Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-3990 Feb21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3990

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 5, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: February 9, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP CF diode compression point

A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

Certificate No: EX3-3990_Feb21

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 – SN:3990 February 5, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3990

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.58	0.62	0.58	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.5	101.9	99.2	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	154.1	± 1.9 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		159.9		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		157.7		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	94.50	22.56	10.00	60.0	± 3.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	93.96	22.14		60.0		
		Z	20.00	96.87	24.00		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	98.31	23.45	6.99	80.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	95.45	22.02		80.0		
		Z	20.00	101.32	25.25		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	105.30	25.47	3.98	95.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	100.82	23.48		95.0		
		Z	20.00	108.30	27.24		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	106.87	24.93	2.22	120.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	, , , , ,	Y	20.00	108.82	26.07		120.0		
		Z	20.00	114.84	28.89		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.74	65.50	14.74	1.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Consider the Control of the Control	Y	1.74	65.69	15.01		150.0	1	
		Z	1.63	64.41	14.16		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.28	67.60	15.41	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.27	67.68	15.64		150.0	1	
		Z	2.10	66.23	14.78		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.75	68.78	17.90	3.01	150.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.13	71.48	19.33	1	150.0	1	
		Z	2.90	69.96	18.57		150.0	1	
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.44	66.40	15.33	0.00	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	CONTRACTOR FOR STATE AND S	Y	3.57	67.05	15.76		150.0		
		Z	3.46	66.36	15.32	1	150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.86	65.27	15.26	0.00	150.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.95	65.64	15.52	1	150.0		
		Z	4.88	65.30	15.29		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3990 February 5, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3990

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V-1	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V ⁻²	V ⁻¹	
X	50.5	373.32	34.79	14.50	0.05	5.08	0.61	0.31	1.01
Y	49.4	365.79	34.94	18.28	0.00	5.07	1.81	0.14	1.01
Z	49.1	365.54	35.26	15.13	0.03	5.10	1.77	0.13	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	169.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4- SN:3990 February 5, 2021

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3990

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6	55.5	0.75	20.10	20.10	20.10	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	11.29	11.29	11.29	0.13	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.93	9.93	9.93	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.14	9.14	9.14	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.90	8.90	8.90	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.84	8.84	8.84	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.24	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.27	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.35	1.60	± 13.1 %
4100	37.2	3.53	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.35	1.60	± 13.1 %
4200	37.1	3.63	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4400	36.9	3.84	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.35	1.70	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.90	5.90	5.90	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3990

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.75	5.75	5.75	0.20	2.00	± 18.6 %

^c Frequency validity above 6GHz is \pm 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

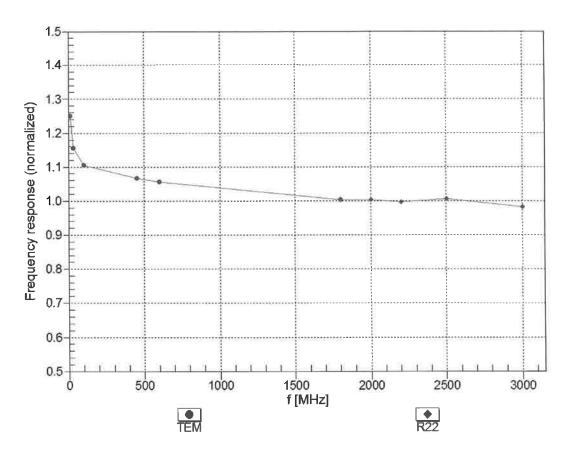
F At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured

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^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ± 4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

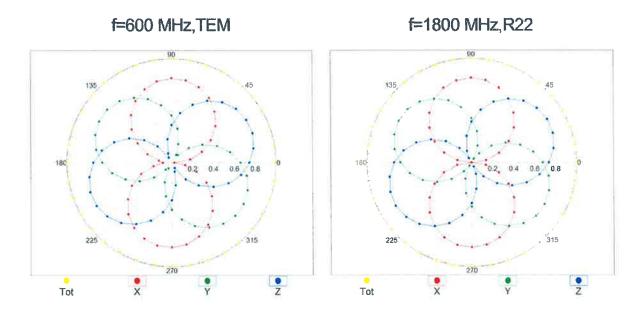
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

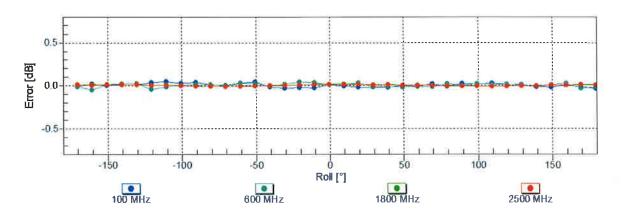


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3990 February 5, 2021

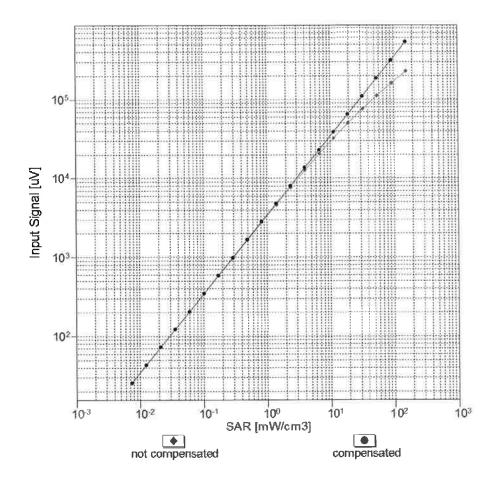
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

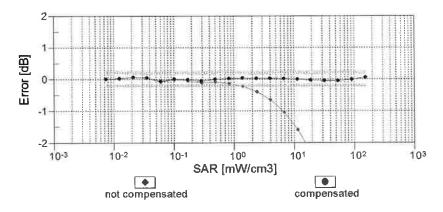




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

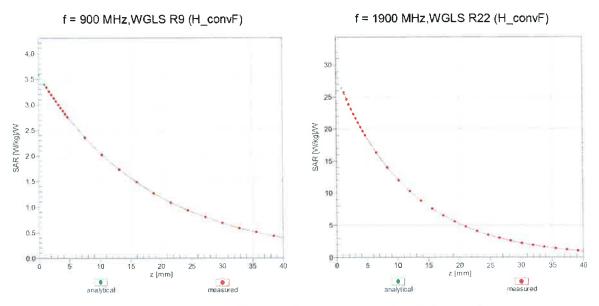
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



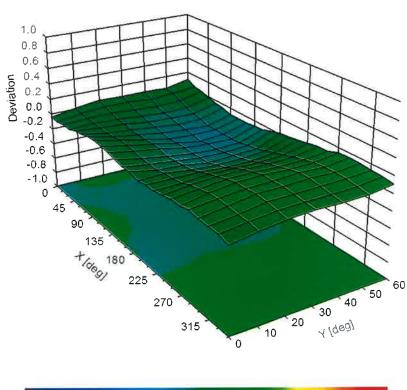


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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Client

UL USA

Certificate No: EX3-7463 Apr21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 26, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

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Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: April 28, 2021

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Certificate No: EX3-7463 Apr21

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Anale

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

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- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,v,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
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- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7463_Apr21 Page 2 of 23 EX3DV4 - SN:7463

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.38	0.44	0.37	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.0	101.8	102.4	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Max	Max
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	dev.	UncE
									(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	156.6	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		150.8	V	
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.4		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	4.29	71.52	13.85	10.00	60.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	20.00	95.45	23.12		60.0		
		Z	5.85	75.37	15.42		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	4.69	74.96	14.06	6.99	80.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	102.58	25.71		80.0		
		Z	10.35	83.26	16.84		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	19.98	90.49	17.48	3.98	95.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	108.63	27.26		95.0		
		Z	20.00	92.14	18.31		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	96.33	19.10	2.22	120.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	124.57	33.29		120.0		
		Z	19.93	97.51	19.71		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.71	65.59	15.01	1.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.03	67.48	16.51		150.0		
		Z	1.67	64.80	14.51		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.24	67.63	15.65	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.81	71.07	17.40		150.0		
		Z	2.16	66.84	15.13		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.04	70.98	18.87	3.01	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.43	72.21	19.58		150.0		
		Z	2.99	70.33	18.43		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.53	67.00	15.75	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.74	67.93	16.37		150.0		
		Z	3.49	66.67	15.50		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.91	65.56	15.49	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	5.10	65.86	15.76		150.0		
		Z	4.91	65.42	15.36		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6
	fF	fF	V ⁻¹	ms.V ⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V ⁻²	V-1	
Х	50.1	369.55	34.80	7.84	0.56	4.96	2.00	0.12	1.01
Υ	65.4	484.48	35.27	14.31	0.03	5.09	0.87	0.39	1.00
Z	52.0	383.83	34.77	7.75	0.49	4.98	2.00	0.13	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	164.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

EX3DV4-SN:7463

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.16	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.42	9.42	9.42	0.43	0.90	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.59	8.59	8.59	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.48	8.48	8.48	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.34	0.86	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.39	0.85	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.70	6.70	6.70	0.30	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.30	1.30	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4100	37.2	3.53	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.40	1.60	± 13.1 %
4200	37.1	3.63	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4400	36.9	3.84	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	5.88	5.88	5.88	0.40	1.70	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	5.86	5.86	5.86	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.57	5.57	5.57	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7463

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.40	5.40	5.40	0.20	2.50	± 18.6 %

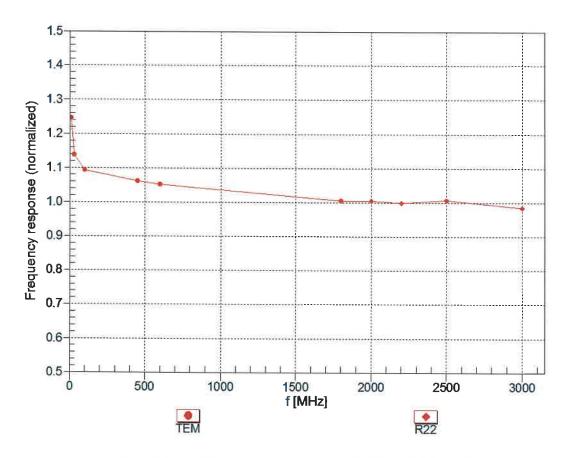
^c Frequency validity above 6GHz is ± 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ± 4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

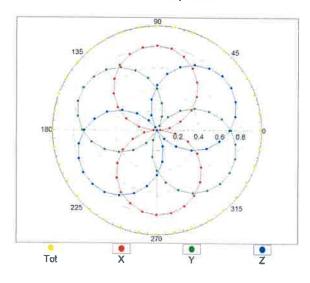


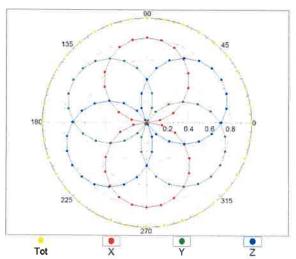
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

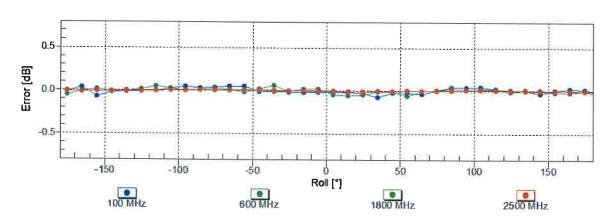
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

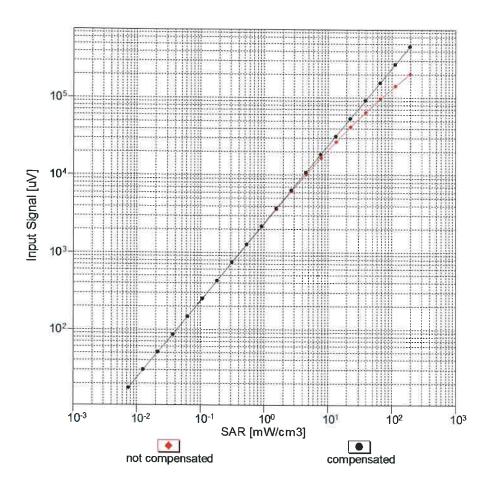


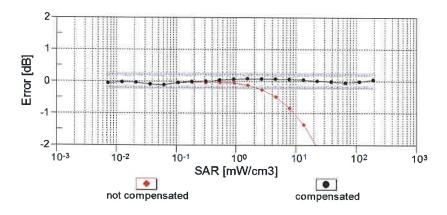




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

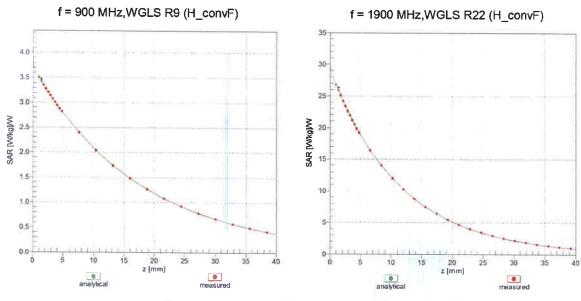
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

