FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Tractive DOG XL

Trademark: N/A

Model Name: TG4XL

Family Model: N/A

Report No.: S23011301015001

FCC ID: 2AVE6TG4XL

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name.....: Tractive GmbH

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Manufacturer's Name.....: Tractive GmbH

Address Poststrasse 4, 4061 Pasching, Austria

Product description

Product name.....: Tractive DOG XL

Trademark: N/A

Model Name: TG4XL

Family Model: N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Test Sample Number: \$230113010015

Date of Test

Date of Issue Feb. 27, 2023

Test Result Pass

Prepared By (Test Engineer)

: Jacob. Chen

(Jacob Chen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)

(Alex Li)



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REV.	. DESCRIPTION ISSUED DATE		REMARK	
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Feb. 27, 2023	Jacob Chen	



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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TG4XL are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class -Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)				
		PCB	DTS	NII	DSS	
1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 0mm)		0.059	0.088	N/A	N/A	
Max Simultaneous Tx	Body-Worn	0.147	0.147	N/A	N/A	

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information							
Product Name	Tractive DOG XL	Tractive DOG XL					
Trade Name	N/A						
Model Name	TG4XL						
Family Model	N/A						
FCC ID	2AVE6TG4XL						
Device Phase	Identical Prototype						
Exposure Category	General population / Unco	ntrolled environmer	nt				
Antono	BT/WIFI: SMD Chip Anten	na; GSM/ eMTC: FI	PC Antenna;				
Antenna	GPS: PATCH Antenna						
Battery Information	DC 3.7V, 3000mAh, 11.1V	DC 3.7V, 3000mAh, 11.1Wh					
Hardware version:	TG4XL	TG4XL					
Firmware version:	004.xxx						
Software version:	N/A						
Device Operating Configurations							
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, eMTC Band 2/4/5/12/13, WLAN 2.4G,						
Supporting Mode(s)	Bluetooth						
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), eMTC(QPSK/16QAM),						
rest Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK)						
Device Class	B, CAT M1						
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)				
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM 850	824-849	869-894				
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990				

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	eMTC Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990		
	eMTC Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155		
	eMTC Band 5	824-849	869-894		
	eMTC Band 12	699-716	729-746		
	eMTC Band 13	777-787	746-756		
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-	-2462		
	Bluetooth	2402-	-2480		
	Max Number of Timeslots	in Uplink	4		
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink			
	Max Total Timeslot	Max Total Timeslot			
	Max Number of Timeslots	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink			
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink			
	Max Total Timeslot	5			
	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)				
	1, tested with power level	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)			
	3, tested with power control	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 2)			
Power Class	3, tested with power control	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 4)			
	3, tested with power control	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 5)			
	3, tested with power contro	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 12)			
	3, tested with power contro	ol all Max.(eMTC B	and 13)		
	<u> </u>				



1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices

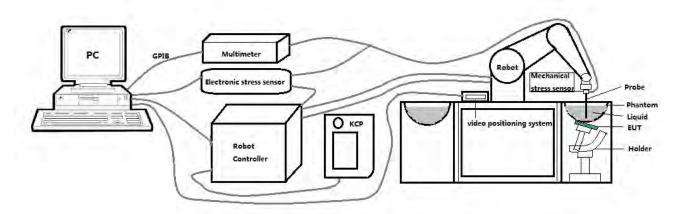
1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"





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2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.



2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119

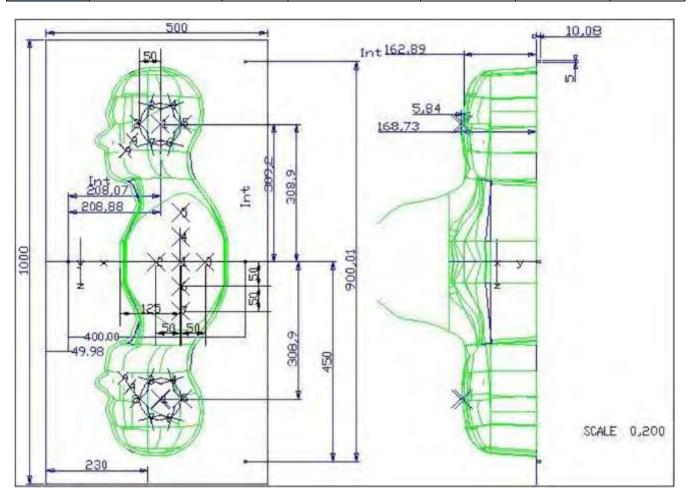


The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.



2.4.1. **Technical Data**

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

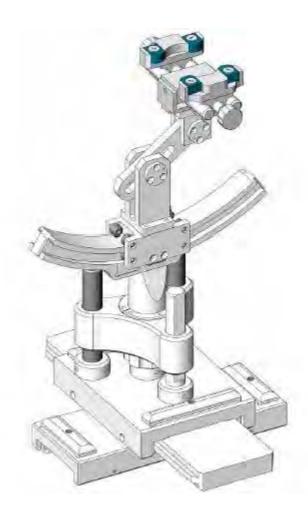
The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μ m.



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2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005



2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked $\ igsim$

Manufacturer MVG MVG MVG MVG MVG MVG MVG MV	Equipment E FIELD PROBE 750 MHz Dipole 835 MHz Dipole 900 MHz Dipole	SSE2 SID750 SID835	Serial Number SN 08/16 EPGO287 SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Last Cal. Jan. 10, 2023 Mar. 01,	Due Date Jan. 09, 2024 Feb. 28,
 MVG 	750 MHz Dipole 835 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	2023 Mar. 01,	2024
 MVG 	750 MHz Dipole 835 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	
MVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVG	835 MHz Dipole			•	Feb. 28,
MVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVG	835 MHz Dipole		0G750-355	2024	1 1
MVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVG		SID835	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2021	2024
MVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVGMVG		CIDOOO	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVG MVG MVG MVG MVG			0G835-347	2021	2024
MVG MVG MVG MVG MVG	- MUU MEZ IJIOOP	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVGMVGMVGMVG	300 WII IZ BIPOIC	OIDOOO	0G900-348	2021	2024
MVGMVGMVGMVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
☐ MVG ☐ MVG	1000 1111 12 13 15010	CID 1000	1G800-349	2021	2024
☐ MVG ☐ MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
☐ MVG	1000 111112 211010	CID 1000	1G900-350	2021	2024
☐ MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	2000 WH 12 Dipole	OIDZOOO	2G000-351	2021	2024
	2300 MHz Dipole	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	2000 WIT IZ DIPOIC	OID2000	2G300-358	2021	2024
W W W	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	2400 WH 12 DIPOIC	OIDZ-100	2G450-352	2021	2024
☐ MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
L WIVE	2000 WH 12 Dipole	OIDZOOO	2G600-356	2021	2024
☐ MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	0000 WH 12 Bipole		OIV 10/11 VV O/ CO	2021	2024
	Liquid	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
0	measurement Kit	COLIVIII	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
	Universal radio			lue 17	lun 16
⊠ R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	Jun. 17,	Jun. 16,
	tester			2022	2023
	Wideband radio			lue 17	lun 16
⊠ R&S	communication	CMW500	103917	Jun. 17,	Jun. 16,
	tester			2022	2023
⊠ HP	Network Analyzer	9752D	2440 104426	Jun. 17,	Jun. 16,
	I INGIMOLK AUSINZEL	8753D	3410J01136	2022	2023



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\boxtimes	Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47070317	Jun. 16, 2022	Jun. 15, 2023
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
\boxtimes	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan sp	atial resoli	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	
	ļ		ļ		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)					Head	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.







4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The

measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	ed Tissue		
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
Head 750	750	41.96 (39.86~44.06)	0.89 (0.85~0.93)	40.85	0.90	21.2 °C	Feb. 07, 2023
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.59	0.92	21.2 °C	Feb. 09, 2023
Head 1800	1800	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.26	1.40	21.1 °C	Jan. 29, 2023
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.99	1.44	21.3 °C	Feb. 10, 2023
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	38.34	1.78	21.5 °C	Feb. 01, 2023

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

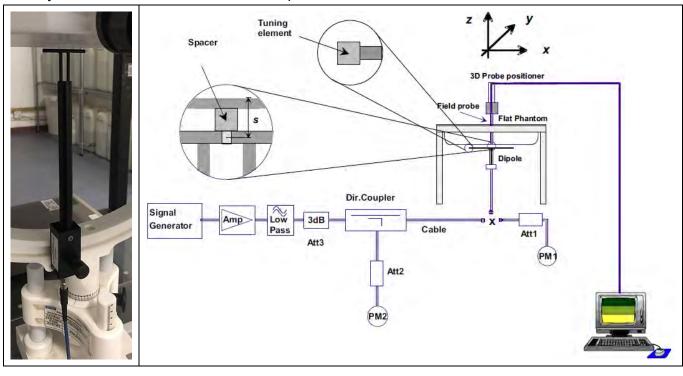


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4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

	1	T					
System	Target SA (±10	,	Measure (Normalize		Liquid	T 151	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	Test Date	
750MHz	8.53 (7.68~9.38)	5.56 (5.01~6.11)	9.12	5.90	21.4 °C	Feb. 07, 2023	
835MHz	9.84 (8.86~10.82)	6.22 (5.60~6.84)	10.57	6.58	21.2 °C	Feb. 09, 2023	
1800MHz	37.96 (34.17~41.75)	19.81 (17.83~21.79)	35.90	19.36	21.3 °C	Jan. 29, 2023	
1900MHz	40.37 (36.34~44.40)	20.48 (18.44~22.52)	41.98	22.16	21.3 °C	Feb. 10, 2023	
2450MHz	53.69 (48.33~59.05)	23.94 (21.55~26.33)	58.85	25.17	21.5 °C	Feb. 01, 2023	

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

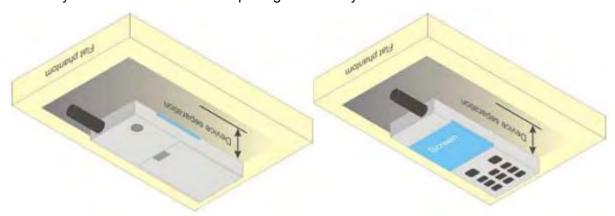


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices



7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burs	Burst-Averaged output Power				Frame-Averaged output Power				
Dana Golvioso		(dl	3m)	T		(dBm)				
Tx Channel	Tune -	128	189	251	Tune -	128	189	251		
Frequency (MHz)	up	824.2	836.4	848.8	up	824.2	836.4	848.8		
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	32.50	32.08	32.02	32.26	23.47	23.05	22.99	23.23		
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	30.50	30.06	29.83	30.17	24.48	24.04	23.81	24.15		
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	28.50	28.16	27.97	28.17	24.24	23.90	23.71	23.91		
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	27.50	27.23	26.85	26.99	24.49	24.22	23.84	23.98		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1 TS)	26.50	26.23	25.82	26.29	17.47	17.20	16.79	17.26		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2 TS)	26.50	26.02	25.60	25.92	20.48	20.00	19.58	19.90		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3 TS)	26.50	25.11	26.08	25.82	22.24	20.85	21.82	21.56		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4 TS)	25.50	25.40	24.95	25.38	22.49	22.39	21.94	22.37		
David OCM4000	Burs	t-Average	d output F	Power	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)					
Band GSM1900		(dE	3m)							
Tx Channel	Tune -	512	661	810	Tune -	512	661	810		
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz)	Tune - up	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Tune - up	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8		
Frequency (MHz)	ир	1850.2	1880	1909.8	up	1850.2	1880	1909.8		
Frequency (MHz) GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	up 29.50	1850.2 29.44	1880 29.20	1909.8 29.35	up 20.47	1850.2 20.41	1880 20.17	1909.8 20.32		
Frequency (MHz) GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	up 29.50 27.50	1850.2 29.44 27.26	1880 29.20 27.25	1909.8 29.35 27.32	up 20.47 21.48	1850.2 20.41 21.24	1880 20.17 21.23	1909.8 20.32 21.30		
Frequency (MHz) GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	up 29.50 27.50 25.50	1850.2 29.44 27.26 25.30	1880 29.20 27.25 25.24	1909.8 29.35 27.32 25.37	up 20.47 21.48 21.24	1850.2 20.41 21.24 21.04	1880 20.17 21.23 20.98	1909.8 20.32 21.30 21.11		
Frequency (MHz) GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	up 29.50 27.50 25.50 24.50	1850.2 29.44 27.26 25.30 24.46	1880 29.20 27.25 25.24 24.17	1909.8 29.35 27.32 25.37 24.02	up 20.47 21.48 21.24 21.49	1850.2 20.41 21.24 21.04 21.45	1880 20.17 21.23 20.98 21.16	1909.8 20.32 21.30 21.11 21.01		
Frequency (MHz) GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS) GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS) EGPRS(8PSK, 1 TS)	up 29.50 27.50 25.50 24.50 26.50	1850.2 29.44 27.26 25.30 24.46 25.56	1880 29.20 27.25 25.24 24.17 26.01	1909.8 29.35 27.32 25.37 24.02 25.02	up 20.47 21.48 21.24 21.49 17.47	1850.2 20.41 21.24 21.04 21.45 16.53	1880 20.17 21.23 20.98 21.16 16.98	1909.8 20.32 21.30 21.11 21.01 15.99		

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3.01 dB



7.2. eMTC Conducted Power

				RB	_	Chan	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	
Band	Band	Modulation	Configuration		Tune-up				
	Width		RB	RB	(dBm)	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	
			Size	Offset		1000771030.7	10300/1000	13133/1303.3	
			1	0	25.50	25.26	25.14	25.09	
			1	2	25.50	25.27	25.13	25.07	
			1	5	25.50	25.05	24.93	24.88	
		QPSK	3	0	24.50	24.26	24.11	24.02	
			3	1	24.50	24.21	24.12	24.01	
OMTO			3	2	24.50	24.16	24.00	23.90	
eMTC Band	1.4MHz		6	0	23.50	23.12	23.03	22.95	
2	1.4101□∠		1	0	24.50	24.09	23.93	23.86	
2			1	2	24.50	24.06	23.92	23.82	
			1	5	24.50	23.88	23.73	23.66	
		16QAM	3	0	23.50	23.24	23.08	22.91	
			3	1	23.50	23.21	23.08	22.89	
			3	2	23.50	23.12	22.98	22.79	
			6	0	23.50	23.05	23.06	23.11	

			F	RB		Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	
Band	Band	Modulation	Config	guration	Tune-up	Gridiniem requerity (Wir 12)			
Danu	Width	Modulation	RB	RB	(dBm)	19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	
			Size	Offset		19957/17 10.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	
			1	0	25.50	24.81	25.08	25.18	
			1	2	25.50	24.87	25.05	25.18	
			1	5	25.50	24.67	24.87	24.98	
		QPSK	3	0	24.50	23.81	24.08	24.12	
			3	1	24.50	23.85	23.69	23.97	
eMTC			3	2	24.50	23.79	23.96	24.00	
Band	1.4MHz		6	0	23.00	22.76	22.95	22.99	
4	1.4111112		1	0	24.50	23.71	24.01	24.05	
7			1	2	24.50	23.72	23.91	24.01	
			1	5	24.50	23.51	23.71	23.82	
		16QAM	3	0	23.50	22.91	23.02	23.10	
			3	1	23.50	22.87	22.69	22.87	
			3	2	23.50	22.75	22.89	22.98	
			6	0	23.00	22.60	22.55	22.65	



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=					Certificate #429	5,01			
		Band			RB guration	Tune-up	Chan	nel/Frequency(MHz)
	Band Width		Modulation		- 	•			
				RB	RB	(dBm)	20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3
			Size	Offset		201017021.1			
				1	0	25.50	25.08	24.86	25.20
				1	2	25.50	25.03	24.79	23.55
				1	5	25.50	24.86	24.63	24.92
			QPSK	3	0	24.50	24.01	23.73	24.06
				3	1	24.50	23.95	23.84	23.99
	OMTO				3	2	24.50	23.86	23.63
	eMTC	1.4MHz	U	6	0	23.00	22.95	22.72	22.93
	Band 5	1. 4 ₩ΠΖ		1	0	24.00	23.92	23.69	23.99
	5			1	2	24.00	23.85	23.64	23.86
				1	5	24.00	23.67	23.45	23.67
			16QAM	3	0	23.50	23.02	22.87	22.98
				3	1	23.50	22.96	22.85	22.87
				3	2	23.50	22.89	22.73	22.83
				6	0	23.00	22.87	22.85	22.92

			F	RB		Chan	nel/Frequency/	(MHz)	
Band	Band	Modulation	Config	guration	Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
Wi	Width		RB	RB	(dBm)	23017/699.7	23095/707.5	23173/715.3	
			Size	Offset		230177033.7	23093/101.3	23173/113.3	
			1	0	24.50	24.26	24.14	24.29	
			1	2	24.50	24.23	24.15	24.26	
			1	5	24.50	24.09	24.08	24.11	
		QPSK	3	0	23.50	23.21	23.23	23.21	
			3	1	23.50	23.16	23.21	23.08	
OMTC			3	2	23.50	23.14	23.11	23.07	
eMTC Band	1.4MHz		6	0	22.50	22.16	22.39	22.20	
12	1.4WITZ		1	0	23.50	23.13	23.22	23.16	
12			1	2	23.50	23.09	23.20	23.12	
			1	5	23.50	22.91	23.04	22.96	
		16QAM	3	0	22.50	22.18	22.35	22.25	
			3	1	22.50	22.25	22.31	22.31	
			3	2	22.50	22.07	22.21	22.11	
			6	0	22.50	22.16	22.20	22.18	

Band	Band	Modulation	RB	Tune-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)
Danu	Width	Modulation	Configuration	(dBm)	Charmen Frequency (wir iz)





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					ertificate #4250.01					_																									
				RB Size	RB Offset		23205/779.5	23230/782	23255/784.5																										
				1	0	25.00	24.65	24.59	24.70																										
				1	12	25.00	24.60	24.62	24.67																										
				1	24	25.00	24.43	24.43	24.52																										
			QPSK	12	0	24.00	23.75	23.70	23.72																										
		ENALL-		12	6	24.00	23.59	23.59	23.57																										
	eMTC			12	11	24.00	23.64	23.58	23.61																										
	Band			25	0	24.00	23.62	23.55	23.62																										
	13	5MHz		1	0	25.00	24.63	24.57	24.62																										
	13			1	12	25.00	24.54	24.50	24.55																										
			16QAM	16QAM							-			ı															1	24	25.00	24.41	24.32	24.41	
					12	0	24.00	23.79	23.74	23.83																									
				12	6	24.00	23.66	23.58	23.62																										
				12	11	24.00	23.66	23.57	23.64																										
				25	0	23.50	23.24	23.20	23.41																										

7.3. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.3.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
	1		17.00	16.89
802.11b	6	2437	17.00	16.79
	11	2462	17.00	15.84
	1	2412	16.00	15.92
802.11g	6	2437	16.00	15.86
	11	2462	16.00	14.97
	1	2412	15.00	14.28
802.11n HT20	6	2437	15.00	14.86
	11	2462	15.00	14.13
	3	2422	15.50	15.03
802.11n HT40	6	2437	15.50	14.19
	9	2452	15.50	13.51

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

7.3.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth





	Certifi	cate #4258.01			
	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)		
	Chamilei	(dBm)	1M	2M	
BLE	0CH	-1.00	-1.34	-2.92	
	19CH	-1.00	-1.39	-3.04	
	39CH	-3.00	-3.10	-3.68	

8. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P_{max}	P _{max}	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
Mode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	-1.00	0.79	5	2.480	0.25	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Body	-1.00	0.79	10	2.48	7.5	0.017

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth





9. SAR Results

9.1. SAR measurement results

9.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM 850

Test Position of	Test channel	Mode		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
Body with 0mm	/Freq.	iviode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	FIOL
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.015	0.005	1.54	26.85	27.50	0.017	2023/2/09	
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.031	0.011	-2.55	26.85	27.50	0.036	2023/2/09	1#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of GSM 850

9.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM 1900

Test Position	Test	Mada		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data	Dist
of Body with 0mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.045	0.022	3.93	24.17	24.50	0.049	2023/2/10	
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.047	0.024	-1.37	24.17	24.50	0.051	2023/2/10	2#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of GSM 1900

9.1.3. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 2

Test Position	Test channel /Freq.		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR			
of Body with 0mm		Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot	
	1RB										
Back Side	18900/1880	1.4M QPSK(1,2)	0.030	0.015	-1.90	25.13	25.50	0.033	2023/2/10		
Front Side	18900/1880	1.4M QPSK(1,2)	0.043	0.022	-1.27	25.13	25.50	0.047	2023/2/10	4#	
				5	0%RB						
Front	18900/1880	1.4M	0.018	0.008	-0.91	24.11	24.50	0.020	2023/2/10		



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			CUIT	medic #4250.01						 _
Side		QPSK(3,0)								
Back	18900/1880	1.4M	0.024	0.011	0.99	24.11	24.50	0.026	2023/2/10	
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(3,0)	0.024	0.011	0.99	2 4 .11	24.50	0.020	2023/2/10	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 2

9.1.4. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 4

Test Position	Test channel		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR		
of Body with 0mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
					1RB					
Back Side	20175/1732.5	1.4M QPSK(1,0)	0.042	0.021	-1.02	25.08	25.50	0.046	2023/1/29	
Front	20175/1732.5	1.4M	0.054	0.027	-0.46	25.08	25.50	0.059	2023/1/29	5#
Side	2017071702.0	QPSK(1,0)	0.001	0.027	0.10	20.00	20.00	0.000	2020/1/20	0
				50)%RB					
Front	20175/1732.5	1.4M	0.024	0.011	3.18	24.08	24.50	0.026	2023/1/29	
Side	20175/1752.5	QPSK(3,0)	0.024	0.011	3.10	24.00	24.50	0.020	2023/1/29	
Back	20175/1732.5	1.4M	0.028	0.014	-2.80	24.08	24.50	0.031	2023/1/29	
Side	Dadu CAD taat na	QPSK(3,0)								

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 4

9.1.5. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 5

Test Position				SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR		
with		Mode	1-g	10-g	Power Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
		<u> </u>			1RB					<u> </u>
Back Side	20525/836.5	1.4M QPSK(1,0)	0.012	0.010	-3.33	25.20	25.50	0.013	2023/2/09	
Front Side	20525/836.5	1.4M QPSK(1,0)	0.017	0.010	-0.30	25.20	25.50	0.018	2023/2/09	6#
				5	0%RB					
Front Side	20525/836.5	1.4M QPSK(3,0)	0.005	0.003	-3.01	24.06	24.50	0.006	2023/2/09	
Back Side	20525/836.5	1.4M QPSK(3,0)	0.010	0.006	0.08	24.06	24.50	0.011	2023/2/09	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 5





9.1.6. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 12

Test Position	Test channel		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR		
of Body with 0mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			<u>I</u>	1	1RB					<u> </u>
Back Side	23095/707.5	1.4M QPSK(1,0)	0.024	0.013	-2.65	24.14	24.50	0.026	2023/2/07	
Front Side	23095/707.5	1.4M QPSK(1,0)	0.033	0.018	-1.55	24.14	24.50	0.036	2023/2/07	7#
				5	0%RB					
Front Side	23095/707.5	1.4M QPSK(3,0)	0.013	0.007	-3.42	23.23	23.50	0.014	2023/2/07	
Back Side	23095/707.5	1.4M QPSK(3,0)	0.019	0.009	-2.03	23.23	23.50	0.020	2023/2/07	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 12

9.1.7. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 13

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode		Value /kg) 10-g	Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
	1			1	IRB	•				•
Back Side	23230/782	5M QPSK(1,0)	0.010	0.007	3.85	24.59	25.00	0.011	2023/2/07	
Front Side	23230/782	5M QPSK(1,0)	0.014	0.008	-0.56	24.59	25.00	0.015	2023/2/07	8#
	50%RB									
Front Side	23230/782	5M QPSK(25,0)	0.005	0.004	-0.17	23.70	24.00	0.005	2023/2/07	
Back Side	23230/782	5M QPSK(25,0)	0.008	0.005	-1.38	23.70	24.00	0.009	2023/2/07	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 13

9.1.8. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test	Test	Mode	SAR Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	Date	Plot
Position of	channel	Mode	(W/kg)	Drift(%)	Power	Power	SAR 1-g	Dale	FIOL



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Body with 0mm	/Freq.		1-g	10-g		(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)		
Back Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.072	0.035	3.38	16.89	17.00	0.074	2023/2/01	
Front Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.086	0.043	-1.32	16.89	17.00	0.088	2023/2/01	3#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

9.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	SPLSR	Domark	
		WWAN	DTS	(W/Kg)	SFLSK	Remark	
Dody	Front Side	0.059	0.088	0.147	N/A	N/A	
Body	Back Side	0.049	0.074	0.123	N/A	N/A	

Toot D	Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		SPLSR	Domark
16817			DSS	(W/Kg)	SPLSK	Remark
Dody	Front Side	0.059	0.017	0.076	N/A	N/A
Body	Back Side	0.049	0.017	0.066	N/A	N/A

10. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



11. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 750MHz
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 850MHz
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 1800MHz
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MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - 2450MHz



MEASUREMENT 1

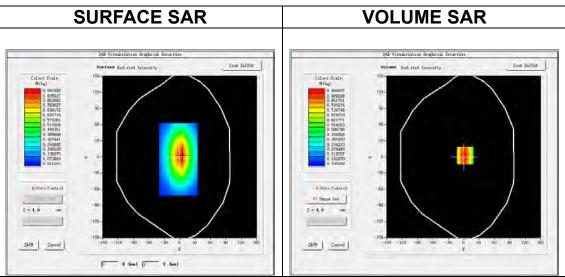
Date of measurement: 7/2/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW750</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.49

B. SAR Measurement Results

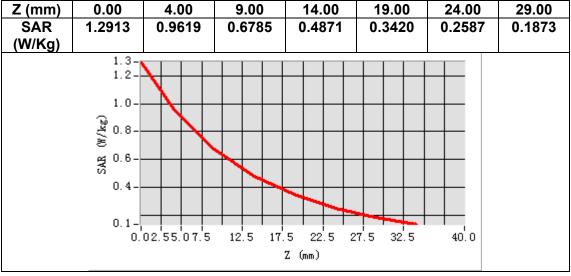
111 111041041101111 11004110	
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.852861
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.523734
Conductivity (S/m)	0.896822
Variation (%)	-3.920000

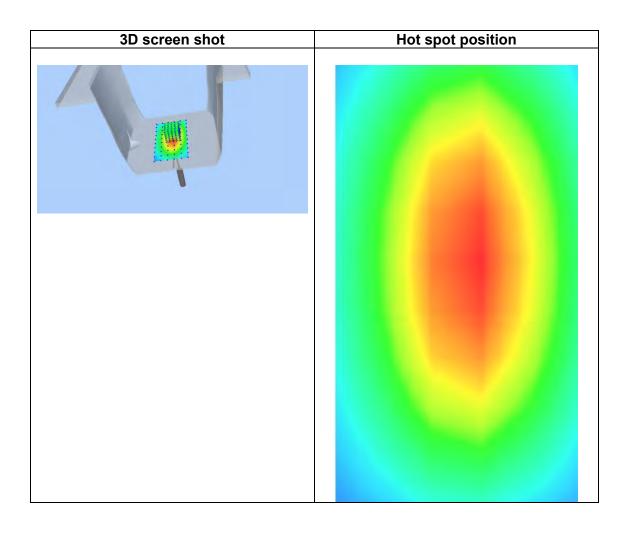


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.590158
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.912222

19.00 24.00 29.00 0.3420 0.2587 0.1873







MEASUREMENT 2

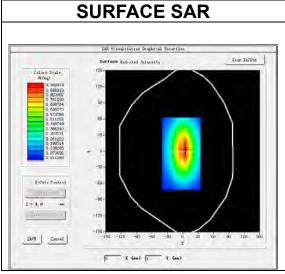
Date of measurement: 9/2/2023

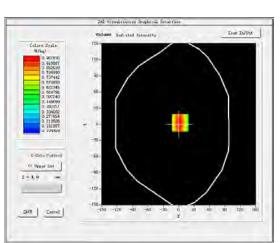
A. Experimental conditions.

A: Experimental conditions	<u> </u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

AIX Micasurement ixesuits	
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.588618
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.937299
Conductivity (S/m)	0.924869
Variation (%)	-1.080000





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.658321
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.057203

22.5 27.5 32.5

40.0

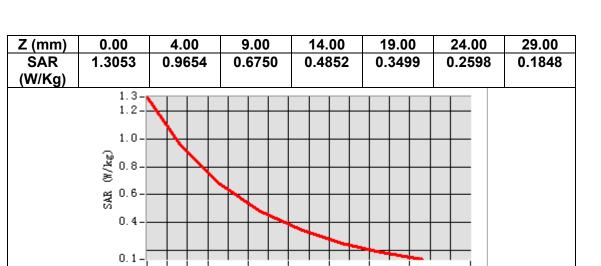
Report No.: S23011301015001

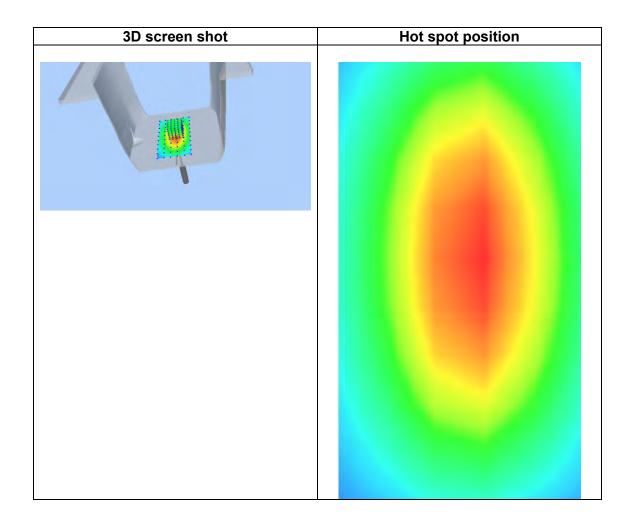
12.5

17.5

Z (mm)

0.02.55.07.5







MEASUREMENT 3

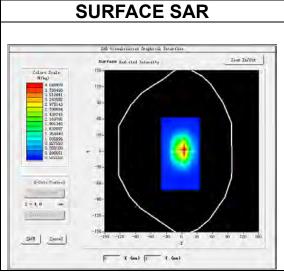
Date of measurement: 29/1/2023

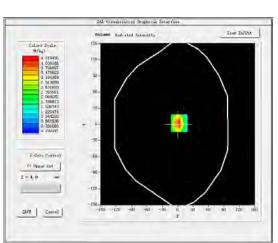
A. Experimental conditions.

dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Validation plane
<u>Dipole</u>
<u>CW1800</u>
<u>Middle</u>
CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.00000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.257168
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.034195
Conductivity (S/m)	1.403420
Variation (%)	1.540000





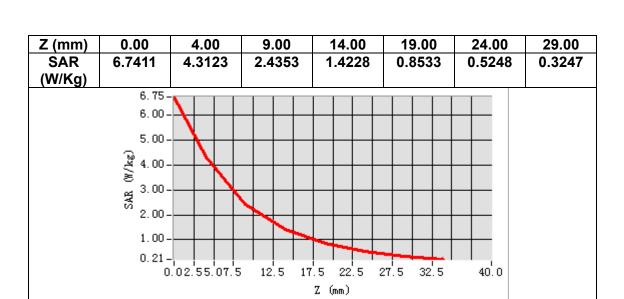
VOLUME SAR

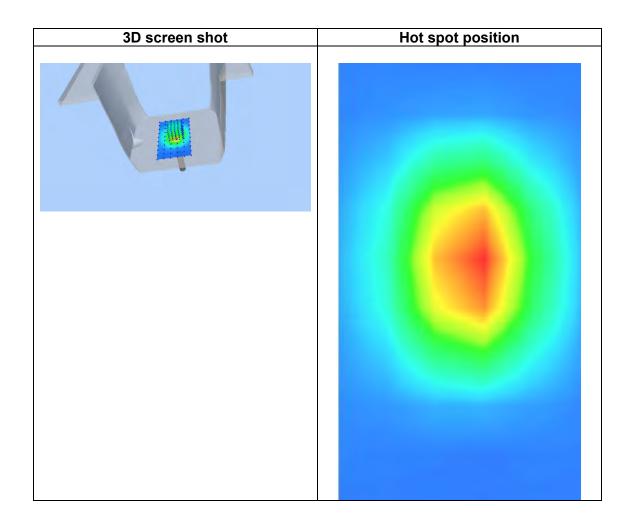
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.936249
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.590252









MEASUREMENT 4

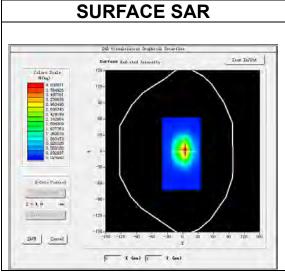
Date of measurement: 10/2/2023

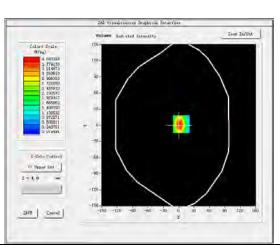
A. Experimental conditions.

A: Experimental conditions	<u> 21</u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	CW1900
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.993232
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.664752
Conductivity (S/m)	1.442390
Variation (%)	0.660000



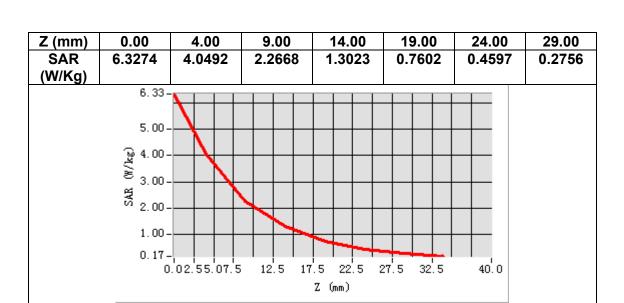


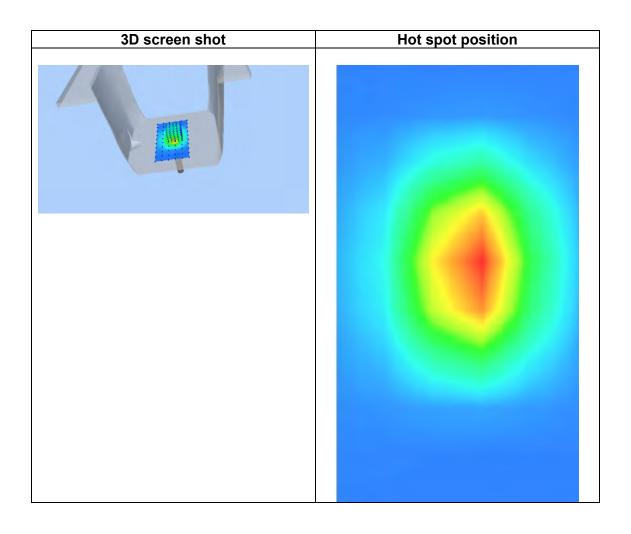
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.216157
SAR 1a (W/Ka)	4.198305









MEASUREMENT 5

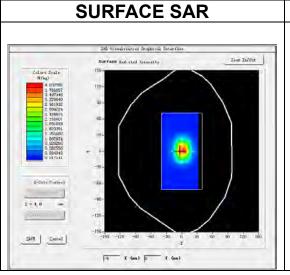
Date of measurement: 1/2/2023

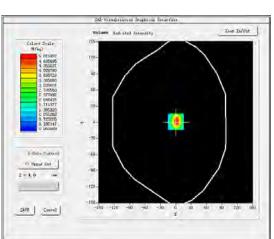
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	CW2450
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.98</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.335539
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.083327
Conductivity (S/m)	1.780786
Variation (%)	-0.680000

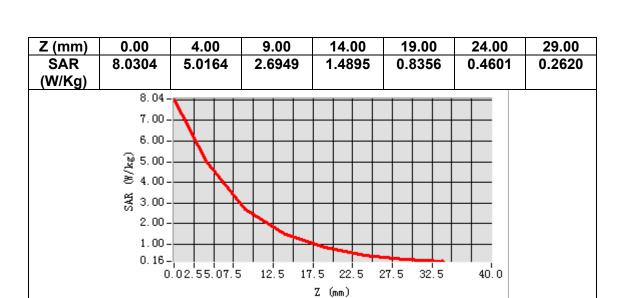


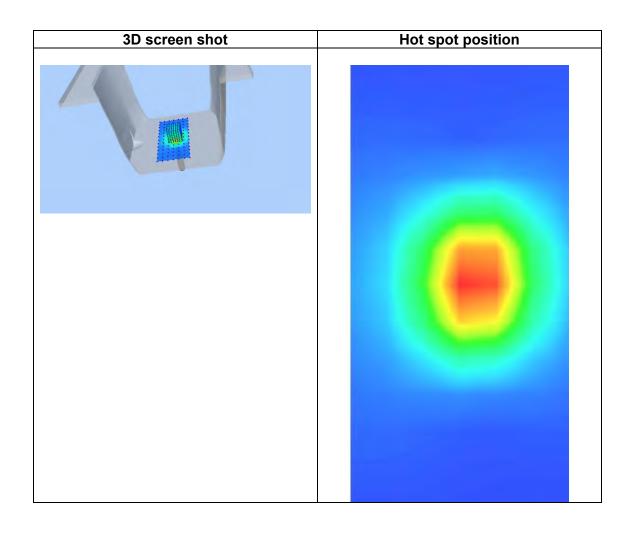


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 2.517045 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 5.885270







12. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 6 eMTC Band 5 Body	
MEASUREMENT 7 eMTC Band 12 Body	
MEASUREMENT 8 eMTC Band 13 Body	



MEASUREMENT 1

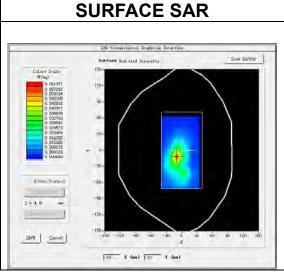
Date of measurement: 9/2/2023

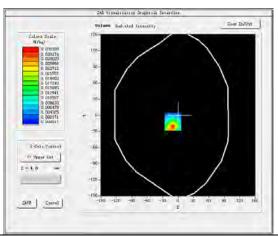
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)
ConvF	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.504276
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.963139
Conductivity (S/m)	0.927621
Variation (%)	-2.550003



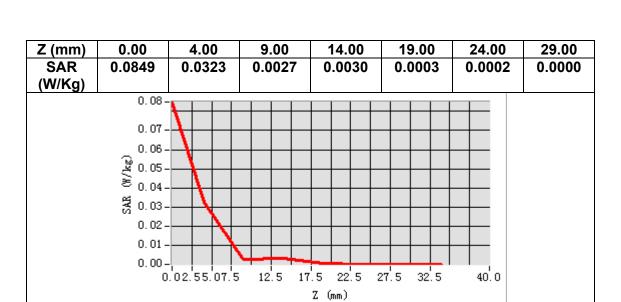


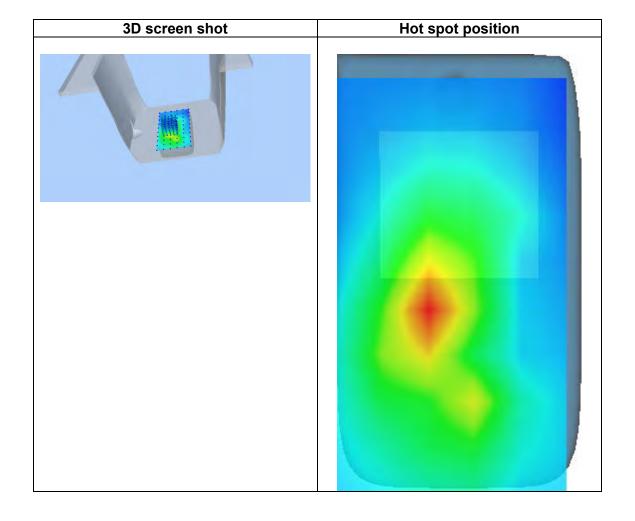
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-12.00

SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.010897
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.030527







MEASUREMENT 2

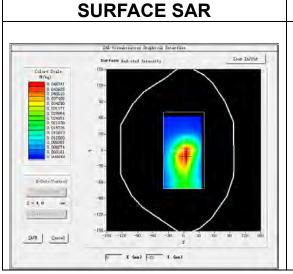
Date of measurement: 10/2/2023

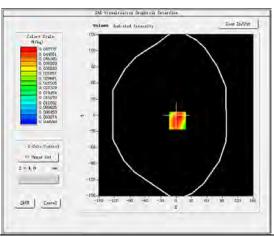
A. Experimental conditions.

A: Experimental conditions	<u>7.</u>
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
Band	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)
ConvF	1.91

B. SAR Measurement Results

2 (1) 1110 (10) (11)	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.079632
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.682552
Conductivity (S/m)	1.429067
Variation (%)	-1.370000



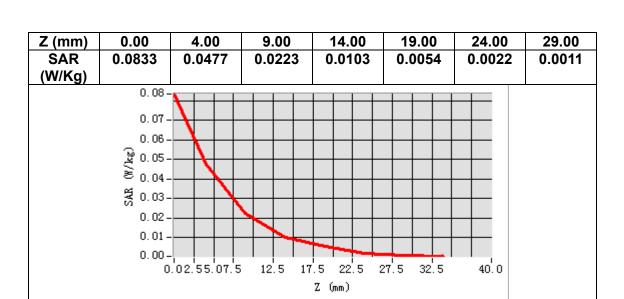


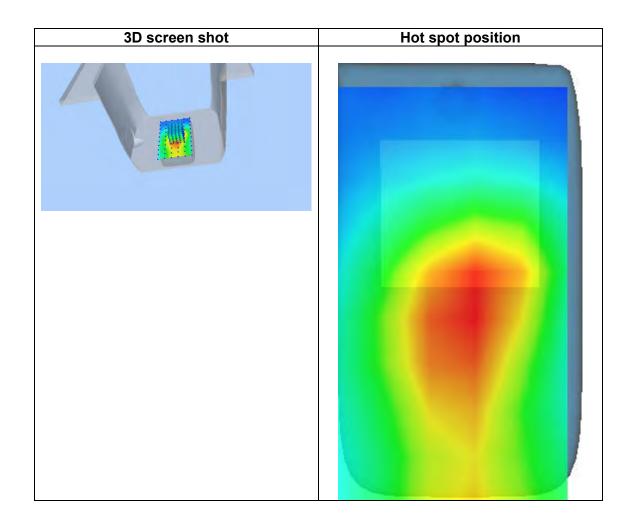
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-10.00 SAR Peak: 0.08 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.024035
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.046930









MEASUREMENT 3

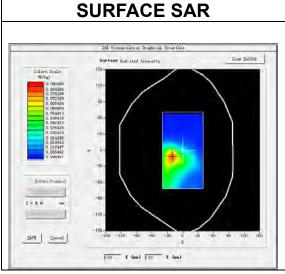
Date of measurement: 1/2/2023

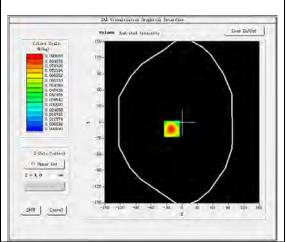
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.98

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.432239
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.032527
Conductivity (S/m)	1.746358
Variation (%)	-1.320000





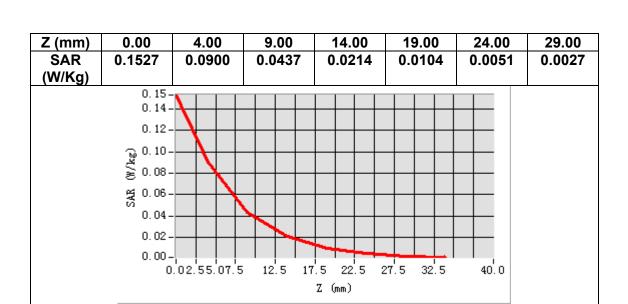
VOLUME SAR

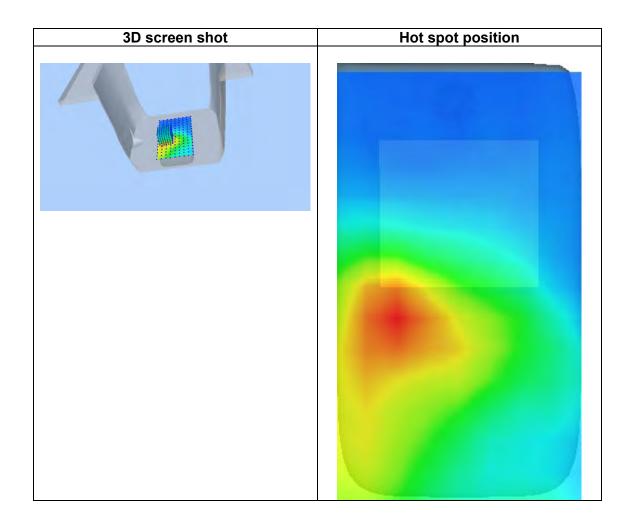
Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=-12.00

SAR Peak: 0.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.042824
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.085813









MEASUREMENT 4

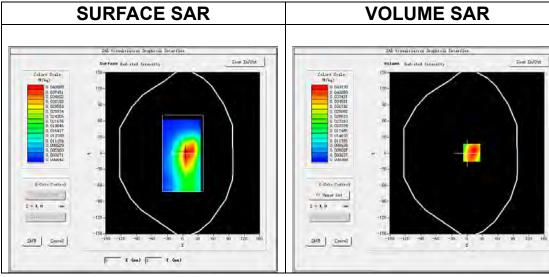
Date of measurement: 10/2/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 2
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	eMTC (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.91

B. SAR Measurement Results

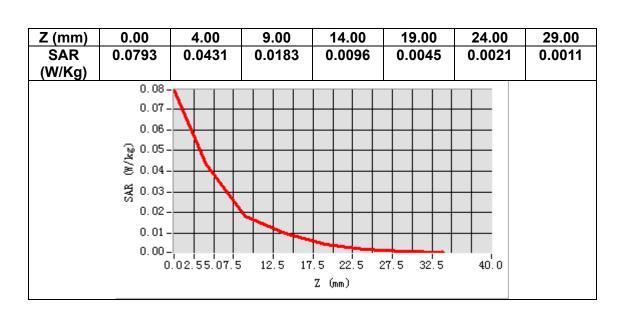
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.088131
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.686302
Conductivity (S/m)	1.429078
Variation (%)	-1.270000

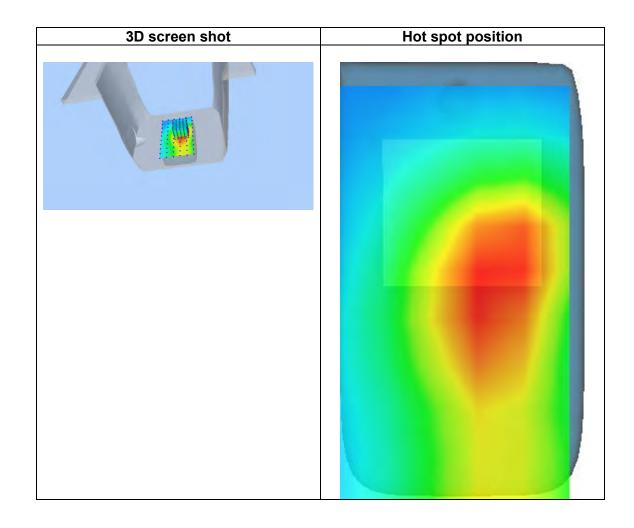


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.08 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.021660
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.042948









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MEASUREMENT 5

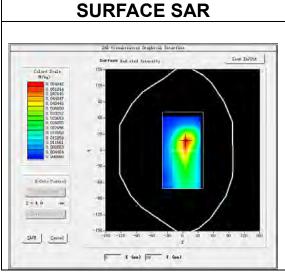
Date of measurement: 29/1/2023

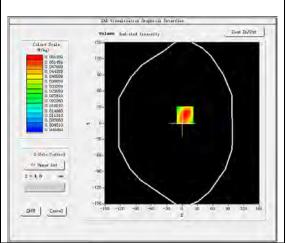
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 4
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	eMTC (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.724770
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.971345
Conductivity (S/m)	1.344742
Variation (%)	-0.460000



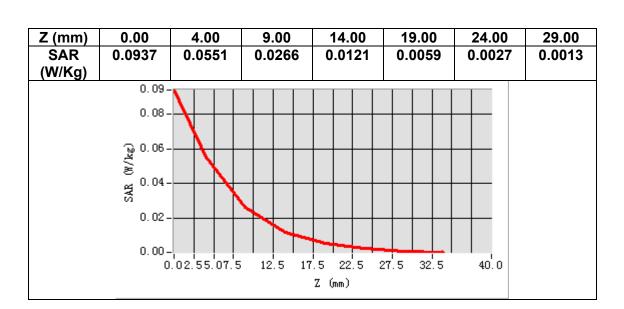


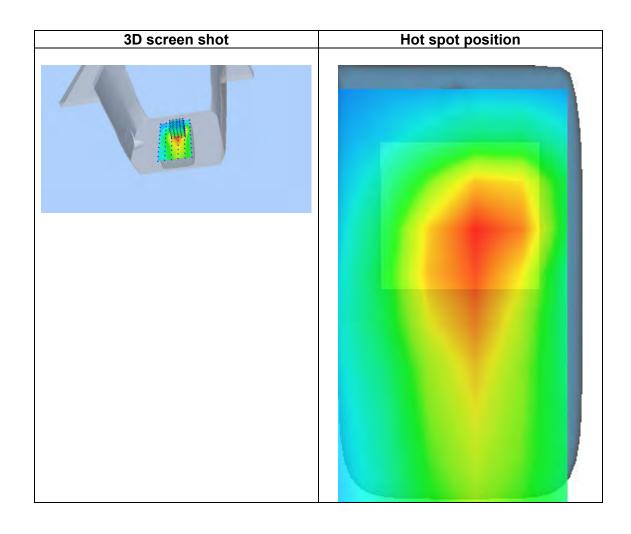
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 0.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.026745
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.053807









MEASUREMENT 6

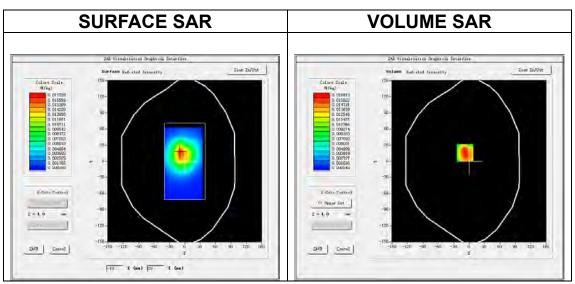
Date of measurement: 9/2/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 5
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	eMTC (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.50

B. SAR Measurement Results

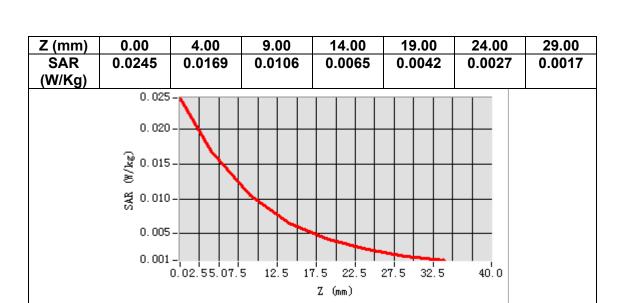
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.284779
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.777191
Conductivity (S/m)	0.919090
Variation (%)	-0.300000

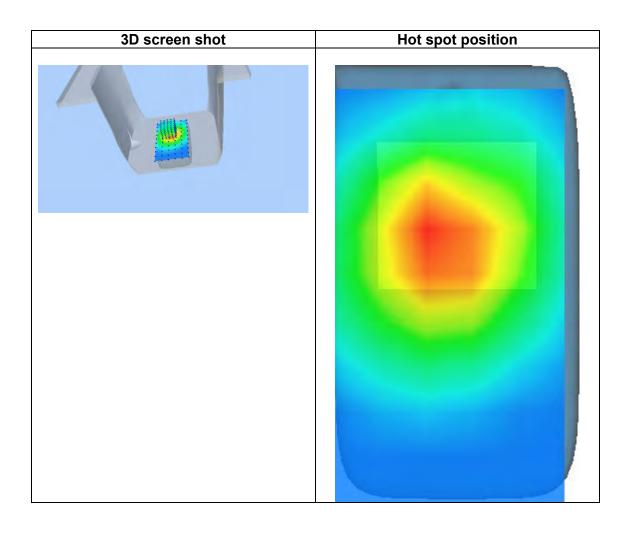


Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.009853
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.016730









MEASUREMENT 7

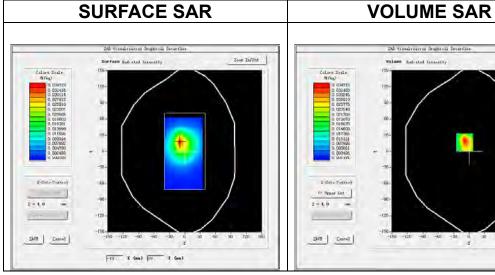
Date of measurement: 7/2/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
Band	eMTC band 12
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	eMTC (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.49

B. SAR Measurement Results

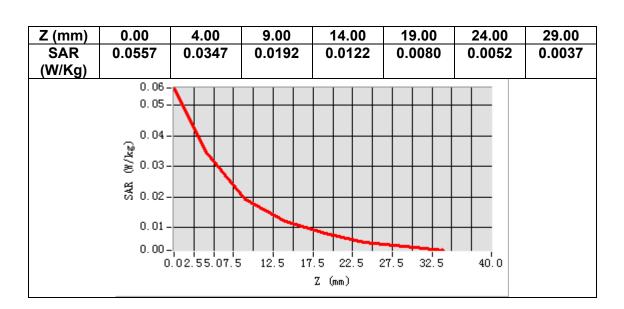
Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.395512
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.835484
Conductivity (S/m)	0.858256
Variation (%)	-1.550000

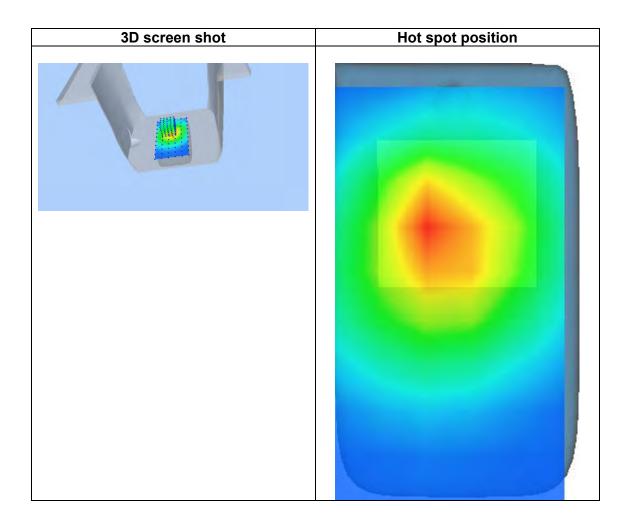


Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=17.00 SAR Peak: 0.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.018117
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.033373









MEASUREMENT 8

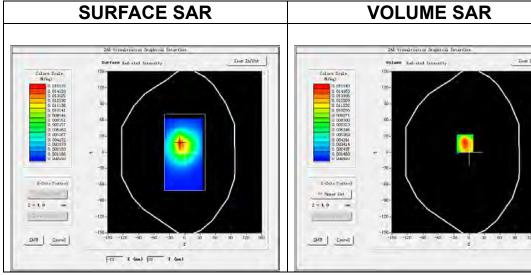
Date of measurement: 7/2/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 13		
Channels	<u>Middle</u>		
Signal	eMTC (Crest factor: 1.0)		
ConvF	1.49		

B. SAR Measurement Results

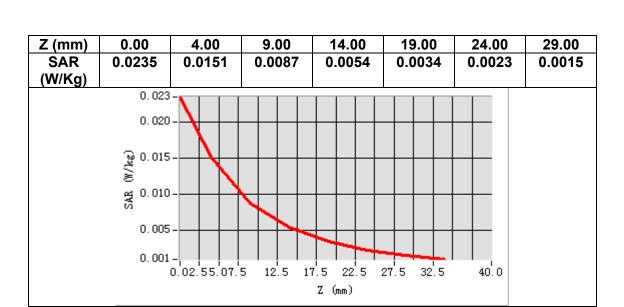
<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.561661
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.627535
Conductivity (S/m)	0.895579
Variation (%)	-0.560000

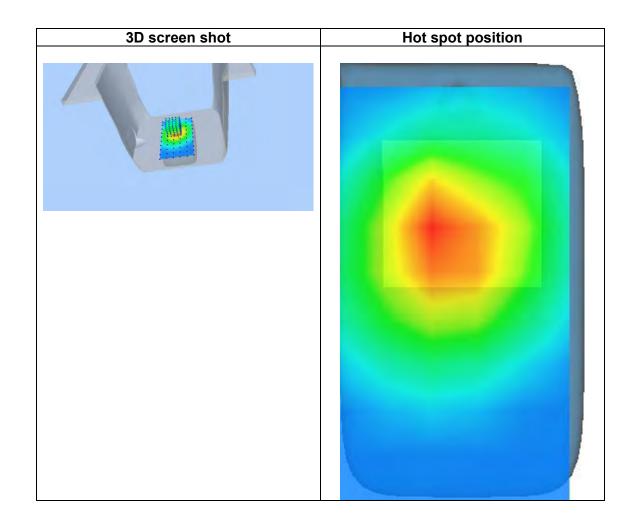


Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=17.00 SAR Peak: 0.02 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.008208
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.014490









13. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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Table of contents		
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287		
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355		
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347		
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349		
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350		
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352		
Extended Calibration Certificate		





COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 01/10/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

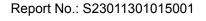
	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	JES
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	1/10/2023	Gann Toutain

2023.01.10 11:27:33 +01'00'

Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	1/10/2023	Initial release
- 17			
-			-







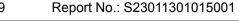
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

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5	Cali	bration Measurement Results6	
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	5.4	Isotropy	9
5	List	of Equipment	







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

DEVICE UNDER TEST 1

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ		
definition to the first of the con-	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ		

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and d_{be} + d_{step} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} \left[\%\right] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect SARuncertainty

is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement d_{be}

point, in millimetre

is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that Δ_{step}

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

⊿SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.









COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole $1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$		
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

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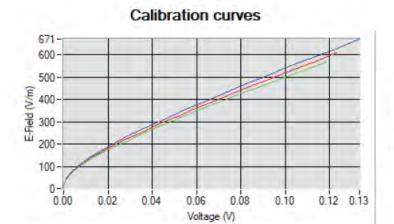






Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001



Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity 1.00 0.75 0.50 - 0.25 - 0.00 - 0.25 - 0.25 - 0.25 - 0.50 - 0.50 - 0.50 -0.50-0.75 -1.00 -500 100 200 300 400 626 E-Field (V/m)

Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL750	750	1.49
HL850	835	1.50
HL900	900	1.61
HL1800	1800	1.73
HL1900	1900	1.91
HL2000	2000	1.97
HL2300	2300	1.92
HL2450	2450	1.98
HL2600	2600	1.87
HL3300	3300	1.79
HL3500	3500	1.85
HL3700	3700	1.79
HL3900	3900	2.07
HL4200	4200	2.21
HL4600	4600	2.25
HL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	1.80
HL5400	5400	2.05
HL5600	5600	2.16
HL5800	5800	2.07

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg





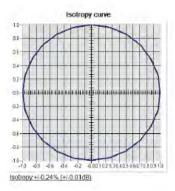


Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

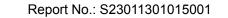
Report No.: S23011301015001

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz









COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date				
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2022	05/2025				
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2022	05/2025				
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2022	02/2025				
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2022 04/2025					
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.					
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2022	05/2025				
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to Characterized prior test. No cal required. test. No cal require					
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal validated. No carrequired.					
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023				

Report No.: S23011301015001





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

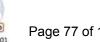
Ref: ACR.60.2.21 MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
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	Customer Name		
Distribution:	SHENZHEN NTEK		
	TESTING		
	TECHNOLOGY		
	CO., LTD.		

Name	Date	Modifications
Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release



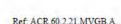


Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

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Report No.: S23011301015001



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID750			
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







Ref: ACR 60.2.21 MVGB A

Report No.: S23011301015001

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss			
400 - 6000MHz	0.08 LIN			

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
0 - 300	0.20 mm		
300 - 450	0.44 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty	
-------------	----------------------	--

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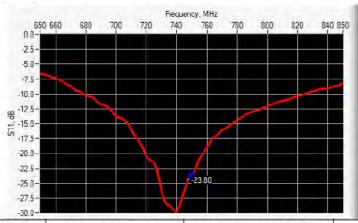
Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-23.80	-20	56.4 Ω - 0.1 iΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h m	h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured	
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.		
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.		
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	5	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	112	3.6 ±1 %.		
900	149.0 ±1 %.	1	83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1.5	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,	1.	51.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	1.2	
1500	80.5 ±1 %,	1	50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1640	79.0 ±1 %,	1	45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1750	75.2 ±1 %.	1	42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1.2	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	1	41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.	110	3.6 ±1 %.		
2000	64.5 ±1 %,	11	37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.		
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	1.1	3.6 ±1 %.		

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Report No.: S23011301015001

2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.8 sigma: 0.82
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	750750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,΄)		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %	41.8	0.89 ±10 %	0.82
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref. ACR.60.2.21 MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	117
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.53 (0.85)	5.55	5.56 (0.56
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10,9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21,9	
2300	48.7		23,3	
2450	52.4		24	1
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1	1	25	

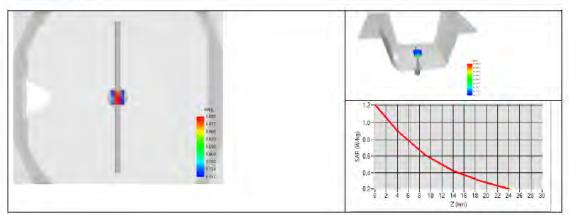
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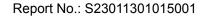
Report No.: S23011301015001



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A







Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68		Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023

Report No.: S23011301015001





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

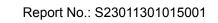
Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK **TESTING** Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release





Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

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	5.3	Validation Measurement					
6	Cali	bration Measurement Results					
	6.1	Return Loss and Impedance					
	6.2	Mechanical Dimensions	(
7	Vali	dation measurement					
	7.1	Measurement Condition					
	7.2	Head Liquid Measurement					
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MVG





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID835	
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







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MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

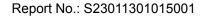
The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
-------------	----------------------

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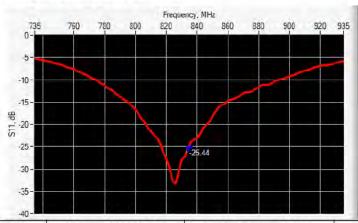


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1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-25.44	-20	54.4 Ω - 2.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lr	nm	h mm		d r	mm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	1	100.0 ±1 %.	F	6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	I	89,8 ±1 %,		3.6 ±1 %.	100
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	Ji	39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.6 sigma: 0.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ε,΄)		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %	40.6	0.90 ±10 %	0.89
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %	
2600	39.0 ±10 % 1.96 ±10 %		
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	ĵ
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.84 (0.98)	6.22	6.22 (0.62
900	10.9	-	6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36,4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	

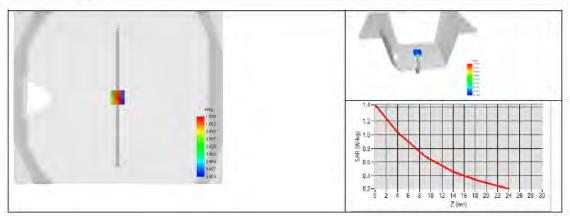
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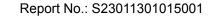


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21 MVGB.A









Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68		Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022		
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023		

Report No.: S23011301015001





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP1G800-349

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.coffac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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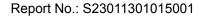
	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Chann Toutain

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	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK
	TESTING
	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release
-			







Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

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Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID1800			
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP1G800-349			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

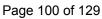
Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume Expanded Uncertainty	
----------------------------------	--

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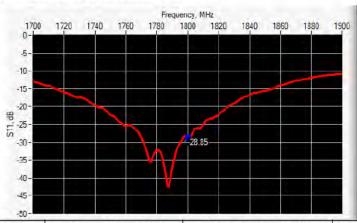
Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-28.85	-20	$47.9 \Omega + 2.9 i\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h m	nm	d r	mm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	1	100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	11 1 1 1 1 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.	117	3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.	11	45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.	-	3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68,0 ±1 %,		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.	112	3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.	1.1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.7 sigma: 1.34
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	18001800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %	43.7	1.40 ±10 %	1.34
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref: ACR.60.5.21 MVGB.A

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz 1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2,85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	11.
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4	37.96 (3.80)	20.1	19.81 (1.98)
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	112
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	

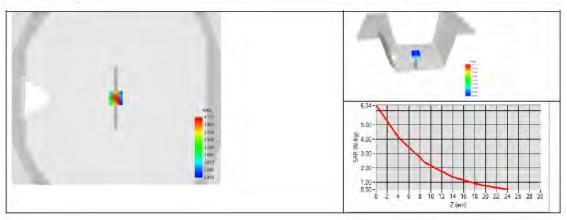
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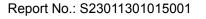


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.5.21 MVGB.A









Ref: ACR.60.5.21.MVGB.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023

Report No.: S23011301015001







SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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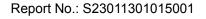
	Name	Function	Date	Signature	
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES	
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain	

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	Customer Name		
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK		
	TESTING		
	TECHNOLOGY		
	CO., LTD.		

Name	Date	Modifications
Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release
	Jérôme Luc	Jérôme Luc 3/1/2021







Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21 MVGB.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID1900		
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

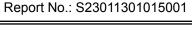
3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty

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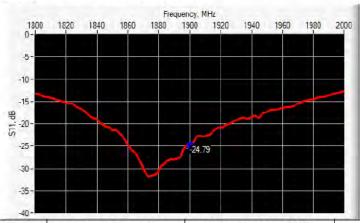
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-24.79	-20	$50.8 \Omega + 5.7 i\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d r	nm
requir	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.	J	166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1-6
1450	89.1 ±1 %,	1	51.7 ±1 %.	1.	3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.	1.	50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.	11.0	3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	14 - A-1	39.5 ±1 %.	1.4	3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.	111	3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %,		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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Mkzrowaws Violen Group	SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT
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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %	3.6 ±1 %.	

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.3 sigma: 1.41
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	19001900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %	43.3	1.40 ±10 %	1.41
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref: ACR.60.6.21 MVGB.A

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2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2,85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5,55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6,99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	40.37 (4.04)	20.5	20.48 (2.05
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43,6		21,9	
2300	48.7		23,3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	

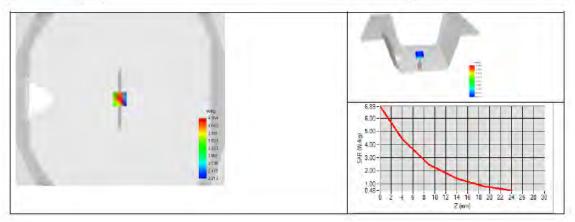
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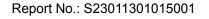


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21 MVGB.A









Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022			
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022			
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023			

Report No.: S23011301015001







SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Name	Function	Date	Signature
Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
	Jérôme LUC Jérôme LUC	Jérôme LUC Technical Manager Jérôme LUC Technical Manager	Jérôme LUC Technical Manager 3/1/2021 Jérôme LUC Technical Manager 3/1/2021

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	Customer Name		
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK		
	TESTING		
	TECHNOLOGY		
	CO., LTD.		

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LE GALL	3/1/2021	Initial release



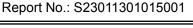


Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

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Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

Device Under Test				
Device Type COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOL				
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID2450			
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL INFORMATION 3.1

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 60.8.21 MVGB A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
0 - 300	0.20 mm		
300 - 450	0.44 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
-------------	----------------------

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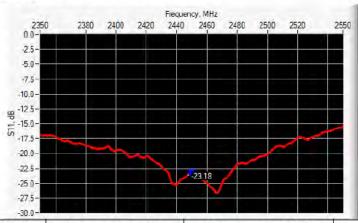
Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23011301015001

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-23.18	-20	56.3 Ω - 2.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,		51.7 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	1
1500	80.5 ±1 %,		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %,		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1.4
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.	110	3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.	11	37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.	110	3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	1911	3.6 ±1 %.	179.0

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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

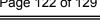
Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.9 sigma: 1.88
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	24502450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required measured		required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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2100	39.8 ±10 %		1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %		1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	41.9	1.80 ±10 %	1.88
2600	39.0 ±10 %	-	1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %		2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %		2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured	
300	2.85		1.94		
450	4.58		3.06	11	
750	8.49		5,55	12	
835	9.56		6.22		
900	10,9		6,99	11.2	
1450	29		16		
1500	30.5		16.8		
1640	34.2		18.4		
1750	36.4		19.3		
1800	38.4		20.1		
1900	39.7		20.5		
1950	40.5		20.9		
2000	41.1		21.1		
2100	43.6		21,9		
2300	48.7		23,3		
2450	52.4	53.69 (5.37)	24	23.94 (2.39)	
2600	55.3		24.6		
3000	63.8		25.7	11	
3500	67.1		25		

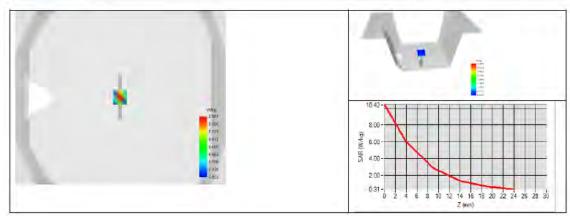
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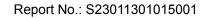


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21 MVGB.A









Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022			
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022			
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019 04/2022				
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023			





<Justification of the extended calibration>

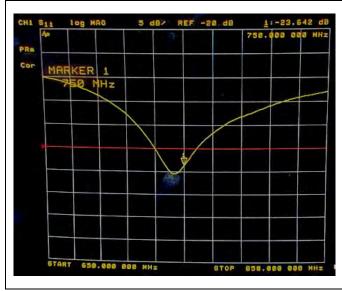
If dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration for below 3GHz, and <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration for 5GHz to 6GHz), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

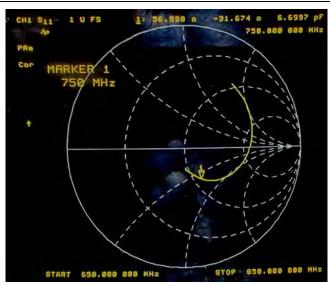
<Head 750MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-23.80	-	56.4	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-23.642	0.66	56.998	0.598	Feb. 28, 2022

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data







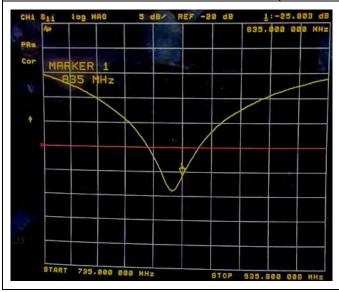


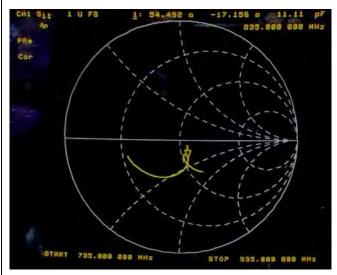
<Head 835MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-25.44	-	54.40	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-25.803	1.43	54.492	0.092	Feb. 28, 2022

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data





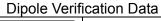


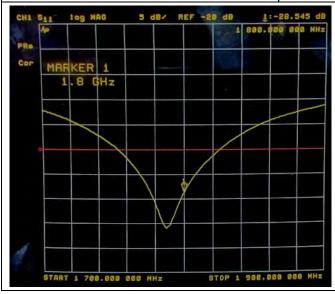


<Head 1800MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-28.85	-	47.90	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-28.545	1.06	47.809	0.091	Feb. 28, 2022

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.









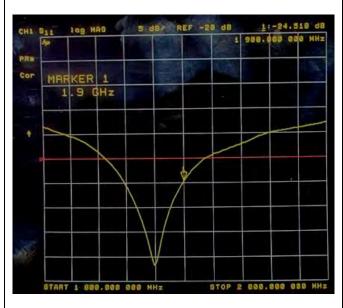


<Head 1900MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-24.79	-	50.80	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-24.518	1.10	50.516	0.284	Feb. 28, 2022

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data







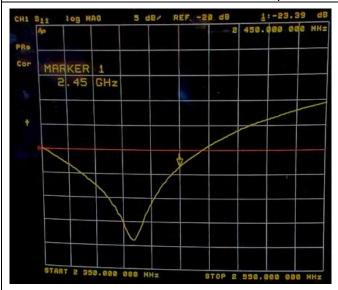


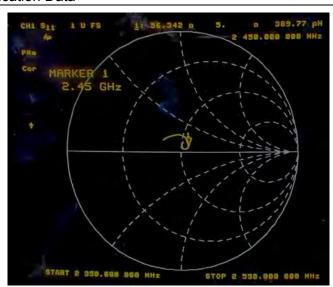
<Head 2450MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-23.18	-	56.30	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-23.39	0.91	56.342	0.042	Feb. 28, 2022

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.







Report No.: S23011301015001

END_