

TEST REPORT

Applicant: Botslab Inc.

919 North Market Street, Suite 950, Wilmington, Address:

New Castle, Delaware, USA

Equipment Type: Dash Cam

Model Name: DC-BD08-M5

Brand Name: Botslab

2A22Z-G980HMC FCC ID:

ISED Number: 27673-G980HMC

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

RSS-Gen Issue 5

Test Standard: RSS-247 Issue 3

(refer to section 3.1)

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Revision History

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
Addross	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,		
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100		

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
	☑ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Location	□ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a
	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of
	test site are 11524A.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Botslab Inc.
Address	919 North Market Street, Suite 950, Wilmington, New Castle,
Address	Delaware, USA

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Botslab Inc.		
Address	919 North Market Street, Suite 950, Wilmington, New Castle,		
Address	Delaware, USA		

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Dash Cam		
	-		
Model Name Under Test	DC-BD08-M5		
Series Model Name	N/A		
Description of Model	NI/A		
name differentiation	N/A		
Serial Number	TYANGA215120000001		
Hardware Version	G980H MC_Main_V02		
Software Version	G980HMCN5291-0.0.30-E		
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A		
Weight (Approx.)	N/A		



2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	Bluetooth (BLE)
	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n
connectivity	GPS, BDS

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS			
Modulation Type	GFSK			
Product Type	☐ Portable			
	☐ Fix Location			
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps			
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.			
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) Note 1			
To ata di Chiammal	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)			
Tested Channel	2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)			
Antenna Type	Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloy Antenna			
Antenna Gain	1.3 dBi			
Antenna Impedance	50Ω			
Antenna System (MIMO	NIA			
Smart Antenna)	N/A			
Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.				



All channel was listed on the following table:

BLE 1M:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480

BLE 2M:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
1	1	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	/	\	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	١	1



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title			
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment			
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus			
		Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping			
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN)			
		Devices			
4 ANSI C63.10-2013		American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices			
	KDB 558074 D01 15.247	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission			
5	Meas Guidance v05r02	system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid			
	ivieas Guidance vosioz	system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules			



3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	1	Pass ^{Note1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5;	Low/High	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.5	N/A ^{Note2}
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions		RSS-Gen, 7.4		N/A	N/A ^{Note3}

Note ¹: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note ³: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

Note ²: The EUT is a vehicle equipment, so the Conducted Emission test is not applicable.



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	40% to 65%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+20.3°⊂ to +24.8°⊂	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	5 V	

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY46471071	2024.07.04	2025.07.03
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY52510065	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	01631	2025.02.22	2028.02.21
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	144	2022.02.19	2025.09.03
Amplifier	COM-MV	LSCX_LNA1- 12G-01	180602	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Amplifier	COM-MV	XKu_LNA7- 18G-01	180601	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2027.01.22
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2018054558	2024.11.28	2025.11.27
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60*7. 35m	130	2024.07.13	2027.07.12
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2024.07.06	2027.07.05
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2017119082	2024.11.28	2025.11.27
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	101	2023.03.04	2026.03.03

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

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4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

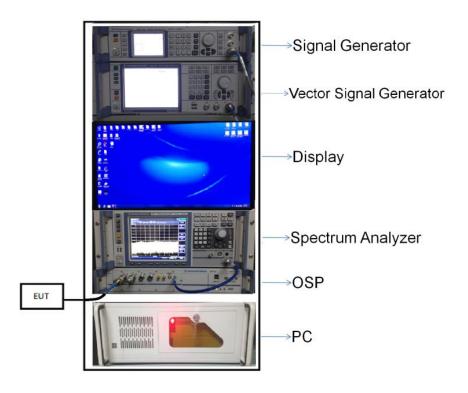
Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

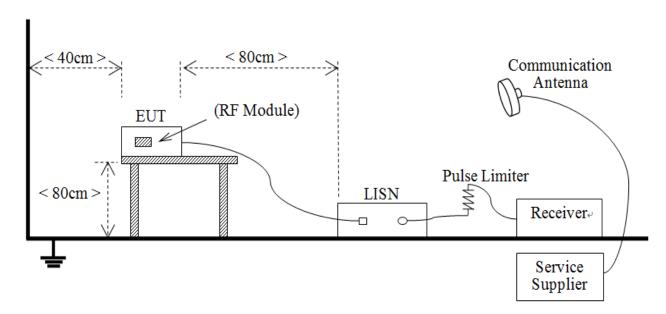
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

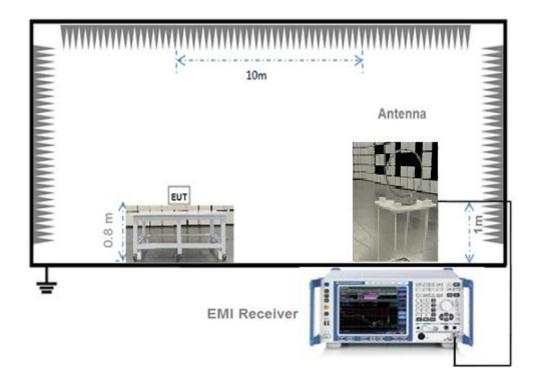


4.5.2For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

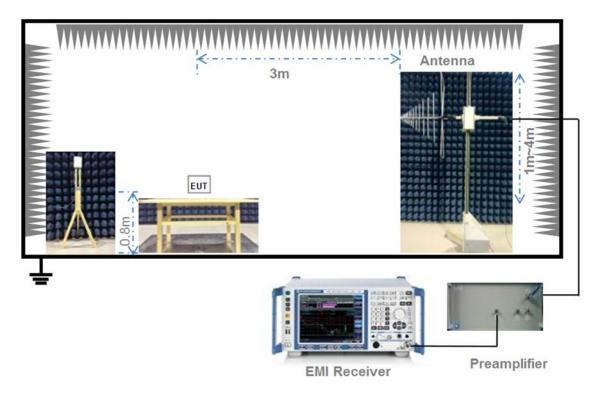
4.5.3For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

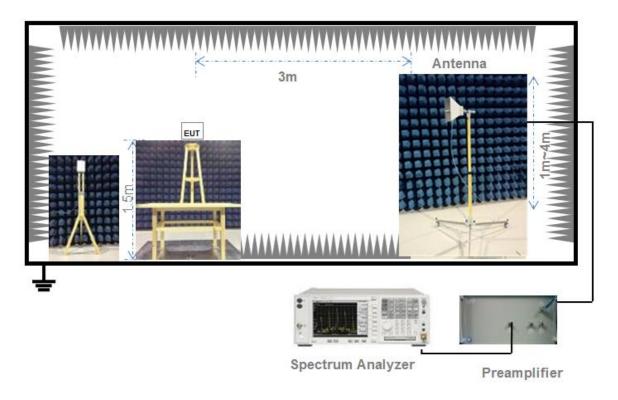


4.5.4For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8$$

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

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5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

EIRP= Maximum peak conducted output power +Antenna Gain.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.2 (a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.



5.5.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted	d Limit (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 - 5	56	46	
0.50 - 30	60	50	

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. Field Strength ($dB\mu V/m$) = 20*log[Field Strength ($\mu V/m$)].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements



for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.



- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

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- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the



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Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak

5.7.4Test Result

Trace = max hold

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.10; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power, E.I.R.P

Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BL	E 1Mbps)	dDm ma\A/		Verdict	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW		
Low Channel	5.92	3.91			Pass	
Middle Channel	5.82	3.82	30	1000	Pass	
High Channel	5.87	3.86			Pass	

	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BL	E 2Mbps)	- dBm mW	\/	Verdict	
	dBm	mW				
Low Channel	6.64	4.61			Pass	
Middle Channel	6.66	4.63	30	1000	Pass	
High Channel	6.60	4.57			Pass	

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

	E.I.R.P		Limit		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dD.m	\/	Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low Channel	7.22	5.27			Pass
Middle Channel	7.12	5.15	36	4000	Pass
High Channel	7.17	5.21			Pass

	E.I.R.P		Limit		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dDm	mW	Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	IIIVV	
Low Channel	7.94	6.22	36	4000	Pass
Middle Channel	7.96	6.25			Pass
High Channel	7.90	6.17			Pass



Test Plots

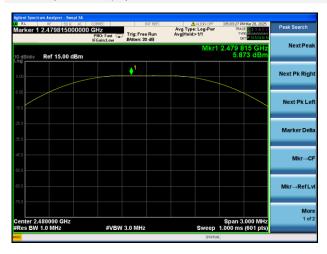
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





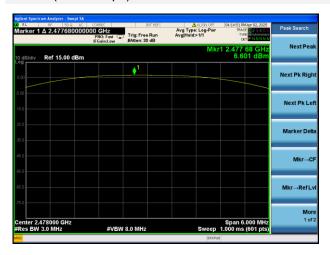
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Data

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	674.800	1032.300	≥500
Middle Channel	689.900	1033.400	≥500
High Channel	682.600	1031.200	≥500

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	1155.000	2001.800	≥500
Middle Channel	1185.000	2008.600	≥500
High Channel	1170.000	2007.700	≥500



Test Plots

6 dB Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



99% Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Data

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)										
Measured Max. Limit (dBm)											
Channel	Out of Band	Calculated	Verdict								
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit								
Low Channel	-36.96	5.19	-14.81	Pass							
Middle Channel	-37.59	5.29	-14.71	Pass							
High Channel	-37.32	4.80	-15.20	Pass							

	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)										
Measured Max. Limit (dBm)											
Channel	Channel Out of Band Calculated										
	Emission (dBm) Carrier Level 20 dBc l										
Low Channel	-36.99	6.35	-13.65	Pass							
Middle Channel	-37.55	6.47	-13.53	Pass							
High Channel	Pass										

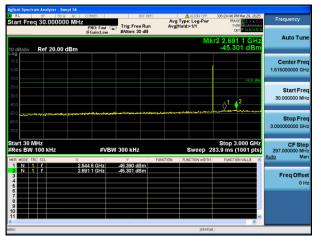


Test Plots

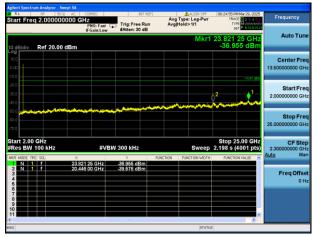
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, **CARRIER LEVEL**



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

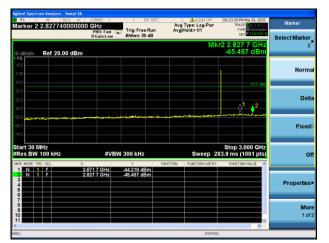


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, **CARRIER LEVEL**

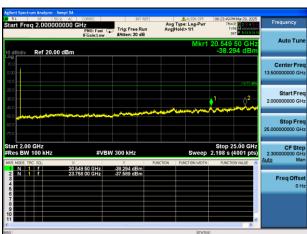




GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



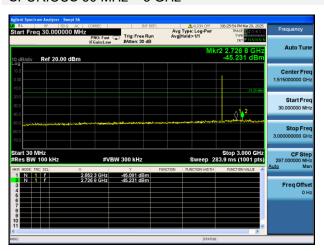
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



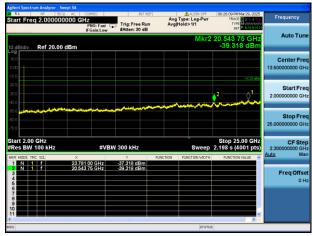
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

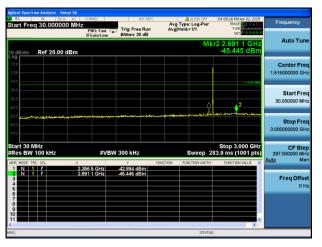




GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

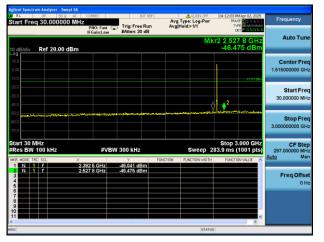


GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

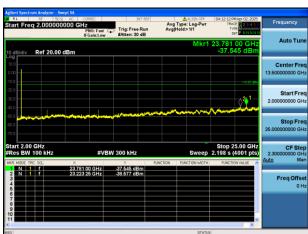




GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



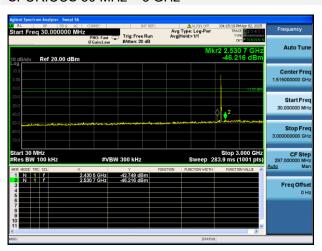
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



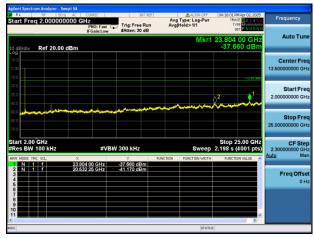
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Test Data

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)									
Measured Max. Limit (dBm)										
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict						
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit							
Low Channel	-48.31	5.19	-14.81	Pass						
High Channel	-49.98	4.80	-15.20	Pass						

	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)										
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict							
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit								
Low Channel	-42.92	6.35	-13.65	Pass							
High Channel	-48.95	-13.58	Pass								

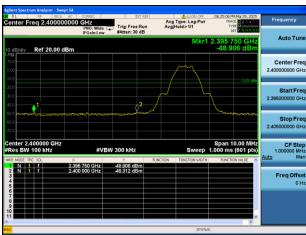


Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE







GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

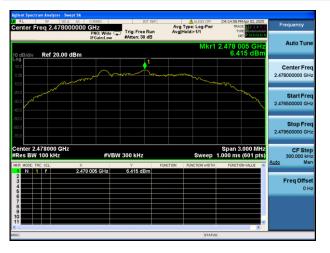
 $\mathsf{GFSK} \ (\mathsf{BLE} \ \mathsf{2Mbps}) \ \mathsf{LOW} \ \mathsf{CHANNEL}, \ \mathsf{BAND} \ \mathsf{EDGE}$





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





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A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note: Not applicable.



A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note ¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note ²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

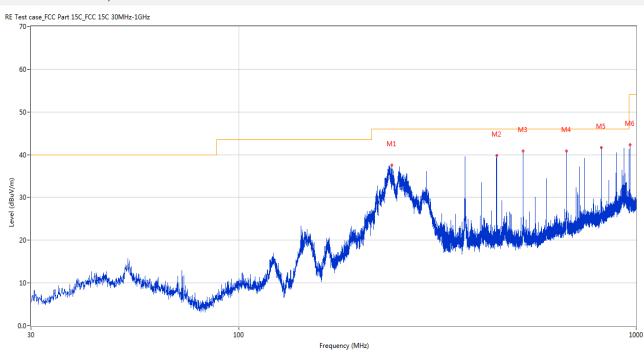
Note ³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note ⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 2M-Middle channel mode is the worst.

Note 5: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

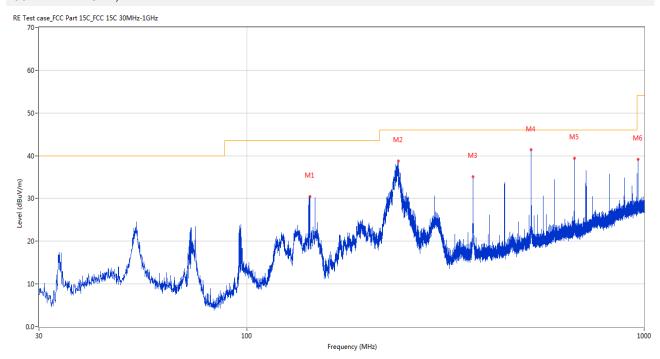
30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	242.527	37.57	-25.05	46.0	8.43	Peak	87.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	445.500	39.78	-19.70	46.0	6.22	Peak	223.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	519.753	40.86	-17.76	46.0	5.14	Peak	156.80	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	668.260	40.84	-14.14	46.0	5.16	Peak	47.30	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	816.719	41.71	-11.31	46.0	4.29	Peak	223.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	965.226	42.27	-8.44	54.0	11.73	Peak	318.40	100	Horizontal	Pass



30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	144.218	30.46	-29.72	43.5	13.04	Peak	104.40	100	Vertical	Pass
2	240.684	38.81	-24.82	46.0	7.19	Peak	175.60	100	Vertical	Pass
3	371.246	35.08	-21.50	46.0	10.92	Peak	286.30	100	Vertical	Pass
4	519.753	41.33	-17.76	46.0	4.67	Peak	339.90	100	Vertical	Pass
5	668.260	39.42	-14.14	46.0	6.58	Peak	147.60	100	Vertical	Pass
6	965.226	39.15	-8.44	54.0	14.85	Peak	359.30	100	Vertical	Pass



Note ¹: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note ²: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1337.624	42.04	74.0	31.96	Peak	243.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1337.624	27.71	54.0	26.29	AV	243.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2972.415	51.74	74.0	22.26	Peak	283.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2972.415	43.42	54.0	10.58	AV	283.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4916.910	52.47	74.0	21.53	Peak	336.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4916.910	40.28	54.0	13.72	AV	336.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7628.526	53.42	74.0	20.58	Peak	344.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7628.526	38.33	54.0	15.67	AV	344.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12477.329	55.64	74.0	18.36	Peak	304.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12477.329	41.67	54.0	12.33	AV	304.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	16855.372	56.27	74.0	17.73	Peak	277.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16855.372	43.54	54.0	10.46	AV	277.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1462.816	40.39	74.0	33.61	Peak	115.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1462.816	31.37	54.0	22.63	AV	115.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2987.781	48.54	74.0	25.46	Peak	179.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2**	2987.781	39.90	54.0	14.10	AV	179.00	300	Vertical	Pass
3	4826.420	50.30	74.0	23.70	Peak	127.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4826.420	42.79	54.0	11.21	AV	127.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7965.334	55.42	74.0	18.58	Peak	226.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	7965.334	44.00	54.0	10.00	AV	226.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12445.233	51.11	74.0	22.89	Peak	86.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12445.233	45.79	54.0	8.21	AV	86.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17456.049	53.53	74.0	20.47	Peak	153.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17456.049	48.20	54.0	5.80	AV	153.00	100	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1331.246	43.52	74.0	30.48	Peak	73.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1331.246	28.79	54.0	25.21	AV	73.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2970.863	47.70	74.0	26.30	Peak	127.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2970.863	40.14	54.0	13.86	AV	127.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
3	4916.184	48.18	74.0	25.82	Peak	246.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4916.184	43.89	54.0	10.11	AV	246.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7628.213	54.24	74.0	19.76	Peak	186.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7628.213	40.57	54.0	13.43	AV	186.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12470.977	51.93	74.0	22.07	Peak	55.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12470.977	46.11	54.0	7.89	AV	55.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	16859.371	55.17	74.0	18.83	Peak	258.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16859.371	43.61	54.0	10.39	AV	258.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1462.808	42.83	74.0	31.17	Peak	262.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1462.808	31.59	54.0	22.41	AV	262.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2995.361	51.45	74.0	22.55	Peak	315.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2**	2995.361	41.63	54.0	12.37	AV	315.00	300	Vertical	Pass
3	4825.525	50.89	74.0	23.11	Peak	162.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4825.525	42.07	54.0	11.93	AV	162.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7963.507	55.77	74.0	18.23	Peak	352.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	7963.507	44.92	54.0	9.08	AV	352.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	12442.464	52.50	74.0	21.50	Peak	208.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	12442.464	41.11	54.0	12.89	AV	208.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	17453.058	53.61	74.0	20.39	Peak	68.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17453.058	48.41	54.0	5.59	AV	68.00	300	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1333.261	43.53	74.0	30.47	Peak	206.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1333.261	31.83	54.0	22.17	AV	206.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2973.654	53.28	74.0	20.72	Peak	319.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2973.654	43.12	54.0	10.88	AV	319.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4913.310	53.89	74.0	20.11	Peak	274.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4913.310	43.81	54.0	10.19	AV	274.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7624.730	54.90	74.0	19.10	Peak	29.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7624.730	38.75	54.0	15.25	AV	29.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12473.021	53.13	74.0	20.87	Peak	165.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12473.021	42.65	54.0	11.35	AV	165.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	16854.745	56.04	74.0	17.96	Peak	116.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16854.745	43.33	54.0	10.67	AV	116.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1469.134	40.53	74.0	33.47	Peak	241.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1469.134	28.25	54.0	25.75	AV	241.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2993.037	53.29	74.0	20.71	Peak	1.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2993.037	39.39	54.0	14.61	AV	1.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3	4826.583	49.02	74.0	24.98	Peak	309.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4826.583	40.32	54.0	13.68	AV	309.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7968.417	58.26	74.0	15.74	Peak	278.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	7968.417	42.35	54.0	11.65	AV	278.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12442.858	53.11	74.0	20.89	Peak	316.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12442.858	43.84	54.0	10.16	AV	316.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17454.906	56.32	74.0	17.68	Peak	249.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17454.906	44.45	54.0	9.55	AV	249.00	300	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1284.292	41.56	74.0	32.44	Peak	143.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1284.292	35.04	54.0	18.96	AV	143.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2774.499	53.86	74.0	20.14	Peak	67.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2774.499	44.79	54.0	9.21	AV	67.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	5167.857	54.53	74.0	19.47	Peak	65.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	5167.857	42.61	54.0	11.39	AV	65.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6809.913	53.71	74.0	20.29	Peak	114.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6809.913	45.27	54.0	8.73	AV	114.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	13466.253	53.17	74.0	20.83	Peak	135.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13466.253	47.76	54.0	6.24	AV	135.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	17465.354	55.92	74.0	18.08	Peak	272.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17465.354	44.16	54.0	9.84	AV	272.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1285.536	43.45	74.0	30.55	Peak	288.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1285.536	30.42	54.0	23.58	AV	288.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2770.761	49.76	74.0	24.24	Peak	96.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2**	2770.761	44.55	54.0	9.45	AV	96.00	400	Vertical	Pass
3	5167.150	49.64	74.0	24.36	Peak	282.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	5167.150	43.88	54.0	10.12	AV	282.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6809.397	57.05	74.0	16.95	Peak	26.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6809.397	46.20	54.0	7.80	AV	26.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13468.727	54.59	74.0	19.41	Peak	89.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	13468.727	48.32	54.0	5.68	AV	89.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	17465.707	56.27	74.0	17.73	Peak	210.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17465.707	47.16	54.0	6.84	AV	210.00	200	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1283.077	42.69	74.0	31.31	Peak	136.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1283.077	34.45	54.0	19.55	AV	136.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2770.406	54.71	74.0	19.29	Peak	122.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2770.406	45.78	54.0	8.22	AV	122.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
3	5165.902	53.26	74.0	20.74	Peak	323.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	5165.902	41.39	54.0	12.61	AV	323.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6804.982	54.70	74.0	19.30	Peak	30.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6804.982	45.42	54.0	8.58	AV	30.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	13463.557	53.11	74.0	20.89	Peak	3.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13463.557	47.24	54.0	6.76	AV	3.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17465.402	58.02	74.0	15.98	Peak	303.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17465.402	49.17	54.0	4.83	AV	303.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1289.023	44.92	74.0	29.08	Peak	118.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	1289.023	31.77	54.0	22.23	AV	118.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2767.077	51.46	74.0	22.54	Peak	153.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2**	2767.077	45.57	54.0	8.43	AV	153.00	400	Vertical	Pass
3	5169.363	51.47	74.0	22.53	Peak	280.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	5169.363	43.15	54.0	10.85	AV	280.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6805.062	53.07	74.0	20.93	Peak	40.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6805.062	44.42	54.0	9.58	AV	40.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13469.475	58.08	74.0	15.92	Peak	354.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	13469.475	46.22	54.0	7.78	AV	354.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17466.358	56.16	74.0	17.84	Peak	208.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17466.358	46.12	54.0	7.88	AV	208.00	100	Vertical	Pass



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1284.557	43.26	74.0	30.74	Peak	279.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1284.557	35.44	54.0	18.56	AV	279.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2774.108	49.66	74.0	24.34	Peak	174.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2774.108	42.09	54.0	11.91	AV	174.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	5389.133	53.05	74.0	20.95	Peak	233.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	5389.133	42.58	54.0	11.42	AV	233.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6512.995	57.50	74.0	16.50	Peak	152.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6512.995	46.24	54.0	7.76	AV	152.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	13356.000	57.69	74.0	16.31	Peak	288.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13356.000	44.82	54.0	9.18	AV	288.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17443.991	58.88	74.0	15.12	Peak	261.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17443.991	50.52	54.0	3.48	AV	261.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1288.125	43.84	74.0	30.16	Peak	118.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1288.125	36.10	54.0	17.90	AV	118.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2772.127	52.05	74.0	21.95	Peak	183.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2772.127	43.51	54.0	10.49	AV	183.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	5288.070	52.32	74.0	21.68	Peak	344.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	5288.070	44.40	54.0	9.60	AV	344.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6654.606	57.07	74.0	16.93	Peak	301.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6654.606	43.55	54.0	10.45	AV	301.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	13309.100	54.81	74.0	19.19	Peak	291.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	13309.100	45.58	54.0	8.42	AV	291.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17423.200	54.43	74.0	19.57	Peak	148.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17423.200	44.42	54.0	9.58	AV	148.00	400	Vertical	Pass



A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2319.998	54.98	74.0	19.02	Peak	183.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2319.998	46.51	54.0	7.49	AV	183.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2390.000	51.79	74.0	22.21	Peak	228.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2390.000	43.96	54.0	10.04	AV	228.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	54.07	74.0	19.93	Peak	260.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	44.2	54.0	9.80	AV	260.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2494.699	55.57	74.0	18.43	Peak	199.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2494.699	42.43	54.0	11.57	AV	199.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2317.213	54.48	74.0	19.52	Peak	138.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2317.213	45.36	54.0	8.64	AV	138.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2390.000	51.1	74.0	22.90	Peak	244.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2390.000	42.45	54.0	11.55	AV	244.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	53.67	74.0	20.33	Peak	85.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	45.13	54.0	8.87	AV	85.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2493.522	55.08	74.0	18.92	Peak	244.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2493.522	42.46	54.0	11.54	AV	244.00	300	Horizontal	Pass



A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

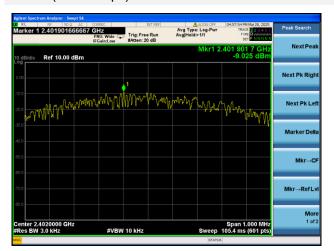
	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)								
Channel Spectral power density Limit Verdict									
Low Channel	-9.03	8	Pass						
Middle Channel	-9.72	8	Pass						
High Channel	-8.82	8	Pass						

	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)									
Channel	Spectral power density	Limit	Verdict							
(dBm/3kHz) (dBm/3kHz)										
Low Channel	-10.43	8	Pass							
Middle Channel -10.77 8 F										
High Channel -10.83 8 Pass										



Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL

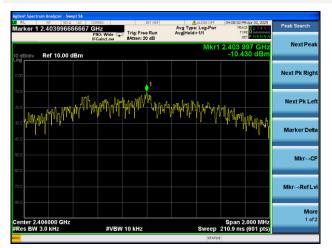


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

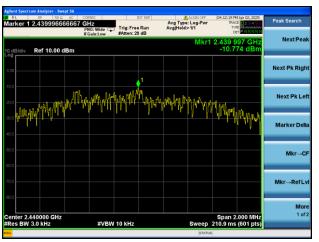




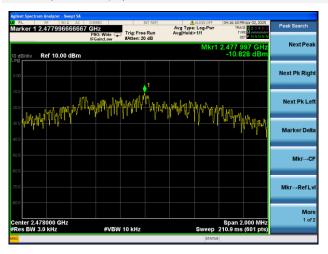
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2530909-AR.PDF".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2530909-AW.PDF".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2530909-AI.PDF".



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