

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

APPLICANT	: MAXWEST COMMUNICATION LIMITED
PRODUCT NAME	: Mobile Phone
MODEL NAME	: NITRO A65
BRAND NAME	: Maxwest
FCC ID	: 2ASP8NITROA65
STANDARD(S)	: FCC 47 CFR Part 20 (20.19) ANSI C63.19-2019
RECEIPT DATE	: 2025-03-03
TEST DATE	: 2025-03-06 to 2025-03-18
ISSUE DATE	: 2025-03-20

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Change History					
Version Date Reason for change					
1.0	2025-03-20	First edition			



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1. Statement of T-Coil Measurement

The lowest contiguous point count of primary group and secondary group found during test as bellows:

Air Interface Primary Group Contiguous Point Count		Secondary Group Point Count	Frequency Response	
GSM CMRS Voice	38	268	PASS	
UMTS CMRS Voice	312	658	PASS	
VoLTE	89	402	PASS	

Note:

- This device is in compliance with compliance with T-Coil requirement specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 1. 20.19 and tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in ANSI C63.19-2019 and FCC KDB publications.
- 2. This device was tested under the max power or the power of the device when held to the head for all users.
- 3. When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.





2. Technical Information

Note: Provide by applicant.

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant: MAXWEST COMMUNICATION LIMITED	
Applicant Address:	FLAT/RM 707 7/F, FORTRESS TOWER 250 KING'S ROAD, NORTH POINT HONG KONG
Manufacturer: MAXWEST COMMUNICATION LIMITED	
Manufacturer Address:	FLAT/RM 707 7/F, FORTRESS TOWER 250 KING'S ROAD, NORTH POINT HONG KONG

2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

Product Name:	Mobile Phone
EUT NO.:	2#
Hardware Version:	GEN_MX-NA65_V1.0
Software Version:	Maxwest_MX-NA65_BD_V01_03182025
	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
Frequency Bands:	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
	GSM/GPRS: GMSK
	EDGE: 8PSK
Modulation Mode:	WCDMA: QPSK, 16QAM
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM
	802.11b: DSSS



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	802.11g/n-HT20: OFDM BR+EDR: GFSK (1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps), 8-DPSK (3Mbps) Bluetooth LE: GFSK (1Mbps)
VoLTE Mode:	Support
VoWi-Fi Mode:	Not Support
VoIP Mode:	Not Support
SIM Cards Description:	GSM+WCDMA+LTE

Note: For more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



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2.3. Photographs of the EUT

Please refer to the External Photos for the Photos of the EUT

2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

			Method
No.	Identity	Document Title	determination
			Remark
1	FCC 47 CFR Part 20 (20.19)	Hearing aid-compatible mobile handsets	No deviation
		American National Standard Methods of	
2	ANSI C63.19-2019	Measurement of Compatibility between	No deviation
2	ANSI C03.19-2019	Wireless Communications Devices and	
		Hearing Aids	
3	KDB 285076 D01v06r04	HAC Guidance	No deviation
4	KDB 285076 D02v04	T-Coil testing for CMRS IP	No deviation
5	KDB 285076 D03v01r06	HAC FAQ	No deviation
Note:	Additions to, deviation, or exclus	ions from the method shall be judged in the "meth	od
determ	nination" column of add, deviate o	or exclude from the specific method shall be expla	ined in the
"Rema	ark" of the above table.		



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3. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band	Transport Type	ANSI C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	GSM 850	VO	Yes			No
CCM	GSM 1900	0	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE 850	рт				No
	EDGE 1900	- DT	Yes	WLAN, BT	N/A	No
	Band II					No
WCDMA	Band IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
(UMTS)	Band V					No
	HSPA	DT	Yes	WLAN, BT	N/A	No
	Band 2			WLAN, BT	BT VoLTE	No
	Band 4					No
	Band 5					No
FDD-LTE	Band 7					No
&	Band 12	VD	Yes			No
TDD-LTE	Band 17					No
	Band 41					No
	Band 66					No
	Band 71					No
WiFi	2450	DT	Yes	GSM, UMTS, LTE	N/A	No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM, UMTS, LTE	N/A	No

Note:

- 1) Air Interface/Band MHz: List of all air interfaces and bands supported by the handset.
- 2) Type: For each air interface, indicate the type of voice transport mode:
 - i. VO = legacy Cellular Voice Service, from ANSI C63.19-2019;
 - ii. DT = Digital Transport only (no voice); and
 - iii. VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport.
- 3) Simultaneous Transmitter: Indicate any air interface/bands that operate in simultaneous or concurrent service transmission mode.
- 4) Name of Voice Service: See Q4 in 285076 D03 HAC FAQ for further clarification.
- 5) Set device to highest transmit power in a held to the ear mode.





4. T-Coil Test Requirements and Restrictions

4.1. T-Coil Coupling Qualifying Field Strengths

In order to comply with the requirements for T-Coil use, a WD's tested operating modes shall simultaneously meet the requirements for minimum desired ABM signal level and maximum undesired ABM field contained in this sub clause at the minimum specified number of scanned locations.

When measured as specified in this standard, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal, ≥ -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. Simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB (A/m).

Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB (A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

These levels are designed to be compatible with hearing aids that produce the same acoustic output level for either an acoustic input level of 65 dB SPL or a magnetic input level of -25 dB(A/m) (56.2 mA/m) at either 1.0 kHz or 1.6 kHz. The hearing aid operational measurements are performed per ANSI S3.22-2014.

4.2. Desired ABM signal and Undesired ABM Field Qualification Requirements

> 2G GSM Operating Modes

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of section 6.6.2 of ANSI C63.19; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

- □ The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points.
- □ The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiguous measurement points.

> Non-2G GSM Operating Modes

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of section 6.6.2 of ANSI C63.19; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

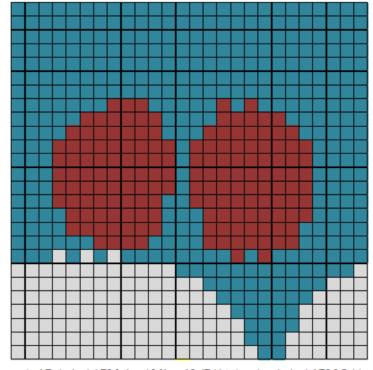
□ The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points.



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The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiguous measurement points.



Red (primary group): AB desired ABM signal M1 2-18 dB(A/m) and undesired ABM field 5-38 dB(A/m) Blue and red (secondary group): undesired ABM field <-38 dB(A/m)

Fig 4.1 An example of a qualifying desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field scan

4.3. Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3 kHz.

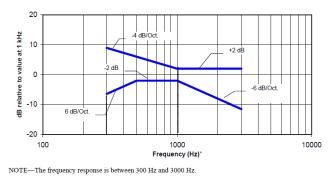
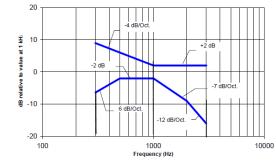


Fig 4.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength \leq -15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig 4.3 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



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5. HAC (T-Coil) Measurement System

5.1.T-Coil Measurement Setup

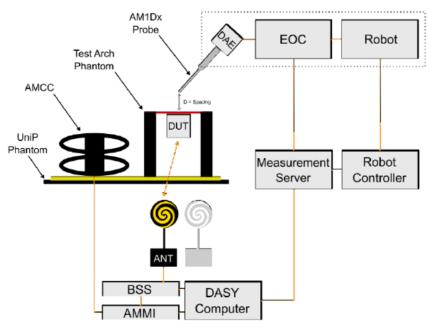


Fig 5.1 SPEAG T-Coil System Configurations

Note:

1. Per C63.19 & KDB 285076 D02, define the all of the applicable input audio level:

Standard	Protocol	Input Level (dBm0)
TIA-2000	CDMA	-18
TIA/EIA-136	TDMA (50 Hz)	-18
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	-16
T1/T1P1/3GPP (See Note 1)	UMTS (WCDMA)	-16
iDEN	TDMA (22 Hz and 11 Hz)	-18
VoIP (See Note 2)	Voice over Internet Protocol	-16

Note 1: For UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System), refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.

Note 2: VoIP is used in this table as a general term specifying a group of voice services that use -16 dBm0 as their normal acoustic level. The group includes a variety of voice services, including Voice-over-LTE (VoLTE), Voice-over-IP-multimedia-subsystem (VoIMS), Voice-over-Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) and similar services. For 3G, LTE, and WLAN terminals used for Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) based telephony, refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.



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- A communication base station CMU200 is used for testing GSM / UMTS / CDMA, and it's "Decode Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input level.
- CMU200 is able to output 1 kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decode Cal", the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA.
- 4. The callbox of CMW500 is used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS T-Coil measurement, the data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. And the CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE and -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 5. The OTT VoIP call is tested on the data application unit of CMW500 connection to the internet.

5.2. Base Station Gain Factor

- 1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1 kHz sine signal.
- 2. The calculation formula as below showing how to determine the input level for air interface for this device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Input level determination>

Gain Value (linear)	Full Scaled Voltage (V)	dBm0	dB	AMMI Audio Out	AMCC Coil Out
-	1.5	3.14		0.5	3.14
100		5.6	40	2.96	-15.38
9.31		-16	19.38		-16

<Base station gain factor calculation>



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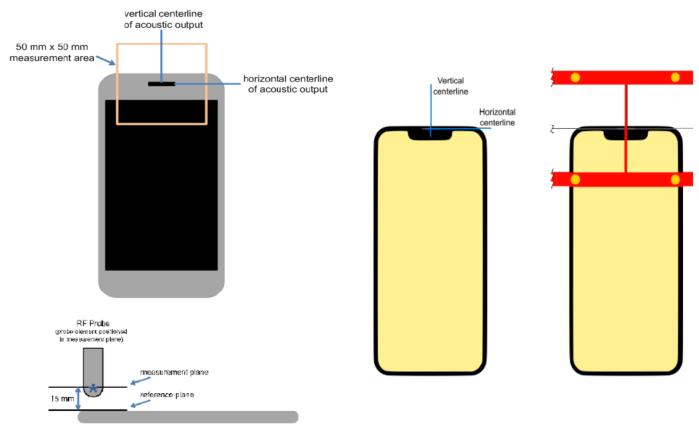
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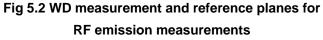
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Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.4	-12.8	4.35	40.32
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.8	-18.7	8.51	78.96

5.3. T-Coil Measurement Reference Plane







Note:

- The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- 2. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.



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- 3. The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- 4. The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated, per 6.4 of ANSI C63.19.
- 6. Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum desired ABM signal strength location.
- 7. The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

5.4. System Validation

For correct and calibrated measurement of the voltages and ABM filed, DASY will perform a calibration job follows below:

- 1. In phase 1, the audio output is switched off, and a 200 mW symmetric rectangular signal of 1 kHz is connected directly to both channels of the sampling unit (Coil in, Probe in).
- 2. In phase 2, the audio output is off, and a 20 mW symmetric 100 Hz signal is internally connected. The signals during phases 1 and 2 are available at the output on the rear panel of the AMMI. However, the output must not be loaded, in order to avoid influencing the calibration, an RMS voltmeter would indicate 100mWRMS, during the second phase after the first two phases, the two input channels are both calibrated for absolute ants of voltages. The resulting factors are displayed above the multi-meter window.
- 3. After phases 1 and 2, the input channels are calibrated to measure exact voltages. This is required to use the inputs for measuring voltages with their peak and RMS value.
- 4. In phase 3, a mulit-sine signal covering each third-octave band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz is generated and applied to both audio outputs. The probe should be positioned in the center of the AMCC and aligned in the z-direction, the filed orientation of the AMCC. The "Coil In" channel is measuring the voltage over the AMCC internal shunt, which is proportional to the magnetic filed in the AMCC. At the same time, the "Probe In" channel samples the amplified signal picked up by the probe coil and provides a numerical integrator. The radio of two voltages in each third-octave filter leads to the spectral representation over the frequency band of interest. The coil signal is scaled in dBV, and the probe signal is first integrated and normalized to show dB A/m. The radio probe-to-coil at the frequency of 1 kHz is the sensitivity which will be used in the consecutive T-coil jobs.





6. T-Coil Test Procedure

6.1. General Description

T-Coil measurement follows Section 6.4 of ANSI C63.19-2019.

This sub clause describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. Measurements shall be performed over a measurement area 50 mm square, in the measurement plane, as specified in A.3. The measurement area shall be scanned with a uniform measurement point spacing of 2.0 mm \pm 0.5 mm in each X-Y axis of the plane, yielding 676 measurement points with approximately even spacing throughout the area.

Optionally, measurement point spacing may be increased to 4 mm, with interpolation employed to yield the required 676 equivalent measurement points distributed uniformly over the 50 mm square measurement area. Interpolated points shall be derived from the average of the linear representations of the field strengths of the nearest two or four equidistant measured points. The area of measurement is increased to a 52 mm square so that edge rows and columns of the required 50 mm square can be either measured or interpolated, with none extrapolated.

In addition to measuring the desired ABM signal levels, the weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. Weighting of the unintended and undesired ABM field shall be by the spectral and temporal weighting described in D.4 through D.6.

In order to assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal shall be made at the same locations. Measurements shall not include undesired influence from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even then with a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load there could still be RF leakage from the WD, which could interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be done with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in Table 6.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well. If tested with the display in the off state this shall be documented in the test report.

Measurements shall be performed with the probe coil oriented in the transverse direction, as illustrated in A.3, that is, aligned in the plane of the measurement area and perpendicular to the long dimension of the WD. A multi-stage sequence consists of first measuring the field strength of the desired T-Coil signal (desired ABM signal) that is useful to a hearing aid T-Coil at each specified measurement point. The undesired magnetic component (undesired ABM field) is then measured in the same transverse orientation at each of



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the same measurement points. At a single location only, taken at or near the highest desired ABM signal reading, the desired ABM signal frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage. The flowchart in Figure 6.3 illustrates this three-stage process.

To minimize the need to test every WD operating mode to the telecoil requirements of Clause 6, it is permissible to exclude some subset of supported configurations. For a given WD, every mode that supports voice communication shall be considered for telecoil testing. However, if it can be demonstrated that a certain configuration will not be the worst-case telecoil configuration, such configurations may be excluded from the full telecoil scans of 6.4.34 For example, operating modes may be pre-screened by scanning for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field at a lower measurement point density than the final scans, thus saving considerable testing time by eliminating configurations that are excellent performers from more detailed testing for worst-case. In any case, the specific methods and criteria used to determine which configurations are excluded for a WD shall be explicitly stated and justified in the test report. To be considered for exclusion from telecoil testing, operating modes shall also be shown to pass the frequency response requirements of 6.6.3.

Many factors could affect telecoil test results. RF power level and amplitude modulation characteristics as well as the specific current paths within the WD associated with the RF output stage(s), the display, and processing circuitry could affect the undesired ABM field. Audio codec implementation and acoustic receiver characteristics could also affect the desired ABM signal). Therefore, any justifications for exclusions should be thorough documented. If an operating mode is under user control and instructions on how to place the WD in a less interfering condition is in the user instructions, those instructions may be followed in configuring the device for testina.



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This section follows ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.4.1:

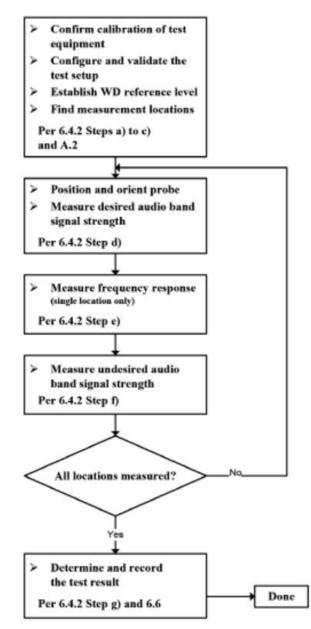


Fig 6.1 WD T-Coil signal test flowchart

Note:

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of desired ABM signal level. An alternative procedure, yielding equivalent results, using a broadband excitation is described in 6.5 of ANSI C63.19-2019.

1. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS



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or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.

- 2. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in 6.3.2.
- Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load (if necessary to control RF interference in the measurement equipment) as shown in Figure 6.1 or Figure 6.2.
- 4. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in Table 6.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as specified in 6.4.3, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used.35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- 5. At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).
- 6. At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) as described in 6.4.5.2 in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input–output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, as described in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB (A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of 6.6.3.
- 7. At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.
- Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified in 6.6.2. Compare this to the requirements in 6.6.4 and record the result.
- 9. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in 6.6.4.



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7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Serial No. /	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	SW Version	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM Software	cDASY6 HAC	V1.2	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	1048	2024.10.08	2025.10.07
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	480	2024.11.11	2025.11.10
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1044	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1032	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Holder	N/A	1094	NCR	NCR
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	165755	2025.01.06	2026.01.05



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8. Test Results for CMRS Voice

8.1. Test Guidance

- 1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19-2019.
- For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is selected either one codec and an investigation were performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 3. According to KDB 285076, reporting results involves Air Interface Investigation defined following process:
 - 1) Ratio configuration Investigation: The worst radio configuration (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacings, and resource blocks) should be investigated and documented.
 - 2) Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service, using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands tested.
 - 3) Using a frequency near the center of the frequency band to test T-Coil per ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3.
- 4. For 5G VoWiFi, the worst frequency band of 802.11a would be selected to test other wireless modes.
- 5. This device was tested under the maximum volume, backlight off and mute on.
- 6. HAC mode would be active to improve the audio signal to comply with the T-Coil performance of ANSI C63.19-2019.
- 7. The device has similar frequency in LTE bands: LTE Band 4/66, LTE Band 17/12, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.
- 8. The ambient noise test data of band LTE Band 2 is taken as the ambient noise data of all bands, and the test data results are recorded in annex C of this report.
- 9. All of the frequency bands including codec, channel, bandwidth would be tested T-Coil under the maximum power level with the receiver active.



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\triangleright **GSM Test Results**

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band & Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
GSM850 /189		AMR-NB 4.75	45	285	21	26	PASS
G310000/109	Transversal (Y)	AMR-NB 12.2	38	268	21	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2 Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.

<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
GSM 850	GSM Voice	189	38	268	21	26	-52.27	PASS
GSM 1900	GSM Voice	661	65	340	24	26	-52.27	PASS

\geq **UMTS Test Results**

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band & Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
		AMR-NB 4.75	326	672	26	26	PASS
WCDMA II /	Transversal (Y)	AMR-NB 12.2	320	668	26	26	PASS
9400	9400	AMR-WB 6.6	328	674	26	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 23.85	331	678	26	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2 Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.



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<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
WCDMA II	AMR	9400	320	668	26	26	-52.27	PASS
WCDMA IV	AMR	1413	312	658	26	26	-52.27	PASS
WCDMA V	AMR	4182	318	666	26	26	-52.27	PASS

VoLTE Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band / Bandwidth / Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
		AMR-NB 4.75	92	406	20	26	PASS
		AMR-NB 12.2	89	402	20	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 6.60	93	407	20	26	PASS
LTE Band 41/	Transversal (Y)	AMR-WB 23.85	98	410	20	26	PASS
20MHz/ 40640	Transversar (†)	EVS-NB 5.9	96	408	20	26	PASS
		EVS-NB 13.2	98	410	20	26	PASS
		EVS-WB 5.9	100	412	20	26	PASS
		EVS-WB 13.2	99	411	20	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2 Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.

<Radio Configuration Investigation>

Air Interface	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Offset	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Frequency Response
LTE Band 41	20	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	89	PASS
LTE Band 41	20	QPSK	100#0	Transversal (Y)	93	PASS
LTE Band 41	20	16QAM	1#0	Transversal (Y)	94	PASS
LTE Band 41	15	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	96	PASS
LTE Band 41	10	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	91	PASS
LTE Band 41	10	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	92	PASS
LTE Band 41	10	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	94	PASS



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Note: The worst radio configuration highlight about would be selected for other air interface measurement.

<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
LTE Band 2	QPSK/1#0	18900	309	648	26	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 5	QPSK/1#0	20525	312	662	26	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 7	QPSK/1#0	21100	309	649	26	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 12/17	QPSK/1#0	23095	308	659	26	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 41	QPSK/1#0	40640	89	402	20	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 66/4	QPSK/1#0	132322	328	662	26	26	-52.27	PASS
LTE Band 71	QPSK/1#0	133322	327	672	26	26	-52.27	PASS



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9. Uncertainty Assessment

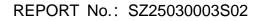
Uncerta	inty of Audio	Band Magn	etic Me	asuren	nents		
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probe Distance	Div.	(Ci) ABMd	(Ci) ABMu	Standard Uncertainty (ABMd) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMu) (±%)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference level	3.0	Ν	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
AMCC geometry	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMCC current	1.0	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning during calibrate	0.1	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Noise contribution	0.7	R	1.732	0.0143	1	0.0	0.4
Frequency slope	5.9	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Probe System							
Repeatability/drift	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity/dynamic range	0.6	R	1.732	1	1	0.4	0.4
Acoustic noise	1.0	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
Probe angle	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Spectral processing	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration time	0.6	Ν	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
Field disturbation	0.2	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal							
Reference signal spectral response	0.6	R	1.732	0	1	0.0	0.4
Positioning							
Probe positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
Phantom thickness	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
EUT positioning	1.9	Ν	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
External contributions							
RF interference	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Test signal variation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field	(k					3.9	6.0
Expanded STD Uncertainty						7.8	11.0



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Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Address:	FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block
	67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China
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2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block
	67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China

3. Facilities and Accreditations

The FCC designation number is CN1192, the test firm registration number is 226174.



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The annex B will be submitted separately.

Annex C Plots of T-Coil Test Results

The annex C will be submitted separately.

Annex D DASY Calibration Certificate

The annex D will be submitted separately.

****** END OF MAIN REPORT ******



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