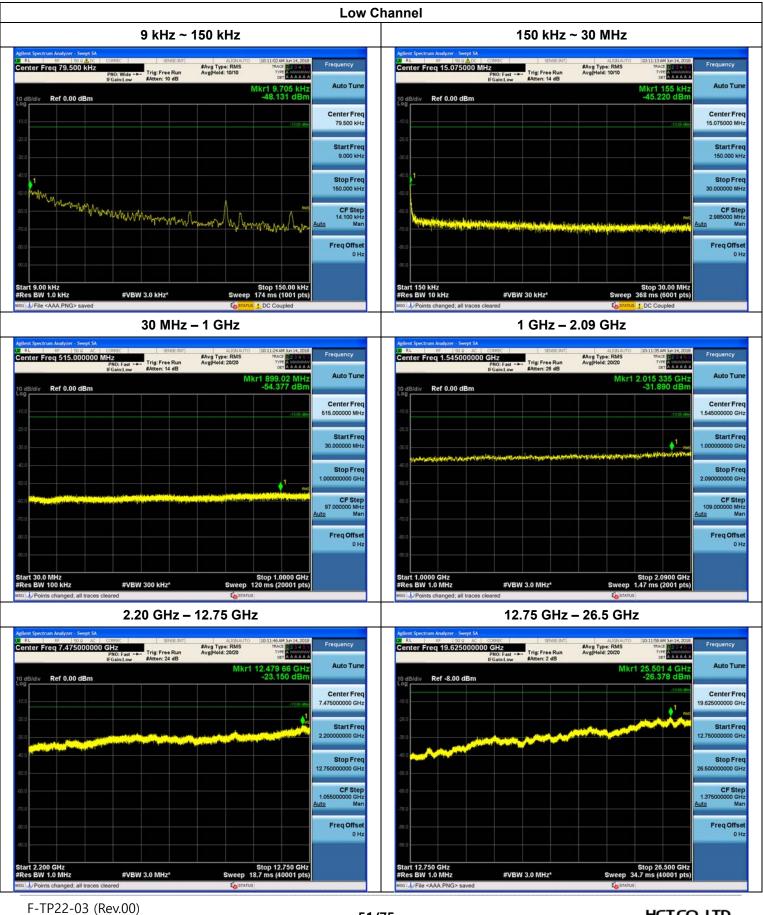


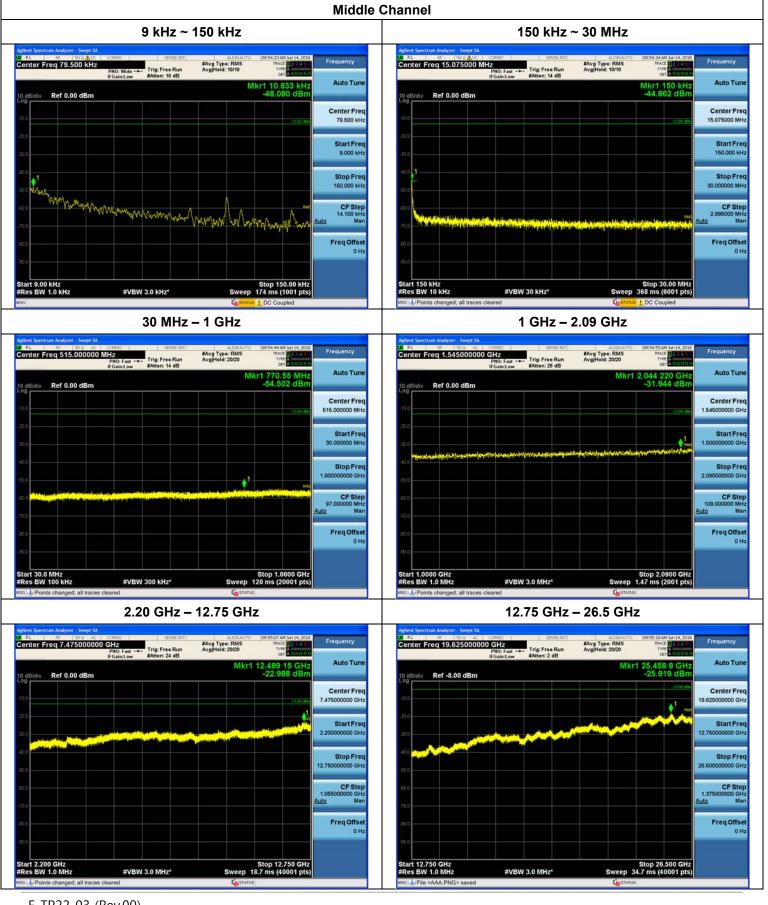
Plots of Unwanted Conducted Emissions for AWS 2100 Band LTE 20 MHz



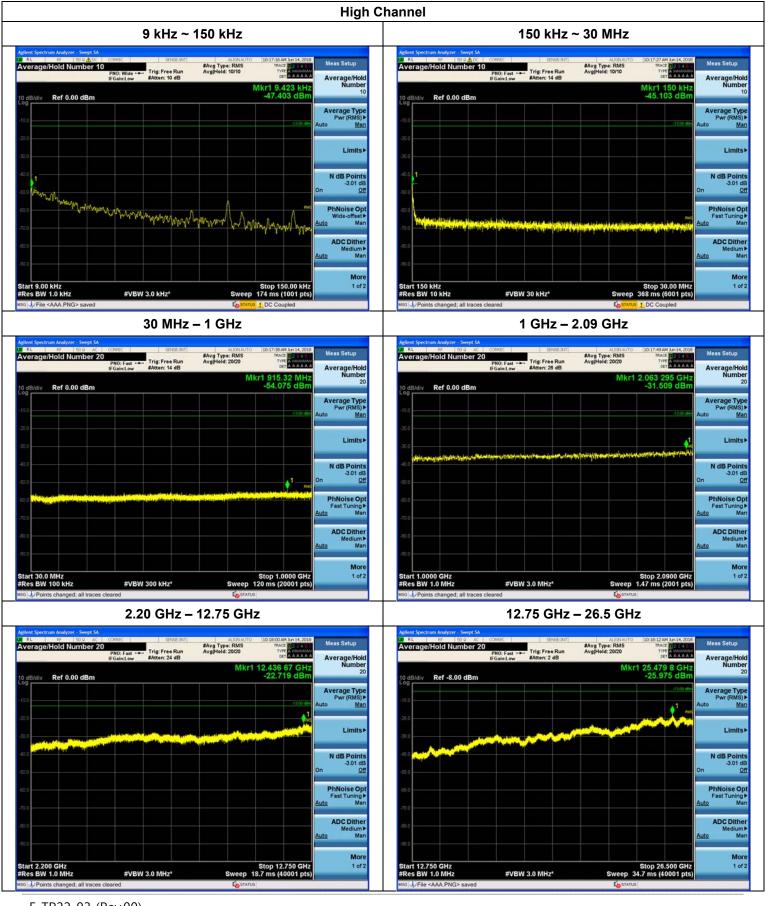
51/75

HCT CO., LTD.



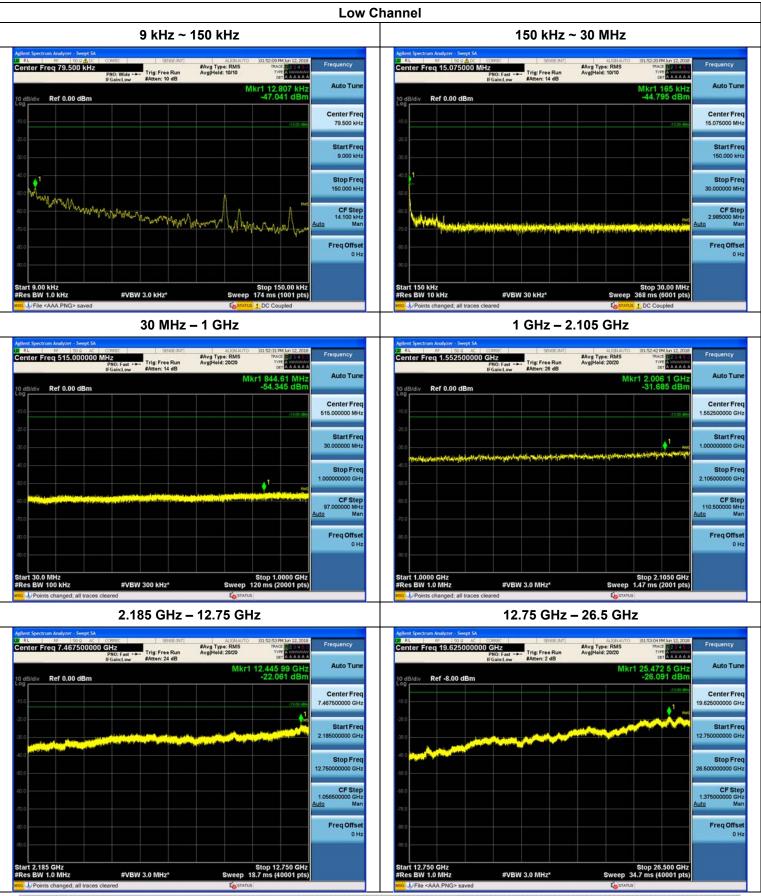




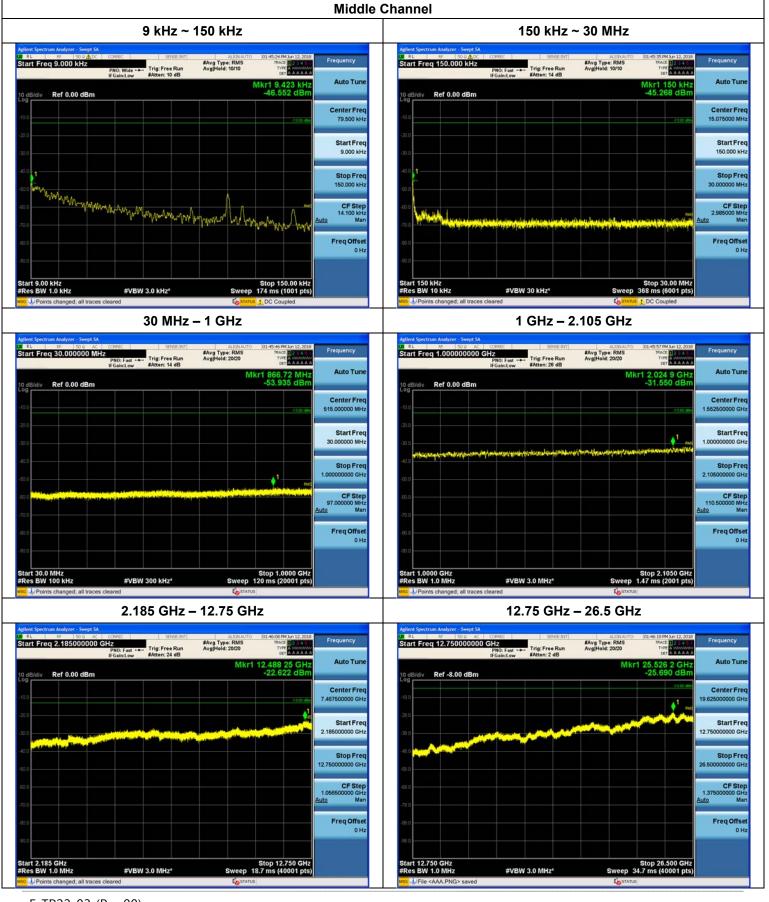




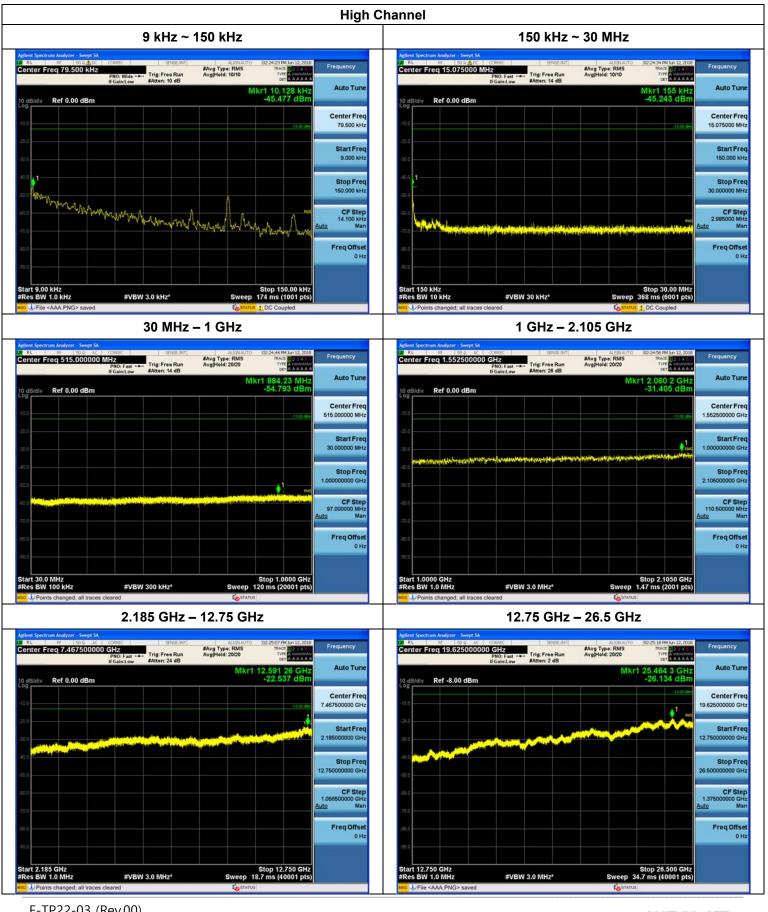
Plots of Unwanted Conducted Emissions for AWS 2100 Band WCDMA





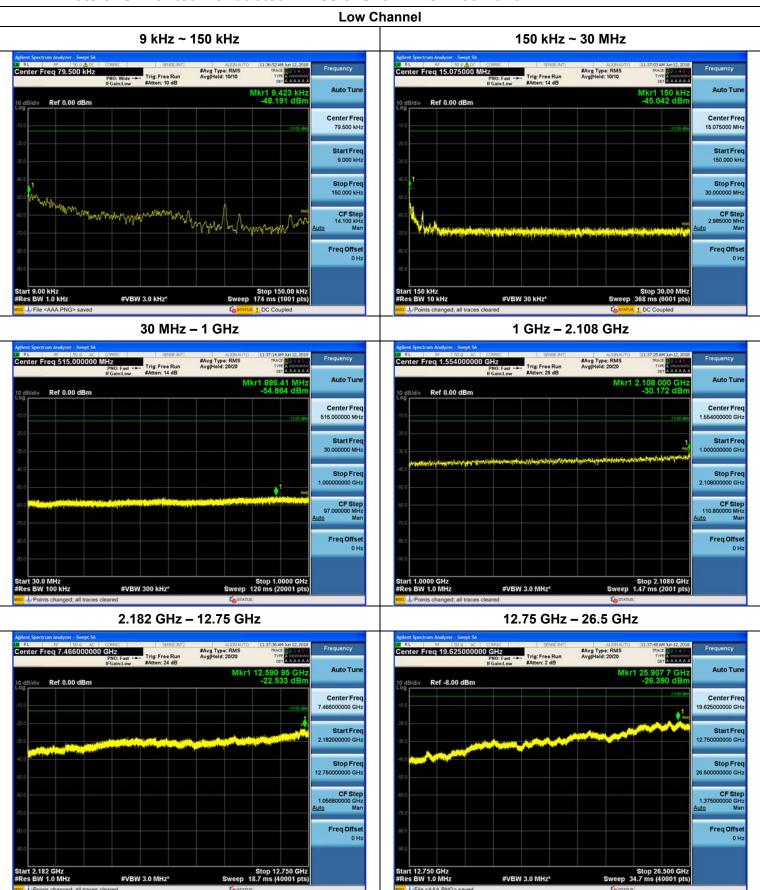




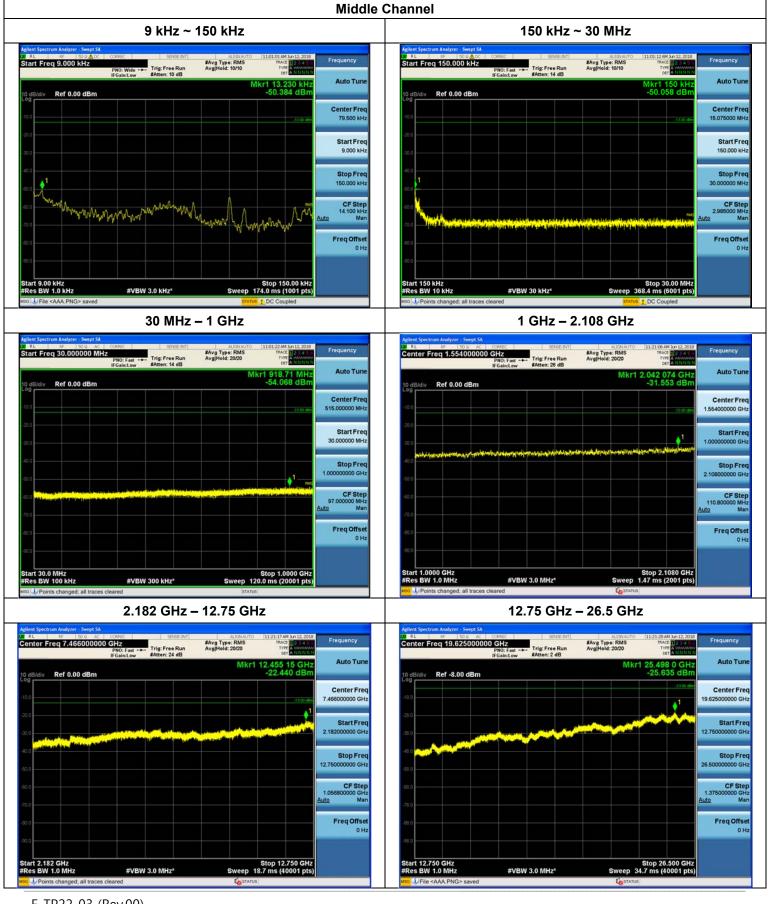




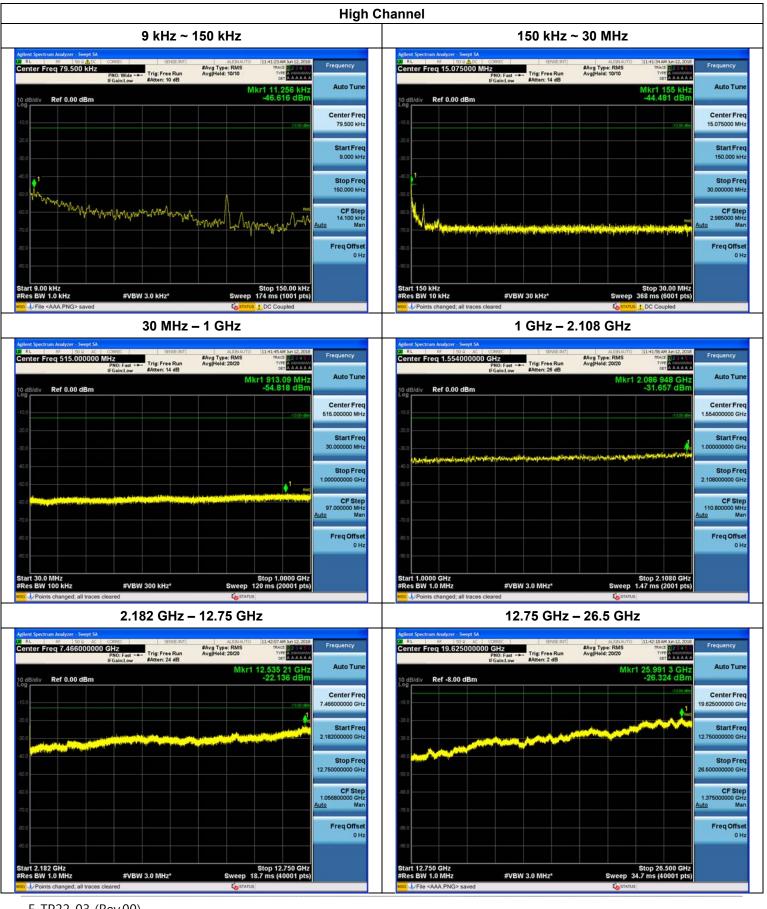
Plots of Unwanted Conducted Emissions for AWS 2100 Band CDMA













Plots of Band Edge for LTE 5 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band

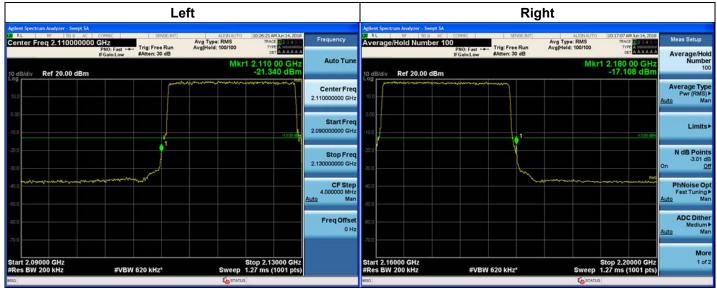


Plots of Band Edge for LTE 10 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band





Plots of Band Edge for LTE 20 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band



Plots of Band Edge for_AWS 2100 WCDMA





Plots of Band Edge for_AWS 2100 CDMA





Left Right Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 1000/10 Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 1000/10 Frequency Frequency Trig: Free Run #Atten; 36 dB PNO: Fast +++ Trig: Free Run IFGain:Low #Atten: 36 dB Auto Tune Mkr1 2.110 00 GH -16.094 dBr Auto Tun 2.180 00 G -14.611 dE Ref 26.00 dBm Ref 26.00 dBm Center Freq 2.11000000 GHz Center Free 2.18000000 GH Start Freq 2.10000000 GHz Start Free 2.170000000 GHz Stop Freq 2.120000000 GHz Stop Fred 2.19000000 GHz CF Step 2.000000 MHz Man CF Step 2.000000 MHz Man Auto uto Freq Offset Freq Offse OH er 2.11000 GHz BW 100 kHz Center 2.18000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz Span 20.00 MHz Sweep 2.53 ms (1001 pts) Span 20.00 MHz Sweep 2.53 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 300 kHz* #VBW 300 kHz*

Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 5 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band

Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 10 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band

L	eft		Right				
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA			Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
L RF 50 Q AC CORREC SENSE:INT PNO: Fast +→→ Trig: Free Run	ALIGNAUTO 02:36:04 PM Jun 18, 2018 Avg Type: RMS TRACE 234 5 6 Avg[Hold: 1000/1000 Type	Frequency	0 L 19 50 0 AC 00986C 999462-071 AU2/AU70 (02-100 PA.0.18.039) PND: Fat →→→ Trg: Free Run AvgBrief: 1000/1000 196 Exact AAAAA	incy			
IFGaintLow #Atten: 36 dB	Mkr1 2.110 00 GHz -18.976 dBm	Auto Tune	Ine Mkr1 2.180 00 GHz Aut	to Tune			
		Center Freq 2.110000000 GHz	req Log	ter Fred			
4.00		Start Freq 2.09000000 GHz		art Free 000 GH			
14.0		Stop Freq 2.130000000 GHz		op Fre 000 GH			
44.0		CF Step 4.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man	4.0000	CF Ste 000 MH Ma			
54.0		Freq Offset 0 Hz		q Offse 0 H			
Center 2.11000 GHz	Span 40.00 MHz		Center 2,18000 GHz Span 40.00 MHz				
#Res BW 200 kHz #VBW 620 kHz*	Sweep 1.27 ms (1001 pts)		#Res BW 200 kHz #VBW 620 kHz* Sweep 1.27 ms (1001 pts)				



Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 20 MHz_AWS 2100 LTE Band



Plots of Intermodulation for_AWS 2100 WCDMA

	L	.eft						Rig	ght		
gilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA					Agilent Spe	trum Analyzer - Swep	e SA				
L RF 50 Q AC	PNO: Fast Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: RMS Avg[Hold: 1000/1000	02:46:49 PM Jun 18, 2018 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A A A A A A	Frequency	UN L	RF 50 Ω	PNO; Fast	SENSE:INT Trig: Free Run #Atten: 36 dB	AUGNAUTO Avg Type: RMS Avg[Hold: 1000/1000	02:44:36 PM Jun 18, 2018 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE A 4 A A A A	Frequency
0 dB/div Ref 26.00 dBm	i samesu	Mkr	1 2.110 00 GHz -29.487 dBm	Auto Tune	10 dB/div	Ref 26.00 dE	IFGain:Low	#Atten: 36 dB	Mki	1 2.180 00 GHz -27.635 dBm	Auto Tune
og 16.0				Center Freq 2.110000000 GHz	16.0						Center Fre 2.180000000 GH
1.00				Start Freq 2.100000000 GHz	-4.00						Start Fre 2.170000000 GH
24.0	1_		-13.00 400	Stop Freq 2.120000000 GHz	-14.0			11		-13.00 dBn	Stop Fre 2.190000000 GH
14.0				CF Step 2.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man	-34.0						CF Ste 2.000000 MH Auto Ma
54.0				Freq Offset 0 Hz	-54.0						Freq Offse 0 H
enter 2.11000 GHz			Span 20.00 MHz		Genter 2	2.18000 GHz				Spap 20 00 MHz	
Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW 300 kHz*	Sweep	2.53 ms (1001 pts)			V 100 kHz	#VB	W 300 kHz*	Sweep	Span 20.00 MHz 2.53 ms (1001 pts)	
sa		STATUS			MSG				STATU		



Plots of Intermodulation for_AWS 2100 CDMA





10. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

FCC Rules

Test Requirements:

§ 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

(a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required, with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from halfwave dipole antennas.

(b) The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:

(1) Those in which the spurious emissions are required to be 60 dB or more below the mean power of the transmitter.

(2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.

(3) All equipment where the antenna is an integral part of, and attached directly to the transmitter.

(4) Other types of equipment as required, when deemed necessary by the Commission.

ISED Rules

Test Requirements:

RSS-Gen

7. Receiver emissions limits

7.3 Receiver radiated emission limits

Radiated emission measurements shall be performed with the receiver antenna connected to the receiver antenna ports. The search for spurious emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the receiver (e.g. local oscillator, intermediate or carrier frequency), or 30 MHz, whichever is higher, to at least five times the highest tunable or



local oscillator frequency, whichever is higher, without exceeding 40 GHz.Spurious emissions from receivers shall not exceed the radiated emissions limits shown in Table 3.

Table 3 – Receiver radiated emissions limits				
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μv/m at 3 metres) [*]			
30-88	100			
88-216	150			
216-960	200			
Above 960	500			

Footnote *: Measurements for compliance with the limits in table 3 may be performed at distances other than 3 metres, in accordance with section 6.6.

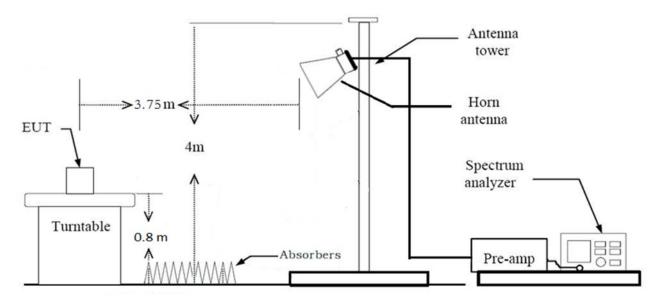
Test Procedures:

As required by 47 CFR 2.1053, *field strength of radiated spurious measurements* were made in accordance with the procedures of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards".

Radiated emission measurements were performed inside a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber.

The EUT was set at a distance of 3m from the receiving antenna. The EUT's RF ports were terminated to 500hm load. The EUT was set to transmit at the low, mid and high channels of the transmitter frequency range at its maximum power level. The EUT was rotated about 360and the receiving antenna scanned from 1-3m in order to capture the maximum emission. A calibrated antenna source was positioned in place of the EUT and the previously recorded signal was duplicated. The maximum EIRP of the emission was calculated by adding the forward power to the calibrated source plus its appropriate gain value. These steps were carried. out with the receiving antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization. Harmonic emissions up to the 10th or 40GHz, whichever was the lesser, were investigated.





Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup

Note :

- 1. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
- 2. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)



Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Result:

ISED Rule(s):	RSS-Gen
Test Requirements:	Blow the table
Operating conditions:	Under normal test conditions
Method of testing:	Radiated
	F < 1 GHz: RBW: 120 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz (Quasi Peak)
S/A. Settings:	F < 1 GHz: RBW: 120 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz (Quasi Peak) F > 1 GHz: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (Peak)

Frequency	Field Strength
(MHz)	(microvolts/m at 3 meters)
30 – 88	100
88 - 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Operation Mode: Receive:

30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBμN	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dBµN/m	dBµN/m	dB
No critical peaks found							

Above 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dΒμN	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dBµN/m	dBµN/m	dB
No critical peaks found							



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Result:

Harmonics were not found.

AWS13 Band

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level	Measured Power	Ant. Factor	C.L	A.G.	H.P.F	D.F.	Pol.	Result
		[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[dB/m]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]		[dBm]
	No Critical Peaks Found									

* C.L.: Cable Loss / A.G.: Ant. Gain / H.P.F.: High Pass Filter / D.F.: Distance Factor (3.75 m)

Notes:

We have done horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

11. FREQUENCY STABILITY OVER TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE VARIATIONS

FCC Rules

Test Requirements:

§ 2.1055 Measurements required: Frequency stability.

(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

(1) From -30° to + 50° centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

§ 27.54 Frequency stability.

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

ISED Rules

Test Requirements:

RSS-131

5. Equipment standard specifications for zone enhancers working with equipment certified in RSSs listed in section 1 except RSS-119

5.2 Industrial Zone Enhancers

5.2.4 Frequency stability

Industrial Zone Enhancers shall comply with the frequency stability given in the RSS that applies to the equipment with which the zone enhancer is to be used. In cases where the frequency stability limit is not given in the applicable RSS, the equipment shall comply with a frequency stability of \pm 1.5 ppm.

For zone enhancers with no input signal processing capability, the frequency stability measurement in this section is not required.

RSS-139

6. Transmitter Standard Specifications

6.4 Frequency Stability

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the occupied bandwidth stays within the operating frequency block when tested to the temperature and supply voltage variations specified in RSS-Gen.

Test Procedures:

As required by 47 CFR 2.1055, *Frequency Stability measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Spectrum Analyzer.

The EUT was placed in the Environmental Chamber.

A CW signal was injected into the EUT at the appropriate RF level. The frequency counter option on the Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure frequency deviations.

The frequency drift was investigated for every 10 °C increment until the unit is stabilized then

recorded the reading in tabular format with the temperature range of -30 to 50 °C.

Voltage supplied to EUT is 110 Vac reference temperature was done at 20°C.

The voltage was varied by \pm 15 % of nominal.

RSS-Gen

6. General administrative and technical requirements

6.11 Transmitter Frequency Stability

Frequency stability is a measure of frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at an appropriate reference temperature and the rated supply voltage.

When the measurement method of transmitter frequency stability is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference standards, the following conditions apply:

- a. The reference temperature for radio transmitters is +20°C (+68°F).
- b. A hand-held device that is only capable of operating using internal batteries shall be tested at the battery's nominal voltage, and again at the battery's operating end-point voltage, which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer. For this test, either a battery or an external power supply can be used.
- c. The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency-determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up.

With the transmitter installed in an environmental test chamber, the unmodulated carrier frequency and frequency stability shall be measured under the conditions specified below for licensed and licence-exempt devices, unless specified otherwise in the applicable RSS. A sufficient stabilization period at each temperature shall be used prior to each frequency measurement.

For licensed devices, the following measurement conditions apply:

- a. at the temperatures of -30°C (-22°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage
- b. at the temperature of +20°C (+68°F) and at \pm 15% of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage For licence-exempt devices, the following conditions apply:
- a. at the temperatures of -20°C (-4°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage
- b. at the temperature of +20°C (+68°F) and at ±15% of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage

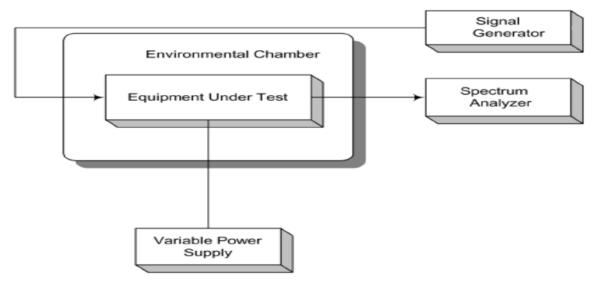


If the frequency stability limits are only met within a temperature range that is smaller than the range specified in (a) for licensed or licence-exempt devices, the frequency stability requirement will be deemed to be met if the transmitter is automatically prevented from operating outside this smaller temperature range and if the published operating characteristics for the equipment are revised to reflect this restricted temperature range.

If the device contains both licence and licence-exempt transmitter modules, the device's frequency stability shall be measured under the most stringent condition specified in the applicable RSS of the transmitter module.

In addition, if an unmodulated carrier is not available, the method used to measure frequency stability shall be described in the test report.

Test Setup:



* Note: This EUT is supported power supply both of AC and DC. Test results are only attached worst cases.



Test Results:

Frequency Stability and Voltage Test Results

[Downlink_AWS 2100 Band]

Reference: 120 Vac at 20°C Freq. = 2145.0 MHz

Voltage	Temp.	Frequency	Frequency	Deviation	
(%)	(°C)	(Hz)	Error (Hz)	(Hz)	ppm
	+20(Ref)	2145 000 000	0.359	0.000	0.00000
	-30	2144 999 996	-3.568	-3.927	-0.00183
	-20	2145 000 002	1.903	1.544	0.00072
	-10	2145 000 003	3.171	2.812	0.00131
100%	0	2144 999 999	-1.351	-1.710	-0.00080
	+10	2145 000 001	0.627	0.268	0.00012
	+30	2145 000 002	1.957	1.598	0.00074
	+40	2145 000 003	2.999	2.640	0.00123
	+50	2144 999 997	-2.605	-2.964	-0.00138
High	+20	2145 000 001	0.845	0.486	0.00023
Low	+20	2145 000 001	0.639	0.280	0.00013



12. APPENDIX A_EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

ľ	No.	Description
	1	HCT-RF-1806-FI008-P