

# TEST REPORT



**DT&C Co., Ltd.**

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042  
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRRFCC1911-0103
2. Customer
  - Name : Kyocera Corporation
  - Address : Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / DB05  
FCC ID : JOYDB05
5. Test Method Used : IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)  
Test Specification : CFR §2.1093
6. Date of Test : 2019.10.10 ~ 2019.10.15
7. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.
8. Test Result : Refer to attached test report.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : BumJun Park 	Name : HakMin Kim 

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2019 . 11 . 01 .

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## Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRRFCC1911-0103	Nov. 01, 2019	Initial issue

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# 1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

## 1.1 General Information

EUT type	Mobile Phone				
FCC ID	JOYDB05				
Equipment model name	DB05				
Equipment add model name	N/A				
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype				
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 1900, WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900, LTE Band 4, 2, 2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-HT20), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80), Bluetooth				
TX Frequency Range	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency
	GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz
	WCDMA 1700	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1850.7 ~ 1909.3 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5180 ~ 5240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5190 ~ 5230 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5210 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5260 ~ 5320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5270 ~ 5310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5500 ~ 5700 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5510 ~ 5670 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5530 MHz
RX Frequency Range	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
	GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz
	WCDMA 1700	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	2112.4 ~ 2152.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	2110.7 ~ 2154.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1930.7 ~ 1989.3 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5180 ~ 5240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5190 ~ 5230 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5210 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5260 ~ 5320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5270 ~ 5310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5500 ~ 5700 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5510 ~ 5670 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5530 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR			
		1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)
		Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	Phablet
PCE	GSM 1900	0.20	0.48	-	-
PCE	GPRS 1900	0.20	0.45	0.45	-
PCE	WCDMA 1700	0.42	0.71	0.71	-
PCE	WCDMA 1900	0.40	0.79	0.79	-
PCE	LTE Band 4	0.12	0.25	0.25	-
PCE	LTE Band 2	0.15	0.27	0.27	-
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.22	0.38	0.38	-
U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	-
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN	0.37	0.49	0.49	-
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.42	0.62	0.62	-
DSS	Bluetooth	< 0.1	0.13	0.13	-
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03		0.90	1.54	1.54	-
FCC Equipment Class	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)				
Date(s) of Tests	2019.10.10 ~ 2019.10.15				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna				
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported.</li> <li>* DTM not supported.</li> <li>No simultaneous transmission between BT &amp; 2.4GHz WLAN</li> <li>Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice &amp; WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA &amp; WLAN], [LTE &amp; WLAN].</li> <li>VoIP is supported.</li> <li>W-LAN 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot.</li> <li>W-LAN 5 GHz is supported Hotspot.</li> </ul>				

## 1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

## 1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

## 1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in JOYDB05\_Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm, it is considered a "phablet".

Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing					
	Top	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
GSM/GPRS 1900	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 1700	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 1900	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 4	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 2	X	O	O	O	X	O
2.4G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	O	X
5G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	O	X

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR or Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: O - Test / X - Not test.

## 1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 12 of this test report.

## 1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

### (A) BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn and hotspot **Bluetooth SAR were not required; [(15/10)\*√2.480] = 2.3 (< 3.0)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01 v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, phablet **Bluetooth SAR was not required; [(15/5)\*√2.480] = 4.7 (< 7.5)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

### (B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

## 1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 (Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- April 2019 TCB Workshop Notes (Tissue Simulating Liquids)

## 1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.



## 2. LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
FCC ID	JOYDB05				
Form Factor	Mobile Phone				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band	LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz) LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1850.7 ~ 1909.3 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 4 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz LTE Band 2 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Channel Number and Frequencies(MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1710.7 (19957)	N/A	1732.5 (20175)	N/A	1754.3 (20393)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1711.5 (19965)	N/A	1732.5 (20175)	N/A	1753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1712.5 (19975)	N/A	1732.5 (20175)	N/A	1752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1715.0 (20000)	N/A	1732.5 (20175)	N/A	1750.0 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1717.5 (20025)	N/A	1732.5 (20175)	N/A	1747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1720.0 (20050)	N/A	1732.5 (20175) <sup>Note1</sup>	N/A	1745.0 (20300)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz	1850.7 (18607)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1909.3 (19193)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 3 MHz	1851.5 (18615)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1908.5 (19185)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	1852.5 (18625)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1907.5 (19175)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1855.0 (18650)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1905.0 (19150)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1857.5 (18675)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1902.5 (19125)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 20 MHz	1860.0 (18700)	N/A	1880.0 (18900)	N/A	1900.0 (19100)
UE Category	UE Cat 4				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes				
LTE Carrier Aggregation	This device does not support both UL and DL carrier aggregation.				

Note(s)

1. LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



### 3. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

#### SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

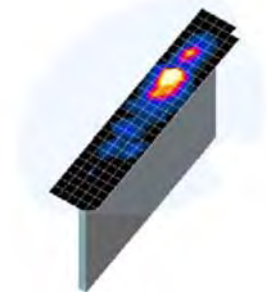
NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

## 4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

### 4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
  - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.



**Figure 4.1**  
**Sample SAR Area Scan**

			$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° $\pm$ 1°	20° $\pm$ 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Table 4.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04\*

## 5.1 Ear Reference Point

## 5.2 Handset Reference Points

Figure 1 consists of two schematic diagrams, (a) and (b), illustrating the geometry of a handset. Diagram (a) is a side view showing the handset's profile. It features a vertical center line and a horizontal line. The handset is divided into several sections: a top section with width  $w_s/2$ , a middle section with width  $w_d/2$ , a bottom section with width  $w_b/2$ , and a base section with width  $w_g/2$ . Points A and B are marked on the handset. Point A is located on the top section, and point B is located on the bottom section. The label 'acoustic output' points to the top section. Diagram (b) is a top view showing the handset's footprint. It features a vertical center line and a horizontal line. The handset is divided into several sections: a top section with width  $w_s/2$ , a middle section with width  $w_d/2$ , a bottom section with width  $w_b/2$ , and a base section with width  $w_g/2$ . Points A and B are marked on the handset. Point A is located on the top section, and point B is located on the bottom section. The label 'acoustic output' points to the top section.

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## 6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

### 6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

### 6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



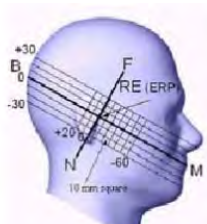
**Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position**

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

### 6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).



**Figure 6.2 Side view w/relevant markings**



**Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position**



## 6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

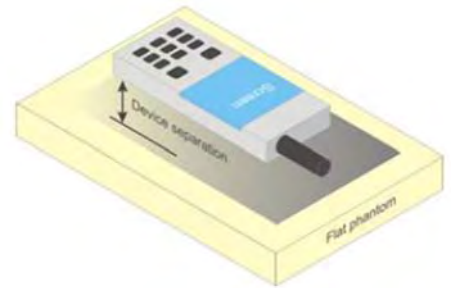


Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

## 6.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

## 6.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

## 6.7 Phablet Configurations

For smart phones with a display diagonal  $> 150 \text{ mm}$  or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 160 \text{ mm}$  that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna  $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$  from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1g SAR  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ .



## 7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

### Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 7.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992**

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

## 8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

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Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

### 8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

### 8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a “point SAR” at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

### 8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

#### 8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general, descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC, (transmit power control) set to all “1s” or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

#### 8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

### 8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

### 8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ , $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . Note 3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c/\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ .						

Figure 8.1 Table 1

### 8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 8.2 Table 2

## 8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The call simulator was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

### 8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

### 8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

### 8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Addition MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

### 8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:

- Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
  - The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
  - When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
  - When the reported SAR for a required test channel is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is  $< 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is  $< 1.45$  W/kg.

#### 8.4.5 64QAM uplink

- (1) Per KDB 941225 D05 V02r05, we'll measure conducted powers per Section 5.1 for all uplink modulations (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) and include in the test report.
- (2) From these power measurements, we will apply the procedures in Section 5.2.4 ("Higher Order Modulations") to determine SAR test reduction for 16QAM and 64QAM test cases.

### 8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

#### 8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

#### 8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

#### 8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.



### 8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all test position are measured.

### 8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is  $> 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is  $> 1.2$  W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

### 8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n or 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

### 8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all channels are measured.

### 8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

## 9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

### 9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Voice[dBm]	Burst Average GMSK [dBm]			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slot	3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot
GSM/GPRS 1900	Maximum	30.90	30.90	27.90	26.10	24.90
	Nominal	29.50	29.50	26.50	24.70	23.50

Table 9.1.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Band	Channel	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice	GPRS Data (GMSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
PCS 1900	512	29.30	29.30	26.80	25.00	23.90
	661	29.30	29.40	26.90	25.10	23.90
	810	29.20	29.30	26.80	25.00	23.80
Band	Channel	Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice	GPRS Data (GMSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
PCS 1900	512	20.25	20.25	20.80	20.75	20.89
	661	20.27	20.36	20.85	20.80	20.89
	810	20.18	20.24	20.76	20.69	20.79
PCS 1900	Frame Avg. Targets:	20.47	20.47	20.48	20.44	20.49

Table 9.1.2 GSM Conducted Power

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)  
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9.1 Power Measurement Setup



## 9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode			AWS Band (dBm)	PCS Band (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
99	WCDMA	Voice	Maximum	24.2	24.2	-
			Nominal	23.7	23.7	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.2	23.2	0
			Nominal	22.7	22.7	0
5		Subtest 2	Maximum	23.2	23.2	0
			Nominal	22.7	22.7	0
5		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.7	22.7	0.5
			Nominal	22.2	22.2	0.5
5		Subtest 4	Maximum	22.7	22.7	0.5
			Nominal	22.2	22.2	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.2	23.2	0
			Nominal	22.7	22.7	0
6		Subtest 2	Maximum	21.2	21.2	2
			Nominal	20.7	20.7	2
6		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.2	22.2	1
			Nominal	21.7	21.7	1
6		Subtest 4	Maximum	21.2	21.2	2
			Nominal	20.7	20.7	2
6		Subtest 5	Maximum	23.2	23.2	0
			Nominal	22.7	22.7	0

Table 9.2.1 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	AWS Band (dBm)			PCS Band (dBm)			3GPP MPR (dB)
			1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.49	22.57	22.56	22.64	22.70	22.62	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	22.48	22.56	22.55	22.65	22.67	22.65	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.51	21.58	21.57	21.67	21.70	21.68	0
5		Subtest 2	21.48	21.56	21.53	21.63	21.66	21.65	0
5		Subtest 3	20.98	21.07	21.04	21.15	21.19	21.16	0.5
5		Subtest 4	20.97	21.03	21.02	21.14	21.17	21.15	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.52	21.58	21.57	21.68	21.69	21.72	0
6		Subtest 2	19.50	19.57	19.56	19.68	19.70	19.68	2
6		Subtest 3	20.52	20.59	20.58	20.66	20.69	20.66	1
6		Subtest 4	20.02	20.10	20.09	19.70	19.72	19.69	2
6		Subtest 5	21.51	21.56	21.55	21.64	21.66	21.64	0

Table 9.2.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSDPA and HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions.

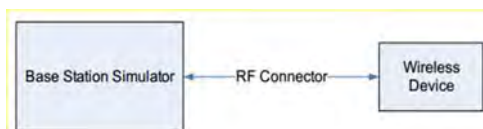


Figure 9.2 Power Measurement Setup

### 9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 4	Maximum	24.2
	Nominal	23.7

Table 9.3.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

#### 1) LTE Band 4

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 20 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20175 (1732.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0	22.43	≤ 1	0
	1	50	22.58		
	1	99	22.41		
	50	0	21.59		1
	50	25	21.51		
	50	50	21.47		
	100	0	21.54		1
16QAM	1	0	21.56	≤ 1	1
	1	50	21.65		
	1	99	21.58		
	50	0	20.57	≤ 2	2
	50	25	20.50		
	50	50	20.49		
	100	0	20.52		
64QAM	1	0	20.47	≤ 2	2
	1	50	20.59		
	1	99	20.44		
	50	0	19.62	≤ 3	3
	50	25	19.54		
	50	50	19.53		
	100	0	19.57		

Table 9.3.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20025 (1717.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20325 (1747.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.39	22.36	≤ 1	0
	1	36	22.47	22.44	22.42		
	1	74	22.30	22.30	22.35		
	36	0	21.42	21.55	21.44		1
	36	18	21.50	21.49	21.47		
	36	37	21.44	21.46	21.51		
	75	0	21.41	21.49	21.45		1
16QAM	1	0	21.53	21.54	21.47	≤ 1	1
	1	36	21.60	21.59	21.50		
	1	74	21.47	21.48	21.41		
	36	0	20.40	20.55	20.43	≤ 2	2
	36	18	20.42	20.50	20.41		
	36	37	20.39	20.45	20.46		
	75	0	20.39	20.53	20.45		
64QAM	1	0	20.41	20.44	20.40	≤ 2	2
	1	36	20.46	20.52	20.45		
	1	74	20.37	20.43	20.32		
	36	0	19.47	19.59	19.50	≤ 3	3
	36	18	19.51	19.54	19.53		
	36	37	19.47	19.52	19.52		
	75	0	19.42	19.55	19.51		

Table 9.3.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20000 (1715.0 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20350 (1750.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.39	22.36	22.36	≤ 1	0
	1	25	22.49	22.53	22.50		
	1	49	22.35	22.31	22.31		
	25	0	21.38	21.59	21.44		1
	25	12	21.44	21.48	21.45		
	25	25	21.36	21.41	21.56		
	50	0	21.41	21.53	21.50		1
16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.32	21.40	≤ 1	1
	1	25	21.61	21.71	21.68		
	1	49	21.39	21.30	21.38		
	25	0	20.36	20.59	20.44	≤ 2	2
	25	12	20.42	20.51	20.45		
	25	25	20.37	20.43	20.58		
	50	0	20.38	20.55	20.48		
64QAM	1	0	20.34	20.35	20.37	≤ 2	2
	1	25	20.61	20.64	20.46		
	1	49	20.33	20.39	20.31		
	25	0	19.42	19.65	19.50	≤ 3	3
	25	12	19.48	19.54	19.50		
	25	25	19.42	19.50	19.61		
	50	0	19.43	19.62	19.55		

Table 9.3.1.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.34	22.32	22.32	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.43	22.43	22.40		
	1	24	22.30	22.32	22.31		
	12	0	21.37	21.49	21.39		1
	12	6	21.49	21.48	21.47		
	12	13	21.47	21.43	21.43		
	25	0	21.42	21.47	21.42		1
16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.49	21.46	≤ 1	1
	1	12	21.55	21.60	21.48		
	1	24	21.42	21.47	21.35		
	12	0	20.38	20.50	20.40	≤ 2	2
	12	6	20.49	20.51	20.41		
	12	13	20.46	20.47	20.38		
	25	0	20.43	20.47	20.43		
64QAM	1	0	20.40	20.34	20.35	≤ 2	2
	1	12	20.42	20.43	20.41		
	1	24	20.30	20.36	20.31		
	12	0	19.44	19.55	19.47	≤ 3	3
	12	6	19.53	19.57	19.48		
	12	13	19.53	19.49	19.42		
	25	0	19.49	19.50	19.44		

Table 9.3.1.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19965 (1711.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20385 (1753.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.47	22.42	22.40	≤ 1	0
	1	7	22.46	22.42	22.37		
	1	14	22.43	22.41	22.38		
	8	0	21.48	21.44	21.40		1
	8	4	21.50	21.46	21.44		
	8	7	21.50	21.43	21.43		
	15	0	21.46	21.43	21.37		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.57	21.55		21.55
1		7	21.57	21.55	21.52		
1		14	21.52	21.56	21.46		
8		0	20.56	20.53	20.50	≤ 2	2
8		4	20.55	20.56	20.48		
8		7	20.52	20.53	20.47		
15		0	20.46	20.45	20.39		
64QAM		1	0	20.46	20.44	20.39	≤ 2
	1	7	20.45	20.43	20.37		
	1	14	20.43	20.47	20.37		
	8	0	19.54	19.54	19.44	≤ 3	
	8	4	19.55	19.54	19.47		
	8	7	19.54	19.55	19.46		
	15	0	19.47	19.44	19.39		3

Table 9.3.1.6 LTE Conducted Power

TE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power~ 1.4 MHz Bandwidth									
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)		
			19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)				
			Conducted Power (dBm)						
QPSK	1	0	22.49	22.46	22.37	≤ 1	0		
	1	2	22.60	22.54	22.50				
	1	5	22.49	22.44	22.38				
	3	0	22.58	22.52	22.48				
	3	2	22.62	22.53	22.50		0		
	3	3	22.59	22.52	22.46				
	6	0	21.55	21.52	21.46				
	1	0	21.53	21.52	21.46			≤ 1	1
1	2	21.64	21.66	21.59					
1	5	21.54	21.55	21.38					
3	0	21.48	21.50	21.43					
3	2	21.58	21.50	21.49	1				
3	3	21.46	21.47	21.44					
6	0	20.57	20.55	20.51		≤ 2	2		
64QAM	1	0	20.38	20.40		20.34	≤ 2		2
	1	2	20.52	20.50	20.47				
	1	5	20.35	20.40	20.33				
	3	0	20.61	20.60	20.51				
	3	2	20.64	20.64	20.53	2			
	3	3	20.59	20.58	20.55				
	6	0	19.51	19.50	19.41			≤ 3	3

Table 9.3.1.7 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average(dBm)
LTE Band 2(PCS)	Maximum	24.2
	Nominal	23.7

Table 9.3.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

## 2) LTE Band 2 (PCS)

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power– 20 MHz Bandwidth								
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			18700 (1860.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19100 (1900.0 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.61	22.35	≤ 1	0	
	1	50	22.39	22.64	22.61			
	1	99	22.32	22.60	22.36			
	50	0	21.41	21.65	21.36		1	
	50	25	21.35	21.64	21.40			
	50	50	21.36	21.62	21.34			
	100	0	21.38	21.65	21.32			
1	0	21.32	21.48	21.39	≤ 1	1		
1	50	21.38	21.65	21.70				
1	99	21.33	21.41	21.37				
16QAM	50	0	20.55	20.73		20.38	≤ 2	2
	50	25	20.45	20.66		20.37		
	50	50	20.55	20.64		20.35		
	100	0	20.55	20.64		20.37		
	1	0	20.35	20.52	20.44	≤ 2		
1	50	20.55	20.49	20.63				
1	99	20.44	20.42	20.39				
64QAM	50	0	19.52	19.67	19.36		≤ 3	3
	50	25	19.47	19.63	19.32			
	50	50	19.41	19.62	19.33			
	100	0	19.42	19.62	19.34			

Table 9.3.2.2 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power– 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.35	22.34	22.31	≤ 1	0
	1	36	22.38	22.36	22.34		
	1	74	22.32	22.30	22.31		
	36	0	21.36	21.34	21.36		
	36	18	21.31	21.32	21.40		1
	36	37	21.34	21.31	21.34		
	75	0	21.35	21.31	21.36		
	75	0	21.35	21.31	21.36		
16QAM	1	0	21.55	21.54	21.47	≤ 1	1
	1	36	21.52	21.49	21.51		
	1	74	21.51	21.43	21.50		
	36	0	20.38	20.38	20.37		
	36	18	20.34	20.36	20.38	≤ 2	2
	36	37	20.36	20.30	20.36		
	75	0	20.43	20.35	20.35		
	75	0	20.43	20.35	20.35		
64QAM	1	0	20.36	20.45	20.41	≤ 2	2
	1	36	20.45	20.45	20.46		
	1	74	20.43	20.33	20.32		
	36	0	19.36	19.36	19.39		
	36	18	19.33	19.32	19.42	≤ 3	3
	36	37	19.35	19.31	19.38		
	75	0	19.36	19.32	19.38		
	75	0	19.36	19.32	19.38		

Table 9.3.2.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power-- 10 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	22.38	22.37	22.31	≤ 1	0	
	1	25	22.49	22.44	22.40			
	1	49	22.35	22.41	22.35			
	25	0	21.38	21.38	21.37		1	
	25	12	21.34	21.31	21.36			
	25	25	21.30	21.30	21.30			
	50	0	21.35	21.33	21.35		1	
16QAM	1	0	21.48	21.51	21.47	≤ 1	1	
	1	25	21.61	21.55	21.55			
	1	49	21.55	21.46	21.39			
	25	0	20.35	20.41	20.37		≤ 2	2
	25	12	20.31	20.32	20.37			
	25	25	20.31	20.31	20.31			
	50	0	20.31	20.34	20.37			2
64QAM	1	0	20.49	20.46	20.44	≤ 2	2	
	1	25	20.54	20.52	20.58			
	1	49	20.45	20.39	20.41			
	25	0	19.42	19.42	19.38		≤ 3	3
	25	12	19.35	19.34	19.34			
	25	25	19.34	19.34	19.32			
	50	0	19.36	19.37	19.33			3

Table 9.3.2.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.36	22.36	22.30	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.47	22.46	22.40		
	1	24	22.33	22.32	22.39		
	12	0	21.47	21.47	21.46		
	12	6	21.52	21.50	21.45		1
	12	13	21.47	21.43	21.33		
	25	0	21.49	21.47	21.41		
	1	0	21.42	21.44	21.41		
16QAM	1	12	21.53	21.52	21.49	≤ 1	1
	1	24	21.42	21.38	21.42		
	12	0	20.43	20.47	20.38		
	12	6	20.48	20.47	20.40		
	12	13	20.44	20.42	20.35	≤ 2	2
	25	0	20.45	20.47	20.35		
	1	0	20.38	20.36	20.40		
	1	12	20.44	20.45	20.45		
64QAM	1	24	20.35	20.33	20.34	≤ 2	2
	12	0	19.33	19.33	19.34		
	12	6	19.38	19.38	19.36		
	12	13	19.33	19.37	19.33		
	25	0	19.32	19.36	19.31	≤ 3	3
	1	0	20.38	20.36	20.40		
	1	12	20.44	20.45	20.45		
	1	24	20.35	20.33	20.34		

Table 9.3.2.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18615 (1851.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19185 (1908.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.44	22.43	22.38	≤ 1	0
	1	7	22.46	22.44	22.39		
	1	14	22.41	22.44	22.37		
	8	0	21.46	21.46	21.44		
	8	4	21.51	21.48	21.43		1
	8	7	21.47	21.45	21.40		
	15	0	21.48	21.46	21.42		1
	1	0	21.47	21.46	21.49		
16QAM	1	7	21.49	21.47	21.47	≤ 1	1
	1	14	21.45	21.44	21.47		
	8	0	20.49	20.50	20.51		
	8	4	20.51	20.52	20.49		
	8	7	20.47	20.47	20.49	≤ 2	2
	15	0	20.41	20.44	20.48		
	1	0	20.43	20.41	20.42		
	1	7	20.46	20.45	20.49		
64QAM	1	14	20.43	20.43	20.46	≤ 2	2
	8	0	19.40	19.34	19.37		
	8	4	19.36	19.36	19.37		
	8	7	19.35	19.35	19.35		
	15	0	19.34	19.30	19.30	≤ 3	3
	1	0	20.43	20.41	20.42		
	1	7	20.46	20.45	20.49		
	1	14	20.43	20.43	20.46		

Table 9.3.2.6 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 1.4 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			18607 (1850.7 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19193 (1909.3 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	22.47	22.40	22.39	≤ 1	0	
	1	2	22.46	22.57	22.42			
	1	5	22.44	22.46	22.39			
	3	0	22.54	22.43	22.49			
	3	2	22.57	22.58	22.44		0	
	3	3	22.56	22.54	22.50			
	6	0	21.55	21.36	21.31		1	
	1	0	21.47	21.48	21.44			
16QAM	1	2	21.63	21.61	21.59	≤ 1	1	
	1	5	21.48	21.47	21.43			
	3	0	21.51	21.46	21.49			
	3	2	21.53	21.52	21.41			
	3	3	21.50	21.46	21.46		1	
	6	0	20.40	20.36	20.35			
	1	0	20.45	20.47	20.42		≤ 2	2
	1	2	20.55	20.55	20.56			
1	5	20.44	20.47	20.46				
3	0	20.48	20.47	20.49				
3	2	20.48	20.53	20.53	2			
3	3	20.48	20.44	20.48				
6	0	19.41	19.39	19.42	≤ 3	3		

Table 9.3.2.7 LTE Conducted Power

## 9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Modulated Average[dBm]	
		Maximum	Nominal
2.4	802.11b	17.0	15.0
	802.11g	13.0	11.0
	802.11n	13.0	11.0

Table 9.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11b	2412	1	15.56	
	2437	6	16.45	
	2462	11	16.42	
802.11g	2412	1	12.69	
	2437	6	12.55	
	2462	11	12.45	
802.11n (HT-20)	2412	1	12.68	
	2437	6	12.39	
	2462	11	12.38	

Table 9.4.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

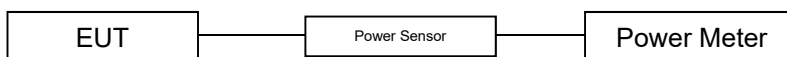


Figure 9.4.1 Power Measurement Setup

Band (GHz)	Mode	Modulated Average[dBm]	
		Maximum	Nominal
5 (UNII)	802.11a	14.0	12.0
	802.11n/ac (20MHz)	14.0	12.0
	802.11n/ac (40MHz)	14.0	12.0
	802.11ac (80MHz)	14.0	12.0

Table 9.4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11a	5180	36	13.95	
	5200	40	13.89	
	5220	44	13.82	
	5240	48	13.92	
	5260	52	13.83	
	5280	56	13.83	
	5300	60	13.98	
	5320	64	13.94	
	5500	100	13.94	
	5580	116	13.82	
	5660	132	13.82	
	5700	140	13.44	

Table 9.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11n (HT-20)	5180	36	13.31	
	5200	40	12.87	
	5220	44	12.93	
	5240	48	13.10	
	5260	52	12.99	
	5280	56	12.92	
	5300	60	13.11	
	5320	64	13.05	
	5500	100	12.96	
	5580	116	12.94	
	5660	132	12.93	
	5700	140	13.16	

Table 9.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
			[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5180	36	13.01
	5200	40	13.44
	5220	44	13.32
	5240	48	13.41
	5260	52	13.34
	5280	56	13.37
	5300	60	12.45
	5320	64	12.46
	5500	100	13.45
	5580	116	13.18
	5660	132	13.26
	5700	140	13.21

**Table 9.4.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
			[dBm]
802.11n (HT-40)	5190	38	13.34
	5230	46	12.88
	5270	54	12.89
	5310	62	12.93
	5510	102	12.79
	5550	110	12.78
	5670	134	12.60

**Table 9.4.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
			[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-40)	5190	38	12.79
	5230	46	12.75
	5270	54	12.65
	5310	62	12.64
	5510	102	13.40
	5550	110	13.46
	5670	134	13.46

**Table 9.4.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power**

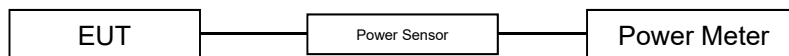
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
			[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5210	42	13.23
	<u>5290</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>13.12</u>
	<u>5530</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>13.20</u>
	5610	122	13.00

**Table 9.4.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power**

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.


**Figure 9.4.2 Power Measurement Setup**



## 9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Frame Modulated Average[dBm]		
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	11.7
	Nominal	10.7
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	8.4
	Nominal	7.4
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	8.4
	Nominal	7.4
Bluetooth (LE)	Maximum	7.3
	Nominal	6.3

Table 9.5.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps) (dBm)
Low	2402	7.57	5.38	5.62
Mid	2441	7.89	5.96	6.05
High	2480	7.10	5.18	5.55

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth Burst and Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE) (dBm)
Low	2402	3.31
Mid	2440	3.56
High	2480	3.03

Table 9.5.3 Bluetooth LE Burst and Frame Average RF Power

### ● Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

#### 1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(A).

3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

#### 2. Bluetooth (LE)

1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(B).

3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

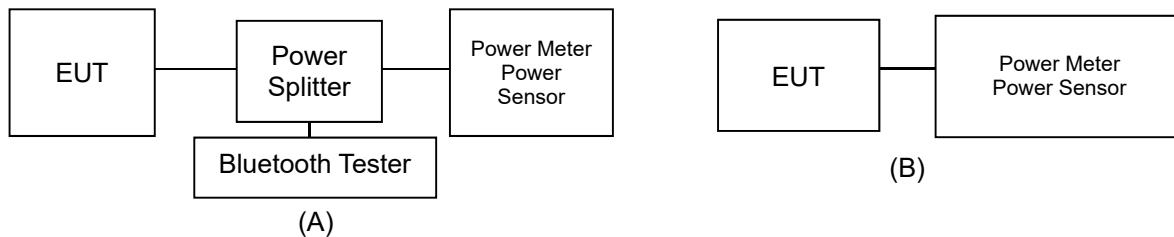


Figure 9.5.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

- Bluetooth Transmission Plot

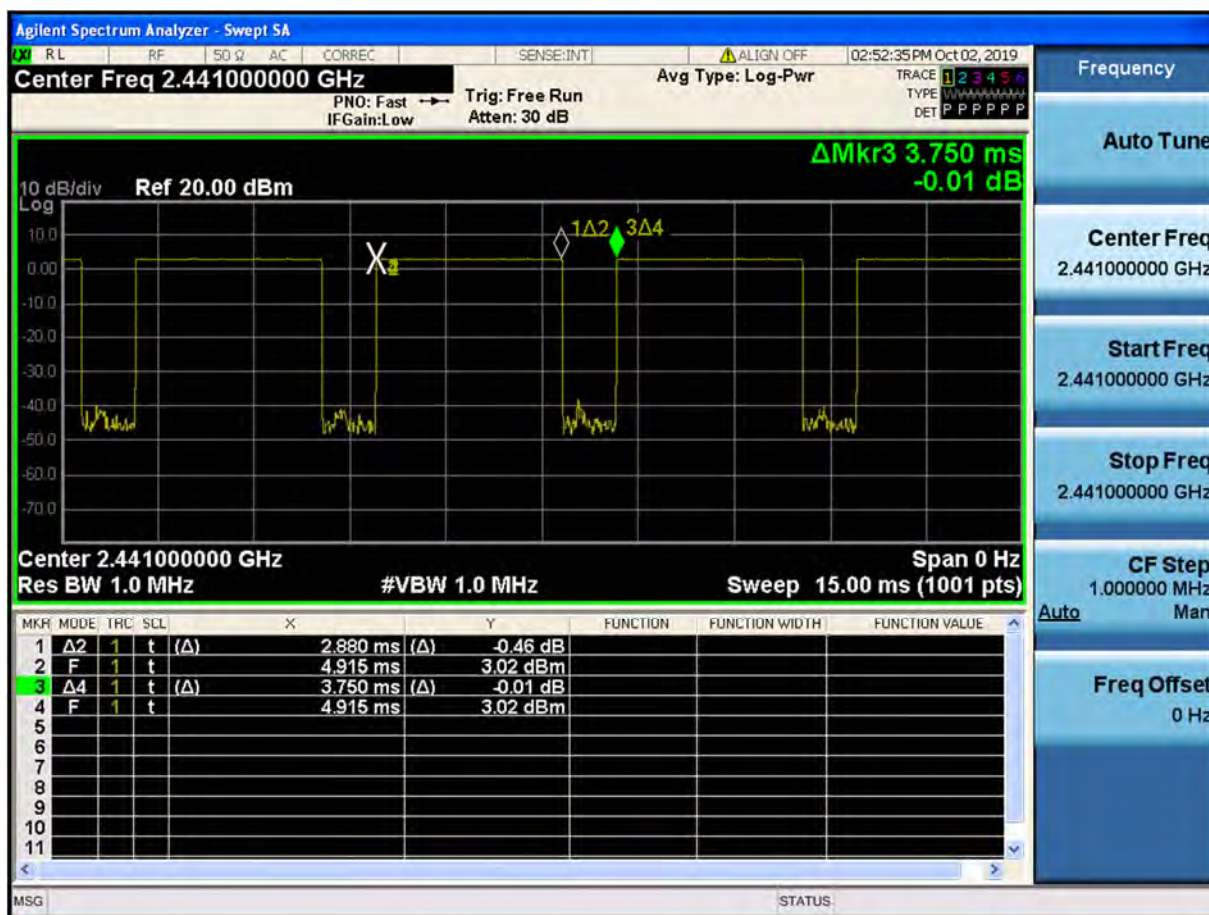


Figure 9.5.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

- Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

$$\text{Duty Cycle} = \text{Pulse/Period} * 100\% = (2.880/3.750) * 100 = 76.8\%$$

## 10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 10.1 Tissue Verification

Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS						
				Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon_r$	Target Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon_r$	Measured Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	$\sigma$ Deviation [%]
Oct. 11. 2019	1800 Head	21.6	21.7	1712.4	40.126	1.350	41.240	1.337	2.78	-0.96
				1720.0	40.114	1.354	41.200	1.343	2.71	-0.81
				1732.4	40.097	1.361	41.152	1.354	2.63	-0.51
				1732.5	40.097	1.361	41.152	1.354	2.63	-0.51
				1745.0	40.079	1.369	41.103	1.365	2.55	-0.29
				1752.6	40.069	1.373	41.069	1.372	2.50	-0.07
				1770.0	40.043	1.383	40.997	1.389	2.38	0.43
Oct. 10. 2019	1900 Head	22.2	22.0	1800.0	40.000	1.400	40.956	1.399	2.39	-0.07
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	41.256	1.381	3.14	-1.36
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	41.255	1.384	3.14	-1.14
				1860.0	40.000	1.400	41.252	1.394	3.13	-0.43
				1880.0	40.000	1.400	41.221	1.416	3.05	1.14
				1900.0	40.000	1.400	41.182	1.435	2.96	2.50
				1907.6	40.000	1.400	41.166	1.442	2.91	3.00
Oct. 14. 2019	1900 Head	20.3	20.3	1909.8	40.000	1.400	41.160	1.443	2.90	3.07
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	41.104	1.386	2.76	-1.00
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	41.103	1.389	2.76	-0.79
				1860.0	40.000	1.400	41.100	1.399	2.75	-0.07
				1880.0	40.000	1.400	41.066	1.421	2.67	1.50
				1900.0	40.000	1.400	41.027	1.441	2.57	2.93
				1907.6	40.000	1.400	41.024	1.441	2.56	2.93
Oct. 15. 2019	2450 Head	20.2	20.4	1909.8	40.000	1.400	41.005	1.449	2.51	3.50
				2402.0	39.282	1.757	38.064	1.756	-3.10	-0.06
				2412.0	39.265	1.766	38.036	1.767	-3.13	0.06
				2437.0	39.222	1.788	37.968	1.795	-3.20	0.39
				2441.0	39.215	1.792	37.956	1.799	-3.21	0.39
				2450.0	39.200	1.800	37.926	1.810	-3.25	0.56
				2462.0	39.184	1.813	37.898	1.823	-3.28	0.55
Oct. 10. 2019	5300 Head	22.6	23.1	2467.0	39.177	1.818	37.885	1.828	-3.30	0.55
				2472.0	39.171	1.823	37.869	1.833	-3.32	0.55
				2480.0	39.160	1.832	37.841	1.842	-3.37	0.55
				5260.0	35.940	4.720	36.901	4.592	2.67	-2.71
				5270.0	35.930	4.730	36.895	4.604	2.69	-2.66
				5280.0	35.920	4.740	36.892	4.613	2.71	-2.68
				5290.0	35.910	4.750	36.885	4.619	2.72	-2.76
Oct. 11. 2019	5600 Head	21.3	22.5	5300.0	35.900	4.760	36.860	4.627	2.67	-2.79
				5310.0	35.890	4.770	36.841	4.637	2.65	-2.79
				5320.0	35.880	4.780	36.825	4.648	2.63	-2.76
				5500.0	35.650	4.965	36.997	4.960	3.78	-0.10
				5510.0	35.635	4.976	36.980	4.968	3.77	-0.16
				5530.0	35.605	4.997	36.944	4.987	3.76	-0.20
				5550.0	35.575	5.018	36.909	5.002	3.75	-0.32
				5580.0	35.530	5.049	36.831	5.046	3.66	-0.06
				5600.0	35.500	5.070	36.820	5.076	3.72	0.12
				5660.0	35.440	5.130	36.715	5.119	3.60	-0.21
				5670.0	35.430	5.140	36.682	5.131	3.53	-0.18
				5690.0	35.410	5.160	36.637	5.166	3.47	0.12
				5710.0	35.390	5.180	36.633	5.196	3.51	0.31
				5720.0	35.380	5.190	36.631	5.203	3.54	0.25
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	36.449	5.285	3.25	0.28

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

#### Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured.
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .

## 10.2 Test System Verification

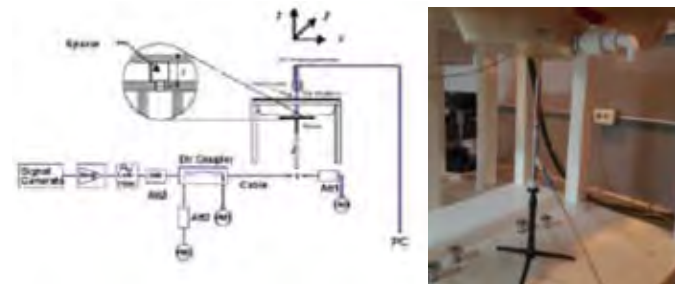
Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

**Table 10.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)**

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
C	1800	D1800V2, SN:2d047	Oct. 11. 2019	Head	21.6	21.7	3866	100	38.1	3.83	38.30	0.52
C	1900	D1900V2, SN:5d029	Oct. 10. 2019	Head	22.2	22.0	3866	100	40.4	4.01	40.10	-0.74
C	1900	D1900V2, SN:5d029	Oct. 14. 2019	Head	20.3	20.3	3866	100	40.4	4.23	42.30	4.70
C	2450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Oct. 15. 2019	Head	20.2	20.4	3866	100	51.2	5.06	50.60	-1.17
D	5300	D5GHZV2, SN:1103	Oct. 10. 2019	Head	22.6	23.1	3933	100	82.4	7.84	78.40	-4.85
D	5500	D5GHZV2, SN:1103	Oct. 11. 2019	Head	21.3	22.5	3933	100	84.0	8.44	84.40	0.48

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2 : Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.



**Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo**

## 11. SAR TEST RESULTS

### 11.1 Head SAR Results

Table 11.1.1 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	0.060	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.135	1.445	0.195	A1
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	0.140	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.086	1.445	0.124	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	0.110	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.049	1.445	0.071	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	0.160	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.048	1.445	0.069	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.010	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.155	1.259	0.195	A2
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.190	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.095	1.259	0.120	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.040	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.070	1.259	0.088	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.080	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.054	1.259	0.068	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.1.2 WCDMA 1700 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.160	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.289	1.455	0.420	A3
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.020	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.166	1.455	0.242	
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.190	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.091	1.455	0.132	
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.140	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.090	1.455	0.131	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.3 WCDMA 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	-0.090	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.284	1.413	0.401	A4
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	0.090	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.171	1.413	0.242	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	0.100	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.113	1.413	0.160	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	0.110	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.102	1.413	0.144	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.4 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.090	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.084	1.452	0.122	A5
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.170	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.073	1.449	0.106	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.180	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.045	1.452	0.065	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.090	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.037	1.449	0.054	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.050	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.036	1.452	0.052	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.170	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.030	1.449	0.043	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.160	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.032	1.452	0.046	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.040	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.026	1.449	0.038	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11.1.5 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.170	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.102	1.432	0.146	A6
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.150	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.085	1.429	0.121	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.180	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.062	1.432	0.089	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.110	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.044	1.429	0.063	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.050	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.037	1.432	0.053	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.070	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.032	1.429	0.046	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.070	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.031	1.432	0.044	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.120	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.026	1.429	0.037	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11.1.6 DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.120	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.191	1	96.5	0.185	1.107	1.036	0.212	
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	0.110	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.103	1	96.5	0.103	1.107	1.036	0.118	
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.211	1	96.5	0.190	1.107	1.036	0.218	A7
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	0.020	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.103	1	96.5	0.096	1.107	1.036	0.110	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.218	2412.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.087	X
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.218	2412.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.087	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

Table 11.1.7 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	-0.010	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.222	MCS0	78.2	0.233	1.225	1.279	0.365	A8
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.080	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.123	MCS0	78.2	0.131	1.225	1.279	0.205	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.010	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.152	MCS0	78.2	0.146	1.225	1.279	0.229	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.148	MCS0	78.2	0.158	1.225	1.279	0.248	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	0.365	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.365	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.1.8 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.090	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.252	MCS0	78.2	0.276	1.202	1.279	0.424	A9
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	-0.060	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.118	MCS0	78.2	0.122	1.202	1.279	0.188	
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.148	MCS0	78.2	0.150	1.202	1.279	0.231	
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.020	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.129	MCS0	78.2	0.138	1.202	1.279	0.212	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.9 Bluetooth Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.018	2.404	1.302	0.056	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	Right Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.010	2.404	1.302	0.031	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.020	2.404	1.302	0.063	A10
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	Right Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.008	2.404	1.302	0.025	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						



## 11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 11.2.1 PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.313	1.445	0.452	A11
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	30.90	29.30	-0.090	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.334	1.445	0.483	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.339	1.259	0.427	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	-0.060	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.361	1.259	0.454	A12
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.419	1.455	0.610	A13
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	-0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.491	1.455	0.714	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.513	1.413	0.725	A14
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	-0.120	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.562	1.413	0.794	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.2.2 LTE B4, B2 Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.010	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.160	1.452	0.232	A15
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.010	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.140	1.449	0.203	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	-0.060	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.174	1.452	0.253	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	-0.050	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.145	1.449	0.210	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.060	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.188	1.432	0.269	A16
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.030	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.155	1.429	0.221	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	-0.120	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.184	1.432	0.263	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	-0.100	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.155	1.429	0.221	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11.2.3 DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
MHz	Ch															
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.130	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.037	1	96.5	0.032	1.107	1.036	0.037	A17	
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.347	1	96.5	0.334	1.107	1.036	0.383		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.383	2412.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.152	X
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.383	2412.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.152	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

Table 11.2.4 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #	
MHz	Ch															
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.152	MCS0	78.2	0.148	1.225	1.279	0.232	A18	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.313	MCS0	78.2	0.311	1.225	1.279	0.487		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	0.487	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.487	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.



Table 11.2.5 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.102	MCS0	78.2	0.099	1.202	1.279	0.152	
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.401	MCS0	78.2	0.404	1.202	1.279	0.621	A19
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure															

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.001	2.404	1.302	0.003	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.040	2.404	1.302	0.125	A20
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

## 11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Results

Table 11.3.1 GPRS/WCDMA Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	-0.000	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1.2.075	0.082	1.259	0.103	A12
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1.2.075	0.339	1.259	0.427	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	-0.060	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1.2.075	0.361	1.259	0.454	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	24.90	23.90	-0.060	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	4	1.2.075	0.264	1.259	0.332	
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.010	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.190	1.455	0.276	A13
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.419	1.455	0.610	
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	-0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.491	1.455	0.714	
1732.4	1412	WCDMA 1700	RMC	24.20	22.57	-0.040	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.332	1.455	0.483	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	-0.030	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.175	1.413	0.247	A14
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	0.060	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.513	1.413	0.725	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	-0.120	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.562	1.413	0.794	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	24.20	22.70	-0.030	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.445	1.413	0.629	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.3.2 LTE B4 Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	-0.010	0	10 mm (Bottom)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.057	1.452	0.083	A15
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	-0.020	1	10 mm (Bottom)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.050	1.449	0.072	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	0.010	0	10 mm (Front)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.160	1.452	0.232	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	0.010	1	10 mm (Front)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.140	1.449	0.203	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	-0.060	0	10 mm (Rear)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.174	1.452	0.253	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	-0.050	1	10 mm (Rear)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.145	1.449	0.210	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.20	22.58	-0.030	0	10 mm (Left)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.102	1.452	0.148	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.20	21.59	-0.050	1	10 mm (Left)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.092	1.449	0.133	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11.3.3 LTE B2 Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	-0.120	0	10 mm (Bottom)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.056	1.432	0.080	A16
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.060	1	10 mm (Bottom)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.048	1.429	0.069	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	0.060	0	10 mm (Front)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.188	1.432	0.269	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	0.030	1	10 mm (Front)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.155	1.429	0.221	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	-0.120	0	10 mm (Rear)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.184	1.432	0.263	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	-0.100	1	10 mm (Rear)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.155	1.429	0.221	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.20	22.64	-0.040	0	10 mm (Left)	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.157	1.432	0.225	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.20	21.65	-0.060	1	10 mm (Left)	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.133	1.429	0.190	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11.3.4 DTS Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	0.010	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.041	1	96.5	0.037	1.107	1.036	0.042	
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.130	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.037	1	96.5	0.032	1.107	1.036	0.037	
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.347	1	96.5	0.334	1.107	1.036	0.383	A17
2412.0	1	802.11b	17.00	16.56	-0.130	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.147	1	96.5	0.139	1.107	1.036	0.159	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.383	2412.0	802.11g	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.152	X
2412.0	1	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.383	2412.0	802.11n	OFDM	13.0	0.398	0.152	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

Table 11.3.5 UNII Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.040	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.099	MCS0	78.2	0.091	1.225	1.279	0.143	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.152	MCS0	78.2	0.148	1.225	1.279	0.232	
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.313	MCS0	78.2	0.311	1.225	1.279	0.487	A18
5290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	13.12	0.020	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.195	MCS0	78.2	0.177	1.225	1.279	0.277	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	0.487	5210	802.11ac	OFDM	14.0	1.000	0.487	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.3.6 UNII Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.090	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.089	MCS0	78.2	0.078	1.202	1.279	0.120	
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.102	MCS0	78.2	0.099	1.202	1.279	0.152	
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.401	MCS0	78.2	0.404	1.202	1.279	0.621	A19
5530.0	106	802.11ac	14.00	13.20	0.030	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	0.209	MCS0	78.2	0.183	1.202	1.279	0.281	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.3.7 Bluetooth Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.003	2.404	1.302	0.009	A20
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.001	2.404	1.302	0.003	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.100	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.040	2.404	1.302	0.125	
2441.0	39	Bluetooth	11.70	7.89	0.150	10 mm [Right]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.015	2.404	1.302	0.047	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

## 11.4 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg.

## 11.5 SAR Test Notes

### General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated with a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was > 1.2 W/kg, additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

### GSM Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not >  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

**WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:**

1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

**LTE Notes:**

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required.  
Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1 RB, 50% RB and 100% RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.  
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1 RB allocation and 50% RB allocation were less than 1.45 W/kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=1 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
5. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:  
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1 RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are  $> 0.8$  W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation  $< 1.45$  W/kg. Testing for 16QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is  $< 1.45$  W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is  $< 1.45$  W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

**WLAN Notes:**

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was  $\leq 1.20$  W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.



## **12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS**

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### **12.1 Introduction**

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

### **12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures**

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6$  W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

### **12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities**

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

**Table 12.3.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios**

No.	Capable TX Configuration	GSM1900(Voice)	GPRS1900(Data)	WCDMA B4/B2(Voice/Data)	LTE B4/B2	WIFI 2.4GHz(802.11b/g/n)	WIFI 5GHz(802.11a/n/ac)	Bluetooth
1	GSM1900(Voice)		No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	GPRS1900(Data)	No		No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA B4/B2(Voice/Data)	No	No		No	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	LTE B4/B2	No	No	No		Yes	Yes	Yes
5	WIFI 2.4GHz(802.11b/g/n)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		No	No
6	WIFI 5GHz(802.11a/n/ac)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Yes
7	Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	

**Table 12.3.2 Simultaneous SAR Cases**

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Phablet SAR	Note
1	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
4	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
5	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
8	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
9	LTE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	LTE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
11	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
12	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13	GPRS + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14	GPRS + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
16	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

**Notes:**

1. WiFi 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot.
2. WiFi 5GHz is supported Hotspot.
3. LTE, WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot.
4. VoIP is supported in LTE, WCDMA, GSM
5. GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.

## 12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.365	0.251	0.560	0.816
		Right Touch	0.124	0.031	0.205	0.155	0.329	0.360
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.063	0.229	0.134	0.300	0.363
	GPRS 1900	Right Tilt	0.069	0.025	0.248	0.094	0.317	0.342
		Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.365	0.251	0.560	0.816
		Right Touch	0.120	0.031	0.205	0.151	0.325	0.356
		Left Tilt	0.088	0.063	0.229	0.151	0.317	0.380
		Right Tilt	0.068	0.025	0.248	0.093	0.316	0.341
	WCDMA 1700	Left Touch	0.420	0.056	0.365	0.476	0.785	0.841
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.205	0.273	0.447	0.478
		Left Tilt	0.132	0.063	0.229	0.195	0.361	0.424
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.025	0.248	0.156	0.379	0.404
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.401	0.056	0.365	0.457	0.786	0.822
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.205	0.273	0.447	0.478
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.063	0.229	0.223	0.389	0.452
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.025	0.248	0.169	0.392	0.417
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.122	0.056	0.365	0.178	0.487	0.543
		Right Touch	0.065	0.031	0.205	0.096	0.270	0.301
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.063	0.229	0.115	0.281	0.344
		Right Tilt	0.046	0.025	0.248	0.071	0.294	0.319
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.365	0.202	0.511	0.567
		Right Touch	0.089	0.031	0.205	0.120	0.294	0.325
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.063	0.229	0.116	0.282	0.345
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.025	0.248	0.069	0.292	0.317

**Table 12.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.424	0.251	0.619	0.675
		Right Touch	0.124	0.031	0.188	0.155	0.312	0.343
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.063	0.231	0.134	0.302	0.365
	GPRS 1900	Right Tilt	0.069	0.025	0.212	0.094	0.281	0.306
		Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.424	0.251	0.619	0.675
		Right Touch	0.120	0.031	0.188	0.151	0.308	0.339
		Left Tilt	0.088	0.063	0.231	0.151	0.319	0.382
		Right Tilt	0.068	0.025	0.212	0.093	0.280	0.305
	WCDMA 1700	Left Touch	0.420	0.056	0.424	0.476	0.844	0.900
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.188	0.273	0.430	0.461
		Left Tilt	0.132	0.063	0.231	0.195	0.363	0.426
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.025	0.212	0.156	0.343	0.368
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.401	0.056	0.424	0.457	0.825	0.881
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.188	0.273	0.430	0.461
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.063	0.231	0.223	0.391	0.454
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.025	0.212	0.169	0.356	0.381
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.122	0.056	0.424	0.178	0.546	0.602
		Right Touch	0.065	0.031	0.188	0.096	0.253	0.284
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.063	0.231	0.115	0.283	0.346
		Right Tilt	0.046	0.025	0.212	0.071	0.258	0.283
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.424	0.202	0.570	0.626
		Right Touch	0.089	0.031	0.188	0.120	0.277	0.308
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.063	0.231	0.116	0.284	0.347
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.025	0.212	0.069	0.256	0.281

**Table 12.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.212	0.407
		Right Touch	0.124	0.118	0.242
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.218	0.289
	GPRS 1900	Right Tilt	0.069	0.110	0.179
		Left Touch	0.195	0.212	0.407
		Right Touch	0.120	0.118	0.238
		Left Tilt	0.088	0.218	0.306
	WCDMA 1700	Right Tilt	0.068	0.110	0.178
		Left Touch	0.420	0.212	0.632
		Right Touch	0.242	0.118	0.360
	WCDMA 1900	Left Tilt	0.132	0.218	0.350
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.110	0.241
		Left Touch	0.401	0.212	0.613
	LTE Band 4	Right Touch	0.242	0.118	0.360
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.218	0.378
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.110	0.254
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.122	0.212	0.334
		Right Touch	0.065	0.118	0.183
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.218	0.270
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilt	0.046	0.110	0.156
		Left Touch	0.146	0.212	0.358
		Right Touch	0.089	0.118	0.207
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.218	0.271
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.110	0.154

**Table 12.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.365	0.560
		Right Touch	0.124	0.205	0.329
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.229	0.300
	GPRS 1900	Right Tilt	0.069	0.248	0.317
		Left Touch	0.195	0.365	0.560
		Right Touch	0.120	0.205	0.325
	WCDMA 1700	Left Tilt	0.088	0.229	0.317
		Right Tilt	0.068	0.248	0.316
		Left Touch	0.420	0.365	0.785
	WCDMA 1900	Right Touch	0.242	0.205	0.447
		Left Tilt	0.132	0.229	0.361
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.248	0.379
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.401	0.365	0.766
		Right Touch	0.242	0.205	0.447
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.229	0.389
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilt	0.144	0.248	0.392
		Left Touch	0.122	0.365	0.487
		Right Touch	0.065	0.205	0.270
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.229	0.281
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilt	0.046	0.248	0.294
		Left Touch	0.146	0.365	0.511
		Right Touch	0.089	0.205	0.294
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.229	0.282
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.248	0.292

**Table 12.4.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.424	0.619
		Right Touch	0.124	0.188	0.312
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.231	0.302
		Right Tilt	0.069	0.212	0.281
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.424	0.619
		Right Touch	0.120	0.188	0.308
		Left Tilt	0.088	0.231	0.319
		Right Tilt	0.068	0.212	0.280
	WCDMA 1700	Left Touch	0.420	0.424	0.844
		Right Touch	0.242	0.188	0.430
		Left Tilt	0.132	0.231	0.363
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.212	0.343
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.401	0.424	0.825
		Right Touch	0.242	0.188	0.430
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.231	0.391
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.212	0.356
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.122	0.424	0.546
		Right Touch	0.065	0.188	0.253
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.231	0.283
		Right Tilt	0.046	0.212	0.258
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.424	0.570
		Right Touch	0.089	0.188	0.277
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.231	0.284
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.212	0.256

**Table 12.4.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.251
		Right Touch	0.124	0.031	0.155
		Left Tilt	0.071	0.063	0.134
		Right Tilt	0.069	0.025	0.094
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.195	0.056	0.251
		Right Touch	0.120	0.031	0.151
		Left Tilt	0.088	0.063	0.151
		Right Tilt	0.068	0.025	0.093
	WCDMA 1700	Left Touch	0.420	0.056	0.476
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.273
		Left Tilt	0.132	0.063	0.195
		Right Tilt	0.131	0.025	0.156
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.401	0.056	0.457
		Right Touch	0.242	0.031	0.273
		Left Tilt	0.160	0.063	0.223
		Right Tilt	0.144	0.025	0.169
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.122	0.056	0.178
		Right Touch	0.065	0.031	0.096
		Left Tilt	0.052	0.063	0.115
		Right Tilt	0.046	0.025	0.071
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.202
		Right Touch	0.089	0.031	0.120
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.063	0.116
		Right Tilt	0.044	0.025	0.069

**Table 12.4.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.056	0.365	0.421
		Right Touch	0.031	0.205	0.236
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.229	0.292
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.248	0.273
	5.6G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.056	0.424	0.480
		Right Touch	0.031	0.188	0.219
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.231	0.294
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.212	0.237

## 12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.003	0.232	0.455	0.684	0.687	
		Rear	0.483	0.125	0.487	0.608	0.970	1.095	
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.003	0.232	0.430	0.659	0.662	
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.487	0.519	0.941	1.066	
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.003	0.232	0.613	0.842	0.845	
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.487	0.839	1.201	1.326	
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.003	0.232	0.728	0.957	0.960	
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.487	0.919	1.281	1.406	
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.003	0.232	0.235	0.464	0.467	
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.487	0.378	0.740	0.865	
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.003	0.232	0.272	0.501	0.504	
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.487	0.388	0.750	0.875	

**Table 12.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.003	0.152	0.455	0.604	0.607	
		Rear	0.483	0.125	0.621	0.608	1.104	1.229	
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.003	0.152	0.430	0.579	0.582	
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.621	0.579	1.075	1.200	
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.003	0.152	0.613	0.762	0.765	
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.621	0.839	1.335	1.460	
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.003	0.152	0.728	0.877	0.880	
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.621	0.919	1.415	1.540	
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.003	0.152	0.235	0.384	0.387	
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.621	0.378	0.874	0.999	
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.003	0.152	0.272	0.421	0.424	
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.621	0.388	0.884	1.009	

**Table 12.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.037	0.489
		Rear	0.483	0.383	0.866
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.037	0.464
		Rear	0.454	0.383	0.837
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.037	0.647
		Rear	0.714	0.383	1.097
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.037	0.762
		Rear	0.794	0.383	1.177
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.037	0.269
		Rear	0.253	0.383	0.636
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.037	0.306
		Rear	0.263	0.383	0.646

**Table 12.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.232	0.684
		Rear	0.483	0.487	0.970
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.232	0.659
		Rear	0.454	0.487	0.941
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.232	0.842
		Rear	0.714	0.487	1.201
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.232	0.957
		Rear	0.794	0.487	1.281
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.232	0.464
		Rear	0.253	0.487	0.740
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.232	0.501
		Rear	0.263	0.487	0.750

**Table 12.5.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.152	0.604
		Rear	0.483	0.621	1.104
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.152	0.579
		Rear	0.454	0.621	1.075
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.152	0.762
		Rear	0.714	0.621	1.335
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.152	0.877
		Rear	0.794	0.621	1.415
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.152	0.384
		Rear	0.253	0.621	0.874
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.152	0.421
		Rear	0.263	0.621	0.884

**Table 12.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 1900	Front	0.452	0.003	0.455
		Rear	0.483	0.125	0.608
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.427	0.003	0.430
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.579
	WCDMA 1700	Front	0.610	0.003	0.613
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.839
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.725	0.003	0.728
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.919
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.232	0.003	0.235
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.378
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.269	0.003	0.272
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.388

**Table 12.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.003	0.232	0.235
		Rear	0.125	0.487	0.612
	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.003	0.152	0.155
		Rear	0.125	0.621	0.746

## 12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("").

**Table 12.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.143	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.103	0.103	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.003	0.232	0.430	0.659	0.662
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.487	0.579	0.941	1.066
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.277	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.332	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.332	0.332
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.009	0.143	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.276	0.276	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.003	0.232	0.613	0.842	0.845
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.487	0.839	1.201	1.326
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.277	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.483	0.000	0.000	0.483	0.483	0.483
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.143	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.247	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.003	0.232	0.728	0.957	0.960
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.487	0.919	1.281	1.406
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.277	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.629	0.000	0.000	0.629	0.629	0.629
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.009	0.143	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.083	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.003	0.232	0.235	0.464	0.467
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.487	0.378	0.740	0.865
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.277	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.009	0.143	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.080	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.003	0.232	0.272	0.501	0.504
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.487	0.388	0.750	0.875
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.277	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.225	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.225	0.225

**Table 12.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.120	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.103	0.103	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.003	0.152	0.430	0.579	0.582
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.621	0.579	1.075	1.200
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047
		Left	0.332	0.000	0.281	0.332	0.613	0.613
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.009	0.120	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.276	0.276	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.003	0.152	0.613	0.762	0.765
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.621	0.839	1.335	1.460
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047
		Left	0.483	0.000	0.281	0.483	0.764	0.764
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.120	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.247	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.003	0.152	0.728	0.877	0.880
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.621	0.919	1.415	1.540
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047
		Left	0.629	0.000	0.281	0.629	0.910	0.910
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.009	0.120	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.083	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.003	0.152	0.235	0.384	0.387
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.621	0.378	0.874	0.999
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.281	0.281
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.009	0.120	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.080	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.003	0.152	0.272	0.421	0.424
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.621	0.388	0.884	1.009
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.047
		Left	0.225	0.000	0.281	0.225	0.506	0.506

**Table 12.6.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.042	0.042
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.037	0.464
		Rear	0.454	0.383	0.837
		Right	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Left	0.332	0.159	0.491
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.042	0.042
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.037	0.647
		Rear	0.714	0.383	1.097
		Right	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Left	0.483	0.159	0.642
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.042	0.042
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.037	0.762
		Rear	0.794	0.383	1.177
		Right	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Left	0.629	0.159	0.788
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.042	0.042
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.037	0.269
		Rear	0.253	0.383	0.636
		Right	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Left	0.000	0.159	0.159
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.042	0.042
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.037	0.306
		Rear	0.263	0.383	0.646
		Right	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Left	0.225	0.159	0.384



Table 12.6.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.143	0.143
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.232	0.659
		Rear	0.454	0.487	0.941
		Right	0.000	0.277	0.277
		Left	0.332	0.000	0.332
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.143	0.143
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.232	0.842
		Rear	0.714	0.487	1.201
		Right	0.000	0.277	0.277
		Left	0.483	0.000	0.483
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.143	0.143
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.232	0.957
		Rear	0.794	0.487	1.281
		Right	0.000	0.277	0.277
		Left	0.629	0.000	0.629
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.143	0.143
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.232	0.464
		Rear	0.253	0.487	0.740
		Right	0.000	0.277	0.277
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.143	0.143
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.232	0.501
		Rear	0.263	0.487	0.750
		Right	0.000	0.277	0.277
		Left	0.225	0.000	0.225

Table 12.6.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.120	0.120
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.152	0.579
		Rear	0.454	0.621	1.075
		Right	0.000	0.281	0.281
		Left	0.332	0.000	0.332
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.120	0.120
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.152	0.762
		Rear	0.714	0.621	1.335
		Right	0.000	0.281	0.281
		Left	0.483	0.000	0.483
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.120	0.120
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.152	0.877
		Rear	0.794	0.621	1.415
		Right	0.000	0.281	0.281
		Left	0.629	0.000	0.629
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.120	0.120
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.152	0.384
		Rear	0.253	0.621	0.874
		Right	0.000	0.281	0.281
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.120	0.120
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.152	0.421
		Rear	0.263	0.621	0.884
		Right	0.000	0.281	0.281
		Left	0.225	0.000	0.225

Table 12.6.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.009
		Bottom	0.103	0.000	0.103
		Front	0.427	0.003	0.430
		Rear	0.454	0.125	0.579
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.047
		Left	0.332	0.000	0.332
	WCDMA 1700	Top	0.000	0.009	0.009
		Bottom	0.276	0.000	0.276
		Front	0.610	0.003	0.613
		Rear	0.714	0.125	0.839
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.047
		Left	0.483	0.000	0.483
	WCDMA 1900	Top	0.000	0.009	0.009
		Bottom	0.247	0.000	0.247
		Front	0.725	0.003	0.728
		Rear	0.794	0.125	0.919
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.047
		Left	0.629	0.000	0.629
	LTE Band 4	Top	0.000	0.009	0.009
		Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.083
		Front	0.232	0.003	0.235
		Rear	0.253	0.125	0.378
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.047
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 2	Top	0.000	0.009	0.009
		Bottom	0.080	0.000	0.080
		Front	0.269	0.003	0.272
		Rear	0.263	0.125	0.388
		Right	0.000	0.047	0.047
		Left	0.225	0.000	0.225

Table 12.6.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Top	0.009	0.143	0.152
		Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Front	0.003	0.232	0.235
		Rear	0.125	0.487	0.612
		Right	0.047	0.277	0.324
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000
	5.6G W-LAN	Top	0.009	0.120	0.129
		Bottom	0.000	0.000	0.000
		Front	0.003	0.152	0.155
		Rear	0.125	0.621	0.746
		Right	0.047	0.281	0.328
		Left	0.000	0.000	0.000

## 12.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance)  $< 1.2$  W/kg. Therefore no further analysis was required to for Phablet Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.

## 12.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

## 13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

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### 13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg
5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

### 13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was  $< 1.5$  W/kg for 1g and  $< 3.75$  W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

## 14. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 14.1.1 Test Equipment Calibration

	Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/A/01
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/A/01
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/C/01
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/C/01
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-13200990
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12450905
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IntelCore i7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Device Holder	SPEAG	Holder	N/A	N/A	SD000H01HA
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1786
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1782
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2019-04-18	2020-04-18	1391
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2019-03-20	2020-03-20	1394
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2019-05-28	2020-05-28	3866
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2019-09-27	2020-09-27	3933
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1800MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2019-04-24	2021-04-24	2d047
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1900MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	2019-07-17	2021-07-17	5d029
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2019-09-19	2021-09-19	726
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2019-02-28	2021-02-28	1103
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	MY46106970
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	US41461520
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	1020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	1005
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	GB37170267
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2018-12-18	2019-12-18	GB37170413
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2018-12-18	2019-12-18	US37294267
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	3318A96566
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	2702A65976
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	50228
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	2889A01064
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz	Micro LAB	LA-15N	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	03942
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHL	23-10-34	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	BP4387
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Attenuators	Cernexwave	CFADC2603U5	2019-06-27	2020-06-27	C11740
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2018-11-20	2019-11-20	1092
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	2019-06-28	2020-06-28	GB41321164
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde Schwarz	CMW500	2018-12-19	2019-12-19	101414
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2018-12-18	2019-12-18	1301183
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000B	2018-12-18	2019-12-18	3000B770243

### NOTE(S):

- The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.
- CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

## 15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

### 1800 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.0$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 3.7$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.6 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.2$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 1.0 \%$	$\pm 1.1 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.6 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.4 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.2 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 22.8 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

**1900 MHz Head (SN: 3866)**

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.0$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 3.8$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.0 \%$	$\pm 2.7 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 3.9$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 1.0 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\pm 0.7 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.2 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.6 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.4 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.2 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 22.8 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528



## 2450 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.0$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\pm 6.0 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.0$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.1 \%$	$\pm 2.8 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.1$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 1.1 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.2 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.6 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.4 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.2 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 22.8 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

**5200 MHz Head (SN: 3933)**

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.55$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 3.9$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.0 \%$	$\pm 2.8 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 3.7$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 1.0 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.9 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.7 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.8 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 23.4 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

**5300 MHz Head (SN: 3933)**

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.55$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.6\%$	$\pm 6.6\%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3\%$	$\pm 1.3\%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14\%$	$\pm 0.14\%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46\%$	$\pm 0.46\%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46\%$	$\pm 0.46\%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4\%$	$\pm 4.4\%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.0$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.1\%$	$\pm 2.8\%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.2$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.8\%$	$\pm 0.7\%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.9\%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.7\%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.8\%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 23.4\%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

**5500 MHz Head (SN: 3933)**

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.55$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.1$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.2 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.2$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 1.0 \%$	$\pm 1.1 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.9 \%$	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.9 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.7 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.8 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 23.4 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

**5600 MHz Head (SN: 3933)**

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard (1g)	Standard (10g)	vi 2 or Veff
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	$\pm 6.55$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\pm 6.6 \%$	$\infty$
Isotropy	$\pm 1.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\pm 1.3 \%$	$\infty$
Boundary Effects	$\pm 2.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Linearity	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Probe modulation response	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Detection limits	$\pm 0.25$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\pm 0.14 \%$	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 2.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	$\pm 3.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\pm 0.46 \%$	$\infty$
Probe Positioning	$\pm 6.7$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\infty$
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	$\pm 4.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\infty$
SAR Scaling	$\pm 0.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Physical Parameters</b>								
Phantom Shell	$\pm 7.6$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\pm 4.4 \%$	$\infty$
SAR correction	$\pm 0.0$	Normal	1	1	0.84	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\pm 0.0 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.0$	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	$\pm 3.1 \%$	$\pm 2.8 \%$	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	$\pm 5.0$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.4 \%$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	$\pm 4.3$	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	$\pm 1.0 \%$	$\pm 1.1 \%$	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	$\pm 1.8$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	$\pm 0.8 \%$	$\pm 0.7 \%$	$\infty$
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	$\pm 1.9$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\pm 0.3 \%$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 11.9 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 11.7 \%</math></b>	<b>330</b>
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>						<b><math>\pm 23.8 \%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 23.4 \%</math></b>	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

## 16. CONCLUSION

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### Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



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- [28] FCC General RF Exposure Guidance and SAR Procedures for Dongles, KDB Publication 447498, D01-D02
- [29] 615223 D01 802 16e WI-Max SAR Guidance v01, Nov. 13, 2009
- [30] Anexo à Resolução No. 533, de 10 de September de 2009.
- [31] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), Mar. 2010.

## **APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **DT&C (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May19

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3866**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 28, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: May 28, 2019			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May19

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**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^{2/3}$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.42	0.34	0.35	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.4	101.3	107.0	

### Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	146.0	± 2.7 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		144.1		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		151.9		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	15.00	88.53	21.84	10.00	60.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.09	62.78	10.07		60.0		
		Z	3.73	69.03	12.60		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	15.00	88.88	20.67	6.99	80.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.20	65.88	10.01		80.0		
		Z	3.37	70.42	12.03		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	92.50	20.94	3.98	95.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.89	62.21	6.94		95.0		
		Z	7.63	78.90	13.40		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	15.00	98.84	22.56	2.22	120.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.37	60.00	4.53		120.0		
		Z	15.00	84.32	13.70		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.74	72.67	16.56	0.00	150.0	± 3.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.47	60.00	6.23		150.0		
		Z	0.53	60.67	7.47		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.99	72.82	18.15	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.98	67.42	15.30		150.0		
		Z	2.28	69.76	16.64		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	4.14	74.35	20.29	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.62	68.26	17.43		150.0		
		Z	3.39	73.92	19.87		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.85	68.88	16.82	0.00	150.0	± 2.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.30	66.77	15.54		150.0		
		Z	3.51	67.91	16.16		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.18	66.40	16.03	0.00	150.0	± 4.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.79	66.04	15.72		150.0		
		Z	4.77	66.16	15.75		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$\alpha$ $V^{-1}$	T1 ms. $V^{-2}$	T2 ms. $V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 $V^{-2}$	T5 $V^{-1}$	T6
X	66.9	491.57	34.81	23.11	1.20	5.07	0.82	0.63	1.01
Y	37.9	284.11	35.86	8.51	0.98	4.99	0.05	0.53	1.01
Z	36.7	262.72	33.13	9.53	0.70	4.98	2.00	0.10	1.00

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	58.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.85	9.85	9.85	0.29	1.09	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.39	9.39	9.39	0.45	0.81	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.12	9.12	9.12	0.27	1.12	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.03	7.03	7.03	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.45	9.45	9.45	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.27	9.27	9.27	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.23	9.23	9.23	0.46	0.81	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.30	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.41	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.29	0.98	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.93	3.93	3.93	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

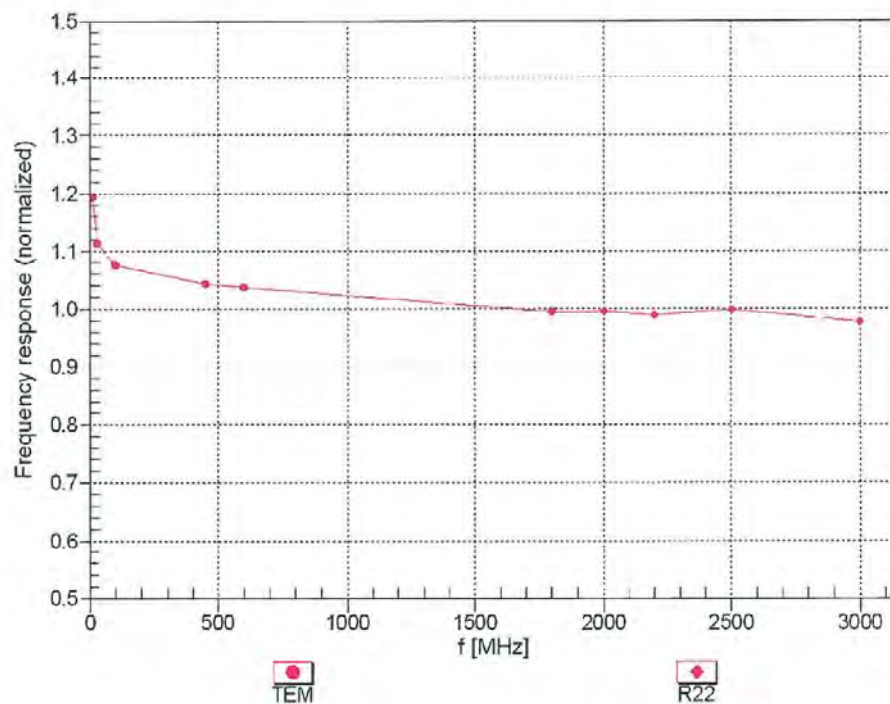
<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

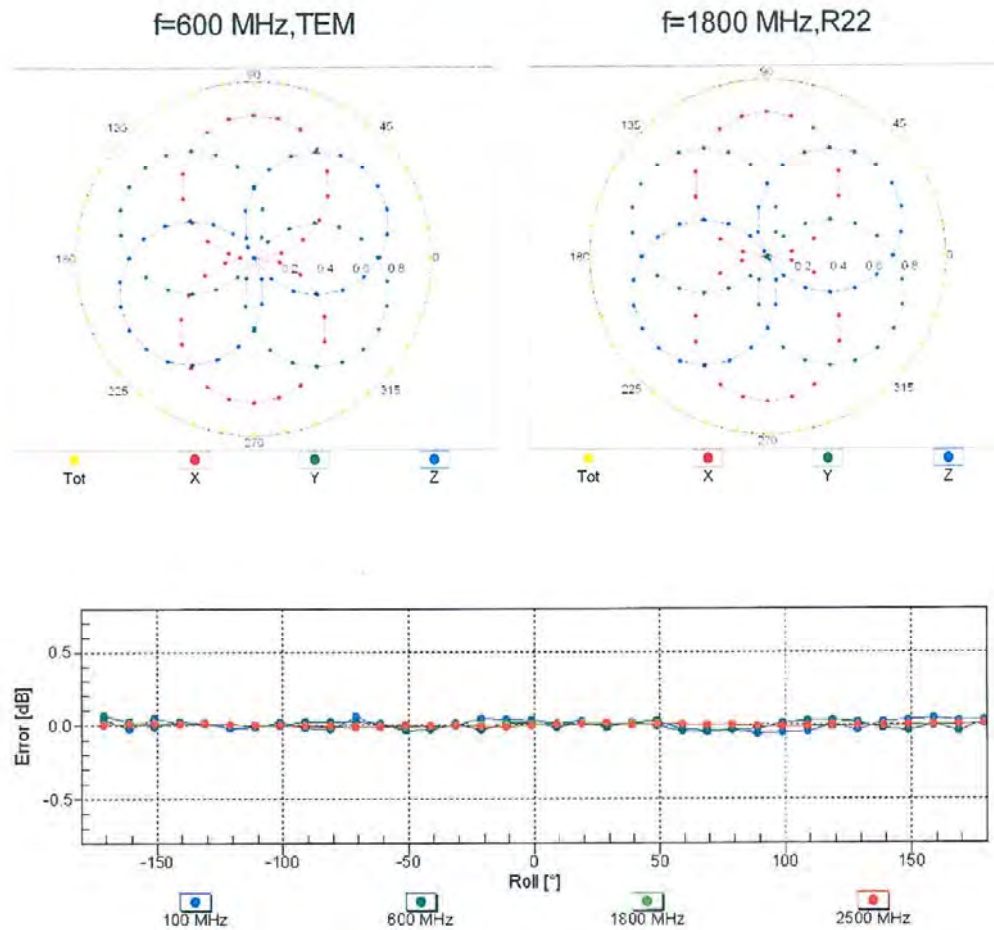


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



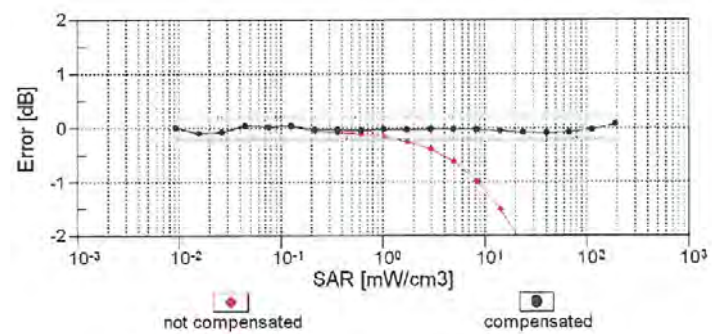
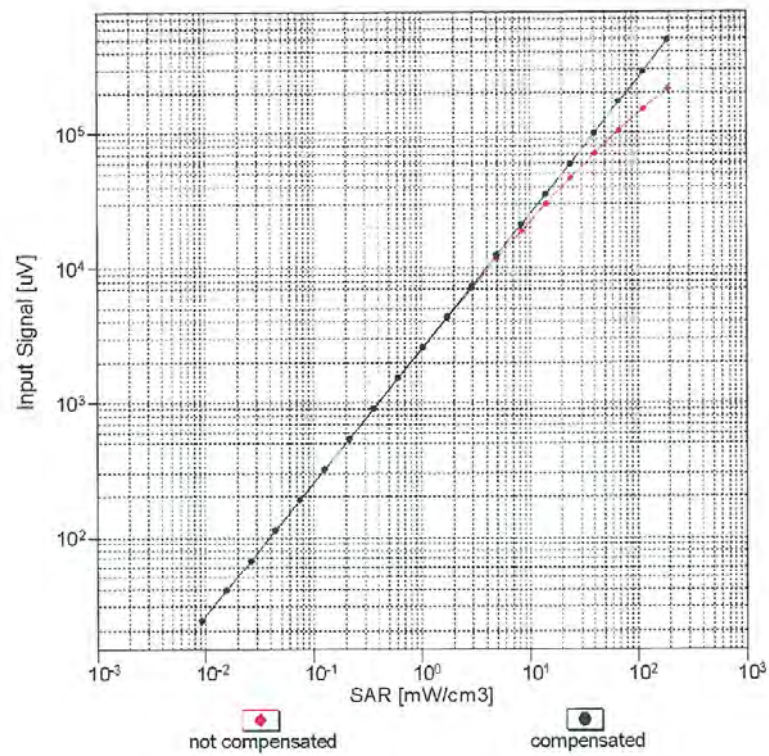
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ )

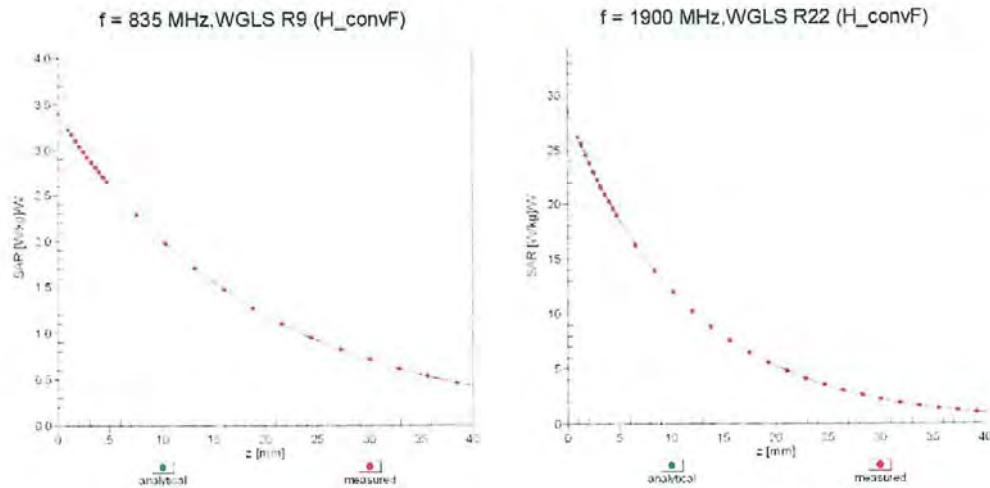


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

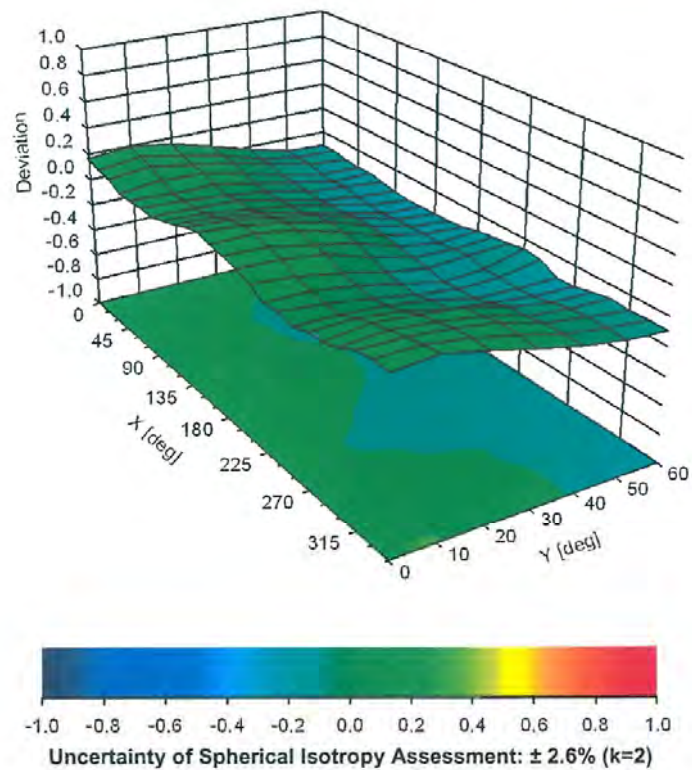
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## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ 

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### Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %



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10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10181	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %



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10220	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %
10260	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAA	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %

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10300	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAA	iDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAA	iDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAC	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
10406	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %
10410	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9, Subframe Conf=4)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preamble)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preamble)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10422	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10423	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %

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10451	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.59	± 9.6 %
10456	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10457	AAA	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	± 9.6 %
10458	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	± 9.6 %
10459	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	± 9.6 %
10460	AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	WCDMA	2.39	± 9.6 %
10461	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10462	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.30	± 9.6 %
10463	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10464	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10465	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10466	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10467	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10468	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10469	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10470	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10471	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10472	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10473	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10474	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10475	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10477	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10478	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10479	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10480	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.18	± 9.6 %
10481	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10482	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.71	± 9.6 %
10483	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.39	± 9.6 %
10484	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.47	± 9.6 %
10485	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.59	± 9.6 %
10486	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10487	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.60	± 9.6 %
10488	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.70	± 9.6 %
10489	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.31	± 9.6 %
10490	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10491	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %

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10492	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.41	± 9.6 %
10493	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.55	± 9.6 %
10494	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10495	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.37	± 9.6 %
10496	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10497	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.67	± 9.6 %
10498	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.40	± 9.6 %
10499	AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.68	± 9.6 %
10500	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.67	± 9.6 %
10501	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.44	± 9.6 %
10502	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.52	± 9.6 %
10503	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.72	± 9.6 %
10504	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.31	± 9.6 %
10505	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10506	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10507	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.36	± 9.6 %
10508	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.55	± 9.6 %
10509	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.99	± 9.6 %
10510	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.49	± 9.6 %
10511	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.51	± 9.6 %
10512	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10513	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.42	± 9.6 %
10514	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10515	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.58	± 9.6 %
10516	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.57	± 9.6 %
10517	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.58	± 9.6 %
10518	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10519	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.39	± 9.6 %
10520	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10521	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	7.97	± 9.6 %
10522	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10523	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10524	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10525	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10526	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	± 9.6 %
10527	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10528	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10529	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10531	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.43	± 9.6 %
10532	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.29	± 9.6 %
10533	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.38	± 9.6 %
10534	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %



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10535	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10536	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10537	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.44	± 9.6 %
10538	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.54	± 9.6 %
10540	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.39	± 9.6 %
10541	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10542	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.65	± 9.6 %
10543	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.65	± 9.6 %
10544	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10545	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.55	± 9.6 %
10546	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.35	± 9.6 %
10547	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10548	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10550	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.38	± 9.6 %
10551	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.50	± 9.6 %
10552	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.42	± 9.6 %
10553	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10554	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10555	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10556	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.50	± 9.6 %
10557	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.52	± 9.6 %
10558	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.61	± 9.6 %
10560	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.73	± 9.6 %
10561	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.56	± 9.6 %
10562	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.69	± 9.6 %
10563	AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.77	± 9.6 %
10564	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.25	± 9.6 %
10565	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10566	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10567	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.00	± 9.6 %
10568	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10569	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10570	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.30	± 9.6 %
10571	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.99	± 9.6 %
10572	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.99	± 9.6 %
10573	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.98	± 9.6 %
10574	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.98	± 9.6 %
10575	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10576	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10577	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10578	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10579	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10580	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.76	± 9.6 %
10581	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.35	± 9.6 %
10582	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.67	± 9.6 %
10583	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10584	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10585	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.70	± 9.6 %
10586	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.49	± 9.6 %
10587	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %