MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15 Subpart C WLAN 802.11b/g/n/VHT

FCC ID:	TE7T3U
APPLICANT:	TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Application Type:	Certification
Product:	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter
Model No.:	Archer T3U
Brand Name:	tp-link
FCC Classification:	Part15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)
FCC Rule Part(s):	ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 558074 D01v05r01 KDB 662911 D01v02r01
Test Procedure(s):	ANSI C63.10-2013
Test Date:	October 26, 2018 ~ March 10, 2019

Reviewed By: (Paddy Chen)

Approved By: (Chenz Ker)

Testing Laboratory
3261

The test results relate only to the samples tested.
This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10-2013. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1812TW0101-U1	Rev. 01	Initial report	03-26-2019	Valid

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Description Page

§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address:	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4), Central Science and Technology Park,Nanshan Shenzhen, 518057 China
Manufacturer:	TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4), Central Science and Technology Park,Nanshan Shenzhen, 518057 China
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address:	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
FCC Registration No.:	291082
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Fuxing Rd., Taoyuan, Taiwan (R.O.C)

- **MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 153292 and 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.**
- **MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.**
- **MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (TAF) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC, Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.**

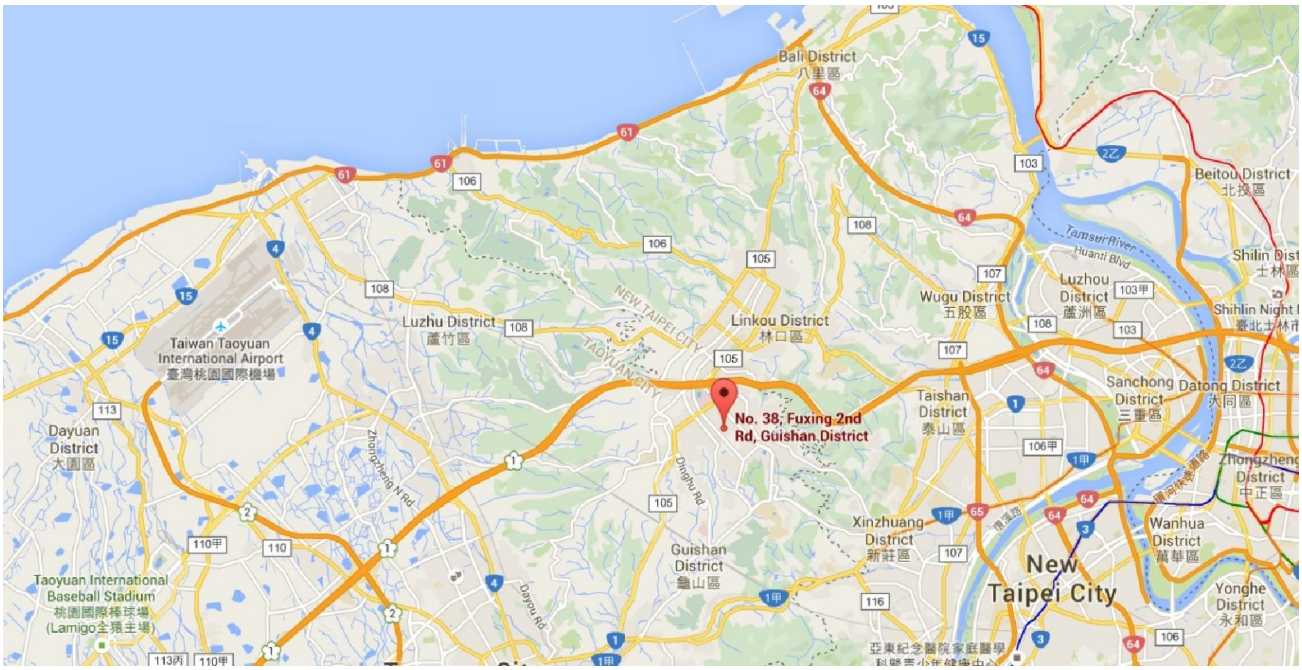
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Product Name:	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter
Model No.:	Archer T3U
Brand Name:	tp-link
Wi-Fi Specification:	802.11a/b/g/n/ac

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range:	802.11b/g/n-HT20/VHT20: 2412 ~ 2462MHz 802.11n-HT40/VHT40: 2422 ~ 2452MHz
Channel Number:	802.11b/g/n-HT20/VHT20: 11 802.11n-HT40/VHT40: 7
Type of Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n/VHT: OFDM
Data Rate:	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11Mbps 802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps VHT: up to 400Mbps

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.

2.3. Working Frequencies for this report

802.11b/g/n-HT20/VHT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
01	2412 MHz	02	2417 MHz	03	2422 MHz
04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz	06	2437 MHz
07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz	09	2452 MHz
10	2457 MHz	11	2462 MHz	--	--

802.11n-HT40/VHT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
03	2422 MHz	04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz
06	2437 MHz	07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz
09	2452 MHz	--	--	--	--

2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (MHz)	TX Paths	Max Antenna Gain (dBi)		Directional Gain (dBi)	
			Ant 0	Ant 1	For Power	For PSD
PIFA Antenna	2400 ~ 2500	2	1.94	1.76	1.94	4.95
	5150 ~ 5850	2	1.99	1.93	1.99	5.00

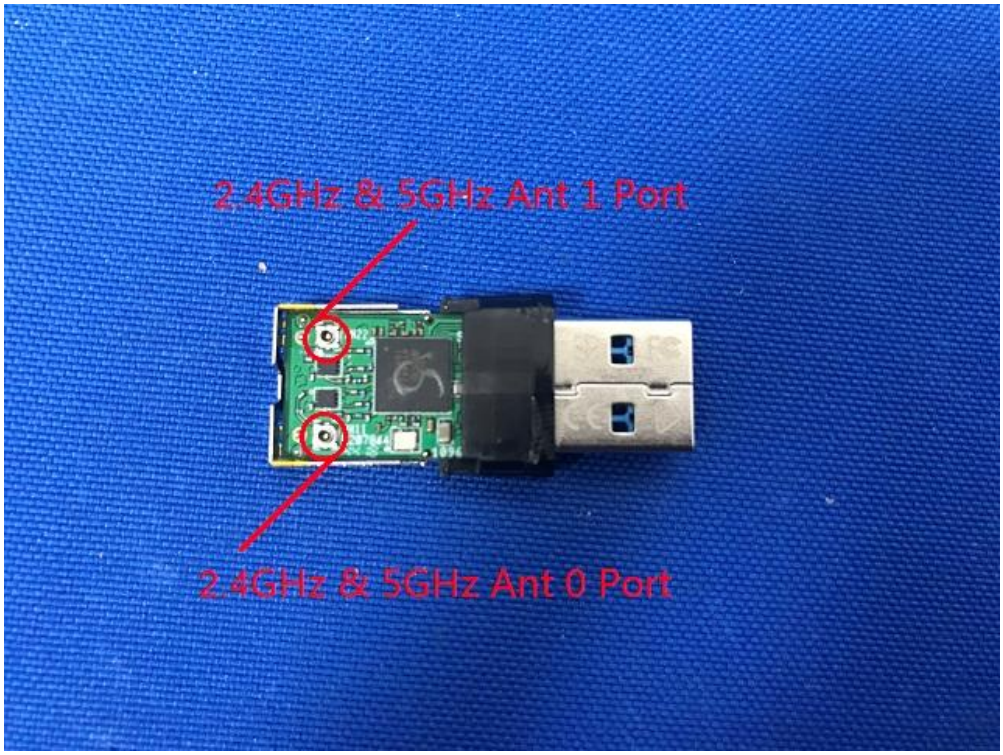
Note:

1. 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g support single transmission at Ant 0 port only.
2. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.
   For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as follows, N_{ANT} = 2, N_{SS} = 1.
   If all antennas have the same gain, G_{ANT}, Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.
   - For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,
     Array Gain = 10 log (N_{ANT}/ N_{SS}) dB = 3.01;
   - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,
     Array Gain = 0 dB for NANT ≤ 4;

   If antenna gains are not equal and each transmit antenna is driven by only one spatial stream, Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain,
   - For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,
     Array Gain = 10 log (N_{ANT}/ N_{SS}) dB = 3.01;
   - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,
     Array Gain = 0 dB for NANT ≤ 4;

2.5. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port				
Software Control Port	2.4GHz RF Port		5GHz RF Port	
	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 1



2.6. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11b (1Mbps)
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11g (6Mbps)
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20 (MCS8)
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40 (MCS8)
	Mode 5: Transmit by VHT20 (MCS0)
	Mode 6: Transmit by VHT40 (MCS0)

2.7. Description of Test Software

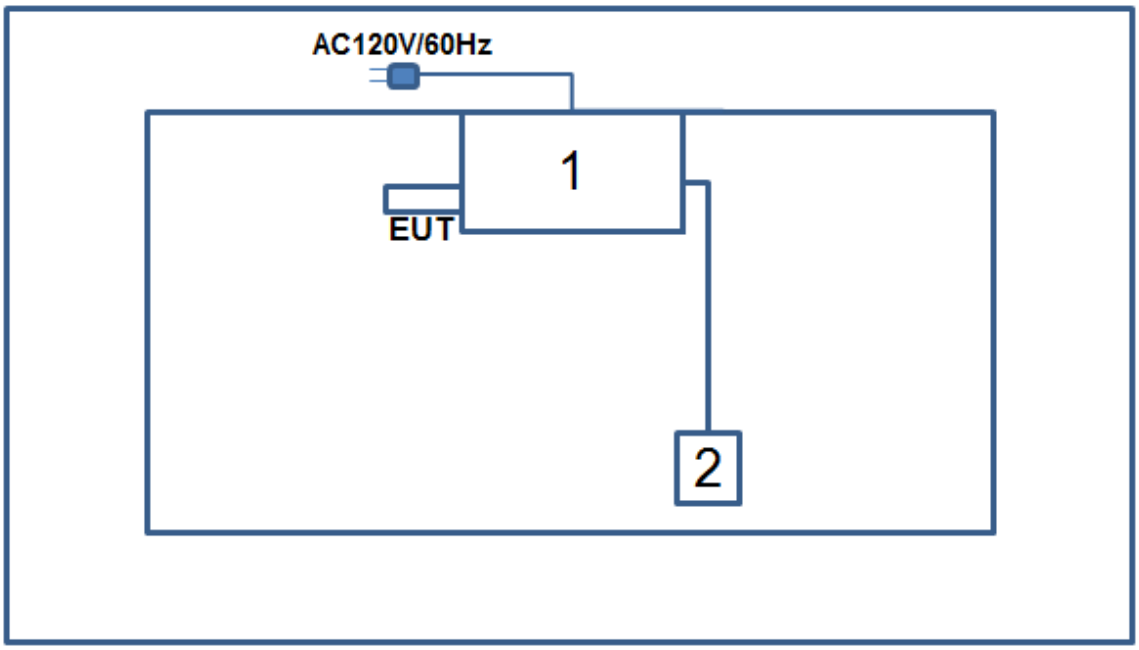
The test utility software used during testing was “REALTEK 11ac 8822BU_USB”, and the version was “v5.05”.

Power Parameter Value

Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value		Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value	
		Ant 0	Ant 1			Ant 0	Ant 1
11b	2412	44.0	--	11g	2412	44.0	--
	2437	44.0	--		2437	51.0	--
	2462	44.0	--		2462	47.0	--
11n-HT20	2412	45.0	47.0	11n-HT40	2422	38.0	40.0
	2437	47.0	49.0		2437	46.0	47.0
	2462	45.0	47.0		2452	39.0	41.0
VHT20	2412	46.0	47.0	VHT40	2422	40.0	41.0
	2437	47.0	49.0		2437	45.0	47.0
	2462	44.0	46.0		2452	39.0	41.0

2.8. Configuration of Test System

The **AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter** was tested per the guidance ANSI C63.10: 2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

Connection Diagram


Signal Cable Type		Signal Cable Description
A	N/A	N/A

2.9. Test System Details

The types for all equipments, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

Product		Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	Notebook	Lenovo	E431	PF-10ZRN 13/12	Non-Shielded, 1.8m
2	Mouse	DELL	MS111-T	N/A	Shielded, 1.8m

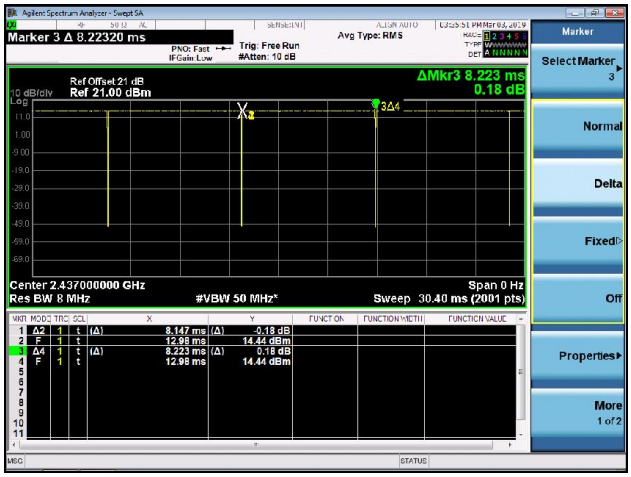
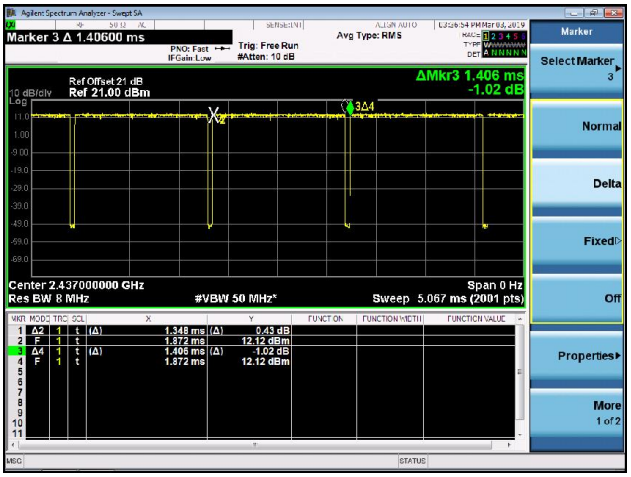
2.10. Device Capabilities

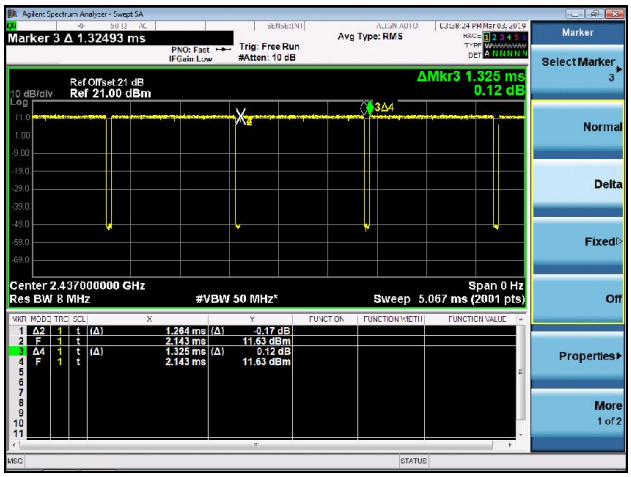
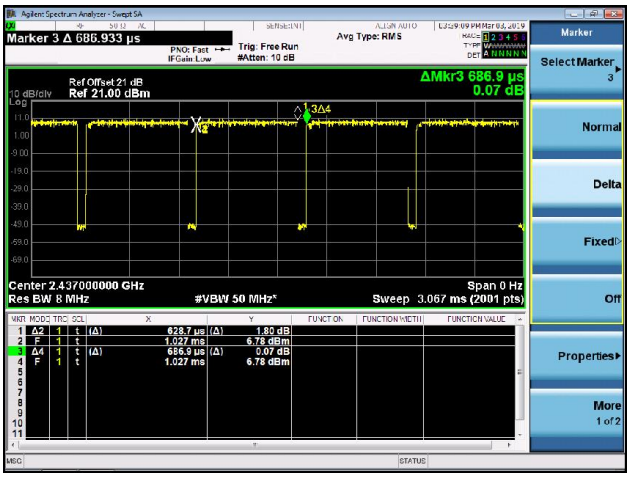
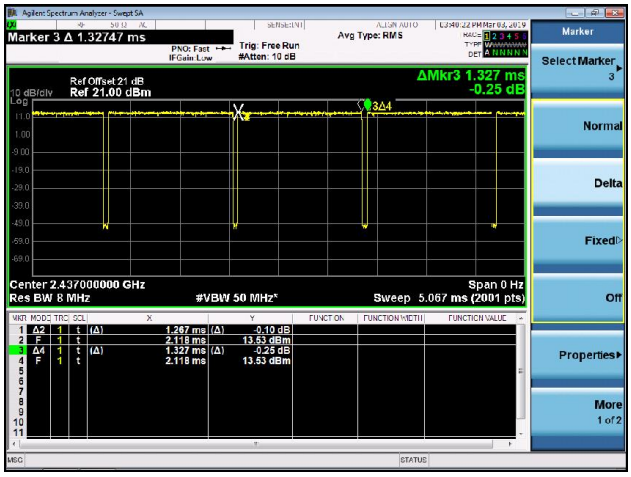
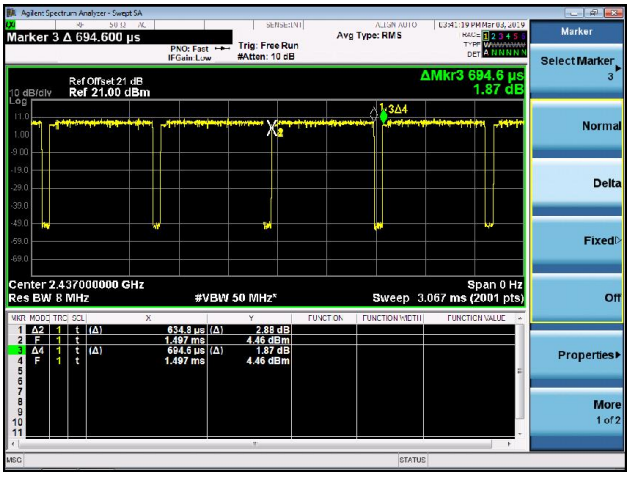
This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS), 5GHz WLAN (UNII)

Note: 2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz and 40MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Model No.	Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Archer T3U	802.11b	99.08%
	802.11g	95.87%
	802.11n-HT20	95.40%
	802.11n-HT40	91.53%
	VHT20	95.48%
	VHT40	91.39%

Duty Cycle (T = Transmission Duration)	
802.11b (T = 8.147ms)	802.11g (T = 1.348ms)
	

Duty Cycle (T = Transmission Duration)	
802.11n-HT20 (T = 1.264ms)	802.11n-HT40 (T = 628.7us)
	
VHT20 (T = 1.267ms)	VHT40 (T = 634.8us)
	

2.11. Test Configuration

The **AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter** was tested per the guidance of ANSI C63.10-2013. ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.12. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.13. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION of TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance was used in the measurement of the **AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter.**

Deviation from measurement procedure…….....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.
For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.
Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antenna of the **AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter** is **permanently attached.**
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2019/3/20
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00020	1 year	2019/3/20
8-Wire ISN (T8)	R&S	ENY81	MRTTWA00018	1 year	2019/4/24
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00045	1 year	2019/5/14
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00033	1 year	2019/5/21

Radiated Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Acitve Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2019/4/24
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2019/5/22
Broadband Hornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2019/4/24
Breitband Hornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2019/4/23
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2019/4/23
Broadband Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2019/4/23
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2019/3/19
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2019/7/30
Antenna Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00010	1 year	2019/5/18
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00032	1 year	2019/5/21

Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2019/7/30
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTSUE06457	1 year	2019/7/19
X-Series USB Peak and Average Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00014	1 year	2019/4/24
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00032	1 year	2019/5/21

Software	**Version**	**Function**
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement - SR2
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 150kHz~30MHz: 2.53dB
Radiated Emission Measurement - AC1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: 4.25dB 1GHz ~ 25GHz: 4.45dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 2.65dB
Output Power - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 0.84dB
Power Spectrum Density - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 2.65dB
Occupied Bandwidth - SR1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 3.3%

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Product Name: **AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter**

FCC ID: **TE7T3U**

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	≥ 500kHz	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(3)	Output Power	≤ 30dBm		Pass	Section 7.3
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	≤ 8dBm/3kHz		Pass	Section 7.4
15.247(d)	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	≥ 30dBc(Average)		Pass	Section 7.5
15.205 15.209	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.6 & 7.7
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.8

Notes:

1) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
2) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
3) Test Items “6dB Bandwidth” & “Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions” have been assessed MIMO transmission, and showed the worst test data in this report.

7.2. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1.Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

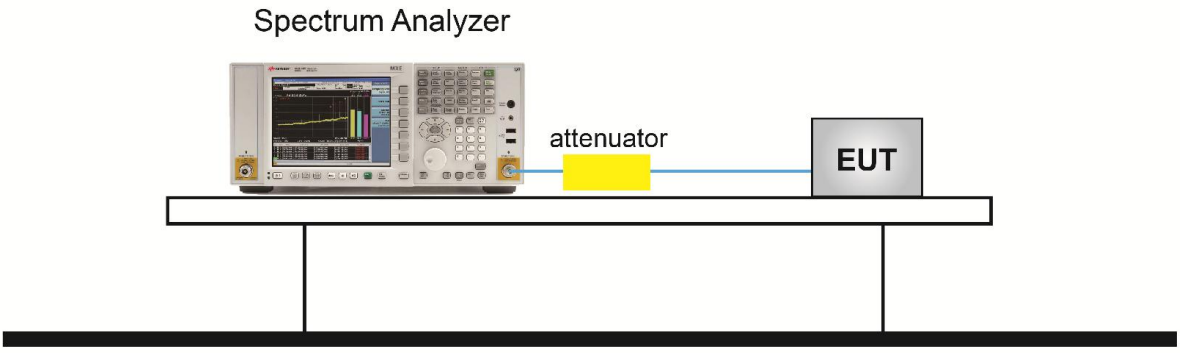
7.2.2.Test Procedure used

ANSI C63.10 Section 11.8

7.2.3.Test Setting

1. The Spectrum's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 6dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 6. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. Set RBW = 100 kHz
3. VBW ≥ 3 × RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. Allow the trace was allowed to stabilize

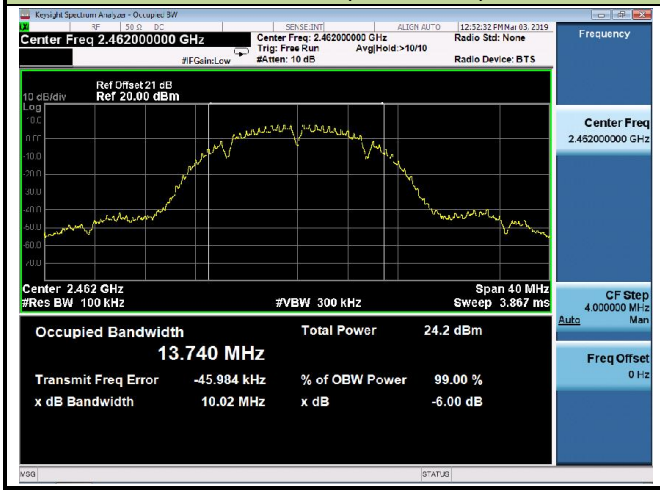
7.2.4.Test Setup

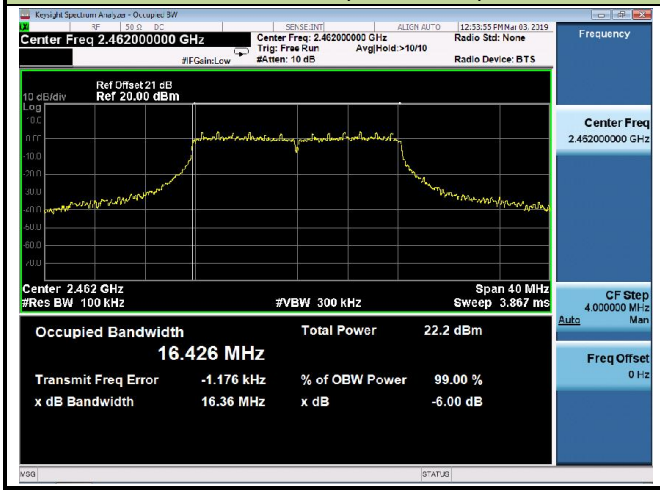


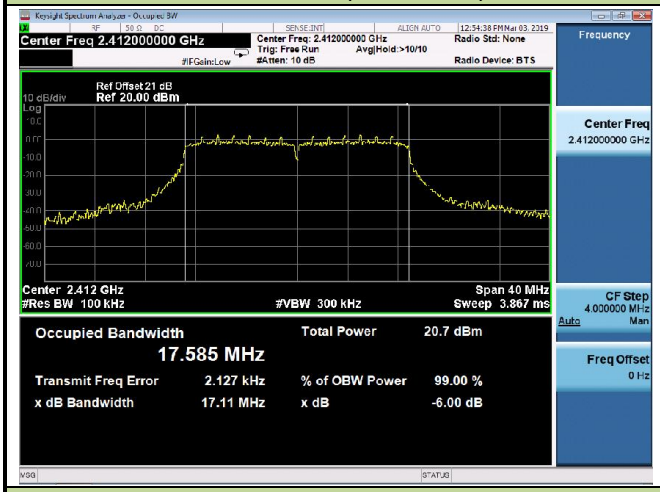
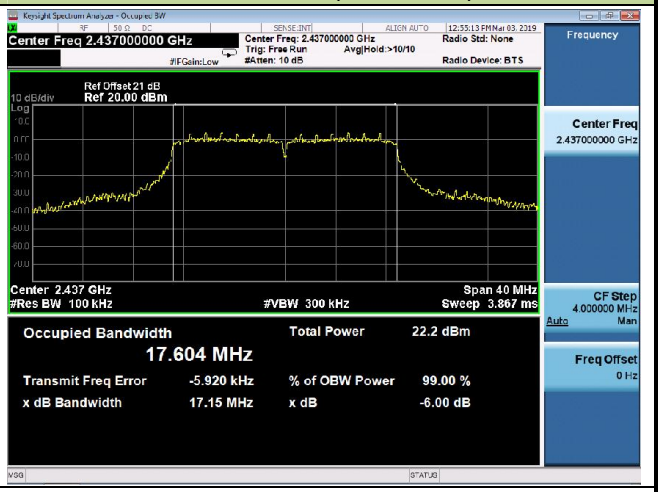
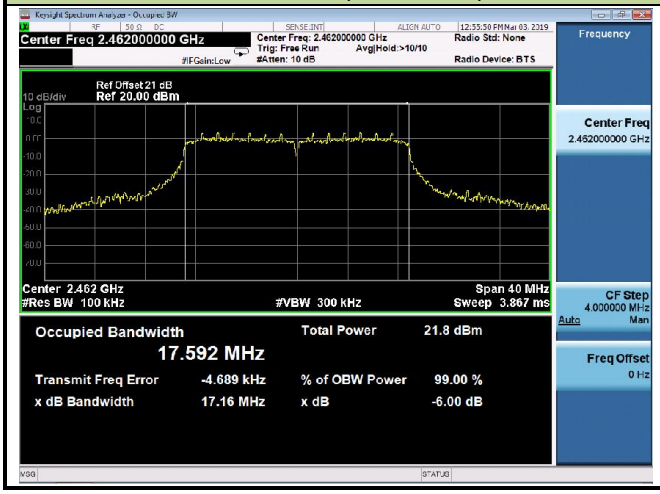
7.2.5.Test Result

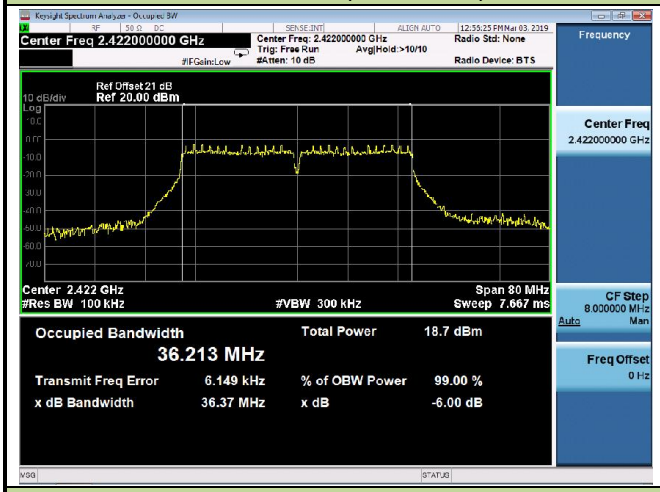
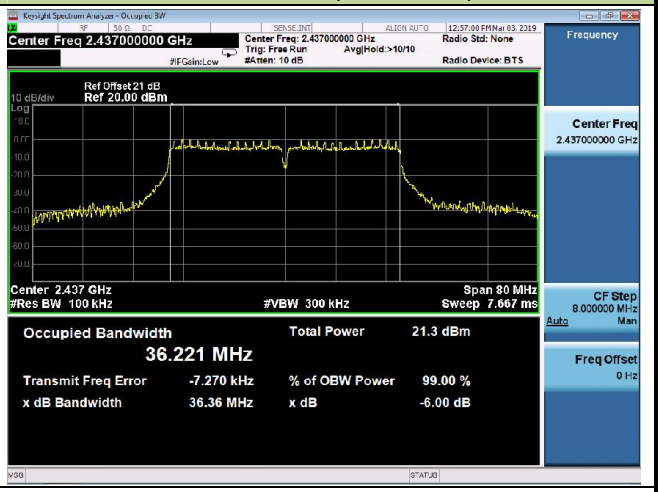
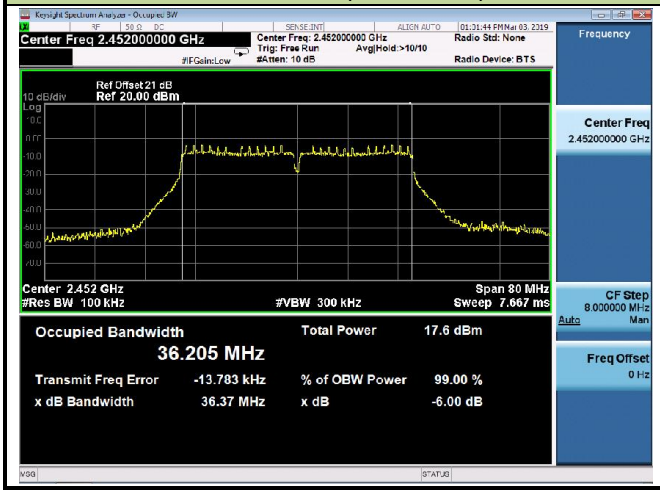
Product	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2019/03/03

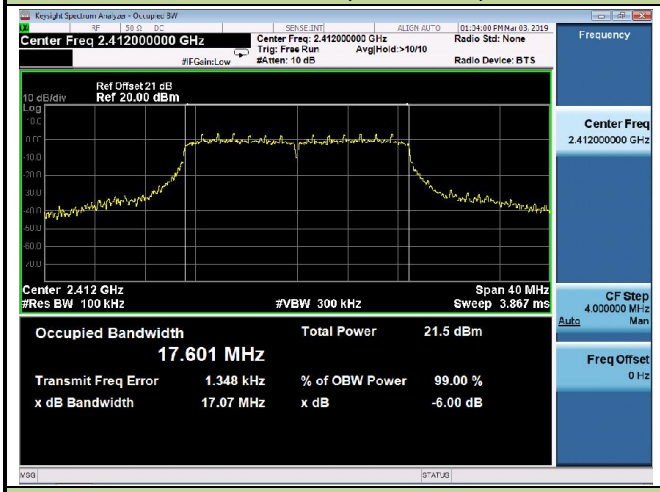
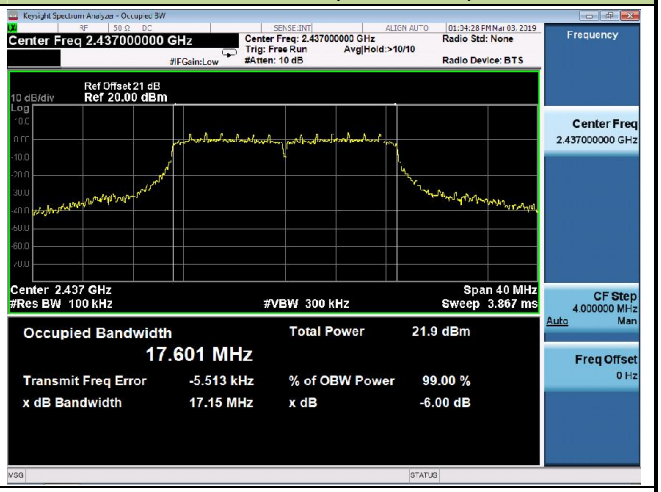
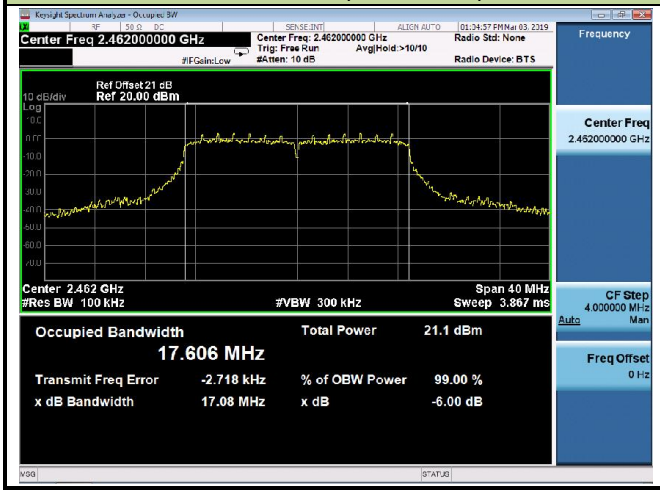
Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	9.57	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	9.57	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	10.02	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	16.37	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	16.35	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	16.36	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	01	2412	17.11	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	06	2437	17.15	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	11	2462	17.16	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	03	2422	36.37	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	06	2437	36.36	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	09	2452	36.37	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	01	2412	17.07	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	06	2437	17.15	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	11	2462	17.08	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	03	2422	36.37	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	06	2437	36.34	≥ 0.5	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	09	2452	36.13	≥ 0.5	Pass

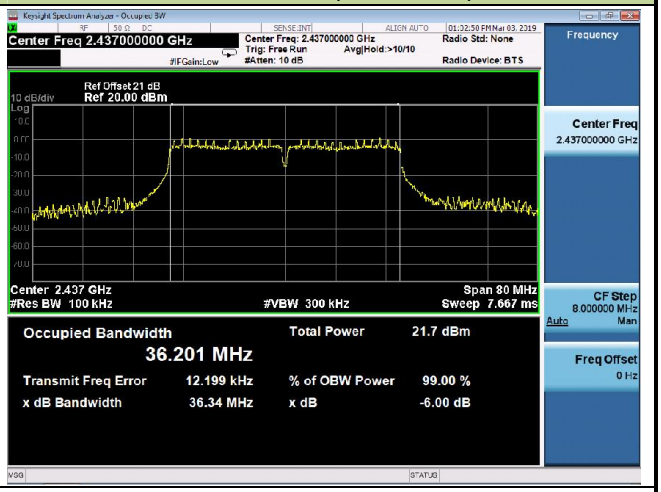
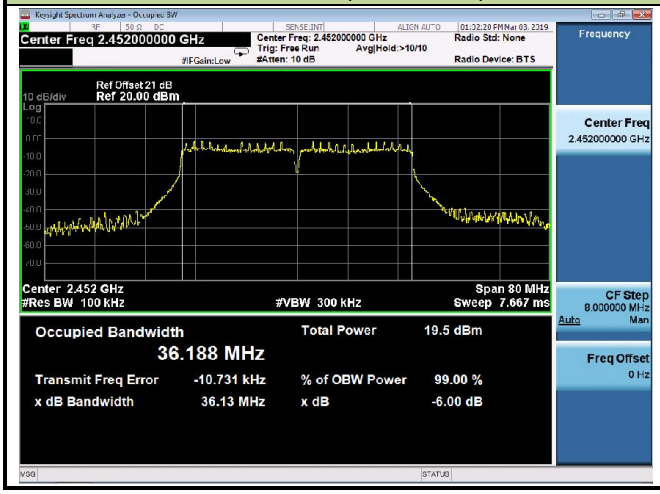
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

802.11n-HT40 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

VHT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

VHT40 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1.Test Limit

The maximum output power shall be less 1 Watt (30dBm).

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph FCC Part 15.247(b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs FCC Part 15.247(b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

7.3.2.Test Procedure Used

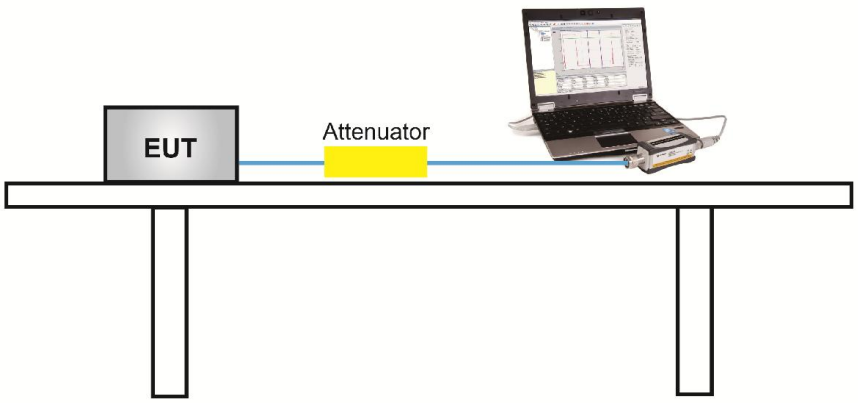
ANSI C63.10 Section 11.9.2.3.2

7.3.3.Test Setting

Average Power Measurement

Average power measurements were perform only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter.

7.3.4.Test Setup



7.3.5.Test Result

Power output test was verified over all data rates of each mode shown as below table, and then choose the maximum power output (gray marker) for final test of each channel.

Output power at various data rates:

Ant 0 - 802.11b - Channel 06 (2437MHz)				
Date Rate(Mbps)	1	2	5.5	11
Power (dBm)	18.36	18.28	18.20	18.02

Ant 0 - 802.11g - Channel 06 (2437MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
Power (dBm)	18.51	18.46	18.38	18.36	18.32	18.28	18.29	18.13

Ant 0 / Ant 0+1 - 802.11n-HT20 - Channel 06 (2437MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
Power (dBm)	16.21	16.17	16.10	16.04	15.97	15.93	15.87	15.83

Ant 0 / Ant 0+1 - 802.11n-HT40 - Channel 06 (2437MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS8	MCS9	MCS10	MCS11	MCS12	MCS13	MCS14	MCS15
Power (dBm)	15.53	15.48	15.41	15.35	15.29	15.23	15.16	15.06

Ant 0 / Ant 0+1 - VHT20 - Channel 06 (2437MHz)									
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
Power (dBm)	16.18	16.15	16.08	16.04	15.98	15.92	15.89	15.83	15.74

Ant 0 / Ant 0+1 - VHT40 - Channel 06 (2437MHz)										
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
Power (dBm)	15.32	15.29	15.23	15.17	15.12	15.07	15.03	15.00	14.96	14.93

Product	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter	Temperature	25°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	56%
Test Site	SR1	Test Date	2019/02/25

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	18.38	-	18.38	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	18.36	-	18.36	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	18.23	-	18.23	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	15.25	-	15.25	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	18.51	-	18.51	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	16.47	-	16.47	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	01	2412	14.47	14.96	17.73	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	06	2437	16.21	16.25	19.24	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	11	2462	14.59	14.47	17.54	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	03	2422	12.33	12.06	15.21	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	06	2437	15.53	15.35	18.45	≤ 30.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	09	2452	12.47	12.34	15.42	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	01	2412	15.54	15.16	18.36	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	06	2437	16.18	16.23	19.22	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	11	2462	14.22	14.17	17.21	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	03	2422	13.08	12.51	15.81	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	06	2437	15.32	15.29	18.32	≤ 30.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	09	2452	12.43	12.49	15.47	≤ 30.00	Pass

Note 1:

For 802.11b/g

Total Average Power (dBm) = Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)

For 802.11n-HT20/n-HT40/VHT20/VHT40

Total Average Power (dBm) = $10*\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power }/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power }/10)}\}$

Note 2: Average Power Limit (dBm) = 30dBm.

7.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.4.1.Test Limit

The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8dBm in any 3 kHz band.

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

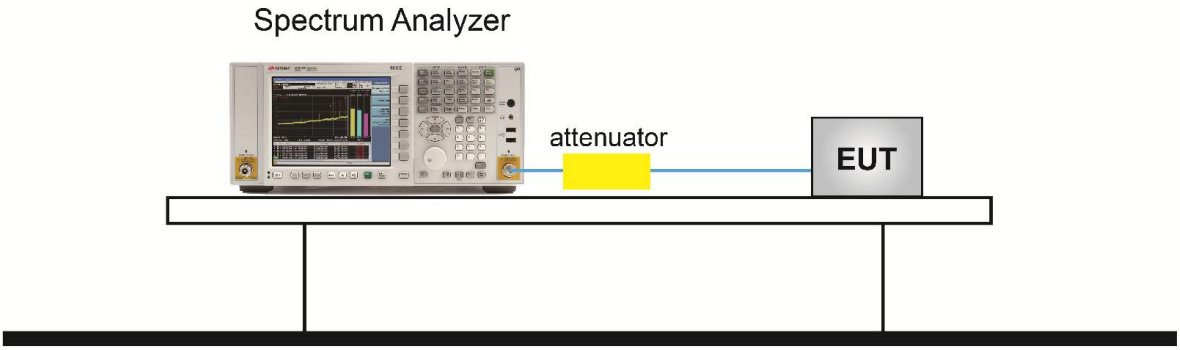
7.4.2.Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10 Section 11.10.5

7.4.3.Test Setting

1. Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
2. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
3. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
4. RBW = 10 kHz.
5. VBW = 30 kHz.
6. Detector = RMS.
7. Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep ≥ 2 x span/RBW.
8. Sweep time = auto couple.
9. Don’t use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to “free run”.
10. Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
11. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
12. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a, to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
13. Add Constant Factor = 10*log(3kHz / 10kHz) = -5.23.

7.4.4.Test Setup



7.4.5.Test Result

Product	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR1	Test Date	2019/03/03

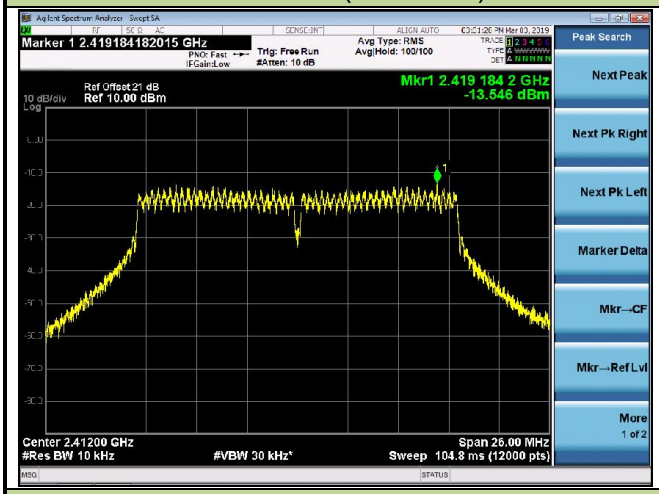
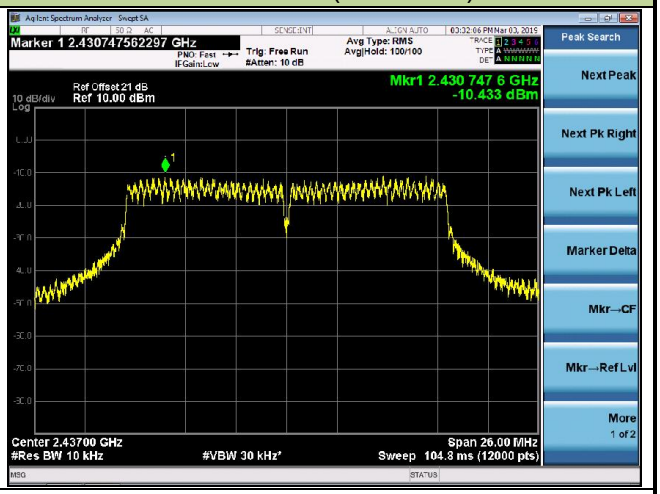
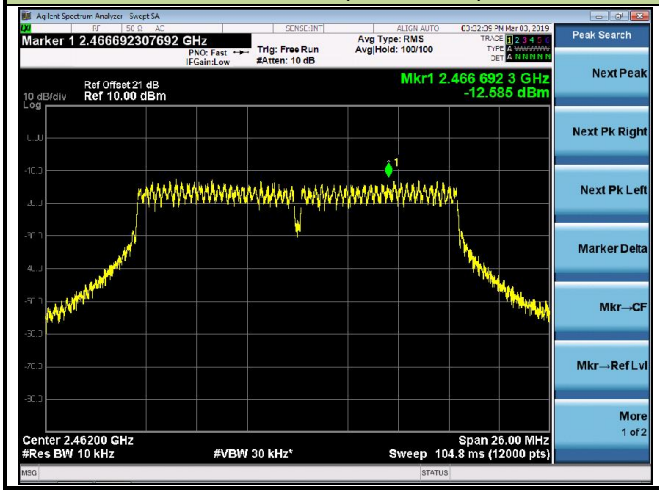
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ 10kHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ 10kHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Constant Factor (dBm)	Total PSD (dBm/ 3kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 3kHz)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	-9.56	N/A	99.08	-5.23	-14.79	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	-9.17	N/A	99.08	-5.23	-14.40	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	-9.84	N/A	99.08	-5.23	-15.07	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	-13.55	N/A	95.87	-5.23	-18.78	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	-10.43	N/A	95.87	-5.23	-15.66	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	-12.59	N/A	95.87	-5.23	-17.82	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	01	2412	-13.74	-13.04	95.40	-5.23	-15.39	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	06	2437	-13.03	-12.81	95.40	-5.23	-14.93	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	11	2462	-14.44	-13.92	95.40	-5.23	-16.19	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	03	2422	-18.40	-18.59	91.53	-5.23	-20.33	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	06	2437	-14.71	-17.37	91.53	-5.23	-17.67	≤ 8.00	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	09	2452	-19.02	-18.77	91.53	-5.23	-20.73	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	01	2412	-12.23	-12.97	95.48	-5.23	-14.60	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	06	2437	-12.67	-12.60	95.48	-5.23	-14.65	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	11	2462	-13.88	-14.73	95.48	-5.23	-16.30	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	03	2422	-19.08	-18.16	91.39	-5.23	-20.42	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	06	2437	-17.51	-16.37	91.39	-5.23	-18.73	≤ 8.00	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	09	2452	-19.07	-18.08	91.39	-5.23	-20.38	≤ 8.00	Pass

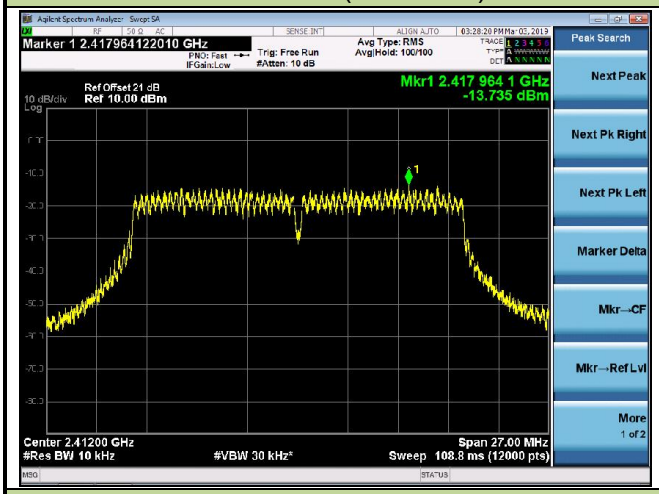
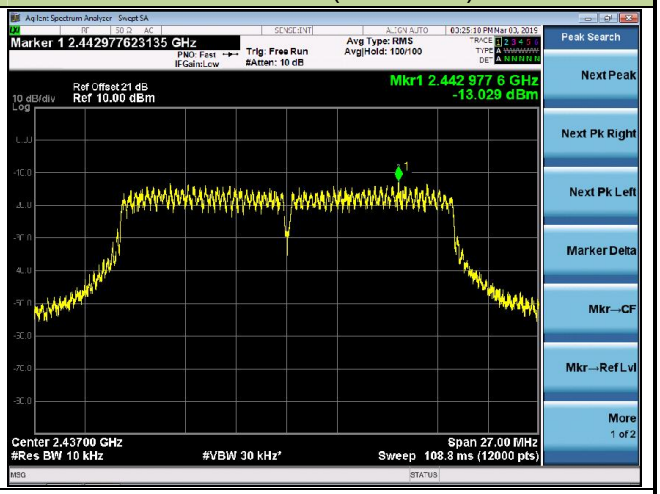
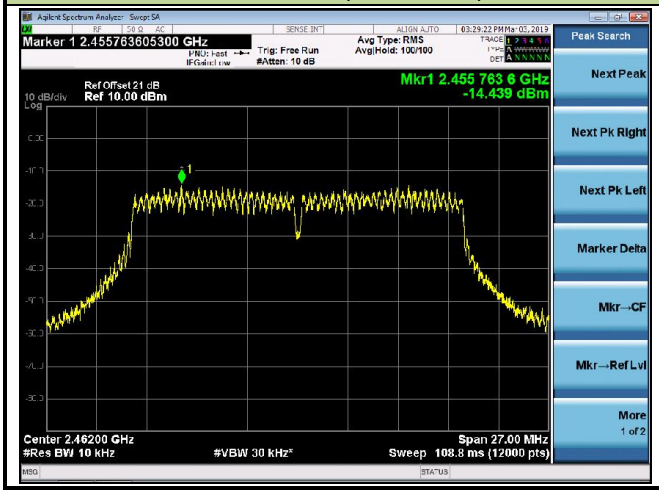
Note 1: When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%, Total AVGPSD = 10*log $\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 AVGPSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 AVGPSD}/10)}\}$ + Constant Factor.

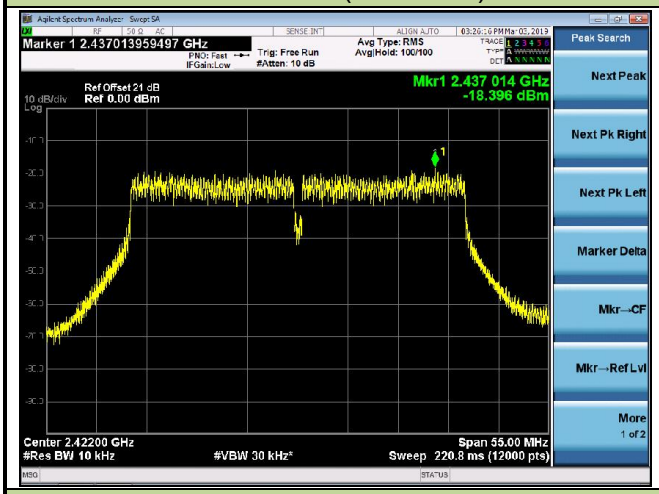
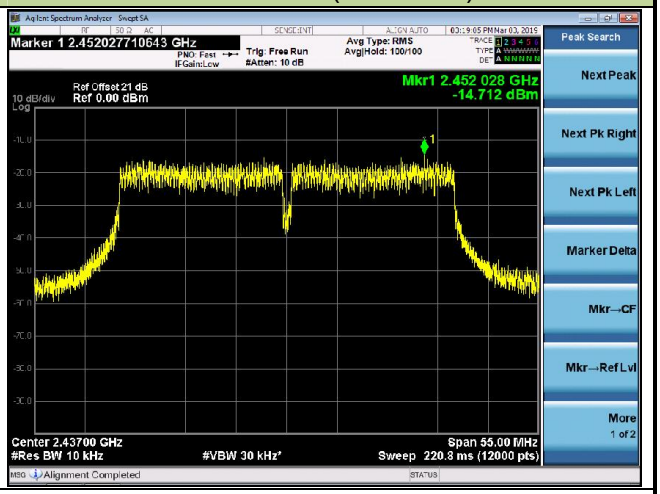
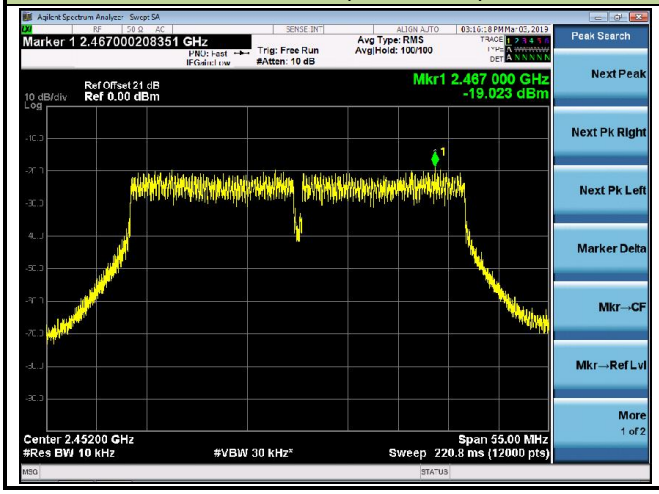
Note 2: When EUT duty cycle < 98%, Total AVGPSD = 10*log $\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 AVGPSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 AVGPSD}/10)}\}$ + 10*log (1/duty cycle) + Constant Factor.

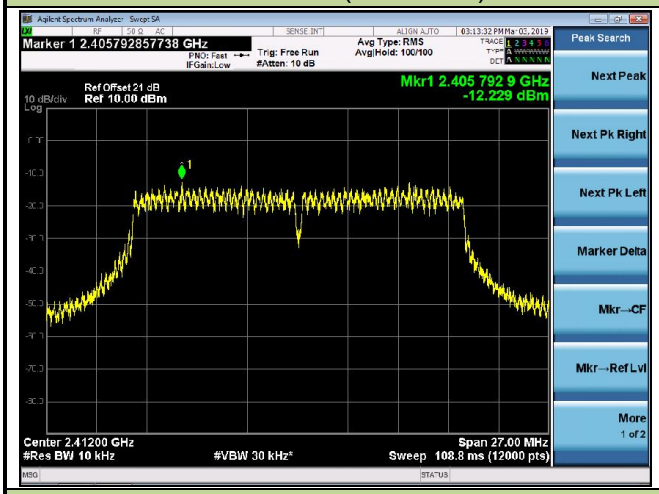
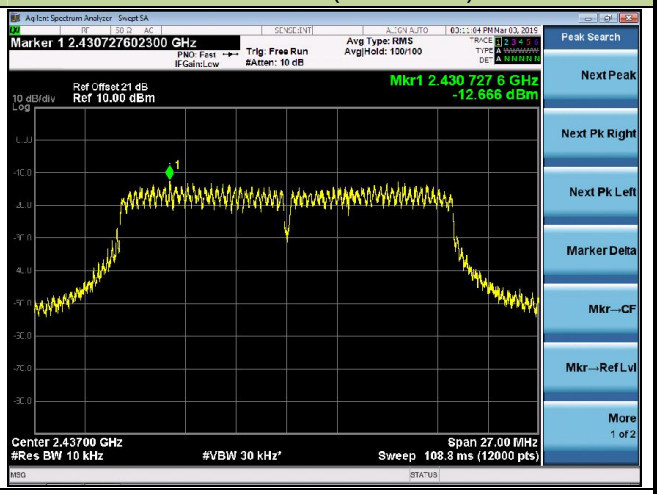
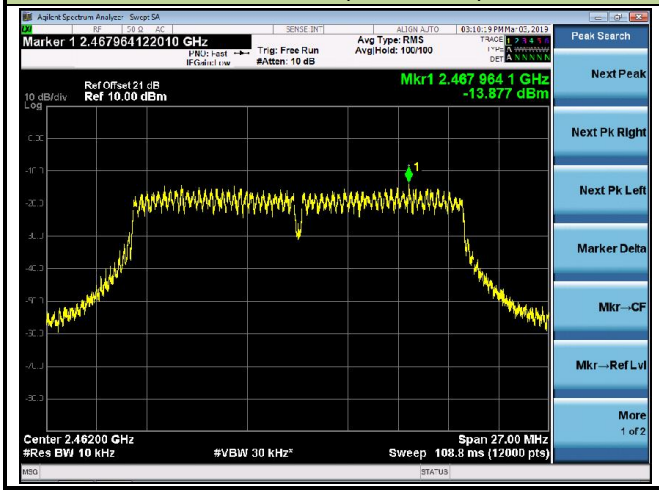
Note 3: PSD Limit = 8 dBm/3kHz.

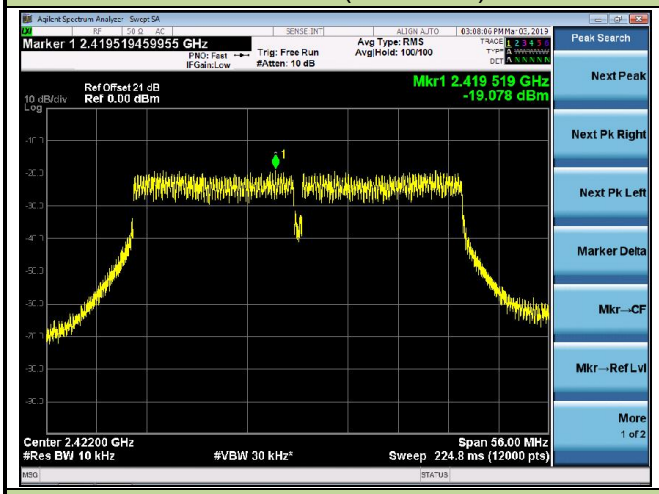
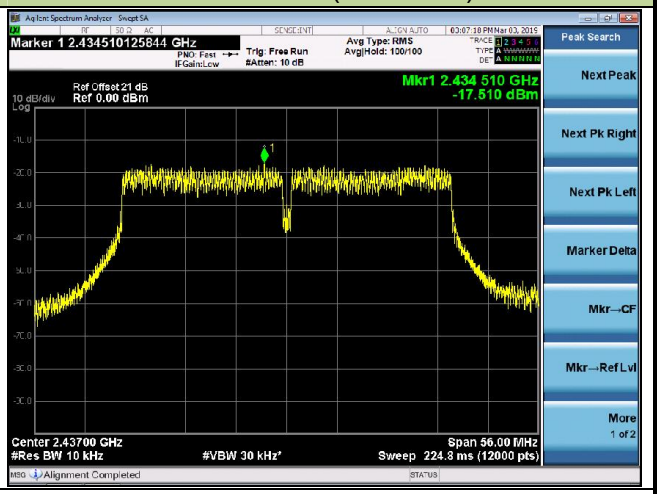
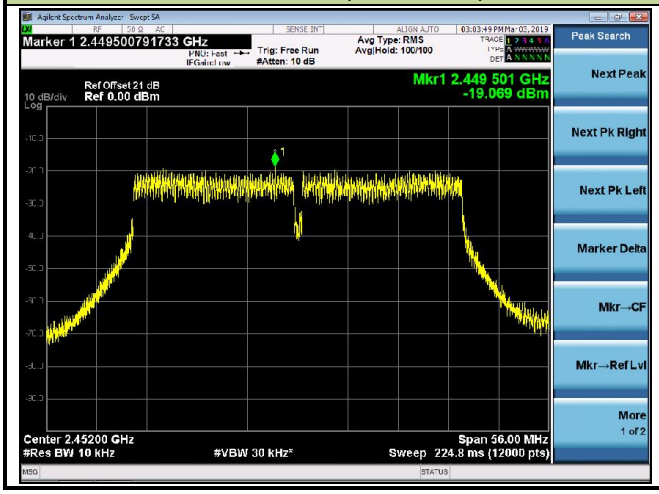
802.11b AVGPSD - Ant 0	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

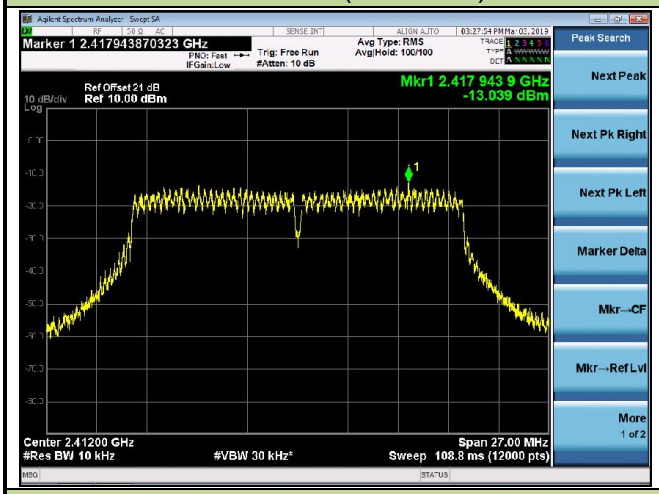
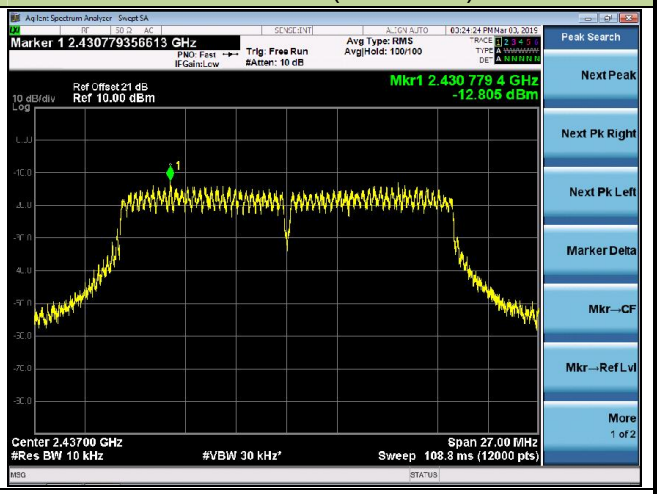
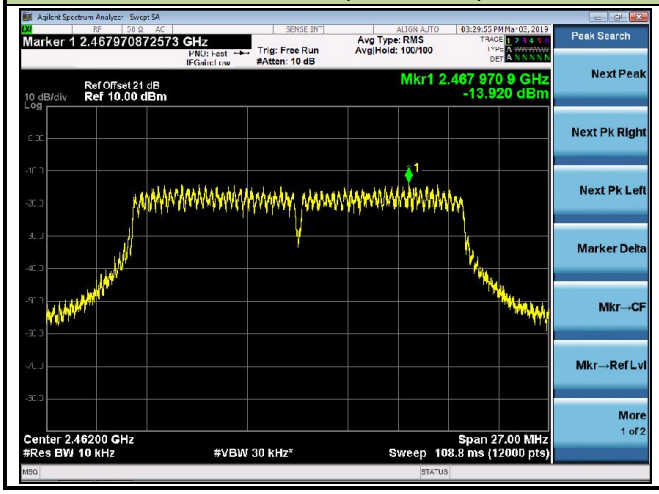
802.11g AVGPSD - Ant 0	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

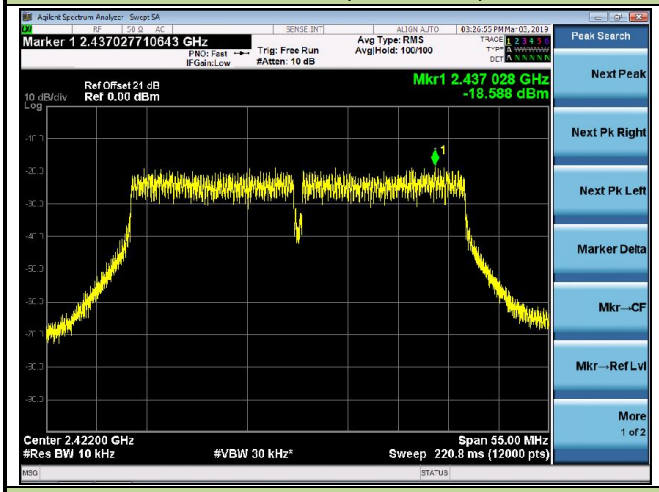
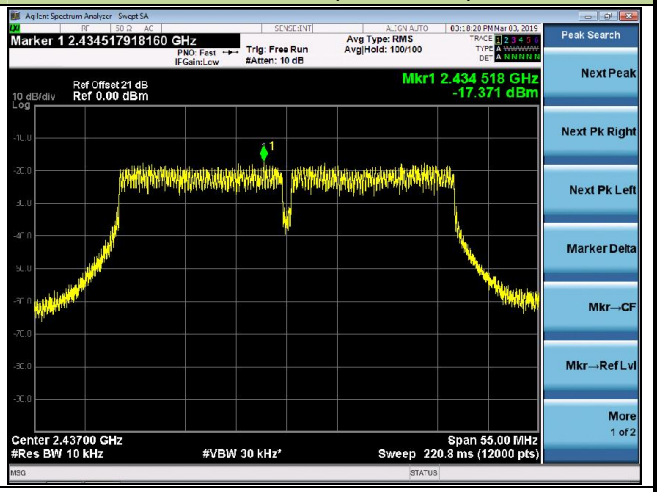
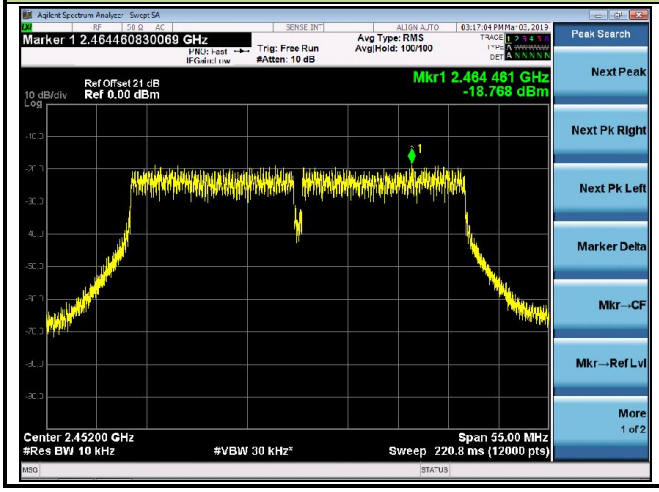
802.11n-HT20 AVGPSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

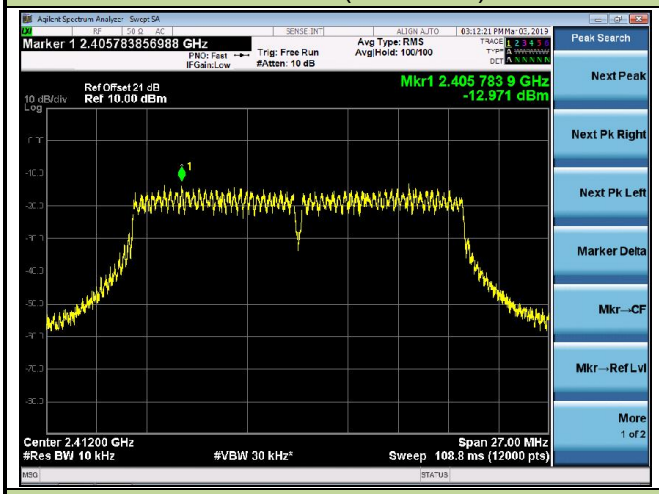
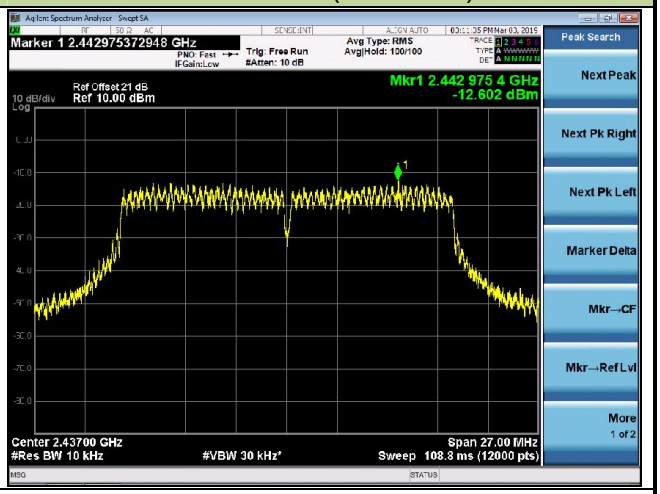
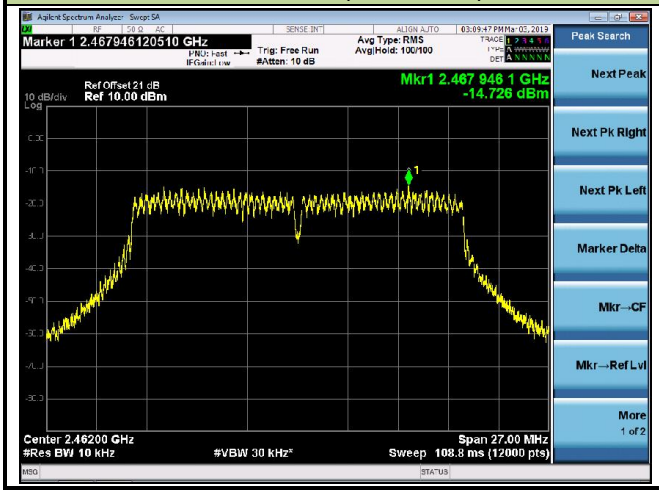
802.11n-HT40 AVGPSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

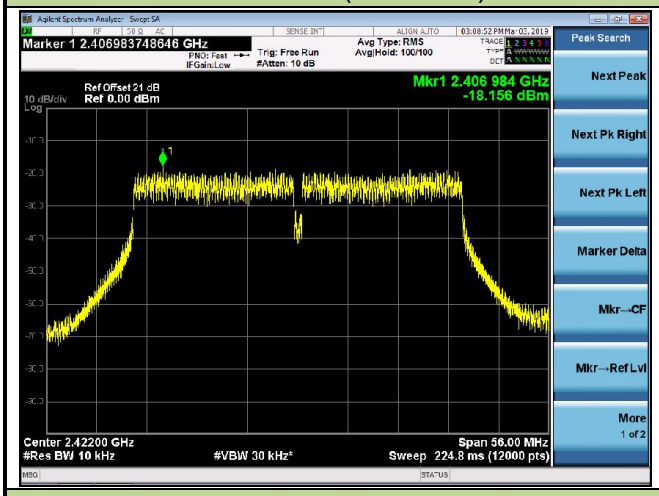
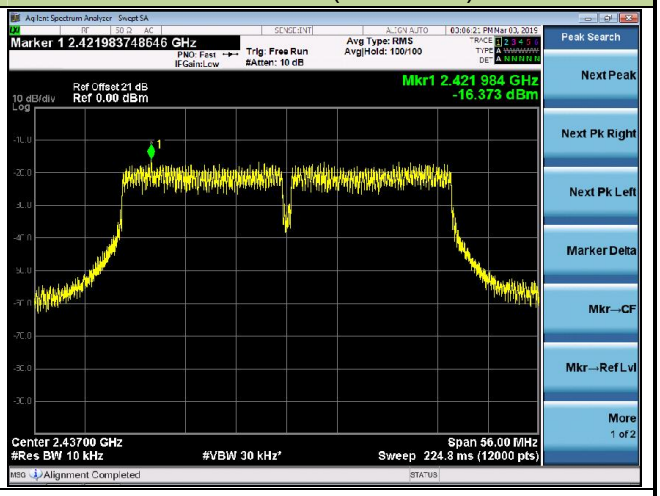
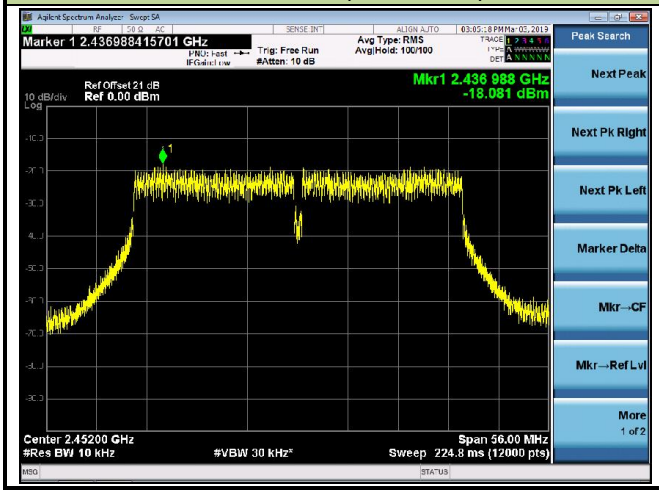
VHT20 AVGPSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

VHT40 AVGPSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

802.11n-HT20 AVGPSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

802.11n-HT40 AVGPSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

VHT20 AVGPSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
	

VHT40 AVGPSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1	
Channel 03 (2422MHz)	Channel 06 (2437MHz)
	
Channel 09 (2452MHz)	
	

7.5. Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions

7.5.1.Test Limit

The limit for out-of-band spurious emissions at the band edge is 30dB below the fundamental emission level, as determined from the in-band power measurement of the DTS channel performed in a 100 kHz bandwidth per the PSD procedure.

7.5.2.Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10 Section 11.11

7.5.3.Test Setting

Reference level measurement

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
2. Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth
3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
4. Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
5. Detector = peak
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize

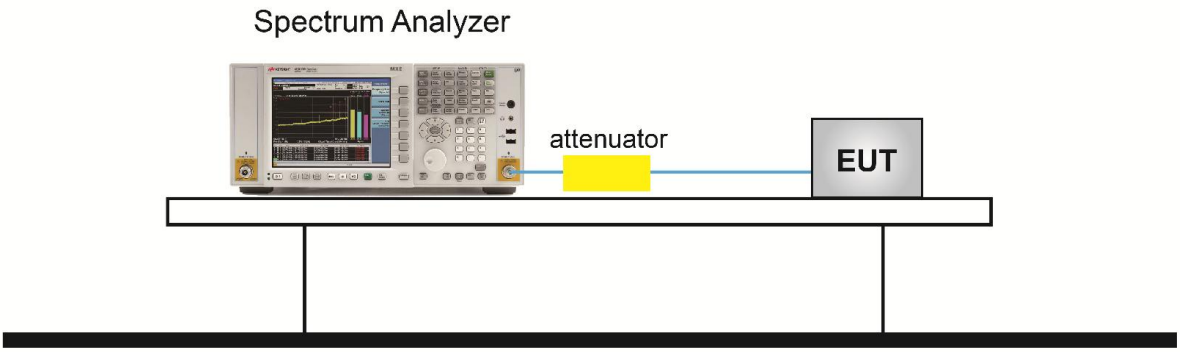
Emission level measurement

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured
2. RBW = 1.3MHz
3. VBW = 4MHz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Notes

1. RBW was set to 1.3MHz rather than 100 kHz in order to increase the measurement speed.
2. The display line shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 30dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth. However, since the traces in the following plots are measured with a 1.3MHz RBW, the display line may not necessarily appear to be 30dB below the level of the fundamental in a 1.3MHz bandwidth.
3. For plots showing conducted spurious emissions near the limit, the frequencies were investigated with a reduced RBW to ensure that no emissions were present.

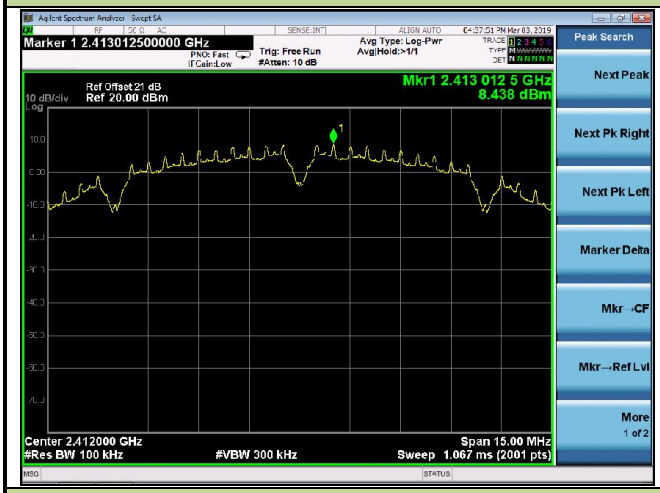
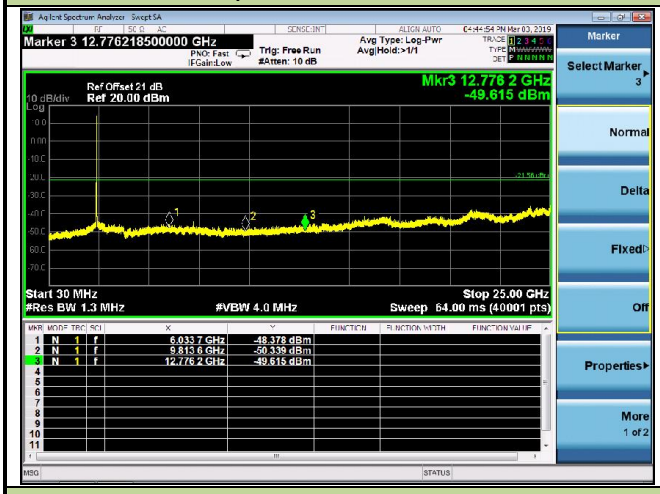
7.5.4.Test Setup



7.5.5.Test Result

Product	AC1300 Mini Wireless MU-MIMO USB Adapter	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR1	Test Date	2019/03/03

Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBc)	Result
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	30	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	30	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	30	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	30	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	30	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	30	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	01	2412	30	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	06	2437	30	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS8	11	2462	30	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	03	2422	30	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	06	2437	30	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS8	09	2452	30	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	01	2412	30	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass
VHT20	MCS0	11	2462	30	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	03	2422	30	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	06	2437	30	Pass
VHT40	MCS0	09	2452	30	Pass

802.11b Out-of-Band Emissions - Ant 0	
Channel 01 (2412MHz)	
100kHz PSD reference Level	Low Band Edge
	
Spurious Emission	
	
Channel 06 (2437MHz)	
100kHz PSD reference Level	Spurious Emission
	

802.11b Out-of-Band Emissions - Ant 0	
Channel 11 (2462MHz)	
100kHz PSD reference Level	High Band Edge
	
Spurious Emission