

## Appendix A

### Calibration Certificate

According to ETS 's internal quality management instruction based on EN 17025 the calibration cycle for field probes and related equipment is determined to 2 years. Additionally, ETS has prolonged the calibration interval for SPEAG System Validation Dipoles by three additional years. These QM procedures are acknowledged by the accreditation bodies mentioned on page 3 of this report during several accreditation audits.



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ETS Dr. Genz**

Certificate No: **D900V2-164\_Jul06**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D900V2 - SN: 164**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **July 28, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #             | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)   | 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)           | Aug-06                 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)           | Aug-06                 |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF) | SN 1507          | 28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)     | Oct-06                 |
| DAE4                        | SN 601           | 15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)     | Dec-06                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #             | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317       | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)  | In house check: Oct-07 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000675       | 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-06 |

|                |                 |                       |           |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|                | Name            | Function              | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Claudio Leubler | Laboratory Technician |           |

|              |             |                    |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Approved by: | Fin Bomholt | Technical Director |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------|

Issued: August 3, 2006

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.97 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.95 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (23.2 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ---            | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |   |
|---|--------------------|---|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.75 mW / g                                     |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 11.0 mW / g                                     |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>10.9 mW /g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |   |
|---|--------------------|---|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.76 mW / g                                     |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 7.04 mW / g                                     |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.96 mW /g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 55.0         | 1.05 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.2 ± 6 %   | 1.06 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (23.5 ± 0.2) °C | —            | —                |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.71 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 10.8 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | 10.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.76 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 7.04 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 6.96 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

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<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.1 $\Omega$ - 6.9 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.0 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 44.9 $\Omega$ - 9.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 19.1 dB                      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.407 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
| Manufactured on | May 16, 2002 |

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 28.07.2006 11:17:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:164**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.953 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

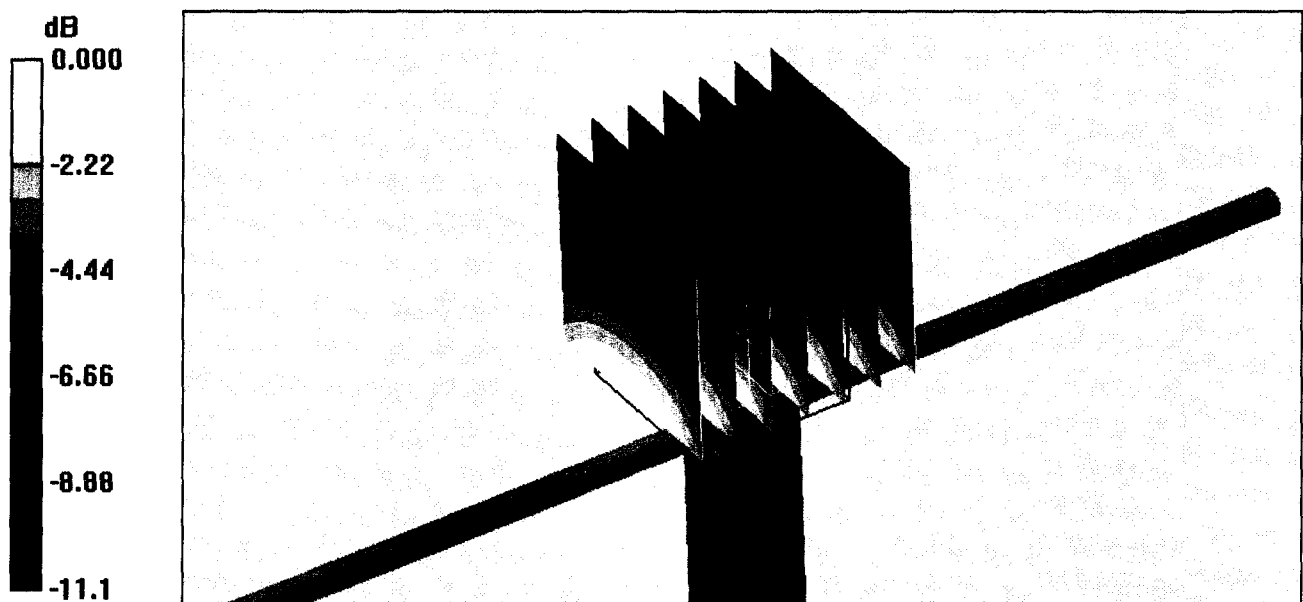
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.16 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.75 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g

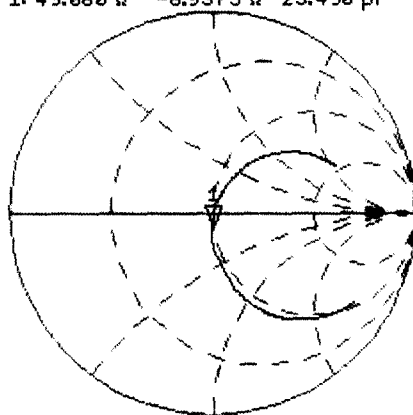


0 dB = 2.98mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

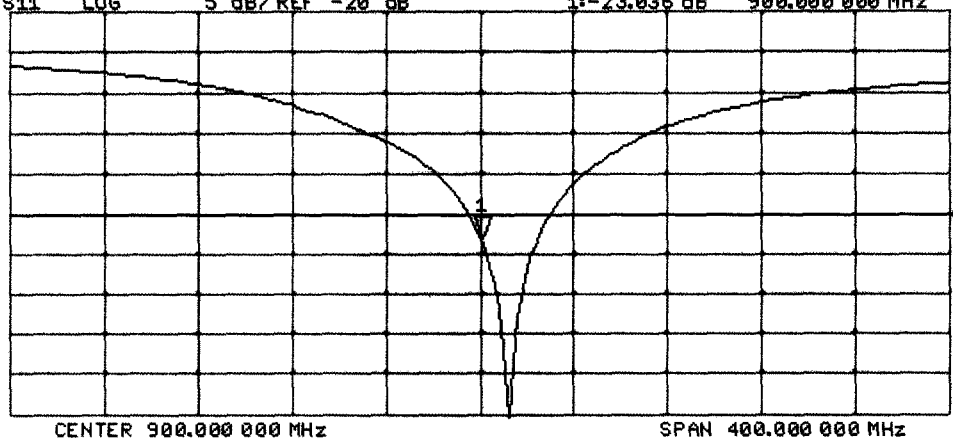
28 Jul 2006 10:21:03  
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.080  $\Omega$  -6.9375  $\Omega$  25.490 pF 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
 Del  
 Cor  
 Avg  
 16



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-23.035 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor  
 Avg  
 16





## DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 28.07.2006 13:09:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:164**

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 900;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.76, 5.76, 5.76); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

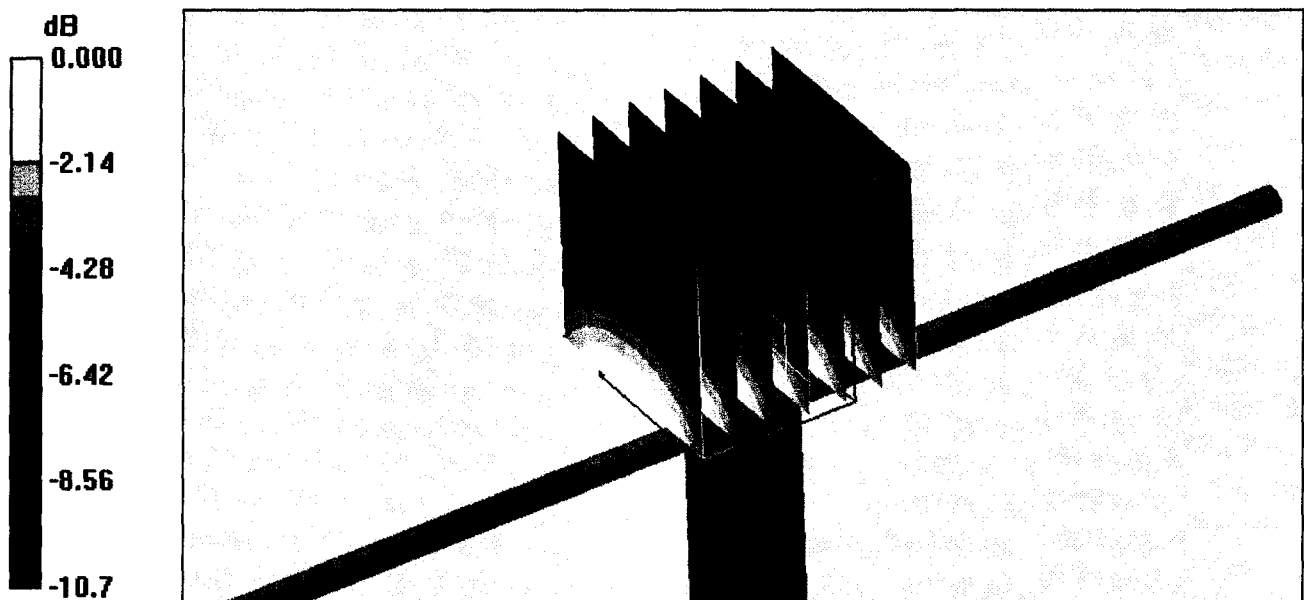
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 mW/g

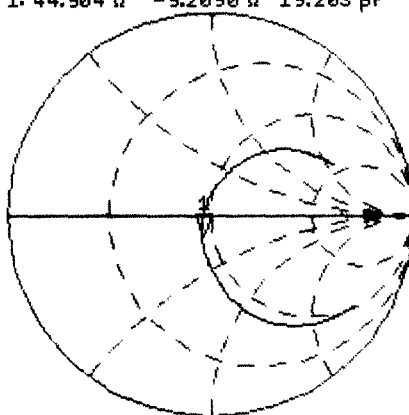


0 dB = 2.95mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

28 Jul 2006 12:14:34  
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 44.904  $\Omega$  -9.2090  $\Omega$  19.203 pF 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
 Del  
 Cor



Avg  
 16

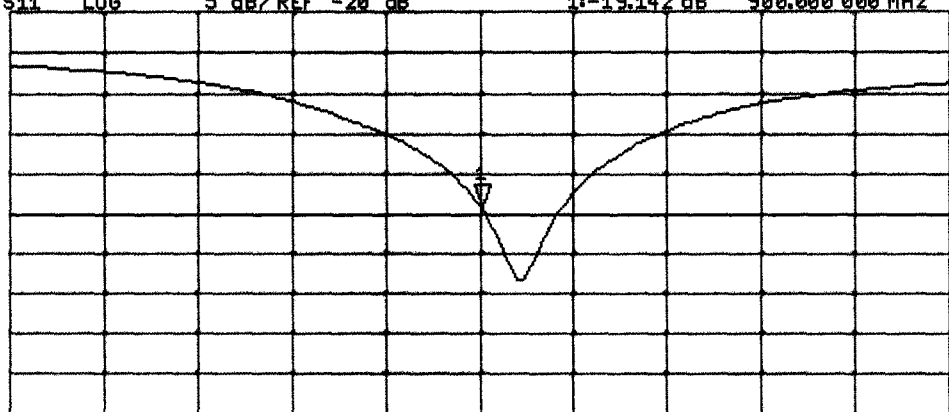
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -19.142 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
 16

↑



CENTER 900.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

**Dr. Gens**

Certificate No. **D1800V2-2d046\_Sep06**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

**D1800V2 - SN: 2d046**

Calibration procedure(s)

**QA CAL-05.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date:

**September 26, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item

**In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #             | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)   | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)           | Aug-07                 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)           | Aug-07                 |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6      | SN: 1507         | 28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)     | Oct-06                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3025         | 28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct05)     | Oct-06                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601          | 15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)     | Dec-06                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #             | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317       | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)  | In house check: Oct-07 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000675       | 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-06 |

|                |                    |                              |           |
|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
|                | Name               | Function                     | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | <b>Marcel Fehr</b> | <b>Laboratory Technician</b> |           |

|              |                      |                          |           |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
|              | Name                 | Function                 | Signature |
| Approved by: | <b>Katja Potovic</b> | <b>Technical Manager</b> |           |

Issued: September 27, 2006

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.7 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.35 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (21.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ---            | ---                  |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9.27 mW /g                                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 37.1 mW /g                                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>37.1 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 4.95 mW /g                                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 19.8 mW /g                                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>19.7 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.8 ± 6 %   | 1.49 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | ---          | ---              |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|   |                    |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                   |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9.98 mW /g                        |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 39.9 mW /g                        |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>40.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|   |                    |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                   |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.33 mW /g                        |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 21.3 mW /g                        |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

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<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.4 $\Omega$ - 4.1 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 42.3 $\Omega$ - 4.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 20.4 dB                      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.211 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
| Manufactured on | May 16, 2002 |

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 26.09.2006 12:25:44

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN:2d046**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

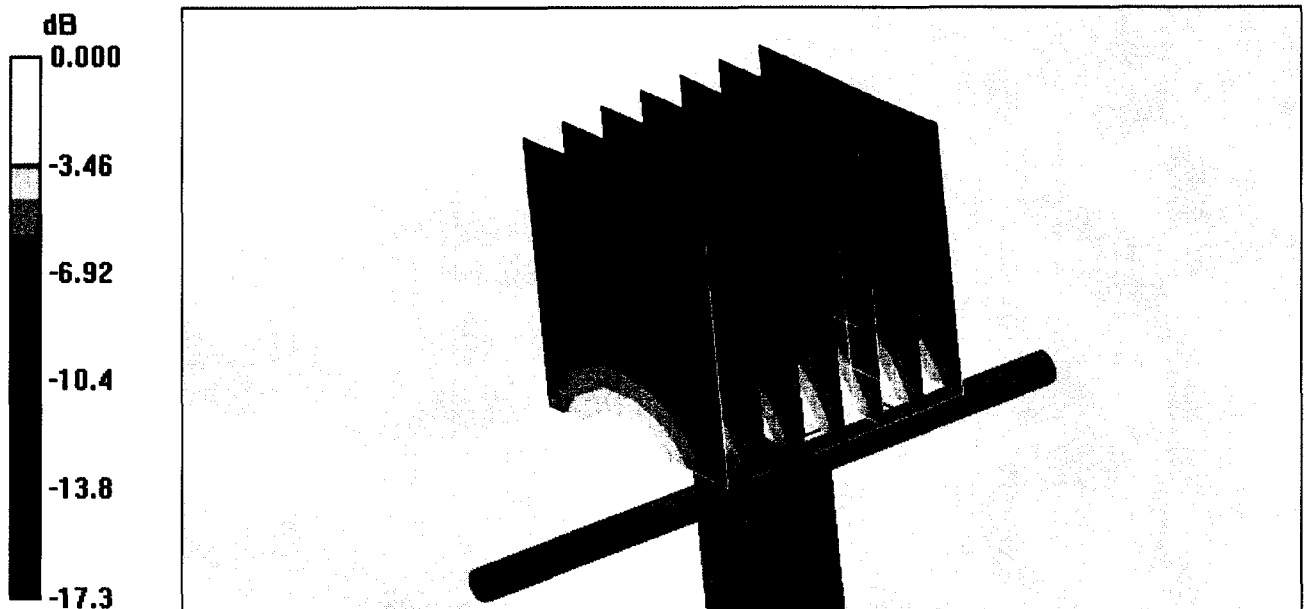
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g



0 dB = 10.3mW/g



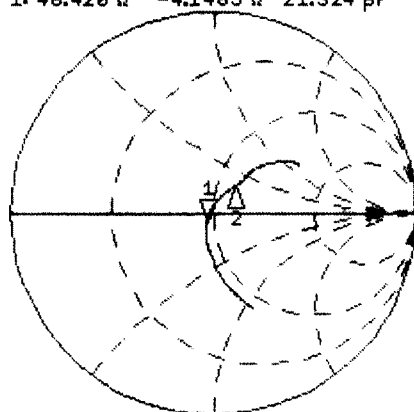
# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

26 Sep 2006 10:47:42  
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 46.420  $\Omega$  -4.1465  $\Omega$  21.324 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

\*  
 Del  
 Cor

Avg  
 16

↑



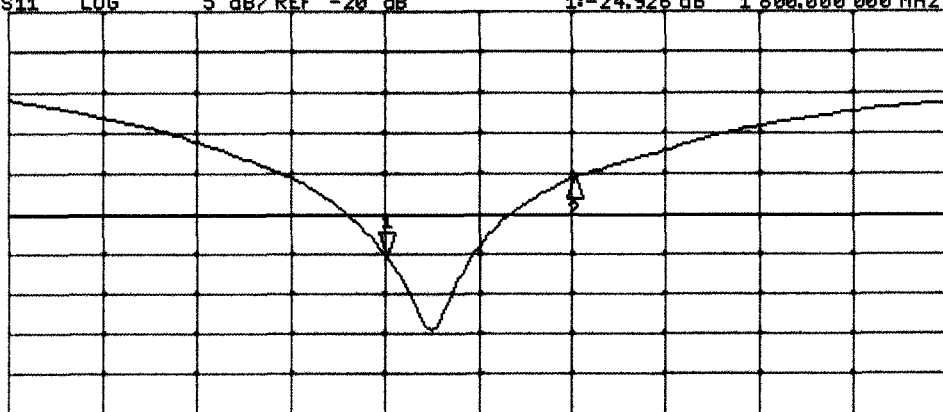
CH1 Markers  
 2: 59.186  $\Omega$   
 15.766  $\Omega$   
 1.90000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -24.926 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
 16

↑



CH2 Markers  
 2: -15.627 dB  
 1.90000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

## DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 20.09.2006 15:23:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN: 2d046**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

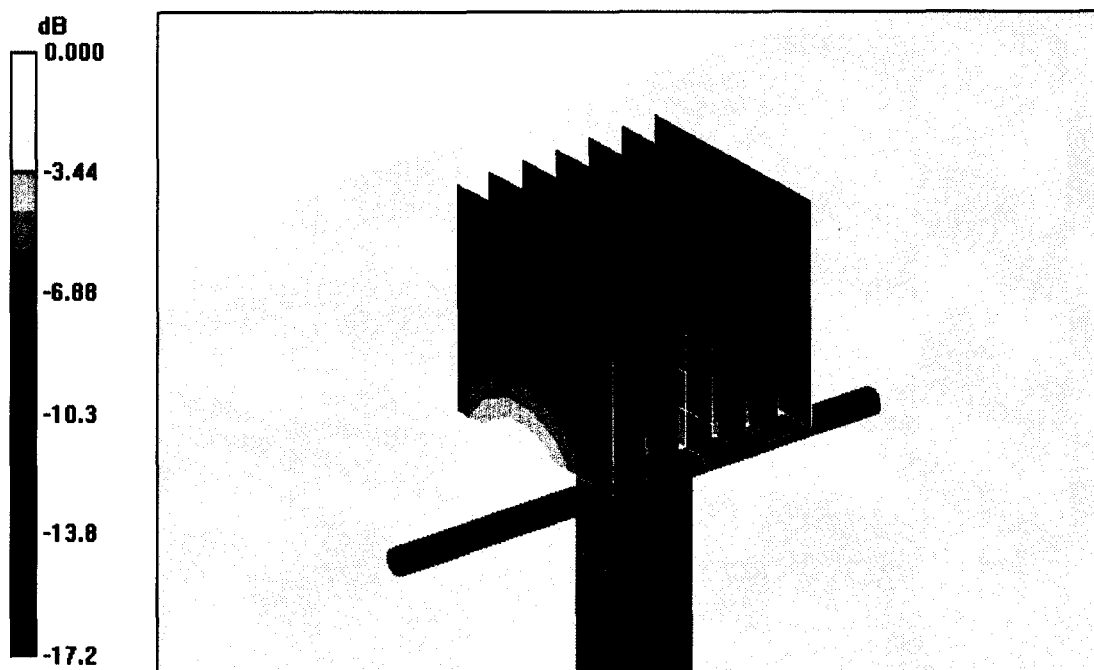
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.98 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g

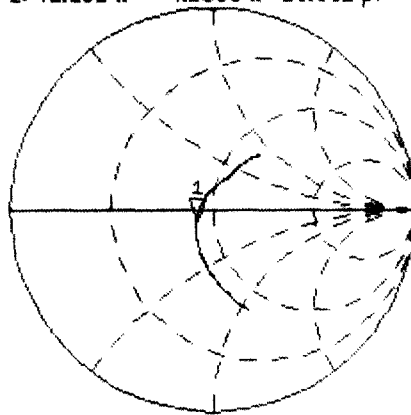


0 dB = 10.9mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

20 Sep 2006 13:43:30  
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 42.281  $\Omega$  -4.2305  $\Omega$  20.901 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

\*  
 Del  
 Cor

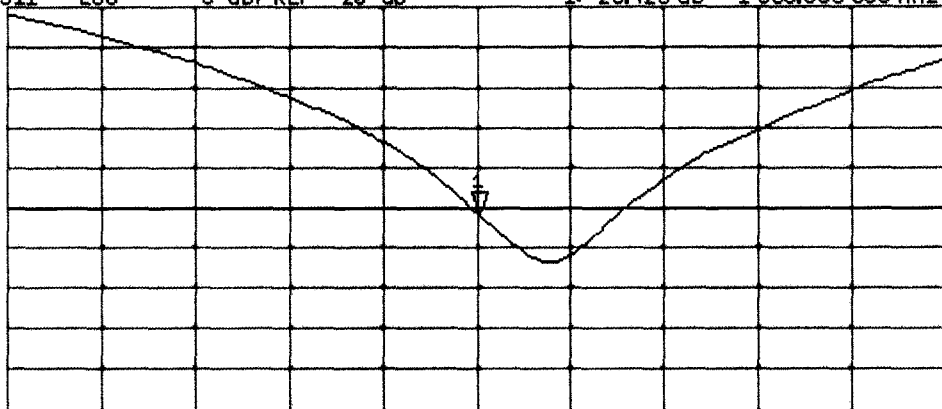


Avg  
 16  
 ↑

CH2 S11 LOG 3 dB/ REF -20 dB 1: -20.425 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
 16  
 ↑



START 1 500.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 000.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

**Dr. Gert**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d025\_Sep06**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

**D1900V2 - SN: 5d025**

Calibration procedure(s)

**QA CAL-05-v6**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date:

**September 26, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item

**In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #             | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783       | 04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)          | Oct-06                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)   | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)           | Aug-07                 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)           | Aug-07                 |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6      | SN: 1507         | 28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)     | Oct-06                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3025         | 28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct05)     | Oct-06                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601          | 15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)     | Dec-06                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #             | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317       | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)  | In house check: Oct-07 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000675       | 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)  | In house check: Nov-06 |

Calibrated by:

Name

**Marcel Fehr**

Function

**Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by:

Name

**Katja Pokovic**

Technical Manager

Issued: September 27, 2006

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.6 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.41 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (21.6 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ---            | ---                  |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|   |                    |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |  |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9.65 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 38.6 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>37.7 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|   |                    |  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |  |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.11 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 20.4 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>20.1 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.7 ± 6 %   | 1.56 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.4 ± 0.2) °C | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 10.2 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 40.8 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | <b>39.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.40 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 21.6 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

---

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $53.8 \Omega + 4.5 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9 dB                   |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $47.3 \Omega + 3.9 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.3 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.198 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | July 29, 2002 |



## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 26.09.2006 13:01:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d025**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

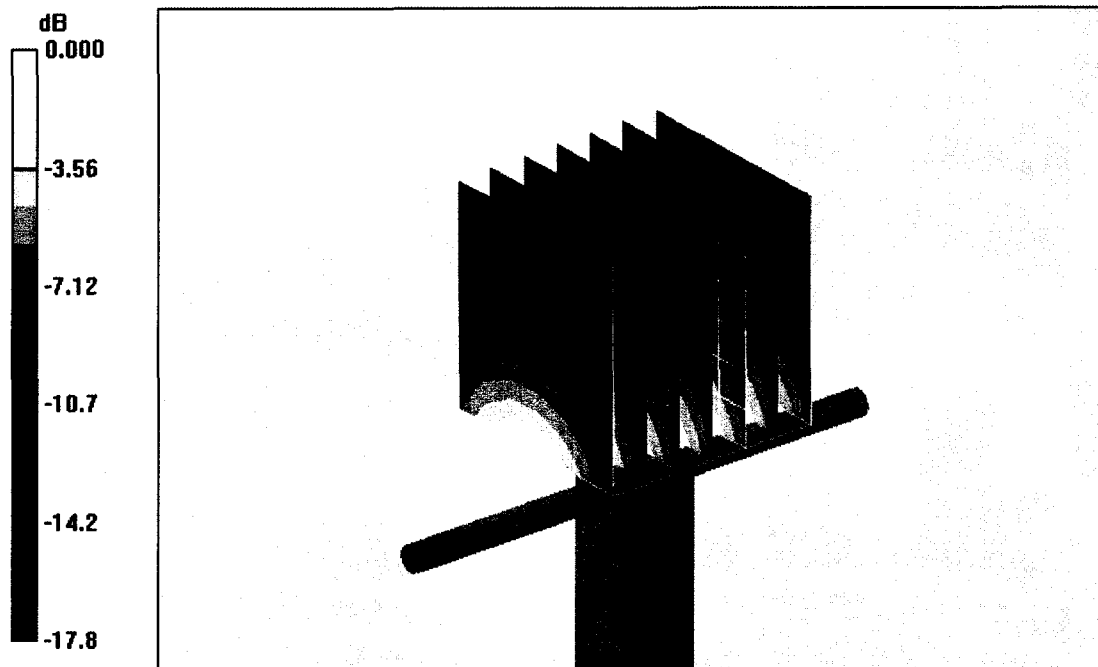
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



0 dB = 10.8mW/g

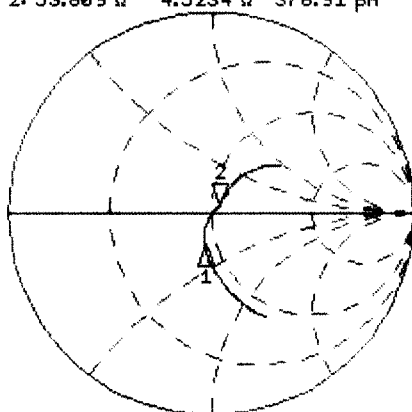
# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

26 Sep 2006 10:54:38  
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 53.809  $\Omega$  4.5234  $\Omega$  378.91 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
 Del  
 Cor

Avg  
 16

↑



CH1 Markers

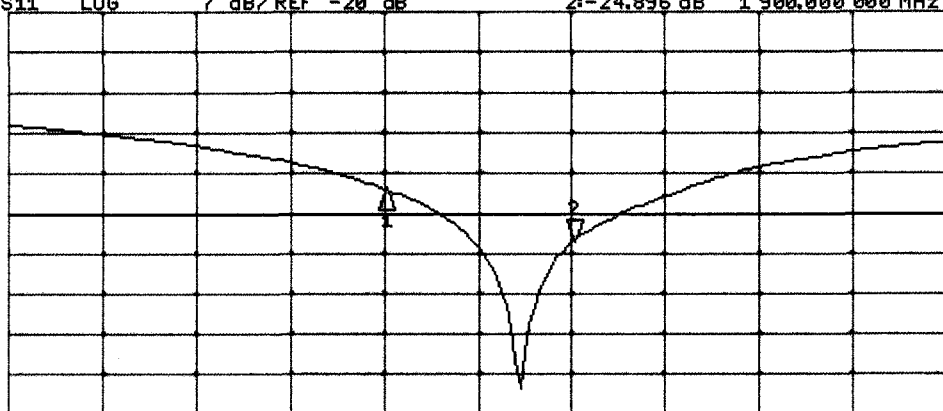
1: 44.619  $\Omega$   
 -14.439  $\Omega$   
 1.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 7 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -24.895 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
 16

↑



CH2 Markers

1: -15.863 dB  
 1.80000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

## DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 20.09.2006 11:37:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d025**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

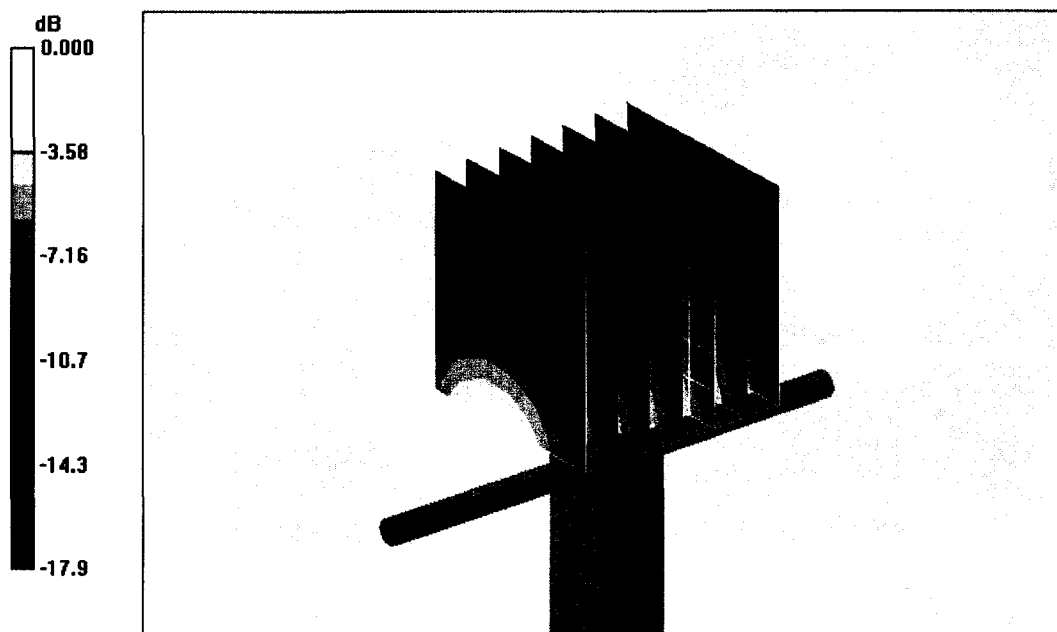
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 86.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



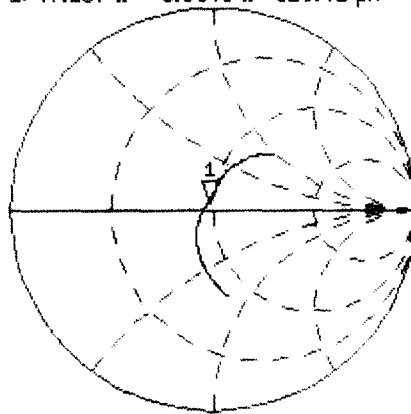
0 dB = 11.3mW/g

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

20 Sep 2006 10:07:25  
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 47.287  $\Omega$  3.8848  $\Omega$  325.41  $\mu\text{H}$  1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor

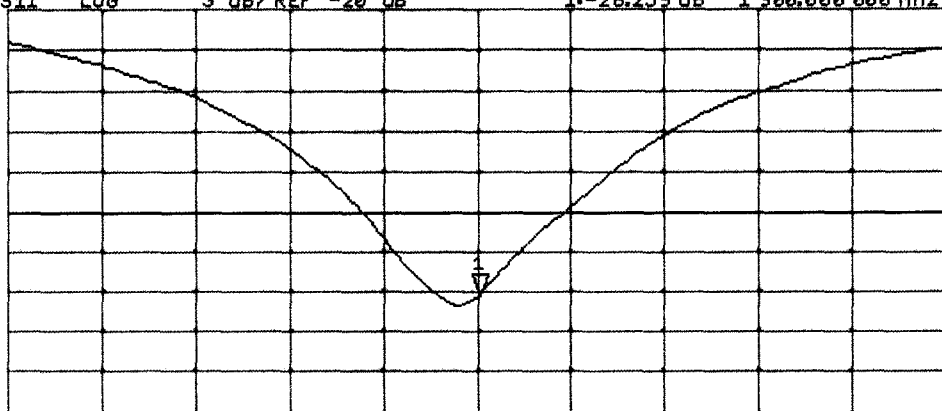
Avg  
16



CH2 S11 LOG 3 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-26.259 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16



CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ETS Dr. Genz**

Certificate No: **ET3-1711\_Nov05**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1711**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA GAL-01.v5 and QA GAL-12.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 21, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID #            | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)           | May-06                |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41495277      | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)           | May-06                |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)           | May-06                |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)          | Aug-06                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)           | May-06                |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)          | Aug-06                |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)      | Jan-06                |
| DAE4                       | SN: 654         | 27-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Oct05)     | Oct-06                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #         | Check Date (in house)                    | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8648C     | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)  | In house check: Dec-05 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585   | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04) | In house check: Nov 05 |

|                |               |                       |           |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|                | Name          | Function              | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Nico Vetterli | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:   | Katja Polovic | Technical Manager     |           |

Issued: November 21, 2005

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### Glossary:

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid   |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space  |
| ConF                     | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>   |
| DCP                      | diode compression point  |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis  |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1711

|                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured:    | August 7, 2002    |
| Last calibrated: | December 16, 2003 |
| Recalibrated:    | November 21, 2005 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1711

### Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

### Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

|       |              |                                     |       |       |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| NormX | 1.45 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 95 mV |
| NormY | 1.68 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 95 mV |
| NormZ | 1.59 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 95 mV |

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

### Boundary Effect

**TSL**                      **900 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

|   |                              |               |               |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | <b>3.7 mm</b> | <b>4.7 mm</b> |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 8.2           | 4.4           |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.0           | 0.2           |

**TSL**                      **1810 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

|   |                              |               |               |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | <b>3.7 mm</b> | <b>4.7 mm</b> |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 14.6          | 10.0          |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.6           | 0.1           |

### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center                      **2.7 mm**

**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

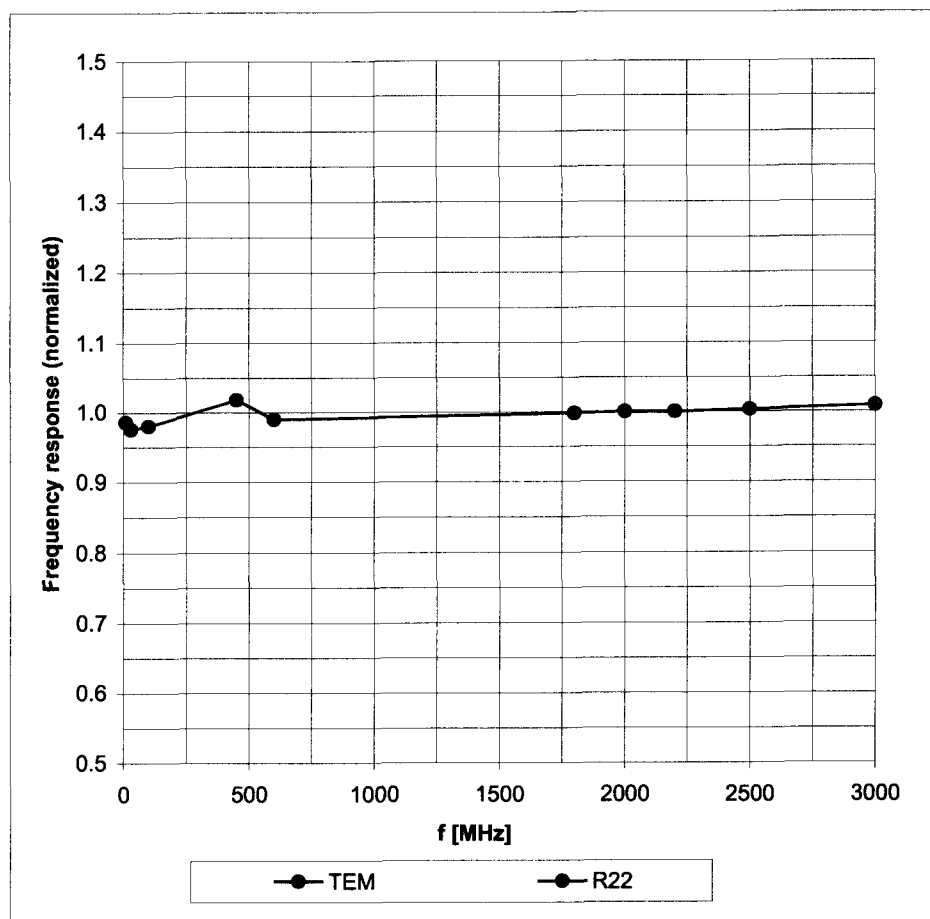
<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

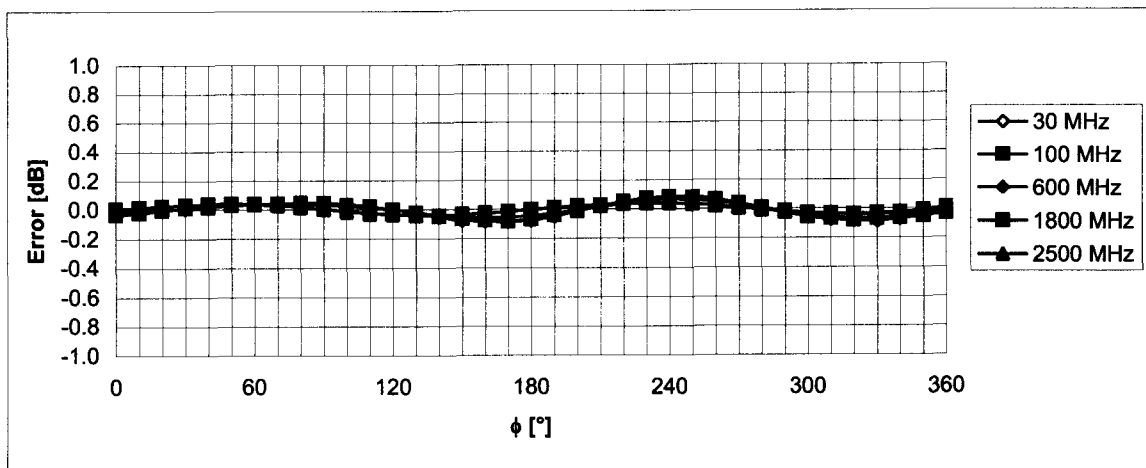
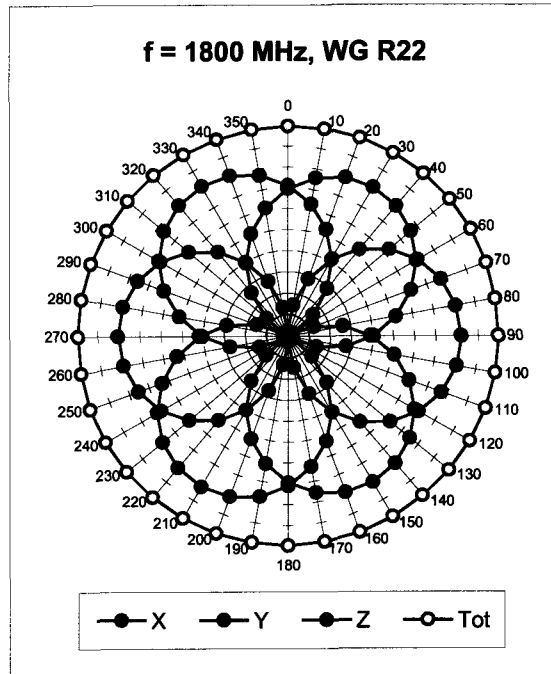
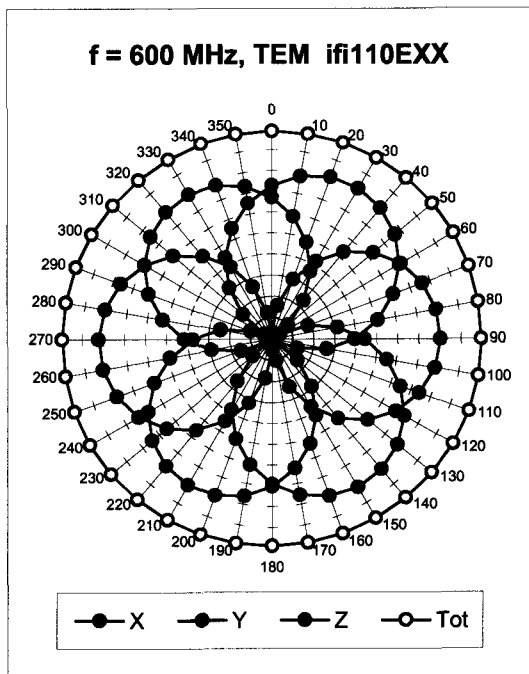


## Frequency Response of E-Field

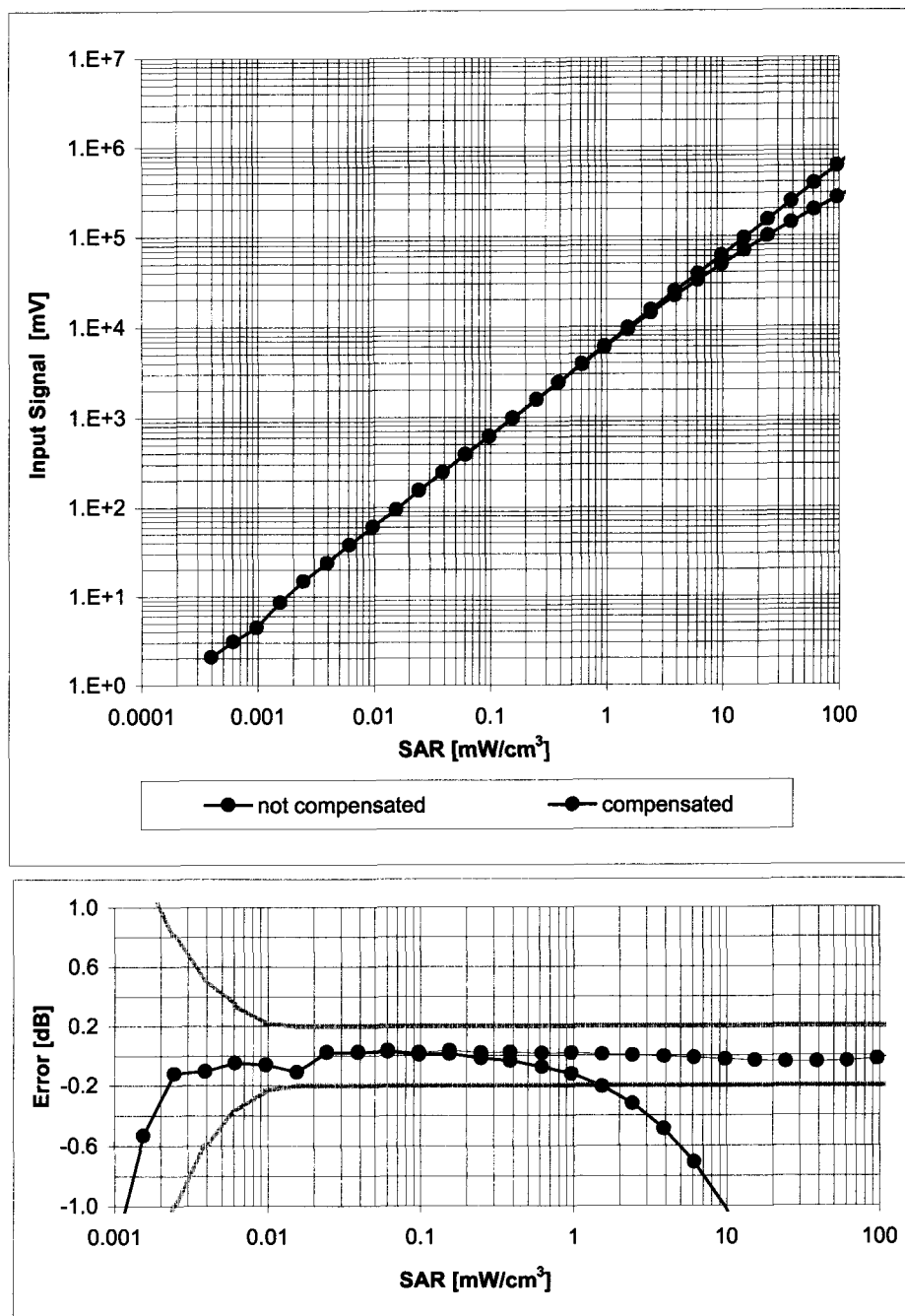
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

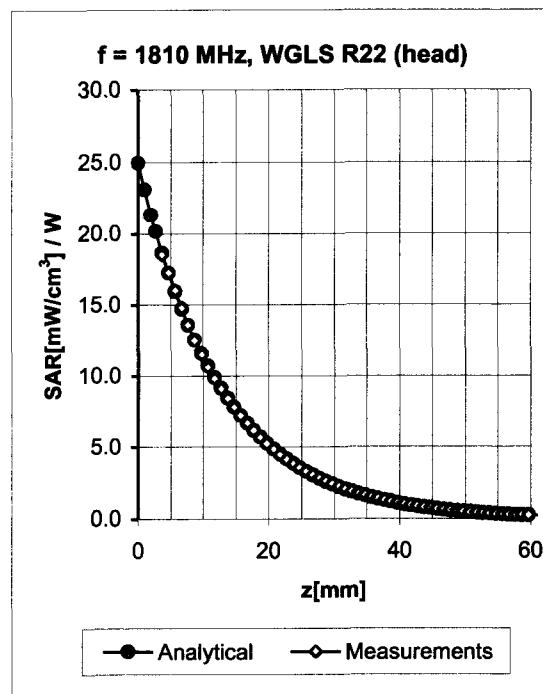
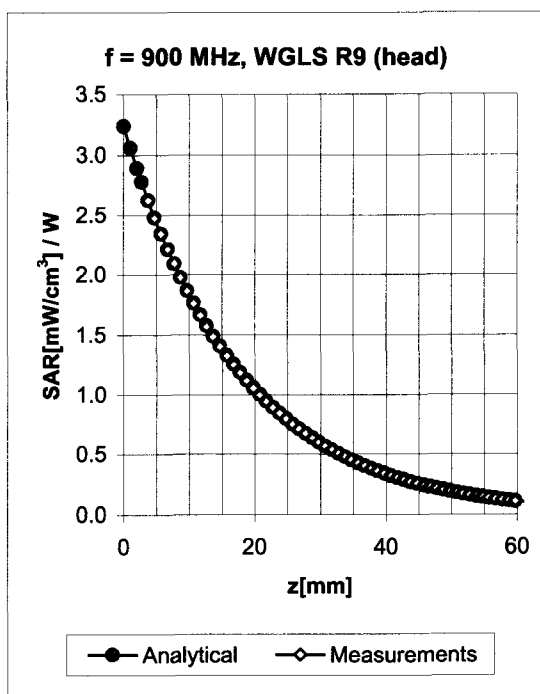
Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

# Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment

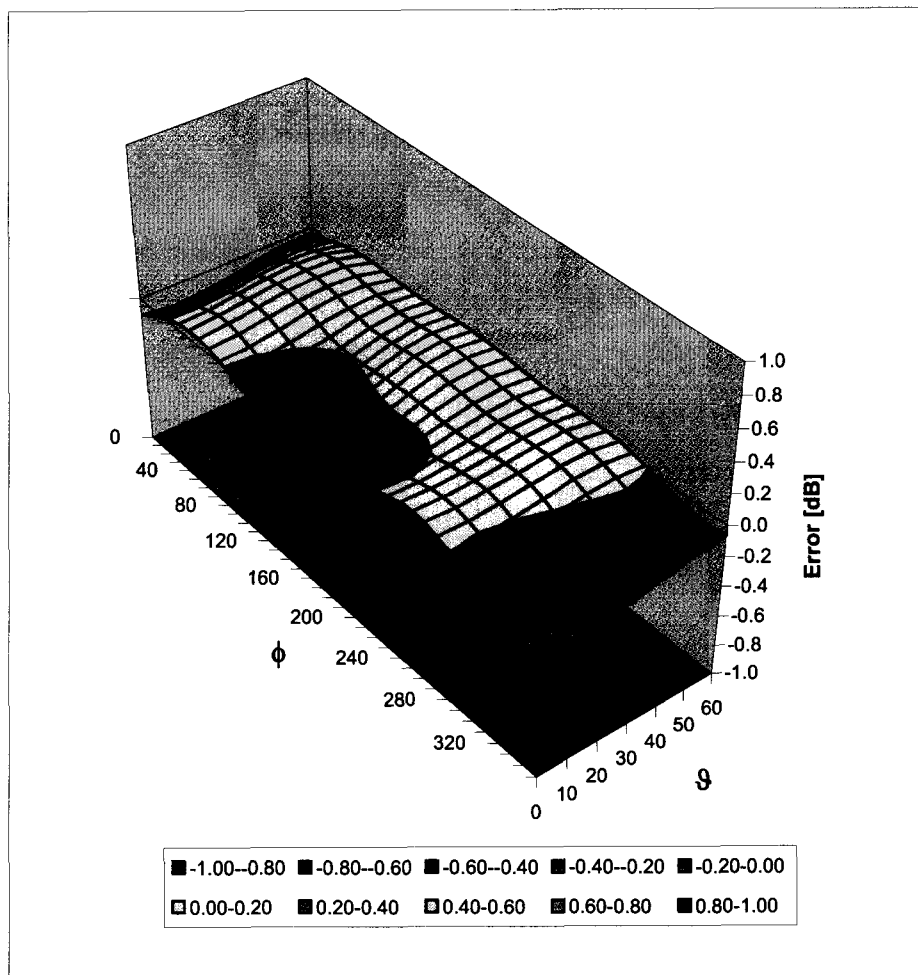


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty  |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 43.5 ± 5%    | 0.87 ± 5%    | 0.02  | 2.48  | 6.52 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 0.55  | 1.87  | 5.99 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 0.57  | 2.55  | 4.84 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 0.56  | 2.59  | 4.54 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 39.2 ± 5%    | 1.80 ± 5%    | 0.70  | 2.28  | 4.27 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 56.7 ± 5%    | 0.94 ± 5%    | 0.02  | 2.36  | 6.96 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.0 ± 5%    | 1.05 ± 5%    | 0.49  | 2.11  | 5.73 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 0.56  | 2.77  | 4.31 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 0.57  | 2.61  | 4.13 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%    | 0.79  | 1.67  | 4.11 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

## Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF PROBES IN ORGANIC SOLVENTS

Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (the basis for liquids above 1 GHz), as many other organic solvents, is a very effective softener for synthetic materials. These solvents can cause irreparable damage to certain SPEAG products, except those which are explicitly declared as compliant with organic solvents.

**Compatible Probes:**

- ET3DV6
- ET3DV6R
- ES3DVx
- EX3DVx
- ER3DV6
- H3DV6

**Important Note for ET3DV6 Probes:**

The ET3DV6 probes shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurements and shall be cleaned daily after use with warm water and stored dry.

**s p e a g**

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## **Additional Conversion Factors**

**for Dosimetric E-Field Probe**

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1711**

Place of Assessment:

**Zurich**

Date of Assessment:

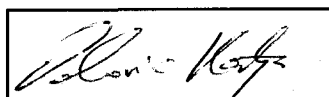
**November 23, 2005**

Probe Calibration Date:

**November 21, 2005**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors (probe calibration date indicated above). The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1810 MHz.

Assessed by:



**Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1711**Conversion factor ( $\pm$  standard deviation)**150  $\pm$  50 MHz**      *ConvF*      **8.1  $\pm$  10 %**

$\epsilon_r = 52.3 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.76 \pm 5\%$  mho/m  
(head tissue)

**150  $\pm$  50 MHz**      *ConvF*      **7.8  $\pm$  10 %**

$\epsilon_r = 61.9 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.80 \pm 5\%$  mho/m  
(body tissue)

**300  $\pm$  50 MHz**      *ConvF*      **7.3  $\pm$  9 %**

$\epsilon_r = 45.3 \pm 5\%$   
 $\sigma = 0.87 \pm 5\%$  mho/m  
(head tissue)

**Important Note:**

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.





Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ETS Dr. Genz**

Certificate No: **DAE3-522\_Nov05**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 522**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12**  
**Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **November 23, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards                 | ID #               | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803        | 7-Oct-05 (Sintrel, No.E-050073)           | Oct-06                |
| Secondary Standards               | ID #               | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check       |
| Calibrator Box V1.1               | SE UMS 006 AB 1002 | 29-Jun-05 (SPEAG, in house check)         | In house check Jun-06 |

Calibrated by: Name **Eric Hainfeld** Function **Technician** Signature

Approved by: **Fin Bornholt** R&D Director

Issued: November 23, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



## Glossary

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| DAE             | data acquisition electronics  |
| Connector angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system. |

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1  $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.289 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 403.958 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.788 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.95603 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.93852 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.96295 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 60 ° $\pm$ 1 ° |
|---|----------------|

## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range |         | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X  | + Input | 200000                  | 199999.5                  | 0.00      |
| Channel X  | + Input | 20000                   | 20004.13                  | 0.02      |
| Channel X  | - Input | 20000                   | -19999.46                 | 0.00      |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 200000                  | 200000.3                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 20000                   | 20003.71                  | 0.02      |
| Channel Y  | - Input | 20000                   | -20000.98                 | 0.00      |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 200000                  | 199999.5                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 20000                   | 20001.35                  | 0.01      |
| Channel Z  | - Input | 20000                   | -20001.38                 | 0.01      |

| Low Range |         | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-----------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel X | + Input | 200                     | 200.74                    | 0.37      |
| Channel X | - Input | 200                     | -200.66                   | 0.33      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200                     | 199.67                    | -0.17     |
| Channel Y | - Input | 200                     | -200.19                   | 0.09      |
| Channel Z | + Input | 2000                    | 2000.1                    | 0.00      |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200                     | 199.46                    | -0.27     |
| Channel Z | - Input | 200                     | -200.78                   | 0.39      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | -4.69  | -5.13                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 5.48   | 5.55  |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -0.70  | -0.94                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 0.03   | 0.01  |
| Channel Z | 200                            | 16.03  | 15.52                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -17.34                                       | -18.11                                      |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 2.29                        | 0.70                        |
| Channel Y | 200                | 1.28                        | -                           | 2.45                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | -2.82                       | -0.11                       | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15727            | 15989           |
| Channel Y | 15754            | 16141           |
| Channel Z | 16032            | 16721           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.86               | -1.08                  | 2.33                   | 0.61                      |
| Channel Y | -1.73              | -3.15                  | 0.41                   | 0.60                      |
| Channel Z | -1.20              | -2.72                  | 0.46                   | 0.55                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2000         | 199.2            |
| Channel Y | 0.2000         | 200.1            |
| Channel Z | 0.2001         | 197.2            |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE 3

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply utmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration Customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. The packaging shall protect the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**