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SAR Test Report for Motorola Mobile Cellular Phone FCC ID IHDT56FV1.

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The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory has evaluated the mobile cellular phone, FCC ID IHDT56FV1, for the need to conduct SAR evaluation. Due to the design and installation of this product, it is not possible to conduct SAR evaluation. This is because Motorola neither manufactures or supplies the antenna(s) that will be used in the installation of this product. Therefore, this product will be evaluated as a mobile device per 47 CFR §1.1310 titled "Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits", generally referred to as MPE limits.

In 47 CFR § 2.1091, paragraph (b) defines a mobile device as "a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structure(s) and the body of the user or nearby persons." This product is intended to be installed into a vehicle such that the unit is physically secured at one location. In the installation guide supplied with the product, Motorola has made the following statement: "**IMPORTANT:** To meet the FCC's RF Exposure Guidelines, the antenna should be installed so there is at least 20 cm of separation between the body of the user and nearby persons and the antenna". Based on the installation of the transceiver and the antenna, the transmitters radiating structure is more than 20 centimeters from the user. Thus, this product is a "mobile device" as defined in section § 2.1091 paragraph (b).

Table 1 (B) of 47 CFR §1.1310 lists the limits for MPE for the General Population. Since the mobile cellular phone operates in the 800MHz cellular band and 1900MHz PCS band, the listed limit of $f/1500$ applies. The lowest transmit frequency for this product is 824.04 MHz, resulting in a MPE limit of 0.549 mW/cm². Since Motorola neither manufactures or supplies the antenna(s) that will be used in the installation of this product, it is not possible to measure the MPE of the actual device as it is installed per the installation manual. Therefore a calculation of MPE will be described in the next paragraph.

The MPE of a radiating structure can be calculated by knowing the transmit EIRP and the distance at which MPE is being calculated. In this case MPE will be calculated at 20 cm, which is the minimum separation between the body of the user and nearby persons and the antenna. The maximum sourced based time-averaged transmit power for this product is 0.50 Watts in the GPRS 850 mode and 0.25 Watts in the GPRS 1900 mode. At 824.04MHz, when installed using a combined cable loss and antenna gain of a maximum of 6.9 dBi the maximum ERP will be less than 1.5 Watts. The model used for calculating power density in OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01, is the spherical model. Using this spherical model, 0.48mW/cm² is achieved at a distance of 20cm from the antenna at 824.04MHz. This is below the limit of 0.55 mW/cm². For GSM 1900, the power density is 0.24mW/cm², which is below the limit of 1.00 mW/cm². Therefore, by requiring the user and nearby persons to remain at least 20cm from the antenna, the MPE is not exceeded.