0.00
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Top Side	0	79	Ant 1	-	-0.15	10.49	10.5	0.313	0.31	3.09	3.10
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Bottom Side	0	79	Ant 1	-	0	10.49	10.5	0.001	0.00	0	0.00
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	79	Ant 2	-	0.19	10.36	10.5	0.37	0.38	2.76	2.85
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Left Side	0	79	Ant 2	-	-0.16	10.36	10.5	0.057	0.06	0.356	0.37
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Right Side	0	79	Ant 2	-	0	10.36	10.5	0.001	0.00	0	0.00
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Top Side	0	79	Ant 2	-	0	10.36	10.5	0.001	0.00	0	0.00
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Bottom Side	0	79	Ant 2	-	-0.13	10.36	10.5	0.037	0.04	0.241	0.25
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	79	Ant 1+2	-	-0.19	13.42	13.5	0.797	0.81	5.77	5.88
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Left Side	0	79	Ant 1+2	-	-0.08	13.42	13.5	0.137	0.14	0.7	0.71
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Right Side	0	79	Ant 1+2	-	0	13.42	13.5	0.001	0.00	0	0.00
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Top Side	0	79	Ant 1+2	-	0.01	13.42	13.5	0.466	0.47	2.96	3.02
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Bottom Side	0	79	Ant 1+2	-	-0.08	13.42	13.5	0.083	0.08	0.515	0.52
23	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	15	Ant 2	-	0.04	10.11	10.5	0.829	0.91	5.98	6.54
	UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	47	Ant 2	-	-0.13	10.31	10.5	0.3	0.31	2.76	2.88
	UNII-6	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	111	Ant 2	-	0.07	10.26	10.5	0.448	0.47	3.9	4.12
	UNII-7	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	143	Ant 2	-	0.07	10.35	10.5	0.463	0.48	4.32	4.47
	UNII-7	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	175	Ant 2	-	0.06	10.33	10.5	0.668	0.69	4.01	4.17
	UNII-8	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	207	Ant 2	-	0.08	10.19	10.5	0.668	0.72	5.64	6.06

9.3. SAR Measurement Variability

Per KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- [1] The repeated measurement is not required, when the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- [2] The measurement was repeated once, when the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg.
- [3] A second repeated measurement was performed, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg.
- [4] A third repeated measurement was performed, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg.
- [5] When 10g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

Band	Modulation	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Channel	RB Size	RB Offset	Antenna	Note	Original SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	First SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	First Ratio SAR _{1g}	Original SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	First SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	First Ratio SAR _{10g}
WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	9262	-	-	Ant Main	Index. #1 once	1.09	1.03	5.50%	0.515	0.508	1.36%
WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	1312	-	-	Ant Main	Index. #2 once	1.14	1.11	2.63%	0.601	0.597	0.67%
WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2kbps	Rear Face	0	4233	-	-	Ant Main	Index. #3 once	1.17	1.15	1.71%	0.702	0.695	1.00%
LTE Band 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	20850	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #4 once	1.13	1.09	3.54%	0.509	0.497	2.36%
LTE Band 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23130	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #5 once	1.07	1.05	1.87%	0.711	0.706	0.70%
LTE Band 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23230	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #6 once	1.19	1.14	4.20%	0.738	0.715	3.12%
LTE Band 14	QPSK10M	Rear Face	0	23330	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #7 once	1.19	1.14	4.20%	0.731	0.722	1.23%
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	26140	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #8 once	1.19	1.15	3.36%	0.594	0.581	2.19%
LTE Band 26	QPSK15M	Rear Face	0	26765	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #9 once	1.18	1.13	4.24%	0.737	0.731	0.81%
LTE Band 38	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	37850	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #10 once	1.12	1.07	4.46%	0.503	0.491	2.39%
LTE Band 41	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	40620	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #11 once	1.11	1.08	2.70%	0.498	0.491	1.41%
LTE Band 42	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	43490	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #12 once	1.13	1.09	3.54%	0.364	0.359	1.37%
LTE Band 43	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	44190	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #13 once	1.13	1.1	2.65%	0.347	0.316	8.93%
LTE Band 48	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	56207	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #14 once	1.12	1.1	1.79%	0.316	0.314	0.63%
LTE Band 66	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	132322	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #15 once	1.17	1.15	1.71%	0.546	0.538	1.47%
LTE Band 71	QPSK20M	Rear Face	0	133322	1	0	Ant Main	Index. #16 once	1.15	1.13	1.74%	0.647	0.645	0.31%
WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Rear Face	0	3	-	-	Ant 1+2	Index. #17 once	0.962	0.948	1.46%	0.348	0.341	2.01%
WLAN 5.6G	802.11ac VHT160	Rear Face	0	114	-	-	Ant 1+2	Index. #19 once	1.05	1.03	1.90%	0.292	0.286	2.05%
WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	-	-	Ant 2	Index. #21 once	1.14	1.11	2.63%	0.371	0.361	2.70%
UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	0	15	-	-	Ant 2	Index. #23 once	0.829	0.799	3.62%	0.258	0.248	3.88%

10. Evaluation for Simultaneous Transmission Scenario

10.1. Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Capable Transmit Configuration
WWAN + WLAN 2.4G Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 2.4G Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 2.4G Ant 1+2 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 5G Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 5G Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 5G Ant 1+2 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 6G Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 6G Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2
WWAN + WLAN 6G Ant 1+2 + Bluetooth Ant 2

Note :

[1] The WLAN 2.4G and WLAN 5G cannot transmit simultaneously..

10.2. SAR Summation Analysis

SAR Summation Analysis

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (1.6 W/kg for SAR1g and 4.0 W/kg for SAR10g), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1+2+11	1+3	1+4+11	1+5+11	1+6+11	1+7+11	1+8+11	1+9+11	1+10+11
		WWAN	WLAN 2.4G Ant 1	WLAN 2.4G Ant 2	WLAN 2.4G Ant 1+2	WLAN 5G Ant 1	WLAN 5G Ant 2	WLAN 5G Ant 1+2	WLAN 6G Ant 1	WLAN 6G Ant 2	WLAN 6G Ant 1+2	Bluetooth h Ant 2	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)
		SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR _{1g} (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Rear Face	1.18	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.25	1.94	2.76	2.29	2.90	2.77	2.03	2.62	2.52
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Top Side	1.09	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.56	1.09	1.50	1.37	1.09	1.39	1.40	1.09	1.56
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
WCDMA Band IV	Rear Face	1.17	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.24	1.93	2.75	2.28	2.89	2.76	2.02	2.61	2.51
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Top Side	1.01	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.48	1.01	1.42	1.29	1.01	1.31	1.32	1.01	1.48
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
WCDMA Band V	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Top Side	0.79	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.26	0.79	1.20	1.07	0.79	1.09	1.10	0.79	1.26
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 7	Rear Face	1.15	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.22	1.91	2.73	2.26	2.87	2.74	2.00	2.59	2.49
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
	Top Side	1.12	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.59	1.12	1.53	1.40	1.12	1.42	1.43	1.12	1.59
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 12	Rear Face	1.11	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.18	1.87	2.69	2.22	2.83	2.70	1.96	2.55	2.45
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Top Side	0.46	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	0.93	0.46	0.87	0.74	0.46	0.76	0.77	0.46	0.93
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 13	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
	Top Side	0.59	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.06	0.59	1.00	0.87	0.59	0.89	0.90	0.59	1.06
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 14	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19
	Top Side	0.57	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.04	0.57	0.98	0.85	0.57	0.87	0.88	0.57	1.04
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 25	Rear Face	1.20	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.27	1.96	2.78	2.31	2.92	2.79	2.05	2.64	2.54
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
	Top Side	1.09	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.56	1.09	1.50	1.37	1.09	1.39	1.40	1.09	1.56
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 26	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
	Top Side	0.58	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	1.05	0.58	0.99	0.86	0.58	0.88	0.89	0.58	1.05
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 38	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
	Top Side	0.31	0.47	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.00	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.47	0.00	0.79	0.31	0.72	0.59	0.31	0.61	0.62	0.31	0.78
	Bottom Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08
LTE Band 41	Rear Face	1.19	0.54	0.76	1.05	0.58	1.19	1.06	0.32	0.91	0.81	0.53	2.26	1.95	2.77	2.30	2.91	2.78	2.04	2.63	2.53
	Left Side	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.45	0.49	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.12	0.21	0.08	0.53	0.57	0.13	0.14	0.22
	Right Side	0.09	0.00	0.0																	

10.3. SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) Analysis

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination are considered one pair at a time to determine the SPLSR. When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the following formula :

$$\text{Peak Location Separation Distance} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

Where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the area or zoom scans.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna. Due to curvatures on the SAM phantom, when SAR is estimated for one of the antennas in an antenna pair, the measured peak SAR location will be translated onto the test device to determine the peak location separation for the antenna pair.

The SPLSR is determined by the following formula :

$$\text{SPLSR} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{R_i}$$

Where SAR_1 and SAR_2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and R_i is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When the SPLSR is ≤ 0.04 , the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. Otherwise, the enlarged zoom scan and volume scan post-processing procedures will be performed.

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + WLAN 2.4G Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.03
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	2462	Ant 1	
Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	2441	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.27	57.00	53.70	-177.00	118.74
0.54		72.00	-95.80	-177.00	
0.53		-46.00	-109.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + WLAN 2.4G Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.01
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	2462	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	1.96	57.00	53.70	-177.00	192.26
0.76		-47.00	-108.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + (WLAN 2.4G+Bluetooth) Ant 1+2/Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.02
(WLAN 2.4G+Bluetooth)	802.11n HT40/8-DPSK	Rear Face	2422/2441	Ant 1+2/Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.78	57.00	53.70	-177.00	193.10
1.58		-47.00	-109.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + WLAN 5.8G Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.03
WLAN 5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	5775	Ant 1	
Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	2441	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.31	57.00	53.70	-177.00	121.22
0.58		71.00	-77.30	-177.00	
0.53		-46.00	-109.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + (WLAN 5.8G+Bluetooth) Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.03
(WLAN 5.8G+Bluetooth)	802.11ac VHT80/8-DPSK	Rear Face	5775/2441	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.92	57.00	53.70	-177.00	191.42
1.72		-47.00	-107.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + (WLAN 5.6G+Bluetooth) Ant 1+2/Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.02
(WLAN 5.6G+Bluetooth)	802.11ac VHT160/8-DPSK	Rear Face	5570/2441	Ant 1+2/Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.79	57.00	53.70	-177.00	191.42
1.59		-47.00	-107.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + UNII-5 Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.03
UNII-5	802.11ax HE160	Rear Face	6345	Ant 1	
Bluetooth	8-DPSK	Rear Face	2441	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.05	57.00	53.70	-177.00	116.91
0.32		64.70	-71.40	-176.10	
0.53		-46.00	-109.00	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + (UNII-5+Bluetooth) Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.02
(UNII-5+Bluetooth)	802.11ax HE160/8-DPSK	Rear Face	6025/2441	Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.64	57.00	53.70	-177.00	193.55
1.44		-51.80	-106.80	-177.00	

LTE Band 25 Ant Main + (UNII-5+Bluetooth) Ant 1+2/Ant 2					
Band	Modulation	Test Position	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Peak location separation ratio
LTE Band 25	QPSK20M	Rear Face	1860	Ant Main	0.02
(UNII-5+Bluetooth)	802.11ax HE160/8-DPSK	Rear Face	6345/2441	Ant 1+2/Ant 2	
Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ Reported SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	X (mm)	Y (mm)	Z (mm)	Antenna pair (mm)
1.2	2.54	57.00	53.70	-177.00	193.55
1.34		-51.80	-106.80	-177.00	

10.4. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Measurement

When simultaneous transmission SAR measurement is required in different frequency bands not covered by a single probe calibration point then separate tests for each frequency band are performed. The tests are performed using enlarged zoom scans which are processed, by means of superposition, using the DASY volume scan post-processing procedures to determine the SAR for the aggregate SAR distribution.

The spatial resolution used for all enlarged zoom scans is the same as used for the most stringent zoom scans, i.e., the scan parameters required for the highest frequency assessed are used for all enlarged zoom scans. The scans cover the complete area of the device to ensure all transmitting antennas and radiating structures are assessed.

DASY provides the ability to perform Multi-band Evaluations according to the latest standards using the Volume Scan job as well as appropriate routines for the post-processing. In order to extract and process measurements within different frequency bands, the SEMCAD X Post-processor performs the combination and subsequent superposition of these measurement data via DASY = Combined Multi-Band Averaged SAR. Combined Multi-Band Averaged SAR allows - in addition to the data extraction - an evaluation of the 1 g, 10 g and/or arbitrary averaged mass SAR.

Power Scaling Factor is used to allow the volume scans to be scaled by a value other than "1", this is important when the results need to be scaled to different maximum power levels. The Power Scaling Factor is applied to each individual point of the scan. When power scaling is used in multi-band combinations the scaling factor is applied to each individual point of the first scan, the second factor is then applied to each individual point of the second scan and so on. The scans are then combined.

11. Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Cal. Date	Cal. Period
SPEAG	750 MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1222	Aug. 21, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	835 MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d291	Aug. 21, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	1800 MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d167	Jul. 12, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	1900 MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d111	Sep. 21, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	2450 MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1087	Aug. 18, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	2600 MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1197	Aug. 18, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	3500 MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1013	Sep. 20, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	3700 MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1034	Sep. 20, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	5 GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1358	Aug. 22, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	6.5 GHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1081	Aug. 16, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10 GHz	1060	Aug. 21, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EUmmWV4	9639	Aug. 18, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7737	Jun. 05, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7757	Aug. 22, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1669	May. 23, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1743	Aug. 17, 2023	1 year
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV3044	101255	Nov. 30, 2023	1 year
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6272459653	Aug. 16, 2023	1 year
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8000A	6272524702	Sep. 06, 2023	1 year
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8870A	6272488631	Sep. 11, 2023	1 year
Agilent	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	E5515C	GB47020167	Sep. 15, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS VNA R140	0010318	May. 22, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	1101	May. 23, 2023	1 year
SPEAG	POWERSOURCE1	SE UMS 160 CA	4244	May. 16, 2023	1 year
HILA	Digital Thermometer	TM-906A	1500033	Oct. 25, 2023	1 year
Keysight	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010B	MY59071418	Mar. 20, 2023	1 year
Agilent	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY44320425	Feb. 17, 2023	1 year
Testo	Thermometer	608-H1	83837955	Dec. 08, 2023	1 year

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler, or filter were connected to a calibrated source to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

Test Engineer : Joanna Chen

12. Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Decision Rule:

☒ Uncertainty is not included.

☐ Uncertainty is included.

SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Symbol	Error Description	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C_i (1g)	C_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)
Measurement System Errors								
CF	Probe Calibration	12.0	N	2	1	1	6.0	6.0
CF _{drift}	Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
LIN	Probe Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
BBS	Broadband Signal	2.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.6	1.6
ISO	Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4
DAE	Other Probe+Electronic	0.8	N	1	1	1	0.8	0.8
AMB	RF Ambient	0.7	N	1	1	1	0.7	0.7
Δ_{sys}	Probe Positioning	0.006	N	1	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.0
DAT	Data Processing	1.2	N	1	1	1	1.2	1.2
Phantom and Device Errors								
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
LIQ(T _σ)	Conductivity (temp)BB	3.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
DIS	Distance DUT-TSL	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
D _{xyz}	Device Positioning	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
H	Device Holder	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
MOD	DUT Modulation	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
TAS	Time-average SAR	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF _{drift}	DUT drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Correction to the SAR Results								
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
C(R)	SAR Scaling	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
u(Δ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty					RSS	10.5	10.4
U	Expanded Uncertainty					k=2	21.0	20.8

SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Symbol	Error Description	Uncertainty ($\pm$ %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C_i (1g)	C_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty ($\pm$ %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty ($\pm$ %, 10g)
Measurement System Errors								
CF	Probe Calibration	13.1	N	2	1	1	6.55	6.55
CF _{drift}	Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
LIN	Probe Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
BBS	Broadband Signal	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
ISO	Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4
DAE	Other Probe+Electronic	1.2	N	1	1	1	1.2	1.2
AMB	RF Ambient	0.7	N	1	1	1	0.7	0.7
Δ_{sys}	Probe Positioning	0.005	N	1	0.29	0.29	0.0	0.0
DAT	Data Processing	2.3	N	1	1	1	2.3	2.3
Phantom and Device Errors								
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
LIQ(T _{σ})	Conductivity (temp)BB	3.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.25	0.25	2.0	2.0
DIS	Distance DUT-TSL	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
D _{xyz}	Device Positioning	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
H	Device Holder	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
MOD	DUT Modulation	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
TAS	Time-average SAR	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF _{drift}	DUT drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Correction to the SAR Results								
C(ε , σ)	Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
C(R)	SAR Scaling	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
u(Δ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty					RSS	11.2	11.1
U	Expanded Uncertainty					k=2	22.4	22.2

SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 6 GHz to 10 GHz

Symbol	Error Description	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C_i (1g)	C_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)
Measurement System Errors								
CF	Probe Calibration	18.6	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
CF _{drift}	Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
LIN	Probe Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
BBS	Broadband Signal	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
ISO	Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4
DAE	Other Probe+Electronic	2.4	N	1	1	1	2.4	2.4
AMB	RF Ambient	0.7	N	1	1	1	0.7	0.7
Δ_{sys}	Probe Positioning	0.005	N	1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
DAT	Data Processing	3.5	N	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Phantom and Device Errors								
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
LIQ(T _σ)	Conductivity (temp)BB	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0
DIS	Distance DUT-TSL	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
D _{xyz}	Device Positioning	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
H	Device Holder	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
MOD	DUT Modulation	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
TAS	Time-average SAR	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF _{drift}	DUT drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Correction to the SAR Results								
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
C(R)	SAR Scaling	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
u(Δ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty					RSS	13.9	13.8
U	Expanded Uncertainty					k=2	27.8	27.6

APD Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 6 GHz to 10 GHz

Symbol	Error Description	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C_i (1g)	C_i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)
psSAR	SAR Measurement Uncertainty	13.9 / 13.8	N	1	1	1	13.9	13.8
PDC	APD Conversion	13.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	7.8	7.8
u(Δ SAR)	Combined Uncertainty					RSS	15.9	15.9
U	Expanded Uncertainty					k=2	31.8	31.8

***** End of Report *****