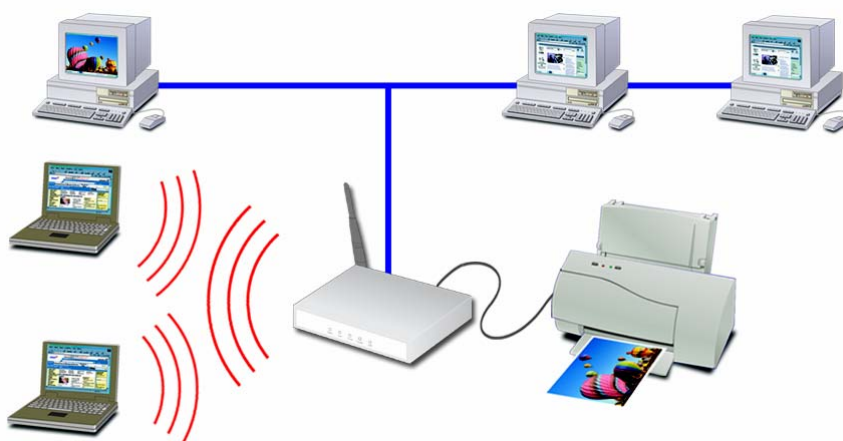


# 802.11g Wireless Print Server



## User Guide

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# Chapter I

## Introduction

# 1

*This chapter provides an overview of your 802.11g Wireless Print Server's features.*

### Features

Congratulations on the purchase of your new 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Your 802.11g Wireless Print Server was designed to provide a simple and efficient network printing solution. It is packed with features, including:

- **Wireless LAN Support.** Wireless stations supporting the IEEE 802.11b or IEEE 802.11g standard can interoperate with the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Both LAN and WLAN users can print to the attached printer or printers.
- **Versatility.** The 802.11g Wireless Print Server supports up to four protocols: TCP/IP, SMB (Service Message Block), AppleTalk (EtherTalk), and NetBEUI. It features an Ethernet interface port and operating system support includes Unix, NetWare (NDPS LPR printing), and Microsoft Windows.
- **Easy Installation.** The 802.11g Wireless Print Server makes adding printers or plotters to your network simple.
- **Easy Setup.** A number of utility programs are supplied to simplify setup. For Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP users, the BiAdmin program makes it easy to configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server for a variety of network and server configurations.
- **Web-based Interface.** The Web-based interface provides an easy method of configuration in TCP/IP networks, regardless of your client platform.
- **Compact Size.** This allows the 802.11g Wireless Print Server to be used even where space is limited.
- **Remote Management Tools.** A variety of software tools are provided. In most environments, both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and attached bi-directional printers can be configured remotely.
- **Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) Support.** The 802.11g Wireless Print Server can act as an IPP (Internet Printing Protocol) Server, allowing clients, suppliers, colleagues and others to print to your printer from anywhere on the Internet. Windows IPP Client software is also supplied.

## Safety Instructions

For your own safety, and to protect your 802.11g Wireless Print Server, please observe the following safety advice.

1. Unplug this device from its power source before cleaning. Use only a slightly dampened cloth for cleaning. Do not use liquid or aerosol cleaners.
2. Avoid using this product near water. Exposure to water poses an electric-shock hazard.
3. Do not place the 802.11g Wireless Print Server on an unstable surface. The device may fall causing serious damage to the device.
4. This device should only be used with the power supply type specified on the marking label. If you are not sure of type of your local power supply, consult your dealer or the local power company.
5. Do not pinch, crimp or otherwise damage the power cord. If exposed to foot traffic, ensures that the cable is properly shielded and does not pose a tripping hazard.
6. If using an extension cord, makes sure the total ampere rating of the products using the cord does not exceed the extension cord's ampere rating.
7. Do not attempt to service this device, as opening or removing casing may expose you to dangerous voltage points or other risks. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
8. The 802.11g Wireless Print Server should be serviced by qualified service personnel under the following conditions:
  - The power cord is damaged or frayed.
  - Liquid has been spilled onto the product.
  - The product has been exposed to rain or water.
  - The product does not operate normally in accordance with the operating instructions.
  - The device has been dropped or the casing has been damaged.

## Package Contents

You should find the following items packaged with your 802.11g Wireless Print Server. If any items are missing, contact your dealer immediately.

- The 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Power Adapter.
- One CD-ROM containing all support programs and this manual.
- Quick Install Guide.

## Physical Details

This section has details of the LEDs and connectors. Further details are contained in *Appendix A - Specifications*.

### PS801H 802.11g Wireless Print Server Connection

- 1 x USB 2.0 Printer Port
- IEEE 802.11g/802.11b Wireless Station
- 10/100BaseT LAN connection



# LED Indicators

There are two (2) LED indicators on the top panel - Status (Green, right) and Error (Red, left). The LED indicator modes are described in the following table.

| Status LED | Error LED | Status Description                                                                |
|------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Off        | Off       | No Power                                                                          |
| On         | On        | Hardware error                                                                    |
| On         | Off       | Normal operation (idle)                                                           |
| Blinking   | Off       | Normal operation - data is being transmitted or received on the USB Printer Port. |
| Blinking   | Blinking  | During a Firmware Upgrade, both LEDs will blink.                                  |

## Diagnostic Push Button

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server is fitted with a Diagnostic Push Button. The button is recessed; a pin or paper clip can be used to press it. This button has 2 functions:

- Restore the factory default settings
- Print a test page containing all current settings.

### **To restore the factory default settings:**

1. Turn the 802.11g Wireless Print Server OFF.
2. Press and hold the diagnostic button. While pressing the button, switch the 802.11g Wireless Print Server ON.
3. If you continue pressing the button for 10 seconds, a diagnostic page will be printed, showing the new (default) settings.

### **To generate a Diagnostic print out**

1. Ensure that both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and the printer attached to port 1 are ON.
2. Press the diagnostic button, and hold it in for 2 seconds.
3. The test page, containing the current settings, will be printed.

#### **Note:**

PostScript printers are unable to print this page. If you have a PostScript printer on Port 1, the test page will not be printed.

## Chapter 2

# LAN Installation

# 2

*This chapter describes how to install the 802.11g Wireless Print Server in your Local Area Network.*

## Procedure

### 1. Preparation

---

- Ensure the power is OFF. Do not connect the 802.11g Wireless Print Server while power is On.
- Find the *Default Server Name* for your 802.11g Wireless Print Server. The *Default Server Name* is shown on a sticker on the base of the device. It consists of 8 letters and/or digits. Record this name; it may be needed during configuration.

### 2. Connect the Printer or Printers

---

Connect the printer or plotter cable(s) to the appropriate port(s) on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server unit.

### 3. Connect to your Network

---

Connect a standard network cable from your switch or hub to the 10/100BaseT LAN connector on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.



- To use the LAN interface, the LAN cable needs to be inserted **BEFORE** powering ON.
- The Wired (LAN) interface should be used for initial configuration.
- In the default Wireless "Infrastructure" mode, connecting a LAN cable will disable the Wireless interface. To use both the LAN and Wireless interfaces, the Wireless mode must be changed to "Ad-hoc".

### 4. Power Up

---

Plug in the power adapter cable and power up. Start-up will take only a few seconds.

**Use only the Power Supply unit provided with the device. Power Supply units for different models are not interchangeable.**

### 5. Check the LEDs

---

Once start-up is complete:

- The Status LED should be On.
- The Error LED should be Off.

## Chapter 3

# Wireless Print Server Configuration

3

*This chapter provides an overview of the configuration process.*

### Overview

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server is designed to support many different platforms, and the configuration required would depend upon the environment in which it is installed.

- The 802.11g Wireless Print Server usually requires configuration, but if there's a DHCP server on your network, then the device is just plug-and-play. A Windows-based setup Wizard is also provided on the CD-ROM to simplify this task.
- PCs wishing to use the printer attached to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server always require configuration. See *Chapter 4- Client Configuration* for details.
- If you wish to use a queue-based printing system using **Windows NT Server/Windows 2000/Windows XP**, the Network Server must be configured as detailed in *Appendix B - Windows Server Configuration*. However, it is not necessary to use a Network Server-based queue; client PCs can print directly to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server using the *Peer-to-peer Printing* installed by the *User* setup option on the CD-ROM.

### Configuration Methods

The following methods are available to perform the required Print Server configuration:

- **Windows-based Wizard** - see below for details.
- **BiAdmin** management utility program - see Chapter 5 for details.
- **Web-based setup** - see Chapter 6 for details.

### Advanced Configuration and Management

The BiAdmin management utility is provided for advanced configuration and management. This program is installed by default when the **Administrator** install option is chosen. See Chapter 5 for details on using BiAdmin.

### Using the Windows Wizard

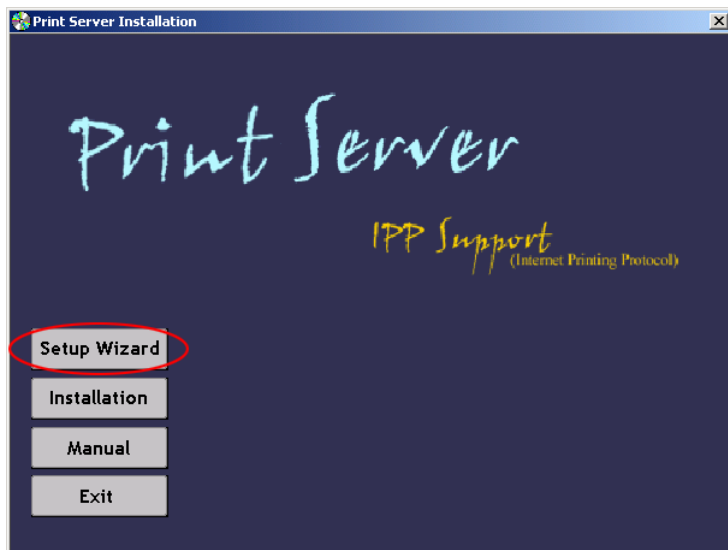
The Windows-based Wizard is supplied on the CD-ROM, and runs on Windows 95, 98, NT4.0, ME, Windows 2000 and Windows XP.

Using this Wizard is the recommended method to configure the Print Server.

It can be used configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server for your Network environment, even if the Print Server does not have a valid IP address.

### Procedure

1. Insert the supplied CD-ROM into your drive. If the setup program does not start automatically, run *SETUP.exe* in the root folder.
2. On the first screen, shown below, click *Setup Wizard*.



**Figure 1: 802.11g Wireless Print Server Screen**

3. Click *Next* on the first screen of the Wizard, to view a list of 802.11g Wireless Print Servers on your LAN.
4. Select your new 802.11g Wireless Print Server, then click *Next* to continue.
5. Enter the required data on the following screen.
  - Name of the Print Server can be changed if you wish.
  - Comment is optional.
  - Select or enter the Workgroup name for this 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
6. Click *Next* to configure the **TCP/IP Screen**:
  - Select *Obtain IP Address automatically* if your LAN has a DHCP Server, otherwise select *Fixed IP Address*.
  - For *Fixed IP Address*, enter an unused address from the range used on your LAN, or click the *Suggest New Values* Button.  
Use the same *Network Mask* and *Gateway* as PCs on your LAN.
7. On the **Wireless Screens**, the settings should be set to match your other Wireless Stations. For details about each setting, refer to the following section *Wireless Configuration*.
8. Click *Finish* to save the data to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

**Note:** To install the Wizard on your PC, use the "Installation" option.

### **If the desired 802.11g Wireless Print Server is not listed:**

- Check all cables to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Check that the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's Error LED is Off. If it is On, restart the Print Server.
- Check that your PC and the 802.11g Wireless Print Server are on the same LAN segment. (If you don't have a Router or Gateway on your LAN, you only have 1 segment.)
- Check that your PC has either the TCP/IP or NetBEUI network protocols installed. See *Checking your Network Protocols* in Chapter 4 for details.

# Wireless Configuration

## Wireless Mode

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server is a Wireless station, NOT an access point. Like other Wireless stations, they have 2 modes:

- **Ad-Hoc mode** - no Access Point is used, Wireless stations communicate directly with each other. Each Wireless station should be set to use the same Channel, although some Wireless stations will scan all channels to find compatible ad-hoc groups they can join
- **Infrastructure (Default)** - all Wireless stations connect to the Access Point. This allows connection to both other Wireless stations and the wired LAN.



To use both the LAN and Wireless interfaces, the Wireless mode must be set to "Ad-hoc".  
In "Infrastructure" mode, connecting a LAN cable will disable the Wireless interface.

## Required Configuration

|              | Ad-hoc Mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Infrastructure Mode                                                                                    |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SSID         | The 802.11g Wireless Print Server will join any group with the same SSID.<br><br>If there's no Ad-Hoc group available, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server will create the group using the SSID assigned to it.                    | Must match the Access Point.                                                                           |
| Channel      | The 802.11g Wireless Print Server will join any group with the same Channel number.<br><br>If there is no existing Ad-Hoc group available, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server will create the group using its own Channel number. | Access Point sets the Channel used.<br><br>Wireless stations automatically locate the correct channel. |
| WEP Settings | Must match the other Wireless stations.                                                                                                                                                                                          | Must match the Access Point.                                                                           |

# Client PC Configuration

*The chapter details the client configuration required on LAN clients to use the printer or printers attached to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.*

## Overview

Before performing client configuration, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server must be installed on your LAN, and configured as described in Chapter 3. Both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and the attached printer must be powered ON.

## Printing Methods

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server supports a number of printing methods:

- **Peer-to-peer Printing** means that the print jobs are stored (queued) on your PC, and sent directly to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server when it is available.
- **Server-based Print Queue** means that all print jobs are stored (queued) on the Network Server (e.g. Windows NT/2000) and then sent to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. This allows the Network Administrator to modify the Print Queue. For example, an important job can be moved to the head of the queue.
- **Windows SMB** printing is a Microsoft standard for using a "Network Printer". No additional software needs to be installed on your Windows PC, and printing from MS-DOS programs is supported. However, because the 802.11g Wireless Print Server can not store files, large print jobs may cause problems.
- **AppleTalk** is also supported, and normally no configuration of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is required. See the Macintosh section of this chapter for details of client configuration.

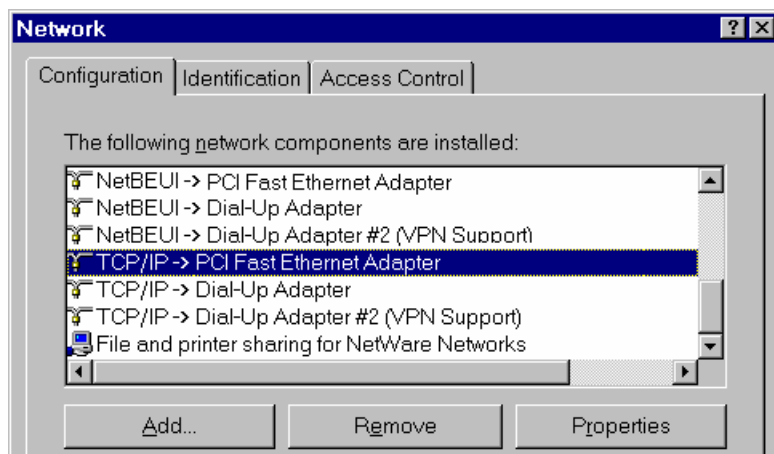
## Which printing method should I use?

- If using Windows 95, 98, NT, Me, 2000, or XP, the easiest method to use is *Peer-to-peer Printing*.
- If using Windows, and you need to print from MS-DOS programs, or you don't wish to install additional software, use SMB.  
However, SMB is not suitable for large, complex documents, so if you need this as well as MS-DOS printing, you should install BOTH *Peer-to-peer Printing* and SMB printing. MS-DOS programs can use the SMB printer, Windows programs should use *Peer-to-peer Printing*.
- If your LAN has Network Servers (e.g. Windows NT, Windows 2000 Server) use the method advised by your Network Administrator. The 802.11g Wireless Print Server can print via a queue located on a Network server, if desired.
- **Unix** users - refer to **Appendix C**.
- **Macintosh** users - refer to the Macintosh section of this chapter.

## Checking your Network Protocols (Windows 9x)

Your PC must have EITHER the TCP/IP or NetBEUI protocols installed. (All versions of Windows after Windows 95 have TCP/IP installed by default.)

- If using the **Peer-to-peer Printing**, the installation program will check this for you.
  - If using other methods, you must check manually, as follows:
1. Select the *Settings - Control Panel - Network* option on the Start Menu. You should see a screen like the one following:



**Figure 2: Network Configuration**

- The top line in the list (NetBEUI -> PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter) indicates that the NetBEUI protocol is installed on this PC. Your PC will show the name of the your Network card rather than "PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter".
  - The highlighted line (TCP/IP -> PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter) indicates that TCP/IP is installed. Your PC will show the name of the your Network card rather than "PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter".
2. If neither line is present:
    - Install the NetBEUI protocol by selecting *Add - Protocol - Microsoft - NetBEUI - OK*. You may be prompted for your Windows CD-ROM. This protocol requires no configuration.
    - If required, you can also install TCP/IP. However, depending on your LAN environment, TCP/IP may require further configuration.
  3. If either protocol is already installed, proceed with installation.

## Windows Peer-to-peer Printing

With this printing method, print jobs are stored (queued) on your PC, and then sent to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server when it is available.

### PTP (Peer-to-Peer) Printing

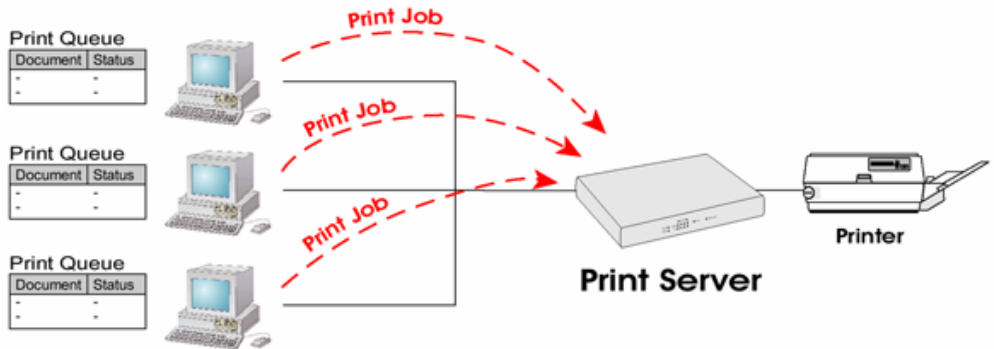


Figure 3: Peer-to-Peer Printing

Windows 2000 & XP require no additional software.

For other versions of Windows, the supplied PTP (Peer-to-Peer) Printer Port software must be installed on each PC.

## Windows 2000/XP Setup

The recommended printing method is to use LPR, as follows:

1. Open your *Printers* folder, right-click the desired printer and select *Properties*.
2. Select the *Ports* tab and click the *Add Port* button.

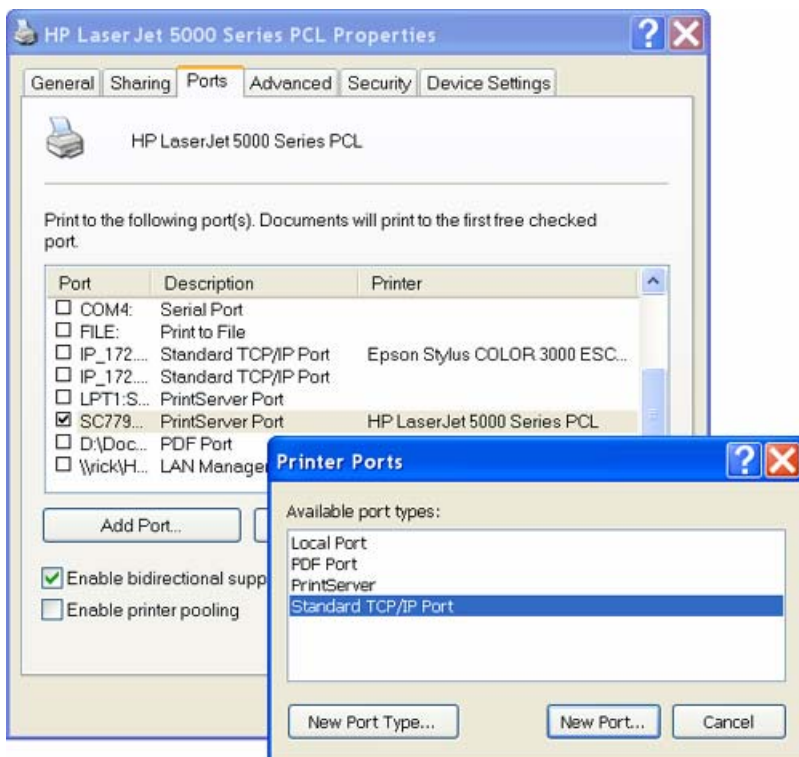
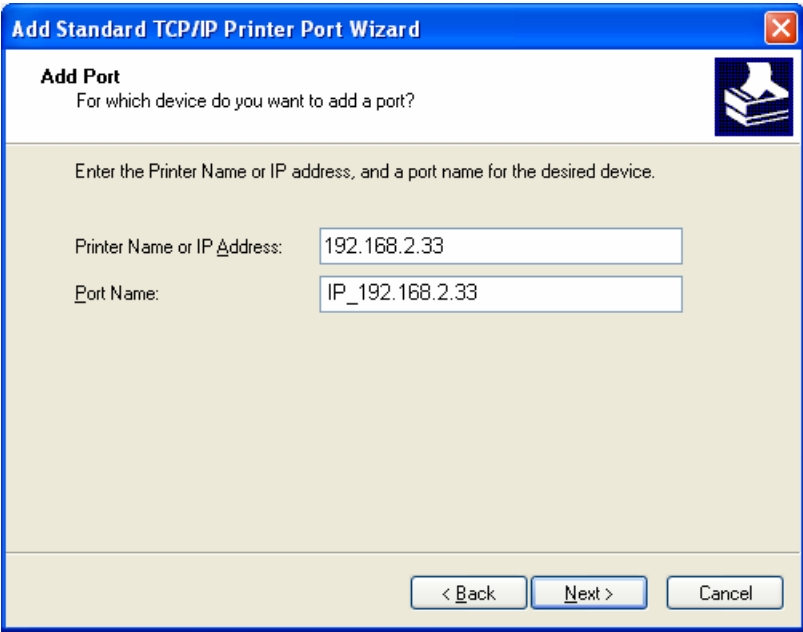


Figure 4: Printer Ports Screen

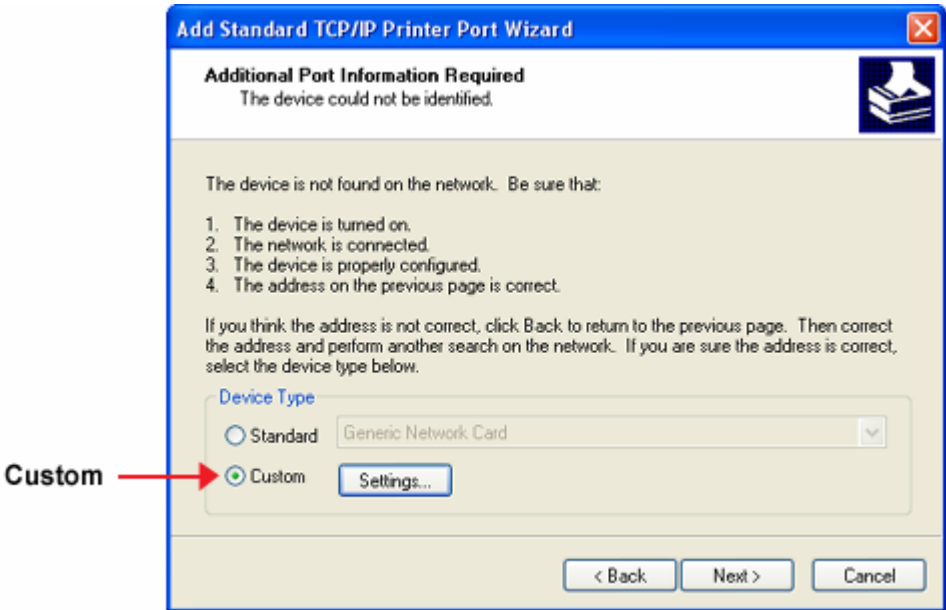
3. Choose Standard *TCP/IP Port*, then click *New Port*.



The screenshot shows the 'Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard' window, specifically the 'Add Port' step. The title bar reads 'Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard'. Below the title bar, the text 'Add Port' is followed by the question 'For which device do you want to add a port?'. A printer icon is in the top right corner. The main area contains the instruction 'Enter the Printer Name or IP address, and a port name for the desired device.' Below this, there are two text input fields. The first field is labeled 'Printer Name or IP Address:' and contains the text '192.168.2.33'. The second field is labeled 'Port Name:' and contains the text 'IP\_192.168.2.33'. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

**Figure 5: Add Port Screen**

4. On the *Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port* screen above, enter the *IP Address* of the Print Server in the *Printer Name or IP Address* field, then click *Next*.



The screenshot shows the 'Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard' window, specifically the 'Additional Port Information Required' step. The title bar reads 'Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard'. Below the title bar, the text 'Additional Port Information Required' is followed by the message 'The device could not be identified.' and a printer icon in the top right corner. The main area contains the text 'The device is not found on the network. Be sure that:' followed by a numbered list: 1. The device is turned on, 2. The network is connected, 3. The device is properly configured, 4. The address on the previous page is correct. Below the list, there is a paragraph: 'If you think the address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then correct the address and perform another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, select the device type below.' Below this paragraph, there is a section titled 'Device Type' with two radio button options: 'Standard' (selected) and 'Custom'. The 'Standard' option has a dropdown menu showing 'Generic Network Card'. The 'Custom' option has a 'Settings...' button. A red arrow points from the word 'Custom' (written outside the window) to the 'Custom' radio button. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

**Figure 6: Additional Port Information Screen**

5. On this screen, select *Custom*, and click the *Settings* button.

**Configure Standard TCP/IP Port Monitor**

**Port Settings**

Port Name: IP\_192.168.2.33

Printer Name or IP Address: 192.168.2.33

**Protocol**

☐ Raw ☒ LPR

**Raw Settings**

Port Number: 9100

**LPR Settings**

Queue Name: L1

☒ LPR Byte Counting Enabled

☐ SNMP Status Enabled

Community Name: public

SNMP Device Index: 1

OK Cancel

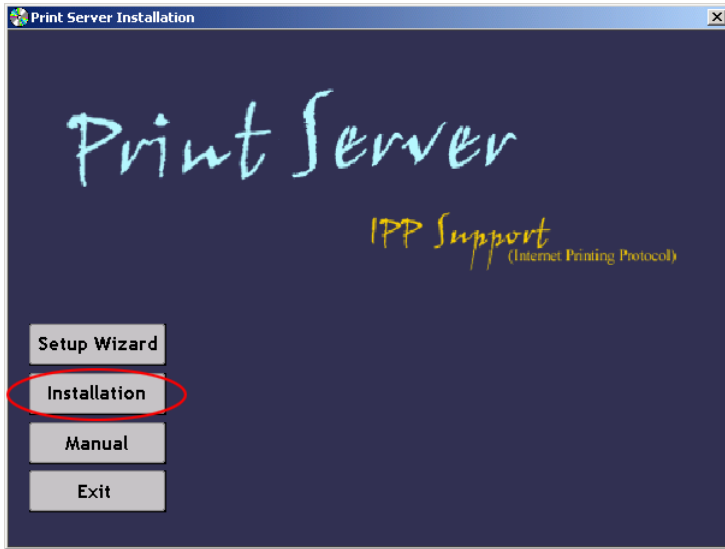
**Figure 7: Port Settings Screen**

6. On the *Port Settings* screen, shown above:
  - Select *LPR* in the *Protocol* section
  - Enter a *Queue name* (L1 for the USB Port)
  - Ensure the *LPR Byte Counting Enabled* setting is **Enabled**.
  - Click OK to confirm your changes and close this screen.
7. Follow the prompts to complete the Wizard.

## Windows 9x/ME Setup

Before performing the following procedure, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server must be installed on your LAN, and configured as described in Chapter 3. Both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and the attached printer should be powered ON.

1. Insert the supplied CD-ROM into your drive. If the setup program does not start, run SETUP.exe in the root folder.
2. Click *Installation* button, then select the *User Install*.



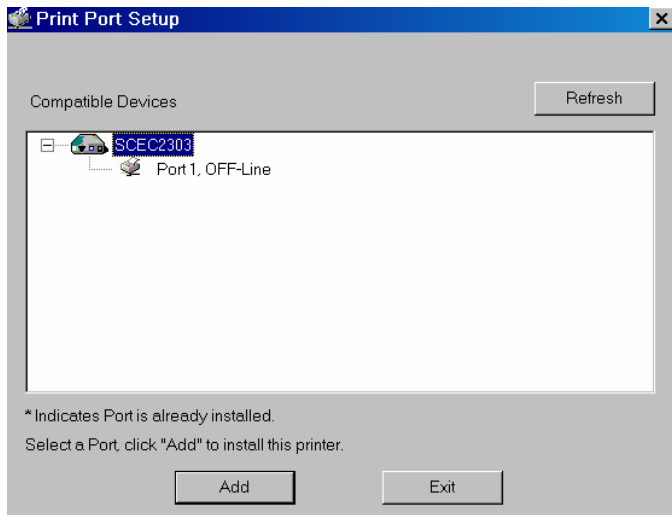
**Figure 8: Installation Screen**

3. Follow the prompts to complete the installation of the Peer-to-peer Printer Port Driver. (Refer to the *Windows* section of *Chapter 8 - Troubleshooting* if there is a problem with the installation.)
4. The *Print Driver Setup* will then run.

In future, you can use *Start - Programs - PrintServer Driver - Printer Port Setup* to run the program again.

## PTP Printer Port Setup

1. The program will search for Printer Servers on the network, and a screen like the following will be displayed.
  - If desired, click *Refresh*.
  - The name of the attached printer will be displayed if possible. If "No printer" is displayed, check that the printer is properly connected and powered on.



**Figure 9: Print Port Setup (Peer-to-peer Printing)**

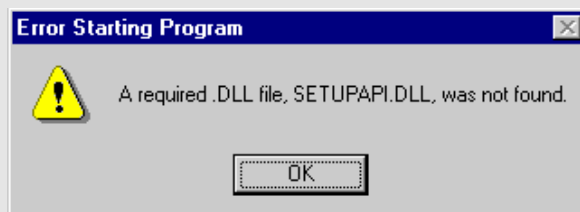
**If your 802.11g Wireless Print Server is not listed:**

- Click the "Refresh" button.
- Check that both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and the printer are properly connected, and powered on.
- Check that the 802.11g Wireless Print Server has been configured. (Use the **Setup Wizard** on the CD-ROM.)
- If using TCP/IP, try installing the NetBEUI protocol. (See the earlier section *Checking your Network Protocols* for details.). Then try again.

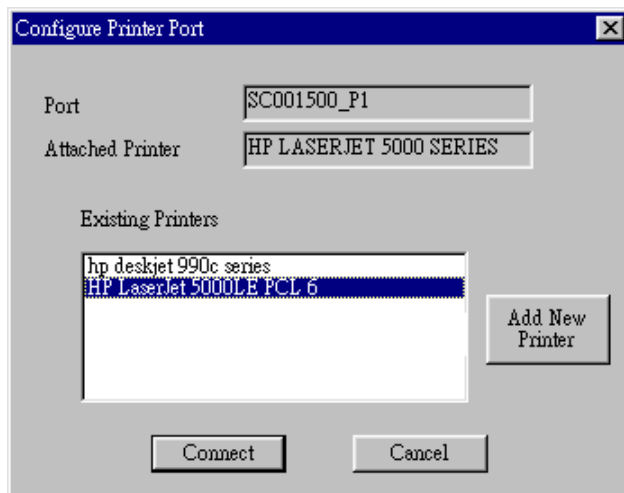
2. Select the desired port on a 802.11g Wireless Print Server, then click *Next*. A pop-up message will inform you if the port has been created successfully.



If you see the following error message, either install Internet Explorer 4 or later, or follow the procedure in the "Trouble Shooting - Windows" section of Chapter 8.



3. The printer port will be created, then a screen like the following will be displayed.



**Figure 10: Configure Printer Port**

4. Select the correct Windows printer in the *Existing Printers* list, and click the *Connect* button.

If the correct printer type is not listed, click "Add New Printer" to run the Windows *Add Printer* wizard. Step through the Wizard and install the required printer:

- Select the correct Printer Manufacturer and Model, or use the "Have Disk" option if appropriate.
- We recommend changing the Printer name to indicate which device is on. (e.g. HP2100 on SCA43600\_P1)
- If prompted about Sharing the printer, do NOT enable Sharing.
- When the Printer installation is finished, it will be listed in the *Configure Printer Port* screen above. Select it and click *Connect*.

5. Installation is now complete. You can now print using this printer.
  - To install additional Printers, repeat steps 4.
  - Use the **Start** menu to run this program in future. The default installation is *Start - Programs - PrintServer Driver - Print Driver Setup*.

**Note:**

If using the Epson Spooler Manager, this program must be disabled, as follows:

1. Run the Epson Spooler Manager.
2. Select "Queue Setup" from the menu.
3. Click "Use Print Manager for this port".
4. Click "OK" to exit.

## Management

- Print jobs can be managed like any Windows printer. Open the *Printers* folder (*Start - Settings - Printers*) and double-click any printer to see the current print jobs.
- If the printer attached to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is changed, just run this program again, and select the correct printer.
- To delete a port created by this setup program, use the Windows *Delete Port* facility:
  - Right-click any printer in the *Printers* folder, and select *Properties*.

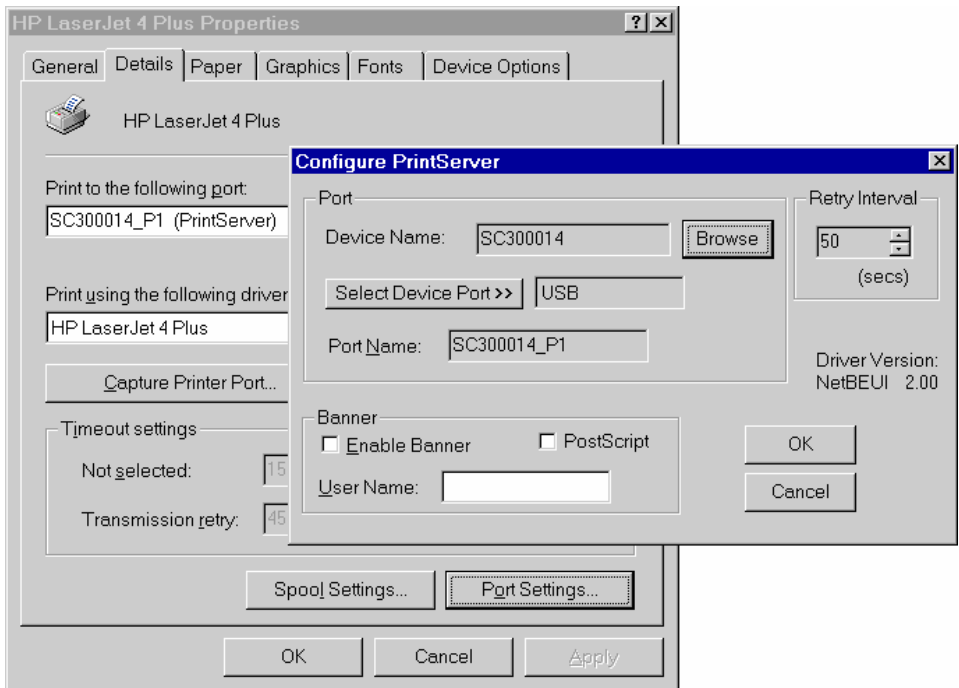
- Locate the *Delete Port* button. This button is on the *Details* or *Ports* tab, depending on your version of Windows.
- If the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's IP Address is changed, and you can no longer print, delete the port (see procedure above) and re-install it.

### Advanced Port Options

The options for the *Peer-to-peer Printing* are accessed via the *Port Settings* button.

Use *Start - Settings - Printers* to open the Printers folder, then right-click the Printer, and select *Properties*. The *Port Settings* button is on the *Details* or *Ports* tab, depending on your version of Windows.

An example screen is shown below:



**Figure 11: Port Settings (Peer-to-peer Driver)**

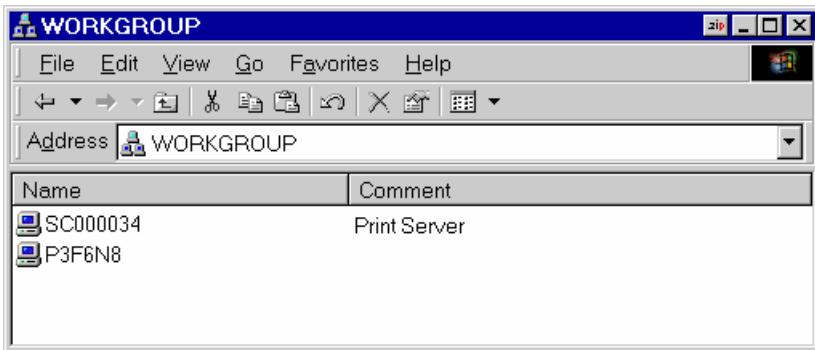
Items shown on this screen are as follows:

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Port</b>           | <p>If desired, click <i>Browse</i> to select a different 802.11g Wireless Print Server. If the selected device has multiple ports, the <i>Select Device Port</i> button can be used to select the port.</p> <p>The <i>Port Name</i> can not be changed after installation. This name is shown in the Printer's <i>Properties</i>.</p> |
| <b>Banner</b>         | <p>Check this option to print a banner page before each print job.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If using a PostScript Printer, check the <i>PostScript</i> box.</li> <li>• The <i>User Name</i> will be printed on the banner page.</li> </ul>                                                                        |
| <b>Retry Interval</b> | <p>Sets how often Windows will poll the 802.11g Wireless Print Server to establish a connection when the printer is busy. Increase this value if you get too many warning messages.</p>                                                                                                                                               |

## Windows SMB Printing

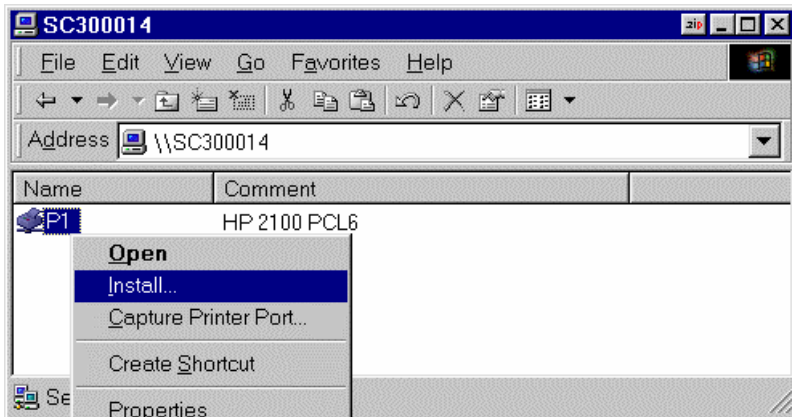
This method requires no additional software to be installed, but the NetBEUI or TCP/IP protocol must be installed on your PC. Use the following procedure to install the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's printer as a Windows SMB network printer:

1. Double-click the *Network Neighborhood* icon on the desktop.
2. On the *View* menu, select *Details*.
3. Locate the desired 802.11g Wireless Print Server, as shown below:
  - If it is the same Workgroup as your PC, it will be listed on screen.
  - If it is in a different workgroup, double-click *Entire Network*, then double-click the appropriate Workgroup to open it.



**Figure 12: Network Neighborhood**

4. Double-click the 802.11g Wireless Print Server icon to view a Printer icon for each printer port. The "Comment" field may indicate what type of printer is connected to the port.
5. To install a printer, right-click the desired printer icon, and choose "Install", as shown below. This will start the *Add Printer* wizard.



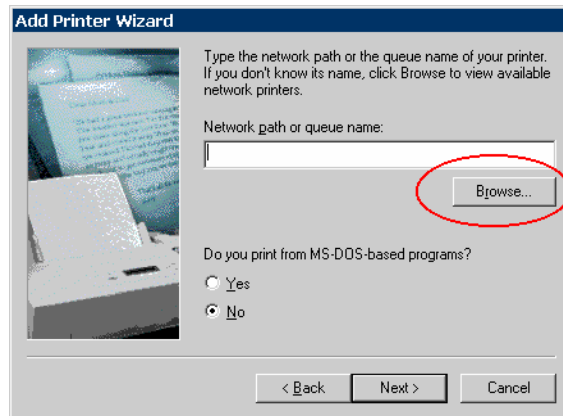
**Figure 13: Install SMB Printer**

6. Follow the prompts to complete the installation.
  - For information about the question "Do you print from MS-DOS programs?", see *Printing from MS-DOS Programs* below.
  - Select the Printer Manufacturer and Model to match the printer connected to this port on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, and complete the Wizard.
7. This printer will now appear in your *Printers* folder (*Start - Settings - Printers*) and can be used like any other printer. However, SMB printing is not suitable for large complex print jobs - you should use the *Peer-to-peer Printing* instead.

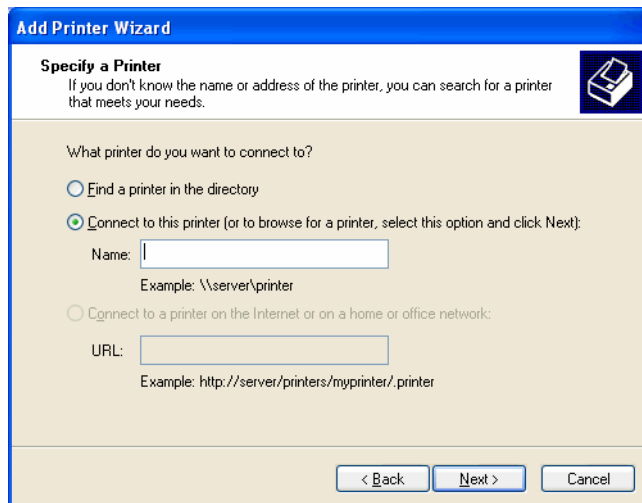
## Windows with Server-based Print Queues

With a Server-based Print Queue, the Print Server is installed on an existing Network Server (Windows, Unix, or NetWare), rather than on your PC. If your Network Administrator uses this system, each Windows client must be set up as follows:

1. Open your *Printers* folder, and start the *Add Printer Wizard*.
2. When prompted, select *Network Printer*.
3. When prompted for *Network Path or Queue Name*:
  - On Windows 98/ME, click the *Browse* button
  - On Windows 2000/XP, leave the field blank and click *Next*



**Figure 14: Network Path - Windows 98/ME**



**Figure 15: Network Path - Windows XP**

4. Browse the network, and locate the Server and Printer (or Print Queue) which your Network Administrator advised you to use.
5. Click OK, then *Next*.
6. Select the correct printer Manufacturer and Model, as advised by your Network Administrator, and click *Next*.
7. Follow the prompts to complete the Wizard.

The new printer will be listed with any other installed printers, and may be selected when printing from any Windows application.

## Macintosh (AppleTalk)

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server supports AppleTalk (EtherTalk), PAP, ATP, NBP, ZIP and DDP protocols, enabling Macintosh computers on the network to view and use the 802.11g Wireless Print Server as a regular AppleTalk printer.

Normally, no configuration is required.

## Software Requirements

System 9.x OS or newer.

## AppleTalk Setup

1. Click the apple icon and choose *Control Panel - AppleTalk*.
2. Ensure that *Ethernet* is selected under *AppleTalk Connection*.
3. Click *Chooser*. The Chooser panel will open.
4. Click on either the *LaserWriter 8* icon (recommended) or the *LaserWriter 7* icon. LaserWriter 8 makes use of the fonts installed in the printer itself, so the printing response time is quicker. LaserWriter 7 uses the fonts installed in the computer, which increases network traffic and takes more printing time.
5. Choose a PostScript printer from the list.
6. Click *Create* and it will search PPD automatically.
7. Select a printer description from the list.
8. Click *Select*.  
Configuration is now complete.

## Printing

Printing with the 802.11g Wireless Print Server installed in an AppleTalk network is identical to normal printing. Just select *File - Print* and choose the desired printer.

## Advanced Setup and Management

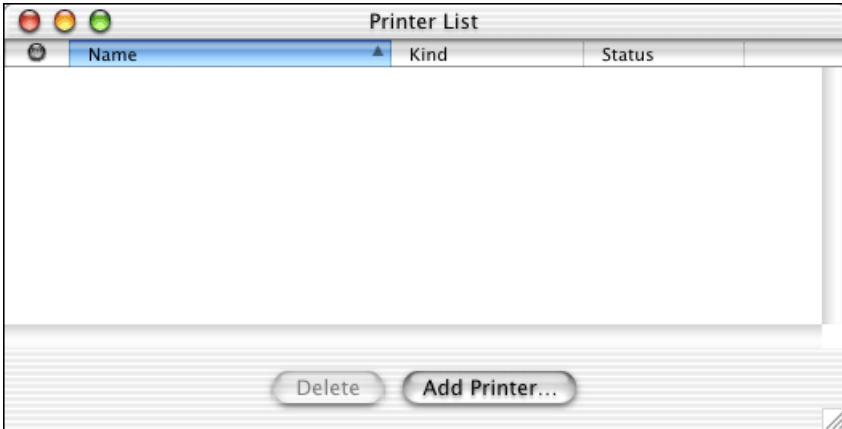
In a mixed Windows PC/Macintosh environment, you can use BiAdmin to configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. See Chapter 5 for details on installing and using BiAdmin.

## Macintosh OS X

If using LPR printing, you need to ensure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server has a valid IP address before configuring your Mac as follows.

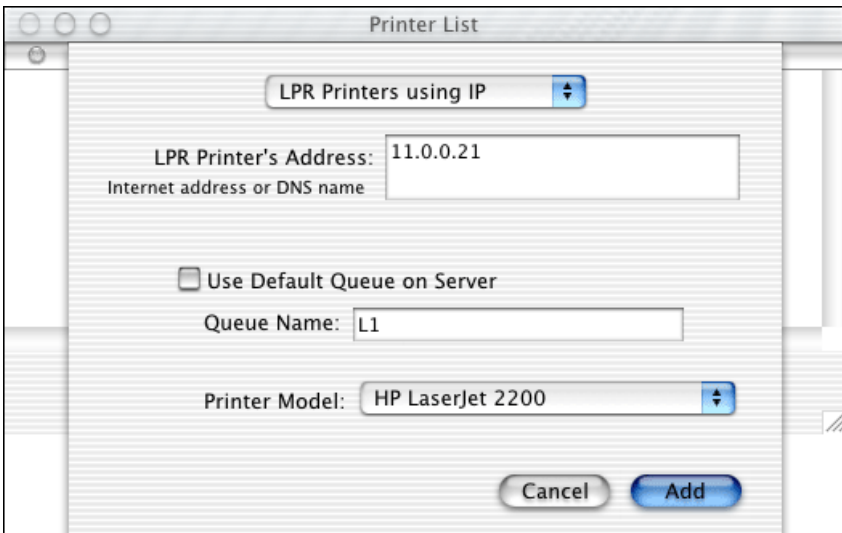
### LPR printing Setup

1. Select the *Printer List* icon.



**Figure 16: Printer List**

2. Click the *Add Printer* button.
3. Choose *LPR Printers Using IP*.



**Figure 17: LPR Screen**

4. Enter the IP address of the Print Server in the *LPR Printer's Address* field, and enter the *Queue Name* (L1 for port 1, L2 for port 2 if the 802.11g Wireless Print Server has 2 printer ports.).
5. Select the *Printer Model* from the drop-down list.
6. Click *Add*.  
Configuration is now complete.

# Chapter 5

# 5

## BiAdmin Management Utility

*This chapter describes the installation and operation of the BiAdmin Configuration & Management program.*

### Requirements

This program requires:

- Windows 95, Windows 98 or ME
- Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000 or XP

#### Additional Recommendations:

- Screen resolution of 800 \* 600 or greater.

### Installation

Use the supplied CD-ROM. This CD-ROM will usually auto-run. If auto-run is disabled on your PC, run the SETUP.exe program in the root folder.

Select **Installation** and this will give you the options for BiAdmin installation:

- BiAdmin is always installed if the **Administrator** option is chosen.
- If using the **Custom** option, select **BiAdmin**.

### Operation

- Start the program by using the icon created by the setup program.
- When run, the program searches the network for all active 802.11g Wireless Print Servers, then lists them on screen, as shown by the example screen below.

### Main Screen

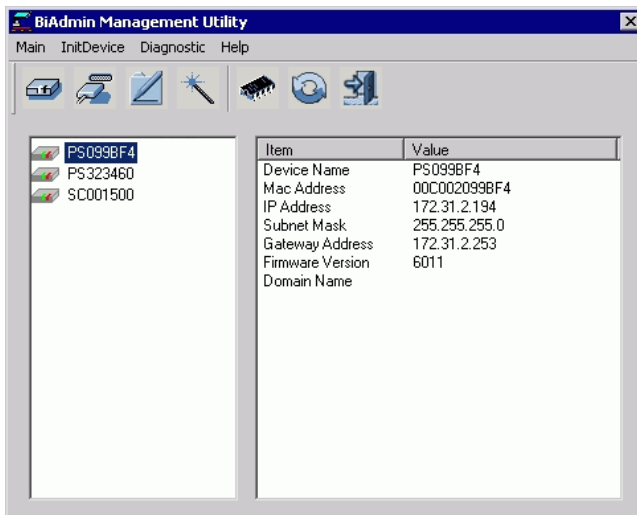


Figure 18: BiAdmin Main Screen

## Device List

---

The left panel displays a list of all 802.11g Wireless Print Servers found on the network. When a 802.11g Wireless Print Server is selected from the list, its details are displayed in the right panel.

**Note:** If the IP address is "Null", please click the *Refresh* icon to get the value again.

### If the desired 802.11g Wireless Print Server is not listed, try the following:

- Check that the device is installed and ON, then *Refresh* the list.
- If the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is on another LAN segment, use the *InitDevice - Attached Remote* menu option to locate and display the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

## Icons

---

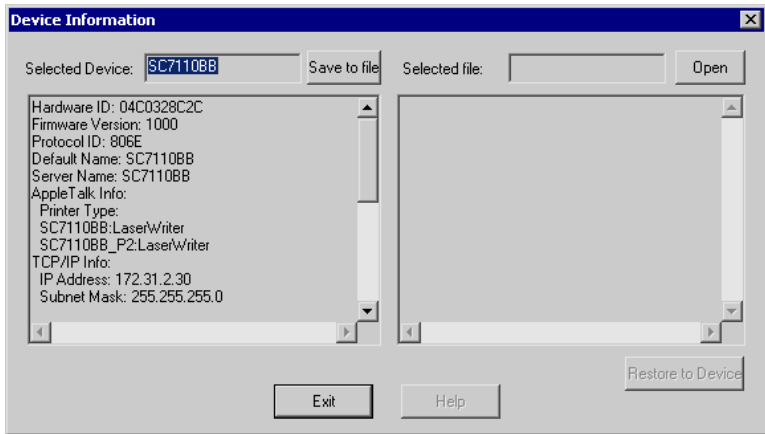


### Device Status

Menu equivalent: **Main - Device Status**

All of the settings for the current device are displayed in a read-only scrollable list in the left panel.

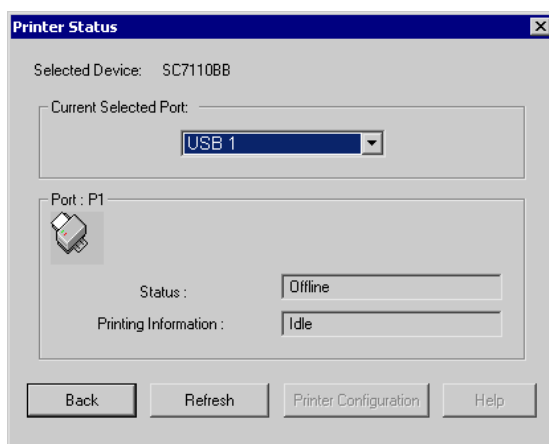
You can use the "Save to File" and "Restore to Device" buttons on this screen to save a copy of the selected device's CONFIG file to your PC, or restore a previously saved file to the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server.



### Printer Status

Menu equivalent: **Main - Printer Status**

After selecting this icon, a *Detail* button will be available to show more information about the printer.



If the selected Print Server has multiple ports, you can select the desired port from the drop-down list to display the current status of the printer attached to the port. Possible states are:

- **Status** - On-line, Off-line, or Out of Paper
- **Printing Information** - Idle, Printing

If the printer is Bi-directional, and is not busy, the **Configuration** button will be available, allowing you to change the configuration of the attached printer. This button will be grayed out if the printer does not support this option, or if the printer is busy printing.



## Configuration

Menu Equivalent: **Main - Configure**

This option allows you to configure the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server. See the following section for details.



## Wizard

This 802.11g Wireless Print Server Wizard allows you to do the basic configuration for the selected device. The screens are similar to the Wizard run from the CD-ROM, as described in Chapter 3.



## Upgrade

Menu Equivalent: **Main - Upgrade**

This option allows you to upgrade the firmware for the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Before using this option, you need to obtain the .BIN file for the firmware upgrade, and copy it to the same directory as BiAdmin.



## Refresh

Menu Equivalent: **Main - Refresh**

Select this icon to update the 802.11g Wireless Print Server device listing after changing the name or IP Address.



## Exit

Menu Equivalent: **Main - Exit**

Exit the BiAdmin program. This does not save any changes you have made; you must *Save to Device* on each screen.

# Menus

## Main Menu

|                       |                                     |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Device Status</b>  | Same as <i>Device</i> Icon.         |
| <b>Printer Status</b> | Same as <i>Printer Status</i> Icon. |
| <b>Configure</b>      | Same as <i>Configure</i> Icon.      |
| <b>Upgrade</b>        | Same as <i>Upgrade</i> Icon.        |
| <b>Refresh</b>        | Same as <i>Refresh</i> Icon.        |
| <b>Exit</b>           | Same as <i>Exit</i> Icon.           |

## InitDevice Menu

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reset Device</b>               | This will cause the device to reboot. This should be done after making any configuration changes, or if the device stops responding after some problems.                                                                                  |
| <b>Restore to Factory Default</b> | This will restore ALL device values to their factory defaults. To restore only the current screen, use the <i>Set to Default</i> button on the screen.                                                                                    |
| <b>Attached Remote</b>            | This is used to connect to a 802.11g Wireless Print Server device on another LAN segment. You need to know the IP address of the remote 802.11g Wireless Print Server.<br>If your LAN does not have a Router, you can ignore this option. |
| <b>Connected Protocol</b>         | This option allows you to designate which LAN protocol will be used for communication between the selected device and this application. You should select ONE protocol only.                                                              |

## Diagnostics menu

|                        |                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Print Test Page</b> | Use this option to print a test sheet from the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server port. The test print out will include status information. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

# Configuration

When the *Configuration* icon is clicked, or the *Configure* option on the **Main** menu is selected, a tabbed window will open. The tabs available will vary depending on the model selected. For the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, the following tabs are available:

- System
- TCP/IP
- AppleTalk
- NetBEUI
- Internet Printing
- Port
- Wireless

# System Tab

---

This screen allows you to:

- Change the name of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Change the "Password" for the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Set the Network Protocols used the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server. (Any protocols not used on your LAN may be disabled. This may improve performance.)

Selected Device: SC7110BB

Device Name:

Device Password

☐ Changed Device Password:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Protocol

TCP/IP

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

AppleTalk

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

NetBEUI

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

IPX/SPX

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Get Defaults

**Figure 19: System Screen**

# TCP/IP Tab

Selecting this tab will allow configuration for the TCP/IP network protocol. The basic options are:

- **Dynamic IP Address (DHCP)** - The IP address is obtained automatically, from a DHCP Server on your network.
- **Fixed IP Address** - You must enter the IP address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway Address.
  - *IP Address* - Select an unused IP address from the address range used on your LAN.
  - *Subnet Mask* - Use the same values as PCs on your LAN (or on the same LAN segment, if you have a Router).
  - *Gateway* - Use the same values as PCs on your LAN (or on the same LAN segment, if you have a Router).

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server also supports the Auto-IP function. If the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is set to *Dynamic IP Address*, but there's no DHCP server found on the network, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server will get an IP from the range of 169.254.1.1 ~ 169.254.254.254 automatically. In this case, even though the 802.11g Wireless Print Server was initialized with an Auto-IP, it will change to DHCP whenever a DHCP server is detected.

Selected Device: SC7110BB

☒ Dynamic IP Address (DHCP)

☐ Fixed IP Address

IP Address: [0][0][0][0]

Subnet Mask: [0][0][0][0]

Gateway Address: [0][0][0][0]

TCP session

Retry interval: [2] (sec.)

Retry count: [254]

Get Defaults

Figure 20: TCP/IP Screen

The *TCP session* parameters should only be changed if advised to do so by your Network Administrator or Print Server Technical Support.

## AppleTalk Tab

---

Generally, no 802.11g Wireless Print Server configuration is required in order to use AppleTalk.

This screen allows you to:

- Set the *Zone Name* field to determine which Apple systems can gain access to this printer.
- The *Printer Type* field is used to describe the printer driver used for each port.
- Set *Communication Protocol* to ASCII or Binary. This must match the setting on the Apple computer systems using the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

Selected Device: SC7110BB

Zone Name:

Port Setting

Selected Port:

Printer Type:

Communication Protocol: ☐ ASCII ☒ Binary

**Figure 21: AppleTalk Screen**

# NetBEUI Tab

---

This screen allows you to:

- Choose the *Domain name* for the selected 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Set how fast jobs are sent to the printer by using the *Response Time* field.
- Set the desired option for the *Abort Job if Error Occured* setting.
  - YES causes a print job to be terminated if a printing error occurs.
  - NO (default) will try to continue but may cause print errors.

The image shows a NetBEUI configuration window. At the top, 'Selected Device:' is set to 'SC7110BB'. Below it, 'Domain Name:' is set to 'RD' in a dropdown menu. A section titled 'Port Setting' contains a 'Response Time:' field set to '0' with a range '(0~255, 0.1 sec/unit)' to its right. Below that, 'Abort Job if Error Occured:' has two radio buttons: 'Yes' (unselected) and 'No' (selected). A 'Get Defaults' button is located in the bottom right corner of the window.

**Figure 22: NetBEUI Screen**

## Internet Printing Tab

---

The Internet Printing feature allows you to send print jobs to the Print Server using Internet E-mail.

Please see *Internet Mail Printing Configuration* for details of using this feature.

Selected Device: SC7110BB

Mail Server

Mail Server IP Address: 0 0 0 0

Mail Account:

Password: XXXXXXXXXXXX Confirm Password:

Check Mail Interval: 0 : 1 (hh : mm)

Redirect Mail Account:

Mail Server

Default Printer Port: P1

Printer Model:

Options

☐ Print Every Mail ☒ Banner Printing ☐ Mail Response when Printed

Get Defaults

**Figure 23: Internet Printing Screen**

Logical Port

Logical Ports (printers) can be used in the Unix environment. The following settings are available:

- **Selected Logical Port** - Select the Logical Printer Port you wish to configure.
- **Map to Physical Port** - Select the physical Printer Port which the Logical printer will use.
- **Convert LF to LF+CR** - If checked, LF (line feed) characters are changed to CR+LF (carriage return + line feed).
- **Prefix of Job** - The printer control string (**in hex**) to be sent to the printer before each print job. This string cannot exceed 15 characters.
- **Suffix of Job** - The printer control string (**in hex**) to be sent to the printer after each print job. This string cannot exceed 15 characters.

Selected Device: SC0B3101

Physical Port

Selected Physical Port: P1

Handshake Signal: ☒ Busy Only ☐ Busy & Ack

Printer Type: ☐ High Speed ☒ Low Speed

Logical Port

Selected Logical Port: Logical Port 1

Map to Physical Port: P1

Convert LF to LF+CR: ☒ No ☐ Yes

Prefix of Job:

Suffix of Job:

Get Defaults

Figure 24: Port Screen

The *Get Defaults* button will reset all settings to their factory-default values.

Wireless Tab

This tab will be available if the selected device has Wireless capability.

The screen will change according to the *Security Mode* selection, which has 3 options:

- Disabled – no data encryption is used.
- WEP – see below for details.
- WPA – see the following section for details.

WEP Encryption

If the *Security Mode* is set to **WEP**, the screen will look like the following example.

Selected Device: SC7100E9

SSID (Service Set Identifier):

Channel No:

11

Network Type:

Infrastructure

Security Mode:

WEP

WEP Encryption

WEP Authentication:

Shared Key

WEP Keys

☒ 64 bits

☐ 128 bits

Default Key :

KEY 1

Key1 (hex)

Key2 (hex)

Key3 (hex)

Key4 (hex)

Link Info

Get Defaults

Figure 25: Wireless Screen

Change the settings to suit your environment. Generally, you must match the settings of other 'Wireless stations. The available settings are described below.

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Selected Device | This shows the name of the Print Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| SSID            | <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If using an ESS (Extended Service Set, with multiple access points) this ID is called an ESSID (Extended Service Set Identifier).</li><li>• To communicate, all Wireless stations MUST use the same SSID/ESSID. Change this value, or change the other Wireless stations, to ensure each Wireless station has the same value.</li><li>• The default value is blank (null), so the Wireless station can join any Ad-hoc group.</li></ul><p><b>Note! The SSID is case sensitive.</b></p></div> |

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Channel No</b>         | <p>The effect of this setting depends on the <i>Network Type</i> setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In <b>Infrastructure</b> mode, this setting has no effect. The Channel is selected automatically, to match the Channel used by the Access Point.</li> <li>• In <b>Ad-hoc</b> mode, all Wireless stations must use the same Channel number, although some Wireless stations will scan all Channels looking for an Ad-hoc group they can join.</li> </ul> <p>If you experience interference (shown by lost connections and/or slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different channels.</p>                                  |
| <b>Network Type</b>       | <p>Select the correct value for your Wireless LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Ad-hoc</b> mode is used when there is no Wireless Access Point, and each Wireless station communicates directly with other Wireless stations.</li> <li>• <b>Infrastructure</b> mode is used when each Wireless station connects to the Wireless Access point. This also provides access to the wired LAN.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Security Mode</b>      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b> - no data encryption is used.</li> <li>• <b>WEP</b> - data is encrypted using the WEP standard.</li> <li>• <b>WPA</b> - data is encrypted using the WPA-PSK standard. This is a later standard than WEP, and provides much better security than WEP.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> WPA-PSK is not available in Ad-Hoc mode.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>WEP Disable/Enable</b> | <p>If Disabled (default), data is NOT encrypted before being transmitted.</p> <p>If Enabled, you must provide either the <b>64 Bit</b> key table or the <b>128 Bit</b> keys. The key is used to encrypt the data before transmission.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>WEP Authentication</b> | <p>Options are "Open System" or "Shared Key".</p> <p>Select the method (Open System or Shared Key) used by other Wireless Stations.</p> <p>Shared Key is more secure than Open System.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>WEP Keys</b>           | <p><b>64 Bits/128Bits</b></p> <p>Select "64Bits" or "128Bits" as required to match other Wireless stations on your WLAN. Stations which do not have matching settings will be unable to communicate.</p> <p>128 bit Keys are more secure than 64 bit Keys.</p> <p><b>Default Key</b></p> <p>Select the key you wish to be the default. Transmitted data is ALWAYS encrypted using the Default Key; the other Keys are for decryption only.</p> <p><b>Key Table (Key 1~4)</b></p> <p>Enter the key values to match other Wireless stations on your WLAN. Note that keys must be entered in Hex. Hex characters are the digits 0 to 9, and the letters A to F.</p> |

# Wireless Tab - WPA Encryption

If the *Security Mode* is set to **WPA**, the screen will look like the following example.

Selected Device:

SC7100E9

SSID (Service Set Identifier):

Channel No:

11

Network Type:

Infrastructure

Security Mode:

WPA

WPA Encryption

WPA Algorithm:

TKIP

WPA Key:

Link Info

Get Defaults

Figure 26: Wireless Screen

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Selected Device | This shows the name of the Print Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| SSID            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>If using an ESS (Extended Service Set, with multiple access points) this ID is called an ESSID (Extended Service Set Identifier).</li><li>To communicate, all Wireless stations MUST use the same SSID/ESSID. Change this value, or change the other Wireless stations, to ensure each Wireless station has the same value.</li><li>The default value is blank (null), so the Wireless station can join any Ad-hoc group.</li></ul> <p>Note! The SSID is case sensitive.</p>                                                                                  |
| Channel No      | <p>The effect of this setting depends on the Network Type setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>In Infrastructure mode, this setting has no effect. The Channel is selected automatically, to match the Channel used by the Access Point.</li><li>In Ad-hoc mode, all Wireless stations must use the same Channel number, although some Wireless stations will scan all Channels looking for an Ad-hoc group they can join.</li></ul> <p>If you experience interference (shown by lost connections and/or slow data transfers) you may need to experiment with different channels.</p> |
| Network Type    | <p>Select the correct value for your Wireless LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Ad-hoc mode is used when there is no Wireless Access Point, and each Wireless station communicates directly with other Wireless stations.</li><li>Infrastructure mode is used when each Wireless station connects to the Wireless Access point. This also provides access to the wired LAN.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Security Mode</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled - no data encryption is used.</li> <li>• WEP - data is encrypted using the WEP standard.</li> <li>• WPA- data is encrypted using the WPA-PSK standard. This is a later standard than WEP, and provides much better security than WEP.</li> </ul> <p>Note: WPA-PSK is not available in Ad-Hoc mode.</p> |
| <b>WPA Algorithm</b> | Select the method used on your LAN.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>WPA Key</b>       | Enter the WPA-PSK used on your Wireless LAN. The key must be between 8 and 63 characters in length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

# Wireless Link Info Screen

After clicking the "Link Info" button on the Wireless Screen, a screen like the example below will be shown.

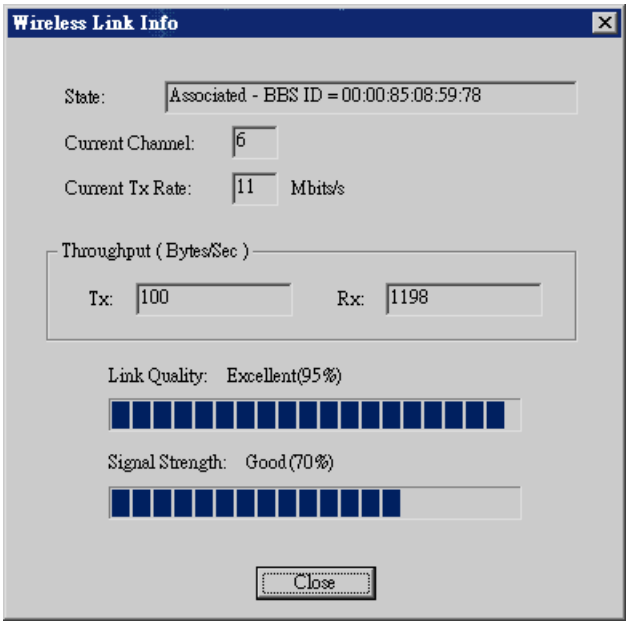


Figure 27:Link Info Screen

|                   |                                                                    |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| State             | This indicates which access point is currently in use.             |
| Current Channel   | The current channel which has been used.                           |
| Current TX Rate   | The current transmitting speed.                                    |
| Throughput (Tx )  | This will show how much data has been transmitted per second.      |
| Throughput ( Rx ) | This will show how much data has been received per second.         |
| Link Quality      | This indicates the quality of the Wireless connection              |
| Signal Strength   | This indicates the strength of the Wireless signal being received. |



The "Link Quality" and "Signal Strength" data is not available if using "Ad-hoc" mode.

# Web-Based Management

*This chapter explains how to use your Web Browser to configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.*

## Overview

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server incorporates the HTTP server. This allows you to connect to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and configure it using your Web Browser. Most browsers should work, provided they support tables and forms.

## Preparation

Because it supports dynamic IP Address allocation using DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server ships with an IP Address of 0.0.0.0.

This is NOT a valid IP Address.

Therefore, you must do ONE of the following:

- Check your **DHCP server** (if you have one), and determine the IP Address allocated to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Use the **Diagnostic Button** (if fitted) to print a report which includes the current IP address. (Press the Diagnostic Button, and hold it for 2 seconds.)
- Use the **Setup Wizard**, **BiAdmin** or another 802.11g Wireless Print Server utility to allocate a valid IP Address to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Add an entry to the **arp** table to associate the hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server with the desired IP address, as follows:

```
arp -s IP_Address 00:c0:02:xx:xx:xx    (Unix)
```

```
arp -s IP_Address 00-c0-02-xx-xx-xx    (Windows)
```

Where:

**IP\_Address** is the IP Address you wish to assign to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

**00:c0:02:xx:xx:xx** is the hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

Example (Unix):

```
arp -s 192.168.0.21 00:c0:02:12:34:56
```

Example (Windows):

```
arp -s 192.168.0.21 00-c0-02-12-34-56
```

**Note:** The hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is shown on a sticker on the base of the device.

Connecting to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server

- 1. Start your Web Browser.
- 2. In the Address box, enter HTTP:// followed by the IP Address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.  
e.g. http://192.168.0.100
- 3. You will then be prompted for the password. If no password has been set, just press ENTER.
- 4. Use the menu bar to move from one screen to another. Remember to save each screen before changing to a different screen.

Configuration Screens

The following configuration screens are available.

AppleTalk

AppleTalk

The zone determines which Macs have access to the printer.  
Communication parameters must match your Mac computers.

AppleTalk zone:

AppleTalk zone \*

Communication:

Printer Object Type: LaserWriter

Communication Protocol: ☒ ASCII ☐ Binary

Retrieve Defaults

Save

Cancel

Figure 28: AppleTalk Screen

| AppleTalk zone         |                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AppleTalk zone         | This determines which Apple systems can gain access to this printer.                                                    |
| Communication          |                                                                                                                         |
| Printer Object Type    | This value is supplied to Macintosh clients. The default value is LaserWriter, and normally this should not be changed. |
| Communication Protocol | Sets whether the USB printer port uses ASCII or Binary. The default is Binary.                                          |

NetBEUI

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NetBEUI</b>      | <b>Set the Workgroup name to match your PCs.<br/>Other settings normally do not need to be changed.</b>                                                         |
| <b>Domain Name:</b> | <input type="text" value="WORKGROUP"/>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options:</b>     | Response Time (0.1 secs): <input type="text" value="0"/> (0..255)<br>Abort Print Job if Error: <input type="radio"/> Yes<br><input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
|                     | <input type="button" value="SAVE"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/>                                                                                       |

Figure 29: NetBEUI Screen

| Domain Name              |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Domain Name              | Enter the designated work group to be serviced by the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. This field is not case sensitive, so names with different case will be considered to be the same name. |
| Options                  |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Response Time (0.1 secs) | Set how fast jobs are sent to the printer. The default value of zero (0) delay should be increased only if your printer cannot cope with no delays.                                         |
| Abort Print Job if Error | YES terminates a print job if a printing error occurs. NO (default) will try to continue but may cause print errors. If print errors occur, try setting this value to YES.                  |

TCP/IP

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>TCP/IP</b>      | <b>Settings for the TCP/IP network protocol.<br/>Using a fixed IP Address is recommended.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                |                                |                                |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
| <b>IP Address:</b> | IP Address: <input checked="" type="radio"/> DHCP Client<br><input type="radio"/> Fixed IP Address:<br><table><tr><td>Device IP Address</td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td></tr><tr><td>Subnet Mask</td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td></tr><tr><td>Gateway Address</td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td><td><input type="text" value="0"/></td></tr></table> | Device IP Address              | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | Gateway Address | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Device IP Address  | <input type="text" value="0"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
| Subnet Mask        | <input type="text" value="0"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
| Gateway Address    | <input type="text" value="0"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
| <b>Connection:</b> | Delay before reconnection attempt (secs) <input type="text" value="2"/> (0..255)<br>Number of reconnection attempts <input type="text" value="254"/> (0..255)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                |                                |                                |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |
|                    | <input type="button" value="Retrieve Defaults"/> <input type="button" value="SAVE"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                |                                |                                |                                |                                |             |                                |                                |                                |                                |                 |                                |                                |                                |                                |

Figure 30: TCP/IP Screen

| IP Address  |                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DHCP Client | Select this if your LAN has a DHCP Server. The 802.11g Wireless Print Server will then automatically obtain an IP address from the DHCP Server. |

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fixed IP Address</b>                   | Select this to assign a fixed IP address to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. If selected, you must enter a the Device IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway.                     |
| <b>Device IP Address</b>                  | IP Address assigned to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Enter an unused IP address from the address range used on your LAN.                                                     |
| <b>Subnet Mask</b>                        | Use the same values as PCs on your LAN (or on the same LAN segment, if you have a Router).                                                                                        |
| <b>Gateway Address</b>                    | Use the same values as PCs on your LAN (or on the same LAN segment, if you have a Router).                                                                                        |
| <b>Connection</b>                         |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Delay before reconnection attempts</b> | Sets how long the 802.11g Wireless Print Server should wait before retrying a TCP/IP connection which is lost. Allowable values are from 0 to 255 seconds, with 2 as the default. |
| <b>Number of reconnection attempts</b>    | Set how many attempts at reconnection will be made. After that, the TCP/IP session will be terminated. Allowable values are from 0 to 255, with 254 as the default.               |

Wireless Configuration

There are 2 options on the menu for Wireless configuration – **Basic** and **Security**.

Wireless - Basic

The settings on this screen must match the other Wireless stations in order for communication to occur.

Wireless

SSID must match the other Wireless stations.

Configuration:

Region or Domain:

— Select Region —

Station Name:

SC7110BB

Network Type:

Ad Hoc

SSID:

Channel No:

11

Link Info

Get Defaults

Save

Cancel

Figure 31: Wireless Screen

| Configuration    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Region or Domain | <p>Select your region from the drop-down list.</p> <p>This field displays the region of operation for which the wireless interface is intended. It may not be legal to operate the router in a region other than the region shown here. If your country or region is not listed, please check with your local government agency for more information on which channels you are allowed to use, and select a region, which allows those channels. (The channel list changes according to the selected region.)</p> |
| Station name     | <p>This is the same as the <i>Device (Host) Name</i> on the WAN screen. On your PC, some Wireless status screens may display this name as the Access Point in use.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Network Type     | <p>Select the correct value for your Wireless LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>Ad-hoc</b> mode is used when there is no Wireless Access Point, and each Wireless station communicates directly with other Wireless stations.</li><li><b>Infrastructure</b> mode is used when each Wireless station connects to the Wireless Access point. This also provides access to the wired LAN.</li></ul>                                                                                                  |
| SSID (ESSID)     | <p>To communicate, all Wireless stations <b>MUST</b> use the same SSID/ESSID.</p> <p>The default value is blank (null).</p> <p><b>Note! The SSID is case sensitive.</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Channel No.</b>      | In Infrastructure mode, this setting has not effect – the Access Point determines the Channel used.<br><br>For Ad-hoc mode, select the value you wish to use on your Wireless LAN. If you experience lost connections and/or slow data transfers you may need to experiment with different channels to see which is the best. |
| <b>Link Info Button</b> | Click this button to open a sub screen displaying link information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Wireless Security Screen

There are 3 options for Wireless security:

- **Disabled** - no data encryption is used.
- **WEP** - data is encrypted using the WEP standard.
- **WPA-PSK** - data is encrypted using the WPA-PSK standard. This is a later standard than WEP, and provides much better security than WEP. Use this if possible.

### Wireless Security - WEP

If "WEP" is selected, the screen will look like the following example.

**Wireless Security**

**WPA-PSK is not available with Ad-hoc networks.**

**Security System:**

**WEP:**

**Wireless Security:** WEP

**Authentication:** Open System

**Key Size:** 64 Bit (Hex -10 chars)

**Key 1:** ☒

**Key 2:** ☐

**Key 3:** ☐

**Key 4:** ☐

**Passphrase:**  **Generate**

**Get Defaults** **Save** **Cancel**

**Figure 32: WEP Screen**

|                        |                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Security System</b> | <b>WEP</b><br><br>The 802.11b standard. Data is encrypted before transmission, but the encryption system is not very strong. |
| <b>Authentication</b>  | Select the appropriate value, as used on your Wireless LAN - "Open System" or "Shared Key."                                  |

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Key Size</b>   | <p>Select the WEP Encryption level:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>64-bit</b> (sometimes called 40-bit) encryption</li> <li>• <b>128-bit</b> encryption (sometimes called 104 bit encryption)</li> </ul> <p>This selection also allows you to choose the input type for the keys – Hex or ASCII.</p>                                           |
| <b>Keys</b>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the radio buttons to select the default key.</li> <li>• Enter the key value(s) you wish to use. Other stations must have the same key values.</li> <li>• Keys can be entered in Hex or ASCII, according to your <i>Key Size</i> selection. Hex characters are the digits (0 ~ 9) and the letters A ~ F.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Passphrase</b> | <p>Enter some printable characters in the Passphrase field and click the "Generate" button to automatically configure the WEP Key(s). For 64 bit keys, four keys fields will be generated. For 128 bit keys, only the selected WEP key will be generated.</p>                                                                                                   |

## Wireless Security - WPA-PSK

If "WPA-PSK" is selected, the screen will look like the following example.

**Wireless Security**

**WPA-PSK is not available with Ad-hoc networks.**

**Security System:**

**WPA-PSK:**

**Wireless Security:** WPA-PSK

Passphrase:

Encryption: TKIP

Get Defaults Save Cancel

**Figure 33: WPA-PSK Screen**

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Security System</b> | <p><b>WPA-PSK</b></p> <p>Like WEP, data is encrypted before transmission. WPA is more secure than WEP, and should be used if possible. WPA-PSK is the version of WPA, which does NOT require a Radius Server on your LAN.</p> |
| <b>PSK</b>             | <p>Enter the Keyword key value. Data is encrypted using a key derived from the PSK. Other Wireless Stations must use the same PSK. The PSK must be from 8 to 63 characters in length.</p>                                     |
| <b>Encryption</b>      | <p>Select the desired option. Other Wireless Stations must use the same method.</p>                                                                                                                                           |

# Other Screens

## Server Status

This screen shows server system data and the current settings for all of the other screens. It is read-only; no data can be input on this screen.

## Printer Status

This screen displays the current status of each port. For each port, the following data is listed:

- **Connected Printer**- the model name of the printer connected to the port, if the printer name is known. (If the printer is not bi-directional, this information is unavailable.)
- **Status** - the current status of the printer (On-line, Off-line, Out of paper)
- **Printing Information** - this will show either *Idle* or *Printing*.

## Logical Printers

Logical Printers (ports) can be used under Unix. For each Logical Printer, the following fields are available:

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Logical Printer No</b>  | Select the Logical Printer Port you wish to configure. (e.g. L1)<br>Click the <b>Get Data</b> button to update the display with the current data for the selected logical printer. |
| <b>Physical Port</b>       | Select the Printer Port which the Logical printer will use.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Pre-string (Hex)</b>    | The printer control string ( <b>in hex</b> ) to be sent to the printer before each print job. This string cannot exceed 15 characters.                                             |
| <b>Post-String (Hex)</b>   | The printer control string ( <b>in hex</b> ) to be sent to the printer after each print job. This string cannot exceed 15 characters.                                              |
| <b>Convert LF to CR/LF</b> | If checked, LF (line feed) characters are changed to CR+LF (carriage return + line feed).                                                                                          |

## Internet Printing

See *Internet Mail Printing* in Chapter 7 for details of this feature.

## Chapter 7

# Special Features

# 7

*This chapter covers the special features of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.*

### Overview

Your 802.11g Wireless Print Server has three (3) special features:

- IPP (Internet Printing Protocol).
- Proprietary *Internet Mail Printing* system.

### Internet Printing Protocol (IPP)

IPP (Internet Printing Protocol) is a standards-based system to allow remote printing from a PC to any accessible printer. Normally, the printer will be attached to a computer or other device which functions as an **IPP Server**.

Client PCs need a compatible **IPP Client** program. Windows 2000 and XP include a suitable IPP client. For other versions of Windows, a client program is supplied on the Print Server's CD-ROM.

The Client must also know the IP Address or URL of the IPP Server.

### IPP Server Configuration

The Print Server contains the necessary firmware to act as an **IPP Server**. No additional configuration is necessary. However, the following requirements must be met.

- The Print Server must have a valid IP Address. For printing via the Internet, the Print Server's IP Address must be external (allocated by your ISP), rather than an IP Address on your local LAN.
- Any Router, Gateway or Firewall linking your LAN to the Internet must NOT block the IPP protocol.
- You must advise clients of the correct URL or IP Address of the IPP Server. To use a URL rather than an IP Address, you need to register the domain name for the URL.
- Unless clients are using Windows 2000 or XP, you must provide your clients with the supplied IPP Client software. If it is not convenient to provide the CD-ROM, supply the IPP\_CLIENT.EXE file, located in the IPP folder.

## IPP Client Setup - Windows 98/ME

For these platforms, IPP Client software is supplied on the CD-ROM.

Also you can distribute the setup program (IPP\_CLIENT.EXE) to users via E-mail.

### Installing from the CD-ROM

---

1. Insert the CD-ROM in your drive. If the program does not start automatically, run the SETUP program in the top-level folder.
2. Follow the prompts until you reach the *Select Installation* screen, and select *IPP Client*.
3. At the next screen, select the *Install IPP Client* option.
4. Click *Next*, and step through the remaining screens to complete the installation.

### Installing using IPP\_CLIENT.EXE

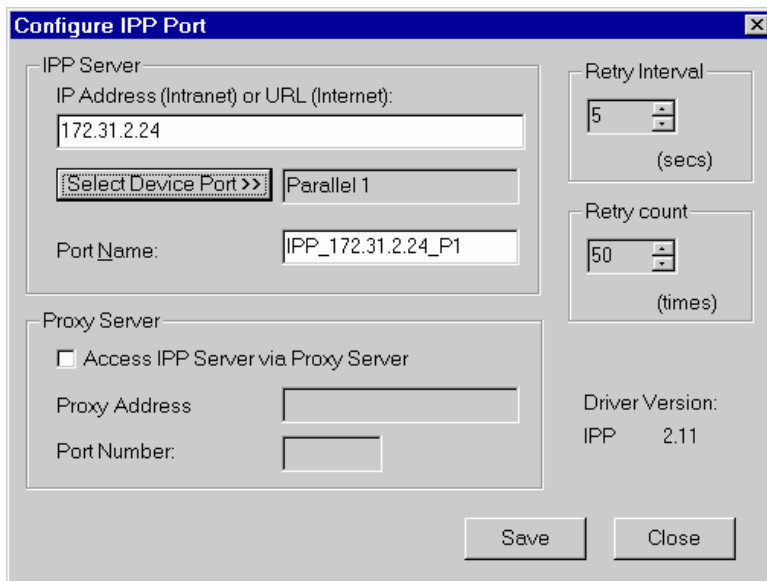
---

1. Run this program to unzip the included files.
2. The IPP Setup program will then run.
3. Follow the prompts to complete the installation.

### IPP Client Configuration

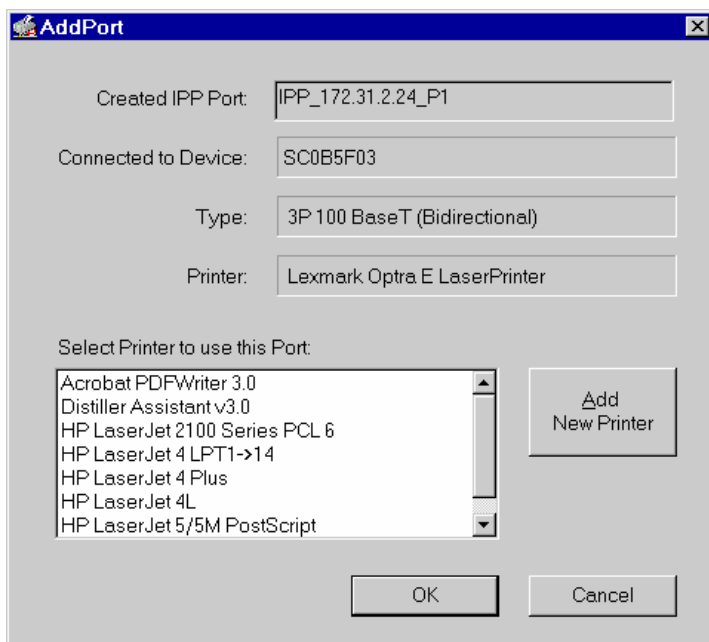
---

1. Run the "Add IPP Port" program entry created by the installation. A screen like the following will be displayed.



**Figure 34: IPP Port**

2. If Internet access from your location is via a Proxy Server, check *Access IPP Server via Proxy Server*, and enter details of your Proxy Server. (This will be the same as your Browser configuration.)
3. Enter the IP Address or URL of the IPP Server.
4. Click *Select Device Port* to view the available ports on the IPP Server, and select the appropriate port. A connection to the IPP Server will be established at this time.
5. Click *Save* to create the IPP port on your system. You will see a message confirming that the port has been created, then the following dialog:



**Figure 35: Select Printer for IPP Port**

6. Either select an existing printer to use the new port, and click OK.

OR

Click the *Add New Printer* button to create a new printer to use the IPP port. This will start the *Add Printer* wizard. Follow the prompts to complete the process. Ensure that the new printer uses the IPP port.

Installation is now complete.

- To create additional IPP Ports, repeat the entire procedure.
- The Proxy Server and other options are set individually for each IPP Port.

## Changing the IPP Port Settings

---

After the IPP port is created, you can reach the screen shown in Figure 34: IPP Port using the Windows *Port Settings* button:

1. Open the Printers folder (*Start - Settings - Printers*)
2. Right-click the IPP Printer, and select *Properties*.
3. Locate and click the *Port Settings* button (*Details* or *Port* tab, depending on your version of Windows).

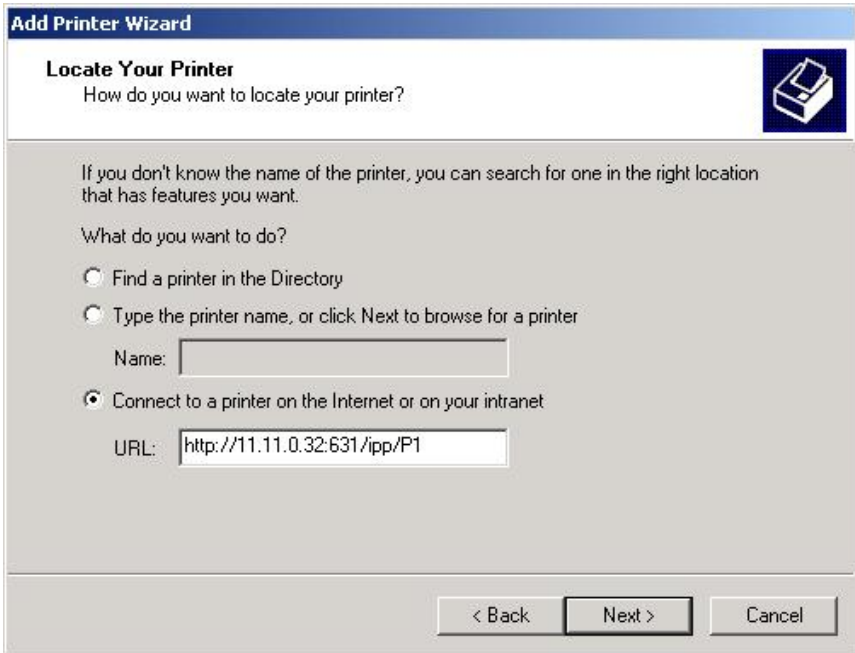
There are 2 settings - *Retry Interval* and *Retry Count* - which can be adjusted if you have problems connecting to the IPP Server.

- **Retry Interval** sets the time interval (in seconds) between connection attempts. Increase this number if you have a poor connection, or the remote server is very busy.
- **Retry Count** sets how many connection attempts will be made. Increase this number if you have a poor connection, or the remote server is very busy.

## IPP Client Setup - Windows 2000/XP

Windows 2000 and XP have their own IPP Client, and there is no need to install the supplied IPP Client Software. To use the Windows IPP Client with the Print Server, follow this procedure:

1. Start the *Add Printer* wizard.
2. Select *Network Printer*, and click "Next" to see the *Locate your Printer* screen, as shown below.



**Figure 36: Windows 2000 - Locate your Printer**

3. Select *Connect to a printer on the Internet or on your Intranet*, and enter the URL of the IPP Server as follows, where *ip\_address* represents the IP Address of the IPP Server, and 631 is the port number.

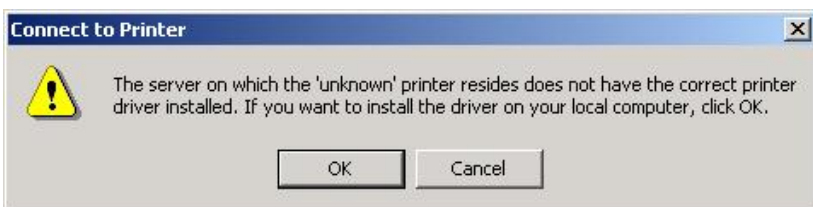
Port 1

*ip\_address*:631/ipp/P1



**These entries are case sensitive. They must be entered as shown, with "ipp" in lower case, and P1 in UPPER case.**

4. If the connection can be established, and the printer on that port is on-line, the following dialog will be displayed.



**Figure 37: Windows 2000: No printer driver**

5. Click "OK", and then select the printer manufacturer and model to match the printer connected to the port on the IPP Server.

6. Click "Next", and complete the Wizard.  
The IPP printer is now ready for use.

## Using IPP Printers

The IPP Printer can be selected and used like any other Windows printer. If the IPP Server is not on your network, your Internet connection needs to be active.

If using the supplied IPP Client software, you can use the *Query IPP Printer* program installed with *Add IPP Port* to check the availability of the remote IPP Server.

An IPP Server may be unavailable for any of the following reasons:

- It is powered off.
- A printer problem has caused the IPP Server to cease responding, and a restart (reboot) is required.
- The Server's IP Address has changed.
- The Internet connection for the IPP Server is down.
- Network congestion causes the connection attempt to time out.

If using the supplied IPP Client software, there are 2 settings - *Retry Interval* and *Retry Count* - which can be adjusted if you have problems connecting to the IPP Server.

See the previous section Changing the IPP Port Settings for details.

## Internet Mail Printing

The Internet Mail Printing System allows users to print data to your printer across the Internet. Users send the Internet 802.11g Wireless Print Server an E-Mail, with the print job normally sent as an attachment to the E-Mail. The 802.11g Wireless Print Server will retrieve the E-Mail and print it.

## System Requirements

### Mail Server

- **Accessibility.** The Mail Server must be accessible by the intended clients or users. Normally, this means a permanent connection to the Internet.
- **Protocols.** The Mail Server must support the POP3 and SMTP protocols. The Internet Printing System uses these protocols and the most common E-Mail formatting standards:
  - MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions)
  - Base64 Encoding (for mail attachments)

### Internet 802.11g Wireless Print Server

- **TCP/IP Protocol.** The LAN must use the TCP/IP protocol.
- **Mail Server Access.** The 802.11g Wireless Print Server must be able to access the Mail Server using a single IP address.
- **Mail Account.** The 802.11g Wireless Print Server must have a Mail Account. Users print by sending an E-Mail to this mail account.

### User (Client) Requirements

- **Internet Connection.** Either through a LAN, or dial-up.
- **E-Mail address.** This is used to notify the user that their print job has been done, or if there are any problems.
- **Printer Driver.** Users must have a printer driver which matches the printer connected to the remote Internet 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- **Print Capture Software.** To print more than plain text, users require InterNet Printing Port software to capture the print job and convert it into an E-Mail attachment. The Internet Printing Port software is available for the following operating systems:
  - Microsoft Windows 95, 98, or ME
  - Microsoft Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000, or XP.

## Internet Mail Printing Configuration

The 802.11g Wireless Print Server must be configured with the data in the following table.

The supplied **BiAdmin** utility program, or the Web interface can be used to set the following entries on the TCP/IP screen.

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Mail Server IP Address</b>     | The IP Address of the E-Mail Server used by the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.                                                                       |
| <b>Mail Account</b>               | The name of the E-Mail Account used by the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.                                                                            |
| <b>Mail Account Password</b>      | Enter the password for the above Mail Account here.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Check Mail Interval</b>        | Sets how often to check for mail.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Redirect Mail Account</b>      | Jobs which can not be printed will be sent to this account. If blank, unprintable jobs will be discarded.                                            |
| <b>Default Printer Port</b>       | Printer number for all Internet print jobs. Only one port can be selected. Users on the LAN can also use this port.                                  |
| <b>Printer Model</b>              | This text field identifies the printer used for Internet printing. This value is sent to remote users upon request.                                  |
| <b>Print every E-Mail</b>         | If ON, then all E-Mail received is printed. Otherwise, only E-Mail from the InterNet Printing Port will be printed.                                  |
| <b>Print Banner</b>               | If YES (default), a banner page is printed to identify the owner of the print job.                                                                   |
| <b>Mail Response when Printed</b> | If YES, all print jobs receive an E-Mail response. If NO, only users who set this option in their InterNet Printing Port software receive an E-Mail. |

User Software

The software provided for remote users (InterNet Printing Port) should be installed by everyone intending to use Internet printing. Otherwise, remote users can print correctly only if:

- They send an E-Mail directly to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server Mail Account, using their normal E-Mail application.
- The E-Mail contains plain text only.
- The Internet 802.11g Wireless Print Server is configured with *Print every E-Mail* ON.

Installation of the InterNet Printing Port software will create a new printer port. After attaching the correct printer to this port, users can print to the Internet Printer using any Windows application.

Installation - User Software

1. Run the InterNet Printing Port installation program SETUP.EXE
2. Default values for the installation are:
  - **Directory** - C:\Program Files\Internet\_Printer
  - **Start Menu folder** - InterNet Printing Port Driver
3. You will then see the *Configure Port* screen, as shown in the following screenshot.

InterNet Printing Port Driver Configuration (ver 1.0)

Port Name :

WAN

Remote Printer

E-mail address

PrintServer@customer.com

Your E-mail information

Mail Server Name or IP Address

pop3serv.mycompany.com

Your Internet E-mail address (e.g. username@company.com)

myname@mycompany.com

Retry Interval:

30

Sec.

OK

Cancel

Help

☒ Reply Notification E-mail

Figure 38: InterNet Printer Port

4. The following data must be provided.

|           |                                                                 |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Port Name | Enter a descriptive name (e.g. "WAN") for the new printer port. |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|

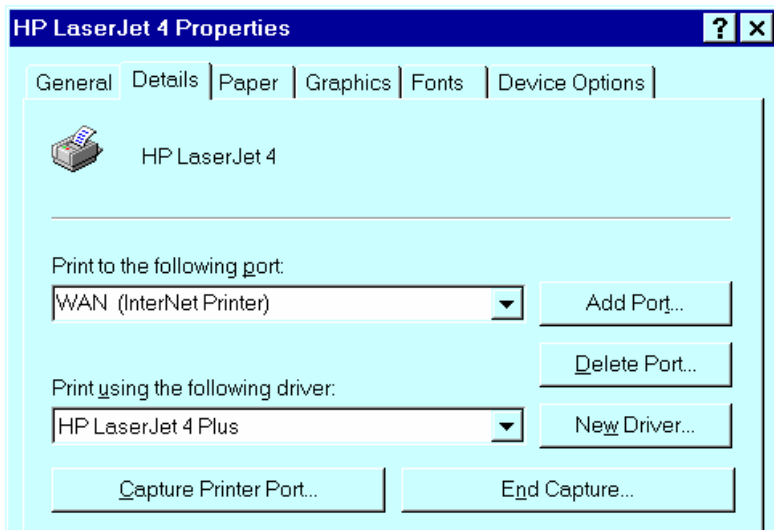
|                                       |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Remote Printer E-mail Address</b>  | The E-Mail address for the Internet printer. Your print jobs will be sent to this E-Mail address.                                                                     |
| <b>Mail Server Name or IP Address</b> | This is the name or IP Address of your Mail Server. If you are on a LAN, ask the LAN Administrator. If using a dial-up connection, use the data provided by your ISP. |
| <b>Your Internet E-mail Address</b>   | The normal address that people use to send you E-mail.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Retry Interval (Seconds)</b>       | If unable to connect to the E-Mail server, retry after this time period (1 to 255 seconds, 30 is usually OK).                                                         |
| <b>Reply Notification Mail</b>        | Check to receive an E-Mail when your print job has been processed.                                                                                                    |

- On completion, a new printer port will have been created.

## Using the new Port

The Windows Control Panel is used to connect the correct printer to the InterNet Printing Port. In Windows 95/NT, the procedure is:

- Select the Printer which matches the remote printer, then choose *Properties*, as shown in the example below.



**Figure 39: InterNet Printer Properties**

- Select the new port - WAN (InterNet Printer) in the example - as the port for this printer.
  - If you do not have the correct printer driver, or you wish to create another printer using an existing driver, use the Windows *Add Printer* facility.
  - Using the Windows *Port Settings* or *Configure Port* facility will reveal the same *Configure Port* screen shown in Figure 38: InterNet Printer Port.
  - If you wish to print to multiple Internet Printers, use the Windows *Add Port* facility to add a new InterNet Printer port. Ensure that the correct data is entered in each port, and that each port has a unique name.

## Checking the Printer Driver

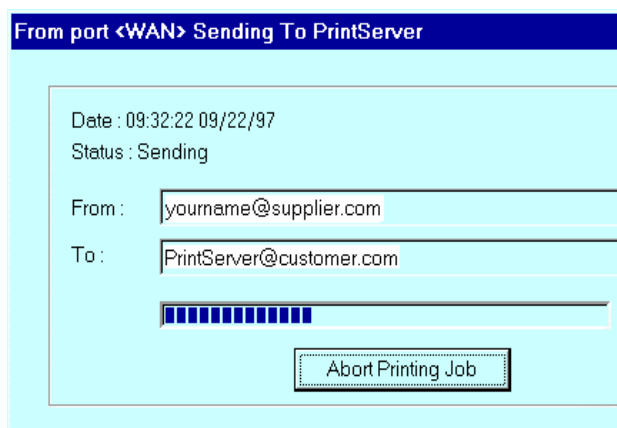
To make sure that the correct printer driver for the remote printer is installed on your system, you can use the InterNet Printing Port to send an E-Mail to the Internet Printer. The procedure is as follows:

1. Connect your default printer to the InterNet Printing Port.
2. Check that "Reply Notification Mail" in the InterNet Printing Port is ON.
3. From Notepad or another text editor, print a short message (e.g. "This is a test print") to the Internet Printer.

You will receive a reply E-Mail containing the "Printer ID" which will identify the printer attached to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. If this does not match the printer driver you are using, install the correct printer driver.

## Printing through the Internet

1. Create or open the document you wish to print.
2. Select the Printer connected to the InterNet Printing Port.
3. If you do not have a permanent Internet connection, establish a connection now. (**Note:** The InterNet Printing Port will NOT establish a dial-up connection, but it will send the E-Mail the next time you are connected.)
4. Print the document.
5. The InterNet Printing Port will generate an E-Mail and send it to the remote printer. The document will be encoded and sent as an attachment to the E-Mail. You will see a progress screen similar to the example below:



**Figure 40 InterNet Printing Progress**

6. Close the Internet connection if you opened it in Step 3.
7. If the "Notify after print job" option is set, you will receive an E-Mail when your job is printed.

# Chapter 8

## Troubleshooting

8

*This chapter describes some problem which may arise, and the solutions to them.*

### Overview

If you encounter printing difficulties, please refer to the appropriate section. If, after following the advice in these documents, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server still does not function properly, please contact your dealer for further advice.

### Hardware & Connection Problems

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Problem No. 1</b> | <b>All the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's LEDs are off.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Solution No. 1       | Check the power supply or power connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Problem No. 2</b> | <b>802.11g Wireless Print Server's RED status LED continuously stays on.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Solution No. 2       | Reset the 802.11g Wireless Print Server by unplugging the power supply and plugging it back in.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Problem No. 3</b> | <b>The 802.11g Wireless Print Server unit can not be found on the LAN, so configuration is not possible.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Solution No. 3       | <p><b>If using the Wireless Interface</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ensure that WEP is disabled on your other Wireless stations.</li><li>• If using "Ad-hoc" mode, it is not possible for Wireless stations to connect to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, because its default mode is "Infrastructure". You must use the wired interface for initial configuration.</li><li>• If using "Infrastructure" mode, ensure that your Access Point allows connection by Wireless stations with a SSID of "ANY" or null (blank).<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The Access Point itself has a blank (null) SSID.</li><li>• If there is a setting "Broadcast SSID" or "Allow SSID of ANY", this setting should be Enabled.</li></ul></li></ul> <p><b>If using the Wired 10/100BaseT interface:</b></p> <p>Check the Hub. The link LED for the port to which the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is connected should be ON. If it is Off, there is a problem in the network cable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b></p> <p>a) To use both the Wireless and LAN interfaces, the Wireless mode must be set to "Ad-hoc".</p> <p>b) You must Power Off the 802.11g Wireless Print Server before connecting or disconnecting the LAN cable.</p> <p><b>If using TCP/IP:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ensure that there are no routers between the 802.11g Wireless Print Server and the PC used for configuration.</li></ul> |

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure that the PC used for configuration has the TCP/IP network protocol installed. Test its network connection by seeing if you can locate other LAN devices from the PC. (e.g. Use <i>Network Neighborhood</i> and try to browser the network.)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Problem No. 4</b> | <b>I am using DHCP, and getting an IP Address conflict involving the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Solution No. 4       | <p>If the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is left on, but the DHCP server is turned off, then the 802.11g Wireless Print Server will retain its IP Address without the DHCP Server being aware of it. Simply reset the 802.11g Wireless Print Server so it will obtain a new IP Address.</p> <p>This problem would also arise if you assigned static IP Address, which is within the range used by the DHCP server. If so, use another address which is NOT within the range used by the DHCP server.</p> |

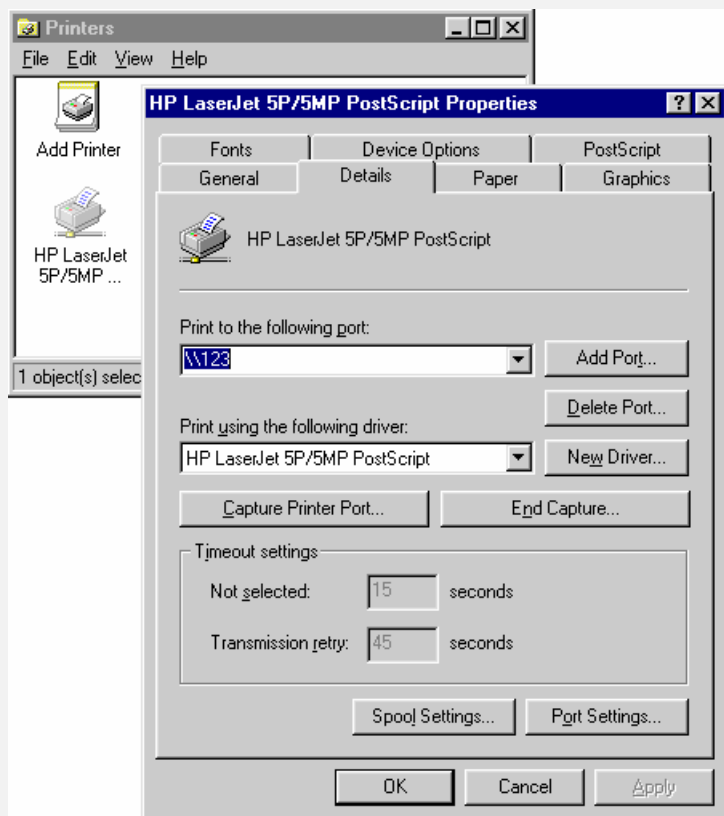
## AppleTalk (Macintosh)

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Problem No. 1</b> | <b>Why do I get an incorrect printout?</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Solution No. 1       | <p>Some possible reasons are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You may have chosen Binary encoding to print the file. Try to use ASCII encoding.</li> <li>Some of the fonts, which are in your print file may not be supported by the printer. Try selecting LaserWriter 7 instead of LaserWriter 8.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Problem No. 2</b> | <b>Can't find the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's name in the Chooser.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Solution No. 2       | <p>Try the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that AppleTalk is on (the button next to Active is highlighted in the Chooser).</li> <li>Make sure the printer has been on and in the READY state for a few minutes.</li> <li>Make sure the printer has not been renamed since its last appearance in the Chooser.</li> <li>If the printer resides on a network with multiple zones, make sure the correct zone is selected from the AppleTalk Zones box in the Chooser.</li> </ol> |
| <b>Problem No. 3</b> | <b>My EPS file doesn't print with the correct fonts.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Solution No. 3       | This is a problem that occurs in some application programs. Try downloading the fonts contained in the EPS file before printing the saved EPS file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Problem No. 4</b> | <b>I can't select the "Remaining from:" item in the print dialog box.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Solution No. 4       | If you have selected the Layout value, "2 Up", or "4 Up", you cannot access the <i>Remaining from</i> item. Choose other selections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Problem No. 5</b> | <b>A cover page prints either on the first or the last page of the document.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

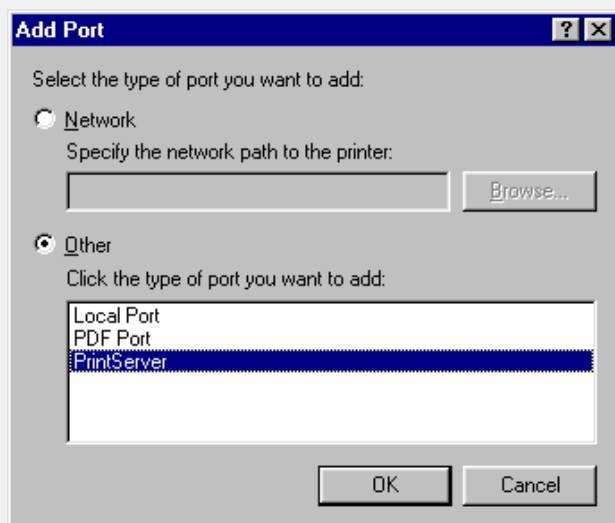
|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Solution No. 5       | <p>Select one of these solutions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn the cover page feature off.</li> <li>• Insert extra page breaks in your document to avoid the cover page printing on the first or last page of your document.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Problem No. 6</b> | <b>The colors on my printed output do not match the colors on my computer screen.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Solution No. 6       | <p>When the printer receives a color file, it tries to match the printed output color to the screen color. Sometimes the printer cannot match up the colors as closely as wanted. To alleviate this problem, perform the following steps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Choose "Calibrated Color/Grayscale" in the <i>Print</i> pop-up menu in the <i>Print Options</i> dialog box. The printer will make adjustments to match the colors.</li> <li>• Check your monitor to make sure all settings (for example, brightness) are adjusted correctly.</li> </ul>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Problem No. 7</b> | <b>When I send a print job, I get a PostScript Command error or no print out.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Solution No. 7       | <p>Check the communication protocols. <b>The computer, 802.11g Wireless Print Server and printer must all be configured to the same communication protocol.</b>(either Binary or ASCII).</p> <p>To configure your system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Choose which protocol you are going to use. You should check your printer; it may not give you a choice.</li> <li>2. Set your printer to the correct protocol.</li> <li>3. Use the computer's <i>Print</i> submenu to configure your computer to use the protocol you have chosen.</li> <li>4. Configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server to use the same protocol as the printer and computer.</li> </ol> |

Windows Printing Problems

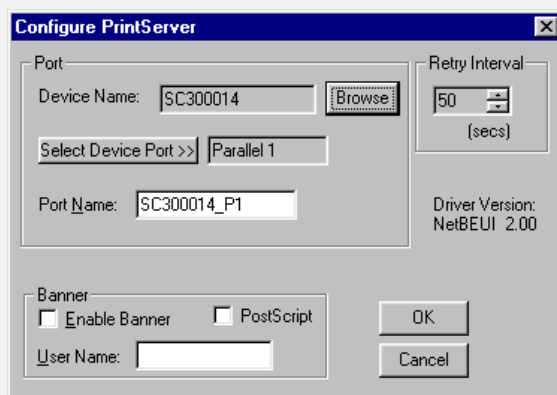
|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Problem No. 1  | <p>When I tried to install the Printing software for Peer-to-Peer printing, I received an error message and the installation was aborted..</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Solution No. 1 | <p>This may be caused by an existing installation of the printer port software. Before attempting another installation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Remove the existing installation</li><li>Restart your PC</li></ul> <p><b>To remove an existing printer port installation:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Open <i>Start - Settings - Control Panel - Add/Remove Programs</i></li><li>Look for an entry with a name like "Shared Port", "Shared Printer Port", "Print Server Driver" or "Print Server Port".</li><li>Select this item, click "Add/Remove", and confirm the deletion.</li></ol>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Problem No. 2  | <p>On Windows 98, I installed the Print Port Driver for Peer-to-Peer Printing, but when I selected a port on a 802.11g Wireless Print Server and clicked "Add", the printer was not installed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Solution No. 2 | <p>Try installing the Printer using the standard Windows tools, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Start the <i>Add Printer Wizard</i>.</li><li>Select <i>Network Printer</i> when prompted "How is the printer attached to your Computer?", and click Next.</li><li>When prompted for the Network Path or Queue, enter a dummy value such as shown below. (Do NOT select Yes for "Do you print for MS-DOS programs?")</li></ol> <div data-bbox="372 1101 1073 1618"></div> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>The printer wizard will display a message stating that "The Network Printer is off-line". This is OK. Continue the Add Printer Wizard until finished. If prompted about sharing the printer, do NOT enable Sharing.</li><li>Go to the Printers folder (<i>Control Panel-Printers</i>). The printer icon will be grayed out indicating the printer is not ready.</li><li>Right-click the Printer, and select <i>Properties</i>. Then select the <i>Details</i> tab, as shown below.</li></ol> |



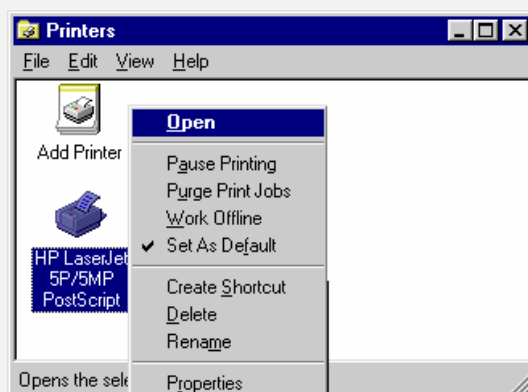
7. Click the **Add Port** button. On the resulting screen, select *Other*, then *Printer Server*, as the port to add, as shown below.



8. Click **OK** to see the *Print Port Configuration* screen, as shown below.



9. Click the *Browse Device* button, select the desired 802.11g Wireless Print Server, and click OK.
10. Click OK to return to the Printers folders, and right-click on the Printer. Ensure that the *Work off-line* option is NOT checked.



The Printer should no longer be grayed out, and is ready for use.

**Note:** The screens shown above are from Windows 98. Other versions of Windows may look slightly different, but the process is identical.

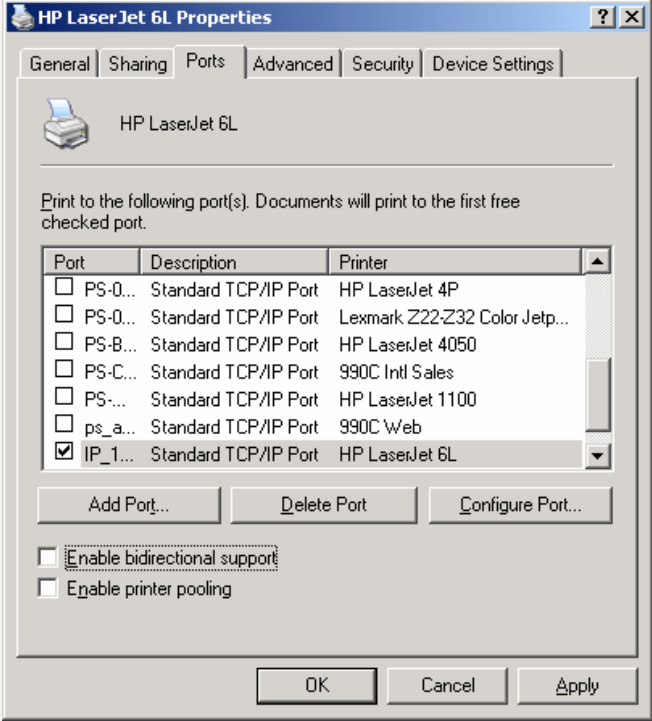
### Problem No. 3

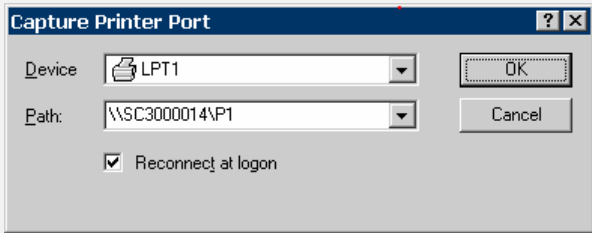
**I have a Windows-only printer, and when I tried to install the Peer-to-Peer Print driver on Windows 98/ME, installation failed.**

### Solution No. 3

Some Windows-only printers cannot be networked. If a Windows-only printer cannot be installed using the Windows "Add New Printer" wizard, but only by using a program provided by the printer manufacturer, then it probably can't be networked.

Try the procedure described above (Solution 2). If you can't select a Printer Driver for your printer within the "Add Printer" wizard, then the printer can't be networked.

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Problem No. 4</b> | <b>Using Windows 2000/XP, I installed the printer using LPD as recommended, but I can't print.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Solution No. 4       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the correct Printer driver is being used.</li> <li>• Try disabling the Bidirectional printing support, as follows:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open the <i>Printers</i> folder.</li> <li>2. Right-click on the Printer, and select <i>Properties</i>.</li> <li>3. Select the <i>Ports</i> tab.</li> <li>4. Uncheck the <i>Enable bidirectional support</i> checkbox.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>  <p>The screenshot shows the 'HP LaserJet 6L Properties' dialog box with the 'Ports' tab selected. It lists several ports, with 'IP_1...' (Standard TCP/IP Port) selected. Below the list, the 'Enable bidirectional support' checkbox is unchecked, and the 'Enable printer pooling' checkbox is also unchecked. Buttons for 'Add Port...', 'Delete Port', 'Configure Port...', 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Apply' are visible at the bottom.</p> |
| <b>Problem No. 5</b> | <b>When printing from some software applications such as Power Point, it takes a long time and the print out is incorrect.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Solution No. 5       | <p>The problem is due to the printer, which is being configured to <b>Start printing after the first page is spooled</b>. To change this setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Go to <b>Control Panel - Printers</b> and click on your printer.</li> <li>• Then select <b>File - Properties - Details</b>.</li> <li>• When the Details screen appears, click the <i>Spool Settings</i> button.</li> <li>• When the Spool Settings dialogue box appears, choose <i>Start printing after last page is spooled</i> and click OK.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Problem No. 6</b> | <b>The Configuration button on the Printer Status screen in BiAdmin is grayed out, even though my printer is bi-directional.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Solution No. 6       | <p>The button is unavailable if the printer is busy. You must wait until the printer is idle.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Problem No. 7</b> | <b>My old printer cannot print or prints garbage.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Solution No. 7       | <p>If the printer you used is an old model with low speed, the following steps may solve this problem:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open the BiAdmin Utility.</li> <li>• Click the <i>Printer Status</i> icon.</li> <li>• For the parallel port, change the Printer Type setting to <i>Low Speed</i> or set the Handshake Signal setting to <i>Ack &amp; Busy</i>.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Problem No. 8</b> | <b>How Do I Print to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's printer from a MS-DOS program?</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Solution No. 8       | <p>Set the MS-DOS program to use LPT1 (parallel port 1) then "Capture" the output and re-direct it to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's printer.</p> <p><b>Windows 98/ME</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Select <i>Start - Settings - Printers</i> to open the <b>Printers</b> folder.</li> <li>2. Right-click the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's Printer, and select <i>Properties</i></li> <li>3. On the <i>Details</i> tab, click the <i>Capture</i> button to see the <i>Capture Printer Port</i> button, shown below.</li> </ol>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. On this dialog: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select the Device, normally LPT1 (parallel port 1).</li> <li>• Enter or select the Path to the printer:<br/> \\printer_name\P1<br/> Where printer_name is the actual name of your printer.<br/> e.g.<br/> \\SC3000014\P1</li> <li>• Check the <i>Reconnect at logon</i> checkbox. If this is not done, the capture setting will be lost when Windows is restarted.</li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p><b>Windows 2000/XP</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Login as Administrator.</li> <li>2. Open the command prompt window.</li> <li>3. Enter the following command:<br/> net use lpt1 \\printer_name\P1 /persistent:yes<br/> Where printer_name is the actual name of your printer.<br/> e.g.<br/> net use lpt1 \\SC3000014\P1 /persistent:yes</li> </ol> <p>To terminate this capture, use the following command at the command prompt:<br/> net use lpt1 /delete</p> |

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Problem No. 1</b> | <b>Print Server device is not recognized.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Solution No. 1       | <p>Check the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The network cable is OK.</li><li>• There are no routers between the Print Server and the UNIX host during IP address assignment.</li><li>• There are no NetWare File Servers without TCP/IP support between the Print Server and the UNIX host.</li><li>• You have used the correct hardware address, as shown on a sticker on the base of the device.</li><li>• Use the ping command to see if the Print Server is a valid device on the network.</li></ul> |
| <b>Problem No. 2</b> | <b>The Print Server's IP address is forgotten and it needs to be installed in a new environment.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Solution No. 2       | <p>Use the "Reset" button to restore the factory default settings, as described below, then configure as for a new device.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn the Print Server OFF.</li><li>2. Press and hold the diagnostic button. While pressing the button, switch the Print Server ON.</li><li>3. If you continue pressing the button for 10 seconds, a diagnostic page will be printed, showing the new (default) settings.</li></ol>                                                                       |

# Appendix A

## Specifications



### General Specifications

| PS801H 802.11g Wireless Print Server |                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Power Consumption                    | 5.5w max.        |
| External Power Adapter               | 5V DC            |
| LEDs                                 | 2                |
| USB 2.0 Port                         | 1                |
| Ethernet Connector                   | 10/100BaseT      |
| FCC / CE                             | FCC, CE. Class B |

| Environmental Specifications |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Operating Temperature        | 0 ~ 40°C   |
| Storage Temperature          | -10 ~ 70°C |
| Shipping Temperature         | -40 ~ 70°C |
| Operating Humidity           | 10 ~ 80%   |
| Storage Humidity             | 5 ~ 90%    |
| Shipping Humidity            | 5 ~ 100%   |

### Protocol Support

| Model  | TCP/IP | NetBeui | AppleTalk |
|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| PS801H | √      | √       | √         |

### Feature Support

| Model  | HTTP Setup | E-mail Printing | IPP Support | AutoIP |
|--------|------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|
| PS801H | √          | √               | √           | √      |

## Regulatory Approvals

### FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. (Example - use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices).

### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

### CE Standards

This product complies with the 99/5/EEC directives, including the following safety and EMC standards:

- EN300328-2
- EN301489-1/-17
- EN60950

## **CE Marking Warning**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

# Windows Server Configuration

## Windows NT4.0 Server

If using Windows NT 4.0, Microsoft *TCP/IP Printing Support* must be installed.

- If it is already installed, add a TCP/IP Remote Printer, as described below.
- Otherwise, install TCP/IP printing support, then add a TCP/IP Remote Printer.

### Adding TCP/IP Printing Support

1. Go to *Start-Settings-Control Panel-Network*.
2. Click the *Service* option and ensure that **Microsoft TCP/IP Printing** is enabled. If it is not enabled, select the *Add* option and enable it as usual.
3. If you added services in step 2, reboot the computer for the changes to take affect.

### Adding a TCP/IP Remote Printer

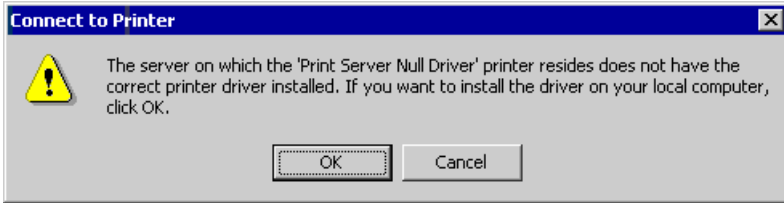
1. Go to *Start-Settings-Printer* and invoke the *Add Printer* wizard.
2. When prompted with This printer will be managed by, select **My Computer** and click Next.
3. Select **Add Port...**, then select **LPR Port** and click **New Port**.
4. In the *Name of Address of server providing lpd:* Dialog box, enter the 802.11g Wireless Print Server's IP address.
5. In the *Name of printer or print queue on that server* dialog box, enter the appropriate logical printer number (e.g. L1) as previously configured on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.  
By default, L1 is port 1, and L2 is port 2 if the 802.11g Wireless Print Server has 2 printer ports.
6. Click OK. When returned to the Printer Ports window, simply select *Close* and then install your printer driver as usual.
7. When prompted whether or not the printer will be shared, select the **Sharing** radio button.
8. In the *Shared* dialog box, enter the shared printer name. (The shared name is how other users will see this printer.) Click OK to save and exit.

Client PCs can now be configured as described in *Chapter 4 - Client Configuration*.

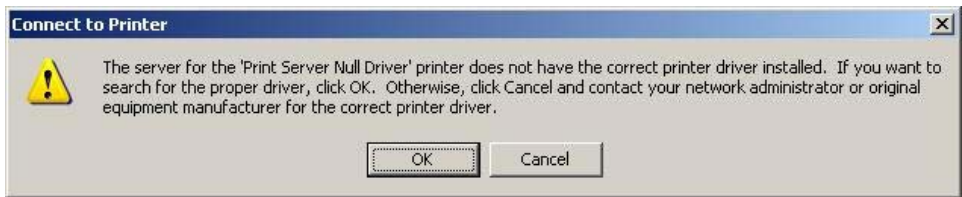
## Windows 2000/2003 Server

1. Start the *Add Printer Wizard*, select *Network Printer*, then click *Next* to browse for the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
2. Locate and double-click the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, select the desired port, and click *Next*.

A message like the following will be displayed:



**Figure 41: Windows 2000 Message**



**Figure 42: Windows2003 Message**

3. Click "OK", and select the correct Manufacturer and Model for this printer.
4. Follow the prompts to complete the installation.
5. In the *Printers* folder, right-click the new printer, and select *Sharing*.
  - Select "Shared As:" and enter an appropriate name for this printer. Users will see this name when browsing for the printer during installation.
  - If desired, click "Additional Drivers" and install printer drivers for other versions of Windows, such as Windows 98. This will assist users during the installation process.
6. Click OK to close this Window. Configuration is now complete.

Client PCs can now be configured as described in *Chapter 4 - Client Configuration*.

# Appendix C

## Unix Systems



### Overview

Your 802.11g Wireless Print Server supports the LPD Unix printing method, which is supported by all common Unix systems.

You must configure both the 802.11g Wireless Print Server itself and your Unix system, as described in the following sections.

### 802.11g Wireless Print Server IP Address Configuration

Because it supports dynamic IP Address allocation using DHCP or BOOTP, the 802.11g Wireless Print Server ships with an IP Address of 0.0.0.0. This is NOT a valid IP Address.

Therefore, you must do ONE of the following:

- Check your **DHCP server** (if you have one), and determine the IP Address allocated to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Configure your **BOOTP Server** (if you have one), to provide an IP address to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, then restart the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Use a Windows platform and run the **Setup Wizard** or **BiAdmin** utility to allocate a valid IP Address to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
- Add an entry to the **arp** table to associate the hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server with the desired IP address, as follows:

```
arp -s IP_Address 00:c0:02:xx:xx:xx
```

Where:

IP\_Address is the IP Address you wish to assign to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

00:c0:02:xx:xx:xx is the hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

Example

```
arp -s 192.168.0.21 00:c0:02:12:34:56
```

You should then assign this IP address to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server using your Web Browser, as described in **Chapter 6 - Web-based Management**.

#### Note:

The hardware address of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is shown on a sticker on the base of the device.

### Other 802.11g Wireless Print Server Configuration

The recommended method to configure the 802.11g Wireless Print Server is to use the Web-based interface, as described in **Chapter 6 - Web-based Management**.

- Ensure that the TCP/IP settings are correct for your network.
- The logical printers (e.g. L1) must be configured correctly to match your system.

# LPD Configuration

Configuration for the most common platforms is described below.

## LPD on IBM AIX 4.15

Before proceeding, ensure that the 802.11g Wireless Print Server has been assigned an IP Address. To setup your AIX system for LPD printing, perform the following steps.

1. Add the 802.11g Wireless Print Server to **/etc/hosts.lpd**, using the name you assigned to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
2. Start the LPD daemon if it is not running, using the following command:  

```
start src -s qdaemon
```

3. Start the system administration tool **smit** and select *Print Spooling*.
4. Create the required number of queues (one for each logical printer) by selecting:  
Add a Print Queue  
Remote (Printer attached to Remote Host)  
Standard Processing

5. Use the following information:

| Field                                  | Entry                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Name of queue to add                   | Use a single-word queue name, which indicates which printer is attached. |
| Hostname for remote server             | 802.11g Wireless Print Server name as used in /etc/hosts.lpd.            |
| Name of queue on remote server         | Logical printer number (e.g. L1) to service this queue.                  |
| Type of print spooler on remote server | Use default value. (AIX Version xxx)                                     |

6. Ensure that the logical printers are configured in the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.
7. Print using the following command:  

```
lp -d printer_queue file_name
```

Where  
*printer\_queue* is one of the entries used in *Name of queue to add*.  
*file\_name* is the file you wish to print.

LPD on System V

Before beginning LPD Setup, ensure that an IP Address has been assigned to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Keep the following points in mind:

The **remote host name** is the name of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

The **remote printer name** is the print queue name for the Logical Printer. Logical printers also need to be configured on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server itself.

If your UNIX asks for the LPD type, be sure to identify the service type as BSD. The 802.11g Wireless Print Server’s LPD protocol meets BSD system standards.

In the sample commands shown, *printer\_name* is the name of the Print Queue serviced by the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, and *Spooler\_directory* is the name of the directory, which is used to spool the print jobs.

Procedure

| Action                                           | Sample Command                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Stop Print Services                              | /usr/lib/lpshut                                      |
| Add a System Printer                             | /usr/lib/lpadmin -p <i>printer_name</i> -v /dev/null |
| Restart the Print Services                       | /usr/lib/lpsched                                     |
| Enable printing to the new printer device        | enable <i>printer_name</i>                           |
| Start accepting jobs for the new printer device  | accept <i>printer_name</i>                           |
| Create a spooling directory                      | mkdir /usr/spool/ <i>Spooler_directory</i>           |
| Make spooling daemon the owner of this directory | chown daemon /usr/spool/ <i>Spooler_directory</i>    |
| Create read/write permissions                    | chmod 775 /usr/spool/ <i>Spooler_directory</i>       |
| Give permissions to LPD processes.               | chgrp daemon /usr/spool/ <i>Spooler_directory</i>    |
| Add remote printer(s)                            | See following section                                |

Adding Remote Printers

A remote printer is added by inserting the following line in the /etc/printcap file.



The entry is really one line, but can be entered as shown. Use a TAB character where shown.

```
Printer_name|Remote_Printer_Alias:\
[TAB] :lp=:\
[TAB] :rm=PS_NAME:\
[TAB] :rp=Logical_Printer_name:\
[TAB] :sd=Spooler_directory:\
[TAB] :mx#0:
```

Where:

- Printer\_name* is the Print Queue name used to store jobs for the corresponding logical printer.
- PS\_NAME* is the 802.11g Wireless Print Server name defined in /etc/hosts.
- Logical\_Printer\_name* is the logical printer name on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. (e.g. L1)
- Spooler\_directory* is the directory you created in Step 6.

Example:

```
Marketing|RP1_PS123456:\
[TAB] :lp=:\
[TAB] :rm=PS_Rm203:\
[TAB] :rp=L1:\
[TAB] :sd=/usr/spool/Marketing:\
[TAB] :mx#0:
```

Repeat this process for each Logical Printer/Print Queue combination that you wish to create.

**LPD on Linux**

If using the command line, the procedure is the same as for System V. (above)

On recent Linux distributions, you can use the graphical X-windows interface instead of the command line. The procedure is described below, but may vary according to your version of Linux.

1. Start your X-windows shell.
2. Select *Control Panel*, then *Printer Configuration*.
3. Select *Add*. For the printer type, select *Remote Unix (lpd) Queue*.
4. Use the following data to complete the resulting dialog.

| Field           | Data                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Name            | Enter a name for this printer                                                                                                                        |
| Spool Directory | /var/spool/lpd/name_of_printer                                                                                                                       |
| File Limit      | 0 (no limit)                                                                                                                                         |
| Remote Host     | Name or IP Address of 802.11g Wireless Print Server<br>e.g. SC3000014<br><br>Note: host file entry is required to use the name instead of IP Address |
| Remote Queue    | Ln<br><br>Where <i>n</i> is the Logical Printer number<br>By default, L1 is port 1, and L2 is port 2 if the Print Server has 2 ports.                |

5. Save this data, and exit the Printer Configuration. Configuration is now completed, and the printer is now available for use.

## LPD on BSD

Before continuing, ensure that an IP Address has been assigned to the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. Remember the following:

The **remote host name** is the name of the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

The **remote printer name** is the logical printer (e.g. L1) on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server.

If asked for the LPD type, enter the service type as BSD.

In the sample commands shown, *printer\_name* is the Print Queue serviced by the logical printer on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server, and *Spooler\_dir* is the name of the directory, which is used to spool the print jobs.

### Procedure

| Action                                         | Sample Command                                   |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Create a spooling directory                    | <code>mkdir /usr/spool/Spooler_dir</code>        |
| Set spooling daemon as owner of this directory | <code>chown daemon /usr/spool/Spooler_dir</code> |
| Create read/write permissions                  | <code>chmod 775 /usr/spool/Spooler_dir</code>    |
| Give permissions to LPD processes              | <code>chgrp daemon /usr/spool/Spooler_dir</code> |
| Add remote printer(s)                          | See below                                        |
| Start lpd print mechanism                      | <code>lpd start printer_name</code>              |

### Adding Remote Printers

A remote printer is added by inserting the following line in the `/etc/printcap` file.



The entry is really one line, but can be entered as shown.  
Use a TAB character where shown.

```
Printer_name|Remote_Printer_Alias:\n[ TAB] :lp=: \n[ TAB] :rm=PS_NAME:\n[ TAB] :rp=Logical_Printer_name:\n[ TAB] :sd=Spooler_directory:\n[ TAB] :mx#0:
```

Where:

*Printer\_name* is the Print Queue name used to store jobs for the corresponding logical printer.

*PS\_NAME* is the 802.11g Wireless Print Server name defined in `/etc/hosts`.

*Logical\_Printer\_name* is the logical printer name on the 802.11g Wireless Print Server. (e.g. L1)

*Spooler\_directory* is the directory you created in Step 6.

Example:

```
Marketing|RP1_PS123456:\
[TAB] :lp=:\
[TAB] :rm=PS_Rm203:\
[TAB] :rp=L1:\
[TAB] :sd=/usr/spool/Marketing:\
[TAB] :mx#0:
```

Repeat this process for each Logical Printer/Print Queue combination that you wish to create.

## Printing using LPD

For LPD printing instructions, refer to your UNIX manual. The following example is for a BSD system:

```
lpr -P printer_name filename
```

Where:

*printer\_name* is the name of the Print Queue defined on the Unix host.

*filename* is the name of the file you wish to print.

Example:

```
lpr -P Marketing /etc/hosts
```

In the above example, the /etc/hosts file is sent to the printer queue Marketing. It will then be sent to the logical printer associated with this queue.

### Overview

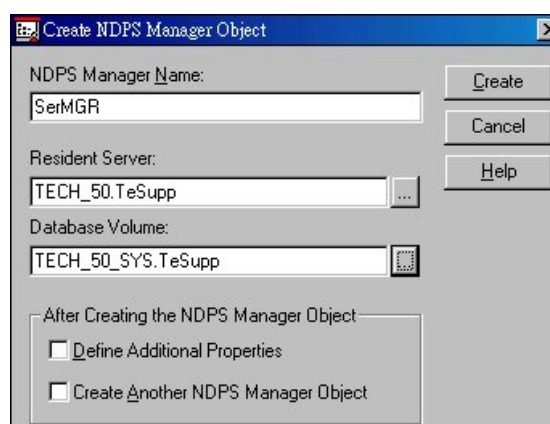
- The Print Server must be configured as a valid device on your TCP/IP network. This printing method uses LPR over TCP/IP, not the Netware protocol.
- To use NDPS (Novell Distributed Printing Services), the Novell server must be running Novell NetWare 5, and the PCs (clients) must be running IntranetWare Client V2.2. or later.

The following procedure is designed to enable **Public Access Printing** under NDPS. *Public Access Printing* allows anybody on the network to access the printer.

### Creating an NDPS Manager Object

If an NDPS Manager Object already exists, skip this procedure and proceed to *Creating an NDPS Printer Agent*.

1. Login to NetWare 5.0 Server as Admin and start the NetWare Administrator program Nwadm32.exe.
2. Select the container on NetWare Administrator where you want the NDPS Manager object to reside. (e.g. TeSupp)
3. Select *Create - Object* from the menu bar to view the *New Object* dialog.
4. Select *NDPS Manager* as the object to create. The *Create NDPS Manager Object* window shown below will appear.



**Figure 43: Create NDPS Manager Object**

5. Type a name in the NDPS Manager Name.(e.g. SerMGR in Figure 1 above)
6. Browse the Resident Server and select where you want the NDPS Manager object to be assigned. (e.g. TECH\_50.TeSupp in figure 1 above)
7. Browse the Database Volume and select where you want the NDPS Manager database to be assigned. (e.g. TECH\_50\_SYS.TeSupp in figure 1 above)
8. Click **Create**. The new NDPS Manager will appear in the main browser window.

To start the NDPS Manager in future, enter the following command at the console:

**LOAD NDPSM**

then select the NDPS Manager object.

To start the NDPS Manager whenever you bring up the server, add a command like the following to your server's AUTOEXEC.NCF file:

**LOAD NDPSM SerMGR.TeSupp**

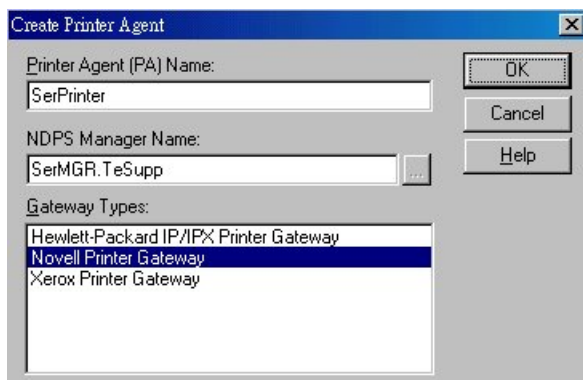
The last item is the name of the NDPS Manager object you wish to load.

9. After creating an NDPS Manager, you can create NDPS printers by using NetWare Administrator, as explained below.

## Creating an NDPS Printer Agent

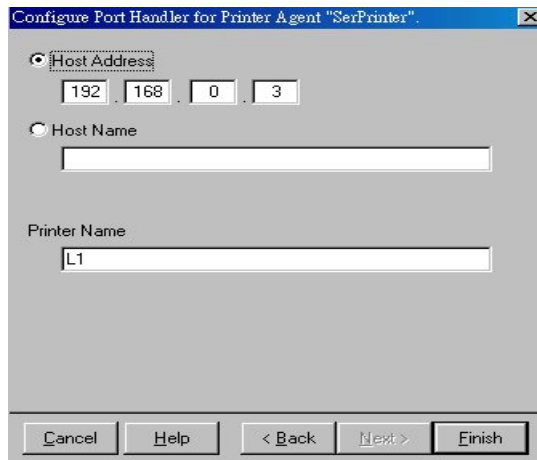
To create Public Access Printers using the NDPS Manager Object in NetWare Administrator, follow this procedure:

1. Start the NDPS Manager object you will be using to control the Printer Agent.
2. At the *Identification* page, click the *Printer Agent List*.
3. Click *New* to see the *Create Printer Agent* window, as shown below.



**Figure 44: Create Printer Agent**

4. Enter the desired name for the *Printer Agent (PA) Name*.
5. Normally, the *NDPS Manager* will be the NDPS Manger object you are using.
6. Select *Novell Printer Gateway* in the *Gateway Type*. (see figure2 above)
7. Click *OK* and then select the available printer.
8. Select *Remote (LPR on IP)* in the *Connection Type*.
9. Click *Next* to see the following *Configure Port Handler* screen.



**Figure 45 Configure Port Handler**

10. In the *Host address IP* field, enter the IP Address previously assigned to the Print Server device.
11. In the *Printer Name* field, enter the Logical Port name on the Print Server. (L1 for Port 1, L2 for port 2).
12. Click *Finish*, then select appropriate drivers for Windows 98 etc as required.
13. The new Printer Agent will now appear in the Printer Agent List window.

Repeat this procedure for any other ports on the Print Server, or for any other logical printers you wish to use.

Client PCs can now be configured as described in *Chapter 4 - Client Configuration*.