



# TEST REPORT

**APPLICANT** : Sonim Technologies, Inc.  
**PRODUCT NAME** : GSM, WCDMA, LTE Cell Phone  
**MODEL NAME** : XP3900  
**BRAND NAME** : Sonim  
**FCC ID** : WYPP14303  
**STANDARD(S)** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)  
IEEE 1528-2013  
**RECEIPT DATE** : 2021-04-23  
**TEST DATE** : 2021-04-25 to 2021-05-30  
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Changed History		
Version	Date	Reason for Change
1.0	2021-06-22	First edition



# 1. SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary		
		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	0.415	0.837	0.795
	GSM1900	0.286	0.246	0.634
WCDMA	WCDMA Band II	0.253	0.400	0.631
	WCDMA Band IV	0.177	0.444	0.793
	WCDMA Band V	0.537	0.774	0.968
LTE	LTE Band 5	0.420	0.577	0.681
	LTE Band 7	0.428	0.714	0.893
	LTE Band 12	0.305	0.225	0.514
	LTE Band 13	0.509	0.385	0.636
	LTE Band 14	0.479	0.366	0.732
	LTE Band 25/2	0.268	0.493	0.670
	LTE Band 26	0.438	0.637	0.696
	LTE Band 30	0.311	0.536	0.360
	LTE Band 41	0.162	0.624	0.499
	LTE Band 66/4	0.214	0.457	0.732
	LTE Band 71	0.173	0.150	0.344
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.496	0.177	0.413
	5GHz WLAN	0.461	0.327	1.057
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth (Estimated)	N/A	0.099	0.099

Max Scaled SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg):	Head:	0.537 W/kg	Limit(W/kg): 1.6 W/kg
	Body-worn:	0.837 W/kg	
	Hotspot:	1.057 W/kg	

Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg):	1.49 W/kg	Limit(W/kg): 1.6 W/kg
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## Note:

- This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population or uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992), and had been tested in accordance with



the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. For FDD-LTE Band 2/4 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 25/66, therefore only FDD-LTE Band 25/66 was tested.
3. When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% risk level.



## 2. Technical Information

**Note:** Provide by applicant.

### 2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

<b>Applicant:</b>	Sonim Technologies, Inc.
<b>Applicant Address:</b>	6836 Bee Cave Road, Building 1, Suite 279, Austin, Texas 78746, USA
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Sonim Technologies, Inc.
<b>Manufacturer Address:</b>	6836 Bee Cave Road, Building 1, Suite 279, Austin, Texas 78746, USA

### 2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

<b>Product Name:</b>	GSM, WCDMA, LTE Cell Phone
<b>Serial No.:</b>	N/A
<b>IMEI:</b>	001080002706928
<b>Hardware Version:</b>	P14303: 0200 P14403: 0201(Non-camera)
<b>Software Version:</b>	3P.2.0-01-11.0.0-19.20.16
<b>Frequency Bands:</b>	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz

	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Modulation Mode:</b>	GSM/GPRS: GMSK EDGE: 8PSK WCDMA: QPSK, 16QAM LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n-HT20/40: OFDM 802.11a/ac-VHT20/40/80: OFDM BR+EDR: GFSK(1Mbps), $\pi/4$ -DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps) Bluetooth LE: GFSK(1Mbps)
<b>Multi-slot Class:</b>	GPRS: Multi-slot Class 33; EDGE: Multi-slot Class 33;
<b>Operation Class:</b>	Class B
<b>Hotspot Mode:</b>	WWAN/2.4GHz WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	WWAN: Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN 2.4GHz: Monopole Antenna WLAN 5GHz: Loop Antenna Bluetooth: Monopole Antenna
<b>Battery:</b>	Manufacturer: Tianjin Lishen Battery Joint-Stock Co., Ltd.
	Model Name: BAT-02300-01S
	Capacity: 2300 mAh
	Rated Voltage: 3.85 V
<b>SIM Cards Description:</b>	GSM+WCDMA +LTE
	Only support single SIM card

**Note:**

- There are two samples in this report, with a camera and without a camera. The first one would be used to testing SAR for all of the frequency bands, and the last one verifying the worst case and the results recorded in this report.
- The difference between the two samples

Model name	Type name	Variant
XP3900	P14303	With camera
	P14403	Without camera

- For a more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



## 2.3. Environment of Test Site/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20-25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30-75 %
Air Pressure:	980-1020 hPa

Test Frequency:	GSM 850MHz/1900MHz WCDMA Band II/IV/V FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/14/25/26/30/66/71 TDD-LTE Band 41 WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz
Operation Mode:	Call established
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz (Maximum output power(level 5)) GSM 1900MHz (Maximum output power(level 0)) WCDMA Band II/IV/V (All Up Bits) FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/14/25/26/30/66/71 (Maximum output power) TDD-LTE Band 41 (Maximum output power) WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the Factory. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational or controlled and general population or uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational or controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population or uncontrolled.

#### 3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and |E| is the rmselectrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 4. RF Exposure Limits

### 4.1. Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### 4.2. Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g cube tissue for limbs)	4.0 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for whole body)	0.08 W/kg

**Note:**

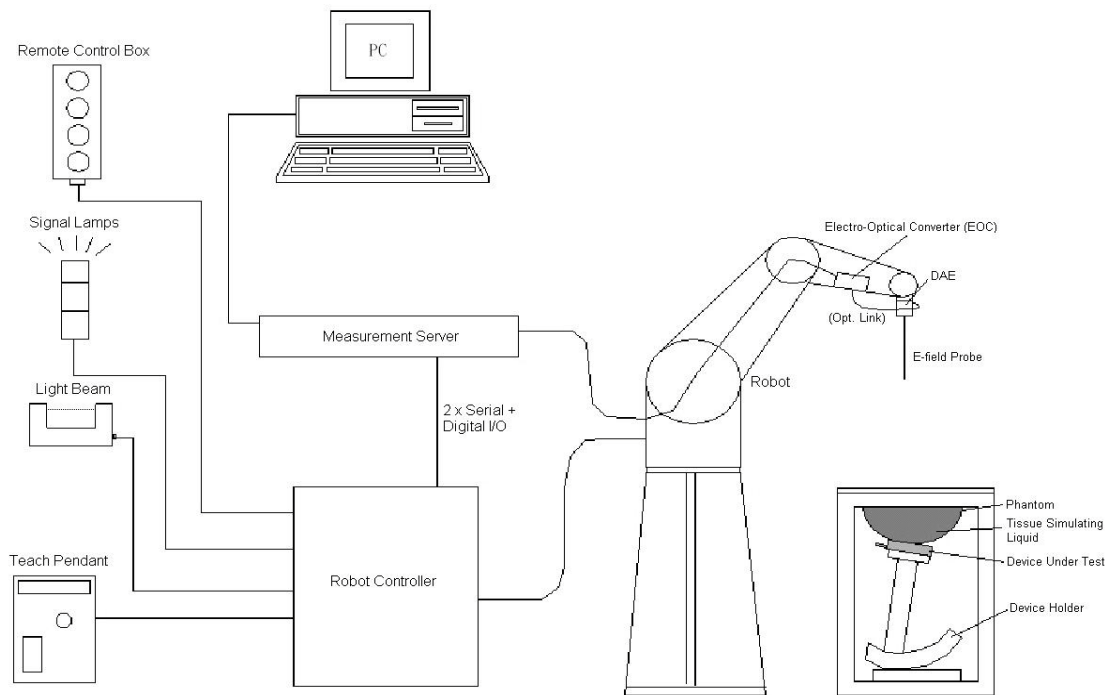
1. Occupational/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).
2. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## 5. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

Identity	Document Title	Method Determination /Remark
FCC 47CFR Part 2(2.1093)	Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices	No deviation
IEEE 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	No deviation
KDB 447498 D01v06	General RF Exposure Guidance	No deviation
KDB 248227 D01v02r02	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 Transmitters	No deviation
KDB 865664 D01v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	No deviation
KDB 865664 D02v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting	No deviation
KDB 648474 D04v01r03	Handset SAR	No deviation
KDB 941225 D01v03r01	3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES	No deviation
KDB 941225 D05v02r05	SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices	No deviation
KDB 941225 D06v02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities	No deviation
<p><b>Note 1:</b> The test item is not applicable.</p> <p><b>Note 2:</b> Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.</p>		

## 6. SAR Measurement System



**Fig 6.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations**

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension.
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom.
- A device holder.
- Tissue simulating liquid.
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system.
- Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

## 6.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### E-Field Probe Specification <ES3DV3 Probe>


<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	

Fig 6.2 Photo of ES3DV3

### <EX3DV4 Probe>


<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Fig 6.3 Photo of EX3DV4

## E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

## 6.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 6.4 Photo of DAE

## 6.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 6.5 Photo of DASY5



## 6.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 6.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

## 6.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.




Fig. 6.7 Photo of Light Beam



## 6.6. Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	 <p><b>Fig. 6.8 Photo of SAM Phantom</b></p>
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Head, Right Head, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

## 6.7. Device Holder

### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Fig 6.9 Device Holder

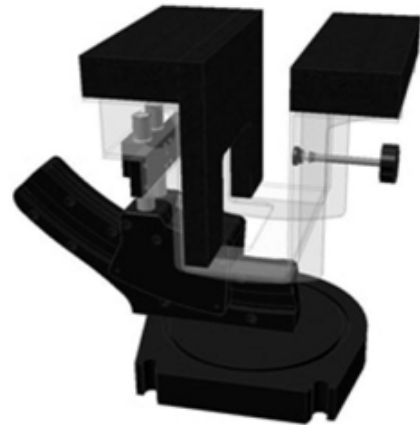


Fig 6.10 Laptop Extension Kit

## 6.8. Data Storage and Evaluation

### ➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-loss media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### ➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software.



<b>Probe parameters:</b>	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcpi
<b>Device parameters:</b>	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
<b>Media parameters:</b>	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \times \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

With  
 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $U_i$  = input signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $cf$  = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)  
 $dcpi$  = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \times \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field Probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \times \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With  
 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $\text{Norm}_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ ),  $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$  for E-field Probes  
 $\text{ConvF}$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
 $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes  
 $f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]



$E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

$H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \times \frac{\sigma}{\rho \times 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total field strength in V/m

$\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

$\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

## 6.9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V2	1173	2018.06.21	2021.06.20
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d227	2018.06.22	2021.06.21
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1160	2018.06.25	2021.06.22
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d221	2018.06.22	2021.06.21
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1107	2020.06.03	2023.06.02
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	805	2018.10.26	2021.10.25
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1139	2018.06.25	2021.06.24
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1176	2018.11.06	2021.11.05
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7608	2020.11.27	2021.11.26
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1643	2020.11.30	2021.11.29
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1279	2020.10.20	2021.10.19
SPEAG	SAM-Twin	QD 000 P40 Ax	2020	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	165755	2021.02.25	2022.02.24
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404762	2021.03.29	2022.03.28
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	608501717	NCR	NCR
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	754401735	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53050509	2021.03.25	2022.03.24
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8482A	MY41090849	2020.10.19	2021.10.18
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45102093	2020.10.19	2021.10.18
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	N/A	2020.10.19	2021.10.18
Anritsu	Power Meter	NRVD	101066	2020.10.19	2021.10.18
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation1	351-218-010	N/A	NA	NA
KTJ	Thermo meter	TA298	N/A	2021.01.15	2022.01.14
N/A	Tissue Simulating Liquids	700-6000MHz	N/A	24H	

### Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix F of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric



measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.

4. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it.
5. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
6. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

## 7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.2. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.



**Fig 7.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR**



**Fig 7.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR**

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG.

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

**Note:** Please refer to the validation results for dielectric parameters of each frequency band.



The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a SPEAG Dielectric Assessment KIT and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

**Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid**

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp.(°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ )(%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.2	0.916	0.89	2.92	±5	2021.04.25
835	HSL	22.2	0.912	0.90	1.33	±5	2021.04.25
1750	HSL	22.4	1.351	1.37	-1.39	±5	2021.04.26
1900	HSL	22.3	1.410	1.40	0.71	±5	2021.05.10
2300	HSL	22.2	1.648	1.67	-1.32	±5	2021.05.06
2450	HSL	22.2	1.811	1.80	0.61	±5	2021.05.30
2600	HSL	22.1	1.979	1.96	0.97	±5	2021.05.24
5250	HSL	22.3	4.862	4.71	3.23	±5	2021.05.07
5600	HSL	22.3	5.140	5.07	1.38	±5	2021.05.07
5750	HSL	22.3	5.266	5.22	0.88	±5	2021.05.07

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp.(°C)	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ )(%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.2	41.638	41.90	-0.63	±5	2021.04.25
835	HSL	22.2	41.269	41.50	-0.56	±5	2021.04.25
1750	HSL	22.4	39.999	40.10	-0.25	±5	2021.04.26
1900	HSL	22.3	39.991	40.00	-0.02	±5	2021.05.10
2300	HSL	22.2	39.113	39.50	-0.98	±5	2021.05.06
2450	HSL	22.2	39.161	39.20	-0.10	±5	2021.05.30
2600	HSL	22.1	38.988	39.00	-0.03	±5	2021.05.24
5250	HSL	22.3	36.177	35.95	0.63	±5	2021.05.07
5600	HSL	22.3	35.721	35.50	0.62	±5	2021.05.07
5750	HSL	22.3	35.590	35.35	0.68	±5	2021.05.07



## 8. SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### ➤ System Validation

According to FCC KDB 865664 D02, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media. A tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

### ➤ Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### ➤ System Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



Fig 8.1 Photo of Dipole Setup

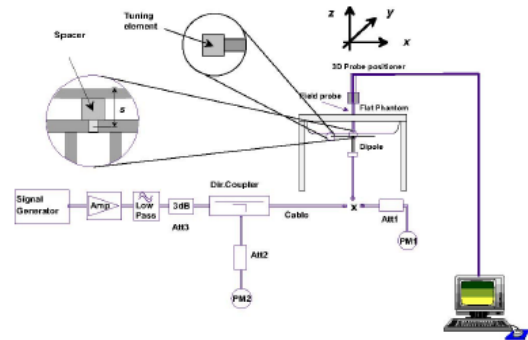


Fig 8.2 System Setup for System Evaluation

### Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

#### <Validation Setup>

Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
D750V3-1173	7608	1643
D835V2-4d227	7608	1643
D1750V2-1160	7608	1643
D1900V2-5d221	7608	1643
D2300V2-1107	7608	1643
D2450V2-805	7608	1643
D2600V2-1139	7608	1643
D5GHzV2-1176-5250	7608	1643
D5GHzV2-1176-5600	7608	1643
D5GHzV2-1176-5750	7608	1643

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	CW Signal Validation		
				Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	PASS	PASS	PASS
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	PASS	PASS	PASS
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	PASS	PASS	PASS
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	PASS	PASS	PASS
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	PASS	PASS	PASS
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	PASS	PASS	PASS
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	PASS	PASS	PASS
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	PASS	PASS	PASS



2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	PASS	PASS	PASS
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	PASS	PASS	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	PASS	PASS	PASS
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	PASS	PASS	PASS

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Modulation Signal Validation		
				Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	N/A	N/A	N/A
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	N/A	N/A	N/A
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	TDD	PASS	N/A
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	OFDM	N/A	PASS

**<Validation Results>**

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021.04.25	750	HSL	250	2.13	8.26	8.52	3.15
2021.04.25	835	HSL	250	2.26	9.34	9.04	-3.21
2021.04.26	1750	HSL	250	9.49	37.10	37.96	2.32
2021.05.10	1900	HSL	250	10.12	39.50	40.48	2.48
2021.05.06	2300	HSL	250	11.87	48.40	47.48	-1.90
2021.05.30	2450	HSL	250	13.15	52.00	52.6	1.15
2021.05.24	2600	HSL	250	13.64	54.00	54.56	1.04
2021.05.07	5250	HSL	100	7.89	78.90	78.9	0.00
2021.05.07	5600	HSL	100	8.11	80.90	81.1	0.25
2021.05.07	5750	HSL	100	8.26	80.00	82.6	3.25



Date	Freq. (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021.04.25	750	HSL	250	1.39	5.45	5.56	2.02
2021.04.25	835	HSL	250	1.51	6.07	6.04	-0.49
2021.04.26	1750	HSL	250	5.10	20.00	20.4	2.00
2021.05.10	1900	HSL	250	5.23	20.60	20.92	1.55
2021.05.06	2300	HSL	250	5.61	23.00	22.44	-2.43
2021.05.30	2450	HSL	250	6.11	24.10	24.44	1.41
2021.05.24	2600	HSL	250	6.21	24.50	24.84	1.39
2021.05.07	5250	HSL	100	2.26	22.50	22.6	0.44
2021.05.07	5600	HSL	100	2.29	23.10	22.9	-0.87
2021.05.07	5750	HSL	100	2.31	22.60	23.1	2.21

**Note:** System checks the specific test data please see Annex C.

## 9. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

### ➤ Handset Reference Points

The vertical centre line passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centre line and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.

The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centre line is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig. 9.1 Illustration for Cheek Position

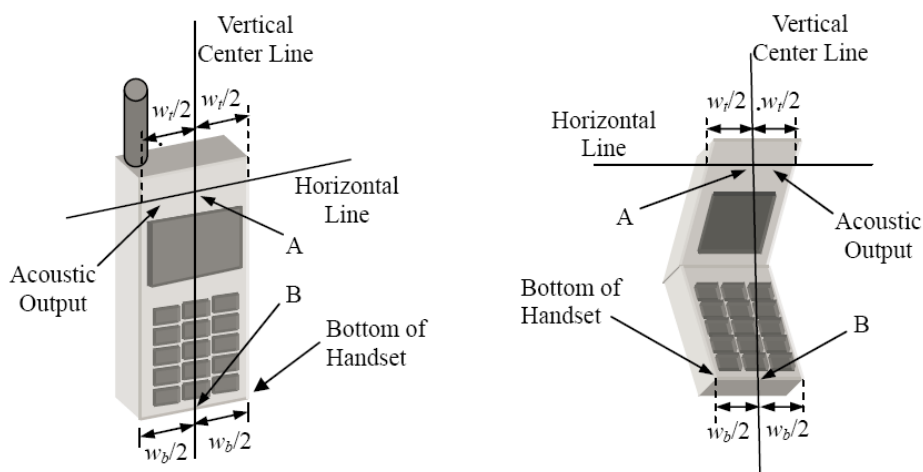


Fig. 9.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

### ➤ Positioning for Cheek / Touch

To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)

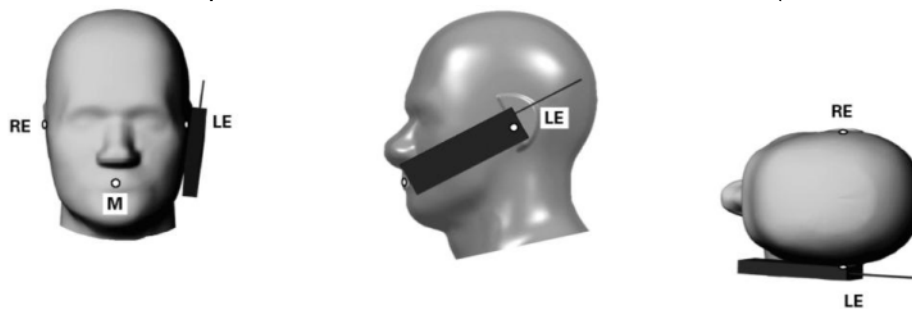


Fig 9.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

### ➤ Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig 9.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

### ➤ Near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

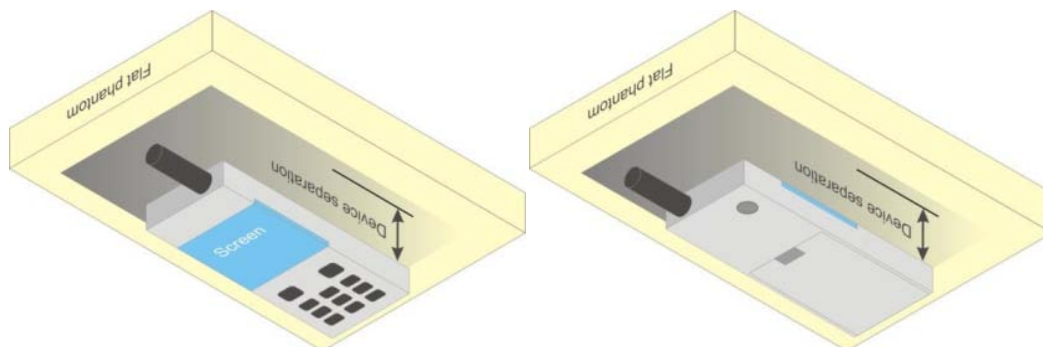
Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

### ➤ Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.

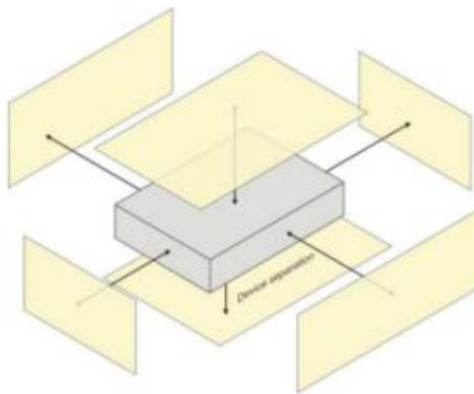


**Fig 9.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position**



➤ **Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions**

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



**Fig 9.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position**



## 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement.
- (b) Area scan.
- (c) Zoom scan.
- (d) Power drift measurement.

## 10.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value. The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

## 10.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 10.3. Area Scan Procedures

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima founding the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE1528-2003.

## 10.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm. The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

## 10.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## 10.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

# 11. SAR Test Procedure

## 11.1. General Scan Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

			$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

## 11.2. Test Procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

1. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
4. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

## 11.3. Description of Interpolation/Extrapolation Scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

## 11.4. Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within



2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

## 12. SAR Test Configuration

### <GSM Mode>

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control is set to 5 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 8 for EDGE mode (MCS5); For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control is set to 0 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 2 for EDGE mode (MCS5).

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes.

### Timeslot consignations:

#### Remark:

1. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01

2. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

No. of Slots:	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation:	1Up4Down	2Up3Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle:	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.08
Correct Factor:	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB



## <WCDMA Mode>

Summary of UMTS conducted power measurement:

1. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
2. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
3. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
4. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.
6. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WCDMA Band II when handset open Hotspot mode, the power reduction triggered.

## HSDPA Setup Configuration

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ , $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . Note 3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c/\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ .						



## HSUPA Setup Configuration

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

**Table C.11.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note 3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 30/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 30/15$	$\beta_{ed3}: 24/15$ $\beta_{ed4}: 24/15$	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.

Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

**DC-HSDPA Setup Configuration**

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.

**Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup**

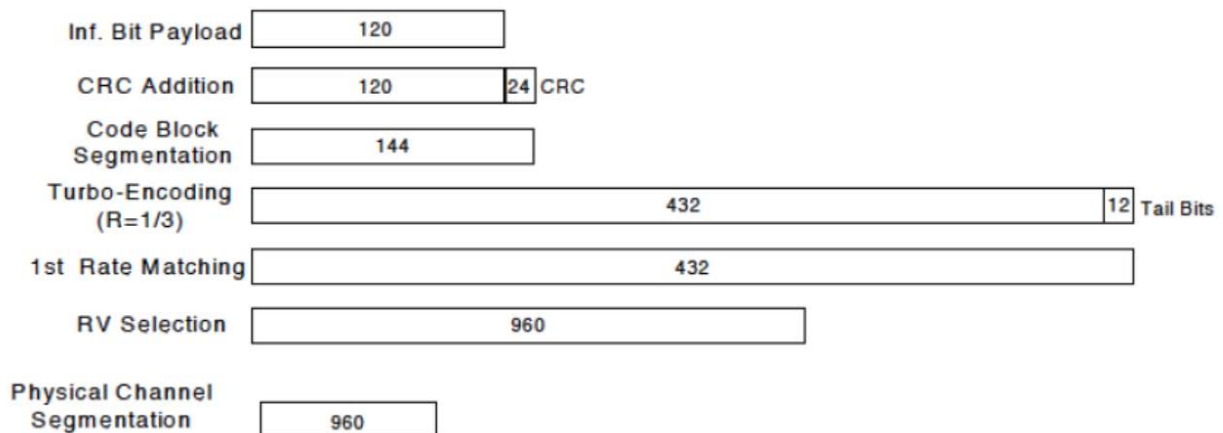
<b>Parameter During Connection setup</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Value</b>
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

**Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
<p>Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.</p> <p>Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.</p>		


**Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)**



## &lt;CDMA Mode&gt;

**1xEV-DO Rev. B**

Call box setup procedure

1xEV-DO Release B

1&gt; CMW 500 Signal Generator &gt; 1xEV-DO Taskbar Enable

2&gt; CMW 500 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window &gt;

3&gt; 1xEV-DO Signaling On Window:

Under Access Network Control:

Band Class: BC0: US Cellular

RF Channel: 31

1xEV-DO Power: -70 dBm

4&gt; 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window

Under RF Frequency Band / Channel: Enter Ch. Frequency

- Under Carrier Configuration: RF Frequency  
For Two Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	<u>RF Channel</u>	<u>RF Channel Offset</u>
Carrier [0]	31	0
Carrier [1]	1013	982

- Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot
- |           | <u>Carrier Sector</u> | <u>Active on AN</u> | <u>Assigned to AT</u> |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Pilot [0] | C0/S0                 | ✓                   | ✓                     |
|           | CA/S1                 | ✓                   | ✓                     |

For Three Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	<u>RF Channel</u>	<u>RF Channel Offset</u>
Carrier [0]	72	0
Carrier [1]	31	-41
Carrier [2]	1013	941

- Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot
- |           | <u>Carrier Sector</u> | <u>Active on AN</u> | <u>Assigned to AT</u> |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Pilot [0] | C0/S0                 | ✓                   | ✓                     |
| Pilot [1] | C1/S1                 | ✓                   | ✓                     |
| Pilot [2] | C2/S2                 | ✓                   | ✓                     |



## &lt;LTE Mode&gt;

**LTE Target MPR level**

The device implements maximum power reduction per 3GPP 36.101 requirements where the MPR target is as below table. The MPR settings are implemented configured into firmware and cannot be disabled by the end user or LTE carrier network.

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						MPR	3GPP
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	Target	MPR
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	(dB)	(dB)
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1	≤ 1
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2	≤ 2

**Note:** The measurement result showed some difference from the target MPR level, due to expected 0.5dB measurement tolerance

**LTE Bands**

LTE Bands	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]					
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A	N/A
7	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A	N/A
13	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	N/A	N/A
14	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	N/A	N/A
25	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A
30	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	N/A	N/A
41	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	✓	✓
66	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
71	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	✓	✓

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.





3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  Db higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported band width is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
7. For LTE B4 / B5 / B7 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
8. LTE band 2 / 12 SAR test was covered by Band 25 / 17; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is  $\leq$  the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
  - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.
9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the CMW500 base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct. Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design: only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards: b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up

limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
  - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
  - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix  $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$  is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz  $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
12. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$ W/kg.
13. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

#### <WLAN 2.4GHz>

- 1. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
  - b. When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is  $> 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2. 2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is  $> 1.2$  W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test configuration Procedures should be followed.
- 3. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position.

When reported SAR for the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all test positions are measured.

4. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D02DR02-41929 for 2.4 GHz WI-FI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
5. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WiFi when handset operates "held to the body" condition or "held to the ear" condition, the power reduction triggered by audio receiver detection and call establish status.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

#### <WLAN 5GHz>

##### A) U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
2. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
3. The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50.
4. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power certified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is  $> 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz



channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

#### **B) U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands**

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, all channels that operate at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

#### **C) OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements**

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

1. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
2. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.

3. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel band width and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
4. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
5. The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
6. For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

#### **D) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations**

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

## 13. Conducted RF Output Power

Remark: The output power of GSM/WCDMA/CDMA/LTE/WLAN/Bluetooth refers to the annex E of this report.

## 14. LTE Carrier Aggregation

### 14.1. LTE Downlink Carrier Aggregation

#### ➤ Carrier Aggregation Configuration

For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.

2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation				
No.	Combination	2X2 DL MIMO	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_2A-2A	2A	-	2CC-9
2	CA_2A-4A	2A	-	No
3	CA_2A-5A	2A	-	No
4	CA_2A-12A	2A	-	No
5	CA_2A-13A	2A	-	No
6	CA_2A-14A	2A	-	No
7	CA_2A-66A	2A	-	No
8	CA_2A-71A	2A	-	No
9	CA_2C	2C	-	No
10	CA_4A-4A	4A	-	No
11	CA_4A-5A	4A	-	No
12	CA_4A-12A	4A	-	No
13	CA_4A-13A	4A	-	No
14	CA_4A-71A	4A	-	No
15	CA_5A-5A	5A	-	2CC-18
16	CA_5A-41A	5A	-	No
17	CA_5A-66A	5A	-	No
18	CA_5B	5B	-	No
19	CA_12A-66A	12A	-	No
20	CA_13A-66A	13A	-	No
21	CA_14A-66A	14A	-	No
22	CA_25A-25A	25A	-	No

23	CA_25A-26A	25A	-	No
24	CA_26A-41A	26A	-	No
25	CA_41A-41A	41A	-	2CC-26
26	CA_41C	41C	-	No
27	CA_66A-66A	66A	-	2CC-30
28	CA_66A-71A	66A	-	No
29	CA_66B	66B	-	2CC-30
30	CA_66C	66C	-	No

### ➤ LTE Downlink Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power

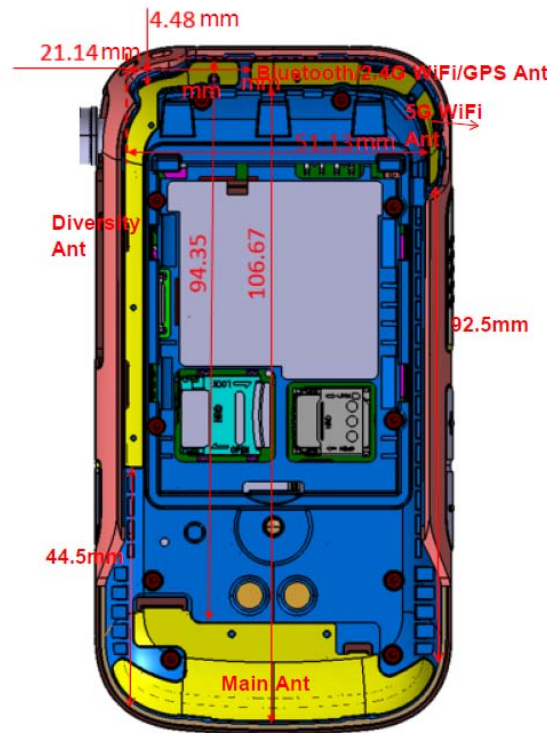
1. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
2. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
3. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
4. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
5. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
6. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy
7. 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

8. The output power of CA downlink refers to the annex E of this report.

## 15. Hot-Spot Mode Evaluation Procedure

### ➤ EUT Antenna Location



### ➤ EUT Antenna Distance

Antenna Location	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WWAN Antenna	<5mm	<5mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<5mm
WLAN2.4GHz/BT Antenna	<5mm	<5mm	<25mm	>25mm	<5mm	>25mm
WLAN 5GHz Antenna	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	>25mm	<5mm	>25mm

### ➤ Hotspot Evaluation

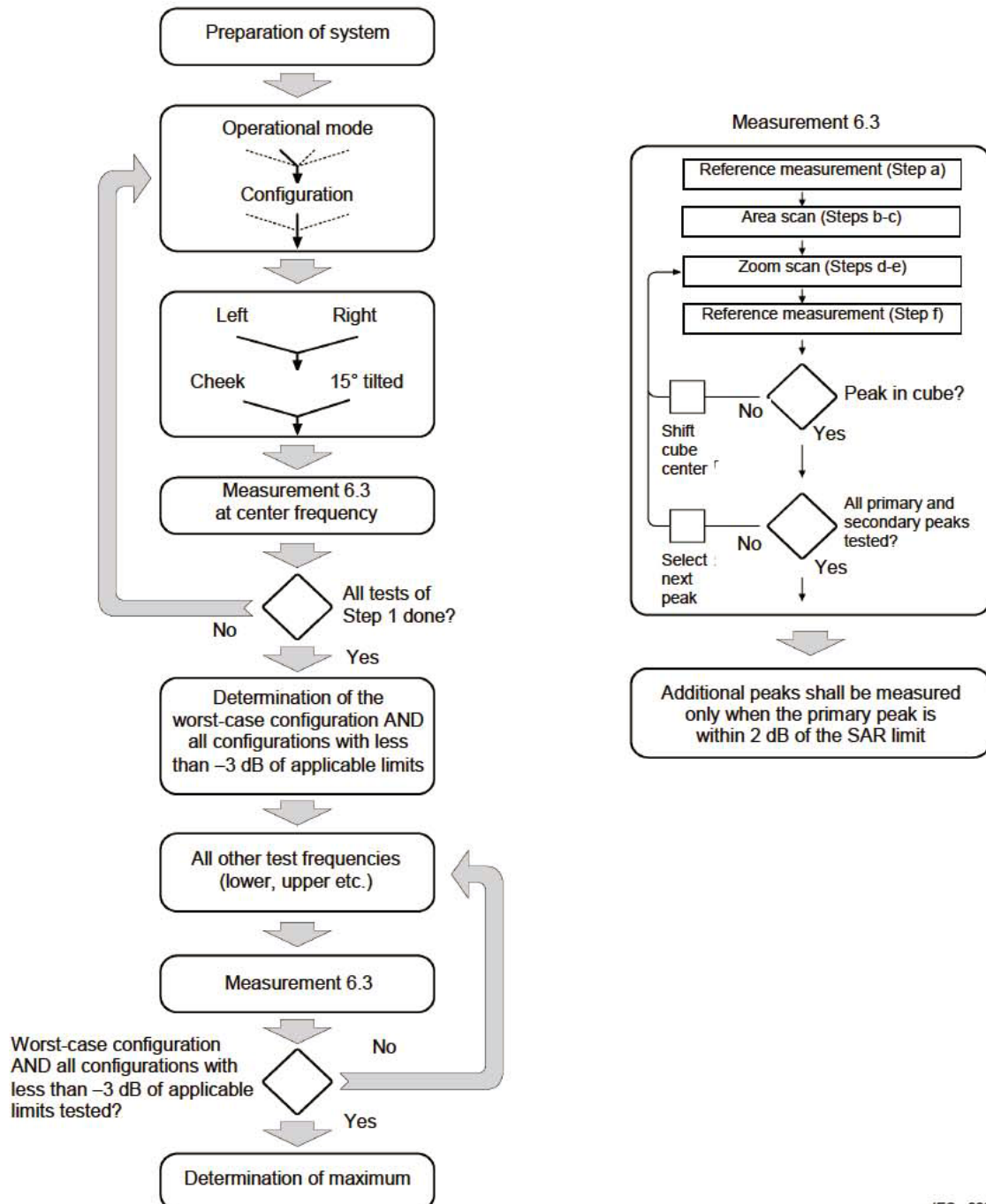
Assessment	Hotspot side for SAR Test distance: 10mm					
Antennas	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WWAN Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN2.4GHz/BT Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
WLAN 5GHz Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

#### Note :

1. The SAR evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router function is according to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR v02r01.
2. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
3. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$ , the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

## 16. Block Diagram of the Tests to be Performed

### 16.1. Head



IEC 228/05



## 16.2. Body

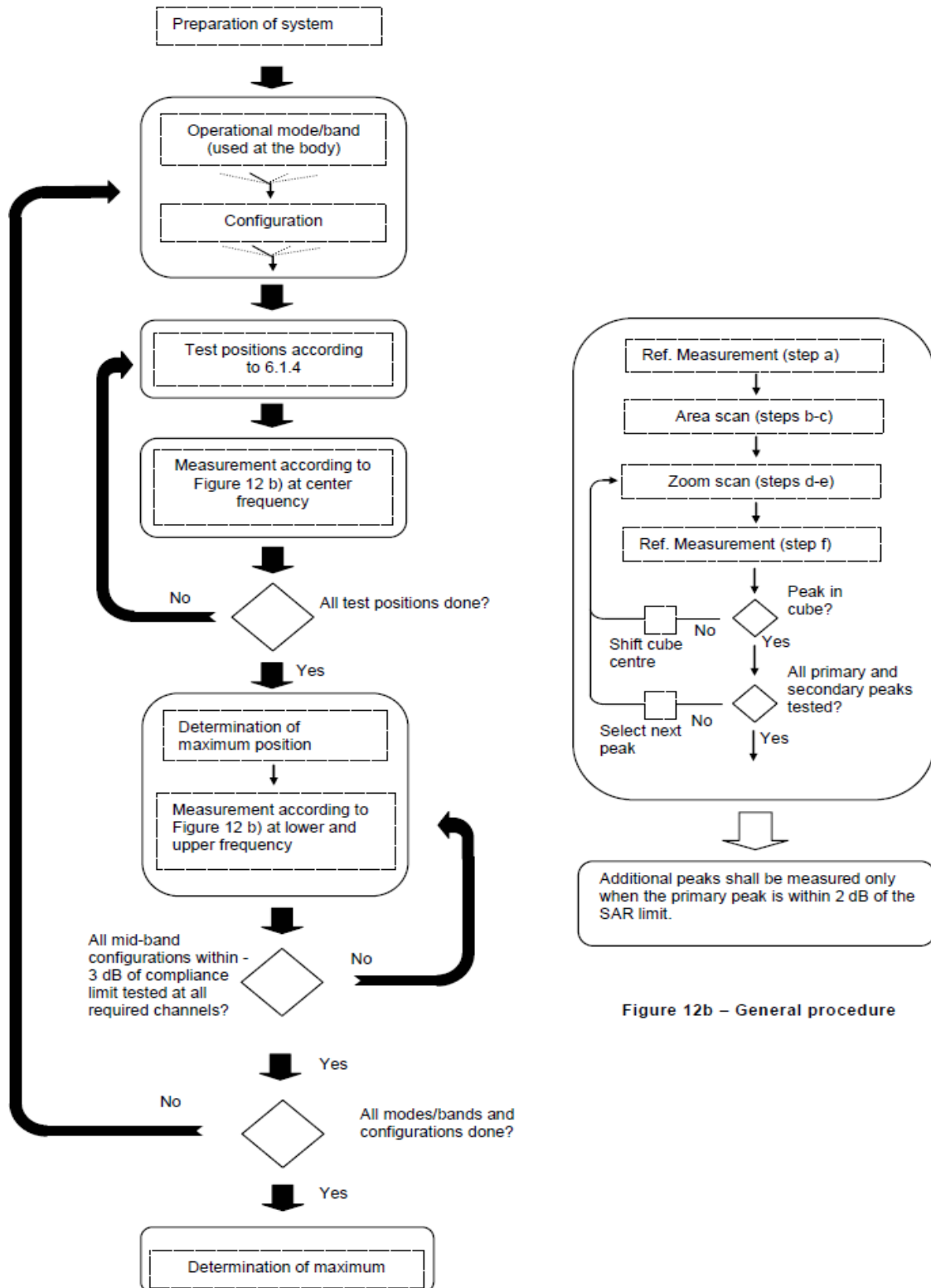


Figure 12b – General procedure

## 17. Test Results List

### 17.1. Test Guidance

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor.
  - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - a.  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or  $2.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - b.  $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or  $1.5$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - c.  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or  $1.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  W/kg.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension  $> 15.0$  cm or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 16.0$  cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2$  W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for tablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
6. Per KDB248227 D01v02r02, a Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies required for operations in the U.S. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode



configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. When a device is not capable of sustaining continuous transmission or the output can become nonlinear, and it is limited by hardware design and unable to transmit at higher than 85% duty factor, a periodic duty factor within 15% of the maximum duty factor the device is capable of transmitting should be used. The reported SAR must be scaled to the maximum transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Descriptions of the procedures applied to establish the specific duty factor used for SAR testing are required in SAR reports to support the test results.

7. When the device turns on the hotspot mode, the power reduction mechanism would be applied to all of the WWAN bands, and the Head SAR and Body-Worn SAR were tested under full power mode.
8. For hotspot, SAR measurement of the front side exposure should be performed that open the flip since it is the minimum separation distance between the device and phantom.
9. The WLAN Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) has been calculated together with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.003 for 2.4G WLAN 802.11b, 1.021 for 2.4G WLAN 802.11g, 1.020 for 5G WLAN 802.11a.



## 17.2. Head SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.313	0.384
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Tilt	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.160	0.196
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Cheek	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.278	0.341
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Tilt	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.140	0.172
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	128	25.57	26.50	1.239	0.297	0.368
1#	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Cheek	251	25.40	26.50	1.288	0.322	0.415
2#	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Cheek	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.197	0.286
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Tilt	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.028	0.041
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Cheek	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.059	0.086
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Tilt	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.029	0.042
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Cheek	512	24.29	26.00	1.483	0.172	0.255
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Cheek	810	24.36	26.00	1.459	0.176	0.257
3#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.161	0.253
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.040	0.063
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.067	0.105
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.036	0.057
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	21.52	23.50	1.578	0.100	0.158
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	21.50	23.50	1.585	0.110	0.174
4#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.120	0.177
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.047	0.069
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.084	0.124
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.037	0.054
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	21.74	23.50	1.500	0.073	0.109
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	21.77	23.50	1.489	0.113	0.168
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.300	0.427
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.153	0.218
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.264	0.375
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.100	0.142
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4132	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.295	0.435
5#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	22.79	24.50	1.483	0.362	0.537



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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.199	0.293
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.133	0.196
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.239	0.352
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.140	0.206
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20450	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.249	0.367
6#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20600	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.280	0.420
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.150	0.205
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.101	0.138
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.183	0.250
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.104	0.142
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20450	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.193	0.265
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20600	21.45	23.00	1.429	0.215	0.307
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.268	0.394
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.047	0.069
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.184	0.270
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.054	0.079
7#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20850	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.291	0.428
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21350	21.75	23.50	1.496	0.253	0.379
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.106	0.159
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.033	0.049
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.065	0.097
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.040	0.060
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20850	20.68	22.50	1.521	0.199	0.303
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21350	20.72	22.50	1.507	0.195	0.294
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.176	0.239
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.074	0.100
8#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.225	0.305
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.063	0.085
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23060	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.174	0.245
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23130	22.57	24.00	1.390	0.209	0.291



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.138	0.179
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.057	0.074
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.174	0.226
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.048	0.062
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23060	21.77	23.00	1.327	0.133	0.177
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23130	21.78	23.00	1.324	0.135	0.179
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.268	0.401
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.166	0.248
9#	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.340	0.509
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.155	0.232
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.206	0.302
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.128	0.188
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.269	0.394
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.126	0.185
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.247	0.353
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.159	0.227
10#	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.335	0.479
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.159	0.227
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.186	0.253
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.118	0.160
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.264	0.359
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.119	0.162
11#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.185	0.268
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.039	0.057
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.131	0.190
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.035	0.051
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26140	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.156	0.228
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26590	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.127	0.185



REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.122	0.171
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.024	0.034
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.101	0.142
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.027	0.038
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26140	21.47	23.00	1.422	0.117	0.166
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26590	21.45	23.00	1.429	0.096	0.137
12#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.292	0.438
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.201	0.301
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.240	0.360
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.204	0.306
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26765	22.20	24.00	1.514	0.269	0.407
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26965	22.21	24.00	1.510	0.288	0.435
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.206	0.284
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.149	0.206
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.173	0.239
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.157	0.217
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26765	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.209	0.294
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26965	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.221	0.314
13#	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.215	0.311
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.050	0.072
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.166	0.240
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.044	0.063
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.154	0.214
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.036	0.050
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.135	0.188
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.033	0.046
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.080	0.109
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.038	0.052
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.043	0.059
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.026	0.035
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	39750	21.56	23.00	1.393	0.113	0.158



REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
14#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40185	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.118	0.162
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41055	21.61	23.00	1.377	0.093	0.129
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41490	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.093	0.129
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.064	0.085
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.028	0.037
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.034	0.045
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.020	0.027
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	39750	20.52	22.00	1.406	0.095	0.134
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40185	20.77	22.00	1.327	0.101	0.135
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41055	20.76	22.00	1.330	0.073	0.097
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41490	20.71	22.00	1.346	0.069	0.094
(HPEU)								
15#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.041	0.043
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.008	0.009
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.027	0.029
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.005	0.005
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	39750	25.16	26.50	1.361	0.027	0.037
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40185	26.00	26.50	1.122	0.029	0.033
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41055	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.027	0.032
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41490	25.69	26.50	1.205	0.025	0.030
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.034	0.040
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.007	0.008
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.023	0.027
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.004	0.005
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	39750	24.50	26.00	1.413	0.024	0.034
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40185	25.12	26.00	1.225	0.023	0.028
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41055	25.19	26.00	1.205	0.022	0.027
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	41490	24.80	26.00	1.318	0.021	0.028



REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.109	0.157
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.040	0.057
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.097	0.140
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.037	0.053
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132072	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.114	0.166
16#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132572	22.40	24.00	1.445	0.148	0.214
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.085	0.116
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.031	0.043
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.078	0.106
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.031	0.042
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132072	21.59	23.00	1.384	0.089	0.123
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132572	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.071	0.097
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.096	0.136
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.024	0.035
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.114	0.162
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.031	0.043
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133222	22.41	24.00	1.442	0.108	0.156
17#	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133372	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.121	0.173
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.090	0.121
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.023	0.031
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.104	0.139
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.029	0.039
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133222	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.099	0.139
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133372	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.110	0.152
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.183	0.211
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilt	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.080	0.092
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.157	0.181
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.067	0.078
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	6	10.13	10.50	1.089	0.224	0.245
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	11	10.81	11.50	1.172	0.226	0.266





Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
18#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Right Cheek	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.437	0.496
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Right Tilt	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.192	0.218
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Left Cheek	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.398	0.452
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Left Tilt	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.152	0.173
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Right Cheek	1	17.09	17.50	1.099	0.370	0.415
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Right Cheek	11	19.15	19.50	1.084	0.298	0.330
19#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.264	0.274
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.207	0.215
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.084	0.087
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.081	0.084
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	36	13.36	14.00	1.159	0.200	0.236
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	48	16.40	17.00	1.148	0.241	0.282
20#	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.318	0.352
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.221	0.244
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.230	0.254
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.163	0.180
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	60	17.99	18.50	1.125	0.272	0.312
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	64	13.58	14.00	1.102	0.285	0.320
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.343	0.404
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.263	0.309
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.334	0.393
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.274	0.322
21#	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	116	17.20	18.00	1.202	0.376	0.461
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	144	16.59	17.00	1.099	0.386	0.433
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.319	0.347
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.176	0.191
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.228	0.248
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.213	0.232
22#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	157	16.21	16.70	1.119	0.311	0.355
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	165	16.35	16.70	1.084	0.312	0.345

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported





SAR  $\leq$  0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.

2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.8W/kg.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.
6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.



### 17.3. Body-Worn SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Front Side	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.157	0.193
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	189	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.534	0.655
23#	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	128	25.57	26.50	1.239	0.676	0.837
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	251	25.40	26.50	1.288	0.387	0.499
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Front Side	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.062	0.090
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	661	24.38	26.00	1.452	0.164	0.238
24#	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	512	24.29	26.00	1.483	0.166	0.246
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	810	24.36	26.00	1.459	0.162	0.236
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.098	0.154
25#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9400	21.53	23.50	1.574	0.254	0.400
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9262	21.52	23.50	1.578	0.249	0.393
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9538	21.50	23.50	1.585	0.243	0.385
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.102	0.150
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1413	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.298	0.439
26#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1312	21.74	23.50	1.500	0.296	0.444
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1513	21.77	23.50	1.489	0.275	0.410
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.156	0.222
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4182	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.449	0.639
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4132	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.416	0.614
27#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4233	22.79	24.50	1.483	0.522	0.774
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.153	0.225
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	22.32	24.00	1.472	0.392	0.577
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20450	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.378	0.558
28#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20600	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.385	0.577
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.104	0.142
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.294	0.401
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20450	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.285	0.392
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20600	21.45	23.00	1.429	0.288	0.411



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.084	0.123
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	21.83	23.50	1.469	0.456	0.670
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	20850	21.82	23.50	1.472	0.445	0.655
29#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	21.75	23.50	1.496	0.477	0.714
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.076	0.113
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	20.75	22.50	1.496	0.375	0.561
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	20850	20.68	22.50	1.521	0.381	0.580
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	20.72	22.50	1.507	0.365	0.550
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.079	0.107
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.161	0.218
30#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23060	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.160	0.225
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23130	22.57	24.00	1.390	0.157	0.218
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.051	0.066
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	21.87	23.00	1.297	0.093	0.120
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23060	21.77	23.00	1.327	0.096	0.128
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23130	21.78	23.00	1.324	0.090	0.120
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.139	0.208
31#	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	22.25	24.00	1.496	0.257	0.385
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.105	0.154
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	21.34	23.00	1.466	0.190	0.278
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.140	0.200
32#	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23330	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.256	0.366
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.105	0.143
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23330	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.198	0.269



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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.128	0.185
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.313	0.453
33#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26140	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.338	0.493
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26590	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.267	0.390
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.104	0.145
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	21.53	23.00	1.403	0.242	0.340
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26140	21.47	23.00	1.422	0.254	0.361
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26590	21.45	23.00	1.429	0.220	0.315
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.170	0.255
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	22.24	24.00	1.500	0.398	0.597
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26765	22.20	24.00	1.514	0.365	0.552
34#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26965	22.21	24.00	1.510	0.422	0.637
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.126	0.174
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.316	0.436
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26765	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.306	0.430
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26965	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.323	0.458
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.105	0.152
35#	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	27710	22.39	24.00	1.449	0.370	0.536
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.083	0.115
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	27710	21.57	23.00	1.390	0.273	0.379
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.101	0.138
36#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	21.68	23.00	1.355	0.458	0.624
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	21.56	23.00	1.393	0.241	0.338
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.284	0.389
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	21.61	23.00	1.377	0.331	0.459
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.291	0.402



REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.068	0.091
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	20.78	22.00	1.324	0.342	0.455
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	20.52	22.00	1.406	0.198	0.280
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	20.77	22.00	1.327	0.237	0.316
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	20.76	22.00	1.330	0.223	0.299
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	20.71	22.00	1.346	0.238	0.322
(HPEU)								
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.032	0.034
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	26.27	26.50	1.054	0.214	0.227
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	25.16	26.50	1.361	0.128	0.175
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	26.00	26.50	1.122	0.163	0.184
37#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.194	0.230
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	25.69	26.50	1.205	0.161	0.195
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.025	0.029
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	25.32	26.00	1.169	0.119	0.140
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	24.50	26.00	1.413	0.069	0.098
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	25.12	26.00	1.225	0.083	0.102
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	25.19	26.00	1.205	0.149	0.180
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	24.80	26.00	1.318	0.130	0.172
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.112	0.161
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.288	0.414
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132072	22.36	24.00	1.459	0.301	0.439
38#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132572	22.40	24.00	1.445	0.316	0.457
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.059	0.081
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	21.66	23.00	1.361	0.215	0.292
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132072	21.59	23.00	1.384	0.223	0.309
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132572	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.234	0.322
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.049	0.069
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.096	0.136
39#	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133222	22.41	24.00	1.442	0.104	0.150
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133372	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.095	0.136



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.046	0.061
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.096	0.128
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133222	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.093	0.131
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133372	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.087	0.119
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Front Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.010	0.012
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.020	0.023
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	6	10.13	10.50	1.089	0.016	0.018
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	11	10.81	11.50	1.172	0.018	0.021
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Front Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.025	0.028
40#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.159	0.177
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	1	17.09	17.50	1.099	0.122	0.134
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	11	19.15	19.50	1.084	0.102	0.111
41#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.299	0.310
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.070	0.073
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	36	13.36	14.00	1.159	0.218	0.258
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	48	16.4	17.00	1.148	0.233	0.273
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Front Side	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.120	0.133
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	52	19.65	20.00	1.084	0.178	0.197
42#	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	60	17.99	18.50	1.125	0.202	0.232
	WLAN5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	64	17.97	18.50	1.130	0.163	0.188
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Front Side	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.059	0.069
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	100	17.88	18.50	1.153	0.168	0.198
43#	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	116	17.07	18.00	1.239	0.211	0.267
	WLAN5.5GHz/802.11a	Back Side	144	16.59	17.00	1.099	0.113	0.127
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.201	0.219
44#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.301	0.327
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	157	16.21	16.70	1.119	0.235	0.268
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	165	16.35	16.70	1.084	0.221	0.244



## 17.4. Hotspot SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Front Side	189	22.46	22.80	1.081	0.448	0.484
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	189	22.46	22.80	1.081	0.647	0.700
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Left Side	189	22.46	22.80	1.081	0.400	0.433
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Right Side	189	22.46	22.80	1.081	0.275	0.297
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Bottom Side	189	22.46	22.80	1.081	0.024	0.026
46#	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	128	22.42	22.80	1.091	0.728	0.795
	GPRS 850(4 TX slots)	Back Side	251	22.35	22.80	1.109	0.585	0.649
47#	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Front Side	661	20.09	21.00	1.233	0.514	0.634
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	661	20.09	21.00	1.233	0.270	0.333
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Left Side	661	20.09	21.00	1.233	0.064	0.079
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Right Side	661	20.09	21.00	1.233	0.133	0.164
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Bottom Side	661	20.09	21.00	1.233	0.151	0.186
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	512	20.00	21.00	1.259	0.278	0.350
	GPRS 1900(3 TX slots)	Back Side	810	20.07	21.00	1.239	0.256	0.317
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9400	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.407	0.610
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9400	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.403	0.604
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	9400	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.090	0.135
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	9400	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.202	0.303
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9400	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.242	0.363
48#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9262	16.21	18.00	1.510	0.418	0.631
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9538	16.15	18.00	1.531	0.370	0.567
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1413	16.28	17.00	1.180	0.470	0.555
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1413	16.28	17.00	1.180	0.618	0.729
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1413	16.28	17.00	1.180	0.136	0.161
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1413	16.28	17.00	1.180	0.137	0.162
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1413	16.28	17.00	1.180	0.455	0.537
49#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1312	16.27	17.00	1.183	0.670	0.793
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1513	16.05	17.00	1.245	0.613	0.763





REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4182	18.61	20.00	1.377	0.364	0.501
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4182	18.61	20.00	1.377	0.593	0.817
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	4182	18.61	20.00	1.377	0.253	0.348
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4182	18.61	20.00	1.377	0.209	0.288
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	4182	18.61	20.00	1.377	0.028	0.038
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4132	18.42	20.00	1.439	0.579	0.833
50#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4233	18.48	20.00	1.419	0.682	0.968
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.406	0.525
51#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.526	0.681
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.234	0.303
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.192	0.248
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.025	0.033
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20450	18.87	20.00	1.297	0.503	0.652
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20600	18.80	20.00	1.318	0.488	0.643
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.303	0.364
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.405	0.487
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.176	0.212
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.144	0.173
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.022	0.027
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20450	18.18	19.00	1.208	0.382	0.461
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20600	18.01	19.00	1.256	0.367	0.461
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	16.68	17.00	1.076	0.331	0.356
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	16.68	17.00	1.076	0.768	0.827
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	16.68	17.00	1.076	0.119	0.128
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	16.68	17.00	1.076	0.410	0.441
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	16.68	17.00	1.076	0.676	0.728
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	20850	16.67	17.00	1.079	0.730	0.788
52#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	16.60	17.00	1.096	0.814	0.893
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	15.60	16.00	1.096	0.269	0.295
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	15.60	16.00	1.096	0.624	0.684
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	15.60	16.00	1.096	0.095	0.104
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	15.60	16.00	1.096	0.331	0.363





REPORT No. : SZ21040148S01

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	15.60	16.00	1.096	0.540	0.592
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	20850	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.602	0.671
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	15.57	16.00	1.104	0.681	0.752
	LTE Band 7/100RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	15.36	16.00	1.159	0.602	0.698
53#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.412	0.514
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.385	0.480
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.186	0.232
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.212	0.264
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	19.04	20.00	1.247	0.051	0.063
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23060	18.88	20.00	1.294	0.362	0.468
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23130	18.93	20.00	1.279	0.353	0.452
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	18.23	19.00	1.194	0.287	0.343
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	18.23	19.00	1.194	0.293	0.350
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	18.23	19.00	1.194	0.142	0.170
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	18.23	19.00	1.194	0.161	0.192
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	18.23	19.00	1.194	0.039	0.046
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23060	18.13	19.00	1.222	0.277	0.338
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23130	18.14	19.00	1.219	0.271	0.330
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.432	0.502
54#	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.548	0.636
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23230	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.296	0.344
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23230	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.325	0.377
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23230	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.045	0.052
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	17.26	18.00	1.186	0.325	0.385
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	17.26	18.00	1.186	0.412	0.489
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23230	17.26	18.00	1.186	0.225	0.267
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23230	17.26	18.00	1.186	0.245	0.291
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23230	17.26	18.00	1.186	0.033	0.039



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23330	18.54	20.00	1.400	0.380	0.532
55#	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23330	18.54	20.00	1.400	0.523	0.732
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23330	18.54	20.00	1.400	0.277	0.388
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23330	18.54	20.00	1.400	0.298	0.417
	LTE Band 14/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23330	18.54	20.00	1.400	0.038	0.053
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23330	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.299	0.406
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23330	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.421	0.572
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23330	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.223	0.303
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23330	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.238	0.323
	LTE Band 14/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23330	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.029	0.040
56#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	17.74	17.90	1.038	0.646	0.670
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	17.74	17.90	1.038	0.422	0.438
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	26365	17.74	17.90	1.038	0.085	0.088
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	26365	17.74	17.90	1.038	0.214	0.222
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26365	17.74	17.90	1.038	0.242	0.251
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26140	17.71	17.90	1.045	0.441	0.461
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26590	17.71	17.90	1.045	0.401	0.419
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	16.88	17.00	1.028	0.524	0.539
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	16.88	17.00	1.028	0.346	0.356
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	26365	16.88	17.00	1.028	0.066	0.068
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	26365	16.88	17.00	1.028	0.171	0.176
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26365	16.88	17.00	1.028	0.210	0.216
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26140	16.82	17.00	1.042	0.355	0.370
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26590	16.80	17.00	1.047	0.317	0.332
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	17.72	19.00	1.343	0.292	0.392
57#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	17.72	19.00	1.343	0.518	0.696
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Side	26865	17.72	19.00	1.343	0.219	0.294
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Side	26865	17.72	19.00	1.343	0.193	0.259
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Bottom Side	26865	17.72	19.00	1.343	0.025	0.033
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26765	17.68	19.00	1.355	0.481	0.652
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26965	17.69	19.00	1.352	0.500	0.676



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	17.08	18.00	1.236	0.243	0.300
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	17.08	18.00	1.236	0.397	0.491
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Side	26865	17.08	18.00	1.236	0.171	0.211
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Side	26865	17.08	18.00	1.236	0.144	0.178
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Bottom Side	26865	17.08	18.00	1.236	0.019	0.024
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26765	17.00	18.00	1.259	0.369	0.465
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26965	16.96	18.00	1.271	0.370	0.470
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	27710	17.50	18.00	1.122	0.142	0.159
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	27710	17.50	18.00	1.122	0.173	0.194
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	27710	17.50	18.00	1.122	0.027	0.030
	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	27710	17.50	18.00	1.122	0.118	0.132
58#	LTE Band 30/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	27710	17.50	18.00	1.122	0.321	0.360
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	27710	16.00	16.50	1.122	0.106	0.119
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	27710	16.00	16.50	1.122	0.122	0.137
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	27710	16.00	16.50	1.122	0.021	0.023
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	27710	16.00	16.50	1.122	0.088	0.098
	LTE Band 30/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	27710	16.00	16.50	1.122	0.262	0.294
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	19.25	19.50	1.059	0.172	0.183
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	19.25	19.50	1.059	0.428	0.456
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	19.25	19.50	1.059	0.072	0.077
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	19.25	19.50	1.059	0.259	0.276
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	19.25	19.50	1.059	0.361	0.385
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	19.13	19.50	1.089	0.292	0.320
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	19.23	19.50	1.064	0.355	0.380
59#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	19.18	19.50	1.076	0.461	0.499
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	19.19	19.50	1.074	0.398	0.430
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	18.35	18.50	1.035	0.207	0.216
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	18.35	18.50	1.035	0.357	0.372
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	18.35	18.50	1.035	0.063	0.065
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	18.35	18.50	1.035	0.211	0.220
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	18.35	18.50	1.035	0.291	0.303
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	18.09	18.50	1.099	0.255	0.282



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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	18.34	18.50	1.038	0.344	0.359
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	18.33	18.50	1.040	0.378	0.395
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	18.28	18.50	1.052	0.348	0.368
(HPEU)								
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	20.74	21.00	1.062	0.178	0.190
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	20.74	21.00	1.062	0.268	0.286
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	20.74	21.00	1.062	0.035	0.037
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	20.74	21.00	1.062	0.110	0.117
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	20.74	21.00	1.062	0.095	0.101
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	19.63	21.00	1.371	0.150	0.207
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	20.47	21.00	1.130	0.191	0.217
60#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	20.26	21.00	1.186	0.272	0.324
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	20.16	21.00	1.213	0.215	0.262
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	19.79	20.00	1.050	0.110	0.116
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	19.79	20.00	1.050	0.226	0.239
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	19.79	20.00	1.050	0.029	0.030
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	19.79	20.00	1.050	0.095	0.100
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	19.79	20.00	1.050	0.086	0.091
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	39750	19.08	20.00	1.236	0.128	0.160
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40185	19.59	20.00	1.099	0.156	0.172
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41055	19.66	20.00	1.081	0.222	0.242
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	41490	19.27	20.00	1.183	0.181	0.215
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	17.41	18.00	1.146	0.489	0.560
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	17.41	18.00	1.146	0.548	0.628
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	17.41	18.00	1.146	0.106	0.121
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	17.41	18.00	1.146	0.137	0.157
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	17.41	18.00	1.146	0.404	0.463
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132072	17.35	18.00	1.161	0.565	0.656
61#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132572	17.39	18.00	1.151	0.636	0.732
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	16.65	17.00	1.084	0.376	0.408
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	16.65	17.00	1.084	0.434	0.470
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	16.65	17.00	1.084	0.081	0.088
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	16.65	17.00	1.084	0.138	0.150



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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	16.65	17.00	1.084	0.311	0.337
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132072	16.58	17.00	1.102	0.447	0.492
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132572	16.61	17.00	1.094	0.506	0.554
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	16.71	18.50	1.510	0.217	0.328
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	16.71	18.50	1.510	0.213	0.322
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	133322	16.71	18.50	1.510	0.105	0.159
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	133322	16.71	18.50	1.510	0.118	0.178
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	133322	16.71	18.50	1.510	0.033	0.050
62#	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133222	16.64	18.50	1.535	0.224	0.344
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133372	16.68	18.50	1.521	0.202	0.307
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	15.97	17.50	1.422	0.196	0.279
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	15.97	17.50	1.422	0.197	0.280
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	133322	15.97	17.50	1.422	0.097	0.138
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	133322	15.97	17.50	1.422	0.106	0.151
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	133322	15.97	17.50	1.422	0.030	0.043
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133222	15.75	17.50	1.496	0.210	0.314
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133372	15.83	17.50	1.469	0.190	0.279
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Front Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.024	0.028
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.045	0.052
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.023	0.027
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.011	0.013
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Top Side	1	11.89	12.50	1.151	0.044	0.051
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	6	10.13	10.50	1.089	0.037	0.040
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	11	10.81	11.50	1.172	0.041	0.048
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Front Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.244	0.277
63#	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.364	0.413
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Left Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.167	0.190
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Right Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.095	0.108
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Top Side	6	20.04	20.50	1.112	0.352	0.400
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	1	17.09	17.50	1.099	0.218	0.245
	WLAN2.4GHz/802.11g	Back Side	11	19.15	19.50	1.084	0.281	0.311



Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.735	0.762
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.350	0.363
64#	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	1.020	1.057
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.082	0.085
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	44	18.63	18.70	1.016	0.195	0.202
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	36	13.36	14.00	1.159	0.862	1.019
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	48	16.40	17.00	1.148	0.812	0.951
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	36	13.36	14.00	1.159	0.680	0.804
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	48	16.40	17.00	1.148	0.690	0.808
The worst case for sample 2								
	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	18.63	19.00	1.089	1.013	1.125
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.694	0.755
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.346	0.376
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.903	0.982
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.201	0.219
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	149	16.42	16.70	1.067	0.610	0.664
65#	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	157	16.21	16.70	1.119	0.895	1.022
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	165	16.35	16.70	1.084	0.892	0.986
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	157	16.21	16.70	1.119	0.658	0.751
	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	165	16.35	16.70	1.084	0.661	0.731

**Note:**

1. The WLAN Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) has been calculated together with the duty cycle scaling factor 1.003 for 2.4G WLAN 802.11b, 1.021 for 2.4G WLAN 802.11g, 1.020 for 5G WLAN 802.11a.



### ➤ Bluetooth Body SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power(mW)	Test Distance (mm)	Result	Exclusion Thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 39	2.480	6.0	3.98	10	0.63	3.0

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Body
		Test Distance (mm)	10
Bluetooth	6.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.084

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	BLE/1Mbps	Front Side	39	5.62	6.00	1.091	0.084	0.099
	BLE/1Mbps	Back Side	39	5.62	6.00	1.091	0.084	0.099
	BLE/1Mbps	Left Side	39	5.62	6.00	1.091	0.084	0.099
	BLE/1Mbps	Right Side	39	5.62	6.00	1.091	0.084	0.099
	BLE/1Mbps	Top Side	39	5.62	6.00	1.091	0.084	0.099

#### Note:

1. According to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation. The duty cycle of Bluetooth is 77.07%, Therefore the duty cycle scaling factor 1.081 should be used to calculating the reported SAR.



## 17.5. Repeated SAR Assessment

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

### ➤ Repeated SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
OR.	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	16.60	17.00	1.096	0.814	0.893
1 <sup>st</sup>	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21350	16.60	17.00	1.096	0.800	0.877
OR.	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	18.63	19.00	1.089	1.020	1.133
1 <sup>st</sup>	WLAN5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	44	18.63	19.00	1.089	1.012	1.124
OR.	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	157	16.21	17.00	1.199	0.895	1.095
1 <sup>st</sup>	WLAN5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	157	16.21	17.00	1.199	0.891	1.090

## 18. Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

### 18.1. Simultaneous Transmission Consideration

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+WLAN 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+WLAN 5.2GHz/ 5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+WLAN 5.3GHz/ 5.5GHz	Yes	Yes	No
4	WWAN(2G/3G/4G)+Bluetooth	No	Yes	Yes

**Note:**

- When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitter and another WWAN transmitter. Both the transmitters do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.
- The hotspot SAR result may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, per KDB 941225 D06, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some unnecessary body-worn accessory SAR tests.
- Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and Wi-Fi, because the software mechanism have been incorporated to guarantee that the WLAN and Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
- Per KDB 447498D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation procedures is as followed:
 

Step 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

Step 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.

Step 3: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $\leq 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

Step 4: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $> 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is required and simultaneous transmission SAR value is calculated.

(The ratio is determined by:  $(SAR1 + SAR2) \wedge 1.5/R_i \leq 0.04$ ,

$R_i$  is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

## 18.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

### ➤ Head Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN 2.4GHz/WLAN 5GHz

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.415	0.496	0.461	0.911	0.876
		Right Tilt	0.196	0.218	0.309	0.414	0.505
		Left Cheek	0.341	0.452	0.393	0.793	0.734
		Left Tilt	0.172	0.173	0.322	0.345	0.494
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.286	0.496	0.461	0.782	0.747
		Right Tilt	0.041	0.218	0.309	0.259	0.350
		Left Cheek	0.086	0.452	0.393	0.538	0.479
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.173	0.322	0.215	0.364
WCDMA	WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.253	0.496	0.461	0.749	0.714
		Right Tilt	0.063	0.218	0.309	0.281	0.372
		Left Cheek	0.105	0.452	0.393	0.557	0.498
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.173	0.322	0.230	0.379
	WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.177	0.496	0.461	0.673	0.638
		Right Tilt	0.069	0.218	0.309	0.287	0.378
		Left Cheek	0.124	0.452	0.393	0.576	0.517
		Left Tilt	0.054	0.173	0.322	0.227	0.376
	WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.537	0.496	0.461	1.033	0.998
		Right Tilt	0.218	0.218	0.309	0.436	0.527
		Left Cheek	0.375	0.452	0.393	0.827	0.768
		Left Tilt	0.142	0.173	0.322	0.315	0.464
LTE	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.293	0.496	0.461	0.789	0.754
		Right Tilt	0.196	0.218	0.309	0.414	0.505
		Left Cheek	0.420	0.452	0.393	0.872	0.813
		Left Tilt	0.206	0.173	0.322	0.379	0.528
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.428	0.496	0.461	0.924	0.889
		Right Tilt	0.069	0.218	0.309	0.287	0.378
		Left Cheek	0.270	0.452	0.393	0.722	0.663
		Left Tilt	0.079	0.173	0.322	0.252	0.401
	LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.239	0.496	0.461	0.735	0.700
		Right Tilt	0.100	0.218	0.309	0.318	0.409



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		Left Cheek	0.305	0.452	0.393	0.757	0.698
		Left Tilt	0.085	0.173	0.322	0.258	0.407
	LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.401	0.496	0.461	0.897	0.862
		Right Tilt	0.248	0.218	0.309	0.466	0.557
		Left Cheek	0.509	0.452	0.393	0.961	0.902
		Left Tilt	0.232	0.173	0.322	0.405	0.554
	LTE Band 14	Right Cheek	0.353	0.496	0.461	0.849	0.814
		Right Tilt	0.227	0.218	0.309	0.445	0.536
		Left Cheek	0.479	0.452	0.393	0.931	0.872
		Left Tilt	0.227	0.173	0.322	0.400	0.549
	LTE Band 25/2	Right Cheek	0.268	0.496	0.461	0.764	0.729
		Right Tilt	0.057	0.218	0.309	0.275	0.366
		Left Cheek	0.190	0.452	0.393	0.642	0.583
		Left Tilt	0.051	0.173	0.322	0.224	0.373
	LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.438	0.496	0.461	0.934	0.899
		Right Tilt	0.301	0.218	0.309	0.519	0.610
		Left Cheek	0.360	0.452	0.393	0.812	0.753
		Left Tilt	0.306	0.173	0.322	0.479	0.628
	LTE Band 30	Right Cheek	0.311	0.496	0.461	0.807	0.772
		Right Tilt	0.072	0.218	0.309	0.290	0.381
		Left Cheek	0.240	0.452	0.393	0.692	0.633
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.173	0.322	0.236	0.385
	LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.162	0.496	0.461	0.658	0.623
		Right Tilt	0.052	0.218	0.309	0.270	0.361
		Left Cheek	0.059	0.452	0.393	0.511	0.452
		Left Tilt	0.035	0.173	0.322	0.208	0.357
	LTE Band 66/4	Right Cheek	0.214	0.496	0.461	0.710	0.675
		Right Tilt	0.057	0.218	0.309	0.275	0.366
		Left Cheek	0.140	0.452	0.393	0.592	0.533
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.173	0.322	0.226	0.375
	LTE Band 71	Right Cheek	0.136	0.496	0.461	0.632	0.597
		Right Tilt	0.035	0.218	0.309	0.253	0.344
		Left Cheek	0.173	0.452	0.393	0.625	0.566
		Left Tilt	0.043	0.173	0.322	0.216	0.365



➤ **Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN 2.4GHz/WLAN 5GHz/BT**

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.193	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.221	0.503	0.292
		Back	0.837	0.177	0.327	0.099	1.014	1.164	0.936
	GSM1900	Front	0.090	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.118	0.400	0.189
		Back	0.246	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.423	0.573	0.345
WCDMA	WCDMA Band II	Front	0.154	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.182	0.464	0.253
		Back	0.400	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.577	0.727	0.499
	WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.150	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.178	0.460	0.249
		Back	0.444	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.621	0.771	0.543
	WCDMA Band V	Front	0.222	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.250	0.532	0.321
		Back	0.774	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.951	1.101	0.873
LTE	LTE Band 5	Front	0.225	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.253	0.535	0.324
		Back	0.577	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.754	0.904	0.676
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.123	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.151	0.433	0.222
		Back	0.714	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.891	1.041	0.813
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.107	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.135	0.417	0.206
		Back	0.225	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.402	0.552	0.324
	LTE Band 13	Front	0.208	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.236	0.518	0.307
		Back	0.385	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.562	0.712	0.484
	LTE Band 14	Front	0.200	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.228	0.510	0.299
		Back	0.366	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.543	0.693	0.465
	LTE Band 25/2	Front	0.185	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.213	0.495	0.284
		Back	0.493	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.670	0.820	0.592
	LTE Band 26	Front	0.255	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.283	0.565	0.354
		Back	0.637	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.814	0.964	0.736
	LTE Band 30	Front	0.152	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.180	0.462	0.251
		Back	0.536	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.713	0.863	0.635
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.138	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.166	0.448	0.237
		Back	0.624	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.801	0.951	0.723
	LTE Band 66/4	Front	0.161	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.189	0.471	0.260
		Back	0.457	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.634	0.784	0.556



	LTE Band 71	Front	0.069	0.028	0.310	0.099	0.097	0.379	0.168
		Back	0.150	0.177	0.327	0.099	0.327	0.477	0.249

➤ Hotspot Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN(2/3/4G)+WLAN 2.4GHz/WLAN 5GHz/BT

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.484	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.761	1.292	0.583
		Back	0.795	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.208	1.171	0.894
		Left	0.433	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.623	1.490	0.532
		Right	0.297	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.405	0.516	0.396
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.026	0.026	0.026
	GSM1900	Front	0.634	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.911	1.442	0.733
		Back	0.350	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.763	0.726	0.449
		Left	0.079	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.269	1.136	0.178
		Right	0.164	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.272	0.383	0.263
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.186	0.186
WCDMA	WCDMA Band II	Front	0.610	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.887	1.418	0.709
		Back	0.631	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.044	1.007	0.730
		Left	0.135	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.325	1.192	0.234
		Right	0.303	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.411	0.522	0.402
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.363	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.363	0.363	0.363
	WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.555	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.832	1.363	0.654
		Back	0.793	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.206	1.169	0.892
		Left	0.161	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.351	1.218	0.260
		Right	0.162	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.270	0.381	0.261
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.537	0.537	0.537
	WCDMA Band V	Front	0.501	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.778	1.309	0.600
		Back	0.968	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.381	1.344	1.067
		Left	0.348	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.538	1.405	0.447
		Right	0.288	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.396	0.507	0.387



		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.038	0.038	0.038
CDMA	LTE Band 5	Front	0.525	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.802	1.333	0.624
		Back	0.681	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.094	1.057	0.780
		Left	0.303	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.493	1.360	0.402
		Right	0.248	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.356	0.467	0.347
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.033	0.033
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.356	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.633	1.164	0.455
		Back	0.893	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.306	1.269	0.992
		Left	0.128	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.318	1.185	0.227
		Right	0.441	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.549	0.660	0.540
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.728	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.728	0.728	0.728
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.514	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.791	1.322	0.613
		Back	0.480	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.893	0.856	0.579
		Left	0.232	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.422	1.289	0.331
		Right	0.264	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.372	0.483	0.363
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.063	0.063	0.063
LTE	LTE Band 13	Front	0.502	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.779	1.310	0.601
		Back	0.636	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.049	1.012	0.735
		Left	0.344	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.534	1.401	0.443
		Right	0.377	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.485	0.596	0.476
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.052	0.052	0.052
	LTE Band 14	Front	0.532	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.809	1.340	0.631
		Back	0.732	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.145	1.108	0.831
		Left	0.388	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.578	1.445	0.487
		Right	0.417	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.525	0.636	0.516
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.053	0.053
	LTE Band 25/2	Front	0.670	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.947	1.478	0.769
		Back	0.461	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.874	0.837	0.560
		Left	0.088	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.278	1.145	0.187
		Right	0.222	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.330	0.441	0.321
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.251	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.251	0.251





	LTE Band 26	Front	0.392	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.669	1.200	0.491
		Back	0.696	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.109	1.072	0.795
		Left	0.294	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.484	1.351	0.393
		Right	0.259	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.367	0.478	0.358
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.033	0.033
	LTE Band 30	Front	0.159	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.436	0.967	0.258
		Back	0.194	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.607	0.570	0.293
		Left	0.030	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.220	1.087	0.129
		Right	0.132	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.240	0.351	0.231
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.360	0.360	0.360
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.216	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.493	1.024	0.315
		Back	0.499	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.912	0.875	0.598
		Left	0.077	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.267	1.134	0.176
		Right	0.276	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.384	0.495	0.375
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.385	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.385	0.385	0.385
	LTE Band 66/4	Front	0.560	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.837	1.368	0.659
		Back	0.732	0.413	0.376	0.099	1.145	1.108	0.831
		Left	0.121	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.311	1.178	0.220
		Right	0.157	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.265	0.376	0.256
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.463	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.463	0.463	0.463
	LTE Band 71	Front	0.328	0.277	0.808	0.099	0.605	1.136	0.427
		Back	0.344	0.413	0.376	0.099	0.757	0.720	0.443
		Left	0.159	0.190	1.057	0.099	0.349	1.216	0.258
		Right	0.178	0.108	0.219	0.099	0.286	0.397	0.277
		Top	0.000	0.400	0.664	0.099	0.400	0.664	0.099
		Bottom	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.050	0.050

## 19. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b)  $k$  is the coverage factor

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a



defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test Sample Related</b>							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	0.089	0.089
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%



Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.7	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
<b>Test Sample Related</b>							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	0.089	0.089
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						12.5%	12.5%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						25.1 %	25.1%



## Annex A General Information

### 1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525

### 2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China

### 3. Facilities and Accreditations

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, Block 67, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, 518101 P. R. China. Morlab facility is a registered (7183A) test laboratory with the site description on file with ISED.

#### Note:

The main report is end here and the other Annex (B,C,D,E) will be submitted separately.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF MAIN REPORT \*\*\*\*\*