



SAR TEST REPORT

Test Report No.: 10679343S-A

Applicant : Canon Inc.
Type of Equipment : Wireless Module
Model No. : WM232 (*. Installed into the digital camera)
FCC ID : AZD232
Test Standard : FCC 47CFR §2.1093
Test Result : Complied


Highest Reported SAR(1g) Value	Platform type	Platform model	Remarks
0.80 W/kg (*1)	Digital camera	PC2262	(DTS) 2462MHz, IEEE 802.11g (6Mbps, BPSK/OFDM) *1. This had a highest measured SAR(1g) value: 0.560W/kg (output power: 12.44dBm).

*. **Highest reported SAR (1g) across all exposure conditions (body-touch) = "0.80 W/kg" = grant listing.**

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Date of test: April 20, 2015

Test engineer: 
Hiroshi Naka
Engineer, Consumer Technology Division

Approved by: 
Toyokazu Imamura
Leader, Consumer Technology Division

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☒ There is no testing item of "Non-accreditation".



REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Test report No.	Date	Page revised	Contents
Original	10679343S-A	April 28, 2015	-	-

*. By issue of new revision report, the report of an old revision becomes invalid.

CONTENTS

PAGE

REVISION HISTORY	2
CONTENTS	2
SECTION 1: Customer information	3
SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)	3
2.1 Identification of EUT	3
2.2 Product Description.....	3
2.3 Tx output power specification (antenna port terminal conducted)	4
2.4 Maximum output power which may possible.....	4
SECTION 3: Test specification, procedures and results	5
3.1 Test specification.....	5
3.2 Exposure limit	5
3.3 Procedure and result	5
3.4 Test location	5
3.5 Confirmation before SAR testing	6
3.6 Confirmation after SAR testing	6
3.7 Test setup of EUT and SAR measurement procedure	7
SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing	8
SECTION 5: Uncertainty assessment (SAR measurement)	8
SECTION 6: Confirmation before testing	9
6.1 SAR reference power measurement (antenna terminal conducted average power of EUT)	9
6.2 Comparison of power of EMC sample.....	9
SECTION 7: Measurement results	10
7.1 SAR test results	10

Contents of appendixes

APPENDIX 1: Photographs of test setup	12
Appendix 1-1 Photograph of Platform: Digital camera and antenna position.....	12
Appendix 1-2 EUT and support equipment.....	13
Appendix 1-3 Photograph of test setup	14
APPENDIX 2: SAR Measurement data	15
Appendix 2-1 Evaluation procedure.....	15
Appendix 2-2 SAR measurement data	16
APPENDIX 3: Test instruments	26
Appendix 3-1 Equipment used	26
Appendix 3-2 Configuration and peripherals	27
Appendix 3-3 Test system specification.....	28
Appendix 3-4 Simulated tissues composition and parameter confirmation	29
Appendix 3-5 Daily check results	29
Appendix 3-6 Daily check measurement data	30
Appendix 3-7 Daily check uncertainty	30
Appendix 3-8 Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4)	31
Appendix 3-9 Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2).....	42

SECTION 1: Customer information

Company Name	Canon Inc.
Brand Name	Canon
Address	30-2, Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo 146-8501 Japan
Telephone Number	+81-3-5482-8070
Facsimile Number	+81-3-3757-8431
Contact Person	Hironobu Saida

SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)

2.1 Identification of EUT

Type of Equipment	Wireless Module	*. The EUT was installed into the platform: digital camera
Model Number	WM232	*. Platform model: PC2262
Serial Number	6012887E98B0	*. Platform serial number: 103
Condition of EUT	WM232: Engineering prototype (* Not for sale: These samples are equivalent to mass-produced items.)	*. Platform: Engineering prototype
Receipt Date of Sample	February 26, 2015 (*. EUT for power measurement.) *. No modification by the Lab. April 16, 2015 (*. EUT for SAR test.) *. No modification by the Lab. (* The EUT that had been measured the power of SAR test reference, was installed into the platform-digital camera (model: PC2262) from the beginning. After power measurement, the EUT was returned to the customer, and the RF wiring was changed to the original antenna line from the antenna conducted power measurement line of the SAR test. The EUT was installed into a platform which SAR tested, by the customer.)	
Country of Mass-production	WM232: Philippines	*. Platform: Japan
Category Identified	Portable device *. Since EUT may contact and/or very close to a human body during Wi-Fi operation, the partial-body SAR (1g) shall be observed.	
Rating	DC3.3V and DC1.8V supplied from the platform *. The EUT is installed into the specified the platform that was operated by the re-chargeable Li-ion battery. Therefore, each SAR test, the platform which had built-in EUT was operated with full-charged battery.	
Feature of EUT	The EUT is a Wireless Module which installs into the specified platform: digital camera.	
SAR Accessory	None	

2.2 Product Description (Wireless module: WM232)

Equipment type	Transceiver		
Frequency of operation	2412-2462MHz (11b, 11g, 11n(20HT))		
Channel spacing	5MHz		
Bandwidth	20MHz		
Type of modulation	DSSS(11b): CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK OFDM(11g, 11n(20HT)): 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK		
Q'ty of Antenna	1 pc.		
Antenna type	Monopole type chip antenna (Parts No.: AMD0302-ST01T, Manufacture: Mitsubishi Material Corp.)		
Antenna gain (peak)	-3.10dBi (2442MHz)		
Transmit power and tolerance (Manufacture variation)	11b: 12dBm +2dB/-2.5dB	11g: 12dB m +2dB/-2.5dB	11n(20HT): 12dBm +2dB/-2.5dB
	*. Refer to clause 2.3 for more detail. *. The measured Tx output power (conducted) refers to section 6 in this report.		
Maximum output power which may possible	11b: 14dBm	11g: 14dBm	11n(20HT): 14dBm
Power supply	DC 3.3V, DC1.8V (*. The power of DC3.3V and DC1.8V are supplied from the platform via constant voltage circuit.)		
Operation temperature range	-20 to +85 deg.C.		

*. The EUT do not use the special transmitting technique such as "beam-forming" and "time-space code diversity."

2.3 Tx output power specification (antenna port terminal conducted)

		Typical power [dBm] (average)																											
		11b				11g									11n(20HT)														
[MHz]	CH	1	2	5.5	11	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
2412	1	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2417	2	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2422	3	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2427	4	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2432	5	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2437	6	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2442	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2447	8	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2452	9	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2457	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2462	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2.4. Maximum output power which may possible

		Maximum output power [dBm] (average)																											
		11b				11g								11n(20HT)															
[MHz]	CH	1	2	5.5	11	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
2412	1	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2417	2	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2422	3	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2427	4	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2432	5	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2437	6	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2442	7	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2447	8	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2452	9	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2457	10	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2462	11	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SECTION 3: Test specification, procedures and results

3.1 Test specification

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992. The device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling in accordance with the following measurement procedures..

KDB 447498 D01 (v05r02): General RF exposure guidance

KDB 248227 D01 (v02): SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (wi-fi) transmitters

KDB 865664 D01 (v01r03): SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

IEEE Std. 1528-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

IEEE Std. 1528-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

(*: The reference for Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity, in clause E.3.2.)

3.2 Exposure limit

Environments of exposure limit	Whole-Body (averaged over the entire body)	Partial-Body (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles (averaged over any 10g of tissue)
(A) Limits for Occupational /Controlled Exposure (W/kg)	0.4	8.0	20.0
(B) Limits for General population /Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)	0.08	1.6	4.0

*. Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

*. General Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

The limit applied in this test report is;

General population / uncontrolled exposure, Partial-Body (averaged over any 1g of tissue) limit: 1.6 W/kg

3.3 Procedures and Results

	Wi-Fi (DTS) / in Platform: digital camera
Test Procedure	SAR measurement; KDB 447498, KDB 248227, KDB 865664, IEEE Std.1528
Category	FCC 47CFR §2.1093 (Portable device)
Results (SAR(1g))	Complied
Reported SAR value (*, Scaled)	0.80 W/kg
Measured SAR value	0.560 W/kg
Operation mode, channel	11g, 6Mbps, 2462MHz (11ch)
Power measured/max. (scaled factor)	12.44 dBm/14dBm (x1.43)

Note: UL Japan's SAR Work Procedures No.13-EM-W0429 and 13-EM-W0430. No addition, deviation nor exclusion has been made from standards

3.4 Test Location

No.7 shielded room (2.76m (Width) × 3.76m (Depth) × 2.4m (Height)) for SAR testing.

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3.5 Confirmation before SAR testing

3.5.1 Average power for SAR tests

Before SAR test, the RF wiring for the sample had been switched to the antenna conducted power measurement line from the antenna line and the average power was measured. The result is shown in Section 6.

*. The EUT transmission power was verified that it was within 2dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit when it was set the rated power. (Clause 4.1, KDB447498 D01(v05))

Step.1 Check the power by data rate and operation channel

The data rate check was measured for all modes in one of default channel. For the SAR test reference, the average output power was measured on the low/middle/high channels with the worst data rate condition in.

11b		11g		11n(20HT)		
Modulation	Data rate [Mbps]	Modulation	Data rate [Mbps]	MCS Index	Spatial Stream	Modulation
DBPSK/DSSS	1	BPSK/OFDM	6	MCS0	1	BPSK/OFDM
DQPSK/DSSS	2	BPSK/OFDM	9	MCS1	1	QPSK/OFDM
CCK/DSSS	5.5	QPSK/OFDM	12	MCS2	1	QPSK/OFDM
CCK/DSSS	11	QPSK/OFDM	18	MCS3	1	16QAM/OFDM
		16QAM/OFDM	24	MCS4	1	16QAM/OFDM
		16QAM/OFDM	36	MCS5	1	64QAM/OFDM
		64QAM/OFDM	48	MCS6	1	64QAM/OFDM
		64QAM/OFDM	54	MCS7	1	64QAM/OFDM

Step.2 Consideration of SAR test channel

For the SAR test reference, the average output power was measured on the low/middle/high channels with the worst data rate condition in step 1 in the above.

3.6 Confirmation after SAR testing

It was checked that the power drift [W] is within $\pm 5\%$ in the evaluation procedure of SAR testing. The verification of power drift during the SAR test is that DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at beginning and the end of the scan measurement for each test position.

The result is shown in APPENDIX 2.

*. DASY5 system calculation Power drift value[dB] = $20\log(E_a)/(E_b)$ (where, Before SAR testing: $E_b[V/m]$ / After SAR testing: $E_a[V/m]$)

Limit of power drift[W] = $\pm 5\%$

Power drift limit (X) [dB] = $10\log(P_drift) = 10\log(1.05/1) = 10\log(1.05) - 10\log(1) = 0.21\text{dB}$

from E-field relations with power.

$S = E \times H = E^2 / \eta = P / (4 \times \pi \times r^2)$ (η : Space impedance) $\rightarrow P = (E^2 \times 4 \times \pi \times r^2) / \eta$

Therefore, The correlation of power and the E-field

Power drift limit (X) dB = $10\log(P_drift) = 10\log(E_drift)^2 = 20\log(E_drift)$

From the above mentioned, **the calculated power drift of DASY5 system must be the less than $\pm 0.21\text{dB}$.**

3.7 Test setup of EUT and SAR measurement procedure

3.7.1 Consideration of SAR test reduction by the antenna separation distance

Antenna separation distances in each test setup plan are shown as follows.

Setup plan	Explanation of SAR test setup plan (* Refer to Appendix 1 for test setup photographs which had been tested.)	D [mm]	(*) SAR Tested /Reduced	SAR type
Left-rear(1)	When test is required, the rear part on the left (near the center) of a digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	≈3.19	Tested	Body-touch
Left-rear(2)	When test is required, the rear part on the left (near the LCD) of a digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	≈3.19	Tested	
Rear (LCD)	When test is required, the rear side (LCD) of digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	7.24	Tested	
Front-left	When test is required, the left part on the front surface of a digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	≈12.1	Tested	
Front(Lens)	When test is required, the front side (Lens) of a digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	20.8	Reduced	
Bottom	When test is required, the bottom flat surface of digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	16.53	Reduced	
Top-left	When test is required, the left part on the top surface of a digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	39.87	Reduced	
Right	When test is required, the right-hand grip surface of digital camera is touched to the Flat phantom.	94.05	Reduced	

- *. D: Antenna separation distance. It is the distance from the EUT antenna inside a platform to the outer surface of platform which an operator may touch.
*. Size of EUT (WM232): 22.5mm (width) × 11.5mm (depth) × 2.05mm max (thickness)
. Size of platform: 98.0mm (width) × 57.9mm (height) × 30.7mm (depth) (This size is when the lens is in closed position. The convex portion is not contained in size.)

- *1. KDB 447498 D01 (v05) was taken into consideration to reduce SAR test.

Consideration of SAR test reduction by the antenna separation distance (100MHz~6GHz, ≤50mm)											
Band, Mode	Position	Minimum distance		Upper frequency [GHz]	Maximum tune-up power			Calculation of exclusion: ≤ 3.0 (*2)	Standalone SAR test Required?	Remarks	
		[mm]	[mm] (rounded)		[dBm]	[mW]	[mW] (rounded)				
WLAN2.4GHz	Left-rear(1)	≈3.19	5	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	7.8	>3.0	Tested	-
	Left-rear(2)	≈3.19	5	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	7.8	>3.0	Tested	-
	Rear (LCD)	7.24	7	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	5.6	>3.0	Tested	-
	Front-left	≈12.1	12	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	3.3	>3.0	Tested	-
	Front(Lens)	20.8	21	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	1.9	<3.0	Reduced	-
	Bottom	16.53	17	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	2.3	<3.0	Reduced	-
	Top-left	39.87	40	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	1.0	<3.0	Reduced	-
Consideration of SAR test reduction by the antenna separation distance (100MHz~6GHz, >50mm)											
Band, Mode	Position	Minimum distance		Upper frequency [GHz]	Maximum tune-up power			Calculation of test exclusion thresholds [mW] (*3)	Standalone SAR test	Remarks	
		[mm]	[mm] (rounded)		[dBm]	[mW]	[mW] (rounded)				
WLAN2.4GHz	Right	94.05	94	2.462	14.00	25.12	25	536	Reduced	-	

- *2. Parenthesis 1), Clause 4.3.1, KDB 447498 D01 (v05r01) gives the following formula to calculate the SAR(1g) test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz-6GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm.

$$[(\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min.test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f}(\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0 \text{ (for SAR(1g))} \dots\dots\dots \text{formula (1)}$$
If power is calculated from the upper formula (1);

$$[\text{SAR(1g) test exclusion thresholds, mW}] = 3 \times [\text{test separation distance, mm}] / [\sqrt{f}(\text{GHz})] \dots\dots\dots \text{formula (2)}$$

$$[\text{SAR(1g) test exclusion thresholds, mW}] = 3 \times 50 / \text{SQRT}(2.462) = 96\text{mW, where test separation distance}=50\text{mm}$$
*3. Parenthesis 2), Clause 4.3.1, KDB 447498 D01 (v05r01) gives the following formula to calculate the SAR(1g) test exclusion thresholds for 1.5-6GHz at test separation distance >50mm.

$$[\text{test exclusion thresholds, mW}] = [(\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50mm in formula (1)})] + [(\text{test separation distance, mm}) - (50\text{mm})] \times 10 \text{ formula (3)}$$

<Conclusion for consideration for SAR test reduction>

- 1) Left-rear(1), Left-rear(2), Rear(LCD) and Front-left setup conditions of a platform are considered body-touch SAR and require the SAR evaluation in body-liquid.
- 2) The SAR tests for Front(Lens), Bottom, Top-left and Right setup conditions of a platform are reduced because there is enough antenna separation distance.
- 3) A platform of digital camera didn't have view finder, so a SAR test of front-of- face wasn't considered. (The SAR test result of body-touch condition becomes worse.)

By the determined test setup shown above, the SAR test was applied in the following procedures.

Step 1	Worst SAR of OFDM mode Searching "Initial test position" of OFDM mode with highest output power channel. Determine the highest reported SAR(1g) of OFDM mode. (Change the channels when the reported SAR(1g) of previous run is higher than 0.8W/kg.)
Step 2	Worst SAR of DSSS mode Determine the highest reported SAR(1g) of DSSS mode by using "Initial test position". (Change the channels when the reported SAR(1g) of previous run is higher than 0.8W/kg.)

- *. During SAR test, the radiated power is always monitored by Spectrum Analyzer.

SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing

4.1 Operating modes for SAR testing

This EUT has IEEE.802.11b, 11g and 11n(20HT) continuous transmitting modes.
The frequency and the modulation used in the SAR testing are shown as a following.

Operation mode		11b	11g	11n(20HT)
Tx frequency band		2412-2462MHz		
SAR tested/reduced?		Tested	Tested	Tested
Tested condition	Frequency	2412, 2437, 2462MHz	2412, 2437, 2462MHz	2412, 2437, 2462MHz
	Modulation	DBPSK/DSSS	BPSK/OFDM	BPSK/OFDM
	Data rate	1Mbps	6Mbps	MCS0
	Duty cycle	100% duty cycle	100% duty cycle	100% duty cycle
Controlled software		“RF TEST” mode.		
Power setting (power measurement)		defalut:12 / tune-up:13	defalut:12 / tune-up:14	defalut:12 / tune-up:14
Power setting (SAR)		13	14	14

SECTION 5: Uncertainty Assessment (SAR measurement)

Uncertainty of SAR measurement (2.4-6GHz) (*.ε&σ:≤±5%, DAK3.5, Tx:≈100% duty cycle) (v08)	1g SAR	10g SAR
Combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system (k=1)	± 13.7%	± 13.6%
Expanded uncertainty (k=2)	± 27.4%	± 27.2%

	Error Description (2.4-6GHz) (v08)	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
A Measurement System (DASY5)							(std uncertainty)	(std uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error	±6.55 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
2	Axial isotropy Error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy Error	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
4	Linearity Error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
5	Probe modulation response	±2.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
6	Sensitivity Error (detection limit)	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
7	Boundary effects Error	±4.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.5 %	±2.5 %	∞
8	Readout Electronics Error(DAE)	±0.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
9	Response Time Error	±0.8 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.8 %	±0.8 %	∞
10	Integration Time Error (≈100% duty cycle)	±0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0 %	∞
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
12	RF ambient conditions-reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
13	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±3.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
14	Probe Positioning with respect to phantom shell	±6.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
15	Max. SAR evaluation (Post-processing)	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
B Test Sample Related									
16	Device Holder or Positioner Tolerance	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
17	Test Sample Positioning Error	±5.0 %	Normal	1	1	1	±5.0 %	±5.0 %	145
18	Power scaling	±0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	∞
19	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.3%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
C Phantom and Setup									
20	Phantom uncertainty (shape, thickness tolerances)	±7.5 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±4.3 %	±4.3 %	∞
21	Algorithm for correcting SAR (ε,σ: ≤5%)	±1.2 %	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.2 %	±0.97 %	∞
22	Measurement Liquid Conductivity Error (DAK3.5)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	7
23	Measurement Liquid Permittivity Error (DAK3.5)	±3.1 %	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	±0.7 %	±0.8 %	7
24	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±5.3 %	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.4 %	±2.2 %	∞
25	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±0.9 %	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty							±13.7 %	±13.6 %	733
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)							±27.4 %	±27.2 %	

*. Table of uncertainties are listed for ISO/IEC 17025.

*. This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std.1528(2013) and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget). Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01 Section 2.8.1., when the highest measured SAR(1g) within a frequency band is < 1.5W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std.1528 (2013) is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

SECTION 6: Confirmation before testing

6.1 SAR reference power measurement (antenna terminal conducted average power of EUT) - Worst data rate/channel determination

Mode	Freq.	Data rate	Power Setting	Duty cycle	Duty factor	Duty scaled factor	Average power			PAR	Power tolerance & correction			SAR Tested/ Reduced	Remarks (WM232s Serial number: 6012887E98B0)	Power Tune-up?
							Result		ΔRef.		Target & (+)tolerance	Deviation from max	Tune-up factor			
							[dBm]	[mW]								
11b	2412	1	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.47	14.0	+0.01	2.65	12.0+2	-2.53	×1.79	-	-	default
	2437	1	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.46	14.0	Ref _{b12}	2.63	12.0+2	-2.54	×1.79	-	Highest D/R-ch.(11b)	default
	2437	2	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.43	13.9	-0.03	2.63	12.0+2	-2.57	×1.81	-	-	default
	2437	5.5	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.44	13.9	-0.02	1.94	12.0+2	-2.56	×1.80	-	-	default
	2437	11	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.44	13.9	-0.02	2.58	12.0+2	-2.56	×1.80	-	-	default
	2462	1	12	100	0.00	×1.00	11.19	13.2	-0.27	2.65	12.0+2	-2.81	×1.91	-	-	default
	2412	1	13	100	0.00	×1.00	12.31	17.0	+0.07	2.62	12.0+2	-1.69	×1.48	Tested	Highest pwr-ch.(11b)	Tune-up
	2437	1	13	100	0.00	×1.00	12.24	16.7	Ref _{b13}	2.62	12.0+2	-1.76	×1.50	Tested	-	Tune-up
	2462	1	13	100	0.00	×1.00	12.07	16.1	-0.17	2.59	12.0+2	-1.93	×1.56	Tested	-	Tune-up
11g	2412	6	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.91	12.3	+0.05	9.90	12.0+2	-3.09	×2.04	-	-	default
	2437	6	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.86	12.2	Ref _{g12}	9.88	12.0+2	-3.14	×2.06	-	Highest D/R-ch.(11g)	default
	2437	9	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.83	12.1	-0.03	9.13	12.0+2	-3.17	×2.07	-	-	default
	2437	12	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.83	12.1	-0.03	9.51	12.0+2	-3.17	×2.07	-	-	default
	2437	18	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.83	12.1	-0.03	8.71	12.0+2	-3.17	×2.07	-	-	default
	2437	24	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.79	12.0	-0.07	9.94	12.0+2	-3.21	×2.09	-	-	default
	2437	36	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.73	11.8	-0.13	9.57	12.0+2	-3.27	×2.12	-	-	default
	2437	48	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.71	11.8	-0.15	10.66	12.0+2	-3.29	×2.13	-	-	default
	2437	56	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.65	11.6	-0.21	10.80	12.0+2	-3.35	×2.16	-	-	default
	2462	6	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.61	11.5	-0.25	9.94	12.0+2	-3.39	×2.18	-	-	default
	2412	6	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.72	18.7	+0.09	9.40	12.0+2	-1.28	×1.34	Tested	Highest pwr-ch.(11g)	Tune-up
	2437	6	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.63	18.3	Ref _{g14}	9.47	12.0+2	-1.37	×1.37	Tested	-	Tune-up
2462	6	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.44	17.5	-0.19	8.99	12.0+2	-1.56	×1.43	Tested	-	Tune-up	
11n (20HT)	2412	MCS0	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.95	12.4	+0.12	9.28	12.0+2	-3.05	×2.02	-	-	default
	2437	MCS0	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.83	12.1	Ref _{2n12}	9.32	12.0+2	-3.17	×2.07	-	Highest D/R-ch.(n20)	default
	2437	MCS1	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.81	12.1	-0.02	9.13	12.0+2	-3.19	×2.08	-	-	default
	2437	MCS2	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.82	12.1	-0.01	9.81	12.0+2	-3.18	×2.08	-	-	default
	2437	MCS3	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.81	12.1	-0.02	9.16	12.0+2	-3.19	×2.08	-	-	default
	2437	MCS4	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.81	12.1	-0.02	8.93	12.0+2	-3.19	×2.08	-	-	default
	2437	MCS5	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.60	11.5	-0.23	10.23	12.0+2	-3.40	×2.19	-	-	default
	2437	MCS6	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.73	11.8	-0.10	11.42	12.0+2	-3.27	×2.12	-	-	default
	2437	MCS7	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.68	11.7	-0.15	10.33	12.0+2	-3.32	×2.15	-	-	default
	2462	MCS0	12	100	0.00	×1.00	10.62	11.5	-0.21	9.26	12.0+2	-3.38	×2.18	-	-	default
	2412	MCS0	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.69	18.6	+0.09	8.94	12.0+2	-1.31	×1.35	Tested	Highest pwr-ch.(n20)	Tune-up
	2437	MCS0	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.60	18.2	Ref _{2n14}	8.92	12.0+2	-1.40	×1.38	Tested	-	Tune-up
2462	MCS0	14	100	0.00	×1.00	12.44	17.5	-0.16	8.73	12.0+2	-1.56	×1.43	Tested	-	Tune-up	

*. : SAR test was applied.

- *. Freq.: Frequency, PAR: Peak average ratio ("Peak power"- "Average power", in dBm), Ch: channel, D/R: Data Rate, pwr: power, Ref: Reference.
*. Calculating formula: Average power-result: Results (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm) + (Cable loss, dB) + (Attenuator, dB) + (duty factor, dB)
Duty factor: (duty factor, dBm) = $10 \times \log(100/(\text{duty cycle, \%}))$
Deviation from max.: (Power deviation, dB) = (results power (average, dBm)) - (Max.-specification output power (average, dBm))
Duty scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = $100(\%) / (\text{duty cycle, \%})$
Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor [-] = $1 / (10^{(Deviation from max., dB / 10)})$
*. Date measured: March 4, 2015 / Measured by: Hiroshi Naka / Place: preparation room of No. 7 shielded room. (25 deg.C. / 38 %RH)
*. Uncertainty of antenna port conducted test, Power measurement uncertainty above 1GHz for this test was: (±) 1.5dB

6.2 Comparison of power of EMC sample

EMC test		SAR test	
Platform model No.	-	PC2262	
Serial No.	F48139F1C455	6012887E98B0	
Date power measured	Aug. 19, 2014	March 4, 2015	
Reference report#	10407961S-H	This report	
Tx operation mode	11b 11g	11b 11g	
Data rate [Mbps]	5.5 54	1 6	
Average power. [dBm] (default)	2412	13.03	12.05
	2437	13.37	12.40
	2462	13.28	12.71
		12.31	12.72
		12.24	12.63
		12.07	12.44

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SECTION 7: SAR Measurement results

Measurement date: April 20, 2015

Measurement by: Hiroshi Naka

[Liquid measurement]

Target Frequency [MHz]	Liquid type	Liquid parameters (*a)								ASAR Coefficients(*c)		Date measured		
		Permittivity (εr) [-]				Conductivity [S/m]				Temp. [deg.C.]	Depth [mm]		ΔSAR (1g) [%]	Correction required?
		Target	Measured	Δεr [%]	Limit (*b)	Target	Measured	Δσ [%]	Limit (*b)					
2412	Body	52.75	50.93	-3.5	-5% ≤	1.914	1.923	+0.5	0% ≤	23.2	153	+1.00	not required.	April 20, 2015 before SAR test
2437		52.72	50.84	-3.6	εr-meas	1.938	1.951	+0.7	σ-meas			+1.13	not required.	
2462		52.68	50.71	-3.8	≤ 0%	1.967	1.984	+0.9	≤ +5%			+1.25	not required.	

[Searching initial test position (OFDM)]

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Data rate	EUT setup				Liq. temp. [deg.C.]	Power drift [dB]	SAR [W/kg] (max. value of multi-peak)			Remarks
			Position	LCD	Gap [mm]	Bty. ID			A/S max. (measured) (as pos.#1)	A/S max. (interpolated) (as pos.#2)	Peak (extrapolated) (at pos.#2)	
11g	2412	6Mbps /OFDM	Left-rear(1)	Fix	0	#1	23.2±0.5	-	0.590	0.734	1.35	*. Initial test position.
			Left-rear(2)	Fix	0	#2	23.2±0.5	-	0.546	0.678	1.06	-
			Rear	Fix	0	#2	23.2±0.5	-	0.0408	0.0468	0.0582	-
			Front-left	Fix	0	#3	23.2±0.5	-	0.207	0.208	0.288	-

[SAR measurement results]

SAR measurement results													Reported SAR (1g) [W/kg]							Remarks
Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Data rate	EUT setup				Liq. temp. [deg.C.] Before /After	Power drift [dB]	SAR (1g) [W/kg]			SAR plot # in Appendix 2-2	Conducted power [dBm]		Scaled factor	Tuned-up SAR (*d)	Duty scaled factor H	SAR duty corrected		
			Position	LCD	Gap [mm]	Bty. ID			Max. value of multi-peak	Ave.	Max.									
													Meas.	ASAR [%]					ASAR corrected	
Step 1: Worst SAR of OFDM mode.																				
11g	2412	6Mbps /OFDM	Left-rear(1)	Fix	0	#1	23.2/23.2	-0.12	0.502	+1.00	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-2	12.72	14.0	×1.34	0.67	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2437					#1	23.2/23.2	-0.05	0.529	+1.13	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-3	12.63	14.0	×1.37	0.72	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2462		Left-rear(2)	Fix	0	#1	23.2/23.2	-0.04	0.560	+1.25	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-1	12.44	14.0	×1.43	0.80	×1.00	-(*e)	*. Worst	
	2412					#2	23.2/23.2	-0.11	0.404	+1.00	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-4	12.72	14.0	×1.34	0.54	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
11n (20HT)	2412	MCS0 /OFDM	Left-rear(1)	Fix	0	#1	23.2/23.2	-0.01	0.483	+1.00	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-5	12.69	14.0	×1.35	0.65	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2437					#1	23.2/23.2	-0.02	0.519	+1.13	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-6	12.60	14.0	×1.38	0.72	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2462					#1	23.2/23.2	-0.02	0.553	+1.25	n/a (*c)	Plot 1-7	12.44	14.0	×1.43	0.79	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
Step 2: Worst SAR of DSSS mode																				
11b	2412	1Mbps /DSSS	Left-rear(1)	Fix	0	#2	23.2/23.2	-0.02	0.432	+1.00	n/a (*c)	Plot 2-1	12.31	14.0	×1.48	0.64	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2437					#2	23.2/23.2	-0.02	0.460	+1.13	n/a (*c)	Plot 2-2	12.24	14.0	×1.50	0.69	×1.00	-(*e)	-	
	2462					#2	23.2/23.2	-0.01	0.486	+1.25	n/a (*c)	Plot 2-3	12.07	14.0	×1.56	0.76	×1.00	-(*e)	-	

Notes:

- *. Freq.: Frequency; LCD: LCD of this camera is fixing.; Gap: It is the separation distance between the nearest position of platform outer surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom; Bty.: Battery; Liq.temp: Liquid temperature; Max.: maximum; Meas.: Measured value; Ave.: Average; n/a: not applied.
- *. Battery ID No.#1, #2 and #3 were same model.; Refer to Appendix 1.
- *. During test, the EUT was operated with full charged battery and without all interface cables.
- *. Calibration frequency of the SAR measurement probe (and used conversion factors)

SAR test frequency	Probe calibration frequency	Validity	Conversion factor	Uncertainty
2412, 2437, 2462MHz	2450MHz	within ±50MHz of calibration frequency	6.88	±12.0%

- *. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

(cont'd)

SECTION 7: SAR Measurement results (cont'd)

(cont'd)

- *a. The target value is a parameter defined in Appendix A of KDB865664 D01, the dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given at 2000 and 2450MHz. Parameters for the frequencies 2000-2450MHz were obtained using linear interpolation. (Refer to appendix 3-4.)
- *b. Refer to KDB865664 D01, item 2), Clause 2.6; "When nominal tissue dielectric parameters are recorded in the probe calibration data; for example, only target values and tolerance are reported, the measured ϵ_r and σ of the liquid used in routine measurements must be: \leq the target ϵ_r and \geq the target σ values and also within 5% of the required target dielectric parameters."
- *c. The coefficients are parameters defined in clause E.3.3.2, IEEE Std 1528(2013). Since the measured liquid parameters were \leq the target ϵ_r and \geq the target σ values and also within 5% of the required target dielectric parameters, the measured SAR was not compensated by Δ SAR coefficients (* Clause 2) of 2.6, KDB865664 D01).
Calculating formula: $\Delta\text{SAR}(1g) = C\epsilon_r \times \Delta\epsilon_r + C\sigma \times \Delta\sigma$, $C\epsilon_r = 7.854E-4 \times \epsilon_r^3 + 9.402E-3 \times \epsilon_r^2 - 2.742E-2 \times \epsilon_r + 0.2026$ / $C\sigma = 9.804E-3 \times \sigma^3 - 8.661E-2 \times \sigma^2 + 2.981E-2 \times \sigma + 0.7829$
 $\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg}) = (\text{Meas. SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg})) \times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR}(\%))) / 100$
- *d. Tuned-up SAR by scaled factor: Accordance with KDB 447498 D01; "When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance (clause 4, 4.1, 4)." (Refer to section 6 in this report for "Scaled factor" of channels, each operation mode.)
Calculating formula: $\text{Tuned-up SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg}) = (\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg})) \times (\text{Scaled factor})$
- *e. (KDB248227 D01v02)(Clause 2.2; Duty Factor Control)
When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. The reported SAR must be scaled to the maximum transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
Calculating formula: $\text{Reported SAR}(1g) (= \text{SAR duty corrected SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg})) = (\text{Tuned-up SAR}(1g) (\text{W/kg})) \times (\text{Duty scaled factor})$

(Clause 5: SAR TEST PROCEDURE, in KDB248227 D01v02)

5.1.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

- 1) When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $> 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

5.2.1 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.